STATUTES

OF

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THE DITTE STEAMER YOR AND ADVORTISED OF

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF GREAT BRITAIN.

From Original Records and Authoritic Manuscripts.

VOLUME THE SECOND.

MDCCCXVI

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LONDON

Statutes of the Realm.

THE

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PRINTED BY COMMAND

OF HIS MAJESTY

KING GEORGE THE THIRD.

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OF GREAT BRITAIN.

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

From Original Records and Authentic Manuscripts.

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THIS SECOND VOLUME OF THE STATUTES OF THE REALM contains the Statutes from the Commencement of the Reign of Richard II. to the End of the Reign of Henry VII. A.D. 1377 to A. D. 1503-4.

In the Introduction to the First Volume' it is stated, generally, that the Statute Rolls in the Tower of London include the Period from 6 Edward I. to 8 Edward IV, with an Interruption after 8 Henry VI. until the 23d Year of that Reign inclusive; and that though the latest Statute Roll now known to exist is that of 8 Edw. IV, there is Evidence that Statute Rolls have existed of subsequent Periods, until 4 Henry VII. inclusive: after which Time the Public Acts were printed from the several Bills passed in Parliament, and not as Part of one General Statute drawn up in the antient Form. In the same Introduction' it is mentioned that the Statutes of Richard III. were printed in his Reign in French; and that the Statutes of 1 and 3 Henry VII. in French are found in some Manuscripts.

The General Principles laid down in that Introduction, with respect to the Sources from which the Text of the Statutes is printed in this Collection, have been pursued, without Variation, in the present Volume: But a more detailed and explanatory Statement appears requisite to be here given, with relation to the Statutes of the several Years after 8 Henry VI. to 23 Henry VI. and from 12 Edward IV. to 4 Henry VII. The Acts of 7 Henry VII, and all the subsequent Years are printed from undoubted Authority, the Inrollment of the Acts on the Parliament Roll in Chancery; and, in Instances where that is mutilated or deficient, from the Original Bills or Acts passed in Parliament, and preserved in the Parliament Office from the 12th Year of Henry VII.

The French Text of the Statutes from 9 to 20 Henry VI. both inclusive, is printed in this Volume from Transcripts of the Statutes of those Years preserved in the Tower of London, and apparently made for the Purpose of being exemplified or transmitted by Writ for contemporary Promulgation. Whenever more than One Transcript of the Statute of any Year has been preserved, of which several Instances occur, all the Transcripts have been compared with each other; the most correct Transcript has been printed as the Text, with Notes of Amendment where necessary from the other Transcripts. In the Editions by Hawkins, Cax, and succeeding Editors, the French Text of the several Statutes of these Years was printed with a general Reference to "Rot. Orig. in Turr. Lond." without adverting to the Nature of the Roll so quoted; which appears on Examination to have been, in each Instance, one of the Transcripts above referred to, but frequently not that which is the most correct. Notes of Amendment of the existing Translation of the Statutes of these Years are inserted, from the Parliament Roll, in all Instances where the Bills or Acts are found entered thereon in English.

Chapter III. Sect. II. pa. xxxiv, v.

In the Introduction to Volume I. Chapter III. Sect. II. page xxxvii. it is stated that "some Petitions and Bills previous to 12 Henry VII. are in the Tower of London, but in no regular Series." An Arrangement of these Bills and Petitions has been lately made; the earliest are of the 29th and 33d Years of Edward I. to which latter Year belong the Petitions inserted in the Appendix to the First Volume of the Printed Collection of Rolls of Parliament, &c. page 460; there attributed to uncertain Years in the Reigns of Edward I. and II. There are also several Petitions in the Reigns of Edward I. II. and III. the Dates of which have not been ascertained: of others the Dates are known; among which, in 9 Edward II., is the original Petition of the Clergy on which was framed the Statute of that Year usually cited as "Articuli Cleri." In the Reigns of Richard II. Henry IV. V. and VI. and Edward IV., although the Series is by no means either regular or complete, there are several Bundles of Petitions, private as well as public; the latest being of the 17th Year of Edward IV. Upon many of these Petitions, which are not inserted in the Printed Collection of the Rolls of Parliament, there appear Memoranda and Indorsements affording considerable Information on the Mode of drawing up and passing Acts, and framing the Statute Roll.

See page 263 to 325 of this Volume, and the Notes subjoined to the Statutes of each Year.

The French Text of the Statute 23 Henry VI. is printed from the Cotton Manuscript, Nero C. I., from whence it was first printed by Cax. This Text has been compared with the Entries on the Parliament Roll of such Bills or Acts as are there entered in French, as also with the Entry of the whole Statute in French in Liber XI. in the Exchequer at Westminster, and with the Old Printed Copies; and Notes of Amendment inserted where requisite. From the Entries of such Bills or Acts on the Parliament Roll as are in English, Notes have been made for Amendment of the Translation.

From the Beginning of the 12th, to the End of the 22d of Edward IV. the French Text of the Statutes, as printed in Cay's and subsequent Editions, was stated to be taken from the same Cotton Manuscript. But on Examination of the Text in that Manuscript, it appears to be very incorrect, and by no means to tally with the Copy so professed to be printed therefrom. There is good Reason to conclude that the French Text of the Statutes of these Years was in fact printed by Cay, not from the Manuscript quoted, (which though probably seen was not accurately examined by him), but from the earliest Printed Edition of the Statutes, by Maclinia (about 1482): For it is observable, that almost all the Errors and Omissions which actually exist in the Cotton Manuscript, are corrected and supplied in that early Printed Edition, with which the Printed Copy in Cay agrees, in almost every particular. It is also to be observed, that the Edition of the Statutes printed by Pynson (about 1498), is generally incorrect, in the Statutes of those Years, in the very same Instances as the Cotton MS.; while Maclinia's Edition bears internal Evidence of having been printed from the most authentic Source, viz. a Statute Roll made up and translated into French from the English Bills entered on the Parliament Roll; with which the French Text of that Edition agrees in most Instances to a great Degree of Nicety.

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On having recourse to the Entry of the Statutes of these Years, in French, in Liber XI. in the Exchequer at Westminster, the Text there appears in general much more correct than that of the Cotton Manuscript, and to agree more nearly with the earliest Printed Editions. This Text has therefore been now printed, with some Notes of Amendment from the Cotton Manuscript, and with many more from the Petyt Manuscript, No. 8, in the Library of the Inner Temple; which latter is of great Accuracy and Value, although not on the Whole, in this Instance, equal to the Exchequer Book. Where these Manuscripts (and others which have been consulted on the Occasion, but without Advantage, and therefore not necessary to be here quoted) are deficient, the Oldest Printed Copies have, in general, supplied the desired Reading: Yet finally, some Instances occur in the French Text of the Statutes of these Years, in which all the Copies, Manuscript and Printed, are equally deficient.

The English Text of the Statutes of this Period, from 12 to 22 Edw. IV., has always been printed in the several Editions of the Statutes, in the Form of a Translation, made from the French Text, as contained in the Old Printed Copies, sometimes from the earliest and best Copies, sometimes from the later and more incorrect. This English Text therefore has now been printed, in this as in preceding Years, with Notes of Amendment from the Bills or Acts, which during this Period are uniformly entered on the contemporary Parliament Roll in English. The otherwise incurable Deficiencies of the French Text are thus also remedied, by Reference to that Source from whence the Statute must have been originally framed.

The Statute passed in the Reign of Richard III. and the Statutes of 1, 3 and 4 Henry VII. require especial Notice; as the several Printed Editions of these Statutes differ from each other in certain Particulars, and a material Alteration in the Mode of printing them has been introduced in this Collection.

The earliest Printed Editions of the Statute of Richard III. contain the Text of the Statute in French. All Editions in English, previous to that by Pulton in 1618, contain a Translation of the Statute from that French Text. In Pulton's, and subsequent Editions, some, but not all, of the Acts contained in the Statute, are printed from the Inrollment in Chancery: These differ, particularly in their Preambles, from the correspondent Chapters of the Old English Translation of the Statute: And thus there appear conflicting Printed Texts of certain Parts of the Statute of this Reign. In the present Volume, the French Text of this Statute has been

⁵ See page 326 to 343 of this Volume, and the Notes there.

⁶ See page 431 to 476 of this Volume, and the Notes there.

⁷ See page 477 to 498, and the Notes there.

printed from Liber XI. in the Exchequer at Westminster, which, in general, is exceedingly correct, and correspondent with the Oldest Printed Editions. Notes of Amendment, where requisite, have been made from the Petyt Manuscript before referred to, and from the Old Printed Copies. For the English Text, all the Bills or Acts, corresponding to the several Chapters of the Statute, are now printed, from the Inrollment in the Parliament Roll of this Year, being the earliest Inrollment of Acts preserved at the Chapel of the Rolls; with such Notes from the Old English Translation of the correspondent Chapters of the Statute, as are requisite to produce a corrected Translation of the French Statute.

The Statutes of 1 and 3 Henry VII. (being the First and Second Parliaments of that King), appear to have always hitherto been printed in the complete Form of Statutes, in English, and are so entered in Liber XI. in the Exchequer at Westminster. In the Editions by HAWKINS, CAY, &c. one Chapter (the 9th) of the 3d Year is printed from the Inrollment in Chancery, which, in a Note to that Chapter in Hawkins, is termed "the Statute Roll in the Rolls Chapel." But in the present Volume, a French Text of these Statutes has been for the first Time printed. taken from the Petyt Manuscript in the Inner Temple Library, with Notes of Amendment from the Hatton Manuscript 10. in the Bodleian Library at Oxford; these being the only Manuscripts yet discovered which contain the Statutes of those Years in French.—The general Agreement of this French Text with the printed Editions in English, affords Evidence that the Statutes of those Years were framed in French, in like Manner as in the Reign of Richard III. and preceding Reigns. The Commencement of the French Statute, and a short Chapter, recognizing the King's Title, in conformity with the Act for that Purpose as inrolled on the Parliament Roll, but not contained in the printed English Copies of the Statute, afford further Evidence that this French Text was copied from some Statute Roll framed, at the Time, from the several original Acts so inrolled; and which Evidence is, in some Instances, corroborated by the superior Accuracy of the French Text over the old English Copies. It is observable that the last Act of the 1st Year, (Chapter 10,) respecting the Merchants of Italy, and that of the 3d Year, (Chapter 16,) respecting certain Suits then depending in the Names of Trustees outlawed, are not inserted in the French Text of the Statutes, probably because they were not considered as Public Acts. For the English Text, all the Bills or Acts, correspondent to the several Chapter's of the Statutes, are now printed from the Inrollment on the Parliament Roll, (in conformity with the Method pursued in the Statute of Richard III.) with Notes of the Variations in the Exchequer Book and the Old Printed Copies.

The Statute of 4 Henry VII. (the Third Parliament of this King) has always been printed in English in the complete Form of a Statute, and is so entered in Liber XI. in the Exchequer at Westminster, and in the Hatton Manuscript before referred to; in which latter the Statutes of the First and Third Years, as has been noticed, are entered in French." This is the most exact Evidence hitherto obtained of the precise Period at which the Change took place in the Language used in framing the Statutes. From what Source the earliest Copies of this Statute were printed, or the existing Manuscripts transcribed, cannot now be ascertained. They are valuable as affording the latest Evidence of the Statute being made up in the antient Form, and the Printed Copies have been in general Use as Evidence of the Statute of that Year. The Statute is therefore now printed" from the Entry in the Exchequer Book, in the Column appropriated, in former Reigns, to the Statute Text; and in the opposite Column, formerly appropriated to the Translation, are printed the Acts inrolled in the Parliament Roll of this Year, which correspond to the several Chapters of the Statute; this Inrollment being the Evidence of those Acts as passed in Parliament, although they have not heretofore been inserted from that Source in any former printed Collection of Statutes. It will be seen that several Clauses or Provisoes in favour of particular Persons are contained in these Acts, which are not inserted in the Statute as entered in the Exchequer Book, nor printed in any Edition of the Statutes; these are therefore printed in a smaller Type.

The completest Copy which existing Records or Manuscripts can now afford, is thus given as well of the STATUTES of Richard III, and 1, 3, and 4 Henry VII, as of the several BILLS or Acrs on which those Statutes were respectively framed; these latter operating, as a Translation, and Amendment where requisite, of the French Text, in the Years when the

11 See page 524 to 548 of this Volume, and the Notes there.

of the Souture made at Westminster, in the Signia Year.

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As to Abridgements in French of the Statutes of Henry VII, and also of Henry VIII. see Introduction to Vol. I. Chapter I. Sect. I.

⁹ Page 499 to 523 of this Volume, and the Notes there. 10 The Petyt MS. ends with the Statute 3 Henry VIL

Statute is in French; and being also the highest Evidence of the general Authenticity of the Statute, as inserted in the early Printed Editions, or now first printed from the Manuscripts above quoted.

After this Period such of the Acts of each Session as have been considered as Public have always been inserted, either at length or abridged, in the several Printed Collections, in separate Chapters, unconnected by any authentic Statute Form. These were printed, in some Instances, from the Inrollment in Chancery, and in others, in and after 12 Henry VII. from the Original Acts preserved in the Parliament Office at Westminster.

In this Volume the Acts of 7 Henry VII, and every subsequent Year of his Reign, are now uniformly printed from the Inrollment on the Roll of Parliament in Chancery; compared, after 12 Henry VII, with the Original Acts in the Parliament Office, whenever such are still preserved. From the Beginning of this 7th Year, till the End of the Reign of Henry VII. the Inrollment in Chancery is the only Substitute for the Statute Roll; but it does not make any marked Distinction between such Acts as are to be considered Public, and therefore proper to be inserted in the Statute Roll, and such as are Private, or not to be considered as Part of the General Statute of the Year: Many Acts heretofore printed in the Collections of the Acts of those Years are merely of a private Nature; and on the contrary, some omitted to be so printed, are manifestly of Public Concern; it has therefore been judged proper that All the Acts which appear on the Inrollments of these Years should be printed; such of them as have never been before inserted in any Collection of the Statutes being distinguished by being printed in a smaller Type.

It happens, in some Instances, that Acts, not included in the Statute of the Year in which they were passed, and therefore not printed in this or any other Collection of Statutes, are nevertheless referred to by subsequent Statutes, or by Acts inrolled in Chancery: In these cases Reference is made to the Entry, of the Act referred to, on the Parliament Roll of the Year in which it was passed. An early Instance of this Nature occurs in 31 Henry VI. Chapter 7.; and many similar References appear in those Acts of the latter Part of the Reign of Henry VII. which are now for the first time printed.

An Engraving is prefixed to page 1. of this Volume, presenting a Fac-Simile of the Statute Roll, which begins with 1 Richard II, now preserved in the Tower of London: and at page 477 there is inserted an Engraving of the Beginning of the Entry of the Statute 1 Richard III. in French, in the Exchequer-Book at Westminster, from whence that Statute, and others, have been printed in this Volume.

London, 25th March 1816. T. E. TOMLINS, W. E. TAUNTON,

foreign and of the share going and additional to complete the last and applied Sub-Commissioners.

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THE STATUTES.

STATUTES OF KING RICHARD THE SECOND.

Anno 1º RICARDI, II. A.D. 1377.

Rotulus Statut' de Anno regni Regis Ric'i se'di primo.

ROLL OF THE STATUTES OF THE FIRST YEAR OF KING RICHARD, II.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 25.

RICHARD p la g'ce Dieu Roi Dengletre & de Fraunce, & Seigno' Dirland, a nïe Viscont de Midd saluz. Sachez qal Hon' de Dieu & revence de seinte Eglise, pur nurrir paix unite & concorde toutz ptz deinz nïe Roialme Dengletre, le quele nous desirons moult entierment, del assent des Prelates Ducs Contes & Barons de mesme nïe Roialme, al instance & especial request des cões de nïe Roialme avantdit, assemblez a nïe plement tenuz a Westm a la quinszein de Seint Michel lan de nïe regne prim; avons fait ordeigner & establer cteins estatutz en amendement & relievement de mesme nïe roialme en la forme q sensuyt.

Primement est assentuz & establiz q Seint Eglise eit & enjoise toutes sez droitures & libtes & Fraunchises entierment & sanz enblemessement; & q la gande Chre quel a la request de la dite coe estoit lu en dit plement & auxint la Chre de la Forest & toutes les autres bones ordenances & estatutz faitz en temps des pgenito's nre f' le Roi qore est, & nient repellez, soient tenuz & fermement gardez en toutz poyntz.

Itm nïe Seign' le Roi desirant sovaignement la t'nquillite & quiete de son poeple, voet & comande estroitement q̃ la paix deinz son Roialme Denglerre soit fermement tenuz & gardez issint q̃ touz ses loialx subgitz purront desore sauvement & pesiblement aler venir & demorer solonc les loys & usages du Roialme; & q̃ bone justice & owel droit soit fait a chescuny.

Iim q lestatutz nadgaires faitz en temps le noble Roi E. aiel a nre f' le Roy qore est des p'veours & achatours, soient tenuz & fermement gardez en toutz poyntz; adjoustantz a ycell q p' ce q Prelatz & Clercs ne p'ront ent faire lo's suytes envs nully p voie de cryme,

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RICHARD by the Grace of God King of England and of France, and Lord of Ireland, to [the'] Sheriff of [Northampton,'] Greeting. Know thou, that to the Honour of God and Reverence of Holy Church, for to nourish Peace, Unity, and Concord in all the Parts within our Realm of England, which We do much desire, by the whole Assent of the Prelates, Dukes, Earls, and Barons of this our Realm, at the Instance and especial Request of the Commons of our Realm, assembled at our Parliament holden at Westminster the fifteenth Day of St. [Hillary,'] in the First Year of our Reign, We have (') ordained and stablished certain Statutes in Amendment and Relief of this our said Realm, in Manner and Form following:

FIRST, It is agreed and established, That Holy Church shall have and enjoy all her Rights, Liberties, and Franchises wholly and without Blemish; and that the Great Charter, which at the Request of the said Commons was read in the said Parliament, and also the Charter of the Forest, and all other good Statutes and Provisions made in the Time of the Progenitors of our Lord the King that now is, and not repealed, shall be observed and firmly kept in all Points.

ITEM, Our said Lord the King greatly desiring the Tranquillity and Quietness of his People, willeth and straitly commandeth, That the Peace within his Realm of England be surely observed and kept, so that all his lawful Subjects may from henceforth safely and peaceably go, come, and dwell according to the Law and Usage of the Realm; and that Justice and Right be indifferently ministered to every Person.

ITEM, That the Statutes late made in the time of the noble King Edward, Grandfather to our Lord the King that now is, for Purveyors and Buyers, shall be firmly observed and kept in all Points; adding thereunto, because that Prelates and Clerks may not thereof commence their Suits against any by way of Crime,

our Middlesex,
Michael, caused to be

I. Confirmation of Charters and Statutes.

II.
The Peace shall be kept, and equal Justice administered.

III. Action for Prelates against Purveyors.

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as the said Statutes required, all Prelates and Clerks shall from henceforth have their Actions against all such Purveyors and Buyers, by Actions of Trespass, and recover their Treble Damage.

IV. Penalties for Maintenance. ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, and the King our Lord straitly commandeth, That [none of his Counsellors, Officers, or Servants,'] nor any other Person within the Realm of England, of whatsoever Estate or Condition they be, shall from henceforth take nor sustain any Quarrel by Maintenance in the Country, nor elsewhere, upon a grievous Pain; that is to say, the said Counsellors and the King's great Officers, upon a Pain which shall be ordained by the King himself, by the Advice of the Lords of his Realm; and other less Officers and Servants of the King, as well in the Exchequer, and all his other Courts and Places, as of his own Meiny, upon Pain to lose their Offices and Services, and to be imprisoned, and then to be ransomed at the King's Will, every of them according to their Degree, Estate, and Desert; and all other Persons through the Realm upon Pain of Imprisonment, and to be ransomed as the other aforesaid.

V.
Statutes for Officers of the Exchequer confirmed.
Debts once paid not to be demanded;
Punishment of Clerk offending.

ITEM, It is ordained, That all Statutes and Ordinances made before this Time of Officers of the Exchequer, be holden and firmly kept in all Points; and moreover it is ordained and established, That at what Time any Debts be once paid, and the Tallies thereof made rejoined and allowed in the said Exchequer, that this Debt shall never (2) come in Demand; and if it so happen, that after such Allowance made there, any Clerk of the (3) Exchequer make any Writ or Process to levy the same Debt of new, and that duly proved, the same Clerk shall lose his Office, and have Imprisonment till he hath made Gree to the Party by so much as he is endamaged, if any will sue, by the Discretion of the Treasurer and the Barons of the (3) Exchequer.

VI.
Villaines and
Land-tenants
withdrawing
their Services
under the
Pretext of
Exemplifications from
the Book of
Domesday.

ITEM, At the grievous Complaint of the Lords and Commons of the Realm, as well Men of Holy Church as other, made in the Parliament, of that that in many Signories and Parts of the Realm of England, the Villaines and Landtenants in Villenage, who owe Services and Customs to their said Lords, have now late withdrawn, and do daily withdraw their Services and Customs due to their said Lords, by Comfort and Procurement of other their Counsellors, Maintainers, and Abettors in the Country, which hath taken Hire and Profit of the said Villaines and Landtenants, by Colour of certain Exemplifications made out of the Book of Domesday of the Manors and Towns where they have been dwelling, and by virtue of the same Exemplifications, and their evil Interpretations of the same, they affirm them to be quite and utterly discharged of all Manner Servage, due as well of their Body as of their said Tenures, and will not suffer any Distress or other Justice to be made upon them; but do menace the Ministers of their Lords of Life and Member, and, which more is, gather themselves together in great Routs, and agree by such Confederacy, that every one shall aid other to resist their Lords with strong Hand; and much other Harm they do in sundry Manner, to the great Damage of their said Lords, and evil Example to other to begin such Riots; so that if due Remedy be not the rather provided upon the same Rebels, greater Mischief, which God prohibit, may thereof spring through the Realm: It is Ordained and stablished, that the Lords which feel themselves grieved, shall have special Commissions under the Great Seal to the Justices of Peace, or to other sufficient Persons, to enquire of all such Rebels, and of their Offences, and their Counsellors, Procurers, Maintainers and Abettors, and to imprison all those that thereof shall be endited before them, as well for the Time past, as for the Time to come, without delivering them out of Prison by Mainprise, Bail, or otherwise, without Assent of their Lords,

Commissions to Justices of the Peace to enquire thereof.

Confederacies

of Villaines;

non counsaile officer nor fvaunt ne non other with hym, MS. Tr. 2.

come les ditz estatutz demandent, q toutes Prelatz & Clercs ent eient desore lo's accions envs touz tieux p'veours ou achatours p voie de Espas & y recovent lour damages au treble.

Itm ordeigne est & establi & le Roi nre fr defend estroitement, q nul Conseiler Officer ou svant nautre ovesq, lui nascun autre psone du Roialme Dengletre de quel estate ou condicion qils soient, nenpeignent desore ou susteignent ascun querell p mayntenance en pais ou aillo's, sur grevouse peyne; cest assavoir les ditz Conseillers & gantz Officers du Roi sur peyne q fra ordeigne p le Roi mesmes del avys des f's de Roialme; & les aut's meyndres Officers & svantz le Roi, sibien en lescheqer & en toutes sez autres Courtes & places come de sa ppre meignee, sur peyne de pder lour offices & svices & destre emprisonez, & dilloqes estre reintz a la volunte le Roi, chescun de eux solonc sez degre estat & desert; & toutz autres psones pmy le Roialme, sur la dite peyne denprisonement, & destre reintz come les aut's desusditz.

Item ordeigne est q toutz estatutz & ordeignances faitz avant ses hoeures des Officers del Escheqer soient tenuz & fermement gardez en toutz poyntz; & outre ce ordeigne est & establiz, q a quel heure qascuns dettes soient un foitz paiez & les tailles ent faitz rejointz & allowez en dite Escheqer, q cel dette ny courge jamais en demande; & sil aveigne ensi qaps tiel allowance fait illeoqes, ascun Clerc du dit Escheqer face brief ou pces p lever mesme le dette de novel, & ce duement pvez, q mesme le clerc pde son office & eit la prison tanq, il ava fait gree a la ptie p tant endamage si ascuny vorra suyr p la discrecion des Tresorer & Barons du dit Escheqer.

Item a la grevouse pleint des f's & Cões de Roialme sibien gentz de Seint Eglise come autres fait en plement, de ceo q en plusours f'ies & pties du roialme Denglerre les villeyns & re tenantz en villenage, qi deyvent svices & custumes a lour f's, ount ore novelment retret & retreient de jo' en autre lo' custumes & svices duez a lo' ditz f's, p confort & pcurement daut's lo's conseillo's meyntenours & abettours en paiis, qont pris louer & pfit des dites villeyns & tre tenantz, p colour des cteins exemplificacions faitz hors de livre de Domesday, des manoirs & villes deinz queux ils sont dem'antz, & p vertue dicelles exemplificacions & lour male ent ptacion dicelles, ils saferment destre quites & outrement deschargez de tout mane de svage, due sibien de lour corps come de lour tenures avantditz & ne voillent soeffrer ascun destresse ou autre justice estre fait sur eux; einz manassent les ministres de lours f's de vie & de membre, & q plus est, ils se coillient ensemble a gantz routes, & sentrelient p tiel confederacie q chescun aidra autre [&'] contrester lo's f's a fort mayn; & moutz dautres malx y font en divses manes a g'nt damage de lo' ditz f's & male ensample as autres de comencer tieux riotes; issint q si due remedie ny soit mys le plus en hast sur les ditz rebelx, greynour meschief q Dieu ne voille ent purroit sourdre p my le Roialme: Ordeigne est & estably, q les f's q soy sentent grevez eient especials comissions, soutz le gende seal as Justices de la paix, ou as aut's psones suffisantz, denquer de tieux rebelx & de lour malfaitz, conseillo's (1) meyntenours & abettours, & de faire enprisoner toutz ceux queux ent front enditez devant eux, sibien p' le temps passe come p' le temps avenir sanz les deliver hors de prison p maynpris bailt nautrement sanz lassent de lo' f's,

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t'nqils ent soient atteintz ou acquitez; & q mesmes les Justices y eient poair doier & tminer, sibien a la suyte le Roi come a la suyte de ptie. Purveuz toutz foitz q si les ditz villeyns ou Pre tenantz rebealx ent soient atteintz a la suyte des ditz f's, ne soient ils acunement delivez, tanq, ils aient fait fin a Roi & avec ceo ils eient lassent de lo's dites Seigno's; et quant as dites conseillo's pcuro's, meynteno's & abetto's, soit autiel pces & sembleablement fait de eux qi ent front atteintz issint qils ne soient acunement delivez du prison tanq ils avont fait fin au Roi & gree as f's issint grevez, selonc ceo q lo' estates & la quantite de lo' malfait demandent, si mesmes les f's veullent suyr envs eux p brief ou p bill; savant toutdiz quant as ditz fines les franchises & libtes des Seigno's qont fines & amciementz de lour tenantz: & q'nt a les dites exemplificacions faitz & p'chacez come desus est dit, les quelx furent faitz venir en plement, est declare en dit plement q celles ne poient ne deyvent vailer, ou lieu tenir, as ditz villeyns & tre tenantz, q'nt a la fraunchise de lo' corps ne a chaunger la condicion de lour tenure & custumes auncienement duez ne faire pjudice as ditz f's davoir lour svices & custumes come ils soleient dauncien temps; et ordeigne est q sur cest declaracion les ditz I's avont lies patentes soulz le g'nde seal tantz & tieux come lo' ent busoignera sils les vorront demander.

Itm p' ce q pluso's gentz de petit garison de tre rent ou daut's possessions font gentz retenuz des gentz, sibien desquiers come daut's en pluso's pties del roialme, donantz a eux chapons & autre live dune suyte p an repreignantz vs eux la value de cel live, ou p cas la double value, p tiel covenant & assurance q chescun de eux mayntendra autre en toutz querelles soient eles resonables ou nou resonables a g'nt meschief & oppssion du poeple; Ordeigne est & assentuz, q les estatutz & ordenances faites en tieu cas avant ses heures, soient gardez & duement executz; & outre ce le Roi defend estroitment q desormes nul tiel live ne soit done a nully pur mayntenance as querels nautre confederacie, sur peyne denprisonement & grevouse forfait'e au Roi; & enquergent diligealement les Justices des Assises des touz ceux qi se coillent ensemble en frarnitez p tiel live, affaire meyntenance, & ceux qi ent front trovez coupablez, soient duement punys chescun selonc la q'ntite de sa desert.

Item est assentuz, q desore nul pteccion ove clause de Volum⁹ soit allowe devant ascun Juge, p' vitailles pris ou achatez sur le viage ou vice dont la pteccion fait mencion; nauxint en plees de respas ou dautre contracte fait ou ppetrez puis la date de mesme la pteccion.

Item p' ceo q pleint est fait a Roi q pluso's gentz de dite Roialme sibien greyndres come meyndres eiantz droit & verrois titles sibien as Pres tentz & rentz come en auts accions psonels, sont torcenousement delaiez de lor droit & accions, pmy ceo q les occupiours ou defendants, p' estre sustenuz & mayntenuz en lo' tort, font coement dounes & feoffementz de lo' tres & tentz q sont en debate, & de lo's aut's biens & chateux as f's & aut's gentz du roialme, vs queux les ditz p'suantz, p' g'nt manace q lo' [est'] fait ne poient ne ne osent faire lour p'suytes; & auxynt dautre pt pleint est fait q meyntfoitz pluso's gentz disseisent auts de lo tentz & tantost aps la disseisine fait, font divses alienacions & feoffementz, ascunfoitz as f's & g'ntz de Roialme p' meyntenance avoir, & ascunfoitz as pluso's psones de qi nouns les disseisez

Interlined on the Roll.

till they thereof be attainted or acquit; and that the same Justices have Power to hear and determine as well at the King's Suit, as at the Suit of the Party. Provided always, That if the said Villaines or Landtenants, Rebels, be thereof attainted at the Suit of the said Lords, they shall in no wise be delivered, till they have made a Fine to the King, and also they to have the Assent of their Lords aforesaid; and as to the said Counsellors, Procurers, Maintainers and Abettors, such Process in like Manner shall be made of them, which thereof shall be attainted, so that they be in no wise delivered from Prison, till they have made a Fine to the King, and gree to the Lords so grieved, according as their Estate, and the Quantity of their Offence doth require, if the same Lords will sue against them by Writ or by Bill; saving always, as to the said Fines, the Franchises and Liberties of Lords, which have Fines and Amerciaments of their Tenants: And as to the said Exemplifications made and purchased as afore is said, which were caused to come in the Parliament, [and to be'] declared in the said Parliament, that the same may not nor ought to avail or hold place to the said Villaines or Landtenants, as to the Franchise of their Bodies; nor to change the Condition of their Tenure and Customs of old Time due; nor to do Prejudice to the said Lords, to have their Services and Customs as they were wont of old Time; and It is ordained, that upon this Declaration the said Lords shall have Letters Patents under the Great Seal, as many and such as they shall need, if they the

ITEM, Because that divers People of small Revenue of Land, Rent, or other Possessions, do make great Retinue of People, as well of Esquires as of other, in many Parts of the Realm, giving to them Hats and other Liveries, of one Suit by Year, taking of them the Value of the same Livery, or percase the Double Value, by such Covenant and Affurance, that every of them shall maintain other in all Quarrels, be they reasonable or unreasonable, to the great Mischief and Oppression of the People; It is ordained and assented, That the Statutes and Ordinances made in such Case before this Time, be kept and duly executed; and moreover the King doth straitly defend, that from henceforth no such Livery be given to any Man for Maintenance of Quarrels, nor other Confederacies, upon Pain of Imprisonment and grievous Forfeiture to the King; and the Justices of Assises shall diligently enquire of all them that gather them together in Fraternities by such Livery to do Maintenance; and they which thereof shall be found guilty, shall be duly punished, every Man after the Quantity of

ITEM, It is assented, That from henceforth no Protection, with the Clause of Volumus, be allowed before any Judge, for Victuals taken or bought upon the Voyage or Service whereof the Protection maketh mention; nor also in Pleas of Trespass, or of other Contract, made or perpetrate after the Date of the same Protection.

ITEM, Because it is complained to the King, that many People of the said Realm, as well great as small, having Right and true Title as well to Lands, Tenements, and Rents, as in other personal Actions, be wrongfully delayed of their Right and Actions, by Means that the Occupiers or Defendants, to be maintained and sustained in their Wrong, do commonly make Gifts and Feoffments of their Lands and Tenements which be in Debate, and of their other Goods and Chattels, to Lords and other Great Men of the Realm, against whom the said Pursuants, for great Menace that is made to them, cannot nor dare nor make their Pursuits; and also on the other Part Complaint is made [to the King,] that oftentimes many People do disseise other of their Tenements, and anon after the Disseisin done, they make divers Alienations and Feoffments, sometime to Lords and Great Men of the Realm to have Maintenance, and sometime to many Persons of whose Names the Disseisees

Punishment of such Villaines; and their Abettors.

Declaration as to the said Exemplifications.

VII.

Statutes against Maintenance confirmed. Punishment for giving Liveries for Maintenance. Justices of Assise shall enquire of Offences.

VIII.
Protections
with the
Clause
Volumus, in
what Case
not allowable.

IX.
Gifts of
Lands,
Goods, &c.
in Fraud,
or for
Maintenance.

1 It is

Such Gifts declared void. Disseisees may recover against Disseisors after fuch Alienation where they Profits.

can have no Knowledge, to the Intent to defer and delay by such Frauds the said Disseisees, and the other Demandants and their Heirs, of their Recovery; to the great Hindrance and Oppression of the People: It is ordained and established, That from henceforth no Gift or Feoffment of Lands, Tenements, or Goods be made by such Fraud or Maintenance; and if any be in such wise made, they shall be holden for none and of no Value; and the said Disseisees shall from henceforth have their Recovery against the first Disseisors, as well of the Lands and Tenements, as of their Double Damages, without having Regard to such Alienations; so that the Disseisees commence their Suits within the Year next after the Disseisin done: And It is ordained and stablished, That the same Statute shall hold Place in every other Action [in '] Plea of Land where such Feoffments be made by Fraud or Collusion, to have their Recovery against the first such Feoffor: And it is to wit, that this Statute ought to be understood where such Feoffors thereof take the Profits.

X. Pardon in 51 Edw. III. confirmed.

XII.

ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King, desiring the Quietness of his People, will and granteth, of the Assent aforesaid, That the general Pardons and Graces, which the Noble King Edward, Grandfather to our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, made to his People of England in the [L.³] Year of his Reign, shall hold Place, and be allowed in the Exchequer aforesaid, and elsewhere, for all People comprised within the same Pardons and Graces; as well of Ships, Victuals, Artillery, Armour, and Vessels, not expressed specially in the same, as of all Debts and Accompts and other Things there comprised in general.

ITEM, It is Ordained, That none that hath been Sheriff of any County by an whole Year, shall be within Three Years next ensuing chosen again, or put in the same Office of Sheriff; if there be other sufficient in the said County of Possessions and Goods to answer to the

King and his People.

XI. No Sheriff shall be re-elected within Three Years.

Warden of the Fleet shall not let Execution.

Punishment, by Lofs of Office. Action of Debt at the Suit of the Plaintiff. Penalty for confessing a Debt to the King, to delay another's Execution.

at large

ITEM, Whereas divers People, at the Suit of [the Party 3] commanded to the Prison of the Fleet, by Judgement given in Courts of our Lord the King, be oftentimes suffered to go at large by the Warden of the Prison, sometime by Mainprise or by Bail, and sometime without any Mainprise with a Baston of the Fleet, and to go from thence into the Country about their Merchandises and other their Business, and be there long out of Prison Nights and Days, without their Assent at whose Suit they be judged, and without their Gree thereof made, whereby a Man cannot come to his Right and Recovery against such Prisoners, to the great Mischief and Undoing of many People: It is ordained and affented, That from henceforth no Warden of the Fleet shall suffer any Prisoner there being by Judgement at the Suit of the Party, to go out of Prison by Mainprise, Bail, nor by Baston, without making Gree to the said Parties of that whereof they were judged, unless it be by Writ or other Commandment of the King, upon Pain to lose his Office, and the keeping of the said Prison; and moreover, if any such Warden from henceforth be attainted by due Process, that he hath suffered or let such Prisoner to go at large against this Ordinance, then the Plaintiffs shall have their Recovery against the same Warden by Writ of Debt: And also It is ordained, That if any at the Suit of [the Party] judged to another Prison for Debt, Trespass, or other Quarrel, will confess himself voluntarily, and by a feigned Cause, Debtor to the King, and by that Means to be judged to the said Prison of the Fleet, there to have greater [Sweet 1] of Prison than elsewhere, and so to delay the Party of his Recovery, the same Recognisance shall be there received, and if he be not (5) Debtor to the King of Record, his Body shall incontinently be remanded to the Prison where he was before, there to remain till he hath made Gree to the said Party; and the same Gree made, he immediately sent again to the Fleet, there to abide, till he hath made Gree to the King of his Recognisance aforesaid.

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ne poent avoir conissance, au fin dalloigner & delaier p tieux fraudes les ditz disseisez, & les auts demandantz & lo' heirs de lo' recover; a gent anientissement & oppssion du poeple: Ordeigne est & estably, q desormes nulle dou ou feoffement des tres tentz ou biens soit fait, p tiel fraude ou mayntenance; et si ascuns soient faitz tielment, soient tenuz p' nulles & de nulle value ; et eient desore les disseisiz lour recover vs les prims disseiso's sibien des tres & tentz come de lo doubles damages, sanz avoir regard as tielx alienacions; pissint q les disseisez comencent lour suytes deinz lan pschein ap's la disseisine fait : et est ordeigne & assentuz q mesme cest estatut teigne lieu en chescun autre accion ou ple de tre ou tiels feffementz sont faitz p fraude ou collusion davoir lour recover vs le prim tiel feffo': et est assavoir q cest estatut doit estre entenduz la ou tieux feffours ent Peignent les pfitz.

Item nre l' le Roi desirant la quiete de son poeple voet & gente del assent avandit q les genal pdon & g'ces, queles le noble Roi E. aiel a nre f' le Roi gorest fist a son poeple Dengletre lan de son regne cynquantisme primer, teignent lieu & soient allowez en lescheqer avantdit & aillours pr totes gentz comprises deinz ycelles pdon & gace; sibien cestassavoir des niefs vitailles artillerie armures & vesselmentz nient expssez p especial en ycell, come des toutes dettes & accomptes & aut's choses [y'] comprises en genal.

Item ordeigne est q nully qad este Viscont dune conte p un an entier, ne soit deinz les trois anz pscheins ensuantz reesluz ou remys en dite office de Viscont; si y soit autre suffisant en dite Contee des possessions & biens p' respondre a Roi & a poeple.

Item p' ce q divsez gentz, a suyte de ptie comandez a la prisone de Flete, p jugement renduz en les Courtes nre dit f' le Roi, sont pluso's foitz soeffertz aler a large p la gardein de la dite prisone, alefoitz p maynpris ou bailt, & alefoitz sanz ascun maynpris avec une baston de Flete, & senvont en paiis ento' lo' marchandise & aut's lo' bosoignes, & y sont longement hors du prison noetz & jo's sanz lassent de ceux a qi suyte ils ysont ajugez & sanz lo' gree ent faire; pont home ne poet jamais venir a son droit recover devs tieux enprisonez, a g'nt meschief & anientissement de pluso's gentz: Ordeigne est & assentuz q desormes nul Gardein de la dit prisone de Flete soeffre ascun prisoner illoeqs esteantz p jugement al suyte de ptie, aler hors du prisone p maynpris baitt ne p baston sanz gree faire as ditz pties de ceo p' quoi ils y estoient ajugez, si ne soit p brief ou autre mandement du Roi, sur peyne de pdre son office & la garde de dite prisone; & enoutre, si nul tiel Gardein soit desore atteint p due pces qil ava soeffert ou lessetz tiel prison aler a large encontre cest ordeinance, adonqes y eient les pleintifs lo recover vs mesmes les Gardeins p brief de dette : et auxint est ordeine q si nully a suyte du ptie ajugez a autre prison p' dette t'spas ou autre querell se voille conustre voluntrement & p feynt cause detto' a Roi, & p tant estre ajugez a la dite prisone de Flete p greyno' [suete 1] y avoir de prisone q aillo's, & issint delaier la ptie de son recover, soit cell reconissance resceu illeoqs, & sil ne soit autre pt detto' a Roi de recorde soit son corps tantost remandez a la prisone ou il estoit devant a y dem'rer tanqil ava fait gree a la dite ptie; & cell gree fait soit immediat remandez a Flete, p' y dem'er tanqil ava fait gree a Roi de sa reconissance avantdite.

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Item les Prelatz & le Clergie de dit roialme se xiij. pleignont g'ndement de ce q les gentz de Seint Esglise p'suiantz en Court Xpiene p' lour dismes, & autre choses queles de droit deyvent & de aunciene soloient apptenere a mesme la Court Xpiene, & les Juges de Seint Eglise conissantz en tiels causes, & aut's psones soy ent entremettantz solonc la Loy, sont maliciousment & nouduement p celle cause enditez enprisonez & p seculer poair orriblement oppssez, & auxint efforcez ove violence p sermentz & grevouses obligacions & moutz daut's mans non duement compulsez, a desister & cesser outrement es choses desusdites, encontre les libtees & fraunchises de Seint Eglise; p quoy est assentuz, q touz tielx obligacions faitz ou affairs p durece & violence, ne soient james dascun value : & quant a ceux qi pcurent p malice tieux enditementz, & destre mesmes des endito's, aps ceo q les enditez ent sout aquitez, eient & encourgent tieux pcuro's & endito's mesme la peyne qest contenue en lestatut de Westm scde de ceux qi pcurent faux appelles estre faitz. Et eient les Justices des Assises, ou autre Justices devant

chescun solonc son desert.

Item est assentuz, q̃ a quel heure q̃ ascun psone de Seint Eglise soit treet en plee en Court seculer p' ses ppres dismes prisez p noun des biens enportez, & celui q̃ ensi ent est treet en plee face excepcion ou allegge q̃ la substance & source de la bosoigne soit soulement sur dismes duez de droit & possession de sa eglise ou a autre son benefice; q̃ en tieu cas genal avement ne soit james pris, sanz monstrer matier especial coment ceo fuist lay chatell.

queux tieux enditez front aquitez, poiair denquerre

de tieux pcuro's & endito's, & de les punir duement

Item p' ce q les Prelatz se font pleindre q sibien gentz de Seint Esglise beneficiez come aut's sont arestuz & hors treez sibien des esglises Cathedrals come des aut's esglises & lo' Cimiters, & tant come ils sont alefoitz entendantz a divines svices & auxint en aut's lieux tout soient ils portantz le corps nre l' Inu Crist as malades, & issint arestuz & forstretz sont liez & menes en prisone, encontre la fraunchise de Seint Eglise; Ordeigne est q si nulle Ministre du Roi ou autre face arester ascun psone de Seint Eglise p tiel mane & ent soit duement convict, eit la prisone & ent soit reint al volunte le Roi & face gre as pties issint arestuz; p'veue toutfoitz q les [dites'] gentz de Seint Eglise ne se tiegnent deinz les eglises ou Santuaries p fraude ou collusion en ascun mane.

Et p' ce vous mandons q toutes les dites estatutz facez crier & publier & fermement tener p my vre bailly selonc la forme & tenure dicelles & ce ne lessez en ascun mane. Don p testmoignance de nre g'nde seal a Westm le prim jour de Fever lan de nre regne prim.

Cons lie dirigunt' singulis Vicecomitibs p Angt sub eadem dat.

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ITEM, The Prelates and Clergy of this Realm do greatly complain them, for that the People of Holy Church, pursuing in the Spiritual Court for their Tithes, and their other Things, which of Right ought, and of old Times were wont to pertain to the same Spiritual Court, and that the Judges of Holy Church, having Cognisance in such Causes, and other Persons thereof meddling according to the Law, be maliciously and unduly for this Cause indicted, imprisoned, and by Secular Power horribly oppressed, and also enforced with Violence by Oaths and grievous Obligations, and many other Means unduly compelled to desist and cease utterly of the Things aforesaid, against the Liberties and Franchises of Holy Church: Wherefore It is assented, That all such Obligations made or to be made by Duress or Violence, shall be of no Value: and as to those that by Malice do procure such Indictments, and to be the same Indictors, after the same Indictees be so acquit, such Procurers (') shall have and incur the same Pain that is contained in the Statute of Westminster the Second, of those which procure false Appeals to be made. And the Justices of Assises, or other Justices, before whom such Indictees shall be acquit, shall have Power to inquire of such Procurers and Indictors, and duly to punish them according to their Desert.

ITEM, It is accorded, That at what Time that any Person of the Holy Church be drawn in Plea in the Secular Court for his own Tithes taken, by the Name of Goods taken away, and he which is so drawn in Plea maketh an Exception, or alledgeth, that the Substance and [Suit³] of the Business is only upon Tithes due of Right and of Possession to his Church, or to another his Benefice; that in such Case the general Averment shall not be taken without shewing specially how the same was [his³] Lay-chattel.

ITEM, Because that Prelates do complain themselves, that as well beneficed People of Holy Church, as other, be arrested and drawn out as well of Cathedral Churches, as of other Churches and their Churchyards, and sometime whiles they be intending to Divine Services, and also in other Places, although they be bearing the Body of our Lord Jesus Christ to Sick Persons, and so arrested and drawn out, be bound and brought to Prison against the Liberty of Holy Church: It is Ordained, That if any Minister of the King, or other, do arrest any Person of Holy Church by such Manner, and thereof be duly convict, he shall have Imprisonment, and then be ransomed at the King's Will, and make Gree to the Parties so arrested; Provided always, That the said People of Holy Church shall not hold them within the Churches or Sanctuaries by Fraud or Collusion in any Manner.

And therefore We command, That thou cause all the said Statutes to be cried and published, and firmly kept through thy Bailiwick, according to the Form and Tenour thereof, and that do not omit in any wise. Given under the Witness of our Great Seal the First Day of February, in the First Year of our Reign.

Like Letters are directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England, under the same Date.

and Indidors

* source

3 Omit this word.

Malicious Indictors for suing in Spiritual Courts shall suffer as false Appellors under Stat. Westm. 2. 13 E. I. C.12.

XIV.
In Action for Goods taken away, on Claim of Tythes, General Averment shall not be received.

XV. Penalty for arresting of Priests during Divine Service.

Vol. II.

C

Anno 2º RICARDI, II. A.D. 1378, 1379.

D' Statuto apud Glouc' nup' edito irrotulato anno g'c'do.

In Margine Rotuli.

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1

OF THE STATUTE LATE MADE AT GLOUCESTER, INROLLED;
IN THE SECOND YEAR.

STATUTE THE FIRST.

OUR Lord the King, at his Parliament '] holden at Gloucester the Wednesday next after the Feast of St. Luke, [the Second Year of his Reign, 1] amongst other Things there assented and accorded, [hath made 3] certain Statutes and Ordinances, as well for the common Profit of the Realm, as for the Maintenance of the Peace [of his 4] said Realm, in the Form following. FIRST, Because that before this Time in Time of

See Statutes

9 Edw. III. Stat. 1, cap. 1: 25 Edw. III. the noble King Edward, Grandfather to our Lord the King that now is, in his Parliaments holden at York and Westminster, and also in this present Parliament, great Complaint hath been made to our said Lord, for that in many Cities, Boroughs, Ports of the Sea, and other Places within the Realm of England, great Damages and outrageous Grievances have been, and yet be done to the King, and to all his Realm, by the Citizens, Burgesses, and other People of Cities, Boroughs, and other Towns and Places aforesaid, which have not suffered, nor yet will suffer, Merchants Strangers, nor other that do bring, carry, or convey by Sea or by Land Wines, Aver de pois, Sustenance, Victuals, or other Things vendible, profitable, and necessary, as well for the King, the Prelates, and Lords, as for all the Communalty of his Land, to sell or deliver the said Wines, Sustenance, Victuals, nor other Things vendible, to any other than to them of the same Cities, Boroughs, Ports of the Sea, and other Places, to which such Wines, Sustenance, Victuals, or other Things vendible were, and be brought, carried and conveyed; and by so much those Things have been, and yet be sold and set to the King, to his Lords, and to all his People, by the Hands of the Citizens, Burgesses, and other People Denizens, to a great and excessive Dearth, over that they should have been, if the Merchants Strangers, and other which bring such Things into the Realm, might freely have sold them to whom they would; nor also would not, nor yet will suffer the Merchants Strangers that do come,

1 The King to the Sheriff of Kent, Greeting: We give you to understand
that at our Parliament
1 there were made
2 be conversant,
2 there were made
3 be conversant,

or would come within the Realm to buy Wools,

and other Merchandises growing within the Realm, to go [travel, and ⁵] merchandise, or abide freely Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 24.

Leen les Prelats & la Clergie de dit roisine se

[Le ROY a Viscont de Kent, saluz. Savoir vous faceons q a nre plement'] tenuz a Gloucestre le Mesqerdy pschein aps le fest de Seint Luk [darrein passe,'] entre aut's choses illoeqs assentuz & accordez, [estoient faitz'] creins estatutz & ordinances sibn p' coe pfit (') come p maintenance de la paix [deins nre'] dit Roialme en la forme gensuyt.

Primement, p' ce q avant ces heures en temps le noble Roy E. aiel nre f' le Roi qore est, en ses plementz tenuz a Evwyk & Westin & auxint a nre F le Roy qore est en cest psent pliement, g'nte pleinte ad este faite de ceo q en plusours Citees Burghs Portz de meer & aut's lieux deinz le Roialme Dengletre, guntes damages & outrageouses dureces estoient & unquore sont faitz au Roi & a tout son roialme p les Citeins Burgeys & aut's gentz des Citees Burghs & dautres villes & lieux dessusdčes, qi navoient soeffert ne unque soeffrent michantz estranges, [nauts 6] qi amesnent carient ou portent p meer & p re vyns, avoir de pois, vivres, vitailles & auts choses vendables necessairs & pfitables sibn p' le Roi, les Prelatz, & Seign's, come p' tout la Coe de la Pre, vendre ou bailler les ditz vyns vivres vitailles ne les auts choses vendables as auts, q a eux mesmes des Citees, Burghs, Portz de meer et les auts lieux [as queux?] yceux vines vitailles ou auts choses vendables furent & sont amesnez, cariez, ou portez; & p tant si aient este & unqore sont mesmes les choses mises & venduz au Roi as f's & a son dit poeple [en & s] p les mains des Citeins Burgeis & aut's gentz deinzeins, a trop g'nt & excessive chierte outre ce qils eussent este si les Achantz estranges, & aut's q fount venir tiels choses deins le Roialme, les p'roient f'nchemet avoir venduz a qi qils vousissent; nauxint ont volue soeffrer ne unqure soeffrent les michantz estranges, queux veignent & vorroient venir deinz le Roialme p' achater des leyns & dautres mchandises cressantz deinz mesme le Roialme aler convser mchander ou demorer franchement

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come ils soloient faire, a g'nt damage de Roy, des Prelatz des f's & de tout le Roialme, & encontre coe pfit, & encontre les estatutz & ordinances ent faitz avant ces heures, en les deux plementz avantdites: Nostre f le Roi, considerant clerement la venue des michantz estranges deinz le roialme estre [bn & pfitable'] p moelt des causes, a tout le roialme ayantdit, del assent des Prelatz Ducs Countes Barons & de la Cõe de son roialme, ad ordeignez & establiz, qe tous michantz aliens de queleconqes roialmes paiis ou seig'es qils veignent, qi soient del amistee nre f' le Roi & de son Roialme, puissent desore sauvement & seuremit venir deinz le roialme Denglet re & en qeconqes Citees Burghs Portz de meer Feires miches, ou aut's lieux deinz mesme le roialme, deinz franchises & dehors, demorer ovesq lo' biens & mchandises qecongs souz le saufe garde & pteccon nre f' le Roy, tant si longement come lo' plerra, sanz desturbance ou contredit de psone qconqe. Et q sibien yceux mchantz aliens come deinzeins qeconqs & chescun de eux, qi achatre ou vendre voillent bledz chare pesson & totes manies daut's vivres & vitailles, et auxint totes manies des spiceries de fruit de pellure & des menues ou petites miceries, come soy file dore & dargent coverchiefs & autres tiels petites mceries, les puissent desore franchement & sanz contredit ou destourbance qeconqe sibn en la Citee de Londres come en touz les aut's Citees Burghs portz de meer feires Merchees & aut's lieux deinz le Roialme, vendre & achater en groos & p pcelles, a qi & de qi q lo' plest forein & deinzin, horspris les enemys nre f' le Roi & horspris q toutes manes de vins, sibn douces come autres, y serront venduz p les ditz est'ngers en groos, par les vessealx entiers sicome ils sont amesnez deinz le Roialme, & nemye a retaille, p nully es dites Citees Burghs & aut's bones villes enfranchisez, sinon soulement p les enhitantz & en franchises en ycelles. Et quant a tous les auts grosses meeries come draps dore dargent de soy de sendal de naparie de lingue teel de Canevace & daut's tielx grosses meeries, & auxint totes manes daut's grosses mehandises nient expsses peessus qeconqes q celles soient, les puissent desore sibien aliens come deinzeins, tant en la ditee Citee de Londres, come es auts Citees Burghs Portz Villes Feires, Marchees & aillours pmy le roialme av'tdit, deinz franchises & dehors, a qeconqe psone forein ou deinzin, qi achatre les vorra, forspris les enemys du Roi & de son Roialme f'nchement, & sanz contredit gecong, vendre en groos tantsoulement, come p bale drap ou p la piece entier a lo' pleiser, & nounpas a retaille, s' peine de forfaite de ycelles michandises, forsq soulement les Citeins [& 1] Burgeis en lot ppres Citees & Burghs, & aut's bones villes enfranchises, as queux & a nul autre, est'unge merchant [de3] lour franchise bien lise & purront ils sanz empeschement depescer tailler & trencher en yceux lour ppres Citees & Burghs les grosses riceries & aut's grosses michandises avantdites; & sibien ycelles come vins & aut's michaundises quelconqes, illoeqs vendre en groos & aretailt a lo plesaunce, paiantz toutes voies les custumes & subsides duez; nientcontresteantz estatutz ordeignaunces chartres juggementz allouances custumes & usages, faitz ou suffertz au cont'ire; les queux chires & fraunchises si nulles y soient sont oultrement repellez & adnullez, come chose faite use ou gente encontre

bien pfitable Rot. Parl. P. 1. nu. 74.

as they were wont to do; to the great Damage of the King, of the Prelates, of the Lords, and of all the Realm, and against the common Profit, and against the Statutes and Ordinances thereof made in Times past in the said Two Parliaments: Our Lord the King, considering clearly the coming of Merchants Strangers within the Realm, to be very profitable from many Causes to all the Realm, by the Assent of the Prelates, Dukes, Earls, Barons, and of the Commons of the Realm, hath ordained and stablished, That all Merchants Aliens, of what Realms, Countries, or Seignories that they come, which be of the Amity of the King, and of his Realm, may from henceforth safely and surely come within the Realm of England, and in all Cities, Boroughs, Ports of the Sea, Fairs, Markets, or other Places within the Realm, within Franchise and without, [and '] abide with their Goods and all Merchandises under the Safeguard and Protection of the King, as long as shall please them, without Disturbance or denying of any Person. And that as well those Merchants Aliens [and Denizens,2] and every of them that will buy and sell Corn, Flesh, Fish, and all Manner other Victuals and Sustenance, and also all Manner of Spiceries, Fruit, Fur, and all Manner of small Wares, as Silk, Gold Wire, or Silver Wire, Coverchiefs, and other such small Ware, may from henceforth freely and without denying or any Manner of Disturbance, as well in the City of London as in all Cities, Boroughs, Ports of the Sea, Fairs, Markets, and other Places within the Realm, sell and buy in Gross and by Parcels, to whom and of whom they please, Denizens or Foreign, except the King's Enemies; and except that all Manner of Wines, as well sweet as other, shall be sold by the said Strangers in Gross, and by whole Vessels, as they be brought into the Realm, and not at Retale by any in the said Cities, Boroughs, and other Towns franchised, but only by the Inhabitants and Freemen in the same, And as to all other great Wares, as Cloth of Gold and Silver, Silk, Sendal, Napery, Linen Cloth, Canvas, and other such great Wares, and also all Manner of other great Merchandises not above expressed, whatsoever they be, from henceforth as well Aliens as Denizens, as well in the City of London as in other Cities, Boroughs, Ports of the Sea, Towns, Fairs, Markets, and elsewhere through the said Realm, within Franchise and without, may sell the same in Gross (3) to every Person Foreign or Denizen that will buy the same, freely and without denying, except to the King's Enemies and the Realm's, [as well 1] by the Bale, Cloth, or by whole Pieces at their Pleasure, and not at Retale, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Merchandises, but only the Citizens and Burgesses in their own Cities and Boroughs, and other good Towns franchised, to whom, and to none other strange Merchant of their Franchise, they may, and it shall be lawful to them without Impeachment, to unfold, undo, and cut in the same their proper Cities and Boroughs, the great Merchandises, and other great Wares aforesaid; and as well the same, as Wines and other Merchandises whatsoever, there to sell, in Gross and by Retale at their Pleasure, paying all the Customs and Subsidies due; notwithstanding any Statutes, Ordinances, Charters, Judgements, Allowances, Customs, and Usages made or suffered to the contrary; which Charters and Franchises, if any there be, they shall be utterly repealed and adnulled, as a Thing made, used, or granted against

Merchant Strangers may freely come and abide within the Realm;

and buy and sell, in Gross and by Retail, Provisions and small Wares.

Aliens must sell their Wines and great Wares in Gross only. The retailing thereof in Cities and Towns to be by their Inhabitants alone;

notwithstanding any Charters.

Interlined on the Roll.

iij.

Saving of the Franchises of Lords; Ordinance of the Staple at Calais.

Merchants may buy and sell at Fairs, as heretofore.

Penalty for disturbing Merchants;

and upon Officers not punishing Disturbers.

II. The Statute 25 Edw. III. stat. 3. cap. 3. against Forestallers confirmed.

III. Merchants of the West may buy Staple Merchandises ;

finding Sureties to carry them to the West, or to Calais.

the common Profit, [or '] Oppression of the People: Saving always to Prelates and Lords of the Realm wholly their Liberties and Franchises, that they may make their Purveyances and Buyings of Victuals, and of other their Necessaries, as they were wont to do in old Time; and saving that the Ordinances made before this Time of the Staple of Calais be holden in their Force and Virtue. And it is not the King's Mind, that Merchants Strangers or Denizens, that will buy and sell their Wools, Woolfels, Wares, Cloths, Iron, and other Merchanchandises, at Fairs and Markets in the Country, should be restrained or disturbed by this Statute to sell or buy freely, in Gross or at Retale, as they were wont to do heretofore. And if it so happen, that from henceforth Disturbance be made to any Merchant Alien or Denizen, or other, upon the Sale of such Things in City, Borough, Town, Port of the Sea, or other Place that hath Franchise, against the Form of this Ordinance; and the Mayor, Bailiffs, or other that have the keeping of such Franchise, required by the said Merchants, or other in their Name, thereof to make Remedy, do not the same, and thereof be attainted, the Franchise shall be seised into the King's Hand; and nevertheless they that have done such Disturbance against this Statute, shall be bound to render and restore to the Plaintiff his double Damages that he hath suffered by this Occasion. And if such Disturbance be made to such Merchants or to other in Towns and Places where no Franchise is, and the Lord, if he be present, or his Bailiff, Constable, or other Warden of the Towns and Places, in Absence of the Lords thereof, required to do Right, and do not, and thereof be duly attainted, they shall yield to the Plaintiff his double Damages, as afore is said, and the Disturbers in the one Case and the other, as well within Franchises as without, if they be attainted, shall have one Year's Imprisonment, and be ransomed at the King's Will. And It is ordained and established, That the Chancellor, Treasurer, and Justices assigned to hold Pleas of the King in the Places where they come, shall diligently inquire of such Disturbances and Grievances, and do Punishment according as afore is ordained. And nevertheless the King shall assign by Commission certain People, where and when shall please him, to inquire of such Disturbances and Grievances, and to punish the Offenders in this Party, as before is said.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, that the Statute made in the time of King Edward the Grandfather, the twenty-fifth year of his reign (1), of Forestallers of Wines, Victuals, Wares, and Merchandises which come to the good Towns within the Realm by land or by water, shall be holden and firmly kept in all points, and put in due execution, for the common profit of the said Realm.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That all Merchants of Genoa, Venice, Catalonia, Arragon, and of other Realms, Lands, and Countries towards the West, being of the King's amity, that will bring to Hampton, or elsewhere within the Realm, carracks, ships, gallies, or other vessels, charged or discharged, may (3) freely sell their Merchandises to whom please them by the manner as afore is said, and there recharge their vessels of Wools, Leather, Woolfels, (4) Tin, and of other Merchandises of the Staple, and freely bring them into their country towards the West, paying at the Ports where they charge them all manner of Customs and Subsidies, and other [Devoirs'] of Calais, as much as they should pay if they should bring the same Merchandises to the Staple of Calais, so that they find sufficient Surety, that they shall bring the same so towards the West, and to no place elsewhere towards the East, but to the Staple of Calais, if percase they will go (6), upon pain of the forfeiture ordained before this time.

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cõe pfit en oppssion de poeple. Salvant toutdys as Prelatz & f's du roialme entierment lo' libtees & f'unchises qils purront faire lo' p'voiances & achatz des vitails & daut's lor necessairs, come ils soleient faire dauncien temps; & savant q les ordinances, faitz avant ces heures de lestaple de Caleys soient tenuz en lo force & vertu. Et nest my lentencion du Roi nre f' q les michantz estraunges ou deinzeins q vorront achar ou vendre leyns peaux lanutz mcerie draps feer & aut's michandises, es feirees & marchees en paiis, y soient p ceste estatut restreintz ou desto bez de vendre & achat f'nchement en gros ou aretaits come ils soleient faire dauncientee. Et si ensy aviegne q desore desturbaunce soit faite a nul michant alien ou deinzein ou aut s' la vente des tieles choses en Citee Burgh Ville Port de Meer ou aut lieu quit f'unchises, encontre la fourme de ceste ordinance, & les mair baillifs ou aut's q ont garde de la die f'unchise, requiz p les dites mchantz ou aut en lo' noun de ent faire remedie, & ils nel font mye & de ce soient atteintz, soit la f'unchise pris en le main le Roi & nientmeins soient ceux qu'ont fait celle desturbaunce contre cest estatut, tenuz de rendre & restorer au pleintif ses damages qil ava soeffert p celle encheson au double. Et si tiele desturbaunce soit fait as tieux mchauntz ou as aut's es villes & lieux ou f'unchise nest my, & le f' sil soit psent ou son baillif Constable ou aut gardein des dces villes & lieux en absence des f's, ent requiz de faire droit & nel facent & de ceo soient atteintz, rendent les damages au pleintif au double, auxi come dess est dit; et les desto'bo's, en lun cas & en lautre auxibien deinz f'unchises come dehors sils soient atteintz eient la prisone dun an & ent soient reintz a la volente le Roi. Et auxint est ordeigne & establi q le Chaunceller Tresorer & Justices assignez a tenir les plees le Roi es lieux ou ils viegnent enquergent des tiels destourbaunces & grevaunces, & facent punissement selonc ce q pdesus est ordene; & nientmeins q le Roi face assigner p comission cteins gentz ou & qontz lui plerra denquerre de tielles destourbaunces & grevances, & de faire punissement de l'spaso's en celle ptie come dessus est dit.

Item est ordene & establi q lestatut, fait en temps le dit Roi laiel lan de son regne Dengletre xxv. de forstallours des vins vitailles mes & mehaundises quelconqs q veignent a les bones villes deinz le Roialme p tre ou p eawe soit tenuz & fermement gardez en touz pointz, & mys en due execucion p le coe pfit du roialme avantdit.

Item ordene est & assentuz, q touz inchantz de Jene Venice Catiloigne Aragon & daut's Roialmes & tres & paiis vs le West, esteantz del amistee nre f' le Roi, qi vorront amesner a Hampton ou aillo's deinz le Roialme, Carraks Niefs Galeys ou auts vesseulx chargez ou deschargez y puissent f'unchement vendre lours michaundises, a qi lour plest, p mane q dessus est dit; & illoeqs recharger lo' ditz vesseulx des leynes quirs peaux lanutz plumb esteim & daut's michaundises de lestaple & f'unchement les amesner en lour paiis vs le West, paiantz es portz ou ils les chargiont toutes manes des custumes subsides & aut's devoirs de Caleys, auxi avant come ent paieront sils amesnassent mesmes les michandises a lestaple de Caleys; p issint qils troeffent seurete suffisante qils les amesnerent issint devs le West, & nulle pt aillo's devs le Est. sinon q a lestaple de Caleys si p cas ils y vorront aler s' la peine de forfaiture devant ces heures ordene.

iiij.

Item, p' ceo q pluso's Marins aps ce qils sont arestuz & retenuz p' vice du Roi s' la meer en defence de Roialme & ent ont resceuz lo's gages app'tenantz senfuent hors du dit svices sanz conge des Admiralx ou de lo' lieutenantz, a g'nt damage du Roi nre f' & du Roialme & arrerissement de ses viages avauntditz; Ordene est & establi, q touz ceux Marins queux desore ferront en tielle mane, & cela trovez & pvez Vitablement devant le Admiral ou son Lieutenant, soient tenuz de restorer a nre f' le Roi le double de ce qils avont pris p' lo' gages, & nientmeins eient la prisone dun an sanz ent estre delivez p mainprise baille ou p autre voie. Et le Roi voet & comande a touz Viscontz Mairs & Baillifs deins f'nchises & dehors, q a la cuficacion des ditz Amiralx ou lour Lieutenantz p lour lies ent affairs tesmoignantes la dče pove facent tantost sanz attendre autre mandement de Roi nie f pndre & attach touz ceux Marins futifs p lo' corps deinz lo' baillies deinz f'nchises & dehors & les mettre en prisone illoeqes a dem'rer en bon & seure garde tanq ils avont fait gree au Roi come desus est dit & ent eient special mandement du Roi nre f' de lo' delivance. Et autiel punissement soit fait des sgeantz darmes Maist's des niefs & touz aut's q front atteintz p enquerre devant Ladmirall ou son Lieutenant avantdit qils eient rienz pris des ditz Marins p' lo' soefrer aler a lo' large hors del svice avantdit, aps ceo qils eiant este arestuz p' mesme le svice.

Item de Contrevours de faux novels & Countours des horribles & fauxes mensonges des Prelatz Ducs Countes Barons & auts nobles & gentz de Roialme, et auxint del Chaunceller Tresorer Clerc de Privie Seal Seneschal del Hostiel nre & le Roi Justices del un Bank & del aut & daut's gentz Offics du Roialme des choses q p les ditz Prelatz Ps & Offics ne furent unqes plez touchez ou pensez en gant esclaundre des Prelatz & Nobles & Offics avantditz pont debatz & descordes p'roient sourdre pentre les ditz f's ou pentre les f's & Cões q Dieu ne veulle & dont g'nt pil & meschief purroit avenir a tout le roialme & legement subvision & destruccion del roialme avantdit, si due remede ny fuisse mys; est defenduz estroitement & s' grief peine p' eschuer les damages & pils avantditz, q desore nul soit si hardi de controver dire ou counter ascune fauxe novelle mensonge ou aut tiel fauxe chose des Prelatz & les auts desus ditz dont descorde ou esclaundre aucune puisse sourdre deinz mesme le roialme; et qi le fra eit & encourge la paine autre foitz ent ordenez p estatut de Westm primer q voet qil soit pris & emprisonez jeqes a tant qil eit trovez celluy dont la pole sra moevez.

Item, p' ceo q nre f' le Roy ad entenduz sibien p moeltz des pleintz a luy faitz come p la notoritee de la chose q sibien plusours des lieges nre f' le Roi en divses pties del roialme come auxint les gentz de Gales en le Countee de Hereford & les gentz de Countee de Cestr en les Countees joinantz a Cestreshire aucuns de eux claimant avoir droit as divses res tentz & aurs possessions & aucuns espiants Dames &

ITEM, Because that divers Mariners, after that they be arrested and retained for the King's Service upon the Sea in defence of the Realm, and thereof have received their Wages pertaining, do flee out of the said Service without Licence of the Admirals, or of their Lieutenants, to the great damage of the King and his Realm, and hinderance of the said voyages: It is ordained and stablished, That all those Mariners, which from henceforth shall do in such manner, and that truly found and proved before the Admiral, or his Lieutenant, shall be holden to restore to our said Sovereign Lord the King the Double of that they have taken for their Wages; and nevertheless shall have One Year's Imprisonment, without being delivered by Mainprize, Bail, or by other way. And the King will and commandeth to all Sheriffs, Mayors, and Bailiffs, within Franchises and without, that at the Certification of the said Admirals, or their Lieutenants, by their Letters thereof to be made, testifying the said Proof, [shall incontinent, without tarrying, make another Commandment of the King our Sovereign Lord, to take and attach all '] fugitive Mariners by their Body, within their Bailiwicks, within Franchises and without, and put them in Prison, there to abide in good and sure keeping, till they have made Gree to the King as afore is said, and thereof have a special Commandment of our Sovereign Lord the King of their Deliverance. And like Punishments shall be made of Serjeants of Arms, Masters of Ships, and all other, that shall be attainted, by Enquiry before the Admiral, or his Lieutenant aforesaid, that they have any thing taken of the said Mariners, for to suffer them to go at large out of the said Service, after that they have been arrested for the same Service.

ITEM, Of Devisors of false News, and (') of horrible and false Lyes, of Prelates, Dukes, Earls, Barons, and other Nobles and Great Men of the Realm, and also of the Chancellor, Treasurer, Clerk of the Privy Seal, Steward of the King's House, Justices of the one Bench or of the other, and of other Great Officers of the Realm, of Things which by the said Prelates, Lords, Nobles and Officers aforesaid, were never spoken, done, nor thought, in great Slander of the said Prelates, Lords, Nobles, and Officers, whereby Debates and Discords might arise betwixt the said Lords, or between the Lords and the Commons, which God forbid, and whereof great Peril and Mischief might come to all the Realm, and quick Subversion and Destruction of the said Realm, if due Remedy be not provided: It is straitly defended upon grievous Pain, for to eschew the said Damages and Perils, that from henceforth none be so hardy to devise, speak, or to tell any false News, Lyes, or other such false Things, of Prelates, Lords, and of other aforesaid, whereof Discord or any Slander might rise within the same Realm; and he that doth the same shall incur and have the Pain another time ordained thereof by the Statute of Westminster the First, which will, that he be taken and imprisoned till he have found him [of whom the Word

ITEM, Because that our Sovereign Lord the King hath perceived, as well by many Complaints made to him, as by the perfect Knowledge of the Thing, that as well divers of his Liege People in sundry Parts of the Realm, as also the People of Wales, in the County of Hereford, and the People of the County of Chester, with the Counties joining to Chestershire, some of them claiming to have Right to divers Lands, Tenements, and other Possessions, and some espying Women and

they shall incontinent, without waiting for any other commandment of our Lord the King, cause to be taken and attached all such
Reporters
3 which was the first Author of the Tale. See Stat. Westim. 1, 3 Edw. I. cap. 34.

IV.
Mariners
leaving the
Service shall
forfeit
Double
Wages, and
be imprisoned
One Year.

The like Punishment upon those taking any Thing to let them go at large.

V.
The Penalty
for telling
slanderous
Lyes of the
Great Men
of the Realm.

VI. Sundry Routs and unlawful Confederacies recited.

Vol. II.

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Original from PENN STATE

and in some Places do ravish Women and Damsels, and bring them into strange Countries, where please them; and in some Places lying in await with such Routs, do beat and maim, murder and slay the People, for to have their Wives and their Goods and the same Women and Goods retain to their own Use; and sometime take the King's Liege People in their Houses, and bring and hold them as Prisoners, and at the last put them to Fine and Ransom, as it were in a Land of War; and sometime come before the Justices in their Sessions in such guise with great Force, whereby the Justices be afraid and not hardy to do the Law; and do many other Riots and horrible Offences, whereby the Realm in divers Parts, is put in great Trouble, to the great Mischief and Grievance of the People, and the Hurt of the King's Majesty, and against the King's Crown: Our Sovereign Lord the King, desiring sovereignly the Peace and Quietness of his Realm, and his good Laws and Customs of the same and the Rights of his Crown to be maintained and kept in all Points, and the Offenders duly to be chastised and punished, as he is sworn at his Coronation, by the Assent of all the Lords and Peers being in this Parliament, hath defended upon the Peril that belongeth, that none be so hardy from henceforth to do any Thing that shall be in Affray of the People (3) against the Peace. And moreover It is ordained and stablished, that the Statute of Northampton, made in such Case in the Time of the said Grandfather, be holden and kept in all Points. And also it is assented, that certain sufficient and valiant Persons, Lords or other, shall be assigned by the King's Commission in every County through the Realm, whereas shall need, which shall have Power by their Commission, that as soon as they know, or that they be credibly certified of any Assemblies, Routs, or Ridings of Offenders, Baratours, and other such Rioters in their Marches, in Affray of the People, and against the Peace, to arrest them incontinent without tarrying for Indictments or other Process of the Law, by their Body, and [to bring their Captains and Heads, '] and send them to the next Gaol, with the Cause of their Arrest clearly and distinctly put in Writing, there to abide in Prison in sure keeping, till the coming of the Justices into the Country, without being delivered in the Meantime by Mainprise, Bail, or in other Manner. And all the Lords being in the Parliament be charged by the King, and they have of their good Gree and free Will lawfully promised to be in

Damsels unmarried, and some desiring to make Mainte-

nance in their Marches, do gather them together to a

great Number of Men of Arms and Archers, to the

Manner of War, and confederate themselves by Oath

and other Confederacy, not having Consideration to

God, nor to the Laws of Holy Church, nor of the

Land, nor to Right, nor Justice, but refusing and setting

apart all Process of the Law, do ride in great Routs in

divers Parts of England, and take Possession, and [set

them in '] divers Manors, Lands, and other Possessions of

their own Authority, and hold the same long with such

Force, doing (2) many Manner Apparelments of War;

¹ fix themselves within ² there ³ or ⁴ especially the Chieftains and Leaders of such Routs ⁵ they ⁶ and

Aid, to their Power, to the said Commissioners, if

Need be, and (5) be required, (6) to keep and do to be

kept by them and theirs this Ordinance in as much as

toucheth them, and without having Regard to any Per-

son for Amity, Alliance, or otherwise. And our So-

vereign Lord the King will and commandeth to all his

Justices having Power at their making Deliverance, that

ready Justice and Punishment be done upon all Persons that shall be attainted of such Riots and Offences, to every

Man according as the Case requireth, and in such Manner

that the same Punishment be an Example to other.

Damoiseles nient mariez, & aucuns desirantz a faire maintenance en lour marchees, se coillent ensemble a g'nt nombre des gentz armez & Archiers a fier de guerre, & soi entrelient p Sement & p autre confederacie nient eiant consideracion a Dieu, ne as loys de Seintz Eglise ne de la Pre, ne a droit, ne a Justice einz refusantz & entrelessantz tout pces de ley, chivachent en gentz routes en pluso's pties Dengt, & Pignent possession & se mettent einz en divses manoirs res & aut's possessions de lour ppre auctoritee, & les tiegnent longement a tiel force y feisantz mou des mans dappaillementz de guerre; et en aucuns lieux ravissent Dames & Damoiselles & les enmesnent en est'unge paiis ou lo' plest; & en aucuns lieux en tieux routes gisent en agaite & batent mahaiment mordrent & tuont les gentz p' lour femes & biens avoir, & celles femes & biens reteignont a lo' ppre oeps; & a la foitz Pignent a force les liges le R6i en lo ppre maisons, & les amesnent & detiegnent come prisons, & au darrien les mettont a fyn & a raunceon come ceo fuist en tre de guerre; & a la foitz viegnent devant Justices en lo' sessions, a tielle guise ove g'nt force, pont les Justices sont moeltz esbaiez, ou ne sont hardiz de faire la ley; et plusours aut's riotes & horribles malx faitz y font; pont le Roialme en divses pties est mys en g'nt troboill a g'nt meschief & anientissement de povre poeple, & lesion de le Roiale Majeste, & encountre la corone nre f' le Roi : et nre f' le Roi desirant souvaignement la paix & la quiete de son roialme & ses bones leys & custumes dycelt & les droit'es de sa dite corone estre maintenuz & gardez en touz pointz & les Pspassours duement chastisez & puniz, come il est sementez a son coronemt; del assent de touz les f's & pieres esteantz en ce plement est defenduz s' le pil qappent q nully soit desore si hardiz de faire rienz q soit en affray du poeple ou countre la paix; et enoultre est ordene & establiz q lestatut de Northt fait en tieu cas en temps le dit aiel soit tenuz & gardez en touz pointz; et auxint est assentuz, q eteins suffisantz & vaillantz psones f's ou aut's soient assignez p Comission nre € le Roi en chescun Countee pmy le Roialme ou il busoigne & mestier sra q eient poair p lo' comission, si tost come ils scievent ou q lo' soit creablement ctifiez dascuns assembles routes ou chivachez des malfaiso's baretto's ou aut's tieux riottours en lour Marchees en affray du poeple & countre la paix, de lour arester tantost sanz attendre enditement ou autre pces de ley p lour corps & meement les Chiefteins & dustres dycelles routes & les envoier a psch gaiole ensemble avec la cause de le lour arest clerement & distinctement mys en escript illoeges a dem'rer en prisone en sure & bone garde tanq, a la venue des Justices en paiis sanz ent estre delivrez en le meyn temps p mainprise baille ou en autre manle. Et les f's Pstoutz esteantz en plement sont chargez dep le Roi & ont ils auxint de lo bone gree & libale voluntee pmys loialment, destre en eide a lo' poair as ditz Commissions si mester ent est, & soient requiz & [de '] garder & faire garder p eux & les lo's ceste ordinance en q'nq, a eux touche, sanz avoir regarde a psone q̃lconq, p' amistee alliaunce ne autrement. Et nre f' le Roi voet & comande a touz ses Justices, eiantz poair a lo' delivance faire, q redde punissement & Justice soit fait sour toutes les psones q Front atteintz des tieux riotes & malfaitz a chescun selonc ce q le cas requiert & p mane tielle q cett punissement soit ensample as auts.

Interlined on the Roll.

Statute of Northampton 2 Edw. III. chapter 3. confirmed. Commissions shall be awarded to arrest and imprison

Rioters;

without Indictment or other Process.

The Lords have promised

Item, p' ceo q nre f' le Roi ad entenduz sibien p Eteins lies patentes nouvellement venues de Eteins Cardinalx rebeulx countre nre Seint Piere Urban a ore p*pe come autment p coe fame, q division & discord estoit pentre nre dit Seint Pier & les ditz Cardinalx, les queux safforcent a tout lo' poair, a deposer nre dit seint pier de lestat de p'pe & de exciter & comover p leurs meins vraies suggestions les Rois Princes & le poeple Cristien encontre luy a gent pil de lours almes & a Psmal example; nre dit & le Roi fist monstrer les des tres as Platz f's & aut's g'nts & sages de son roialme esteantz au dit plement & veues & entenduz les tres avantdites & eue meure delibacion s' la matire estoit p les ditz platz pnunciez & publiez, p plusours g'ndes & notables resons illoeqes monstrez en plein plement sibien p matire trove es dces lres come autment q le dit Urban estoit duement esluz en p'pe & q ensy est il & doit estre Prai p'pe & li come p'pe & chief de Seinte Esglise len doit accepter & obeir; & a ceo faire saccorderent toutz les platz f's & Cões en le plement av'ndit. Et enoultre est assentuz q touz les benefices & aut's possessions q les ditz Cardinalx rebellantz & touz aut's lo's coadjuto's fauto's adherentz ou aucuns auts enemys de nre dit f' lé Roi & de son Roialme ont deinz le poair nre dit f' le Roy soient seisez es mains de mesme nre f' le Roy; & q nre f' le Roi soit responduz des fruitz & pfitz de mesmes les bnfices & possessions, tant come ils dem'ront en ses meins p la cause avantêce. Et auxint est ordenez, q si aucun lige du Roi, ou autre deinz son poair p'chase pvision finfice ou aut g'ce, daueun autre p noun de p'pe q del dit nre Seint Pier Urban ou soit obeisant a aucun autre psone come a p'pe soit mys hors de la pteccon nre & le Roi & ses biens & chateyx seisez come forfaites.

Item des laborers & svantz est ordenez & establi q lordinance ent faite en temps le dit Aiel qe comence Quia magna pars ppli, soit affermez & tenuz p' estatut; & q sibien celle estatut, come touz aut's estatutz & ordinances faites de Artifics svantz & Laborers avant ces heurs soient fermement gardez & misez en due execucion.

Et p' ceo vous mandons q les ditz estatutz & ordinances facez ovtement & distinctement crier & publier, en touz les lieux notables deinz vre bailly ou mestier Bra & fermement les y tenir & faire tenir & garder selonc la fourme & teneur dycelles. Don p tesmoignance de nre g'nt seal a nre Palays de Westm le xxviij. jo' de Novembr lan de nre regne second.

p ipm Regem & Consiliu.

Conš Lre dirigunt singulis Vicecomitib; p Angt sub eadem data. manufaction region would find driedly workers

the verses will be dead their designations and

All the construct of the state of the state

VALUE .

(a) ITEM, Because our Sovereign Lord the King hath perceived, as well by Letters Patents newly come to certain Cardinals, Rebels against our Holy Father for Pope. Urban now [Bishop of Rome,'] as otherwise by common Fame, that Division and Discord was betwixt our said Holy Father and the said Cardinals, which afforced them with all their Power to depose our said Holy Father from [the Estate of a Bishop,'] and to excite and move, by their untrue Suggestions, the Kings, Princes, and Christian People against him, to the great Peril of their Souls, and to an evil Example: Our said Sovereign Lord the King caused the said Letters to be shewed to the Prelates, Lords, and other Great Men of the Realm being at the said Parliament, and affer the said Letters seen and perceived, by great Deliberation upon the said Matter, it was pronounced and published by the said Prelates, by great and notable reasons there shewed, in the full Parliament, as well by Matters found in the said Letters as otherwise, that the said Urban was duly chosen [Bishop of Rome,'] and that so he is and ought to be true [Bishop,'] and ought to be accepted and obeyed as [Bishop'] and Chief of Holy Church. And to this to be done all the Prelates, Lords, and Commons in the said Parliament do [record.3] And moreover it is assented, That all the Benefices and Possessions which the said Cardinals Rebels and their Coadjutors, Fautours, Adherents, or any other Enemies of the King and of his Realm, have within the King's Power, shall be seized into the Hands of our said Sovereign Lord the King; and that the King be answered of the Fruits and Profits of the same Benefices and Possessions as long as they abide in his Hands for the Cause aforesaid. Also It is ordained that if any of the King's liege People, or other within his Power, do purchase Provision, Benefice, or other Grace, of any other by the Name of the [Bishop '] than of the said Our Holy Father Urban, or be obedient to any other [Bishop,'] he shall be out of the King's Protection, and his Goods and Chattels seized as forfeit.

ITEM, Of Labourers (5) It is ordained and stablished, That the Ordinance thereof made in the Time of the said Grandfather, which beginneth, "Because a great Part of the People," be affirmed and holden for a Statute. And that as well this Statute as all other Statutes and Ordinances made of Artificers, Servants, and Labourers before this Time be firmly kept and put in due Execution.

And therefore We command You, that the said Statutes and Ordinances you do cause to be openly and distinctly proclaimed and published in all notable Places within your Bailiwick, where need shall be; and the same there firmly to keep, and cause to be kept and maintained according to the Form and Tenor thereof.

Given under the Witness of our Great Seal, at our Palace of Westminster, the Twenty-eighth Day of November, in the Second Year of our Reign.

By the King himself and Council.

Like Letters are directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England, under the same Date.

Pope MS. Tr. 2.

2 thestate papal MS. Tr. 2.

3 accord s and Servants * Persone as to the Pope, MS. Tr.2.

(a) The Translation of this Chapter is copied from Myddylton's Great Boke of Statutes.' It is not inserted in any other Printed Edition or Translation: The Use of the Words 'Bishop of Rome' and 'Bishop' instead of 'Pope' shew that the Translation was made in the Time of Henry VIII. and after the passing of the Acts against acknowledging the Pope's Supremacy.

VIII.

Labourers 23 Edw. III.

confirmed.

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D' Statuto apud Westm edito Anno s'edo irrotulato.

In Margine Rotuli.

iij.

50

OF THE STATUTE MADE AT WESTMINSTER IN THE SECOND YEAR; INROLLED.

STATUTE THE SECOND.

To the Honour of God and of Holy Church, and for the common Profit of the Realm of England, our Lord the King Richard, at his Parliament holden at Westminster, in the Fifteenth of Easter, the Second Year of his Reign, of the Assent of the Prelates, Dukes, Earls, Barons, and other Great Men, and of the Commons of [this Realm,'] summoned to the said Parliament, hath ordained and established in the same Parliament, for the Quietness of his said People, the Statutes and Ordinances following, perpetually to endure in his said Realm.

I. Liberties of the Church, Charters, and Laws, confirmed. FIRST, That Holy Church have and enjoy her Franchises and Liberties in all Points, in as ample Manner as she them had in the Time of his noble Progenitors Kings of England; and that the Great Charter, and the Charter of the Forest, and the good Laws of the Land, be firmly holden and kept, and put in due Execution.

II. Stat. 2 Ric. II. stat. 1. cap. 6. repealed. ITEM, It is assented, that the Article comprised in the Statute last made at Gloucester, of Assemblies, Ridings, and Routs of Offenders in the Country, which beginneth: "Item, because that our Sovereign Lord the King, &c." which Article seemeth to the said Commons very grievous, at the Prayer of the said Commons be utterly repealed and adnulled; the Statute of Northampton being always in his Force: And it is assented, that they which be taken and imprisoned by virtue of any Words comprised in the said Article, without other Indicament, shall be utterly delivered.

Statute 2 Edw. III. chapter 3. confirmed.

III.
Debtors who
make feigned
Conveyances
and flee to
Sanctuary,
shall, on
Proclamation,
appear to the
Suits of their
Creditors; or
Judgment and
Execution
shall be had
against their
Lands and
Goods, &c.

ITEM, In case of Debt, where the Debtors make feigned Gifts and Feoffments of their Goods and Lands to their Friends and other, and after withdraw themselves and flee into Places of Holy Church privileged, and there hold them a long Time, and take the Profit of their said Lands and Goods so given by Fraud and Collusion, whereby their Creditors have been long and yet be delayed of their Debts and Recovery; wrongfully and against good Faith and Reason: It is ordained and stablished, that after that the said Credition ditors have thereof brought their Writs of Debt, and thereupon a Capias awarded, and the Sheriff shall make his return, that he hath not taken the said Persons, because of such Places privileged, in which they be or shall be entered, then after such Return made, another Writ shall be granted and made to the Sheriff, in which Writ shall be comprised, that Proclamation be made openly at the Gate of the Place so privileged, where such Persons be entered, by Five Weeks continually, every Week once, that the same Person be at a certain Day comprised in the same Writ, before the King's Justices, there to answer to the Plaintiff of his Demand: And upon this Writ, returned by the said Sheriff, that Proclamation is made in the said Form, if the said Persons called come not in proper Person nor by Attorney, Judgment shall be given against them upon the Principal for their Default: And out of the same Judgement Execution shall be made of their Goods and Lands, bring out of the Place privileged, as well, that is to say, of those Lands and Goods so given by Collusion, as of any other out of the same Franchise, after that such Collusion or Fraud be duly found, in the same Manner as that ought to have been, if no [Devise*] had been thereof made, notwithstanding the same [Devise.*] But it is not the King's Mind, that by virtue of this Statute any Man be barred of his Suit against such Debtors by the common Course of the Law, before this present Statute used.

1 bis said Realm of England

^e Demise

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 23.

A L Hono' de Dieu & de seinte eglise & p' cõe pfit du Roialme Dengletre nre f' le Roi Richard a son plement tenuz a Westm en la quinszeine de Pasq, lan de son regne second del assent des platz Ducs, Contes, Barons, & daut's g'ntz & cões de son dit Roialme Dengletre, au dit plement somonez; ad ordenez & establi en meisme le pleiment pur quiete de son poeple les estatutz & establissementz q sensuent, ppetuelment adurers en son Roialme avantdit.

Primement q Seint Eglise eit & enjoise ses franchises & libtees en touz pointz, si avant come ele le avoit en temps de ses nobles pgenito's Rois Dengt; & q la g'nt Chartre & la Chartre de la Foreste & les bones leys de la re soient fermement tenuz & gardez & mises en dieu execucion.

Item est assentuz q̃ larticle comprise en lestatut darrainement fait a Gloucestr, des assemblees chivachees & routes des malfeisours en paiis q̃ comence Item proce qe nre fre Roi ad entenduz p moltz des pleintes, &c. quele Article sembloit as ditz coes trop̃ grevouse; a la prier de meisme la coe soit outrement repellez & adnullez; lestatut de Norht esteant toutes voies en sa force; et est assentuz q̃ ceux qi sont pris & imprisonez p vtu daucuns pols comprisez en dit article, sanz autre enditement, soient outrement delives.

Item en cas de dette, ou les Dettours font douns & feoffementz feintz de lour tres & biens a lours amys & aut's, et puis se retreient, & fuont as lieux de seint esglise privilegez, & illeoqes se tiegnent longement & Pignont les pfitz de lours ditz Pres & bns issint donez p fraude & collusion, pont lour creanceo's ont este longement & encore sont delaiez de lour dettes & recovrir a tort & encontre bone foy & reson; ordeignez est & establi q aps ceo q les ditz creanceo's ent eient portez lour briefs de dette & sur ceo capias agardez le Viscount face son retorn qil nad my pris les dces psones a cause des tieux lieux privilegez en quelles ils sont ou front entrez, adonges ans tiel reto'n fait soit [aut'] brief g'ntez & fait al viscont; en quel brief soit compris q pclamacion se face ovtement a la port del lieu issint privilegez ou tielles psones sont entrez, p cynk semaignes continueles chescun semaigne un foiz, q meisme la psone soit au ctein jour compris en mesme le brief devant les Justices le Roi p' y respondre au pleintif de sa demande & celle brief reto'nez p le Viscont q pclamacion est faite en la dite forme, & les dces psones appellez ne veignent my, en ppre pson ne p attourne, soit jugement renduz envs eux sur le principal p lour defaute & hors dycell jugement, soit execucion faite de lours Pres & biens esteantz hors del lieu issint privilegez sibn cestassavoir de ceux tres & bns issint donez p collusion, come daut's quelconqes p dehors mesme la Franchise aps ce q tielle collusion ou fraude soit duement trovez; en mesme la mane come ceo deust avoir este fait si null dimise ent eust este fait, niencontresteant mesme la dimise. Mais nest my lentencion du Roi q p vertu de cest estatut nully soit forsclos de sa suitee envs tieux dettours p coe cours de loy devant cest Psent estatut usez.

Interlined on the Roll.

Anno 3° RICARDI, II. A.D.1379-80.

In Margine Rotuli.

D' Statuto apud Westm Anno t'cio edito irrotulato.

OF THE STATUTE MADE AT WESTMINSTER, IN THE THIRD YEAR; INROLLED.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 23.

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pouple enscriblement event alors offers to pateriols, at the sale returning

a la voluntes le Roit & comence ceste cedimore a

tenir ileu a la Nativirea Seine Johan la Daptette

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la regradier de la shoist & serrience de din comun de

sully timbers, de 2000 Rolaine, d'fineme jeun foquelles de

delay Callerials, Abbelow Relations

E ROI as Viscontes de Londres, salutz. Sachez q̃ a nr̃e darrein plement tenuz a Westm̄'] del assent des f's & aut's en dit plement [avons '] fait faire teins estatutz & ordeinances en la fourme q̃ sensuit.

Primement ordeignez est & establiz, q seinte eglise eit & enjoise entierment sez f'nchises & libtees p mane q les eit euz & enjoiez en temps des nobles pgenitours nre f' le Roi desusdit; & q les bones leys & custumes du Roialme & les estatutz faitz devant ceste heure & nient repellez, soient tenuz & fermement

gardez & mysez en due execucion.

Item p' ceo q la coe se pleint g'ntement estre grevez en ceo q coment qen temps le noble Roi E. Aiel a nre f' le Roi qore est estoit p' coe pfit de Roialme ordeinez & establiz q touz les draps de leine delors affaire en Engletre q sroient mys a vente contineroient Eteine mesure en longure & laieure, sur Eteine peine compris en dit estatut; Nientmeins plusours gentz pmy le Roialme nient eiantz consideracion al dit estatut, font ore divsez drapes de leine vendables queux ne contiegnent mye la dite mesure ne lassise ordeine p mesme lestatut, & q pire est font subtilement tacher ou consure ensemble avesq file, divsez pieces des tieux draps & puis aps p covyne entre eux et les Auneo's le Roi p' covrer & colurer la fauxine pcurent mesme launo' de mettre le seal ordeine sur mesmes les draps; au fin q p tant les Achato's deivent croire q celles draps issint ensealez soient suffisantz draps & entiers contiegnantz la dce assise gare autrement neussent este ensealez a ceo qils diont en g'nt deceite du pople & meschief as achato's desusditz sibien deinszeins come estranges: accordez est & assentuz q les estatutz faitz des ditz draps devant ces heures soient gardez & duement mys en execucion. Et enoultre est assentuz, q si ascun des ditz Auneo's ou des Coillours del subside des dces draps ava desore mys aucun seal a nul tiel drap issint consute en deceite, soit mesme le drap forfait au Roi ou & en quelconq mane qil soit trovez; & [ovesq, ceo 3] forface launeo ou Coillour de tiel defaute trovez coupable son dit office; et sil eit mys mesme le seal a ascun autre drap vendable q ne soit de la dite assise, forface mesme launeour ou Coillour devs nre dit f' le Roi la value

Au Parlement tenus a Westm le lundy pscheyn aps le fest de Seint Hiller, lan de 8 reigne nre f' le Roy Richard le scde aps le conquest, tierce, Printed Copies.

nre dit f' ad Printed Copies. Interlined on the Roll.

A T the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Monday next after the Feast of St. Hillary, the Third Year of King Richard the Second, of the Assent of the Lords and other in the said Parliament, [our said Lord hath caused to be made certain Statutes and Ordinances in the Form following.

of the same Cloth at ambidyin Dittile of the People

together with his said. Office a and neverthelessy for

and then be ransomed at the King's Will; And this

Statute shall begin to hold Place at the Mativity of Saint

thereof delivered to divine Parliaments before this Time,

our orheistise by the perfect Kirowledge and Experience

Abbeys and Priority and order Benefities of his Restin

which were dute founders, and richly enduried by his

of the Deeds have the Christ-hes Clarked at 100

FIRST, It is ordained and established, That Holy Church have and wholly enjoy her Franchises and Liberties, by the Manner as she hath had and enjoyed them in the Time of the King's noble Progenitors; and that the good Laws and Customs of the Realm, and the Statutes made before this Time, and not repealed, be holden and firmly kept and put in due Execution.

ITEM, Because that the Commons do greatly complain them to be grieved, in that that Whereas in the Time of the [King's noble Grandfather,3] it was ordained (*) for the common Profit of the Realm, that all the Woollen Cloths from thenceforth to be made in England which should be set to Sale, should contain a certain Measure in Length and Breadth, upon a certain Pain comprised in the said Statute, nevertheless divers People through the Realm, not having regard to the said Statute, make now divers Woollen Cloths vendible, which do not contain the Measure nor the Assise ordained by the same Statute, and which worse is, cause subtilly to be tacked and set together with Thread divers Pieces of such Cloths, and after by Covin betwixt them and the King's Aulnegers, to hide and colour the Falsity, do procure the said Aulneger to put the Seal ordained upon the same Cloths, to the Intent that the Buyers might believe that such Cloths so sealed be sufficient Cloths, and whole, containing the same Assise, for otherwise they had not been sealed, as they say; in great Deceit of the People, and Mischief to the said Buyers, as well Denizens as Strangers: It is accorded and assented, That the Statutes made of the said Cloths before this Time, and not repealed, be kept and duly put in Execution. And moreover it is assented, That if any of the said Aulnegers or of the Collectors of the Subsidy of the said Cloths, do from henceforth set his Seal to any such Cloth so sewed in Deceit, the same Cloth shall be forfeit to the King, [in whose Hands soever 3] it be found, and also the Aulneger or Collector, thereof found guilty, shall forfeit his Office; and if he have put the same Seal to any other Cloth vendible, that is not of the said Assise, the same Aul-

I. Liberties of the Church and Laws of the Realm confirmed.

II.

47 Edw. III. Chapter 1.

Statutes as to the Assise of Cloths confirmed. Penalty on Aulneger setting his Seal to faulty Cloths.

1 The King to the Sheriffs of London, Greeting. Know ye, that at our last Parliament holden at Westminster,

neger or Collector shall forfeit to the King the Value

3 noble King Edward, Grandfather of our Lord the King that now is, 4 and established 5 where and in whatsoever manner

Vol. II.

E

of the same Cloth so sealed in Deceit of the People, together with his said Office; and nevertheless, for the said Falsity he shall have One Year's Imprisonment, and then be ransomed at the King's Will: And this Statute shall begin to hold Place at the Nativity of Saint John Baptist next coming, and not before.

III.

Causes why Advowsons of Benefices were given to Spiritual

Inconvegiving Benefices to Aliens.

Persons.

Former not effectual.

ITEM, Because that our Lord the King hath perceived, as well by the Complaints of his faithful liege People, [and by their Clamour by 37 divers Petitions thereof delivered in divers Parliaments before this Time, as otherwise by the perfect Knowledge and Experience of the Deed, how the Churches Cathedral and Collegial, Abbeys and Priories and other Benefices of his Realm, which were late founden, and richly endowed by his Noble Progenitors, in which divers Dignities, Offices, Parsonages, Chanonries, Prebends, and other Benefices, were solemnly and devoutly ordained and established of the Assent of the foresaid Progenitors of the King, and of other their Noble Founders, which did give to the said Pastors of the same Churches, Abbeys, Priories, and of other great Places, the Advowsons of the same Benefices, to the Intent that the same Benefices should be given to honest and meet Persons of the Realm, to serve and honour God diligently, and also to keep Hospitality, and to inform and teach the People, and to do other worthy Things pertaining to the Cure of Souls, after the Estate and Quality of the said Benefices: And so was it done in all Times past after the Foundation of the same, till now of late, that by the Informations, Instigations and Procurements of some of the King's liege People, the same Benefices have been given, against the Will of the Founders, to divers People of another Language, and of strange Lands and Nations, and sometime to the utter Enemies of the King and of his Realm, which never made Residence in the same, nor cannot, may not, nor will not in such wise bear and perform the Charges of the same Benefices, as in hearing Confessions, Preaching, nor Teaching the People, keeping Hospitality, nor accomplishing the other Things necessary to the Governance of the same Benefices; but only thereof [have 1] and take the Emoluments and Temporal Profits, not having Regard to the Spiritual Cure, nor to other Charges to the same Benefices pertaining or belonging; but manifestly suffer the noble Buildings in old Times there made, when the same Benefices were occupied by Englishmen, wholly to fall to Decay, whereby the Divine Service is greatly minished, the Cure of Souls neglected and left, the Clergy enfeebled, the Treasure of the said Realm carried to the Hands of Aliens, and all the Estate of Holy Church brought to less Reverence than before it was wont to be; And though that in the Time of the said Grandfather certain Ordinances, Statutes, and Compositions were made and affirmed, wholly to put out, or at least to restrain the said Mischiefs in this Behalf; nevertheless the said Aliens, not having Regard to the same, do not refrain to take and receive such Benefices within the said Realm; but by the Comfort, Aid, and great Succour which they have had of the King's liege People, that be their Fermors, Procurators, and Atturnies in this Behalf [and 3] in every Part of the said Realm, do enforce themselves from Day to Day more and more [to accept 1 the greatest Dignities and Benefices within the said Realm, and by divers cautelous Manners, much prejudicial to the same Realm if that were suffered, whereby the said Mischiefs do daily (5) increase, and much more will increase, if due Remedy be not the sooner provided:

de mesme la drap tielement ensealez en deceite del poeple ensemblement ovesq son office & jademeins p' la fauxine avantdite eit la prisone, & ent soit reint a la voluntee le Roi: & comence ceste ordinance a tenir lieu a la Nativitee Seint Johan le Baptistre pschein venant, & nemye devant.

Item p'ce q le Roi nre f' ad entenduz sibien p les pleintes de sez foialx liges & p le clamour de son poeple p lours divses peticions ent baillez avant en divses plementz devant ceste heure come autrement p la notoritee de la chose & expience de fait coment les esglises Cathedralx Collegialx Abbeies Priories & aut's bnfices de son Roialme, q furent jadis founduz & richement dowez p sez nobles pgenitours en les quelles divses dignites offices psonies Chanonies pbendes & auts tinfices estoient solempnement & devoutement ordeinez & establiz, del assent des ditz pgenitours le Roi & daut's lours nobles fondours qi donerent as pastours de mesmes les Esglises Abbeis Priories & daut's gentz lieux avantditz ladvouesons de mesmes les bnfices, al entente q mesmes les bnfices sroient donez as psonez honestes & covenables du dit Roialme p' Dieu Svir & hon'er pluis diligealment & auxint pur lospitalitee tenir, & p' enformer & enseigner le poeple, & faire les aurs nobles choses apptenantz a la cure des almes selonc lestat & qualitee des ditz onfices; & ensi estoit fait de tout temps passe puis la fundacion dycelle tanq, a un poie de temps passe, q pmy les informacions instigacions & pcurement dascuns des liges nre dit f' le Roi mesmes les onfices aient este donez, encontre la volente des foundours as pluso's divses psones dautri lange & destranges tres & nacions & a la foitz as vrais enemys du Roi & de son Roialme les queux ne fesoient unqes residence en ycelles, ne ne scievent ne poient ne veullient nullement porter ne faire les charges des ditz bnfices, come en oier les confessions pscher ne enseigner le pople, hospitalitee tenir ne accomplir les auts choses necessaires au govnement de mesmes les bnfices; mais soulement ent querent & preignent les emolumentz & temporeles pfitz nient eiantz regard a la cure espiritele ne as auts charges de mesmes les onfices apptenantz ou incumbentz; einz soeffrent notoirement les nobles Edifices auncienement fait illeoges quant mesmes les bnfices estoient occupiez p les Engleis de tout cheier a ruyne; pont le divin vice est esgentment diminue la cure des almes negligee & lesse & le Clerge enfebliz, le tresor du dit Roialme emportez as meins des Aliens & tout lestate de seint eglise mesnez a meyndre revence q devant ne soleit estre; et coment q en temps le dit Aiel cteins ordinances estatutz & composicions y feussent faitz & affermez p' ouster de tout ou a meins p' restreindre les ditz meschiefs en (') ptie; Nientmeins les ditz Aliens, nient eiantz regard a cella ne se abstiegnent mye de Pndre & receivre tieux onfices deinz le dit Roialme; einz p my le confort eide & g'nt secour qils ont des liges nre dit f' le Roi qi sont lour Fermers Procuratours & attornes en ycelle ptie, en chescun ptie del dit Roiame, safforcent de jo' en autre pluis [& pluis 2] de accepter & avoir les greindres dignites & onfices deinz le Roialme avantace & p divse [---] mane molt pjudiciele a mesme le Roialme si ceo fuist soefferte pont les ditz meschiefs encrescent de jour en autre moltz out geousment & pluis encres cerent si due remede ne soit p'veuz les pluis en haste:

and by the clamour of his People, by their

⁴ to take and have MS. Tr. 2.

s right outrageously MS. Tr. 2.

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² Interlined on the Roll.

An Erasure on the Roll .- cautelose Printed Copies.

Nre f' le Roi p ladvis & coe assent de touz les f's temporels esteantz en ce plement ad ordeinez & establiz, q nul home des liges le Roi nautre psone quelconq de quel estat ou condicion qil soit ne pigne ne receive deinz le Roialme dengletre pcuracie fre datto'ne ne ferme nautre administracion p endenture ne en autre mane quelconq de nul psone du monde dascun bnfice deinz le dit Roialme forsq tantsoulement des liges de nre f' le Roi de mesme le Roialme, sanz especial (1) & expsse congie de nre dit f' le Roi p ladvis de son conseil; et si ascuns devant cest heure eient acceptez dascuns aliens tielx pcuracies fermes ou administracion, qils les lessent oultrement deinz xl. jours aps la publicacion de ceste ordinance; & q nul des ditz liges, nautre q purra estre trovez en dit Roialme nenvoie p tue de tiele pcuracie ferme ou administracion ore argent nautre tresor ne comodite, hors du dit Roialme p lie deschange p mchandie nen autre mane quelconq, au pfit des ditz Aliens sanz semblable congie du Roi p ladvis de son dit conseil. Et si ascun face le cont'ire en ascun point contenuz en cest ordinance encourge la peine & punissement contenuz en lestatut des pvisours fait en temps le dit Aiel lan de son regne xxvijme p mesme le pces compris en dit estatut & p garnissement, affaire a eux en lours bnfices ou aut's lour possessions deinz le Roialme; et sils soient pdehors le dit Roialme & naient onfices ne possessions deinz mesme le Roialme, ou ils purront estre garniz, adonges soit brief fait en la Chancellarie, fondez sur ceste ordinance as viscontz de Londres ou al viscont del Contee en quel ils furent ou Front neez a la suite le Roi reto'nable en lun Bank ou en lautre; p quel brief soit comande pclamacion estre faite ovtement gils soient devant les Justices en le Bank ou le brief est reto'nable a ctein jour compris en mesme le brief contenant lespace de demy an pr respondre s' les matires compris en le dit brief & cel brief reto'nez, delors peedent les Justices envs eux selone la fourme desus ordeine. Et est defenduz dep le Roi en dit plement del assent avantdit q nul Evesq nautre psone de seinte Esglise pmy le roialme ne se medle p voie de sequestracion nen autre mane quelconq des frutz de tieux bnfices donez ou adons as ditz aliens au pfit de mesmes les aliens s' le pil qappent.

Et p' ce vous mandons q les ditz estatutz facez duement pclamer & publier es lieux notables deinz vre baillie & les fermement tenir & garder selonc la fourme dicelles. Don p tesmoignance de nre gent seal a Westm le xij. jour de Marz lan de nre regne

grace Printed Copies.

to creen t dur de garder solono la forma dipositrate

Sicherd on laster de Dies he al Navan de Norrach

Our Lord the King, by the Advice and common As- None shall sent of all the Lords Temporal being in this Parliament, hath ordained and established, That none of the King's liege People, nor other Person, of whatsoever Estate or Condition that he be, shall not take nor receive within the same Realm of England, Procuracy, Letter of Atturney, nor Ferm, nor other Administration by Indenture, nor in any other Manner whatsoever, of any Person of the World, of any Benefice within the said Realm, but only of the King's liege People of the same Realm, without the special Grace and express Licence of our Lord the King, by the Advice of his Council; and if any before this Time have accepted of any Aliens such Procuracies, Ferms, or Administration, that they shall utterly leave them within Forty Days after Publication of this Ordinance; and that none of the said liege People, nor other that may be found in the said Realm, shall convey by virtue of such Procuracy, Ferm, or Administration, Gold, Silver, nor other Treasure nor Commodity out of the said Realm, by Letter of Exchange, by Merchandise, nor in other Manner, to the Profit of the said Aliens, without like Licence of the King by the Advice of his said Council; and if any do the contrary, in any Point contained in this Ordinance, he shall incur the Pain and Punishment contained in the Statute of Provisors, made in the Time of the King's Grandfather, the Seven and twentieth Year of his Reign, by the same Process comprised in the said Statute, and by Warning to be made to them in their Benefices, or other their Possessions within the Realm; and if they be out of the said Realm, and Inot beneficed, not having Possession'] within the same Realm where they may be warned, then a Writ shall be made in the Chancery grounded upon this Ordinance to the Sheriff of London, or to the Sheriff of the County in which they were or shall be born, at the King's Suit, returnable in the one Bench or the other; by which Writ it shall be commanded, that Proclamation be made openly, that they appear before the Justices in the Bench where the Writ is returnable at a certain Day comprised in the same Writ, containing the Space of Half a Year, to answer upon the Matters comprised in the same Writ; and after this Writ returned, the Justices shall proceed against them according to the Form above ordained. And it is [assented 1] by the King in the same Parliament, by the Assent aforesaid, That no Bishop, nor other Person of Holy Church through the Realm, shall meddle by Way of Sequestration, nor in any other Manner, with the Fruits of such Benefices given or to be given to the said Aliens, to the Profit of the same Aliens, upon the Peril that belongeth. [Dated, &c.]

And therefore We command you, that the said Statutes you do cause to be proclaimed and published in the notable places within your Bailiwick, and the same to be firmly kept and observed according to the form thereof. Given under the Witness of our Great Seal at Westminster the Twelfth Day of March in the Third Year of our Reign.

er breaking dest erries at the sell her teed Congress to be befolgood

have not Benefices nor Possessions

1 forbidden

in England for Aliens; nor shall send Money to Aliens out of such by Bill of Exchange or otherwise; without the

under the Penalties of Statute 27 Edw. III. stat. I. cap.I.

out of the Realm, to appear in Half a Year.

No Bishop, meddle by tion, &c. with Benefices

Anno 4º RICARDI, II. A.D. 1380.

Statutu editu apud Rorhampton Anno quarto.

In Margine Rotuli.

STATUTE MADE AT NORTHAMPTON, IN THE FOURTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 22.

RICHARD by the Grace of God, &c. to the Sheriff of Nottingham, Greeting. The Commons of our Realm of England have prayed Us by their Petition delivered to Us at our present Parliament holden at Northampton, containing how many Wines of divers Manners (1) oftentimes brought within the Land, which do often pass without gauging, because that the Statutes thereupon made in the Time of our Grandfather, whom God assoil, do not make express Mention of all Manner Wines, and of other Liquors; to the great Damage of the Lords and Commons of the same Realm, which be oftentimes deceived in their buying, because they cannot without Gauge have rightful Knowledge how much the same Vessel will contain, That it may please Us, for the Profit of Us and our Realm more plainly to declare the same Statutes, in such Manner, that all Manner of Wines, and other Liquors gaugeable brought within this Realm, may be comprised in the same Statutes: We, considering the said Supplication to be profitable for Us, the Lords and Commons of the same Realm, will and grant by the Assent of the Prelates and Lords aforesaid, that the Statutes thereupon made, as is said, be holden, kept and put in due Execution: And moreover We declare, and of the Assent aforesaid, will and grant, that as well all manner Vessels of Sweet Wines of the Rhine, and of other Wines, as other Vessels of Vinegar, Oil, Honey, and all other Liquors gaugeable, which from henceforth shall come within this Realm of England, or within our Lands of Wales and Ireland, shall be well and lawfully gauged by our Gaugers thereto assigned, or their Deputies. And if any set Debate and Disturbance, and will not suffer the Wines or other Liquors aforesaid to be gauged, he shall incur the Pain ordained by the said other Statutes, and in the same Manner the Gaugers shall incur the Pain comprised in the same Statutes, if Default be from henceforth found in them, or in their Deputies in this Behalf.

II.
The King's
Pardon of
Escapes of
Felons.

Vessels of

imported shall be

gauged.

Wine, Honey, and Oil

ITEM, Considering the great Aids which the Clergy and the Commons of the same Realm have done to Us, of their free Will in our great Necessities before this Time, and specially now in this present Parliament; We, willing for so much, and for the great Charges which they have had and suffered by the Wars, and other Manner, to do them Grace and Relief on the other Part, have of our special Grace at their Prayer, released and pardoned to the Clergy and Commons, and to every singular Person of our said Realm, as much as to Us pertaineth, for all manner Escapes of Felons made and fallen before the Date of these Presents, as well of Clerks convict out of the Ordinaries' Prisons, as of other Prisoners and Felons whatever, except Escapes adjudged before this Time. Provided always, that if any of the said Escapes were made fraudulently, by Covin or of the Assent of the Keepers of the said Prisoners, that the same Escapes shall not be comprised within this our Grace by any way. And that he that will enjoy this our Grace and Pardon, shall thereof pursue to have his Charter in our Chancery in due Form.

[And therefore We command, &c. Dated 3] at Northampton, the iiij. Day of November, the iiij. Year of our Reign.

Like Writs are directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England, mutatis mutandis, under the same Date.

The King to the Sheriff of Kent,

3 And therefore We command you, that as well the said Statute of Gauging, as the said Grace and Pardon of Escapes, you do cause to be proclaimed and published in the notable places within your Bailiwick, within Franchise and without, and the said Statute of Gauging to be duly kept and observed according to the Form thereof. Given under our Great Seal,

E ROI a Viscont de Kent,'] saluz. Suppliez nous est p la cõe de nre roialme Dengletre p lo peticion a no9 baillie a nre present plement tenuz a Norhampton, contenant coment plusours vins de divses manes sont sovent amesnez deinz la tre queux passent sovent sanz gauge p cause q les estatuz s' ce faitz en temps de nre aiell qi dieux assoille ne font mie expsse mencion de touz manes vins & des auts licours, a gentz damages des f's & cões de mesme le roialme, qi sovent sont deceuz en lo's achatz, a cause qils ne poent sanz gauge avoir droite conisance combien les vesseulx conteignent, q plerroit p' pfit de nous & de nre roialme pluis ovtement declarer mesmes lestatutz, en tieft mane q touz manes des vins, & aul's licours gaugeables, amesnez deinz le roialme soient comprises en mesmes les estatutz; Nous entendantz la dite supplicacion estre pfitable p' nous, les f's & cões de mesme le roialme volons & g'ntons de lassent des prelatz & f's avantditz q lestatutz s' ce faitz, come dit est, soient tenuz & gardez & myses en due execucion: et enoultre declarons & de lassent avantdit volons & gentons, q sibn toutz manies vesselx des vins douces Ryneys & dautres vins quelconqs, come autres vesseulx de vinegre oille meel & de touz aut's lico's gaugeables, q desore vendront deinz le Roialme Dengletre ou deinz noz tres Dirlande & Gales, soient bien & loialment gaugies, p no gaugeo's a ce assignez, ou lo's deputez; et si ascun mette debatte ou destourbance, & ne voile soffrer ses vins [ou aut's licours susditz 1] estre gaugiez, encourge la peine ordeigne p les ditz autres estatutz. Et en mesme la mane encourgent les ditz gaugeours la peine compris en mesmes les estatuz, si defaut soit desore trovez en eux ou lo' deputez en celle ptie.

Item considerantz les g'ndes aides q la Clergie & cões de mesme le Roialme nous ount fait de lo' libale volunte en noz g'ndes necessites av'nt ces heures, & p especial ore en ce psent plement lo' voillantz p tant & p' les g'ndes charges qils ont euz & soeffertz pmy les guerres & en autre mane, faire g'ce & relevement dautre pt; Avons de nre especial gece a lor prier relessez & pdonez, a la Clargie & cões & a chescun singulere psone de nre roialme av'ntdit q'untq a nous apptient p' touz manes deschapes des felons faitz & eschuz dev'r.t la date dycestes, sibn des Clercs convictz hors de les prisones des ordinares, come daut's [prisones 1] felones quelconqes; horspris les eschapes adjuggez dev'nt cest heure & p'veuz touz voies q si ascune des ditz eschaps se firent fraudelousment p Covyne ou de lassent des Gardeins de ditz prisones q celles eschapes ne soie .t compris dedeinz cest nre g'ce p ascun voie; & q̃ celiui q̃ vorra enjoier ceste nre g*ce & pdoun ent p'sue davoir sa Chartre en nre Chauncellerie en due forme.

Et p' ce vous mandons q sibien le dit estatut de gauge come la dit g'ce & pdoun deschapes es lieux notables deinz vre baillie deinz fraunchise & dehors facez pclamer & publier, & le dit estatut de gauge duement tenir & garder solonc la forme dycelles. Don souz nre g'unt Seal a Norhampton le quart jo' de Novembr lan de nre regne quart.

Cons bria dir singulis Vic p Angt mut mutand sub eadem Dat.

Richard par la grace de Dieu &c. at Viscont de Notyngh, Old Printed Copies.

Interlined on the Roll. Prisons Rot. Parl. nu. xxiij (49).

Anno 5° RICARDI, II. A.D. 1381, & 1382.

In Margine Rotuli.

j.

Statutu & Drdinaco'es edit' apud Westm Anno quinto.

STATUTE AND ORDINANCES MADE AT WESTMINSTER; IN THE FIFTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 22, 21.

COMMENTAL SERVICE OF SHIPS AND ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

design to prompte the sound of the sound of

RICHARD [p la grace de dieu Roi Denglere & de France & Seign' Dirlande a nïe Viscont de Kent,'] saluz. Sachez q̃ a la revence de dieux & de seinte Esglise & p' nurrir paix unitee quiete & bone acord touz ptz deinz nïe roialme Denglere & p especial p' le bon govnement de mesme le roialme le quel nous desirons soveinement de lassent des Prelatz f's & cões assemblez en nïe plement tenuz a Westīm leindemain des almes derrain passez avons fait faire ctaines ordenances & establissementz sibn p' amendement de dit govnaitt come p' le cõe pfit du roialme en la forme q̃ sensuit.

Primement est assentuz & accordez q seinte Esglise eit & enjoise toutes ses libtees & franchises entierement; et q la g'nde Chartre & la Chartre de la Foreste & toutz les autres bones estatutz & ordinances faitz av'nt ces heures & nient repellez & p especial lestatutz des p'veo's nadgairs faitz en temps du noble Roi E. aiel nre f' le Roi qorest, qi dieux assoit, soient tenuz gardez & mises en due execucion selonc la forme & leffect dicett.

Item p' le grevouse meschief q le Roialme soeffre & longement ad fait, de ce q or & argent sibn en monoie vesself plate & joialx come autrement p eschaunges faitz en divse manle, est emportez hors de mesme le Roialme, issint qapeine ent nest ores en effect rienz remys, quele chose si plus longement fusse soeffert cherroit legierement en destruccion dicell roialme q dieux ne veulle; est assentuz & accordez, & le Roi defende a toutes manes des gentz Marchantz Clercs & aut's sibn estraunges come denszeins de quelconq estat ou condicion qils soient sur paine de q'nq, ils p'ront forfaire, q nully de eux sur la dite paine en prive ne en appt envoie nameisne ou face envoier ou ameisner hors del roialme av'ntdit or ou argent aucun en monoie billion plate vessett ne p eschaunges affaires ne en autre mane quelconq, ; exceptes les gages de Caleys & daut's fortesces du Roi dep dela; & exceptes p especial les platz f's & aut's de mesme le Roialme a les queux coviendra aucunes foitz necessairement faire paiementz dep dela; q de celles paiementz tantsoulement purront ils faire eschaunge en Engletre p bons & suffisantz marchantz p' paier dep dela, eue primement s' ce especiale congie & licence de nre f' le Roi sibn p' leschaungeo's, come p' la psone qi devra faire la paiement contiegnante la some en exps q serra issint eschaungez: et est assentuz q les Marchantz qi ensi ferront les ditz eschaunges soient diligeaument

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STATUTE THE FIRST.

in their people Persons, as other as they about have

the Santracke Mannier of Cold nor Silver under the

RICHARD by the Grace, [&c. to the Sheriff of Nottingham, Greeting. Know thou, That to the Reverence of God and of Holy Church, and for to nourish Peace, Unity, [and Quietness of God Accord, in all Parts of our Realm of England, and especially for the good Governance of the same Realin, which We do chiefly desire, of the Assent of the Prelates, Lords, and Commons assembled at our Parliament holden at Westminster the Morrow after All Souls last past, We have caused to be made certain Ordinances and Establishments, as well for the Amendment of the said Governance, as for the common Profit of the Realm, in the Form following.

FIRST, It is assented and accorded, That Holy Church have and enjoy all her Liberties and Franchises wholly; and that the Great Charter and the Charter of the Forest, and all other good Statutes and Ordinances made before this Time, and not repealed, and especially the Statutes of Purveyors late made in the Time of the noble King Edward [our Grandfather 1] be holden, kept, and put in due Execution after the Form

and Effect of the same. ITEM, For the great Mischief which the Realm suffereth, and long hath done, for that Gold and Silver, as well in Money, Vessel, Plate, and Jewels, as otherwise by Exchanges made in divers Manners, is carried out of the Realm, so that in Effect there is [none 1] thereof left, which Thing if it should longer be suffered would shortly be the Destruction of the same Realm, which God prohibit; It is assented and accorded, and the King enjoineth all Manner of People, Merchants, Clerks, and other, as well Strangers as Denizens, of what Estate or Condition they be, upon Pain of as much as they may forfeit, that none of them upon the said Pain privily nor openly send nor carry, nor cause to be sent or carried out of the said Realm, any Gold or Silver in Money, Bullion, Plate, or Vessel, neither by Exchanges to be made, nor in other Manner; but the Wages of Calais, and of other the King's Fortresses beyond the Sea; and especially excepted the Prelates, Lords, and other of the same Realm, to whom sometimes it behoveth necessarily to make Payments beyond the Sea; that of the same Payments only they make Exchanges in England, by good and sufficient Merchants to pay beyond the Sea, and first special Leave and Licence had of the King, as well for the Exchangers as for the Person which ought to make the Payments, containing expressly the Sum which shall be so exchanged: And it is assented, That the Merchants that so shall make Exchanges, shall be diligently examined and sworn

of God, King of England and of France, and Lord of Ireland, to our Sheriff of Kent,
Grandfather of our Lord the King that now is, now scarcely any

I. Liberties of the Church, and Charters and Statutes confirmed.

II.

Exportation of Gold and Silver forbidden;

Except for Payment of the King's Forts beyond Sea, and by the King's Licence, by Exchanges in England to pay beyond Sea.

Vol. II.

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Penalty on Merchants exporting Gold or Silver under colour of Exchanges.

None shall depart from the Realm without the King's Licence: Exceptions thereto.

Ports for embarking.

'The Penalty of the Master of the Ship offending.

The Penalty of Searchers or Wardens of Ports offending.

III.
No Subject shall import or export
Merchandises but in Ships of the King's Liegance.

IV. Prices of several Sorts of Wines to be sold in Gross or by Retale.

in their proper Persons, as often as they shall have the said Licence, that they shall not send beyond the Sea any Manner of Gold nor Silver under the Colour of the same Exchange; and if after Proclamation of this Ordinance any Person be from henceforth duly attainted, that he hath caused to be sent or carried beyond the Sea any Gold or Silver against this Restraint and Ordinance, he shall forfeit to the King the same Sum so carried or sent. And the King our Lord, of his Royal Majesty, defendeth the Passage utterly of all Manner of People, as well Clerks as other, in every Port and other Town and Place upon the Coast of the Sea, upon Pain of Forfeiture of all their Goods; except only the Lords and other Great Men of the Realm, and true and notable Merchants, and the King's Soldiers; and every Person, other than is before excepted, which after Publication of this Ordinance made, shall pass out of the said Realm without the King's special Licence, (which Licence the King willeth and commandeth that it be not from henceforth made, but only in one of the Ports underwritten, that is to say, London, Sandwich, Dover, Southampton, Plymouth, Dertmouth, Bristow, Yarmouth, St. Botolph, Kingston upon Hull, Newcastle upon Tyne, and the other Ports and Passages towards Ireland, and the Isles pertaining to the Realm of England,) shall forfeit to the King as much as he hath in Goods, as above is said; and nevertheless, the Master or Mariner of the Ship, or of other Vessel, in which he shall carry over beyond the Sea any Person, but such only as be before excepted, without the said Licence, and thereof be convict duly, shall forfeit the said Vessel to the King. And the King commandeth all Wardens and Searchers of the Ports and Passages through England, that they shall from henceforth diligently use their Office, and make good and strait Search. And if any Searchers or Wardens of the Ports and Passages through the said Realm, by Negligence or in other Manner do or suffer wittingly to be done in any Point the contrary of the said Two Articles, touching the Money of Gold or Silver, and the said Passages of People, and thereof be duly convict, he shall forfeit to the King his said Office and all his Goods, and his Body shall be committed to Prison, there to abide an whole Year without Redemption. And thereupon whosoever espieth and proveth duly, that any Thing be done against the Intent of the said Two last Articles, whereby the said Forfeiture ought to fall upon any Person, he shall have half of the same Forfeiture for his Labour, of the King's Gift.

ITEM, To increase the Navy of England, which is now greatly diminished: It is assented and accorded, That none of the King's liege People do from henceforth ship any Merchandize in going out or coming within the Realm of England, [in any Port,'] but only in Ships of the King's Liegance; and every Person of the said Liegance, which after the Feast of Easter next ensuing, at which Feast this Ordinance shall first begin to hold place, do ship and merchandise in any other Ships or Vessels upon the Sea, than of the said Liegance, shall forfeit to the King all his Merchandises shipped in other Vessels, wheresoever they be found hereafter, or the Value of the same; of which Forfeitures the King will and granteth, that he that duly espieth, and duly proveth that any Person hath any Thing forfeited against this Ordinance, shall have the Third Part for his Labour, of the King's Gift.

ITEM, as to Wines of Gascoine, Rochel, Osey, and of Spain, and Wines of the Rhine: It is ordained and assented, That no Englishman that will from henceforth pass the Sea for the said Wines, and to bring them [in any Party'] within the same Realm, shall not, nor may not sell his Wines within the same Realm, upon

1 any where,

examinez & jurez en lours ppres psones a tantz des foitz come ils avont la dite licence qils nenvoieront dep dela aucune mane dor ne dargent souz colour de mesme leschaunge; et si aps la pclamacion de ceste ordinance aucune psone soit desore duement atteint qil ava fait envoier ou emportez dep dela or ou argent aucun, encontre cestes defens & ordinance, forface de s le Roi mesme la some issint emportez ou envoiez. Et le Roi nre f' de sa roiale majestee defende la passage oultrement a toutes manes des gentz sibn Clercs come autres en chescun port & autre ville & lieu s' la couste del meer sur paine de forfaiture de toutz lours biens horspris tantsoulement a les f's & aut's g'ntz psones del roialme & vrois & notables Marchantz & les soldeo's le Roi; & qlconq, psone autre q desso ne sont exceptz aps la publicacion de ceste ordinance faite, passe hors del dit roialme sanz especial congie le Roi, quele licence le Roy voet & comande q ne soit fait desore sinoun tantsoulement en un des portz dessoutz escriptz, cestassavoir, Londres, Sandewiz, Dovorr, Southampton, Plymmuth, Dertemuth, Bristuit, Jernemuth, Seint Bothulf, Kyngeston sur Hull, Noef Chastell sur Tyne, & les auts portz & passages vs Irlande & les Isles apptenantz al roialme Denglerre, forface devs le Roi q'nq, il ad en biens come dess⁹ est dit, et jademeins le Maistre ou Mariner de la Nief ou d'autre Vessel en quele il ava amesnez dep dela aucune psone forsq, ceux soulement q pdessus sont exceptz sanz la dite licence dont il soit convict duement, forface devs le Roi le dit vessett. Et si comande le Roi as touz Gardeins & Sercheo's de les portz & passages pmy Engletre qils usent desore diligeaument lours offices & facent bon sche & estroit, & si nully scheour ou Gardein des portz & passages pmy le dit roialme p necgligence ou en autre mane face ou soeffre scientment estre fait, en aucun point le contire de les ditz deux Articles touchantz la monoie or & argent & le dit passage des gentz, & de ce il soit convict duement, forface devs le Roy son dit office & toutz ses bns avesq, & soit son corps comis a la prisone a y dem'rer p un an entier sanz redempcion. Et sanz ce qlconq, psone qi espiera & pvera duement q rienz soit fait contre lentencion des ditz deux derrains articles pont la dite forfaiture devra eschere daucune psone, eit il la moitee dicett forfait'e p' son t'vaitf del doun le Roi.

Item p' encrecer la Navie Dengletre quiel est ore moelt gendement amenusez, est assentuz & accordez q nul lige psone del Roi nre f' face desore eskipper aucunes manes des michandises en alantz hors ou venantz dedeinz le roialme dengt aucune pt, forsq soulement es niefs de la ligeance nre f' le Roy; et qlconq psone de la đče ligeance aps la feste de Pasq pchein venant, a quele feste comencera primement ceste ordinance tenir lieu face eskipper inchandises en auts niefs ou vesselx sur la meer q de la dce ligeance forface devs le Roy toutes ses marchandises es autry vesselx eskippez en quelconq, place q celles front en aps trovez ou la value dicelles; des queles forfaitures le Roi voet & gente q celluy qi espiera & duement pvera qaucune psone ava encontre ceste ordinance rienz forfait, ent eit la tierce ptie p' son t'vaitt del doun le Roy.

Item q^ant as vins de Gascoign de la Rochele Oseye & Despaign & vins rynoises, est ordenez & assentuz q

g si nul Engleys veulle desore passer la meer p' les ditz vins querere & de les amesner aucune pt deinz mesme le roialme ne les vende ne ne puisse vendre ses vins deinz mesme le roialme sur peine de forfait'e dicell

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oultre [le'] pris dessouz limitez, cestassavoir le tonell de meillour vin de Gascoign, Doseye, ou Despaigne a cent soldz, & aut's tonett de coe vin de mesmez les paiis p' meindre [pris 1] selonc la value come p' sept marz, six marz & di, & six marz, [et le tonett de meillour vin de la Rochett pur six marz,3] et le tonett dautre tiel vin de meindre pris selonc la value [come '] p' cink marz & di, cink marz, & quatre marz & dī, & quatre marz, et pipes & autres vesselx de meindre quantitee dicell vins soient venduz as ditz pris selonc lafferant des tonelx & la bountee del vin. Et q'nt a retailt des ditz [novelx 5] vins de Gascoign Doseye & Despaign, a amesners deinz mesme le roialme p les Engleis, ne soit le galon de meillo' tiel vin venduz deinz le roialme avantdit sur paine de forfaire tout le vessel & vin devs le Roy outre six deniers & dedeinz selonc la value; et la galon de meillour vin de la Rochett a quatre deniers & dedeinz selonc la value. Et q'nt a vin Rynoise a amesner deinz mesme le Roialme, p' ce q les vesselx ne les asmes de vin rynoise ne contiegnent point mesure en ctain, est assentuz & accordez q le galon de meillo vin rynoise nen groos ne a retait soit venduz nul pt deinz le roialme av ntdit p les ditz Engleis oultre six deniers sur mesme la peine. Et auxint est assentuz q si nul Engleis refuse & ne veulle vendre en groos ses vins mis a vente p' le pris dessuis limitez einz les veulle garder soulement p' vendre a retait ou en autre mane oultre le pris dess⁹ limitez en fraude & contre la forme de ceste ordinance, ait & eient les Mair Baillifs & les aut's govno's del Citee & Burgh ville ou autre lieu deinz qi poair ou jurisdiccion les ditz vins front trovez, soit il deinz franchises ou dehors, poair p ceste ordenance aps ce q lachato' ava selonc ceste ordinance resonablement pfrez la monoie p' yceulx vins, une foitz ou deux au vendeo' dicell vins, defaire delivrance dicell vins esteantz en bargayn as ditz achato's & les lo's delivent en fait sitost come ils ent gront requis p' le pris dess9 ordenez; et si nul des ditz Mairs Baillifs ou aut's govno's aps ce qil ent Bra duement requis refuse defaire & ne face la dite delivance & ce pvez duement, forface devs nre & le Roy la value des ditz vins issint achars. Et lentencion du Roi nest mye de restreindre les Tavners & auts vendo's des vins les cariantz en paiis p charetts & en autre mane p ceste ordinance qils ne purront eshancier le pris de lours vins p' costage del cariage affaire p eux resonablement selonc ce qud este ordenez dev'nt ceste heure, quele ordenance soit duement tenuz & mis en execucion; et p especial ne soit mye eshanciez desore s' le galoñ de vin p' cariage de cynquante leues q une maille tantsoulement, et semblablement p' meindre ou greindre cariage affaire q p cynquante leues, soit enhanciez s' le galoñ de vin selonc lafferant & nemve plus oultre, s' peine de forfait'e dicelles vins. Et comencera ceste ordenance de vins a tenir lieu sitost come aucuns novelx vins Front amesnez deinz le roialme avantdit. Item est accordez & assentuz & le Roi defende estroitement q nul manle de vin doulce ou de Clarree soit desore aps la Nativitee Seint Johan pschein venant venduz a retaitt aucune pt deinz la roialme Dengletre deinz f'nchise ou dehors sur peine de forfait'e dicelle. Et voet le Roi q celluy qi espiera & duement pvera ou ferra pver, qacun ait venduz ascuns manes des vins doulces ou de Clarree a retailt ou autrement mespris ou forfait aps les tmes

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Pain of Forfeiture of the same, [or'] the Price under limited; that is to say, the Tun of the best Wine of Gascoine, of Osey, or of Spain, C. s. and other Tuns of Common Wines of the same Countries for less Price, according to the Value, as for vii. Marks, vi. Marks and an Half, and vi. Marks, (1) and the Tun of other such Wine at a less Price, according to the Value, as for Five Marks and a Half, Five Marks, Four Marks and a Half, and Four Marks; and Pipes and other Vessels of less Quantity of the same Wines shall be sold at the said Prices after the Rate of the Tuns, and the Goodness of (3) Wine. And as to the Retaile of the the said [Tuns of 3] Wines of Gascoine, of Osey, and of Spain, brought within the Realm by Englishmen, the Gallon of the best Wine shall not be sold within the said Realm, upon Pain to forfeit all the Vessel and Wine to the King, above Sixpence, and within according to the Value; and the Gallon of the best Wine of Rochel at Four-pence, and within according to the Value. And as to the Rinish Wines brought within the same Realm, because the Vessels and the [Gallons 5] of the same do not contain any certain Measure: It is accorded and assented, That the Gallon of the best Rinish Wine, nor in gross nor at Retaile, be sold in any Part within the said Realm by the said Englishmen, above vid. upon the same Pain. Also it is assented, That if any Englishman refuse, and will not sell in gross his Wines set to Sale for the said Prices before limited, but will keep them, only to sell them at Retail, or in other Manner above the same Price before limited, in Fraud, and against the Form of this Ordinance, [and of the Mayor and Bailiffs, and other Governors of the City, Borough, Town, or other Place within whose Power or Jurisdiction the said Wines shall be found, be it within Franchise or without, shall have Power by this same Ordinance, after that the Buyer according to this Ordinance, hath reasonably proffered Money for the same Wines, once or Two Times, to the Seller of the same Wines, to make Deliverance of the same Wines being in Bargain to the said Buyers, and shall deliver to them the same in Deed, as soon as they shall be thereunto required, for the Price afore ordained. And if any of the said Mayor, Bailiffs, or other Governors, after that they shall be thereof duly required, refuse to do the same, and make not the said Deliverance, and that duly proved, he shall forfeit to the King the Value of the said Wines so bought. And the King's Mind is not to restrain the [Taverns,⁷] and other Sellers of Wines, carrying the same into the Country by Carts, or in other Manner by this Ordinance, but that they may enhance the Price of their Wines for the Costs of their Carriage to be made by them reasonably, according as hath been ordained in Times past; which Ordinance shall be duly kept and put in Execution; and especially no more shall be from henceforth enhanced upon the Gallon of Wine for the Carriage of Fifty Miles than One Halfpenny only. And likewise where greater or less Carriage is to be made than by Fifty Miles, it shall be (*) upon the Gallon of Wine after the Rate and not above, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Wines. And this Ordinance of Wines shall begin to hold place as soon as any New Wines shall be brought within the said Realm. (9) Also (10) the King (11) defendeth, that no manner of Sweet Wine, nor Claret, from henceforth after the Nativity of Saint John Baptist next coming, shall be sold at Retaile in any Part within this Realm of England, within Franchise or without, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same. And the King will that he that shall espie and duly prove, or do to be proved, that any hath sold any manner of Wines, Sweet or Claret, at Retaile, or otherwise [or "] offended or forfeited after the Terms

Upon Refusal of the Merchant to sell, Mayors, &c. may deliver to the Buyer the Wines at the Prices set.

Allowance of extra Price for Carriage.

Sweet Wines shall not be retaled.

over and the Tun of the best Wine of Rochel for Six Marks,
the new S Awmes

6 Omit this Word. 7 Taverners enhaunced MS. Tr. 2.

9 In modern Printed Copies the Remainder of this Chapter is distinguished as Chapter V. and the succeeding Chapters are numbered accordingly.

10 it is accorded and assented, and 11 strilly

12 Omit this Word.

above limited against the Form of these Ordinances of Wines in any Point, whereby he ought by the Form of the same any Thing forfeit to the King, he shall have the one Half of the same Forfeiture for his Labour, of the King's Gift.

V.
The King's
Pardon to
those that
repressed or
punished his
Rebels.

ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King, perceiving that many Lords and Gentlemen of his Realm [of England,] and other with them, in the Rumour and Insurrection of Villaines, and of other Offenders, which now of late did traiterously rise by Assemblies in outragious Number, in divers Parts of the Realm, against God, good Faith, and Reason, and against the Dignity of our Sovereign Lord the King and his Crown, and the Laws of his Lands, made divers Punishments upon the said Villaines and other Traitors without due Process of the Law, and otherwise than the Laws and Usages of the Realm required, although they did it of no Malice prepensed, but only (') to appease and cease the apparent Mischief, (') considering the great Diligence and Loyalty of the Lords and Gentlemen in this Behalf, which were not learned of the said Laws and Usages, and though at that Time they had been learned, a Man might not upon those Punishments have tarried the Process of the Law, (3) of their good Discretions, and willing therefore to do them Grace, according as they have the same greatly deserved, of the Assent aforesaid hath pardoned and released to the said Lords and Gentlemen, and all other being in their Aid at the same Deed, and to every of them, as much as to him thereof pertaineth, or to him and to his Heirs may pertain; so that hereafter for whatsoever Thing that is done by them upon the said Punishments in Resistance, they shall never be impeached nor grieved in Body, Goods, nor their Heritages and Possessions, by any Way, by our Sovereign Lord the King, his Heirs or Ministers, nor none other in Time to come, but utterly shall be thereof quit for ever by this Grant and Statute without having thereof other special Charter or Pardon.

VI.
All Manumissions,
Releases,
and Bonds,
made in the
last Tumults
by Compulsion, shall be
void.

ITEM, It is ordained, That all manner Manumissions, Obligations, Releases, and other Bonds made by Compulsion, Duress, and Menace, in the Time of this last Rumour and Riot against the Laws of the Land, and good Faith, shall be wholly (') adnulled and holden for void; and they that have done to be made, or do yet with-hold such Manumissions, Obligations, Releases, Bonds, and other Deeds, so made by Duress, shall be sent before the King and his Council, thereof to answer there of their Deed, and further shall be constrained to make Delivery and Restitution of the said Deeds to them that made the same against their good Gree, with the Copies of the same, if percase they have thereof made any before, another Time to use or renew the effect of the same if they may. And likewise it is accorded, That all Entries made in Lands or Tenements, and also all Feoffments made in the Time of the same Rumour by Compulsion and Menace, or otherwise with Force of People, against the Law, shall be void, and holden for none. And the King straitly defendeth to all Manner of People, upon Pain of as much as they may forfeit against him in Body and Goods, that none from henceforth make nor [begin any manner 5] Riot and Rumour, nor other like. And if any the same do, and that duly proved, it shall be done of him as of a Traitor to the King and to his said Realm.

begin a Riot and Rumour.

Treason to

VII. Forcible Entries forbidden. AND also the King defendeth, That none from henceforth make any Entry into any Lands and Tenements, but in case where Entry is given by the Law; and in such case not with strong Hand, nor with Multitude of People, but only in [peaceable of and easy Manner. And if any Man from henceforth do to the contrary, and thereof be duly convict, he shall be punished by Imprisonment of his Body, and thereof ransomed at the King's Will.

to withstand them, and
and that this they did with good intent, of their advice and
quashed begin again, in any way, such lawfu

limitez dessuis & contre la forme de cestes ordinances des vins en aucun point, pont il devra p la forme dicell rienz forfaire devs le Roy, eit il la moitee dicell forfaitures p' son t'availl del doun le Roi.

Item, nre f' le Roi entendant q pluso's f's & gentils de son roialme & aut's avec eux en les rumo' & insurreccion des villeins & daut's malfaiso's qore tard se leverent traiterousement p assemblees & out geouse nombre en divses pties du Roialme, contre Dieux bone foi & reson & contre la dignitee nre f' le Roi & sa Corone, & les loyes de sa tre firent divses punissementz sur les ditz villeins & aut's traito's sanz due pces de loye & autrement q les loys & usages de la tre demandent combn q ce firent ils nounpas de malice p'pensez einz soulement p' lour contreester & appaiser & cesser le meschief apparant, & considerant les gantz diligence & loialtee des ditz f's & gentils en celle ptie q ne furent mye appris des ditz loys & usages, & mesqs ils fussent a cett foitz len ne poaist sur les ditz punissementz avoir attendu le pces de loy, & q ce firent ils a bone entente de lo's avis & bones discrecions & veullant p tant lour faire gece sicome moelt gentement lont deserviz de lassent aventdit ad pdonez & relessez as ditz f's gentils & as aut's quelconqs en lour eide esteantz a cett fait & a chescun de eux q'nq a luy ent apptient ou a lui & ses heirs purra apptiegner issint q en temps avenir p' chose quelconq ce soit fait p eux sur les ditz punissementz en resistence ils ne soient jamais empeschez ne grevez en corps bas ne en lour heritages & possessions p aucune voie p nre f le Roi, ses heirs ou Ministres nautres quelconqes en temps avenir, Mais aultrement ent soient quitz a touz jours p cest gent & estatut sanz autre pdon ou chartre ent avoir en especial.

Item est ordenez & assentuz q toutes manes de manumissions obligacions relesse & auts liens faitz p compulsion duretee & manace, en temps de cestes derrain rumo' & ryot, encontre les loys de la tre & bone foy, soient de tout cassez irritez & tenuz p' voides, et ceux qi ont fait faire [ou detiegnent '] encores tielles manumissions, obligacions relesses liens & aut's faitz, issint p duresce faitz soient envoiez devant le Roi & son conseil p' ent respondre illoeqs de lour fait, et oultre soient compellez de faire delivance & restitucion de les faitz avantditz as ceux qi les firent encontre lour bon gree, avec les copies dycelles, si nulles p cas ent avont faitz pdevant p' autre foitz user, ou renoveller leffect dicett sils poiassent. Et semblablement est accordez q toutz entrees faitz es res ou tentz, & auxint toutes feoffementz faitz en temps du dit rumo' p compulsion & manace ou autrement a force des gentz encontre la loy, soient voides & tenuz p' nulles. Et le Roi defende estroitement a toutes manes des gentz, sur peine de qonq ils purront forfaire devs lui en corps & en biens, q nully desore face ne recomence p voie quelconq, celles riot & rumo' naut's semblables. Et si nully le face & ce pvez duement soit fait de luy come de Traitre au Roi & a son dit Roialme.

Et auxint le Roi defende q nully desore face entree en aucunes tres & teñz sinoun en cas ou entree est done p la loy, & en celt cas nemye a forte main ne a multitude des gentz, einz tantsoulement en [lisible & aisee] mane, et si nully desore face a contraire & ent soit convict duement soit puniz p emprisonement de son corps & dilloeqs reint a la voluntee le Roy. vi

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M. 21.

Item touchant les Chartres relesses obligacions & autres faitz & munimentz arsez destructz ou autrement esloignez en mesme le rumo'; est assentuz q ceux qi se ent sentent grevez ent mettent lours peticions distinctement faitz sur lour matire en especial dev'nt le Roi & son conseil pentre cy & la nativitee de Seint Johan pchein venant a plus tard, & illoeqs facent suffisant peve de mesmes les munimentz issint pduz & de la forme & tenure dicelles; & ce fait, tiel remede lour ent gra p'veuz a chescuny compleint come multz semblera a faire en la cas salvant la loy.

Item purce q grevouse pleinte ad este sovent fait des offics de lescheqier, de ce q les heirs executo's occupio's des bins & Pretenantz de divses psones qont este empeschez en dit escheqier des dettes accompts & daut's demandes, & les queux combn qils se ont offertz illoeqs a monstrer ou pleder pur lours descharges de ceux empeschementz selonc la loy, toutes voies ils nont mye este a ce resceux dev'nt ces heures sanz avoir exps comandement p brief, ou tre de g'nt ou prive Seal, a gent disaise meschief & delay des ditz empeschez & nul avantage au Roi; Si est ordenez & assentuz q les Barons del dit Escheqier aient desore plein poair doier chescuny responce de quelconq, demande fait en mesme lescheqier, issint q chescune psone q y soit empeschez ou empescheable de quelconq cause p lui mesmes ou p autre psone, soit desore resceuz en dit escheqier a pleder suer & avoir son descharge resonable en cell pt, sanz attendre ou suer brief, tre ou autre mandement quelconq.

Item purce q g'ntz meschiefs ont escheuz devant ces heures a divses psones sibn a les f's du roialme come as auts, qi furent retenuz ou assignez de svir a nre f' le Roi p endentures ou sanz endentures en ses guerres ses messageries ou en autre manle, & p celles causes rescevrent ctaines somes de deniers a la Resceite del dit Escheqier ou aillo's p assignement, les quelles somes aient este mises sur eux es rolles del dit escheqier come deniers resceuz p voie dappst, & p tant celles somes currerent en demande sur eux a lescheqier come dette cler, et combn q les dces psones ensi retenuz lours heirs executo's occupio's des bas ou Pre tenantz aps lour mort aient demandez p' estre resceuz daccompter de les somes resceuz, ne p'quant ce nad mie este a eux g'ntez, einz ont este constreintz de p'suer lour garant de g'nt ou prive Seal, direct as Tresorer & Barons illoeqes p quel fust comandez as Tresorer & Barons daccompter avec eux en celle ptie; les queux garantz meintfoitz ont este deniez a cause q les Offics du Roi novellement creez p cas navoient conissance de tielx retenues faitz devant lours temps, et ascun foitz ont este g'ntez, mais noun pas si pleinement come reson & le cas demandoient, p tant q cel garant voloit q laccompte ne deust estre resceuz forsq, soulement de la some ensi resceue dappest, la ou greindre some p cas lour fust due de reson, a gent meschief & anientissement des ditz psones; est ordenez & assentuz q de toutz gentz qi desore gront retenuz ou assignez de gvir a nre f' le Roy, soient les covenances mises en escrit & envoiez en lescheqier a y dem'rer de record ; issint q a quele heure q psone ensi retenue ses heirs executo's occupio's des bns ou Pretenantz viegne ou viegnent daccompter de ce en lescheqier soient ils a ce resceuz & aient due allouance en lour accompte, seionc la contenue de lour covenant. Et si p cas ascun repett ou contremandement soit fait de tiel retenue dacune psone, aps q ses covenances soient mises en escrit & envoiez al dit escheqier come dess9 est dit,

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ITEM, Touching the Charters, Releases, Obligations, and other Deeds and Muniments, burnt, destroyed, or otherwise eloined in the same Rumour, It is assented, That they which thereof feel them grieved, shall put their Petitions distinctly made upon their Matters specially before the King and his Council, betwixt this and the Nativity of Saint John Baptist next coming at the furthest, and there make sufficient Proof of the said Muniments so lost, and of the Form and Tenor of the same; and that done, such Remedy shall thereof be provided for them at every Man's Complaint, as best shall seem in the Case, saving the Law.

ITEM, Because that grievous Complaint hath oftentimes been made of the Officers of the Exchequer, for that the Heirs, Executors, Occupiers of Goods, and Land Tenants of divers Persons which have been impeached in the said Exchequer, of Debts, Accompts, and other Demands, and which although they have offered them there to shew or plead for their Discharge of those Impeachments according to the Law, they have not been always thereunto received heretofore, without having express Commandment by Writ, or Letter of the Great or Privy Seal, to the great Disquietness, Mischief, and Delay of the said Persons impeached, and no Advantage to the King; It is ordained and assented, That the Barons of the said Exchequer shall from henceforth have full Power to hear every Answer of every Demand made in the same Exchequer, so that every Person that is impeached or im-peachable of any Cause by himself, or by any Person, shall be from henceforth received in the same Exchequer to plead sue and have his reasonable Discharge in this Behalf, without tarrying or suing any Writ, (or other Commandment whatsoever.

ITEM, Because that great Mischiefs have happened in Times past to divers Persons, as well to Lords of the Realm, as other, which were retained or assigned to serve our Lord the King, by Indentures or without Indentures, in his Wars and his Messages, or in other Manner, and for the same Causes receive certain Sums of Money at the Receipt of the said Exchequer, or elsewhere by Assignment, which Sums have been put upon them in the Rolls of the said Exchequer, as Money received by Way of Loan, and for that Cause the same Sums should run in Demand upon them at the Exchequer as a clear Debt, (1) although the said Persons so retained, their Heirs, Executors, Occupiers of their Goods, or Land Tenants, after their Death, have demanded to be admitted to Accompt of the Sums received, [which 3] hath not been granted to them, but they have been constrained to pursue their [Grant 1] by the Great or Privy Seal directed to the Treasurer and Barons there, whereby it was commanded to the Treasurer and Barons to accompt with them in this Behalf; which Warrants oftentimes have been denied, because that the King's Officers newly made percase had no Knowledge of such retaining made before their Time; and sometime have been granted, but not so fully as Reason and the Case required[. And foras-much as the same Warrant would that Accompt 5] should not be received, but only of the Sum so received by Loan, whereas a greater Sum percase was due to them of Reason, to the great Mischief and Hinderance of the said Persons; It is ordained and assented, That of all People which from henceforth shall be retained or assigned to serve the King, their Covenants shall be put in Writing, and sent to the Exchequer, there to remain of Record; so that at what Time that any Person so retained, his Heirs or Executors, Occupiers of the Goods, or Land-Tenants, come to accompt thereof at the Exchequer, they shall be thereto received, and have due Allowance in their Accompt, according to the Content of their Covenant. (6) If percase any Repeal or Countermand be made of such [Retinue] put in Writof any Person after that his Covenants be ing, and sent to the said Exchequer, as is aforesaid,

Letter, and that Warrant

VIII. A Remedy in case of Writings burned in the said Tumults.

IX.
Defendants
in the
Exchequer
may plead
and sue their
Discharge
without the
King's Writ
or Letter.

X. Imprest
Accounts
in the
Exchequer
of Persons
retained to
serve the
King in his
Wars or
Embassies:

Covenants for such Service shall be in Writing, and sent into the Exchequer;

And likewise the Repeals and Countermands thereof.

s, forasmuch as the same Warrant directed that the Account

⁶ And 7 Retainer

Sums due to such Persons shall be paid on Certificate thereof. the same Repeal likewise shall be put in Writing, and sent to the Exchequer, so that by the Sight of the same Repeal, and of the Covenants before there sent, the Barons of the said Exchequer shall do right to the Party according as the Law and Reason demandeth. And if any Thing be due unto them by the same Accompt, that thereof by Certificate of the same Exchequer, the Treasurer and the Chamberlains shall make Payment or Assignment to them without tarrying or suing other Warrant or Commandment of the Great or Privy Seal in this Behalf,

XI. For the shortening Exchequer Accounts.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That the Accompts in the Exchequer shall be more shortly heard, made, and ingrossed, than they were wont heretofore, saving always, that the Parcels of the same Accompts be made as fully as they were wont in Times past; and that by Ordinance to be made by the Barons of the said Exchequer, there to endure of Record for ever.

XII. Two Clerks of Accounts sworn in the Exchequer. ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That Two Clerks shall be assigned to make Parcels of Accompts in the same Exchequer to them that will demand the same; and they shall be sworn that they shall commit no Falshood in their Office, and shall take for their Labour of them to whom they serve, reasonably according to the Ordinance of the Barons of the said Exchequer.

XIII.
Accounts of
Nichil shall
be discharged
on Oath of
Accountants.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That the Accompts of Nichil in the Exchequer shall be wholly put out, or if any such Accompts ought there to remain, the Accomptants presently after their Oath made in the said Exchequer shall be examined by the Barous there, if they should or ought to answer the King of any Thing in this Behalf: And if it be found by their said Oath, that they ought not, then by the same their Oath they shall be discharged to yield other Accompt before any Auditor, the King's Right always saved.

XIV.
The Clerk of
the Pipe and
Remembrancers shall be
sworn in the
Exchequer
to execute
Writs for
Discharges;
and shall
certify to
each other
the respective
Discharges.

ITEM, It is accorded and assented, That the Clerk of the Pipe and the Remembrancers of the Exchequer shall be sworn, that from Term to Term they shall see, whiles the said Exchequer shall be open, all the Writs of the Great Seal, [or'] of the Privy Seal, which shall be sent to the said Exchequer the same Term, for the final Discharge of any Person of the Realm of any Demand in the said Exchequer, and that every of them, to whom it pertaineth, shall make due Execution of the said Commandment. And also it is ordained and assented, That the said Two Remembrancers shall be sworn of their Part, that every Term from henceforth they shall make a Schedule of all the Persons that shall be discharged in their Offices by Judgement, or in other Manner in the same Term, of any Demands in the same Exchequer, containing the Manner of the same Discharges, and to deliver the same Schedule to the said Clerk of the Pipe the same Term, to the Intent that the same Clerk of the Pipe shall thereof discharge the said Parties in the great Roll; also the said Clerk of the Pipe shall be sworn, that he from Term to Term shall require the same Schedules, and the same Schedules by him so received, he shall discharge the said Parties in the Manner aforesaid; and in the same Manner, the said Clerk of the Pipe for his Part shall cause to be certified in Writing to the said Remembrancers of all such Discharges which shall be made in his Office; to the Intent that a Man discharged in one Place, be discharged in all other Places of the said Exchequer.

XV.

ITEM, Though that many Times heretofore divers Persons have had Livery of their Lands and Tenements out of the King's Hands, by Judgement given for them in the King's Bench, or elsewhere, and of the same Judgements after have procured to send the Tenor of the Records and Processes thereof made by Writ of Mittimus into the said Exchequer, to the Intent for to discharge them of the Accompts demanded of them upon the same Tenements; nevertheless the Officers of the same Exchequer would not in Times past

and Letters

soit mesme le repett semblablement mis en escrit & envoiez al Escheqier av ntdit issint q p la veue de cett
repett & des covenances devant illoeqes envoiez, les Barons del dit Escheqir facent droit a la ptie selonc ce q
la loy & reson demandent. Et si rienz lours soit due p
mesmes les accompts q de ce p ctification de mesme
Lescheqier les Tresorer & Chambleins lour facent paiement ou assignement sanz attendre ou suer autre garant
ou mandement du g'nt ou prive Seal en celle ptie.

Itm est ordenez & assentuz q les accomptes en lescheqier soient plus briefment oiez faitz & engrossez qils ne soloient pdevant, salve toutes voies q les pcelles de mesmes les accomptes soient faitz auxi pleinement come ils soloient estre faitz en temps passe, & ce p ordenance affaire p les Barons del dit Escheqier a y durer de record p' tout temps avenir.

Item est ordenez & assentuz q deux Clercs soient assignez p' faire peelles daccomptes en mesme lescheqier a ceux q les veullent demander, & soient ils jurez qils ne ferront nulle fauxine en lour office & pndront p' lour t'vailt de ceux as queux ils sveront resonablement selone lordinance des Barons del dit Escheqier.

Item est ordenez & assentuz q les accomptes de nichil en Escheqier soient de tout oustez, ou si aucuns tielx accomptz y deivent dem'rer soient les accomptantz maintenant aps lour sement fait en le dit Escheqier examinez p les Barons illoeqs sils y purront ou deivent de rienz respondre au Roi en celle ptie: Et si trovez soit p lour dit sement q noun, adonqs p mesme lour sement soient ils deschargez dautre accompte rendre dev'nt ascun Audito', toutdys le droit le Roi salvez.

Item est accordez & assentuz q le Clerc de Pipe & les Remenbrancs del Escheqier soient jurrez q de rme en t'me ils vront tant come le dit Escheqier sra ovt toutz les briefs de gant Seal, & fres de Prive Seal, q Front mandez al dit Escheqir mesme le tme p' final descharge daucune psone du Roialme daucun demande currant al dit Escheqier, & q chescun de eux a qi il apptient ferra due execucion du dit mandement. Et est auxint ordenez & assentuz q les ditz deux Remenbrancs soient jurrez de lour pt q chescun Ime de cy en avant ils ferront une cedule de toutes les psones qi gront deschargez en lour office p juggement ou en autre mane en mesme le ?me daucunes demandes en dit Escheqier, contenante la mane de mesmes les descharges, & de faire liver celle cedule al dit Clerc du Pipe mesme le Pme au fyn q mesme le Clerc de Pipe face ent descharger les ditz pties en le g'nt rolle; et auxint soit le dit Clerc du Pipe jurrez q il de Pme en Pme demandera les ditz cedules & mesmes les cedules p lui issint resceuez, il descharga les dites pties en mane suisdite; et en mesme la mane face le Clerc du Pipe p' sa ptie ctifier en escrit as ditz Remembrancs de touz tielx descharges q front faitz en son office; au fyn q home deschargez en une place soit deschargez en toutes autres places del dit Escheqir.

Item coment q pluso's foitz dev'nt ces heures divses psones ont euez livee de lo's tres & teñz hors de mains le Roi p juggement renduz p' eux en Bank le Roy ou aillo's, & dyceux juggementz aient en aps fait pcurer denvoier les tenures des recordz & pces ent faitz p brief de Mittim⁹ en Lescheqir av'ntdit, al entente p' eux descharger des accomptes de eux demandez sur mesmes les teñtz; nientmeins les Offics de mesme Lescheqier nont mye volu dev'nt ceste heure ent faire

descharger les dces psones dev'nt q mesmes les recordz & pces fuissent de pole en pole novellement entrez en Lescheqer, & sur ce novel pces fait & novel juggement illoeqs autre foitz renduz, a g'nt damage & delay des pties sanz pfit au Roy; est ordeinez & assentuz q desore aps q tiel record ove le tenure dycelle sra venuz en dit Escheqer p mandement le Roi come dit est, q le Remembrancer en qi office tiels accomptes seront demandez maintenant face cesser la suite en celle ptie p poles a entreres s' lendossement del brief vouchant le tenure del record del dit juggement sanz novel juggement ou pces faire en celle ptie pluis avant.

Et auxi est assentuz & le Roi defende estroitement q desore ne soit rienz donez p' une comission affaire en le dit Escheqer pur le fee de Clerc qi le ferra oultre deux soldz tantsoulement, ne p' le record de nisi prius avec la brief sinoune q deux soldz soulement come devant ces heures y soloiet estre fait & usez.

Et p' ce vous mandons q les ditz establissementz & ordinances facez duement crier & publier es Citees Burghs villes feires Marchees & aut's lieux notables deinz vre baillie deinz franchises & dehors & duement les gardir & faire tenir selonc le tenour & forme dicelles.

Don p tesmoignance de nre g'nt Seal a Westm le xvij. jo' de May lan de nre regne quint.

Cons mandata dirigunt' singtis Vicecomitib3 p Angt.

discharge the said Persons thereof, before that the same Records and Processes were Word by Word newly entered in the Exchequer, and thereupon new Process made, and new Judgements there another Time given, to the great Damage and Delay of the Parties, without Profit to the King: It is ordained and assented, That from henceforth after that such Record, [or'] the Tenor of the same, shall come into the said Exchequer by the King's Commandment, as it is said, that the Remembrancer, in whose Office such Accompts shall be demanded, shall presently cause the Suit to cease in that Behalf, by Words to be entered upon the Indorsement of the Writ, vouching the Tenor of the Record of the said Judgement, without new Judgement, or making of Process further in this Behalf.

ITEM, It is assented, and the King straitly defendeth, That from henceforth nothing shall be given for making of a Commission in the said Exchequer for the Fee of the Clerk which shall make the same, above &c. Two Shillings only; nor for the Record of Nisi prius with the Writ, but Two Shillings only, as afore this Time was wont to be done and used.

And therefore We command you that the said Establishments and Ordinances you do cause to be duly proclaimed and published in the Cities, Boroughs, Towns, Fairs, Markets, and other notable Places within your Bailiwick, within Franchises and without, and to be duly maintained and kept according to the Tenor and Form thereof. Given under the Witness of our Great Seal at Westminster, the Seventeenth Day of May, in the Fifth Year of our Reign.

Like Commands were directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England.

1 with MS. Tr. 2.

Dedinaco'es & Concordie f'ce in p'liamento tento apud Westm in Castino s'ci Joh'is an porta latina Ao quinto.

ORDINANCES AND AGREEMENTS

MADE IN THE PARLIAMENT HOLDEN AT WESTMINSTER, ON THE MORROW OF SAINT JOHN PORT-LATIN; IN THE FIFTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 21.

Vic Cornub, Saltm. Cum de coi assensu nro ac R. peum magnatum & Coitatum regni nri Angt not in ultimo pliamento nro assistenciu p securiori regimine & melioracoe regni nii pdci, & mcandisas ejusdem, quedam concordie sive ordinacoes fce fuissent int alia sub hac forma:

Pur coe pfit du roialme Dengle?re, aient este faitz p nre f' le Roy les [platz'] Seign's, & Coes du dit roialme esteantz en cest plement tenuz a Westm [lendemain 2] de Seint Johan Portlatyn, lan du regne nre f' le Roi Richard quint, ctaines ordinances & establissementz en la forme q sensuit.

Primement est assentuz & accordez en plement q toutes manles destraunges marchantz, de quelconq, nacion ou paiis qils soient, esteantz del amistee nre f' le Roi & de son roialme soient bien venuz, & frauncheent venir purront deinz le roialme Dengletre, & aillours en le poair nre dit f', sibn deinz franchise come dehors, & illoeqes convser mchander & dem'rer si longement come bon lour semblera, come ceux les

1 Interlined on the Roll.

e le Mardi Pschein aps le feste Old Printed Copies.

STATUTE THE SECOND.

THE KING, to the Sheriff of Cornwall, Greeting.
Whereas with the common Assent of Us and the Nobles, Great Men, and Commons of our Realm of England, assisting Us in our last Parliament, for the better Government and Amendment of our said Realm, and the Merchandises of the same, certain Agreements or Ordinances were, among other Things, made in this Form:

For the common Profit of the Realm of England, divers Ordinances and Establishments have been made by our Lord the King, the Prelates, Lords, and Com-mons of the faid Realm, being in this present Parlia-ment holden at Westminster the [Tuesday next after the Feast '] of St. John Portlatine, the Fifth Year of the Reign of our Lord King Richard the Second, in the Form following.

FIRST, It is accorded and assented in the Parliament, 'That all Manner of Merchants Strangers, of whatsoever Nation or Country they be, being of the Amity of the King and of his Realm, shall be welcome, may freely and freely may come within the Realm of England, and elsewhere within the King's Power, as well within Fran-chise as without, and there to be conversant, to merchandise and tarry as long as them liketh, as those

Morrow Morrow

Upon any Judgment of Livery sent Exchequer, the Remembrancer shall discharge the

XVI. Clerks for Commissions,

cui 'e into,

Wool,

Woolfels,

may be

exported,

except to

whom our said Lord the King by the Tenour hereof taketh into his Protection and Safeguard, with their Goods, Merchandises, and all manner Familiars. And for so much the King willeth and commandeth, That they and every of them be well friendly and merchantlike intreated and demeaned in all Parts within his said Realm and Power, with their Merchandises and all manner Goods, and suffered to go and come, and into their proper Country peaceably to return, without Disturbance or Impeachment of any.

II. Leather, and

Abatement of Half a Mark to such as will pay beforehand.

No Repeal or of Immunity after such Payment.

The Subsidy to be applied in Defence of the Realm, &c.

III. Offer of Mariners to

ITEM, It is assented and accorded in the Parliament, That the Passage of Wools, Leather, and Woolfels be open to all manner of Merchants and other, as well Foreigners as Denizens, that will buy the same and readily pay in hand for the same the Customs, Subsidies and [Devoirs] of Calais due from henceforth to the Feast of St. Michael next come twelvemonth, in such manner, that in the meantime they [and none other] may ship and cocket the same in Ports within the Realm accustomed, and from thence to carry and bring them towards what Parts they will choose beyond the Sea, without Impediment or Impeachment, except to the Realm of France. And moreover, of the Assent aforesaid, our Sovereign Lord the King will and granteth to all those Merchants and other, which betwixt this and the Fifteenth of St. Martin next ensuing, shall pay before in hand the Subsidies, Customs, and [Devoirs'] for the Wools, Leather, and Woolfels, which they will pass and do to be carried beyond the Sea, betwixt the First Day of September next coming, and the said Feast of St. Michael next come Twelvemonth, his Pardon and Release of Half a Mark of every Sack of Wool, Half a Mark of every Two hundred and forty Woolfels, and also of their Leather after the Rate, upon their said Payments so to be made before hand, as it is said. And therewithal they and every of them shall have freely the Passage of the same their Wools, Leather, and Woolfels at large where and when they will, as above is said, before the Feast of St. Michael aforesaid without any manner Impeachment or Impediment; but the King's Mind is, that they which will not pay the Subsidies of their Wools, Leather, and Woolfels before the said Fifteenth, they shall pay wholly the Customs, Subsidies, and [Devoirs'] of their Wools, Leather, and Woolfels to be passed beyond the Sea, without having Remission of the said Half Mark by any way. And the King promiseth, and it is accorded and assented by all the Estates of the Parliament, that against this Grant and Ordinance, nor against those Persons which so shall pay beforehand, and before the said Fifteenth, their Subsidies, Customs, and Devoirs, and shall have therefore the said Passage of their Wools, Leather, and Woolfels, and Release of the said Half Mark, as is said, no Repeal, Revocation, Countermandment, Impediment, nor other Thing shall be made by our Sovereign Lord the King, his Council, his Ministers, nor none other, which may turn or sound in Disturbance of their Covenant or Passage aforesaid by any Way of the World. And the King will and granteth, at the Request of his Commons, that the Money coming of the Subsidy of the said Wools, Leather, and Woolfels granted at the last Parliament, be wholly applied upon the Defence of the Realm of England, and the Keeping and Governance of his Towns and Fortresses beyond the Sea, after the good Advice of the Lords of the Realm, and other wise Men of the King's Council.

ITEM, Upon the Proffer which hath been made in the Parliament by the Mariners of the West, to make serve at Sea: an Army upon the Sea, to endure from this Time till the Feast of St. Michael next coming in Two Years, the Lords and Commons being in this Parliament have granted to the King a Subsidy of Two Shillings to take of every Tun of Wine, and of a less Vessel

1 Duties

queux tstouz nre f' le Roi p le teno' dicestes pnt en sa pteccion & salve garde, avec lour biens michandises & familiers quelconqes; et p tant voet le Roi & comande qils & chescun de eux soit & soient on aimablement & mchandeablement tretez & demesnez toutes ptz deinz les ditz roialme & poair avec lours michandises & 5ns quelconqes, & soeffertz daler venir & en lours ppres paiis peisiblement reto'nir sanz desto'bance ou empeschement de nully.

Item est assentuz & accordez en plement q le passage des leynes quirs & peaux lanutz soit ovt a toutes manies de Marchantz & autres sibn foreins come denszeins qi les vorront achater, & Pstement paier pur ycelles les custumes subsides & devoirs de Caleys duz de cy tanq a la Seint Michel, pch venant en un an, en tiele mane q en le moien temps ils les purront faire eskipper & coketter es portz deinz le Roialme acustumez & dilloeqes les faire carier & amesner Vs quelconges pties ils vorront eslire ou choiser dep dela, sanz impediment ou empeschement quelconq, horspris le roialme de France. Et enoultre del assent avantdit le Roi voet & g'nte a touz yceux Marchants & aut's qi pentre cy & la quinszeine de Seint Martyn pschein venant paieront devant la main les ditz subsides custumes & devoirs pur les leyns quirs & peaux, queles ils vorront passer & faire amesner dep dela pentre le primer jour de Septembr pchein venant, & le dit feste de Seint Michel pchein venant en un an, relees & pdoñ de demy marc, a chescun saak de leyne, & de demy marc a chescun deux centz & quarante peaux lanutz, & ensy de lours quirs selonc lafferant, sur lours ditz paiementz ensi affaires devant la main come dit est. Et avec ce avont ils & chescun deux franchement le passage diceux lours leynes quirs & peaux a large ou & q'nt ils vorront come de suis est dit devant la feste de Seint Michel avantdit sanz empechement ou impediment quelconq; Mais lentencion du Roi autrement nest mye q ceux qi ne [pierent'] les subsides de lours leynes quirs & peaux lanutz devant la dite quinszeine ils paieront entierement les custumes subsides & devoirs de lours leynes quirs & peaux lanutz appassiers dep dela sanz remission avoir del dit demy marc p ascune voie. Et le Roi pmette & assentuz est & accordez p touz les estatz de plement, q encontre cestes g'nt & ordinance, ne encontre celles psones qi paieront ensi devant la main & devant la dite quinszeine lours subsides custumes & devoirs, & avont p tant le dit passage de lours leynes quirs peaux lanutz & relees del dit demy marc come dit est, ne sra fait repett revocacion contremandement impediment nautre rienz quelconq p nre f' le Roi son Conseil ses Ministres ne nul autre, q purra to'nir ou soner en destourbance de lour covenant ou passage avantdit p voie del monde quelconqe. Et le Roi voet & gante a la requeste de sa cõe q les deniers pvenantz del subside des dites leynes quirs & peaux lanutz g'ntez a derrain plement soient entierement appliez sur le defens du roialme Denglerre & la garde & govnance de ses villes & fort'esces dep dela solone le bon advis des f's du roialme & les autres sages del conseil nre f le Roi.

Item sur le pfre qad este fait en plement p les Marins del West pur faire une armee sur la meer adurer de cy tang, a le Seint Michel pchein venant en deux ans, les f's & cões esteantz en cest plement ont g'ntez a nre f le Roi un Subside de deux soldz a Pandre de chescun tonel de vin & de meindre vessel

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selonc lafferant a mesner deinz le roialme Dengletre. Et auxint vi d. al livre a Pndre & [receivour '] de toutes manes dautrez mchandises [a 1] amesners [hors 3] & venantz deinz le roialme avantdit, sibn cest assavoir des toutes manes des draps de leyne come dautres michandises quelconqes, horspris leynes quirs & peaux lanutz, oultre les custumes & subsides ent duez pdevant cest g'nt, del xxj. jour de Maii lan psent tanq al feste de Seint Michel psch venant, & de mesme la feste de Seint Michel, p deux ans entiers pscheinement ensuantz issint toutes voies q les deniers ent pvenantz soient entierement appliez sur la salve garde de la meer & nul pt aillours. Et a la requeste de la cõe le Roi voet q Monf Johan Philipot Chivaler soit Resceivor & Gardeyn de les deniers sourdantz del dit subside de la ville de Southampton Vs le North. Et Johan Polymond & Thomas Beaupyne soient Resceivo's & Gardeins del dit subside en la dite ville de Southampton & dilloeges Vs le West p patentes du Roi ent affairs as dites psones en due forme. Et sront auxi assignez ctains suffisantz psones dep le Roi destre Contrerollo's as Coillo's avantditz. Et avont les ditz gentz esteantz en dite armee entierement toutz lours gaignes & pfitz a deptir entre eux durante larmee desuisdite. Et sront les Admiralx & autres esteantz en dite armee assurez de salver les amys & allies du Roi nre f' sanz dampnage faire a eux ou a nul de eux p ascune voie, & sils facent & ceo soit duement pvez, ils se obligeront sur grief peyne dent faire duement les amendes.

Item voet le Roi & comande & est assentu en plement, p les platz f's & cões q toutes singuleres psones & Coialtes qu'ont desore la somonce de plement viegnent de cy en avant [as plementz 1] p mane come ils sont tenuz de faire & a este accustumez deinz le roialme Dengletre dauncienete. Et quelconq psone de mesme le roialme qu'a desore la dite somonce, soit il Ercevesq, Evesq, Abbe, Priour, Duc, Cont, Baron, Baneret Chivaler de Contee Citezein de Cite Burgeis de Burgh, ou autre singulere psone ou coialtee quelconq, soi absente ou ne veigne mye a la dite somonce, sil ne se purra resonablement & honestement ent excuser devs le Roi nre f', soit amciez & autrement puniz selonc ce q ancienement a este usez deinz le Roialme avantdit en dit cas. Et si ascun Viscont du roialme soit desore necligent, en feisant ses reto'nes des briefs du plement ou qil face entrelesser hors des ditz reto'nes aucunes Citees ou Burghs queux sont tenuz & dauncien temps soloient venir a plement soit puniz en mane qestoit acustumez destre fait en le cas dauncienetee.

Item p'ceo q notorie chose est coment ya plusours malurees, psones deinz le dit Roialme alantz de Countee en Countee & de ville en ville en ctains habitz souz dissimulacion de gent saintee, & sanz licence de Seint piere le p'pe ou des ordinairs des lieux ou autre auctorite suffisante, pchent de jour en autre, nemye soulement es esglises & cimitoirs einz es Marches feires & autres lieux publiques ou greindre congregacion du poeple y est, divses pdicacions conteignantes heresyes & errours notoires a gant emblemessement de la foy & destruccion de loies & de lestat de Seinte Esglise a g'nd pil des almes du poeple & de tout le roialme Dengletre, come plus pleinement est trovez & suffisantement pvez devant le revent pe en dieu Lercevesq, de Cant birs & les Evesqes & autres platz & Maistres de Divinite & Docto's de Canoun & de Civile & g'nt ptie del Clergie del dit roialme especialment pur celle resceivoir Rot. Parl. 234 Interlined on the Roll.

after the Rate, to be brought within the Realm of Grant of England: And also Sixpence of the Pound to take and receive of all Manner of other Merchandises to be brought out and coming within the Realm aforesaid, as well, that is to say, of all Manner of Woollen Cloths, as of any other Merchandises, except Wools, Leather, and Woolfels, over the Customs and Subsidies thereof due before this Grant, from the Twentyfirst Day of May this present Year, till the Feast of Saint Michael next coming, and from the same Feast by Two whole Years next ensuing: So always that the Money thereof coming be wholly applied upon the safe keeping of the Sea, and no Part elsewhere. And at the Request of the Commons, the King will that Sir John Philpot, Knight, be Receiver and Keeper of the Money rising of the said Subsidy, from the Town of Southampton towards the North, and that John Polimond and Thomas Beaupenny be Receivers and Keepers of the said Subsidy in the Town of Southampton and from thence towards the West, by the King's Letters Patents thereof to be made to the said Persons in due Form. And also certain sufficient Persons shall be assigned by the King to be Comptrollers to the said Collectors. And the People being in the said Army, shall have wholly all their Gains and Profits, to be departed betwixt them during the said Army abovesaid: And the Admirals and other of the said Army, shall be assured to save the King's Friends and Allies without Damage to be done to them or to any of them by any way, and if they do, and that be duly proved, they shall bind [them'] upon a grievous Pain thereof duly to make Amends.

ITEM, The King doth will and command, and it is assented in the Parliament by the Prelates, Lords, and Commons, That all and singular Persons and Commonalties which from henceforth shall have the Summons of the Parliament, shall come from henceforth to the Parliaments, in the Manner as they are bound to do, and [have '] been accustomed within the Realm of England of old Times. And if any Person of the same Realm, which from henceforth shall have the said Summons, be he Archbishop, Bishop, Abbot, Prior, Duke, Earl, Baron, Banneret, Knight of the Shire, Citizen of City, Burgess of Borough, or other singular Person or Commonalty, do absent himself, and come not at the said Summons, except he may reasonably and honestly excuse him to our Lord the King, he shall be amerced, and otherwise punished, according as of old Times hath been used to be done within the said Realm in the said Case. And if any Sheriff of the Realm be from henceforth negligent in making his Returns of Writs of the Parliament, or that he leave out of the said Returns any Cities or Boroughs which be bound, and of old Time were wont to come to the Parliament, he shall be [amerced or otherwise 3] punished in the Manner as was accustomed to be done in the said Case in Times past.

ITEM, Forasmuch as it is openly known, that there be divers evil Persons within the Realm, going from County to County, and from Town to Town, in certain Habits under Dissimulation of great Holiness, and without the Licence (') of the Ordinaries of the Places or other sufficient Authority, [preaching'] daily, not only in Churches and Churchyards, but also in Markets, Fairs, and other open Places, where a great Congregation of People is, divers Sermons containing Heresies and notorious Errors, to the great emblemishing of the Christian Faith, and Destruction of the Laws, and of the Estate of Holy Church, to the great Peril of the Souls of the People, and of all the Realm of England, as more plainly is found and sufficiently proved before the Reverend Father in God the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Bishops and other Prelates, (6) Masters of Divinity, and Doctors of Canon and of Civil Law, and a great Part of the Clergy of the said Realm specially

2 hath

3 Old Translations omit these Words.

5 do preach 4 of our Holy Father the Pope, or

Poundage;

applied to the safe keeping of the Sea.

Comptrollers.

The Mariners shall divide

The Admirals shall save harmless the King's Allies.

IV. Every one shall obey his Parliament.

Penalty on Sheriffs omitting Returns of

Enormities ensuing the preaching of Heresies.

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Original from PENN STATE Commissions

shall issue to

arrest such

Preachers.

said Realm, as well Spiritual as Temporal, in exciting of the People, to the great Peril of all the Realm: which Preachers, cited or summoned before the Ordinaries of the Places, there to answer of that whereof they be impeached, will not obey to their Summons and Commandments, nor care not for their Monitions, nor Censures of the Holy Church, but expressly despise them: and moreover by their subtil [and ingenious Words do draw'] the People to hear their Sermons, and [do'] maintain them in their Errors by strong Hand and by great Routs: It is ordained [and assented] in this present Parliament, That the King's Commissions be [made and] directed to the Sheriffs and other Ministers of our Sovereign Lord the King, or other sufficient Persons [learned'] and according to the Certifications of the Prelates thereof to be made in the Chancery from Time to Time, to arrest all such Preachers, and also their Fautors, Maintainers, and Abettors, and to hold them in Arrest and strong Prison, till they will justify them according to the Law and

assembled for this cause: which Persons do also

preach divers Matters of Slander, to engender Dis-

cord and Dissention betwixt divers Estates of the

We, willing that the said Agreements or Ordinances in all and singular their Articles should be inviolably observed, command you, that the aforesaid Agreements or Ordinances in Places within your Bailiwick, where you may see fit, as well within Liberties as without, you do cause to be publicly proclaimed, and to be observed, according to the Form above marked out. Witness the King, at Westminster, the Twenty-sixth Day of May.

Reason of Holy Church: And the King will and com-

mandeth, That the Chancellor make such Commissions

at all Times, that he by the Prelates or any of them

shall be certified and thereof required, as is aforesaid.

Like Commands were directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England.

1 Words do draw and beguile

3 af

cause assemblez; & les queles psones pchent auxint divses matiers desclaundre pur discord & dissencion faire entre divses estatz du dit roialme sibn temporelx come espiritelx en comocion du poeple a g'nd pil de tout le roialme; lesqueles pchantz citez ou somonez devant les ordinaires des lieux p' y respondre dont ils sont empeschez, ne veullent obeire a lours somonce & mandementz, ne lours monicions ne les censures de Seinte Esglise chargent point einz les despisent expssement; & enoultre p lours subtiles poles attreent & engynont le poeple doier lours sarmons & de les maintenir en lours errours p forte main & p gentz routes: ordene est en cest plement q comissions du Roi soient directz as Viscontz & aut's Ministres du Roi ou as aut's suffisantes psones aps & solone les cuficacions de platz ent affaires en la Chancellarie de temps en temps darester toutz tieux pcheo's & lours fauto's mainteno's & abetto's & de les tenir en arest & forte prisone tanq, ils se veullent justifier selonc reson & la ley de Seinte Esglise: et le Roi voet & comande q le Chanceller face tieles comissions a touz les foitz qil sra p les platz ou ascun de eux ctifie & ent requis come dessuis est dit.

Nos volentes dcas concordias sive ordinacces in omib; & singulis suis articulis inviolabilit observari, tibi pcipim qt pdcas concordias sive ordinacces in locis infra ballivam tuam ubi melius expedire videris tam infra libtates qm ext publice pclamari & teneri fac juxta formam pnotatam. T.R. apud Westm xxvj. die Maii.

Cons mandata dirigunt' singlis Vicecomitib3 p Angl.

Anno 6° RICARDI, II. A.D. 1382 & 1382-3.

Statutu editum apud Westm Anno serto.

STATUTE MADE AT WESTMINSTER IN THE SIXTH YEAR.

STATUTE THE FIRST.

THE KING to the Sheriff of Kent, Greeting: Know Ye that We have caused certain Statutes, Ordinances, and Remissions in our last Parliament holden at Westminster, for the Common Weal of our Realm of England, to be made in these Words:

To the Laud and Honour of Almighty God, and of our Holy Mother the Church, and to the Commodity [and Profit of the Realm of England, and of the Commonalty of the same, '] our Lord Richard by the Grace of God King of England and of France, and Lord of Ireland, by the Assent of the Prelates, [Lords, '] and Commons of the said Realm of England, in his Parliament holden at Westminster the Monday in the Utas of St. Michael, in the Sixth Year of his Reign, hath caused to be made and stablished certain Statutes, Ordinances, Remissions, and Pardons, in the Form following:

FIRST, It is ordained and accorded, That our Holy Mother the Church of England have all her Liberties whole and unhurt, and the same fully enjoy and use: And that the Great Charter, and the Charter of the Forest, and the [Statute 3] of Purveyors for the King's

of the Realm of England, and the common Weal
Dukes, Earls, Barons,
3 Statutes

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 20.

R Vic Kanc saltm. Scias nos quedam Statuta Ordinacoes & Remissiones in ultimo Pliamento nro apud Westm tento p coi utilitate regni nri Angt fieri fecisse in hec vba.

Ad laudem et honorem Omipotentis Dei & Sce Matris Ecctie comodumq, regni Angt & utilitatem rei publice dnis Ricus Dei gra Rex Angt & Franc & dnis Hibn, de assensu platoz ducum Comitum Baronu & Contatum dci regni Angt in Pliamento suo apud Westm die Lune in Octab Sci Michis Anno regni sui Angt sexto convocato, statuta quedam ordinacoes remissiones & pdonacoes fieri fecit & stabiliri in forma subsequenti.

In primis ordinatum est & concordatum qd Sca Mad Ecctia Anglicana țieat omes libtates suas integras & illesas ac eisdem plene gaudeat & utat'; & qd Magna Carta & Carta de Foresta statutaq, facta de pvisorib;

Liberties of the Church, &c. confirmed.

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Original from PENN STATE

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p hospicio dñi Regis & alioz ac omia alia statuta & ordinacões ante hec tempora fca & nondum revocata in omiby suis articulis firmit observent & execuciói debite juxta effčm eoşdem demandent'.

Item ut bria de debito & compoto aliisq hoi accoibs quecumq deceto capiant' in Com & dirigant' Vicecomitib3 Com ubi contractus accionu eazdem emserint; ordinatū est & concordatum qđ si decero in phitis sup brib; illis narratū fuit contractum inde fore fcm in alio Com q'm in bri originali continet qd tunc incontinenti bre illud penitus casset'.

Item ordinatū est & concordatum qđ omia bria de nocumentis vicecomitalia vulgari? nuncupata fiant deceto ad eleccoem querentis in natura antiquitus usitata vel eciam in natura assisaz iminabiliu coram Justič dñi Regis de uno Banco vel alto seu Justič assisaș in Com loci capiend assign & assignand.

Item ordinatum est & concordatum qd omia irrotulamenta fcos cetosq munimentos in rotulis Cancellar utriusq Bancoz & Scecii Regis ante hec tempora irrotulatoz, & postmodum p pditores dñi Regis & regni in insurreccoe nup infra idem regnū sediciose suborta delaceratoz seu alias elongatoz, sub magno sigillo dñi Regis absq. feodo sigilli inde solvend forma debita exemplificent', qdq, exemplificacoes ille sic hite ejusdem sint vigoris & effectus in omib3 sicut fca & munimenta illa forent si integra & illesa hita fuissent.

Item ordinatū est & concordatum qd Justič ad assiš capiend & gaolas deliband assignati & assignandi deceto teneant sessiones suas in principalib3 & capitalib3 villis singuloz Com, ubi videlt Com eozdem Comitatuu tenent' vel impost'um tenebunt'.

Item cont' malefcores & raptores dñaz & filiaz nobiliū aliazo, muliez violencius & plus solito hiis diebz quasi in omi pte regni pdči invalescentes, ordinatū est & statutū qđ ubicumq, & quandocumq, ħ9i dñe filie & alie mulieres pdce deceto rapiant', et post h9i raptum h9i Raptorib3 consenserint, qd tam Raptores sive Rapientes q'm rapte & eos quitt deceto inhabilitent' & inhabiles sint ipso fco ad omem hereditatem dotem sive conjunctum feoffamentū post mortem viroz & antecessos suos fiend vel vendicand; & qd statim in hoc casu pxim9 de sanguine eoadem Rapienciū & raptaz cui hereditas dos seu conjunctum feoffamentu descendere, revti, remanere, vel accidere deberet post mortem rapientis vel rapte, heat titulū inmediate statim scift post raptū intrandi sup rapientem vel raptam ac eox assign & tre tenentes in eisdem hereditate dote seu conjuncto feoffamento [& illa '] hereditar tenend; et qd viri hujusmodi muliez si viros fiuerint vel si viros non huerint supstites qd tunc pres vel alii de sanguine eozdem ppinquiores deceto heant sectam psequendi & sequi por unt vsus eosdem malefcores & raptores in hac pte, et illos inde q'mvis eedem mulieres [post '] hujusmodi raptum dcis raptorib3 consenserint de vita & membro convincendi. Et ultius concordatu est qu defendens in hoc casu ad duellum vadiand minime recipiat', Immo rei Vitas inde p inquisicoem prie triet'. Salvis semp dño Regi & ceris dñis regni Pdči de raptorib3 illis si fortassis inde convincant' in omib3 escaetis suis.

Interlined on the Roll.

House, and for others, and all Statutes and Ordinances before this Time made, and not yet repealed, be firmly observed in all their Articles, and put in due Execution according to the Effect of the same.

ITEM, To the Intent that Writs of Debt and Accompt, and all other such Actions, be from henceforth taken in their Counties, and directed to the Sheriffs of the Counties where the Contracts of the same Actions did rise; It is ordained and accorded, That if from henceforth in Pleas upon the same Writs it shall be declared, That the Contract thereof was made in another County than is contained in the Original Writ, that then incontinently the same Writ shall be utterly abated.

ITEM, It is accorded and ordained, That all Writs of Nusances, commonly called Vicontiels, shall be from henceforth made at the Election of the Plaintiff, in the Nature of old Times used, or else in the Nature of Assises determinable before the King's Justices of the one Bench or the other, or before the Justices of Assise to be taken in the County of the Place assigned or to be assigned.

ITEM, It is accorded, That all Inrollments of Deeds, and other Muniments in the Rolls of the Chancery, of either Bench, and the Exchequer of our Lord the King, before this Time enrolled, and after by Traitors to the King and his Realm, in the Insurrection [late made within the same Realm seditiously removed, torn, and rent, or otherwise imbezzled, shall be in a due Form exemplified under the King's Great Seal without Fee of the Seal thereof to be paid, and that the same Exemplifications so had, shall be of the same Effect and Strength in all Things, as the same Deeds and Muniments should have been, if they were had whole and unhurt.

ITEM, It is ordained and accorded, That the Justices assigned and to be assigned to take Assises and deliver the Gaols, shall from henceforth hold their Sessions in the Principal and Chief Towns of every of the Counties, (') where the Shire Courts of the same Counties be holden, and hereafter shall be holden.

ITEM, Against the Offenders and Ravishers of Ladies, and the Daughters of Noblemen, and other Women, in every Part of the said Realm, in these Days offending more violently, and much more than they were wont; It is ordained and stablished, That wheresoever and whensover such Ladies, Daughters, and other Women aforesaid be ravished, and after such Rape do consent to such Ravishers, that as well the Ravishers, as they that be ravished, and every of them, be from thenceforth disabled, and by the same Deed be unable to have or challenge all Inheritance, Dower, or Joint Feoffment after the Death of their Husbands and Ancestors; and that incontinently in this Case the next of the Blood of those Ravishers, or of them that be ravished, to whom such Inheritance, Dower, or Joint Feoffment ought to (3) revert, remain, or fall after the Death of the Ravisher, or of her that is so ravished, shall have Title immediately, that is to say, (4) after the Rape, to enter upon the Ravisher, or her that is ravished, and their Assigns, and Land-Tenants in the same Inheritance, Dower, or Joint-Feoffment, and the same to hold in State of Inheritance; and that the Husbands of such Women, if they have Husbands, or if they have no Husbands in Life, that then the Fathers or other next of their Blood, have from henceforth the Suit to pursue, and may sue against the same Offenders and Ravishers in this Behalf, and to have them thereof convict of Life, and of Member, although the same Women after such Rape do consent to the said Ravishers. And further it is accorded, That the Defendant in this Case shall not be received to wage Battel, but that the Truth of the Matter be thereof tried by Inquisition of the Country. Saving always to our Lord the King, and to other Lords of the said Escheate. Realm, all their Escheats of the said Ravishers, if peradventure they be thereof convict.

late seditiously raised within the said Realm, torn or otherwise imbezzled,

2 that is to say 4 fortbwith

II. Actions of Debt and Account brought in their proper Counties.

III. How Writs of Nusance called Vicontiels,

IV. Exemplifica-Inrollments shall be of the the Originals.

Justices of Assise, &c. their Sessions in principal Towns.

VI. Where, after Rape, the Woman consents, both Parties shall be disabled Dower, or Jointure.

The Husband or next of Kin

Defendants

Saving of

VII. Statute 5 Ric. II. st. 1. cap. 4-recited;

Sweet Wines may be sold by Retale.

ITEM, Though it were late ordained in the Parliament of the said King, holden at Westminster in the Morrow of All Souls, the Fifth Year of his Reign, that no Sweet Wines in his said Realm should be in any wise sold at Retaile after the Feast of St. John Baptist last past, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same; yet of the Assent aforesaid it is ordained and accorded, That the same sweet Wines may be sold (') in every Place within the said Realm, at the Price that Wines of Gascoign and Rhine shall happen to be sold, and not above, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same, notwithstanding the said first Ordinance.

ITEM, Though [late 1] in the same Parliament it

was ordained, That none of the King's Liege People,

VIII. Statute 5 Ric. II. st. 1. cap. 3. recited;

are to be had,

Merchants

chandises in other Ships.

after the Feast of Easter next coming, should in any wise ship any Merchandises or Goods to be carried out of the Realm of England, or to be brought within the same Realm, in any Ships, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the said Goods and Merchandises, or the Value of the same, except in Ships of the King's Ligeance; yet of the Assent aforesaid, It is ordained and granted, That the said Ordinance only have place as long as Where no English Ships Ships of the said Ligeance in the Parts where the said Merchants shall happen to dwell, be found able and sufficient; so that then they shall be bound to freight the same Ships of the King's Ligeance, with their Mermay bring in or carry forth their Merchandises under the Pain aforesaid, before all other Ships; and otherwise it shall be lawful to the same Merchants to hire other Ships convenient, and there to freight them with their Goods and Merchandises,

notwithstanding the said first Statute.

IX. No Victualler shall exercise a judicial Place in any City or Town

Corporate.

ITEM, It is ordained and enacted, That neither in the City of London, nor in other Cities, Boroughs, Towns, or Ports of the Sea, through the Realm, any Victualler shall (3) have, exercise, nor in no wise occupy any judicial Office, but in such Town where none other Person sufficient may be found to have the same Office. In which Case yet the same Judge for the Time that he shall continue in the said Office, shall utterly omit and abstain himself and his Office, shall utterly omit and abstain himself and his from the Exercise of Victualling, upon Pain of Forfeiture of his Victuals so sold.

X. Aliens in Amity with the King, may bring in Victuals, and sell them.

ITEM, It is ordained and accorded, That all Manner of Foreigners and Aliens being of the Amity of the King, and of his Realm, and coming within the said City of London, and other Cities, Boroughs, and Towns within the said Realm, as well within Liberties as without, with Fish and all Manner of other Victuals, there tarrying and going again to their own Countries, shall from henceforth be under the Safeguard and the special Protection of our said Lord the King; and there it shall be lawful to them and every of them, and by Force of these Presents they may from henceforth cut their Fishes and Victuals aforesaid, without Impeachment or denying of any Man, in Pieces, and in Part, or in all, at Retale, or in Gross, as to them best shall seem, to sell and make their Profit; any Charters, Statutes, Ordinances, Privileges, or Customs made or had to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. Hosts in Cities, Towns, &c. on the Sea-Coasts shall not forestall Fish or other Victuals.

ITEM, It is ordained, That all Manner of Hosts, as well in the City of London, and the Towns of Great Yarmouth, Scarborough, Winchelsea, and Rye, as also in certain other Towns and Places upon the Coast of the Sea and elsewhere through all the said Realm, as well within Liberties as without, shall from henceforth utterly cease and be amoved from their Noyance and wicked Deeds and Forestallings; and in especially they be inhibited by our Sovereign Lord the King, that they nor none of them, upon the Pain that belongeth, shall any further intromit to embrace Herring or any Fish or other Victuals, under the Colour of any Custom, Ordinance, Privilege, or Charter before made or had to the contrary, which by Tenour of these Presents be utterly repealed; or privily or apertly do or procure to be done any Impediment to any Fishers or Victuallers, Denizens or Aliens being of the Kings Amity, whereby they or 1 at Retale

3 from benceforth

another Time

Item licet nup in Pliamento dei Regis apud Westin in Crastino alaş anno regni sui quinto ordinatum fuisset që aliqua vina dulcia in regno suo Pdčo nullatenus sub forisfčura eoadem post festu Sči Johis Bapte px pritum ad retalliam venderent', de assensu tamen pdco ordinatum est jam & concordatu qd eadem vina dulcia ubiq, in regno Pdco ad Pciū quo vina de Vascon & Rinens vendi contigit & non ult' sub pena forisfcure eoadem ad retalliam vendi porunt, dca priori ordinacce non obstante.

Item licet in eodem Pliamento alias ordinatum fuisset, qd nullus ligeus dñi Regis post festu Pasche px futur aliqua mcandisas seu bona ext regnu Angt educend seu infra idem regnū adducend in aliquib3 navits sub pena forisfčure bonoz & mcandisaz Pdčoz vel valoris eoadem Prom in navib; de ligeancia Regis Pdči aliqualit eskipparet; de assensu tamen Pdco ordinatum est & concessum qd q mdiu naves de ligeancia ejusdem dñi Regis in ptib3 ubi eosdem mcatores convsari contigit habiles & sufficientes inveniant', qu dca ordinacio tm locum heat sic qu tunc easdem naves de ligeancia Regis sub pena pdca p aliis omnib3 navib3 de mcandisis suis frettare teneant'; alioquin vo liceat pfatis mcatorib; alias naves competentes conduce & ibidem de bonis & meandisis suis

Item ordinatum est & statutum qd nec in Civitate London nec in aliis Civitatib3 Burgis villis vel portub3 maris p totum regnū pdčm aliquis vitallarius officium judiciale decero heat exceeat neq occupet quovismodo nisi in villis ubi alia psona sufficiens ad ħ9i statum hend repiri non porit. In quo tamen casu idem Judex p tempore quo in officio illo stetit ab execicio vitallar sub pena forisfčure victualiū suoz sic venditoz penitus cesset & se abstineat, p se & suos omino ab eodem.

Item ordinatū est & concordatum qđ quicumq, forinseci & alienigine de amicicia Regis & regni existentes venientesq, infra dčam Civitatem London & alias Civitates Burgos & villas infra regnū pdcm tam infra libtates q'm ext' cum piscib3 & aliis victualib3 quibuscumq ibidem morando & ad ppria redeundo sint deceto sub salva gardia & spali pteccoe dni Regis pdci, & ibidem liceat eis & eox cuitt ac vigore Psencium decero porunt pisces & victualia pdca absq impedimento & cont diccoe cujuscumq, scindere p pecias talliare ac in pte vel in toto & ad retalliam sive in grosso put sibi melius placuit vendere atq, comodum suū inde face, quibuscumq, statutis cartis ordinacoib; privilegiis seu consuetudinib3 fčis vel fiitis in contrariū non obstantiby.

Item ordinatum est & concordatum qd quicumq hospites tam apud đ̃čam Civitate London & Villas Magne Jernemuth Scardeburgh Wynchelsee & Rye, q*m eciam in quibuscumq aliis villis & locis sup costeram Maris & alibi p totum regnū pdcm tam infra libtates q'm ext' deceto penitus cessent & ammoveant' ab eoz vidett nocivis & iniquis fcis & forstallariis; & in spali p dnm Regem inhibitum est eisdem ne ipi vel eoz aliquis sub piculo quod incumbit ultius intromittat se inbraciandi allec vel pisces alios seu victualia que-cumq, seu colore alicuj⁹ consuetudinis ordinacois privilegii vel carte prius in cont'riu fact vel fiit, que tenore psenciū penitus sunt revocata, impedimentum aliquod clam vel palam faciant inferant vel fieri pcurent aliquib3 piscatorib3 seu vitallariis indigenis seu alienigenis de amicicia Regis existentib3, quominus ipi seu

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eoa aliquis artent' vel artet' ad vendend pisces & victualia sua ubi quando & cuicumo, psone voluint infra regnū pdcm p sue libito voluntatis. Et insup inhibitum est spalit omib; & singulis hospitib; pdčis ne quis ipoz sub pena pdca se intromittat deceto vendendi emendi vel convencionandi quemcumq piscē maritimū friscum ad opus alicuj⁹ pissonarii vel altius Civis dče Civitatis London: et consilie inhibitu est omib; Pissonariis & Civib3 ejusdem Civitatis London ne quis eoa sub eadem pena longe ab eadem Civitate neq. ppe eandem quemcumq, piscem maritimū friscum neq, de aqua dulci deceto emat ad revendend in eadem Civitate, exceptis anguillis friscis & luciis & pykes qui tam indigenis q*m forinsecis in coi sint & remaneant ad emend vel vendend, dumtamen indigeni forinsecos infra Civitatem illam nullatenus impediant ad vendend hoi piscem quociens pisces illos duxint seu duci fecint ad Civitatem Pdcam.

Item ordinatum est qđ quiscumq Major London p tempore existens spalit int ceta deceto onet in sacro suo ad Sc^{*}cm Regis pstand qd ipe ordinacoem de pissonariis & vitallariis ut Pdcm est fcam infra ballivam suam tenebit ac teneri & custodiri faciet execucõiq debite omi favore postposito de tempore in tempus debite demandabit. Et modo consili onent' deceto in spati Majores Ballivi & omes alii gubnaculu Civitatu Burgos & Villas ac h9i vitallarios optinentes ubiq p totum regnum pdcm infra libtates & ext* in singulis sacris suis sup nova creacoe sua in officiis suis pstand vidett qu hoi ordinaccoem de vitallariis quantum ad eos & eoa quemit attinet in ballivis suis teneri facient & firmit custodiri.

Item ad instantem supplicacoem Coitatis regni pdci idem dñs nr Rex de gra sua spati & de assensu pdco, & ut eadem Cõitas deceto in fide dileccoe & obediencia ipius dni Regis & heredu suoz fervencius pmaneat ac pacifice ubiq in regno pdco se gerat, pdonavit & remisit omib; & singulis ligeis & regnicolis suis cujuscuq status g'dus seu condicois fuint, exceptis illis omib; quos noia alias in pliamentis ipius dni Regis annis regni ejusdem Regis quinto & sexto ab omi gra p ipm Regem tunc fca excipienda libata fuerunt, tanq m videlt principaliū inceptoz abettatoz & pcuratoz insurreccois nup infra regnū pdčm pditorie suborte unde rettati sunt, necnon trib3 aliis psonis Civib3 London qui jam in pliamento de eo vidett qd unus eozdem Civiū Willm de Walworth nup Majorem London ac quosdam alios fideles ipius Regis quominus ipi portas dee Civitatis, cont Contactes Kanc & Essex in dea insurreccoe politorie tunc congregatas ut in eandem Civitatem ingressum non huissent, claudere & ab eisdem pditorib; defendere potuerunt primo & principalit "impedivisse debuit, ceti Vo duo eozdem trium Civium de eo qđ ipi primi & principales consiliarii eoadem pditoa ut ad dcam Civitatem accederent & eam ingrederent' ac ductores eoadem pditoa infra Civitatem illam extitisse debuerunt in spali eciam rettati sunt, ac omib3 aliis in eodem casu dcos trium Civium vel alicujo eosdem plene existentib3, ac eciam omib3 & singulis psonis Ville de Bury Sci Edmundi similit exceptis, sectam pacis sue & quicquid ad ipm prinet vel prinere potit p omimodis pdicoibs & feloniis in dca insurreccoe, int vidett primu diem Maii anno regni dñi Regis quarto & festum Nativitatis Sči Johis Bapte extunc px sequens, qualit cumq fčis sive ppetratis, unde indčati rettati vel appellati fuint Ac eciam utlagar si que in ipos seu ipoz aliquem

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any of them be compelled to sell their Fish or other Victuals, but where and when, and to any Person whosoever they will within the said Realm at their Pleasure. And moreover, it is specially inhibited to all and singular the said Hosts, that none of them, upon the Pain aforesaid, intromit from henceforth [of buying, selling, or conventing] any manner Sea Fish fresh, to the Use of any Fishmonger, or other Citizen of the said City of London: And likewise it is inhibited to all Fishmongers and other Citizens of the same City of London, that none of them, upon the same Pain, far from the same City, nor near the same, from henceforth buy any Sea Fish fresh, nor of the fresh Water, to sell again in the same City, except Eels [fresh '] Luces and Pykes, which shall be and remain in common, as well to Denizens as Foreigners, to buy or sell, so that nevertheless the Denizens shall in no wise let the Foreigners within the same City, to sell such Fish, as often as they shall bring or cause to be brought the same Fishes to the said City.

ITEM, It is ordained, That every Mayor of London for the Time being, especially amongst other Things, shall be charged in his Oath, to be given to him at the King's Exchequer, that he shall hold and do to be holden and kept the Ordinance of Fishmongers and Victuals, as is aforesaid, made within his Bailiwick, and the same, all Favour set apart, do from Time to Time to be put in due Execution. And likewise the Mayors and Bailiffs, and all other Governors of Cities, Boroughs and Towns, and of such Victuallers in every Place through the said Realm within Liberties and with out, in every of their Oaths upon their new Creation to be given in their Offices, shall from henceforth be charged in especial, that they shall do such Ordinance of Victuallers to be holden and firmly kept in their Bailiwicks, as much as to them and every of them pertaineth.

ITEM, At the [Supplication and Instance 3] of the Commons of the said Realm, the same our Sovereign Lord the King of his special Grace, and of the Assent aforesaid, and to the Intent that the said Commonalty from henceforth may the more fervently abide in the Love, Faith, and Obedience of the same our Sovereign Lord the King and of his Heirs, and peaceably bear themselves in all Parts through the said Realm, hath pardoned and remitted to all and singular his liege People and Subjects, of what Estate, Degree, or Con-dition they be; (except all those whose Names another Exceptions: Time in the Parliament of this King, the v. and vi. Year of his Reign, were delivered [by the same our Sovereign Lord to be excepted from all Grace, as 1] principal Beginners, Abettors, and Procurers of the Insurrection late traiterously made within this Realm, whereof they be arraigned, and also other Three Persons Citizens of London, which now in the Parliament be in especial arraigned, for that, that is to say, that one of the same Citizens did first and principally let William Walworth, late Mayor of London, and certain other the King's faithful People to shut the Gates of the said City against the Commonalties of Kent and Essex, then traiterously assembled in the said Insurrection, that they should have none Entry into the said City, and to defend the same City from the said Traitors; and the other Two of the said Three Citizens of London were arraigned, of that that they should have been the first and chief Counsellors of the same Traitors, that they should come and enter the said City, and Leaders of the same Traitors within the said City; and all other fully being in the same Case of the (5) Three Citizens, or any of them; and also all and singular Persons of the Town of S. Edmondsbury likewise excepted;) the Suit of his Peace, and as much as to him pertaineth or may pertain for (6) Treasons and Felonies in the said Insurrections, betwixt the First Day of May, the Fourth Year of his Reign, and the Feast of the Nativity of Saint John the Baptist then next following, in any manner of wise done or committed, whereof they were indicted, arraigned, or appealed; and also Outlawries, if any in them or

Fishmongers of London may not buy fresh Fish to except Eels,

All chief Officers of Towns Corobserve the aforesaid Victuallers.

The King's Pardon to his Subjects after Infurrection.

to selle bie or covenant make of MS.Tr. 2.

s instant supplicacyoun MS. Tr. 2.

to be excepted from all Grace then granted by the said King, as, at is to say, said MS. Tr. 2. 6 all manner of that is to say,

Liberties of

the Church, and Charters,

confirmed.

II.

Statutes of

Purveyors,

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any of them were by these Occasions promulgate; and hath granted, and by these Presents doth grant to them and every of them, by the Tenor of these Presents, his firm Peace; So nevertheless, that they stand right in the King's Court, if any against them or any of them will speak of the Premisses or of any of them: Also the same our Sovereign Lord the King hath pardoned and remised to the Commons of his said Realm, and to every singular Person of the same Realm, except before excepted, as much as to him pertaineth or may pertain, for all Trespasses in any manner of wise done or committed in the same Realm, before the xxiiij Day of October this present Year; except all Trespasses by certain Officers of the King, and of other Lords and Great Men of the said Realm, and also by certain Maintainers of Quarrels, and all Jurors; and also specially except such Trespasses done before the said xxiiij Day of October, in any wise concerning Lands or Tenements. And (') by the same our Sovereign Lord the King it is ordained and graciously granted, that the said Grace, Remissions, and Pardons shall be available to every of the King's liege People, except before excepted, as though every of them had or should obtain thereof the King's Special Charter.

And therefore We command you, that the Statutes, Ordinances, Grace, Pardons, and Remissions aforesaid, in the Places within your Bailiwick where you see fit, within Liberties and without, you do cause to be publicly proclaimed on our Behalf, and the said Statutes and Ordinances in all Things to be firmly holden, according to the Tenor and Effect of the same. Witness the King at Westminster, the Twenty-fourth Day of October in the Sixth Year.

Like Commands were directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England, under the same Date.

1 furthermore M8. Tr. 2.

hiis occonibs fuint pmulgate, & firmam pacem suam tenore psencium eis & eox cuitt inde concessit & concedit p psentes; Ita tamen qd stent recto in Cur Regis si quis vel qui inde vsus eos seu eos aliquem loqui voluint vel voluit de Pmissis seu aliquo Pmissos: pdonavit insup & remisit idem dîis Rex Cõitati regni sui pdči & cuitt singulari psone ejusdem regni exceptis Pexceptis quicquid ad eum ptinet vel ptinere potit p omib3 t*nsgressionib3 in eodem regno ante vicesimū quartum diem Octobr anno Psenti qualitcuq, fcis sive ppetratis, t'nsgressionib3 tamen omib3 p quoscumq Officiarios dñi Regis & alioz dñoz & Magnatum regni, necnon p manutentores querelaz & Juratores omes, ac eciam t'nsgressionib3 tras & ten qualit cumq concnentib3 ante dcm vicesimū quartū diem fcis spalit exceptis. Et ultius ordinatum est p dnm Regem pdcm et grose concessum qu gra remissiones & pdonacoes pdce valeant cuicumq, ligeo Regis pdči exceptis pexceptis ac si inde cartam ipius Regis in spali quisquis eo sup hoc penes se heret vel eciam optineret.

Et ideo tibi Pcipim⁹ qd statuta ordinacoes gram pdonacoes & remissiones Pdca in locis infra ballivam tuam ubi melius expedire videris infra libtates & ext^a publice ex pte nra pclamari, dcaq, statuta & ordinacoes in omib; firmir teneri fac juxta tenorem & effcm eoodem. T. R. apud Westm xxiiij die Octobr, anno vj^{to}.

Cons mandata dirigunt' singlis vicecomitib; p Angt, sub eadem data.

D' Statuto apud Westm a' serto edito.

OF THE STATUTE MADE AT WESTMINSTER IN THE SIXTH YEAR.

STATUTE THE SECOND.

THE KING to the Sheriffs of London and Middlesex, Greeting. Know ye, that, in our last Parliament holden at Westminster, We caused to be made certain Statutes, Pardons, and Ordinances in these Words:

In the Parliament holden at Westminster on Monday in the Third Week of Lent, in the Sixth Year of the Reign of King Richard, the Second after the Conquest, Our Lord the King, with the Assent of the Prelates, Nobles, and Great Men assisting him in the same Parliament, caused certain Statutes, Remissions, and Ordinances to be made, to the Praise and Honour of Almighty God, and for the quiet of his People, in Form following.

FIRST, It is ordained and granted, that the Church of England shall fully enjoy and use all her Liberties and free Customs; and that the Great Charter and the Charter of the Forest shall be firmly holden in all their Articles, and put in due Execution according to the Effect of the same.

ALSO It is ordained and granted, that the Statutes of Purveyors of Victuals and Carriage for the King's Household, be in like Manner kept in all their Articles, and put in due Execution.

ITEM, Whereas our Sovereign Lord the King, in his Parliament summoned at Westminster, the Monday in the Utas of Saint Michael, the Sixth Year of his Reign, of his especial Grace, did pardon and remit to all and singular his Liege People and Subjects, of whatsoever Estate, Degree, or Condition they were, except certain Citizens of London and other, of whom special mention is made in the said Pardon, the Suit of his Peace, and whatsoever Thing to the said King pertained or might pertain, for all Manner of Treasons and Felonies done or committed in the Time of the Insurrection, then lately within the said Realm of England stirred, whereof they were indicted, arraigned, or

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 19.

R Vicecomitib; Londoñ & Midd saltm. Sciatis qd in pliamento nro apud Westm ultimo tento quedam Statuta pdonaciones & Ordinacoes fieri fecimo in hec vba: In pliamento tento apud Westm die lune in teia septimana quadragesime anno regni Regis Rici scdi post conquestum sexto, dñs nr Rex de assensu Prelatox peum & Magnatum sibi in eodem pliamento assistenciu Statuta quedam remissiones & ordinacoes fieri fecit ad laudem & honorem omnipotentis dei & p quiete ppli sui in forma subsequ.

In primis ordinatum est & concessum qd ecctia Anglicana omib; libtatib; & libis consuetudinib; suis plene gaudeat & utat'; et qd Magna Carta & Carta de Foresta in omib; suis articulis firmid teneant' et execuciói debite juxta effem eazdem demandent'.

Item ordinatum est & concessum qd Statuta de pvisorib; victualiü & cariagii p hospitio dñi Regis in omib; suis articulis similit custodiant et execucoi debite demandent.

Item cum nup dcus diis nr Rex in pliamento suo apud Westm die lune in Octabis Sci Michis anno regni sui Angt sexto convocato, de gra sua spali pdonavit & remiserit omib; & singulis ligeis & regnicolis suis cujuscuq, status gradus forent seu condicois, quibusdam Civib; London & aliis unde in dca pdonacoe plenis fit mencio spalit exceptis, sectam pacis sue & quicquid ad ipm dim Regem ptinuit vel ptinere posset p omnimodis pdicoib; & feloniis tempore insurreccois tunc novit infra regnu nrm Angt pditorie suborte qualit-cumq, fcis sive ppetratis unde indcati rettati vel appellati

In Margine Rotuli.



fuerunt put in eodem pliamento pleni9 continet'; pfatus dñs nr Rex ad instantem supplicacoem Coitatis ejusdem regni in psenti pliamento suo sibi fcam tanq m pius dīis subditos suos miseratus advens clare eo majorem t'nquillitatem ubiq int' subditos suos posse accrescere quanto ipe grosius aget cum eisdem, de assensu paco vult & concedit qd gra pdonacio & remissio in pliamento Paco vidett de palicoibs & feloniis in aca insurreccoe ppetratis ut pačm est fce ad univsos & singulos ligeos & regnicolas suos, tam vidett Londinens q'm alios quoscumq, prius de eadem gra exceptos, prqm ad illos in spali quo noia in pliamento ipius Regis apud Westm in Crast alaş anno regni ipius Regis quinto tento ab omi gra p ipm Regem tunc (') excipiend libata fuerunt, exnunc in omib; se extendant; sic qd omes & singuli psone ejusdem regni cuj⁹cumq gadus fuit vel condicois nullo eozdem excepto, pr psonas quoz noia in dco pliamento anno quinto ut pdcm est libata fuerunt, plenu beneficiū gre pdonacionis & remissionis eazdem vigore psenciū reportent, ac si quisquis eoadem cartam Regis sup hiis in spali penes se heret vel eciam optineret & put reportarent si excepcio alia de eisdem in dca priori gra vel pdonacoc fca non fuisset. Intencois tamen dci Regis non existit quin hoies ville de Bury Sci Edmundi p cartis ipius Regis de pdonacoe in spali psequi et ultius sufficientem securitatem de bono gestu suo tam erga dîim Regem & pptm suū q*m Abbiam de Bury juxta Ordinacoem sup hoc alias in consilio ipius Regis fcam invenire teneant'.

Item ppt pacem & tenquillitatem in eodem regno ubiq nutriend & augmentand ac lites & brigas amputand in eodem regno, ordinatum est & concordatum qd si psona aliqua senserit se occone alicujo t'nsgressionis in eadem insurreccoe fore gevatam vel dampnificatam & ob hoc forsan sectam inde face pponat vsus t'nsgressores pacos, qa ipa psona sectam illam ante quindenam sči Johis Bapte px futur inde incipiat si sibi viderit expedire, alioquin vo elapsa eadem quindena ab eadem secta & accoe inde p ppetuo excludat'.

Item quantū ad querelas sive sectas tensgressionū in dča insurreccoe fčaz, coram quibuscumq, Justič Regis inchoatis aut cita quindenam pacam inchoand, similit ordinatū est & concordatū qđ si ipi vsus quos ħu9i secte capte sint vel capient' ante quindenam pacam ante judiciū redditum venint, & se inde p tres vel quatuor bonos viros & idoneos atq, non suspectos ad hoc juratos coram Judicibus ubi ptitum inde pendens fuit se inde p'gare vel alias acquietare voluint, vidett qđ ipi in loco ptenso causa mali voluntarie non venerunt neq dampnū fecerunt nisi solomodo p compulsione alioz, ad hoc recipiant' p Justic & Judices Pacos et fca hu9i p'gacoe p testes pdcos extunc inde penit9 recedant quieti.

Vot Pcipim9 qd statuta ordinacoes & pdonacoes Paca infra ballivam vram publice pelamari & firmit teneri fac juxta effcm & tenorem eazdem. T. R. apud Westm xviij die Maij anno r. n. sexto.

Cons mandata uirigunt vicecomitib3 subscr sub eade dat vidett.

Vič Bed & Buk Vič Norff & Suff Vič Surř & Sussex Vič Essex & Hertf Vič Soms & Dorš Vič Norht Vič Glouč Vič Cornub Vič Sutht Vič Eboz Vič Devon Vič Kanč Vic Cantebr & Hunt Vic Wiltes.

1 facta See Stat. 6 Ric. II. st. 1. c. 13.

Richard, Sz. z Vincente Davaria, Old Plated Opins

appealed, as in the same Parliament is more fully contained; the said our Sovereign Lord the King at the instant Supplication of the Commons of his said Realm, made in this present Parliament, as a benign Lord, having Compassion of his Subjects, clearly perceiving that in how much more graciously he would do by them, so much the more Tranquillity should grow betwixt his said Subjects, of the Assent aforesaid, will and granteth, That the said Grace, Pardon, and Remission in the said Parliament, that is of Treasons and Felonies done and committed in the said Insurrection, as before is said, shall in all Things extend to all and singular his Liege People and Subjects, as well [of London as of other '] before excepted from the said Grace; such only except, whose Names specially in the said Parliament holden at Westminster, the Morrow of All Souls, in the Fifth Year of his Reign, were [by the same King delivered to be excepted from the said Grace;] So that all and singular Persons of the said Realm, of what [Estate,] Degree, or Condition they be, none of them except but the Persons whose Names be delivered in the said Parliament the said Fifth Year, shall take full Benefit of the same Grace, Pardon, and Remission, by Force of these Presents, as though every of them had or should obtain upon the same the King's special Charter, and also as they should take if no Exception thereof were made of them in the said first Grace or Howbeit, the King's Mind is not, but that the Men of St. Edmondsbury shall be thereof holden to pursue specially for the King's Charters of Pardon, and further to find sufficient Surety of their good bearing, as well against our Sovereign Lord the King and his People as against the Abbey of Bury, according to the Ordinance thereof another Time made in the King's Council.

The Men of St. Edmund's Pardons specially.

Actions for Trespasses, cease Stiffe and Contentions (3), It is ordained and accorded, That if any Person feel himself, by occasion of done in the Insurrection,

any Trespass done in the same Insurrection, to be grieved

V. Defendants in

such Actions

may purge themselves by

Compurga-tors proving

Compulsion.

ITEM, As to the Quarrels or Suits of Trespasses done in the said Insurrection, commenced before any of the King's Justices, or before the said xv. to be commenced; It is likewise ordained and accorded, That if they, against whom such Suits be taken, or before the said xv. shall be taken, come before Judgement, and will thereof purge or acquit themselves, by Three or Four good and convenient Men, and not suspect, thereunto sworn, before the Justices where the Plea shall be thereof hanging, that is to say, that they came not willingly in the Place pretensed for the cause of any Evil, nor did no harm, but only by the Compulsion of other, they shall be thereto received by the Justices and Judges aforesaid, and such Purgation made by the said Witnesses, then they shall depart thereof utterly quit: [&c.]

ITEM, For Peace and Tranquillity to be nourished

and augmented throughout the same Realm, and to

or damnified, and for the same peradventure doth purpose to make his Suit against the said Trespassers, that

the same Person begin the same Suit, if he see it expe-

dient for him, before the xv. of Saint John next coming,

or else, the said xv. being past, he shall be excluded from the same Suit, and [Occasion 1] thereof for ever.

We command you, that the Statutes, Ordinances, and Pardons aforesaid within your Bailiwick, you do cause to be publicly proclaimed, and firmly observed according to the Effect and Tenor of the same. Witness the King at Westminster, the Eighteenth Day of May in the Sixth Year of our Reign.

Like Commands are directed to the Sheriffs underwritten under the same Date, to wit; The Sheriff of Norfolk and Suffolk, the Sheriff of Essex and Hertford, the Sheriff of Lincoln, the Sheriff of Yorkshire, the Sheriff of Kent, the Sheriff of Surrey and Sussex, the Sheriff of Somerset and Dorset, the Sheriff of Cornwall, the Sheriff of Devonshire, the Sheriff of Cambridge and Huntingdon, the Sheriff of Bedford and Buckingham, the Sheriff of North Sheriff of Gloucester, the Sheriff of Southampton, the Sheriff of Wiltshire.

that is to say, Londoners, as others whomsoever,

2 delivered to be excepted from all grace then granted by the same King,

in the same Realme MS. Tr. 2. 4 action

Anno 7° RICARDI, II. A.D.1383.

Statutu apud Westm Anno septimo editu.

STATUTE MADE AT WESTMINSTER IN THE SEVENTH YEAR.

In Margine Rotuli.

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RICHARD by the Grace of God, &c. to the Sheriff of York,'] Greeting. Know thou, that at our Parliament holden at Westminster the Monday next before the Feast of All Saints last past, to the Honour of God and of Holy Church, and for the common Profit of the Realm, of the Assent of the Prelates, Lords, and Commons being at the said Parliament, We have caused to be made certain Statutes and Ordinances in the Form following:

FIRST, It is assented and accorded, That Holy Church have and enjoy all her Liberties and Franchises as wholly as she hath had and enjoyed them in the Time of the [King's noble Progenitors.²]

ITEM, That the Great Charter and the Charter of the Forest, and all other good Statutes and Ordinances made before this Time, and not repealed, shall be holden and kept, and put in due Execution according to the Effect of the same.

ITEM, At the grievous Complaint which is now made of the Officers of the Forest, It is assented and accorded, That no Manner of Jury shall be from henceforth compelled by any Officer of the Forest, or other Person whatsoever, to travel from Place to Place out of the Places where their Charge is given to them, against their Gree; nor by Malice, nor by Menace, or other Duress, constrained to give their Verdict of a Trespass done in the Forest, otherwise than their Conscience will clearly inform them; but they shall give their Verdicts upon their Charge in the Places where their Charge is given them, as above is said:

ITEM, It is assented, That no Man be taken nor imprisoned by any Officer of the Forest without due Indictment, or being taken with the Maner, or irespassing in the Forest; nor shall be constrained to make any Obligation or Ransom to any Officer of the Forest in any Sort against their Agreement and the Assise of the Forest; and if any do against this Ordinance in any Point, and thereof be attainted, he shall pay to the Party damnified their double Damages, and Fine and Ransom to the King for his Offence.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That the Statutes made in the Time of King Edward, Grandfather to our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, of Roberdsmen and Drawlatches be firmly holden and kept; and moreover it is ordained and assented, to refrain the Malice of divers People, Feitors and wandering from Place to Place, running in the Country more abundantly than they were wont in Times past, that from henceforth the Justices of Assises in their Sessions, the Justices of Peace, and the Sheriffs in every County shall have Power to enquire of all such Vagabonds and Feitors, and of their Offences, and upon them to do that the Law demandeth; and that as well the Justices and Sheriffs, as the Mayors, Bailiffs, Constables, and other Governors of Towns and Places where such Feitors and Vagabonds shall come, shall from henceforth have

The King to our Sheriff of Kent,

Noble Kings of England, Progenitors of our Lord the King that

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 19, 18.

E ROI a nre Viscount de Kent,'] saluz. Sachez qa nre plement tenuz a Westm le Lundy pchein devant le feste des Toutz Seintz darrein passe al hono' de Dieu & de Seinte Esglise & p' coe pfit du roialme de lassent des Prelatz f's & Coes esteantz el dit plement avons fait faire cteins estatutz & ordinances en la fo'me q sensuit:

Primerement est assentuz & accordez q Seinte Esglise eit & enjoise toutes ses libtees & fraunchises auxi entierement come ele les ad euz & enjoiez en temps des nobles Rois Denglerre pgenito's nre f' le Roi qure est.

Item q la gent Chartre & la Chartre de la Foreste & toutz les autres bones estatuz & ordinances avant ces heures faitz, & nient repellez, soient tenuz & gardez & duement executz selonc leffect dicelles.

Item a la grevouse pleinte qest ore faite des Ministres de la Foreste, est assentuz & accordez q nulle mane de jurree soit desore artez p ascun Ministre de la Foreste nautre psone quelconq de t'vailler de lieu en lieu, hors des lieux ou leur charge lour est donez, contre leur gree, ne p malice ou p manace ou autre duretee constreinte de dire lo' veredit, de trespas fait en foreste autment q leur conscience ne leur ent vorra clerement enfourmer, einz dient ils lours vereditz sur leur charge, es lieux ou celle charge lour est donez come desus est dit: et est assentuz q nult home soit pris nenprisonez p Ministre de Foreste sanz due enditement ou mainoevre, ou rspassant en la Foreste, ne constreint de faire obligacion ou redempcion a ascun Ministre du Foreste p qconq, mane encontre lo gree & lassise de foreste; et si ascun face encontre cest ordinance en aucun point, & de ce soit atteint, paie as pties endamagez lo's doubles damages, & fyn & raunceon au Roy

Item ordeignez est & assentuz q̃ lestatutz faitz en temps luy noble Roy Edward aiel nr̃e f' le Roi qore est, de Robdesmen & Drawelacches soient fermement tenuz & gardez; et outre ce est ordeignez & assentuz pur restreindre la malice des divses gentz faitours & vagerantz de lieu en lieu currantz de p'sent p paiis pluis habundantement q̃ ne soloient avant ces heures, q̃ desore les Justices des assises en leur Sessions, les Justices de la paix & les Viscontz en chescun Contee, aient poair denquere de toutz tielx vagerantz & faito's & de lo's malfaitz & sur eux faire ce q̃ la ley demande; & q̃ si bn les ditz Justices & Viscontz come les Mairs Baillifs Conestables & aut's Govnours des villes & lieux ou tielx faitours & vagerantz vendront, aient desore

Richard, &c. a Visconte Devwyk, Old Printed Copies.

empowered to bind over Vagabonds to their good Behaviour, &c.

I. Liberties of

the Church

II. The Charters

and Statutes

III. For Tres-

passes within the Forest, Juries shall give their Verdict where

they received their Charge.

IV. Penalty on undue

Imprison-

ment by the Officers of

the Forest;

to the King.

V. Confirmation

of 5 Ed. III.

chapter 14.

Justices, &c.

Double Damages and Fine

confirmed.

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poair de leur examiner diligealment & compeller de trover seurtee de lo' bon port, p sufficiantz mainpno's des tielx q soient destreinables si ascune defaute feusse deslors trovez en mesmes les faitours & vagerantz; & sils ne poient tiele seurtee trover soient mandez al pscheine gaole p' y dem'er tanq, a la venue des Justices assignes p' delivance des gaoles, les queux en tiel cas aient poair de faire sur les ditz vagerantz & faitours issint emprisonez ceo q leur ent semblera mieutz affaire p la Ley.

Item sur les grevouses meschiefs & compleintz qe aveignent de jo' en autre des robies larcins homicides arsures des meisons & chivachees es routes & g'ndes compaignies chescune pt du roialme; ordeignez est & assentuz q lestatut de Wyncestre, dont le tenor estoit envoiez p nre f' le Roi en lan pschein passez en chescun Countee Dengletre p' y estre pclamez, soit tenuz & gardez en toutz pointz, & mys en bone & hastive execucion a la plaint & p'suite de chescun qi se sentera grevez, encountre le tenour dicelle; & au fyn q home ne se purra desore excuser p ignorance de mesme lestatut, est auxint assentuz q chescun Viscont Dengletre soit tenuz decy en avant en ppre psone de faire pelamacion de mesme lestatut quatre foitz lan en chescun hundred de sa baillie & p ses baillifs en chescune ville marchee sibn deinz franchises come dehors.

Item encontre le meschief qavient as divses gentz du roialme queux sont empanellez & reto'nez devant les Justices & Barons de lescheqir en quel cas p cause q lenqueste nest mye p'sue au fyn p ceux qi sont pties, einz mys en delay dan en an, les jurro's y pdent g'ndement & ascuns pluis q la value de leur tre est p an, a lo' t'sg'nt empovissement & destruccion, est accordez & assentuz q desore en avant en toutes manes des plees en queux brief de Nisi prius est g'ntable doffice aps le g'nde destresce trois foitz sviz & reto'nez devant les Juges devs la Juree, & sur ce les pties demandez si nutt des dces pties veulle p'suire, ou si les pties refusent davoir brief de Nisi prius en le cas, adongs a la p'suyte daucun diceux Jurro's qi soit psent, soit brief de nisi prius fait & gentez, & ce auxion en lescheqir come aillo's, & sur ce la querele myse au fyn sanz delay selonc ce q le cas requiert & la ley demande.

Item assentuz est & accordez q les estatutz des p'veo's faitz avant ces heures soient fermement tenuz & gardez & mysez en bone & due execucion; adjoustez a ycell, q si les svantz daut's f's ou dames qi ne sont comprises es ditz estatutz pignent desore ascun pt deinz le roialme vitailles ou cariages al oeps de lo's f's & dames, autment qils nent purront accorder ovesq les possesso's & vendo's dicelles, p paiement ent affaire [pstement'] en poin, q mesmes celles svantz encourgent la peyne en toutes choses comprise es dites estatutz des Purveo's, & nientmeyns eit la ptie p iceux svantz endamagee sil vorra sa suite a la coe ley.

Item sur le meschief qavient de jo' en autre sur la fauxine & deceite qest trovez es draps vendables sibn de colour come des raies contre lassise ent ordeignez devant ces heures, est ordeignez & assentuz q toutz les estatutz ent faitz devant ces heures avec les estatutz faitz de les alneours & coillours del Subside des ditz draps soient tenuz & gardez & myses [en bone'] & due execucion; adjoustez a ycell q celuy qi desore espiera, & pvera defaute en ascun tiel drap mys a vente contre lassise ordeignee des ditz draps & contre la forme des ditz estatutz, eit la tierce ptie de chescun tiel drap defective pur son t'vaill p la livee des Viscontz sils

Interlined on the Roll.

Power to examine them diligently, and to compel them to find Surety of their good bearing, by sufficient Mainpernors, of such as be distrainable, if any Default be found in such Feitors and Vagabonds; and if they cannot find such Surety, they shall be sent to the next Gaol, there to abide till the coming of the Justices assigned for the Deliverance of the Gaols, who in such Case shall have Power to do upon such Feitors and Vagabonds so imprisoned, that that thereof to them best shall seem by the Law.

ITEM, for the grievous Mischiefs and Complaints that do daily happen of Robberies, Thefts, Manslaughters, Burning of Houses, and Ridings in Routs and great Companies in every Part of the Realm; It is ordained and assented, That the Statute of Winchester, the Tenour whereof is sent by our Lord the King this Year last past into every County of England to be proclaimed, (') be holden and kept in all Points, and put in good and hasty Execution, at the Complaint and Pursuit of every Man that feeleth himself grieved against the Tenour of the same; and to the Intent that no Man shall excuse himself by Ignorance of the same Statute, it is also assented, that every Sheriff of England shall be bound from henceforth in proper Person to make Proclamation of the same Statute four Times in a Year in every Hundred of his Bailiwick, and by his Bailiffs in every Market Town, as well within Liberties as without.

ITEM, Against the Michief that happeneth to divers People of the Realm, which be impanelled and returned before the Justices and Barons of the Exchequer; in which Case, because that the Inquest is not pursued to the End by those that be Parties, but put in Delay from Year to Year, the Jurors do greatly lose, and some much more than the Value of their Land is by Year, to their great Impoverishing and Hindrance: It is accorded, That from henceforth in all Manner of Pleas where a Nisi Prius is grantable of Office, after the great Distress [returned, and three Times served] before the Justices against the Jurors, and thereupon the Parties demanded, if none of the said Parties will pursue, or if the Parties refuse to have a Writ of Nisi Prius in the Case, then at the Suit of any of the Jurors that be present, a Writ of Nisi Prius shall be made and granted, and that as well in the Exchequer as elsewhere, and thereupon the Quarrel shall be set at an End without Delay, according as the Case requireth, and the Law demandeth.

ITEM, It is accorded and assented, That the Statutes of Purveyors made before this Time be firmly holden and kept, and put in good and due Execution; joining to the same, that if the Servants of other Lords and Ladies which be not comprised in the said Statutes, do from henceforth take, in any Part within the Realm, Victuals or Carriages to the Use of their Lords and Ladies, otherwise than they thereof may agree with the Owners and Sellers of the same by Payment thereof to be made readily in Hand, that the same Servants shall incur the Pain (3) comprised in the said Statutes of Purveyors, and nevertheless the Party endamaged by such Servants, if he will, shall have his Suit at the Common Law.

ITEM, For the Mischief which daily happeneth upon the Falsehood and Deceit which is found in Cloths vendible, as well coloured as Ray Cloths, against the Assise thereof ordained before this Time, It is ordained and assented, That all the Statutes thereof made in Times past, with the Statutes made of Aulnegers and Collectors of the Subsidy of the said Cloths, be holden, kept, and put in due and good Execution; Joining to the same, that he which from henceforth shall espy and prove Default in any such Cloth set to Sale, against the Assise thereof ordained of the said Cloths, and against the Form of the said Statutes, shall have the Third Part of every such Cloth defective for his Labour, by the Delivery of the Sheriffs, if they

¹ See Rot. Claus. 5 Ric. II. m. 13 d. and Note to Stat. Wynton, 13 Edw. I. Vol. I. page 96.

three times served, and returned

s in al thynges MS. Tr. 2.

VI. The Statute of Winchester

confirmed.

Every Sheriff shall proclaim it, quarterly.

VII.
In what case
a Nisi prius
shall be
granted at
the Suit of
any of the
Jurors.

VIII.
The Statutes
of Purveyors
confirmed
and extended
to Servants
of Subjects.

IX.
Statutes made against deceit in Cloths to be sold, and against Aulnegers and Collectors of the Subsidy of Cloths, confirmed:

Vol. II.

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Application of the Forfeitures.

be present, or of the Lords of the Fairs and Markets, and other Places where such Cloths shall be found defective, or of their Stewards or Bailiffs, or of the Constables of the Towns and Places aforesaid, by Indenture betwixt them duly to be made; which Indentures shall be every Year at the Feast of St. Michael delivered into the Exchequer, by them which so shall make the said Delivery, to the Intent there to charge the Aulnegers and Collectors aforesaid, by whom such Defaults ought to have been searched, corrected, and mended, and be not, but commonly maintained and concealed in all Parts; for which Third Part that pertaineth to the King as his Forfeiture by force of the Statutes made in Times past, the Aulnegers and Collectors aforesaid, in every County and Place where such Cloths defective shall be found, for the Pain against the said Offences and Concealment, shall make Gree of their own Money to our Lord the King in his Exchequer, of the Value of the same Third Part; so that as well of the same Third Part as of the Remnant of the said Cloth, the King shall be wholly answered at his said Exchequer.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That an Assise of Novel Disseisin shall be from henceforth granted and made of Rent behind, due of Tenements being in divers Counties, to be holden in the Confine of the Counties, within which the Tenements be; and thereupon the Assise taken and tried by People of the said Counties in the same Manner as is done of a Common of Pasture being in one County, and appendant to Tenements in another County; and that as well of Disseisins done in Time past, as of Disseisins yet to be done; and that Writs thereupon at the Suit of the Plaintiffs be made from henceforth in the Chancery without any Manner

of Contradiction, in a due Form.

ITEM, Whereas in divers Parliaments holden at Westminster, the Fifth and Sixth Years of our said Lord the King, divers Ordinances and Statutes of Fishers of London and other Victuallers were made, and also of Vintners, and of the Sale of Wines, and thereupon the same Ordinances and Statutes, with the Pains in them contained, were published and proclaimed throughout the Realm, as in the said Statutes and Ordinances more plainly may appear: Nevertheless for certain Causes, at the Request of the Commons of England thereupon specially made, It is assented and agreed, That the same Ordinances and Statutes of Fishers, Vintners, and Victuallers, made in the Years aforesaid, shall be wholly annulled and repealed, and shall lose their Effect and Strength: Nevertheless saving to the King all the Forfeitures of Wines for the Time past that to him pertaineth by virtue of the same Ordinances and Statutes: Provided always, that all the [Vintners and '] Victuallers, as well Fishers as other coming with their Victuals to the City of London, shall be from henceforth under the Governance and Rule of the Mayor and Aldermen of the said City for the Time being, as in Time past it hath been used.

ITEM, Whereas late in the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Third Year of the Reign of our said Lord the King, at the Request of the Commons, and by the Assent of the Lords Temporal, it was ordained and assented, and upon a grievous Pain prohibited, that no Subject of the King nor other Person, of what Estate or Condition he were, should take, neither receive from thenceforth, within the Realm of England, Procuracy, Letter of Attorney, ne Ferm, nor any other Administration by Indenture, or in any other Manner, of any Person concerning any Benefice of Holy Church within the Realm, but only of the King's Subjects of the same Realm, without the especial Grace and express Licence of our said Lord the King, upon a certain Pain contained in the said Statute; It is assented and agreed by the same Lords, That the same Statute shall keep his

1 Wines, and the

soient Psentz ou des f's des feires & marchees, & auts lieux ou tielx draps defectives front trovez, ou de lo's Seneschalx & Baillifs ou des Conestables des villes & lieux avantditz p endentures ent entre eux duement affaires; les queles endentures soient chescun an a le feste de Seint Michel livez en lescheqir p ceux gensi ferront la dite livee, al effect de charger illoeqs les Alneours & coillours avantditz p queux tielx defautes deussent estre Schez chastiez & amendez & ne sont my einz coement maintenuz ou concelez toutz ptz; pur quele tierce ptie qapptient au Roi come sa forfaiture p force de lestatutz devant ore faitz les alneo & coillo avantditz, en chescun Countee & lieu ou tielz draps defectives front trovez p' peine encontre lo's ditz mal fait & concelement, facent gree de lo's ppres deniers a nre dit f' le Roi en son Escheqir de la value de celle tierce ptie, issint q sibn de mesme la tierce ptie come del remenant du dit drap nre f le Roi soit entierement responduz a son Escheqir avantdit.

Item est ordeignez & assentuz qassise de Novele Disseisine soit desore gente & faite de rent aderiere, due des tenz esteantz es divses Countees a tenir en la confyne des Countees deinz queux les tenz sont, & sur ce lassise prise & triee p gentz des ditz Countees en mesme la mane come est fait du coe de pasture esteantz en un Countee & appendante as tenz en autre Countee, & ce auxi avant des disseisines faites devant ceste heure, come de disseisines unqore affaire, & q briefs sur ceo a la p'suyte des pleintifs soient desore faitz en la Chauncellerie sanz nulle mane de contediccion en due forme.

Item combn q nadgairs en divses plementz tenuz a Westin les ans du regne nre dit & le Roi quint & sisme, furent faitz divses ordinances, & estatutz des pessoners de Londres & daut's vitaillers & auxint des vineters & la vente des vins, & sur ce mesmes les ordinances & estatutz ovesq, les peynes en ycelles contenuz furent publiez & pclamez pmy le Roialme sicome en les ditz ordinances & estatutz pluis pleinement purra apparoir; Nientmeyns p' cteins enchesons a la requeste des Cões Dengletre sur ceo especialment faite, est assentuz & accordez q mesmes les ordinances & estatutz des Pessoners Vineters & Vitaillers, faitz en les ans desuisditz, soient de tout anientiz & repellez & pdent lour force & vtue; Sauvez nientmeins a nre f' le Roi toutz les forfaitures des vins a lui apptenantes p viue de mesmes les ordinances & estatutz qantal temps passez. Purveuz toutz foitz q toutz les [vins'] & vitaillers sibn Pessoners come aut's ove leur vitailles venantz a la dce Citee de Londres, soient desore desouz le govnaile [& reulle 1] des Meir & Aldermannes de la Citee avandce p' le temps esteantz come auncienement y soleient estre.

Item come nadgairs en plement tenuz a Westm lan du regne nre f' le Roi tierce, a la requeste des Cões & p assent des f's temporels, estoit ordeignez & assentuz & sur grevouse peyne defunduz q nult liege le Roi nautre psone quelconq de quel estat ou condicion qil fuist, pndroit ne resceivoit delors enavant deinz le Roialme Dengletre pcuracie, tre datto'ne, ne ferme, nautre administracion p endenture nen autre mane quelconq de nulle psone dascun benefice de Seinte Esglise deinz le dit Roialme fors tantsoulement des lieges nre f' le Roi de mesme le Roialme sanz especiale g'ce & expsse congie de nre f' le Roi sur cteine peine comprise en lestatut avantdit, assentuz est ore & accordez p mesmes les f's q mesme lestatut tiegne ses

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* Interlined on the Roll.

X.
Trial of
Assize for
Rent out of
Lands lying
in Two
Counties.

XI.
The Statutes
5 Ric. II.
c. 4, 5. and
6 Ric. II.
c. 7, 11, 12,
concerning
Fishmongers,
Victuallers,
and Vintners,
repealed.

Victuallers of London shall be under the Rule of the Mayor and Aldermen.

XII. Stat. 3 Ric.II. c. 3. recited;

confirmed and extended to Aliens holding Benefices in England;



xiij.

xiiij.

force & Ptue en toutz pointz; et outre ceo est auxint assentuz q si ascun alien eit purchacez ou desore purchace ascun benefice de Seinte Esglise Dignite ou autre & en ppre psone Pigne possession dicelle ou loccupie de fait, deinz mesme le Roialme, soit il a son oeps ppre, ou al oeps dautri sanz especiale congie du Roi, soit il compris en mesme lestatut, & outre ceo encourge en toutz pointz tielx peines & forfaiture come sont ordeignez p un autre estatut fait en lan xxv° del regne luy noble Roi E. aiel nre f' le Roi gore est, contre ceux qi purchacent pvisions dabbeies ou Priories; et enoutre au fyn q tielx licences ne se facent desore enavant, le Roi voet & comande a toutz ses lieges & autres qils lour abstiegnent de cy enavant de luy prier dascuns tiels licences doner; et si voet auxi le Roi luy mesmes abstiegner de doner ascune tiele licence, durantes les guerres horspris au Cardinal de Naples ou a autre especiale psone a qi le Roi soit p especiale cause tenuz.

Item est ordeignez & assentuz & le Roi defende q desoremes nutt home chivache deinz le Roialme armez, encontre la forme de lestatut de Norhampton sur ce fait, ne ovesq lancegay deinz mesme le Roialme, les queux lancegayes soient de tout oustez deinz le dit Roialme come chose defendue p nre fr le Roi, sur peine de forfaiture dicelx lancegaies armures & aut's herneys quelconqes es mayns & possession de celluy qi les porta desore deinz mesme le Roialme contre cestz estatut & ordinances sanz especiale congie de Roi nre &.

Item es briefs de Pmunire fac est assentuz & accordez q ceux vs queux tielx briefs sont portez, & qi sont de Psent hors de Roialme & sont de bone fame & aient faitz lo' genalx atto'nes devant lo' deptir, q le Chaunceller [Dengletre '] pur le temps esteant, p ladvis des Justices purra g'ntier q mesmes les psones purront apparoir & respondre & faire & resceivre ce q la ley demande, p lo' genalx atto'nes avantdiz siavant come es autres cas & quereles; et ceux psones qi decy enavant passeront p licence nre & le Roi & soient auxint de bone fame, q a lo' requeste le dit Chaunceller p ladvis des Justices lour purra gentier defaire lor genalx atto'nes en la Chancellerie p patent du Roi devant lo' passer, [a respondre'] sitn es ditz briefs de Pmunire fac, come en aut's quereles en quel cas toutes voies soit expsse mencion [faite3] des briefs & quereles de pmunire fac; et celle patente ensi faite, purront des lors les ditz atto'nes en absence de lo' Meistres, respondre p eux & aut's atto'nes desouz eux, devant quelconq, juge du Roialme & faire & resceivre el dit cas, siavant come en null autre cas nientcontresteant ascun estatut fait a cont'rie avant ces heures.

Item sur la grevouse pleinte qest faite des meynteno's des quereles & chaumpto's; est ordeignez & assentuz q lestatutz ent faitz en les ans du regne le Roi Edward aiel nre dit & le Roi primer & quart, et auxint en lan de nre f le Roi qore est primer, soient tenuz & gardez & duement executz en toutz pointz.

Item est assentuz & le Roi defende estroitement q decy enavant nulle psone aliene ou denszein de quelconq estat ou condicion qil soit amesne ou envoie ou face amesner ou envoier p re ou p meer hors du Roialme Denglerre as ascunes pties Descoce en prive ne en appt ascune mane darmure de blee de brees ne dautre vitaille ou dautre refressiichement queconq, sur peine de forfaiture de mesmes les vitailles armures & des autres choses avantdites ensemble avec les niefs vesseulx charettes & chivalx qi les portent ou amesnent, ou de la Proie value dicelles, si ensi ne soit q le

1 2 3 Interlined on the Roll.

Force and Effect in all Points; and moreover it is assented, That if any Alien have purchased, or from henceforth shall purchase any Benefice of Holy Church, Dignity, or other Thing, and in his proper Person take Possession of the same, or occupy it himself within the Realm, whether it be to his own proper Use, or to the Use of another, without especial Licence of the King, he shall be comprised within the same Statute; and moreover shall incur all Pains and Forfeitures in all Points as is before ordained by another Statute made the Five and twentieth Year of the noble King Edward the Third, Grandfather to our Lord the King that now is, against them that purchase Provisions of Abbeys or Priories; and to the Intent that such Licences shall not be from henceforth made, the King willeth and commandeth to all his Subjects and other, that they shall abstain them from henceforth to pray him for any such Licence to be given; and also the King himself will refrain to give any such Licence during the Wars, except to the Cardinal of Naples, or to some other special Person to whom the King is beholden for a special Cause.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, and also the King doth prohibit, That from henceforth no Man shall ride in Harness within the Realm, contrary to the Form of the Statute of Northampton thereupon made, neither with Launcegay within the Realm, the which Launcegays be clearly put out within the said Realm, as a Thing prohibited by our Lord the King, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the said Launcegays, Armours, and other Harness, in whose Hands or Possession they be found that bear them within the Realm, contrary to the Statutes and Ordinances aforesaid, without the King's special Licence.

ITEM, In Writs of Præmunire facias, It is assented and agreed, That they against whom such Writs be sued, and who at this Time be out of the Realm, and be of good Fame, and have made their general Atturnies before their departing, that the Chancellor of England for the Time being, by the Advice of the Justices, may grant, that the same Persons may appear to answer, to do, and to receive that Thing which the Law demandeth, by their general Atturnies aforesaid, as well as in other Causes and Quarrels; and those Persons which from henceforth shall pass by the King's Licence, and be of good Fame, that at their Request the Chancellor, by the Advice of the Justices, may grant to them to make their general Atturnies in the Chancery by the King's Patent, before their Passage, to answer as well in the said Writs of Præmunire facias, as in other Writs and Plaints; in which Case express Mention shall be made at all Times of the Writs and Plaints of Præmunire facias; and this Patent so made, the said Atturnies from henceforth, in Absence of their Masters, may answer [for them, and make'] other Atturnies under them, before any Judge of the Realm, [to'] do and receive in the said Case as much as in any other Case or Matter, notwithstanding any Statute made to the contrary heretofore.

ITEM, For the grievous Complaint that is made of Maintainers of Quarrels, and Champertors; It is ordained and assented, That the Statutes thereof made in the First and Fourth Years of King Edward, Grandfather to our Lord the King that now is, and also in the First Year of our Lord the King that now is, shall be holden and kept, and duly executed in all Points.

ITEM, It is assented, and the King straitly defendeth, That from henceforth no Person, Alien nor Denizen, of whatsoever Estate or Condition that he be, shall carry nor send, nor do to be carried nor sent, by Land nor by Sea, out of the Realm of England, to any Parts of Scotland, privily nor apertly, any Manner of Armour, Corn, Malt, or other Victuals, or any other refreshing, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Victuals, Armours, and other Things aforesaid, together with the Ships, thereof. Vessels, Carts, and Horses which shall bring or carry the same, or of the very Value of the same, except so it be

by themselves and and and

who shall also be liable to the Penalties of 25 Ed. III. st. 5. c. 22.

The King's Licences to shall not be asked for.

XIII. No Man shall the Statute

XIV. For enabling Parties out of the Realm to appoint in Writs of Premunire.

Statutes I Edw. III. stat. 2. c. 14; 4E.III. c.11; Ric.II. c 4; against Maintenance, &c. confirmed.

No Armour shall be sent into Scotland without the King; on Pain of Forfeiture

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pernors shall be liable in

Damages by Delay.

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that the King do give his special Licence to the contrary. And to the Intent that these Ordinances be duly kept and put in due Execution, It is also assented, that he which after Proclamation thereof made, espy and prove that any hath offended or forfeit in any Point against the Form of this Ordinance, shall have the Third Part of the said Forfeitures wholly to his own Use (1).

ITEM, It is assented and accorded, That in Writs of Debt, Trespass, and Account, and in all other Cases where Mainprise and Writs of Supersedeas be grantable, that if the Persons [comprised '] come not before the Judges at a Day comprised in the same Mainprise, and by so much the Plaintiff is put to Delay and Loss, the said Mainpernors shall be answerable to the Plaintiffs of a certain Sum of Silver, to be limited by the Discretion and Advice of the said Judges, having Consideration to the Quality and Quantity of the Damages of the Parties, and of the Things in Demand. And this Ordinance of Mainpernors shall endure in Assay till the next Parliament only.

[3 And therefore We command you that as well the said Statute of Winchester, four times in each Year from henceforth, in Manner as above is ordained, as the other Statutes and Ordinances above written, in all the Cities, Boroughs, Market Towns, and other notable laces within your Bailiwick, where it shall seem to you most expedient, within Franchise and without, you do cause to be proclaimed on our behalf, and to be published and duly kept and observed according to the Form and Effect of the same. Given under the Witness of our Great Seal at our Palace of Westminster the Twenty-sixth Day of November, in the Seventh Year of our Reign.³]

Like Commands of the King are directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England, under the same Date.

for his labour

Former Translations read only thus:

And therefore We command you, &c. Dated, &c.

Roi nre & nent donne sa licence especiale a contrie. Et au fyn q ceste ordinance soit duement gardez & mys en bone execucion est auxint assentuz q celluy qi aps q proclamacion ent soit faite purra espier & pver qascun eit mespris, ou forfait en ascun point contre la forme de ceste ordinance, eit la tierce ptie des dites forfaitures entement a son ppre oeps pr son tvaille.

Item est assentuz & accordez qen briefs de dette trespas & de accompte, & en toutz autres cas ou maynprise & brief de Supsedeas sont gentables, si les psones maunprisez ne viegnent mye devant les Juges au jo' compris en mesme la meynprise, & p tant le pleintif soit mys en delay & pde, soient les ditz meinpnours respoignables as pleintifs dune cteine some, (1) a limiter p la discrecion & advis des ditz Juges, eiantz consideracion a la qualitee & quantitee des damages du ptie & de la chose en demande. Et si durera ceste ordinance des mainpno's en assaie, tanq, al pchein plement tantsoulement.

Et purce vous mandons q sibn le dit Estatut de Wyncestre quatre foitz chescun an decy enavant p mane q dessus est ordeignez, come les autres Estatutz & ordinances dessusescritz en toutz les Citees Burghs villes marchees & autres lieux notables deinz vre baillie ou vous verrez q mieutz soit affaire deinz franchise & dehors, facez pclamer dep nous & publier & duement garder & tenir selonc la forme & effect dicelles. Don p tesmoignance de nre g nt Seal a nre Paleys de Westm avantdit le xxvjme jour de Novembre lan de nre regne septisme.

Consimilia mandata R dirigunt' singulis Vicecomitib; p Angt sub eadem dat.

dargent Old Printed Copies.

Anno 8° RICARDI, II. A.D. 1384.

Statutu apud Westm anno odabo editu.

STATUTE MADE AT WESTMINSTER IN THE EIGHTH YEAR.

TO the Honour of God, and at the Request of the Commonalty of the Realm of England made to our Lord the King in his Parliament holden at Westminster in the Morrow of St. Martin, the Eighth Year of his Reign; the same our Lord the King of the Assent of the Prelates, Great Men, and Commons aforesaid, hath caused to be made in the same Parliament, a certain Statute for the common Profit of the said Realm, and especially for the good and just Governance, and due Execution of the Common Law, in the Form following.

FIRST, It is [ordained and enacted,'] that Holy Church have all her Liberties; and that the Great Charter, and the Charter of the Forest, the Statutes of Purveyors and Labourers, and all other Statutes and Ordinances heretofore made and not repealed, shall be holden and observed, and put in due Execution according to the Form and Effect of the same.

ITEM, It is [ordained and assented, a] That no Man of Law shall be from henceforth Justice of Assises, or of the common Deliverance of Gaols in his own Country; and that the Chief Justice of the Common Bench be assigned amongst other to take such Assises, and deliver Gaols; but as to the Chief Justice of the King's Bench, it shall be as for the most part of an hundred Years last past was wont to be done.

1 accorded and statuted MS. Tr. 2.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 18.

A D honorem dei & requisicoem coitatis regni Angle feam dño Regi in pliamento suo tento apud Westm in Crastino Sei Martini anno regni sui octavo, idem dñs Rex de assensu Prelatoz Magnatū & Coitatis pêce quoddam statutū in eodem pliamento p coi utilitate dei regni & pertim p bona & justa gubnacoe ac debita execucoe cois legis fieri fecit in forma subsequenti:

In primis concordatu est & statutu qd sca eccha heat omes libtates suas, & qd Magna Carta & Carta de Foresta, Statuta de pvisorib; & laboratorib; & omia alia statuta & ordinacoes ante hec tepora edita & minime revocata teneant observent & execucoi debite demandent juxta formam & effem eogdem.

Item concordatu est & statutu qd nullus homo de lege sit deceto Justic assisa, vel cois delibacois gaola, in ppria pria sua et qd capitalis Justic de coi Banco assignet int alios ad hoi assisas capiend & ad gaolas deliband set quoad capitalem Justic de Banco Regis fiat sicut p majori pte Centu anno, px prito, fieri consuevit.

I. Liberties of the Church, and Statutes confirmed.

II.
No Lawyer shall be a Judge in his own Country.

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Item cu nup in tempore incliti Regis Edwardi avi dñi Regis nunc ordinatū fuisset qt Justič q mdiu in officio Justic forent non capent feodu neo, robam de aliquo Prom de Rege, et qu non capent donu sive rewardū p ipos vel p alios clam vel palam de aliquo qui coram eis heret aliquid faciend quacumq, via, excepto cibo & potu modici valoris, & qd non darent consiliū alicui magno vel parvo in reb3 vel negociis ubi Rex est pars vel que Regem tangunt quoquo modo, sub cta pena in ordinacce pdca contenta: Et eodem modo ordinatum fuisset de Baronib3 de Scecio, put in ordinacce Ddča plenius continet', & dča ordinačoe in pliamento recitata, concordatu est & statutu, qd nullus Justic de Banco Regis vel de coi Banco nec aliquis Baronu de Scecio que mdiu in officio Justic vel Baronis fuit capiat deceto p ipm vel p aliū clam vel palam robam feodū pensionem donu vel rewardu de aliquo prq'm de Rege, nec exenniū de aliquo prom exenniū de cibo & potu quod non sit magni valoris. Et qu decero non dent consiliū alicui magno vel parvo in reb3 vel negociis in quib3 Rex est pars vel que Regem tangunt quoquo modo, & qd non sint de consilio alicujo in aliqua causa ptito vel querela coram ipis sive in aliquib3 aliis magnis Cur vel placeis [Regis '] pendente, sub pena amittendi officiū suū & faciendi Regi finem & redempcoem.

Item ad querimoniam dee Coitatis feam Dño Regi in pliamento, de eo qd magna exheredacio retroactis temporib3 plurib3 de ppto fca extitit & fieri pot'it p falsam intraccem phitos rasuras rotulos & mutaccem veredcos, concordatu est & statutu qd si aliquis [juxdex 1] vel Chicus de h9i defcu, dumodo p defem illu exheredacio altius pciū subsequat', sufficient convincat' coram Rege & consilio suo p modū & formam quos idem dñs Rex & consiliu suu tunc viderint fore ronabiles, infra duos annos post defem hoi fem si pars g'vata sit plene etatis, & si infra etatem fuit tunc infra duos annos postq*m ad plenam etatem pveniit, puniat' p finem & redempcoem ad voluntate Regis & satisfaciat pti. Et quo ad restitucoem hereditatis p deam Coitatem petitam sequat' pars g'vata p bre de errore vel alias juxta legem si sibi viderit expedire.

Item p eo qđ divsa plita cõem legem tangencia & que p coem legem deduci & discuti deberent, t'hunt' jam de novo coram Constabular & Marescallo Angt ad g've dampnū & inquietacoem ppti, concordatū est & statutū qđ omia pfita & querele coem legem tre tangencia & que p coem legem deduci & discuti debeant non t'hant' nec teneant' deceto coram Pfatis Constabular & Marescallo quoquo modo, set qd Cur ipox Constabularii & Marescalli heat id quod ad dcam Cur ptinet, & qd lex cois heat id quod ad ipam ptinet, ac fiat & usitet' put temporiby pgenitos dñi Regis fieri & usitari consuevit.

D' pclamando statutū pdcm.

B Vic Lincoln sattm. Quoddam statutu p nos de assensu Prelatoz Magnatū & Cõitatis regni nri Angt, in ultimo pliamento nro apud Westri tento, p coi utilitate dči regni nři editů tibi mittim9 psentib3 intclusum, mandantes & firmit Pcipientes qd statim visis Psentib; ac statuto Paco, statutū illud in pleno Com tuo ac in Civitatib3 Burgis villis mcatoriis & aliis locis in balliva tua ubi melius expedire videris publice legi & pclamari fac ac quantu in te est firmit observari. T. R. apud Westm xiiij die Junii anno r. ñ. octavo.

Cons bria dir singulis Vicecomitib3 Angt.

1 Interlined on the Roll. 8 Read Judex

ITEM, Whereas late in the Time of the noble King Edward, Grandfather of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, it was ordained, That Justices, as long as they should be in the Office of Justices, should not take Fee nor Robe of any except of the King, and that they should not take Gift nor Reward by them nor yet by other, privily nor apertly, of any Man which should have any Thing to do afore them in any wise, except Meat and Drink, of small Value; and that they should not give Counsel to any great or small in Things or Affairs, where the King is Party, or which in any wise touch the King upon a certain Pain contained in the said Ordinance: And in the same Manner it is ordained of the Barons of the Exchequer, as in the said Ordinance is more plainly contained; (') the said Ordinance being rehearsed in the Parliament, it is [ordained and assented,'] That no Justice of the King's Bench nor of the Common Bench, nor none of the Barons of the Exchequer, as long as they shall be in the Office of Justice or Barons, shall take from henceforth (1) Robe, Fee, Pension, Gift, nor Reward, of any but of the King, [except Reward'] of Meat and Drink, which shall be of no great Value. And that from henceforth they shall give no Counsel to any, great or small, in Things or Affairs, wherein the King is Party, or which in anywise touch the King, and that they be not of any Man's Counsel in any Cause, Plea, or Quarrel, hanging the Plea before them or in other of the King's (5) Courts or Places, upon Pain of Loss of their Office, and making to the King Fine and Ransom.

ITEM, At the Complaint of the said Commonalty made to our Lord the King in the Parliament, for that great Disherison in Times past was done of the People, and may be done by the false entering of Pleas, rasing of Rolls, and changing of Verdicts; It is [accorded and assented,'] That if any Judge or Clerk be of such Default, so that by the same Default there ensueth Disherison of any of the Parties, sufficiently convict before the King and his Council, by the Manner and Form which to the same our Lord the King and his Council shall seem reasonable, and within Two Years after such Default made, if the Party grieved be of full Age, and if he be within Age, then within Two Years after that he shall come to his full Age, he shall be punished by Fine and Ransom at the King's Will, and satisfy the Party. And as to the Restitution of the Inheritance Party. And as to the Restitution of the inheritance desired by the said Commons, the Party grieved shall sue by Writ of Error, or otherwise, according to the Law, if he see it expedient for him.

AND because divers Pleas concerning the Common Law, and which by the Common Law ought to be examined and discussed, are of late drawn before the Constable and Marshal of England, to the great Damage and Disquietness of the People; It is [agreed and ordained,' That all Pleas and Suits touching the Common Law, and which ought to be examined and discussed at the Common Law, shall not hereafter be drawn or holden by any Means before the foresaid Constable and Marshal, but that the Court of the same Constable and Marshal shall have that which belongeth to the same Court, and that the Common Law shall be executed and used, and have that which to it belongeth, and the same shall be executed and used as it was accustomed to be [used in the Time of King Edward.6]

The King to the Sheriff of Lincoln greeting. A certain Statute by Us, with the Assent of the Prelates, Nobles, and Commonalty of our Realm of England, in our last Parliament holden at Westminster, for the common Profit of our said Realm made, We send to you, inclosed in these Presents, commanding and firmly enjoining, that immediately on sight of these Presents and the Statute aforesaid, the same Statute in your full County, and in Cities, Boroughs, Market Towns, and other Places in your Bailiwick, where you may see it most expedient, you do cause to be read and proclaimed and as far as in you lieth, to be firmly observed. Witness the King at Westminster the Fourteenth Day of June in the Eighth Year of our Reign.

Like Writs are directed to the several Sheriffs of England.

1 And MS. Tr. 2.

accorded and statuted

3 by himself or other, privily or apertly,

4 nor Entertainment of any, except Entertainment 6 executed and used in the times of the Progenitors of our Lord the King.

III. The Statute chapter 1, 2. recited.

No Judge shall take any Gift but of the King;

nor give where the Party, &c.

Penalty on Judge or Clerk making a false Entry,

V. Pleas at common Law shall not be discussed before the and Marshal.

Anno 9° RICARDI, II. A.D.1385.

D' Statuto edito apud Westm a' nono.

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OF THE STATUTE MADE AT WESTMINSTER IN THE NINTH YEAR.

OUR Lord the King, at his Parliament holden at Westminster, the Friday next after the Feast of St. Luke, the Ninth Year of his Reign, of the Assent of the Prelates, Dukes, Marquesses, Earls, Barons, and Commons at the said Parliament assembled, hath ordained and established the Things underwritten.

I. Statutes confirmed:

Except Stat. 8 Ric.II. c. 3.

II. Villains flying and suing their Lords, shall not bar thereby.

Attaint or Writ of Error for Reversioner on false Verdict or erroneous Judgement against particular Tenant.

In case of Covin by the particular Tenant, the Reversioner shall recover the Land. FIRST, It is accorded and assented, That all the Statutes made by the Parliament in the Times of the the King's noble Progenitors, and in his own Time, as well of Sheriffs, Under-Sheriffs, Escheators, and Clerks of Sheriffs, as of Purveyors, and all other good Statutes and Ordinances not repealed by Parliament, shall be firmly holden and kept, and due Execution thereof done, according to the Effect of the same; except the Statute of the Justices and Barons of the Exchequer made at the last Parliament, which, because it is very hard, and needeth Declaration, the King will that it be of no Force till it be declared by Parliament.

ITEM, Whereas divers Villains and Neifs, as well of great Lords as of other People, as well Spiritual as Temporal, do [fly within'] Cities, Towns, and Places enfranchised, as the City of London, and other like, and feign divers Suits against their Lords, to the Intent to make them free by the answer of their Lords: It is accorded and assented, That the Lords nor other, shall not be forebarred of their Villains, because of their Answer in the Law.

ITEM, It is accorded and assented, That if the Tenant for Term of Life, Tenant in Dower, Tenant by the Courtesy of England, or Tenant in Tail after Possibility of Issue extinct, be impleaded, and plead to an Inquest, and lose by the Oath of Twelve, or by Default or in other Manner, that he to whom the Reversion of the Tenements so lost doth appertain at the Time of such Judgement given, his Heirs or Successors, shall have an Action by Writ of Attaint, to attaint the same Oath, if they will affign the same Oath to be false, and also by Writ of Error, if Error be found in the Record of such Judgement, as well in the Life of such Tenants that so do lose, as after their Death. And if such Judgement erroneous be reversed, or such false Oath be found, that the Tenant which did lose by the first Judgement, if he be in Life, shall be restored to his Possession of the Tenements so lost, with the Issues in the mean Time, and the Party pursuing, to the Arrearages of the Rent, if any be due of the same Tenements; and if such Tenant be dead at the Time of the Judgement given upon such Writs of Attaint and of Error, that Restitution of the said Tenements be made to the Party pursuing, with the Issues after the Death of the said Tenant, together with the Arrearages of the Rent, if any to him were due in the Life of the said Tenant. Provided nevertheless, that although the Tenant, which so did lose by the first Judgement, be in Life, and the Party pursuing will alledge that the same Tenant was of Covin and of Assent of the Demandant which recovered, that such Tenements [ought to be '] lost, that Restitution of the same Tenements be made to the same Party pursuing, with the Issues and Arrearages, as afore is said, saving to such Tenant his Action by Writ of

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Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 17.

emois Junio, forest and capent feedli neg, robust de

Nre f' le Roy a son plement tenuz a Westm le Vendredy pschein aps le feste de seint Luc lan de son regne noefisme, si ad del assent des Prelatz Duks Markys Conts Barons & Cões au dit plement assemblez ordenez & establiz les choses desoutz escriptz.

En primes accordez est & assentuz q̃ touz les estatuz faitz p plement en temps de les nobles pgenito's nre f' le Roy qore est & en son temps demesne, sibn des Viscontz Southviscontz Escheto's & Clers des Viscontz come des Purveo's, & touz aut's bones estatutz & ordenances nient repellez p plement, soient fermement tenuz & gardez & due execucion ent fait solonc leffecte dicelles; forspris lestatut des Justices & Barons de lescheqer fait en darrein plement le quele a cause qil est trop dure & embosoigne declaracion le Roy voet qil soit de nulle force tanq, soit declarez p plement.

Item p la ou pluso's villains & neifs sibn des g'ntz f's come des aut's gentes sibn espiritels come temporels senfuent deinz Citees Villes & lieux enfranchisez, come la Cite de Londres & aut's semblables & feinont divses suites devs lour f's a cause de lour faire franks p la respons de lo' f's; accordez est & assentuz q les f's ne aut's ne soient mye forbarrez de lo' villayns p cause de lo' respons en la ley.

Item accordez est & assentuz q si tenant a t'me de vie, tenant en Dower, tenant p ley Denglerre, ou tenant en la taille ap's possibilite de issue esteint soient empledez & pledent al enquest & pdont p sement de dusze, ou qils pdont p defaute ou en autre mane, q celluy a qi la revision de teritz ensy pduz appendoit a temps de tiel jugement rendu ses heirs ou successo's eient accion p brief datteint dattaindre le dit sement sils voillent assigner mesme le sement estre falx, & auxint p brief derro' si erro' y soit trove en le record de tiel jugement, sibn en la vie des ditz tenantz gensy pdont come aps lour mort, & si tiel jugement erroyne soit revse ou tiel faulx sement soit trove, q le tenant qi pdi p le pmer jugement sil soit en vie soit restitut a la possession des tentz ensy pduz ove les issues en le mesne temps, & le ptie p'suant a les arrerages de la rente si ascun a luy soit due de mesmes les teñz; & si tiel tenant soit mort a temps del jugement rendu s' tielx briefs datteynt & derro', q restitucion de tielx tentz soit fait a la ptie p'suant ove les issues puis la mort del tenant suisdit; ensemblement ove les arrerages del rent si ascun a luy fuist due en la vie del tiel tenant : p'veu ne p' qant coment q le tenant qensy pdi p le primer jugement soit en vie & le ptie p'suant voille alleger q mesme le tenant fuist de covine & assent del demandant q recovy q tielx teñz deussent estre pduz, q restitucion de mesmes les tenementez soit fait a mesme la ptie p'suant ove les issues & arrerages come devant est dit, savant a tiel tenant accion p scire fac

hors de mesme le jugement ensy revse ou rendu en le brief datainte, sir voille tes covyne & assent avantditz & autment nient. Et q ceste estatut tiegne lieu des jugementz a rendre en temps avenir, & auxint de deux jugementez nadgairs renduz en Bank le Roy en deux plees derro', lun entre Edmund Franceys & Idoine sa femme demandantz et Robt de Westby & aut's tenantz de cteins tentz en Oxenford & le Suburbe de mesme la ville, & lautre entre les ditz Edmond & Idoine demandantz et Richard Cornewayle & Isabell sa femme & aut's tenantz de cteins tentz en mesme la ville, des queux teñtz la revsion appendoit au temps des ditz deux jugementz renduz as Maistre & Escolers del College de la sale del univsite Doxenford a ce qest dit, & q les ditz Maistre & Escolers poont avoir & faire lo' suite p brief dateinte ou derro' de mesme les jugementz come meultz lo' semblera solonc la fourme de cest estatut.

Item p la ou plee soit mieu pentre ptie [et ptie] en court le Roy, les queux descendent en issu s' tieu point Cestassavoir, si un Priour quel la matier esteant en plee touche soit ppetuel ou datif & remuable a la volunte son Sovayn, & lune des pties voille alleger en [daclaracion] de tiel ppetuite q tiel Prio' fuist psente p son Sovaigne al Ordenaire & p luy resceu institut & induct, ordene est & establi qen tieu cas q'nt les parties descendent a tiel issue, q brief soit mande al ordenaire de lieu de ctifier si tiel prio' soit ppetuel ou datif & remuable come devant, & q la matier soit ajuge solonc sa ctificacion, & q cest estatut soit de force entre pties sibn la ou tiel Prio' nest pas ptie come la ou il est ptie, & sibn en plees pendantz come plees desore a comencer.

Item a la revence de Dieu & Seint Esglise accordez est & establi q pestres & aurs gentz de Seint Esglise pris en la Marchalcie de hostel nre f' le Roy paient tielx fees come les lais gentz resonablement paient & pient pluis.

Interlined on the Roll.

2 Read declaracion

Scire Facias, out of the same Judgement so reversed or given [or '] Writ of Attaint, if he will traverse the Covin and Assent aforesaid, and otherwise not. And that this Statute hold Place of Judgements to be given in Time to come; and also of Two Judgements late given in the King's Bench in Two Pleas of Error, the one betwixt Edmund Frances and Ideyn his Wife, Demandants, and Robert Westby and [other '] Tenants, of certain Tenements in Oxenford, and in the Suburbs of the same Town; and the other betwixt the said Edmund and Ideyn Demandants, and Richard Cornwall and Isabel his Wife and [other] Tenants, of certain Tenements in the same Town, of which Tenements the Reversion at the Time of the said Two Judgements given did pertain to the Master and Scholars of the College of the University Hall in Oxenford, as it is said, so that the Master and Scholars may have and [do 3] their Suit by Writ of Attaint or of Error of the same Judgements, as to them best shall seem, according to the Form of this Statute.

ITEM, [Whereas '] a Plea is moved betwixt Party and Party in the King's Court which do descend to an Issue upon such Point, that is to say, [if the Matter being in Plea touch any Prior be he's] perpetual or dative and removeable at the Will of his [Abbot] Sovereign, (6) the one of the Parties will alledge in Declaration of such Perpetuity, that such Prior was presented by his Sovereign to the Ordinary, and by him received, instituted, and inducted: It is ordained and established, That in such Case, when the Party descendeth to such Issue, that a Writ be sent to the Ordinary of the Place, to certify if such Prior be perpetual, or dative and removable, as before, and that the Matter be judged according to the Certification, and that this Statute be of Force betwixt the Parties, as well where such Prior is not Party as where he is Party, and as well in Pleas hanging, as in Pleas hereafter to be commenced.

ITEM, For the Reverence of God, and of Holy Church, it is accorded and established, That Priests and other People of Holy Church, taken in the Marshalsey of the King's House, shall pay such Fees as Lay-People pay, reasonably, and no more.

in the others make MS. Tr. 2. when Whether a Prior, whom the Matter being in Plea toucheth, be

ana

The Tenant's Remedy to traverse the

The Statute extended to Two Judgements previously given in King's Bench.

IV. The Power of removing a Prior shall be tried by the Ordinary.

V. Fees of Priests arrested.

Anno 10° RICARDI, II. A.D.1386.

In Margine Rotuli.

D' Statuto edito apud Westm. A' r'.

OF THE STATUTE MADE AT WESTMINSTER IN THE TENTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 17.

E Roy a nïe Viscont de Kent, saluz. Sachez qal revence de Dieu & p' nurrir Paix unitee, quiete & bon acord touz partz deinz nïe Roialme Dengletre, & p especial p' cõe pfit & ease de nïe poeple & bone govnement de mesme nïe Roialme les queux nous desirons sovaignement, de lassent des f's & cões assemblez en nïe plement tenuz a Westīm le pmere jo' doctobre darrein passe, avons fait faire une estatut sibien p' amendement du dit govnaille come p' le cõe pfit du dit Roialme en la fo'me q sensuit.

(1) KNOW YE, that for the Reverence of God, and to nourish Peace, Unity, (2) and good Accord, in all Parts within the Realm of England, and specially for the common Profit and Ease of our People and good Governance of the same our Realm of England, which We chiefly desire, of the Assent of the Lords and Commons assembled in our Parliament holden at Westminster the First Day of October last past, We have caused to be made a Statute, as well for the Amendment of the said Governance, as for the common Profit of the said Realm in the Form following. (a).

1 The King to our Sheriff of Kent, Greeting.

a Quiet

⁽a) The Words which, in the ensuing Translation of the Preamble of the Statute, and Recital of the Contents of the King's Commission, are included in Crotchets, without any Figure of Reference to the Notes, are authorised by the Old Printed Copies of the Text of this Statute 10 Ric. II.; and agree with the Tenor of the Commission as set out in the Statute 11 Ric. II. See pa. 44. and Note (a) there.

Recital of Public Evils required to be redressed.

by the grievous Complaint of the Lords and Commons of his Realm, in this present Parliament assembled, That his Profits, Rents, and Revenues of his Realm, by singular and insufficient Counsel and evil Governance, as well of some late his great Officers, as of divers other Persons being about his Person be so much withdrawn, wasted, eloined, given, granted, aliened, destroyed, and evil dispended, that he is so much impoverished [and void '] of Treasure and Goods, and the Substance of [the 1] Crown so much diminished and destroyed, that his Estate and the Estate of his House may not honourably be sustained as pertaineth, nor the Wars which daily abound and environ his Realm, maintained nor governed without great and outragious Oppressions and importable Charges of his said People, and also that the good Laws, Statutes, and Customs of his said Realm, which he is [bounden 3] to hold and observe, be not, nor have not been duly holden nor executed, nor full Justice nor Right done to his said People: whereby many Disherisons, and [divers 1] great Mischiefs and Damages be happened, as well to the King as to his said People, and to all his Realm: whereof He to the Honour of God, and for the Weal of him and of his Realm, and for the Quietness and Relief of him and of his People, who have been in divers Manners greatly charged before this Time, willing with the Grace of God against such Mischief to provide a good and due Remedy, hath [of his free Will, and] at the Request of the Lords and Commons aforesaid, ordained, made, and assigned, his great Officers, [that is to say, the Chancellor, Treasurer, and Keeper of his Privy Seal,] such as he holdeth good, sufficient, and lawful for the Honour and Profit of him and of his Realm. And moreover of his Authority Royal, certain Knowledge, good Gree, and free Will, and by the Advice and Assent of the Prelates, Lords, and Commons aforesaid, in the full Parliament, in Aid of good Governance of his Realm, and good and due Execution of his said Laws, and in Relief of the Estate of him and his said People in Time to come, upon the full Trust that he hath of good Advisement, Wit, and Discretion of the honourable Fathers in God [William] Archbishop of Canterbury, and [Alexander] Archbishop of York, his dear Uncles [Edmund] Duke of York, and [Thomas] Duke of Gloucester, the Honourable Fathers in God, [William] Bishop of Winchester, [Thomas] Bishop of Exeter, and [Nicholas] Abbot of Waltham, and his well-beloved and faithful [Richard] Earl of Arundel, John Lord of Cobham, [Sir] Richard Lescrop, and John Devereux, hath ordained, assigned, and deputed them by his Letters Patents under his great Seal, to be of his great and continual Council from Saint Edmund's Even the Martyr, by a whole Year next following after the Date of the said Letters Patents, to survey and examine with [the] [said] great Officers, that is to say, the Chancellor, Treasurer, and Keeper of his Privy Seal, as well the Estate and Governance of his House and of all his Courts [and Places,6] as (7) of all his Realm, and of all his Officers and Ministers, of whatsoever Estate, Degree, or Condition they be, as well within the said House as without, and to enquire and take Information by all the Ways which to them best shall seem, of all the Rents, Revenues, and Profits that to him pertaineth and be due, and ought to pertain and be due, as well within the Realm as without, in any manner way or Condition, and of all manner Gifts, Grants, Alienations, and Confirmations, made by him of Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities, Profits, Revenues, Wards, Marriages, Escheats, Forfeitures, Franchises, Liberties, Voidances of Archbishopricks, Bishopricks, Abbies, (*) Priories, Ferms of Houses and Possessions of Aliens, and of all other Possessions, Sums of Money, Goods and Chattels, and of all other Things, and to what Persons, and for what cause, and how, and in what Manner, and namely of those Persons, the which have taken (9) without desert, and also of

WHEREAS our Sovereign Lord the King perceiveth,

Their Power; to survey the Estate of the King's House and of his Realm; to enquire into his Revenues of all Sorts, and all Grants, and the

Expenditure

thereof.

Recital of the

Commission granted by the King, by Assent of the Parliament,

to certain

Prelates,

continual

One Year.

Lords, &c. to be of his

Council for

' voide and nought MS. Tr. 2.

astreyned and bounde MS. Tr. 2. other MS. Tr. 2. his MS. Tr. 2.

6 Places and Offices 7 the estate and governail MS. Tr. 2. * and MS. Tr. 2. 9 them MS. Tr. 2.

Come nre f' le Roi soit apris p la grevouse complaynte des f's & Cões de son Roialme en ceste Psent plement assemblez, q ses pfitz rentes & revenues de son Roialme, p singuler & noun sufficeant conseil & male govnaille sibn des ascuns nadgairs ses g'ntz officers come des divses autres psones esteauntz entour sa psone, sount en taunt sustrez degastez aloignez doneez gentez alienez destruitz & malement despenduz, qil est taunt empovry voide & nuee, de tresor & davoir & la substaunce de sa corone entaunt amenuse & descreu q son estat & lestat de son hostel ne poet hon'ablement estre sustenuz come affiert, ne les guerres q se habundent tout envyron son roialme de jo' en autre meyntenuz ne govnez sanz t'sg'ntz & out'geouses oppssions & importables charges de son dit poeple, & auxint q les bones leys estatutz & custumes de son dit Roialme as queux il est astrict & obligez a tenir & garder ne sont ne ount estee duement tenuz ne executz ne pleine Justice ne droit faitz a son dit poeple, pont plusours disheritesons & autres Psgundes meschiefes & damages sont avenuz sibn au Roy come au son dit poeple & a tout son roialme, dount il al hono' de Dieu & p' le bien de luy & de son dit Roialme & p' la quiete & relevacion de son dit poeple qont este g'undement chargez en plusours manes devent ces heures, Voillant ove la gece de Dieu countre tieux meschiefs mettre bone & due remede, a la requeste des f's & Cões susdões ad ordeigne fait & assignee ses g'untz Officers tieulx come il tient bones loialx & sufficeauntz p' le hono' & pfit de luy & de son dit Roialme. Et outre ceo de ses auctoritee roial, ctein science bon gree & fraunche volunte & p avys & assent des Prelatz f's & Cões susditz en plein plement, en eide de bone govnaunce de son Roialme & bone & due execucion de ses ditz leys & en relevement de lestat de luy & de son poeple en temps avenir, s' la pleyne affiaunce qil ad del bone avisement seu & discrecion des hon'ables Pieres en Dieu lercevesq de Cantebirs, lercevesq Devwyk, ses tchs uncles le Duc Devwyk, le Duc de Gloucestre, les hon'ables Pieres en Dieu levesq de Wyncestr, levesq Dexcestr, labbe de Waltham, ses chs & foialx le Count Darundell, John Sire de Cobeham, Monf Richard Lescrop & Monf John Deveux, yeeux ad ordyne assigne & depute p ses tres patentz desouz son g'nt seal destre de son g'unt & continuel conseil, del veitt de seynt Edmond le Martir p un an entier pschein enseuant aps la date des dces tres patentz, a s'veer & examiner ovesq, ses g'ntz offics cestassavoir Chaunceller Tresorer & Gardein de son prive seal, sibn lestat & govnaille de son hostel & de toutz ses Courtz leux & places come lestat & govnaille de tout son Roialme & des touz ses Officers & Ministres de qconq, estat degree ou condicion qils soient, sibn de deinz son hostel come dehors, et denquere & de pndre informacion p touz les voies q meultz lo' semblera des touz les rentes revenues & pfitz q a luy apptiegnent & sont dues & deussent appteigner & estre duez, sibn deinz son Roialme come dehors en quconq mane ou condicion, & de toutes manles des douns g'untez alienacions & confirmacions p luy faitz des tres, tentz, rentz, annuites, pfitz, revenues, gardes, mariages, eschetes, forfait'es, franchises, libtees, voidances des Archevesches, Eveschees, Abbathies & Priories, Fermes des Mesons & Possessions des Aliens & des touz aut's possessions, somes de deniers, biens & chateux & daut's choses qconqes & as queux psones & p quele cause & coment & en quele mane, & nomement dyceux psones q lont pris sanz decert, & des

revenues & pfitz qconqes sibn de son dit Roialme come des Pres f'iees, Citees, Villes, Chasteux forl'esces & que come ses auts possessions sibn de cea la meer come dela, & des pfitz & emolumentz de ses monoies & billions, & de la prise des prisoners villes & lieux niefs Carakkes biens & raunsons de guerre p re & p meer, & des benefices & aut's possessions des Cardinalx rebelx & touz auts aliens, & auxint des apportz de monoie hors de son Roialme p les Collectours de Pape, pcurato's des Cardinalx Lumbardz & autres psones que conque sibn aliens come denzeins, & des emolumentz & pfitz pvenantz & sourdantz des custumes & subsides des leyns quirs & pealx lanutz, & de les petites custumes & autres subsides des draps vyns & touz aut's marchaundises, & de dismes quinzismes & de touz aut's subsides & charges g'untez p la Clergie & la Cõe, & auxint de les receites pfitz & paiementz del haneper de sa Chauncellerie, & qconqes ses aut's receites de temps de sa coronacion tanq, en cea, & des fees, gages, & rewardes des Officers & Ministres greindres & meindres, & auxint des annuites & aut's rewardes & douns g'untez & faitz as ascuns psones p luy & p son piere & son aiel, en fee ou a t'me de vie ou en ascun autre manie, et si gree ou paiement lour ent soit fait & p queux & en quele mane, & combien ils ount relessez ou donez as Officers ou autres p' avoir lo' paiementz & as queux psones coment & en quele mane, & des tres tentz revenues & forfaitures bargaynez & venduz a Pjudice & damage de luy ou de sa corone, & p queux & as queux & coment & en quele mane, & de vente ou bargaine de tailles & patentz p' singuler pfit sibn en temps son dit aiel come en son temps, & coment & p queles psones, et ensement de touz les Joyalx & biens q feuront a son dit aiel al temps de son moriaunt, & queux & de quel pris ou value & ou ils sont devenuz & coment & en quele manle, & de touz chevaunses ascunement faitz a son oeps p qconqes psones & de touz les pdes & damages qil ad eu & sustenu p ycelle & p queux psones & coment & en quele mane, & des chres des pdons genales & especiales, & auxint de les somes & paiementz & mane des despeses, sibn de son dit hostel come p' la salvacion & defense de ses roialme Pres Fies villes chastelx for esses & aut's lieux de cea la meer & de la, faitz & resceux p queconqes psones sibn Soldeours come autres & p qconq, voie, & coment & en quele mane, & combien ils ount doneez p' avoir lo' paiementz, & des concelementz de ses droit'es & pfitz & p queux coment & en quele mane, & des meynteno's & empno's des quereles & deustres des enquestes, & des Officers & Ministres faitz p brogage & de lo' broggo's & de ceux qont prise le broggage & coment & en quele mane: Et des touz les defautes & mesprisions faitz, sibn el dit hostel & ses autres courtz places & lieux susditz come en touz aut's lieux deinz son Roialme p qconqes psones pont les pfitz de luy & de sa corone ount este empeirez & amenusez ou la coe ley desto'bee & delaie ou autre damage a luy avenu: Donaunt & comettaunt de sa auctorite & p avys & assent susditz, a ses ditz Counseillers & a sys de eux & ses ditz gentz Officers, plein poer & auctorite genal & especial dentrer son dit hostel & touz les offices dycelle & touz ses auts Courtz places & lieux, a tant des foitz come lo' plerra, & defaire venir dev'nt eux ou & qant lo' plerra roulles recordes & aut's munimentz & evidences tieux come lo' semblera, & touz les defautes gastes & excesses

all manner Revenues and Profits as well of his said Realm, as of Lands, Seignories, Cities, Towns, Castles, Fortresses, and all manner his other Possessions, as well on this Side the Sea as beyond, and of the Profits and Emoluments of his Money and Bullions, and of the taking of Prisoners, Towns, and Places, Ships, Carracks, Goods, and Ransoms of War, by Land and by Sea, and of Benefices and other Possessions of Cardinals Rebels, and all other Aliens, and also of carrying of Money out of the Realm by the Collectors of the Pope, Procurators of the Cardinals Lumbards, and other Persons, as well Aliens as Denizens, and of the Emoluments and Profits coming and rising of the Customs and Subsidies of Wools, Leather, and Woolfells, and of small Customs and other Subsidies of Cloths, Wines, and all other Merchandises, and of Dismes and Quinzimes, and of all other Subsidies and Charges granted by the Clergy and Commons, and also of the Receipts, Profits, and Payments of the Hanaper of his Chancery, and of all other his Receipts from the Time of his Coronation till now; and of Fees, Wages, and Rewards of Officers and Ministers [more '] and less, also of Annuities and other Rewards, [and also Gifts and Grants made '] to any Persons by him and by his Father and his Grandfather in Fee, or for Term of Life, or in any other Manner, and if Gree or Payment be to them thereof made, and by whom, [and how 3] and in what Manner, and also how much they have released or given to Officers or other to have their Payments, and to what Persons, how and in what Manner, and of Lands, Tenements, [Rent, 1] Revenues, and Forfeitures, bargained and sold to the Prejudice and Damage of him [and 3] of his Crown, and by whom, and to whom, how, and in what Manner, and of the Sale or Bargain of Tallies and Patents [of 6] singular Profit as well in the Time of his said Grandfather, as in his own Time, and how, and by what Persons, and also of all his Jewels and Goods, which were his said Grandfather's at the Time of his Death, and what, and of what Price or Value, and [where they be become,⁷] and how and in what Manner, and of all Chevisances in anywise made to his Use by any manner Persons, and of all Loss and Damages which he hath had and sustained by the same, and by what Persons, how, and in what Manner, and of Charters of Pardons general and especial, and also of the Sums and Payments, and Manner of the Expences, as well of his said House, as for the Salvation and Defence of his Realms, Lands, Seignories, Towns, Castles, Fortresses, and other Places, on this Side the Sea and beyond, done and received by any Persons as well Soldiers as other, and by any manner Way, and how, and in what Manner, and how much the have given to have their Payments, and of the Concealments of his Rights and Profits, and by whom, how, and in what Manner, and of Maintainers and Takers of Quarrels, Embracers of Enquests, and of Officers and Ministers made by Brocage and of their Broggers, and of them that have taken the said Brocage, and how, and in what Manner: And also of all the Defaults and Offences that be done as well in his said House and his other Courts [and Places a aforesaid, as in all other Places within his Realm [of England,] by any manner Persons, whereby the [Profit and of his Court [And 18]] Crown [hath "] been impaired and diminished, or the common Law disturbed or delayed, or other Damage to him happened: Giving and committing [by the same"] of his [Royal] Authority, and by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, to the said Counsellers, and to Six of them, and to the said great Officers, full Power and Authority general and special, to enter his said House, and all the Offices of the same, and all his other Courts [and Places 6] as often as them please, and to do come before them, where and when them pleaseth, the Rolls, Records, and other Muniments and Evidences, such as them liketh; and all the Defaults, Wastes, and Excesses

Defaults and Offences whereby the King is injured, or the Law disturbed; to enter all Courts, &c. and to amend all Defaults

2 and Gifts granted and made

3 Omit these Words.

Rents MS. Tr. 2.

6 for MS. Tr. 2.

7 what became of them,

8 Places and Offices

9 Profits

to base

11 MS. Tr. 2. omits.

Vol. II.

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Original from PENN STATE



to hear and determine Complaints not amendable at Law

found in his said House, and also all [the 1] Defaults and Misprisions found in the other Courts, Places, (1) Officers, and Ministers aforesaid, and in all the other Articles and Points above named, and every of them, and also all the other Defaults, Misprisions, Excesses, Falsities, Deceits, Extortions, Oppressions, Damages, and Grievances, done in Prejudice Damage and [Distress 3] of him and of his Crown, and the Estate of his Realm in general or special, above not specified nor expressed, to amend, correct, repair, redress, reform, and put in due and good Estate and Stablishment:

And also to hear and receive all manner of Complaints and Quarrels of all his Ligan which will be a specified in the complaints and Quarrels of all his Ligan which will be a specified in the complaints and Quarrels of all his Ligan which will be a specified in the complaints and Quarrels of all his Ligan which will be a specified in the complaints and Quarrels of all his Ligan which will be a specified in the complex of all his Ligan which will be a specified in the complex of the complex plaints and Quarrels of all his Lieges, which will sue and complain them as well for our said Sovereign Lord the King as for themselves, before the said Counsellers and Officers, of all Manner of Duresses, Oppressions, Injuries, Wrongs, and Misprisions, which may not be well amended nor determined by the Course of the common Law of the Land before used, and thereof to give and make good and due Remedy and Recovery, as well for our said Sovereign Lord the King, as for his said liege People; and all the Things aforesaid, and every of them fully to discuss, and finally to determine, and thereof to make full Execution according as to them best shall seem, for the Honour and Profit of our said Sovereign Lord the King, and of his Estate and Reintegration of the [Right'] and Profits of his said Crown, and better governance of the Peace and Laws of [this 5] Land, and Relief of his said People: Willing also, That if Diversity or Variance of Opinion rise or happen between the said Counsellors and Officers, that the Judgement and Opinion of the greater Party have Force and hold Place: as in the said Letters Patents is fully contained.

Majority empowered to decide.

All Persons shall obey the Commissioners.

None shall advise the King to repeal their Power.

Penalty;

First Offence, Forfeiture of Goods and Imprisonment.

Whereupon our said Sovereign Lord the King, willing that the Corrections and Redresses of the Defaults and Misprisions aforesaid may be, for the Profit of him and of his said Realm in the Form aforesaid, put in due Execution, without being broken or disturbed by any, of the Assent of the Lords and Commons of his said Realm in this present Parliament, hath ordained and established, That every one of his said Lieges greater or less, of whatsoever Estate or Condition that he be, shall be attending and obedient in [how much that 6] toucheth the Articles aforesaid, and every Dependance thereon, to the said Counsellers and Officers in the Form aforesaid; and that every Person that shall be judged before them, as convict of any of the Defaults or Misprisions aforesaid, shall take and receive, without Debate making, such Correction as shall be judged to him by the said Counsellors and Officers in the Form aforesaid; and that no Person, of what Estate or Condition that he be, greater or less, shall give to the King privily nor apertly, Counsel, Exhortation, or Motion, whereby the King should repeal their Power within the Time aforesaid, in any Point, or do any Thing contrary of his said Grant, or of any of the said Articles; and if any Person (7 of what Estate or Condition that he be, do against the Ordinance and Establishment aforesaid, or procure or do any Thing in any Manner, whereby the said Counsellors be disturbed in any Point upon the Exercise of their said Power, or which exciteth or procureth our said Sovereign Lord the King to do or command any Manner of Thing, whereby the Power of the said Counsellors and Officers, or the Execution of their said Judgements and Awards to be made in the same, be in any Point aforesaid defeated, and that duly proved by good and true Witnesses, which be notoriously holden of good Fame and Condition, not suspected, covenably examined before the King and the Counsellors and Officers aforesaid, any of the Justices of the one Bench or the other taken to them, or other discreet and learned in the Law, such as please the said Counsellors and Officers, shall have such Penance, that is to say, at the first Time that he shall be so convict he shall snall be so convict, he shall forfeit all his Goods and Chattels to the King, and

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other Offices Diminution Rights
bis whatever greater or less,
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trovez en son dit hostel, & auxint touz defautes & mesprisions trovez en les autres courtz, places, lieux, offics & Ministres susditz, & en touz les autres articles & pointz desuz nomez & chescun dicelles, & auxint touz autres defautes mesprisions excesses faucines deceites extorsions opposions damages & grevances faitz en Pjudice damage & discrees de luy & de sa corone & lestat de son dit roialme en genal ou en especial, nient expssez ne specifiez pamount, amender corriger reparer redresser refo'mer & mettre en bon & due estat & establissement: Et auxi doier & receivre toutes manles des pleintz & quereles des touz ses lieges, q vorront seuer & se pleindre sibn p' nre dit f' le Roi come p' lo' mesmes devant les ditz Counseillers & Officers, de toutes manies de duresses oppssions Injuries tortz & mesprisions queux ne p'ront estre bonement amendez ne tminez p le cours de la cõe ley de la tre avant usee, & de ent doner & faire due & bone remedie & recovir sibien p' nre dit f' le Roi come p' ses liges susditz; et as toutes les choses avantditz & chescun de eux pleinement discuter & finalment t'miner & de ent faire pleine execucion, solonc ceo q lo' semblera meultz p' le hono' & pfit de nre dit f' le Roi & de son estat, & redinteg*cion des droitz & pfitz de sa dce corone & melliour govnaunce de la pees & leys de sa tre & relevement de son dit poeple; Voillant auxi q si divsitee ou variaunce doppinion sourde ou aveigne entre ses ditz Counseillers & Officers, q le Juggement & oppinion de la greindre ptie eit force & tiegne leu : sicome es ditz lies patentz est contenuz plus a plein.

Sur quoi nre dit €' le Roi voillant q les correccions & redresces des defautes & mesprisions desusdit puissent estre p' son pfit & p' le pfit de son dit Roialme en la fo'me desusdee mys en due execucion sanz estre enfreintz ou destourbez p ascuny, de lassent des f's & de la Coalte de son dit Roialme en ceste Psent plement ad ordeine & estably, q chescun de ses liges greindre & meindre de quel estat ou condicion qil soit, soit entendant & obeissant, en q'ntq, touche les articles susditz & chescun dependance dycelx, as les avantditz Conseillers & Officers en la fo'me susdče; et q chescun q sra ajugge devant eux come convict dascun des defautes ou mesprisions susditz, pigne & resceive sanz debat faire tiel correccion come luy sra p les conseillers & officers av ntditz en la fo me desusdce ajugge; & q nulle psone, de quele estat nacion ou condicion qil soit greindre ou meindre, ne doune a nre f' le Roi en prive ne en apert conseil excitacion ou mocion, pont q nre f' le Roi repellee lo' poair deinz le temps susdit en ascun point, ou face riens a cont'ire de son dit g'nt ou dascun des articles susditz; et si ascune psone greindre ou meindre de quel estat ou condicion qil soit face encontre lordinance & establissementz susditz, ou peure ou face chose qconq en ascune mane, pont les ditz Counseillers soient destourbez en ascune point s' lexecice de lo' poair av'ntdee, ou q excite ou peure nre dit f' le Roi a faire ou comander chose qconq pont le poair des ditz Counseillers & Officers ou lexecucion de lo' juggementz & agardes a faire en ycelles soit defait en ascune point, & ce soit duement pvee p bones & Praies tesmoignes, q soient notoirement de bone fame & condicion, nient suspectz, covenablement examinez devant le Roi & les Conseillers & Offics desusditz, prises a eux ascuns des Justices de lun Bank ou de lautre ou aut's Sages apris de la ley, tieux come plerra as ditz Conseillers & Offics, eit tiel penance cestassavoir al prime foitz qil sra issint convict forface touz ses biens & chateux au Roi & nientmeins soit

Offence,

Judgement of Life and

emprisone a la volunte le Roi; et si ascune tiele psone soit duement atteint en la forme susdée de conseil excitacion ou mocion done au Roi de faire le cont'ire de son dit g'nt come desus est dit, tut ne face le Roi riens p tiel conseil excitacion ou mocion, unque il ava tiele penance come desus; et sil aveigne q Dieu defende qil se porte en ap's qil soit autre foitz atteint come desus dascuns des defautes ou mesprisions avantditz adonqes eit la dée psone al second foitz issint convict ou atteint la penance de vie & de membre; Sauvez toutefoitz dignite Pontifical & privilege de Seint Esglise & clerical en toutes les choses av'ntdces; et q ceste estatut tiegne force & effect durant la dée comission taunt soulment.

Et p' ceo vo9 mandons q le dit estatut facez ovtement crier & publier es Citees Burghes Villes Feires Marchees & aut's lieux notables deinz vre baillie deinz franchise & dehors solonc le teno' & fo'me dicelles. Don p tesmoignance de nre g'nt Seal [a Westm'] le Dmere jour de Decembre lan de nre regne disme.

Autiels mandementz sont envoiez a toutz les Viscontz Denglerre.

1 Interlined on the Roll.

nevertheless he shall be imprisoned at the King's Will : and if any such Person be duly attainted in the Form aforesaid, of Counsel, Excitation, or Motion given to the King, [or of doing '] the contrary of his said Grant, as afore is said, albeit the King doth nothing by such Counsel, Excitation, or Motion, yet he shall have such Penance as afore; and if it happen, as God defend, that he so bear him afterward, that he be another Time attainted, as afore, of any of the said Defaults or Misprisions, then the same Person so convict or attainted, shall have at the Second Time the Penance of Life and of Member; Saving always the Dignity Pontifical and Privilege of Holy Church and clerical, in all Things aforesaid; and that this Statute hold Force and Effect during the said Commission only.

And therefore We command thee, That thou do the said Statute openly to be cried and published in Cities, Boroughs, Towns, Fairs, Markets, and other notable Places within thy Bailiwick, within Franchise and without, according to the Tenor and Form of the same.

Given under the Testimony of our Great Seal at Westminster, the First Day of December in the Tenth Year of our Reign.

Like Commands are sent to all the Sheriffs of England.

Anno 11° RICARDI, II. A.D. 1387 - 8.

In Margine Rotuli.

D' Statuto edit' apud Westm a' rj'.

OF THE STATUTE MADE AT WESTMINSTER IN THE ELEVENTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 16, 15, 14, 13.

Tre Psredoute f! le Roi desirant moult entierement de coer q la pees de sa tre soit bien tenuz & gardez & ses foialx lieges & subgitz nurrez & govnez en quiete & t'nquillite toutz ptz deinz son Roialme, Si ad al hon'e de Dieu & p les causes suisditz de lassent des f's & Cões de son Roialme assemblez a son plement tenuz a Westin, lendemain de la Purificacion nie Dame lan de son Regne unzisme, fait [- -- 1] & establi cteins estatutz & ordinances & auxint gentez & ottroiez cteins g'ces & pdons en la fourme desoutz escriptz.

Primement nre dit f' le Roi entre autres peticions & requestes a lui faitz p la cõe de son dit Roialme en le dit plement ad recieu une peticion en la fo'me qensuit.

Itm priont les coes q la ou a darrein plement p causes des g'ntz & orribles meschiefs & pils qalors estoient eschuez, p malveis govnance q fuist ento la psone du Roi p tout son temps devant p Alisandre alors Ercevesq devwyk, Robt de Veer alors Duc dirland, Michel de la Pole alors Conte de Suff, Robt Tresilian nadgairs Justice, & Nichol Brembre Chivaler & autres lour adherentz & autres, pont le Roy & tout son Roialme estoient molt ps davoir este de tout anientez & destrutz, & pur celle cause & p' eschuir tiels pils & meschiefs p' temps avenir estoit fait p estatut en la dit plement cteine ordenance & une comission as divses f's p' le bien hon' & saufte du Roi sa [regalie 1] & [de 1] tout son Roialme, [les tenures des quelles '] comission & estatut cy ensuient :

An Erasure. " Interlined.

Written on Erasures.

UR (') Lord the King heartily desiring that the Peace of his Land be well holden and kept, and his faithful Subjects nourished and governed in Quietness and Tranquillity in all Parts within his Realm [of England,] to the Honour of God, and for the Causes aforesaid, by the Assent of the Lords and Commons of his Realm [of England,] assembled at his Parliament holden at Westminster, the Morrow of the Purification of our Lady, the Eleventh Year of his Reign, [doth make and stablish 1] certain Statutes, and also [doth grant 3] certain Graces and Pardons in the Form underwritten.

FIRST, Our Sovereign Lord the King, amongst other Petitions and Requests to him made by the Commons of his Realm in the said Parliament, hath received one Petition in the Form following:

1) The Commons pray, That Whereas at the last Parliament for cause of the great and horrible Mischiefs and Perils, which another Time were fallen by evil Governance, which was about the King's Person by all his Time before, by Alexander late Archbishop of York, Robert de Veere late Duke of Ireland, Michael de la Pole late Earl of Suffolk, Robert Tresilian, late Justice, and Nicholas Brembre, Knight, and other their Adherents, and other, whereby the King and all his Realm were very nigh to have been wholly undone and destroyed, and for this Cause, and for to eschew such Perils and Mischiefs for the Time to come, a certain Statute was made 3] in the same Parliament, and a Commission to divers Lords, for the Weal, Honour, and Safeguard of the King, his Regalty, and of all the Realm; the Tenor of which Commission and Statute hereafter followeth:

1 redoubted

2 hath made and established

3 hath granted and accorded

• Item 5 Ordinance was made by Statute

Petition 1.

Causes of the Commission 10 Ric. II.

Evil Conduct of the Archbishop of York and others.

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12,

Tenor of the Commission; 10 Ric. II.

RICHARD, by the Grace of God King of England and of France, and Lord of Ireland, to all them that shall see or hear these Letters, Greeting. We have certainly conceived by the grievous Complaint of the Lords and Commons of our Realm, in this present Parliament assembled, that our Profits, Rents and Revenues of our said Realm, (a) by singular and insufficient Counsel and evil Governance, as well of some late our Great Officers, as of divers other Persons being about our Person be so much withdrawn, wasted, eloyned, given, granted, aliened, destroyed, and evil dispended, that We are so much impoverished, void and nought of Treasure and Goods, and the Substance of our Crown so much diminished and destroyed, that the Estate of Us and of our House may not honourably be sustained as pertaineth, nor the Wars, which daily abound and environ our Realm, maintained nor governed without great and outragious Oppressions and importable Charges of our said People; and also that the good Laws, Statutes, and Customs of our said Realm, which We are astreyned and bound to hold and observe, be not, nor have not been duly holden nor executed, nor full Justice nor Right done to our said People, whereby many Disherisons and other great Mischiefs and Damages be happened, as well to Us as to our said People and to all our Realm: And We to the Honour of God, and for the Weal of Us and of our Realm, and for the Quietness and Relief of Us and of our said People, who have been in divers Manners greatly charged before this Time, willing, with the Grace of God, against such Mischiefs to provide a good and due Remedy, have of our free Will, and at the Request of the Lords and Commons aforesaid, ordained, made, and assigned our Great Officers, that is to say, our Chancellor, Treasurer, and Keeper of our Privy Seal, such as We hold good, sufficient, and lawful for the Honour and Profit of Us and of our said Realm. And moreover of our Authority Royal, certain Knowledge, good Gree and free Will, and by the Advice and Assent of the Prelates, Lords, and Commons aforesaid, in the full Parliament, in Aid of good Governance of our Realm and due Execution of our said Laws, and in Relief of the Estate of Us and of our People in Time to come, upon the full Trust that we have of good Advisement Wit and Discretion of the Honourable Fathers in God William Archbishop of Canterbury, Alexander Archbishop of York, our dear Uncles Edmund Duke of York, Thomas Duke of Gloucester, the Honourable Fathers in God William Bishop of Winchester, Thomas Bishop of Exeter, and Nicholas Abbot of Waltham, our well beloved and faithful Richard Earl of Arundell, John Lord of Cobham, Richard Lescrop, and John Devereux, them We have ordained assigned and deputed, and do ordain assign and depute, to be of our great and continual Council by a whole Year next following after the Date hereof, to survey and examine with our said Great Officers as well the Estate and Governance of our House and of all our Courts, Places, and Offices, as the Estate and Governail of all our Realm, and all our Officers and Ministers, of whatsoever Estate, Degree, or Condition they be, as well within our House as without, and to inquire and take Information by all the Ways which to them best shall seem, of all the Rents, Revenues and Profits that to Us pertain and be due,

Richard p la gee de Dieu Roi Dengletre & de France & f' Dirland a toutz ceux q cestes fres verrount ou orront salutz. Nous avons cteinement conceuz de la grevouse copleinte de Seign's & Coes de nre Roialme en ce Psent plement assemblez, q noz pfitz rentes & revenues de nre roialme (a) p singuler & nounsufficeant conseil & male govnalie, sibien dascuns nadgairs noz g'ntz officers come de divses autres psones esteantz entour nre psone, sont entant sustretz degastez esloignez donez g'ntez alienez destruitz & malement despenduz, q nous sumes tant empoviz voides & nuez de tresore & davoir, & la substance de nre Corone en tant amenuse & descreuz, q lestat de nous & de nre hostel ne poet hon'ablement estre sustenuz come affiert, ne les guerres q se habundent tout environ nre Roialme de jour en autre meyntenuz ne govnez sanz l'sg'ndes & outrageouses oppssions & importables charges de nre dit poeple, & auxint q les bones leys estatutz & custumes de nre dit Roialme, as queux nous sumes astrictz & obligez de tenir & garder, ne sont nont este duement tenuz ne executez, ne pleine justice ne droit faitz a nre dit poeple, pont plusours desheritesons & autres tsgendes meschiefs & damages sont avenuz sibien a nous come a nre dit poeple & a toute nre Roialme: Et nous al honur de Dieu & p' la bien de nous & de nre dit Roialme & p' la quiete & relevacion de nre dit poeple qont este gendement chargez en plusoures manes devant ces heures, veullantz ove la gece de Dieu contre tieux meschiefs mettre bone & due remede, Si avons de nre franche volunte & al request des Seign's & Cões susditz ordeignez faitz & assignez noz g*ntz Officers cestassavoir noz Chanceller Tresorer & Gardein de nre prive seal tielx come nous tenons bones loialx & sufficeantz p' honur & pfit de nous & de nre dit Roialme. Et outre ce de nre auctorite roial cteine science bone gre & franche volunte, & p avys & assent de Prelatz Seign's & Cões susditz en pleine plement, en eide de bone govnance de nre Roialme & bone & due execucion de noz dites leies, & en relevement de lestat de nous & de nre poeple en temps avenir, confiantz pleinement del bone avisement seu & discrecion de les hon'ables piers en Dieu William Ercevesq, de Cantebirs, Alisandre Ercevesq, Devwyk, noz Tschs Uncles Esmon Duc Devwyk, Thomas Duc de Gloucestre, les hon'ables pieres en Dieu William Evesq de Wyncestre, Thomas Evesq Dexcestre & Nichol Abbe de Waltham, noz chs & foialx Richard Cont Darundett, Johan Sire de Cobham, Richard Lescrop & Johan Deveux, iceux avons ordeignez, assignez & deputez, ordeignons assignons & deputons destre de nre gent & continuel conseil p un an entier pchein ap's la date dycestes, a surveier & examiner oveso, noz ditz gentz officers sibien lestat & govnaille de nre hostel & de touz noz Courtz lieux & places, come lestat & govnaille de tout nre Roialme, & de toutz nos officers & ministres de queconq estat degree ou condicion qils soient, sibien deinz nre hostel come dehors, & denquere & de prendre informacion p toutes les voies q meutz lour semblera de toutes les rentz revenues & pfitz qa nous apptienent & sont duez

⁽a) The Old Printed Copies after the Word 'roialme' instead of proceeding to set out the Tenor of the Commission at length, as on the Statute Roll, have only the Words "&c. totum sicut in pximo pedenti statuto usq ad illa verba q le juggement & opinion de la greindre partie eit force & teigne lieu; et tunc sic, Comaundantz" as on the Statute Roll at the Conclusion of the Commission. Former Translations accordingly after the Word 'Realm' have the Words "&c. and so forth as in the Statute next going before till these Words; That the Judgement and Opinion of the greater Part have Force and hold Place; and then thus, Commanding" as at the Conclusion of the Translation of the Commission. See Stat. 10 Ric. II. pa. 39. and Note (a) there.

M. 15.

& deussent apptenir & estre duez sibien deinz nre roialme come dehors en qconq manie ou condicion qil soit [& de toutes '] mames de douns gentes alienacions & confirmacions p nous faitz de Pres tentz rentes annuitees pfitz revenues gardes mariages eschetes forfait'es franchises libtees voidances des Ercevesches Evesches Abbacies & Priories, Fermes de mesons & possessions des Aliens, & de toutes autres possessions somes de deniers biens & chateux & dautres choses queconqes, & as queux psones & p quelle cause & coment & en quelle mane, & mesment de ceux psones q lont pris sanz desert; & auxint des revenues & pfitz queconqes sibien de nre dit Roialme come de tres Seign'ies Citees Villes Chastelx Fortesces & queconqes noz autres possessions sibien de cea la mier come de la, & de pfitz & emolumentz de noz monoies & billions, & de la prise des prisoners villes & lieux niefs carraks biens & ranceons de guerre p tre & p mier, & de benefices & autres possessions de Cardinalx rebelx [--1] & toutz autres aliens, & auxint des apportes du monoie hors de nre Roialme p les Collectours de Pape pouratours de Cardinalx Lumbardes & autres psones queconqes sibien aliens come denzeins, & des emolumentz & pfitz pvenantz & sourdantz de custumes & subsidies des leynes quirs & pealx lanutz, & de les petites custumes & autres subsides de draps vines & toutes autres michandises, & des [dismes 3] & quinzismes & toutes autres subsides [& chargees *] genteez p le Clergie & la comune, & auxint de les resceites pfitz & paiementz del Hanaper de n\u00e4e Chancellerie, & de queconqes noz auts resceites de temps de nre coronement tanq, en cea, & de fees gages & rewardes des Officers & Ministres greindres & meindres, & auxint des annuetees & autres rewardes & douns g'untez & faitz as ascuns psones p nous & p noz pier & aiel en fee ou a ?me de vie ou en ascun autre mane, & si gre ou paiement lour ent soit fait & p queux & en quelle manle, & combien ils ont relesses ou donnez as officers & autres p' avoir lour paiementz & as queux psones coment & en quelle manie, & de tres tentz rentes revenues & forfait'es bargainez & venduz a pjudice & damage de nous & de nre corone & p queux & as queux & coment & en quelle mane, & de vent ou bargaigne de tailles & patentes p' singuler pfit sibien en temps nre dit Aiel come en nre temps & coment & p quelles psones, & ensement de toutz les joialx & biens q feurent a nre dit Aiel a temps de son moriant, & queux & de quelle pris ou value & ou ils sont devenuz coment & en quelle mane, & de toutes chevances ascunement faitz a nre oeps p queconqes psones, & de toutes les pdes & damages q nous avons eu & sustenu p ycelles & p queux psones & coment & en quelle mane, & de chartres de pdon genales & especiales, & auxint de les somes & paiementz & mane de despenses sibien de nre dit hostel come p' la salvacion & defense de noz Roialme Pres Fies, villes, chastelx, fortesces & autres lieux de cea la mier & de la faitz & receux p qeconqes psones sibien soldiers come aut's & p queconq voie & coment & en quelle mane, & combien ils ont donez p' avoir lour paiementz, & de concelementz de noz droitures & pfitz & p queux coment & en quelle mane, & de meintenours & empnours des quereles, & dustres denquestes, & dofficers & ministres faitz p brogage & de lour brogours & de ceux qi ont [--5] pris [--6] brogage & coment & en quelle mane: Et de toutes les defautes & mesprisions faitz sibien en nre dit hostel & noz autres Courtz places & lieux susditz come en toutz autres lieux deinz nre

Interlined on the Roll.

Erasures.

and ought to pertain and be due, as well within our Realm as without, in any manner Way or Condition, and of all manner Gifts, Grants, Alienations and Confirmations made by Us of Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities, Profits, Revenues, Wards, Marriages, Escheats, Forfeitures, Franchises, Liberties, Voidances of Archbishopricks, Bishopricks, Abbies and Priories, Ferms of Houses and Possessions of Aliens, and of all other Possessions, Sums of Money, Goods and Chattels, and of all other Things, and to what Persons, and for what Cause, and how and in what Manner, and namely of those Persons the which have taken them without Desert; and also of all manner Revenues and Profits as well of our said Realm, as of Lands, Seignories, Cities, Towns, Castles, Fortresses, and all manner our other Possessions, as well on this Side the Sea as beyond, and of the Profits and Emoluments of our Money and Bullions, and of the taking of Prisoners, Towns and Places, Ships, Carracks, Goods and Ransoms of War by Land and by Sea, and of Benefices and other Possessions of Cardinals Rebels, and all other Aliens, and also of carrying of Money out of our Realm by the Collectors of the Pope, Procurators of the Cardinals Lumbards, and other Persons, as well Aliens as Denizens, and of the Emoluments and Profits coming and rising of the Customs and Subsidies of Wools, Leather, and Woolfels, and of small Customs and other Subsidies of Cloths, Wines, and other Merchandizes, and of Dismes and Quinzimes, and of all other Subsidies and Charges granted by the Clergy and Commons, and also of the Receipts, Profits, and Payments of the Hanaper of our Chancery, and of all other our Receipts from the Time of our Coronation till now; and of Fees, Wages, and Rewards of Officers and Ministers greater and less, also of Annuities and other Rewards and Gifts granted and made to any Persons by Us and by our Father and Grandfather, in Fee or for Term of Life, or in any other Manner, and if Gree or Payment be to them thereof made, and by whom, and in what Manner, and also how much they have released or given to Officers or other to have their Payments, and to what Persons, how and in what Manner, and of Lands, Tenements, Rents, Revenues, and Forfeitures bargained and sold to the Prejudice and Damage of Us and of our Crown, and by whom, and to whom, how and in what Manner, and of the Sale or Bargain of Tallies and Patents for singular Profit, as well in the Time of our said Grandfather as in our Time, and how and by what Persons, and also of all the Jewels and Goods which were of our said Grandfather at the Time of his Death, and what, and of what Price or Value, and what became of them, and how and in what Manner, and of all Chevisances in any wise made to our Use by any manner Persons, and of all Loss and Damages which We have had and sustained by the same, and by what Persons, how and in what Manner, and of Charters of Pardons general and especial, and also of the Sums and Payments and Manner of the Expences as well of our said House as for the Salvation and Defence of our Realms, Lands, Seignories, Towns, Castles, Fortresses, and other Places, on this Side the Sea and beyond, done and received by any Persons, as well Soldiers as other, and by any manner Way, and how and in what Manner, and how much they have given to have their Payments, and of the Concealments of our Rights and Profits, and by whom, how, and in what Manner, and of Maintainers and Takers of Quarrels, Embracers of Enquests, and of Officers and Ministers made by Brocage and of their Broggers, and of them that have taken the said Brocage, and how and in what Manner: And of all the Defaults and Offences that be done as well in our said House and our other Courts, Places, and Offices aforesaid, as in all other Places within our

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Realm by any manner Persons, whereby the Profits of Us and of our Crown have been impaired and diminished, or the Common Law disturbed or delayed, or other Damage to Us happened: Giving and committing by these Presents, of our Authority, and by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, to our said Counsellors and to Six of them, and to our said great Officers, full Power and Authority general and special, to enter our said House and all the Offices of the same, and all our other Courts, Places, and Offices as often as them please, and to do come before them, where and when them pleaseth, the Rolls, Records, and other Muniments and Evidences, such as them liketh, and all the Defaults, Wastes, and Excesses found in the said House, and also all other Defaults and Misprisions found in the other Courts, Places, Offices, Officers and Ministers aforesaid, and in all the other Articles and Points above named, and every of them, and also all the other Defaults, Misprisions, Excesses, Falsities, Deceits, Extortions, Oppressions, Damages and Grievances, done in Prejudice, Damage and Diminution of Us and of our Crown, and the Estate of our said Realm, in general or special, above not specified nor expressed, to amend, correct, repair, redress, reform, and put in due and good Estate and Stablishment; and also to hear and receive all manner of Complaints and Quarrels of all our Lieges, which will sue and complain them as well for Us as for themselves, before our said Counsellors and Officers, of all manner of Duresses, Oppressions, Injuries, Wrongs, and Misprisions which may not be well amended nor determinded by the Course of the Common Law of the Land before used, and thereof to give and make good and due Remedy and Recovery, as well for Us as for our said liege People; and all the Things aforesaid and every of them fully to discuss and finally to determine, and thereof to make full Execution according as to them best shall seem, for the Honour and Profit of Us and of our Estate, and Reintegration of the Rights and Profits of our said Crown, and better Governance of the Peace and Laws of our Land, and Relief of our said People: Willing also that if Diversity or Variance of Opinion rise or happen between our said Counsellors and Officers, that the Judgment and Opinion of the greater Party have force and hold place: Commanding and charging all Prelates, Dukes, Earls, Barons, Steward, Treasurer, and Comptroller, and all other Officers of our House, Justices of the one Bench and of the other, and all our other Justices, Barons, and Chamberlains of the Exchequer, Sheriffs, Escheators, Mayors, Bailiffs, and all our other Officers, Ministers, and Liege People, that (') they be attending, obedient, counselling, and aiding, as often, and by the Manner as our said Counsellors and Officers, shall do them to wit, on our Behalf. In Witness whereof We have done to be made these our Letters Patents. Dated under our Great Seal, at Westminster, the Nineteenth Day of November, the Tenth Year of our Reign.

Conspiracy against the executing the said Commission:

WHEREAS our Sovereign Lord the King perceiveth, [&c. as in the same last Statute in the Tenth Year, till the End of the same Statute,"] and then thus: And thereupon the said Alexander, Robert, Michael, Robert, and Nicholas, and [their said Adherents,1] seeing that their said evil Governance should be perceived, and they by the same Cause the lightlier to be punished by good Justice to be done, and also their evil Deeds and Purposes before used to be disturbed by the said Lords assigned by Commission, as afore, made, conspired,

3 their Adherents and others aforesaid

Roialme p queconqes psones, pont les pfitz de nous & de nre Corone ont este empirez & amenusez ou la cõe leve destourbe ou delaie ou autre damage a nous avenu: donantz & comittantz p ycestes de nre auctorite & p avys & assent desusditz, a noz ditz conseillers & sys de eux & a noz g'ntz officers avantditz, pleine poair & auctorite genal & especial dentrer nre dit hostel & toutz les offices dycell, & toutes noz aut's Courtz places & lieux a tant de foitz come lour plerra, & de faire venir devant eux ou & qant lour plerra rolles recordes & autres munimentz & evidences tieux come lour semblera, & toutes les defautes gastes & excesses trovez el dit hostel & auxint toutes autres defautes & mesprisions trovez en les autres Courtz places lieux Officers & Ministres susditz, & en toutz les autres articles & pointz desusnomez & chescun dycelles, & auxint toutes autres defautes mesprisions excesses fauxcines desceites extorcions oppssions damages & grevances, faitz en pjudice damage & descresse de nous & de nre corone & lestat de nre dit Roialme en genal ou en especial nient expressez ne specifiez pamont, amender corriger reparer redresser refourmer & mettre [en 1] bone & due estat & establissement; et auxint de oier & resceyvre toutes manies des pleintes & quereles, de toutz noz lieges qi vorront suir & se pleindre sibien p' no9 come p' lour mesmes devant noz ditz Conseillers & Officers, de toutes manies de duresses oppssions injuries tortz & mesprisions queux ne purront bonement estre amendez ne tminez p la cours de la cõe ley de la tre avant usee, & de ent donir & faire bone & due remede & recovir sibien p' nous come p' noz lieges susditz; & a toutes les choses avantdces & chescun de eux pleinement discuter & finalment eminer & de ent faire pleine execucion selonc ce q lour semblera meutz p' le honur & pfit de nous & de nre estat & redyntegracion de droitz & pfitz de nre dit corone & melliour govnance de la paix & leis de nre re & relevement de nre dit poeple; Veullantz auxi q si divsite ou variance doppinion sourde ou aveigne entre noz ditz conseillers & officers q le juggement & oppinion de la greindre ptie eit force & tiegne lieu: Comandantz & chargeantz a toutz Prelatz Ducs Conts Barons Seneschall Tresorer Controllour & toutz autres Officers de nre hostel, Justices de lun Bank & de lautre & autres noz Justices queconqes Barons & Chaumbreleins de Lescheqer, Viscontz Eschetours Maire Baillifs & toutz autres noz officers Ministres & Lieges queconqes q a noz ditz conseillers & officers en la mane avantdite soient entendantz obeiantz conseillantz & eidantz si sovent & p mane come noz ditz conseillers & officers lour ferront assavoir de p nous. En tesmoignance de quelle chose Nous avons fait faire cestes noz fres patentz. Don souz nre gand Seal a Westm le dys & noefisme jour de Novembr lan de nre regne disme.

Come nre f' le Roy soit apris p la grevouse compleinte des f's & Cões de son Roialme, assemblez en son plement tenuz a Westin le prim jour doctobre lan de son regne disme, q ses pfitz rentes & revenuez &c. ut sup" in statuto [px "] pcedenti usq ibi, tantsoulment; et tunc sic: Et sur ce les avantditz Alex Robert Michel Robert & Nichol & lour adherentz & autres avantditz veiantz lour dites malveis govnance y sroit apceu, & eux p celle cause de leger estre puniz p bone justice affaire, & auxi lour malveis faitz & p'pos devant useez estre destourbez p les ditz f's assignez p comission come desus, firent conspirerent & p'poserent plusours

to our [said] Counsailliers and Officers in the man aforsaide MS. Tr. 2.

² by the grievous Complaint of the Lords and Commons of his Realm, in his Parliament holden at Westminster, the first Day of Oldober in the Tenth Tear of his Reign, that his Profits, Rents, and Revenues, &c. as above, in the Statute next preceding, down to "only;" See the Statute 10 Ric. II. ante page 40—43.

Interlined on the Roll.

horribles tresons & malvestees encontre le Roi & les avantditz f's ensi assignez, & encontre toutz autres f's & Cões queux feurent assentantz al fesance des ditz ordinances & comission, en defesance du Roi sa regalie & de tout son roialme: Sur quoi Thomas Duc de Gloucestre Uncle du Roi nre dit fr & fitz au Roi Edward, qi Dieux assoille, Richard Conte Darundett & Thomas Conte de Warr, appceivantz les malveistees & p'poses des traito's avantditz, soy assemblerent en forcible mane p' savete de lour psones p' monstrer & declarer les ditz tresons & malveis p'poses & de ent mettre remedie come Dieu le voloit, & viendrent en Psence du Roy nre dit f' & affermerent envs les ditz cynk traito's appellez des hautes tresons p eux faitz au Roi & a son Roialme: Sur quett appett le Roi nre dit f' ajo'na les pties susdèes tanq a cest psent plement & les prist en sa save pteccion come en le record fait s' mesme lappett pleinement appiert. Et puis en g'nde rebellite & enconte la dce pteccion les ditz traito's ove lour adherentz & autres avantditz continuantz lour malveis p'poses ascuns de eux, assemblerent g'nt poair p' avoir destruit les ditz Duc & Contes appellantz & autres loialx lieges du Roi & p' accomplier lour tresons & malveis p'poses susditz: Sur quoi le dit Duc de Gloucestre, Henr Conte de Derby, les ditz Contes Darundelt & de Warr & Thomas Conte Marescall, veiantz lovte destruccion du Roi nre dit fr & de tout son Roialme, si les malveis p'poses des traito's avantditz & lo' adherentz ne feussent destourbez, q ne poat avoir este fait alors sinon a fortemain, p' le bien & savete du Roi nre dit f & de tout son roialme soy assemblerent forciblement & chivacherent & p'suerent tanq ils avoient destourbe le dit poair quille p les t'itours & lour adherentz susditz; queux cynk traito's sont atteintz en cest psent plement des tresons & malveistees susditz a la suite & appell des ditz Duc de Gloucestre, Contes de Derby, dArundett, Warr & Marescatt: q pleise a nre dit t'sredote f' le Roi daccepter approver & affermer en cest Psent plement tout ce q feust fait en le darrein plement come desus, & q'nq, ad este fait depuis le dit darrein plement p force de lestatut ordinance ou comission avantditz, & auxi tout ce q les avantditz Duc de Gloucestre, Contes dArundelt & de Warr firent, tout ce q mesmes ceux Duc & Contes & les ditz Contes de Derby & Marescaff firent ou ascun de eux fist, ou ascun autre de lour compaignie ou de eide de eux ou de lour adherentz ou dascun de eux, en ou touchant les assembles chivaches appelles & p'suites avantditz, come chose fait al hon' de Dieu, salvacion du Roi nre dit f', maintenance de sa Corone & salvacion de tout son Roialme; & dordiner & establir q les ditz Duc de Gloucestre, Contes de Derby, dArundelt, Warr & Marescatt ne nutt de eux, ne nutt qad este de lour retenue compaignie force eide conseill ou assent ou dascun de eux en les choses avantditz, ne nulle autre psone p' ascune chose susdce ne soit empesche moleste ne greve a suite de Roi ne de ptie queconq nen autre mane p cause dascun assemble chivache combatement [- - - - 1] lever des penons ou des baners, descomfit'e mort de home emprisonement dascune psone, prise amesner ou detenue des chivalx ou dautres bestes, prise ou emporter des biens hernois armures chateux ou autres moebles queconqes, arsurs des maisons ou dautres possessions ou biens queconqes, assaut

An Erasure. bam, Johnno Ricco Marryn Clerky William Chemical

and purposed divers horrible Treasons and Evils against the King, and the said Lords so assigned, and against all the other Lords and Commons, which were assenting to the making of the said Ordinance and Commission, in Destruction of the King, his Regalty, and all his Realm: Whereupon Thomas Duke of Gloucester, the King's Uncle, and Son to King Edward, whom God assoil, Richard Earl of Arundell, and Thomas Earl of Warwick, perceiving the evil Purposes of the said Traitors, did assemble them in forcible Manner for the Safeguard of their Persons, to shew and declare the said Treasons and evil Purposes, and thereof to set Remedy, as God would, and came to the King's Presence, [affirming'] against the said Five Traitors appealed of High [Treason 1] by them done to the King and to his Realm: Upon which Appeal, the King our Sovereign Lord adjourned the said Parties till this present Parliament, and did take them in his safe Protection, as in the Record made upon the same Appeal fully appeareth. And afterward in great Rebellion, and against the said Protection, the said Traitors with their said Adherents and other aforesaid, continuing their evil Purpose, some of them assembled a great Power to have destroyed the said Duke and Earls Appellants, and other the King's lawful Liege People, and to accomplish their Treasons and evil Purposes aforesaid: Whereupon the said Duke of Gloucester, Henry Earl of Derby, the said Earls of Arundell and Warwick, and Thomas Earl Marshal, seeing the open Destruction of the King and of all his Realm, if the [said evil purposed 3] Traitors and their Adherents were not disturbed, which might not otherwise (*) have been done but with strong Hand, for the Weal and Safeguard of the King our Sovereign Lord, and of all his Realm, did assemble them forcibly, and rode and pursued till they had disturbed the said Power, gathered by the said Traitors and their Adherents aforesaid; which Five Traitors be attainted in this present Parliament of the Treasons and Evils aforesaid, at the Suit and Appeal of the said Duke of Gloucester, Earls of Derby, Arundell, Warwick, and Marshal: That it would please our said redoubted Sovereign Lord the King, to accept, approve, and affirm in this present Parliament all that was done in the last Parliament, as afore, and as much as hath been done since the said last Parliament, by force of the Statute, Ordinance, or Commission aforesaid, and also all that the said Duke of Gloucester, Earls of Arundell and Warwick did, and all that the same Duke and Earls, and the said Earls of Derby and Marshal, or any of them did, or any other of their Company, or of their Aid, or of their Adherents, or of any of them, (5) or touching the Assemblies, Ridings, Appeals, and Pursuits aforesaid, as a Thing [made 6] to the Honour of God, Salvation of the King, Maintenance of his Crown, and [also of the 7] Salvation of all his Realm: And also to ordain and stablish, That the said Duke of Gloucester, Earls of Derby, Arundell, Warwick, and Marshal, nor none of them, nor none of such as have been of their Retinue or Company, Force, Aid, [or Counsel,*] or of any of them, in the Things aforesaid, nor none other Person for any Thing aforesaid, shall be impeached, molested, or grieved, at the Suit of the King nor of the Party, nor in other Manner because of any Assembly. Riding, [Beating,9] levying of Penons, or of Baners, Discomfiture, Death of a Man, Imprisonment of any Person, taking, leading away, or detaining of Horses or of other Beasts, taking or carrying of Goods, Harness, Armour, Chattels, and other moveable Goods, Burning of Houses or of other Possessions or Goods, Assault,

Opposition to such Conspiracy by the Duke of Gloucester,

Appeal of Treason against the Conspirators.

Forcible Resistance spirators;

Opposition

Attainder of Parliament.

Prayer of the Petition; to affirm the Proceedings of the said Parliament 10 Ric. II; Proceedings.

and also to indemnify the Appellants and their Adherents.

1 and affirmed

Treasons MS. Tr. 2.

3 evil purposes of the said 6 done MS. Tr. 2.

s in MS. Tr. 2.

7 Omit these Words.

Counsel or Assent, 9 Combatement or Skyrmissh, MS. Tr. 2. Enactment accordingly.

Pardon to the Appellants of all Acts done against the Appellees.

Force and Arms, or armed in the King's Presence at the Parliament or Council, or elsewhere, [rising '] of the People, or exciting the People to rise forcibly against the Peace, by Letters, Commissions, or any other Deeds, or of any other Thing that may be surmised [by them or any of them, or ought or purposed to have been done 1] from the beginning of the World touching any of the said Matters before the End of this present Parliament, by any Imagination, Interpretation or other Colour, but shall be (3) quit and discharged for ever; except that the King be answered of all the Goods and Chattels, that were to them which be attainted in this present Parliament, or to any of them, and which Goods and Things were taken by any Person the First Day of January last past, or after hitherto: We, considering the Matter of the said Petition to be true, and [at *] the Request of our said Commons in this Part to be to the Honour of God, and Profit of Us and our Realm, of the Assent of the Prelates, Dukes, Earls, Barons, and all other of this present Parliament, do grant the Request of the said Commons in all Points, after the Form of their said Petition: And moreover, of the Assent aforesaid, We will and grant for the [great 5] Quietness of our said Realm, though that the said Duke or Earls Appellants or any other of their Company, Retinue, Force, Aid, Council, (6) or Adherence, or any of them have taken, led away, or withholden any of our Justices, or any other our Ministers, in Disturbance of Execution of the Law of our Realm of England, or in other Manner, or that they have taken any manner Person Traitor to Us, or to our Realm, or other Person, and the same have voluntarily suffered to go at large or escape [beyond the Sea,7] from the Fourteenth Day of November last past, till the End of this present Parliament, that they nor none of them be for this Cause impeached, molested, nor grieved by any manner Way, at the Suit of Us, our Heirs, nor none other Party, but thereof they shall be quit and discharged for ever, nor that they nor any of them be [in anywise] molested, grieved, nor impeached, at the Suit of Us, our Heirs, nor of other Party, for any Thing done at any Time for to attain to their Purpose against the said Appellees or any of them, or against any other Person for this Cause, nor for other Thing or Deed (*) to affirm the same Purposes, till the End of this present Parliament, but thereof shall be quit and discharged for ever.

Battery, Robberies, Thefts, coming or tarrying with

Petition 2.

Moreover We have received another Petition delivered to Us in this present Parliament by the same Commons in the Form following:

For the Indemnity of all Persons not attainted, and certain Persons named.

ITEM, That no Person that hath been about the King's Person, nor none other Person, shall be impeached, molested, nor grieved by Appeal, Accusement, or in other Manner, because of evil Governance or evil Council about the King's Person in any Time before the End of this present Parliament, or because of any other Thing that hath been declared in this present Parliament for Treason or Misprision; except those that be attainted or judged in this present Parliament, and except John Ripon, Clerk, Henry Bowet Clerk, William Monkton Clerk, John Lancaster, Knight, Henry Ferrers, Knight, Richard Clifford Clerk, Richard Metford Clerk, John Lincolne of Grimesby Clerk, Nicholas Slake Clerk, John Holcotes Esquire, Nicholas Southwel, James Lustrake, Henry Clarke of [Clakstede, 9] Simkin [of] Shiringham, John Fitzmartin Clerk, William Chesterton

hat they or any of them would have done,

batie robbies larcines, venir ou dem'er ove force & armes ou arme en psence du Roi au plement ou counseils ou aillo's, leve des gentz ou exciter les gentz a lever forciblement encontre la pees p tres comissions ou autre fait queconq, ou dascune autre chose q poet estre s'mys q eux ou ascun de eux deust ou deussent avoir fait ou p'pose davoir fait, du comencement de mond touchant ascuns des matiers susditz devant le fyn de cest psent plement, p nulle ymaginacion ent ptacion ou autre colour qconq, mes soient ent quietz & deschargez a touz jo's; forspris q le Roi soit respondu de touz les biens & chateux queux feuront as ceux queux sont atteintz en cest psent plement ou a ascun de eux, & queux biens & choses feurent prises p qconq psone le primer jour de Janvier darrein passe ou puis en cea: Nous considerantz la matiere du dite peticion estre Vitable, & la requeste de nre dit Coe en celle ptie estre al hon' de Dieu & pfit de nous & de nre roialme, de lassent des plates Ducs Countes Barons & touz autres en cest psent plement gentons la requeste du dit Coe en touz poyntz solonc la fo'me du dit peticion: et outre ce del lassent avantdit volons & g'ntons p' la greindre quiete de nre roialme, coment q les ditz Duc & Contes appellantz ou ascun de lour compaignie retenue force eide conseil assent ou adherdance, ou ascun de eux, eient pris amesne ou detenue ascuns de nos Justices ou autres noz Ministres qconqes, en destourbance de execucion du ley de nre roialme ou autre mane qconq, ou qils eient pris ascun autre psone traito' a no9 & a nre Roialme ou autre psone, & les ount voluntrement soeffert aler a large ou eschaper en autre mane, del quatorzisme jo' de Novembre darrein passe tanq au fin de cest psent plement, q eux ne nutt de eux soit ne soient p celle cause enpesche moleste ne greve p nulle voie, a suite de nous noz heirs ne dautre ptie quona, mes ent soient quietz & deschargez a touz jo's, ne q eux ne nutt de eux soit empesche moleste ne greve a suite de nous noz heirs ne dautre ptie qconq, p' ascune chose faite en ascun temps p' atteindre a lour p'pos, encontre les ditz appellez ou ascun de eux ou encontre ascun autre p celle cause, ne p' autre chose ou fait qconq, p' affermer mesme le p'pos tanq au fyn de cest psent ple-

ment, mes ent soient quietz & deschargez a touz jo's.

Et outre ce nous avons resceu un autre peticion
a Nous baille en mesme ceste plement p mesme la
Cõe en fourme gensuyt.

Item q̃ nulle psone qad este entour la psone le Roi nautre psone queconq, soit empesche moleste ne greve p appell accusement ou en autre mane a cause de male govnance ou mal conseil entour le psone le Roi en ascune temps devant le fin de cest psent plement, ou a cause dascun autre chose qad este declare en cest psent plement p' treson ou mesprision; forspris ceux q̃ sont atteintz & ajuggez en cest psent plement, & forspris Johan Rypon Clerk, Henr Bowet Clerk, William Monketon Clerk, Johan Lancastre Chivaler, Henr Ferrers Chivaler, Richard Clifford, Clerk, Richard Metford Clerk, Johan Lincoln de Grymesby Clerk, Nichol Slake Clerc, Johan Holcotes Esquier, Nichol Suthwell, James Lustrak, Henr Clerc de Thaxstede, Symkyn Shiryngham, Johan Fitz Martyn Clerk, William Chestreton

raising or purposed to bave done,
Omit this Word.

nit this Word. greater MS. Tr.

⁴ Omit this W

psone de Ratlesden, Frere Richard Roughton del Ordre de Frere Menours & Thomas son frere & touz ceux q sont dela la mier ovesq les traito's & toutz autres q voillent aler a eux en aps.

Itm q null qad este de retenue compaignie force eide conseil assent ou adherdance de ceux q sont auteintz ou ajuggez en cest psent plement ou dascun de eux, forspris ceux q sont forspris a devant, soit empesche moleste ne greve, a suite de Roi ne dautre ptie queconq nen autre mane, p cause dascun assemble chivache combatement leve des penons ou de baners, descomfiture mort de home emprisonement dascune psone, prise amesner ou detenue des chivalx ou dautres bestes, pris & emporter des biens finois armures chateux ou autres moebles queconqes, arsures des maisons ou dautres possessions ou biens queconqes, assaut batie robies larcines, venir ou dem'rer ove force & armes ou armee en psence du Roi en plement conseils ou aillo's, lever des gentz ou exciter les gentz a lever forciblement & encontre la pees p lies comissions, ou autre fait qconq encontre lentent ou p'suite des avantditz Duc de Gloucestre, Countes de Derby Arundett Warr & Marescatt quelle entente & p'suite sont declarez p lour appell en cest psent plement, ou dascune autre chose q poet estre s'mys q eux ou ascun de eux deust ou deussent avoir fait ou p'pose davoir fait, puis le comencement de mond touchant ascuns des matiers encontre lentent ou p'suite susditz declarez en lappell susdit: Quelle peticion de lassent avantdit nous avons gente en touz pointz, & ent volons & gentons pleine pdon & remission a eux & a chescun de eux, as queux il attient, solone la continue de mesme la peticion.

Et auxi nous avons resceu deux autres peticions a nous baillez en mesme cest plement p mesme la Cõe en fo'me gensuyt.

Item q les appelles p'suites accusementz pcesses juggementz & execucions, faitz & renduz en cest psent plement, soient approvez affermez & establiz come chose faite duement p' le bien & pfit du Roi nre dit & & de tout son roialme; nieint contreesteant q les f's espitueles & pcurato's des f's espitueles soy absenteront hors du plement a temps des ditz juggementz renduz, p' loneste & salvacion de lour estat, come contenu est en une ptestacion p' mesmes les f's espiritueles & pcurato's live en cest psent plement; et q p ymaginacion ent ptacion ou autre mocion queconq nulles de celles soient revsez enfreintz ou adnullez en ascune mane, et si ascun face p'suite denfreindre adnuller ou revser ascuns des pointz susditz, quelle p'suite soit de record, soit ajugge & eit execucion come traito' & enemy du Roi & de Roialme; p'veu tout foitz q ceste acceptacion approve affirmance & establissement, touchant les assembles appelles p'suites accusementz presses juggementz & execucions susditz, eiont & tiegnent force & Vtue en cestes cases issint escheuz & avenuz ou declarez soulement, & qils ne soient treitz en ensample nen consequencie en temps avenir; ne q la dce comission faite a darrein plement soit treite en ensample nen consequencie en temps avenir, mes q'nq est faite touchant les matiers susdces estoise fermement (1) desicome eles estoient si pfitables au Roi, sustenance & meyntenance de sa Corone & salvacion de tout le Roialme & faitz de si g'nt necessite; et coment q divses pointz sont declarez p' treson en cest Psent plement, autres q ne feurent declarez p estatut devant, q null Justice eit poair de rendre juggement dautre cas de treson, nen autre [mahle 1] qils navoient devant le comencement de cest psent plement.

' pur temps q̃ passe est, Old Printed Copies.

2 Interlined on the Roll.

M. 14.

Parson of Ratlesden, Friar Richard Roughton of the Order of Friars Minors, and Thomas his Brother, and all they that be beyond the Sea with the other Traitors, and all other that will go to them hereafter.

ITEM, That none which hath been of the Retinue, Company, Force, Aid, Council, Assent, or Adherence of them that be attainted or judged in this present Parliament, or of any of them, except those before excepted, be impeached, molested, nor grieved at the Suit of the King nor other Party, nor in other Manner, because of any Assembly, Riding, [Beating, '] Levying of Penons or of Baners, Discomfiture, Death of a Man, Imprisonment of any Person, taking, leading away, or withholding of Horses or other Beasts, taking or carrying (1) of Goods, Harness, Armour, Chattels, or other Moveables, Burnings of Houses or of other Possessions or of any Goods, Assault, Battery, Robberies, Thefts, coming and tarrying with Force and Arms, or armed in the King's Presence at the Parliament, Councils, or elsewhere, raising of People, or exciting of the People to rise forcibly and against the Peace, by Letters, Commissions, or other Deeds against the Intent or Pursuit of the said Duke of Gloucester, Earls of Derby, Arundell, Warwick, and Marshal, which Intent and Pursuit be declared by their Appeal in this present Parliament, or of any other Thing that may be surmised that they or any of them [ought to 3] have done or purposed to have done, from the beginning of the World, touching any of the Matters against the Intent and Pursuit aforesaid declared in the said Appeal: Which Petition of the Assent aforesaid We have granted in all Points, and thereof We will and grant full Pardon and Remission to them and every of them, to whom it pertaineth, according to the continue of the same Petition.

ALSO, We have received Two other Petitions delivered to Us in the same Parliament by the same Commons, in the Form following:

ITEM, That the Appeals, Pursuits, Accusements, [Process,*] Judgements, and Executions made and given in this present Parliament be approved, affirmed, and established as a Thing duly made for the Weal and Profit of the King our Sovereign Lord, and of all the Realm, notwithstanding that the Lords Spiritual and their Procurators did absent them out of the Parliament at the Time of the said Judgements given, for Honesty and Salvation of their Estate, as is contained in a Protestation by the same Lords Spiritual and Procurators delivered in this present Parliament; and that by Imagination, Interpretation, or any other Motion, none of the same be reversed, broken, or adnulled in any Manner: And whosoever that make pursuit to break, adnull, or reverse any of the said Points, which Pursuit is of Record, he shall be judged and have Execution as a Traitor, and Enemy of the King and his Realm; Provided always, That this Acceptance, Approbation, Affirmance, and Establishment touching the Assemblies, Appeals, Pursuits, Accusements, [Process, 1] Judgements, and Executions aforesaid, have and hold Force and Virtue in these Cases so fallen and happened or declared only, and that they be not drawn in Example nor in Consequence in Time to come; nor that the said Commission made at the last Parliament, be drawn in Example nor Consequence hereafter, but as much as is done touching the said Matters shall stand firmly, for the Time that is past, seeing they were so profitable to the King, and Sustenance and Maintenance of his Crown, and Salvation of all the Realm, and made of so great Necessity: And though that divers Points be declared for Treason in this present Parliament, other Treason. than were declared by Statute before, that no Justice have Power to give Judgement of other Case of Treason, nor in any other Manner, than they had before the beginning of this Parliament.

Skirmysh MS. Tr. 2. 1 away 4 Processes,

Indemnity of Adherents to

Grant of the

Petition 3.

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Petition 4.
That none of the attainted living be pardoned.

Attempt to restore them declared Treason.

Grant of the last Two Petitions.

II.
The King shall have all the Forfeitures of Parties attainted in this Parliament: Fraudulent Conveyances by any such Parties declared void.

ITEM, That none of the Traitors attainted by the Appeal aforesaid, or Accusements of the Commons, which be yet in Life, shall be reconciled nor restored to the Law, by Pardon nor in other Manner, saving the Grace and Pardon which is made in this present Parliament: And if any do pursue to reconcile them, or to make them to have Pardon, or to restore them to the [Common] Law in any Manner, and the same be duely and openly by Record proved, he shall be judged and have Execution as a Traitor, and Enemy of the King and of the Realm: And if any Charter of Pardon, or Licence to repair into England, or other Grant be made to the said Traitors, or any of them to be restored to the [Common] Law, or to abide in England, or in other Place than is limited to them in this present Parliament, that all such Charters and Grants be void and of no Value; and if any of the said Traitors come again, or hold him in England or elsewhere within the Power and Seigniory of the King or any of his Lieges by any Way, or if any of the said Traitors, which be limited to abide in certain Places, be found [out,'] or pass the Place to him limited, [as is aforesaid,] it shall be done of him as of a Traitor and Enemy of the King and of the Realm. Which Petitions We of the Assent aforesaid have granted in all Points, and We will that the same our Grant shall stand firm and stable, according to the continue of the said Petitions without blemish for ever.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, (2) That in the Right of the same Forfeitures of those that be judged in this present Parliament, before the Twentieth Day of this present Month of March, that the King have the Forfeiture of all the Castles, Seigniories, Reversions, Lands, Tenements, Fees, Advowsons, Franchises, Liberties, and all other Possessions which were to Alexander late Archbishop of York, Robert de Veere late Duke of Ireland, Michael de la Pole late Earl of Suffolk, Robert Tresilyan, Knight, Nicholas Brembre, Knight, John Blake and Thomas Uske, or to any of them, the First Day of the last Parliament, which was the First Day of October, the Tenth Year of the King that now is, or after hitherunto; and which any other had of the Gift, Grant, or Feoffment of the said Archbishop of York, Duke of Ireland, Earl of Suffolk, Robert Tresilyan, Nicholas Brembre, John Blake, and Thomas Uske, or any of them, or of the Gift, Grant, or Feoffment of any other by Bargain or in any other Manner, to the Use of the same Archbishop of York, Duke of Ireland, Earl of Suffolk, Robert Tresilyan, Nicholas Brembre, John Blake, and Thomas Uske, or any of them, the said First Day of the last Parliament, or after hitherunto, be forfeit to the King, and that all the Goods and Chattels which were to the said Archbishop of York, Duke of Ireland, Earl of Suffolk, Robert Tresilyan, Nicholas Brembre, John Blake, and Thomas Uske, or any of them, the Seventeenth Day of November last passed, or after hitherto, shall be also forfeit to the King; and if any of the said Archbishop, Duke, Earl, Robert, Nicholas, John, and Thomas have dimissed them of any of their Goods and Chattels by Colour of any feigned Gift or Sale, or Payment of Debt not due, or in other Manner by Fraud or Collusion, after the said First Day of the last Parliament till the said Twentieth Day of March, such Goods and Chattels shall be forfeit to the King. And also that all the Lands, Tenements, Reversions, Fees, Advowsons, Franchises, Liberties, and all other Possessions which were to R. Belknap, John Holt, John [Cray,3] and William Burgh, Knights, or to any of them the First Day of August last past or after hitherunto, and which any other had of the Gift, Grant, or Feoffment of the said Robert Belknap, John Holt, John [Cray,3] and William Burgh, or of any of them,

out of, a in this present Parliament MS. Tr. 2.

Skirmvsh MS, Tr. 1. 1 away 1 would

Item q null de traito's, atteintz p lappell susdit ou accusement des Cões, q sont unqore en vie ne soient reconseillez ne restitutz a la ley p pdon nen autre manle, savant la gece & pdon qest fait en cest psent plement; et si ascun p'suie de les reconseiller ou les faire pdon avoir ou les restituir [a la ley '] en ascun mane, & ce duement & ovtement & p record pve, soit ajugge & eit execucion come traito & enemy du Roi & de roialme: Et si ascune chartre de pdon ou licence de repairer en Engletre ou autre g'nte soit faite as ditz traito's ou ascun de eux, destre restitut a la leye ou dem'er en Englet're ou aillo's q limite est a eux en cest plement, q toutz tieux chres & gantes soient voidez & de null value; & si ascuns des ditz traito's reveigne ou soi tiegne en Engletre ou aillo's deinz le poair & f'ie le Roi nre dit f ou ascuns de ses lieges p queconq voie, ou si ascuns des ditz traito's q sont limitez a dem'rer en cteins lieux soit trove hors ou passe le lieu a luy limite, soit fait de luy come de traito du Roy & de roialme. Quelles peticions nous de lassent avantdit avons g'nte en toutz pointz, & volons q mesme nre gante estoise ferme & estable solone la contenue des ditz peticions sanz emblemisement a touz jo's.

Item ordeignez est & establiz en cest Psent plement, qendroit des forfaito's de ceux qi sont ajuggez en mesme cest plement devant cest vintisme jour de cest Psent Mois de Marz, q le Roi eit la forfaite de toutz les Chastelx Seign'ies Revsions Tres Tentz Fees Advoesons Franchises Libtees & toutes autres possessions qestoient a Alexandre nadgairs Ercevesq, dEvwyk, Robt de Veer, nadgairs Duc dIrland, Michel de la Pole nadgairs Count de Suff, Robert Tresilyan Chivaler, Nichol Brembre Chivaler, John Blake & Thomas Usk, ou a ascun de eux le prim jo' du darrein plement, qestoit le prim jour dOctobr lan du regne nre f' le Roi Richard second disme, ou puis en cea; et q ascun autre avoit du doun gante ou feoffement des avantditz Ercevesq. Devwyk, Duc Dirland, Conte de Suff, Robt Tresilian, Nichol Brembre, Johan Blake, & Thomas Usk, ou dascun de eux, ou de doun g'nte ou feoffment dascun autre, [p2] bargaigne ou en ascune autre mane al oeps de mesmes ceux Ercevesq, dEvwyk, Duc Dirland, Conte de Suff, Robert Tresilyan, Nichol Brembre, Johan Blake, & Thomas Usk, ou dascun deux, le dit prim jour du darrein plement ou puis en cea, soient forfaitz au Roi; et q toutz les biens & chateux qe feurent as avantditz Ercevesq dEvwyk, Duc Dirland, Conte de Suff, Robert Tresilyan, Nichol Brembre, Johan Blake, & Thomas Usk, ou a ascun de eux le dys & septisme jour de Novembr darrein passe ou puis en cea, soient auxint forfaitz au Roi; et si ascun des avantditz Ercevesq dEvwyk, Duc Dirland, Cont de Suff. Robert Tresilian, Nichol Brembre, Johan Blake, & Thomas Usk, se eit demys dascuns de ses biens & chateux p colour de doun ou vente feynte, ou paiement de debt nient due, ou en autre mane p fraude ou collusion, puis le dit p'mer jour du darrein plement tanqal dit vintisme jour de Marcz, soient tieux biens & chateux forfaitz au Roi. Et auxint q toutz les tres, tentz, revsions, fees, advoesons, franchises, libtees, & toutes autres possessions qestoient a Robt Bealknap, Johan Holt, Johan Cary, & William Burgh, Chivalers, ou a ascuns de eux le prim jo' d'Augst darrein passe ou puis en cea & q̃ [aucune 3] autre avoit de doun gante ou feoffement des avantditz Robt Bealknap, Johan Holt, Johan Cary, & William Burgh, ou dascun de eux.

Interlined on the Roll.

ou de doun g'nte ou feoffement daucun autre p bargayne ou en autre mane al oeps de mesmes ceux Robert Bealknap, Johan Holt, Johan Cary, & William Burgh, ou dascun de eux le dit prim jour d'Augst, ou puis en cea, soient forfaitz au Roi; et q toutz les biens & chateux queux furent as avantditz Robert Bealknap, Johan Holt, Johan Cary, & William Burgh, ou a ascun de eux, le sisme jour du dit Mois de Marz, quel jo' ils feurent ajuggez, ou puis en cea, soient auxint forfaitz au Roi; et si aucuns des avantditz Robert Bealknap, Johan Holt, Johan Cary, & William Burgh soy eit demys dascuns de ses biens & chateux p colour de doun ou vente feinte, ou paiement de debt nient due, ou en autre mable p fraude ou collusion puis le dit prim jour dAugst tanq le dit sisme jour de Marz, soient tieux biens & chateux forfaitz au Roi. Et auxint q toutz les Pres, tentz, revsions, fees, advoesons, franchises, libtees, & toutes autres possessions qestoient a Roger Fulthorp, Chivaler, & Johan de Lokton ou a aucun de eux le vynt & quint jour du dit Mois dAugst ou puis en cea, & q aucun autre avoit du doun gente ou feoffement des avantditz Roger Fulthorp & Johan de Lokton ou daucun de eux, ou de doun g'nte ou feoffement dascun autre p bargaine ou en autre mane al oeps de mesmes ceux Roger Fulthorp & Johan Lokton ou dascun de eux, le dit vynt & quint jour dAugst ou puis en cea, soient forfaitz au Roi; et q toutz les biens & chateux queux feurent as avantditz Rog de Fulthorp & Johan Lokton ou a aucun de eux le sisme jour du dit Mois de Marz, quel jour ils feurent ajuggez ou puis en cea soient auxint forfaitz au Roi; et si aucun des avantditz Rog Fulthorp & Johan Lokton soy eit demys daucuns de ses biens & chateux p colour de doun ou vente feinte ou paiement de debt nient duez ou en autre mane p fraude ou collusion puis le dit vynt & quint jo' dAugst tanq, le dit sisme jour de Marz, soient tieux biens & chateux forfaitz au Roi.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q le Roi eit la forfait'e des toutz les Chastelx, Seign'yes, Revsions, res, Tentz, Fees, Advoesons, Franchisees, Libtees, & toutes autres possessions qestoient a Thomas Evesq de Cicestre, Symond de Burley, Chivaler, Johan de Beauchamp de Holt, Chivaler, James Berners, Chivaler, & Johan Salesbury, Chivaler, auxint adjuggez en cest psent plement ou qestoient a ascun de eux le dit prim jo' doctobr le dit an disme, ou q ascun autre avoit de lour doun g'nte ou feoffement ou daucun de eux, ou de doun gente ou feoffement daucun autre p bargaine ou en autre mane, a lour oeps ou al oeps daucun de eux, le dit prim jo' doctobr ou puis tanqal jour qils feurent adjuggez en cest psent plement, soient forfaitz au Roi; & q toutz lour biens queux ils avoient, ou ascun de eux avoit, le dys & septisme jour de Novembr darrein passe ou puis tanqal dit jo' de lour juggement, soient auxint forfaitz au Roi. Et si ascun de eux soy eit demys dascuns de ses biens & chateux, p colour de doun vente feinte paiement de debt nient due ou en autre mane p fraude ou collusion, puis le dit prim jour doctobre le dit an disme, tanq, le jour qils estoient ajuggez en cest Psent plement soient auxint forfaitz au Roy. Et si ascun rent charge soit demandez des ditz Chastelx Seign'ies, tres & Tentz en demesne ou revision, forfaitz come devant est dit, & le dit rent feusse gente nemy al entent destre paiez p le g'ntour effectuelement selonc le p'port du dite g'unte, qen tiel cas les ditz Chastelx, Fies Pres & tentz issint forfaitz, soient ent deschargez & tiele g'nte de nutt value.

or of the Gift, Grant, or Feofiment of any other, by Bargain or in other Manner to the Use of the same Robert Belknap, John Holt, John [Cray,'] and William Burgh, or of any of them, the said First Day of August, or after hitherunto, shall be forfeit to the King; and that all the Goods and Chattels which were to the said Robert Belknap, John Holt, John [Cray,] and William Burgh, or to any of them, the Sixth Day of the said Month of March, on which Day they were judged, or afterward hitherunto, shall be also forfeit to the King; and if any of the said Robert Belknap, John Holt, John [Cray, 1] and William Burgh have dimissed them of any of their Goods and Chattels, by Colour of any feigned Gift or Sale, or Payment of any Debt not due, or in other Manner by Fraud or Collusion after the said First Day of August till the said Sixth Day of March, such Goods and Chattels shall be forfeit to the King. And also that all the Lands and Tenements, Reversions, Fees, Advowsons, Franchises, Liberties, and all other Possessions, which were to Roger Fulthorp, Knight, and John Lokton, or any of them, the Twentyfifth Day of the said Month of August, or afterward hitherunto, and which any other had of the Gift, Grant, or Feoffment of the said Roger Fulthorp and John Lokton, or any of them, or of the Gift, Grant, or Feoffment of any other by Bargain or in other Manner to the Use of the same Roger and John, or of any of them, the said Twenty-fifth Day of August, or afterward hitherunto, shall be forfeit to the King; and that all the Goods and Chattels which were to the said Roger and John, or to any of them, the Sixth Day of the said Month of March, at which Day they were judged, and afterward hitherunto, shall be also forfeit to the King; and if any of the said Roger Fulthorp and John Lokton have them dimissed of any of their Goods and Chattels by Colour of feigned Gift or Sale, or Payment of any Debt not due, or in other Manner by Fraud or Collusion after the said Twenty-fifth Day of August till the said Sixth Day of March, such Goods and Chattels shall be forfeit to the King.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That the King shall have the Forfeiture of all the Castles, Seignories, Reversions, Lands, Tenements, Fees, Advowsons, Franchises, Liberties, and all other Possessions which were to T. Bishop of Chichester, Simon Burley, Knight, John Beauchamp of Holt, Knight, James Berners, Knight, and John Salesbury, Knight, also judged in this Parliament, or which were to any of them the said First Day of October, the said Tenth Year, or which any other had of their Gift, Grant, or Feoffment, or of any of them, or of the Gift, Grant, or Feoffment of any other, by Bargain, or in other Manner to their Use, or to the Use of any of them, the said First Day of October, or after, till the Day that they were judged in this Parliament, (1); and that all the Goods [and Chattels] which they or any of them had the Seventeenth Day of November last past or after, till the said Day of their Judgment, shall be also forfeit to the King, and if any of them hath dimissed him of (3) his Goods and Chattels by Colour of any feigned Gift or Sale, or Payment of Debt not due, or in other Manner, by Fraud [and 1] Collusion, after the said First Day of October, the said Tenth Year, till the Day that they were judged in this present Parliament, they shall be also forfeit to the King: And if any Rent-charge be demanded of the said Castles, Seignories, Lands, and Tenements in Demean or Reversion so forfeit, as afore is said, and the said Rent were granted not to the Intent to be paid by the Grantor effectually, [nor after 5] the Purport of the said Grant, that in such case the said Castles, Seignories, Lands, and Tenements so forfeit, shall be thereof discharged, and such Grant of no Value.

² Cary
³ any of MS. Tr. 2.
² shall be also forfeit to the King
³ any of MS. Tr. 2.
⁴ or
⁵ according

III. Forfeiture of the Estates of the Bishop of Chichester, and others.

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IV.
Penalty on
concealing
Estates of
attainted
Persons.

Except Trust Estates.

V.
Rights of
Lords of
Franchises,
and Issues in
Tail, &c, and
Jointures of
Women, also
excepted.

VI.
None shall
petition for
Grants of
such forfeited
Estates
during the
War.

Except for Offices and Church Benefices,&c.

AND Moreover it is ordained and stablished, That Proclamation shall be made in the Counties, that every Person that hath any of the Goods and Chattels so forfeit as afore is said, or to whose Hands such Goods and Chattels shall come, that he within Two Months after the Proclamation so made, shall come and certify the same to the King's Council, and if he do not, and be thereof duly attainted, he shall be holden to [answer to the King, and '7 the same Goods and Chattels so concealed or the Price of the same, and, besides that, as much as the same Goods and Chattels so concealed be worth, and he shall also have One Year's Imprisonment; Provided always, that if any of the said Persons adjudged, be or were seised or in Possession of any Castles, Seignories, Lands, Tenements, Reversions, Fees, Advowsons, Franchises, Liberties, or other Possessions by Feoffment Gift or Grant of any Person, to the Use and Profit of any other than to the Use and Profit of the said Persons adjudged or of any of them, that such Castles, (1) Lands, Tenements, Reversions, Fees, Advowsons, Franchises, Liberties, and any other Possessions, shall in no Manner be forfeit, nor that this Ordinance or Stablishment of Forfeiture shall extend to them.

AND Moreover it is ordained and stablished, That the King shall have all the said Forfeitures, as well within Franchises as without: Saving the Right of the Lords of the said Franchises, if any Right to them pertain in this Behalf. And it is not the Intent of the King, nor of the Lords and Commons of the Parliament, that by force of this [Statute 3] the Issues in Tail, or they in Reversion or in Remainder, or Women of their Heritage or Jointure with their Husbands, of Gifts Grants and Feoffments made before the said Time limited of Forfeiture, shall be barred or foreclosed of their Right, when their Time shall come according to the Common Law.

ITEM, That all Manner of Seignories, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Services, Goods, and Possessions, and all manner Chattels forfeit to the King, because of Judgements given against the Persons adjudged in this Parliament, and also all other Lands and Tenements, Escheats, Forfeitures, Wards, Marriages, and other Profits which be or shall come in the King's Hand by any Cause, shall abide wholly in the King's Hand during the Wars, to acquit his Debts and in Aid to maintain his Estate, and also in Ease and Supportation of his poor Commons of the Realm, notwithstanding any Warrant or Grant made to any before this Time. And that no Great Man nor small in the King's House, nor about the King's Person, nor no other of what Estate or Condition that he be, privily nor apertly, be so hardy to take of the King's Gift any of the said Seignories, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Services, Goods, Possessions, Escheats, Forfeitures, Wards, Marriages, [Castles, 1] or Profits, or any other Profits and Revenues, during the Wars, as afore, upon Pain to forfeit the Double to the King, and Repeal of the same Thing so demanded, and to be ransomed and imprisoned at the King's Will: Except Offices and Bailiwicks, Benefices and Advancements of Holy Church, and except that that the King hath given in this present Parliament: So that in the Right of the Forfeitures judged in this present Parliament, if any pretend to have Right or Interest to the same, he shall sue to the Council, if him so liketh, and Right shall be done to him; and that the King's great Officers, by Advice of other Lords of the Council, shall have Power to sell Parcel of the said Forfeitures by their (1) Discretion, and that the Gift and Grant to be made upon such Sale shall be firm and stablished.

1 render to the King 2 Seignouries MS. Tr. 2.

Ordynance and Establisshement MS. Tr. 2.

Chatels MS. Tr. 2. goode MS. Tr. 2.

Et outre ce ordeignez est & establiz q pelamacion soit faite es Contees, q chescun qad aucuns de les biens & chateux issint forfaitz come desus est dit, ou a qi mayns tieux biens & chateux deviendrent, qil deinz deux Moys aps la pclamacion issint faite, veigne & ctifie ent au conseil du Roi, & sil ne face & de ce soit duement atteint soit tenuz de rendre au Roy mesmes les biens & chateux issint concelez ou le pris dycelles, & outre ce a tant come mesmes les biens & chateux issint concelez vaillent, & [eit '] lemprisonement dun an; p'veu toutesfoitz q̃ si ascun des ditz ajuggez soit ou feust seisez ou possessionez dascuns Chastelx, f'ies, tres, Tentz, Revsions, Fees, Advoesons, Franchises, Libtees, ou autres possessions quelconqes p feoffement doun ou gente de queleconq, psone, al oeps & pfit dascun autre qal oeps & pfit des ditz adjuggez ou daucun de eux, q tieux Chastelx, Seign'ies, Pres, tentz, revsions, fees, advoesons, franchises, libtees, & autres possessions quelconges, ne soient forfaitz en nutt mane, ne q ceste ordinance ou establissement de forfait'e sextende a ycelles.

Et outre ce est ordeignez & establiz q le Roi eit toutes les forfaitures avantditz, sibien deinz franchise come dehors: Savant le droit des Seign's des ditz Franchises si ascun droit a eux apptient en celle ptie. Et nest pas lentencion du Roi ne des Seign's & Cões du plement q p force de ceste ordinance & establissement les issues en la taille, ou ceux en revision ou remaindre, ou fêmes de lour heritage, ou jointure, ove lour barons, des douns g'ntees ou feoffementz faitz devant les ditz temps limitez de forfait'e soient barrez ou forclosez de leur droit qant leur temps vendra selonc la cõe leye.

Item q toutz manes des f'ies, tres, tentz, rentes, Svices, biens, possessions & chateux quelconges forfaitz au Roi p cause des juggementz renduz devs les psones ajuggez en cest psent plement, & auxint toutz autres Pres, teñtz, eschetes, forfait'es, gardes, mariages, & autres pfitz quelconqes queux sont ou deviendront en la mayn du Roi p quelconq, cause, demoergent entierment en la mayn du Roi durantz les guerres p' acquiter ses dettes & en aide de mayntenir son estat, & ensement en ease & supportacion de ses poves cões du roialme, nient contresteant ascun garrant ou g'nte fait a ascun avant ces heures. Et q null home greindre ne meindre en lostel du Roy nentour la psone du Roy, nautre quelconq de quel estat ou condicion qil soit en prive nen apert soit si hardy a demandre ou Pndre de doun le Roy ascuns des f'ies, tres, tentz, rentes, vices, biens, possessions, eschetes, forfaitures, gardes, mariages, chateux, ou pfitz susditz ou autres pfitz ou revenues quelconqes durantz les guerres come desuis, sur peine de forsfaire le double devs le Roy, & repelle de mesme la chose issint demandee, & estre reint & emprisonez a la volunte du Roi; forspris offices & ballies & benefices & avancementz de seint Esglise, & forspris ce q le Roy ad donez en cest plement. Issint qendroit des forsfaitures ajuggez en cest plement, si ascun Ptende davoir droit ou int'esse en ycelles, sue au conseil si luy semble affaire & droit lui sra faite; et q les g'ntz Officers du Roi p avys des autres f's du conseil eient poair de vendre pcelle de les ditz forsfaitures p lieur bone discrecion & q [le 1] doun & gente affairs sur tiel vente soient ferme & estable.

Interlined on the Roll

I'm come p estatut fait a Evwyk lan du regne le Roy Edward tierce laiel nie f le Roy qorest noefisme, ordeignez feust & establiz q toutz mchantz aliens & denzeins, & toutz autres & chescun de eux de quel estat ou condicion qils soient, qi achatre ou vendre veullent blees vins avoir de poiis chare pesson & toutz autre vivres & vitailles leyns draps mces mchandises & tout mane dautres choses vendables de quele pte qils veignent p foreins ou p deinzeins, a quel lieu qi ce soit, soit il Citee Burgh ville port du meer foir marchee ou autre lieu deinz mesme le roialme deinz franchise ou dehors, les puissent franchement & sanz destourber vendre a qi q lour plest auxibien as foreins come as deinzeins forspris les enemys de nre f le Roi & de son roialme. Et si p cas destourbance soit faite a nul michant alien ou deinzein ou autre s' la vente des tieles choses en Citee Burgh ville port de meer ou autre lieu q franchise eit, & les Mair Baillifs ou autres gont garde de la dite franchise, requis p les ditz mchantz ou autre dent faire remede & il ne le face & de ce soit atteint, soit la franchise pris en la mayne le Roy & nientmeyns soit tenuz lui & les autres qi averont fait celle destourbance contre cest estatut [de '] rendre & restorer au dit michant ses damages qil ava suffert p celle enchaisone au double. Et si tielle destourbance soit faite as tielx mchantz ou [as 1] autres es villes ou lieux ou franchise nest, & le f sil soit psent ou son Baillif Conestable, ou autre Gardein des ditz villes & lieux en absence des f's, ent requis de faire droit ne le facent & de ce soient atteintz, rendent les damages au pleintif au double auxi come desuis est dit, & les destourbours en lun cas & en lautre auxibien deinz franchises come dehors, sils soient atteintz, eient la prison dun an & jademeins soient reintz a la volente le Roi. Et q nutt alien ne deinzein sur mesmes les peins soit destoube quil ne puisse franchement achatre les choses susnomez es lieux susditz & carier la, ou luy plerra a son oeps demesne ou al pfit du Roi & des gentz & du poeple du dit roialme; forspris q les michantz aliens ne amesnent vins hors de mesme le Roialme come est contenu en lour chartre, & q les ditz choses soient tenuz gardez & pfo'nez en chescun Citee Burgh ville port du meer, & autre lieu deinz le dit roialme, nient contreesteant chartre de franchise a eux g'untee a cont'ire, ne usage ne custume, ou juggementz renduz sur leur chartres usages ne custumes, q eux p'ront alegger; les queux chartres usages & custumes si nulles soient le dit Roi laiel Plates Contes Barons & gantz & Coaltees avantditz tiegnent de null force, come choses gentez usez ou acustumez au damage du Roy, platz, Contes, Barons & g'ntz de son roialme & oppssion de son poeple: Sauvez toutesfoitz au Roy & as autres les custumes duez des ditz mchandises. Et auxint q le Chanceller Tresorer & Justices assignez a tenir les plees le Roy es lieux ou ils veignent, enquergent des tieles destourbances & grevances, & facent punissement selonc ce qest avant ordeignez; & nientmeyns q le Roy face assigner p comission de son gent seal cteins gentz ou & qant luy plerra, denquer des tieles destourbances & grevances & de faire punissement come desuis est dit, Et puis p estatut fait en plement, tenuz a Westin lan vint & quint du regne le dit Roi Edward laiel accordez estoit p mesme le Roi Edward laiel plates Contes Barons

} Interlined on the Roll.

ITEM, Whereas by a Statute made at York, the Ninth Year of King Edward III. Grandfather of the King that now is, it was ordained and established, that all Merchants, Strangers and Denizens, and all other and every of them, of what Estate or Condition soever they be, that will buy or sell Corn, Wine, Avoir de pois, Flesh, Fish, and all other Livings and Victuals, Wools, Cloths, Wares, Merchandises, and all other Things vendible, from whence soever they come, by Foreigners or Denizens, at what Place soever it be, City, Borough, Town, Port of the Sea, Fair, Market, or elsewhere within the Realm, within Franchise or without, may freely without Interruption sell them to what Persons it shall please them, as well to Foreigners as Denizens, except always the Enemies of our Lord the King and of his Realm. And if haply any Disturbance be done to any Merchant, Stranger or Denizen, or any other, for the Sale of such Things in any City, Borough, Town, Port of the Sea or other Place which hath Franchise, and the Mayors and Bailiffs, or other which hath the Rule of such Franchise, being required by the said Merchants or other thereof to provide Remedy, and do not, and be thereof attainted, the Franchise shall be seised into the King's Hands; and nevertheless he and the other which hath done this Disturbance against this Statute, shall be bound to yield and restore to the said Merchant his double Damages, which he hath thereby sustained. And if such Disturbance or Interruption be done to such Merchants, or to other, in such Towns or Places where no Franchise is, and the Lord, if he be present, or his Bailiff, Constable, or other Ruler of the said Towns and Places, in Absence of the Lords, being therein required to do Right, and do not, and thereof be attainted, they shall yield to the Party Plaintiff his double Damages, as afore is said; and the Disturbers in the one Case and the other, as well within Franchises as without, if they be attainted, shall have One Year's Imprisonment, and nevertheless be ransomed at the King's Will. And that no Alien or Denizen, upon the same Pain, shall be troubled, but that he may freely buy such Things aforesaid in the said Places, and carry them where it pleaseth him, to his own Use, or to the Profit of the King, or of the Great Men or the Commons of the Realm; saving that such Merchants Aliens shall carry no Wine out of the same Realm, as is contained in their Charter; and that the Things aforesaid shall be observed, performed, and kept in every City, Borough, Town, Port of the Sea, and other Places within the Realm, notwithstanding Charters of Franchise granted to them to the contrary, nor Usage, nor Custom, nor Judgement given upon their Charters, Usages, or Customs, that they can alledge; which Charters, Usages, and Customs, if any were, the said King the Grandfather, the Prelates, Earls, Barons, Great Men and the Commons aforesaid, held them of no Force, as Things granted, used, or accustomed to the Damage of the King and his Prelates, Earls, Barons, and Great Men of his Realm, and to the Oppression of the Commons; Saved alway to the King and to other the Customs due of the said Merchandises. And also that the Chancellor, Treasurer, and the Justices assigned to hold the King's Pleas in Places where they come, shall inquire of such Disturbances and Grievances, and the same shall punish according as is before ordained; and nevertheless the King shall assign, by Commission of his Great Seal, certain Persons where and when it shall please him, to inquire of such Disturbances and Grievances, and the same to punish as before is said. And after by a Statute made at a Parliament holden at Westminster the Twenty-fifth Year of King Edward the Third, It was accorded by the same King Edward the Grandfather, the Prelates, Earls, Barons, and other

VII. Recital of Statute 9 Edw. III. stat. I. C. I.

> Recital of Statute 25 Edw. III. stat. 3. c. 2

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made the said Ninth Year, in all Points and Articles contained in the same, be holden, kept, and maintained; and if that any Statute, Charter, Letters Patents, Proclamation, or Commandment, Usage, Allowance, or Judgement were made to the contrary, the same should be openly repealed, void, and holden for none; and moreover, that every Merchant or other, of what Condition he be, as well Alien as Denizen, that bring Wines, Flesh, Fish, or other Victuals, Cloths, Woolfels, Avoir de pois, or any other Manner of Merchandises or Chaffer to the City of London, or other Cities, Boroughs, and good Towns of England, or Ports of the Sea, may freely and without Challenge or Impeachment of any, sell in Gross or at Retail, or by Parcels, at his Will, to all manner of People that will buy the same, notwithstanding any Franchises, Grants, or Custom used, or any other Thing done to the contrary, sithence that such Usages and Franchises be to the common Prejudice of the King and his People. And that no Mayor, Bailiff, Catchpole, Minister, nor other, shall meddle with the Sale of any manner of Victual vendible brought or carried to Cities, Boroughs, or other Towns, nor Fair, nor Market, but only he to whom the Victuals be; and also that Proclamation be thereof made of new in all Counties of England, and in the City of London, and in all other Cities, Boroughs, good Towns, Ports of the Sea, and other Places within the Realm of England, where need shall be; and that the said King the Grandfather thereupon cause to be assigned his Justices at all Times that shall please him, [and shall be necessary,] and if need be, to enquire of all those that shall offend against this Ordinance or do anything against the same, and to punish them according to the Pain contained in the same Statute made in the said Ninth Year; and that every Person that will sue against any such shall have a Writ in the Chancery to attach him by his Body, as a Disturber of the common Profit, to cause him to come thereof to make Answer in the King's Court: as by the same Statutes plainly doth appear. Our Lord the King seeing clearly that the said Statutes if they were holden and fully executed, should much extend to the Profit and [Wealth 1] of all the Realm, hath ordained and established, by the Assent of the Prelates, Dukes, Earls, Barons, Great Men, Nobles, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, That the said Statutes shall from henceforth be firmly holden, kept, maintained, and fully executed in all the Points and Articles of the same; notwithstanding any Ordinance, Statute, Charter, Letters Patents, Franchise, Proclamation, Commandment, Usage, Allowance, or Judgement made or used to the contrary: And that if any (3) Statute, Ordinance, Charter, Letters Patents, Franchise, Proclamation, Commandment, Usage, Allowance, or Judgement be made or used to the contrary, it shall be utterly repealed, avoided, and holden for none.

Great Men and the Commons, that the said Statute

ing any Charter, &c.

The recited

be executed in all Points,

notwithstand-

VIII. Certain Annuities granted by the Crown made void.

New Charges on Wools,&c. annulled.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That all the Annuities and other Things given or granted by our Lord the King, or by his Father or Grandfather, to any manner of Persons, with the Clause, 'Quousque pro statu suo aliter duxerimus ordinandum,' shall be wholly void and of no Force, if the same Persons have accepted afterward any other Things of the King [and 1] of his said Father or Grandfather.

ITEM, That no Imposition or Charge be put upon Wools, Leather, or Woolfels, other than the Custom and Subsidy granted to the King in this present Parliament; and if any be, the same shall be repealed and annulled, as it was another Time ordained by Statute; Saving always unto the King his ancient Right.

1 Omit these Words.

1 suche MS. Tr. 2.

² Common Weal or MS. Tr. 2.

& toutz autres gantz & cões en le dit plement assemblez, q le dit estatut fait le dit an noefisme en toutz pointz & articles contenuz en ycell sroit tenu garde & meyntenu; & q si nuff estatut chartre fre patente pclamacion ou mandement, usage allouance ou juggement feust fait a cont'ir sroit ovtement repelle aniente & tenu p' nuff; et outre ce q chescun michant ou autre de quele condicion qil Proit auxibien alien come deinzein qi amesneroit vins chares pesson ou autre manie des vitailles, draps, peaux, ou avoir de poiis, ou quelconqes autres mces ou mchandises a la Citee de Londres ou as autres Citees Burghs & bones villes Denglet're ou portz du meer, les purroit franchement & sanz chalange ou empeschement de nully vendre en grosse ou a retaille ou p pcelles a sa volentee a quelconqes [gentz 1] q les voudroient achatre, nient contreesteantz quelconq, franchise, g'nte ou custume use ou quelconq, autre [manle 1] chose faite a cont'ire desicome q tieux franchises & usages sont en coe pjudice du Roi & de tout son poeple. Et q nuff Mair Baillif Cachepol Ministre ne null autre se medleroit de la vente de nutt mane des vitailles vendables mesnez ou portez as Citees Burghs nautre villes ne foire, ne marche fors soulement celuy a qi les vitailes sroient; & q pclamacion ent se ferroit de novell en toutz les Contees Dengletre & en la Citee de Londres & es toutz autres Citees Burghs & bones villes & portz du meer & aillio's deinz le roialme Dengletre ou mestier sroit; & q le dit Roi laiel s' ce ferroit assigner ses Justices toutz les foitz q lui plerroit & mestier Proit denquere, de toutz ceux qi vendroient ou riens ferroient a lencontre, & de les punir selonc la peine contenue en mesme lestatut fait le dit an noefisme; & q chescun qi vorroit suir devs nutt tiel avoit brief de la Chancellerie de luy attacher p son corps come destourbour de coe pfit, de luy faire ent venir a respons en la Courte le Roy, come p mesmes les estatutz pleinement appiert. Nre f' le Roi veiant clerement q les ditz estatutz sils feussent tenuz & pleinement executz sextendent ovtement al pfit & bien cõe de tout le roialme, Si ad ordeignez & establiez p assent des platz Ducs Contes Barons g'ntz nobles, & Cões en cest psent plement assemblez, q les ditz estatutz soient desore enavant fermement tenuz gardez mayntenuz & pleynement executz en toutz poyntz & articles dycelles; Nient contreesteantz ascun estatut ordinance chartres fres patentes franchise polamacion maundement usage allouance ou juggement fait ou use a cont'ire: Et q si aucun tiel estatut ordinance chre fres patentz franchise pclamacion maundement usage allouance ou juggement soit fait ou use a cont'ire soit outrement repellez anientiz & tenuz p' nuff.

Itm ordeigne est & establiz q toutz les annuites & autres choses donez ou gentez p nre f' le Roi ou p son pe ou p son Aiel a quelconqes psones q ce soit ovesq, la clause, quousq, p statu suo alit duxim9 ordinand, soient toutz voidez & de nulle force si mesmes les psones aient acceptez aps autres choses du Roi ou de son pe ou de son aiel avantditz.

Item q nulle imposicion ne charge soit mys sur lains quirs ou pealx lanutz autre q le subside & custume g'ntez au Roi en cest psent plement; & si ascuny soit, soit repellez & adnullez come autresfoitz feust ordeynez p estatut: Sauvant toutdiz au Roi son auncien droit.

Interlined on the Roll.

Item ordeyne est & estably q fres de signet ne du secre seal nre & le Roy ne seient desormes envoiez en damage ne pjudice de roialme nen destourbance de la loye.

Item come nadgairs en lestatut fait a Westm lan du regne nre dit f' le Roy sisme, entre autres choses, ordeynez soit & accordez q Justices assignez & assigners as assises pndre & gaoles deliver tendroient leur Sessions en les principalx & chiefs villes de chescun Contee, Cest assavoir la ou le Contee de mesme les Contees soit ou en aps sroit tenuz, Nre f' le Roy considerant coment le dit estatut si est en ptie damageous & grevous as gentz du plusours Countees Denglerre, voet & g'nte de lassent susdit, al request des ditz Coes, q le Chanceller Denglerre p' le temps esteant, ait poair dent mettre & faire remede p advys des Justices de temps en temps qant mestier sra; Nient contreesteant lestatut avantdit.

Et met que pelamacio istius statuti facta fuit in singulis Com Angt.

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ITEM, It is ordained and established, That neither Letters of the Signet, nor of the King's Privy Seal, shall be from henceforth sent in Damage or Prejudice of the Realm, nor in Disturbance of the Law.

ITEM, Whereas late in a Statute made at Westminster, the Sixth Year of the King's Reign that now is, amongst other Things it was ordained and accorded, that the Justices assigned and to be assigned, to take Assises, and deliver Gaols, should hold their Sessions in the chief and principal Towns of every County, that is to say, where the Shire Courts of the same Counties be or hereafter shall be holden; Our Lord the King considering how the said Statute is in Part prejudicial and grievous to the People of divers Counties of England, will and grant of the Assent aforesaid, at the Request of the said Commons, That the Chancellor of England for the Time being shall have Power thereof to make and provide Remedy by Advice of the Justices from Time to Time, when Need shall be, notwithstanding the said Statute.

And Be it Remembered that Proclamation of this Statute was made in the several Counties of England.

X. Delays of Law by Privy Seal forbidden.

XI. Recital of Statute 6 Ric. II. chapter 5.

Chancellor and Justices may settle the Places for holding the Assizes.

Anno 12° RICARDI, II. A.D. 1388.

In Margine Rotuli.

D' Statuto edito apud Cantebrigg'. Anno rije.

OF THE STATUTE MADE AT CAMBRIDGE; IN THE TWELFTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 13, 12.

PUR coe pfit & univel bien de tout le Roialme nie f' le Roi a son plement tenuz a Cantebr lendemayn de la Nativite de nie dame lan de son regne douzisme del assent des f's & Coes illoeqs assemblez ad fait creins estatutz & ordenances en la forme qensuit.

Primerment accordez est & assentuz q seinte esglise eit toutes ses libtees & franchises; & q la gonde chre & la chartre de la foreste & touz autres estatutz & ordenances avant ces heures faitz & nient repel·lez soient duement tenuz & ferment gardez.

Item accordez est & assentuz q le Chanceller Tresorer Gardein du prive seal Seneschaft del Hostel le Roi Chaumbleyn du Roi, Clerc des Roulles, Justices de lun Banc & de lautre Barons de lescheker & toutz auts qi sront appellez dordeiner nomer ou faire Justices de la Paix, Viscontz Eschetours Custumers, Contrerollours ou ascun autre officer ou ministre du Roi, soient ferment jurrez & Sementez gils nordeinent noment ne facent Justice de la paix Viscont Escheto' Custumer, Contrerollour ne null autre Officer ne Ministre [du Roi '] p nuff mane doun [ne '] brogage favo' naffeccion, ne q nuff q p'sue p luy ou p autre en prive ou en apert destre en ascune mane office soit mys en mesme loffice ou en ascun autre; einz qils facent toutz tielx officers & ministres de les plus bones & loialx & les plus sufficeantz a lour escience & lour conscience.

1 Interlined on the Roll.

FOR the common Profit and universal Wealth of all the Realm of England, our Lord the King at his Parliament holden at [Canterbury 1] the Morrow after the Nativity of our Lady, the Twelfth Year of his Reign, by the Assent of the Lords and Commons there assembled, hath made certain Statutes and Ordinances in the Form following.

FIRST, It is accorded and assented, That Holy Church have all her Liberties and Franchises; and that the Great Charter, and the Charter of the Forest, and all other Statutes and Ordinances made in Times past, and not repealed, shall be duly holden and firmly kept.

ITEM, It is accorded, That the Chancellor, Treasurer, Keeper of the Privy Seal, Steward of the King's House, the King's Chamberlain, Clerk of the Rolls, the Justices of the one Bench and of the other, Barons of the Exchequer, and all other that shall be called to ordain, name, or make Justices of Peace, Sheriffs, Escheators, Customers, Comptrollers, or any other Officer or Minister of the King, shall be firmly sworn, that they shall not ordain, name, or make Justice of the Peace, Sheriff, Escheator, Customer, Comptroller, nor other Officer or Minister of the King, for any Gift or Brocage, Favour or Affection; nor that none which pursueth by him or by other, privily or openly, to be in any manner Office, shall be put in the same Office, or in any other; but that they make all such Officers and Ministers of the best and most lawful Men, and sufficient to their Estimation and Knowledge.

1 Cambridge

I. Liberties of the Church, the Charters and Statutes confirmed.

II. No Officers shall be appointed for Gifts, &c.

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Statutes
respecting
Artificers,
Servants, &c.

Servants going from their Service shall carry Letters testimonial.

Seal.

If wandering without such Letters, they shall be put into the Stocks.

Exceptions.

Penalty on forging such Letters; or receiving Servants without them.

Artificers compelled to serve in Harvest.

ITEM, It is accorded and assented, That all the Statutes of Artificers, Labourers, Servants, and Victuallers, made as well in the Time of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, as in the Time of his noble Grandfather, whom God assoil, not repealed, shall be firmly holden and kept, and duely executed; and that the said Artificers, Labourers, Servants, and Victuallers be duely justified by the Justices of Peace as well at the Suit of the King as of the Party, according as the said Statutes require; and that the Mayors, Bailiffs, and Stewards of Lords, and Constables of Towns, do duely their Offices touching such Artificers, Servants, Labourers, and Victuallers; and that a Pair of Stocks be in every Town to justify the same Servants and Labourers as is ordained in the said Statutes. And Moreover It is ordained and assented, That no Servant nor Labourer, be he Man or Woman, shall depart at the End of his Term out of the Hundred, Rape, or Wapentake where he is dwelling, to serve or dwell elsewhere, or by Colour to go from thence in Pilgrimage, unless he bring a Letter Patent containing the Cause of his going, and the Time of his Return, if he ought to return, under the King's Seal, which for this Intent shall be assigned and delivered to the keeping of some good Man of the Hundred, (1) Rape, Wapentake, City, or Borough, after the Discretion of the Justices of the Peace to be kept, and lawfully to make such Letters when it needeth, and not in any other Manner, by his own Oath; and that about the same Seal there shall be written the Name of the County and overthwart the said Seal, the Name of the Hundred, Rape, or Wapentake, City or Borough; and also if any Servant or Labourer be found in any City or Borough or elsewhere coming from any Place, wandering without such Letter, he shall be maintenant taken by the said Mayors, Bailiffs, Stewards, or Constables, and put in the Stocks, and kept till he hath found Surety to return to his Service, or to serve or labour in the Town from whence he came, till he have such Letter to depart for a reasonable Cause: And It is to be remembered, that a Servant or Labourer may freely depart out of his Service at the End of his Term, and to serve in another Place, so that he be in a certainty with whom, and shall have such a Letter as afore; but the meaning of this Ordinance is not, that any Servants, which ride or go in the Business of their Lords or Masters, shall be comprised within the same Ordinance for the Time of the same Business; and if any bear such Letter, which may be found forged or false, he shall have Imprisonment of Forty Days for the Falsity, and further till he hath found Surety to return or serve or labour as before is said. And that none receive Servant or Labourer going out of their Hundred, Rape, or Wapentake, City, or Borough, without Letter Testimonial, nor with Letter Testimonial above one Night, except it be for Cause of Sickness or other Cause reasonable, or which will and may serve and labour there by the same Testimonial, upon a Pain to be limited by the Justices of Peace; and that as well Artificers and [People of Mystery, 7 as Servants and Apprentices, which be of no great [Avoyr,3] and of which Craft or Mystery a Man hath no great Need in harvest Time, shall be compelled to serve in Harvest, to cut, gather, and bring in the Corn; and that these Statutes be duly executed by Mayors, Bailiffs, (4) and Constables of Towns, upon Pain to be limited and judged by the said Justices of Peace in their Sessions; and that no Man take above a Penny for the making, sealing, and delivering of such Letter.

or Hundreds
Men of Craft MS. Tr. 2.
have, or Reputation, MS. Tr. 2.
Seneschals MS. Tr. 2.

Item accordez est & assentuz q toutz les estatutz des Artificers Laborers svantz & Vitaillers, faitz sibn en temps nre f' le Roi qure est come en temps de son noble Aiel q Dieux assoitt nient repellez, soient ferment tenuz & gardez & duement executz; & q les ditz Artificers laborers Svantz & Vitaillers soient duement justicez p les Justices de la Paix sibn a suite du Roi come de ptie solonc lexigence des ditz estatutz; et q les Mairs Bailiffs & Seneschalx des f's & Conestables des Villes facent duement lour offices touchant tielx artificers svantz laborers & Vitaillers; & q ceppes soient en chescune ville a justifier mesmes les svantz & laborers come ordeinez est en lestatutz suisditz. Et enoutre est ordeinez & assentuz q nutt svant ou laborer, soit il home ou feme, ne dept au fyn de son ?me hors del Hundred, Rope ou Wapentak ou il est dem'rant p' svir ou dem'rer aillours ou p colour daler loyns en pillerinage sil ne porte tre patente contenant la cause de son aler & le temps de son reto'nir sil doit reto'nir desouz le seal le Roi qa ce sra assigne & live en garde dascun pdhome del hundred ou hundredes Rope ou Wapentak, Citee & Burgh, solone la discrecion des Justices de la paix agarder, & loialment faire tielx tres q'nt il busoign & nemye en autre mane p son sement; & qento' le dit seal soit escript le noun de Countee, & atravers du dit seal le noun del dit Hundred Rope Wapentak Citee ou Burgh; et si ascun svant ou Laborer soit trove en Citee Burgh ou aillours venant dascun lieu vagerant sanz tiel fre soit mayntenant pris p les ditz Meirs Baillifs Seneschalx ou Conestables & mys en ceppes & garde tanq, il eit trovez seuretee de reto'nir a son Svice ou svir ou laborer en la ville dont il vient, tany il eit tiel fre a deptier p cause ronable: et fait a remembrer q svant ou Laborer puisse franchement deptier hors de son svice al fyn de son tme & svir aillours, issint qil soit en ctein ove qi, & eit autiel fre come desus; Mais nest pas lentencion de ceste ordenance q svantz q chivachent ou aillent es busoignes de lour f's ou Meistres soient compris deinz ceste ordenance p' temps de mesme le busoigne; et si nult porte tiel fre q poet estre trovez forge ou faux eit la prisone de qarant jo's p' la fauxine, & outre tanq, il eit trove seurtee de reto'nir & svir & laborer come devant est dit. Et q null recette svant ne laborer alantz hors de lour Hundredes Rope Wapentak Citee ou Burgh sanz fre testimoniale ne ove fre outre une noet, sil ne soit p cause de maladie ou autre cause ronable, ou qil voet & puisse gvir & laborer illoegs p mesme la tesmoignance, s' peyne a limiter p Justices de la paix; & q sibn artificers & gentz de mistier come svantz & appntiz qi ne sont de gent avoir, & de quell artifice ou mistier len nad pas gent busoigne, en temps daust, soient artez de svir en aust de cier coiller & entrer les bleds; & q cest estatut soit duement execut p Mairs, Baillifs, Seneschalx & Conestables des Villes s' peyne a limit & ajugger p les ditz Justices de la paix en lour Sessions; & q null pigne outre un denier p' la dite fre faire & ensealer & deliver.

Et enoutre a cause q les svantz & Laborers ne voillent ne p long temps ont voluz svir & laborer sanz out geouse & excessive lower, & moult greindre q nad este done as tielx avantz & laborers en ascun temps passe siq p' chierte des ditz laborers & svantz les husbandes & Pretenantz ne poent paier lour rentes ne apeyne vivre s' lour Pres a Psg'nt damage & pde sibn des f's come de toute la Coe; Et auxint a cause q les lowers des ditz Laborers & Svantz nont este mys en Eteyn devant ces heures, Accordez est & assentuz q le baillif p' husbandrie pigne p an xiij s. iiij d. & sa vesture un foitz p an a plus, le Maistre hyne, x s, charetter x s, bercher x s, bover vi s. viij d, vacher vj s. viij d, porcher vj s, feme laborer vj s, deye vj s, chacer de charue vij s. au plus ; & chescun autre laborer & svant solonc son degree, & meyns en paiis ou meyns soleit estre donez sanz vesture curtoisie ou autre regard p covenant. Et q nutt svant des artificers ne des vitaillers deinz Citees Burghs nautres villes ne Pigne plus q les laborers & svantz desusnomez solonc lo' estat, sanz vesture curtoisie ou autre regarde p covenante come desus est dit. Et si nully donne ou Pigne p covenant plus q nest especifiez pamont qal prim foitz qils front ent atteintz paient sibn les dono's come les pno's la value de lexcesse issint done ou pris; & al second foitz de lour atteindre, la double value de tielle excesse & al tierce foitz la treble value de tielle excesse; et si le pno' issint atteint neit riens dont paier le dit excesse eit la prisone de garant jours.

Item ordeinez est & assentuz q celuy ou celle q use de laborer a la charue & charette ou autre labour ou svice de husbandrie tanqil soit del age de xij. ans, q delors enavant il demoerge a cell labour sanz estre mys a mistier ou artifice; & si ascun covenant ou lien dappintice soit fait desore enavant a cont'ire soit tenuz p' nuff.

Item accordez est & assentuz q nult svant de husbandrie ou laborer ne svant de artificer ne de vitailler ne porte desore enavant baslard dagger nespee s' forfaiture dicelle sinon en temps de guerre p' defense du Roialme, & ce p s'vewe des arraio's p' le temps esteantz, ou t'vaillant p paiis ovesq lour mestres ou en le message de lour meistres; mes eient tielx svantz & laborers arkes & setes & les usent les dymenges & jo's des festes, & lessent tout outrement les jeues as pelotes sibn a meyn come a piee, & les autres jeues appellez Coytes dyces gettre de pere keyles & autres tielx jeues importunes; & q les Viscontz Mairs Baillifs & Conestables aient poair darester & arestent touz les contrevenantz & les baslardes daggers & espees susditz, & les ditz baslardes daggers & espees seiser & garder tanqal session des Justices de la paix, & les psentent devant les ditz Justices en lour sessions ensemblement ove les nouns de ceux q les porterent. Et nest pas lentencion du Roi q prejudice soit fait as franchises des f's touchantz les forfait'es a eux dues. in p measure la peyme; in ceux, di most urbs

faut qi ue sont pas punisuablesipola dia parse punisual vient Printed Capter.

ITEM, Because that Servants and Labourers will not, nor by a long Season would, serve and labour without outrageous and excessive Hire, and much more than hath been given to such Servants and Labourers in any Time past, so that for Scarcity of the said Servants and Labourers, the Husbands and Landtenants may not pay their Rents, nor [unnethes'] live upon their Lands, to the great Damage and Loss as well of the Lords as all the Commons; Also because that the Hires of the said Servants and Labourers have not been put in certainty before this Time: It is accorded and assented that the Bailiff for Husbandry shall take by Year xiij s. iiij d. and his Clothing once by Year at the most. The Master Hine x s. the Carter x s. the Shepherd x s. the Oxherd vj s. viij d. the Cowherd vj s. viij d. the Swineherd vj s. a Woman Labourer vj s. a [Deye 1] vj s. a Driver of the Plough vij s. at the most; and every other Labourer and Servant according to his Degree, and less in the Country where less was wont to be given without Clothing, Courtesie, or other Reward by Covenant. And that no Servant of Artificer nor Victualler within City, Borough, nor other Town, shall take more than the Servants and Labourers above named after their Estate, without Vesture, Courtesie, or other Reward by Covenant as is aforesaid. And if any give or take by Covenant more than is above specified, at the first Time that they shall be thereof attainted, as well the Givers as the Takers, shall pay the Value of the Excess so given or taken, and at the Second Time of their Attainder, the Double Value of such Excess, and at the Third Time the Treble Value of such Excess, and if the Taker so attainted have nothing whereof to pay the said Excess, he shall have Forty Days Imprisonment.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That he or she, which use to labour at the Plough and Cart, or other Labour or Service of Husbandry, till they be of the Age of Twelve Years, that from thenceforth they shall abide at the same Labour, without being put to any Mystery or Handicraft; and if any Covenant or Bond of Apprentice be from henceforth made to the contrary, the same shall be holden for none.

ITEM, It is accorded and assented, That no Servant of Husbandry, or Labourer, nor Servant [or 3] Artificer, nor of Victualler, shall from henceforth bear any [Buckler, 1] Sword, nor Dagger, upon Forfeiture of the same, but in the Time of War for Defence of the Realm of England, and that by the surveying of the Arreyers for the Time being, or travailing by the Country with their Master, or in their Master's Message; but such Servants and Labourers shall have Bows and Arrows, and use the same the Sundays and Holydays, and leave [all playing at Tennis or Football, and other Games called Coits, Dice, Casting of the Stone, [Kailes,6] and other such importune Games; 5] and that the Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, and Constables, shall have Power to arrest, and shall arrest all Doers against this Statute, (7) and seize the said [Bucklers, 3] Swords, and Daggers, and keep them till the Sessions of the Justices of Peace, and the same present before the same Justices in their Sessions, together with the Names of them that did bear the same. And it is not the King's Mind that any Prejudice be done to the Franchises of Lords, touching the Forfeitures due to them.

but to grete peyne MS.Tr. 2:—scarcely. deyrie woman of Baselard Rast. 1603; MS.Tr. 2. the pleyes at the balle nother hand nor foote, and thiese other plaies coytes dice castyng of the stone kailes and suche other plaies uncovenable; MS. Tr. 2.

7 and the Baselards Daggers and Swords aforesaid,

Baselards Rast. 1603; MS. Tr. 2.

IV. High Price Labour.

Wages of Husbandry.

Penalty on

Persons having served in Husbandry till twelve, shall continue

Servants shall use only Arrows, and leave idle

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VII. Punishment of wandering Beggars.

See Chap. 3.

Maintenance of impotent Beggars.

Pilgrims shall carry Testimonials.

VIII. Travelling Beggars shall carry Testimonials.

See Chap. 3.

IX. How these Statutes shall be put in Execution.

X. Six Justices of Peace in each County;

Quarterly Sessions, &c.

ITEM, It is accorded and assented, That of every Person that goeth begging, and is able to serve or labour, it shall be done of him as of him that departeth out of the Hundred and other Places aforesaid without Letter Testimonial as afore is said, except People of Religiori, and Hermits (') having Letters testimonial of their Ordinaries. And that the Beggars impotent to serve, shall abide in the Cities and Towns where they be dwelling at the Time of the Proclamation of this Statute; and if the People of Cities or other Towns will not or may not suffice to find them, that then the said Beggars shall draw them to other Towns within the Hundreds, Rape, or Wapentake, or to the Towns where they were born, within Forty Days after the Proclamation made, and there shall continually abide during their Lives. And that of all them that go in Pilgrimage as Beggars, and be able to travail, it shall be done as of the said Servants and Labourers, if they have no Letters testimonial of their Pilgrimage under the said Seals. And that the Scholars of the Universities that go so begging, have Letters testimonial of their Chancellor upon the same Pain.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That they that feign themselves Men travelled out of the Realm, and there to be imprisoned, shall bring Letters testimonial of the Captains where they were abiding, or of the Mayors or Bailiffs where they arrived; and the same Mayors and Bailiffs shall enquire of such People where and with whom they have dwelled, and in what Place their Dwelling is in England; and that the same Mayors and Bailiffs make them Letters Patents under the Seal of their Office, testifying the Day of their Arrival, and [also witnessing] where they have been, as they have said; and that the said Mayors and Bailiffs cause them to swear, that they shall hold their right Way towards their Country, except they have Letters Patents under the King's Great Seal to do otherwise. And if any such travelled Man be found without such Letter [as afore is said,] it shall be done of him as of the said Servants and Labourers; and also this Ordinance shall be intended of Men travelled, that go begging through the Country after their Arrival.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That the Ordinances aforesaid of Servants and Labourers, Beggars and Vagabonds, shall hold place and be executed as well in Cities and Boroughs, as in other Towns and Places within the Realm, as well within the Franchises as without. And that the Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, and Keepers of the Gaols shall be holden and charged to receive the said Servants, Labourers, Beggars, and Vagabonds, and to keep them in the Prison in the Form aforesaid, without letting to Mainprise or in Bail, and without Fee or any other Thing taking of them by themselves or by any other, as long as they be so imprisoned, or at their Entry, or at their [going forth, 1] upon Pain to pay an C. s. to our Sovereign Lord the King.

ITEM, It is ordained and agreed, That in every Commission of the Justices of Peace, there shall be assigned but Six Justices with the Justices of Assises, and that the said Six Justices shall keep their Sessions in every Quarter of the Year at the least, and by Three Days, if need be, upon Pain to be punished according to the Discretion of the King's Council, at the Suit of every Man that will complain; and they shall inquire diligently, amongst other Things touching their Offices, if the said Mayors, Bailiffs, Stewards, Constables, and Gaolers have duely done Execution of the said Ordinances (3) of Servants and Labourers, Beggars and Vagabonds, and shall punish them that be punishable by the said Pain of an Hundred Shillings, by the same Pain; and [they '] that be found in Default, and which be not punishable by the same Pain, [shall be punished 5]

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and Statutes

2 issue of the same prisone MS. Tr. 2.

4 them

s they shall punish

Item accordez est & assentuz q de chescun qi va mendinant & est able de svir ou laborer, soit fait de luy come de celuy q dept hors de Hundredes & autres lieux susditz sanz fre tesmoigniale come desus est dit, forspris gentz de religion & heremytes approvez eiantz fres tesmoniales des ordinairs. Et q les mendinantz impotentz de svir dem'gent es Citees & Villes ou ils sont dem'rantz al temps de pclamacion de cest estatut; et si les gentz des ditz Citees ou Villes ne voillent ou ne poient suffir de les trover, q les ditz mendinantz soi traihent as autres villes deinz le Hundred Rope ou Wapentak ou as Villes ou ils furent nez, deinz garrant jours aps la dite pelamacion faite, & la dem'gent continuelment p' lour vies. Et q de toutz ceux qaillent en pilrinage come mendinantz & sont puissant de t'vailler soit fait come des ditz svantz & laborers sils neient fres testimoniales de lo' pilrinage desouz les sealx avantditz. Et q les Clers des Univsitees qi vont ensy mendinantz [eiant 1] tres de tesmoigne de lour Chanceller s' mesme la peyne.

Item ordeinez est & assentuz q ceux q se feignent homes t'vaillez hors du roialme, & illoeqs estre emprisonez, portent fres testimoniales des Capitains ou ils ont dem'rez, ou des Meirs & Baillifs ou ils facent lour arrival, & q mesmes les Meirs & Baillifs enquergent de tielx gentz ou ils ont dem'rez & ove qi & en quel lieu lour demoer est en Engletre; & q mesmes les Mairs & Baillifs les facent tre patente desouz le seal de lour office tesmoignant le jo' de lo' arrivall & ou ils ont este a ce qils ont dit; & q les ditz Meirs & Baillifs les facent jurrer qils tendront lour droit chymyn Vs lour paiis, sinon qils eient fre patente desouz le g'nt Seal du Roi dautrement faire. Et si ascun tiell home t'vaillez soit trove sanz tiel fre soit fait de luy come des svantz & laborers susditz; & ceste ordenance sra entendue des homes t'vaillez qi vont mendinantz p la paiis aps lo arrivall.

Item ordeinez est & assentuz q les ordinances suisd'ées des svantz & laborers mendinantz & vagerantz, tiegnent lieu & soient executz sibn es Citees & Burghs come es autres villes & lieux deinz le Roialme sibn deinz franchise come dehors. Et q les Viscontz, Meirs & Baillifs & Gardeins des gaoles soient tenuz & chargez de receivre les ditz svants laborers mendinantz & vagerantz, & les detenir en prisone en la forme avantd'ée, sanz les lesser a mainprise ou en baille, & sanz fee ou autre riens pndre deux p eux mesmes ou p autres, tantcome ils soient ensy en prisone ou al entree ou issue de mesme la prisone, s' peyne de paier C s. au Roy.

Item ordeinez est & assentuz qen chescun cōmission des Justices de la Paix ne soient assignez q̃ sys Justices, outre les Justices dassises; & q̃ les ditz sys Justices tiegnent lo' sessions en chescun quart del an au meyns, & ce p trois jours si mestier soit s' peyne destre puniz solonc ladvys du conseil le Roy a suyte de chescun q̃ soy vorra pleindre; & enquergent diligealment entre autres choses touchantz lour offices si les ditz Meirs Baillifs Seneschalx & Conestables & auxint gaolers ont duement faitz execucion des ditz ordenances & estatuts des svantz & laborers mendinantz & vagerantz, & punissent ceux q̃ sont punissables p la dc̃e peyne de C s̃. p mesme la peyne; & ceux qi sont trovez en defaut qi ne sont pas punissables p la dc̃e peyne punissent

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p lour discrecion; & pgne chescun des ditz Justices. p' lour gages iiij s. le jo' p' le temps de lour ditz sessions & lo' clerc, deux s. le jo' des fyns & amciementz s'dantz & pvenantz de mesmes les sessions, p mayns des Viscontz; et q les f's des franchises soient contributoirs as ditz gages solone lafferant de lour pt des fyns & amcimentz susditz; et q null Seneschall de l' soit assigne en nutt des ditz comissions & q nutt associacion soit faite as Justices de la paix ap's lour primer comission. Et nest pas lentencion de cest estatut q les Justices de lun bank & de lautre ne les sgeantz de ley en cas qils soient nomez en les ditz comissions soient tenuz p force de cest estatut de tenir les ditz sessions quatre foitz p an come sont les autres Comissioners qi sont continuelment dem'rantz en paiis mes qils le facent qant ils a ce poent bonement entendre.

Item come contenuz soit sibn en lestatut de Westin primer come en lestatut fait a Glouč lan du regne nre le Roi qure est second q null soit si hardy de controver dire ou conter [ascune '] faux novelt mensonge, ou autre tiel fauxe chose des Prelatz Ducs Countes Barons, & autres nobles & g'ntz du roialme & auxint le Chanceller Tresorer Clerc du Prive Seal, Seneschaft del Hostel nre f' le Roi, Justices de lun bank & de lautre, & dautres g'ntz Officers du roialme, & qi le fra soit pris & emprisonez jesqes autant qil eit trove celuy dont la parole 3ra moevez; Accordez est & assentuz en cest plement q q'nt ascun tiel soit pris & emprisonez & ne poet trover celuy dont le pole sra moevez come devant est dit qil soit puniz p advys du conseift nient contresteantz les statutz avantditz.

Item endroit de la levee des despences des Chivalers venantz as plementz p' les cões des Countees, accordez est & assentuz q la dce levee soit faite come ad este use avant ces hures; ajouste a ycelt q si ascun f ou autre home espirituel ou temporel eit p'chacez ascuns res ou teñ ou autres possessions qi soleient estre contributoirs as tiels despenses devant le temps du dit p'chace, q mesmes les Pres tenementz & possessions & les tenantz dicelles soient contributoirs as dites despenses come les ditz tres teñ & possessions [& les tenantz dicelles 1] soileient faire devant le temps de mesme la p'chace.

Item p'ce q tantz des fymes & aut's ordures des issues & entrailles sibn des bestes tuez come des autres corrupcions sont gettez & mys en fosses, ryvers & aut's ewes & auxint plusours autres lieux dedeinz ento' & Ps divses Citees Burghs & Villes du roialme & les suburbes dicelles q laire illoeqs est g'ndment corrupt & enfect & plusours maladies & autres diseases nient suffrables aveignent de jo' en autre sibn a les inhitantz & convsantz es dces Citees Burghs Villes & suburbes come as autres illoeqes repairantz & passantz a Esgant anusance damage & pil des inhitantz convsantz repairantz & passantz susditz: Accordez est & assentuz q pclamacion soit faite sibn en la Citee de Londres come en autres Citees Burghs & Villes pmy le roialme ou il busoigne sibn deinz franchises come dehors q toutz ceux q tielx anusances fymes issues entrailles & autres ordures ont gettez & mys en fosses ryvs ewes & autres lieux suisdces les facent outrement remuer

by their Discretion; and every of the said Justices shall Wages of take for their Wages Four Shillings the Day for the Time of their said Sessions, and their Clerk Two Shillings (1), of the Fines and Amerciaments rising and coming of the same Sessions, by the Hands of the Sheriffs; and that the Lords of Franchises shall be contributory to the said Wages, after the Rate of their Part of Fines and Amerciaments aforesaid; and that no Steward of any Lord be assigned in any of the said Commissions; and that no Association shall be made to the Justices of the Peace after their first Commission. And it is not the Judges, &c. Intent of this Statute, that the Justices of the one Bench or of the other, nor the Serjeants of the Law, in case that they shall be named in the said Commissions, shall be bound by Force of this Statute to hold the said Sessions Four Times in the Year, as the other Commissioners, the which be continually dwelling in the Country, but that they shall do it when they may best attend it.

ITEM, Whereas it is contained, as well in the Statute of Westminster the First, as in the Statute made at Gloucester, the Second Year of the Reign of our Lord the King that now is, that none be so hardy to invent, to say, or to tell any false News, Lies, or such other false Things, of the Prelates, Dukes, Earls, Barons, and other Nobles and great Men of the Realm, and also of the Chancellor, Treasurer, Clerk of the Privy Seal, the Steward of the King's House, the [Justice '] of the one Bench or of the other, and other great Officers of the Realm, and he that doth so shall be taken and imprisoned, till he hath found him [of whom the Speech shall be moved: 3 It is accorded and agreed in this Parliament, That when any such is taken and imprisoned, and cannot [find him by whom the Speech be moved, as before is said, that he be punished by the Advice of the Council, notwithstanding the said Statutes.

ITEM, In the Right of the levying of the Expences of the Knights coming to the Parliaments for the Commons of the Counties, It is accorded and assented, That the said Levying be made as it hath been used before this Time; joining to the same, that if any Lord, or any other Man Spiritual or Temporal, hath purchased any Lands or Tenements, or other Possessions, that were wont to be contributory to such Expences before the Time of the said Purchase, that the said Lands, Tenements, and Possessions, and the Tenants of the same, be contributory to the said Expences, as the said Lands, Tenements, and Possessions (5) were wont to do before the Time of the same Purchase.

ITEM, For that so much Dung and Filth of the Garbage and Intrails as well of Beasts killed, as of other Corruptions, be cast and put in Ditches, Rivers, and other Waters, and also within many other Places, within, about, and nigh unto divers Cities, Boroughs, and Towns of the Realm, and the Suburbs of them, that the Air there is greatly corrupt and infect, and many Maladies and other intolerable Diseases do daily happen, as well to the Inhabitants, and those that are conversant in the said Cities, Boroughs, Towns, and Suburbs, as to other repairing and travelling thither, to the great Annoyance, Damage, and Peril of the Inhabitatants, Dwellers, Repairers, and Travellers aforesaid: It is accorded and assented, That Proclamation be made as well in the City of London, as in other Cities, Boroughs, and Towns, through the Realm of England, where it shall be needful, as well within Franchises as without, that all they which do cast and lay all such Annoyances, Dung, Garbages, Intrails, and other Ordure in Ditches, Rivers, Waters, and other Places aforesaid, shall cause them utterly to be removed, avoided, and carried away

No Steward.

attend the regularly.

XI. St. Westm. t. 3 Ed. I. c. 34; 2 Ric. II.

Reporters of Lies against Peers, &c. punished by the Council.

XII. Expences of Knights of shall be levied on all Lands originally liable.

XIII. Nuisances in Towns shall be removed by Officers,

^{&#}x27; Interlined on the Roll.

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² Justices

which was the first Author of the Tale: See St. Westm. t. c. 34.

^{*} bring him forth that did speak the same, Rast. 1603.

s and the Tenants of the same

betwixt this and the Feast of St. Michael next ensuing after the End of this present Parliament, every one upon Pain to lose and to forfeit to our Lord the King xx. fi; and that the Mayors and Bailiffs of every such City, Borough, or Town, and also the Bailiffs of Franchises shall compel the same to be done upon like Pain. And if any feel himself grieved that it be not done in the Manner aforesaid, and will thereupon complain him to the Chancellor after the said Feast of Saint Michael, he shall have a Writ to make him of whom he will so complain to come into the Chancery, there to shew why the said Penalty should not be levied of him; (') And moreover, Proclamation shall be made, as well in the City of London as in other Cities, Boroughs, and Towns as afore, that none of what Condition soever he be, cause to be cast or thrown from henceforth any such Annoyance, Garbage, Dung, Intrails, nor any other Ordure into the Ditches, Rivers, Waters, and other Places aforesaid; and if any do, he shall be called by Writ before the Chancellor, at his Suit that will complain; and if he be found guilty, he shall be punished after the Discretion of the Chancellor.

XIV. Statute 47 Edw. III. chapter 1, for Cloths, confirmed.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That the Cloths of Ray, and coloured Cloths, to be made and wrought at Bristol, and in the Counties thereabout, shall be of the Measure another Time ordained by a Statute made at Westminster, the [xlvj] Year of King Edward, Grandfather of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, that is to say, the Cloths of Ray of the Length of xxviij. Yards of Length measured by the List, and v. Quarters of Breadth, and that the coloured Cloth be of xxvj. Yards of Length measured by the Back, and vj. Quarters of Breadth at the least. And that the Half Cloth, be it of Ray or of Colour, contain in Length after the Rate, and in Breadth as the Cloths of Ray and Colour, upon the Pain contained in the same Statute. ITEM, That no Liege Man of the King, of what

XV. Provisors of Benefices beyond Sea declared out of the King's Protection, &c.

Leave of the King himself, to provide or purchase for him Benefice of Holy Church, with Cure or without Cure, in the said Realm; and if any do, and by virtue of such Provision, accept by [him '] or by any other, any Benefice of the same Realm, that at that Time the same Provisor shall be out of the King's Protection, and the same Benefice void, so that it shall be lawful to the Patron of the same Benefice, as well Spiritual as Temporal, to present to the same an able Clerk at his Pleasure.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, that the Staple

Estate or Condition that he be, great or little, shall

pass over the Sea, nor send out of the Realm of Eng-

land, by Licence nor without Licence, without special

XVI. The Staple at Calais. ITEM, It is ordained and assented, that the Staple be removed from Middleburgh to Calais, so that it shall be at Calais the First Day of December next coming.

The King to the Sheriff of Kent, Greeting. Certain Statutes and Ordinances, by Us with the Assent of the Great Men and Commons of our Realm of England in our Parliament holden at Cambridge, on the Morrow of the Nativity of the Blessed Virgin Mary last past, made, which We send to you under our Great Seal in Form Patent, We do command you, that within your County aforesaid, in Places where it shall be most expedient, You do cause to be read, and publickly on our Behalf to be proclaimed, and fully to be kept and observed, according to the Form of the Statutes and Ordinances aforesaid: And this, under the Pain impending, by no Means omit. Witness the King at Westminster the Twentieth Day of November.

Like Writs were directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England; and to John King of Castile and Leon Duke of Lancaster, or his Chancellor in the Duchy aforesaid.

of him. 2 xlvij MS. Tr. 2. 3 himself

ouster & emporter pentre cy & le fest de Seint Michel pschein avenir aps le fyn de cest plement chescun s' peyn de vynt livres appaiers au Roy; & q les Meirs & Baillifs de chescun tiel Citee Burgh & Ville & auxint les Baillifs des franchises les compellent de ce faire s' semblable peyne. Et si ascun soy sent greve q ce ne soit pfait en mane susdite & soy voet ent pleindre al Chanceller aps le dit fest de Seint Michel eit brief de faire venir celui de qi il voet ensy pleindre en la Chancellarie a y monstrer p' qoy la dite peyne ne sra leve de luy & sil ne se poet ent duement excuser soit mesme la peyne leve de luy. Et enoutre soit pclamacion faite sibn en la dite Citee de Londres come en autres Citees Burgtis & Villes come desuis q nutt de quel condicion qil soit ne face mettre ou gettre desore en avant tieles anoesances issues fymes entrailles & ordures en les fosses ryvers ewes & autres lieux susditz; & si nuff le face soit appelle p brief devant le Chanceller a la suite de celuy q soy vorra pleindre & sil soit trove coupable soit puniz solone la discrecion del Chauncellor.

Item accordez est & assentuz q les draps de Ray & de colour affairs & a overs a Bristuyt & es Contees envyron soient de la mesure autrefoitz ordeignez p estatut fait a Westm lan du regne le Roi Edward aiel nre & le Roy qore est qarrant septisme; Cest assavoir les draps de Ray de la longure de xxviij auns mesurez p la liste & cynk quarts de laeure, et le drap de colour xxvj auns de longure mesure p le doos & sys quarts de laeure au meyns. Et q demy drap soit il de Ray ou de colour tiegne en longure solonc lafferant & en laeure come les draps de Ray & de colour s' la peyne contenue en mesme lestatut.

Item q null liege du Roy de quel estat ou condicion qil soit greindre ou meindre passe le meer nenvoie hors du roialme Denglet re plicence ou sanz licence, sanz especial congie du Roy mesmes, p' soy pvidre ou p'chacer ascun benefice de Seinte Esglise ove cure ou sanz cure en le dit roialme & si ascun le face & p vtue de tiele pvision accepte p lui ou p autre ascun benefice en mesme le roialme q a cel temps mesme le pvisour soit hors de pteccion du Roy & mesme le benefice voide, siq, bien lise a patron de mesme le benefice sibn espirituel come temporel psenter a ycelle un Clerc able a sa voluntee.

Ensement est ordeinez & assentuz q lestaple soit remuez de Midelburgh a Caleys issint qil soit a Caleys le primer jour de Decembr pschein avenir.

P. Vic Kanc, saltm. Quedam statuta & ordinacoes p nos de assensu Magnatum & Coitatum regni nri Angl in pliamento nro apud Cantebrigg in Crastino Nativitatis be Marie Virginis ultimo prito tento fca, que tibi mittimo sub magno sigillo nro in forma patenti, tibi pcipimo, que infra Com pdem in locis ubi magis expediens fuit sine ditone legi & publice ex pte nra pelamari ac firmir teneri & observari fac juxta formam statutoz & ordinacionu pdeoz. Et hoc sub incumbenti piculo nullateno omittas. T. R. apud Westm xx. die Novembr.

Cons bria dir singulis Vicecomitib3 p Angt, ac Johi Regi Castelle & Legionis Duci Lancastr vel ejus Cancellar in ducatu pdco.

xiiij.

xv.

Anno 13° RICARDI, II. A.D. 1389-90.

In Margine Rotuli.

Stat' de Anno riij.

STATUTE OF THE THIRTEENTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 11, 10. (a) En ycest plement tenuz a Westm Lundy pchein aps le fest de Seint Hiller lan du regne nre fr le Roy Richard second puis le Conquest treszisme, nre dit f' le Roy al hono' de dieu & de Seint Esglise & p' cõe pfit de ses liges de son dit roialme del assent des platz f's temporeles & cões esteantz el dit plement ad ordeinez & establiz les choses desouz escriptz.

the street and land temper property of

En primes come ordeine soit p estatut fait lan du regne del Aiel nre f' le Roy vint & quint, q a quelle heure q le Roy ferra collacion ou psentement a nult benefice en autri droit q le title s' quoi il se fondra soit bien examine qil soit vray & a quelle heure q avant juggement rendu le title soit trove p bone enformacion nient vray ne joust, soit la collacion ou Psentement ent fait repellez; et nient contresteant le dit estatut ascuns Deentez du Roy p favour des ordinairs sont institutz & inductz en benefices de Seinte Esglise sanz due pcesse les pties nient garniz ne appellez, & ascun foitz p enquestes meyns vrais favorablement pris, & les incumbentz en tiele mane oustez : ordeinez est & assentuz q le dit estatut soit fermement tenuz & gardez ; & enoutre nre f' le Roy ad revence de dieu & de seinte [esgise '] voet & g'nte, q sil psente a ascun benefice q soit plein dascun incumbent q le psente du Roy ne soit receu p lordinair a tiel benefice tanq le Roy eit recove son psentement p pces du ley en sa Court demesne; et si ascun Psente du Roy soit au?ment receu & lincumbent ouste sanz due pces come desus est dit, comence le dit incumbent sa suite deinz un an aps linduccion du psente du Roy a plustard.

Item pur ce q la coe fest grevousement compleint q la Court del Conestable & Mareschaff ad accroche a luy & accroche de temps en temps contractz covenances 'spasses dettes & detenues & pluso's autres accions pledables p la coe ley en g'nt pjudice du Roy & de ses Courtes & a g'nt grevance & oppssion du poeple; nre f' le Roy voillant ordeigner remede encontre les pjudices & grevances suisditz, ad declare en cest plement p advys & assent des f's espritueles & temporeles le poair & jurisdiccion du dit Conestable en la fo'me qensuit; Al Conestable apptient davoir conissance des contractz tochantz [fait 1] darmes & de guerre hors du roialme, & auxint des choses q touchent armes ou guerre deinz le roialme queux ne poent estre t'minez ne discus p la coe ley ove aut's usages & custumes a ycelles matires app'tenantz, queux

esglise Exempl.

a faitz Exempl.

STATUTE THE FIRST.

und in their Time ; pointing to the source, this

IN [the '] Parliament holden at Westminster the Monday next after the Feast of Saint Hillary, the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of King Richard the Second after the Conquest, our Lord the King, to the Honour of God and Holy Church, and for the common Profit of his liege People of his Realm, of the Assent of the Prelates and Lords Temporal, and Commons, being in the same Parliament, hath ordained and established the Things under-written.

FIRST, Whereas it is ordained by a Statute made the Twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of King Edward the 25 Edw. III.

Grandfather of our Lord the King that now is, that at what Time that the King shall make Collation or Preconfirmed. what Time that the King shall make Collation or Presentment to any Benefice in another's Right, that the Title upon which he groundeth himself shall be well examined that it be true; and at what Time before Judgement given, the Title be found by good Information untrue, and not just, the Collation or Presentment thereupon made shall be repealed; And notwithstanding the same Statute, some of the King's Presentees, by Favour of the Ordinaries be instituted and inducted in Benefices of Holy Church without due Process, the Parties not warned nor called, and sometime [taken by false Inquests favourably,"] and the Incumbents in such Manner put out; It is ordained and assented, That the said Statute be firmly holden and kept; And moreover our Lord the King, for the Reverence of God and Holy Church, doth will and grant, That if he present to any Benefice that is full of any Incumbent, that the Presentee of the King shall not be received by the Ordinary to the Benefice, till the King hath recovered his Presentment by Process of the Law in his own Court: And if any Presentee of the King be otherwise received, and the Incumbent put out without due Process, as afore is said, the said Incumbent shall begin his Suit within a Year after the Induction of the King's Presentee [at the least.1]

ITEM, Because that the Commons do make a grievous Complaint, that the Court of the Constable and the Marshal hath incroached to him, and daily doth incroach Contracts, Covenants, Trespasses, Debts, and Detinues, and many other Actions pleadable at the Common Law, in great Prejudice of the King and of his Courts, and to the great Grievance and Oppression of the People; our Lord the King, willing to ordain a Remedy against the Prejudices and Grievances aforesaid, hath declared in this Parliament, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, the Power and Jurisdiction of the said Constable, in the Form that followeth: To the Constable it pertaineth to have Cognisance of Contracts touching Deeds of Arms and of War out of the Realm, and also of Things that touch (*) War within the Realm, which cannot be determined nor discussed by the Common Law, with other Usages and Customs to the same Matters pertaining, which

2 by false Inquests favourably taken this MS. Tr. 2. 3 at the furthest MS. Tr. 2. 4 Armes or MS. Tr. 2.

The King's any Benefice full of an till the King vered by Law.

Incumbent ue within a

Jurisdiction of the Constable

Contracts the Constable hath Cogni-

(a) A Copy of the First Statute of this Year is preserved at the Tower on a Skin of Parchment, apparently prepared as an Exemplification for Proclamation: The Various Readings of this Copy are marked Exempl.

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R

Original from PENN STATE Declarations

Prohibition to the Constable and Marshal. other Constables heretofore have duly and reasonably used in their Time; joining to the same, that every Plaintiff shall declare plainly his Matter in his Petition, before that any Man be sent for to answer thereunto. And if any will complain, that any Plea be commenced before the Constable and Marshal, that might be tried by the Common Law of the Land, the same Plaintiff shall have a (') Privy Seal of the King without Difficulty, directed to the said Constable and Marshal, to surcease in that Plea, until it be discussed by the King's Council, if that Matter ought of Right to pertain to that Court, or otherwise to be tried by the Common Law of the Realm of England, and also that they surcease in the mean Time.

III. Limits of Steward and Marshal's Jurisdiction.

IV.
Duty of the
Clerk of the
Market of
the King's
House; as to
Weights, &c.

Penalty for Misconduct.

V. Jurisdiction of the Admiral and his Deputy.

VI.

Number of Serjeants at Arms, thirty.

Penalty on them for Extortion, Fine and Ransom.

VII. Statute 12 Ric. II. c. 10 recited. Who shall be Justices of the Peace:

ITEM, It is accorded and assented, That the Court of the Steward and Marshal of the King's House, nor also the Jurisdiction thereof, shall not pass the Space of Twelve Miles, to be counted [from the Lodging ³] of [our said Lord] the King.

ITEM, At the Request of the said Commons It is ordained and assented, That the Clerk of the Market of the King's House shall do his Office well and duely; and that all false Measures and Weights shall be burned after the Form of the Statute; and that the said Clerk take no common Fine, but that every Person which is found in Default touching the same Office, be punished according to his Desert; and that he shall not ride but with Six Horses at the most, and that he shall not tarry in any Town nor other Place longer than the Necessity of his Business shall require; and if he do any Thing contrary to this Statute, and be thereof duely convict, he shall pay to the King at the first Time that he shall be convict, an C. s. and at the Second Time x. t. and at the Third Time xx. t.

ITEM, Forasmuch as a great and common Clamour and Complaint hath been oftentimes made before this Time, and yet is, for that the Admirals and their Deputies hold their Sessions within divers Places of this Realm as well within Franchise as without, accroaching to them greater Authority than belongeth to their Office, in Prejudice of our Lord the King, and the common Law of the Realm, and in diminishing of divers Franchises, and in Destruction and impoverishing of the common People: It is accorded and assented, That the Admirals and their Deputies shall not meddle from henceforth of any Thing done within the Realm, but only of a Thing done upon the Sea, as it hath been used in the Time of the noble Prince King Edward, Grandfather of our Lord the King that now is.

ITEM, At the grievous Complaint made by the Commons to our Lord the King in this Parliament, of the excessive and superfluous Number of Serjeants at Arms, and of many great Extortions and Oppressions done by them to the People, the King therefore doth will, that they shall all be discharged; and that of them and other there shall be taken of good and sufficient Persons to the Number of Thirty, and no more from henceforth; and moreover the King prohibiteth them to meddle with any Thing that toucheth not their Office; and that they do no Extortion nor Oppression to the People, upon Pain to lose their Office, and to make a Fine and Ransom at the King's Pleasure, and full Satisfaction to the Party.

ITEM, Whereas it is contained in the last Statute made at [Canterbury,³] that no Steward of any Lord shall be assigned in the Commission of the Justice of Peace; nevertheless for certain Causes shewed in this Parliament, It is accorded and assented, That Justices of Peace shall be made of new in all the Counties of England,

1 Writ of
1 Cambridge

about the tonell Rast. 1603. aboute the houshold MS. Tr. 2.

aut's Conestables devant ore ont duement & resonablement usez en lour temps; ajoustant a ycell q chescun pleintif declare pleinement sa matire en sa peticion avant q soit envoie pur ascun home a respondre a ycell. Et si ascun soi voet pleindre qascun plee soit comence devant le Conestable & Mareschall q p'roit estre trie p la coe ley de la tre eit cell pleintif brief de prive seal du Roi sanz difficulte direct as ditz Conestables & Mareschall de surseer en celle plee tanqil soit discus p le Conseil du Roi si celle matire doit de droit apptiegner a celle Courte ou aut ment estre triez p la coe ley du Roialme & qils surseent en la mesne temps.

Item accordez est & assentuz q la Court de Seneschaft & Mareschaft del hostiell du Roy ne la jurisdiccion dycelle ne passe lespace de dousze lewes a counters entour le tenell du Roi.

Item a la requeste de la dite Cõe ordeinez est & assentuz q̃ le Clerk del Marche del hostielt nr̃e f' le Roy face bien & duement son office; & q̃ toutes fauxes mesures & pois soient ars solonc la fo'me del estatut, et q̃ le dit Clerc ne preigne null cõe fyn mesq, chescun psone qest trove en defaut tochant le dit office soit puniz solonc son desert; & qil ne chivache mes ove sys chivalx au pluis & qil ne dem'ge en nulle ville nautre lieu pluis q̃ la necessite de son fait demande; & sil face riens a contrair de cest estatut, & ent soit duement convictz paie au Roy al prim foitz qil sra issint convict, Cent souldz, & al second foitz dys livs & al tierce foitz vint livs.

Item pur ceo q̃ g*nt & cõe clamo' & pleint ont este sovent faitz devant ces heures & unqore sont de ce q̃ les Admiralx & lour deputees tiegnent lour sessions en divses places deinz le Roialme sibien deinz franchises come dehors accrochantz a eux plus g*nt poair q̃ a lour office apptient en p̃judice de nre f' le Roy & la cõe ley du roialme & g*nt emblemissement des pluso's divses franchises & en destruccion & empovissement del cõe poeple; accordez est & assentuz q̃ les admiralx & lour deputees ne soi mellent desore enavant de nutt chose fait deinz le roialme mes soulement de chose fait sur le meer solonc ceo qad este duement use el temps du noble Roy Edward Aiel nre f' le Roy qorest.

Item a la grevous compleint de la Coe fait a nie f' le Roy en cest plement del excessive & outrageous noumbre des sgeantz darmes & de pluso's g'ntz extorsions & oppessions p eux faitz au poeple, le Roy voet qils soient estoutz deschargez & q de eux & de autres soient reprises bones & sufficeantes psones tanqal noumbre de trent sanz pluis desore enavant; & enoutre le Roy defende qils ne soi mellent de riens q ne touche lour office & qils ne facent nuff extorsion ne oppession al poeple s' peine de pdre lour office & de faire fyn & ranceon a la volunte du Roy & pleine gree a la ptie.

Item come contenuz soit en lestatut darrein fait a Cantebr q null Seneschaft du & soit assigne en comission du Justice de la pees, Nientmeyns p' cteines causes monstrez en cest plement, accordez est & assentuz q Justices de la pees soient faitz de novell en toutz les Countees Dengletre de les pluis sufficeantz Chivalers

iij.

iiij.

v.

vj

vij.

viij.

Esquiers & gentz de ley des ditz Countees nient contresteant le dit estatut; & q les ditz Justices soient Sementez de duement & sanz favour garder & mettre en execucion toutz les estatutz & ordinances touchantz lour offices.

Item ordeinez est & assentuz q les estatutz & ordinances faitz al plement darrein tenuz a Cantebr sibn de Svantz laborers artifics & vitaillers come de toutes autres choses, horspris lexcepcion en le pchein article pdesuis tochant Justices de la pees, & auxint toutz aut's estatutz & ordinances faitz devant ces heures & nient repellez, soient fermement gardez & duement executz. Mes pur ce q home ne purra mye mettre en ctein le pris des bledz & aut's vitailles ; accordez est & assentuz q les Justices de la pees en chescun Counte en lour sessions tenuz entour le Pasq & le Seint Michel facent pclamacion p lour discrecion, selonc la chierte de vitailles combn chescun Mason Carpenter teguler & aut's artifics & ovours & auxint laborers p jo'nes sibn en aust come en autre temps del an solonc lour degre Pndra le jo' ove manger & boire ou sanz manger & boire entre les deux seisons suisdces, Nient contresteant les estatutz ent faitz devant ces heures & q chescun obeie a tielx pclamacions de temps en temps come a chose fait p estatut. Et endroit des vitaillers, accordez est qils eient resonable gaigne solone la discrecion & limitacion des ditz Justices & nient pluis s' peine destre grevousement puniz solone la discrecion des ditz Justices la ou peine nest pas limite en ctein des ditz vitaillers devant ces heures: et q Viscontz Seneschalx des f's de fraunchises Mairs & baillifs & toutz aut's qont lassise de pain & de cvoise a garder & la correccion dicell ne pignent nult amciment ne fyn pur nutt defaut tochant la dite assise p' quelt home ou feme p la ley ava penance corporele solone ce qest autment ordeigne p estatut; mes les ajuggent a mesme la penance corporel come le defaut requert & facent ent due execucion; & q Mairs & baillifs & Seneschalx des franchises & toutz autres qont la garde & survewe des vitailles es Citees Burghs Villes mchandes & aillo's ou vitails sont venduz pmy le roialme, mettent lestatut fait lan vynt & tierce [- - - '] du regne le Roy E. aiel le Roi qorest q comence Quia [maxima '] pars ppti, tochant lestat des vitaillers & hostillers & aut's vendo's des vitailles en due execucion; & q null hostiller face payn p' chivalx en son hostell naillo's, mes facent les pesto's, & soit lassay ent fait q le pois soit resonable selonc le pris des bledz q soit en marche; & q mesmes les hostillers vendent feyn & aveyns a resonable pris issint qils ne priegnent pur le bussett forsq un maitt outre le cõe pris en marche.

Item ordeignez est & accordez q une mesure & un pois soit pmy tout le roialme Denglerre come en la g'nt chre & aut's ordenances & estatutz ent faitz est contenuz plus au plein; et q chescun q soit convict qil ad ou use autre mesure ou pois, eit la prisone de demy an & face gree a ptie del double de sa pde, forspris en le Counte de Lancastre acause qen le dit Counte ad este de tout temps plus g'nt mesure q en ascun autre ptie du roialme; & q nult home achate ne vende leynes

1 An Erasure.

2 magna Stat. 23 Edw. III.

of the most sufficient Knights, Esquires, and Gentlemen of the Law of the said Counties, notwithstanding the said Statute; and that the said Justices be sworn duely without Favour to keep and put in Execution all the Statutes and Ordinances touching their Offices.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That the Statutes and Ordinances made in the last Parliament holden at [Canterbury,'] as well of Servants, Labourers, Artificers, and Victuallers, as of all other Things, saving the Exception of the next Article before, touching Justices of Peace, and also all other Statutes and Ordinances made before this Time and not repealed, shall be firmly kept and duly executed. But forasmuch as a Man cannot put the Price of Corn and other Victuals in certain, It is accorded and assented, that the Justices of Peace in every County, in [Two of 1] their Sessions to be holden betwixt the Feast of Easter and St. Michael, shall make Proclamation by their Discretion according to the Dearth of Victuals, how much every Mason, Carpenter, Tiler, and other Craftsmen, Workmen, and other Labourers by the Day, as well in Harvest as in other Times of the Year, after their Degree, shall take by the Day with Meat and Drink, or without Meat and Drink, between the Two [Sessions 3] beforesaid, notwithstanding the Statutes thereof heretofore made, and that every Man obey to such Proclamations from Time to Time as a Thing done by Statute. And in the Right of Victuallers, It is accorded, that they shall have reasonable Gains, according to the Discretion and Limitation of the said Justices, and no more, upon Pain to be grievously punished according to the Discretion of the said Justices, where no Pain is limited in certain before this Time (4): And that Sheriffs, Stewards of Lords of Franchises, Mayors, and Bailiffs, and all other that have Assise of Bread and Ale to keep, and the Correction of the same, shall take no Amerciament or Fine for any Default touching the Assise, for the which a Man or Woman by the Law ought to have bodily Punishment, according as it is another Time ordained by Statute; but they shall judge them to the same bodily Punishment as the Offence requireth, and shall do Execution thereof; and that Mayors, Bailiffs, and Stewards of Franchise, and all other that have the Order and Survey of Victuals in Cities, Boroughs, [Merchant Towns, 3] and elsewhere where Victuals be sold in the Realm, shall put the Statute made the Twenty-third Year of the Reign of King Edward, Grandfather to the King that now is, which beginneth "Because a great Part of the People," touching the Estate of Victuallers and Hostellers, and other Sellers of Victuals, in due Execution; and that no Assize of Hosteller make Horse Bread in his Hostry nor without, but Bakers shall make it; and the Assise thereof shall be [kept, and that 3] the Weight be reasonable after the Price of the Corn in the Market; and that the same Hay and Hostellers shall sell Hay and Oats after a reasonable Oats. Price, so that they take not for the Bushel but One Halfpenny over the common Price in the Market.

ITEM, It is ordained and accorded, That one Measure and one Weight be through all the Realm of England, as in the Great Charter and other Statutes and Ordinances thereof made, is more plainly contained; and every one that shall be convict that he hath or useth any other Measure or Weight shall have Imprisonment of Half a Year, and make Recompence to the Party grieved to the Double of his Loss; except it be in the County of Lancaster, because in that County it hath always been used to have greater Measure than in any other Part of the Realm; and that none buy or sell Wool

1 Cambridge

Not in Original: MS. Tr.2. omits. * upon the said Vitaillers

3 Seasons

" made, so that Market-Towns.

their Oath.

VIII. Statute of confirmed, except as to Justices of

Justices in Sessions shall assess Rate of Artificers' & Labourers' Wages,

Victuallers.

Defaults in Bread and Ale shall be punished corporally.

23 Edw. III.

IX. One Measure and one Weight throughout except in Lancashire.

Wool shall be sold 14 lb. the Stone.

Refuse of Wools.

Wool shall not be bought by Good Packing;

and shall be cocketed only in the Owner's Name.

X. Cogware and Kendal Cloth may be made of their usual Length and Breadth.

XI. Inconveniencies from exporting deceitful Cloth.

Cloths of certain Counties shall not be put to Sale tacked and folded.

The Makers shall put their Marks to Cloths.

[at more Weight'] than at Fourteen Pounds the Stone, upon the Pain to pay the Double to him that feeleth him grieved, and to make Fine and Ransom to the King after the Quantity of the Trespass; and that no Denizen nor Foreigner make any other Refuse of Wools, but [Cot, Gare, and Villein; 1] and that no Merchant nor other Man buy his Wools by these Words, Good Packing, nor by like Words, upon Pain, that is to say, the Broker to have Imprisonment of Half a Year, and the Buyer to make a Fine to the King after the Quantity of the Trespass, and the Party that feeleth him grieved, shall have Double Damages of that which he hath suffered by the said Occasion. And that none shall make Wools to be cocketed, but in the Name of him to whom the Wools be, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same, as it hath been another Time ordained by Statute.

ITEM, Although it be ordained by divers Statutes, that all Manner of Cloths of Ray and of Colour shall be of a certain Length and Breadth comprised in the same Statutes, Nevertheless, for as much as it hath been a common Custom to make certain Cloths in divers Counties of England, called Cogware and Kendal Cloth, of the Breadth of Three Quarters (3) of a Yard, whereof some be of the Price of xl. d. and some of v. s. and sold to Cogmen out of the Realm, and also to poor and mean People within the Realm, of the which Cloths a great Part is made of the worst Wool within the Realm, that cannot well serve for any other Cloths: It is accorded and assented, That from henceforth it shall be lawful to every Man to make such Manner of Cloths of the Length and Breadth as it hath been used before this Time, notwithstanding any Statute made to the contrary: Provided always, that the Makers and Workers of such Cloths shall not make them of any better Wool than they were wont to do. And also It is assented, That all such Cloths as be arrested by Force or Colour of the said Statutes or any of them, shall be discharged and redelivered.

ITEM, Forasmuch as divers plain Cloths that be wrought in the Counties of Somerset, Dorset, Bristol, and Gloucester, be tacked and folded together, and set to Sale, of the which Cloths a great Part be broken, broused, and not agreeing in the Colour, neither be according in Breadth, nor in no Manner to the Part of the same Cloths shewed outwards, but be falsely wrought with divers Wools, to the great Deceit, Loss, and Damage of the People, in so much that the Merchants that buy the same Cloths, and carry them out of the Realm to sell to Strangers, be many Times in Danger to be slain, and sometime imprisoned, and put to Fine and Ransom by the same Estrangers, and their said Cloths burnt or forfeit, because of the great Deceit and Falsehood that is found in the same Cloths when they be untacked and opened, to the great Slander of the Realm [of England;] It is ordained and assented, That no plain Cloth tacked nor folded shall be set to Sale within the said Counties, but that they be opened, upon Pain to forfeit them, so that the Buyers may see them, and know them, as it is used in the County of Essex; and that the Workers, Weavers, and Fullers shall put their Seals to every Cloth that they shall work, upon a certain Pain to be limited by the Justices of the Peace; and that this Ordinance begin to hold Place at the Feast of Saint John Baptist next following: Provided always, That after the Merchants have bought the same Cloths to carry, and do carry them out of the Realm, they may tack them and fold them at their Pleasure, for the more easy Carriage of them.

3 or MS. Tr. 2.

[a plus haut pris'] q a quatorze livs le pere s' peyne de paier le double a celuy q soi sente greve & de faire fyn & ranceon au Roi solonc la quantite du trespas; & q nult deinszein ou forein ne face autre refus de leynes sinoun cod gard & vilein & q nult mehant nautre home achate ses leynes p celles poles Goodpakkyng ne paut's poles semblables sur peine cestassavoir le brogo' davoir lemprisonement de demy an & lachato' de faire fyn au Roy solonc la quantite du tspas & la ptie q soi sente greve eit la double des damages qil ad suffert p la dit encheson. Et q nully face coketter leynes forsq en la noun de celuy a qi les leynes sont s' forfait'e dicelles sicome autfoitz ordeignez fuist p estatut.

Item combien q ordeignez soit p divses estatutz q toutz manes draps de Ray & de color soient de ctein longure & laeure compris en mesmes lestatutz, Nientmeins a cause qil ad este coe custume de faire cteines draps en divses Countees Denglerre appellez Cogware & Kendalecloth de la laeure de trois quat's ou dun aun dont ascuns sont del pris de xl. d. & ascuns de cynk souldz & venduz a Cogmen hors du roialme & auxint as poves & menues gentz deinz le roialme, des queux draps g'nt ptie est fait de la plus pire leyn de tout le roialme qe ne poet bonement svir a nulles auts draps accordez est & assentuz q bien lise a chescuny desore enavant de faire tielx manes draps de la laeure & longure come ad este usez devant ces heures Nient contresteant ascun estatut fait au contraire; P'veu toutfoitz q les fesours & les ovoures de tielx draps ne les facent de mellio' leyn qils ne soleient. Et enoutre est assentuz q toutz tielx draps q sont arestuz p force ou colour des ditz estatutz ou ascun dicelles, soient desarestez & delivez.

Item p'ce q divses playns draps q sont ovez en les Countees de Soms Dors Bristoff & Glouc sont tachez & enrollez ensemble & mys a vendre, des queux draps gantz pties sont dirumpez & debrusez & desacordant en colo' nene sont pas accordantz en laeure nen nutt mane as pties de mesmes les draps q sont monstrez pdehors mes sont faucement ovez de divses leynes a g'ntz deceyte pde & damage du poeple en tant q les mchantz q achatent les ditz draps & les amesnent hors du roialme p' vendre as foreins, sont pluso's foitz en point destre mortz & ascuns foitz emprisonez & mises au fyn & ranceon p les ditz foreins [- - - - '] & lour ditz draps ars ou forfaitz a cause del gent deceite & faucine q sont trovez en mesmes les draps qant ils sont destachez & ovtz a g'nt eslandre du roialme; ordeinez est & assentuz q nuff playn drap tache ne roulle soit mys a vendre deinz les ditz Countees, einz gils soient ovtz s' peine de forfait'e dicelles issint q les achato's les puissent veer & conustre come il est use en le Counte dessex, & q les ovours texto's & fullo's mettent lour signes a chescun drap qils ovont s' peine a limit p les Justices de la pees; et q ceste ordinance comence de tenir lieu al fest de Seint Johan le Baptistre pchein avenir: P'veuz toutefoitz q apres ce q les mchantz ont achatez les ditz draps p'amesner & les amesnent hors du roialme, les puissent tacher & rouller a lo' volunte p' le plus legier cariage dicelles.

² An Erasure.

at a higher Rate
Cot Card or Vilein MS. Tr. 2.

ot Card or Vilein MS. Tr. 2. 3 or M

[{] a pluis pois Old Printed Copies. Exempl. agrees with the Roll.

xij.

xiij.

xmj.

XV.

M. 10.

Item p'ce q pluso's Suo's & Cordwan's usent de tanner lo' quirs & les vendent faucement tannez & auxint font soulers & botes de tielx quirs issint nient covenablement tannez & les vendent si chier come lour plest a g'nt deceite des poves cões; accordez est & assentuz q nuff Suo' ne Cordwayner ne use le mestier de Tanner, ne Tanner le mestier de Cordwayner ne Suo' et q celuy q face encontre ceste ordinance, forface vs le Roi toutz les quirs issint tannez & touz les [- - - - - 1] botes & soulers issint ovez & soit reint a la volunte du Roi Nient contresteant ascune chre ou patente fait au contraire, les queux si nulles ysoient, le Roi voet qils soient outrement adnullez & tenuz p' nulle.

Item p' ceo q divses artifics & laborers & Svantz & garcions tiegnent levers & auts chiens & es jo's de festes gant bones cristiens sont as esglises oiantz divine Svice vont chaceantz es pkes garennes & conyngers des f's & auts a tsg'nt destruccion dicelles, & a la foitz soutz tiel colour font lo' assemblees [etreplances 1] & conspiracies p' lever & desobeier a lour ligeance, ordeignez est & assentuz q nult man artificer ne laborer ne null autre lais home q nad Pres & tentz a la value [---3] de xl s. per an, ne null Pstre nautre Clerc, sil ne soit avance a la value de dis livs p an neit ne teigne desore enavant nuff lever ne leece nautre chien p' chacer, nene use [furettes 1] haies rees harepipes ne cordes ne nulles aut's engynnes p' Pndre ou destruire savagine leves ne conilles nautre desduit des gentils, s' peine demprisonement dun an; & q les Justices du pees eient poair denquerre & enquergent de les Pspassours celle ptie, & les punissent p la peine suisdite.

Item p'ce q divses reconissances & aut's liens sont ore tard comencez & faitz en lescheqer del double p' seurete des dettes & fermes nre f' le Roi autment q ne soleit estre fait en temps passe a Psg'nt desease des plusours del poeple, accordez est & assentuz p nre f' le Roi mesmes & toutz les f's du plement a la requeste de la cõe q nuff tiele reconissance nautre lien del double, soit fait ne pris en lescheqer desore enavant; & q toutz tielles reconissances & auts liens q sont faitz a Psent, soient outrement cancellez & annullez; p'veu toutfoitz q le Roi eit sufficeante seurete de sa duite en mane accustume.

Item ordeinez est & assentuz q les Chatelx & gaoles du Roi q soleient [estres] jointz as corps des Countees & sont ore dessevez, soient rejointz a mesmes les Countees.

Item purceo q moutz des gentz sont delaiez sibn en accion reale come en accion psonel p pteccion ove clause Volum9, p'ceo q plusours gentz sibn tielx q ne sont pas ables destre retenuz p' guerre come aut's p tesmoignance des Govno's des Marches, Capitains des gernisons Admiralx & aut's p'chacent divses pteccions ove clause de Volum9 & ove clause quia pfectur &c. aps q ple soit comence envs eux p' delaier mesme le ple plus q p' le svice le Roi, la ou assez des auts sufficeantz q ne sont pas empledez poent estre trovez p' svir le Roi en tiel cas & sovent demoerent en paiis sanz aler a lour dit svice,

, Erasures on the Roll.

ceux en la revoion Ement.

* ferestz Exempl.

Interlined on the Roll.

entplances Exempl.

ITEM, For as much as divers Shoemakers and Cordwainers use to tan their Leather, and sell the same falsely tanned, also make Shoes and Boots of such Leather not well tanned, and sell them as dear as they will, to the great Deceit of the poor Commons: It is accorded and assented, That no Shoemaker nor Cordwainer shall use the Craft of tanning, nor Tanner the Craft of shoemaking; and he that doth contrary to this Act, shall forfeit to the King all his Leather so tanned, and all his Boots and Shoes so wrought, and shall be ransomed at the King's Pleasure, notwithstanding any Charter or Patent made to the contrary, which if there be any, the King will that they be utterly adnulled and holden for none.

ITEM, Forasmuch as divers Artificers, Labourers, and Servants, and Grooms, keep Greyhounds and other Dogs, and on the Holydays, when good Christian People be at Church, hearing Divine Service, they go Hunting in Parks, Warrens, and Connigries of Lords and others, to the very great Destruction of the same, and sometime under such Colour they make their Assemblies, Conferences, and Conspiracies for to rise and disobey their Allegiance; It is ordained and assented, That no Manner of Artificer, Labourer, nor any other Layman, which hath not Lands or Tenements to the Value of xl. s. by Year, nor any Priest nor other Clerk, if he be not advanced to the Value of x. t. by Year, shall have or keep from henceforth any Greyhound, [Hound, nor other Dog'] to hunt; nor shall they use [Fyrets,2] Heys, Nets, Harepipes, nor Cords, nor other Engines for to take or destroy [Deer, Hares, nor Conies, nor other Gentlemen's Game,37 upon Pain of One Year's Imprisonment; and that the Justices of Peace have Power to enquire, and shall Enquiry by Justices of the Offenders in this Behalf, and punish the Peace. them by the Pain aforesaid.

ITEM, Forasmuch as divers Recognizances and other Bonds be now of late begun and made in the Exchequer of double, for the Surety of Debts and Ferms of our Lord the King, otherwise than it was wont to be done heretofore, to the great [Hindrance 1] of many of the People; It is accorded and assented by our Lord the King, and all the Lords of the Parliament, at the Request of the Commons, That no such Recognizance nor other Bond of the Double be made nor taken in the Exchequer from this Time forth; and that all such Recognizances, and other Bonds which be made at this present, be utterly cancelled and annulled: Provided always, That the King have sufficient Surety of his Duty in the Manner accustomed.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That the King's Castles and Gaols which were wont to be joined to the Bodies of the Counties, and be now severed, shall be rejoined to the same Counties.

ITEM, Because that many Persons be delayed, as well in Actions real as in Actions personal, by Protection with the Clause of Volumus, for that many People, as well such as be not able to be retained in War, as other, by the Testimonial of the Governors of the Marches, Captains of Garrisons, Admirals, and other, do purchase divers Protections with Clause of Volumus, and with Clause Quia profecturus, &c. after that a Plea is commenced against them, rather to delay the same Plea, than for the King's Service, whereas Plenty of other sufficient that be not impleaded, may be found to do the King's Service in such Case, and often do remain in the Country without going to [the 3] said Service,

kenet nor other hounde MS. Tr. 2.

No Shoe-maker shall be a Tanner; Shoemaker.

XIII. Penalty on Laymen not. having 40 s. and Clergy 10 l. a Year, keeping Dogs, &c. to hunt;

one Year's Imprison-

XIV. King in the Exchequer shall not be of the Double.

XV. Castles and Gaols united to their Counties.

XVI. Protection Quia Profecturus, when allowable;

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² ferettis MS. Tr. 2.—Ferretts Rast. 1603.

³ wielde hares, conynges ne non other disport of genmen MS. Tr. 2.

⁴ Trouble

⁵ their tilmen MS. Tr. 2.

Protections Quia moraturus as before.

Repeal of all such Protections when the Parties return, &c.

XVII.
In Suits
against
particular
Tenants, the
Reversioner
may be received to
defend his
Right.

Extended to Suits now depending.

Reversioner shall find Surety of the Issues of the Lands in Demand.

XVIII.
Proceedings
against the
Mayor and
Bailiffs of
Lincoln upon
the Petition
of the Bishop,
&c. thereof.

to the great Damage of the Pursuants and Disturbance of common Right; It is therefore ordained and assented, That no Protection with Clause of Profecturus be allowed in any Plea, whereof the Suit is commenced before the Date of the Protection, if it be not in a Voyage that the King himself goeth, or other Voyages Royal, or in the King's Messages for Business of the Realm, but they that be impleaded shall make their Attornies to answer for them in such Pleas, or else they shall tarry themselves if they will; Howbeit, it is not the Intent of [the making of] this Statute, but that the Protection with Clause Quia moraturus be allowed in all Cases, as it hath been before this Time; And if any tarry in the Country, without going to their Service for the which he is retained, over a convenient Time after that he hath any Protection, or return from the same Service, if the Chancellor be thereof duly informed, he shall repeal such Protection, as it hath been used before

ITEM, Because that when Tenants for Term of Life, Tenants in Dower, or by the Law of England, or in Tail after Possibility of Issue extinct, be impleaded, they be often of the Covin of the Demandants, that the Tenements demanded against them shall be recovered, and they will not pray in Aid, nor vouch to Warranty them in the Reversion, but plead in chief such a Plea whereby they know well the Tenements shall be lost, in Disherison of them in the Reversion; It is accorded and assented, That if any such Tenant be impleaded, and he in the Reversion come into the Court, and prayeth to be received to defend his Right at the Day that the Tenant pleadeth to the Action, or before, he shall be received to plead in chief to the Action, without taking any Delay by Voucher, Aid Prayer, Nonage, or any other Delay whatsoever, so that after such Receipt he shall have no manner Delay by Protection, Essoin of the King's Service, common Essoin, nor any other Delay whatsoever, but that the Business shall be hasted in as much as it may be by the Law; and that Days of Grace be given by the Discretion of the Judges between the Demandant and him that is received in such Case, without giving the common Day in Plea of Land, if the Demandant will not assent; to the Intent that the Demandants be not too much delayed, because they must plead with two Adversaries. And in the Right of Pleas that be now depending in such Case, they in the Reversion shall be received in the Manner aforesaid, at the next Day that the Parties have in Court, although the same Parties have pleaded in chief before this Time: Provided always, that they in the Reversion which pray to be received, as before is said, shall find Surety of the Issues of the Tenements demanded, for the Time that the same Demandants be delayed, after the said Plea determined between the Demandants and Tenants, if the Judgement pass for the Demandant against [them in the Reversion aforesaid,'] as well where the Receipt is counterpleaded, as where it is granted.

ITEM, Because that upon the grievous Complaint of the Reverend Father in God the Bishop of Lincoln and the Dean and Chapiter of the Church of our Lady in Lincoln, made by their Petition to our Lord the King, and the Lords in this present Parliament; the Mayor and the Bailiffs of the City of Lincoln, by the Commandment of the King, and the Assent of the Lords, were enjoined and charged by Writ to be before the King and his Council in the same Parliament at a certain Day, with sufficient Instruction and Information of all the Matter comprised in the same Petition, with full Power and Authority, under the common Seal of the said City, to answer for them, and the Commonalty of the said City, upon all Things contained in the same

those aforesaid in the Reversion,

a g'nt damage des pursuantz & en destourbance du cõe droit; accordez est & assentuz q nult pteccion ove clause de pfectur ne soit allowe en nutt plee dont la suite soit comence devant la date de tiel pteccion, si ce ne soit en viage en quelt le Roi mesmes passe ou autre viage roial ou es messages du Roi p' busoignes du roialme; mes facent tielx empledez lour atto'nes p' respoundre p' eux en tielx plees ou dem'gent mesmes sils [- - - 1] voillent; mes nest pas lentencion de cest estatut mesq, pteccion ove clause Quia morat' soit alowe en toutz cas come ad este fait devant ces heures; & si ascun demoerge en paiis sanz aler a son vice p' quel il soit retenu outre temps covenable aps qil eit ascun pteccion ou repeire de mesme le svice & le Chanceller soit ent duement enfo'me, face repeller tielx pteccions come ad este fait devant ces heures.

Item p'ce q [qaunt] tenantz a tme de vie, tenantz en dowere, ou p la ley Denglerre, ou en le tait aps possibilite dissue exteint soient empledez, sont sovent de covyne de les demandantz q les ten demandez envs eux soient recovez & ne voillent prier en eide ne voucher a garrant ceux en revsion, mes pledent en chief tiel plee pont ils scivent bien q les tentz front pduz en desheritance de ceux en revision; accordez est q si ascun tiel tenant soit empledez & celuy en revision viegne in Court & prie destre receu a defendre son droit a jo' q le tenant plede al accion ou devant, soit receu a pleder en chief al accion sanz ascun delay pondre p voucher eide prier nonnage ou autre delay qconq, issint q ap's tiel receit, il neit nutt mane delaie p pteccion, esson du svice le Roi, cõe esson nautre delay qconq, mes soit la busoign hastie en tant come puisse estre p ley, & q jo's de g'ce puissent estre donez p discrecion des Juges entre le demandant & celuy qest receu en tiel cas, sanz don cõe jo' en plee de tre, si le demandant ne voille assenter, au fyn q les demandantz ne soient trop delaiez p cause [q̃] les covent pleder ove deux advsairs. Et endroit des plees q sont ore pendantz en tiel cas soient ceux en revision receuz en mane come devant est dit a pchein jo' q les pties ont en Court, tout eient mesmes les pties pledez en chief devant ces heures: P'veu toutfoitz q ceux en revision q prient destre receuz come devant est dit, trovent seurete des issues des ten demandez p' le temps q mesmes les demandantz soient delaiez aps le plee Pmine entre les demandantz & les tenantz si juggement passe p' le demandant envs [eux en revision 1] [avantditz,5] sibien la ou la receite soit contreplede, come la ou ele soit g'nte.

Item p' ceo q a la grevouse compleint del revent pier en dieu levesq de Nicole & le Dean & Chapitre de lesglise de nre Dame de Nicole fait p lour peticion a nre f' le Roi & as f's en cest psent plement, les Mair & Baillifs de la Citee de Nicole p comandement du Roi & assent des f's furent comandez & chargez p brief destre devant le Roi & son conseill en mesme le plement a ctein jour, ove sufficeant instruccion & informacion de tout la matire compris en mesme la peticion, ove sufficeant poair & auctorite [desoutz 6] le cõe Seal de la dite Citee p' y respondre p' eux & la Cõalte de mesme la Citee s' toutes choses contenuz en mesme

* ceux en la revcion Exempl.

An Erasure on the Roll. 4356 Interlined on the Roll.

la peticion, & enoutre p' faire & receivre ce q p le Roy, & son dit conseitt Proit ordeine en celle ptie s' dreine peine limite el dit brief; le tenour de quelle peticion contenant les grevances faitz as ditz [Evesq.'] Dean & Chapitre p gentz de Nicole p colour de lour franchises estoit mande as mesmes les Mair & Baillifs clos deinz le brief av ntdit; et coment q mesmes les Mair & Baillifs a jour contenuz en le dit brief viendrent devant le Roi & son dit conseilt en le plement susdit, ils napporterent mye sufficeant garrant p' la Coalte de la dit Citee come ils avoient en comandement p le dit brief: Et s'ce nre dit f' le Roi del assent des platz & des auts f's en mesme le plement esteantz, p defaut des avantdit Mair & Baillifs & cõe celle ptie ad pcedez & examinez la dit peticion & les grevances contenuz en ycell: Et auxint p'ce q coe clamo' y ad q pluso's des liges le Roi ont suffert sovent divses injuries en la dite Citee a cause q des franks tentz deinz mesme la Citee Espas contractz et aut's choses sourdantz deinz mesme la Citee triables p assise Jurre ou enqueste, ont este triez p gentz de mesme la Citee [&2] sont si favorables chescun a autre qils ne doutent gers faux sement & ce p cause gils sont si enbaudez p encheson gils nont pas estez devant ces heures p colour de lo' franchise convictz p foreins: Nre f' le Roi voillant p les causes susditz p'voir p' la quiete du dite Esglise & plein droit estre fait sibien as ditz Evesq Dean & Chapitre & lour successours come a toutz aut's en temps avenir celle ptie, ad ordeine & establi, qen assises Jurrees & toutz auts enquestes q front pris entre ptie et partie devant les Mair & Baillifs de la dite Citee q p' le temps sront si ascun des pties se pleint de faux Sement fait p tiel assise Jurre ou enqueste, latteint luy soit gente & le record soit mande p brief en bank le Roi ou en coe bank, & q le viscont arraie la Jurre de tiel atteinte des foreins du Counte sanz mander a la franchise [----3] du dite Citee & q les Justices Pignent mesme la Jurre de mesmes les foreins Nient contresteant ascune franchise g'nte au dite Citee ou autre usage au contraire.

Item come contenuz soit en lestatut de Westin second q salmonceux ne soient prises ne destruitz p rees ne p aut's engines a lestankes de molyns de mye Aprill tanqal Nativite de Seint John le Baptistre s' cteine peine limite en mesme lestatut, accordez est & assentuz q le dit estatut soit fermement tenuz & gardez, ad: jouste a ycell q salmonceux ne soient prises p le dit temps a lestankes des molyns ne aillo's s' mesme la peine; & q nutt pescho' ne garthman ne nutt autre de quelt estat ou condicion qils soit ne mette desore enavant en les ewes de Thamise Humbre Ouse Trente ne nutt autre ewe du roialme p le dit temps ne p nutt autre temps del an ascuns rees appellez stalkers nautres rees nengines quonqes p les quelles le frie ou brood des salmons laumpreis ou dautre pessoñ qconq p'ra en ascun mane estre pris ou destruit sur la peine suisdce. Et auxint come contenuz soit en mesme lestatut q toutz les ewes es queux salmons sont prises en le roialme, soient mises en defens qant al prise des salmons del jo' de la Nativite de nre Dame tanqui jo' de Seint Martyn, ordeignez est & assentuz q les Ewes

1 Interlined on the Roll. 2 qi Old Printed Copies.

3 An Erasure.

Petition, and further to do and receive that which [shall '] be ordained by the King and his Council in that Behalf, upon a certain Pain limited in the same Writ; the Tenor of which Petition, containing the Grievances done to the said Bishop (1) and Chapiter by the People of the City of Lincoln, by Colour of their Franchise, was sent to the said Mayor and Bailiffs closed within the said Writ; and though the said Mayor and Bailiffs, at the Day contained in the same Writ, came before the King and his Council in the Parliament aforesaid, yet they did not bring any sufficient Warrant from the Commonalty of the said City, as they had in Commandment by the said Writ: And upon that our said Lord the King, by the Assent of the Prelates and other Lords in the same Parliament being, by Default of the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Commons aforesaid in that Behalf, hath proceeded and examined the said Petition, and the Grievances therein contained: And also because that a common Clamour hath been, that many of the King's Lieges often have suffered divers Injuries in the said City, because in respect of Freeholds within the same City, Trespasses, Contracts, and other Things rising within the same City, triable by Assise, Jury, or Inquest, (3) have been tried by People of the same City, which be so favourable one to another, that they doubt not to make false Oaths, and that because they be encouraged, forasmuch as they have not been before this Time convict by Foreigners, by Colour of their Franchise: Our Lord the King willing, for the Causes aforesaid, to provide for the Quietness of the said Church, and full Right to be done as well to the said Bishop Dean and Chapiter, and their Successors, as to all other in Time coming, hath ordained and stablished in that Behalf, that in Assises, Juries, and all other Inquests that shall be taken between Party and Party, before the Mayor and Bailiffs of the same City for the Time being, if any of the Parties feel himself grieved of a false Oath made by such Assise, Jury, or Inquest, the Attaint shall be granted to him, and the Record sent by Writ into the King's Bench, or into the Common Pleas; and that the Sheriff impanel the Jury of such Attaint of Foreigners of the County, without sending to the Franchise of the said City, and that the Justices shall take the same Jury of the same Foreigners, notwithstanding any Franchise granted to the same City, or other Usage to the contrary.

ITEM, Whereas it is contained in the Statute of Westminster the Second, that young Salmons shall not be taken nor destroyed by Nets, nor by other Engines, at Mill Dams, from the midst of April till the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, upon a certain Pain limited in the same Statute; It is accorded and assented, That the said Statute be firmly holden and kept, joining to the same, that young Salmons shall not be taken, during the said Time, at Mill Dams, nor in other Places, upon the same Pain; and that no Fisher or Garth Man, nor any other, of what Estate or Condition that he be, shall from henceforth put in the Waters of Thamise, Humber, Ouse, Trent, nor any other Waters of the Realm by the said Time, nor in other Time of the Year, any Nets called Stalkers, nor other Nets nor Engines whatsoever they be, by the which the Fry or the Breed of the Salmons, Lampreys, or any other Fish, may in any wise be taken or destroyed, upon the Pain aforesaid. And also where it is contained in the same Statute, that all the Waters in the which Salmons be taken within the Realm, shall be put in Defence as to the Taking of Salmons, from the Day of the Nativity of our Lady, until St. Martin's Day; It is ordained and assented, that the Waters

1 should

2 Deane MS. Tr. 2.

Inconveniencies of partial Trials of Suits in the City. before the

Lincoln, Attaint may be brought and tried by a Jury of the County

> XIX. St. Westm. 1. 13 E. I. c. 47. to taking of Salmons

No Devices shall be practised to destroy the Fry of Fish.

What Time of the Year the Rivers in Lancashire shall be in Defence.

Conservators of this Statute, and their Authority.

XX. At what Ports persons going beyond Sea shall embark.

No Pardon

Treason,

Rape, &c.

allowed,

unless the

Offence shall

be specified.

of Lon, Wyre, Mersee, Ribbyl, and all other Waters in the County of Lancaster, be put in Defence, as to the Taking of Salmons, from Michaelmas Day to the Purification of our Lady, and in no other Time of the Year, because that Salmons be not seasonable in the said Waters in the Time aforesaid; and in the Parts where such Rivers be, there shall be assigned and sworn good and sufficient Conservators of this Statute, as it is ordained in the said Statute of Westminster, and that they shall punish the Offenders after the Pain contained in the same Statute, without any Favour thereof to be shewed.

ITEM, For certain Causes shewed in this Parliament the King will and command by the Assent of the Lords in this Parliament, that all Pilgrims and all other People, except notorious and known Merchants, and also Soldiers and Men of Arms that will pass by the Sea out of the Realm, shall pass at the Ports of Dover or Plymouth and not else where, without especial Licence of the King himself; but they that will pass toward Ireland, shall pass at Liverpool, Chester, Bristol, or else where, where shall please them.

THE KING to the Sheriff of Kent, Greeting. Certain Statutes, by Us, with the Assent of the Nobles and Commons of our Realm of England, in our Parliament holden at Westminster on the Monday next after the Feast of St. Hilary last past, made, which We send you under our Great Seal, in Form Patent, We do command You, that within the County aforesaid, in Places where it shall be most expedient, without Delay you do cause to be read, and publicly on our Behalf to be proclaimed, and firmly kept and observed according to the Form of the Statutes aforesaid. And this, upon the Peril awaiting, in no wise omit. Witness the King at Westminster, the Sixteenth Day of May.

Like Writs were directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England, and to John Duke of Aquitain and Lancaster, or to his Chancellor in the said Duchy of Lancaster.

de Lone Wyre Mersee Ribbitt & toutz aut's ewes el Countee de Lancastre, soient mises en defense gant al prise des Salmons del jour de Seint Michel, tanq al jour de la Purificacion de nre Dame & en nutt autre temps del an a cause q les Salmons ne sont pas seisonables en les ditz ewes p le temps suisdce; & es pties ou tielx revs sont, soient assignez & jurrez bones & sufficeantz confvato's de cest estatut come est ordeignez en le dit estatut de Westm & qils punissent les Pspasso's solonc la peine contenuz en mesme lestatut, sanz ascun favor ent faire.

Item p' cteines causes monstrez en cest plement, le Roi voet & comande p assent des f's en plement q toutz pelryns & toutes aut's gentz forspris mchantz notoirs & conuz & auxint soldeo's & gentz darmes q voillent passer p meer hors du roialme, si passent a les portz de Dovorr ou de Plymmuth & null pt aillo's sanz especiale congie du Roi mesmes; mesq ceux qi voillent passer Vs Irland, passent a Livpull Cestre Bristuit ou aillo's ou lo' plest.

P. Vic Kanc saltm. Quedam statuta p nos de assensu Magnatū & Cõitatum regni nri Angt in pliamento nro apud Westm die lune px post festu Sci Hillar ultimo Prit tento fca, que tibi mittim9 sub magno sigillo nro in forma patenti, tibi pcipim9 qd infra Com pdem in locis ubi magis expediens fuit sine ditone legi & publice ex pte nra pclamari ac firmi? teneri & observari fač juxta formam statutoz Pdčoz. Et hoc sub incumbenti piculo nullatenus omittas. T. R. apud Westm xvj die Maij.

Cons bria dir singulis Vicecomitibs p Angt, ac Johi Duci Aquit & Lancastr vel ejus Cancellar in dco ducatu Lancastr.

STATUTE THE SECOND.

UR Lord the King, at his Parliament holden at Westminster the Monday next after the Feast of Saint Hillary, the Thirteenth Year of his Reign, hearing the grievous Complaint of his said Commons in the same Parliament, of the outrageous Mischiefs and Damages which have happened to his said Realm, for that Treasons, Murders, and Rapes of Women be commonly done and committed, and the more because Charters of Pardon have been easily granted in such Cases; the said Commons requested our Lord the King, That such Charters might not be granted; [to whom '] the King answered, That he will save his Liberty and Regality, as his Progenitors have done heretofore; but to nourish the more Quietness and Peace within his Realm, by the Assent of the Great Men and Nobles, being in the same Parliament, he hath granted, That no Charter of Pardon from henceforth shall be allowed before any Justice for Murder, or for the Death of a Man slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, Treason, or Rape of a Woman, unless the same Murder, Death of the Man slain by Await Assault or Malice prepensed, Treason, or Rape of a Woman, be specified in the same Charter; and if a Charter of the Death of a Man be alledged before

1 aubereto

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 10, 9, 8.

Tre Seignour le Roy a son plement tenuz a Westin Lundy pchein aps le fest de Seint Hiller lan de son regne treszisme oie la grevouse compleint de sa cõe en mesme le plement des outrageouses meschiefs & damages q sont avenuz a son dit roialme p'ceo q tresones murdres & rapes des femes sont trop coement faitz & ppetrez & ceo le plus p'ceo q chartres de pdon ont este trop legement g'untez en tieux cases, la dite cõe pria a nre seigno' le Roi q tieux chartres ne fuissent mes gauntez, a qoi nre f' le Roi respondy qil vorroit salver sa libtee & regalie come ses pgenito's ont fait devant ces heures, mes p' la greindre quiete & pees nurrer deinz son roialme, del assent des gentz & nobles en mesme le plement esteantz, ad g'ntee q nuft chartre de pdon desore soit alowe devant giconges Justices p' murdre mort de home occys p agayt assaut ou malice p'pense tresoñ ou rape de feme, si mesme le murdre ou mort de home occys p agait assaut ou malice p'pense treson ou rape de fême ne soient especifiez en mesme la Chartre [et si la chre '] de mort de home Interlined on the Roll.

nos de pvisorib;

ij.

soit alegge devant qiconqes Justices en quelle Chartre ne soit especifie q celuy de qi mort ascun tiel soit arreigne feust murdres ou occis p agait assaut ou malice p'pense, enquergent les Justices p bone enquest del visne ou la mort fuit occys sil fuist murdre ou occys p agait assaut ou malice p'pense & sils trovent gil fuist murdy ou occis p agait asssaut ou malice p'pense soit la Chartre disalowe & soit fait outre solone ceo q la ley demande. Et si ascun prie au Roy pur Chartre de pdon p' murdre mort de home occys p agait assaut ou malice p'pense treson ou rape de feme si le Chamberleyn, [- - - - - - - - '] endose tiel bille ou face endoser mette le noun de celuy q pria p' tiel Chre s' mesme la bille sur peine de M'. marcz; et si le Southchamberlein endose tielle bille face semblablement s' peyne de cynk Centz marcz; et q nult autre q Chamberleyn ou Southchamberlein endose ne face endoser nutt tiele bille s' peyne de M'. marcz; et q tielle bille soit envoie & directe al Gardeyn du prive seale & q nutt garant du prive seale soit fait p' tiel Chartre avoir sinoun q le Gardein de prive seale eit tielle bille endose ou signe p le Chamberleyn ou Southchamberleyn come desuis est [dist; 1] et q nutt Chartre de pdon de treson ne dautre felonie passe la Chauncellarie sanz garant du Prive Seale forsq, encas ou le Chaunceller le puisse g'ntier de son office sanz ent pler au Roi; et si celuy a qi prier ascune Chartre de pdon p' murdre mort de home tue p agait assaut ou malice p'pense treson ou rape de feme soit g'nte, soit Archevesq, ou Duc, paie au Roi M'. fi, et sil soit Evesq ou Count paie au Roy M1, m1rcz, et sil soit Abbe Prio' Baron ou Banlet, paie au Roi Cynk Centz marcz, et sil soit Clerc Bacheler ou autre de meyndre estat de quele condicion qil soit, paie ou Roi deux Centz marcz & [eit 3] lemprisonement dun an.

Item come le noble Roi Edward Aiel nre f' le Roi qorest a son plement tenuz a Westin al oeutaves del Purificacion nre dame lan de son regne vynt & quynt, fist reciter lestatut fait a Kardoile en temps son Aiel le Roi Edward fitz au Roi Henr tochant lestat de Seint Esglise Dengletre, le dit Aiel nre f' le Roi qore est, del assent des g'ntz de son roialme en mesme le plement tenuz le dit an vynt & quynt esteantz, al honour de dieu & de seint esglise & de tout son roialme ordeigna & establist q franks eleccions des Ercheveschies Eveschies & touz auts dignitees & benefices electives en Englerre se tendroient delors en mane come eles furent g'untez p ses pgenito's & p les auncestres des auts f's foundo's & toutz plates & aut's gentz de seint esglise q avoient avowesons de qiconqs benefices de don le Roi ou de ses pgenito's ou dant's f's & dono's eussent franchement lour collacions & Dsentementz; et s'ceo ctein punyssement estoit ordeigne en mesme lestatut p' ceux q acceptont ascun dignite ou benefice au contraire du dit estatut fait a Westm le dit an xxv. come devant est dit; le quele estatut nre f' le Roi ad fait recitier en cest psent plement al request de sa coe en mesme le plement; la tenure de quele estatut est tiel come sy ensuyt:

An Erasure on the Roll.

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any Justices, in which Charter it [is '] not specified, that he of whose Death any such is arraigned, was murdered or slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, the same Justices shall inquire, by a good Inquest, of the Visne where the Dead was slain, if he were murdered or slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, and if they find that he was murdered or slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, the Charter shall be disallowed, and further it shall be done as the Law [commandeth.2] And if any be a Suitor to the King for a Charter of Pardon for Murder, Death of a Man slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, Treason, or Rape of a Woman, if the Chamberlain indorse, or cause to be indorsed such Bill, he shall set the Name of him that maketh Suit for such Charter upon the same Bill, upon Pain of One thousand Marks, and if the Under-Chamberlain indorse such Bill, he shall do likewise, upon Pain of Five hundred Marks; and that none other than the Chamberlain or Under-Chamberlain indorse nor cause to be indorsed any such Bill, upon Pain of One thousand Marks: And that such Bill be sent and directed to the Keeper of the Privy Seal; and that no Warrant of the Privy Seal be made to have such Charter, unless the Keeper of the Privy Seal have such Bill indorsed or signed by the Chamberlain or Under-Chamberlain, as afore is said: And that no Charter of Pardon, of Treason, nor of other Felony, pass the Chancery without Warrant of the Privy Seal, but in Case where the Chancellor may grant it of his Office, without speaking thereof to the King: And if he, at whose Suit any Charter of Pardon for Murder, Death of a Man slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, Treason, or Rape of a Woman, be granted, be an Archbishop or Duke, he shall pay to the King One thousand Pounds: And if he be a Bishop or Earl, he shall pay to the King One thousand Marks; and if he be an Abbot or Prior, Baron or [Baronet,3] he shall pay Five hundred Marks; and if he be a Clerk, Bachelor, or other of less Estate, of whatsoever Condition that he be, he shall pay to the King Two hundred Marks, and have One Year's Imprisonment.

ITEM, Whereas the noble King Edward, Grandfather to our Lord the King that now is, at his Parliament holden at Westminster, at the Utas of the Purification of our Lady, the Five and twentieth Year of his Reign, caused to be rehearsed the Statute made at Carleil in the Time of (4) King Edward, Son of King Henry, touching the Estate of the Holy Church of England; the said Grandfather of the King that now is, by the Assent of the Great Men of his Realm, being in the same Parliament, holden the said Five and twentieth Year, to the Honour of God and of Holy Church, and of all his Realm, did ordain and establish, that the free Elections of Archbishopricks, Bishopricks, and all other Dignities and Benefices elective in England, should hold from thenceforth in the Manner as they were granted by his Progenitors, and by the Ancestors of other Lords Founders; And that all Prelates and other People of Holy Church, which had Advowsons of any Benefices of the Gift of the King, or of his Progenitors, or of other Lords and Donors, should freely have their Collations and Presentments; and thereupon a certain Punishment was ordained in the same Statute for them which accept any Benefice or Dignity contrary to the said Statute made at Westminster the said Twenty-fifth Year, as afore is said; which Statute our Lord the King hath caused to be recited in this present Parliament at the Request of his Commons in the same Parliament, the Tenor whereof is such as hereafter followeth:

Banneret

² demandeth ⁴ bis Grandfather Names of Suitors for Pardons shall be endorsed on the Bill by the Chamberlain.

The Bill shall be sent to the Keeper of the Privy Seal; without whose Warrant it shall not pass.

The Fine of those at whose Suit such Pardons are obtained.

II. Effect of the Statute 25 Edw. III. Statute 4, concerning Provisors, recited.

Interlined on the Roll. of a stated all while a stated b

Tenour of the said recited Statute 25 Edw. III.

Recital of Proceedings in Parliament 35 Edw. I.

The Origin and Purpose of the Possessions given to the Church.

Voidances and Presentments of Benefices belong to the King and Great Men.

The Pope bestoweth Spiritual Livings upon Aliens not dwelling in England.

The Inconveniencies ensuing thereon.

In the Parliament 35 Edw. I. Provision was made against such Evil.

" WHEREAS late in the Parliament of good Memory of Edward King of England, Grandfather to our Lord the King that now is, the Five and thirtieth Year of his Reign, holden at Carlisle, the Petition heard, put before the said Grandfather and his Council in his said Parliament by the Commonalty of the said Realm, containing, That whereas the Holy Church of England was founded in the Estate of Prelacy, within the Realm of England, by the said Grandfather and his Progenitors, and the Earls, Barons, and other Nobles of his said Realm, and their Ancestors, to inform them and the People of the Law of God, and to make Hospitalities, Alms, and other Works of Charity, in the Places where the Churches were founded, for the Souls of the Founders, their Heirs, and all Christians; and certain Possessions, as well in Fees, Lands, Rents, as in Advowsons, which do extend to a great Value, were assigned by the said Founders to the Prelates and other People of the Holy Church of the said Realm, to sustain the same Charge, and especially of the Possessions which were assigned to Archbishops, Bishops, Abbots, Priors, Religious, and all other People of Holy Church, by the Kings of the said Realm, Earls, Barons, and other great Men of his Realm; the same Kings, Earls, Barons, and other Nobles, as Lords and Advowees, have had and ought to have the Custody of such Voidances, and the Presentments and the Collations of the Benefices being of such Prelacies; And the said Kings in Times past were wont to have the greatest Part of their Council, for the Safeguard of the Realm, when they had need, of such Prelates and Clerks so advanced; the Pope of Rome, accroching to him the Seignories of such Possessions and Benefices doth give and grant the same Benefices to Aliens, which did never dwell in England, and to Cardinals, which might not dwell here, and to other as well Aliens as Denizens, as if he had been Patron or Advowee of the said Dignities and Benefices, as he was not of Right by the Law of England; whereby if they should be suffered, there should scarcely be any Benefice within a short Time in the said Realm, but that it should be in the Hands of Aliens and Denizens by virtue of such Provisions, against the good Will and Disposition of the Founders of the same Benefices; and so the Elections of Archbishops, Bishops, and other Religious should fail, and the Alms, Hospitalities, and other Works of Charity, which should be done in the said Places, should be withdrawn, the said Grandfather, and other Lay-Patrons, in the Time of such Voidances, should lose their Presentments, the said Council should perish, and Goods without Number should be carried out of the Realm, in Adnullation of the Estate of the Holy Church of England, and disherison of the said Grandfather, and the Earls, Barons, and other Nobles [of the said Realm,] and in Offence and Destruction of the Laws and Rights of his Realm, and to the great Damage of his People, and in Subversion of all the Estate of his said Realm, and against the good Disposition and Will of the first Founders: By the Assent of the Earls, Barons, and other Nobles, and of all the said Commonalty, at their Instances and Requests, the Damage and Grievances afore considered, in the said full Parliament It was provided, ordained, and established, That the said Oppressions, Grievances, and Damages in the same Realm from henceforth should not be suffered in any Manner. And now it is shewed to our Lord the King in this present Parliament holden at Westminster, at the Utas of the Purification of our Lady.

(a) Come jadys en le plement de bone memorie & E. Roi Dengletre Aiel nre f' le Roi gorest lan de son regne trentisme & quynt a Kardoile tenuz oie la peticion mys devant le dit Aiel & son conseil en le dit plement p (') coealte de son roialme conteignant q come seint Esglise Dengletre estoit founde en lestat de Placie deinz le roialme Dengletre p le dit Aiel & ses pgenito's & Countes & Barons & nobles de son roialme, & lour auncestres p'eux & le poeple enfourmer de la loy Dieu & p' faire hospitalitees almoignes & aut's oeves de charitee es lieux ou les Esglises furent [founduz] p' les almes des foundo's & de lour heirs & de touz Cristiens; & cteines possessions tant en fees tres & rentes come en avowesons q [ceo3] extendent a gent value p les ditz foundo's furent assignez as Plates & autres gentz de seinte Esglise du dit roialme p' celle charge sustenir & nomement des possessions q furent assignez as Ercevesqes Evesqes Abbes Priours [religiouses 1] & aut's gentz de Seinte Esglise p les Rois du [dit] roialme, Countes, Barons, & [autres] nobles de son roialme; mesmes les Rois, Countes, Barons, & [auts'] nobles come f's & avowes eusent & avoir deussent la garde des tieux voidances & les psentementz & collacions des benefices esteantz de tielx Placies; & les ditz Roys en temps passe soleient avoir le greinour ptie de lour conseilles p' la salvacion du Roialme q'nt ils enurent mestier de tieux Prelates & Clercs issint avansez; le Pape de Rome accrochant a luy la f'ie de tielx possessions & benefices mesmes les bnfices dona & g'unta as aliens [q unqes ne dem'reront en 8] roialme Dengletre & as Cardinalx q y dem'rer ne [purront 9] & as auts tant aliens come denzeins, autre sicome il eust este patroñ ou avowe des ditz dignites & benefices come il ne feust de droit solone la ley Dengletre; p les queux sils fuissent suffretz apeyne dem'eroit ascun benefice en poi de temps en le dit roialme qil ne groit es mayns des aliens & denzeins p vtue des tiex pvisions contre la bone volunte & disposicion des foundo's de mesmes les bnfices; & issint les eleccions des [Erceveschees Eveschees,10] & aut's religious faudroient & les almoignes hospitalites & aut's oevres de charite q sroient faitz es ditz lieux sroient sustretz, le dit Aiel & auts lays patrons en temps de tieux voidances pdroient lours psentementz, le dit conseil piroit, & biens sanz nombre groient emportez hors du roialme, en adnullacion del estat de Seint Esglise Dengletre & disheriteson du dit Aiel & des Counts Barons & nobles, & en offense & destruccion de leys (") droit'es de son roialme, & g'nt damage de son poeple & subvision del estat de tout son roialme suisdit, & countre la bon disposicion & volunte des primers foundo's; del assent des Counts Barons nobles & tout la dite coealte a lour instant request considerez les damages & grevances suisditz en le dit plener plement fust p'veu ordeine & establi q les ditz grevances op-Pssions & damages en mesme le roialme des adonqes mes ne sroient suffertz en ascune mane. Et ja monstre soit a nre f' le Roi en cest plement tenuz a Westin as Oetaves de la Purificacion (11) nre Dame

la foundes se Religious la Interlined on the Roll. Stat. 25 Edw. III. inserts.

7 Stat. 25 Edw. III. omits.

" qi unqes ne dem'erent el " p'oient

10 Ercevesqs, Evesches, 11 & 18 de

(a) The Various Readings in the Notes are from the recited Statute 25 Edw. III. Statute 4. Vol. I. pa. 316-318.

M. 9.

lan de son regne Dengletre vintisme quinte & de France duszisme p la grevouse pleint de tout la cõe de son roialme, q les grevances & meschiefs suisditz saboundent de temps en temps a pluis gent damage & destruccion de tout le roialme plus q unqes ne [furent,'] Cestassavoir q ore de novel nre Seint Pier le Pape p peurement des Clercs & autment ad reservee & reserve de jour en autre a sa collacion genalment & especialment sibien Erceveschees Eveschees Abbeis & Priories come toutz dignites & aut's benefices Dengletre q sont del avowerie [des'] gentz de Seint Esglise, & les donne auxibien as aliens come as denzeins & prent de touz tiels bufices les primers fuictz & auts pfitz pluso's, & g'nt ptie de tresore de roialme si est emporte & despendu hors du roialme p les p'chaceo's des tieux g'ces; Et auxint p tiels reservacions prives pluso's Clercs avaunces en cest roialme p lour Prois patrons qount tenuz lo' avancement [pesiblement p long temps 3] sont sodeygnement [oustez 4]; Sur qoy le dit Cõe ad prie a nre f le Roy q desicome le droit de la corone Dengletre & la ley du dit roialme sont tiels, q sur meschiefs & damages q si aveignont a son roialme il doit & est tenuz p son sement de laccord de son people en son plement faire ent remedie & ley en oustant les meschiefs & damages qensi aveinont q luy pleise de ceo ordeigner remedie; Nre f' le Roy veiant les meschiefs & damages susnomes & eiant regard au dit estatut fait en temps son dit aiel & a ,les causes contenuz en ycelle, la quele estatut tient touz jo's sa force & ne fust unqes defait ne [adnulle 5] en nuff poynt, & p tant est il tenuz p son Sement de le faire garder come la ley de son roialme coment q p suffrance & necligence ad este puis attempte a cont'ire, & auxint eiant regarde a les grevouses pleintes a luy faitz p son people en ses divses plementz cea enarrere tenuz, Voillant les Esgantz damages (6) meschiefs q sont avenuz & veignent de jour en autre a leglise Dengletre p la dite cause remedie ent ordeigner, p assent de touz les g'ntz & [le] coealte de son dit roialme, al honor de Dieu & pfit de la dit Esglise Denglerre & de tout son roialme, ad ordeine & establi q les frankes eleccions des Erceveschees Eveschees & de toutz au?s dignitees & benefices electives en Engletre se tiegnent desore en mane come ils furent g'ntez p les pgenito's nre dit f' le Roi & p les auncestres des aut's f's [Foundo's.] Et q toutz Prelatz & aut's gentz de Seint Esglise quant avowesons de qeconqs benefices, des douns nre f' le Roi & de ses pgenito's ou daut's f's & dono's, p' faire divines svices & aut's charges ent ordeignez eient lour collacions & Psentementz franchement en manle come ils estoient feoffez p lour dono's. Et en cas q dascun Erceveschee Eveschee dignite ou autre geong, benefice soit reservacion collacion ou pvision fait p la Court de Rome en desto bance des eleccions collacions ou Psentacions susnomez q a mesme le temps des voidances q tiels reservacions collacions & pvisions deussent Pndre effect [de 9] mesme la voidance, nre f' le Roi & ses heirs eient et enjoient p' cel foitz les collacions as Erceveschees Eveschees & aurs dignites electives

* foundes 9 q a the Five and Twentieth Year of his Reign of England, and of France the Twelfth, by the grievous Complaints of all the Commons of his Realm, that the Grievances and Mischiefs aforesaid do daily abound, to the greater Damage and Destruction of all this Realm The Pope giveth the more than ever were before, viz. that now of late our Holy Father the Pope, by Procurement of Clerks and otherwise, hath reserved, and doth daily reserve to his Collation generally and especially, as well Archbishopricks, Bishopricks, Abbeys, and Priories, as all other Dignities and other Benefices of England, which be of the Advowry of People of Holy Church, and doth give the same as well to Aliens as to Denizens, and taketh of all such Benefices the First Fruits, and many other Profits, and a great Part of the Treasure of the said Realm is carried away and dispended out of the Realm, by the Purchasers of such Graces; and also by such privy Reservations many Clerks advanced in this Realm by their true Patrons, which have peaceably holden their Advancements by long Time, be suddenly put out: Whereupon the said Commons have prayed our said Lord the King, that sith the Right of the Crown of England, and the Law of the said Realm is such, that upon the Mischiefs and Damages which happen to his Realm, he ought, and is bound by his Oath, with the accord of his People in his Parliament, thereof to make Remedy and Law for the voiding of the Mischiefs and Damages which thereof ensue, that it may please him thereupon to ordain Remedy: Our Lord the King seeing the Mischiefs and Damage before mentioned, and having Regard to the said Statute made in the Time of his said Grandfather, and to the Causes contained in the same; which Statute holdeth always his Force, and was never defeated nor adnulled in any Point, and by so much as he is bounden by his Oath to cause the same to be kept as the Law of his Realm, though that by Sufferance and Negligence it hath been sithence attempted to the contrary; also having Regard to the grievous Complaints made to him by his People in divers his Parliaments holden heretofore, willing to ordain Remedy for the great Damages and Mischiefs which have happened, and daily do happen to the Church of England by the said Cause; by the Assent of all the Great Men and the Commonalty of the said Realm, to the Honour of God, and Profit of the said Church of England, and of all his Realm, hath ordained and stablished, That the Free Elections of Archbishops, Bishops, and all other Dignities and Benefices elective in England, shall hold from henceforth in the Manner as they were granted by the King's Progenitors, and the Ancestors of other Lords, Founders of the said Dignities and other Benefices. And that all Prelates and other People of Holy Church, which have Advowsons of any Benefices of the King's Gift, or of any of his Progenitors, or of other Lords and Donors, to do Divine Services, and other Charges thereof ordained, shall have their Collations and Presentments freely to the same, in the Manner as they were enfeoffed by their Donors. And in case that Reservation, Collation, or Provision be made by the Court of Rome, of any Archbishoprick, Bishoprick, Dignity, or other Benefice, in Disturbance of the Elections, Collations, or Presentations aforenamed, that at the same Time of the Voidance, when such Reservations, Collations, and Provisions shall take Effect, (') our Lord the King and his Heirs shall have and enjoy for the same Time the Collations to the Archbishopricks, Bishopricks, and other Dignities elective, which be of his Advowry, such as

the Church, and reserveth Fruits to himself.

The Causes

Elections of Bishops and other Dignities of the Church shall be free, as they were founded. Collations and Presentations shall

Where the Pope maketh Provision to a Dignity of the Church, the King shall present:

from the said Avoidance MS. Tr. 2; in Stat. 25 Edw. III.

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So in Cases of Provision to Religious Houses; or to Benefices of the Advowson of the Clergy.

Saving, when no Provision, or the Parties themselves present.

Presentations by Patrons; and on their Default by the King.

The Penalties for Disturbance by Provisors :

Imprison-Conviction;

Renunciation and Surety against future Attempts.

Process of Outlawry.

his Progenitors had, before that free Election was granted, seeing that the Elections were first granted by the King's Progenitors upon a certain Form and Condition, as to demand Licence of the King to chuse, and after the Election to have his Royal Assent, and not in other Manner; which Conditions not kept, the Thing ought by Reason to resort to his first Nature: And if any such Reservation, Provision, or Collation be made of any House of Religion of the King's Advowry, in Disturbance of free Election, our Sovereign Lord the King, and his Heirs, shall have for that Time the Collation to give this Dignity to a convenient Person. And in case that Collation, Reservation, or Provision be made by the Court of Rome of any Church, Prebend, or other Benefices, which be of the Advowry of People of Holy Church, whereof the King is Advowee Paramount immediate, that at the same Time of the Voidance, at which Time the Collation, Reservation, or Provision should take Effect as afore is said, the King and his Heirs thereof shall have the Presentment or Collation for that Time; and so from Time to Time, whensoever such People of Holy Church shall be disturbed of their Presentments or Collations, by such Reservations, Collations, or Provisions, as afore is said; saving to them the Right of their Advowsons and their Presentments, when no Collation or Provision of the Court of Rome is thereof made, or where that the said People of Holy Church shall or will to the same Benefices present or make Collation; and that their Presentees may enjoy the Effect of their Collations or Presentments: And in the same Manner every other Lord, of what Condition that he be, shall have the Collations or Presentments to the Houses of Religion which be of his Advowry, and other Benefices of Holy Church which be pertaining to the same Houses; and if such Advowees do not present to such Benefices within the half Year after such Voidances, nor the Bishop of the Place do not give the same by Lapse of Time within a Month after half a Year, that then the King shall have thereof the Presentments and Collations, as he hath of other of his own Advowry; and in case that the Presentees of the King, or the Presentees of other Patrons of Holy Church or of their Advowees, or they to whom the King, or such Patrons or Advowees aforesaid, have given Benefices pertaining to their Presentments or Collations, be disturbed by such Provisors, so that they may not have Possession of such Benefices by virtue of the Presentments or Collations to them made, or that they which be in Possession of such Benefices be impeached upon their said Possessions by such Provisors, then the said Provisors, their Procurators, Executors, and Notaries, shall be attached by their Body, and brought in to answer; and if they be convict, they shall abide in Prison without being let to Mainprise, or Bail, or otherwise delivered, till that they have made Fine and Ransom to the King at his Will, and Gree to the Party that shall feel himself grieved; and nevertheless before that they be delivered, they shall make full Renunciation, and find sufficient Surety that they shall not attempt such Things in Time to come, nor sue any Process by them, nor by other, against any Man in the Court of Rome, nor in any Part elsewhere, for any such Imprisonments or Renunciations, nor any other Thing depending of them. And in case that such Provisors, Procurators, Executors, or Notaries be not found, that the Exigent shall run against them by due Process, and that Writs shall go forth to take their Bodies in what Parts they be found, as well at the King's Suit as at the

ses pgenito's avoient av'nt q fraunche eleccion fuit g'nte desicome les eleccions furent primes g'ntez p les pgenito's le Roy s' cteine forme & condicion, come ademaunder du Roi conge deslyre & puis aps la eleccion davoir son assent roial & nemie en aute manle, les quels condicions nient gardez la chose doit p reson resorter a sa primer nature. Et q si dascun meson de religion de lavowerie du Roi, soit tiel reservacion collacion ou pvision fait en destourbance de franche eleccion, eit nre f' le Roi & ses heirs a cele foitz la collacion a doner cele dignite a psone covenable. Et en cas q reservacion collacion ou pvision soit fait a la Court de Rome de nutt esglise [pvendre '] ou autre onfice q sont de lavowerie des gentz de Seinte Esglise dont le Roi est avowe pamont inmediate, q a mesme le temps de voidance a quel temps la reservacion collacion ou pvision deussent Pndre effect come desus est dit q le Roi & ses heirs de ceo eient la psentement ou collacion a celle foitz & issint de temps en temps a toutz les foitz q tielx gentz de Seint Esglise sront desto bez de lo psentementz ou collacions p tielx reservacions collacions ou pvisions come desus est dit; Sauve a eux le droit de lour avowesons & psentementz q'nt null collacion ou pvision de la Court de Rome ent ne soit fait ou q les ditz gentz de Seint Esglise [oisent '] & voillent a mesmes les unfices psenter ou collacion faire, & lour Psentez puissent [laffect] de lour collacions & Psentementz enjoier; & en mesme la mane eit chescun autre f' de quelle condicion qil soit les psentementz ou collacions a les mesons de religeon q sont de sa avowerie & as bnfices de Seint Esglise q sont app'tenantz a mesmes les mesons; & si tieux avowes ne psentent point a tielx onfices deinz la demy an ap's tielx [voidance], ne levesq de lieu ne la donne p laps du temps deinz un moys aps le demy an, qadonqes le Roi eit ent les psentementz & collacions come il ad dautres de savowerie demesne; & en cas q les psentes le Roi ou les psentes dants Patrons de Seint Esglise ou de lours avowes, ou ceux a queux le Roi ou tiels Patrons ou avowes susditz avont donez bnfices [app'tenances 5] a lour psentmentz ou collacions, soient desto'bez p tieux pviso's issint qils ne puissent avoir [possessions 6] des tieux unfices p vtu des psentementz & collacions issint a eux faitz, ou q ceux q sont en [possession 7] des tielx bnfices soient empeschez s' lour ditz possessions p tieux pvisours, adonqes soient les ditz pvisours & lour pcurato's executo's & Notaires attachiez p lour corps & mesnez en respons, & sils soient convictz demurgent en prison sanz estre lessez a maynprise en baitt ou autment delivez tanq ils avont fait fyn & redempcion au Roi a sa volunte & gre al ptie q se sentera greve; & nientmayns avent qils soient delivez facent plein renunciacion & trovent suffisant s'te qils nattempteront tiel chose en temps avenir, ne nutt pcesse sueront p eux ne p [auts 3] devs nulli en la dite Courte de Rome ne nult pt aillo's p' nuls tielx emprisonementz ou renunciacions ne nutt autre chose dependant deux. Et en cas q tiels pvisours pcurato's executo's & Notairs ne soient trovez q lexigent courge devs eux p due pces, Et q briefs issent de Pndre lo's corps qule pt qils soient trovez auxibien a la suyt le Roy come de ptie, 1 pvende

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 voidances 7 possessions

aprtenantz · autre

⁶ possession

et q en le mesne temps le Roi eit les pfitz des tieux tinfices issint occupiez p tieux pviso's, forpris Abbeys Priories & aut's mesons quant college ou covent, & en tieux mesons eient les covent & colleges les pfitz; Sauvant toutfoitz a nre l'e Roi & as autres l's lour auncien droit. Et eit cest estatut lieu auxibien de reservacions collacions & pvisions faitz & g'ntez en temps passe devs touz ceux q ne sont unqore [adeptez'] corporel possession des tinfices a eux g'untez p mesmes les reservacions collacions & pvisions, come devs toutz aut's en temps avenir; & doit cest estatut tenir lieu comenceant al oetaves suisditz.

Et outre ce nre [dit 1] f le Roi qore est de lassent des g'ntz de son roialme esteantz en cest psent plement ad ordeigne & establi, q de toutz Erceveschees Eveschees & auts dignites & bnfices electives & auts bnfices de Seint Esglise qconqes, q comencerent destre voidez de fait le vint & noefisme jour de Januer lan du regne nre dit f' le Roi Richard treszime ou puis, ou q se voidront en temps avenir deinz le roialme Dengletre, le dit estatut fait le dit an xxv. soit fermement tenuz p' touz jo's & mys en due execucion de temps en temps en toutz pointz; & si ascun face ascun acceptacion dascun bufice de Seint Esglise a cont rie de cest estatut & ce duement pve & soit dep de la demurge exile & banny hors du roialme p' toutz jo's & ses tres tentz biens & chateux forfaitz au Roi; & sil soft deinz le roialme soit il auxi exile & banny come devant est dit & encourge mesme la forfait'e, & Pigne son chemyn issint qil soit hors du roialme deinz sys semaignes pcheins aps tiel acceptacion; & si ascun recette ascun tiel banny venant dep de la ou esteantz deinz le roialme ands les sys semaignes aventditz conisant de ce soit auxint exile & banny & encourge autiel forfait'e come dev'nt est dit & q lour pcurato's Notairs, executo's, & somono's eient la forfait'e & peyne susditz. Purveu nep'qant q toutz yceux as queux nre seint pier le Pape ou ses pdecessours ont p'veu ascun Ercevesches Eveschee ou autre dignitee ou bnfices electives ou auts binfices de Seint Esglise del pronage des gentz de Seint Esglise, acause de voidance devant le dit xxix. jour de Januer & ent furent en corporel possession devent mesme le xxix. jour, eient & enjoient lour ditz Erceveschees Eveschees dignites & tinfices peisiblement p' lour vies nient contresteantz les estatutz & ordinance avantditz. Et si le Roi envoie p fre ou en autre mane a la Courte de Rome al excitacion dascune psone, ou si ascun autre envoie ou prie a mesme la Courte, pount q la cont'rie de cest estatut soit fait touchant ascun Erceveschee Eveschee dignite ou autre onfice de Seint Esglise deinz le dit roialme, si cely q fait tiel excitacion ou tiel prier soit Plate de Seinte Esglise paie au Roi le value de ses tempaltees dun an, & sil soit & temporel paie au Roi le value de ses tres & possessions nient moebles dun an. Et sil soit autre psone destate pluis bas paie au Roi la value du bnfice p' quel tiel prier soit fait & eit la prisone dun an. Et est lentencion du cest estatut q de toutz dignites & onfices de Seint Esglise qestoient voidez de fait le dit xxix. jo' de Januer, queux sont donez [ou3] as queux soit p'veu p lappostoit devant

Interlined on the Roll.

Suit of the Party, and that in the mean Time the King shall have the Profits of such Benefices so occupied by such Provisors, except Abbeys, Priories, and other Houses, which have Colleges or Convents; and in such Houses the Colleges and Convents shall have the Profits; Saving always to our Lord the King, and to all other Lords, their old Right. And this Statute shall have Place as well of Reservations, Collations, and Provisions made and granted in Times past against all them which have not yet obtained corporal Possession of the Benefices granted to them by the said Reservations, Collations, and Provisions, as against all other in Time to come; and this Statute oweth to hold Place and to begin at the said Utas."

(') OUR LORD the King that now is, of the Assent of the Great Men of his Realm, being in this present Parliament, hath ordained and established, That for all Archbishopricks, Bishopricks, and other Dignities and Benefices elective, and all other Benefices of Holy Church, which [shall begin '] to be void in Deed the Twenty-ninth Day of January, the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Lord King Richard that now is, or after, or which shall be void in Time to come within the Realm of England, the said Statute made the said Twenty-fifth Year shall be firmly holden for ever, and put in due Execution from Time to Time in all manner of Points; and if any do accept of a Benefice of Holy Church contrary to this Statute, and that duly proved, and be beyond the Sea, he shall abide exiled and banished out of the Realm for ever (3) his Lands and Tenements, Goods, and Chattels shall be forfeit to the King; and if he be within the Realm, he shall be also exiled and banished as afore is said, and shall incur the same Forfeiture, and take his Way, so that he be out of the Realm within Six Weeks next after such Acceptation; and if any receive any such Person banished coming from beyond the Sea, or being within the Realm after the said Six Weeks, knowing thereof, he shall be also exiled and banished, and incur such Forfeiture as afore is said; and that their Procurators, Notaries, Executors, and Summoners have the Pain and Forfeiture aforesaid. Provided nevertheless, That all they to whom [the Pope of Rome, 1] or his Predecessors, have provided any Archbishoprick, Bishoprick, or other Dignity, (5) or other Benefices of Holy Church, of the Patronage of People of Holy Church, in respect of any Voidance before the said xxix Day of January, and thereof were in actual Possession before the same xxix Day, shall have and enjoy the said Archbishopricks, Bishopricks, Dignities, and other Benefices peaceably for their Lives, notwithstanding the Statutes and [Ordinances 6] aforesaid. And if the King send by Letter or in other Manner to the Court of Rome, at the Intreaty of any Person, or if any other send or sue to the same Court, whereby any Thing is done contrary to this Statute, touching any Archbishoprick, Bishoprick, Dignity, or other Benefice of Holy Church within the said Realm, if he that maketh such Motion or Suit be a Prelate of Holy Church, he shall pay to the King the Value of his Temporalties of One Year; and if he be a Temporal Lord, he shall pay to the King the Value of his Lands and Possessions not moveable of One Year; and if he be another Person of a more mean Estate, he shall pay to the King the Value of the Benefice for which Suit is made, and shall be imprisoned One Year. And it is the Intent of this Statute, that of all Dignities and Benefices of Holy Church, which were void indeed the said xxix Day of January, which be given, or to [whom '] it is provided by [the Pope of Rome '] before

And furthermore MS. Tr. 2. began and Our Holy Father the Pope or Benefices elective

The King shall have intermediate Profits.

Commencement of this recited Statute.

For all
Benefices
void after a
certain Day,
the recited
Statute shall
be put in
Execution.

If any do accept of a Benefice contrary to the Statute, he shall be banished the Realm.

And also the Receivers, Procurators, &c. of Offenders.

Saving as to Benefices void and inducted to before the Day named.

The Penalty of suing to the Court of Rome to infringe the Purport of this Statute.

St. 13 Ricill. Compilions of Griveness from Main-

Saving as to Benefices void on, but collated before the Day named, but not after.

Vol. II.

U

⁶ Ordinance the Appostell Rast. 1603.
7 which thapostolite or Pope MS. Tr. 2.

III.

Penalty for

bringing or sending of Summons or

Excommuni-

cation against

any for enforcing the recited

Statute of

Provisors.

iij.

M. 8.

the same xxix Day, that they to whom such Gifts of Provisions be made, may freely of such Gifts and Provisions sue Execution without Offence of this Statute: Provided always, that of no Dignity or Benefice which was full the said xxix Day of January, no Man because of any Collation, Gift, Reservation, and Provision, or other Grace Papal, not executed before the said xxix Day, shall not sue thereof Execution, upon the Pains and Forfeitures contained in this present Statute.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That if any Man bring or send within the Realm, or the King's Power, any Summons, Sentences, or Excommunications against any Person, of what Condition that he be, for the Cause of [making Motion,'] Assent, or Execution of the said Statute of Provisors, he shall be taken, arrested, and put in Prison, and forfeit all his Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels for ever, and incur the Pain of Life and of Member. And if any Prelate make Execution of such Summons, Sentences, or Excommunications, that his Temporalties be taken and abide in the King's Hands, till due Redress and Correction be thereof made. And if any Person of less Estate than a Prelate, of what Condition that he be, make such Execution, he shall be taken, arrested, and put in Prison, and have Imprisonment, and make Fine and Ran-

THE King to the Sheriff of Kent, Greeting. We command you, firmly enjoining, that certain Statutes and Ordinances by Us, with the Assent of the Nobles and Commonalty of our Realm of England, in our last Parliament holden at Westminster, made, which We send you under our Great Seal in Form patent, within your County in Places where it may be most expedient, without Delay you do cause to be read and publicly on our Behalf to be proclaimed, and to be firmly kept and observed, according to the Form of the Statutes and Ordinances aforesaid; and this, on the Peril awaiting, in no wise omit. Witness the King at Westminster, the Fifteenth Day of May.

som by the Discretion of the King's Council.

Like Writs are directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England.

the moving, making,

mesme le xxix. jo', q ceux as queux tielx douns ou pvisions soient faitz puissent franchement des tielx douns & pvisions suer execucion sanz offence de cest estatut: Purveu toutzfoitz q de nulle dignite ou bnfice qestoit plein le dit xxix jo' de Januer null a cause dascun don collacion reservacion & pvision ou dautre g'ce de lappoistoil qconq nient execute dev'nt le dit xxix jo' ne sue ent execucion sur les peynes contenuz en cest psent estatut.

Item ordeigne est & establi q si ascun port ou envoie deinz le roialme ou le poair nre dit f' le Roy ascun somonces sentences ou escomengementz envs ascun psone de quel condicion qil soit a cause de la mocion [----'] fesance assent ou execucion du dit estatut des pviso's, soit il pris & arestuz & mys en prisone & forface toutz ses Pres & tentz bien & chateux p' touz jo's & outre encourge la peyne de vie & de membre. Et si ascun Prelat face execucion des tieux somonces sentences ou escomengementz q ses tempaltes soient prises & dem'gent es mayns nre dit fr le Roy tanq due redresse & correccion ent soit fait. Et si ascun pson de meyndre estate q plat de quel condicion qil soit face tiel execucion soit pris & arestuz & mys en prison & eit emprisonement & face fyn & raunceon solonc la discrecion du conseitt nre dit f' le Roy.

R Vic Kanc; sattm. Precipim⁹ tibi firmit injungentes qd quedam Statuta & Ordinacoes p nos de assensu Magnatum & Coitatum regni nri Angt in Pliamento nro apud Westm ultimo tento fca que tibi mittim⁹ sub magno sigillo nro in forma patenti infra Com tuu in locis ubi magis expediens fuit sine ditone legi & publice ex pte nra pclamari ac firmit teneri & observari fac juxta formam Statutos [& Ordinaconu '] Pdcos. Et hoc sub incumbenti piculo nullatenus omittas. T. R. apud Westm xv die Maij.

Cons bria dirigunt' singulis Vicecomitib; p Angt.

An Erasure on the Roll. Interlined on the Roll

STATUTE THE THIRD.

THE KING to the Sheriff of Kent, Greeting. Whereas by the Laws and Customs of our Realm, which We are bound, by the Oath made at our Coronation, to preserve, all our Lieges within the same Realm, as well Poor as Rich, ought freely to sue, defend, receive and have Justice and Right, and the Accomplishment and Execution thereof, in any our Courts whatsoever and elsewhere, without being disturbed or oppressed by Maintenance, Menace, or in any other Manner; and now so it is, that in many of our Parliaments heretofore holden, and namely, in the Parliaments last holden at Cambridge and Westminster, grievous Complaint and great Clamour hath been made unto Us, as well by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal as by the Commons of our said Realm, of great and outrageous Oppressions and Maintenances made to the Damage of Us and of our People, in divers Parts of the same Realm, by divers Maintainours, Instigators, Barretors, Procurours, and Embraceours of Quarrels and Inquests in the

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 8. (a)

L E Roi al Viscont de Kent, salutz. Come p les leyes & custumes de nre roialme, queux nous sumes tenuz a garder p sement fait a nre coronement, touz noz lieges deinz mesme le roiaume sibn povres come riches deussent franchement suer defender resceyver & avoir justice & droit & acomplissement & execucion dicelles en quelconqes noz Courtes & aillours sanz estre destourbez ou oppssez p maintenance manace ou autre mane qconq; & ore est einsy qen pluso's noz plementz tenuz devant ces heures, & meement es plementz darrein tenuz a Cantebr & Westin, grevous pleint & gent clamour nous ad este faite sibn p f's espirituelx & temporels come p les Cões de nre dit roialme des gentz & outrageouses oppssions & maintenances faitz en damage de nous & de nre poeple en divses pties de mesme le roiaume p divses maintenours menours barettours pcurours & embraceours de quereles & enquestes en paiis, des

St. 12 Ric.II. Complaints of Grievances from Maintainors.

(a) This is not inserted in any of the Old Printed Copies; It was first printed in Hawkins's Edition of the Statutes.

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queux pluso's sount le pluis embaudez & hardyz en lour maintenance & malvestees susditz p' ceo qils sont de retenue des f's & autres de nre dit roiaume as fees robes & autres livees appellez livees de compaignie; Si avons ordenez & estroitement defenduz de ladvys de nre g'nt conseil, q nutt Prelat nautre home de Seint Esglise ne bachiler ne esquier nautre de meyndre estat ne donne nutt mane de tiel livee appelle livee de compaignie; & q nul Duc Cont Baron ou Baneret ne donne tiel livee de compaignie a Chivaler ne Esquier, sil ne soit retenuz ovesq luy a rme de vie p' pees & guerre p endent'e sanz fraude ou male engyne, ou q soit mesnal & familier dem'ant en son hostell, ne a nul vallet appellez yoman archer nautre de meindre estat q esquier, sil ne soit ensement familier dem'ant en son hostelt. Et q toutz f's espirituels & temporels & toutz autres de quele condicion ou estat gils soient, oustent toutoutrement touz tielx meyntenours menours baretto's pcuro's & embraceo's de quereles & enquestes, de lour fees robes & touz manes liveez [& 1] de lour svice copaignie & retenu, sanz ascun tiel receivre a lour retenu en quelconq mane en temps avenir; et q nul f' espirituel ne temporel, ne nul autre qad ou ava gentz de sa retenue, ne soeffre nuls q soient devs luy estre maintenour menour baretto' pcurour ou embraceour des quereles & enquestes en paiis en nul mane, mes les ouste de son svice & retenue come devant est dit a plus tost qil poet ent estre apcieu; & g si ascun f' ouste ascun tiel maintenour menour baretto' pcuro' ou embraceour de sa compaignie p celle cause, q adonqs nul autre f' luy reteigne ne receyve de sa retenue ne de sa compaignie en nul mane; et q nuff de noz lieges g'nt ne petit de quele condicion ou estat qil soit, soit il de retenue dascun f', ou autre psone qconq, q ne soit mye de retenue nenpreigne querele autre q sa ppre ne la maintiegne p luy ne p autre en prive nen appert; & q touz yceux q usent & portent tiel livee appelle livee de compaignie, a contraire de ceste nre ordenance, les lessent tout outrement deinz dys jours aps la pclamacion de mesme ceste ordenance sanz les plus user ou porter en aps; & q ceste nre ordenance soit tenue & fermement garde & duement execute en touz pointz, sibn p ceux qont ou avont gentz de lour retenue, come p touz aut's psones en ce q a eux aptient touchant mesme ceste ordenance, s' peine demprisonement fyn & raunceon, ou destre puniz en autre mane solonc ceo q soit avis a nous & a nre conseil: p' quoi vous mandons & chargeons q maintenant veuez cestes, si facez publier & pclamer ceste nëe ordenance en Citees Burghs Villes mchantz & aut's lieux publikes deinz vee baillie sibn deinz f'nchise come dehors, & le facez estre tenuz & duement executz en touz pointes. Don souz nre g*nt Seal a Westm le xij jour de Maii.

p ipm Regem & consiliū.

Cons bria dirigunt' singulis Vicecomitib3 p Angt. Interlined on the Roll.

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becapie & p' faire Tare Unigo accepto e meret cità Inchined on the Roll.

Country, whereof many are the more encouraged and bold in their Maintenance and evil Deeds aforesaid, because that they be of the Retinue of Lords and others of our said Realm, with Fees, Robes, and other Liveries called Liveries of Company; We have ordained and straitly forbidden, by the Advice of our great Council, that no Prelate, nor other Man of Holy Church, nor Bachelor, nor Esquire, nor other of less Estate, give any Manner of such Livery called Livery of Company; and that no Duke, Earl, Baron, or Banneret give such Livery of Company to Knight or Esquire, if he be not retained with him for the Term of his Life for Peace and for War, by Indenture, without Fraud or evil Device, or unless he be a Domestic and Familiar abiding in his Household; nor to any Valet called Yeoman Archer, nor to other of less Estate than Esquire, if he be not, in like Manner, a Familiar abiding in his Household. And that all Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and all others, of what Condition or Estate they be, shall utterly oust all such Maintainours, Instigators, Barettors, Procurours, and Embraceours of Quarrels and Inquests, from their Fees, Robes, and all Manner of Liveries, and from their Service, Company, and Retainer, without receiving any such on their Retainer, in any Manner, in Time to come; and that no Lord Spiritual nor Temporal, nor any other, that hath or shall have People of his Retinue, shall suffer any that belong to him, to be a Maintainour, Instigator, Barettour, Procurour, or Embraceour of Quarrels and Inquests in the Country, in any Manner, but shall put them away from his Service and Retinue, as afore is said, as soon as it can be discovered; and that if any Lord do oust any such Maintainour, Instigatour, Barettour, Procurour, or Embraceour from his Company for this Cause, that then no other Lord do retain or receive him of his Retinue nor of his Company in any Manner; and that none of our Lieges, great nor small, of what Condition or Estate he be, whether he be of the Retinue of any Lord, or other Person whatever who belongeth not to any Retinue, shall not undertake any Quarrel other than his own, nor shall maintain it, by himself nor by other, privily nor apertly; and that all those who use and wear such Livery called Livery of Company, contrary to this our Ordinance, shall leave them off altogether within Ten Days after the Proclamation of this same Ordinance, without using or wearing them any more afterwards; and that this our Ordinance be held and firmly kept, and duly executed, in all Points, as well by those who have or shall have People of their Retinue, as by all other Persons, in that which to them belongeth touching the same Ordinance, upon Pain of Imprisonment, Fine, and Ransom, or of being punished in other Manner, according as shall be advised by Us and our Council: Wherefore We command and charge you that incontinently, upon Sight hereof, you cause to be published and proclaimed this our Ordinance in Cities, Boroughs, Market Towns, and other public Places within your Bailiwick, as well within Franchise as without, and do cause the same to be holden and duly executed in all Points. Given under our Great Seal at Westminster, the Twelfth Day of May.

By the King Himself and the Council.

Like Writs are directed to the several Sheriffs throughout

that no Englishman buy any Wool of any Person Inc

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No Churchman nor Esquire, shall give Livery of Company;

Nor Duke, &c. except to Knights, and Esquires bound to them for Life.

All Lords, &c. shall take away Fees from Maintainors;

and put them Service.

forbidden.

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county plusses somethor pluis emistandes. Is hardyn en | County, whereal many me the more entrapping and hold in

Anno 14º RICARDI, II. A.D. 1390.

D' Statuto edito apud Mestm Anno quarto decimo.

OF THE STATUTE MADE AT WESTMINSTER; IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR.

FOR the Relief and Increase of the common Profit of the Realm of England, and of the Lands of Wales and Ireland, which have been in divers Manners greatly hindered in Times past; Our Lord the King, at his Parliament holden at Westminster the Morrow of St. Martin, the Fourteenth Year of his Reign, hath ordained and established, by the Assent of the said Parliament, the Things underwritten.

FIRST, That the Staple be removed from Calice into England, so that it be in England the Monday next after the Feast of the Epiphany at the furthest: And that it be holden in the Places contained in the [Statutes '] of the Staple, made in the Seven and twentieth Year of the King's Grandfather that now is, and in none other Place; and that the said Statute be [firmly and surely holden, and duely executed in all Points, with the Additions under-written, notwithstanding any Declaration or Statute made since to the contrary; that is to say; That every Person Alien, of what Degree or Condition that he be, that bringeth any Merchandize into England, shall find sufficient Sureties before the Customers, in the Port where the Merchandize shall be brought, to buy other Merchandize, to the Value of Half the said Merchandises so brought, at the least, as Wools, Leather, Woolfels, Lead, Tin, Butter, Cheese, Cloths, or other Commodities of the Land.

ITEM, That for every Exchange that shall be made by Merchants to the Court of Rome, or elsewhere, that the said Merchants be firmly and surely bound in the Chancery, to buy within Three Months after the said Exchange made, Merchandises of the Staple, as Wools, Leather, Woolfels, Lead, or Tin, Butter or Cheese, Cloths, or other Commodities of the Land, to the Value of the Sum so exchanged, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same.

ITEM, That in every Port and Place where the Staple shall be, the Mayors, Constables, Brokers, and all other Officers and Ministers of the Staple shall be sworn first to the King, and after to the Staple.

ITEM, to keep the (3) Price of Wool the better, That no Denizen of England shall buy no Wools but of the [Owners *] of the Sheep and of [the Tithes, 5] except in the Staple: And that no Denizen regrate Wools nor other Merchandises of the Staple privily nor apertly, upon Pain to forfeit the Value of the Thing regrated: And that the Justices of Peace in the Country have Power to enquire, and shall enquire from Time to Time of such English [Gratours 6] and of the Weights of the Staple, and punish them by the Pain aforesaid. And that no Englishman buy any Wool of any Person, but for himself or for his own Use, as to sell at the Staple and [for to make Cloth.7]

bolden and kept his
Dismes MS. Tr. 2. Statute possessours MS. Tr. 2. 6 Regrators 7 for the making of Cloth. Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 8.

PUR relevacion & encresse du cõe pfit du Roialme Dengletre, & des Pres de Gales, & Dirland qad este en divse [mane '] g'ntement arierisse en temps passe, sy ad nre f' le Roy a son plement tenuz a Westm lendemayn de Seint Martyn lan de son regne quatorzisme ordeine & establi del assent de son dit plement les choses desouz escriptz.

En primes q lestaple soit remuez de Caleys en Englerre issint qil soit en Englerre lundy pschein aps le fest de la Tiffanie a pluis tard; et qil soit tenuz es lieux contenuz en lestatut de lestaple fait lan xxvij laiel nre dit f' le Roy & en nutt autre lieu; et q le dit estatut soit tenuz & gardez & duement execut en toutz pointz ove les addicions desouz escriptz, Nient contresteant ascune declaracion ou estatut fait depuis acontraire; Cestassavoir, q chescune psone aliene de quelle degre ou condicion qil soit qamesne ascune mchandise en Englet re trove sufficeante seurete, devant les Custums el port ou la dite Merchandise sra amesne, dachater autre mchandise a la value de la moite du dce mchandise issint amesne au meyns, come leyns quirs peaux lanutz plumb esteym bure furmage draps ou autre comoditees de la tre.

Item q p' chescun eschaunge q sra fait p mchantz a la Court de Rome ou aillours, q les ditz michantz soient fermement & surement liez en la Chancellarie dachater deinz trois moys aps la dite eschaunge faite marchandises de lestaple come leyns quirs peaux lanutz & plumb ou esteyn bure furmage draps ou autres comodities de la Pre a la value de la some issint eschaunge s' forfait'e dycelle.

Item qen chescun lieu & port ou lestaple gra les Mair Conestables brogo's & toutz aut's Offices & Ministres de lestaple soient jurrez primement au Roy & puis a lestaple.

Item p' meutz garder le haut pris des leyns, q nuff deinzein en Engletre nachate leynes forsq de les possesso's des berbitz & des dismes sinoun en lestaple; et q nutt deinzein regrate leyns nautres michandises de lestaple en prive nen apert, s' peyne de forfaire la value de la chose regrate; & q les Justices de la pees en paiis eient poair denquere & enquergent de temps en temps de tielx reg*to's Engleys & de les poises de lestaple & les punissent p la peyne avantdite. Et q nutt home Engleys nachate ascune leyne de nulli forsq. p' lui mesmes p' son oeps demesne come de vendre a lestaple & p' faire faire drap.

1 Interlined on the Roll.

The Staple removed from

Calais into England, 27 Edw. III. stat. 2. c. I.

Aliens shall buy English Goods to the Value of Half their Imports.

II. On all Exchanges by Aliens, English Goods shall be bought.

III. Officers of the Staple shall be sworn.

IV. Of whom Denizens shall buy which shall not be regrated.

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Item q nutt deinzein amesne leynes quirs peaux lanutz ne plumb hors del roialme Dengletre as pties de dela s' peyne de forfait'e dycelle mes soulement estrangs.

Item q toutz les michantz de Roialme Dengletre frettent en le dit roialme les Niefs du dit roialme & nemye niefs estraunges, issint q les possesso's des ditz niefs Pignent resonablement p' le frette dicelles.

Item q passage de Steym hors du Roialme soit el

port de Dertemuth & nuff pt aillo's.

Item q nult lige du Roy soit destreintz, empeschez, molestez ne grevez en lescheqer naillo's p le noun gauger de vyns de Ryn ne p' ascune forfat'e dicelles p celle cause autrement q nad este fait dauncien temps.

Item q Marchantz estraunges repairantz en le roialme Dengletre soit bien & curtoisement & droit'elment treitez & govnez en le dit roialme, au fyn qils eient

greindre corage de repeirer en ycell.

Item q nutt Custum ne Contrerollo' eit niefs de lo' ppre ne soy melle de fret des niefs, et ceo p' eschuir sibien le damage du Roy de sa custume come la pde des Marchantz repeirantz al port sibien aliens come deinzeins; et q nuff Custum Contrerollo' Serchour Poisour ou Trono' eit nuff tiel office a tme de vie mes tantsoulement tant come le Roy plerra, Non obstant ascune patente ou gent fait a ascuny a contraire; si ascune tiel patente ou gent a ?me de vie soit fait a ascuny dascun tieff office devant ces heures le Roy voet qil soit outrement repelle & voide & de nutt force ou value desore enavant.

Item qen chescun Countee soient assignez oept Justices de la pees come est contenuz en lestatut de Cantebr outre les s's assignez en cest plement; & q les estretes des ditz Justices soient doublez & lune ptie delive p les ditz Justices al Viscont p' lever les deniers ent so'dantz & ent paier as ditz Justicez & a lo' Clerks lo' gages p la mayn du dit Viscont p endenture entre eux ent affaire; et q les Viscontz eient allouance en lo' accompt en lescheqer p mesme lendenture : et q null Duc Count Baron ou Banet tout soient ils assignez Justices de la pees & tiegnent lo' sessions ovesq les auts oept Justices ne Pignent gages p' le dit office et q les Justices q tiegnent lo' sessions mettent lo' nouns & le noun de lo' Clerk ensemblement ove le nombre des jo's de lo' Sessions, au fyn q les Viscontz p'ront savoir a qi paier & a qi noun, & les Barons de lescheqer a qi allower & a qi noun; et q les sealx soient faitz p' les svantz & baillez en garde dascun patrome du paiis solonc le p'port de le dit Estatut de Cantebr; le quell estatut ove la modificacion dicett faite al darrein plement, ensemblement ove lestatutz de poys & mesures & toutz aut's estatutz & bones ordinances faitz avant ces heures & nient repellez, le Roy voet qils soient tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion.

Item q la grote de la monoye descoce courge en value tantsoulement de deux deniers engleys, & la dimy grote descoce en value dun denier engleys, & le denier descoce en value dun maitt engleis, & le maitt descoce en value dun ferthyng engleys; & si la moneye descoce soit empeire q la value ent soit abregge solonc lafferant; et q comissions soient faitz pmy le Roialme denquerre de ceux qont port ou envoie la monoie dengletre en Escoce p y faire bullion en monoie descoce en Pjudice & damage du Roi & du roialme.

Be Vič Kanč, saltm. Precipim tibi firmit injungentes qd quedam statuta & ordinacoes p nos de assensu Magnatum & Cõitatum regni nri Angt - - - -

ITEM, That no Denizen carry Wools, Leather, Woolfels, nor Lead out of the Realm of England to the Parties beyond the Sea, upon Pain of Forfeiture of

the same, but only Strangers.

ITEM, That all Merchants of the Realm of England shall freight in the said Realm the Ships of the said Realm, and not strange Ships; so that the Owners of the said Ships take reasonable Gains for the Freight of

ITEM, That the Passage of Tin out of the Realm shall be at the Port of Dartmouth, and in no Place else.

ITEM, That none of the King's liege People be from henceforth distrained, impeached, molested, nor grieved in the Exchequer, nor elsewhere, for not gauging of Wines of Rhine, nor for any Forfeiture of the same for that Cause, otherwise than hath been of old Times.

ITEM, [The'] Merchants Strangers repairing into the Realm of England shall be well and courteously and rightfully used and governed in the said Realm, to the Intent that they shall have the greater Courage

to repair into the same.

ITEM, That no Customer nor Comptroller have any Ships of their own, nor meddle with the Freight of Ships; and that to eschew as well the Damage of our Lord the King of his Customs, as the Loss of the Merchants repairing to the Port, as well Aliens as Denizens; and that no Customer, Comptroller, Searcher, Weigher, or [Finder, 1] have any such Office for Term of Life, but only as long as shall please the King, notwithstanding any Patent or Grant made to any to the contrary; and if any such Patent or Grant for Term of Life be made to any of such Office in Time past, the King will that it be utterly repealed and void, and of no Force nor Value (3).

ITEM, That in every County be assigned Eight Justices of Peace, as is contained in the Statute of [Canterbury, 1] besides the Lords assigned in this Parliament: And that the Estreats of the said Justices be doubled, and the one Part delivered by the said Justices to the Sheriff, to levy the Money thereof rising, and thereof to pay to the Justices (5) their Wages by the Hand of the said Sheriff by Indenture betwixt them thereof to be made; and that the Sheriffs have Allowance in their Accompt in the Exchequer by the same Indenture: And that no Duke, Earl, Baron, or Banneret, albeit they be assigned Justices of the Peace, and hold their Sessions with the other Eight Justices, shall take any Wages for the said Office: And that the Justices (6) put their Names (7) in the same Estreats, together with the Number of the Days of their Sessions, to the Intent that the Sheriffs may know to whom to pay the Wages, and to whom not; and the Barons of the Exchequer, to whom to allow, and to whom not: And that the Seals be made for the Servants, and delivered to the keeping of some good Man of the Country, after the Purport of the said Statute of [Canterbury; *] which Statute, with the Modification of the same made at the last Parliament, and the Statute of Weights and Measures, and all other good Statutes and Ordinances made heretofore, and not repealed, (°) shall be holden and kept, and put in due Execution.

ITEM, That the Groat of the Money of Scotland run in the Value only of Two-pence English; and the Half-groat of Scotland of a Penny English; and the Penny of Scotland of an Halfpenny English; and the Halfpenny of Scotland of a Farthing English: And if the Money of Scotland be impaired, that the Value thereof be abridged after the Rate; and that Commissions be made through the Realm to inquire of them that have brought or sent the Money of England into Scotland, to make Bullion [or "] Money of Scotland, in Prejudice and Damage of the King, and his Realm.

The King to the Sheriff of Kent, Greeting. We command you, firmly enjoining that certain Statutes and Ordinances by Us, with the Assent of the Nobles and Commons of our Realm of England -

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3 from hensfurth MS. Tr. 2.

4 Cambridge 6 who hold their Sessions and to their Clerk:

and the Name of their Clerk

the Kyng wil that they MS.Tr. 2. 8 Cambridge
10 there into

shall not ex-port Wools,

VI. English Merchants shall freight none but English Ships.

VII. Export of

VIII. Rhenish Wines need not be gauged.

Merchant Strangers protected.

Customers, &c. shall not freight Ships;

and shall hold their Office during

XI. Instices of Peace in each County. Their Estreats. Their Wages.

Seal for Servants.

The Statutes 12 Ric. II. 13 Ric. II. st. 1. c. 7, and other Statutes

XII. Value of Scottish Money, &c.

VOL. II.

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Anno 15° RICARDI, II. A.D. 1391.

D' Statuto de Anno quintodecimo.

OF THE STATUTE OF THE FIFTEENTH YEAR.

In Margine Rotuli.

ij.

IN the Parliament holden at Westminster the Morrow after All Souls, the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of King Richard the Second after the Conquest, our said Lord the King by the Assent of the said Parliament hath ordained and established certain Things in the Form following:

FIRST, That all good Statutes and Ordinances made before this Time, and not repealed, be firmly holden

and kept.

confirmed.

II.
Statutes
concerning
forcible
Entries and
Riots
confirmed.

I. Former

Statutes

ITEM, It is accorded and assented, That the Ordinances and Statutes, made and not repealed, of them that make Entries with strong Hand into Lands and Tenements, or other Possessions whatsoever, and them hold with Force, and also of those that make Insurrections, or great Ridings, Riots, Routs, or Assemblies, in Disturbance of the Peace, or of the Common Law, or in Affray of the People, shall be holden and kept, and fully executed; joined to the same, that at all Times that such forcible Entry shall be made, and Complaint thereof cometh to the Justices of Peace, or to any of them, that the same Justices or Justice take sufficient Power of the County, and go to the Place where such Force is made; and if they find any that hold such Place forcibly after such Entry made, they shall be taken and put in the next Gaol, there to abide convict by the Record of the same Justices or Justice, until they have made Fine and Ransom to the King: And that all the People of the County, as well the Sheriffs as other, shall be attendant upon the same Justices to go and assist the same Justices to arrest such Offenders, upon Pain of Imprisonment, and to make Fine to the King. And in the same Manner it shall be done of them that make such forcible Entries in Benefices or Offices of Holy Church.

ITEM, At the great and grievous Complaint of all the Commons made to our Lord the King in this present Parliament, for that the Admirals and their Deputies do incroach to them divers Jurisdictions, Franchises, and many other Profits pertaining to our Lord the King, and to other Lords, Cities, and Boroughs, other than they were wont or ought to have of Right, to the great Oppression and Impoverishment of all the Commons of the Land, and Hindrance and Loss of the King's Profits, and of many other Lords, Cities, and Boroughs through the Realm: It is declared, ordained, and established, That of all Manner of Contracts, Pleas, and Quarrels, and all other Things (') rising within the Bodies of the Counties, as well by Land as by Water, and also of Wreck of the Sea, the Admiral's Court shall have no Manner of Cognizance, Power, nor Jurisdiction; but all such Manner of Contracts, Pleas, and Quarrels, and

1 done or

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 7.

A U plement tenuz a Westin lendemayn des almes lan du regne nre f' le Roi Richard second puis le conquest quinzisme; Nre dit f' le Roi de lassent de son dit plement ad ordine & establi cteines choses en la fo'me qensuit.

En primes q touz les bones estatutz & ordeinances devant ces heures faitz & nient repellez soient ferme-

ment tenuz & gardez.

Item accordez est & assentuz q lestatutz & ordeinances faitz & nient repellez de ceux q font entrees a forte mayn en Pres & tentz ou auts possessions qconqes & lour teignent einz ove force, & auxint de ceux q font insurreccions ou g'ntz chivaches rioutes routes ou assemblees en destourbance de la pees ou de la cõe ley ou en affray du poeple, soient tenuz & gardez & pleynement executz; ajouste a ycelles q a toutz les foitz q tielx forcibles entrees soient faitz, & pleint en veigne a Justices de la pees ou a ascun de eux q mesmes les Justices ou Justice Pignent ou pigne poair sufficeant du Counte, & voisent ou voise al lieu ou tiel force soit fait, & sils troevent ou troeve ascuns q teignent tiel lieu forciblement, aps tiel entree faitz, soient pris & mys en pscheine gaole a y dem'er convict p record de mesmes les Justices ou Justice tanqils eient fait fyn & ranceon au Roy; & q toutz gentz du Counte sibn Viscont come aut's soient entendantz as ditz Justices pur aler & enforcier mesmes les Justices pur arester tielx malfesours sur peine demprisonement & de faire fyn au Roy. Et en mesme le mane soit fait de ceux q font tielx forcibles entrees en benefices ou offices de seinte Esglise.

Item a la g'nte & grevouse compleint de toute la coe fait, a nre f' le Roi en cest psent plement, de ce q les Admiralx & lour deputees accrochent a eux divses jurisdiccions franchises & plusours aut's pfitz q appteignent a nre f' le Roi & as aut's f's Cittees & Burghs aut's qils ne soloient ne ne devoient avoir de droit, a teg'nt oppssion & empovissement de toute la coe de la tre, & arrerissement & pde des pfitz nre f' le Roi & de pluso's aut's f's Citees & Burghs pmy le Roialme; declarez est ordeignez & establi q de toutes manes contractz plees & querelles & de toutes aut's choses faitz ou sourdantz deinz les corps des Countees sibn p tre come p eawe, & aussint de Wrek de meer, la Court de ladmiralt eit nulle mane conissance poair ne jurisdiccion; mes soient toutz tielx manes contractes

Jurisdiction of the Admiral.

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...

plees & quereles & toutes aurs choses sourdantz deinz les corps des Countees sibn p re come p eawe come desuis, et auxint Wrek de meer triez Pminez discus & remediez p les loyes de la tre & nemye devant ne p ladmiral ne son lieutenant en nulle mane. Nientmeyns de mort de home & de maheym faitz es grosses niefs esteantz & hovantz en my le haut fil des grosses Rivers tantsoulement paval les [pountz'] de mesmes les Rivres pluis pscheins al meer, & en nul autre lieu de mesmes les Rivers, eit ladmiral conissance, & auxint darest des niefs en les gentz fletz p' gentz viages du Roi & de Roialme; Sauvant au Roi toutz manes forfait'es & pfitz ent pvenantz. Et eit ensement jurisdiccion sur les dees fletz durantz les dites viages tantsoulement. Sauvant toutdis as f's Citees & Burghs lour libtees & franchises.

Item come ordeigne soit p divses estatutz qune mesure de blee vin & evoise soit pmy le Roialme, & q oept busselx rasez facent un quar? de blee, nientmeins a cause q nulle peyne est sur ce ordeine en les ditz estatuts plusours gentz de divses Citeez Burghs Villes & Marchees ne voillent Pndre nachatre en les ditz Citees Burghs Villes & Marchees naillo's sinoun noef busselx p' le quartre; & sils ne les purront achatre en tiel mane ils larestent come forfait, a Psgant damage & oppssion de tout la coe poeple, & ovtement encontre lestatutz suisditz; ordeignez est & assentuz q les ditz estatutz soient fermement gardez & tenuz sibn en la Citee de Loundres come aillours pmy le Roialme, & sibien p eawe come p ?re, niencontresteant ascune usage avant ces heures a contraire; et q nuff desore enavant achate en la dce Citee de Loundres naillo's nulle mane blee ou brees sinoun oept busselx p' le quart solonc le p'port des ditz estatutz, sur peine de forfaire tout le blee ou bres issint achate; Sauvant la dce forfait'e au Roi, forspris franchises Roiales as queux le Roi a ceste foitz ad g'nte yelle forfait'e de sa grace; & q sibien les Mair & Viscountz de Londres come les Mairs & Baillifs daut's Citees Burghs Villes & Marchees sils ne facent ent pleine & due execucion, encourgent autiele peine sibn au suite du Roi come de ptie & dautre qconq, q vorra suir p' le Roi.

Item come contenuz soit en lestatut de Religiouses q nutt religious nautre qconq achate ne vende ou souz colour de doun ou t'me ou dautre title qconq dascun resceive ou dascun en ascune mane part ou pengyn a luy face approprier ascunes Pres ou tentz sur forfait'e dycelles p qoi les ditz Pres & tentz purront en ascune mane devenir a mort mayn; et q si ascun religious ou ascun autre veigne encontre le dit estatut p art ou p engyn en ascune mane, bien lise au Roi & as auts f's les ditz Pres & tentz entrer; sicome en le dit estatut est contenuz plus au plein: et ore de novelt p sotile ymaginacion & p art & engyn ascuns gentz de religion psons vikers & aut's psones espiritiels sont entrez en divses Pres & teñtz adjoignantz a lour esglise, & dycelles p suffrance & assent de tenantz ont fait cimit's & p bulles del appostoit les ont fait dedier & sacrer &

pointz [or poyntz] Old Printed Copies.
portes Old Abridgements.
pontz Rot. Parl. nu. 30.

all other Things rising within the Bodies of Counties, as well by Land as by Water, as afore, and also Wreck of the Sea, shall be tried, determined, discussed, and remedied by the Laws of the Land, and not before nor by the Admiral, nor his Lieutenant in any wise. Nevertheless, of the Death of a Man, and of a Maihem done in great Ships, being and hovering in the main Stream of great Rivers, only beneath the [Bridges '] of the same Rivers [nigh 1] to the Sea, and in none other Places of the same Rivers, the Admiral shall have Cognizance; and also to arrest Ships in the great Flotes for the great Voyages of the King and of the Realm; saving always to the King all Manner of Forfeitures and Profits thereof coming; And he shall have also Jurisdiction upon the said Flotes, during the said Voyages only: Saving always to the Lords, Cities, and Boroughs their Liberties and Franchises.

ITEM, Whereas it is ordained by divers Statutes, that one Measure of Corn, Wine, and Ale should be throughout the Realm, and that Eight Bushels striked make the Quarter of Corn; Nevertheless, because that no Pain is thereupon ordained in the said Statutes, divers People of divers Cities, Boroughs, Towns, and Markets, will not take, neither buy in the said Cities, Boroughs, Towns, Markets, ne in none other Place, but Nine Bushels for the Quarter; and if they cannot buy in that Manner, they arrest it as forfeit, to the great Damage and Oppression of all the People, and manifestly against the Statutes aforesaid; It is ordained and assented, That the said Statutes shall be firmly kept and holden, as well in the City of London, as in every other Place throughout the Realm, and that as well by Water as by Land, notwithstanding any Usage in Times past to the contrary; and that none from henceforth do buy in the City of London, nor in other Place, any Manner of Corn or Malt, but after Eight Bushels for the Quarter, according to the Purport of the said Statutes, upon Pain of Forfeiture of all the Corn or Malt so bought; saving to the King the said Forfeiture, except Franchises Royal, to whom the King at this Time of his special Grace hath granted the same Forfeiture; and that as well the Mayor and Sheriffs of London, as the Mayors and Bailiffs of other Cities, Boroughs, Towns, and Markets, if they do not thereof full and due Execution, shall incur like Pain, as well at the Suit of the King as of the Party, or of any other Person that will sue for the King.

ITEM, Whereas it is contained in the Statute De religiosis, That no Religious, nor other whatsoever he be, do buy or sell, or under Colour of Gift, or Term or any other Manner of Title whatsoever, receive of any Man, or in any Manner by [Gift 3] or Engine cause to be appropriated unto him any Lands or Tenements, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same, whereby the said Lands and Tenements in any Manner might come to Mortmain; And (4) if any Religious, or any other, do against the said Statute by Art or Engine in any Manner, that it be lawful to the King, and to other Lords, upon the said Lands and Tenements to enter; as in the said Statute doth more fully appear: And now of late by subtile Imagination, and by Art, and Engine, some religious Persons, Parsons, Vicars, and other spiritual Persons, have entered in divers Lands and Tenements, which be adjoining to the Churches, and of the same, by Sufferance and Assent of the Tenants, have made Church-yards, and by Bulls of the Bishop of Rome have [dedicated and hallowed the same,] and in them

Points 4 Inst. 137: MS. Tr. 2: Pulton's Calendar, &c.

1612: Pulton's Stats. 1661.
Ports Cay's Abridgement 1739.

2 Craft

4 that

IV. Eight Bushels of Corn striked make the Ouarter.

Penalty on buying after any other Rate, Forfeiture of the Corn-

V. St. 7 Edw. I. de Religiosis.

Converting Land to a Church-yard declared to be within that Statute.

s caused the same to be dedicated and hallowed,

vij.

Mortmain where any is seised of Lands to the Use of Spiritual Persons. do make continually Parochial Burying without Licence of the King and of the chief Lords; therefore it is declared in this Parliament, That [it '] is manifestly within the Compass of the said Statute. And moreover it is agreed and assented, That all they that be possessed by Feoffment, or by other Manner, to the Use of Religious People, or other spiritual Persons, of Lands and Tenements, Fees, Advowsons, or any Manner other Possessions whatsoever, to amortise them, and whereof the said religious and spiritual Persons take the Profits, that betwixt this and the Feast of St. Michael next coming, they shall cause them to be amortised by the Licence of the King and of the Lords, or else that they shall sell and aliene them to some other Use between this and the said Feast, upon Pain to be forfeited to the King, and to the Lords, according to the Form of the said Statute of Religious, as Lands purchased by religious People: And that from henceforth no such Purchase be made, so that such religious or other spiritual Persons take thereof the Profits, as afore is said, upon Pain aforesaid; and that the same (') Statute extend and be observed of all Lands, Tenements, Fees, Advowsons, and other Possessions, purchased or to be purchased to the Use of Gilds or Fraternities. And moreover it is assented, because Mayors, Bailiffs, and Commons of Cities, Boroughs, and other Towns which have a perpetual Commonalty, and others which have Offices perpetual, be as perpetual as People of Religion, that from henceforth they shall not purchase to them, and to their Commons or Office, upon (3) Pain contained in the said Statute de religiosis; and [whereas others be possessed '] or hereafter shall purchase to their Use, and they thereof take the Profits, it shall be done in like Manner as is afore said of People of Religion.

or to their Use.

Mortmain to purchase Lands to

Gilds, Frater-

nities, Offices,

Commonal-

ties;

VI. On Appropriation of Benefices Provision shall be made for the Poor and the Vicar.

VII. Stat. 7 Ric. II. c. 16, recited;

Armour, Corn, or Victuals allowed to be carried to Berwick.

ITEM, Because divers Damages and [Hindrances 5] oftentimes have happened, and daily do happen to the Parishioners of divers Places, by the Appropriation of Benefices of the same Places; It is agreed and assented, That in every Licence from henceforth to be made in the Chancery, of the Appropriation of any Parish Church, it shall be expressly contained and comprised, that the Diocesan of the Place, upon the Appropriation of such Churches, shall ordain, according to the Value of such Churches, a convenient Sum of Money to be paid and distributed yearly of the Fruits and Profits of the same Churches, by those that shall have the said Churches in proper Use, and by their Successors, to the poor Parishioners of the said Churches, in Aid of their Living and Sustenance for ever; and also that the Vicar be well and sufficiently endowed.

ITEM, Whereas it is ordained by the Statute made the Seventh Year of our Lord the King, that from henceforth no Person Alien or Denizen, of what Estate or Condition that he be, shall take or carry, or cause to be taken or carried by Land, or Sea, out of the Realm of England, to any Parts of Scotland, privily or openly, any Manner of Armour, Corn, Malt, or other Victual, or any other Refreshment whatsoever, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Victual, or Armour, and other Things aforesaid, together with the Ships, Vessels, Carts, or Horses that bear or carry them, or else the very Value of them: whereupon our Lord the King at the Request of the Commons, and by the Advice and Assent of the Lords, hath declared in this Parliament the said Statute in such Manner, that it was not his Intent at (6) the making of the said Statute, ne yet is, that they that have carried or taken, or from henceforth shall take or carry Victuals or Merchandises to the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, which is the sepulture parochiele font continuelment en ycelles sanz licence du Roi & des chiefs f's; declare est en cest plement q ce est ovtement en cas du dit estatut. Et en outre accordez est & assentuz q toutz ceux q sont possessionez p feoffement ou p autre voie al oeps de gentz de religion ou aut's psones espiritiels, des tres tentz fees advoesons ou auts possessions que que pr les amortiser, & dont les ditz religiouses & psones espiritiels Pignent les pfitz, q pentre cy & le fest de Seint Michel pschein venant ils les facent estre amortisez p licence du Roi & des f's, ou autrement qils les vendent & alienent a autre oeps pentre cy & le dit fest, sur peine destre forfaitz au Roi & as f's solonc la fo'me de lestatut de religious come tentz p'chasez p gentz de religion; & q de cest temps enavant null tiel purchace se face, issint q tielx religiouses ou aut's psones espiritiels ent Pignent les pfitz come desuis sur la peine avantde; & mesme cest estatut sextende & soit tenuz de toutz tres & tentz fees advoesons & autres possessions p'chacez & a p'chesers al oeps des gildes & frat nitees. Et enoutre est assentuz, p' ce q Mairs Baillifs & Cões de Citees Burghs & aut's villes qont coe ppetuel & aut's qont offices ppetuels sont aussi ppetuels come gentz de religion, q de cest temps enavent ils ne p'chacent a eux & a lour coe ou office sur la peine contenue en le dit estatut de religiouses; & de ce q auts sont possessionez ou sra p'chacez en temps avenir a lour oeps & ils ent pignent ou padront les pfitz, soit semblablement fait come dev'nt est dit de gentz de religion.

Item p' ce q plusours damages & deseases sont sovent avenuz & aveignent de jour en autre as pochiens de divses lieux p lappropriacion [des bnfices de mesmes les lieux, accordez est & assentuz qen chescune licence desore a faire en la Chauncellarie dappropriacion dascune esglise pochielle, soit expssement contenuz & compris q le Diocesan del lieu, en lappropriacion de tielx esglises ordeine solonc la value de tielx esglises une covenable some dargent destre paiez & distributz annuelment des fruitz & pfitz de mesmes les esglises p ceux qavont les dées eglises en ppre oeps & p lour successours as povres parochiens des dées esglises en eide de lour vivre & sustenance a toutz jours; & q le Viker soit auxint bien & covenablement dowez.

Item come ordeine soit p lestatut fait lan du regne nr̃e f' le Roi septisme, q̃ delors enav*nt nulle psone aliene ou denzeine de qconq, condicion ou estate qil soit amesneroit ou envoieroit ou ferroit envoier ou amesner p terre ou p meer, hors du roialme Dengletre as ascunes pties Descoce en prive nen appert, ascune mane darm'e de blee de brees ne dautre vitail ou dautre refresshement qconq, sur peine de forfaiture de mesmes les vitailles armures & de auts choses avantdčes ensemble ovesq, les niefs vesseulx charettes ou chivalx q les porteroient ou amesneroient ou de la Prai value dicelle: Sur quoi nre f' le Roi a la request des Cões & de lavys & assent des f's ad declare en cest plement le dit estatut en tielle mane, qil nestoit pas sa entent au temps de la confeccion du dit estatut ne unqore est, q ceux qont amesnez ou envoiez ou desore enavant amesneront ou envoieront vitailles ou auts. mchandises a la ville de Berewyk sur Twede qest la

Interlined on the Roll.

this this MS. Tr. 2. the of that, that others be possessed the Time of

viij.

Ville du Roi & de sa ligeance encourgent la peine du dit estatut, ne ne soient tenuz de paier custumes & subsides g'untez au Roi des mchandises q sont ou gront amesnez hors du roialme. Purveu toutz foitz q ceux q amesnent ascunes draps, vitailles ou aut's mchandises hors de la dée Ville de Berewyk, as ascunes pties esteantz del amiste du Roi, paient les subsides custumes & aut's devoirs ent dues, & sils lamesnent as ascunes pties del enemiste du Roy, encourgent la peine del dit estatut.

Item come ordeigne fuist au darrein plement q le passage desteyn hors du roialme soit el port de Dertemuth & nulle part aillours, accordez est q la dée ordeignance soit adnullez; Et q pentre cy & le fest de Seint Johan le Baptistre pschein venantz toutz michantz denzeins & alienes soient a large de charger esteyn es niefs & autres vesseulx p' amesner hors du roialme en quelq, port qils vorront eslire deinz le roialme & a quele pt qils vorront. Et ap's le dit fest repeirent a Caleis p' le temps q la repaire des leines y sra, paiantz toutdys les custumes subsides & devoirs ent dues av'nt le passage del esteyn av'ntdit.

Item come contenu soit en lestatut de lestaple, au fyn que les contractes faitz deinz lestaple soient le meultz tenuz & les paiementz petement faitz, que chescun Mair de lestaple eit poair de pendre reconisances des dettes que home voudra faire devent lui en pence des Conestables de lestaple ou lun deux, et que chescun des des [estables'] soit un seal ordeine dem'rant en la garde du dit Mair south les sealx des ditz Conestables; accordez est & assentuz que le dit estatut soit fermement tenuz & gardez; & que nul Mair de lestaple pigne ou resceive ascune reconissance de dette encontre la fo'me du dit estatut, sur peine de paier au Roi la moite de some devent lui reconisse.

Item a la pleinte de la coe fait en plement de ce q dauncien temps estoient pluso's draps faitz en la Ville de Gildeford & aillours en les Countees de Surr Sussex & Sutht appellez draps de Gildeford, q feurent de bone fesure & de bon value & porterent gent noun; et ore p cause q fullers & autres de mesme le paiis usent dachat les draps des ditz paiis avant qils soient fullez & pfaitz & en lour fesure p' covetise davoir les ditz draps de greindre mesure outre la cõe assise q jadys estoit usee, traihent ycelles draps plus longes & plus larges qestre ne soloient ou devoient a gent feblesse & empeirement de mesmes les draps & esgent desceit du poeple: Accordez est & assentuz pur eschuir tielx damages & deceites en temps avenir, q desore enavent nutt fuller nautre psone qconq, achate deinz les ditz ville & Countees ascun drap avant q mesme le drap soit fullez & pleinement pfait en sa nature & ensealle desouz le seal a ce ordeine sur peine de forfait'e dicelle.

Item accordez est & assentuz q toutz les ceinturers du roialme q oevrent ceintures garnisez de blank metal, purront over user & continuer lour dite mestiere, cestassavoir de garniser les ceintures de blank metalt come auncienement soloient, nientcontresteant ascunes chartres ou patentes g'untez as ascunes ceinturers a contrair. Et q si ascunes chartres ou patentes soient faitz au contraire qils soient voides & de nulle force.

* Estaples Rot. Parl. nu. 14.

King's Town, and of his Liegance, shall incur the Pain of the said Statute, ne shall not be bound to pay Customs and Subsidies granted to our Lord the King of Merchandises that be or shall be carried out of the Realm. Provided alway that they which carry any Cloth, Victuals, or other Merchandises out of the said Town of Berwick, to any Places being in Amity with the King, shall pay the Subsidies, Customs, and other Duties thereof due [to our Lord the King,] and if they do carry (') to any Parts of the King's Enemies, they shall incur the Pain of the said Statute.

ITEM, Whereas it was ordained at the last Parliament, that the Passage of Tin out of the Realm should be at the Port of Dartmouth, and no Place else: It is agreed, that the said Ordinance be adnulled, and that between this and the Feast of Saint John Baptist next coming, all Merchants Denizens and Aliens shall be at large, to lade Tin in Ships and other Vessels, to carry out of the Realm in what Haven they will choose within the Realm, and to what Part it please them. And after the said Feast they shall repair to Calais for the Time that the Resort of Wool shall be there, paying always the Customs, Subsidies, and [Devoirs ²] thereof due before the Passage of the said Tin.

ITEM, Whereas it is contained in the Statute of the Staple, to the Intent that the Contracts made within the Staple should be the better performed, and the Payments readily made, that every Mayor of the Staple shall have Power to take Recognisances of Debts that any Man will make before him in the Presence of the Constables of the Staple, or one of them; and that in every of the said Staples be one Seal ordained to remain in the Custody of the said Mayor, under the Seals of the said Constables: It is agreed and assented, That the said Statute be firmly kept and holden; and that no Mayor of the Staple take or receive any Recognisance of Debt contrary to the Form of the said Statute, upon Pain to pay to the King the Moiety of the Sum recognized before him.

ITEM, At the Complaint of the Commons made in the Parliament, because that of old Times divers Cloths were made in the Town of Gilford, and other Places within the Counties of Surrey, Sussex, and [South,3] called Cloths of Gilford, which were of good making and of good Value, and did bear a great Name: And now because that Fullers and other of the same Country, do use to buy the Cloths of the said Countries before that they be fulled and performed, and in (*) making, for Covetousness to have the said Cloths of greater Measure over the common Assise that late was used, do draw the Cloths more longer and more large than they were wont or ought to be, to the great (3) impairing of the said Cloths, and great Deceit of the People: For to eschew such Damages and Deceits in Time to come, It is agreed and assented, That from henceforth no Fuller nor other Person, whatsoever he be, shall buy within the said Towns and Counties any Cloth before the same Cloth be fulled and fully performed in his nature, and also sealed under the Seal thereto ordained, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same.

ITEM, It is agreed and assented, That all the Girdlers of the Realm that work Girdles garnished with white Metal, may work use and continue their said Craft, that is to say, to garnish the Girdles with white Metal as of old Times it hath been used, notwithstanding any Charters or Patents made or granted (°) to the contrary: And if any Charters or Patents be made to the contrary, that they shall be void and of no force.

the same

² Duties ³ Southampton ⁵ enfiebling and MS. Tr. 2.

6 to any Girdlers

e Customs on Export thereof, &c

> VIII. St. 14 Ric.II. c. 7, as to the Export of Tin, repealed.

IX. Statute of the Staple 27 Edw. III. 8t. 2. cap. 9. recited and confirmed.

Penalty on Mayors for contravening thereof,

X. None shall buy Cloths of Guildford until they are fulled, &c.

XI. Girdlers freed from Restraint of certain Patents.

Vol. II.

In Margine

XII. None shall be compelled to answer in private Courts for Matters determinable by the Law of the Land.

ITEM, At the grievous Complaint of the Commons made in full Parliament, for that divers of the King's Subjects be caused to come before the [Council'] of divers Lords and Ladies, to answer for their Freehold, and [so 1] for divers other Things, real and personal, that ought to be ordered by the Law of the Land, against the Estate and the Right of our Lord the King and of his Crown, and in defeating of the Common Law: It is agreed and assented, That from henceforth none of the King's Subjects be compelled, neither by any Mean constrained, to come nor to appear before the Council of any Lord or Lady, to answer for his Freehold, nor for any Thing touching his Freehold, nor for any other Thing, real or personal, that belongeth to the Law of the Land in any Manner: And if any find himself grieved in Time to come, contrary to this Ordinance and Agreement, he may complain to the Chancellor for the Time being, and he shall give him Remedy.

THE King to the Sheriff of Lincoln, Greeting. Certain Statutes and Ordinances by Us in our last Parliament holden at Westminster, with the Assent of the Great Men and Commons of our Realm of England Us in the same Parliament assisting, made, We send to you, in Form of Letters Patents under our Seal, commanding by firmly enjoining, that the Statutes and Ordinances aforesaid in your full County Court, and in Cities, Boroughs, Market Towns, and other Places within your Bailiwick, where you shall see it most expedient, you do cause to be publicly proclaimed, and to be kept according to the Tenor of the same. Witness the King at Westminster; the First Day of February.

1 Counsayles

2 Omit this Word.

Item a la grevouse compleint des Cões fait au plein plement de ce q plusours liges du Roi sont faitz venir devant les conseilx de divses f's & dames a y respondre de lour frank tent & de plusours auts choses reales & psoneles q devoient estre demesnez p la ley de la tre, encontre lestat & droit de nre fr le Roi & de sa corone & en defesance de la cõe ley; accordez est & assentuz q nuff lige du Roi desore enavant soit artez compellez ne constreint p nulle voie de venir ne dapparoir dev'nt le conseill dascun f' ou dame p' y respondre de son frank tent ne de chose q touche frank tent ne de nuff autre chose reale ou psonele gapptient a la ley de la Pre en ascune mane. Et si ascun se sent grevez en temps avenir encontre ceste ordeinance & accorde, sue al Chaunceller qi sra pur le temps & il en ferra remede.

B Vic Lincoln, saltm. Quedam Statuta & Ordinacoes p nos in ultimo pliamento não apud Westin tento de assensu Magnatū & Cõitatis Regni nri Angl nob in eodem pliamento assistenciū fča; tibi in forma traz patenciū mittim9 sub sigillo nro, Pcipientes firmit injungendo, qd Statuta & Ordinaccies pdca in pleno Com tuo ac Civitatib3 Burgis Villis mcatoriis & aliis locis infra ballivam tuam, ubi melius expedire videris publice pclamari & teneri fac juxta tenorem eozdem. T. B. apud Westin primo die Febr.

Anno 16° RICARDI, II. A.D. 1392-3.

Statutu de Anno serto decimo.

STATUTE OF THE SIXTEENTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 6.

Tre f le Roi Richard second puis le Conquest a son plement tenuz a Wyncestr en les oeptaves de Seint Hiller lan de son Regne seszisme, ad ordeine & establi cteines choses de lassent de son dit plement en la fourme qensuit.

Primement come p estatut fait a Evwyk lan du Regne del Aiel nre f' le Roi noefisme, ordeine fuist & establi q toutz marchants aliens & denzeins & toutz auts & checun de eux de quel estat ou condicion qils soient q achater ou vendre voillont bledz vinz avoir de pois char pesson & toutz aut's vivres & vitails draps leines mices michandises & toutz auts choses vendables de quelle pt qils viegnent p foreins ou p denzeins a quett lieu q ce soit, soit il en Cite Burgh Ville port du meer, feire, marche ou autre lieu deinz mesme le Roialme, deinz franchise & dehors, les puissent franchement & sanz desto'ber vendre a qi q lour plest sibien as foreins come a denzeins forpris les enemys nre f le Roi & de son Roialme: Et puis p un autre estatut fait lan du dit Aiel vint & quint ordeine fuist & accorde q le dit estatut fait le dit an noefisme sroit tenuz gardez & maintenuz en touz pointz; Et outre ceo q checun marchant & autre de

I. Recital of 9 Edw. III. st. 1. chap. 1, that Merchants may freely buy and sell;

25 Edw. III. st. 3. chap. 2, confirming 9 Edw. III. and enacting

Reign, hath ordained and stablished, by the Assent of his Parliament, certain Things in the Form following. FIRST, Whereas by the Statute made at York the Ninth Year of the Reign of King Edward, Grandfather of our Lord the King that now is, it was ordained and stablished, That all Merchants, Aliens, and Denizens, and all other, and every of them, of what Estate or Condition that they be, which will buy or sell Corn, Wines, Avoir de pois, Flesh, Fish, and all other Livings and Victuals, Cloths, Wools, Wares, Merchandises, and all other Things vendible, from whencesoever they come, by Foreigns, or by Denizens, to what Place that it be, be it in City, Borough, Town, Port of the Sea, Fair, Market, or other Place within the same Realm, within Franchise and without, may freely and without Disturbance sell the same to whom they please, as well to Foreigns as to Denizens, except the Enemies of the King and of his Realm: And after by another Statute made the five and twentieth Year of the said Grandfather, it was ordained and accorded, That the said Statute made the (') Ninth Year should be holden, kept, and maintained in all Points; and moreover, that every Merchant and other,

UR Lord the King, Richard the Second, after the

Conquest, at his Parliament holden at Winchester in the Utas of St. Hillary, the Sixteenth Year of his

quelle condicion qil Proit auxibien alien come denzein q amesneroit vins chares pessons ou autre manie des vitailles draps peaux ou avoir de pois ou quonqs autres mes ou mehandises a la Cite de Londres ou as aut's Citees Burghs & bones Villes Dengletre, ou Port du meer, les p'roit franchement & sanz chalange ou empeschement de nully vendre en groos ou a retaille ou p peelles a sa volunte as queconqs gentz qi les voudrent achater, nient contresteantz ascuns franchises g'nte ou custume use, ou qconq autre manie chose fait a contraire, & ce saunz destourbance ou impediment dascuny s' cteines peines contenuz en lestatutz susditz: Et aps lan du regne nre f' le Roi unzisme estoit auxint ordeine & establie p estatut fait mesme lan q les deux estatutz suisditz sroient tenuz gardez & maintenuz & pleinement executz en toutz pointz & articles dicelles, Nient contreesteant ascun estatut, ordinance, chre, fre patente, franchises pclamacion mandement usages allouance ou juggement fait ou usez a contire; Sicome en les ditz estatutz est contenuz pluis au plein: Nientmeyns p'ceo qil semble a nre f' le Roy q lestatutz susditz sils soient plenement tenuz & executz, sestendent en g'nt arrerisement & damage sibien de la dite Cite de Londres, come des aut's Citees Burghs & Villes du roialme, ordeinez est & assentuz q null est'nge marchant alien ne vende ne achate ne marchande deinz le Roialme ovesq aut estrange marchant alien p' revendre, ne q nuff estrange marchant alien vende a retaille deinz le roialme ne ne trenche a vendre nulles mans mices ne michandises forspris vivres & vitailles: Et q toutz aliens vendent auxint vins p vesselx entiers & espicie p vesselx & bales entiers & nemye en autre mane; et q nutt mane espicie aps qil soit porte en le roialme soit amesne hors de mesme le roialme p alien ne p denzein s' peine de forfait'e dicelle. Et enoutre le Roi voet q lestatutz suisditz soient en toutz lo' aut's articles & pointz fermement tenuz & gardez.

Item come el darrein plement accordez estoit & assentuz q nuff lige du Roi delors en avant roit artez compellez ne constreint p nuff voie de venir ne dapparoir devent le conseiff dascun for ou dame pour respondre de son franc tenement ne de chose q touche frank tenementz, ne de nulle autre chose reale ou psonele qapptient a la ley de la fore en aucun mane; sicome p lestatut ent fait pluis pleinement appiert, accordes est & assentuz q le dit estatut soit fermement tenuz & gardez, et q si ascun for ou dame ou autre liege du Roi face alencontre, encourge la peine de vint livres deve note for le Roy.

Item ordeinez est & assentuz q touz les poys & mesures pmy le Roialme soient accordantz a lestandard de lescheqer solonc la fo'me de lestatutz ent faitz; et enoutre le Roi voet q le Clerc del Marche eit toutz ses mesures & poises daresme accordantz a lestandard de lescheqer & signez & mchez del signe de lescheqer a ce ordeine, & mesme les poises & mesures issint signez & mchez, carie & amesne ovesq, luy a toutz les foitz qil ferra lassay de poises & mesures ascune pt deinz le Roialme, & qil ne nutt aut lige du Roi use nutt autre mesure ne pois s' les peines contenuz en lestatutz ent faitz devant ces heures.

of what Condition that he be, as well Alien as Denizen, that bringeth Wines, Flesh, Fish or other Manner of Victuals, Cloth, Fells, or Avoir de pois, or other Wares or Merchandises, to the City of London, or other Cities, Boroughs, and good Towns of England or Ports of the Sea, may freely and without Challenge or Impeachment of any, sell them in Gross or at Retail, or by Parcels at his Pleasure, to any People that will buy them, notwithstanding any Franchise, Grant or Custom used, or any other Manner of Thing made to the contrary, and that without Disturbance or Impediment of any, upon certain Pains contained in the aforesaid Statutes: And after in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of our said Lord the King, it was also ordained and established by the Statute made in the same Year, That those Two Statutes aforesaid should be holden, kept, maintained, and fully executed in all Points and Articles of the same, notwithstanding any Statute, Ordinance, Charter, Letters Patent, Franchise, Proclamation, Commandment, Usage, Allowance, or Judgment made or used to the contrary, as in the said [Statute'] more fully is contained: Nevertheless, Forasmuch as it seemeth to our Lord the King, that the said Statutes, if they shall be fully holden and executed, shall extend to the great Hindrance and Damage, as well of the City of London, as of other Cities, Boroughs, and Towns of the Realm; It is ordained and assented, That no Merchant Stranger Alien shall sell, nor buy, nor merchandise within the Realm with another strange Merchant Alien, to sell again; nor that no strange Merchant Alien shall sell to retail within the same Realm, nor shall [put to sale*] any Manner of Wares or Merchandises, except Livings and Victuals, and also that (3) Aliens shall sell Wines by whole Vessels, and Spicery by whole Vessels and Bales, and in no other Manner; and that no Manner of Spicery, after that it be brought [in 1] the Realm, shall be carried out of the same Realm by Alien or Denizen, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same. And moreover the King will that the said Statutes in all Articles and Points shall be firmly holden and kept.

ITEM, Whereas at the last Parliament it was accorded and assented, That none of the King's liege People from henceforth should be bound, compelled, nor constrained by any Means, to come nor to appear before any Lord's or Lady's Council, there to answer of his Freehold, nor of Things which touch Freeholds, nor of any other Thing real nor personal, which belongeth to the Law of the Land in anywise, as by the Statute thereof made more fully appeareth; It is accorded and assented, That the said Statute shall be firmly holden and kept; and if any Lord or Lady, or other of the King's liege People do to the contrary, they shall incur the Pain of xxl. to the King.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That all the Weights and Measures through the Realm shall be according to the Standard of the Exchequer, after the Purport of the Statutes thereof made; and (3) the King willeth, That the Clerk of the Market shall have all his Measures and Weights [ready 6] according to the Standard of the Exchequer, and signed and marked of the Sign of the Exchequer thereunto ordained; and the same Weights and Measures so signed and marked, to carry and bring with him at all Times, when he shall make the Assay of Weights and Measures in any Part within the Realm; and that he, nor [any 7] other of the King's liege People, shall use [any 7] other Measure nor Weight, upon the Pains contained in the Statutes thereof made before this Time.

Statutes { cut to saale MS. Tr. 2. 3 all divide for Sale

o 6 of Brass 7 none

that Merchants may sell their Wares in Gross or by Retail.

Statute
11 Ric. II.
c. 7, confirming former
Statutes.

No Merchant Strangershall retail any Merchandises but Victuals.

No Spicery shall be exported.

II. The Statute 15 Ric. II. chapter 12, confirmed.

Penalty on Offenders 201.

Weights and Measures shall be according to the Standard in the Exchequer; and be preserved, &c by the Clerk of the Market, &c.

For the restraining Company.

Recital that the Remedy to recover Presentations to Benefices is in the King'sCourt, and that the Execution thereof is by the Bishop.

That the Pope had awarded Processes and Sentences of Excommunication against certain Bishops for executing Judgements given in the King'sCourt; and proposed to translate Prelates out of the Realm, or from one Living to another.

The Danger therefrom to the Freedom of the Crown of England.

The Promise of the Comthe King in Defence of the Liberties of his Crown.

ITEM, It is accorded and assented, That no Yeoman nor other of lower Estate than an Esquire, from henceforth shall not use nor bear no Livery, called Livery of Company, of any Lord within the Realm, if he be not menial and familiar, continually dwelling in the House of his said Lord, and that the Justices of Peace shall have Power to enquire of them which do to the contrary, and them to punish according to their Discretion.

ITEM, Whereas the Commons of the Realm in this present Parliament have shewed to our redoubted Lord the King, grievously complaining, That Whereas the said our Lord the King, and all his liege People, ought of Right, and of old Time were wont to sue in the King's Court, to recover their Presentments to Churches, Prebends, and other Benefices of holy Church, to the which they had Right to present, the Cognisance of Plea of which [Presentment'] belongeth only to the King's Court of the old Right of his Crown, used and approved in the Time of all his Progenitors Kings of England; and when Judgement shall be given in the same Court upon such a Plea and [Presentment,1] the Archbishops, Bishops, and other Spiritual Persons which have Institution of such Benefices within their Jurisdiction, be bound, and have made Execution of such Judgements by the King's Commandments of all the Time aforesaid without Interruption, for another, Lay-person, [cannot '] make such Execution, and also be bound of Right to make Execution of many other of the King's Commandments, of which Right the Crown of England hath been peaceably seised, as well in the Time of our said Lord the King that now is, as in the Time of all his Progenitors till this Day: But now of late divers Processes be made by the [Bishop of Rome 3] and Censures of Excommunication upon certain Bishops of England, because they have made Execution of such Commandments, to the open Disherison of the said Crown, and Destruction of (*) our said Lord the King, his Law, and all his Realm, if Remedy be not provided: And also it is said, and a common Clamour is made, that the said [Bishop of Rome 5] hath ordained and purposed to translate some Prelates of the same Realm, some out of the Realm, and some from one Bishoprick into another within the same Realm, without the King's Assent and Knowledge, and without the Assent of the Prelates, which so shall be translated, which Prelates be much profitable and necessary to our said Lord the King, and to all his Realm; by which Translations, if they should be suffered, the Statutes of the Realm should be defeated and made void; and his said Liege Sages of his Council, without his Assent, and against his Will, carried away and gotten out of his Realm, and the Substance and Treasure of the Realm shall be carried away, and so the Realm destitute as well of Council as of Substance, to the final Destruction of the same Realm; and so the Crown of England, which hath been so free at all Times, that it [hath been in no Earthly Subjection, 6] but immediately subject to God in all Things touching the Regalty of the same Crown, and to none other, should be submitted to the Pope, and the Laws and Statutes of the Realm by him defeated and avoided at his Will, in perpetual Destruction of the Soveraignty of the King our Lord, his Crown, his Regalty, and of all his Realm, which God defend: And moreover, the Commons aforesaid say, That the said Things so attempted be clearly against the King's Crown and his Regalty, used and approved of the Time of all his Progenitors: wherefore they and all the Liege Commons of the same Realm will stand with our said Lord the King, and his

Item accordez est & assentuz q nutt Yoman ne nutt autre de meindre estat q esquier desore en avant ne use ne porte nuff live appelle live de compaignie dascun f deinz le Roialme sil ne soit meignal & familier continuelment dem'ant en lostell de son dit &; et q Justices de la pees eient poair denquerre de ceux q font alencontre & de les punir solonc lour discrecion.

Item come les Cões du Roialme en cest psent no de tenslacoib, plement eient monstrez a nre t'sredoute f' le Roi grevousement compleignantz, q pla ou mesme nre f le Roy & toutz ses liges deivent de droit & soloient de tout temps purseuer en la Courte mesme nre f' le Roi, p' recover lour psentementz as Esglises pbendes & aut's benefices de seinte Esglise as queux ils ount droit a psenter, la conisance de plee de quelle p'seute apptient soulement a Courte mesme nre f' le Roy, daunciene droit de sa coronne use & approve en temps de touz ses pgenito's Rois Dengletre, & qant juggement soit rendu en mesme sa Courte s' tiel plee & p'seute, les Ercevesqs Evesques & aut's psones spueles gount institucion de tiele benefice deinz lour jurisdiccion sont tenuz & ont fait execucion des tieux juggementz p mandement des Rois, de tout le temps avantdit sanz intrupcion, qare autre lay psone ne poet tiele execucion faire, & auxint sont tenuz de droit de faire execucion de pluso's aurs mandementz nre f' le Roi, de quele droit la Corone Dengletre ad este peisiblement seisy sibien en temps nre dit f le Roi come en temps de touz ses pgenito's tanq, enca; Mes ore tarde divses presses sont faitz p le seint piere le Pape & sensures descomengement s' cteins Evesques Dengletre p'ceo qils ount fait execucion des tieux mandementz en ovte desheritance de la dite corone & destruccion de regalie nre dit f le Roi, sa Lay & tout son Roialme, si remede ne soit mys: et auxint dit est & cõe clamo' yad q le dit seint piere le Pape ad ordeigne & p'pose de t'nslater aucuns plates de mesme le Roialme, ascuns hors du Roialme & aucuns de un Eveschee a autre deinz mesme le Roialme, saunz assent & conisance nre f' le Roy & saunz assent du plat q ensy Proit t'nslate queux platz sont moult pfitables & necessaires a nre dit & le Roi & tout son Roialme; p queux t'nslacions sils fusent sufertz les estatutz du Roiaume Front defaitz & anientez, & ses sages lieges de son conseitt sanz son assent & encountre sa voluntee subtrez & esloignez hors de son Roiaume, & lavoir & tresore du Roiaume Proit emporte, & ensi mesme le Roiaume destitut sibn de counseilf come davoir a final destruccion de mesme le Roialme; & ensy la Corone Dengletre qad este si frank de tout temps qele nad hieu nuft trien sovaigne, mes immediate subgita Dieu en toutes choses tuchantz la regalie de mesme la Corone & a nuff autre, sroit submuys a Pape & les leys & estatutz du Roialme p luy defaitz. & anientez a sa volente, en ppetuele destruccion de la sovaynte nre f le Roy, sa Corone & sa regalie & tout son Roialme, q Dieu defende: et disoient outre les Cões avantdites q les dites choses ensi attemptez sount ovtement encountre la corone nre f' le Roi & sa regalie use & approve du temps du touz ses pgenito's; P quoy ils & touz les lieges coes du mesme le Roialme veullent estere ovec nre dit f' le Roy & sa

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⁵ Holy Father the Pope 4 the Regaltie of Father the Pope

⁶ hath been in subjection to no Realm,

dce corone & sa regalie en les cases aventdites & en touz auts cases attemptez encountre luy sa corone & sa regalie en toutz pointz a vivre & m'er; & prierent outre a nre & le Roy & luy requistrent p voy de justice qil vorroit examiner touz les f's en plement sibn spueles come temporeles sevalment & touz les estatz du plement, coment lo' semble des cases avantditz q sount si ovtement encountre la corone nre & le Roi & en derogacion de sa regalie, & coment ils voillent estre en mesmes les cases ovesq nre f le Roy en sustenance des droitz de ses ditz corone & regalie: Sur quoy les f's temporelx ensi demandez ount respondu checun p soy, q mesmes les cases avantdites sont ovtement en derogacion de la Corone nre f' le Roy & de sa regalie come notoirement est & ad este de tout temps conuz, et q ils veullent estre ovec mesmes les Corone & regalie en mesmes cestes cases en especial & en touz auts cases q sront attemptez encountre mesmes les Corone & regalie en toutz pointz ove tout lo' poair : et outre ce demandez estoit des f's espuels & illegs esteantz & des pcurato's des aut's absentz de lour estre avys & volente en ceux cases, queux f's cestassavoir Ercevesqs Evesqs & aut's Plates esteantz en le dit plement sevalment examinez, fesantz ptestacions qil nest pas lour entencion de [dire '] ne affermer q nre Seint Piere le Pape ne poet excomenger Evesques ne quil poet faire translacions des Platz solonc la ley de Seinte Esglise, respoignent & diount q si aucunes execucions des pcesses faitz en la Courte du Roi come devent soient faitz p ascuny, & censures de escomengementz soient faitz encountre ascun Evesq Dengletre ou ascun autre liege du Roi p'ce qils ount fait execucion des tieux maundementz, et q si aucuns execucions des tieux t'nslacions soient faitz dascuns platz de mesme le Roialme queux f's sount moult pfitables & necessairs a nre dit f le Roi & a son Roiaume suisdit, ou q ses Sages lieges de son counseil saunz son assent & encountre sa volunte soient sustretz & esloignez hors du Roialme, siq lavoir & tresor du Roialme p'roit estre destruit, q ce est encountre le Roy & sa Corone sicome est continuz en la peticion avant nome: & semblablement les ditz pcurato's chescun p soy examine s' le ditz matieres ount respondu & dit en noun & p' lour f's come les ditz Evesqs ount dit & respondu, & q les ditz &s espueles veullent & deivent estere ovesq, le Roy nre f en ceux cases loialment en sustenance de sa Corone & en touz aul's cases touchantz sa corone & regalie come ils sount tenuz p lour ligeance: Sur quoy nre dit f' le Roy del assent aventdit & a la priere de sa dit coe ad ordeigne & establie, q si ascun p'chace ou p'sue ou face p'chacer ou p'suer en la Courte de Rome ou aillours ascuns tieux t'nslacions pcesses & sentences de escomengementz bulles instrumentz ou autre chose qconq, q touche le Roi nre fr encountre luy sa corone & regalie ou son Roialme come devent est dit, & ceux q les porte deinz le Roialme ou les resceive ou face ent notificacion ou autre execucion qconq deinz mesme le Roialme ou dehors, soient ils lour notairs pcurato's neinteno's abbetto's fauto's & conseillo's mys hors de la pteccion nre dit f le Roy, & lours tres & tenementz biens & chatieux forfaitz au Roy nre f';

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said Crown, and his Regalty, in the Cases aforesaid, and in all other Cases attempted against him, his Crown, and his Regalty in all Points, to live and to die; and moreover they pray the King, and him require by Way of Justice, that he would examine all the Lords in the Parliament, as well Spiritual as Temporal severally, and all the States of the Parliament, how they think of the Cases aforesaid, which be so openly against the King's Crown, and in Derogation of his Regalty, and how they will stand in the same Cases with our Lord the King, in upholding the Rights of the said Crown and Regalty: Whereupon the Lords The like Temporal so demanded, have answered every one by himself, that the Cases aforesaid be clearly in Derogation of the King's Crown, and of his Regalty, as it is well known, and hath been of a long Time known, and that they will [be'] with the same Crown and Regalty in these Cases specially, and in all other Cases which shall be attempted against the same Crown and Regalty in all Points, with all their Power: And moreover it was demanded of the Lords Spiritual there being, and the Procurators of others being absent, their Advice and Will in all these Cases; which Lords, that is to say, the Archbishops, Bishops, and other Prelates, being in the said Parliament severally examined, making Protestations, that it is not their Mind to [deny,1] nor affirm, that [the Bishop of Rome 3] may not excommunicate Bishops, nor that he may make Translation of Prelates after the Law of holy Church, answered and said, That if any Executions of Processes made in the King's Court, as before, be made by any, and Censures of Excommunications [to be 1] made against any Bishops of England, or any other of the King's Liege People, for that they have made Execution of such Commandments, and that if any Executions of such Translations be made of any Prelates of the same Realm, which [Prelates 5] be very profitable and necessary to our said Lord the King, and to his said Realm, or that [the sage People 6] of his Council, without his Assent, and against his Will, be removed and carried out of the Realm, so that the Substance and Treasure of the Realm may be consumed, that the same is against the King and his Crown, as it is contained in the Petition before named: And likewise the same Procurators, every one by himself examined upon the said Matters, have answered and said in the Name, and for their Lords, as the said Bishops have said and answered, and that the said Lords Spiritual will and ought to [be'] with the King in these Cases [in lawfully maintaining *] of his Crown, and in all other Cases touching his Crown and his Regalty, as they be bound by their Ligeance: Whereupon our said Lord the King, by the Assent aforesaid, and at the Request of his said Commons, hath ordained and established, That if any purchase or pursue, or cause to be purchased or pursued in the Court of Rome, or elsewhere, [by any 9] such Translations, Processes, and Sentences of Excommunications, Bulls, Instruments, or any other Things whatsoever, which touch the King (") against him, his Crown, and his Regalty, or his Realm, as is aforesaid, and they which bring (") within the Realm, or them receive, or make thereof Notification or any other Execution whatsoever within the same Realm or without, that they, their Notaries, Procurators, Maintainers, Abettors, Fautors, and Counsellors, shall be put out of the King's Protection, and their Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels, forfeit to our Lord the King;

the Lords Temporal.

The Promise of the Lords

tions, Bulls, from Rome, or elsewhere.

1 stand 4 be

our holy father the Pope

7 stand

6 his sage Men s Lords

· lawfully in maintaining 10 our Lord,

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and that they be attached by their Bodies, if they may be found, and brought before the King and his Council, there to answer to the Cases aforesaid, or that Process be made against them by Præmunire facias, in Manner as it is ordained in other Statutes of Provisors, and other which do sue [in any other Court'] in Derogation of the Regalty of our Lord the King.

VI.
The Statute
13 Ric. II.
st. 2. ch. 1.
recited;
so much
thereof as relates to the
Terms of
Charters of
Pardon
confirmed;

So much as relates to the passing of Pardons, and It or Persons so-

liciting them, repealed.

ITEM, Whereas in an Article of a Statute made in the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Monday next after the Feast of St. Hillary, the Thirteenth Year of the [Reign 1] that now is, it was ordained and granted, That no Charter of Pardon from thence should be allowed before any Justices, for Murder, Death of a Man slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, Treason, or Rape of a Woman, if [it3] were not specified in the same Charter. And if any Charter of the Death of Man were alledged before any Justices, in which Charter was not specified, that he of whose Death any such was arraigned, was murthered, or slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, the Justices should inquire, by a good Inquest of the Visne where the dead Person was slain, if he were murthered or slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, and if they should find that he was murdered or slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, the Charter should be disallowed, and moreover done as the Law should require; which Things our Lord the King doth will and grant, that they shall be firmly holden and kept : And moreover, by the Assent of the Lords in this present Parliament, and at the Prayer of the Commons, he hath ordained and granted, That the Residue of the said Article shall be wholly out, repealed, and adnulled; that is to say; "If any be a Suiter to the King for a Charter of Pardon for Murder, Death of a Man slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, Treason, or Rape of a Woman, if the Chamberlain indorse, or cause to be indorsed such Bill, he shall set the Name of him that maketh Suit for such Charter upon the same Bill, upon Pain of One thousand Marks, and if the Under-Chamberlain indorse such Bill, he shall do likewise, upon Pain of Five hundred Marks; and that none other than the Chamberlain or Under-Chamberlain indorse nor cause to be indorsed any such Bill, upon Pain of One thousand Marks: And that such Bill be sent and directed to the Keeper of the Privy Seal; and that no Warrant of the Privy Seal be made to have such Charter, unless the Keeper of the Privy Seal have such Bill indorsed or signed by the Chamberlain or Under-Chamberlain, as afore is said: And that no Charter of Pardon, of Treason nor of other Felony, pass the Chancery without Warrant of the Privy Seal, but in Case where the Chancellor may grant it of his Office, without speaking thereof to the King: And if he, at whose Suit any Charter of Pardon for Murder, Death of a Man slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, Treason, or Rape of a Woman, be granted, be an Archbishop or Duke, he shall pay to the King One thousand Pounds: And if he be a Bishop or Earl. he shall pay to the King One thousand Marks; and if he be an Abbot or Prior, Baron or Banneret, he shall pay Five hundred Marks; and if he be a Clerk, Bachelor, or other of less Estate, of whatsoever Condition that he be, he shall pay to the King Two hundred Marks, and have One Year's Imprisonment:" Because that the said Commons of the Realm sithence have perceived great Grievance of this Ordinance aforesaid, for that many People for Malice have indicted divers

the same Murder, Death of the Man slain by Await, Assault, or Malice prepensed, Treason, or Rape of a Woman, St. 13 Ric. II.

& qils soient attachez p lour corps sils p'ront estre trovez & amesnez dev'nt le Roy & son Conseil p' y respondre es cases av'ntditz, ou q pcesse soit fait devs eux p pmunire fac en mane come est ordeigne en aut's estatutz des pviso's & aut's qui seuent en autry Courte en derogacion de la regalie nre f le Roy.

Item come en un article dun estatut fait a plement tenuz a Westm lunedy pchein aps le fest de seint Hiller lan xiijme nre fr le Roy qore est, ordeigne fuist & g'unte q nulle chre de pdon delors Proit allowe dev'nt qconques Justices, p' murdre mort de home occys p agaite assaut ou malice p'pense treson ou rape de feme, si mesme le murdre ou mort de home occys p agait assaute ou malice p'pense treson ou rape de feme ne feussent especifiez en mesme la chre: et si chre de mort de home feusse alegge dev'nt qconqes Justices, en quelle chre ne feusse especifiez q celuy de qi mort ascune til feusse arrene feusse murdre ou occys p agait assaut ou malice p'pense, enquergeroient les Justices p bone enqueste del visne ou le mort feust occys sil feust murdre ou occys p agaite assaut ou malice p'pense, et sils troevent qil feust murdre ou occys p agaite assaut ou malice p'pense sroit la chre disallowe & outre fait solonc ceo q la ley demaunderoit; les queux choses nre & le Roy voet & gente qils soient fermement tenuz & gardez: & outre de lassent des l's en cest psent plement & a la prier de sa dit cõe ad ordeigne & g'unte q le remenant du dit article soit de tout ouste repelle & adnulle, cest assavoire; q si ascun prieroit au Roy p' chre de pdon p' murdre mort de home occys p agait assaut ou malice p'pense ou rap de femme, si le Chaumblayn endoseroit tiele bille ou ferroit endoser metteroit le noun de celuy q prieroit p' tiel chre s' mesme le bille s' peyne de M1 marcz; et si le Southchaumblayn endoseroit tiele bille il ferroit semblablement s' peyne de v C. marcz; et q nutt aut q le Chaumbleyn ou le Southchaumbleyn endoseroit ou ferroit endoser nulle tiele bille s' peyne de M' marcz; et q nutt guarrant de prive seal Broit fait p' chre avoire sinon q le gardein de prive seal avoit tiel bille endose ou signe p le Chaumblayn ou Southchaumblayn come desuis; et q nult chre de pdon [de treson '] ou daut felonie ne passeroit la Chauncellarie sanz garrant de prive seal, forsq en cas ou le Chanceller le p'roit g'unter de son office sanz ent pler au Roy: et q celuy a qi prier ascun chre de pdon p' murdre mort de home occys p agait assaut ou malice p'pense treson ou rap de femme sroit g'unte, feusse Ercevesq ou Duc paieroit au Roi M' ti, et sil feusse Evesq, ou Count paieroit au Roi M' marcz, et sil feusse Abbe, Priour Baron ou Banet paieroit au Roy v C. marcz, et sil feusse Clerk Bacheler ou aut's de meindre estat de quel condicion qil sroit, paieroit [au Roi 1] CC marcz & avoit la prisone dun an : p'ceo q la dce Coe du Roialme puis encea ount sentu moult g'nt grevance del ordinance av'ntdite, a cause q pluso's gentz p malice ount endite divses

Interlined on the Roll; Inserted in Stat. 13 Ric. IL.

psonnes de murdre mort de home occys p agait assaut & malice p'pense & treson, ou en Vite le cas ne feust pas tiel a fyn q nutt home osereit prier a nre f' le Roy p' tile chre.

B Vič Kanč, saltm. Quoddam Statutum in pliamento não apud Wynton in Octab Sči Hillar ultimo Pritis convocato de assensu Platos Magnatum & Cŏitatis Regni nri Angt ibidem existencium ad cŏem utilitatem ppli ejusdem Regni editum, tibi mittim9 sigillo nro consignatu, Mandantes qd Statutum Pdcm ac omes & singulos Articulos in eodem contentos infra ballivam tuam in locis ubi melius expedire videris legi & publice pclamari ac quantum ad te ptinet inviolabilit observari fac. T. R. apud Westin primo die Maii. p ipm Regem.

Cons bria dir singulis Vicecomitib; p Angt; ac Johi Duci Aquit & Lancastr & ejus Cancettar in dco Ducatu Lancastr sub eadem dat.

p ipm Regem.

Persons of Murder, Death of a Man slain by Await, Assault and Malice prepensed, and Treason, where in Truth there was no such Cause, to the Intent that no Man should be bold to sue to the King our Lord for such Charter.

The King to the Sheriff of Kent, Greeting. A certain Statute in our Parliament, assembled at Winchester in the Octave of Saint Hilary last past, with the Assent of the Prelates Lords and Commons of our Realm of England there being, for the common Profit of the same People, made, We do send to you, sealed with our Seal, Commanding that the Statute aforesaid, and all and singular the Articles in the same contained, within your Bailiwick, in Places where you may see most fit, you do cause to be read and publicly proclaimed, and as far as in you lieth to be inviolably observed. Witness the King, at Westminster, the First Day of May.

By the King Himself.

Like Writs were directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England; and to John Duke of Aquitain and Lancaster, and to his Chancellor in the said Duchy of Lancaster; under the

By the King Himself.

Anno 17° RICARDI, II. A.D.1393-4.

In Margine Rotuli.

Statuta de Anno decimo septimo.

STATUTES OF THE SEVENTEENTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 5.

YES sont les choses ordeignez & establiz p nre f' le Roi a son plement a Westm al quinzeine de Seint Hiller lan de son Regne dys & septisme, p assent du dit plement les quelles il voet & comande qils soient fermement tenuz & gardez solonc la p'port dicelles.

Primement q come ordeigne fuist p le Noble Roi Edward aiel nre & le Roi lan de son regne [disme,] q nutt estlyng mail ne ferlyng soit foundu p' vessel nautre chose ent affaire p orfeure nauts, sur peine de forfait'e del monoie foundu & emprisonement del foundo' tanqil ava renduz au Roi la moiete de ceo qil ava issint foundu, Niencontresteant chre ou franchise g'ntez ou usez a cont'ire; accordez est & assentuz q la dee ordinance soit fermement tenuz & gardez. Et enoutre est ordenez & assentuz q nul grote ne dimygrote soit foundu p nully pur vessel nautre chose ent affaire sur mesme la peine. Et q nul monie dore ne dargent descoce ne des auls Pres dela la meer courge en nul mane paiement deinz le Roialme Dengletre, mais soit portez a la bullion p' y estre to'nez en la coigne Denglerre sur peine de forfaite dicelle & demprisonement & fyn & raunceon de cely q face le cont'ire; et q nul porte nenvoie ascune monoie Dengletre en Escoce pur le chaunger en monoie ou pur monoie Descoce sur la peine pscheine avantdite.

1 The Old Printed Copies agree in this Reading.

THESE be the Things ordained and established by our Lord the King at his Parliament holden at Westminster the Fifteenth Day of Saint Hillary, the

Seventeenth Year of his Reign, by the Assent of the said Parliament, which he doth will and command, that they shall be firmly holden and kept after the Purport

FIRST, Where it was ordained by the noble King Edward, Grandfather to our Lord the King, [the Ninth Year '] of his Reign, that no Sterling Halfpenny nor Farthing, shall be molten for Vessel, nor other Thing thereof to be made by the Goldsmith, nor others, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Money so molten, and Imprisonment of the Founder, till he have yielded to the King the Half of that which he hath so molten, notwithstanding any Charter or Franchise granted or used to the contrary; It is accorded and assented, That the said Ordinance shall be firmly holden and kept. And moreover it is ordained and assented, that no Groat nor Half-groat shall be molten by any Man to make Vessel, or other Thing thereof, upon the same Pain. And that no Gold nor Silver of Scotland, nor of other Lands beyond the Sea, shall run in any Manner of Payment within the Realm of England, but shall be brought to the Bullion, there to be molten [in 1] the Coin of England, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same, and of Imprisonment, Fine, and Ransom of him which doth contrary; and that no Man shall send any English nor Exchange Money into Scotland, to change the same [in Money, lish Money or for Scottish Money, 1] upon the Pain next aforesaid.

1 Old Translations read the x. yere

in Money or for Money of Scotland, MS. Tr. 2.

9 Edw. III. stat. 2. ch. 3. against melting Money recited;

> extended to Half-groats.

No foreign Coin shall be

II. Cloths may be made of any Length and Breadth.

No Cloth shall be sold until measured, &c. by the Aulneger. Deceit in making Cloth forbidden.

III. Bolts of single Worsted may be exported.

IV.
Malt sold for
London shall
be cleansed
from Dust.

V. Certain Officers of the Revenue shall not hold their Offices for Life or Years.

VI.
On untrue
Suggestions
before the
Council, or
in Chancery,
Damages may
be awarded.

VII. Corn may be exported, subject to Order of the Council. ITEM, That every Man of the Realm may make, and put to Sale and sell Cloths, as well Kerseys as others, of such Length and Breadth as him please, paying the Aulnage, Subsidy, and other Duties; that is to say, of every Piece of Cloth after the Rate, notwithstanding any Statute, Ordinance, Proclamation, Restraint, or Defence made to the contrary. And that none shall sell or put to Sale any Cloths before that they be measured by the King's Aulneger, and sealed with the Seal to that ordained, upon the Pains contained in the Statutes thereof made. And that no Man shall put, [mingle, cause,'] nor make other Deceit in the Cloths of Kerseys, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same.

ITEM, That the Merchants and Workers of Cloths called single Worsted, may carry Bolts of single Worsted to what Parts they will, except to the King's Enemies, paying the Customs and Subsidies thereof due; without paying the Duties of Calais, notwithstanding any Statute, Ordinance, Proclamation, Inhibition, (1) Commandments or Charters, Liberties, Usages, or Privileges, granted or to be granted to the Burgesses of Calais, or to the Merchants of the Staple of Calais, or to any other made or to be made to the contrary; and that the Obligations and Sureties taken before this Time for the Duties of Calais, shall be restored and delivered. Provided always, That under the Colour of the said Bolts of single Worsted, they shall carry no double Worsteds, nor half double, nor Worsteds ray, nor motley, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same.

ITEM, That the Malt which shall be made in the Counties of Huntingdon, [Cantabridge,3] Northampton, and Bedford, that shall be sold and brought to the City of London, to victual the King's Household, and other Lords' Households, and Gentlemens' there dwelling and repairing, and also for Sustenance of all the People of the said City, shall be well and sufficiently sifted, cleansed, and purified, before the Sale of the same, from Dust and all other Filth, so that the Buyers may have Eight Bushels of clean Malt for the Quarter; and that the Mayors, Bailiffs, and Wardens of Towns and Places where such Malt shall be sold, shall have Power at every Man's Suit that will complain, to see and search the said Malt, and if Default be found thereof, to make due Redress.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That no Searcher, Gauger of Wines, Aulneger, [Finder 1] nor Weigher of Wools, or any other Merchandises, Collector of Customs and Subsidies whatsoever, or Comptroller, shall have Estate in his Office for Term of Life, or of Years; but that the said Offices shall remain in the King's Hands under the Governance of the Treasurer for the Time being, with the Assent of the Council, when Need is; and if any Charters or Letters Patents be made to the contrary, they shall be clearly adnulled, void, and of none Effect.

ITEM, Forasmuch as People be compelled to come before the King's Council, or in the Chancery by Writs grounded upon untrue Suggestions; that the Chancellor for the Time being, presently after that such Suggestions be duely found and proved untrue, shall have Power to ordain and award Damages according to his Discretion, to him which is so troubled unduely, as afore is said.

ITEM, The King, at the Request of the Commons to him made in this present Parliament, hath granted Licence to all his liege People of his Realm of England, to ship and carry Corn out of the said Realm, to what Parts that please them, except to his Enemies, paying the Subsidies and [Devoirs] thereof due; notwithstanding

1 nor mingle flacks,

2 Letters

Duties Cambride, Hertford, MS.Tr. 2.

* Tronour MS. Tr. 2.

ON Translation read the to your in blouge in for Money of Scribind, MENTA to Item q chescun home du Roialme purra faire & mettre a vent & vendre draps sibien de Karseys come aut's de tiel longure & laeure come luy plerra, paiant launage subside & aut's devoirs, Cestassavoir de chescune pece de drap solonc lafferant, nient contresteant ascun estatut ordinance pclamacion restreint ou defense fait au contire. Et q nully vende ne mette a vendre ascuns draps avint qils soient aunez p launo' du Roi & enseallez du seal a ceo ordeigne sur les peines contenuz en lestatutz ent faitz. Et q nully mette ne melle cauce ne face autre fraude en les draps de Kerseys s' peine de forfait'e dicelles.

Item q les Marchantz & ovours de draps appellez sengle Worstede p'ront amesner boltes de sengle Worstede as queux pties q lour plerra forspris as enemys du Roi, paiantz les custumes & subsides ent duez sanz paier les devoirs de Caleys; nientcontresteant ascun estatut orden nce pclamacion inhibicion fres maundementz ou chres libtes usages ou privileges g'ntez ou a g'ntiers a les Burgeis de Caleys ou a les mchantz de lestaple de Caleys ou ascuns aut's faitz ou affairs a cont res q les obligacions & seurtes prisez dev nt ces heures pur les devoirs de Caleys soient restitutz & delivez. Purveuz touz foitz q desoutz colour des ditz boltes de Sengle Worstede ils namesnent ascuns doubles Worstedes ne dimy doubles ne Worstedes raiez ne motlez sur peine de forfait e dicelles.

Item q les brees q sra fait en les Countees de Huntyngdon, Cantebr, Hertf, North & Bed, q sra venduz & amesnez a la Citee de Londres pur vitailler lostiel du Roi & les hostielx dauts s s gentils illoeqes dem'antz & repeirantz, & auxint pur sustenance de tout le poeple de dce Citee soit bien & covenablement nettez moundez & purifiez dev'nt le vent dicell de poudre & de tout autre ordure; issint q les achato's p'ront avoir oept busselx de pure brees pur le quar? & q les Mairs Baillifs & Gardeins des Villes & lieux ou tiel brees fra venduz eient poair a chescuny seute q pleindre se voudra de veer & s'cher le dit brees & si defaute soit trove dent faire due redresse.

Item ordeinez est & establi q nutt scheour, gaugeour des vyns Auneo' Trono' ou Peisour de Leynes ou ascuns auts marchandises, Collecto's de Custumes & Subsides quanques ou Countrollour, eit estat en son office a time de vie ou des ans; eins q les ditz offices dem'gent es mains du Roi souz govinance de Tresorer pur le temps esteant ovesq, lassent du conseil q nt y bosoigne; et si ascuns chres ou tres patentes soient faitz au cont soient outrement voides & de nul effect.

Item q qant gentz sont faitz venir dev'nt le Counseil du Roi, ou en la Chancellarie p briefs founduz sur suggestions nient vrais, q le Chanceller pur le temps esteant maintenant aps q tielx suggestions sont duement trovez & pvez nient vitables, eit poair dordeigner & agarder damages solonc sa discrecion a celuy qest issint t'vaillez noun duement come desuis.

Item le Roi a la Request des Cões a luy fait en cest psent plement, ad gaunte licence a touz ses liges de son Roialme Denglerre deskipper & amesner bleds hors de dit Roialme as queux pties q lour plerra horspris as enemys, paiantz les subsides & devoirs ent duez; nientcontresteant ascune ordinance

pclamacion ou defense fait dev'nt ces heures a contire; Nientmeins il voet q son conseil purra restreindre le dit passage q'nt lour semblera bosoignable pur pfit de Roialme.

Item coment qa plement tenuz a Westin lan du Regne nre f le Roi qure est quint, pur ceo q villeins & aut's meffesours tard dev'nt leverent p assemblees & outrageouse nombre en divses pties de Roialme, encontre la Dignitee nre f' le Roi & sa Corone & les Leies de sa Pre, defendu fuist p nre f' le Roi estroitement a touz mans dez gentz q nul delors ferroit ou recomenceroit tielx riot ou rumo' naut's semblables; et si nully le ferroit & ceo pve duement froit fait de luy come de traito' au Roi & son Roialme: Nientmeins grevouse pleint fuist fait a nre dit f' le Roi en cest Psent plement, q divses gentz nient eiantz consideracion a dit defense, sibien en les Countees de Cestre Lancastre & aillours en Engletre, ont faitz tielx assemblees en out'geouse nombre pur accomplir lour malice encontre la pees nre f le Roi, sa Corone & sa Dignite & les Leies de sa Pre: P quoi nre & le Roi en cest psent plement ad defendu a touz ses lieges sibn f's come aut's de qecunq estat qils soient q null face tielx assemblees riot ou rumo' encontre la pees en nul mane; et si ascun tiel assemble soit comenceant a pluis tost q Viscontz & aut's Ministres le Roi poent ent avoir conissance, ove la force du Countee & pais ou tiel cas aviegne mettent destourbance encontre tiel malice ove tout lour poair, & Dignent tielx meffesours & les mettent en prisone tanq due execucion de leie soit fait de eux; & q touz f's & aut's liges du Roialme soient entendantz & aidantz de tout lour force & poair as Viscontz & Ministres avantditz en tiel cas.

Item come contenu soit en lestatut de Westin scde q salmoseux ne soient prisez ne destrutz p rees ne p aut's engines a lestankes des Molyns de dimy Aprill tanq la Nativite de Seint John de Baptistre sur cteine peine limite en mesme lestatute: Et come p estatut fait lan treszime nre f' le Roi qore est ordeigne fuist q le dit estatut de Westm scde froit fermement tenuz & gardez, ajouste a icell q salmoseux ne fusent prisez a lestankes des Molyns naillo's sur mesme la peine; & q nutt Peschour ne Garthman ne nutt aute de quel estat ou condicion qil fusse, ne mettroit delors en av'unt en les eawes de Thamise Humbre Ouse Trent ne nulle autre eawe du Roialme p le dit temps ne p null autre temps del an ascuns rees appellez Stalkers naut's rees nengines quenques p les quels le frie ou brood des Salmons, Laumprais ou dautre pessoun qcunq p'ra en ascun mane estre pris ou destruitz sur la peine suisdée: Et auxint fuit reherce en le dit estatut fait lan treszime avantdit, q come contenu soit en mesme lestatut de Westin q touz les eawes en queux salmons sont prises en le Roialme soient misez en defense qant al prise des Salmons del jour de la Nativite de nre Dame tanqal jour de Seint Martyn, ordeigne fuist & assentuz en le dit estatut fait lan treszime q les ewes de Lone Wyre Mersee Ribbill & touz aul's ewes el Counte de Lancastre fusent mises en defense qant al prise de Salmons del jour de Seint Michel tanqal jour de la Purificacion nee Dame & en nuff [autre '] temps del an, a cause q Salmons ne sont

1 Interlined on the Roll.

any Ordinance, Proclamation, or any Defence made before this Time to the contrary; Nevertheless he will, That his Council may restrain the said Passage when they shall think best for the Profit of the Realm.

ITEM, Whereas at the Parliament holden at Westminster, the [Tenth 1] Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is; forasmuch as Villains and other Offenders of late [have '] risen by Assemblies and outrageous Number in divers Parties of the Realm, against the King's Dignity and his Crown, and the Laws of his Land; it was straitly defended by the King to all Manner of People, That none from [henceforth37 should make, or begin again such Riot or Rumour, nor other like; and if any Man did, and that duly proved, he should be taken as a Traytor to the King and his Realm: Nevertheless a grievous Complaint was made to our Sovereign Lord the King in this present Parliament, That divers People not having Consideration to the said Defence, as well in the Counties of Chester, Lancaster, and elsewhere in England, have made such Assemblies in outrageous Manner, to accomplish their Malice against the King's Peace, his Crown, his Dignity, and the Laws of his Land: Wherefore our Sovereign Lord the King in this present Parliament hath defended to all [the '] liege People, as well Lords as other, of whatsoever Estate that they be, that none shall make such Assemblies, Riot, or Rumour against the Peace in no wise; and if any such Assembly be begun as soon as the Sheriffs and other the King's Ministers may thereof have Knowledge, they with the Strength of the County and Country, where such Case shall happen, shall set Disturbance against such Malice with all their Power, and shall take such Offenders, and them put in Prison, till due Execution of the Law be of them made; and that all Lords and other liege People of the Realm, shall be attending (5) with all their Strength and Power to the Sheriffs and Ministers aforesaid (°).

ITEM, Where it is contained in the Statute of Westminster the Second, that young Salmons shall not be taken nor destroyed by Nets, or by other Engines, at the Stanks of Mills, from the Midst of April till the Nativity of St. John the Baptist, upon a certain Pain limited in the same Statute: And whereas by a Statute made the xiij Year of the King that now is, it was ordained, That the said Statute of Westminster the Second should be firmly holden and kept, joyning to the same, That young Salmons should not be taken at the [Mills, Stanks,7] or elsewhere, upon the same Pain; and that no Fisher nor Garthman, nor none other, of what Estate or Condition that he were, should not put from [henceforth 87 in the Waters of Thamise, Humber, Ouse, Trent, nor none other Water of the Realm, by the said Time, nor by none other Time of the Year, any Nets called Stalkers, nor other Nets or Engines whatsoever, whereby the Fry or Breed of Salmons, Lampreys, or of any other Fish whatsoever, [may 9] in any wise be taken or destroyed, upon the Pain aforesaid: And also it was rehearsed in the said Statute, made the said Thirteenth Year, that where it is contained in the same Statute of Westminster, that all the Waters, in which Salmons be taken in the Realm, shall be put in Defence, as to the taking of Salmons, from the Day of the Nativity of our Lady, till St. Martin's Day; it was ordained and assented in the said Statute made in the said xiij Year, That the Waters of Lone, Wyre, Mersee, Rybbyl, and all other Waters in the County of Lancaster, should be put in Defence, as to the taking of Salmons, from the Day of St. Michael till the Day of the Purification of our Lady, and in none other Time of the Year, because

Fifth his

2 had 5 and aiding thenceforth in such case

7 Stanks of Mills

8 thenceforth

9 might

5 Ric. II. st. 1. ch. 7, against Riots, &c. recited.

VIII.

The Statute

Such Riots prohibited, and Sheriffs required to suppress them by the Power of the County.

IX.
The Statutes
13 Edw. I.
st. 1. ch. 47;
13 Ric. II.
stat. 1. c. 19,
for the Preservation of
Salmons, &c.
recited;

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The Justices of Peace shall be Conservators of the recited Statutes.

Under-Conservators appointed by the Justices.

The Justices shall enquire of Offences at the Sessions.

The Mayor of London shall have the Conservancy of the Statutes in the Waters of the Thames.

X.
Two Lawyers shall be
Commissioners of Gaol
Delivery.

that Salmons be (') seasonable in the said Waters by the Time aforesaid; and that in the Parts where such Rivers be, good and sufficient Conservators of the said Statute made the said Thirteenth Year should be assigned and sworn, as it was ordained in the Statute of Westminster, and that they should punish the Offenders upon the Pain contained in the same Statute of Westminster, without shewing any Favour thereof: which Statutes have not been hitherto duly executed for Default of good Conservators, as our said Lord the King hath perceived by Complaint to him made in this present Parliament: Wherefore It is accorded and assented, That the Justices of the Peace of all the Counties of England shall be Conservators of the said Statutes in the Counties where they be Justices; and that they and every of them, at all Times when they may attend, shall survey the Offences and Defaults attempted against the Statutes aforesaid; and also shall survey and search all the Wears in such Rivers, that they shall not be [very 1] strait for the Destruction of such Fry and Brood, but of reasonable Wideness after the old Assise [used or accustomed]; and that the same Justices, or any of them, which shall find Default or Abuse against the Statutes aforesaid, shall make due Punishment of them which be found in Default after the Content of the same [Statute; 1] and that the same Justices shall put good and sufficient Under-Conservators of the same Statutes under them, which shall be sworn to make like Surveying, Search, and Punishment, without any Favour thereof to be shewed; and moreover, that the same Justices, in their Sessions, shall inquire as well by their Office, as at the Information of the Under-Conservators aforesaid, of all Trespasses, Misprisions, and Defaults made against any of the Points aforesaid, and shall cause them which be thereof indicted to come before them, and if they be thereof convict, they shall have Imprisonment, and make Fine after the Discretion of the same Justices; and if the same be at the Information of any of the Under-Conservators aforesaid, the same Under-Conservator shall have the half of the same Fine. And Forasmuch as it is granted to the Citizens of London, by the King's Progenitors, that they may remove and take away all the Wears in the Waters of Thames and Medeway, and that they shall have the Punishments thereof pertaining to the King; our said Lord the King, in this present Parliament, by the Assent aforesaid hath granted, That the Mayor or Warden of London for the Time being shall have the Conservation of the Statutes aforesaid, and shall make thereof due Execution, and like Punishment, as afore is ordained of the Justices of the Peace, in the said Water of Thames, from the Bridge of Stanes to London, and from thence [over 3] in the same Water, and in the said Water of Medeway, as far as it is granted to the said Citizens, as afore is said.

ITEM, Forasmuch as Thieves notoriously defamed, and others taken with the Maner, by their long abiding in Prison, after that they be arrested, be delivered by Charters, and favourable Inquests procured, to the great Hindrance of the People: It is accorded and assented, That in every Commission of the Peace through the Realm, where Need shall be, Two Men of Law of the same County where such Commission shall be made, shall be assigned to go and proceed to the Deliverance of such Thieves and Felons, as often as they shall think it expedient.

not too Statutes 4 beyond

pas seisonables en les ditz ewes p le temps suisdit; & q es pties ou tielx rivers sont froient assignez & jurrez bones & suffisantz conservato's de dit estatut fait lan treszime, come fuist ordeigne en le dit estatut de Westm, & qils punissereient les Pspasso's sur la peine contenue en mesme lestatut de Westin sanz ascun favo' ent faire : queux estatutz nount pas este duement executz tanq, en cea pur defaute de bones conservatours, a ceo q nre f' le Roi ad entendu p pleint a luy fait en cest psent plement : P qei acorde est & assentu q les Justices de la pees en touz les Countes Dengletre soient conservato's des ditz estatutz en les Countees ou ils sont Justices; & q eux & chescun de eux a touz les faitz qant ils poient entendre s'veient les mesprisions & defautes attemptez encontre les estatutz avantditz; & auxint s'veient & schent touz les gors en tielx rivers qils ne soient trop estreitz p' destruccion de tiel frie & brood mes de resonable ovture solonc launcien assise; & q mesmes les Justices ou celli de eux q trove defaute ou mesprision encontre les estatutz avantditz facent due punissement des Pspassours solone la contenue de mesmes les estatutz & q mesmes les Justices mettent bons & suffisantz subconservato's de mesmes les estatutz desoutz eux q soient jurez de faire semblable survewe sche & punissement sanz ascun favo' ent faire; & q outre ceo mesmes les Justices en lour sessions enquergent sibn de lo' office come al informacion des subconservato's avantditz de touz Espasses mesprisions & defautes faitz encontre ascuns des pointz av ntditz, & facent venir devent eux ceux q soient ent enditez & sils soient ent convictz eient emprisonement & facent fyn solonc la discrecion de mesmes les Justices; et si ceo soit al informacion dascun de subconservato's avantditz eit mesme le subconservato' la moite de mesme le fin. Et p' ceo q g'nte est a Citeins de Londres p les pgenito's nre f' le Roi qils poent remuer & Pndre touz les Kydels en les ewes de Tamise & Medewaie & qils eient les punissementz ent a Roi app'ten'ntz, nre dit f' le Roi en cest psent plement de lassent av'ntdit ad g'nte q le Mair ou Gardein de Londres qi p' le temps 'sra eit la conservacie des estatutz av'ntditz & face ent due execucion & semblable punissement come devent est ordeigne des Justices de la pees en la dite Ewe de Tamise, del pont del Stanes a Londres & dilloeqes outre en mesme lewe & en la dite ewe de Medewaye si loyne come gente est as ditz Citeyns come devant est dit.

Item pur ceo q larons notoirement diffamez & aut's prisez ove mainoeure p' long dem'e en prisone aps ceo qils sont arestuz sont delivez p chres & favorables enquestes pcurez a g'nt anientissement du poeple: Accordez est & assentuz qen chescune comission de la pees pmy le roialme ou y bosoigna soient assignez deux homes de ley de mesme le Counte ou tiel comission se fra, daler & pceder a delivance des tielx larons & felons tant & si sovent come bon lour semblera.

Ex Rot. Parl. 17 Ric. II. m 4."

Loundres 25.

Loundres

Combien q ordeine & g'nte fuist p le Roy Edward besaielt & auxint p le Roy Edward Aiel nre & le Roi gorest, q les Aldermen de la Cite de Londres cesseroient & Proient remuez de lo' dit office chescun an a le fest de Seint Gregore, & qils ne Proient mye reesluz, lan pschein ensuant; einz q autres sufficeantes psones du dite Cite Proient chescun an de novelt esluz & mys en loffices avantditz : Nientmeyns nre dit I le Roy p' creines causes luy especialment moevantz & mesment p' meillo' govnance de sa dite Cite en temps avenir, Voet & ad ordeine p advys & assent de son conseiff en cest psent plement, q desore enavant les Aldermen de la dite Cite ne soient oustez ne remuez du dit office de Aldermanrie a le dit fest de Seint Gregore ne null autre temps del an, sanz honeste & resonable cause, ne nulles autres esluz ne mys en lo' lieux, einz dem'gent avant dan en an en lo' dit office, tang, ils soient remuez p' jouste & resonable cause come desuis; Nient contresteantz lordinances susdites.

Come p estatut fait en temps le Roy Edward Aiel nre f le Roy gorest lan de son regne vynt oeptisme, soit ordine & establi q le Meir Viscontz & Aldermen de la Cite de Londres qont le govnement du dite Cite facent redresser & corriger les erro's defautes & mesprisions q sont notoirement usez en la dite Cite p' defaute de bon govnement des ditz Meir Viscontz & Aldermen, & les duement punir de temps en temps, s' cteine peine, Cestassavoir au prim defaut Mill marcz au Roy, & a la second defaut, deux Mill marcz, & a la tierce defaute, q la franchise du dite Cite soit pris en la mayn le Roi; et q chescun des ditz Meir Viscontz & Aldermen q vendra devant les Justices le Roi en mane & forme gest ordeine p le dit estatut, respoigne singulerment p' luy mesmes sibien as pil des autres q sont absentz, come de luy mesmes. Et q ceste ordinance soit tenu ferme & estable Nientcontresteant franchises privileges ou custumes qconqs; sicome en le dit estatut est contenuz pluis au plein : Et ore nre f' le Roy eiant consideracion a la genalte des ditz poles Cestassavoir erro's defautes & mesprisions & as divses entendementz gent p'ront estre conceuz, si ad a la supplicacion de les Meir Viscontz & Aldermen de la dite Cite declare & gente p advys & assent des f's espirituels & temporels en cest psent plement, qil nest pas sa volunte ne son entent ne lentent du dit estatut, q le Meir Viscontz & Aldermen du dite Cite qore sont ou ont estez devant ces hures ou en aps Bront, nencourgent ne portent la peine du dit estatut p' ascun juggement erroigne renduz ou a rendre en la dite Cite.

Item come la garde de Farndon dedeins & dehors de la Citee de Loundres est taunt encresceez des possessions & enhabitantz en icelle en poi des ans passez, q la govnance dicett est trop laborouse & grevouse p' une psone de le occupier & duement govner; Nre f' le Roi p assent de son conseil en cest psent plement, a le prier del Mair Aldermans & la coïalte du dite Citee, ad ordeinez & g'ntez q pentre cy & le fest de Seint Gregoire pschein avenir les gentz de la dite

ALTHOUGH that it were ordained and granted by King Edward Great Grandfather and also by King Edward Grandfather of our Lord the King that now is, that the Aldermen of the City of London should cease and should be removed from their said Office every Year at the Feast of Saint Gregory, and that they should not be re-elected the Year next ensuing; but that other sufficient Persons of the said City should be every Year newly elected and put in the Offices aforesaid: Nevertheless our said Lord the King, for certain Causes him especially moving, and at the same Time for the better Governance of his said City in Time to come, willeth and hath ordained by the Advice and Assent of his Council in this present Parliament, That henceforth the Aldermen of the said City be not ousted nor removed from the said Office of Aldermanship at the said Feast of Saint Gregory, nor at any other Time of the Year, without good and reasonable Cause, nor any other elected nor put in their Places; but shall remain on from Year to Year in their said Office, until they be removed for just and reasonable Cause as above; Notwithstanding the Ordinances aforesaid.

WHEREAS by a Statute made in the Time of King Edward, Grandfather to our Lord the King that now is, in the Twentyeighth Year of his Reign, it is ordained and established, that the Mayor, Sheriffs, and Aldermen of the City of London which have the Governance of the same City, shall cause to be redressed and corrected the Errors, Defaults, and Misprisions which be notoriously used in the said City for Default of good Governance of the said Mayor, Sheriffs, and Aldermen, and the same duely punish from Time to Time, upon a certain Pain; that is to say, at the First Default a Thousand Marks to the King, and at the Second Default Two thousand Marks, and at the Third Default that the Franchise of the said City be taken into the King's Hand; and that every of the said Mayor, Sheriffs, and Aldermen which shall appear before the King's Justices in Manner and Form as is ordained by the said Statute, shall answer particularly for himself as well at the Peril of other which be absent as of himself; and that this Ordinance shall be holden firm and stable, notwithstanding any Manner of Franchises, Privileges, or Customs; as in the said Statute is more fully contained: And now our Lord the King, considering the Generality of the said Words, that is to say, "Errors, Defaults, and Misprisions," and the several Intendments which may thereof be conceived, hath, at the Supplication of the Mayor, Sheriffs, and Aldermen of the said City, declared and granted, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in this present Parliament, that it is not his Will nor his Intent, nor the Intent of the said Statute, that the Mayor, Sheriffs, and Aldermen of the said City who now are, or have heretofore been, or hereafter shall be, should incur nor suffer the Pain of the said Statute for any erroneous Judgement given or to be given within the said City.

ALSO, Whereas the Ward of Farringdon Within and Without of the City of London is so increased in Possessions and Inhabitants therein within these few Years past, that the Governance thereof is too laborious and grievous for one Person to occupy and duly govern the same; Our Lord the King by the Assent of his Council in this present Parliament, at the Prayer of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the said City, hath ordained and granted, That between this and the Feast of Saint Gregory next coming, the People of the said

XI. Aldermen of London shall not be removed without due Cause.

XII.
The Statute
28 Ed. III.
c. 10, shall
not extend
to erroneous
Judgments
in London.

XIII.
For the Ward
of Farringdon
in London
Two Aldermen shall be
elected.

[•] The Matters given in the Text from the Parliament Roll of this Year, nu. 25, 26, and 27, were first printed from thence in Cay's Edition of the Statutes, as Chapters XI, XII, and XIII, of the Statute, although not entered on the Statute Roll. The first of these is quoted as an Act in 4 Inst. 253; and that and the second are abridged as Acts of this Year in Pulton's Statutes 1618, &c.

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In Margine Rotuli.

Ward of Farringdon-Within may elect an Alderman, wise, sufficient, and able to govern the said Ward Within, and to be named the Aldermen of the Ward of Farringdon-Within; and that between this and the said Feast of Saint Gregory the People of the Ward of Farringdon-Without may elect another Alderman, wise, sufficient, and able to govern the said Ward Without; and to be named the Alderman of the Ward of Farringdon-Without: And that the said Two Aldermen so elected may be established and not removed, except for Cause reasonable, as is ordained and granted by our said Lord the King in this Parliament, of the other Aldermen of the said City.

For the proclaiming the Statute.

THE King to the Sheriff of Kent, Greeting. A certain Statute, in our last Parliament holden at Westminster, by Us with the Assent of the Great Men and Commons of our Realm of England there assisting Us, made, We do send to you in Form Patent; Commanding that the same Statute and all and singular the Articles in the same contained, in the Cities, Boroughs, Market Towns, and other Places within your Bailiwick, where you shall see it to be most expedient, you do cause to be publicly proclaimed, and as far as in you lieth, to be firmly and inviolably observed. Witness the King at Westminster, the first Day of June.

By the King Himself and Council.

Like Writs are directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England; and to John Duke of Aquitain and Lancaster, or to his Chancellor in the same Duchy of Lancaster, under the

garde de Farndon dedeins puissent eslire un Alderman sage sufficeant & able p' govner mesme la garde dedeins, & estre nome laldermañ de la garde de Farndon dedeins; et q pentre cy & le dit fest de Seint Gregoire les gentz de la garde de Farndon dehors puissent eslire un autre Aldirman sage sufficeant & able p' govner mesme la garde dehors, & estre nomez lalderman de la garde de Farndon dehors. Et q les ditz deux Aldermans issint esluz puissent estre establiz & nemye remoez si noun p cause resonable, come ordeinez est & g'ntez p nre dit f' le Roi en cest plement des aut's Aldermans du dite Citee.

P. Vič Kanč, saltm. Quoddam statutum in ultimo D pelamacoe stapliamento não apud Westin tento p nos de assensu tutos pelamand Magnatum & Cõitatis regni nri Angt nobiscum ibidem tunc assistenciū editū tibi mittim9 in forma patenti; Mandantes qd Statutum illud & omes & singulos articulos in eodem contentos, in Civitatibus Burgis Villis mcatoriis & aliis locis infra ballivā tuam ubi melius expediri videris, publice pclamari & quantum ad te ptinet firmit & inviolabilit observari fac. T. R. apud Westm primo die Junii.

p ipm Regem & consilium.

Consimilia bria dirigunt' singulis Vicecomitiba p Angi; ac Johi Duci Aquit & Lancastr vel ejus Cancellario in eodem Ducatu Lancastr sub eadem data.

Anno 20° RICARDI, II. A.D. 1396-7.

Statutu de Anno vicesimo.

STATUTE OF THE TWENTIETH YEAR.

THE KING at his Parliament holden at Westminster in the Feast of Saint Vincent, the Twentieth Year of his Reign, by the Assent of the Prelates, Lords, and Commons of his Realm [of England,] assembled in the same present Parliament, for the Quietness and Tranquillity of his People, hath made certain Statutes and Ordinances in the Form which followeth:

Recital of St.

FIRST, Whereas in a Statute made the Seventh Year 7 R. II. c. 13; of the Reign of the King that now is, it is ordained and assented, That no Man shall ride armed within the Realm, against the Form of the Statute of Northampton thereupon made, nor with Launcegays within the same Realm; and that the said Launcegays shall be utterly put out within the said Realm, as a Thing prohibited by the King, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Launcegays, Armours, or any other Harness, in the Hands and Possession of them that bear them, from henceforth within the same Realm against the same Statutes and Ordinances, without the King's special Licence: Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 4.

E ROY en son parlement tenuz a Westin en la feste de Seint Vincent lan de son roialme vintisme, del assent des Prelatz s's & Comunes de son roialme en mesme le parlement, pur quiete & t'nquillite de son poeple ad fait cteins estatutz & ordenances qensuient.

Primement, come en un estatut fait lan septisme du regne nre Seignur le Roy soit ordeignez & assentuz q nutt home chivache deins le Roialme armez contre la fourme de lestatut de Norhampton sur ce fait, ne ovesq, lancegaye deins mesme le roialme, et q les ditz lancegayes soient de tout oustez deins le dit Roialme, come chose defendue par le Roy sur peyne de forfaiture dicelles lancegayes armures & aut's hernoys quelconques, es mayns & possession dycelx qui les porta delors deinz mesme le Roialme encontre ycelles estatutz & ordenances sanz espale congie du Roy:

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Original from PENN STATE Nre Seignur le Roy considerant le gent clamour a luy fait en cest psent plement de ce q le dit estatut nest mye tenuz, Si ad ordeignez & establiz en mesme le plement q les ditz estatutz soient pleinement tenuz & gardez & duement executz; et q les ditz lancegayes soient tout outment oustez sur la peine contenue en le dit estatut de Northampton & outre de fair fyn & ranceon au Roy. Et outre ce q nutt f', Chivaler nautre petit ne g'nt aile ne chivache p noet ne jour armez ne porte Palet ne chapell de ferre nautre armure sur la peine susdče; Sauvez & exceptz les offics & Ministres du Roy enfaisantz leur offices. Et outre ce le Roy voet & ad ordeignez q lestatut fait lan de son regne prime de livee des Chaperons soit tenuz & gardez sur la peine contenue en mesme lestatut & sur peine destre emprisonez & de fair fyn & ranceon au Roy.

Item q Vadletz appellez Yomen ne nuff aut de meindre estat qesquier ne use ne porte nuff signe ne livee appelle livee de compaignie dascun f deins le roialme, sil ne soit menial & familier ou officer continuel de son dit f et q les Justices de la paix aient poair denquer de ceux qi font a lencontre & de les punir selonc leur discrecion.

Item le Roy voet & defende q nult & nautre du pais petit ne g'nt ne soit seant en Bank ovesq, les Justices as assises p'ndre en leur sessions es Countees Dengletre sur grief forfaiture vs le Roy; Et ad chargez ses ditz Justices qils ne soeffrent le contraire estre fait.

Item q come il soit contenuz en un estatut de f' Edward nadgairs Roy Dengletre Aiel a nre f le Roy qorest lan de son regne vynt & oetisme, q nulle mane de nief q soit frette devs Englerre ou aillours soit artez de venir a nul port Dengletre ne y dem'er contre le gree des Mestres & Marins dicelle, ou des Marchantz as queux les biens sont, et si tielx niefs veignent de gree ou soient chacez p tempeste ou aut infortune ou meschief a ascun port Dengletre & les Meistres & marins ou Marchantz de mesmes les niefs voillent vendre & deliver ptie de leur michandises p loure bone voluntee, bien lise a chescuny tieles michandises achatre franchement sanz empeschement en le port ou tieles niefs viendront, tout ne soient les michandises mises a la tre pur vendre; Et q les Meistres Marins & Marchantz, aps ce qils avont issint venduz ce q lour plerra de leur ditz biens & paie ent la custume, puissent funchement deptier & aler ove lour niefs & tout le remenant de lour biis pla ou lour plerra sanz custume ent paier : Nre Seignur le Roy p' la quiete & ease de son poeple voet q le dit estatut soit tenuz & gardez en toutz pointz & duement executez nient contreesteant ascune ordeignance ou usage a conterie.

Item pur ce q les Comunes ount fait compleint q plusours g'ntz meschiefs extorsions & disease sont faitz p divses gentz de mauveis condicion q de leure auctoritee demesne pignont & font padre roialment chivalx & aut's choses & bestes hors de leur charues charettes & mesons, disantz & imaginantz qils sont a chivaucher en hastifs messages ou bosoignes, la ou en vite ils ne sont aucunement privez de nulle bosoigne ou message, mes soulement en deceite & subtilite p' padre chivalx

taining a Duplicate of the Statute of this Tweate-first Year.

Our Lord the King, considering the great Clamour made to him in this present Parliament, because that the said Statute is not holden, hath ordained and established in the said Parliament, That the said Statutes shall be fully holden and kept, and duly executed; and that the said Launcegayes shall be clear put out upon the Pain contained in the said Statute of Northampton, and also to make Fine and Ransom to the King. And moreover, that no Lord, Knight, nor other, little nor great, shall go nor ride by Night nor by Day armed, nor bear [Sallet'] nor Skull of Iron, nor [of'] other Armour, upon the Pain aforesaid; save and except the King's Officers and Ministers in doing their Office. And Moreover, the King will and hath ordained, that the Statute made the First Year of his Reign, of Liveries of Hats, shall be holden and kept upon the Pain contained in the same Statute, and upon Pain to be imprisoned, and make Fine and Ransom to the King.

ITEM, That no Varlets called Yeomen, nor none other of less Estate than Esquire, shall use nor bear no [Sign of Livery 3] called Livery of Company of any Lord within the Realm, unless he be menial and familiar or continual Officer of his said Lord. And that the Justices of the Peace shall have Power to enquire of them, which do to the contrary, and them to punish according to their Discretion.

ITEM, The King doth will and forbid, That no Lord, nor other of the Country, little nor great, shall sit upon the Bench with the Justices to take Assises, in their Sessions in the Counties of England, upon great Forfeiture to the King; and hath charged his said Justices, that they shall not suffer the contrary to be done.

ITEM, Whereas it is contained in a Statute of the late King Edward, Grandfather to the King that now is, the xxviij Year of his Reign, That no Manner of Ship, which is freighted toward England, or elsewhere, shall be compelled to come to any Port of England, nor there to tarry against the [Agreement 1] of the Masters and Mariners of the same, or of the Merchants to whom the Goods be; and if such Ships come of their own Good-will, or be driven by Tempest, [Casualty, or other Misfortune, 1] to any Port of England, and the Masters or Mariners, or Merchants of the same Ships, will sell or deliver Part of their Merchandizes with their Good-will, it shall be lawful to every Person to buy such Merchandizes freely without Impeachment in the Port where such Ships shall come, albeit the Merchandizes be not [put to Sale to the Land; 6] And the Masters, Mariners, and Merchants, after that they have so sold so much as pleaseth them of their said Goods, and the Custom thereof paid, may freely depart and go with their Ships, and all the Remnant of their Goods, where it shall please them, without paying thereof Custom: Our said Lord the King, for the Quietness and Ease of his People, willeth, That the said Statute shall be holden and kept in all Points, and duly executed, notwithstanding any Ordinance or Usage to the contrary.

ITEM, Forasmuch as the Commons have made Complaint, that many great Mischiefs, Extortions, and Oppressions be done by divers People of evil Condition, which of their own Authority take and cause to be taken royally Horses and other Things, and Beasts out of their Wains, Carts, and Houses, saying and devising that they be to ride on hasty Messages and Business, where of Truth they be in no wise privy of any Business or Message, but only in Deceit and Subtilty by such Colour

Pestle 2 Omit this word. 3 Badge or Livery 4 Will 5 or other Misfortune or Mischief, 6 put to land, to sell.

Confirmation thereof.

No Man shall ride or go armed.

The Statute 1 Ric. II. c.7, touching giving of Liveries, confirmed.

II. Liveries of Companies restrained.

III. None shall sit upon the Bench with Justices of Assise.

IV. Recital of St. 28 Edw. III. chapter 13, concerning Merchants Strangers.

Confirmation thereof.

V.
Penalty
for taking
Horses, &c.
for the King's
Service, without Warrant.

Vol. II.

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Original from PENN STATE

VI.

Licence to

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and Device to take Horses, and the said Horses [too '] hastily do ride and evil intreat, having no Manner of Conscience or Compassion in this Behalf, so that the said Horses become all spoiled and foundered, paying no Manner of thing nor penny for the same, nor giving them any Manner of Sustenance; and also that some such Manner of People changing and altering their Names, do take and ride such Horses, and carry them far from thence to another Place, so that they to whom they belong, can never after by any mean see, have again, nor know their said Horses where they be, to the great Mischief, Loss, Impoverishment, and Hindrance of the King's poor People, their Husbandry, and of their Living: Our Lord the King willing, for the Quietness and Ease of his People, to provide Remedy thereof, will and hath ordained, That none from henceforth shall take any such Horse or Beast in such Manner against the Consent of them to whom they be; and if any that do, and have no sufficient Warrant nor Authority of the King, he shall be taken and imprisoned till he hath made due Agreement to the Party.

ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King hath assented and granted of his special Grace, by Assent and Accord of all Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of all the Commons in this present Parliament, to Robert Belknap, John Holte, and William Burghe, Knights [of the Bath,'] and dwelling in Ireland, That they shall come again into England, there to dwell for Term of their Lives; and that they shall be Persons able [to3] the Common Law as the King's liege People, without being thereof impeached; notwithstanding the Statute thereof made the xj. Year of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King. Saving always against them all the other Points contained in the said Statute.

1 so MS. Tr. 2. 3 at MS. Tr. 2.

a { banshid MS. Tr. 2.

p tiel colour & ymaginacion, & les ditz chivalx si hastyvement chivachent & defolent nient eiantz ascun mane conscience ou compassion en celle ptie, issint q les ditz chivalx deviegnent tout depduz & foundez, nutt mane chose ne denier paiantz pur ycelles, ne ascun mane de viand donantz a eux; et auxi q ascuns de tielx mans de gentz, chaungeantz & variantz lour nouns, si pignent & chivachent tielx chivalx & les amesnent tout hors aillours, issint qils as queux ils sont ne p'ront unqs enaps p nul mane voye lour ditz chivalx veire reavoir ne savoir ou ils sont devenuz, a g'nt meschief pde & anientissement & destruccion & arrerisement du poure poeple du Roy leur husbandre & de leur vivre: Nre f' le Roy veullant p' quiete & ease de son poeple ent faire remede, voet & ad ordene q nul desore en avant pigne nutt tiel chival ne beste en tiel mane contre le gree [de ceux '] a qui ils sont; et si ascun le face & neit signe ou auctoritee du Roy suffisant, soit pris & emprisonez tano il ava fait duement gree a partie.

Item nre f' le Roy est assentuz & ad g'untez de sa grace especiale p assent & accord de toutz f's espirituelx & temporeles & de toutz les Comunes en cest parlement a Robt Bealknapp Johan Holt & William de Burgh Chivalers bannuz & dem'antz en Ireland, qils revendront en Engletre illeoques a demurer pur Ime de lour vies; et qils soient psones hables al comune ley come lieges du Roy sanz estre de ce empescheez. Nient contresteant lestatut ent fait lan du regne nre dit f' le Roi unzisme. Sauvant toutdiz vs eux toutz aut's points en le dit estatut contenues.

1 Interlined on the Roll.

Anno 21° RICARDI, II. A.D.1397-8.

Statutu de Anno vicesimo primo.

STATUTE OF THE TWENTY-FIRST YEAR.

T is to be understood, that our Lord the King ('), by the Grace of God King of England and of France, and Lord of Ireland, at his Parliament summoned and begun at Westminster the Monday next after the Feast of the Exaltation of the Holy Cross, and from thence adjourned to Shrewsbury until the Fifteenth of (1) Hilary then next ensuing, and there ended, to the Honour of God and Holy Church, and for the Preservation, Salvation, and Surety of his Realm, and good Governance of his People, of the Assent and Accord of the Prelates, Dukes, Earls, Barons, and Commons of his Realm there assembled, hath made certain Statutes and Ordinances hereafter following.

FIRST, That Holy Church, and the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and all Cities and Boroughs and other Commonalties of the Realm, have and enjoy their Liberties and Franchises from henceforth, as they have reasonably had and enjoyed in Time of his noble Progenitors Kings of England, and in his Time.

1 Richard

I. Confirmation

of Liberties.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. II. m. 4, 3, 2, 1.

AlT assavoir q nre f' le Roy Richard par la g'ce de Dieu Roy Dengletre & de France & Seignio' Dirland, a son plement somons & comencez a Westin lundy pschein aps le fest del Exaltacion de la Seinte Croice & dilloeqes adjo'nez a [Solopbirs'] a la quinzeme de Seint Hiller adonqes pschein ensuant & illoeqes rminez, al hon' de Dieu & de Seinte Esglise & p' la salvacion & seuretee de son roialme & bone govnance de son liege poeple, de lassent & accord des Prelates Ducs Contes Barons & Cões de son roialme illoeqes assemblez ad fait cteines estatutz & ordenances qensuient.

Primement q Seinte Esglise & les f's espirituels & temporels & auxint Citees & Burghs & aut's Coialtees du roialme eient & enjoyent leur libtees & franchises si avant come ils avoient & enjoierent resonablement en temps de ses nobles Pgenitours Roys Denglerre & en son temps.

1 Salopbirs

^{*} The Various Readings in the Notes are from a separate Roll, containing a Duplicate of the Statute of this Twenty-first Year.

Item come les Cões du plement eient monstrez au Roy coment en le plement tenuz a Westm le primi jour Doctobre lan de son regne disme, Thomas Duc de Gloucestr & Richard Conte Darundell traitours au Roy & son roialme p faux ymaginacion & compassement firent faire p estatut une comission directe a eux mesmes & auts psones a leur denominacion p' avoir la govnaille du Roy & de roialme sibien deinz lostiel du Roy come dehors & en les f'ies de Roy depdela come contenuz est en la dite comission, de quele le teneur sensuit.

Richard par la gece de Dieu Roy Dengletre & de Fraunce & f' Dirland a touz ceux q cestes fres verront ou orront, salutz. Nous avons cteinement conceuz de la grevouse cempleinte de f's & Cões (a) de nre roialme en cest psent plement assemblez q noz pfitz rentes & revenuz de nre roialme, p singuler & nounsufficeant conseil & male govnaile sibien dascuns nadgairs noz gondz offics come des divses aut's psones esteantz entour nre psone, sont en tant sustretz degastez esloignez donez gentez alienez destruitz & malement despenduz q nous sumes tant empovez voides & nues de tresore & davoir & la substance de nre Corone en tant amenuse & destruz, q lestat de nous & de nre hostiel ne poet hon'ablement estre sustenuz come affiert, ne les guerres q se habundent tout environ nre roialme de jour en autre mayntenuz ne govnez sanz Psgandz & outageouses oppssions & importables charges de nre dit poeple; & auxint q les bones leys estatuz & custumes de nre dit roialme, as queux nous sumes astrictz & obligez de tenir & garder, ne sont ne ont este duement tenuz ne executz ne pleyne justice ne droit faitz a nre dit poeple, pont plusours disheritesons & autres ?sgendes meschiefs & damages sont avenuz sibien a nous come a nre dit poeple & a tout nre roialme: Et nous al hono' de Dieu & p' la bien de nous & de nre dit roialme & p' la quiete & relevacion de nre dit poeple, qont este g'ndement chargez en plusours mans devant ces heures, veullantz ove le gece de Dieu contre tieux meschiefs mettre bone & due remede, Si avons de nre franche volente & al request des f's & Coes suisdces ordeignez faitz & assignez noz gentz Offics cestassavoir noz Chanceller Tresorer & Gardein de nre prive seal tieux come nous tenons bones loialx & sufficeantz p' hon' & pfit de nous & de nre dit roialme. Et outre ceo de nre auctoritee roiale cteine science bone gree & franche volunte & p avys & assent de Prelatz f's & Cões susditz en plein plement, en eide de bone govnance de nre roialme & bone & due execion de noz ditz leys & en relevement de lestat de nous & de nre poeple en temps avenir, confiantz pleinement del bone avisement seu & discrecion de les hon'ables piers en Dieu William Ercevesq de Cantbirs, Alisandre Ercevesq Devwyk, nos tschs uncles Esmon ITEM, Whereas the Commons of the Parliament have shewed to our Sovereign Lord the King, how in the Parliament holden at Westminster, the First Day of October, in the x. Year of his Reign, Thomas Duke of Gloucester, and Richard Earl of Arundel, Traitors to the King and his Realm, [and his People] by false Imagination and compassing, caused a Commission to be made by Statute, direct to themselves and other Persons at their Denomination, for to have the Rule of the King and the Realm, as well within the King's House as without, (') in the King's Seignories, beyond the Sea, as it is contained in the said Commission, the Tenor whereof doth follow.

" RICHARD, by the Grace of God King of England and of France, and Lord of Ireland, to all them that shall see or hear these Letters, Greeting. We have certainly conceived by the grievous Complaint of the Lords and Commons (a) of our Realm, in this present Parliament assembled, that our Profits, Rents and Revenues of our said Realm, by singular and insufficient Counsel and evil Governance, as well of some late our Great Officers, as of divers other Persons being about our Person be so much withdrawn, wasted, eloyned, given, granted, aliened, destroyed, and evil dispended, that We are so much impoverished, void, and nought of Treasure and Goods, and the Substance of our Crown so much diminished and destroyed, that the Estate of Us and of our House may not honourably be sustained as pertaineth, nor the Wars, which daily abound and environ our Realm, maintained nor governed without great and outragious Oppressions and importable Charges of our said People; and also that the good Laws, Statutes, and Customs of our said Realm, which We are astreyned and bound to hold and observe, be not, nor have not been duly holden nor executed, nor full Justice nor Right done to our said People, whereby many Disherisons and other great Mischiefs and Damages be happened, as well to Us as to our said People and to all our Realm: And We to the Honour of God, and for the Weal of Us and of our Realm, and for the Quietness and Relief of Us and of our said People who have been in divers Manners greatly charged before this Time, willing, with the Grace of God, against such Mischiefs to provide a good and due Remedy, have of our free Will, and at the Request of the Lords and Commons aforesaid, ordained, made, and assigned our Great Officers, that is to say, our Chancellor, Treasurer, and Keeper of our Privy Seal, such as We hold good, sufficient, and lawful for the Honour and Profit of Us and of our said Realm. And Moreover of our Authority Royal, certain Knowledge, good Gree and free Will, and by the Advice and Assent of the Prelates, Lords, and Commons aforesaid, in the full Parliament, in Aid of good Governance of our Realm and due Execution of our said Laws, and in Relief of the Estate of Us and of our People in Time to come, upon the full Trust that we have of good Advisement Wit and Discretion of the Honourable Fathers in God William Archbishop of Canterbury, Alexander Archbishop of York, our dear Uncles Edmund Duke of

II. Recital of the Commission and Statute 10 Ric, II.

Tenor of the

⁽a) The Old Printed Copies after the Word 'Cöes' instead of proceeding to set out the Tenor of the Commission at length, as on the Statute Roll, have only the Words "&c. put patet anno decimo, recitando totam commissionem, & tunc sic; Queles Commission et estatuit," &c. as on the Statute Roll, after the Commission. Former Translations accordingly after the Word 'Commons' have the Words "&c. as it appeareth in the x. Year rehearsing all the said Commission: So that the said Commission and the said Statute" &c. as in the Translation of the Statute after the Commission. See Stat. 11 Ric. II. pa. 44. of this Volume, and Note (a) there.

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York, Thomas Duke of Gloucester, the Honourable Fathers in God William Bishop of Winchester, Thomas Bishop of Exeter, and Nicholas Abbot of Waltham, our well beloved and faithful Richard Earl of Arundell, John Lord of Cobham, Richard Lescrop, and John Devereux, them We have ordained and assigned and deputed, and do ordain assign and depute, to be of our great and continual Council by a whole Year next following after the Date hereof, to survey and examine with our said Great Officers as well the Estate and Governance of our House and of all our Courts, Places, and Offices, as the Estate and Governail of all our Realm, and all our Officers and Ministers, of whatsoever Estate, Degree, or Condition they be, as well within our House as without, and to inquire and take Information by all the Ways which to them best shall seem, of all the Rents, Revenues and Profits that to Us pertain and be due, and ought to pertain and be due, as well within our Realm as without, in any manner Way or Condition, and of all manner Gifts, Grants, Alienations and Confirmations made by Us of Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities, Profits, Revenues, Wards, Marriages, Escheats, Forfeitures, Franchises, Liberties, Voidances, of Archbishopricks, Bishopricks, Abbies and Priories, Ferms of Houses and Possessions of Aliens, and of all other Possessions, Sums of Money, Goods and Chattels, and of all other Things, and to what Persons, and for what Cause, and how and in what Manner, and namely of those Persons the which have taken them without Desert; and also of all manner Revenues and Profits as well of our said Realm, as of Lands, Seignories, Cities, Towns, Castles, Fortresses, and all manner our other Possessions, as well on this Side the Sea as beyond, and of the Profits and Emoluments of our Money and Bullions, and of the taking of Prisoners, Towns and Places, Ships, Carracks, Goods and Ransoms of War by Land and by Sea, and of Benefices and other Possessions of Cardinals Rebels, and all other Aliens, and also of carrying of Money out of our Realm by the Collectors of the Pope, Procurators of the Cardinals Lumbards, and other Persons, as well Aliens as Denizens, and of the Emoluments and Profits coming and rising of the Customs and Subsidies of Wools, Leather, and Woolfels, and of small Customs and other Subsidies of Cloths, Wines, and other Merchandizes, and of Dismes and Quinzimes, and of all other Subsidies and Charges granted by the Clergy and Commons, and also of the Receipts, Profits, and Payments of the Hanaper of our Chancery, and of all other our Receipts from the Time of our Coronation till now; and of Fees, Wages, and Rewards of Officers and Ministers greater and less, also of Annuities and other Rewards and Gifts granted and made to any Persons by Us and by our Father and Grandfather, in Fee or for Term of Life, or in any other Manner, and if Gree or Payment be to them thereof made, and by whom, and in what Manner, and also how much they have released or given to Officers or other to have their Payments, and to what Persons, how and in what Manner, and of Lands, Tenements, Rents, Revenues, and Forfeitures bargained and sold to the Prejudice and Damage of Us and of our Crown, and by whom, and to whom, how and in what Manner, and of the Sale or Bargain of Tallies and Patents for singular Profit, as well in the Time of our said Grandfather as in our Time, and how and by what Persons, and also of all the Jewels and Goods which were of our said Grandfather at the Time of his

Duc Devwyk, Thomas Duc de Gloucestr, les hon'ables piers en Dieu William Evesq, de Wyncestre, Thomas Evesq de Excestre, & Nichot Abbe de Waltham, noz chiers & foialx Richard Cont Darundell, Johan Sire de Cobham, Richard Lescrop & John Deveux, iceux avons ordeignez assignez & deputez ordeignons assignons & deputons destre de nre g'nt & continuel conseil p un an entier pschein aps la date dycestes a surveier & examiner ovek noz ditz gentz Offics sibien lestat & govnaille de nre hostel & de toutz noz Courtz lieux & places, come lestat & govnaille de tout nre roialme & de touz nos Offics & Ministres de queconq estat degree ou condicion qils soient, sibien deinz nre hostel come dehors, & denquere & de preendre informacion p toutes les voies q meutz lo' semblera de toutz les rentes revenuez & pfitz qa nous apptienent & sont duez & deussent apptenir & estre dues sibien deinz nre roialme come dehors en queconq mane ou condicion qil soit, & de toutz mans de douns gentes alienacions & confirmacions p nous faitz de tres tenementz rentz annuitees pfitz revenuz gardes mariages eschetes forfaitures franchises libtees, voidances des Erceveschees Eveschees Abbacies & Priories, Fermes de mesons & possessiones des Aliens, & de toutz aut's possessions somes de deniers biens & chateux & dautres choses qconqes & as queux psones & p quelle cause & coment & en quelle mane, & mesment de ceux psones q lont pris sanz desert; & auxint des revenuz & pfitz queconqes sibien de nre dit roialme come de Pres f'ies Citees villes Chastelx fortesces & queconqes noz auts possessions sibien decea la meer come dela, & de pfitz & emolumentz de nos monoies & bullions, & de la prise des prisoners villes & lieux niefs carraks biens & raunceons de guerre p re & p meer, & de benifices & aut's possessions de Cardinalx rebelx & toutz autres aliens, & auxint des apportes du monoie hors de nre roialme p les Collectours de Pape, peuratours de Cardinalx Lumbardes & auts psones que conque sibien aliens come denzeins, & des emolumentz & pfitz pvenantz & sourdantz de custumes & subsides des leynes quirs & pealx lanutz & de les petites custumes & autres subsides de draps vines & toutz auts mchandises, des dismes & quinzismes & toutz autres subsides & charges g'ntees p le Clergie & la Coe, et auxint de les resceites pfitz & paiementz del hanaper de nre Chauncellerie, & de queconqes nos aurs resceites de temps de nre coronement tanq, en cea; & de fees gages & rewardes des Offics & Ministres greindres & meindres, & auxint des annuitees & auts rewardes & douns gantes & faitz as ascuns psones p nous & p noz pier & aiel en fee ou a tme de vie ou en ascune autre mane, & si gree ou paiement leur ent soit fait & p queux & en quele mane & combien ils ont relessez ou donnez as offics & aut's p' avoir leur paiementz & as queux psones coment & en quele mane, & de tres tenementz rentz revenues & forfait'es bargainez & venduz a pjudice & damage de nous & de nre corone & p queux & as queux & coment & en quele mane, & de vent ou bargaigne de tailles patentz p' singuler pfit sibien en temps de nre dit aiel come en nre temps & coment & p queles psones: et ensement de toutz les joialx & biens q feurent a nre dit Aiel a temps de son

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moriant & queux & de quele pris ou value & ou ils sont devenutz coment & en quele mane, & de toutes chevances ascunement faitz a nre oeps p queconqes psones & de toutz les pdes & damages q nous avons eue & sustenuz p icelles & p queux psones & coment & en quele mane, & de chartres de pdon genales & especialx et auxint de les somes & paiementz & manie de [des - - ses] sibn de nre dit hostel come p' la salvacion & defense de noz roialme Pres Fies villes chastely fortesses & aut's lieux decea la mier & dela faitz & receux p qconqes psones sibn Soldiers come autres & p queconq, voie & coment & en quele manie & combien ils ont donez p' avoir lour paiementz, & de concelementz de noz droitures & pfitz & p queux coment & en quele mane, & de meintenours & empnours de querels & dustres denquestes & doffices & ministres faitz p brocage & de lour brogours & de ceux qi ont pris le brogage & coment & en quele mane: Et de toutz les defautes & mesprisions faitz sibien en nre dit hostel & noz aut's Courtz Places & lieux suisditz come en toutz auts lieux deins nre roialme & p queconqes psons pont les pfitz de nous & de nre Corone ont este empeirez & amenusez ou la cõe ley destourbe ou delaie .ou autre damage a nous avenu: donantz & comettantz p ycestes de nre auctorite & p advys & assent dessusditz a noz ditz Conseillers & sys de eux & a noz gentz Offics aventditz, pleine poiar & auctorite genale & especiale dentrer nre dit hostell & toutz les offices dicett & toutz noz autres Courtes Places & lieux a tant de foitz come lour plerra; & de faire venir devant eux ou & q'nt lo' plerra rolles recordes & autres munimentz & evidences tieux come lour semblera, & toutz les defautes gastes & excesses trovez el dit hostel & auxint toutz aul's defautes & mesprisions trovez en les autres Courts Places Lieux Offics & Ministres susditz, & en toutz les autres articles & pointz dessuznomez & chescun dicelles, & auxint toutz autres defautes mesprisions excesses fauxcines desceites extorcions oppssions damages & grevances faitz en Pjudice damage & descresse de nous & de nre Corone & lestat de nre dit roialme en genal ou en especial nient expssez ne specifiez pamont, amender corriger reparer redresser refourmer & mettre en bon & due estat & establissement; et auxint de oier & resceyvre toutes manes des pleintes & quereles de touz noz lieges qi vorront suir & se pleindre sibn p' nous come p' lour mesmes devant noz ditz Conseillers & Offics de toutz mans de duresses oppssions injuries tortes & mesprisions, queux ne purront bonement estre amendez ne Pminez p la cours de la cõe ley de la Pre avant usee, & de ent donir & faire bone & due remede & recovir sibien p' nous come p' noz lieges susditz; & a toutes les choses aventditz & chescun de eux pleinement discuter & finalment Pminer & de ent faire plein execucion, solonc ce q lour semblera meutz p' le Honour & pfit de nous & de nre estat & redyntegracion de droitz & pfitz de nre dit Corone & meliour govnance de la paix & leis de nre Pre & releve-

Death, and what, and of what Price or Value, and what became of them, and how and in what Manner, and of all Chevisances in any wise made to our Use by any manner Persons, and of all Loss and Damages which We have had and sustained by the same, and by what Persons, how and in what Manner, and of Charters of Pardons general and especial, and also of the Sums and Payments and Manner of the Expences as well of our said House as for the Salvation and Defence of our Realms, Lands, Seignories, Towns, Castles, Fortresses, and other Places, on this Side the Sea and beyond, done and received by any Persons, as well Soldiers as other, and by any manner Way, and how and in what Manner, and how much they have given to have their Payments, and of the Concealments of our Rights and Profits, and by whom, how, and in what Manner, and of Maintainours and Takers of Quarrels, Embracers of Enquests, and of Officers and Ministers made by Brocage and of their Broggers, and of them that have taken the said Brocage, and how and in what Manner: And of all the Defaults and Offences that be done as well in our said House and our other Courts, Places, and Offices as aforesaid, as in all other Places within our Realm by any manner Persons, whereby the Profits of Us and of our Crown have been impaired and diminished, or the Common Law disturbed or delayed, or other Damage to Us happened: Giving and committing by these Presents, of our Authority, and by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, to our said Counsellors and to Six of them, and to our said great Officers, full Power and Authority general and special, to enter our said House and all the Offices of the same, and all our other Courts, Places, and Offices as often as them please, and to do come before them, where and when them pleaseth, the Rolls, Records, and other Muniments and Evidences, such as them liketh, and all the Defaults, Wastes, and Excesses found in the said House, and also all other Defaults and Misprisions found in the other Courts, Places, Offices, Officers and Ministers aforesaid, and in all the other Articles and Points above named, and every of them, and also all the other Defaults, Misprisions, Excesses, Falsities, Deceits, Extortions, Oppressions, Damages and Grievances, done in Prejudice, Damage and Diminution of Us and of our Crown, and the Estate of our said Realm, in general or special, above not specified nor expressed, to amend, correct, repair, redress, reform, and put in due and good Estate and Stablishment; and also to hear and receive all manner of Complaints and Quarrels of our Lieges, which will sue and complain them as well for Us as for themselves, before our said Counsellors and Officers, of all manner of Duresses, Oppressions, Injuries, Wrongs, and Misprisions which may not be well amended nor determined by the Course of the Common Law of the Land before used, and thereof to give and make good and due Remedy and Recovery, as well for Us as for our said liege People; and all the Things aforesaid and every of them fully to discuss and finally to determine, and thereof to make full Execution according as to them best shall seem, for the Honour and Profit of Us and of our Estate, and Reintegration of the Rights and Profits of our said Crown, and better Governance of the Peace and Laws of our Land, and Relief of our said People: Willing also that if Diversity or Variance of Opinion rise or happen between our said Counsellors and Officers, that the Judgment and

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Opinion of the greater Party have Force and hold place: Commanding and charging all Prelates, Dukes, Earls, Barons, Steward, Treasurer, and Comptroller, and all other Officers of our House, Justices of the one Bench and of the other, and all our other Justices, Barons, and Chamberlains of the Exchequer, Sheriffs, Escheators, Mayors, Bailiffs, and all our other Officers, Ministers, and Liege People, that they be attending, obedient, counselling, and aiding, as often and by the Manner as our said Counsellors and Officers shall do them to wit, on our Behalf. In Witness whereof We have done to be made these our Letters Patents. Dated under our Great Seal, at Westminster, the Nineteenth Day of November, the Tenth Year of our Reign."

[So that the said Commission and the said Statute 17 touching the same Commission, seemeth to the said Commons to be prejudicial to the King and to his Crown, and Usurpation of [the regal '] and royal Power; and that the said Duke of Gloucester and Earl of Arundel, did send a great Man and Peer of the Realm in Message to our Lord the King, who of their part said (3) That if he would not grant and assent to the said Commission and Statute, he should be in great Peril of his Life; and so as well the said Commission as the said Statute touching the said Commission, were made by constraint and compulsion, and against the Agreement of the King and his Will; Wherefore the said Commons pray our said Sovereign Lord the King, that the said Commission, and Statute touching the same Commission, with all their Dependants, be repealed and utterly adnulled, as a Thing done traitorously and against his [regal 1] Crown and Dignity: Whereupon our Sovereign Lord the King, of the Assent of all the Lords Spiritual and the Proctors of the Clergy, at the Request of the said Commons, here hath repealed the said Statute in this Article, and the said Commission and all the Pains and Dependants of the same, [utterly to be adnulled 37 for ever, for the Causes aforesaid. And moreover, [that 6] the King, of the Assent of all the said Lords and Commons hath ordained and stablished, That no such Commission neither such like, be from henceforth purchased, pursued, nor made; and he that purchaseth, pursueth, or procureth to be made (7) any such Commission, or any like in Time coming, privily or apertly or use Jurisdiction or Power by virtue of any such Commission, and of the same be duly convict in the Parliament, he shall be adjudged for a Traitor, and that of high Treason done against the King and his Crown; and (*) the King shall have the Forfeiture of his Lands, Tenements, Possessions, and all other Hereditaments, to him and to his Heirs as well holden of himself as of other.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That every Man, which compasseth or purposeth the Death of the King, or to depose him, or to render up his [Homage or Liege,9] or he that raiseth People and rideth against the King to make War within his Realm, and of that be duly attainted and judged in the Parliament, shall be judged as a Traitor of high Treason against the Crown; and he for him and his Heirs shall forfeit all the Lands, Tenements and Possessions, Liberties and all other Hereditaments, which he hath or any other hath to his Use, or had the Day of the Treason done, as well in Fee Tail as in Fee Simple, to the King and his Heirs, as well such Lands holden of other as of himself for ever; and also such Possession as other have to his Use.

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2 his Regalye 3 to bim * Regalye, his

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s and the same bath utterly annulled 6 Omit this word. greindre ptie eit force & tiegne lieu; comandantz & chargeantz a toutz Platz Ducs Conts. Barons Seneschaff Tresorer Controllour & touz aut's Offices de nre Hostel Justices del un Bank & delautre & aut's noz Justices qconqes, Barons & Chamberleyns de lescheqer Viscontz Eschetours Mairs Baillifs & touz autres noz Offics Ministres & Lieges queconqes, q a noz ditz Conseillers & Offics en la mane aventdite soient entendantz obeiantz conseillantz & eidantz si sovent & p manie come noz ditz Conseillers & Offics lour ferront assavoir dep nous. En tesmoignance de quele chose nous avons fait faire cestes noz lies patentes. Don souz nre g'nd Seal a Westin le dys & noefisme jour de Novembr lan de nre Regne disme.

Queles comission & estatut touchant mesme la comission sembla as ditz Cões estre Pjudicielx au Roy & sa Corone & Usurpacion de sa regalie & roial poiare; et q les ditz Duc de Gloucestr & Conte Darundell envoierent une g'nte psone pier de la tre en message a nre dit f' le Roy, q de leur part luy disoit q si il ne vodroit g*nter & assenter as ditz comission & estatut il feust en gent pil de sa vie, & issint sibien la dce comission come le dit estatut touchant mesme la comission feurent faitz p constreint & compulsion & encontre la gree du Roy & sa volente; dont les ditz Cões prierent a Roy q les ditz comission & estatut touchant mesme la comission Proient ove touz les dependantz dicelles repelles & de tout adnullez, come chose fait traitoirousement & encontre sa regalie sa corone & sa dignitee: Sur quoy nre f' le Roy de lassent de toutz les & espirituels & temporels & les Pcureurs de Clergie a la requeste des ditz Cões si ad repellez le dit estatut en cest article & mesme la comission & touz les peines & dependantes dicelles, & de tout adnullez p' touz jo's p' les causes susditz. Et outre ceo le Roy de lassent de touz les ditz s's & Cões, ad ordeine & establi q nuff tiel comission nautre sembleable jammes ne soit p'chacez p'sue ne faite en temps advenir, & celluy q purchase p'sue ou peure destre faite ou pursuez ascune tiele comission ou sembleable en temps advenir en prive ou en apert, ou use jurisdiccion ou poair p vtue dascune tiele comission, & de ceo soit duement convict en plement, soit adjugge p' traitour & ceo de haute traison faite encontre le Roy & sa Corone; et de ceo le Roy eit la forfaiture de sez Pres tenementz & possessions, & touz autres enheritementz a luy & ses heirs si bien tenuz de luy mesmes come dautres.

Item ordeine est & establiz q chescun q compasse & p'pose la mort du Roy ou de luy deposier ou desuis rendre son homage liege, ou celluy q leve le poeple & chivache encontre le Roy afaire de guerre deinz son roialme & de ceo soit duement atteint & adjuggez en plement soit adjuggez come traitour de haute traison encontre la Corone, & forface de luy & ses heirs qconqs toutz sez tres tentz possessions & libtees & touz aut's enheritementz queux il ad ou ascun autre ad a son oeps, ou avoit le jour de traison ppetrez, sibien en fee taille come [in'] fee symple a Roy & ses heirs sibien tenuz dautres come de luy mesmes p' toutz jours, & auxi celle possession q ascun autre ad a son oeps.

' en

III. Compassing the King's Death, or his Deposition, or the Surrender of Liege Homage, or to raise the People against him hostilely, declared

Treason.

The recited

and Statute

repealed.

Et q cest estatut se extende & teigne lieu sibien as ceux q sont adjuggez ou atteintz p' ascun des quatre pointz des ditz traisons en cest plement, come de touz ceux qi sront adjuggez ou atteintz en plement en temps advenir des ascuns des quatre pointz de traisons susditz. Et nest pas lentencion du Roy ne de les s's ne assent des Cões avantditz q si ascun tiele q forface en manle susdče soit enfeoffez en ascuny tre tent ou possession a autry oeps q ceo soit compris en celle forfaiture.

Item le Roy de lassent susdit ad ordeigne & establie q si ascun de quel estat ou condicion qil soit p'sue peure ou conseille de repeller casser revser ou adnuller ascuns des juggementz renduz devs ascuns [psones adjuggez en le dit plement, ou ascuns'] estatuz ou ordenances faitz en mesme le plement ou ascune pcelle dicelles en ascune mane, & ceo duement pvee en plement, qil soit adjugge & eit execucion come traito' au Roy & a Roialme. A queles ordenance & estatut bien & loialment tenir & garder les f's du roialme sibien espirituels come temporels sount jurrez & smentz devant le Roy come piert en le Rolle de plement.

Item outre ceo le Roy p' la greindre seuretee en temps advenir ad ordeine & establiz, q le gement de les ditz soit mys de recorde en rolle de plement & qil soit enrollez en la Chancettie, si q les Successours de touz les ditz Prelatz s' la faisance de leur foialtee p' leur temporaltees avant qils eient live dicelles hors de la Chancettie facent mesme le Bement en tout temps avenir. Et ensement q touz les heirs des ditz f's temporels en tout temps avenir al faisance de leur homage ou foialtee avent qils eient live de leur Pres hors de la Chancettie facent autiel Sement.

Item le Roy a la requeste des ditz Cões de lassent avantdit p' la greindre seurtee de luy & son roialme en temps avenir ad ordeine & establiz q les issues malx ore engendrez [du corps de ceux q sont adjuggez & atteintz en le dit plement, ne les issues mals de leur corps a engendreres '] jammes ne veignent as plementz ne as conseils du Roy ne de sez heirs, ne soient de conseil du Roy ne de sez heirs: savant toutfoitz q les issues femmales des ditz forjuggez & lour issue queux ont autres estranges piers ne soient endamagez p cest estatut.

Item le Roy ad ordene & establiz q toutz les annuitees fees corodies & aut's charges qconqes faitz ou g'untez p ceux ou ascun de ceux q sont adjuggez traito's en mesme le plement puis le jo' de les traisons ppetrez soient voidez & adnullez & tenuz p' nutt.

Item ordeine est & establi q nre dit f' le Roy eit les psentementz douns & collacions de touz les benefices de queux les avoesons feurent as psones atteintz en le dit plement, de chescun voidance avenue puis les traisons des ditz psones ppetrez & comencez; forspris de ceux benefices de queux les possessours ou Incumbentz ont ratificacion de nre dit f' le Roy les queux possessours nre dit f' le Roy voet qils enjoient leur ditz benefices. Et sauvez auxint q ceux qi sont einz p voie de pmutacion en tieux benefices qils avont ent ratificacions sils voillent pursuir.

Old Printed Copies omit.

And that this Statute shall extend and hold place as well to them which be judged or attainted for (') these iiii. Points of the said Treasons in this present Parliament, as of them which shall be judged or attainted in the Parliament in Time to come of any of the iiij. Points of Treasons aforesaid. And it is not the Mind of the King, nor of the Lords, nor the Assent of the Commons aforesaid, that if any such, which forfeiteth in the Manner aforesaid, be infeoffed in any Land, Tenement, or Possession to others' use, that that shall be comprised in the same Forfeiture.

ITEM, The King, by the Assent aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That if any, of what Estate or Condition that he be, do (') procure or counsel to repeal, abate, reverse, or adnul any of the Judgments given against any (3) Statutes or Ordinances made in the same Parliament or any Parcel of the same in any wise, and that duly proved in the Parliament, that he shall be judged and have Execution as a Traitor to the King and to the Realm. To which Ordinances and Statutes well and lawfully to be holden and kept, the Lords of the Realm, as well Spiritual as Temporal, be sworn, and have made Oaths before the King, as it appeareth in the Roll of the Parliament.

ITEM, Moreover our Sovereign Lord the King, for the more Surety in Time coming, hath ordained and established, That the Oath of the said Lords shall be put of Record in the Parliament Roll, and that it be inrolled in the Chancery, so that the Successors of all the Prelates, upon the [forfeiture 1] of their Fealty for their Temporalties before that they have Livery of the same out of the Chancery, shall make the same Oath in all Times to come. And also that all the Heirs of the said Lords Temporal in Time to come, at the making of their Homage or Fealty, before that they have Possession of their Lands out of the Chancery, shall make such an Oath.

ITEM, The King, at the Request of the said Commons, by the Assent aforesaid, for the more Surety of him and of his Realm [of England, and also of his People] in Time to come, hath ordained and stablished, That the Issue Males [of such Persons forejudged now begotten shall not 5] come to the Parliaments nor to the Councils of the King nor of his Heirs, nor shall not be of the King's Council nor of his Heirs: Saving always, That the Issues Females of the said Persons forejudged, and their Issues, which have other strange Fathers, shall not be indamaged by this Statute.

ITEM, The King hath ordained and stablished, That all the Annuities, Fees, Corodies, and all other Charges made or granted by them or any of them that be by Traitors judged Traitors in the same Parliament, after the Day repealed. of the Treasons done, shall be void, adnulled, and holden for none.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That the King shall have the Presentments, Gifts, and Collations of all the Benefices, whose Advowsons were to the Persons attainted in the said Parliament, of every Voidance fallen after the Treasons of the said Persons done and begun; except the Benefices, of which the Owners or Incumbents have Ratifications of our said Sovereign Lord the King, which Owners the King will that they shall enjoy their said Benefices. And saving [always, 6] That they, which be in by way of Permutation [with ?" such Benefices that they have thereof Ratification if they will pursue.

any of MS. Tr. 2. e pursue MS. Tr. 2.

IV. Attempting the Repeal of any Judg-ments or Statutes of this Parliament declared

Oaths, &c. of the Lords shall be recorded on the Parliament Roll and

Issue Male of Persons attainted, excluded from Parliament.

VII. Annuities,

VIII. Collation to feited by Persons attainted ven to the

³ Persons adjudged in the said Parliament, or any s now begotten of the Body of those who are adjudged and attainted in the said Parliament, nor the Issue Males of their Bodies to be begotten, 6 also MS. Tr. 2. shall never

County of Chester erect-Principality.

Castles and Towns annexed to the

same;

and limited to the King's eldest Son

ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King hath ordained and stablished, for the great Charity and Affection that he hath [in'] the County of Chester, and to the [Gentiles'] of the same, and forasmuch as the King himself before that he did take the High Dignity of King, and his Honourable Father before him, and other his Noble Progenitors, have been Earls of the said County of Chester, and for the great Honour of his eldest Son, if God send him any, and of his other Heirs, which shall have the same Seignory hereafter, by the Assent and Accord of all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Prayer of the said Commons, hath ordained (3) and stablished, for him and his Heirs, that the said County of Chester shall be the Principality of Chester, (4) from henceforth named and holden the Principality of Chester, with all the Liberties and Franchises thereof had and used, and in the same Manner as it hath been before, when he was named Earl of Chester, for ever. And Moreover the King, of his certain Science, and by the Assent and Accord aforesaid, and for the Increase and Honour of the State of (5) Princes, which shall be there, and for the Ease, Concord, and Tranquillity of his liege People of the said Principality, and of the Counties of Flint and Shropshire, and of the Seignories, which be joining to the same, hath granted, ordained and stablished, That the Castle of Lyons, with the Seignory of Bromfield and Yale, to the said Castle belonging, the Castle of [Chike,6] with the Seignory of Chirkesland to the said Castle belonging, the Castle of [Oswaldstreet,7] with the Town well walled with Stone, and the Hundred, and eleven Towns to the said Castle belonging, the Castle of Isabell, with the Seignory to the same belonging; [to *] the Castle of Dallilay, with the Appurtenances in the County of Shropshire, and the Reversion of the Seignory of [Cleue,9] with all their Appurtenances, which Edward Earl of Rutland holdeth for Term of his Life, all which Towns, Castles, and Seignories aforesaid were to Richard late Earl of Arundell, and which by force of the Judgment given against the said Earl in the said Parliament, be forfeit to our Sovereign Lord the King, shall be from henceforth annexed, united, and incorporate to the said Principality of Chester, and shall wholly abide and remain to the same Principality, as Parcel and a Member of the same for ever, without being given, sold, aliened, severed, or departed from the (10) Principality, to any Person by any way hereafter. And that no Gift nor Grant at any Time hereafter be made of the said Principality. nor of the Castles, Seignories, and Towns aforesaid, to no Person, but all only to the King's eldest Son, which shall be Prince there, if it please the King to make him; and that the said eldest Son, which shall have the said Principality, shall have also the said Castles, Seignories, and Towns as united and annexed to the same Principality, without being severed or departed from the same in Time to come: So that the said Resiants, Land-Tenants, and all the Inhabitants within the said Castles, Seignories, and Towns, shall have use and enjoy all their ancient Laws, Rights, and Customs, there of old Time reasonably had and used: Saved and reserved always to our Sovereign Lord the King his Regalty, Liberty, and Franchise, and the Rights of his Crown. Provided (") always, That the said Principality and the Seignories aforesaid, shall have and enjoy the same Laws, Liberties, and Customs, Usages, Rights, and Franchises, of old Time in the same reasonably had and used, as plainly and wholly as it was had and used,

3 graunted MS. Tr. 2. 1 10 People MS. Tr. 2. 6 Chirke 4 and

7 Oswestry

10 said

and MS. Tr. 2. 9 Clun " also MS. Tr. 2.

Item nre f' le Roy p' la g'nt chiertee & affeccion qil ad a le Countee de Cestre & a les gentz diceff & p tant q le Roi mesmes devant qil prist la haute dignitee du Roy & son hon'able pier devant luy & autres ses nobles pgenitours ont este Contes du dit Countee de Cestre, & p' le greindre hono' de son eisne filz si Dieu le doigne & des autres ses heirs qu'ont mesme le f'ie en aps, del assent & accorde de touz les f's espirituels & temporels, a la priere des ditz Cões ad ordeignez gentez & establiz p' luy & ses heirs, q le dit Contee de Cestre soit Principaltee de Cestre & desore enavant nomez & tenuz la Principaltee de Cestre ovesq toutz les libtees & franchises ent euez & usez, & en mesme le mane come il ad este pdevant qant il estoit nomez Contee de Cestre a touz jours. Et outre ceo nre f' le Roy de sa cteine science & de lassent & accord avantditz, & p' lencresce & hono' [de lestat '] des Princes q srount illoeqes, & p' ease concord & t'nquillite de ses lieges du dit Principalte & des Contees de Flynt & Salop, & des f'ies qi sont adgisantz a ycelles, ad g'ntez ordeinez & establiz q le Chastell Lyons ove la f'ie de Bromfeld & Yale a dit Chastell regardantz, le Chastel de Chirk, ove la l'ie de Chirkeslonde a dit Chastel regardantz, le Chastel de Oswaldestre, ove la ville bien murre de pere & le Hundrede & unsze villes a dit Chastel regardantz, le Chastell Isabelle ove la f'ie a ycelle regardant, & le Chastel de Dalyley ove les appurtenances en le [dit 3] Contee de Salop, & la reversion de la f'ie de Clone ove tout lour appurtenances quele Edward Conte de Roteland tient a tme de sa vie, touz les queux Chastelx f'ies & Villes susditz feurent a Richard nadgairs Conte Darundell, & les queux p force de juggement renduz devs le dit Conte en le dit plement sont a nre f' le Roy forfaitz, soient desore enavant annexez uniez & encorporez a la dite Principalte de Cestre, & demoergent & remayngnent entierment a mesme la Principaltee come pcelle & membre dicelle a touz jours, sanz estre donez venduz alienez dissevez ou deptiz de la dite Principaltee a nully p ascune voie en temps advenir. Et q nulle doun ne gente en ascun temps advenir ne Bra faite del dite Principaltee ne de les Chastelx, f'ies & Villes susdites a nulluy, fors soulement aleisne fitz du Roy q sra Prince illoeqes sy plerra au Roy affaire; et q celluy eisne fitz q ava la dite Principaltee ava ensement toutz les ditz Chastelx f'ies & Villes come uniz & annexez a mesme la Principaltee, sanz estre dissevez ou deptiz dicelle en ascun temps advenir: Issint q les resceauntz Pretenantz & touz les enfitantz deinz les ditz Chastelx f'ies & Villes, eient usent & enjoient toutz leur aunciens loies, droitures & custumes illeoges dauncien temps resonablement euez & usez: Sauvez & reservez au Roy sa regalie libtee & franchise & les droits de sa Corone. Purveu auxi toutfoiz q la dite Principaltee & les f'ies susditz eient & enjoient mesmes les loies libtees & custumez usages droitz & franchises auncienement en ycelles resonablement euez & usez auxi pleinement & entierment come estoit eue & use

Interlined on the Roll.

devant le comencement de mesme le plement; le noun de Contee de Cestre changez en noun de Principaltee de Cestre & lannexion & union des ditz Chastelx l'ies & Villes a ycelle niencontreesteantz.

Item a la requeste des Cões & de lassent des f's espirituels & temporels susditz ordenez & establiz q les Chastel & le Viscounte de Wyrcestre queles Thomas nadgairs Conte de Warr tenoit en fee, & les queux p force del juggement renduz encontre le dit Conte en le dit plement sont seisez en la maine du Roy come forfaitz, ovesk tournes hundredes rentes salines & bulleties de ewe salee sibien en Wyrcestre & en le Wyche come aillours, & toutz aur's pfitz & choses as ditz Chastel & Viscountee appurtenantz & regardantz en ascune mane ou colour, auxi pleinement & entierment come le dit Conte les avoit devant la dite forfaiture, soient demoergent & remayngnent a nre f' le Roy & a sez heirs a touz jours, sanz estre donez ou g'ntez a nulluy ou estre dissevez de sa corone en ascun temps advenir.

Item en mesme le mane q toutz les hundredes tournes Courtes libtees & franchises, queux Thomas nadgairs Duc de Gloucestre tenoit & avoit en le Contee de Essex del doun & g'unte nre & le Roy & del Roy F.dward son Aiel, les queux feurent dauncien temps an exez & jointz al Viscontee de Essex come pcelle a, celle & queux ore p le forfaiture de le dit Duc sont en la mayn du Roy come forfaitz, soient demoergent & remayngnent a nre dit & le Roy & a ses heirs, rejointz annexez & uniz a le dit Viscountee de Essex come pcelle dicelle a toutz jours, sanz estre donez ou g'ntez a nulluy ou estre dissevez ou deptiz de mesme le Viscountee en ascun temps advenir.

Item les f's q feurent appellantz en le dit plement Cestassavoir Edward Duc Daumarle, Thomas Duc de Surr, John Duc Dexcestre, John Markys de Dors, John Cont de Saz, Thomas Cont de Gloucestr & William Cont de Wiltes prierent au Roy recitantz & monstrantz coment cteins f's q sont convictz & atteintz, Cestassavoir le Duc de Gloucestr & les Contes Darundell & Warr, assemblez a Haryngey forciblement & en g'nt nombre a fere de guerre firent barrers entre le Roy & eux, q les lieges du Roy ne p'roient approcher au Roy en socour de luy, & ensy vindrent en tiel forcible mane a son Palois de Westm arraiez de guerre, si q le Roy ne les p'roit alors resister sanz r'sg'nt pil de son corps & destruccion de son poeple, Mais ensi p cohercion & compulsion les ditz Duc & Contes firent le Roy sumoner un plement a Westin lendemayn de la Purificacion de nre Dame lan de son regne unzisme, quele plement issint comencez les ditz Duc & Contes en tiel forcible mane firent continuer a la fyn; & en ycel donerent pleuseurs divses juggementz sibn de mort de homes come autrement sur divses lieges du Roi, & donerent juggementz de forfaiture de Pres & tentz biens & chateux dont ils sont convictz de haut treson; et auxi p' cteins questions q feurent demandez p le Roi touchantz son estat & regalie de cteins ses Justices adonqes a Notyngham mesme lan, & p' leur respons dicelles donez a Roi s' mesmes les questions mesmes les Justices feurent forjuggez de leur vies & juggement renduz devs eux de forfaiture de leur before the beginning of the same Parliament; the Name of the County of Chester changed into the Name of the Principality of Chester, and the Annexion and Union of the said Castles, Seignories, and Towns to the same notwithstanding.

ITEM, At the Request of the Commons, and by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal aforesaid, It is ordained and stablished, That the Castle and Sheriffwick of [Winchester,'] which Thomas late Earl of Warwick did hold in Fee, and which by force of the Judgment given against the said Earl in the said Parliament be seized into the King's Hands as forfeit, with [Towns '] and Hundreds, Rents and [Salthouses, '] as well in Worcester and in the Wich, as elsewhere, and all other Profits and Things to the said Castle and Sheriffwick pertaining and belonging in anywise or Colour, as fully and wholly as the said Earl, before the said Forfeiture, had, shall be abiding and remaining to our Sovereign Lord the King, and to his Heirs for ever, without being given or granted to any, or to be severed from his Crown at any Time hereafter.

ITEM, In the same Manner, That all the Hundreds, Tournes, Courts, Liberties, and Franchises, which Thomas late Duke of Gloucester did hold in the County of Essex of the Gift and Grant of the King, and of King Edward his Grandfather, which were of old Time annexed and joyned to the Sheriffwick of Essex, as Parcel of the same, and which now by Forfeiture of the said Duke, be in the King's Hands as forfeit, shall be abiding and remaining to the King and to his Heirs, joined, annexed, and united to the Sheriffwick of Essex, as parcel of the same for ever, without being given or granted to any, or to be severed or departed from the same Sheriffwick at any Time hereafter.

ITEM, The Lords, which were Appellants in the said Parliament, that is to say, Edward Duke of Aumarle, Thomas Duke of Surry, John Duke of Exeter, John Marquis of Dorset, John Earl of Salisbury, Thomas Earl of Gloucester, and William Earl of Wiltshire, prayed to the King, reciting and shewing, how certain Lords, which be convicted and attainted, that is to say, the Duke of Gloucester and the Earls of Arundel and Warwick, assembled at Heringey, forcibly and in great Number, [in the Manner of '] War, made Barriers betwixt the King and them, that the King's liege People might not approach to the King to succour him, and so came in such forcible Manner to his Palace of Westminster, arrayed in Manner of War, that the King might not then resist them without great Peril of his Body and Destruction of his People; so that by Coercion and Compulsion the said Duke and Earls made the King to summon a Parliament at Westminster the Morrow after the Purification of our Lady, the xi. Year of his Reign, which Parliament so begun, the said Duke and Earls in such forcible Manner continued to the End, and in the same did give many divers Judgments, as well of Death of Man as otherwise, upon divers of the King's liege People, and did give Judgment of Forfeitures of Lands, Tenements, Goods, and Chattels, whereof they be convict of High Treason, and also for certain Questions, which were demanded by the King touching his Estate and Regalty, of certain of his Justices then at Nottingham, the same Year, and for their Answers of the same given to the King upon the same Questions, the same Justices were forejudged of their Lives, and Judgment given against them of Forfeiture of

Wircester MS. Tr. 2.

** Tournes

**Worcester

** Salt-springs and Boileries of Salt Water

* to make MS. Tr. 2.

X. Castle and Sheriffwick of Worcester, &c. vested in the King.

XI. Sheriffwick, &c. of Essex vested in the King.

XII.
Opinions of
certainJudges
in 11 Ric.II.
concerning
the Statute &
Commission
10 Ric. II.
approved:
and the Proceedings in the
Parliament
11 Ric. II;
repealed.

M.2.

Vol. II.

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D d

their Lands, Tenements, Goods, and Chattels; (1) the said Duke and Earls made divers Statutes and Ordinances in the said Parliament at their Will: Whereupon the said Appellants, considering the Summons of the said Parliament to be made expressly against the Right of the King's Crown, and contrary to the Liberty and Franchise of his Person and Royal Estate, willing to acquit them to the King as his faithful liege People, prayed him that the said Parliament be adnulled and clearly holden for none; and that all the Judgments, Ordinances, and Statutes, made and given in the said Parliament, and all Things depending upon the same, shall be adnulled [and revoked,3] and holden for none, as a Thing done without Authority, and against the Will and Liberty of the King, and the Right of his Crown; and that the Lands, Tenements, Fees, and Advowsons, and all other Possessions seized by Colour of the said Judgments, shall be restored and delivered to them which were so judged, to them and to their Heirs. And also the said Commons prayed to the King, as the said Appellants prayed and said, that their Intent was to have prayed likewise: And thereupon the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the [Procurers 3] of the Clergy severally examined, assented expressly, that the said Parliament, and all the Statutes, Judgments, Ordinances, and all other Things thereof made and followed, shall be void and adnulled and of no Force nor Value, and Restitution made as afore is said. And also as well the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the [Procurers 3] of the Clergy, as the said Commons were severally examined of the said Questions, and of the Answers of the Justices aforesaid, the Tenor whereof followeth in this Manner.

"Memorandum, That the xxv. day of the Month of August, the xi. Year of the Reign of King Richard the Second, at the Castle of Nottingham, before our said Sovereign Lord the King, Robert Tresilian, Chief Justice, Robert Belknap, Chief Justice of the Common Bench (*), John Holte, Roger Fulthorpe, and William Burghe, Knights, Fellows of the said Robert Belknap, and John Lokton, one of the King's Serjeants at the Law, being personally required, in Presence of the Lords and other Witnesses under written, by our said Sovereign Lord the King, [in *] the Faith and Liegeance by which they be firmly bounden to the said King, that

written, and before them recited, and upon the same by their Discretions to say the Law:

First, It was inquired of them, Whether [the same 6] new Statute and Ordinance, and the Commission made (7) in the last Parliament holden at Westminster, be hurtful to the King's Royal Prerogative? [Whereunto all of one Mind answered, 6] That they be hurtful, and specially because they were against the King's Will.

they shall truly answer to certain Questions under

Item, It was inquired of them, How they ought to be punished, which procured the said Statute, Ordinance, and Commission to be made? [Whereunto, with one Assent, they answered,*] That they deserve to be punished by Capital Pain, that is to say, of Death, unless the King, in this Part, of his Grace, will pardon them.

Item, It was inquired, How they ought to be punished, which excited the said King to consent to the making of the said Statute, Ordinance, and Commission? [Whereunto, of one Mind, they said,*] That unless the King would give them his Pardon, they ought to be punished by Capital Pain.

ting would give them his Pardon, they ought to be unished by Capital Pain.

'and revoked, repealed, Procuratours MS. Tr. 2.

'of our Lord the King aforesaid Supon that

'and passed To which Question, they unanimously gave Answer,

res tentz biens & chateux; & les ditz Duc & Contes firent divses estatutz & ordenances en le dit plement a lour voluntee: Sur quoy les ditz appellantz considerantz les somons du dit plement estre fait expssement encontre la droit de la corone du Roy & la libtee & f'nchise de sa psone & roial estat, leur veullantz acquiter au Roy come ses loialx liges luy prierent q le dit plement soit adnullez & tenuz p' nul tout outrement; & q toutz les juggementz ordenances & estatutz faitz & renduz en le dit plement & touz les dependances dicelles soient adnullez revokez repellez & tenuz p' nul, come chose fait sanz auctoritee & encontre la volentee & libtee du Roy & la droit de sa Corone; & q les tres fees avoesons & autres possessions qconqes seisez p colour des ditz juggementz, soient restitutz & livez as ceux qi feurent ensi ajuggez & a leur heirs. Et aussi les ditz Cões prierent au Roy come les ditz appellantz avoient priez & disoient q leur entent feust davoir priez semblablement: Et s' ceo les f's espiritueles & temporeles & les pcureurs de la Clergie sevalment examinez assenterent expssement q le dit plement, & toutz les estatutz juggementz ordinances & touz autres choses ent faitz & subsecutz, soient cassez & adnullez & de nutt force & value: & restitucion fait come desuis est dit. Et auxi sibn les f's espirituels & temporels & les pcureurs de la Clergie come les ditz Cões feurent sevalment examinez de les ditz questions & de les responses des Justices suisdces, le teno' de queles sensuit :

Med, qd vicesimo quinto die Mensis Augusti, Anno regni Regis Riči sčdi undecimo, apud Castrum Notyngh coram dco dño Rege, Robtus Tresilian Capital Justič & Robtus Bealknap Capital Justič de cõi Banco Dñi nři Regis pdči & Johes Holt Rogus Fulthorp & Wills Burgh Milites Socii pdči Robti Bealknap ac Johes Loketon sviens dči dñi Regis ad legem, in psencia dňoz & alioz testium subscriptoz psonalil existentes p dčm dím nřm Regem requisiti in fide & legiancia quib; eidem dňo nřo Regi firmil sunt astricti qd ad ctas questiones inferius designatas & coram eis recitatas fidelil responderent & sup eis sčdm discrecčem suam legem dicent:

In primis querebat' ab eis, an illa nova Statutum & Ordinacio atq, Cōmissio, fca & edita in ultimo pliamento apud Westm celebrato, derogant regalie & Progative dci dni nri Regis: Ad quam quidem questionem unanimit responderunt, qd derogant, Psertim eo qd fuant cont voluntatem Regis.

Item, querebat' ab eis qualit ipi qui statutum ordinacoem & comissionem pdca fieri peurarunt sunt puniendi: Ad istam questionem unanimit responderunt, qd pena capitali scitt mortis puniri merent', nisi Rex in ea parte voluit eis gram indulgere.

Item querebat' ab eis qualit sunt illi puniendi qui Regem pacm excitarunt ad consenciena statuti ordinaccis & comissionis hujusmodi faccoi: Ad quam quidem questionem unanimit responderunt, que nisi Rex eis gram fecit sunt pena capitali mito puniendi.

& juggement renduz deva eux de torfaiture de leu

Questions put to the Judges, An. 11 Ric. II. respecting the Statute 10 Ric. II. and the Commission then made:

If derogatory to the King's

Prerogative?

How the

Procurers,

&c. were punishable?

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Item querebat' ab eis, qualem penam merent' illi qui compulerunt sive artarunt Regem ad consenciend confecció de statuti ordinacióis & comissionis: Ad quam quidem questionem unanimit responderunt, qd sunt ut pditores mito puniendi.

Item querebat' ab eis, quomodo sunt illi eciam puniendi qui impediverunt Regem quominus porat execere que ad regaliam & Progativam suam ptinuerunt: Ad istam questionem unanimi? responderunt, qd sunt ut pditores eciā puniendi.

Item quesitum erat ab eis, an postq'm in pliamento congregato negocia regni & causa congregacois pliamenti de mandato Regis fuint exposita & declarata, & cti articuli limitati p Regem sup quib3 Dñi & Cões regni in eodem pliamento pcedere debeant, si Dñi & Cões sup aliis articulis velint omino pcedere, & nullatenus sup articulis limitatis p Regem donec sup articulis p eosdem expssatis fuit p ipm Regem primo responsum, non obstante qu fuit eis injunctum p Regem incont'rium; Nunquid Rex debeat here in ea parte regimen pliamenti et de fco rege ad effectum qd sup limitatis articulis p Regem primo debeant pçedere; Tvel an Dñi & Cões primo debeant here responsum a Rege sup articulis p eosdem expssis'] anteq'm ultius pcedat'. Ad quam quidem questionem unanimit responderunt, qd Rex in ea pte heret regimen & sic seriatim in omib3 aliis articulis tangentib3 pliamentum usq ad finem ejusdem pliamenti; et si quis cont hujusmodi regimen Regis fecit tanq m pditor est puniendus.

Item querebat' ab eis, nunquid Rex quandocumq sibi placuit porit dissolvere pliamentum & suis Dñis & Coibs Pcipe qu abinde recedant, an non: Ad quam quidem questionem unanimi? responderunt, qd potest; Et si quis extunc cont' voluntatem Regis pcedat ut in pliamento tanq'm pditor puniendus existit.

Item quesitum erat ab eis, ex quo Rex potest quandocumq, sibi placuit removere quoscumq, Officiarios & Justič suos, & ipos p delictis eoz justificare & punire, Nunquid Dñi & Cões possint absq voluntate Regis Offic & Justic ipos impere sup delictis eoa in pliamento; an non: Ad istam questionem unanimi? responderunt, qd non possunt; Et si quis incont'rium fecit, est ut pditor puniendus.

Item querebat' ab eis qualit est ille puniendus qui movebat in pliamento qd mittet' p statuto, p quod Rex Edwardus fit Edwardi Regis pavus Regis nunc erat alias adjudicatus in pliamento, p cujus statuti inspeccoem, nova statutum & ordinacio ac comissio supadca fuerunt in pliamento concepta: Ad quam quidem questionem unanimit responderunt, qt tam ille qui sic movebat q'm alius qui Ptextu hujusmodi mocois statutum illud portavit ad pliamentum, sunt ut pditores & criminosi mito puniendi.

Item quesitum erat ab eis, an judiciū in ultimo pliamento apud Westin celebrato redditu conta Comitem Suff fuit erroneum & revocabile an non; Ad quam quidem questionem unanimit responderunt,

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Item, It was inquired of them, What Pain they deserved, that compelled (') the King to consent to the making of the said Statute, Ordinance, and Commission? [Whereunto, by one Assent, they gave Answer,²] That as Traitors they ought to be punished.

Item, How they (1) ought to be punished, that did interrupt the King, so that he might not exercise those Things that [pertaineth 1] to his Regalty and Prerogative? [Whereunto, of one Assent, it was answered,1] That they (3) ought to be punished as Traitors.

Item, It was inquired of them, Whether that after that the Business of the Realm, and the Cause of the Assembly of the Parliament were by the King's Commandment disclosed and declared in the Parliament (1), and [other 6] Articles limited by the King, upon which the Lords and Commons of the Realm ought to proceed in the same Parliament, if the Lords and Commons would in anywise proceed upon other Articles, and in no wise upon the Articles limited by the King, till the King had answered to the Articles expressed by them, notwithstanding that they were by the King injoined to the contrary; Whether the King in this Case ought to have the Rule of the Parliament, and indeed to rule, to the Intent that upon the Articles limited by the King, they ought first to proceed [or not,"] before they proceeded any further? [To which Question, of one Mind, they answered, That the King in this Party shall have the Rule, and so in order one after another in all other Articles touching the Parliament, till the End of the (*) Parliament. And if any do contrary to this Rule of the King, he ought to be punished as a Traitor.

Item, It was inquired of them, Whether the King, whensoever it pleaseth him, might dissolve the Parliament, and command his Lords and Commons to depart from thence or not? [Whereunto it was, of one Mind, answered,2] That he may; and if any [would proceed in the Parliament against the King's Will,9] he is to be punished as a Traitor.

Item, It was inquired, Since that the King, whensoever him pleased [might 10] remove his Officers or Justices, and to justify and punish them for their Offences, Whether the Lords and Commons might, without the King's Will, impeach the same Officers and Justices upon their Offences in the Parliament, or not? [To which Question it was by one Mind answered, 1 That they might not; and he that doth contrary is to be punished as a Traitor.

Item, It was inquired, How he is to be punished that Production moved in the Parliament, That the Statute should be sent for, whereby Edward the Son of King Edward, great Grandfather to the King that now is, was another Time [indicted "] in the Parliament, by the Inspection of which Statute, the said new Statute [or Ordinances "] and Commission were conceived in the Parliament? [To which Question of one Accord they answered,*] That as well he that so moved, as the other which by force of the same Motion brought the said Statute into the Parliament House, be as criminous and Traitors worthy to be punished.

Item, It was inquired of them, Whether the Judgment Judgment given in [our 13] Parliament holden at Westminster, against the Earl of Suffolk, were erroneous and revocable or not? [To which Question of one Assent, they said, 2]

2 To which Question, they w or constrained 3 also MS. Tr. 2. A pertained 3 assembled 7 or whether the Lords and Commons ought first to have an Answer from the King upon the Articles expressed by them,

9 after that, against the Will of the King, would proceed as in Parliament, 10 is enabled to " adjudged " and Ordinance " the last

Whether the Parliament can proceed on other Business than by the King?

The King's Parliament.

Impeach-Parliament.

sition of King

That if the same Judgment were now to be given, the same Justices and Serjeant aforesaid would not give the same, because it seemed to them that the same Judgment is revocable as erroneous in every Part.

In Witness whereof the Justices and Serjeant aforesaid to [this Present '] have set their Seals. These Men being Witnesses, The Reverend Fathers, the Lords Alexander Archbishop of York, Robert Archbishop of Dublin, John Bishop of Durham, Thomas Bishop of [Chester, 2] John Bishop of Bangor, Robert Duke of Ireland, Michael Earl of Suffolk, John Ripon Clerk, and John Blake (3). Dated the Day, Place, Month, and Year aforesaid."

All the said Answers declared legal.

Which Questions and the Answers of the same, as well before the King and the Lords, as before the Commons, were read and perceived, and it was demanded of all the States of the Parliament, how they thought of the Answers aforesaid, and they said, That they thought, that the said Justices made and gave their Answers duly and lawfully, as good and lawful liege People of the King ought to do; and in the same Manner Sir Thomas of Skelton learned in the Law, and William Hankeford, and William Brenchley, the King's Serjeants, demanded by the King of their Advice in this Behalf, said that the Answers were good and lawful; and that they would have given the same Answers, if the said Questions had been demanded of them. And my Lord William Thirning Chief Justice of the Common Bench, said that the Declaration of Treason not declared, belongeth to the Parliament; but if he were a Lord, or a Peer of the Parliament, if he had been demanded, he would have said in the same Manner; and (4) in like Manner said my Lord William Rikehyll, Justice of the Common Place, and after the coming of my Lord Walter Clopton, Chief Justice, he said in like wise: Wherefore the said Answers be judged and affirmed for good and sufficient in the said Parliament. Whereupon (3) the King by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Procurators of the Clergy, and the said Commons, and by Advice of the Justices and Serjeants aforesaid, there being, It was awarded and judged, ordained and stablished, that the said Parliament holden the said xi. Year, shall be clearly adnulled and holden for none, as a Thing made without Authority, and against the Will and Liberty of the King and the Right of his Crown; and that all the Judgments, Statutes, and Ordinances made in the same, with all Things depending upon the same, shall be revoked and adnulled, reversed, and clearly repealed and holden for none: And that all Lands, Tenements, Fees, Advowsons, and all other Possessions seised as forfeit by colour of the said Judgments, shall be restored and delivered to them which were judged or put out, to their Heirs, and to them that have in other Manner Cause of Action or Title of Right in this Behalf, with all Manner of Liberties and Franchises and Privileges, as far forth and wholly as they had at any Time, [with 6] Restitution of Goods and Chattels. But our Sovereign Lord the King, by Advice of the said Lords and Commons, considering how the King, for Recovery and Relief of his liege People, which were so judged or put out, and to make them to have Restitution of their Estates and Lands, Tenements, Fees, Advowsons, and other Possessions aforesaid, hath had and supported great and excessive Costs and Expences;

The Parties restored to their Lands.

Repeal of all

Proceedings in Parliamen

11 Ric. II.

qđ si illud judiciū esset modo reddenđ illi Justič & sviens pdči illud reddere nollent, quia videt' eis qđ judiciū illud revocabile est tanq'm erroneum in omi sui pte.

In quoz oim testimonium Justič & sviens pdči sigilla sua psentib; apposuerunt. Hiis testib; Revendis přib; dňis Alexo Archiepo Eboz, Robto Archiepo Dublin, Johe Epo Dunotm, Thoma Cicestren Epo, Johe Bangoren Epo, Robto Duce Hibn, Miche Comite Suff, & Johe Rypon ctico ac Johe Blake Scutifero. Dat loco die, mense & anno pdčis.

Queles questions & les responses dicelles, sitn devant le Roy & f's come devant les Coes feurent luz & entenduz, & demandee fuist de toutz lestatz du plement coment y leur sembloit de les responses suisdces; & ils disoient q leur sembloit, q les ditz Justices firent & donerent leur responses duement & loialment come bones & loialx liges du Roy devoient faire; & en mesme le mane Monf Thomas de Skelton apris de la leie & William Hankeford & William Brenchesle sgeantz du Roy, demandez p le Roi de leur advys en celle ptie, disoient q̃ les responses feurent bones & loialx; & qils vorroient avoir donez mesmes les responses, si les ditz questions eussent este demandez de eux. Et Monf William Thirnyng Chief Justice du cõe Bank du Roy dist q declaracion de treson nient declarez apptient a plement; Mes sil feusse f' ou pier de plement, sil eust este demandez, il voudroit avoir dit en mesme le manle; et ensi & en mesme le manle dist Monf William Rikhull Justice du cõe Bank et aps la venue de Monf Wauter Clopton Chief Justice, il dist en mesme le mane: pont les dites responses sont adjuggez & affermez p' bones & sufficeantz en le dit plement. Sur quoy p le Roy de lassent des f's espirituels & temporels & les peureurs de la Clergie & de les ditz Cões & p advys de les Justices & sgeantz suisdces illeoqes esteantz, agardez fuist & adjuggez ordeinez & establiz, q le dit plement tenuz le dit an unzisme soit toutoutrement adnulle & tenuz p' nul, come chose faite sanz auctorite & encontre la volentee & libtee du Roy & le droit de sa Corcne; et q toutz les juggementz estatutz & ordenaunces faitz en ycell ove touz les dependantz dicelles, soient revokez adnullez revsez & toutoutrement repellez & tenuz pr nuff: et q touz les Pres & tentz fees & avoesons & autres possessions queconqs seisez come forfaitz, p colour des ditz juggementz, soient restitutz & livez as ceux qi feurent juggez ou oustez & a lour heirs & a ceux qi ont en autre mane accion ou title de droit en cell ptie; ovek touz manes libtees fraunchises & privileges, aussi avant & entierment come ils avoient en ascun temps [pdevant, saunz ascunes issuez ou pfitz avoir dicelles en le mesne temps'] [ou'] restitucion des biens & chateux. Mais nre f' le Roy p advys des ditz f's & coes considerantz coment le Roy pur recovir & relevacion de ses ditz liges qi feurent issint adjuggez ou oustez & pur leur faire avoir restitucion de leur estatz & res & tentz fees & avoesons & aut's possessions suisditz, ad euz & supportez gauntes & excessives coustages & despenses;

these Presents

Efquire

so, and

beretofore, without having any Issues or Profits thereof taken in the mean time, or

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y semble au Roy & a touz les f's q touchant la dite restitucion il Proit competent satisfaccion as ditz forsjuggez & oustez & a leur heirs, pur avoir restitucion [de leur tres & tentz tantsoulement, sanz restitucion '] de leur biens & chateux ou de les issues & pfitz de les ditz tres & tentz prises en le mesne temps. Et outre qant a ceux qi ont achatez & purchacez du Roi pluseurs des Pres & tentz suisditz, Cestassavoir ascuns en demaygne ascuns en revision pur cteins somes paiez au Roy, le Roy ad chargez son Conseil denquere p lour advys de la value des ditz Pres & tentz ensi venduz, & combien les achatours ent ont pris en le mesne temps; & surceo treiter & faire ovek eux tiel fyn, come bone foy & conscience demandent: Et s' ceo ordenez est & establiz q touz ceux qi voillent pursuer p' la restitucion suisdite ou pur lour recover en celle ptie, eient briefs de Scire fac reto'nables en la Chauncellie tantz & tieux come leur semblera busoignables, ou preignent autre accion al coe ley sils vorront, & qils p'ront suier devs eux q sont tenantz de f'nk tent le lundy pschein aps la dee quinzeine de Seint Hiller, & q leur recover soit bone & effectuel devs eux nientcontresteantz ascuns alienacions ou dimises faitz puis le dit lundy, ou devers autres tenantz a leur eleccion; et q nul pteccion soit allowe en celle cas, ne nul delay p noun age ne resceit ne eide de priere forsqe p eide de priere du Roy: & q le gardein du prive seal face ent lies de pcedendo sanz pursuir ou pler au Roy ou autre delay, sanz wast ou destruccion faire en le mesne temps.

Item nre f' le Roy al instance des ditz f's appellantz de lassent des auts f's du plement, considerant coment adjuggez feust p toutz lestatz du plement, q la response faite p Robt Tresilian & autres ses ditz compaignons Justices du Roy, a Notyngham le dit an unzisme sur in cteine question demande de eux, come piert desuis, touchant Michel de la Pole nadgairs Cont de Suff, estoit juste bone & loiale, & q le dit juggement renduz envs le dit Cont en plement, lan disme nre f' le Roi feust erroine & revocable come piert desuis; Sy ad p assent du plement agardez juggez & establiz q le dit juggement renduz envs le dit Cont en le dit plement le dit an disme, soit repellez revsez & adnullez toutoutrement en mesme la mane & fo'me, come les juggementz renduz devs le dit Cont & autres adjuggez en le dit plement tenuz le dit an unzisme, feurent revsez & adnullez en mesme le plement tminez a Salop; et q toutz les Pres tentz rentz fees & advoesons & autres possessions qconqes queux feurent a dit Cont & seisez come forfaitz p colour del dit juggement en le dit plement le dit an disme ovek touz mans libtees f'nchises & privileges, auxi avant & entierment come le dit Cont les avoit en ascun temps pdevant, soient restitutz a les heirs du dit Cont sanz ascuns issues ou pfitz avoir dicelles en le mesne temps, & q les ditz heirs eient leur suite & recover en mesme la mane come dessuis.

Item les Cões monstrerent au Roy en mesme le plement coment en le dit an unzisme, a temps q les f's q sont atteintz soy leverent en gent nombre forciblement ove pluseurs gentz & vindrent a Rodcotbrigg, 1 Old Printed Copies omit.

It seemeth to the King and to all the Lords, that touching the said Restitution it shall be a competent Satisfaction to the said Persons forejudged and put out, and to their Heirs, to have Restitution (') of their Goods and Chattels, or of the Issues and Profits of the said Lands and Tenements taken in the mean Time. And Moreover, as to them which have bought and purchased of the King much of the Lands and Tenements aforesaid, (1) some in Demean, and some in Reversion, for certain Sums to be paid to the King, he hath charged his Council to inquire by their Advice of the Value of the said Lands and Tenements so sold, and how much the Buyers thereof have taken in the mean Time; and thereupon treat and make with them such End as good Faith and Conscience requireth: And thereupon It is ordained and stablished, That all they which will pursue for the Restitution aforesaid, or for their Recovery in this Behalf, shall have a Writ of Scire facias, returnable in the Chancery, as often and such as they shall think needful, or take any other Action at the Common Law if they will, and that they may sue against them which be Tenants of the Freehold, the Monday next after the said [xv. Year 3] of Saint Hillary, and that their Recovery be good and effectual against them, notwithstanding any Alienations or Demises made since the said Monday, or against other Tenants at their Election; and that no Protection be allowed in this Case, nor no Delay by Non-age, nor [restraint 1] nor Aidprayer, but by Aidprayer of the King; and that the said Keeper of the Privy Seal shall make thereof Letters of Procedendo, without pursuing or speaking to the King, or other Delay, without doing Waste or Destruction in the mean Time.

ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King, at the Instance of the said Lords Appellants, and by Assent of (') other Lords of the Parliament, considering how it was judged by all the Estates of the Parliament, that the Answer made by Robert Tresilian and other his said Companions the King's Justices at Nottingham, the said xi. Year, upon a certain Question of them demanded, as it appeareth above, touching Michael de la Pole, late Earl of Suffolk, was just, good, and lawful; and that the said Judgment given against the said Earl in the said Parliament, the said x. Year of our said Sovereign Lord the King, was erroneous and revocable, as before it appeareth; hath, by the Assent of the Parliament awarded, judged, and also stablished, that the said Judgment given against the said Earl in the said Parliament, the said x. Year, shall be repealed, reversed, and clearly adnulled, in like Manner and Form as the Judgments given against the said Earl and other judged in the said Parliament, holden the said xi. Year, were reversed and adnulled in [the 6] same Parliament determined at Shrewsbury; and that all the Lands and Tenements, Rents, Fees, and Advowsons, and all other Possessions, which were to the said Earl, and seized as forfeit by colour of the said Judgment in the said Parliament the said x. Year, with all Manner of Liberties [of] Franchises and Privileges, as far forth, and as wholly as the said Earl had them at any Time before, should be restored to the Heirs of the said Earl, without having any Issues or Profits of the same in the mean Time; and that the said Heirs have their Suit and Recovery in the same Manner as before.

ITEM, Whereas the Commons shewed to the King in the same Parliament, how (°) the said xi. Year, at the Time that the Lords that be attainted gathered them in great Number forcibly with many People, and came to

of their Lands and Tenements only, without Restitution

quyndeine MS. Tr. 2. that is to say MS. Tr. 2.

4 Receipt 7 Omit this Word. 8 in

Scire facias for such as Restitution;

no Protec-

XIII. Reversal of the Judgment an. 10 Ric. II. Suffolk.

The Heirs of the Earl restored to

Ratecote Bridge, [where '] many Robberies, Thefts, Felonies, Trespasses, Outrages, and Riots were done, by which great Mischief and Trouble may come to the People hereafter, whereof they pray, to eschew such Mischiefs and Troubles, that it would please the King to ordain and stablish in the said Parliament, That all Actions and Suits of the Party, for all Robberies, Thefts, Felonies, Trespasses, Outrages, and Riots done by them which rose (1) in the Company of the said Lords at that Time, and by that Occasion, be extinct for ever: Whereupon the King, by Advice of the Estates of the Parliament, hath ordained and stablished, That all the said Actions and Suits should be clearly extinct and adnulled, without having thereof any Remedy in any wise, in time to come.

XV. The King's General Pardon; in

consideration

of a Subsidy.

ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King, in the said Parliament, considering the great Affection and Love to him shewed by his People, and their good Port and the great Tenderness and Diligence that they have had for Salvation of his Realm, Estate, and Right of his Crown; and also for Consideration of the Grant that they have made at this Time of their good Will, more than they have done to any of his Progenitors before this Time, that is to say, the Subsidy of the Wools, Leather, and Woolfels, for Term of his Life, and a Disme and Quinzime and an half, to be paid in Manner comprised in their said Grant, and willing of his Royal Benignity to provide for the Quietness, Peace, and Tranquillity of his said People, and that they should have the greater Cause and Courage to do well, to the best of their Power in Time to come; hath pardoned and released to all his liege People of England, of whatsoever State or Condition that they be, and to every of them, all Mauner of Escapes of [Felonies,3] Chattels of fugitive Persons and Felons, Trespasses, Negligences, Misprisions, Ignorances, and all other Articles of the Eire, and other Things fallen or chanced within the Realm of England, whereof the Punishment lieth in Fine or in Ransom, or in other pecuniar Pains, or otherwise, Imprisonment, Amerciaments of Commons or of Towns, (4) of singular Persons, or (5) Charge of Freehold of them which never trespassed, as Heirs or Tenants of Lands of Escheators, Sheriffs, or Coroners, and such other: And also hath pardoned (6) and released all Manner of Gifts, Alienations, and Purchases made by them (7) of Lands, Tenements, or any other Possessions holden of him in Chief, without the King's Licence, and all Manner of Entries made in their Heritages, Purchases, or otherwise, in Part or in Whole, after the Death of their Ancestor, or of any other without Pursuit or due Process thereof made, till the Thursday the last Day of the Month of January, the last Day of the said Parliament; except those Lands, Tenements, and Possessions, which be aliened into Mortmain without Licence Royal: And also hath [thence *] wholly pardoned and released all manner of Fines, Amerciaments, Issues Forfeits not judged nor determined made fallen or happened within the Realm of England before the said Thursday: And also hath pardoned them generally the Suit of his Peace for all Manner of Treasons and Felonies made or done before the said Thursday, and the Outlawries, if any [by this Occasion be in them 9] pronounced; except Murders and Rapes of Women, and Common Thieves indicted the (10) Thursday, and (11) that be [Pernors,12] and they which be appealed of the Death of Man at the Suit of the Party, and except them which have compassed and purposed the King's Death.

Exceptions.

6 them MS. Tr. 2.

& pluseurs Robies larcyns felonies Pspasses outrages & riotes feurent faitz, p quel graunt meschief & troeble p'ra advenir au poeple enaps, dont ils prierent pur eschuir tieux meschiefs & troebles, q y plerroit au Roy dordeigner & establir en le dit plement, q touz accions & suytes de ptie pur touz robies larcyns felonies t'spasses outrages & [roiotes '] faitz, p ceux qi leverent & feurent en la compaignie des ditz f's a cel temps & p celle encheson, soient exteintz pur touz jours: Sur quoi nre f' le Roy, p advys de lestatz du plement, ad ordeignez & establiz q touz les ditz accions & suites soient toutoutrement exteintz & adnullez sanz ent avoir accion ou remede acunement [en temps 1] advenir.

Item nre f' le Roy en le dit plement considerant le g'unt affeccion & chiertee a luy monstrez p son poeple & lour bone port, & la g'unt tendresse & diligence qils ount euz pur salvacion de son roial estat & droit de sa Corone & aussy pur consideracion de la graunte gils ount fait a cest foiz de lour bone volente pluis qils ount fait as ascuns de ses pgenitours pdevant; Cestassavoir le Subside des leins quirs & peaux lanutz p' Pme de sa vie & une disme & quinzisme & demve. appaiers en mane comprise en leur g'unte suisdite; et voillant de sa roiale benignite p'voire a la quiete pees & t'nquillite de son dit poeple, & qils eient le greindre cause & corage de bien faire & leur meulx porter en temps avenir, ad pdonez & relessez as touz ses liges Dengletre de queconq estat ou condicion qils soient & a chescun de eux, touz manes des eschapes de felons, chateux des futifs & felons, rspas, negligences, mesprisions, ignorances, & touz autres articles deir & autres choses eschuz ou avenuz deinz le roialme Dengleterre, dont le punissement cherroit en fyn ou en raunceon, ou en autres peins pecuniers, ou autrement, emprisonementz, amciementz des Cões des villes ou de singulers psones ou en charge de frank tent de ceux q unqes ne Espasserent come heirs ou Pretenantz des Eschetours Viscontz ou Coroners & autres tieux: et ensement lour ad pdonez & relessez touz manes des douns alienacions & purchaces faitz p eux ou p ascun de eux des Pres tentz ou ascuns autres possessions tenuz de luy en chief saunz licence du Roy, & touz manles des entres faitz en leur heritage purchace ou autrement en ptie ou en tout, aps la mort leur auncestre ou dascuny autre, saunz pursuite ou due pcesse ent fait, tanq, al Joedy le darrein jour del Mois de Janver, le darrein jour del dit plement; forspris ceux tres tentz & possessions q sont alienez a mort mayn, saunz licence roiale: et aussy lour ad entierment pdonez & relessez touz manes de fyns amcimentz issues forfaitz nient adjuggez ne tminez faitz eschuz ou avenuz deinz mesme le roialme Denglerre devant le dit Joedy: et aussi lour ad pdone genalment la suite de sa pees pur touz manies des tresons & felonies faitz ou ppetrez devant le dit Joedy, et les utlagaries si nulles y soient p ycelles enchesons en eux pnunciez; forspris murdres & rapes des femmes & cões larons enditez le dit Joedy, & ceux q sont pyours & ceux q sont appellez de mort de home al suite de ptie, et forspris ceux qi ont compassez & p'posez la mort du Roy.

riotes Interlined on the Roll.

M. 1.

and were Felons MS. Tr. 2. or MS. Tr. 2.

⁷ or bi any of hem MS. Tr. 2.

⁹ for those causes be against them

⁸ to them 10 saide MS. Tr. 2. 13 Approvers

Pveuz toutfoiz q nully eit benefice de ceste pdon pur treson ne felonie sil ne pursue chre de pdon. Purveu aussy toutfoiz q ceux qi chivacherent & soy leverent forciblement encontre le Roy lan de son regne unzisme, ovek les f's q sont ore adjuggez & convictz, naient nutt benefice de celle faite a celle temps sils ne pursuient ent chres de pdon en celle ptie, pentre cy & le fest de seint John le Baptistre pschein avenir. Et nre dit f' le Roy sur la g'unte de ceste g'ce & pdon ensy faitz a ses lieges a ceste foitz, fist overt declaracion p son bouche demesne q si les f's ou Coes du Roialme qi viendront as plementz en temps avenir mettent ou facent impediment ou desturbance a contire del g'nte du dit subside des leins quirs & peaux lanutz ensi g'untez a luy a t'me de sa vie, q adonqes la dite g'ce & pdon soit voide & tout outrement adnullez.

Item fait a remembrer q come nre f' le Roy a la requeste des Cões de mesme le plement, eantz devs eux divses peticions sibn p' especialx psones come autres nient luez ne responduz, & queux pur briefte du temps ne p'roient bonement estre tminez durant le temps du plement, eit ordeine & assigne p auctoritee & assent du dit plement, Johan Duc de Lancastre, Esmond Duc Devwyk, Edward Duc Daumarle, Thomas Duc de Surr, John Duc Dexcestre, John Markys de Dors, Rog Cont de la Marche, John Cont de Saresbirs, Henr Cont de Northumbr, Thomas Cont de Gloucestr, Thomas Cont de Wircestre, & William Cont de Wiltes, ou sys de eux, John Bussy, Henr Grene, John Rusself, Richard Chelmeswyck, Robt Teye, & John Golofre Chivalers veignantz pur les Cões du roialme a dit plement, ou trois de eux, de examiner respoundre & pleinement Pminer toutz les ditz peticions & les matiers contenuz en ycelles, come leur meulx semblera p lour bone advys & discrecion en celle partie p auctorite du dit plement, come plus pleinement appiert en le rolle du plement : Nre f' le Roy p assent de les ditz Ducs (') Dewwyk, Aumarle, Surr & Excestre & del dit Markis & de les ditz Contz de la Marche, Saresbirs & Gloucestre, & les ditz John Bussy, Henr Grene, & John Russett, p Vtue & auctorite de la dite poair, issint a eux comys en plement, ad resceuz & oiez cieins peticions, et sur ceo faitz cteins ordenances & estatutz ensuantz: Cestassavoir, q come en un estatut fait en plement nre f' le Roy tenuz a Westin lan de son Regne treszisme, soit contenue q nutt Suo' ne Cordewaner ne use la mistier de Tanner, ne nutt Tanner ne use la mister de Cordewaner ne Suo' sur cteine peine compris en mesme lestatut; Et nientcontresteant le dit estatut & peyne plusours Cordewaners & Suours uncore usent la mister de Tanner come devant, en contempt nre f' le Roy & g'unt desceit & empovissement des Cões a cause q due execucion ne ent est faite: Sur quoy nre f' le Roy voet & ad ordene & establiz de lassent suisdit q le dit estatut issint fait, soit tenuz & gardez & duement executz ovek les peynes dicelt en touz pointz; [nientconstreant '] ascun repelle estatut ou ordenance fait a contraire.

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Provided always, That none shall have the Benefit of this Pardon for Treason nor Felony, if he pursue not a Charter of Pardon. Provided also ('), That they that rid and gathered them forcibly against the King, the xi. Year of his Reign, with the Lords which be now judged and convict, shall have no Benefit of this Act at this Time, if they pursue not a Charter of Pardon in this Behalf betwixt this and the Feast of Saint John the Baptist next coming. And the King our Sovereign Lord, upon the Grant of this Grace and Pardon so made to his liege People at this Time, made an open Declaration by his own [Mouth. So that if'] the Lords and Commons of the Realm, which shall come to the Parliaments in Time to come do put or make any Let or Disturbance contrary to the Grant of the said Subsidy of Wools, Leather, and Woolfels, so granted to him for Term of his Life, that then the said Grace and Pardon shall be void and clearly adnulled.

ITEM, It is to be Remembered, That whereas the King at the Request of [the same Parliament, making to them 3] divers Petitions as well for special Persons as other, not read nor answered, and which for shortness of Time [may 1] not well be determined during the Time of the Parliament, [it is ordained 1] and assigned, by Authority and Assent of the said Parliament, That John Duke of Lancaster, Edmund Duke of York, [Edmund 6] Duke of Aumarle, Thomas Duke of Surry, John Duke of Exeter, John Marquis of Dorset, Roger Earl of March, John Earl of Salisbury, and Henry Earl of Northumberland, Thomas Earl of Gloucester, Thomas Earl of [Winchester,'] and William Earl of Wiltshire, or Six of them, John [Hussey, 1] Henry Greene, John [Rushel,9] Henry Chelmeswike, Robert Tey, and John Golofre, Knights, coming for the Commons of the Realm to the said Parliament, or Three of them, shall examine, answer, and plainly determine all the said Petitions, and the Matters contained in the same, as they shall think best by their good Advice and Discretion in this Behalf, by Authority of the said Parliament, as it appeareth more plainly in the Roll of the said Parliament: Our Sovereign Lord the King by the Assent of the Dukes of [Lancaster,] York, Aumarle, Surry, and Exeter, and of the said Marquis, and of the said Earls of March, Salisbury, and Gloucester, and the said John [Hussey,] Henry Green, and John [Rushell,] by virtue and Authority (10) to them committed in the Parliament, hath received and heard certain Petitions, and thereupon made certain Ordinances and Statutes following, that is to say: Whereas in a Statute made in the Parliament of our Sovereign Lord the King, holden at Westminster the [Fourteenth "] Year of his Reign, was contained, That no Shoemaker nor Cordwainer should not use the Mystery of Tanning, nor no Tanner shall use the Mystery of Cordwainer or Shoemaker, upon a certain Pain comprised in the same Statute; and notwithstanding the said Statute and Pain many Cordwainers and Shoemakers do yet use the Mystery of Tanner, [as is aforesaid,"] in Contempt of the King and in great Deceit and Impoverishment of the Commons, because that due Execution is not thereof made: Whereupon the King will and hath ordained and stablished by the Assent aforesaid, That the said Statute so made be holden and kept, and duly executed with the Pains of the same in all Points, notwithstanding any Repeal, Statute, or Ordinance made to the contrary.

XVI. Authority given by Parliament to certain Commissioners to answer Petitions.

The Statute 13 R.II.c.12, respecting Tanners and Shoemakers, recited and confirmed.

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¹ always
2 Mouth, if that MS. Tr. 2.
3 the Commons of the same Parliament, baving before them

⁴ could 5 bath ordained 6 Edward MS.Tr. 2.

⁷ Worcester 8 Bussy 9 Russell
10 of the said power so 11 xiij 12 as before,

XVII. No Licences allowed for exporting Staple Merchandises, except to Calais.

ITEM, At the grievous Complaint of the Commons [shewed'] how the Staple was limited to remain at Calais, and that all the Wools, Woolfels, Leather, Lead, Tin, Cheese, Butter, and Honey, (1) passing out of the Realm of England, and of the Lands of Ireland and Wales, had Recourse to the said Place of Calais, and no Place elsewhere, certain Persons, by their Suggestion, have purchased Licences to carry Wools and other Merchandises aforesaid towards what Parts it pleaseth them beyond the Sea, Whereas they that have no such Licences ought to abide at the said Place of Calais, to the great Profit of them that be licensed, and Damage of them which have no Licence, and Destruction of the said Staple, to the great Damage of the Mint, Coinage, and Customs [of 3] Calais; the King, by the Assent aforesaid, will, ordaineth, and stablisheth, That the Statute thereof made be holden and kept, as to the great Merchandises, that is to say, Wools, Leather, Woolfels, Tin, and Lead all only, without granting any Licence to the contrary, but by the special Licence of the King himself; and if any such Licence be granted it shall be repealed.

XVIII. Stones shall be carried for Ballast towards the Repair of the Beacons, &c. at Calais.

ITEM, Whereas (1) many Works being about the Town of Calais, which in Salvation and Defence of the same Town, and the Marches there, need daily to be maintained and repaired, there be Two great Works, most necessary of all to be sustained and supported, that is to say, the Beacons before the Port there, and the Place called Paradise, which is nigh to the Ditches of the same Town, which [Ditches, 3] by the (6) Concourses and Rages of the Sea, be always feebled and impaired, as well of Stones cast out of the stuffing of the same, as also of Timber, so that if they be not hastily amended, made, and repaired, the said Port is likely to be destroyed and undone for ever; and the said Place of Paradise is now so ruinous and feeble, that if it be not newly made, and sufficiently maintained and kept, it is likely that in that Default the Walls of the same Town [in this Behalf,'] in short Time, by the great abundant Concourses of the Sea, shall be clearly [decayed,8] in Destruction and undoing of the said Town, to the great Damage of the King, and of his Realm of England, which God defend; against which Perils always to set sufficient Remedy, [it is all only at the King's Costs and Expences,9] and shall be very great and grievous Charge, if a convenient Ordinance thereof be not provided: Wherefore our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Assent aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That all manner of Ships accustomed to come to the said Port out of [the Country of] England, Fisher-boats all only except, shall bring with them all their Lastage of good Stones, convenient for the stuffing of the said Beacons, [in making their 10] reasonable Deliverance from Time to Time at their coming thither to the Treasurer, which for the Time shall be there, or to other Ministers thereto by him ordained, upon the Pain of iid. for the Weight of every Ton, [and as much"] as the said Ships be of Portage. And that all Manner of Ships entering at the said Place of Paradise, there to rest, shall pay at every their Entry there, xiiij d. Sterling, and thereupon it shall be lawful to them, if they will, there (") tarry for xiiij Days, with as many Nights then next ensuing, without paying thereof more for their said Entry:

Felparie and sen [or seu] MS.Tr. 2.

3 at 4 among 5 Beacons 6 bideous
7 in that partie MS. Tr. 2.
9 at the costes and expenses of oure saide Lord the King only, to him it is MS. Tr. 2.
10 making thereof 11 to so much 12 to

Item a la grevouse pleynt de Cões monstrantz coment lestaple estoit limite p' dem'er a Caleys, et q toutz les leyns peaux lanutz quirs plumbe & esteigne furmage bure mele, felparie & [sen '] passantz hors du Roialme Dengletre & de les tres Dirland & Gales, avoient recours a dit lieu de Caleis & nutt lieu aillours, Eteins psones p lour suggestions ount p'chasez licences damesner leins & autres michandises suisditz Vs queux ptees q lour plerra dela la meer, la ou ceux q nount my tieux licences conveignent dem'er a dit lieu de Caleis, a g'nt pfit de ceux q sount licencez & damage de ceux q nount licences & destruccion de la dit estaple & a g'unt damage del mynt coignage & custumes a Caleis; le Roi del assent suisdit voet & ad ordeigne & establiz q lestatuit ent fait soit tenuz & gardez qunt a grosses michandises, Cestassavoir leins quirs peaux lanutz esteigne & plumbe tantsoulement saunz g'unter ascune licence a cont'ire, si noun p especiale congie de Roi mesmes; et si ascun tiele licence soit g'unte a contraire soit repelle.

Item come entre plusours oveignes esteantz entour la ville de Caleys, queux en defense & salvacion de mesme la Ville & de les Marches illoeqes enbosoignont de jo' en autre estre maintenuz & repeillez, y sount deux grosses oveignes le pluis necessaries de toutdiz estre sustenuz & supportez, Cestassavoir les Beekenes devant la port illoeqes, et le lieu appelle Paradis qe est bien ps les fosses de mesme la Ville, les queles Beekenes p les hydouses concourses & rages de la meer sount toutdiz enfeblissez & empirez, sibn des peres hors buttez de lestuffure dicelles come auxi de maresme, ensy q sils ne soient hastyment amendez faitz & repaillez, le dit port est en voie destre de tout destruitz & anientez p' touz jours; et le dit lieu de padys est a psent si ruinous & fieblez q sil ne soit de novell fait & sufficeantement maintenuz & gardez, il est semblable qen ceo defaut les mures du dit ville dicelle partie en poi de temps p les Pshabuntdantes concourses de meer grount de tout descheiez, en destruccion & anientissement du dit ville a g'unde damage de nre dit & le Roy & de son Roialme q Dieu defende encontre les qelles pils toutditz mettre sufficeant remedie as coustages & despenses nre dit f' le Roy soulement, il luy est & sra Psg'und & Psgrevous charge sil nent soit mys ordenance covenable: P quoy nre F le Roy de lassent avantdit, ad ordeignez & establiz q toutz manes des Niefs au dit port acustumez de venir hors Dengletre, les batelx des Pessoners soulement horsprises, portent ovesq eux tout lour lastage des bones piers covenables p' lestuffure de les Beeknes susditz en fesant ent resonable delivance de temps en temps a lour venue illoeqes al Tresorer qi p' le temps y 3ra, ou as aut's Ministres a ceo p luy ordeignez, sur la peine de deux deniers p' le pois de chunes tonelx es atauntz q les ditz niefs soient de portage; & q touz manles des niefs au dit lieu de padys p' y reposer entrauntz, paient a chun leur entre illoeqes quatorse deniers desterlinges, & s' ceo on leur lise sils vuillent y dem'er p quatorse jours ovesq, atauntz des noets adonq pscheyns ensuyantz sanz pluis ent paier p' lour dite entre:

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Recital of St. 25 Edw. III.

45 Edw. III.

ch. 2. against inhansing and

straitening of Wears Mills

Stanks, &c.

et en cas qils demoergent pluis outre les quatorse jours & noets suisdces adong paient ils p' chun jour & noet un denier & p' le soul jour une maile & pur le soul noet une maile; et outre ceo q nutte mane de psone ne se Psume de nutt mane nief ne batett p cable corde ne autrement fermer a les maresme ne piers de les ditz Beekenes ne Padys ne de le novelt Keye autrement appelle le Wharf a la cost du dit port de Caleys, s' la peine de quarant deniers a levers de la nief q ensi soit trove fermee; et q le dit Tresorer q p' le temps y sra eit pleyn poair p' luy & ses deputes de lever & receiver les deniers de les peines suisditz encurruz sourdantz & ent faire paiement solom ceo q busoigne luy sra en son dit office p vewe & controllement del Countrollour de nre dit f le Roy illoeqes.

Item come p f Edward nadgairs Roy Dengletre Aiel nre & le Roy qorest lan de son regne vint & quint p' ceo q coes passages des niefs & bateux en les gentz rivers Dengletre si feurent sovent foiz desto bez p le lever des gortz molyns estankes estakes & kideux en g'unt damage du poeple, accordez feust & establez q toutz tieux gortz molyns estankes estakes & kideux q feurent levez & mys en temps le Roy Edward filz au Roy Henry & depuis en tieux Rivers, p queux les niefs & bateux sont destourbez qils ne poent passer come ils soleient, soient oustez & nettement abatuz saunz estre relevez, & q briefs 'sroient s' ceo maundez as viscountz des lieux ou mestier sroit de surveer & denquere & de faire ent execucion, et auxint q Justices froient s' ceo assignez a touz les foitz qil busoignereit. Et aps a la grevouse pleinte des g'untz & des Cões fait en plement du dit Roi Edward laiel lan de son regne quarant & quint, compleinantz p leur peticion q le dit estatut nestoit pas duement execut ne gardez solonc leffect dicett, estoit accordez & establiz q le dit estatut en ceo point soit tenuz & gardez solonc leffect dicett; ajoustant a ycett q si nutt tiele anusance soit abatuz p due pces contenue en le dit estatut, celluy q ferra relever la dce anusance & de ceo soit atteint duement, ecourge la peine de Cent Marcz devs le Roi a lever p [lestre'] en lescheqer; & autiel ley soy teigne de anusance fait p le enhancer de tieux gortz molyns estanks estakes & kydeux come p novelt lever; come en les ditz estatutz plus pleinement appiert. Et ore a le request des dces Coes monstrantz p leur peticion q les coes passages des niefs & bateux en les g'untz rivers Dengletre & auxint prees & pastures & tres semez adjoignantz as ditz rivers sont gentement destourbez s'oundez gastuz & destruitz p les out geouses enhancer & estreit'e des gortz molyns estanks estakes & kydeux auncienment faitz & levez devant le temps du dit Roi Edward filz au Roy Henry, dount g'untz damages & pdes sont avenuz sovent al poeple du Roialme & aviendrent de jour en autre si remedie en ne soit mys: Accorde est & establiz del assent avantdit q les ditz estatutz soient en touz lo articles tenuz & fermement gardez & duement executz ovek les peynes

estrete St. 45 E. III.

and in case that the foresaid Ships or Boats tarry over the xiiij Days and Nights aforesaid, then they shall pay for every Day and Night a Penny, and for the Day alone a Half-penny, and for the Night alone a Half-penny; and moreover [It is ordained,] That no Manner of Person shall presume to tie any Manner of Ship nor Boat by Cable, Cord, nor otherwise to the Timber nor Stones of the said Beacons nor Paradise, nor also of the New Quay, otherwise called the Wharf at the Side of the said Port of [the Town of] Calais, upon Pain of xl. Pence, to be levied of the Ship [or Boat,] which so shall be found tied; and also that the Treasurer, which there for the Time shall be, shall have full Power for him and for his Deputies, to levy and receive the Money, of the Pains aforesaid incurred and rising, and thereof to make Payment according as shall be needful in his said Office, by the View and Controllment of the King's

Comptroller there. ITEM, Whereas by Sir Edward, late King of England, Grandfather to our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, the xxv. Year of his Reign, Forasmuch as common Passages of Ships and Boats in the great Rivers of England, were oftentimes troubled by the [levying'] of Wears Mills Stanks (2) and Kiddles, to the great Damage of the People; It was accorded and stablished, That all such Wears Mills Stanks Stakes and Kiddles, which were levied and set up in the Time of King Edward, Son to King Henry, and since in such Rivers, whereby the Ships and Boats be [troubled,3] that they cannot pass as they were wont to do, shall be out and pulled down for ever, without being [relevied*;] and that Writs thereupon shall be sent to the Sheriffs of the Places where need shall be, to survey and inquire, and to make thereof Execution; and also that the Justices shall be thereupon assigned at all Times when need shall require. And after at the grievous Complaint of the great Men and of the Commons made in the Parliament of the said King Edward the Grandfather, the xlv. Year of his Reign, complaining by their Petition, that the said Statute is not duly executed nor kept after the Effect of the same, It was [ordained 5] and stablished, That the said Statute in that Point should be holden and kept after the Effect of the same; Joyning thereunto that if any such [Nuisance be made, it shall be pulled down 6] by due Process contained in the said [Statute. And he that doeth the said Nuisance to be relevied,7] and thereof be duly attainted, shall incur the Pain of a C. Marks to the King, to be levied by the Estreat of the Exchequer; and that such Law shall hold of Nuisances by the inhansing of such Wears Mills Stanks (2) and Kiddles, as by (8) new levying; as in the said Statutes more fully appeareth. And now at the Request of the said Commons, shewing by their Petition, that the common Passages of Ships and Boats in the great Rivers of England, and also Meadows, and Pastures, and Arable Lands, joining to the said Rivers, be greatly troubled, drowned, wasted, and destroyed by the outrageous inhansing and straitening of Wears Mills Stanks (9) and Kiddles, of old Time made and levied before the Time of the said King Edward, Son to King Henry, whereof great Damages and Losses have oftentimes happened to the People of the Realm, and daily shall happen, if Remedy thereof be not provided: It is accorded and stablished by the Assent aforesaid, That the said Statutes in all their Articles, shall be firmly Statutes holden and kept, and also duly executed, with the Pains,

Recited

i inhansing ² Stakes 3 disturbed 6 Nuisance be pulled down accorded MS. Tr. 2.

7 Statute, be that re-levieth the said Nuisance, the 9 Stakes

VOL. II.

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Original from PENN STATE Commissioners shall be appointed to execute the Statutes, and to survey the Wears, and to redress Offences.

and after the Effect of the same; Joining to the same that Commissions shall be made in due Form to some sufficient Persons to be Justices in every County of England, where need shall be, to survey and also keep the Waters and great Rivers there, and the Defaults to correct and amend, and to make due Execution of the said Statutes after the Effect of the same, as well by their Surveying, Advice, and Discretion, as by Enquests thereof to be taken within Franchise and without [. And when need thereof shall be '] to hear and determine the Things aforesaid; and moreover to survey the Wears Mills Stanks Stakes and Kiddles of old Time made and levied, before the Time of King Edward, Son to King Henry; and such as they shall find too much inhansed, or straitened, to correct or pull down and amend, in the Manner and Form aforesaid; Saving always reasonable Substances of the said Wears Mills Stanks Stakes and Kiddles aforesaid of old Time so made and levied: And if any such Nuisances of Wears Mills Stanks Stakes and Kiddles, of Passages and [Streets'] of old Time made and levied, be judged or awarded by the said Justices to be [corrected] and amended, he that hath the Freehold thereof, shall make thereof Execution at his Costs, within Half a Year after Knowledge thereof to him made, upon pain of an Hundred Marks to be paid to the King by Estreats of the Exchequer; and he that doeth them to be relevied or inhansed or straitened against the said Judgment, and thereof duly convict, shall incur the Pain of an Hundred Marks to be paid to the King by the Estreats of the Exchequer aforesaid; and in case that any feeleth himself grieved by Execution or otherwise in this Behalf against Right and Reason, he shall pursue and have Right and Remedy.

Freeholder shall remove Wears, on Award of such Commissioners, &c.

Penalty for Default, or for inhansing Wears, &c. 100 Marks.

AX.
Attempting
the Repeal
of any of
these Statutes
declared
Treason.

ITEM, The King by the Assent of the said Lords and Knights, so assigned by the said Authority of Parliament, will and hath ordained, That every Person that procureth, or pursueth to repeal or reverse any of the said Statutes or Ordinances made by the King, by the Assent of the said Lords and Knights assigned by Power and Authority of Parliament, and that duly proved in the Parliament, he shall be judged and have Execution as a Traitor to the King and to the Realm, in like Manner as they which pursue or procure to repeal the Statutes and Ordinances made during the Time of the said Parliament.

so often and when need shall be, and

⁹ Straitings ⁹ pulled down

& solonc leffect dicelles; adjoustant a ycelles q comissions soient faitz en due forme as sufficeauntz psones destre Justices en chun Countee Dengletre ou busoigne Bra, de s'veere & garder les eawes & g'untz rivers illoeges, & les defautes corriger & amender & due execucion faire de les ditz estatutz solone leffecte dicelles, sibien p leur seurveu avis & discrecion come p enquestes ent apridre deins fraunchises & dehors, si & q'nt busoigne Bra & doier & Pminer les choses suisditz; et outre ceo de s'veer les gortz molyns estankes estakes & kydeux auncienment faitz & levez devant le dit temps de Roy E. filz au Roy Henry, & ceux ails trovent trop enhancez ou estreitez, de les corriger abater & amender en la mane & forme suisdite: Sauvant toutfoitz resonable substance de les gortz molyns estanks estakes & kydeux suisditz issint auncienment faitz & levez: et si ascuns tiels anusances des gortz molyns estankes estakes & kydeux des passages & estroit'es auncienment faitz & levez soient ajuggez ou agardez p les ditz Justices destre abbatuz & amendez, celuy qi ad le f'nc tent dicelles ferra ent execucion a ses coustages deinz une demy an aps notificacion a luy ent affaire s' peyne de Cent Marcz a paiers au Roy p estreites en lescheker; et celuy q les face relever ou enhancer ou estraiter encontre le dit juggement & de ceo soit duement convict encourge la peine de Cent Marcz apaiers a Roy p estretes en lescheqer suisdit: et en cas q ascun se sent estre grevez p execucion ou autre voie en celle ptie encontre droit & reson, p'sue & eit droit & remedie.

Item le Roy, p mesme lassent de les ditz f's & Chivalers ensi assignez p la dite auctoritee du plement, voet & ad ordenez q chescun q p'sue ou pcure de repeller ou reverser ascuns des dces estatutz ou ordenances faites p le Roy de lassent des ditz f's (') Chivalers issint assignez p poair & auctorite du plement, & ceo duement pvee en parlement, qil soit adjuggez & eit execucion come traito au Roy & a Roialme en mesme la mane come ceux qi p'suont ou pcuront de repeller les estatutz & ordenances faites en temps del dit plement durant.

1 & Rot. Parl. nu. 85.

End of the Statutes of King Richard the Second.

STATUTES OF KING HENRY THE FOURTH.

Anno 1° HENRICI, IV. A.D. 1399.

In Margine Rotuli.

Statutum de Anno pimo.

STATUTE OF THE FIRST YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 20.

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HENRY p la grace de dieu Roi Denglerre & de Fraunce & Seignur Dirland, al hono' de dieu & revence du seinte esglise p' nurrir unitee pees & concorde des toutz partz deinz le roialme Denglerre & p' relevacion & recover de mesme le roialme qore tard ad este meschiefousement mys a regunde ruyne meschief & desolacion, del assent des plates Ducs Contz & Barons & al instance & especiale request des Cões de mesme cest roialme assemblez a son plement tenuz a Westin en le fest de Seinte Feie la Virgine lan de son Regne primer ad fait ordeiner & establire cains ordinaunces & estatutz en la forme quensuit.

Primement q seint esglise eit & enjoiez toutes ses droitures libtees & franchises entierment & saunz emblemissement: et q la gunde Chartre & la Chre de la Forest & toutz les autres bones ordinances & estatutz faites en temps de ses nobles pgenitours & nient repellez, soient fermement tenuz & gardez en toutz pointz: et q le paix deinz son roialme soit tenuz & gardez issint q toutz ses loialx lieges & subgitz purront desore saufment & paisiblement aler venir & demorer selonc les loies & usages de mesme le roialme, & q bone justice & oeff droit soit fait a chescuny.

Item q null f' espirituel ne temporel nautre psone qeconqe de quel estat ou condicion qil soit qi viendrent ove nre dit f' le Roi qorest el roialme Denglerre, nautres psones quelconqes adonqes demurrantz en mesme le roialme, et qi viendrent au dit Roi en eide de luy a pursuer ceux qi feurent encontre le bone entent nre dit f' le Roi & le coe pfit du roialme, en quel pursuit Richard nadgairs Roi Dengleterre le second aps le conquest fuist pursuie pris & mys en garde & unqore demoert en garde, ne soit empeschez molestez ne grevez en psone nen biens en Courte du Roi nen autry Court p' la pursuit de dit Roi prise & detenue de son corps, ne pur la pursuit dautri prise des psones & chateux ou de mort dome ou qeconqe autre chose fait en la dite pursuit del jour q le dit

HENRY by the Grace of God, King of England, and of France, and Lord of Ireland, to the Laud and Honour of God, and Reverence of Holy Church, for to nourish Unity, Peace, and Concord [of all Parties'] within the Realm of England, and for the Redress and Recovery of the same Realm, which now of late hath been dangerously put to great Ruin, Mischief, and Desolation; of the Assent of the Prelates, Dukes, Earls, (') Barons, and at the Instance and Special Request of the Commons of the same Realm, assembled at his Parliament holden at Westminster in the Feast of St. Faith the Virgin, the First Year of his Reign, hath [made,'] ordained, and established certain Ordinances and Statutes in Form as hereafter followeth.

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FIRST, That Holy Church have and enjoy all her Rights, Liberties, and Franchises, entirely and without imblemishing: And that the Great Charter, and the Charter of the Forest, and other good Ordinances and Statutes made in the Time of his Noble Progenitors, and not repealed, be firmly holden and kept in all Points: And that the Peace within this Realm be holden and kept, so that all his lawful liege People and Subjects may from henceforth safely and peaceably go, come, and dwell, according to the [lawful *] Usages of the same Realm; and that good Justice and even Right be done to every Person.

ITEM, That no Lord Spiritual nor Temporal nor other Person, of what Estate or Condition that he be, which came with our Sovereign Lord the King that now is into the Realm of England, nor none other Persons, whatsoever they be, then dwelling within the same Realm, and which came to the King in Aid of him to pursue them that were against the good Intent of our Sovereign Lord the King and the Common Profit of the Realm, in which pursuit Richard late King of England the Second after the Conquest was pursued, taken, and put in Ward, and yet remaineth in Ward, be impeached, grieved nor vexed, in Person nor in Goods, in the King's Court nor in [none other Court 5] for the Pursuit of the said King, taking and withholding of his Body, nor for the Pursuit of any other, taking of Persons and Chattels, or of the Death of a Man, or any other Thing done in the said Pursuit, from the Day that the said

in all parts 2 and MS. Tr. 2. 3 caused to be
4 Laws and 5 the Court of none other

I. Liberties of the Church, and Statutes,

The Peace shall be kept,

and Justice

II.
None shall be impeached who, in Aid of King Henry IV. helped to pursue King Richard II. or his Adherents.

King that now is arrived, till the Day of the Coronation of our said Sovereign Lord King Henry. And the Intent of the King is not that Offenders, which committed Trespasses or other Offences out of the said Pursuit without special Warrant shall be aided or have any Advantage of this Statute; But that they be thereof answerable at the Common Law.

Repeal of the whole Parliament 21 Ric. II. and of the Authority deputed thereby.

ITEM, Whereas the Monday next after the Feast of the Exaltation of the Holy Cross, the xxj. Year of the Reign of the said late King Richard, a Parliament was summoned and holden at Westminster, and from thence adjourned to Salop, at which Town a certain Power was committed by Authority of the Parliament, to certain Persons to proceed upon certain Articles and Matters comprised in the Roll of the Parliament thereof made, as by the same Roll may appear, in which Parliament, and also by Authority aforesaid, divers Statutes, Judgments, Ordinances, and Stablishments were made, ordained, and given erroneously and [dolefully;'] in great Disherison and final Destruction and undoing of many honourable Lords and other liege People of the Realm, and of their Heirs for ever: Our Sovereign Lord the King, considering the great Mischiefs aforesaid, by the Advice and Assent of all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of all the Commonalty, hath judged the said Parliament, holden the said xxi. Year, and the Authority thereof given, as afore is said, with all the Circumstances and Dependents thereupon to be of no Force nor Value: And that the same Parliament, with the Authority aforesaid, and all the Circumstances and Dependents thereupon, be wholly reversed, revoked, voided, undone, repealed, and adnulled for ever.

ITEM, It is accorded, assented, and established, That the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Eleventh Year of the said late King Richard, be firmly holden and kept according to the Purport (') of the same, as a Thing [made'] for the great Honour and common Profit of this Realm.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That the Lords and other which were forejudged in the said Parliament, holden the said one-and-twentieth Year, or by Authority of the same, which now be in Life, and the Heirs of the Lords and other that be dead, shall be wholly restitute and restored to their Names, all manner of Inheritaments and Possessions, Reversions, Fees, Advowsons, Offices, Liberties, and Franchises, as entirely as the said Lords and other which be in Life, or the Lords and other which be dead, Ancestors of the Heirs (*) or the Feoffees of the said Lords or (5) other aforesaid, or other Feoffees to their Use, were at the Time of the Judgment given against them, the said xxi. Year, by Entry, without other Suit thereof to be made, or Livery to be had of the same: Saving always that the said Lords or the other aforesaid shall have nothing of the Issues taken in the mean time: And as to the Goods and Chattels, which were to the said Lords, or the other Persons aforesaid, so forejudged, whereof the King is not answered, and be in the Hands of the Sheriffs, Escheators, or other Officers, Ministers, or any other, and concealed by them; the King will and granteth, That the same Lords and other which now be in Life, and the Executors and Administrators of them that be dead, shall have thereof Livery and Restitution; and that the Sheriffs, Escheators, Officers, and Ministers, so occur pying the said Goods and Chattels by such Concealment, be punished for the said Concealment.

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Roi que est arriva, tanqa jour de coronement de nre dit f le Roi Henry. Et nest pas lentencion nre dit f' le Roi q meffaisours qi firent repasses ou autres malx hors de la dit pursuit saunz especiale garrant, soient covtes naient avantage de ceste estatut; Ainz qils ent soient respoinantz a la coe ley.

Item come le lunedy pschein aps le fest del Exaltacion de la seinte Croice lan du regne le dit nadgairs Roi Richard vignt primer, un plement feut somonez & tenuz a Westin & dilloesges adjournez a Salopbirs, a quelle ville cteine poair feut comys p auctorite du plement as ctains psones de pceder sur ctains articles & matiers comprisez en rolle du plement ent fait, come p mesme le Rolle y purra apparoir, en quel plement & auxint p lauctorite suisdce divses estatutz juggementz ordinances & establissementz feurent faitz ordinez & renduz erronousement & Psdolorousement en g'unde desheriteson & final destruccion & anientisment des plusours honurables f's & aut's lieges du roialme & de lour heirs as touz jo's: Nre & le Roi considerant les Psg*undes meschiefs avantdces, de ladvys & assent des toutz les f's espirituelx & temporelx & de tout la Cõialtee de roialme ad adjuggez le dit plement tenuz le dit an vingt primer, & lauctoritee ent done come desuis est dit ove toutes les circumstances & dependences dicett destre de nulle force ou value: et q mesme le plement ove lauctorite susdce & touz les circumstances & dependences dicett, soient de tout revsez revokez irritez cassez repellez & adnullez pur touz jours.

Item acordez est assentuz & establiz q le plement tenuz a Westm lan unzisme le dit nadgairs Roi Richard soit fermement tenuz & gardez selonc le purport & effect dicelle, come chose fait pur l'sg'und honure & coe pfit de tout le roialme.

Item ordeinez est & assentuz q les f's & aut's qi feurent forjuggez en dit plement tenuz le dit an vingt & primer ou p auctoritee dicett, qore sont en vie & les heirs des f's & aut's qi sont mortz, soient entierment restorez & restitutz a lour nouns heretages & possessions revsions fees advoesons offices libtes & franchises qeconqes, auxi entierment come les dces f's & auts qure sont en vie ou les f's & auts qi sont mortz, auncestres des heirs susditz, ou les enfeoffez des ditz f's ou de les auts susditz ou auts enfeoffez a lour oeps, feurent al temps du juggement renduz devs eux le dit an vingt primer, p entree saunz aute pursuit ent faire ou livee avoir dicelles: Sauvant toutefoitz q les ditz f's ne lesa ut's avantditz naient riens de les issuez ent prisez en le mesne temps: Et quant a les biens & chateux qi feurent as ditz f's ou les aut's psones susditz ensi forjuggez, des queux le Roi nest pas responduz & sont es mains des Viscontz Escheto's ou aut's officers Ministres ou psones qeconqes & p eux concelez, le Roi voet & g'unt, q mesmes les f's & aut's gore sont en vie & les executours & administratours de ceux qi sont mortz ent eient livee & restitucion; & q les Viscontz Eschetours officers & Ministres ensi occupiantz les ditz biens & chateux p tiel concelement soient puniz p' mesme le concelement.

IV. Parliament 11 Ric II.

V.

Restitution

Parliament 21 Ric. II.

and their

Heirs.

of Persons at-

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vij.

Item aufyn q nre dit f le Roi en temps avenir ne soit deceux en ses g'untes ou douns annuels ou en fee, ou en acunes offices p lui a doners fairs ou g'unters, il voet de lassent des f's espirituelx & temporelx susditz & a la request des ditz Cões estre conseillez p les sages de son conseil es choses touchantz lestat de lui & de son Roialme, sauvant toutfoitz sa libtee; & voet & ad ordeinez & establiez de lassent soditz, q toutz ceux qi desore enavant demanderont du Roi tres tentz rentes offices annuitees ou aut's pfitz qeconqes, facent expsse mencion en lour peticions de la value de la chose ensi a demander, et auxi de ce qils ont eue du doun de Roi ou des aut's ses pgenitours ou Pdecessours pdevant. Et en cas qils ne facent tiel mencion en lour ditz peticions & ce duement pve soient les lies patentes du Roi ent faites nient vaillables, ne de nutt force neffect, Mais de tout revokez repellez & adnullez p' touz jours, au punissement de ceux qensi ont fait tiel deceit au Roi, come ceux qi ne sont pas dignes denjoier leffect & onfice des lies patentes a eux g'untez celle ptie.

Item pur ouster meintenance & nurrir amour paix & quiete des toutz partz pmy le roialme, ordeinez est & establiez p le Roi & les f's espirituelx & temporelx & les Cões soditz en pleine plement, q null f' de quel estat ou condicion qil soit use ne doigne ascune livee de signe de compaignie a nul Chivaler Esquier ne Vallet deinz le Roialme susdit : Sauvant toutefoitz q nre dit f' le Roi durra tant soulement son honurable livee a les f's temporelx queux lui plerra; & sauvant auxi q mesme nre f le Roi durra son dit honurable livee a ses Chivalers & Esquiers menialx, & auxi a ses Chivalers & Esquiers qi sont de sa retenue & Pignent de lui lour fee annuel p' t'me de vie. Et outre ce accordez est & assentuz p le Roi & les f's & Cões soditz, q les ditz Chivalers & Esquiers ne usent aucunement lour ditz livees en lour pais ou Contees es queux ils sont receantz ou demurrantz naillours deinz le Roialme hors du psence du Roi; et si aucun f' face le contrair & ce duement pvee, qil face fine & ranceon a la volunte de Roi; et si aucun Chivaler ou Esquier face la contrair & de ce soit duement atteint pde son dit livee & forface son fee p' touz jours; et q nutt Vadlet appelle Yoman pigne ne use nulle livee du Roi ne de nutt aute f' sur peine demprisonement & de faire fine & ranceon a la volunte de Roi: Purveux toutefoitz q les Conestable & Mareschal Denglet're p' le temps esteantz ove lour retenue des Chrs & Esquiers puissent user la dit livee du Roi sur les Frontiers & la Marche du roialme en temps de Guerre: et p'veux auxi q touz ceux qi veullent t'vailler & passent le Meer as pties de dela p' quere honure, purroient user mesme la livee celles pties saunz ent estre aucunement grevez ou empeschez. Et outre ceo accordez est & assentuz q nutt Ercevesq Evesq Abbe ne Priour ne nutt aute home de seinte esglise, ou temporel de quel estat ou condicion qil soit deinz le dit Roialme, doigne aucune livee de drap a nully mais soulement a ses menialx & officers & ceux qi sont de son conseil sibien espirituelx come temporelx, aprisez de lune ou lautre ley,

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ITEM, To the Intent that our said Lord the King in Time to come shall not be deceived in his Grants or Gifts, annual or in Fee, or in any Offices by him to be given, made, or granted, He will, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal aforesaid, and at the Request of the said Commons, be counselled by the wise Men of his Council in Things touching the Estate of him and of his Realm, saving always his Liberty; also he hath ordained and stablished by the Assent aforesaid, That all they which from henceforth do demand of the King, Lands Tenements Rents Offices Annuities, or any other Profits, shall make express Mention in their Petitions of the Value of the Thing so to be demanded, and also of that which they have had of the King's Gift, or of other his Progenitors or Predecessors before. And in case they make not such Mention in their said Petitions, and that duely proved, the King's Letters Patents thereof made shall not be available, nor of any Force nor Effect, but wholly revoked, repealed, and adnulled for ever; to the Punishment of them which so have done Deceit to the King, as they that be not worthy to enjoy the Effect and Benefit of the Letters Patents to them granted in this Behalf.

ITEM, To eschew Maintenance, and to nourish Love, Peace, and Quietness, of all Parts through the Realm: It is ordained and stablished, by the King and his Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons aforesaid in the full Parliament, That no Lord, of what Estate or Condition soever he be, shall use nor [ordain '] any Livery of Sign of Company, to no Knight, Esquire, nor Yeoman, within the Realm aforesaid: Saving always that our Sovereign Lord the King shall give only his Honourable Livery to his Lords Temporal, whom shall who may please him; saving also that our (1) Sovereign Lord shall give his Honourable Livery to his Knights, and Esquires menial; and also to his Knights and Esquires, which be of his Retinue, and do take of him their yearly Fee for Term of Life. Moreover it is accorded and assented by the King, [his 3] Lords and Commons aforesaid, That the Knights and Esquires shall not in any wise wear their said Liveries in their Countries or Counties where they be resident or dwelling, nor in none other Place within the Realm out of the King's Presence; and if any Lord do the contrary, and that duly proved, he shall make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will; and if any Knight or Esquire do the contrary, and be thereof duly attainted, he shall lose his said Livery, and forfeit his Fee for ever: And that no (4) Yeoman take nor wear any Livery of the King, nor of none other Lord upon Pain of Imprisonment, and to make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will: Provided alway, That the Constable and Marshall of England for the Time being, [in 5] their retinue of Knights and Esquires, may wear the said Livery of the King, upon the Borders and Marches of the Realm in Time of War: Provided also, That all they that will travel, and pass over (6) into the Parts beyond the Sea to seek Honour, may wear the same Livery in those Parts, without being thereof any wise grieved or impeached. Moreover it is accorded and assented, That no Archbishop, Bishop, Abbot, nor Prior, nor none other Man of Holy Church, or Temporal, of what Estate or Condition he be within the said Realm, shall give any Livery of Cloth to any Man, but only to his menial Servants and Officers [or to7] them that be of his Council, as well Spiritual as Temporal, learned in the one Law or the other,

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In Petitions to the King for Lands, Offices, &c. thereof shall be mentioned.

VII. The giving of Liveries forbidden;

England, and Marshall of England.

upon Pain to make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will: And this Statute or Ordinance shall begin to hold Place, from the Feast of Candlemas next to come.

ITEM, At the grievous Complaint of the said Com-

mons, made in the said Parliament, how many of the

King's liege People, which have been seised and pos-

sessed of Lands and Tenements, by their Right and

VIII. Disseisin of Landowners by the King's Patent;

Title, until the last coming of our Lord the King into England, that upon Suggestion made to him, the said Lands and Tenements have been granted to divers Persons, and Letters Patents thereof made, so that by Colour of such Grants and Letters Patents, the Tenants and true Owners of the said Tenements in divers Counties be disseised and put out of the same, to their great Damage, and against the Course of the Common Law: Our Lord the King considering the Mischiefs aforesaid, and willing thereupon to provide due Remedy, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords and Commons aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That in case any Lands or Tenements be granted by the King's Patent, special Assise. without Title found by Inquest or otherwise where the King's Entry is not given by Law, they that be put out or disseised of their Freehold, shall have a special Assise of the Chancellor's Grant, without other Suit to be made to the King in that Behalf; And if the Parties or Persons having the King's Letters Patents do pray in Aid, a Writ of Procedendo shall be granted by the said Chancellor, without making other Suit to the King;

and in case that they which be put out, or disseised, do

recover against the Persons having such Patents, they

which be so put out or disseised shall recover their

treble Damages: And that this Ordinance and Statute

hold Place as well [after '] the King's Arrival into

England, as in all Time to come.

IX. Confirmation

ITEM, Whereas among other Statutes and Ordinances made in the Eleventh Year of the said late King Richard, It was ordained and stablished, That the great Officers of the said late King, by the Advice of other Lords of the Council, should have Power to sell Parcel of the Forfeitures of them that were forejudged in the Parliament, holden the said xi. Year, by their good Discretion, and that the Gifts and Grants to be made upon such Sales, should be firm and stable: Our said Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of his Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons, considering how divers Sales have been made by Force of the Ordinance and Statute aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, that the Gifts and Grants so made by virtue of the Sale aforesaid only, shall stand in their force and virtue, notwithstanding any Gifts and Grants made to the contrary, and that they which will sue for a Confirmation of

ITEM, Whereas in the said Parliament holden the said one and twentieth Year of the said late King Richard, divers Pains of Treason were ordained by Statute, in as much that there was no Man which did know how he ought to behave himself, to do, speak, or say, for Doubt of such Pains; It is accorded and assented by the King, the Lords and Commons aforesaid, That in no Time to come any Treason be judged otherwise than it was ordained by the Statute in the Time of his Noble Grandfather King Edward the Third, whom God assoil

their Purchase made in this Behalf, shall [thereto3] have

a Confirmation, paying the Fines and Fees thereof due.

ITEM, Whereas the said Commons by their Petition have shewed in the same Parliament, how the Sheriffs of Counties within the Realm be charged with the antient

1 thereof

sur peine de faire fine & ranceon al volunte du Roi; et comencera cest ordinance & estatut de tenir lieu de le fest de Chandeleure pscheine avenir.

Item a la grevouse compleint des ditz Cões fait en de spali assesu (dit plement, coment plusours des lieges nre dit f' le Roi qont este seisiz & possessionez des t'res & tentz p lour droit & title tanqal darreine venue nre dit & le Roi en Englerre, q p suggestion a lui fait les ditz Pres & tentz ont este guntez as divses psones & lies patentes ent faitz, issint q p colour des tielx g'untes & lres patentz les tenantz & vroies possesso's des ditz tentz es pluso's Contes sont deseisez & oustez dicelles, a lour g'und damage & encontre le cours de la coe ley : Nre dit l' le Roy consideraunt le mischief sodit & veulant s' ce ordeiner due remede, de ladvys & assent des f's & Cões suisditz ad ordeinz & establiz, q la ou res ou tentz sont g'untez p patent du Roi sanz title trove p enquest ou autment la ou lentree du Roi nest pas done p la ley aient ceux qi sont oustez ou diseisez de lo' franc tent especiale assise du g'unt du Chaunceller saunz aute p'suite faire au Roi celle ptie; et si les psones eiantz les patentes du Roi prient en eide, soit g'unte brief de pcedendo p le dit Chaunceller saunz aute pursuit faire au Roi; et en cas q les ditz oustez ou disseisez recovent devs les psones eiantz tielx patents q mesmes les oustez ou disseisez recovent lour damage a treble. Et q cest ordinance & estatut tiegne lieu sibien puis larivalt du Roi en Engletre come en tout temps avenir.

Item come entre aut's ordinances & Estatutz faitz lan unzisme le dit nadgairs Roi Richard ordeinez soit & establiz, q les g'undes Officers du dit nadgairs Roi p advis des auts f's de conseil, eient poair de vendre pcelle de les forfaitures de ceux qi feurent forjuggez en le plement tenuz le dit an unzisme p lour bone discrecion, & q les doun & g'unte affairs sur tiel vente, soit ferme & estable: Nre dit & le Roi p advis & assent de les f's espirituelx & temporelx & a la request des ditz Cões, considerant coment plusours ventes ont este faites p force de les ordinance & estatut suisditz, ad ordeinez & establiz q̃ les douns & g*untes ensi faites p vtue des ventes suisditz tantsoulement, estoisent en lo force & Vtue, noun obstantz ascuns douns ou g'untz faitz au contrair, et q ceux qi veulent suer p' confirmacion avoir de lo' purchace fait celle ptie, qils ent eient confirmacion paiantz les fines & fees ent duez.

Item come en le dit plement tenuz le dit an vingt primer le dit nadgairs Roi Richard, plusours peines de traison feurent ordeinez p estatut pensi q y navoit aucun home qa poie savoit coment il se deust avoir, de faire pler ou dire pur doubte des tielx peines; Accordez est & assentuz p le Roi & les f's & Cões suisditz qen nuff temps avenir aucune traison soit adjugge autrement q ne feut ordinez p estatut en temps de son noble aiel le Roi Edward tiers qi Dieu assoile.

Item come les ditz Cões p lour peticion ont monstrez en mesme cest plement coment les Viscontz des Countes deinz le roialme sont chargez ove launcien

See Rot. Parl. 1 Hen. IV. nu. 120.

Upon Prayer in Aid, a Procedendo shall issue.

Such Dis-

seisees shall

maintain a

Treble Damages to grieved.

of the Sale of Lands made under Statute 11 Ric. II. chapter 6.

X. Repeal of all Treasons not enacted by the Statute 25 Edw. III. st. 5. c. 2.

XI.

Sheriffs over-

charged with

the ancient

Fermes.



ferme des mesmes les Contees, la ou g'unde pcelle des pfitz dicelles sont donez divsement as &'s & aut's lieges du Roi issint q mesmes les Viscontz ne purront paier lour ferme saunz extorsion faire es ditz Contees, en g'unt oppssion & arerissement sibien des ditz Viscontz come de les enhabitantz es mesmes les Contees: Nïe f' le Roi considerant les meschiefs suisditz, de ladvis & assent des & & cões soditz ad ordeinez & establiz, q desore enavant les Viscontz des Countees Dessex & Hertf en espale & les Viscontz des aut's Contees suisditz p' le temps esteantz accomptent a lescheqer & aient allouance p lour fement de les issues des ditz Contees, sibien puis la date de lour patentes a eux faitz p le dit nadgairs Roi Richard come p' tout temps avenir; et si aucun Viscont desore enavant face aucun extorsion a poeple & de ce soit atteint, qil soit duement punis p' mesme lextorsion a la volunte du Roi.

Item come & Edward nadgairs Roi Dengletre Aiel nre f' le Roi qorest lan de son regne vingt & quint, pur ce q coes passages des niefs & bateux en les g'unds rivers Denglet're si feurent souventfoitz destourbez p lever des gors molyns estankes estakes & kideux en g*unde damage du poeple, accordez feut & establiz q touz tielx gors molyns estankes estakes & kideux qi feurent levez & mys en temps le Roi Edward fitz a Roi Henr & depuis en tieulx rivers p queux les niefs & bateux sont destourbez qils ne poient passer come ils soloient, soient oustez & nettement abatuz saunz estre relevez; & q briefs Proient sur ce maundez as Viscontz des lieux ou mestier sroit de surveier & denquere & de faire ent execucion; & auxint q Justices foient sur ce assignez a touz les foitz qil bussoignoit : et aps a la grevouse pleint des g'unts & des cões fait en plement du dit Roi E. laiel lan de son regne quarant & quint, compleinantz p lour peticion q le dit estatut nestoit pas duement execut ne gardez selonc leffect dicelle, estoit accordez & establiz q le dit estatut en ceo point soit tenuz & gardez selonc leffect dicelle; adjoustant a ycell q si null tiel anusance soit abatuz p due pcesse contenue en le dit estatut, cellui qi ferra relever la dce anusance & de ce soit atteint duement, encourge la peine de Cent marcz devs le Roi a lever p lestrete en lescheqer; & autiel loy se teigne danusance fait p lenhancer de tieux gors molyns estanks estakes & kideux come p novel lever, come en les ditz estatutz plus pleinement apiert. Et ore a la request des ditz Cões monstrantz p lo' peticion q les cões passages des niefs & bateux en les g'undes rivers Dengletre & auxint prees & pastures & Pres semez adjoinantz as ditz rivers sont g'untement destourbez surondez gastez & destruz, p les out geouses enhancer & estreiture des gors molyns estankes estakes & kideux auncienment faitz & levez devant le temps de dit Roi E. filz a Roi Henr, dont g'undes damages & pdes sont avenuz sovent a poeple de Roialme & aviendrent de jo' en autre siremede ent ne soit mis; Accordez est & establiz de lassent aventdit q les ditz estatutz soient en touz lour articles tenuz & fermement gardez & duement executz, ovec les peines

Ferm of the same Counties, whereas a great Parcel of the Profits of the same is given severally to Lords and other the King's liege People, so that the same Sheriffs cannot pay their Ferm without doing Extortion in the said Counties, in great Oppression and Hindrance, as well of the said Sheriffs, as of the Inhabitants of the said Counties: Our Lord the King considering the Mischiefs aforesaid, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords and Commons aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That from henceforth the Sheriffs of They shall the [County 1] of Essex and Hertford in special, and have Allowthe Sheriffs of other Counties aforesaid, for the Time Exchequer. being, shall accompt in the Exchequer, and have Allowance by their Oath of the Issues of the said Counties, as well after the Date of their Patents made to them by the said late King Richard, as for all Times to come; and if any Sheriff from henceforth do any Extortion to the People, and be thereof attainted, he shall be duely punished for the same Extortion at the King's Will.

ITEM, Whereas by (*) Edward, late King of England, Grandfather of our Lord the King that now is, the Fiveand-twentieth Year of his Reign, because that the common Passage of Ships and Boats in the great Rivers of England were oftentimes disturbed by the [levying3] of Wears Mills Stanks Stakes and Kidels, in great Damage of the People, It was accorded (4), that all such Wears Mills Stanks Stakes and Kidels, which were levied and set up in the Time of King Edward, Son to King Henry, and after in such Rivers, whereby the Ships and Boats be disturbed, so that they cannot pass as they were wont, shall be wholly pulled down, [and not be levied again; 1] and that Writs be thereupon sent to the Sheriffs of Places where Need shall be, to survey and inquire, and to make thereof Execution; and also that Justices be thereupon assigned at all Times when Need shall require: And after at the grievous Complaint of the Great Men and the Commons, made in the Parliament of the said King Edward the Grandfather, the Five-and-fortieth Year of his Reign, complaining by their Petition, that the said Statute was not duly executed nor kept after the Effect of the same, it was accorded and stablished, that the said Statute in this Point be holden and kept after the Effect of the same; added to the same, that if any such Nuisance be pulled down by due Process contained in the said Statute, he that [will cause the said Nuisance to be repaired, 3] and thereof be duly attainted, shall incur the Pain of an Hundred Marks to the King, to be levied by the Estreats of the Exchequer; and like Law to be holden of a Nuisance made by the inhansing of such Wears Mills Stanks Stakes and Kidels, as by new levying, as in the same Statutes more fully doth appear. And now, at the Request of the said Commons, shewing by their Petition, that the common Passages of Ships and Boats in the great Rivers of England, and also Meadows and Pastures, and [Lands sowed 6] adjoining to the said Rivers, be greatly disturbed, drowned, wasted, and destroyed by outrageous inhansing and straiting of Wears Mills Stanks Stakes and Kidels, in old Time made and levied before the Time of the said King Edward, Son of King Henry, whereof great Damage and Loss hath come to the People of the Realm, and daily will come, if Remedy be not thereof provided; It is accorded and established by the Assent aforesaid, That the said Statutes be in all their Articles holden, and firmly kept, and duly executed, with the Pains,

inhansing * Sir 4 and stablished ' Counties without being renewed; 6 re-levieth the said Nuisance,

7 arable Lands

Their Pu-Extortion.

> XII. Recital of 25 Edw. III. stat. 3. ch. 4;

en planett aucuneman en must mente vent

Commissioners shall be appointed to execute the Statutes, and to survey Wears, and to redress Offences, &c.

Freeholder

Wears on Award of

such Com-

missioners

Penalty for Default, or

for inhansing

Wears, &c. 100 Marks.

&c.

shall remove

and after the Effect of the same; Joined thereto, that Commissions be made in due Form to sufficient Persons to be Justices in every County of England, where Need shall be; to survey and keep the Waters and great Rivers there, and to correct and amend the Defaults, and to make due Execution of the said Statutes, after the Effect of the same, as well by their Survey, Advice, and Discretion, as by Enquests thereof to be taken, as well within Franchise as without, so often and when Need shall be, and to hear and determine the Things aforesaid; and moreover to survey the Wears Mills Stanks Stakes and Kidels in old Times made and levied before the said Time of King Edward, Son of King Henry; and them that they find too much inhansed or straited, to correct, pull down, and amend in the Manner and Form aforesaid, saving always a reasonable Substance of Wears Mills Stanks Stakes and Kidels aforesaid, so in old Times made and levied: And if any such Noisances of Wears Mills Stanks Stakes and Kidels, of Passages and Straitings in old Time made and levied, be judged and awarded by the said Justices to be pulled down and amended, he that hath the Freehold of the same shall make thereof Execution at his own Costs, within Half a Year after Notice to him thereof to be made, upon Pain of an Hundred Marks to be paid to the King by Estreats of the Exchequer; and he that causeth them to be [repaired'] or inhansed, or straitened, against the said Judgement, and thereof be duly convict, shall incur the Pain of an Hundred Marks, to be paid to the King by Estreats in the Exchequer aforesaid; and in case that any feeleth himself grieved by Execution or other way in this Behalf, against Right and Reason, he may pursue, and shall have Right and Remedy.

XIII. The Statute chapter 5, respecting Customers & Controllers, recited and confirmed.

Customers & Controllers shall be resident in their

XIV. Appeals of Things done in the Realm;

Offices.

of Things done out.

Appeals in Parliament prohibited.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made at Westminster (') the Seventeenth Year of the said late King Richard, it was amongst other Things ordained and stablished, That no Searcher, Gauger of Wines, Aulneger, [Finder, 3] or Weigher of Wools, or any other Merchandise, Collector of Customs and Subsidies, or Controller, have Estate in his Office for Term of Life or of Years; but that the same Offices remain in the King's Hands under the Governance of the Treasurer for the Time being, with the Assent of the Council, when Need shall be; and if any Charters or Letters Patents be made (4) contrary, they shall be voided and of none Effect: It is accorded and assented, That the said Statute be firmly holden and kept, and put in due Execution; Joined to the same, that Customers and Controllers in every Port of England shall be resident upon their Offices in their proper Persons, without making any Deputy or Lieutenant in their Names.

ITEM, For many great Inconveniences and Mischiefs that often have happened by many Appeals made within the Realm of England before this Time; It is ordained and stablished from henceforth, That all the Appeals to be made of Things done within the Realm, shall be tried and determined by the good Laws of the Realm, made and used in the Time of the King's noble Progenitors; and that all the Appeals to be made of Things done out the Realm, shall be tried and determined before the Constable and Marshall of England for the Time being. And Moreover it is accorded and assented, That no Appeals be from henceforth made or any wise pursued in Parliament in any Time to come.

in the quyndeme of Seynt Hillary, MS. Tr. 2. to the

Trono' MS. Tr. 2.

& selonc leffect dicelles; adjoustant a ycelles q comissions soient faites en due fo'me as sufficeantz psones destre Justices en chescune Conte Denglerre ou bussoigne fa de s'veier & garder les eaux & g'undz rivers illoesqes, & les defauts corriger & amender & due execucion faire de les ditz estatutz selonc leffect dicelles, sibien p lour surveue avis & discrecion come p enquestes ent apridre deinz franchises & dehors si & q'unt bussoigne f'a & doier & miner les choses suisditz; et outre ce de surveier les gors molyns estankes estakes & kideux auncienment faitz & levez devent le dit temps du Roi E. filz a Roi H. & ceux qils troverent trop enhancez ou estrettez de les corriger abater & amender en le mane & forme sodit, sauvant toutefoitz resonable substance des les gors molyns estankes estakes & kideux soditz issint auncienment faitz & levez et si aucuns tielx anusances des gors molyns estankes estakes & kideux, des passages & estroitures auncienment faitz & levez, soient adjuggez ou agardez p les ditz Justices destre abatez & amendez, cellui qad le franc tent dicelles ferra ent execucion as ses custages deinz un demy an aps notificacion a lui ent affaire, sur peine de Centz Marcz appaiers au Roi p estretes en lescheger; & cellui q les face relever ou enhancer ou estreiter encontre le dit juggement & de ce soit duement convict encourge la peine de Cent Marcz apaiers a Roi p estretes en lescheqer s⁹dče; et en cas qascune se sent estre grevez p execucion ou autre voie en celle ptie encountre droit & raison pursue & eit droit & remede.

Item come en lestatut fait a Westm al quinzisme seint Hillar lan du regne le dit nadgairs Roi Richard dis & septisme, entre aut's choses ordeinez soit & establiz q nutt scheo', Gaugeo' des vyns, Alneo', Trono', Poisour des Laines ou aucune aute michandise, Collectour des custumes & subsides qeconqs ou Contrerollour eit estat en son Office a t'me de Vie, ou des ans; Ainz q les ditz Offices demoergent es mains du Roi souz govnance del Tresorer p le temps esteant ovec lassent du Conseil q'unt y busoigne; et si ascuns Chres our Lres patents soient faitz a contrair qils Broient outrement voidez & de nuff effect : Accordez est & assentuz q le dit estatut soit fermement tenuz & gardez & mis en due execucion; Adjoustant a ycelle q les custumers & contrerollours en chescune port Dengletre demoergent sur lour offices en lour ppres psones saunz ascune depute ou lieutenant faire en lour nouns.

Item pur plusours g'undes inconveniences & meschiefs q pluso's foitz ont avenuz p voie des plusours appelles faites deinz le Roialme Dengletre dev'nt ces heures, ordeinez est & establiz q desore enavant toutz les appelles affairs des choses faites deinz le roialme soient triez & Pminez p les bones leys du Roialme, faites & usez en temps des ès nobles pgenito's nre dit f' le Roi; et q toutz les appelles affairs des choses faites hors de Roialme soient triez & minez devant les Conestable & Mareschall Dengletre pur le temps esteantz. Et outre ceo accordez est & assentuz q nulles appellez soient desores faitz ou p'suez en plement aucunement en nult temps avenir. M. 19.



Item come p estatut fait en temps du Roi E. aiel nre f' le Roi qorest lan de son regne vingt oeptisme, ordeinez soit & establiz q p'ce q les errours defaltes & mesprisions qi feurent notoirement useez en la Citee de Londres, pur defalt de bone govnement de Mair des Viscontz & des Aldermannes, ne purront estre inquisez ne trovez p gentz de mesme la Citee, ordeine fuit & establie q les ditz Mair Viscontz & Aldermannes qont la govnement de la dite Cite facent redrescer & corriger les defaltes errours & mesprisions susnomez & les duement punir de temps en temps sur ctaine peine, cestassavoir a prime defalt Mill marcz a Roi & a le scede defalt deux Mitt marcz & a tierce defalt q la franchise de la dite Cite soit pris en la maine le Roi; et soit comence denquere sur eaux a la Seint Michel pschein avenir issint q sils ne facent dues redressementz come desus est dit soit enquis de lour defautz p enquestes des gentz des foreines Contees, Cestassavoir Kent Essex Sussex Hertf Buk & Berk sibien a la suite de Roi come daut's qi pleindre se voudront; et si les Mair Viscontz & Aldermannes soient p tieux enquestes enditez soient faitz venir p due pces devant les Justices le Roi qi sront a ce assignez dehors la dce Citee devant queux ils eient lour responce sibien a Roi come a la ptie; et sils se mettent en enquestes soient celles enquestes prisez p gentz forains come desuis est dit; et sils soient atteintz soit la dce peine encurru leve des ditz Mair Viscontz & Aldermannes p' defaut de lour govnement; et nientmains les pleintifs recovent lour damages a treble vs les ditz Mair Viscountz & Aldermannes: et p cause q les Viscontz de Londres sont pties a cest busoigne, soit le Conestable de le Tour ou son lieutenant Ministre en lieu des Viscontz a receiver les briefs sibien originals de la Chauncellarie come judicialx souz le sealx des Justices, a faire ent execucion en la dite Cite: Et soit pces fait p attachementz & p destresses & p exigend si mestier y soit, issint qal suite le Roi soit lexigend agarde aps le primer Capias retourne, & a la tierce Capias retourne al suite de ptie: Et si les Mair, Viscontz & Aldermannes eient tres & tents dehors la dite Cite soit pcesse fait devs eux p attachementz & distresses es mesmes les Countees ou les tres & tentz sont : Et q chescun des ditz Mair Viscontz & Aldermannes qi viendra devant les ditz Justices respoigne singulerement p' lui mesmes sibien a pil des auts qi sont absentz come de lui mesmes; & cest ordinance soit tenuz ferme & estable nientcontresteantz franchises privileges ou custumes qeconqs; et q cest ordinance se extende as aut's Citees & Burghs du Roialme ou tieux defautz ou mesprisions sont useez & nemy duement corrigez & redressez; sauve q les enquestes soient prisez p gentz de mesme le Contee ou tieux Citees sont, et q la peine de ceux de Citees Burghs & Villes qi de ce Front atteintz soit adjugge p discrecion des Justices qa ce Front assignez: Nre dit f le Roi considerant le bone & loial port de les Mair Viscontz & Aldermannes & de tout la Coaltee de mesme la Cite de Londres devs mesme nre f' le Roi, & p tant lour veulant faire ease & mitigacion de les peines av ntditz, de lassent des f's espirituelx

ITEM, Whereas by a Statute made in the Time of King Edward, Grandfather of our Lord the King that now is, the [Seven and twentieth 1] Year of his Reign, It was ordained and stablished, That because that the Errors, Defaults, and Misprisions, which were notoriously used in the City of London, for Default of good Governance of the Mayor, of the Sheriffs, and the Aldermen, might not be inquired nor found by People of the same City, that the said Mayor, Sheriffs, and Aldermen, which had the Governance of the same City, should cause to be redressed and corrected the Defaults, Errors, and Misprisions above named, and the same duly punish from Time to Time, upon a certain Pain, that is to say, at the first Default a thousand Marks to the King, and at the second Default Two thousand Marks, and at the Third Default, that the Franchise of the said City be taken into the King's Hand; " and be it begun to enquire upon them at Saint Michael next coming; so that if they do not cause to be made due Redress, as afore is said, it shall be enquired of their Defaults by Inquests of People of foreign Counties, that is to say, of Kent, Essex, Sussex, Hertford, Buckingham, and Berks, as well at the King's Suit, as others that will complain; and if the Mayor, Sheriffs, and Aldermen, be by such Inquests indicted, they shall be caused to come by due Process before the King's Justices, which shall be to the same assigned out of the said City, before whom they shall have their Answer, as well to the King as to the Party; and if they put themselves on Inquests, the same Inquests shall be taken by foreign People, as afore is said; and if they be attainted, the said Pain shall incur and be levied of the said Mayor, Sheriffs, and Aldermen, for Default of their Governance; and nevertheless the Plaintiffs shall recover their treble Damages against the said Mayor, Sheriffs, and Aldermen: And because that the Sheriffs of London be Parties to this Business, the Constable of the Tower, or his Lieutenant, shall serve in the Place of the Sheriffs, to receive the Writs, as well Originals of the Chancery as Judicials, under the Seal of the Justices, to do thereof Execution in the said City: And Process shall be made by Attachments, Distress, and by Exigent, if need be, so that at the King's Suit the Exigent shall be awarded after the first Capias returned, and at the third Capias returned at the Suit of the Party: And if the Mayor, Sheriffs, and Aldermen have Lands or Tenements out of the said City, Process shall be made against them by Attachments and Distresses in the same Counties where the Lands or Tenements be: And that every of the said Mayor, Sheriffs, and Aldermen, which do appear before the said Justices, shall answer particularly for himself, as well at the Peril of other which be absent, as of himself; and this Ordinance shall be holden firm and stable, notwithstanding any Manner of Franchise, Privileges, or Customs; and this Ordinance shall extend to all Cities and Boroughs of the Realm, where such Defaults or Misprisions be used, and not duly corrected nor redressed; saving that the Inquests shall be taken by foreign People of the same County where such Cities or Boroughs be, and that the Pain of those of the said Cities, Boroughs, and Towns which shall be thereof attainted, shall be judged by the Discretion of the Justices, which shall be thereto assigned:" Our Lord the King considering the good and lawful Behaviour of the Mayor, Sheriffs, and Aldermen, and of all the Commonalty of the same City of London towards him, and therefore willing to ease and mitigate the Penalty aforesaid, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual 1 xxviij MS. Tr. 2.

XV.
The Statute
28 Edw. III.
c. 10. recited; imposing
Penalties on
the Mayor,
Sheriffs, &c.
of London,
neglecting
to redress
Errors and
Misprisions:

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The specific Penalties inflicted by the Statute 28 Edw. III. chapter 10. repealed, and made discretionary. and Temporal, and of the Commons aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That the Penalty aforesaid, as well of the Thousand Marks, as of the Two thousand Marks, and of the Seisure of the Franchise, comprised in the said Statute, shall not be limited in a Certainty; But that the Penalty in this Case be by the Advice and Discretion of the Justices thereto assigned, as other Cities and Boroughs be within the Realm; and that the Remnant of the same Statute, and the Process thereof, stand in their Force.

XVI. Packing of Cloths by the Merchants of ITEM, It is accorded and assented, That the Merchants of London from henceforth shall be as free to pack their Cloths, and quit of the same Packing, as the other Merchants, or other Strangers within the same City, or within other Cities and Boroughs within the Realm be; and if any Letters Patents be made to the contrary, they shall be utterly repealed, adnulled, and holden of no Force nor Virtue.

XVII.
The Statute 6 Ric. II.
chapter 10, authorising
Merchants
Strangers
to buy and
sell within
the Realm;
recited and
confirmed.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made at Westminster in the Sixth Year of the said late King Richard, amongst other Things it is ordained and accorded, That every Foreigner and Alien being of the King's Amity and of the Realm, and coming within the City of London, and other Cities, Boroughs, and Towns within the said Realm, as well within Liberties as without, with Fish and all Manner other Victuals, there tarrying and returning, shall be from henceforth under the Safeguard and special Protection of the King; and that it shall be lawful to them, and every of them, to cut their Fish and Victuals aforesaid in Pieces, and the same [to tail and retail'] in Part, or in all, or in Gross, as to them shall best seem to sell, and thereof to make their Profit, without Impeachment or Contradiction of any, notwithstanding any Statutes, Charters, Ordinances, Privileges, or Customs made or had to the contrary: Our Lord the King considering the same Statute to be very profitable many Ways, if it were put in Execution, by the Assent of the Lords and Commons aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That the said Statute be firmly holden, kept, and duly executed after the Form and Effect thereof, notwithstanding the Letters Patents late granted to the contrary to the Fishmongers of London by the said late King Richard, upon his last Voyage toward Ireland.

ITEM, Upon the grievous Clamour and Complaint made to our Lord the King in this present Parliament, of many Murders, Manslaughters, Robberies, Batteries, and other Riots and Offences, which before this Time have been done by People of the County of Chester to divers of the King's liege People in divers [Parts and] Counties of England; the same our Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of his Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of his Commons aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That if any Person of the County of Chester, resident or dwelling within the same County, of what Estate or Condition he be, do commit any Murder or Felony in any Place out of the same County, Process shall be made against him by the Common Law, till the Exigent, in the County where such Murder or Felony was done. And if he flee from thence into the County of Chester, and be outlawed [and'] put in Exigent for such Murder or Felony, the same Outlawry or Exigent shall be certified to the Officers and Ministers of the same County of Chester, and the same Felon shall be taken by the same Officers or Ministers; and his Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels, being within the same County of Chester,

1 at Retale 9 or MS. Tr. 2.

& Temporelx & de les Coes aventditz ad ordeinez & establiez, que les peines sibien de les Medianez, come de les deux Medianez & del seisine del Franchise compris el dit estatut ne soient my limitez en chaine; Mais que la peine en ce cas soit padvis & discrecion des Justices a ce assigners come auts Citees & Burgtis sont deinz le roialme et que le remanant de mesme lestatut & le pces dicett estoisent en lour force.

Item accordez est & assentuz q les mchantz de Londres desore en avant soient auxi frank de packer lour draps & quitz de mesme la packeur come sont les aut's mchantz ou aut's estrangers deinz la dite Citee ou deinz aut's Citees & Burgtis deinz le roialme, et si ascuns l'es patentz soient faitz a contrair qils soient toutoutrement repellez & adnullez & tenuz de nutt force & vue.

Item come en lestatut fait a Westm lan sisme le dit nadgairs Roi Richard entre auts choses soit ordeinez & accordez, q chescun foreine & aliene esteant delamiste de Roi & de roialme, & venant deinz la Cite de Londres & aut's Citees Burghs & Villes deinz le roialme, sibien deinz franchise come dehors ovec pesson & auts vitailles qeconqes, illoeqes demurrantz & retournantz, Proit delors desouz la sauve garde & espale pteccion de Roi; et q bien lice a eux & a chescun de eux qils puissent trencher pesson & vitailles suisditz p pieces & a tailf & a retailf en ptie & en tout ou en groos come meuz lour semblera vendre, & lour pfit ent faire sanz empeschement ou contredit de nulluy, non obstantz ascuns estatutz chres ordinances privileges ou custumes faitz ou euez au contrair: Nre dit f' le Roi considerant mesme lestatut estre moolt pfitable p plusours voies sil feusse mys en execucion, de lassent des f's & Cões suisditz ad ordeinez & establiez q le dit estatut soit fermement tenuz & gardez & duement execut selonc la forme & effect diceff, nientcontresteantz les lies patentz nadgairs g'untez au contrair as Pessoners de Londres p le dit nadgairs Roy Richard s' son dareyn passage Vs Irland.

Item sur les grevouses clamo' & compleinte faitz a nre dit f' le Roi en cest psent plement des plusours murdrees homicides robies baties & aut's riotes & meffaites, q devant ces heures ont este faitz p les gentz del Contee de Cestre as plusours lieges de Roi es divses Contees Dengletre, mesme nre f' le Roi de ladvis & assent des f's Espirituelx & Temporelx & des Cões av ntditz ad ordeinez & establiz, qe si ascune psone del Contee de Cestre receant & demurrant deinz mesme le Contee de quel estat ou condicion qil soit, face murdre ou felonie p aillours hors de dit Contee soit pces fait devs luy p la cõe ley tanqal exigend en les Contees ou tieux murdre ou felonie soit fait. Et sil fue dilleoqes en le dit Conte de Cestre & soit utlage ou mys en Exigend p' tiel murdre ou felonie, soit la utlagarie ou lexigend ctifiez a les Offics & Ministres de mesme le Conte de Cestre, & soit celle felon pris p mesmes les Offics ou Ministres; & ses tres & tentz biens & chateux esteantz deinz ycell Conte de Cestre

XVIII. Process of Outlawry against Persons of Chester committing Felonies elsewhere: on Certificate whereof the Offender shall be taken in Cheshire; his Lands, &c. there, forfeited to the Prince, (saving the King's Year Day and Waste,) and elsewhere to the King.

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seisiez come forfaitz es mains du Prince ou de celluy q fa f' de dit Conte de Cestre p' le temps, & ait le Roi lan jour & wast; & les auts tres & tentz biens & chateux de tiel felon esteantz hors de mesme Contee de Cestre demoergent entierment au Roi & as auts Is eiantz ent franchises come forfaitz. Et si aucun psone de mesme le Contee de Cestre receant ou demurrant en ycell face aucune batie ou auts tspas p aillours hors de dit Contee, soit pces fait devs lui p la cõe ley tangal exigend es Contees ou tiel batie ou Espas soit fait; et sil fue dilleoges en le dit Contee de Cestre & soit utlagez pr tiel barie ou Pspas, soit lutlagair cufiez a les ditz Offics and Ministres de mesme le Contee de Cestre, & soit ceff psone pris p mesmes les Offics ou Ministres, & ses biens & chateux esteantz deinz le dit Contee de Cestre soient seisez es mains du Prince ou de cellui qi sra f' de dit Countee de Cestre pur le temps; & ses aut's biens & chateux esteantz hors de mesme le Contee de Cestre demoergent entierment a Roi & as aut's I's soditz come forfaitz en mane come desso est dit.

Item en ease & relevacion del poure coe poeple de Roialme, nre dit f le Roi de ladvis & assent avantditz eit ordeinez & establiz, q del fest de Seint Michel darrein passe durantz les trois anz lors pschein ensuantz, nutt drap Kersey Kendalcloth Frise de Coventre Coggeware ne nutt aute drap estroit ou remanant Denglerre ne drap de Gales dont la douszeine ne passe la value de xiijs. iiijd. de nul seal petit ne g'unt soit aucunement ensealez, ne nutt subside paiez de les draps suisditz durant le temps avantdit.

Item al instance & prier des ditz Cões p lour peticion fait en cest psent plement, Nre dit f le Roi de sa gece espale ad podonez & relessez genalment as toutz ses lieges Dengletre la suite de sa pees qa lui apptient p' touz man's traisons & felonies p eux faitz ou ppetrez devant le disneofisme jour de Novembr lan de son Regne primer; forspris murdres & rapes des femmes dont ils sont enditez rettez ou appellez, & auxint les utlagar si nulles en eux soient pnunciez p celles enchaisons, & lour ad ent g'unte sa ferme pees; pensi q nutt de ses ditz lieges soit coe laron devant le dit disneofisme jour enditez, et qil ne soit pvo' nappellez de mort de home al suite de ptie ne pris ove meynove ne qil eit enfreint la prisone de Roi devent le dit disneofisme jo', & qil neit este al murdre de Thomas Duc de Glouc uncle nre dit & le Roi; issint qil estoise a droit en Court de Roi si aucun voudra pler devs lui des choses av ntditz ou dascune dicelles : Issint toutz foitz q toutz ceux qi veullent enjoier le bnfice de cest pdon pursuent lo' chres en espale pentre cy & le fest de toutz seintz pschein avenir.

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shall be seised as forfeit into the Hands of the Prince, or of him that shall be Lord of the same County of Chester for the Time, and the King shall have the Year and Day, and the Waste; and the other Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels of such Felon, being out of the said County of Chester, shall remain wholly to the King, and to other Lords, having thereof Franchise, as forfeit. And if any Person of the same County of Chester, resident or dwelling in the same, make a Battery or other Trespass in any Place out of the said County of Chester, Process shall be made Offender's against him by the Common Law, till the Exigent, in the Counties where such Battery or Trespass is done; and if he flee from thence into the said County of Chester, and be outlawed for such Battery or Trespass, the Outlawry shall be certified to the Officers and Ministers of the said County of Chester, and the same Person shall be taken by the same Officers or Ministers; and his Goods and Chattels, being within the same County of Chester, shall be seised into the Hands of the Prince, or of him which shall be Lord of the said County of Chester for the Time; and his other Goods and Chattels, being out of the said County of Chester. shall remain wholly to the King, and to other Lords aforesaid, as forfeit, in such Sort as afore is said.

ITEM, In Ease and Relief of the poor common People of the Realm, our said Sovereign Lord the King by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That from the Feast of Saint Michael last past, during Three Years then next following, no Cloth of Kersey, Kendal Cloth, Frise of Coventry, Cogware, nor none other Cloth streit, nor Remnant of England, nor Cloth of Wales, whereof the Dozen exceed not the Value of xiij s. iiij d. be in anywise sealed of no Seal, little nor great, nor no Subsidy payed of the said Cloths during the Time aforesaid.

ITEM, At the Instance and Prayer of the said Commons, by their Petition made in this present Parliament, Our said Sovereign Lord the King of his special Grace hath released and pardoned generally to all his liege People of England, the Suit of his Peace that to him pertaineth for all manner Treasons and Felonies, by them done or committed before the xix. Day of November, the First Year of his Reign; except Murder and Rape of Women, whereof they be indited, arraigned or appealed; and also the Outlawries, if any in them be pronounced [by the same Occasion']; and hath granted to them thereof his firm Peace; So that none of his said liege People be a Common Thief, before the said xix. Day endited, nor that he be no [Pronour, 1] nor appealed of the Death of any Man at the Suit of the Party, nor taken with the Manour, nor that he hath broken the King's Prison before the said xix. Day, [nor3] that he hath not been at the Murder of Thomas, late Duke of Gloucester, Uncle to our Sovereign Lord the King; and so that he stand to Right in the King's Court, if if any will speak against him of the Things aforesaid, or of any of them. So that always all they which will enjoy the Benefit of this Pardon, shall pursue their Charters in special betwixt this and the Feast of All Saints next following.

1 on such Occasions :

2 Provour

best described a Officers

Sovereign Lord the King, to exclude all ambly vilves in

3 and MS. Tr. 2.

So in Cases of Battery or Trespass;

XIX. inferior make exempt from

XX. The King's Pardon of Treasons, Felonies, and Outlawries.

Anno 2° HENRICI, IV. A.D. 1400-1.

Statutum de anno s'c'do.

SECOND YEAR.

In Margine Rotuli.

A T the Parliament holden at Westminster in the Utas of St. Hillary, the Second Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fourth, the same our Lord the King, by the Assent of the Prelates, Dukes, Earls, and Barons, and at the special Instance and Request of the Commons assembled at this present Parliament, hath caused to be ordained and stablished certain Statutes and Ordinances in Form following.

STATUTE OF THE

I. Confirmation of Liberties, Charters, Statutes, &c.

II.

Recital of

the Statute 1 Hen. IV. chapter 6.

respecting Grants of the King.

FIRST, That Holy Church have her Rights and Liberties; and that all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and all the Cities, Boroughs, and Towns enfranchised, have and enjoy all their Liberties and Franchises, which they have lawfully used, and which they have of the Grant of his Noble Progenitors and Predecessors Kings of England; and that the Great Charter, and the Charter of the Forest, and all other good Ordinances and Statutes made in his Time, and in the Time of his Noble Progenitors, not repealed, be firmly holden and kept in all Points: And that all his liege People and Subjects may freely and peaceably in his sure and quiet Protection go and come to his Courts, to pursue the Laws, or defend the same, without Disturbance or Impediment of any; and that full Justice and Right be done, as well to the Poor as to the Rich, in his Courts aforesaid.

ITEM, Whereas in the last Parliament of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, amongst other Things it was ordained and stablished, that all they which from henceforth shall demand of the King, Lands, Tenements, Rents, [or Fees, '] Annuities, or any other Profits, should make express mention in their Petitions of the Value of the Thing so to be demanded, and also of that that they have had of the Gift of the King, or of other his Progenitors or Predecessors before; and in case they did not make such Mention in their said Petitions, and that duly proved, the King's Letters Patents should not be available to them, nor of no Force nor Effect, but wholly revoked, repealed, and adnulled for ever, to the Punishment of them which had done such Deceit to the King, as they that be not worthy to enjoy the Effect and Benefit of the Letters Patents to them granted in this Behalf: Our said Sovereign Lord the King considering, That a great Part of the said Statute is very hard for his liege People, and for so much willing thereof to provide Remedy, of his own Will and certain Knowledge hath granted to do Grace and Pardon to those that will pursue, of as much as they have mistaken themselves in their Suit against the Form of the said Statute. And moreover the same our

' Offices,

Sovereign Lord the King, to exclude all Ambiguities in

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 19,18,17.

the Course & soit utlager of tiel

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Rolling jour & parts & in subs free & reinz biens &

A U plement tenuz a Westin en les Oetaves de Seint Hiller lan du reigne le Roy Henry le quart puis le Conquest second, mesme nre f' le Roy del assent des Prelatz Ducz Conts & Barons & a les espalx instance & request des Cões assemblez a cest psent plement, ad fait ordeigner & establir cetains estatutz & ordinances en la forme quenseut.

Primerement q Seinte Esglise eit ses droitures & libtees, & q touz les f's Espirituelx & Temporelx & toutz les Citees Burghs & Villes enfranchises eient & enjoient toutz lour littees & franchises queux ils ount duement usez, & les queux ils ont du gente de ses nobles pgenito's & Pdecesso's Roys Denglerre; & q la gande Chre & la Chartre de la Foreste & touz les autres bons ordinances & estatutz faitz en son temps, & en temps de ses nobles pgenitours nient repellez, soient fermement tenuz & gardez en toutz pointz; & q toutz ses lieges & subgitz p'ront franchement & pesiblement & en seure & sauf pteccion du luy, aler & venir a ses Courtes a p'suir les loyes ou les defendre sanz destourbance ou impediment de nully; & q pleine justice & droit soient faitz sibn as poves come as riches en ses Courtes aventeces.

Item come en le darrein plemet de mesme nre f' le Roy entre aut's choses ordeignez feust & establiz, q toutz ceux qi delors enavant demanderoient du Roy tres tentz rentz offices annuitees ou autres pfitz quelconqes ferroient expsse mencion en leur peticions de la value de la chose ensi a demandere, & auxi de ce qils avoient eue du doun du Roy ou des autres ses pgenitours ou Pdecessours pdevant; Et en cas qils ne ferroient tiele mencion en leur dces peticions & ce duement pve, sroient les lies patentes du Roy nient vaillables ne de nuff force neffect, mays de tout revokez repellez & adnullez pur toutz jours au punissement de ceux qensi avoient fait tiel deceit au Roy come ceux qi ne sont pas dignes denjoier leffect & bnfice des lies patentes a eux g'untez cette ptie : Nre f' le Roy considerant q le dit estatut est trop dure p' ses lieges en g'unde ptie, & p tant ent veullant p'voir de remede, de ses ppre voluntee & cteine science ad gente de faire gece & pardon a ceux qi le veullent p'suir de q'nt qils se ont mespris en leur p'suite encontre la forme du dit estatut. Et enoutre mesme nre f' le Roy p' ouster toutes ambiguitees celle ptie, p'ce q mesme lestatut est molt obscure & embosoigne declaracion, espalment p' ease & quiete de son poeple, voet & g'nte q toutz ceux qi desore enavant p'sueroit a mesme nie f' le Roy p' avoir de luy aucun g'nte ou doun annuel ou en fee ou autrement facent expsse mencion en leur peticion de q'nt qils ont eue des doun & g'unte de luy noble Roi Edward Aiel nre dit f' le Roy, ou de Richard nadgairs Roy, ou de Edward nadgairs Prince de Gales, ou de Johan nadgairs Duc de Lancastre piere nre dit f le Roy, ou de Roy mesmes; & de nul autre pgenito' ou pdecessour mesme nre f' le Roy. Et celuy qi ne face tiele mencion en sa peticion q les lies patentes a luy faites a cel temps p nre dit & le Roy soient de nul force neffect. Et enoutre q'nt a les pols Cestassav autres pfitz comprises en le dit estatut, mesme nre f le Roy ad declarrez & g'untez q de nulles pfitz douns biens ou chateux ou autres choses quelconges g'ntez ou donez p mesme nre f' le Roy a ascuny a la value de Cent lives ou dedenz, forspris gardes & mariages des queux le Roy voet q celuy qensi p'suera devs luy face expsse mencion en sa peticion, & de la value dicett, nully encourge la peine comprise en le dit estatut. Et nest pas lentencion nre dit f' le Roy q p' ascune confirmacion ou licence fait a ascuny p nre dit f' le Roy des ascuns libtees franchises annuitees, ou autres choses quielconqes, p ascun de ses pgenitours ou pdecessours ou autre psone quelconqe g'untez & nient especifiez en aucune peticion ensi a demandere autrement q desuis est declarez, nulluy encourge la peine de lestatut suisdit. Et q'nt as aut's articles comprises en mesme lestatut nre dit f' le Roy voet qils soient fermement tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q si aucune pvision soit fait p nre Seint Pier le Pape a aucune psone de Religion ou a autre psone quelconque, destre exempte dobedience regulere ou dobedience ordinaire, ou davoir aucune office ppetuel deinz maisons de religion, ou atant come une regulere psone religiouse ou deux ou pleusours ont en ycelles, q si tiels pvisours desore enavant acceptent ou enjoient aucune tiele pvision, qils encourgent les peynes comprisez en lestatut des pvisours fait lan treszisme le Roy Richard second.

Item porce q nre f' le Roy s' grevouse compleint a luy fait en cest plement, ad entenduz q les religiouses homes de lordre de Cisteux del Roialme Dengletre ont p'chacez cteines bulles destre quitz & deschargiez de leur dismes paier de leur tres tentz & possessions lessez a ferme ou cultivez & occupiez p autres psones q p eux mesmes, en g'nt pjudice & derogacion de la libte de seinte esglise & des pleuseurs lieges du Roialme: Nre f' le Roi veullant s' ceo p'voir de remede de ladvis & assent des toutz les f's espirituelx & temporelx & al instance & request des ditz cões ad ordeignez & establiz, q les religiouses de lordre de Cisteux estoisent en lestat qils feurent devant le temps des tielx bulles p'chacez. Et q sibn ceux du dit ordre come toutz autres religiouses & seculers de quel estat ou condicion qils soient, qi mettent les dces bulles en execucion, ou desore en avant purchacent aut's tielx

this Behalf, because that the same Statute is very obscure, and hath Need of Declaration, specially for Ease and Quietness of his People, will and granteth, That all they which from henceforth do sue to the same our Sovereign Lord the King, to have of him any Grace or [yearly Gift,] or in Fee or otherwise, shall make express mention in their Petition, of how much they have had of the Gift and Grant of the Noble King Edward, Grandfather to our Sovereign Lord the King, or of Richard late King, or of Edward late Prince of Wales, or of John late Duke of Lancaster, Father of our Sovereign Lord the King, or of the King himself, and of none other Progenitor or Predecessor of the same our Sovereign Lord. And he that maketh not such mention in his Petition, his Letters Patents made to him at [the same 1] Time by our Sovereign Lord the King, shall be of no Force nor Effect. And Moreover as to the Words, that is to say, "other Profits" comprised in the said Statute, our Sovereign Lord the King hath declared and granted, That of no Profits, Gifts, Goods, or Chattels, or any other Things granted or given by the same our Sovereign Lord the King to any, to the Value of C. li. or within, except Wards and Marriages, of which the King will that he, which so shall sue to him, shall make express mention in his Petition of the Value of the same, none shall incur the Pain comprised in the said Statute. And it is not the King's Mind, That for any Confirmation or Licence made to any by our said Sovereign Lord the King, of any Liberties, Franchises, Annuities, or any other Things granted by any of his Progenitors or Predecessors or other Person, and not specified in any Petition, so to be demanded otherwise than above is declared, none shall incur the Pain of the said Statute. And as to the other Articles comprised in the same Statute, our said Sovereign Lord will that they be firmly holden and kept and put in due Execution.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That if any Provision be made by [the Bishop of Rome'] to any Person of Religion, or to any other Person, to be exempt of Obedience regular, or of Obedience ordinary, or to have any Office perpetual within Houses of Religion, or as much as one regular Person of Religion, or Two or more, have in the same; that if such Provisors from henceforth do accept or enjoy any such Provision, they shall incur the Pains comprized in the Statute of Provisors, made in the xiij. Year of King Richard the Second.

ITEM, For as much as our Lord the King, upon grievous Complaint to him made in this Parliament, hath perceived, That the Religious Men of the Order of [Cisteaux*] in the Realm of England, have purchased certain Bulls to be quit and discharged to pay [the 5] Tithes of their Lands, Tenements, and Possessions let to Ferm, or [manured, or 6] occupied by other Persons than by themselves, in great Prejudice and Derogation of the Liberty of Holy Church, and of many liege People of the Realm: Our Lord the King willing thereupon to ordain Remedy, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Instance and Request of the said Commons, hath ordained and stablished, That the Religious Persons of the Order of [Cisteaux *] shall stand in the Estate that they were before the Time of such Bulls purchased; and that as well they of the said Order, as all other Religious and Seculars, of what Estate or Condition they be, which do put the said Bulls in Execution, or from henceforth do purchase other such

* that MS. Tr. 2. 1 Gift, annual

our Holy Fader the Pope MS. Tr. 2.

4 Cisteux or Charterhouse MS. Tr. 2.

their MS. Tr. 2. 6 cultivated and the King, &c.

III. The Statute of Provisors, 13 Ric. II. st. 2. c. 2, 3. extended.

IV. All Persons purchasing Bulls to be discharged of incur the Penalties of

VOL. II.

I i

M. 18.

Writ of Præmunire facias.

V.
Recital of
5 Ric. II.
5 Ric. II.
touching the
exporting of
Gold or
Silver.

Gold and Silver found in a course of Exportation shall be forfeit;

saving reasonable expences.

Merchants Strangers may export half their Money.

14 R. II. c. 1.

VI.
Money of
Gold and
Silver of
Flanders and
Scotland,
shall be exported, or
re-coined;

the Importation thereof foroidden. Bulls of New, or by Colour of the same Bulls purchased, or to be purchased do take Advantage in any Manner, that Process shall be made against them and every of them by Garnishment of Two Months by Writ of Premunire facias; and if they make Default, or be attainted, then they shall incur the Pains and Forfeitures contained in the Statute of Provisors, made the Thirteenth Year of the said King Richard.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made at Westminster in the Fifth Year of the said King Richard, amongst other Things it is contained, how it was assented, accorded, and enjoined by the said late King to all manner of People, Merchants, Clerks, and others, as well Strangers as Denizens, of whatsoever Estate or Condition they should be, upon Pain of as much as they might forfeit, that none of them, upon the said Pain, privily nor openly should send or carry, nor cause to be sent or carried, out of the said Realm of England, any Gold or Silver in Money, Bullion, Plate, Vessel, nor by Exchange to be made, except the Wages of Calais, and other the King's Fortresses beyond the Sea, [saving certain '] Prelates, Lords, and others comprized in the same Statute, [without special Leave, and Licence 1] thereupon first had, as by the same Statute may more fully appear: Our Lord the King, for to prevent the Subtilty of them that will do Fraud or Deceit to him in this Behalf, hath ordained and stablished, That if from henceforth any Searcher of the King may find Gold or Silver in Coin, or in Mass, in the keeping of any that is passing, or upon his Passage, in any Ship or Vessel to go out of any Port, Haven, or Creek of the Realm, without the King's special Licence, all that Gold or Silver shall be forfeit to the King, saving his reasonable Expences, which he shall be bound to confess and discover presently after that he is warned and charged so to do by the same Searcher, or else all the said Money so concealed shall be forfeit to the King. Provided always, That the Merchants Strangers that do sell their Merchandise within the Realm of England, and the One-half of the Money of England received for the same Merchandises do employ upon other Merchandises of the Realm, may freely carry out from the same the other Half of the said Money by the King's Licence, according to the Statute thereof made.

ITEM, For the great Deceit that is in the Money of Gold and Silver of Flanders and Scotland, that doth commonly run in Payments made in divers Parts of the Realm, to the great Damage of the King and of his People: It is ordained and stablished, That all the Money of Gold and Silver of the Coin of Flanders, and of all other Lands and Countries beyond the Sea, and also of the Land of Scotland, shall be voided out of the Realm of England, or put to coin to the Bullion within the same Realm, betwixt this and the Feast of Christmas next ensuing, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same. And that all the Merchants and other at Calais, which do receive any such Gold or Silver of the Coin of Flanders, or of other Lands and Countries beyond the Sea, or of the Land of Scotland, shall put the same to Bullion at Calais, without bringing it in Coin within the Realm of England, and if the Merchants, or any other from henceforth bring any such Money within the Realm of England, they shall forfeit the same Money to the King. And Moreover it is accorded, That a good and convenient Search be made as well at Calais as on this side the Sea in every Port and other Places upon the tringing of the Money aforesaid.

except in sp. cial special have and licence of the King being

bulles de novel, ou p colour des mesmes les bulles purchacez ou a purchacers pignent avantage en aucune mane, q pces soit fait devs eux & chescun de eux p garnisment de deux moys p brief de pmunire fac; Et sils facent defaut ou soient atteintz, qils encourgent les peines & forfaitures comprises en lestatut des pvisours fait lan xiijme le Roy Richard suisdit.

Item come en lestatut fait a Westin lan quint le dit Roi Richard entre auts choses soit contenuz, coment assentuz estoit accordez & defenduz dep le dit nadgairs Roy, as touz manes des gentz Marchantz Clercs & aut's sibn estranges come deinzeins de quelconque estat ou condicion qils sroient, s' peine de q'nt qils p'roient [faire, '] q nully de eux, s' la dce peine en privee nen appert envoieroit namesneroit ou ferroit envoier ou amesner hors du Roialme Dengletre aucun or ou argent en monoie bollion plate vessell ne p eschange affaire, exceptz les gages de Caleys & des autres fortesses du Roy dep delea, & exceptz p espal Prelatz f's & autres comprises en mesme lestatut, eue s' ce primement espale congie & licence du Roy, come p ycel estatut y purra plus pleinement apparoir : Nre f' le Roy p' obvier a la subtilite de ceux qi vorront faire fraude ou deceit au luy celle ptie, ad ordeignez & establiz q si desore enavant aucun Sercheour du Roy purra trover or ou argent en coyne ou en masse en la garde daucuny qi soit en passant ou s' son passage en aucune nief ou Vessett pur aler hors daucun port havene ou Crike du Roialme, saunz especiale congee du Roy, tout cel or ou argent soit forfait au Roy, forspris ses resonables despenses queux il sra tenuz de confesser & descovir maintenant aps q a ce faire il soit garniz & chargez p mesme le Sercheour, ou aut ment tout celle monoie ensi conselee soit forfaite au Roy. Purveu toutes voies q les Marchantz estrangez qi vendent leur marchandises deinz le Roialme, & la moite du monoie Dengletre receu p' mesmes les marchandises emploient s' autres marchandises du Roialme, puissent franchement apporter hors dicett, lautre moite de la dce monoie p conge du Roy solonc lestatut ent fait.

Item p' la g'nt deceit qy ad en la monoie dor & dargent de Flandres & descoce, qi courge coement es paiementz faitz es divses pties du Roialme a g'nt damage du Roy & du poeple, ordeignez est & assentuz q toute la monoie dor & dargent de la coigne de Flandres & de toutz auts tres & paix p delea & auxi de la tre descoce soit voidez hors du Roialme Dengletre, ou mys a coigne a la bullion deinz mesme le Roialme p entre cy & le feste de Noel pschein advenir s' peine de forfait'e dicett. Et q toutz les Marchantz & autres a Caleys qi receivent aucun tiel or ou argent de la coigne de Flandres, ou des autres Pres ou paiis dep delea, ou de la Pre descoce, le mettent a bullion a Caleys sanz lapporter en coigne deinz le Roialme Dengletre. Et si les Marchantz ou autres desore enavant, portent aucune tiele monoie deinz le Roialme Dengletre, qils forfacent mesme la monoie au Roy. Et outre ce accordez est q bone & covenable sche soit fait sibn a Caleys come decea le meer en chun porte & aillours sur lapporte del monoie avantdce.

forfaire Stat. 5 Ric. II.

Item porce q s' Vedit trove dev'nt quelconque Justice en assise de novel disseisine mort dauncestre ou autre accion quelconque, les pties dev'nt ces heures ont este adjournez sur difficulte en loye sur la matire issint trovez, ordeignez est & establiz q si le dit Vedit passe encontre le pleintif, q mesme le pleintif ne soit nounsuy.

Item s' la grevouse compleinte faite a nre f' le Roy p les Cões en cest plement coment loffice de Cirogrofer en le coe bank du Roi est lessez a ferme, a quel office apptient p' les fesance & escripture de chun fyn leve en le dit Bank quatre souldz & nient plus, et nounobstant cel fee les Fermers de mesme loffice ne veullent deliver nul fyn a nully sanz leur doner aut's quatre souldz ou plus p extorcion, a gent damage & enpovessement de tout le poeple : Nre f' le Roy veullant celle ptie p'voir de remede, de ladvis & assent des f's espirituelx & temporelx, & a la supplicacion des ditz Cões, ad ordeinez & establiz, q le Cirogrofer ne son Fermer Lieutenant ou Deputee p' le temps esteant desorenavant, ne pigne pluis q quatre souldz p' nul fyn leve en la Court. Et si le dit Fermer lieutenant ou depute Pigne pluis q quatre souldz p' un fyn come dessuis est dit, qil pde son office, & soit forjuggiez la Courte, & eit emprisonement p un an & paie a la ptie greve ses trebles damages, et ait la ptie grevee sa suite devant les Justices du dit Bank.

Item come nadgairs en temps du dit Roit Richard divses psones feurent assignez as divses foitz p comissions du dit Roy denquere & fair solonc le p'port de leur comissions deinz le Roialme Dengletre, et ore pces est fait sibn en la Chancellerie come en lescheqer Vs les ditz comissioners de cufier les inquisicions & autres choses devant eux prises p vtue des dces comissions, p la ou ascuns des ditz Comissioners en la p'suite du dit Roy Richard feurent riflez & pilez des dces inquisicions & auts choses devant eux prises p force de leur ditz Comissions, & auxint de leur biens ppres, & aucunes des ditz Comissioners p mandement & compulsion de Monf' William Lescrop alors Tresorer Dengletre deliverent toutes leur inquisicions & autres choses devant eux ensi prises au dit Tresorer, issint q les ditz Comissioners nont riens en leur garde de ctifier es dces Courtes: Sur quoy nre & le Roy considerant les meschiefs suisdces & p tant veullant fair g'ce as tielx Comissoners, de ladvis & assent des ditz f's espirituelx & temporelx, & al prier des ditz Cões ad ordeignez & establiz, q nul des ditz Cōmissioners issint riflez ou pilez, ne nuls qi deliverent lur inquisicions ou autres choses devent eux prises au dit nadgairs Tresorer, ne soient en nul mane chargiez dent faire aucune ctificacion en aucune Courte du Roy, mais ent soient p leur sment outrement deschargiez.

Item porce q pleinte est faite a nre dit f' le Roy p les ditz Cões coment le Clerc del Corone du Bank du Roy, la ou vint quarant ou Cent homes sont enditez dune felonie ou dune Pspas, & toutz ceux pledent a issue come de rien coupable, le dit Clerc ne deust pndre p' le venire fac ne p' lentree du plee

ITEM, Whereas upon Verdict found before any Justice in Assise of Novel disseisin, Mortdauncester, or any other Action whatsoever, the Parties before this Time have been adjourned upon Difficulty in Law upon the Matter so found; It is ordained and established, That if the Verdict pass against the Plaintiff, that the same Plaintiff shall not be nonsuited.

ITEM, Upon the grievous Complaint made to our Lord the King by the Commons in this present Parliament, how that the Office of the Cirographer in the Common Bench of the King is let to farm, to which Office appertaineth, for making and writing of every Fine levied in the said Bench, Four Shillings and no more; and notwithstanding the same Fee, the Farmers of the same Office will deliver no Fine to any without giving to them other Four Shillings, or more by Extortion, to the great Damage and Impoverishment of all the King's liege People; Our Lord the King willing in this Behalf to provide Remedy, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Supplication of the said Commons, hath ordained and established, That the Cirographer, nor his Farmer, Deputy, or Lieutenant for the Time being, shall from henceforth take any more than Four Shillings for any Fine levied in the Court. And if the said Farmer, Lieutenant, or Deputy, take any more than Four Shillings for a Fine, as before is said, he shall lose his Office, and be forejudged the Court, and have One Year's Imprisonment, and pay to the Party grieved his Treble Damages; and the Party grieved shall have his Suit before the Justices of the said Bench.

ITEM, Whereas late in the Time of King Richard divers Persons were assigned at divers Times by Commissions of the said King Richard, to inquire, and to do after the Purport of their Commission within the Realm of England, and now Process is made as well in the Chancery as in the Exchequer against the said Commissioners, to certify the Inquisitions and other Things before them taken by virtue of the said Commissions, Whereas some of the said Commissioners in the Pursuit of the said King Richard were rifled and pilled of the said Inquisitions and other Things before them taken by force of their said Commissions, and also of their proper Goods, and some of the said Commissioners by the Commandment of Sir William le Scrope, sometime Treasurer of England, did deliver all their Inquisitions and other Things so taken before them to the said Treasurer, so that the Commissioners have nothing in their Custody to certify to the said Courts: Whereupon our Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Mischiefs aforesaid, and by so much willing to do grace to such Commissioners, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Prayer of the said Commons, hath ordained and stablished, That none of the said Commissioners so rifled or pilled, nor none that delivered their Inquisitions and other Things taken before them to the said late Treasurer, shall in no wise be charged to make thereof any Certification in any Court of the King, but shall be thereof by their Oath clearly discharged.

ITEM, Because that Complaint is made to our said Lord the King by the said Commons, how the Clerk of the Clerk of the Crown of the King's Bench, whereas Fourscore or an Hundred Men be indicted of One Felony, or of One Trespass, and all they plead to an Issue as Not guilty, the said Clerk ought not to take for the Venire facias,

VII. of Mortdauncestor, &c. Plaintiffs shall not be nonsuit after Verdict.

VIII. The Fee of the Cyrographer of the Common Fine levied.

if the Cyrographer take a greater Fee.

Treble Damages to the Party.

IX. Certain Commission-Richard II. may be discharged by their Oaths.

XI. The Statute

13 Ric. II.

st. 1. ch. 5,

as to the

Admiral's Jurisdiction,

confirmed.

nor for entering of the Plea, more than ij s. the said Clerk doth take for every such Name by Extortion ij s. in great Oppression of the People; Our said Lord the King, willing to preserve his said People from such Extortions and Injuries, by the Assent of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Suit of the said Commons, hath ordained and established, That the said Clerk of the Crown shall take no more than hath been duly used of old Times. And moreover our said Lord the King hath charged the Justices of the King's Bench, that no Extortion be done in this Behalf in the Bench aforesaid.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made at Westminster the Thirteenth Year of the said King Richard, amongst other Things it is contained, that the Admirals and their Deputies shall not intermeddle from thenceforth of any Thing done within the Realm, but only of a Thing done upon the Sea, according as it hath been duly used in the Time of the noble King Edward, Grandfather to the said King Richard; Our said Lord the King will and granteth, That the said Statute be firmly holden and kept, and put in due Execution. And Moreover, the same our Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Prayer of the said Commons, hath ordained and stablished, that as touching a Pain to be set upon the Admiral, or his Lieutenant, that the Statute and the Common Law be holden against them; and that he that feeleth himself grieved against the Form of the said Statute, shall have his Action by Writ grounded upon the Case against him that doth so pursue in the Admiral's Court, and recover his double Damages against the Pursuant; and

the same Pursuant shall incur the Pain of Ten Pounds

to the King for the Pursuit so made, if he be attainted.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That from henceforth no Welshman whole born in Wales, and having Father and Mother born in Wales, shall purchase Lands and Tenements within the [Town '] of Chester, Salop, Bridgenorth, Ludlow, Leominster, Hereford, Gloucester, Worcester, nor other Merchant Towns joining to the Marches of Wales, nor in the Suburbs of the same, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Lands and Tenements, to the Lords of whom such Lands or Tenements be holden in chief. And also that no such Welshman be from henceforth chosen or received to be Citizen or Burgess in any City, Borough or Merchant Town; and that such Welshmen which now be in any such City, Borough or franchised Town, being Citizens or Burgesses, shall find sufficient Surety, and put a good Caution of their good bearing, as well towards our Sovereign Lord the King and his Heirs [of 1] his Realm of England, as for to hold their Loyalty to the Governors of such Cities, Boroughs or Towns for the Time being, in Salvation of the same Cities, Boroughs, or Towns, if the same Welshmen will dwell therein: So that none of them from henceforth be received nor accepted to no Office of Mayor, Bailiff, Chamberlain, Constable, or Warden of the Ports (3) of the Gaol, nor to the Common Council of such Cities, Boroughs or Towns, nor that he be in no wise made other Occupier or Officer in the same; nor that none of the said Welshmen from henceforth bear any manner Armour within such City, Borough, or Merchant Town, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Armour, and Imprisonment till

ons and

pluis q deux souldz; mesme le Clerc prent p' chescun tiel noun p extorsion deux souldz, en g'und oppession du poeple: Nre dit f' le Roy veullant sauver son dit poeple des tielx extorsions & injuries, de ladvis & assent des ditz f's espirituelx & temporelx & a la prier des Coes suisditz, ad ordeignez & establiz q le dit Clerc del Corone ne pigne pluis q nad este duement usee dauncien temps. Et outre ceo mesme nre f' le Roy ad chargiez les Justices de Bank de Roy q nuit extorsion soit faite celle ptie en le bank suisdit.

Item come en lestatut fait a Westin lan treszisme le dit Roy Richard entre autres choses soit contenuz, q les Admiralx & leur deputees ne soy medlent deslors enavant de nulle chose faite deinz le Roialme mais soulement de chose faite s' la meer, solonc ce qud este duement usez en temps de Noble Roy Edward Aiel le dit Roi Richard : Nr̃e dit € le Roy voet & g'nte q le dit estatut soit ferment tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion. Et outre ce mesme nre f le Roy de ladvis & assent des f's espirituelx & temporelx & al prier des ditz Coes, ad ordeignez & establiz, q qont a peine mettre s' ladmirall ou son lieutenant, q lestatut & la Coe loye soient tenuz devs eux; et q celuy qi soy sent grevez encontre la fourme du dit estatut, ait saccion p brief fondu s' le cas envs celuy qensi p'sue en la Courte de ladmiraltee, & recoeve ses damages devs mesme le p'suant au double, & encourge mesme le pursuant la peine de x.ti envs le Roy p' la p'suite ensi faite sil soit atteint.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q desorenavant nul home Galoys entier, neez en Gales & aiantz pe & mere neez en Gales, purchace tres ou tentz deinz les villes de Cestre Salop Briggenorth Lodelowe Leomynstre Hereford Gloucestre Wircestre nautres Villes michandes que conques adjoignantz as Marches de Gales nen les Suburbes dicelles, s' la forfaiture dicelles Pres & tentz as f's des queux tielx Pres & tentz sont tenuz en chief. Et auxi q nul tiel home Galois desorenavant soit esluz ou recieu destre Citezein ou Burgeys en nul Citee Burgh ou Ville marchande; & q ceux Galoyses qore sont en ascun tiele Citee Burgh ou ville enfranchisee esteantz Citezeins ou Burgeises, troevent sufficeant seurtee, & mettent bone caucion de lour bon port, sibn envs nre f le Roy & ses heirs [&'] son Roialme Dengletre, come p' lour loialte tenir a les Govnours de tielx Citees Burghs ou villes p' le temps esteantz, en salvacion de mesmes les Citees Burghs ou villes, si mesmes les Galoyses veullent en ycelles dem'er: Issint q nul de eux desorenavant soit receu naccepte a nul office de Maire Baillif Chambleyn Conestable ou Gardein des Portes ou de Gaole, ne al coe conseil des tielx Citees Burghs ou Villes, ne qil soit fait autre occupio' ou officer en ycelles en nul mane, ne q nul des ditz Galoyses desore enavant porte nul armure deinz ascun tiel Citee Burgh ou Ville marchande s' peine de forfait'e del armure suisdite, & emprisonement, tange ils aient fait fyn en ceste p

de Old Printed Copies.

Action on the Case for any wrongfully sued in the Court of Admiralty; Double Damages.

XII. Certain Restraints laid on Persons wholly born Welshmen. Item come le dit Richard nadgairs Roy Dengletre a son plement tenuz a Westin & adjournez a Salopbirs lan de son regne vint & prime, p estatut avoit pdonez & relessez as toutz ses lieges Dengletre de quelconque estat ou condicion qils feussent, & a chun de eux toutes mans eschapes des felons, chateux des futifs & des felons, Pspasses negligences mesprisions ignorances & toutz auts articles deir, & autres choses escheues ou advenues deinz le Roialme Dengletre, dont le punissement cherroit en fyn ou en ranceon, ou en autres peines pecunieres ou autrement, emprisonement (1) des Cões des Villes ou des singulers psones, ou en charge de franc tent de ceux qunqes ne t'passerent, come heires ou Pretenants des Eschetours, Visconts ou Coroners ou autres tieux; Et ensement leur avoit pdonez & relessez toutes manes des douns alienacions ou p'chaces faitz p eux ou p ascun de eux, des Pres tentz ou autres possessions tenuz de luy en chief, sanz licence du Roy, & toutes manes des entrees faitz en leur heritages p'chaces ou autrement, en ptie ou en tout aps a mort leur auncestres ou daucun autre sanz p'suite ou due pces ent fait, tanqa joedy la darrein jour du dit plement, forspris ceux tres tents & possessions, queux sont alienez a mortmaine sanz licence roiale; Et auxint leur avoit entierment pdonez & relessez toutes manes des fyns amciementz issues forfaitz nient adjuggiez ne Pminez faitz escheuz ou advenuz deinz mesme le Roialme, devant le dit Joedy; Nre dit f' le Roy de ladvis & assent des toutz les f's espirituelx & temporelx & al espale prier & request des dces Coes voet & g'nte, q toutz ses lieges & chun de eux purront & purra avoir user & enjoier les privilege & bnfice des ditz pdon & estatut, nient contresteant q le dit plement tenuz le dit an vint & prime, & toutz les estatutz faitz en ycell, & toutes les circumstances & dependences de mesme le plement, sont de tout adnullez revokez & repellez en le plement nre f' le Roy gorest tenuz a Westin lan de son reigne prime.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q les estatutz des Purveours faitz devant ses heures, soient tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion; adjoustez a ycel q desorenavant nul Purveour nachatour face aucun p'veance ou achate p' lostiell du Roy daucune chose a la value de xt. s. ou dedeinz sil ne face p'st paiement en mayne, s' peyne de pdre son office & de paier atant a le ptie grevee.

Item cum dño nro Regi ex parte Prelatoz & Cleri Regni sui Angt in psenti pliamento sit ostensum, qd licet fides catholica sup Xpm fundata & p aplos suos & ecctiam sacrosanctam sufficient det minata declarata & approbata, hactenus p bonos ac scos & nobilissimos pgenitores & antecessores dei Dni Regis in deo Regno int omia Regna mundi extitit devocius observata, & ecctia Anglicana p pdeos inclitissimos pgenitores & antecessores suos ad honorem Dei & tocius Regni pdei laudabilit dotata & in suis jurib; & libitatib; sustentata, absque hoc qd ipa fides seu dea ecctia p aliquas doctrinas pversas vel opiniones iniquas

amerciamentes Stat. 21 Ric. II. c. 15.

ITEM, Whereas the said Richard late King of England, at his Parliament holden at Westminster, and adjourned towards Salop, the xxj. Year of his Reign, by a Statute did pardon and release to all his liege People of England, of whatsoever Estate or Condition they were, and to every of them all manner Escapes of Felons, Chattels of Fugitives and of Felons, Trespasses, Negligences, Misprisions, Ignorances, and all other Articles of the Eyre, and all other Things fallen or chanced within the Realm of England, the Punishment whereof should lie in Fine or in Ransom, or in other pecuniar Pains, or otherwise, Imprisonment, or Amerciaments of the Commons of Towns or of singular Persons, or in Charge of their Freehold that never offended as Heirs or Landtenants of Escheators, Sheriffs, or Coroners, or other such Officers; And also [hath pardoned and released '] to them all Manner of Gifts, Alienations or Purchases made by them, or by any of them, of Lands, Tenements, or other Possessions holden of him in Chief without the King's Licence, and all manner of Entries made into their Inheritances, Purchases, or otherwise in Part or in all, after the Death of their Ancestors, or of any other, without Suit or due Process thereof made, till the Thursday the last Day of the said Parliament, except those Lands, Tenements, and Possessions, which be aliened into Mortmain without the Licence Royal; And also [hath wholly pardoned and released 1] to them all manner of Fines, Amerciaments, Issues Forfeits not adjudged nor determined, made fallen or chanced within the same Realm before the said Thursday: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Request and Prayer of the said Commons, will and granteth, That all his liege People, and every of them, may have, use, and enjoy the Privilege and Benefit of the said Pardon and Statute, notwithstanding that the said Parliament, made the said xxj. Year, and all the Statutes made in the same, and all the Circumstances and Dependences of the same Parliament be utterly adnulled, revoked, and repealed in the Parliament of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, holden at Westminster the First Year

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That the Statutes of Purveyors, made before this Time, be holden and kept, and put in due Execution; joined to the same, that from henceforth no Purveyor nor Buyer make any Purveyance or buying for the King's House of any Thing to the Value of xl. s. or under, unless he make ready Payment in Hand, upon Pain to lose his Office, and to pay as much to the Party grieved.

ITEM, Whereas it is shewed to our Sovereign Lord the King on the Behalf of the Prelates and Clergy of his Realm of England in this present Parliament, That although the Catholic Faith builded upon Christ, and by his Apostles and the Holy Church sufficiently determined, declared, and approved, hath been hitherto by good and holy and most Noble Progenitors (1) of our Sovereign Lord the King in the said Realm amongst all the Realms of the World, most devoutly observed, and the Church of England by his said most Noble Progenitors and Ancestors, to the Honour of God and of the whole Realm aforesaid, laudably endowed, and in her Rights and Liberties sustained, without that that the same Faith or the said Church was hurt or grievously oppressed, or else perturbed by any perverse

1 did pardon and release

and Antecessours MS. Tr. 2.

XIII. Recital of the Pardon granted by the Statute 21 Ric. II. c. 15;

Confirmation thereof; notwithstanding the Repeal by Statute 1 H.IV. c. 3.

XIV.
The Statutes of Purveyors confirmed.

Purveyance of 40 s. or under.

XV. Against the Lollards.

The Orthodoxy of the Church of England asserted,

None shall

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Doctrines ascribed thereto;

Doctrine or wicked heretical or erroneous Opinions; A new Sect; Yet nevertheless divers false and perverse People of a certain New Sect, of the (') Faith, of the Sacraments of the Church, and the Authority of the same damnably thinking, and against the Law of God and of the Church usurping the Office of Preaching, do perversely and maliciously in divers Places within the said Realm under the Colour of dissembled Holiness, preach and teach these days openly and privily divers new Doctrines, and wicked heretical and erroneous Opinions, contrary to the same Faith and blessed Determinations of the Holy Church; and of such Sect and wicked Doctrine and Opinions, they make unlawful Conventicles and Confederacies, they hold and exercise Schools, they make and write Books, they do wickedly instruct and inform People, and as much as they may excite and stir them to Sedition and Insurrection, and maketh great Strife and Division among the People, and other Enormities horrible to be heard daily do perpetrate and commit, in Subversion of the said Catholic Faith and Doctrine of the Holy Church, in Diminution of [God's Honour, 2] and also in Destruction of the Estate, Rights and Liberties of the said Church of England; by which Sect and wicked and false Preachings, Doctrines, and Opinions of the said false and perverse People, not only most greatest Peril of the Souls, but also many more other Hurts, Slanders, and Perils, which God prohibit. might come to this Realm, unless it be the more plentifully and speedily holpen by the King's Majesty in this Behalf; [namely, whereas 3] the Diocesans of the said Realm cannot by their Jurisdiction Spiritual, without Aid of the said Royal Majesty, sufficiently correct the said false and perverse People, nor refrain their Malice. because the said false and perverse People do go from Diocese to Diocese, and will not appear before the said Diocesans, but the same Diocesans and their Jurisdiction Spiritual, and the Keys of the Church with the Censures of the same, do utterly contemn and despise; and so their wicked Preachings and Doctrines doth from Day to Day continue and exercise, to the [hatred of Right and Reason, and utter Destruction of Order and good Rule: 1] Upon which Novelties and Excesses above rehearsed, the Prelates and Clergy aforesaid, and also the Commons of the said Realm being in the same Parliament, [praying 5] our Sovereign Lord the King, that His Royal Highness would vouchsafe in the said Parliament to provide a convenient Remedy; the same our Sovereign Lord the King graciously considering the Premises, and also the laudable Steps of his said most Noble Progenitors and Ancestors, for the Conservation of the said Catholic Faith, and Sustentation of [God's Honour,6] and also the Safeguard of the Estate, Rights, and Liberties of the said Church of England, to the Laud of God, and Merit of our said Sovereign Lord the King, and Prosperity and Honour of all his said Realm, and for the Eschewing of such Dissensions, Divisions, Hurts, Slanders, and Perils, in Time to come, and that this wicked Sect, Preachings, Doctrines and Opinions should from henceforth cease and be utterly destroyed, by the Assent of the [States and other discreet Men of the Realm, 7] being in the said Parliament, hath granted, stablished, and ordained, from henceforth firmly to be observed, That none within the said Realm, or any other Dominions, subject to His Royal Majesty, presume to preach openly or privily,

None shall preach without Licence from his Diocesan.

hereticas vel erroneas lesa fuerat vel g'vit oppressa seu eciam pturbata; nichilominus tamen divsi pfidi & pversi cujusdam nove Secte, de dca fide sacramentis eccfie & auctoritate ejusdem dampnabilit sencientes, & cont legem divinam et ecclesiasticam Pdicacois officium teme usurpantes, divsas novas doctrinas & opiniones iniquas hereticas & erroneas, eidem fidei ac scis det minacoib; ecctie sacrosce contrias, pverse & maliciose infra dem Regnu in divsis locis sub simulate scitatis colore pdicant & docent hiis dieb; publice & occulte, ac de hujusmodi secta nephandisq doctrinis & oppinionib3 conventiculas & confederações illicitas faciunt, scolas tenent & exccent, libros conficiunt atq. scribunt, ppłm nequiter instruunt & informant, & ad sedicoem seu insurreccoem excitant quantum possunt, & magnas dissenções & divisiones in ppto faciunt, ac alia divsa enormia auditui horrenda indies ppetrant & comittunt, in dee fidei catholice & doctrine Ecclie sacrosce subvisionem diviniq cultus diminuccem, ac eciam in destruccoem status jurium & libtatum dce ecctie Anglicane; p quas quidem sectam falsasq & nephandas Pdicacoes doctrinas & opiniones dcop pfidop & pversos nedum maximum piculum aias, verum eciam q*m plura alia dampna scandala & picula eidem Regno quod absit potunt evenire, nisi in hac pte p regiam Magestatem ubius & celius succurrat'; Preftim cum Diocesani dči Regni p suam jurisdiccoem spiritualem dcos pfidos & pversos absq auxilio dce Regie Magestatis sufficient corrigle nequeant nec ipos maliciam refrenare, p eo qd dči pfidi & pversi de diocesi in diocesim se transferunt & coram deis diocesanis compere diffigiunt, iposque Diocesanos & suam jurisdiccoem spualem ac claves Ecctie & censuras ecctiasticas despiciunt penitus & contempnunt; & sic suas nephand pdicacoes & doctrinas indies continuant & execent, ad őem juris & rőnis ordinem atq regimen penitus destruend: Sup quib3 quidem novitatib3 & excessib; supius recitatis plati & Clerus sup'dči, ac eciam Cõitates dõi Regni in eodem pliamento existentes, dco Dño Regi supplicarunt ut sua dignaret' Regia celsitudo in dco pliamento pvidere de remedio oportuno; qui quidem Dis Rex Pmissa aceciam dcox inclitissimoz pgenitoz & antecessoz suoz laudabilia vestigia grose considerans, p conservaçõe de fidei catholice & sustentaçõe dei cultus divini, aceciam p salvaçõe status jurium & libtatum dõe ecctie Anglicane, ad Dei laudem ipiusq. Dñi Regis meritum ac tocius Regni sui pdči pspitatem & honorem, & p hujusmodi dissencoib3 divisionib3 dampnis scandalis & piculis impostum evitandis, & ut hujusmode nephande secta Pdicacoes doctrine & opiniones cessent deceto & penitus destruant, ex assensu magnatum & aliox pcerum ejusdem Regni in dco pliamento existencium, concessit ordinavit & statuit de ceto firmit obsvari, qđ nullus infra dčm Regnū seu alia Dñia sue regie Magestati subjecta Pdicare Psumat publice vel occulte

¹ said
2 Divine Worship
3 especially since
4 utter Destruction of all Order and Rule of Right and Reason.
5 have prayed
6 the said Divine Worship
7 the grete Lordis and noble Persones of the same Realme,

MS. Tr. 2.

abso, licencia loci Diocesani petita primitus & obtenta, curatis in suis ppriis ecchiis & psonis hactenus privilegiatis, ac aliis a jure canonico concessis dumtaxat exceptis; nec qd aliquis decero aliquid Pdicet teneat doceat vel informet clam vel palam, aut aliquem librum conficiat seu scribat cont'rium fidei Catholice seu del minacoi ecchie sacrocse, nec de hujusmodi secta nephandisq doctrinis & opinionib3 conventiculas aliquas faciat vel scolas teneat vel exceeat quovismodo; aceciam qu nullus imposteru alicui sic pdicanti aut tales vel consimiles conventiculas facienti, seu scolas tenenti vel execenti, aut talem librum facienti seu scribenti, vel pptm sic docenti informanti vel excitanti quomodoft faveat, nec ipox aliquem manuteneat aliqualit vel sustentet; & qd omes & singuli aliquos libros seu aliquas scripturas de hujusmodi nephand doctrinis & opinionib3 hentes, omes hujusmodi libros & scripturas loci Diocesano infra quadraginta dies a tempore pclamacois istuis ordinacois & statuti libent seu libari faciant realit cum effcu. Et si que psona vel psone cujuscumo, sexus status vel condicois existat vel existant, decero cont' dcain ordinacoem regiam & Statutum Pdict in Pmissis vel aliquo Pmissoz fecit vel attemptavit fecint vel attemptavint, vel hujusmodi libros in forma Pdca non libavit vel libavint, tunc loci Diocesanus in sua Diocesi ipam psonam in hac parte diffamatam vel evident suspectam, seu ipas psonas diffamatas vel suspectas & ipaz quamtt, possit auctoritate dcoa ordinacois & statuti face arestari & sub salva custodia in suis carcib3 detineri, quousq de articulis ei vel eis impositis in hac pte canonice se purgavit seu purgavint, vel hujusmodi nephandas sectam Pdicacoes doctrinas & opiniones heticas & erroneas abjuravit vel abjuravint put jura eccliastica exigunt & requirunt: Ita qd dčus Diocesanus p se vel Comissarios suos cont' hujusmodi psonas sic arestatas & sub salva custodia remanentes ad õem juris effcm publice & judicialit pcedat, & negocium hujusmodi infra tres menses post dcam arestaccem, impedimento legitimo cessante, tminet juxta canonicas sanccoes. Et si aliqua psona in aliquo casu supius expssato coram loci Diocesano seu Comissariis suis canonice fuit convicta, tunc idem Diocesanus dcam psonam sic convictam p modo culpe & scdm qualitatem delicti possit in suis carcerib3 face custodiri put & q'mdiu discrecci sue videbit' expedire; ac ull'ius eandem psonam, pretq'm in casib; quib; scdm canonicas sanccoes reliqui debeat Cur seculari, ad finem pecuniarium Dño Regi solvend pone, put hujusmodi finis eidem Diocesano p modo & qualitate delicti competens videat'; In quo Casu idem Diocesanus p lias suas patentes ipius sigillo sigillatas de hujusmodi fine ipm Regem in Scacio suo eciorare tenebit', ad effem qd hujusmodi finis de bonis ejusdem psone sic convicte auctoritate Regis ad opus suū exigi porit & levari. Et si aliqua psona infra dča Regnū & Dñia, sup đčis nephandis pdicačoib; doctrinis opinionib3 scolis & informacoib3 heticis & erroneis vel aliqua eoadem, sñiali? coram loci Diocesano vel Comissariis suis convicta fuit, & hujusmodi nephandas sectam Pdicacoes doctrinas opiniones scolas &

without the Licence of the Diocesan of the same Place first required and obtained, Curates in their own Churches, and Persons hitherto privileged, and other of the Canon Law granted, only except; nor that none from henceforth any Thing preach, hold, teach or instruct openly or privily, or make or write any Book contrary to the Catholic Faith or Determination of the Holy Church, nor of such Sect and wicked Doctrines and Opinions shall make any Conventicles, or in any wise hold or exercise Schools; and also that none from henceforth in any wise favour such Preacher, or Maker of any such and like Conventicles, or (') holding or exercising Schools, or making or writing such Books, or so teaching, informing, or exciting the People, nor any of them maintain or any wise sustain; and that all and singular having such Books or any Writings of such wicked Doctrine and Opinions, shall really with Effect deliver or cause to be delivered all such Books and Writings to the Diocesan of the same Place within xl. Days from the Time of the Proclamation of this Ordinance and Statute. And if any Person or Persons, of whatsoever [Kind 1] Estate, or Condition that he or they be, from henceforth do or attempt against the (3) Royal Ordinance and Statute aforesaid in the Premisses or in any of them, or such Books in the Form aforesaid do not deliver, then the Diocesan of the same Place in his Diocese, such Person or Persons in this Behalf defamed or evidently suspected, and every of them, may by the Authority of the said Ordinance and Statute cause to be arrested, and under safe Custody in his Prisons to be detained, till he or they of the Articles laid to him or them in this Behalf, do canonically purge him or themselves, or else such wicked Sect, Preachings, Doctrines, and heretical and erroneous Opinions do abjure, according as the Laws of the Church do (1) require: So that the said Diocesan by himself or his Commissaries do openly and judicially proceed against such Persons so arrested, and remaining under his safe Custody to all Effect of the Law, and determine that same Business according to the Canonical Decrees within Three Months after the said Arrest, any lawful Impediment ceasing. And if any Person in any Case above expressed, be before the Diocesan of the Place or his Commissaries canonically convict, then the same Diosesan may do to be kept in his Prison the said Person so convict for the Manner of his Default, and after the Quality of the Offence according and as long as to his Discretion shall seem expedient; and moreover to put the same Person [to the secular Court, except in Cases where he according to the Canonical Decree ought to be left, to pay to our Sovereign Lord the King his pecuniar Fine, 1] according as the same Fine shall seem competent to the Diocesan, for the Manner and Quality of the Offence; in which Case the same Diocesan shall be bound to certify the King of the same Fine in his Exchequer by his Letters Patents sealed with his Seal, to the Effect that such Fine by the King's Authority may be required and levied to his Use of the Goods of the same Person so convict. And if any Person within the said Realm and Dominions, upon the said wicked Preachings, Doctrines, Opinions, Schools, and heretical and erroneous Informations, or any of them, be before the Diocesan of the same Place or his Commissaries [sententially convict, 6] and the same wicked Sect, Preachings, Doctrines, and Opinions, Schools and Informations, do refuse duly 3 said MS. Tr. 2. s pay to our Sovereign Lord the King a pecuniary Fine; except in Cases where he, according to the Canonical Decrees, ought to be left

or preach, or write against the Faith of Holy Church;

or hold Schools for teaching, or favour the Teachers of the new Doctrines.

Heterodox Books shall be delivered up to the Diocesan.

The Diocesan may arrest and imprison Offenders, till they purge themselves, or abjure their heretical Opinions.

Proceedings against such Offenders;

Punishment of Offenders convicted;

Imprisonment and Fine to the King;

6 sonvill by Sentence

to the secular Court,

Persons so convicted refusing to abjure, or re-lapsing after Abjuration, shall be pub-licly burned.

to abjure, or by the Diocesan of the same Place or his Commissaries, after the Abjuration made by the same Person [pronounced fall into Relapse,'] so that according to the Holy Canons he ought to be left to the Secular Court, whereupon Credence shall be given to the Diocesan of the same Place, or to his Commissaries in this Behalf, then the Sheriff of the County of the same Place, and Mayor and Sheriffs or Sheriff, or Mayor and Bailiffs of the City, Town and Borough of the same County next to the same Diocesan or the said Commissaries, shall be personally present in preferring of such Sentences, (1) when they by the same Diocesan or his Commissaries shall be required; and they the same Persons and every of them, after such Sentence promulgate, shall receive, and them before the People in an high Place do to be burnt; that such Punishment may strike in Fear to the Minds of other, whereby no such wicked Doctrine and heretical and erroneous Opinions, nor their Authors and Fautors in the said Realm and Dominions against the Catholic Faith, Christian Law, and Determination of the Holy Church, which God prohibit, be sustained or in any wise suffered: In which all and singular the Premises concerning the said Ordinance and Statute, the Sheriffs, Mayors and Bailiffs of the said Counties, Cities, Boroughs, and Towns, shall be attending, aiding and supporting to the said Diocesans and their Commissaries.

XVI. Excesses committedby the Welsh on their English Neighbours, by distressing of Cattle, &c. mercing of People, &c.

ITEM, Whereas upon the grievous Complaint made to our Sovereign Lord the King by the Commons in the Parliament, how the People of Wales, sometime by Day and sometime by Night, cometh within the Counties joyning upon the Marches of Wales, and doth take divers Distresses of Horses, (3) Oxen, Kine, Sheep, Swine, and other their Goods to a great Number, and the same doth lead, drive, and carry away to the Seignories where they be resiant, and there withholdeth them till gree be made at their Will, and that as well of them that have not offended, as of them that have offended: And also the said People of Wales doth daily arrest the People of the said Counties coming with their Merchandises or other their Goods and Chattels, and affirmeth Plaints against them of Debts, Covenants, Trespasses, and other Actions, whereof they be not Parties nor Pledges, to the Intent to grieve them by divers and outrageous Amerciaments and Costs, to the great impoverishing and utter undoing of the People of the said Counties: Our Sovereign Lord the King considering the Mischiefs aforesaid, and willing thereupon to provide Remedy, by the Assent and Advice of the said Lords, and at the Request of the Commons hath ordained and established, That if any People of the said Counties be arrested and grieved, as afore is said, [maintenant] Letters Testimonials shall be made, reciting their Grievance, directed to the Governors or Stewards, where such Offenders be resiant [with⁵] their Goods or Chattels received in Wales, under the Seals of the Sheriffs of the said Counties, or of the Mayors and Bailiffs of the Cities and Boroughs, or Stewards of Franchises, where such People so grieved be dwelling; to the Intent that the said Governors or Stewards shall do to be delivered to them their Distresses, Goods and Chattels so taken or arrested; and if they make not Delivery of such Distresses, Goods, or Chattels so taken or arrested, within Seven Days after Request

Upon Failure of other Redress, the English may arrest Persons and Property of Wales.

4 forthwirk

informacoes debite abjurare recusavit, aut p loci Diocesanū vel Comissarios suos post abjuracoem p eandem psonem fcam pnunciata fuit relapsa, ita qd scdm canonicas sanccoes relinqui debeat Cur seculari, sup quo credat' loci Diocesano seu Comissariis suis in hac pte, tunc Vic Com illius loci, & Major & Vicecomites seu Vicecomes aut Major & Ballivi Civitatis Ville vel Burgi ejusdem Com, dco Diocesano seu dcis Comissariis magis ppinqui, in Sentenciis p dem Diocesanu aut Comissarios suos cont' psonas hujusmodi & ipaz quamlibet pferend, cum ad hoc p dem Diocesanum aut Comissarios ejusdem fuint requisiti, psonalit sint psentes; & psonas illas & quamlibet eagdem post hujusmodi sentencias platas recipiant, & easdem coram pplo in eminenti loco comburi faciant, ut hujusmodi punicio metum incuciat mentib; alios; ne hujusmodi nephande doctrine & opiniones fietice & erronee vel ipas auctores & fautores in deis Regno & Dniis, cont' fidem catholicam religionem Xpiañam & det minaccem Ecclie sacrosce quod absit, sustentent' seu quomodolibet tollerent': In quib3 omib3 & singulis Pmissis dea Ordinacoem & Statutum concentiba Vicecomes Majores & Ballivi dcoz Com Civitatum Villaz & Burgoz dčis Diocesanis & eoz Comissariis sint intendentes auxiliantes eciam & faventes.

Item sur la grevouse compleinte faite a nre f' le Roy p les Cões en plement, coment les gentz de Gales a la foitz p jo' & a la foitz p noet viegnent deinz les Contees adjoignantz a les Marches de Gales & Pignent divses distresses des Chivalx Jumentz boefs vaches berbitz porks & aut's lour biens a g'nd nombre, & les amesnent enchachent & emportent tanqa les S'ies la ou ils sont receantz, & illoeqes les detiegnont tange gree soit fait a lour volunte, et ce sibn de ceux queux nont mye Pspassez, come de ceux qi ount Pspassez: Et auxi les ditz Gentz de Gales arestent de jour en autre les Gentz des ditz Countees venantz ove lour mchandises oue leur aut's biens, & afferment pleyntes devs eux des debts covenantz Pspasses & auts accions, dont eux ne sont mye pties ne plegges, au fyn de eux grever p divses & out geouses amciementz & coustages, a g'nt anientisement & final destruccion des gentz des ditz Contees: Nre f' le Roi considerant les meschiefs suisditz et voillant s' ce purvoir de remede, del assent & advis des f's suisditz & a la requeste des ditz Cões ad ordeignez & establiz, q si ascuns gentz des ditz Countees soient arestuz ou grevez come desuis est dit, soient maintenant faitz lies tesmoignales recitantes lour grevances, directes a les Govnours ou Seneschalx ou tielx malefaisours sont receantz ou lour bns & chateux recettez en Gales, desouth les sealx des Viscontz des ditz Contees, ou les Mairs ou Baillifs des Citees & Burghs, ou des Seneschalx des Franchises ou tielx gentz dem'antz sont ensi grevez, au fyn q les ditz Govnours ou Seneschalx leur facent deliver les distresses ons & chateux issint faitz prises ou arrestuz; et sils ne facent livee des tielx distresses ons ou chateux issint prises ou arestuz deinz sept jours aps la requeste

¹ be pronounced relapsed, 3 by the same Diocesan or his Commissaries against such Persons, and

every of them, 3 Mares s or

a eux ensi fait, q tin lise as gentz engloises issint grevez darrester gconges venantz ove bns & chateux de ceux des f'ies de Gales, ou tielx meffesours sont dem'antz ou recettez, & les retenir tanq plein gree soit faitz as ditz grevez, ove lour myses coustages & despenses ensemblement ou leur distresses bas & chateux suisditz.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q si aucun Galois desorenavant entre les Countees a ce adjoignantz en la Roialme Dengletre, & en ycelles arde tue rape ou aucune autre felonie ou Pspas face, de quele il soit atteint deinz la Roialme Dengletre p les loies de mesme le roialme p utlagarie ou abjuracion & repaire en Gales 'spessant illoeqes, q s' les ctificacion & recordes affaires p les Justices nre f' le Roy en Engletre, devant queux ils Bront issint convictz, dessoutz leur sealx, as F's ou Ministres ou tielx felons front trovez en Gales, final execucion soit fait s' mesme le felon p mesmes les f's ou lour Ministres, & ce s' grevouse peine.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q les f's de Gales marchez ordeignent & mettent sufficiantz estuffeures & gardes en leur Chastielx & f'ies Galois, au fyn qen temps advenir nul pde riot ne damage aviegne a nre F le Roy ou son Roialme, na nul de ses lieges, p lour tenantz receantz, ne nuls autres Galoies en leur defaut, come ad advenuz & este fait p' defaut de bone govnance en temps passe.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nul entier Engleis p les trois ans pscheins advenirs soit convict a suite de nully Galoys deinz Gales, si ne soit p juggement des Justices Engloises, ou p juggement des entiers Engloises Burgeoises, ou p enquestes des Burghs Villes & Engloises des f'ies es queux tiel Engleis soit arestuz.

Item accordez est & assentuz q desorenavant nul Galoys soit receu de purchacer ne p'chace tre ou tent deinz Engletre ne deinz les Burghs (') Villes Engloises de Gales, sur peyne de forfaire les ditz purchaces as f's des queux les ditz res ou tentz sont tenuz, come de tiel estat q le dit p'chaceour avoit en ycelles; ne q nul Galoys soit accepte Burgeys ne a nul autre libtee avoir deinz le Roialme, ne deinz les Burghs (1) Villes aventdites.

Item come au darrein plement ordeignez estoit & establiz q nul f' de quel estat ou condicion qil sroit useroit ne dorroit aucune livee de signe de compaignie a nul Chivaler Esquier ne Vadlet deinz le Roialme suisdit; Sauvant toutesfoitz q nre dit f' le Roy dorroit tantsoulement son hono'able livee a les f's temporelx queux luy plerroit; Et sauvant auxi q mesme nre f' le Roy dorroit son dit hono'able livee a ses Chivalers & Esquiers meynalx, & auxi a ses Chivalers & Esquiers qi sont de sa retenue, & Pignent de luy lour fee annuel p' ?me de Vie: Et outre ce accordez fuist & assentuz p le Roy & les f's & Cões suisditz q les ditz Chivalers & Esquiers ne useroient aucunement leur dees livees en leur paiis ou Contees es queux ils Proient receantz ou demurrantz nailleurs deinz le Roialme hors de Psence du Roy; Et si ascun f' ferroit le contire & ce

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so to them made, then it shall be lawful to the English People so grieved, to arrest all Men that cometh with the Goods and Chattels of them of the Seignories of Wales, where such Offenders be inhabiting or [resiant,'] and the same to retain, till that full [Agreement 1] be made to the said Parties grieved with their Myses, Costs and Expences, together with their Distresses, Goods, and Chattels aforesaid.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That if any Welshman, from henceforth do enter in the Counties joining to the same in the Realm of England, and in the same do burn, kill, ravish, or commit any other Felony or Trespass, whereof he is attainted within the Realm of England, by the Laws of the same Realm, by Outlawry or Abjuration, and repaireth into Wales, and abideth there; that upon the Certification and Records to be made by the Justices of our Sovereign Lord the King in England, before whom they shall be so convict, under their Seals to the Lords and Ministers where such Felons shall be found in Wales, final Execution be made upon the same Felons by the same Lords or Ministers, and that upon a grievous Pain.

ITEM, It is accorded and established, That the Lords of the Marches of Wales shall ordain and set sufficient Stuffing and Ward in their Castles and Seignories of Wales, to the Intent that in Time to come no Loss, Riot, nor Damage come [of] our Sovereign Lord the King or to his Realm, nor to none of his liege People by their Tenants, Resiants, nor none other Welshmen in their Default, as hath come and be done for Default of good Governance in Time past.

ITEM, It is ordained, That no whole Englishman by Three Years next following shall be convict at the Suit of any Welshman within Wales, except it be by the Judgment of English Justices, or by the Judgment of whole Englishmen Burgesses, or by Inquest of Boroughs Towns and Englishmen of the Seignories where such Englishmen be arrested.

ITEM, It is accorded and assented, That from henceforth no Welshman be received to purchase (*) Lands nor Tenements within England, nor within the Boroughs nor English Towns of Wales, upon Pain to forfeit the same Purchases to the Lords, of whom the said Lands and Tenements be holden, as (5) such Estate which the said Purchaser had in the same; nor that no Welshman shall be accepted Burgess, nor to have any other Liberty within the Realm, nor within the Boroughs and Towns aforesaid.

ITEM, Whereas in the last Parliament It was ordained and stablished, That no Lord of what Estate or Condition he were, should use nor give any Livery 1 H. IV. c. 7, [or o] Sign of Company to any Knight, Esquire, nor Yeoman within the Realm aforesaid; Saving always, That our Lord the King should give only his honourable Livery to the Lords Temporal, whom pleased him; and saving also, That the same our Lord the King should give only his Honourable Livery to his [Menials, Knights, and Esquires, 7] and also to his Knights and Esquires which be of his Retinue, and take of him their annual Fee for Term of Life: And moreover it was accorded and assented by the King, the Lords and the Commons aforesaid, That the said Knights and Esquires should in no wise use their said Liveries in their [County 8] or Counties where they should be resident and dwe nor elsewhere within the Realm out of the King's Presence; and if any Lord did the contrary, and that

2 Satisfaction 1 received

s of MS. Tr. 2.

7 Knights and Esquires menial

nor shall purchase

Countries

o of

XVII. Execution may be done in Wales on Attainder of

XVIII. The Lords keep suffi-cient Ward.

XIX. rlishmen in Wales.

XX. Welshmen England.

XXI. Recital of respecting Liveries;

d. de chun comys a prisone p juggement

The Statute of H IV. c 7. confirmed and amended.

The Prince may give his Livery.

XXII. Suits for Pardon may be made, notwithstanding the Statute 11 R. II. c. 1.

XXIII. Fees of the Marshalof the Marshalsea of the King's House.

duly proved, he should make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will; and if any Knight or Esquire did the contrary, and thereof were duly attainted, he should lose his said Livery, and forfeit his Fee for ever; and that no (1) Yeoman should take or use any Livery of the King, or of any other Lord, upon Pain of Imprisonment, and to make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will: Provided always, That the Constable and Marshall of England for the Time being in their Retinue of Knights and Esquires, may wear the said Livery of the King upon the Borders and Marches of the Realm in Time of War; Provided also, That all those that shall travel or pass the Sea to the Parts beyond the Sea, to [acquire '] Honour, may wear the same Livery in those Parts without being thereof in any wise grieved or impeached, as in the Statute thereof made more fully is contained: Our said Lord the King considering the same Statute to be very expedient and necessary, hath ordained and established, That the same Statute shall be firmly holden and kept; joined thereto, That the Justices of the one Bench and of the other, and the Justices of Assises and of the Peace, have Power and Authority to enquire, hear and determine in this Case, by Record in their Presence, or by Inquiry to be made from Time to Time; and that the Dukes, Earls, Barons, and Banerets of the Realm, may use the said Livery in their Country and elsewhere; and also that the said Knights and Esquires may use the said Livery in going from the King's House and returning to the same. Provided always, That the same Knights and Esquires use not the same Livery in their Counties or Country where they be resiant or dwelling, upon the Pain contained in the said Statute. Moreover it is accorded, That the Prince may give his Honourable [Liveries or Sign 1] to the said Lords, and to his menial Gentlemen; And that the said Lords may use the same as they use the King's Livery, and that the Menials of the Prince may also use the same as the King's menials, and in the Manner, and upon the Pains aforesaid.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made in the xj. Year of the said King Richard, amongst other Things it was contained, That no Man should pursue any Thing contrary to the same that then was ordained or judged, touching them against whom the Judgment of Forfeiture was given in the same Parliament, upon the Pain of the same Forfeiture comprised in the same Ordinance: Our Sovereign Lord the King, (1) by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons, hath ordained and stablished, That no Man be grieved nor endamaged by any Suit made or to be made to the contrary of the said Ordinance; and that every Man be free and at large to pursue to have Grace and Remedy without any Impeachment, notwithstanding the Ordinance aforesaid.

ITEM, Whereas the Marshal of the Marshalsea of the Court of our Lord the King's House, in the Time of King Edward, Grandfather of our Lord the King that now is, and before, was wont to take the Fees which do hereafter follow; that is to say, Of every Person that cometh by Capias to the said Court, Fourpence; and if he be let to Mainprise till his Day, Twopence more; and of every Person which is impleaded of Trespass, and findeth Two Mainpernors to keep his Day till the End of the Plea, to take for that Cause Two-pence of the Defendant; and of every Person committed to Prison by Judgement of the Steward,

duement pvee, qil ferroit fyn & ranceon a la voluntee du Roy; Et si ascun Chivaler ou Esquier ferroit le cont'ire & de ceo feusse duemt atteint, pderoit son dit livee & forfferroit son fee p' touz jours; Et q nul Vadlet appelle Yoman Pigndroit ne useroit nul livee du Roy, ne de nul autre f', sur peine demprisonement & de faire fyn & raunceon a la volunte de Roy: Purveu toutesfoitz q les Conestable & Mareschaff Denglet're p' le temps esteantz ove lour retenue des Chivalers & Esquiers p'roient user la dite livee du Roy s' les Frontiers & la Marche du Roialme en temps de guerre; et purveux auxi q toutz ceux qi vorroient travailler & passeroient la meer as pties de delea p' quere honour, purroient user mesme la livee celles pties sanz ent estre aucunement grevez ou enpescheez; come en lestatut ent fait pluis pleinement est contenuz: Nre dit & le Roy considerant le dit estatut estre molt expedient & necessaire, ad ordeignez & establiz q mesme lestatut soit ferment tenuz & gardez; adjoustant a ycell q les Justices de lun bank & de lautre & les Justices dassises & de pees aient poair denquere & doier & Pminer en celt cas p record en leur psence ou p enquerre affaire de temps en temps : Et q les Ducs Counts Barons & Banerettes de roialme puisset user la dée livee en lour paiis & ailleurs : Et auxi q les ditz Chivalers & Esquiers puissent user la dite livee en alantz du losteff du Roy & retornantz a ycett. Purveuz toutesfoitz q mesmes les Chrs & Esquiers ne usent mesme la livee en leur Countees ou paiis, ou ils sont receantz ou demurrantz, s' la peyne comprise en le dit estatut. Et outre ce accordez est q Mon€ le Prince purra doner sa hon'able livee del Cigne as ditz f's & a ses meignalx gentilx; Et q les ditz I's le puissent user come ils usent la livee du Roy et q les meignalx du Prince le puissent user come les meynalx du Roy & en la fourme & s' les peines aventdces.

Item come en lestatut fait lan unzisme le dit Roy Richard entre autres choses soit contenuz, q nul p'sueroit riens a cont'ire de ce qadonqs estoit ordeignez ou adjuggez, touchant ceux envs queux juggement de forfaiture feust done en mesme le plement, s' peine de mesme la forfaiture comprise en mesme lordinance. Nre dit f' le Roy veullant ouster tielx pils de forfaiture, de ladvis & assent des f's espirituelx & temporelx & a la requeste de ses ditz Coes ad ordeignez & establiz, q nully soit grevez nendamagez pur nulle seute faite ou affaire a cont'ire du dit ordinance; et q chescun soit frank & a large a p'suire de g'ce & remede avoir sanz ascun empeschement, non obstante lordinance av'ntdoe.

Item p' ce q le Mareschall de la Mareschalcie del Courte de loustell nre f' le Roy, en temps de Roy Edward Aiel nre f' le Roy qorest & devant, soloit pndre les fees qensuent; Cestassar de chun q vient p Capias a dite Courte iiij d. & sil soit lesse a maynprise tanqa son jour ij d. outre, & de chun qest emplede de Pspas & trove deux mainpnours p' garder ses jours tanq, a fyn de plee, de pndre p' celle cause de defendant ij d. de chun comys a prisone p juggement de Seneschall

¹ Valet, called 2 seek

³ Livery of the Swan

^{*} willyng to fordo suche pils of forfaiture MS. Tr. 2.

en qconq, mane q ceo soit iiij d. de chun delivee de felonie iiij d. de chun felon lesse a maynprise p la Courte iiij d; queux fees soloient estre prises & paiez en pleine Courte, come le Roy ad on entenduz p la compleinte des dces Coes ent fait en cest plement: mesme nre f' le Roy p' ouster toutes duresses & oppssions affairs a son poeple, encontre les bons usages & custumes faitz & usez en temps de ses pgenitours, de ladvis & assent des &'s espirituelx & temporelx & a la supplicacion des dces Coes ad ordeignez & establiz, q si le dit Mareschall ou ses Ministres desoutz luy, pigne ou Pignent autres fees q desuis sont declarez, q mesme le Mareschall & chun de ses ditz Ministres pde & pdent lour offices, & paie ou paient trebles damages a ptie greve, et q la ptie grevee ait sa seute devant le Seneschaff du dite Courte p' le temps esteant. Et auxint ordeignez est & establiz q nul svitour des billes qu porte baston de mesme la Courte ne pigne p' chescune leuke del Courte tanqal lieu ou il fra son office pluis qun denier, & ensi p' xij leukes xij deniers; & p' svire venire fac xij holes &c. ou distr hors de mesme la Courte, la double : et si ascun des ditz svitours des billes face a cont'ire, qil soit puniz p emprisonement, & face fyn au Roy selonc la discrecion de Seneschall de mesme la Courte, & soit forjugge la Courte; et eit mesme le Seneschaft poair de faire pclamacion al venue de dite Courte, en chun paiis de temps en temps de toutz les articles av ntditz, & dent faire punissement come desuis est dit.

Item come les ditz Cões encompleignantz aient monstrez a nre dit f' le Roy en plement, coment en temps du dit nadgairs Roy Richard lan de son regne vint & tierce, comandez feust pmye le Roialme & as cteins gentz du Roialme chargez s' lour ligeance, de venir al Duc Devwyk adongs Lieutenant Denglerre p' aler & dem'er ovesq, luy as gages de Roy; et ore cteins pees sont faitz hors de Lescheqer encontre les ditz gentz, p' les somes dargent adonqes prises p eux a cause de lour ditz travaille & demoer ove le Lieutenant suisdit, a gaunt damage de lo' Estates: ordeignez est & establiz p le Roy & les f's suisditz & a la request des dčes Cões, q mesmes les Cões & chun de eux & chun Viscont Denglet're lors esteant, purront & purra acompter devant les Barons de Lescheqer p lor Sement des dces somes issint receues, & ent estre deschargez p lo' Sementz sanz suir autre garrant; & qils & chun de eux aient & eit due allouance de ce qils ou aucun de eux ont ou ad despenduz & paiez p' gages en chivachantz & dem'antz ovesq le dit lieutenant, tanq a la some p eux ou aucun de eux ensi receve.

in whatsoever Manner the same be, Four-pence; of every Person delivered of Felony, and of every Felon let to Mainprise by the Court, Four Pence; which Fees were wont to be taken and paid in full Court, as the King hath well perceived by the Complaint of the said Commons thereof made in the said Parliament: The same our Lord the King to avoid all [such '] Wrongs and Oppressions to be done to his People, against the good Customs and Usages made and used in the Time of his Progenitors, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Supplication of the said Commons, hath ordained and stablished, That if the said Marshal, or his Officers under him, take other Fees than above are declared, that the said Marshal, and every of his said Officers, shall lose their Offices, and pay treble Damages to the Party grieved, and that the Party grieved have his Suit before the Steward of the said Court for the Time being. Also it is ordained and established, That no Servitor of Bills that beareth a Staff of the same Court, shall take for every Mile from the same Court to the same Place where he shall do his Service, any more than j d. and so for Twelve Miles, xij d; and for to serve a Venire facias xij homines, &c. or a Distringas out of the same Court, the Double: And if any of the said Servitors of Bills do the Penalty. contrary, he shall be punished by Imprisonment, and make a Fine to the King after the Discretion of the Steward of the same Court, and also be forejudged the Court; and the same Steward shall have Power to make Proclamation at [his coming to 1] the said Court in every Country, from Time to Time, of all the Articles aforeseid, and thereof to execute Punishment as afore is said.

ITEM, Whereas the Commons complaining have shewed to our Sovereign Lord the King in the Parliament, how that in Time of the said late King Richard, the xxiij. Year of his Reign, it was commanded throughout the Realm, and to certain People of the Realm charged upon their Liegeance, to come to the Duke of York, then being Lieutenant of England, to go and tarry with him at the King's Wages; and now certain Processes be made out of the Exchequer against the said People, for the Sums of Money then taken by them for their said Travail and abiding with the Lieutenant aforesaid, to the great Damage of their Estates: It is ordained and stablished by the King and the Lords, (1) and at the Request of the said Commons, that the same Commons and every of them, and every Sheriff of England then being, may account before the Barons of the Exchequer by their Oath of the said Sums so received, and to be thereof discharged by their Oath, without suing other Warrant; and that they and every of them have due Allowance of that that they or any of them have expended and payed for Wages in riding and tarrying with the said Lieutenant, to the Sum by them or any of them (*) received.

1 MS. Tr. 2. omits. 4 80 MS. Tr 2.

Corm, any Chera religious or secular, nor any other of the King's liege People, shall be from tencesforth Weyliggers and Rubbers of heldis MS In a

Forfeiture of Office by the Marshal, &c. for taking more than their lawful Fees; Damages. Fees of the Servitors of Bills, &c.

XXIV. against such as were with the Duke of York, temp. 23 Ric. II. for Wages, by them shall be discharged.

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sutre pone lirge pre f le Roy son desore mas m

Anno 4° HENRICI, IV. A.D. 1402.

Statuta de Anno quarto.

STATUTES OF THE FOURTH YEAR.

In Margine Rotuli.

To the Honour of God and Holy Church, and for the common Wealth and Profit of all the Realm of England, Our Lord the King, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Special Instance and Request of the Commons, assembled at the Parliament holden at Westminster the Morrow after the Feast of St. Michael, the Fourth Year of his Reign, hath ordained and stablished certain Statutes and Ordinances by the Manner as followeth.

FIRST, That Holy Church have all her Liberties and Franchises; and that the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and all the Cities, Boroughs, and Towns franchised, have and enjoy all their Liberties and Franchises, which they have had of the Grant of the Progenitors of our said Lord the King, Kings of England, and of the Confirmation of the same our Lord the King; and that the Great Charter, and the Charter of the Forest, and all the good Ordinances and Statutes made in the Time of our said Lord the King, and in the Time of his Progenitors, not repealed, be firmly holden and kept.

ITEM, Our said Lord the King having in Remembrance the faithful Hearts and the inward Affection that the Clergy of England hath borne to him, and also the great Charges which the same Clergy hath had and sustained for his Honour and Profit after the Time of his Coronation, and therefore willing to be a gracious Lord to them in their Affairs, by the Assent of the said Lords at the special Suit and Request of the said Commons, will and granteth, That the Statutes made the Five-and-twentieth Year of King Edward, Grandfather to our Lord the King that now is, touching the Clergy of England be entirely holden and kept and put in due Execution. And Moreover the same our Lord the King, considering that the Words and Terms, that is to say, ["Insidiatores viarum, & depopulatores agrorum," 1] comprised in the Petition delivered to him in this Parliament by the Clergy of England, have not been commonly used in Indictments, Arraignments, [Appeals,] nor in other Impeachments in the Time of his said Grandfather, nor in the Time of his other Progenitors; and willing therefore to avoid such Novelties, for the great Quiet and Surety of his People, by the Assent of the Lords and Commons of the same Parliament, will and granteth, and hath ordained and established, That the said Words and Terms shall not be from henceforth used, nor put in Indictments, Arraignments, Appeals, or any other Impeachments; nor that by force of any such Word or Term, any Clerk religious or secular, nor any other of the King's liege People, shall be from henceforth Weyliggers and Robbers of fieldis MS. Tr. 2.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 16, 15.

A L hon de dieux & de Seinte Esglise & p' les coe un & pfit de tout le roialme Denglerre, Nre f' le Roy de lassent des f's espirituelx & temporelx & a les espalx instance & request des coes assemblez au plement tenuz a Westm lendemayn de Seint Michel lan de son regne quart, ad ordeigne & establiz creins estatuz & ordinances p mane genseute.

Primement q̃ Seinte Esglise ait toutes ses libtees & franchises; et q̃ toutz les f's espirituelx & temporelx & toutz les Citees Burghs & Villes emfranchises aient & enjoient toutes leur libtees & franchises, queux ils ont de g'nte des pgenito's nie dit f' le Roy Roys Denglerre & de confirmacion mesme nie f' le Roy; & q̃ la g'nde chartre & la Chartre de la foreste, & toutz les bons ordinances & estatutz faitz en temps nie dit f' le Roy & en temps de ses ditz pgenito's nient repellez, soient fermement tenuz & gardez.

Item nre dit f le Roy aiant en memoire les entiers coers & les g'ndes nat'esses queux le Clergie Dengletre Iuy ad monstrez, et auxi les g'ndes charges queux Ie Clergie ad eue & sustenu p' son hono' & pfit puis les temps de son coronement, & p tant leur veullant monstrer g'ciouse f'ie en leur affairs, de lassent des ditz f's & a les espalx prier & request des ditz coes voet & g'nte, q les estatutz fait lan vint & quint le Roy Edward aiel nre dit f' le Roy touchant le Clergie Dengletre soient entierment tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion. Et en outre mesme nre f' le Roy considerant q les pols & Pmes cestassavoir, Insidiatores viaz & depopulatores agroz, comprises en la peticion a luy baillez en cest plement p le Clergie Denglerre, nont este coement usez en enditementz arrettementz nen auts empeschementz en temps de son dit aiel nen temps de ses autres nobles pgenito's; Et veullantz p tant oustier tielles novelleres, p' la greindre quiete & seurtee de son poeple de lassent des l's & cões de mesme le plement voet & gante & ad ordeigne & establie, q les suisditz pols & tmes ne soient desore enavent uses ne myses en enditementz arrettementz appelles nen auts empeschementz quelxconqes; Ne q p force de nul tiel pol ne t'me ascun clerc seculer ou religious ne ascun autre psone liege nre f' le Roy soit desore enav'nt

I. Confirmation of Liberties, Charters, and Statutes.

II.
The Statutes
25 Edw. III.
fortheClergy,
confirmed.

The Words Insidiatores viarum & depopulatores agrorum, shall not be put in Indictments or Appeals.

Clerks shall

be allowed

their Clergy

hath the Effect of the

Words afore-

notwithstanding an Indictment

areinez appellez empeschez ne molestez dev'nt ascun Jugge seculer; mes voet on nre dit f' le Roy q ses Justices Pndre & receivre p'ront dev'nt eux enditementz arrettementz & appelles de felonies en soy portant leffect des suisditz pols & Pmes, si ascuns des tielles felonies front desore enditez rettez ou appellez: et si p cas en temps avenir ascuns clercs seculers ou religious soient ou front enditez rettez ou appellez, et leur enditementz arettementz ou appelez portent leffect des ditz pols cestassavoir Insidiatores viaz & depopulatores agroz, ou autres pols portantz effect semblable, nientmeyns eient tielx clercs & enjoient le privilege de Seinte Esglise & soient livez as Ordinaries eux demandantz ou a lour deputez sanz nul empeschement ou delaie.

Item de mesme lassent voet & g'nte nre dit f' le Roy & ad ordeigne & establie, q toutz les estatutz ordinances & g*ntes, p ses nobles pgenito's ou pdecesso's Roys Denglerre faitz ou gentez al Clergie Denglerre, p' la conservacion de leurs libtees & privileges & p' la conservacion de les libtees & immunitees de Seinte Esglise, nient revokez, soient fermement tenuz observez & gardez & mys en execucion selonc lour forme & effect : Et sur ceo le Ercevesq de Cant'birs p' luy mesmes & p' toutz aut's Evesqes de sa pvince ad pmys a nre dit f' le Roy, q si desore enavent ascun clerk seculer ou religious qi soit convict de treson q ne touche le Roy mesmes ne sa roiale mageste, ou qi soit cõe laron & p' tiel notoirement tenuz & reputez, & p' celle cause come clerc convict sra desore enavant delivez a ascun Ordinair, q icel Ordinair luy gardera sauvement & seurement & solonc leffect dune constitucion pvinciale affaire p les suisditz Ercevesq & aul's Evesqes, sur la contenue forme & effect de les tres de Simon jadis Ercevesq, de Cantirbirs portantz la date de xij. kt de Marce lan de grace Milt trois Centz cynqonte & prim, enordinantz & mettantz en ycelle constitucion cteines peines p eux alimitt solonc lour discrecion : et q nul tiel clerc convict de tiel treson ou qil soit cõe laron come desuis, aps qil sra livez al Ordinair unqes ne ferra p'gacion contre le p'port de la suisdce constitution; la quelle constitucion Pra demonstre a nre dit f' le Roy devent son pschein plement, au fyn q sil semble a sa haute discrecion q la suisdce constitucion ne sra remede covenable en ce cas, q lors il poet estre tretez & purveuz dautre remede p mane come apptient.

Item come devent ses heures pleuseurs douns & gentes aient este faitz as divses psones, sibn des revenues du droit de la corone Denglerre come des gardes mariages Pres & tentz & aut's divses comoditees, sanz bone delibacion ent eue, si come les ditz cões ont monstrez a nre dit f' le Roy en plement; mesme nre f' le Roy ent veullant p'voir de remede ad declarrez q son entent est de soy abstenir de faire aucuns tielx douns ou g'ntes, sinon a ceux psones qe le deservont & come mieultz y semblera au Roy & son conseil. Et depuis qil est le desire de toutz les Estats du roialme q riens soit ensy demande de mesme nre f' le Roy, il voet q toutz ceux qi facent aucuns tielx demandes de luy a cont'ire de cest estatut soient puniz p advis de luy & de son conseil, et q celuy qensi face tiele demande jāmais nait la chose ensi demandee.

arraigned, appealed, impeached, or grieved before any secular Judge; but our Lord the King doth will, That the Justices may take and receive before them Indictments, Arraignments, and Appeals of Felonies, containing in them the Effect of the said Words and Terms, if any Person of such Felonies shall hereafter be indicted, arraigned, or appealed: And if percase [it chance'] in Time to come any Clerks, religious or secular, shall be indicted, arraigned, or appealed, and their Indictments, Arraignments, or Appeals do comprehend the Effect of the said Words, Insidiatores viarum, and depopulatores agrorum, or other Words purporting the like Effect; yet nevertheless such Clerks shall have and enjoy the Privilege of Holy Church, and shall be delivered to the Ordinaries them demanding, or their

ITEM, By the same Assent our Lord the King doth will and grant, and hath ordained and stablished, That all the Statutes, Ordinances, and Grants, made or granted by his Noble Progenitors or Predecessors Kings of England, to the Clergy of England, for the Conservation of their Liberties and Privileges, and for the Conservation of the Liberties and Immunities of Holy Church, not revoked, be firmly holden observed and kept, and pat in due Execution according to their Form and Effect: And thereupon the Archbishop of Canterbury for himself, and for all other Bishops of his Province, hath promised to our said Lord the King, That if from henceforth any Clerk secular or religious, that is convict of Treason that toucheth not the King himself, nor his Royal Majesty, or that he be a common Thief, and for such notoriously holden and reputed, and for the same Cause as Clerk convict shall be from henceforth delivered to any Ordinary, that the same Ordinary shall keep him safely and surely, and according to the Effect of a Constitution Provincial to be made by the said Archbishop and other Bishops, according to the Content, Form, and Effect of the Letters of Simon late Archbishop of Canterbury, bearing Date the Twelfth Kalends of March, the Year of Grace, One thousand three hundred and fifty-one, ordaining and inserting in the same Constitution certain Pains by them to be limited by their Discretion: And that no such Clerk convict of such Treason, or that he be a Common Thief, as afore is said, after he be delivered (') shall make any Purgation contrary to the Purport of the said Constitution; which Constitution shall be shewed to our said Lord the King before [this 3] next Parliament, to the Intent that if it seemeth to his high Discretion, that the said Constitution shall not be a convenient Remedy in this Case, that then it may be treated and provided of other Remedy in such Sort as appertaineth.

ITEM, Whereas before this Time many Gifts and Grants have been made to divers Persons, as well of the Revenues of the Right of the Crown of England, as of Wards, Marriages, Lands and Tenements, and other divers Commodities, without good Deliberation thereof had, as the said Commons have shewed to our Sovereign Lord the King, in the Parliament; the same our Sovereign Lord the King, willing thereof to provide Remedy, hath declared, That his Intent is to refrain to make any such Gifts or Grants, saving only to such Persons which the same deserve, and as best shall seem to the King and his Council. And sith it is the Desire of all the Estates of the Realm, that nothing should be so demanded of the same our Sovereign Lord the King, he will, that all those that make any such Demands of him, contrary to this Statute, shall be punished by the Advice of him, and of his Council, and that he that maketh such Demand, shall never have the Thing so demanded.

1 Old Translations and MS. Tr. 2. omit.

e to the Ordynarie MS. Tr. 2.

3 his MS. Tr. 2.

Deputies, without any Impeachment, or any Delay.

III. Liberties of and Clergy confirmed.

Clerks conthe Ordinary and dealt with according to a Constitution Provincial, to be made :

and approved

IV. The King will grant no Lands, &c. but to such as shall deserve

making Re-quests to the contrary.

VOL. II.

M m

Original from PENN STATE V.
Every Sheriff shall reside within his Bailiwick; and shall not let it to farm; and shall be sworn hereunto.

VI. Cloths of London used to be sealed.

A Person shall be assigned so to seal them.

Cloths not sealed, shall be forfeited.

VII. Concerning the Special Assise.

Recital of 1 Ric. II. c.9, giving Remedy against Disseisors;

Action for Disseisee shall lie, against a Disseisor, during his Life;

against Tenant of the Freehold, within a Year.

VIII.
Mischiefs
accruing from
forcible
Entries:

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That every Sheriff of England shall abide in proper Person within his Bailiwick, for the Time that he shall be such Officer; and that he shall not let the said Bailiwick to farm to any Man, for the Time that he occupieth such Office; and that the said Sheriff be sworn from time to time to do the same in special, amongst other Articles comprised in the Oath of the Sheriff.

ITEM, Whereas before this Time, to avoid the Deceit which hath been used in Cloths sold in London, under the Name and Colour of Cloths made in London and the Suburbs of the same, there was ordained a Seal of Lead for to seal such Cloths made in the said City and Suburbs; till now of late, that for the singular Profit of certain Persons, the Seal of Lead hath been excluded, to the great Damage of the People, and great Slander to the City and Suburbs: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the [Advice and '] Assent aforesaid, to [obvent 1] such Subtlety and Deceit hath ordained and established, That one sufficient Man shall be assigned by the same our Sovereign Lord the King to seal the said Cloths, which shall be wrought, woven, and fulled, in the said City, and the Suburbs of the same, with a Seal of Lead, as in old Times was used in the same City and Suburbs; and that no such Cloth so wrought, woven, and fulled within the same City and Suburbs, be in any wise sold or bargained, nor set to Sale, unless it be sealed with a Seal of Lead, as before is said. And the same our Sovereign Lord the King shall have the Forfeiture of the Cloths sold contrary to this Statute, if any be.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made the First Year of King Richard the Second, it was ordained, That where several Persons did disseise other of their Freehold, and made Feoffment to divers People, as well to have Maintenance, as also to make the Disseisees to be ignorant against whom they ought to take their Writ, that the Disseisees in such Case might take their Writ against them which thereof shall take the Profits so that the Disseisees commence their Suit within the Year next after the Disseisin; and (3) the same Ordinance should hold Place in every other Action or Plea where such Feoffments be made by Fraud or Collusion, to have their Recovery against such Feoffors, if they thereof take the Profits: Our said Lord the King thinking the said Statute to be very mischievous and prejudicial to his People, because of the Shortness of the Time, by the Assent of the said Lords, and at the Request of the Commons aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That such Disseisees shall have their Action against the first Disseisor, during the Life of the same Disseisor, so that such Disseisor thereof take the Profits at the Time of the Suit commenced. And as to other Writs in Plea of Land, the Demandant shall commence his Suit within the Year against him which is Tenant of the Freehold at the Time of the Action accrued to him, so that such Tenant thereof take the Profits at the Time of such Suit commenced; notwithstanding the said Statute.

ITEM, Because daily the great Persons of the Realm, do make forcible Entries into other Men's Lands, and put out the Possessors of the same, claiming sometime in their own Right, where their Entry is not lawful, and sometime in another's Right, where they have nothing in Reversion, in Right, nor in Demean, nor is there any Affinity or Cousinage betwixt them and

a { wistande MS. Tr. 2.

Item ordeignez est & assentuz q chun Viscont Dengletre soit demurrant en ppre psone deinz sa baillie p' le temps qil sra tiel Officer; et qil ne lesse sa dce baillie a ferme a nully p le temps qil occupiera cel office. Et qa ce faire soit tiel Viscont jurrez de temps en temps en espale entre les autres articles comprises en le sement de Viscont.

Item come dev'nt ces heures p' ouster la deceit qud este en les draps venduz en Londres south le noun & colour de les draps faitz en Londres & les Suburbes dicelle, ordeignez estoit un Seal de plumbe p' ensealer tielx draps faitz en les ditz Citee & Suburbes, tangore tard q p' singuler pfit des cteines psones mesme le seal de plumb feust oustez, a gent damage du poeple & gant esclandre a les ditz Citee & Suburbes; Nre dit f' le Roy de lassent suisdit p' obvier as tielx subtilite & deceit ad ordeignez & establiz, qun home sufficiant Bra assignez p mesme nre f' le Roy p' ensealer les draps queux front ovez texez & fullez en la dee Citee & les Suburbes dicelle, dun seal de plumb come aunciement estoit usez deinz mesmes les Citee & Suburbes; et q nul tiel drap ensi ovez texez & fullez deinz ycelles Citee & Suburbes soit aucunement venduz ou bargaignez ne mys a vent sil ne soit ensealez dun seal de plumb come devent est dit. Et ava mesme nre f' le Roy la forfaiture des draps venduz a contire de cest estatut si nulles y soient.

Item come en lestatut fait lan prim le Roy Richard de spali assis. second ordeignez estoit, q la ou divses gentz disseisent autres de lour frank tent & fount fessement as divses gentz p' maintenace avoir, sibn come p' faire les disseisez avoir mesconisance vers queux eux duissent lour brief pndre, q les disseisez en tiel cas puissent lour brief Pndre Vs ceux q ent Pignent les pfitz, pissint q les disseisis comencent leurs suites deinz lan pchein aps le disseisyne; & q mesme lordinance tiegne lieu en chun autre accion [en1] plee ou tieux feffementz sont faitz p fraude ou collusion davoir lour recover Vs tieux fesso's si eux ent preignent les psitz: Nre dit f' le Roy entendant le dit estatut estre molt meschevous & damageous a son poeple a cause de briefte de temps, de lassent des ditz f's & a la request des Cões suisditz ad ordeignez & establiz, q tielx disseisiz aient leur accion devs le prim disseisour durante la vie mesme la disseisour, pensi q tiel disseisour ent Digne les pfitz au temps de la suyte comence. Et q'nt as auts briefs en plee de tre, comence le demandant sa seute deinz lan devs celuy qest tenant de frank tent a temps de laccion a luy accreue, pensi q tiel tenant ent pigne les pfitz a temps de tiele seute, comence non obstant lestatut avantdit.

Item porce q de jour en autre les g'ntz psones de roialme font forcibles entrees en autry ères, & les possessours ent oustent enclaymant aucun foitz en lour droit demesne la ou lo' entree nest my congeable, & ascun foitz en autry droit la ou ils nont riens en revision en droit nen demesne, ne il nad nutt affinite ne

ou Rot. Stat. 1 Ric. II.

77 ... 77

^{&#}x27; Not in Original : MS.Tr. omits.

s that MS. Tr. 2.

cosinage entre eux & ceux en qi droit ils ount entrez, et auxi lour biens & chateux pignont en mane de robie; issint sovent foitz ils sont en tiel mane oustez & de lour biens & chateux despoilliez qilx nount riens p' lour droit p'suir, & issint p tieux forcebles entrees & maintenance les Prestenantz & possessours sont toutoutrement deshiteez & destruitz: Nre dit f' le Roy veullant faire ouel droit as toutz ses lieges sibn greindres come meindres, & q ses loyes soient duement executz, a la grevouse compleinte des ditz cões & de ladvis & assent des toutz les f's suisditz, p' punir & chastier tielx riotes & forcibles entrees, ensi faitz & affairs en temps avenir encontre les loies de la tre, ad ordeignez & establiz, q si ascun home g'nt ou petit de quell estat ou condicion qil soit face ascun tiel forcible entree, en son droit demesne ou a son oeps ppre, ou en autry droit ou (') autry oeps p voie de maintenance, ou aucuns biens aps tiel forcible entree de les possessours de franc tent pigne ou emporte, q si la partie grevee ou autre loial home voet affier en son noun q lentree feust fait en tiel forcible manie; q le Chanceller Denglerre p' le temps esteant ait poair p sa discrecion de gentier espale assise en ce cas a la partie grevee de qeconq value q les tentz soient, sanz suir au Roy. Et si tiel disseiso' soit atteint del disseisine faite en tiel forcible mane, qil eit la prisone dun an & rende al partie grevee ses damages a double: Et sil soit convict p mesme lassisse qil ait pris ou emporte aucuns biens ou chateux de tieux disseisiz, q les Justices de mesme lassise eient poair doier & Pminer sibn p' nre f' le Roy come p' la partie des biens & chateux issint emportez & de agarder al partie grevee ses damages: Et q en chescune tiele assise espale soit nomez un des Justices de lun banc ou de lautre ou le chief Baron de lescheqer sil soit home de loye. Et qen temps advenir nul brief de supsedeas soit g'ntez a cont'ire de tiele assise espale.

Item porce q pleuseures comissions sont faitz en la Chancellerie directes as divses psones du roialme aucun foitz p' enquer & ctifier, ascun foitz denquere oier & Pminer, & ascun foitz de seiser Pres tentz biens & chateux, les quelles comissions unque naviendront as mains des ditz Comissioners, s' quoy briefs issent del Escheqer nre f' le Roy p' destreindre les ditz Comissioners lour executours heirs & tres ten'tz, ascun foitz de rendre les estretes (1) fines issues & amcimentz gaptient a nre dit f' le Roy p cause des ditz comissions, ascun foitz de ctifier ceo qest trove devent eux p enquest, & ascun foitz dacompter de cteins choses contenuz es ditz comissions, a g'unt damage & disease des pleuseurs liges nre dit f' le Roy; mesme nre f' le Roy p' ease & quiete de son poeple veulant en ce cas p'voir de remede, de lassent aventdit voet & ad ordeignez & establiz, q le Chanceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant use son poair come il ad fait dev'nt ces heures en ce cas: Et es autres cases ait mesme le Chaunceller poair p auctoritee du plement, appellez a luy tielx Justices come luy plerra ou le chief Baron de lescheqer sil embosoignera, de p'voir de remede de temps en temps selonc leur discrecion.

1 a Printed Copies.

* des Rot. Parl. 4 Hen. IV. nu. 44.

those in whose Right they have entered, and also take their Goods and Chattels in Manner of Robbery; so that oftentimes they be in such Manner put out, and of their Goods and Chattels spoiled, that they have nothing [to pursue for '] their Right, and so by such forcible Entries and Maintenance, the Land-Tenants and Possessors be utterly disherited and undone: Our Lord the King, willing to do equal Right to all his liege People, as well the small as the great, and that his Laws be duly executed, at the grievous Complaint of the said Commons, and by the Advice and Assent of all the Lords aforesaid, for to punish and chastise such Riots and forcible Entries so made, and hereafter to be made, against the Laws of the Land, hath ordained and established, That if any Man, great or small, of what Estate or Condition that he be, make any such forcible Entry in his own Right, or to his own Use, or in another's Right (1) to another's Use by way of Maintenance, or take or carry away any Goods after such forcible Entry from the Possessor of the Freehold, that if the Party grieved, or other lawful Man, will make Affiance in his Name, that the Entry was made in such forcible Manner, that the Chancellor of England for the Time being shall have Power, by his Discretion, to grant a special Assise in this Case to the Party grieved, of whatsoever Value the Tenements be, without suing to the King. And if such Disseisor be attainted of such Disseisin made in such forcible Manner, he shall have One Year's Imprisonment, and yield to the Party grieved, his double Damages: And if he be convict by the same Assise, that he hath taken or carried away any Goods or Chattels of such Disseisees, the Justices of Assise shall have Power to hear and determine, as well for our Lord the King, as for the Party, of the Goods and Chattels so carried away, and to award to the Party grieved his Damages: And that in every such special Assise be named one of the Justices of the one Bench or of the other, or the Chief Baron of the Exchequer, if he be a Man of the Law. And that hereafter no Writ of Supersedeas be granted to the contrary of such special [Assises.3]

ITEM, Because that many Commissions be made in the Chancery, directed to divers Persons of the Realm, sometime to inquire and certify, sometime to inquire, hear, and determine, and sometime to seize Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels, which Commissions never came to the Hands of the said Commissioners, whereupon Writs issued out of the Exchequer of our Lord the King to distrain such Commissioners, their Executors, Heirs, and Land-Tenants, sometime to yield the Estreats of the Fines Issues and Amerciaments, which pertain to our Lord the King because of the said Commissions, sometime to certify that which is found before them by Inquest, and sometime to account of certain Things contained in the said Commissions, to the great Damage and Disquietness of many of the King's liege People: The same our Lord the King, for the Ease and Quietness of his People, willing in this Case to provide Remedy, by the Assent aforesaid doth will, and hath ordained and stablished, That the Chancellor of England for the Time being shall use his Power, as he hath done before this Time in this Case: And in other Cases, the same Chancellor shall have Power by Authority of Parliament, calling to him such Justices as shall please him, or the Chief Baron of the Exchequer, if need be, to provide Remedy from Time to Time by their Discretion.

for to pursue MS. Tr. 2.

Assise MS. Tr. 2.

grantable in such Cases.

Punishment ; ment and Damages. Damages for carrying Goods or Chattels.

IX. Remedy for ers distrained to return Commissions of which they had not any

· or

bringings a

X.
One Third
Part of the
Silver
brought to
the Bullion,
shall be
coined in
Halfpence
& Farthings,
which none
shall melt.

XI. Former Statutes touching Wears, &c. confirmed.

Commissioners for the enquiring of Wears, &c.

Their Pay.

XII. St.15 Ric.II. c. 6, touching the Appropriation of Churches, confirmed.

Church of Hadenham appropried to Archdeaconry of Ely.

Appropriations of Vicarages made since 1 Ric. II. shall be void. ITEM, For the great Scarcity that is at this present within the Realm of England, of Halfpence and Farthings of Silver: It is ordained and stablished, That the Third Part of all the Money of Silver which shall be brought to the Bullion, shall be made in Halfpence and Farthings; and that of this Third Part the one Half be made in Halfpence, and the other Half in Farthings: And the same to do and perform the Coiner shall be sworn in special. And that no Goldsmith nor other Person, whatsoever he be, cause to be molten any such Halfpence or Farthings, upon Pain to pay to the King the quatreble of that which so shall be molten against the Form of this Statute.

ITEM, Because that by Wears, Stakes, and Kidels, being in the Water of Thames, and [of'] other great Rivers through the Realm, the common Passage of Ships and Boats is disturbed, and much People perished, and also the young Fry of Fish destroyed, and against Reason wasted and given to Swine to eat, contrary to the Pleasure of God, and to the great Damage of the King and his People; the same our Lord the King intending to provide a due Remedy for the same Mischiefs, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords aforesaid, and at the Request of the said Commons, doth will and grant, That the Statutes thereof made be holden and kept, and put in due Execution; joining to the same, that Commissions be awarded to certain Justices and others, in every County of the Realm where Need shall be, to inquire of all that which is contained in the said Statutes, and to punish the Offenders of the same Statutes by Fine, according to their Discretion; Saved always and reserved to the King our Lord, the Penalties comprised in especial in the said Statutes; and that the Estreats of such Fines be delivered by the said Justices to the Sheriff of every County by Indenture: And that the said Sheriff pay of the Issues and Profits rising of the said Estreats, to every of the said Justices, for every Day that he shall travel to execute the said Commission, four Shillings, and that the said Sheriffs have thereof due Allowance from Time to Time in the Exchequer.

ITEM, It is ordained ('), That the Statute of Appropriation of Churches, and of the Endowment of Vicars in the same, made the Fifteenth Year of King Richard the Second, be firmly holden and kept, and put in due Execution: And if any Church be [appropriated 1] by Licence of the said King Richard, or of our Lord the King that now is, sithence the said Fifteenth Year, against the Form of the said Statute, the same shall be duly reformed according to the Effect of the same Statute, betwixt this and the Feast of Easter next coming. And if such Reformation be not made within the Time aforesaid, that the Appropriation and Licence thereof be made void, and utterly repealed and adnulled for ever; except the Church of Hadenham in the Diocese of Ely, which, for to eschew divers Damages, Discords, and Debates, that have been before this Time betwixt the Bishop of Ely and the Archdeacon of Ely, upon the Exercise of their Jurisdiction, as it was openly declared by the same Bishop in Presence of the King, and of the Lords in Parliament, was of late appropried, by the Licence of the King our Lord, to the Archdeacon and his Successors, to do Divine Service, keep Hospitality, and to support other Charges as pertaineth. Moreover It is ordained and stablished, that all the Vicarages united annexed or appropried, and the Licences thereof had, after the First Year of the said King Richard, [how well soever'] that they which have united

4 although

Item p' la g'nde escarcetee qy ad au p'sent deinz le roialme Denglet re des mayles & ferlynges dargent, ordeignez est & establiz q la tierce partie de tout la monoie dargent que gra porte a la boillion soit faite es mayles & ferlynges, & q de celle tierce partie lune moitee soit faite es mayles & lautre moitee es ferlynges: Et a ce faire & pfournir soit le Coignour jurrez en espale. Et q nul Orfeure ne autre psone quelconq face foundir aucuns tielx mayles ou ferlynges sur peine de paier au Roy la quatreble de ce qensi gra foundu encontre la fourme de cest estatut.

Item porce q p les gortz estakes & kidelx esteantz en leawe de Thamyse & es autres gendes rivers pmy le roialme cõe passage des niefs & batelx est destourbez & pleuseurs gentz periz, & auxint le joesne pesson destruyte & encontre reson degastez & donez as porcs a mangier encontre la pleisance de dieu & a g'nt damage du Roy & de son poeple; mesme nre f'le Roi veullant mettre due remede s' les meschiefs av'ntditz, de ladvis & assent des &'s suisditz & a la priere des ditz cões voet & gante, q les estatutz ent faitz soient tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion; adjoustez a ycelles q comissions soient faitz as cteins Justices & autres en chun Countee du roialme ou bosoigne sra denquerre de tout ce qest contenuz en les ditz estatutz, & de punir les cont'riantz mesmes les estatutz p fyn selonc leur discrecions; Sauvez & reservez au Roy nre f' les peines comprisez en espale es ditz estatutz; & q les extretes des tielx fyns soient livez p les ditz Justices as Viscontz en chun Countee p endenture: Et q les ditz Viscontz paient des issues & pfitz sourdantz des ditz extretes a chun des ditz Justices p' chun jo' qil tavaillera p' exècer la dee Comission iiij s. & q les ditz Viscountz ent aient due allouance de temps en temps en lescheger.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q lestatut de lappropriacion des esglises & de lendowement des Vicairs en ycelles, fait lan quinzisme le Roy Richard second, soit fermement tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion: Et si ascune eglise soit approprie, p licence du dit Roy Richard ou de Roy nre f' qorest, puis le dit an xvme contre la forme du dit estatut, q ce soit duement refourmez selonc leffect de mesme lestatut pentre cy & la fest de Pasq, pschein advenir. Et si tiele reformacion ne se face deins le temps suisdit q les appropriacion & licence ent faitz soient voidez & de tout repellez & adnullez p' toutz jo's; forspris lesglise de Hadenham en le diocis Dely la quele, p' eschuire pluso's damages discordes & debates qont este devant ces heures pentre levesq. Dely et lercedeaken Dely, sur lexccise de lo' jurisdiccion come y feust ovtement declarez p mesme levesq en psence de Roi & des f's en plement nadgairs p licence du Roy nie f' feust appropriez a lercedeaken Dely & ses successo's p' y faire divines svices hospitalite tenir & autres charges supporter come affiert. Et outre ceo ordeignez est & establiz q toutes les Vicaries uniz annexez ou appropriez, & les licences ent eues puis lan prim le dit Roy Richard, combn q ceux qont uniz annexez ou appropriez tieux Vicaries

a Printed Opier. See Res. Park a Hen. W. rus. 44.

in MS. Tr. 2.

and established MS. Tr. 2.

³ appropied

M. 15.

soient en possession de mesmes les Vicaries ou p vue des dées licences p'ront ascunement estre en possession dicelles en ascun temps advenir, soient auxint de tout voidez revokez repelles adnullez & disappropriez p' toutz jours: et q desore enav'nt en chune esglise ensi appropriee ou appropriere une seculere pson soit ordeigne Vikair ppetuel, institut & induct canonikement en ycelle & covenablement endowez p la discrecion del Ordinair p' faire divine svice & enfourmer le poeple & hospitalitee tenir illeoqes, forspris lesglise de Hadenham suisdée: Et q nul religious ascunement soit fait Vicair en ascune esglise ensi appropriee [ou appropriere'] p nulle voie en temps advenir.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q lestatut fait lan prime le Roy Edward Aiel nre f' le Roy qorest, contenant q nuls soient distreintz daler hors de leur Countees sinon p cause de necessitee de sodeigne venue destranges esnemys en roialme, et lestatut fait lan disoetisme du dit Aiel q gentz darmes hobelers & Archiers esluz pur aler en le svice du Roy hors Dengletre soient as gages le Roy du jour qils deptiront hors des Countees ou ils feurent esluz, et auxint lestatut fait lan vint & quint le dit Aiel q nul home soit arte de trover gentz darmes hobelers narchiers aut's q ceux q tiegnent p tiel svice, sil ne soit p coe assent & gente faite en plement; soient fermement tenuz & gardez en toutz pointz: Painsi toutes voies q p force ou colour de la dite supplicacion ne dascun estatut sur ceo affaire, les f's nautres qi ount Pres & possessions en paiis de Gales ou en le Marche dicell ne soient en ascun mane excusez de lour vice & devoirs de lours dces tres & possessions dues, ne dascuns autres devoirs ou choses a les quelles ils ou ascuns de eux sont a nre dit f' le Roy espalement obligez, combn q yceux f's & autres aient auts Pres & possessions dedeinz le roialme Denglerre; ne q̃ les f's ou auts de quel estat ou condicion qils soient, qi tiegnent p escuage ou autre svice due au Roy ascuns tres ou possessions dedeinz le dit roialme, ne soient ascunement excusez de faire les svices & devoirs des ditz tres ou possessions dues; ne q les f's Chivalers Esquiers nautres psones de quel estat ou condicion qils soient, qi tiegnent & ont de la g'nt ou confirmacion de nre dit f' le Roy tre possessions fees annuities empensions ou aut's pfitz annuelx, ne soient, nascun de eux soit, excusez de lour svice affaire a nre dit f' le Roy p tiel mane come ils sont tenuz p cause des Pres possessions fees annuitees empensions ou pfitz suisditz.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nul laborer soi retiegue p' lowere p semaigne ne q nuls [labores 1] Carpenters Cementers Tegulers Plastrers Doubers Covours des Maisons naur's Laborers quielconqes pigment lowere p' jours de festes ne p' veile des festes ou ils ne laborent forsq, al heure de None, sinon p' demy jo', sur peine q tiel Laborer Carpenter Cementer Teguler Plasterer Douber Coevour des maisons ou autre laborer quielconq qi p'ndra a cont'ire de cest estatut paie au Roy p' chun foitz qil ava ensi fait a cont'ire xx s.

Interlined on the Roll.

· Laborers Printed Copies.

annexed or appropried such Vicarages, be in Possession of the same Vicarages, or by the Virtue of such Licences may in any wise be in Possession of the same in any Time to come, they shall be also utterly void, revoked, repealed, adnulled, and disappropried for ever: and that from henceforth in every Church so appropried, or to be appropried, a Secular Person be ordained Vicar perpetual, canonically institute and induct in the same, and covenably endowed by the Discretion of the Ordinary, to do Divine Service, and to inform the People, and to keep Hospitality there, except the Church of Hadenham aforesaid: And that no Religious be in any wise made Vicar in any Church so appropried, or to be appropried by any Means in Time to come.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That the Statute made the First Year of King Edward, Grandfather to our Lord the King that now is, containing, That none shall be constrained to go out of their Counties, but only for Cause of Necessity of sudden coming of strange Enemies into the Realm; and the Statute made the Eighteenth Year of the said Grandfather, That Men of Arms, Hoblers, and Archers chosen to go in the King's Service out of England, shall be at the King's Wages from the Day they do depart out of the Counties where they were chosen; and also the Statute made the Twenty-fifth Year of the said Grandfather, That no Man be compelled to find Men of Arms, Hoblers, nor Archers, other than those which do hold by such Service, unless it be by common Assent and Grant made in the Parliament; shall be firmly holden and kept in all Points: So that always by Force or Colour of the said Supplication, nor of any [other '] Statute thereupon to be made, the Lords, nor any other that have Lands and Possessions in the Country of Wales, or in the Marches thereof, shall in no wise be excused of their Service and [Devoirs 2] due of their said Lands and Possessions, nor of any other [Devoirs '] or Things whereto they or any of them be (3) bound to our Lord the King, though that the same Lords and other have other Lands and Possessions within the Realm of England; nor that the Lords, or others, of what Estate or Condition that they be, which hold, by Escuage or other Service due to the King, any Lands or Possessions within the said Realm, be in no wise excused to do their Services and [Devoirs '] due of their said Lands or Possessions; nor that the Lords, Knights, Esquires, nor other Persons, of what Estate or Condition they be, which hold and have of the Grant or Confirmation of our Lord the King, Lands, Possessions, Fees, Annuities, Pensions, or other yearly Profits, be not excused to do their Service to our Lord the King in such Manner as they are bounden, because of the Lands, Possessions, Fees, Annuities, Pensions, or Profits aforesaid.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That no Labourer [be retained to work 1] by the Week, nor that no Labourers, Carpenters, Masons, Tilers, Plaisterers, Daubers, Coverers of Houses, nor none other Labourers, shall take any Hire for the Holy-days, nor for the Evens of Feasts, where they do not labour but till the Hour of Noon, but only for the half Day, upon the Pain that such Labourer, Carpenter, Mason, Tiler, Plaisterer, Dauber, Coverer of Houses, or any other Labourer that taketh contrary to this Statute, shall pay to the King for every time that he so doth the contrary, xx s.

Old Translations and MS. Tr. 2. omit this Word.—See, as to the Supplication, Rot. Parl. 4 Hen. IV. nu. 56.

Money MS. Tr. 2.

In every Church appropried, a secular Person shall be ordained

XIII. St.1Edw.III. st. 2. ch. 5: 18 Edw. III. chapter 7: 25 Edw. III. st. 5. ch. 8, touching Service in War, confirmed.

Persons holding of the King to do any Service in War, shall be bound to do the same.

> XIV. Labourers shall not be hired by the Week; nor paid for Holidays.

Vol. II.

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XV. Money received for Goods imported shall be laid out in English Goods.

[XVI.*] XVII. Infants shall not be received into Orders of Friars without the Consent of Parents.

The Chancellor shall have Jurisdiction herein.

The several Principals of the Four Orders in England, swear to observe this Statute.

XVIII.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That all the Merchants, (') Strangers, and Denizens, which bring Merchandises into this Realm of England, and the same do sell within the Realm, and receive English Money for the same, that they shall bestow the same Money upon other Merchandises of England, for to carry the same out of the Realm of England, without carrying any Gold or Silver in Coin, Plate, or Mass, out of the said Realm, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same; Saving always their reasonable Costs.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That no Friar of the Four Orders, that is to say, [Friar 1] Minors, Augustines, Preachers, and Carmelites, from henceforth shall take nor receive any Infant into their said Order, unless he be entered into the Age of xiiij. Years, without the Assent of his Father and Mother, or other his next Friends of Blood, or other his Friends or Tutors, in whose Ward or Custody such Infant shall be continually conversant and abiding: And that no such Friar of none of the said Orders, [bring,3] embezzle, nor eloigne, nor do to be [brought,4] embezzled, nor eloigned by himself nor by none other, such Infant, out of the Place where he shall be so first taken or received, to any other Place, by an whole Year next ensuing such Taking or Receipt into the said Order: And if any such Infant be so taken, received, or withholden against the Will of his said Father and Mother, or of his other Friends or Tutors aforesaid, or if he be [brought, 3] embezzled, or eloigned from the Place where he shall be so first taken or received, to any other Place, and the same Fathers or Mothers, or other his Friends or Tutors aforesaid, have made Request to the [Master 6] Provincial, Warden, or Prior of the same Order, [in the Place '] where the said Infant is, or shall be so taken, received, or withholden, and they will not make Delivery of the same Infant to his said Father or Mother, or other his Friends and Tutors aforesaid; the same Father or Mother, or other Friends or Tutors aforesaid, shall sue to the Chancellor of England for the time being, and the same Chancellor shall have Power by Authority of Parliament, to send for the Ministers or Provincials of the said Four Orders, Warden or Prior of the Place where such Infant shall so be taken, received, or withholden from Time to Time, and them to punish after the Discretion of the said Chancellor, and according as the Case requireth in this Behalf. And to the Intent that this Statute and Ordinance shall hold Place for ever, Friar John Zouch, Minister of the Order of the Friars Minors in England, Friar William Pikeworth, Provincial of the Order of the Friars Preachers in England, Friar William de [Wellie,8] Provincial of the Order of the Friars Augustines in England, Friar Stephen of [Paddington,9] Provincial of the Order of Friars Carmelites in England, being in their proper Persons before the King, and the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons of the Realm, in the full Parliament, laying their right Hands on their Breasts made an Oath, and promised in the same Parliament, to hold, keep, observe, and perform the Statute and Ordinance aforesaid, for them and their Successors for ever.

ITEM, For sundry Damages and Mischiefs that have ensued before this Time to divers Persons of the Realm by a great Number of Attornies, ignorant and not learned in the Law, as they were wont to be before

• What has been usually classed as Chap. XVI. follows next after Chap. XXXIV, according to the order of the Statute Roll. See page 142.

Aliens 2 Friars

3 away lede MS. Tr. 2.

away led MS. Tr. 2.
Mynistre MS. Tr. 2.

or Place MS. Tr. 2.

s Welle

9 Patryngton

Item ordeignez est & establiz q toutz les Marchantz aliens estranges & deinzeins qamesnent marchandises en Engletre & les vendent deinz le roialme & la monoie Dengletre p' ycelles receivent, qils mettent mesme la monoie s' aut's marchandises Dengletre p' les amesner hors du roialme Dengletre, sanz emporter ascun or ou argent en coigne plate ou masse hors du dit roialme s' peine de forfaiture dicell; Sauvez toutesfoitz leur costages raisonables.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nul Frere de les quutre ordres, Cestassavoir Freres Menoirs Augustines Prechours & Carmelitz, desorenavent Pigne ne receive aucun enfaunt en lour dit ordre, sil ne soit entrez en lage de quatorsze ans, sanz assent de son piere & miere ou autres ses pscheins amys de sanc ou autres ses amys ou Tutours en qi garde tiel enfant Bra continuelment convsant ou dem'rant: Et q nul tiel Frere de nul des ditz Ordres amesne embesile nesloigne ne face amesner embesiller nesloigner p luy ne p autre aucun tiel enfaunt hors del lieu ou il sra ensi primement pris ou resceuz tanqa autre lieu p un an entier pschein ensuant tiel prise ou receit en le dit Ordre: Et si ascun tiel einfant soit ensi pris receuz ou detenuz encontre la volunte de ses ditz pier & miere ou de ses autres amys ou Tutours suisditz, ou qil soit amesnez embesillez ou esloignez del lieu ou il sra ensi primement pris ou receux tangautre lieu, & mesmes ses pier ou miere ou autres ses amys ou Tutours suisditz aient fait request al Ministre Provincial Gardein ou Priour de tiel Ordre ou lieu ou le dit einfant est ou sra ensi pris receux ou detenuz, & ils ne veullent faire livee de mesme leinfant a ses ditz pier ou miere ou autres ses amys ou Tutours suisditz, suent mesmes les pier ou miere ou autre ses ditz amys ou Tutours au Chanceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant, & ait mesme le Chanceller poair p auctoritee du plement denvoier p' les Ministres ou Pvincialx de les ditz quatre ordres, Gardein ou Priour del lieu ou tiel enfant ensi sra pris receuz ou detenuz de temps en temps, & de les punir selonc la discrecion du dit Chanceller & selonc ce q le cas requiert celle ptie. Et au fyn q cest estatut & ordinance tiegne lieu p' tout temps advenir, Frere Johan Zouche Ministre del Ordre des freres Menours en Engletre, Frere William Pikworth Pvincial del Ordre des freres Prechours en Engletre, Frere William de Welle Pvincial del Ordre des freres Augustins en Engletre, & frere Estephen de Patryngton Provincial del Ordre des freres Carmelites en Engletre, esteantz en leur ppres psones dev'nt le Roy & les f's espirituels & temporelx & les Cões de roialme en plein plement, enmettantz leur maynes dextres s' leur pices firent Sement & pmistrent en mesme le plement de tenir garder observir & pfournir lestatut & ordinance suisdces p' eux & leur Successours a toutz jours.

Item p' pleuseurs damages & meschiefs qont advenuz dev'nt ces heures as divses gentz du roialme p le g'nt nombre des Attournees nient sachantz naprises de la loye come ils soloient estre pdevant, ordeignez est & establiz q toutz les Attournees soient examinez p les Justices, & p leur discrecions leur nouns mys en rolle, & ceux qi sont bons & vtuouses & de bone fame soient receux & jurrez de on & loialment svir en leur offices, & en espal qils ne facent nulle suyte en foreine Countee; & soient les autres Attornees oustez p la discrecion des ditz Justices, & q leur Meistres ove queux ils feurent Attornees soient garniz de Pndre autres en leur lieux, pensi qen le mesne temps damage ne pjudice adviegne a leur ditz Meistrez. Et si aucun des ditz Attourneez devie ou cesse, q les Justices p' le temps esteantz p leur discrecions facent autre en son lieu, q soit home vtuous & sachant & jurrez en mesme le manie come dessuis: Et si ascun tiel attournee soit notoirement trovez en defaut de record ou autrement en temps advenir qil forsjure la Courte, & q jamais il ne soit resceu a nulle suite faire en aucune Courte de Roy. Et q mesme ceste ordinance soit tenuz en lescheger selonc la discrecion del Tresorer & des Barons illeoques.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nul Seneschall Baillif ne Ministre des & s des franchises qont retourne du brief, soit attornee en nul plee deinz la franchise ou baillie dont il est ou s ra tiel Officer ou Ministre en aucun temps advenir.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q lestatut fait lan prim le Roy nre f' qorest de ce q les Custumers & Controllours en chun port Dengletre demoergent sur leur offices en leur ppres psones, sanz aucun deputee ou lieutenant faire en leur nouns, soit fermement tenuz & gardez en toutz pointz; adjoustez a ycell q a ce faire ils soient jurrez de temps en temps s' peine demprisonement (') de paier au Roy C ti. sils facent le cont'ire. Et auxint accordez est & assentuz q le lieutenant du chief Botiller du Roy & le Sercheour soient residentz en mesme [le 2] la mane & s' mesme la peine de Cti. apaiere lun moitee a nre f' le Roy & lautre moite a celuy q voet suir p' mesme nre f' le Roy devs tieux Custumers Controllours Lieutenant ou Sercheour nient residentz: Et q chun Custumer desore enavent s' son accompt rendre en lescheqer soit jurrez p son Sement de respondre loialment a mesme nre f' le Roy sanz fraude ou male engine des toutz mans pfitz & comoditees p' paiement dascun assignement, soit il p taille ou autrement p lui ou aucun autre resceuz ou a resceivers p' achate dascun taille ou en autre mane gconq : Et q toutz manes des marchandizes entrantz en la roialme Dengletre ou issantz dicell, soient chargez & deschargez en les gantz portz du Mier & nemye en Crykes & petits arrivails, s' peine des toutes les marchandises issint chargez ou deschargez a nre f' le Roy forfaire, forpris vesseux ou marchandises appliantz en tieux petitz Crykes & arrivails p cohercion de la tempeste du mier.

Item come ordeigne soit p estatut fait lan vint & quint le dit Roy Edward Aiel nre dit f' le Roy, q si le Roy ferra collacion ou psentement a nulle bnfice en autri droit q le title sur qi il se fondera roit bien examine qil roit prai; & a quel heure q avant juggement rendu le title soit trove p bone enformacion nient roi ne joust soit la collacion ou psentement ent faitz repellez & anientez:

1 & Printed Copies.

An Error.

this Time; It is ordained and stablished, That all the Attornies shall be examined by the Justices, and by their Discretions their Names put in the Roll, and they that be good and virtuous, and of good Fame, shall be received and sworn well and truly to serve in their Offices, and especially that they make no Suit in a foreign County; and the other Attornies shall be put out by the Discretion of the said Justices; and that their Masters, for whom they were Attornies, be warned to take others in their Places, so that in the mean Time no Damage nor Prejudice come to their said Masters. And if any of the said Attornies do die, or do cease, the Justices for the Time being by their Discretion shall make another in his Place, which is a virtuous Man and learned, and sworn in the same Manner as afore is said: And if any such Attorney be hereafter notoriously found in any Default of Record, or otherwise, he shall forswear the Court, and never after be received to make any Suit in any Court of the King. And that this Ordinance be holden in the Exchequer after the Discretion of the Treasurer and of the Barons there.

ITEM, It is ordained, (') That no Steward, Bailiff, nor Minister of Lords of Franchises, which have Return of Writs, be Attorney in any Plea within the Franchise or Bailiwick whereof he is or shall be Officer or Minister, in any Time to come.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That the Statute made in the First Year of our Lord the King that now is, that Customers and Controllers in every Port of England shall abide upon their Offices in their proper Persons, without making any Deputy or Lieutenant in their Names, be firmly holden and kept in all Points; joined to the same, that they shall be sworn to do the same from Time to Time upon Pain of Imprisonment, and to pay to the King an Ct. if they do contrary. Also it is accorded and assented, That the Lieutenant of the King's Chief Butler, and the Searcher, shall be resident in the same Manner, and upon the same Pain of an Cl. to pay the one Half to our Lord the King, and the other Half to him that will sue for the same (') against such Customers, Controllers, Lieutenant, or Searcher, not resident: And that every Customer from henceforth, upon the yielding of his Account in the Exchequer, be sworn by his Oath to answer lawfully to the same Lord the King, without Fraud or Deceit, of all Manner of Profits and Commodities for the Payment of any Assignment, be it by [Tail 3] (4) or in any other Manner whatsoever. And that all manner Merchandises entering in the Realm of England, or going out of the same, shall be charged and discharged in the great Ports of the Sea, and not in Creeks and small [Arrivals,5] upon Pain to forfeit all the Merchandises so charged or discharged to our Lord the King, except Vessels or Merchandises arriving in such little Creeks and [Arrivals 5] by Cohertion of Tempest of the Sea.

ITEM, Whereas it is ordained by the Statute made the Twenty-fifth Year of King Edward, Grandfather to our Lord the King, that if the King make Collation or Presentment to any Benefice in another's Right, that the Title whereupon he groundeth him should be well examined that it be true; and at what Time, before Judgment given, the Title be found by good Information untrue and unjust, the Collation or Presentment thereof made, shall be repealed and annulled.

Attornies
shall be
examined by
the Judges,
and enrolled

Removal of

Punishment of Attornies.

Exchequer.

XIX. No Officer of a Lord of a Franchise shall be Attorney there.

XX. 1 H. IV c.13, touching Customers and Controllers;

They shall be sworn to observe the Statute.

The Lieutenant of the King's Butler and the Searcher shall be resident.

Customers
shall be sworn
to their
Accounts.

Merchandize shall be charged and discharged in Ports, and not in Creeks.

[XXI.*] XXII. Recital of 25 Edw. III. st. 6. ch. 3;

^{*} What has been usually classed as Chapter XXI, follows on the Roll next after that usually numbered XVI, which succeeds Chapter XXXIV. See Page 142. and established MS. Tr. 2.

our Sovereign Lord the King
our Sovereign Lord the King
or otherwise by him or any other received or to be received for the
buying of any Tally,

Landing-51 es

St. 13 Ric.II. st. 1. ch. 1, as to the King's presenting to Benefices;

And moreover, in a Statute made after in the Time of King Richard, It was ordained and established, that if the King present to any Benefice that is full of any Incumbent, that the King's Presentee shall not be received by the Ordinary, till the King hath recovered his Presentment by Process of the Law in his own Court; and if any Presentee of the King be otherwise received, and the Incumbent put out without due Process, as afore is said, the same Incumbent shall commence his Suit within a Year after the Induction of the (') Presentee: Our Lord the King considering the great Mischief of the Incumbent in this Behalf, hath ordained and stablished, by the Assent aforesaid, That if any such Incumbent be put out of his Benefice without due Process in the Manner aforesaid, that the said Incumbent so put out without Process, may be at large, aud sue for his Remedy by the said Statute, and begin his Suit in this Case at what Time shall please him, within the Year, or after, at his Will; and that as well for the Time past, as for the Time to come, notwithstanding the Term so limited by the said Statute.

[XXIII.*] XXIV. St. 17 Ric.II. chapter 5.

Incumbents put out may

sue without Limitation

of Time.

The Aulnage of Cloths may be farmed.

XXV. Penalty on Hostlers offending against 13 Ric. II. st. 1. ch. 8.

XXVI. Englishmen shall not be convict by Welshmen in Wales.

XXVII. Against Wasters, Minstrels &c. in Wales.

XXVIII. Against Congregations in Wales. ITEM, Whereas late in the Time of King Richard the Second it was ordained by a Statute, that the Aulnage of Cloths through the Realm should not be set to ferm, to the great Damage of the King yearly: It is ordained and accorded in the said Parliament, That the said Aulnage may be set to ferm [by Improvement,²] according to the Discretion of the Treasurer of England for the Time being, and of the Barons of the Exchequer, notwithstanding the said Statute made to the contrary.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That the Statute of Victuallers and Hostlers, and other Sellers of Victuals, made the xiij. Year of the said King Richard, be holden and kept and put in due Execution: And if any Hostler do to the contrary, and that duly proved, the same Hostler shall from Time to Time incur the Penalty of the treble Value of the Bread made by him in his House or elsewhere, contrary to the said Statute; and also the same Hostler shall incur the quatreble Value of that which he hath taken over an Halfpeny of every Bushel of Oats above the common Price in the Market, and that as well at the Suit of the King as of the Party.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That no Englishman liege to our Sovereign Lord the King, be convict [of³] any Welshman within Franchise or without, in any County, Hundred, or Court within the Lands of Wales, of whatsoever [Estate,⁴] but by Englishmen, and of the next Venue, and People of good Fame and not procured; nor that the English Burgesses, which have marryed Welshwomen, have Franchises with the English Burgesses.

ITEM, To eschew many Diseases and Mischiefs, which have happened before this Time in the Land of Wales, by many Wasters, Rhymers, Minstrels, and other Vagabonds: It is ordained and stablished, That no Waster, Rhymer, Minstrel, nor Vagabond, be in any wise sustained in the Land of Wales, to make Commorthies or gathering upon the common People there.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That no (5) Congregations be made nor suffered to be made by the Welshmen in any Place of Wales, for to make or take any Counsel (6) unless it be for an evident and

et enoutre soit ordeigne & establi en estatut fait aps en temps du Roy Richard q si le Roy Psente a ascun benefice qi soit plein dascun incumbent, q le Psentee le Roy ne soit resceu p lordinarie tang, le Roy eit recovez son psentement p pces de ley en sa Courte demesne; et si ascune Psentee du Roy soit autrement resceu & le incumbent ouste sanz due pces come desuis est dit, comence le dit incumbent sa suyte deinz un an aps la induccion de psentee du Roy : Nre f' le Roy considerant le gent meschief du dit incumbent celle ptie, ad ordeignez & establiz de lassent av ntdit, q si aucun tiel incumbent soit oustee de son benefice sanz pcesse en la mane suisdite, q le dit incumbent issint oustee sanz pcesse puisse estre a large, & suir remedie p le dit estatut & comencer sa dce seute en ce cas a quel temps q̃ luy plerra deinz lan ou aps a sa volentee; & ce sibn p' temps passe come p' temps advenir nient contresteant le dit ême ensi limite p le dit estatut.

Item come nadgairs en temps du Roy Richard second, ordeignez estoit p estatut q launage des draps pmy le roialme ne roit mys a ferme, a g'nt damage de nre f' le Roy annuelment, ordeignez est & accordez en dit plement q le dit aunage p'ra estre comys a ferme ou en emprowement solonc ladvys de Tresorer Denglet re p' le temps esteant & des Barons de leschequer; le dit estatut fait a cont'ire nient contresteant.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q lestatut des vitaillers & hostilers & autres vendours des vitaillez fait lan treszisme du dit Roy Richard soit tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion: Et si ascun hostiler face a contrair & ce duement pvee encourge mesme lostiler de temps en temps la peine de la treble value del payn fait p luy en son hostelf ou aillours a contrair du dit estatut; et auxi encourge mesme lostiler la quatreble value de ceo qil ava pris outre un mail de chun buself des aveyns outre la coe pris en marchee, et ceo sibn a seute de Roy come de partie.

Item ordeignez & establiz q nul Engleis liege a nre

le Roy soit convict p auncun Galois, deinz franchise
ou dehors en aucun Countee Hundred ou Courte deinz
la re de Gales, de quielconq, chose sinon p Engloises
& del pschein visnee & gentz de bone fame & nient
pcurez; ne q les Burgoises Engloises qont espousez
femmes Galoises aient franchises ovesq, les Burgeoises
Engloises.

Item p' eschuir pluseurs diseases & meschiefs qont advenuz devant ces heures en la tre de Gales p pluseurs Westours Rymours Ministralx & autres vacabondes, ordeignez est & establiz q nul Westour Rymour Ministrall ne vacabond soit aucunement sustenuz en la tre de Gales pur faire Kymorthas ou coillage s' la coe poeple illeoqes.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nuls Comanvaes ou congregacions soient faitz ou soeffertz estre faitz p les Galoises en aucune partie de Gales p' aucuns conseilx ou p'poses faire ou p'ndre sil ne soit p' evidente

[•] What has usually been classed as Chapter XXIII, follows on the Roll next after that usually numbered XXI, which succeeds Chapter XVI, after Chapter XXXIV. See pages 138, 139, 142.

King's 2 or approved, MS. Tr. 2. 3 by thyng MS. Tr. 2. 4 Comonwaes or MS. Tr. 2.

or purpos MS. Tr. 2.

cause & necessaire & p licence de les Chiefs offics & Ministres del f'ie celles parties ou tiele chose se ferra, & en psence de mesmes les offics & Ministres s' peine demprisonement & de faire fyn & ranceon a la voluntee du Roy.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q desorenavent nul home Galois soit armee ne porte armure defensible as villes marchees esglises ne congregacions, nen ycelles nen les hautes chemyns, en affraie du paix ou des liges nre f' le Roy s' peine demprisonement & de faire fyn & ranceon a la voluntee du Roy; forpris ceux qi sont loialx liges a mesme nre f' le Roy.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nul home englois ne galois de quel estat ou condicion qil soit envoie namesne p colour de marchandise ou autre voie aucun vitail ou armure as quielconqes pties de Gales, sanz espale congie de nre f' le Roy ou de son conseil, sil ne soit p' lestuff & estore des chastelx & villes engloises s' peine de forfaiture dicelles vitail & armure. Et gen chune partie de la Marche de Gales & villes marchees soient Conestables esluz p' enquer scher & arester toutz tielx vitailles & armures, & aient mesmes les Conestables p' leur travail la sisme partie des tielx forsfaitures ensi p eux trovez.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nul Galois ait chastel fortesse ne maison defensive de son ppre ne dautri a garder, autrement q nestoit usez en temps le Roy Edward Conquerour de Gales, s' peine de forsfaiture dicelles; lestat devesq, & autres f's temporelx come p' leur corps ppres tantsoulement exceptz.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nul home Galois soit fait Justice Chambleyn Chanceller Tresorer Viscont Seneschaft Conestable du Chastell Receivour Eschetour Coroner ne chef Forester nautre Officer quielconge, ne Gardein des recordes ne lieutenant en nul des ditz offices en nulle ptie de Gales, ne de conseil daucun f' englois, nonobstante aucune patente faite a contraire cum clausula non obstante licet Wallicus natus, forspris les Evesqes en Gales; & de ceux & des autres queux le Roy nre f' ad trovez ses bons & loialx lieges il voet estre advisez p son conseil.

Item p' le plus sufficiente garde de la tre de Gales, & au fyn q home purra avoir la meilloure conussance de les condicions du poeple dicelle, ordeignez est & establiz q les garnisons des Chastelx & des villes murrez illeoges soient p'veuz & estuffez sufficientment des vaillantz psones engloises, estranges a les f'ies ou les ditz Chastelx & villes sont assiz, & nemye de nul mixt home des ditz pties & f'ies en Gales ou la marche dicelle, tanq, la dce tre de Gales soit autrement justifiez & appeisez p' temps advenir.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nul home Englois mariez a aucun Galois del amystee ou alliance de Owen ap Glendourdy traito' a nre f' le Roy, ou a autre feme Galoise, puis la rebellion du dit Owen, ou en temps advenir soi ferra marier a ascune femme galoise, soit mys en aucun office en Gales ou en la Marche dicelle.

necessary Cause, and by Licence of the Chief Officers and Ministers of the [same Seignory,'] where such Thing shall be done, and in the Presence of the same Officers and Ministers, upon Pain of Imprisonment, and to make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That from henceforth no [Man'] be armed nor bear defensible Armour to [Merchant Towns Churches nor Congregations,3] (4) in the same, nor in the Highways, in Affray of the Peace or the King's Liege People, upon Pain of Imprisonment, and to make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will; except those which be lawful Liege People to our Sovereign Lord the King.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That no Englishman nor Welshman of what Estate or Condition that he be, send or bring by Colour of Merchandise or otherway, any Victual or Armour to any Parts of Wales, without the special Licence of our Sovereign Lord the King or of his Council, unless it be for stuffing or enstoring of [Castles and English Towns, 3] upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Victuals and Armour: And that in every Part of the Marches of Wales, and [Towns of the Marches, 1 there be [English Constables 7] for to enquire, search, and arrest all such Victuals and Armour, and the same Constables for their Travel shall have the Sixth Part of such Forfeitures so by them found.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That no Welshman shall have Castle, Fortress, nor House defensive of his own nor of other to keep, otherwise than was used in the Time of King Edward, Conqueror of Wales, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same; [except *] Bishops and other Temporal Lords for their own Bodies (9).

ITEM, It is ordained, That no Welshman be made Justice, Chamberlain, Chancellor, Treasurer, Sheriff, Steward, Constable of Castle, Receiver, Eschetour, Coroner, nor Chief Forester nor other Officer, nor Keeper of the Records, nor Lieutenant in any of the said Offices in no Part of Wales, nor of the Council of any English Lord, notwithstanding any Patent made to the contrary with this Clause, "non obstante quod sit Wallicus natus," except Bishops in Wales; and of those and other whom the King our Sovereign Lord hath found his good and lawful Liege People he will to be advised by his Council.

ITEM, For the more sufficient Custody of the Land of Wales, and to the Intent that a Man may have the better Knowledge of the Condition of the People there, It is ordained and stablished, That the Garrisons of the Castles and walled Towns there, be purveyed and stored sufficiently of valiant English Persons, Strangers to the Seignories where the said Castles (") be set, and not of any Man mixt of the said Parties or Seignories in Wales, or the Marches of the same, till the said Land of Wales be otherwise justified and appeased for the Time to come.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That no Englishman married to any Welshwoman of the Amity or Alliance of Owen ap Gleindour, Traitor to our Sovereign Lord (") or to any other Welshwoman after the Rebellion of the said Owen, or [in that "] Time to come, marrieth himself to any Welshwoman, be put in any Office in Wales, or in the Marches of the same.

2 Walshman MS. Tr. 2. 1 Seignory in those Parts any Towne Market or Churche ne Congregacioun, MS.Tr. 2. ne MS. Tr. 2. Chastels & Townes Inglish, MS.Tr. 2. 4 ne MS. Tr. 2.

o Townes marched MS. Tr. 2.

only except MS. Ir 2.

7 Conestables chosen MS. Tr. 2. " thestate of MS. Tr. 2. 10 and Towns 18 that in

XXIX. Welshmen shall not be

XXX. No Victual or be carried into Wales.

XXXI. Welshmen shall not have Castles, &c.

XXXII. No Welshman shall bear

XXXIII. walled Towns in Wales shall be kept by Englishmen.

XXXIV. Englishmen married to Welsh Women shall not bear Office in Walcs.

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XVI.*
The Statutes forbidding exporting of Gold and Silver, confirmed:

Forfeiture

of Gold

and Silver

exported;

till the next

XXIII.

Judgments shall remain

reversed by Attaint or

Error.

in force until

ITEM, Whereas in divers Ordinances and Statutes made before this Time, it was ordained and established, That no Man, of what Estate or Condition he be, shall bring (1) no Money, nor do to be brought (1) Gold nor Silver in Money, Plate, nor (1) Vessel, out of the Realm of England, without special Licence of our Sovereign Lord the King; And because the same Statutes and Ordinances be very profitable and available for him, and for all his Realm, if they were put in due Execution; the same our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords aforesaid, and at the especial Prayer of the said Commons, hath ordained and established, That the said Ordinances and Statutes be holden and kept, and put in due Execution. And if any Person of what Estate or Condition that he be, bring or send, or do to be brought or sent, Gold or Silver in Money, Vessel, or Plate, out of the said Realm, without the King's especial Licence, except for his reasonable Expences as aforesaid, [And 1] he that can espy the same, upon a full and lawful Certification thereof to be made to the Barons of the Exchequer of our Sovereign Lord the King, shall have the Third Part of such Thing so espied for his Travail; to endure to the next Parliament.

Parliament. espied

XXI.* ITF
Searchers
shall not let
their Offices
to ferm, or
occupy them
by Deputy. espied

and sy
of search
that fr

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That the Searchers in every Port of England shall be charged and sworn, That they shall not let to ferm their Offices of searching, nor occupy the same by a Deputy; and that from henceforth they take of no Masters of Ships for their Office of searching, any Silver or Money for their Welcome and Farewel, nor any other Thing for the same, as it hath been taken and received before this Time, otherwise than shall be ordained to them for their Office by our Lord the King: And that no Searcher be Host to any Merchant or Mariner. And in case that any Searcher do contrary to this Statute, and that duly proved, the same Searcher shall be put out of his Office for ever, and make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will.

ITEM, Where as well in Plea [real³] as in Plea personal, after Judgment given in the Courts of our Lord the King, the Parties be made to come upon grievous Pain, sometime before the King himself, sometime before the King's Council, and sometimes to the Parliament, to answer [there ⁶] of new, to the great impoverishing of the Parties aforesaid, and in the Subversion of the common Law of the Land; It is ordained and stablished, That after Judgment given in the Courts of our Lord the King, the Parties and their Heirs shall be thereof in Peace, until the Judgment be undone by Attaint or by Error, if there be Error, as hath been used by the [Laws ⁷] in the Times of the King's Progenitors.

XXXV. Recital of the Statute 13 Ric. II. St. 1. ch. 12.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made the Thirteenth Year of King Richard the Second, amongst other Things it was ordained, That no Shoemaker nor Cordwainer, should use the Mystery of Tanner, and that he which did contrary, should forfeit all the Leather so tanned, and all the Boots so wrought, and moreover to be ransomed at the King's Will: And because that our (*) Sovereign Lord the King hath perceived, that there is great Damage and Deceit diversly by Colour of the said Statute, as by the Petition of the Commons delivered to him in the same Parliament it may appear; the same our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords, and at the Prayer of the same Commons, will and hath ordained, That

Item come en divses ordinances & estatutz devant ces heures faitz ordeignez soit & establiz q nul home, de quele estat ou condicion qil soit, amesne nenvoie ne face amesner nenvoier or nargent en monoie nen vessel nen plate hors du roialme Denglerre, sanz espale congie & licence nre dit fr le Roy; Et porce q mesmes les ordinances & estatutz sont molt pfitables & vaillables p' luy & p' tout son roialme sils feussent mys en due execucion; Mesme nre & le Roy de ladvis & assent des f's suisditz & al espale prier des ditz cões ad ordeignez & establiz, q les ditz ordinances & estatutz soient tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion. Et si ascune psone, de quel estat ou condicion qil soit, amesne ou envoie ou face amesner ou envoier or ou argent en monoie vessel ou en plate hors du dit roialme, sanz espale congie du Roy, sinon p' ses expenses raisonables come dessuis est dit, ait celuy qi le purra espier, sur les pleine & loiale ctificacion ent affaire as Barons de lescheqer nre f' le Roy, la tierce partie de tiele chose ensi espiee p' son t'vail; adurer tanqa pchein plement.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q les Sercheours en chun port Denglet re soient chargiez & jurrez qils ne lessent a ferme leur office de Sercherie, ne les occupient p deputee; et qils ne pignent desorenavant de nulles Mestres des niefs, p' leur office de Sercherie faire, nul argent ne monoie p' leur bnvenuz & bnalees, ne nul autre chose p' ycell come il ad este pris & levez devant ces heures, autrement q ne gra ordeignez a eux p' lour office p nre f' le Roy: Et q nul Sercheour soit host a nul Marchant ne Maryner. Et en cas qascun Sercheour face le contraire de cest Estatut & ce duement pvee soit mesme le Sercheour ouste de son office p' toutz jo's & face fyn & ranceon a la voluntee du Roy.

Item come sibn en plee roial come psonel aps juggement renduz en les Courtes are f' le Roy, les pties sont faitz venir sur griefe peine a la foith devant le Roy mesmes a la foith devant le conseil du Roy & a la foith en plement de ent respondre de novel, a g'nt anientisement des parties suisditz & en subvision de la coe loie de la tre, ordeignez est & establiz qaps juggement rendu en les Courtes nre f' le Roy, les parties & leur heirs en soient en pees, tanq le juggement soit anientiz p atteinte ou p errour si errour y ad come il ad este usez p la loie en temps des pgenito's nre dit f' le Roy.

Item come en lestatut fait lan treszisme le Roy Richard second entre autres choses ordeignez estoit q nul Suour ne Cordewaner deust user lemistier de Tanner, et q celui qi fist a cont'ire, forsferroit toutz les quirs issint tannez & toutes les botes issint ovez & outre ce reint a la volentee du Roy: Et porce q nre dit f le Roy ad entenduz q g nt damage & desceit y ad p colour du dit estatut divsement, come p la peticion des coes a luy baillez en dit plement y p'ra apparoir, mesme nre f le Roy de lassent & advys des ditz f s & al prier de mesmes les coes voet & ad ordeignez q

M. 14.

¹ nor send ² nor sent ³ in ⁴ Omit this Word.
⁵ royal ⁶ thereof ⁷ Lawe MS. Tr. 2. ⁸ said
⁸ See Notes before Chapters XVII, XXII, XXIV, pa. 138, 139, 140. In the oldeft Printed Copy and in MS. Tr. 2. the Chapter now numbered XXI, follows next after that now numbered XXXIV.

les Suours & Cordewaners puissent tanner quirs come Ils ont usez en temps passe, non obstant acun estatut fait a cont'ire; pissint q les quirs qi gront tannez en aps, sibn p les Tanners come p les Suours & Cordewaners suisditz, soient assaiez & signez ove un signe de ferre a ce assigner p les Mair ou Baillifs Conestables ou chief Gardein de la Ville ou tielx quirs sont ovez, ou p aucun leur depute a ce faire p son sement, devant q tielx quirs soient venduz ou mys a vent ou mys a aucun ovaigne. Et si aucuns quirs soient venduz ou mys a vent ou mys a aucun ovaigne encontre la forme suisdce, qils soient forsfaitz au Roy. Et q cest Estatut soit mys en assaie & tiegne lieu tanqa pschein parlement.

the Shoemakers and Cordwainers may tan Leather as they Shoemakers have used in Time past, notwithstanding any Statute Leather; made to the contrary; so that the Leather which shall be hereafter tanned, as well by the Tanners as by the Shoemakers and Cordwainers aforesaid, be assayed and marked with a Mark of Iron, thereto to be limited by the Mayor or Bailiffs, [Constable or Chief Wardens'] of the Town where such Leather shall be wrought, or by any their Deputy to do the same by his Oath, before that such Leather be sold or set to sale, or set to any Workmanship: And if any Leather be sold or set to sale, or set to any Workmanship against the Form aforesaid, that then it shall be forfeit to the King: And that this Statute be put in Assay, and hold Place till the next Parliament.

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Lands where-

Traitors were

shall not be

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of certain

Anno 5° HENRICI, IV. A. D.1403-4.

In Margine

Statuta de anno quinto.

STATUTES OF THE FIFTH YEAR.

PUR remedier & recoevir pleuseurs meschiefs Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 14, 13. f le Roy en son plement tenuz a Westîri lendemaigne de Seint Hiller, lan de son regne quint, mesme nre F le Roi de ladvis & assent des f's espirituelx & temporelx & a la request des Cões de son roialme Dengletre venuz a dit plement, ad ordeignez & establiz divses estatutz & ordinances en la fourme genseute.

corde (let) Googdermier gereatderwishes sojem in

Primement q nul des Manoirs tres ou tentz des queux Monf Henry Percy ou Monf Thomas Percy Conte de Wyrcestre, ou autres traitours qi feurent al batail de Shrouesbury encontre nre f le Roi & lour ligeance, estoient seisiz ou aucun de eux estoit seisi joint ovesq, autres ou soulement p eux mesmes, del feoffement des autres a autri oeps, ou p' la g'nde affiance q gentz q eux enfeofferont avoient a eux de faire & pfournir lour volente, & dont ils ne feurent enfeoffez destre enheritez mais de pfournir la volente de lour feoffour, ne nulle pcelle dicelles Manoirs tres ou tentz, comebn q tielx feoffementz soient faitz p fyn ou autrement sanz monstrer fait pyant la condicion, soient ou soit aucunement forfaitz a nre dit f' le Roi. Et si aucuns douns ou g'ntes soient faitz p nre dit & le Roi des ditz Manoirs tres ou tentz ou aucun pcelle dicelles a ferme ou autrement, q tielx douns & g'ntez soient de tout voides & de nul value a toutz jours ; Et q nre dit f' le Roi ait la forfaiture des tres & tentz des ditz Monf Henry & Monf Thomas, & de les autres traitures suisditz, des queux ils ou aucun de eux feurent ou feust p eux mesmes ou sevalment enhiritables ou enheritable p descent ou p droit purchace, ou des queux autres feurent enfeoffez joint ovesque eux ou autres soulement a leur oeps p fyn ou en aute mane quelconqe.

OR to remedy and redress divers Mischiefs, P Damages, and Grievances, shewed to our Lord the King in his Parliament holden at Westminster, the Morrow after St. Hillary, the Fifth Year of his Reign; the same our Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of his Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of his Commons of his Realm of England, come to the same Parliament, hath ordained and stablished divers Statutes and Ordinances in the Form as followeth.

while Article, by par in; (4) that illustices of Peace, have

FIRST, That none of the Manors, Lands, or Tenements, whereof Sir Henry Percy, or Sir Thomas Percy Earl of Worcester, or other Traitors, which were at the Battle of Shrewsbury, against our Sovereign Lord the King and their Liegeance, were seised, or any of them was seised jointly with other, or only by themselves of the Feoffment of other, to another's Use, or for the great Trust that People which them did enfeoff had to them to do and perform their Will, and whereof they were not enfeoffed to be inherit, but to perform the Will of their Feoffours [in '] any Parcel of the same Manors, Lands, or Tenements, [how well 1] that such Feoffments be made by Fine or otherwise, without shewing a Deed proving the Condition, shall be in any wise forfeit to our (3) Sovereign Lord the King. And if any Gifts or Grants be made by our said Sovereign Lord the King, of the said Manors, Lands, or Tenements, or any Parcel of the same, (*) or otherwise, that such Gifts or Grants be wholly void for ever and of no Value: And that our Sovereign Lord the King have the Forfeiture of the Lands and Tenements of the said Sir Henry and Sir Thomas, and of the other Traitors aforesaid, which they or any of them were (5) was by themselves or severally inheritable by Descent or by rightful Purchase, or whereof other were enfeoffed jointly with them, or other only, to their Use by Fine or any other Manner, whatsoever it were.

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Original from PENN STATE The Mischiefs of Pardons granted to Approvers.

Procurers of such Fardons shall be named therein.

Penalty on them if the Approver again commit Felony.

III.
Watch shall
be made upon
the Coasts, as
under Statute
of Winton,
13 Edw. I.

Justices of Peace shall enquire hereof.

IV. Felony to multiply gold or silver.

V.
Felony to cut
the Tongue,
or pull out
the Eyes of
Persons.

VI. Penalty for assaulting a Servant of a Knight of Parliament.

Double
Damages;
and Fine
to the King.

ITEM, Because that divers common and notorious Felons be indicted of divers Felonies, Murders, and Rapes in divers Countries, and upon the same, as well before the King's Justices, as before the King himself, (1) arraigned of the same Felonies, and for Safeguard of their Lives they become Provers, to such Intent, that in the mean Time by Brokage, [Grants, and Gifts to be made '] to divers Persons, to pursue and have their Charters, and then after their Deliverance, they become more notorious Felons than they were before; It is ordained and stablished, That if any Person, of what Estate or Condition that he be, Man or Woman, pray or pursue, or cause to be prayed or pursued from henceforth, for any such Felon so attainted by his own Confession, to have any Charter of Pardon, that the Name of him or her that pursueth such Charter, be put in the same Charter, making Mention that the same Charter is granted at his or her Instance; and if he to whom such Charter is granted, after his Deliverance becometh a Felon again, that the same Person which did so pursue for his Charter, shall incur the Pain of an Cl. to be levied to the King's Use.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That the Watch to be made upon the Sea Coast through the Realm shall be made by the Number of the People, in the Places, and in Manner and Form, as they were wont to be made in Times past, and that in the same Case the Statute of Winchester be observed and kept; and that in the Commissions of the Peace hereafter to be made this Article be put in; (3) that Justices of Peace have Power thereof to make Inquiry in their Sessions from Time to Time, and to punish them which be found in Default after the Tenor of the said Statute.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That none from henceforth shall use to multiply Gold or Silver, nor use the Craft of Multiplication: And if any the same do, and be thereof attaint, that he incur the Pain of Felony in this Case.

ITEM, Because that many Offenders do daily beat, wound, imprison, and maim divers of the King's liege People, and after purposely cut their Tongues, or put out their Eyes; It is ordained and stablished, That in such Case the Offenders that so cut (4) Tongues, or put out the Eyes of any the King's liege People, and that duly proved and found that such Deed was done of Malice prepensed, they shall incur the Pain of Felony.

ITEM, Because that Richard Chedder, Esquire, which was come to this Parliament with Thomas Broke, Knight, one of the Knights chosen to the same Parliament for the County of Somerset, and [menial Servant⁵] with the said Thomas, was horribly beaten wounded, blemished, and maimed by one John Salage, otherwise called John Savage; It is ordained and stablished, That seeing the same horrible Deed was done within the Time of the said Parliament, that Proclamation be made where the same horrible Deed was done, that the said John appear and yield him in the King's Bench within a Quarter of a Year after the Proclamation made: and if he do not, the same John shall be attainted of the said Deed, and pay to the Party grieved his double Damages, to be taxed by the Discretion of the Judges of the said Bench for the Time being, or by Inquest, if Need be, and also he shall make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will. Moreover it is accorded in the same Parliament, that likewise it be done in Time to come in like Case.

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Item porce q pleuseurs cões & notoirs larons sont enditez des divses felonies murdres & rapes es divses paiis, & sur ycelles auxion devant les Justices nre f' le Roy come devant le Roy mesmes & arrettez des mesmes les felonies, & pur salvacion de lour vies ils deviegnent pyours, a tiel entent qen le mesne temps p brocage & g'untz douns faire as divses gentz de pursuir & avoir lour chartres, & puis aps lour delivance ils deveignent plus fortz notoirs larons qils ne feurent pdevant; ordeignez est & establiz q si aucune psone de quel estat ou condicion qil soit, homme ou femme, prie ou pursuie ou face prier ou p'suir desore enavant p' ascun tiel laron issint atteint p son conissance demesne, p' aucune chartre de pardon avoir, q le noun de celuy ou cele qi pursuie tiel chartre soit mys en mesme la chartre, faisant mencion q mesme la Chartre est gente a son instance; et si celuy a qi tiel chartre est gente aps sa delivance devient laron q celuy qensi pursua p' sa chartre encourge la peyne de Cent lives a lever al oeps nre dit f' le Rov.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q les agaitez affaires sur le [le¹] Cost du mier p tout le roialme soient faitz p nombre des gentz es lieux & en fourme & manle come ils soleient estre faitz en temps passe, & qen ce cas lestatut de Wyncestre soit tenuz & gardez; & qen les Commissions de la paix desore affaires soit mys cest article, & que les Justices de la paix aient poair dent faire inquisicion en lour sessions de temps en temps, & de punir ceux que sont trovez en defaut solonc le tenure du dit estatut.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nully desorenavant use de multiplier or ou argent, ne use le art de multiplicacion: Et si null le face & de ceo soit atteint qil encourge la peyne de felonie en ce cas.

Item porce q pleuseurs malfaisours de jour en autre batent naufrent emprisonent & maheyment pluseurs des liges nie f' le Roy, et puis de p'pos coupent lo langes ou oustent lour oils; ordeignez est & establez qen tiel cas les malfaisours qensi couperont les langes ou ousteront les oils daucuns des liges nie dit f' le Roi, & ceo duement trovez & pvez q tiel fait fuist fait de malice p'pense, encourgent la peine de felonie.

Item porce q Richard Cheddre esquier qi feust venuz a cest psent plement ovesq Thomas Brook Chivaler un des Chivalers esluz a mesme le plement p' le Countee de Soms & meynal ove le dit Thomas, feust horriblement batuz naufrez emblemiz & mayheymez p Johan Salage autrement appellez Johan Savage, ordeignez est & establiz q p tant q le dit horrible fait feust fait deinz le temps du dit plement q pclamacion soit fait la ou mesme le horrible fait se fist q le dit Johan appierge & soy rende en bank le Roy deinz un quat dun an aps la pclamacion faite; et sil ne le face soit mesme celuy Johan atteint de la fait suisdit, & pa'e au partie endamagee ses damages a double, a taxer p discrecion des Juges du dit Bank pr le temps esteantz ou p enquest sil embosoigne, & face fyn & raunceon a la volente du Roi. Et outre ce accordez est en dit plement q semblablement soit fait en temps avenir en cas semblable.

An erroneous Repetition.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q toutz les Marchantz aliens de quell estate ou condicion qu'es soient venantz demurrantz ou repairantz deinz le roialme Dengletre, soient traitez & demesnez deinz mesme le roialme en mane forme & condicion come les marchantz deinzeins sont ou Bront traitez & demesnez es parties depdelea, su peine de forsfaire au Roi toutz les bns & chateux des ditz marchantz aliens & s' peine demprisonement des corps de mesmes les marchantz aliens.

Item p' eschuer divses meschiefs queux ount estez & sont de jo' en autre, sibn deinz la Citee de Londres come deinz autres Citees & aillours deinz le roialme denglerre, de ceo q divses feyntes suites de dette ount este prises sibien p gentz des ditz Citees come de aillours devs plusours gentz surmettantz a eux p lor suite qils duissent avoir accomptez devent Auditours assignez, de divses resceites duetees & contractz pentre eux eues & qils feurent trovez en arrerages sur mesme lacompt en divses gandes sommes, surmettantz p mesmes les suites ascun foitz lour apprentices & aucun foitz aut's de lour svantz estre les Audito's, la ou il navoit unqes aucun resceit ne duetee pentre tielx pties, & la ou les ditz apprentices ne svantz riens ne savoient de tiel accompt, al entent p' faire eux devs queux tielx suites furont prises de eux mettre en enqueste en mesmes les suytes & de eux oustier de la gagier de lour ley en tiel cas, pont pleuseurs p tieux favoirables enquestes sur ceo prises de les veisyns de ceux q ount prises tielx suites ount este condempnez en plusours g'undes sommes, en g'unt arrerissement & destruccion de eux; ordeignez est & establiz q les Justices en les Courtes du Roy, & aurs Juges devant queux tiels suites & accions serront en toutz tieux cases en Citees & Burghs & prises & suiz, eient poair dexaminer les attournees & aut's queux lour semblera, et sur ceo de receiver les defendantz a lour loie ou de le trier p enqueste selonc les discrecions des Justices & Juges av ntditz.

Item p' mieultz garder or & argent deinz le roialme dengletre & p' lencrece de les commoditees du dit roialme, ordeignez est & establiz q les estatutz ent faitz au darrein plement soient tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion; ajoustant a ycelles q les Custumers & Countrerollours nre f le Roi es toutz les portz dengletre preignent sufficiente seurte p' toutz mans de michandises amesnez p les marchantz aliens & estranges venantz & repairantz es ditz portz, au fyn q la monoie prise p' les ditz mchandises gra emploiez s' les commoditees du roialme, sauvant lo' custages raisonables come en le dit estatut est contenuz plus au plein. Et outre ceo ordeignez est & establiz q les ditz marchantz aliens & estraunges vendent lour ditz richandises ensy apportez deinz le dit roialme deinz un quarte dun an pchein aps leur venue en ycell; et auxi q la monoie q sra delivez p eschaunge en Engletre soit emploiez s' commoditees de mesme le roialme deinz icell roialme sur peyne de forfaiture dicelle monoie. Et q nutt marchant alien nestrange vende null mane de michandises a aute marchant alien ou estrange sur peyne de forfaiture de mesme la marchandise.

Interlined on the Roll.

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ITEM, It is ordained and established, That all the Merchants Strangers, of what Estate or Condition that they be, coming, dwelling, or repairing, within the Realm of England, shall be entreated [or '] demeaned within the same Realm in the Manner, Form, and Condition, as the Merchants Denizens be or shall be entreated [or '] demeaned in the Parts beyond the Sea, upon Pain to forfeit to the King all the Goods and Chattels of such Merchants Strangers, and upon Pain of Imprisonment of the Bodies of such Merchants Strangers.

ITEM, To eschew divers Mischiefs which have been and be from Day to Day, as well within the City of London, as within other Cities and other Places within the Realm of England, for that divers feigned Suits of Debt have been taken, as well by the People (*) the said Cities as of other Places, against divers People, surmising to them by their said Suit, that they had made Accompt before Auditors assigned, of divers Receipts, Duties, and Contracts had betwixt them, and that they were found in Arrearages upon the same Accompt in divers great Sums, suggesting by the same Suits sometime their Apprentices, and sometime other of their Servants, to be the Auditors, where there was never Receipt nor Duty betwixt such Parties, and where the said Apprentices nor Servants did [any Thing 3] know of such Accompt, to the Intent to cause them, against whom such Suits were taken, to put them in Inquest in the same Suits, and to put them from the waging of their Law in such Case; by Reason whereof, by such favourable Inquests taken thereupon of the Neighbours of those which have prosecuted such Suits, divers have been condemned in (*) great Sums, to the great impoverishing and undoing of them; It is ordained and stablished, That the Justices in the King's Courts, and other Judges, before whom such Suits and Actions in all such Cases in Cities and Boroughs shall be, (5) sued and taken, shall have Power to examine the Attorneys, and others whom please them, and thereupon to receive the Defendants to their Law, or to try the same by Inquest, after the Discretion of the Justices and Judges aforesaid.

ITEM, For the better keeping of Gold and Silver within the Realm of England, and for the Increase of the Commodities of the said Realm: It is ordained and established, That the Statutes thereof made at the last Parliament, shall be [continued 6] and kept, and put in due Execution; joyned to the same, That the Customers and Controllers of our Lord the King, in all the Ports of England, shall take sufficient Sureties for all Manner of Merchandises brought by the Merchants Aliens and Strangers, coming and repairing to the said Ports, to the Intent that the Money taken for the said Merchandise shall be imployed upon the Commodities of the Realm, saving their reasonable Costs, as in the same Statute more fully is contained. And moreover It is ordained and established, That the said Merchants Aliens and Strangers shall sell their said Merchandises so brought within the said Realm, within a Quarter of a Year next after their coming into the same; and also that the Money, which shall be delivered by Exchange in England, be imployed upon the Commodities of the Realm, within the same Realm, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Money. And that no Aliens shall Merchant Alien nor Stranger sell any Manner of Merchandise to any other Merchant Alien or Stranger, to each other. upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Merchandise.

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VII. Merchants in this Realm

VIII. In Actions of Debt, as on Accounts Auditors the Judges

The Statute 4H. IV.c 15. confirmed;

foreign Merobserve that

An erroncous Repetition.

Hosts shall be appointed to Merchants Aliens.

And also It is ordained and established, That in every City, Town, and Port of the Sea in England, where the said Merchants Aliens or Strangers be or shall be repairing, sufficient Hosts shall be assigned to the same Merchants, by the Mayor Sheriffs or Bailiffs of the said Cities Towns and Ports of the Sea; and that the said Merchants Aliens and Strangers shall dwell in no other Place, but with their said Hosts so to be assigned; and that the same Hosts so to be assigned, shall take for their Travel in the Manner as was accustomed in old Time.

X. Justices of Peace shall imprison in e common Gaol only.

ITEM, Because that divers Constables of Castles within the Realm of England, be assigned to be Justices of Peace by Commission of our Lord the King, and by Colour of the said Commissions they take People, to whom they bear evil Will, and imprison them within the said Castles, till they have made Fine and Ransom with the said Constables for their Deliverance; It is ordained and established, That none be imprisoned by any Justice of the Peace, but only in the Common Gaol; saving to Lords and other which have Gaols their Franchise in this Case.

XI. Farmers of the Lands of Aliens shall pay their Tithes to the Parsons.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That the Fermors, and all Manner of Occupiers of the Manors, Lands, Tenements, and other Possessions of Aliens, shall pay and be bound to pay, all Manner of Dismes thereof due to Parsons and Vicars of Holy Church, in whose Parishes the same Manors, Lands, Tenements, and Possessions be so assessed and due, as the Law of Holy Church requireth, notwithstanding that the said Manors, Lands, Tenements, or other Possessions be seized into the King's Hands, [or '] notwithstanding any Prohibition made or to be made to the contrary.

XII. Execution allowed on a Statute Mershewed in Court.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That when any Statute Merchant is certified into the Chancery, and thereupon a Writ awarded to the Sheriff, and returned into the Common Place, and the Statute there once shewed, that [howsoever 1] the Process after the same shewing be discontinued, that at what Time the Party sueth to have the Process re-continued, and to have Execution of the Statute Merchant aforesaid, that the Justices of the Bench, where the Statute was once shewed, may upon the same Record make and award full Execution of the Statute Merchant aforesaid, without having the Sight or shewing thereof another Time after; and that this Statute hold Place of all Statutes Merchant, not fully executed at this Time.

XIII. What Things may be plated with Silver or Gold, and what not.

ITEM, Whereas many fraudulent Artificers, imagining to deceive the common People, do daily make [Locks, 3] Rings, Beads, Candlesticks, Harness for Girdles, [Hilts, Chalices, and Sword-pomels, 1] Powder-Boxes, and (5) Covers for Cups, of Copper and of Latten, and the same [overgilt and silver 6] like to Gold or Silver, and the same sell and put in Gage to many Men, not having full Knowledge thereof, for whole Gold and whole Silver, to the great Deceit Loss and Hinderance of the common People, and the wasting of Gold and Silver; It is ordained and established, That no Artificer nor other Man whatsoever he be, from henceforth shall [gilt] nor silver any such [Locks,3] Rings, Beads, Candle-sticks, Harness for Girdles, Chalices, Hilts nor Pomels of Swords, Powder-Boxes, nor (*) Covers for Cups, made of Copper or Latten, upon Pain to forfeit to the King Cs. at every Time that he shall be found guilty,

7 gild

Et auxi ordeignez est & establiz qen chescun Citee ville & port du meer dengletre, ou les ditz marchantz aliens & estranges sont ou sront repairantz, soient assignez a mesmes les marchantz sufficiantz hostes p les Maires Viscontz ou baillifs de ditz Citees Villes & portz du meer; et q les ditz marchantz aliens & estranges ne soient demurrantz en autre lieu sinon ovesq, les dites hostes ensy a assigners; [et q mesmes les hostes ensi assigners'] priegnent p' lo' travaitt en mane come feust accustumez en auncien temps.

Item p' ceo q divses Conestables des Chatelx deinz le roialme dengletre sont assignez p commissions nre f' le Roi Justices de la pees, & p colour des ditz commissions preignent gentz as queux ils sont malveullantz & les emprisonont deinz les ditz Chastelx, tangils eient fait fyn & raunceon ove les ditz Conestables p' lour delivance avoir; ordeignez est & establiz q nully soit emprisonez p ascuns Justices de la pees sinon en coe gaole, savant as €'s & autres qont gaoles lour franchises en ce cas.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q les fermours & Occupiours quelconges des Manoirs tres tentz & autres possessions des aliens paient & soient tenuz de paier toutz mans des dismes ent dues, as Psones & Vicairs de Seint Esglise es quelx poches mesmes les Manoirs tres tentz ou possessions sont issint assiz & dues, come la loye de Seinte Esglise demande; nient contresteant q les ditz Manoirs tres tentz ou autres possessions sont seisiz es mayns nre dit f' le Roy, & nonobstante aucune phibicion faite ou affaire a contraire.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q qaunt ascun estatut marchant soit ctifie en la Chauncellarie, & s' ceo brief agarde al Viscont & retourne en le cõe bank & lestatut illeoges un foitz monstre, q combien q le pcesse aps celle demonstrance soit discontinue, qa quele heure q la partie sue de recontinuer le pcesse & davoir execucion del estatut marchant, q les Justices del Bank, en quel lestatut feust un foitz monstrez, puissent s' celle record faire & agarder plein execucion del estatut marchant aventdit, sanz avoir de ceo autrefoitz vieu ou demonstrance en aps; et q cest estatut tiegne lieu de toutz estatutz marchantz a cest foitz nient pleinement executz.

Item porce q pleuseurs desloialx artificers ymaginantz a deceiv le coe poeple, font de jour en autre firmalx anelx bedes chandelers gipsserrynges chalices hiltes & pomelx despeies pouderboxes lienes & bursels p' hanapes, de cupre & de laton & les suisorrent & suissargentent semblables a or & argent, & les vendent & mettent a gage as pluso's hommes nient eiantz pleine conissance de ce p' or entier & argent entier, a gent deceit [deceit] pde & arrerissement de cõe poeple, & anientissement & destruccion dor & dargent; ordeignez est & establiz q nul artificer nautre home gecong desore enavant suisorre ne suisargente nulles tielx firmalx anelx bedes chandelers gipsserrynges chalices hiltes ne pomelx des espeies pouderboxes lienes ne bursels p' hanapes, faitz de cupre ou de laton, sur peine de forfaire au Roy C. s. a chun foitz qil sra trovez coupable,

Interlined on the Roll. ² An erroneous Repetition.

² although 3 owchis, broochis MS. Tr. 2. · chalices, hiltis & pomels of swords MS. Tr. 2. 5 Chains and 6 do overgild and filver

M. 13.

& de faire gree a partie p' ses damages Mais q chalices touteditz exceptz les ditz artificers p'ront faire & over ornamentz de Seinte Esglise de cupre & de latoñ & les suisorrer & suisargent; painsi toutesfoitz qen la pie ou en aute ptie de chun ornament ensi affaire soit la cupre ou laton plain, a fyn q home p'ra veier dont la chose est fce p' eschuir la deceit av'ndte.

Item porce q pleuseurs pies des fins des Pres & tentz deinz le Roialme Denglerre dem'antz en le Tresore nre f' le Roi, & les notes de tielx fyns dem'antz en le cõe Bank, aient este devant ces heures enbesilez, & aut's pies & notes de fyns fauxement contreovez & mys en lour lieux p deceit & comettement daucuns, pont pleusours des gentz de Roialme ont este g'ndement endamages avant ces heures & p'ront estre disheritez en temps advenir; ordeignez est & establez q toutz les brifs de covenant & toutz auts briefs s' queux fyns Sront levez en temps avenir, ovesq les briefs de dedimus potestatē si aucuns y soient, ove toutz les conusances & notes dicelles, avant ce qils soient treihez hors de cõe bank p le Cirog*ffer, soient enrollez en un rolle destre de recorde p' toutz jours a demurrer en la sauf garde du chief Clerk du cõe Bank & de sez successours, soubz launcien fee de vingt & deux deniers accustume a paiers au chief clerk p' lentree daccorde de chescun fyn sanz plus outre paier, au fyn q si les notes en la garde de Cirog ffer ou les fyns soient embesilez q lem ava recours au dit rolle p' ent avoir execucion, come il avoit si les fynes ne feussent point embesilez; et q toutz les briefs de covenantz, & toutz aut's briefs s' queux fyns ont este levez du temps passe, soient auxi de record : et enoutre de toutz les fyns queux sont ore tarde embesilez en le Tresorie nre f' le Roi p gentz disconuz, q les notes & briefs de covenantz des ditz fyns embesilez dem'antz en la garde de Cirograffer si purront estre trovez q a la ptie monstrant ptie des ditz fyns enbesilez tielx notes & briefs de covenant demoergent de recorde, si avant come mesmes ceux fyns eussent este si null embisilement diceux neust este faite.

Item nre dit f' le Roi de sa g'ce espale p assent de toutz les f's espirituelx & temporelx & a la request des cões en cest psent pliament esteantz, ad pdonez a toutz sez lieges & subgies de son roialme dengletre & du paiis de Gales & de les Marches descoce la seute de sa pees, q a luy envs eux & chun de eux apptient, & p' toutz mans de tresons insurreccions rebellions mesprisions felonies & Pspasses faitz ou ppetrez devant le xiiij jour de Januar q feust le prime jo' de cest Dsent plement; forspris ceux q sont en prisone ou en garde p cause de treson, & forpris murdres & rapes des femmes controvours de seal du Roy fesours de fauxe monoie & felons qi sont corporelement detenuz en prison ou lessez a mainprise ou en baille; & auxint les utlagaries si nulles en eux ou aucun de eux soient pnunciez p celles enchaisons. Et auxi nre dit f le Roy ad pdonez a toutz sez lieges & subgies du roialme paiis & marches suisditz, & a chescune de eux qi sont de Psent adherentz a sez enemys ou rebelx, q veullent revenir & obeier a leur ligeance deinz quarant jo's aps

and to make Satisfaction to the Party grieved for his Damages: But that, Chalices always excepted, the said Artificers may [work, or cause to be wrought,'] Ornaments for the Church of Copper and Latten, and the same [gilt or silver;] so that always in the Foot, or in some other Part of every such Ornament so to be made, the Copper and the Latten shall be plain, to the Intent that a Man may see whereof the Thing is made, for to eschew the Deceit aforesaid.

ITEM, Whereas many Feet of Fines of Lands and Tenements within the Realm of England remaining in the King's Treasury, and the Notes of such Fines remaining in the Common Bench, have been before this Time imbesilled, and other Feet and Notes of Fines falsly counterfeit and set in their Places, by Deceit and [Falshood3] of some, whereby many People of the Realm have been greatly endamaged before this Time, and may be disherited in the Time to come; It is ordained and established, That all the Writs of Covenant, and all other Writs whereupon Fines shall be levied in Time to come, with the Writs of Dedimus potestatem, if any be, with all [Knowledges 1] and Notes of the same, before that they be drawn out of the Common Bench by the Cyrographer, shall be inrolled in a Roll, to be of Record for ever, to remain in the safe Custody of the Chief Clerk of the Common Bench, and of his Successors, for the old Fee of xxij Pence, accustomed to be paid to the Chief Clerk, for the entering of the Concord of every Fine, without paying any more; to the Intent that if the Notes in the Custody of the Cyrographer, or the Fines, be imbesilled, a Man may have Recourse to the said Roll to have Execution thereof, as he should have if the Fines were not imbesilled; and that all the Writs of Covenant, and all other Writs whereupon Fines have been levied in Times past, shall be also of Record. And moreover, (5) all the Fines that were now late imbesilled in the Treasury of our Lord the King by Persons unknown, if the Notes [and the same Writs of Covenant of such Fines imbesilled remaining in the Custody of the Cyrographer may be found, that then to the Party shewing (7) Part of the Fines imbesilled, such Notes and Writs of Covenant shall remain of Record as far forth as the same Fines should have been, if no imbesilling thereof had been made.

ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King, of his special Grace, by Assent of all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, hath pardoned to all his liege People and Subjects of his Realm of England, and of the Country of Wales, and of the Marches of Scotland. the Suit of [the 8] Peace that to him pertaineth, against them and any of them, (°) for all Manner of Treasons, Insurrections, Rebellions, (10) and Trespasses done and perpetrate before the xiiij Day of January, which was the First Day of this present Parliament; except Exceptions. those that be imprisoned or in Ward because of Treason, and except Murders, Rapes of Women, Counterfeiters of the King's Seal, Makers of false Money, (") that be corporally withholden in Prison, or let at Mainprise or in Bail; and also the Outlawries, if any [of them "] be pronounced [by the same Occasion."3] And also our Sovereign Lord the King hath pardoned to all his liege People and Subjects of the Realm Country and Marches aforesaid, and to every of them, which at this present Time be adherent to his Enemies or Rebels, that will come again and obey to their Liegeance within Forty Days next after

XIV. To prevent Forgery, &c. of Notes, &c. of Fines of Lands; the Writs whereon they are levied shall be enrolled in the Court of Common

> The King's General

2 may gild or filwer 1 make and work 3 Collusion 6 and Writtes MS. Tr. 2. 4 Acknowledgements s of 8 his 9 and 7 a MS. Tr. 2. " and Felons MS. Tr. 2. 10 Misprisions, Felonies, in them or any of them 13 by the Occasion thereof.

the Proclamation of this foresaid Grace and Pardon made, the Suit of [the '] Peace, for all Manner of (') Insurrections, Rebellions, Felonies, Trespasses, and Misprisions done and perpetrate by them, or any of them, before their yielding or coming into their Liegeance; And also the Outlawries, if any [of them 3] be pronounced by the Occasion thereof: So that they of the Country of Wales do yield themselves to our Sovereign Lord the King, or to the Prince of Wales, or to the Duke of York, or to their Lieutenants or Deputies; And that they of the Marches of Scotland, do yield themselves to our (*) Sovereign Lord the King, or to John, Son to the said King, Warden of the East Marches, or to the Earl of Westmoreland, Warden of the West Marches towards Scotland, or their Lieutenants or Deputies. Provided always, that William Serle, Thomas Ward of Trumpington, which doth pretend and feign himself to be King Richard, (5) shall not have nor enjoy any Advantage by this Grace and Pardon, but that they be expressly excepted out of the said Grace and Pardon.

1 his MS. Tr. 2.

Treasons, MS. Tr. 2.

in them or any of them sand Amye Donet, MS. Tr. 2.

sa pees p' toutz mans de tresons insurreccions rebellions felonies Espasses & mesprisions faitz ou ppetrez p eux ou ascun de eux av'nt lour rendre ou venue einz a lour ligeance; Et auxint les Utlagaries si nulles en eux ou aucun de eux soient pnunciez p celles enchaisons: Painsi q ceux du paiis de Gales se rendent a nre dit f le Roi ou a le Prince de Gales ou a Duk Devwyk ou a lour lieutenantz ou deputez, et q ceux de les marches Descoce se rendent a nre dit & le Roi ou a Johan fitz du Roy Gardeyn del Estmarche, ou a Count de Westmland Gardeyn del Westmarche Vs Escoce ou a leur lieutenantz ou deputez. Purveuz toutesfoitz q William Serle Thomas Warde de Trumpyngton qi se Ptende & feigne destre Roy Richard & Amye Donet naient nenjoient nul av ntage p cause de cestes g'ce & pdon; mes qils soient expssement exceptz hors de pdon & gec avantditz.

la pclamacion de cestes gece & pdon faitz, la seute de

Anno 6° HENRICI, IV. A.D. 1404.

Statuta de Anno serto.

STATUTES OF THE SIXTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 13.

In Margine

New Practice of paying to the Court of Rome more for the First-Fruits of Bishoprics than usual.

OR the grievous Complaints made to our Sovereign Lord the King by his Commons of this Parliament, holden at Coventry, the vj. Day of October, the vj. Year of his Reign, of the horrible Mischiefs and damnable Custom which is [introduct '] of new in the Court of Rome, that no [Parson, Abbot,2] nor other, should have Provision of any Archbishoprick or Bishoprick, which shall be void, till that he hath compounded with the Pope's Chamber, to pay great and excessive Sums of Money, as well for the First Fruits of the same Archbishoprick or Bishoprick, as for other less Services in the same Court, and that the same Sums or the greater Part thereof be paid beforehand; which Sums pass the Treble, or the Double at the least, of that that was accustomed of old Time to be paid to the said Chamber and otherwise by the Occasion of such Provisions, whereby a great Part of the Treasure of this Realm hath been brought and carried to the said Court, and also shall be in Time to come, to the great impoverishing of the Archbishops and Bishops within the same Realm, and elsewhere within the King's Dominions (3) if convenient Remedy be not for the same provided: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, to the Honour of God, as well to eschew the Damage of his Realm, as the Perils of their Souls [which owen to be 1]

1 brought in MS. Tr. 2.

3 out of the Realm

Persone, able MS. Tr. 2.

+ who may be

CUR la grevouse compleint faite a nre f' le Roy D p sa cõe en son plement tenuz a Coventre, le vj^{me} jour Doctobr lan de son regne sisme, del horrible malveise & dampnable custume qest entroduce de novell en la Court de Rome, q nulle psone hable nautre ava pvision daucune Ercheveschie ne Eveschie q se voidera jusques a tant q ele ait compose ovec la Chambre de lappostoil depaier gaundes & trop excessives sommes de monoie, tant p' les prims fruitz de celle Erceveschie ou Eveschie come p' autres meindres svices en la dee Courte; et q mesmes les sommes ou la pluis gende ptie dicelles soient paiez dev'nt la mayn; quelles sommes passent la treble ou le double au meins de ce q estoit acustume dauncien temps destre paie a la dce chambre & autrement a cause de tielles pvisions, pont g'nde ptie de tresore de roialme a este amesnez & emportez a la dee Courte & ainsi Bra en temps avenir, en Psgande enpovissement de les Erceveschies & Eveschies deinz mesme le roialme & aillours deinz les f'ies de Roi pdehors, si s' ceo de covenable remede ne soit purveu; Nre dit f le Roi a lonur de dieu sibien p' eschuer le damage de son roialme come les pils des almes de ceux qi deussent etre avancez as aucuns Erceveschies & Eveschies deinz le roialme Dengletre & aillours deinz les f'ies mesme nre le Roi pdehors mesme le roialme, de ladvis & assent des g'untz de son roialme en mesme le plement ad ordeinez & establiz, q ceux & chescun de eux qi paient ou paie a la dee Chambre ou autrement p' tielx fruitz & svices greindres sommes de monoie q nont este acustumez destre paiez dauncien temps passez, ilz & chescun de eux encourgent & encourge la peine de forfaiture de q'nt qils purront forfaire envs mesme nre f' le Roy.

Item come en le plement tenuz a Westin lan prime nre f' le Roi qurest entre auts choses ordeigne fuist & establiz, q toutz ceux q deslors enavent demanderoient du Roy Pres tenementz rentes offices annuitees ou autres pfitz queconqes ferroient expsse mencion en lour peticions de la value de la chose ensi ademander & auxi de ceo qils ount ewe de doun du Roi ou des autres ses pgenitours ou p'decessours pdev'nt; Et en cas qils ne firent tiele mencion en lour ditz peticions, & ceo duement pve, Proient les fres patentz de Roy ent faitz nient vaillables ne de nulle force neffecte, mays de tout revokes repellez & adnullez p' toutz jours, [ove '] punissement de ceux qensi avoient fait tiel desceit au Roy come ceux qi ne soient pas dignes denjoier leffect & benefice des fres patentes a eux g'untez celle ptie, nre dit f' le Roy de ladvys & assent suisditz ad ordeignez & declarez en mesme ceste plement, q la Roigne ne les fitz du Roi ne nulluy de eux soient ne soit contenuz en la dit estatut, ne restreintz p ycell ademander & receiver de doun de Roy tres tenementz & autres possessions quelconqes; eins qils & chescun de eux eient & enjoient & ait & enjoie tout ce qils ou aucun de eux ont ou ad de doun ou g'unt du Roi au Psent, & qils demanderont ou receiveront ou ascun de eux demandera ou receivera de doun ou g'unte de Roi en temps advenir, sanz ent estre molestez ou grevez p vtue de lestatut av ntdit.

Item porceo q pleusours des Viscountz Eschetours Alnyours Custumers Countrollers & autres Officers nre F le Roy, acomptablez en pleuseurs pties del Roialme, defraudent & desceyvent nre dit f' le Roi annuelement s' lour desloialx & nient Proies acomptz, concelantz & retenantz a lour ppres oeps la greindre ptie de ceo q droiturelment aptener devoit a nre & le Roi aventdit a son Psgaunt damage & pde; Nre dit f le Roi de ladvys & assent suisditz ad ordeignez, q meynten nt ap's chun final acompt renduz & faitz p les Officers & Custumers av ntditz dev nt les Barons de lescheger nre dit f' le Roi, le tenure de lacompt de chun des ditz Offics de mote en mote soit envoie as Countees en les queux les ditz acomptantz estoient Officers, ensemblement ove comissions directz a les plus loialx & discretes psones p' enquerrer & rectifier de les pfitz queux les accomptantz av'ntditz ount receuz deinz les Countees suisditz en noun & al oeps nre dit f' le Roi, p eux en mane aventdit s' lour ditz accomptz a lour ppres oeps & pfet desceivablement concelez & retenuz. Et en cas q les ditz accomptantz soient atteintz de lour ditz fraudes

1 au St. 1 H. IV. c. 6.

white Re. Part 7 or 5 Mer. IF . beinggrid & edinger

advanced to any Archbishopricks and Bishopricks within the Realm of England, and elsewhere within the King's Dominions out of the same Realm, by the Advice and Assent of the Great Men of his Realm, in the (') Parliament, hath ordained and stablished, That they and every of them that shall pay to the said Chamber, or otherwise, for such Fruits and Services greater Sums of Money, than hath been accustomed to be paid in old Time passed, they and every of them shall incur the Pain of the Forfeiture of as much as they may forfeit towards the same our Sovereign Lord the King.

ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster, in the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, amongst other Things it was ordained and stablished, That all those which from that Time forth should demand of the King Lands, Tenements, Rents, Offices, Annuities, or any other Profits, should make express mention in their Petition of the Value of the Thing so to be demanded, and also of that that they have had of the King's Gift, or of any of his Progenitors and Predecessors before him; and in case they made not such mention in their said Petitions, and that duly proved, the King's Letters Patents thereof made should not be available, nor of no Force nor Effect, but wholly revoked, repealed, and adnulled for ever, in Punishment of those which had done such Deceit to the King, as they which [shall 1] not be worthy to enjoy the Effect and Benefit of the King's Letters Patents to them granted in this Behalf: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, hath ordained and declared in the same Parliament, That the Queen nor the King's [Son,3] nor none of them be contained in the said Statute, nor restrained by the same to demand and receive of the King's Gift, any Lands, Tenements, or other Possessions; but that they and every of them have and enjoy all that they or any of them have of the Gift or Grant of the King at this present, and that they and every of them may demand and receive of the King's Gift or Grant hereafter, without being (4) molested or grieved by virtue of the foresaid Statute.

ITEM, Whereas divers of the Sheriffs, Escheators, Aulnegers, Customers, Comptrollers, and other the King's Officers, accomptable in many Parts of the Realm, do defraud and deceive our said Lord the King yearly, in their unlawful and untrue [Accompt,5] concealing and [receiving 6] to their own Use the greater Part of that which rightfully ought to pertain to the King to his great Damage and Loss; Our said Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, hath ordained, That presently after every final Accompt given and made by the Officers and Customers aforesaid before the Barons of the Exchequer of our Lord the King, the Tenour of the Accompt of every of the said Officers [from Time to Time 1] shall be sent into the Counties where the same Accomptants be Officers, together with Commissions directed to the most lawful and discreet Persons, to inquire and certify (*) the Profits which the said Accomptants have received within the said Counties, in the Name and to the Use of our said Lord the King, by them in the Manner aforesaid upon their said Accompts deceitfully concealed and [received 9] to their own proper Use and Profit. And in case that the said Accomptants be attainted of their said Frauds

The Penalty

The Statute I Hen. IV. chapter 6, extend to the

> Embezzlements by Escheators, Customers,

Commissions rected to en-quire of their Accompts.

1 same MS. Tr. 2.

s Accounts

of MS. Tr. 2.

7 word for word 9 retained

therof MS. Tr. 2.

2 should

Vol. II.

Q q

IV.

The Statute

so far as it directs Mer-

to sell their

Merchandise

withina Quar-ter of a Year,

repealed.

5 H. IV. c.9,

In Margine Rotuli.

and Deceits, they shall incur to our (') Lord the King the Penalty of the Treble of the same, whereof they shall be so convict, and their Bodies to Prison, until they have made Fine and Ransom to our said Lord the King, according to the Discretion of his Judges.

ITEM, Whereas in the (') Parliament holden at Westminster, amongst other Things it was ordained, That the Merchants Aliens and Strangers should sell their Merchandises within a Quarter of a Year next after the coming thereof into the Realm: Our Lord the King seeing the said Ordinance (3) hurtful and prejudicial, as well for himself and his Realm, as for the said Merchants Aliens and Strangers, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That the said Ordinance be utterly void and adnulled for ever; and that the same Merchants Aliens and Strangers be at their free Disposition, to sell their Merchandises in the Manner as they did before the making of the said Ordinance: Saving always the Franchises and Liberties of the City of London; and further, Provided always, That the said Merchants Aliens and Strangers shall not carry or (4) cause to be carried out of the Realm, any Merchandises brought within the Realm by the Merchants Aliens and Strangers aforesaid.

1 said MS. Tr. 2.

º last MS. Tr. 2.

4 any wise MS. Tr. 2.

& desceites, qils encourgent a nre dit f le Roi la peyne de la treble de ce dont ils sront convictz, & lour psones a prisone tang, ils aient fait fyne & raunceon a nre f' le Roi avantdit solone la discrecion de sez Jugez.

Item come en le darrein plement tenuz a Westm entre aut's chosez ordeignez estoit, q les Marchants aliens & estranges venderoient leur michandisez deinz un quart dun an pschein aps lour venue en ycelle Roialme: Nre & le Roi veant la dce ordinance molt damageouse & meschevous sibien p' luy mesmes & son roialme come p' les ditz mchantz aliens & estranges, de ladvys & assent suisdces ad ordeinez & establiz q la dce ordinance soit de tout voide & adnullez p' toutz jours; et q mesmes les michantz aliens & estranges soient a lour libale disposicion a vendre leur dces michandises, en mane come ils feurent dev'nt la faisance du dče ordinance: Sauvez toutesfoitz les franchises & libtees de la Citee de Londres; & purveux auxi toutesfoitz q les ditz Marchantz aliens & estranges namesnent ne facent amesner aucunement hors du Roialme aucunes michandises amesnez deinz mesme le Roialme p les michantz aliens & estranges avantditz.

Anno 7° HENRICI, IV. A.D. 1405-6.

Statut' de anno bij'.

STATUTE OF THE SEVENTH YEAR.

OUR Lord the King, at his Parliament holden at Westminster the First Day of March, the Seventh Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons in the same Parliament, hath ordained and established divers Ordinances and Statutes in the Form as followeth.

FIRST, That Holy Church have all her Liberties and Franchises; and that all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and all the Cities, Boroughs, and Towns franchised, have and enjoy all their Liberties and Franchises, which they have of the Grant of the King's Progenitors, and of the Confirmation and Grant of our Lord the King that now is. And that the Great Charter, and the Charter of the Forest, and all the Ordinances and Statutes made in the Time of our Lord the King, and in the Time of his Progenitors, not repealed, be firmly holden and kept, and duly executed in all Points: And that the Peace within the Realm be holden and kept, so that all the King's liege People and Subjects may from henceforth safely and peaceably go, come, and abide, according to the Laws and Usages of the same Realm: And that good Justice and [even '] Right be done to every Person; saving to the same our Lord the King his Regalty and Prerogative.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 12.

N're f' le Roy a son plement tenuz a Westîri le prime jo' de Marce lan de & assent des f's Espuelx & Temporelx & a la request des cões en mesme le plement ad ordeignez & establiz divses ordin'nces & estatutz en la forme qenseute.

Primement q Seint Esglise eit toutz sez littees & fraunchises et q toutz les f's Espuelx & Temporelx & toutz les Citees Burghs & Villes enfunchises aient & enjoient toutz les libtees & franchises queux ils ont du g'unte des pgenitours nre dit f' le Roy & de la confirmacion & du g'unte mesme nre f le Roy. Et q la gande Chre & la Chre de la Forest & toutz les ordin'nces & estatutz faitz en temps nre dit f' le Roy & en temps de ses ditz pgenitours nient repellez soient fermement tenuz gardez & duement executz en toutz pointz; et q la paix deinz le Roialme soit tenuz & gardez, issint q toutz les loialx lieges & subgitz mesme nre f le Roy purront desore sauvement & paisiblement aler, venir, & demurrer solonc les loyes & usages de mesme le Roialme: et q bone justice & ouel droit soit fait a chescuny, sauv*nt a mesme nre & le Roy ses regalie & Progative.

Liberties, Charters, and Statutes

Peace shall be kept, and Justice done.

Item de la request & de lassent des ditz &'s & Coes en dit plement ordeignez est & establiz, q lenheritement de la Corone & de les Roialmes Denglerre & de Fraunce, & de toutz les auts l'ies nre dit l'e Roy pdelea la meer oveqq toutz les app'ten'nces, soit mys & demoerge en la psone mesme nre fr le Roy & en les heirs de son corps issantz; & en espal [a la request & de lassent suisditz ordeignez est & establiz'] pnonciez descernez & declarrez, q mon f' le Prince Henry eisne fitz nre dit & le Roy soit heir apparant mesme nre F le Roy, p' luy succeder en les suisditz Corone roialmes & f'ies, p' les avoir ove toutz les app'tenances aps le deces dicett nre f le Roy a luy & a ses heires de son corps issantz : et sil devie sanz heir de son corps issant, quadonqes toutez les suisditz Corone Roialmes & f'ies ove toutz les appurtenances remaignent a mon f' Thomas secunde fitz nre dit f' le Roy & a les heirs de son corps issantz: et sil devie sanz issue de son corps issant, qadonqes toutz les suisditz Corone Roialmes & Fies ove toutz les appurtenances remaignent a mon f' John tierce fitz mesme nre f' le Roy & a ses heirs de son corps issantz: et sil devie sanz heir de son corps issant qadonqes toutz les suisditz Corone Roialmes & f'ies ove toutz les appurtenances remayg. nent a mon f' Umfrey quart fitz nre dit f' le Roy & a ses heirs de son corps issantz.

Item purce q plusours gentz de Roialme pdont issues fines & amciamentz en la Court nre f le Roy a la suyte dascune ptie, et auxi issues & amciamentz en enquestes & jures es queux ils sont enpanelles pentre ptie & ptie en la Court avendite : Sur quoy les baillifs des Viscountz & lour resceivo's, & Baillifs des Franchises & lours Resceivo's, qui coillent la verte cere, levont les issues fines & amciamentz avantditz p estretes a eux maundes & livez hors de la Place ou ils furent forfaitz, p obscures & dotifs pols contenentz la some issint pdue, nient fesantz mencion p expsse pol de cause de la pde ne del jour del tme nentr quelx pties ne la nature del brief es queux ycelles issues fynes & amciaments furent pduz, issint q̃ les Ministres avantditz levont la some deux foitz ou trois foitz & aucune foitz la double some contenue en leurs estretes, a g'and grevance & empovissement de tout le poeple : Ordeignez est & establiz, q les Justices & Jugges devent queux issues & aniciamentz sont & sront forfaitz, en temps advenir chargent les clercs des estretes en les places en les queux les issues & amcimentz sont ou Front forfaitz, p leur sementz de faire & qils facent les rolles des estretes des ditz issues & amciamentz distinctement, p expsse pol del cause del pde del 2me del an & de la nature del Brief, & pentre queux pties tielx issues & amciamentz sont ou Bront pduz, sibn en la [Svice 1] du Roy come en la suite de ptie : et q lestatut fait en temps le Roy E. tierce lan de son regne xlij, de coillet de verte cere soit tenuz & gardes en toutz pointz.

Item p' ceo q q'unt divses gentz dettours sont condempnes a leurs Creditours p due pces du loy & comys a prisone, Cestassav as Gaoles de Mareschalcie Bank du Roy Flete & aillours as autres prisones en

ITEM, At the Request and of the Assent of the said Lords and Commons, in the said Parliament, It is ordained and established, That the Inheritance of the Crown, and of the Realms of England and France, and of all the other Dominions of our (') Lord the King beyond the Sea, with all the Appurtenances, shall be settled and remain in the Person of the same our Lord the King, and in the Heirs of his Body begotten; and especially at the Request and of the Assent aforesaid, It is ordained and established, pronounced, decreed, and declared, That the Lord the Prince Henry eldest Son to our (') Lord the King, be Heir Apparent to the same our Lord the King, to succeed him in the said Crown, Realms and Dominions, to have them with all the Appurtenances after the Decease of the same our Lord the King, to him and his Heirs of his Body begotten: And if he die without Heir of his Body begotten, then all the said Crown, Realms and Dominions, with all the Appurtenances, shall remain to the Lord Thomas, Second Son of our said Lord the King, and to the Heirs of his Body begotten: And if he die without Issue of his Body, that then all the said Crown, Realms and Dominions, with all the Appurtenances, shall remain to the Lord John, the Third Son of our said Lord the King, and to the Heirs of his Body begotten: And if he die without Heir of his Body begotten, that then all the foresaid Crown, Realms and Dominions, with all the Appurtenances, shall remain to the Lord Humfrey, the Fourth Son of our said Lord the King, and the Heirs of his Body begotten.

ITEM, Whereas divers People of the Realm do lose Issues, Fines, and Amerciaments in the Court of our Lord the King, at the Suit of [any 1] Party, and also Issues and Amerciaments in Inquests and Juries, wherein they be impannelled betwixt Party and Party in the said Court; whereupon the Bailiffs of Sheriffs and their Receivers, and the Bailiffs of Franchises and their Receivers, which gather the green Wax, do levy the same Issues, Fines, and Amerciaments by Estreats sent to them, and delivered out of the Place where they were forfeit, by obscure and ambiguous Words, containing the Sum so lost, not making mention by express Words of the Cause of the Loss, nor the Day of the Term, nor betwixt what Parties, nor the Nature of the Writ in which the same Issues, Fines and Amerciaments were lost, so that the said Officers do levy the Sum Two or Three Times, and sometime [the double Sum 17 contained in their Estreats, to the great Grief and Impoverishment of all the People: It is ordained and established, That the Justices and Judges, before whom such Issues or Amerciaments be or shall be forfeit, in Time to come shall charge the Clerks of the Estreats in the Places where such Issues and Amerciaments be or shall be forfeit, by their Oath to be made, (4) that they make the Rolls of the Estreats of such Issues and Amerciaments distinctly by express Word, of the Cause of the Loss, of the Term, of the Year, and the Nature of the Writ, and betwixt what Parties such Issues and Amerciaments be or shall be lost, as well in the King's The Statute Suit, as in the Suit of the Party: And that the Statute made in the Time of King Edward the Third, the Two and fortieth Year of his Reign, for gathering of Green Wax be holden and kept in all Points.

ITEM, Because that when divers Persons, being Debtors, be condemned to their Creditors by due Process of the Law, and committed to Prison, that is to say, to the Gaols of the Marshalsea, King's Bench, Fleet, and (3)

of England and France entailed upon K. Henry IV. and his Sons.

> The Rolls of Estreats of Issues, Fines, contain Par-Forfeiture,

IV.

Interlined on the Roll.

^{*} suite Rot. Parl. 7 & 8 Hen. IV. nu. 108.

³ double the Sum some MS. Tr. 2. 1 said s elsewhere, to 4 and

other Prisons in divers Cities, Boroughs, and Towns within the Realm, the Wardens of the Gaols and Prisons aforesaid, of their own Authority, do let the said Debtors to go at large at their Will; And Whereas by 1 R. II. c. 12. a Statute it was ordained, That if any Gaoler do let such Prisoner to go by Mainprise, or in Bail, that then the Person to whom the Prisoner is condemned, shall have his Action and Recovery against the said Gaoler; the same Wardens do purchase to them the King's Protection, whereby the said Creditors by the same Protection be delayed and deferred from their [Duty '] and rightful Recovery, as well against the said Wardens of the said Gaols, as against the said Prisoners, to the great Damage and Prejudice of the common People, and Derogation of the Common Law: It is ordained and established, That no Protection be available, nor by any Means allowed in such Case.

Escapes. V. The Lands whereof certain Traitors were seised to Uses shall not

be forfeited.

No Protection

allowable in Actions

against Gaolers, for

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That none of the Castles, Manors, Lands, Tenements, Fees, Advowsons, nor no Parcel of the same, whereof Henry Percie, late Earl of Northumberland, and Thomas late Lord of Bardolf, were seised or any of them was seised jointly with other, or only by themselves, or [of any '] of them only by himself, of the Feoffment of other to another's Use, or for the great Trust that their Feoffours had to them to do or perform their Wills, and whereof they were not infeoffed to be inherit to their own Use, but to perform the Wills of their Feoffours, or the Wills of the Feoffours of their Feoffours, [howsoever 3] such Feoffments be made by Fine or otherwise, without shewing any Deed proving the Condition, shall be in any wise seised into the Hands of our (4) Sovereign Lord the King nor forfeit to him: And if any Gifts or Grants be made by our said Sovereign Lord the King, of the said Castles, Manors, Lands, Tenements, Fees, and Advowsons, or of any Parcel thereof, to farm or otherwise, such Gifts or Grants shall be wholly void and of none Effect for ever. Provided always, That our (4) Sovereign Lord the King have the Forfeiture of the Castles, Manors, Lands, Tenements, Fees, and Advowsons, of which the said late Earl of Northumberland, or [of the] said Lord of Bardolf, or any of them, were or was by themselves or severally inheritable by Descent, or by rightful Purchase, or of which any other were infeoffed jointly with them or other only to their Use, by Fine or in any other Manner.

VI. The Penalty for purchas-ing Bulls to be discharged of Tithes;

as under the Statute 2 H. IV. c. 4.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That no Person religious nor secular, of what Estate or Condition that he be, by Colour of any Bulls containing such Privilege to be discharged of Dismes pertaining to Parish Churches, Prebends, Hospitals, or Vicarages, purchased before the First Year of King Richard the Second after the Conquest or sithence, not executed, shall put in Execution any such Bulls so purchased, or any such Bulls to be purchased in Time to come. And (6) if any such religious or secular Person, of what Estate or Condition he be, from henceforth by Colour of such Bulls do trouble any Person of Holy Church, Prebendaries, Wardens of Hospitals, or Vicars, so that they cannot take or enjoy the Dismes due or pertaining to them of their said Benefices, that then such Disturber shall incur like Process and Pain as is ordained by the Statute made against them of the Order of Cisteaux, in the Second Year of the Reign of our said Lord the King that now is.

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divses Citees Villes & Burghs deins le Roialme, les Gardeins des Gaoles & prisones suisditz de leur ppre auctorite lessent les dettours suisditz aler a large a leur volunte; et la ou p estatut est ordeigne q si aucune Gaoler lesseroit tiel prisoner aler a large p mainprise ou en baille, qadonqes la psone envs qi le dit prisoner estoit condempne avoit sa accione & recover envs le dit Gaoler, mesmes yceux Gardeins purchacent a eux mesmes pteccion du Roy, pency q les Creditours suisditz p ycelles pteccions sont delaiez & tariez de leur duete & droiturele recoever, sibn envs les ditz Gardeins des Gaoles come les prisons suisditz, a es g'nd pjudice & damage del Cõe poeple & derogacion de la cõe loy: Ordeignez est & establiz q nul pteccion soit vaillable ne allouable nacunement alloue en tiel cas.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nulls des Chastelx, manoirs, tres, tents, fees, advowesons ne nulle pcelle dicelles des queux Henry Percy jadys Cont de Northumbr ou Thomas jadys Sire de Bardolf estoient seisez, ou ascun de eux estoit seisi jointement ovesq, autres ou soulement p eux mesmes ou aucune de eux soulment p luy mesmes de feffement des autres a autri oeps, ou p' la g'nd affiance q gentz q eux enfeofferent avoient a eux de faire ou pfournir lours voluntees, et dont ils ne furent enfeoffez destre enfitez a leur ppre oeps mes de pfournir la volunte de lours feoffours, ou la volunte des feoffours de lours feoffours, combn q tielx feoffementz soient faitz p fyn ou autrement sanz monstrer fait pvant la condicion, soient ou soit ascunement seisez en le mains nre [dit] f' le Roy ne a luy forfaitz: Et si ascuns dons ou g'untes soient faites p nre dit f' le Roy des ditz Chastelx, Manoirs, tres, tents, fees, ou advowesons ou dascun pcell dicelles a ferme ou autment, q tielx dons ou gantes soient de tout voides & de nule value a touz jours. Purveux toutesfoitz q nre dit & le Roy ait la forfait e des Chastelx, Manoirs, tres, teñtz, fees & advowesons des quelx les ditz nadgairs Cont de Northumbr, ou le dit Sire de Bardolf, ou ascun de eux furent ou fuit p eux mesmes ou sevalment enheritables [ou enheritable 1] p descent ou p droit p'chace, ou des quelx autres furent enfeoffez joint ovesq, eux ou aut's soulement a leur oeps p fyn ou en autre mane quelconq.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nule psone religiouse ou seculer de quel estate ou condicion qil soit, [qi] p colour dascune Bulles contenantz tiel privilege destre quite des Dismes app'tenances as Esglises parochielx, pbendes Hospitals ou Vicaries, devent lan du regne le Roy Richard second puis le Conquest prime ou depuis purchaces nient executz, mette en execucione aucuns tielx bulles ensi purchaces ou ascuns tielx Bulles appurchacs en temps advenir. Et q si desore nule tiel psone religiouse ou seculer de quel estate ou condicion qil soit p colour de tiels Bulles destourbe ascuns psons de Seint Esglise, Pbenders, Gardeins des Hospitals ou Vicaires, pensi qils ne purront pndre ne enjoier les Dismes a eux duez ou regardantz de lo's ditz brifices, q tiel destourbour encourge autielx pces & peine come est ordeignez p estatut fait vs ceux de lordre de Cisteux lan scde nre f le Roy qorest.

Interlined on the Roll. Old Printed Copies omit.

Item pur ceo q les Arrousmythes font plusours testes de setes & quarelx deffectifs nient on ne loialment ne deffensablement a g'nt pill & desceit du poeple & de tout le Roialme; Ordeignez est & establiz q toutz les testes de setes & quarels desore enavent affairs soient boilles ou brases & dures a la point dasser; et si ascun des ditz Arrousmythes les facent a cont'rie qils forsfacent toutes tielx testes & quarels au Roy, & soient enprisonez & ent facent fyn a la volunte du Roy: Et q chun teste des setes & quarels soit seigne dune signe de celuy q le fist; et eient les Justices de la Pees en chun Counte Dengletre, & auxi les Mairs Viscontes & Baillifs des Citees & Burghs deinz mesmes les Citees & Burghs, poair denquer des toutz tieux faux fesours des testes & quarels & de les punir p manle come

Item p' eschuir plusours discencions discordez & debates, & divses aut's meschiefs vraysemblables a sourdre & avenir a cause des plusours pvisions faitz & affaire p lapostoilt, & auxi a cause des licences sur ce g'ntez p le Roi nre Sovaigne f'; Ordeignez est & establiz q nul tiel licence ou pdon ainsi g'unte dev'nt ses heures, ne a gentier en temps advenir, ne soit vailable a ascune onfice plein daucun incumbent a jour de la date de tiel licence ou pdone g'nte.

Item come a la grevouse compleint des ditz Cões fait en plement, soit monstrez coment dancien temps usez estoit & acoustumez q sibn les Draps & Vendo's des draps, de queconq lieu de Roiaume repairantz & confluantz al Citee de Loundres come aut's michantz ove divses mchandises come de Vyne, feer, oile, & cere & autres choses appurten'nts as michandises, exceantz & repairantz & confluentz al dite Citee, ont achatuz & venduz en gros sibn ove aliens come deinzeins de les draps & aut's mchandises suisditz a lour volunte & pleiser, paiantz en ycelle ptie tantsoulement custumes & autres devoirs ent resonablement duez; & unqs p mesmes le temps ne furont destourbez ou en ascune mane impedez de vendre ou achater en gros ove michantz aliens ou denzeins, de tielx draps & michandises a lour volunte & pleiser mes soulment a retaill: Et ja soient sibn les ditz Draps come les auters mchantz suisditz, p les Mair Viscounts Aldermannes Draps & Marchantz de Loundres, destourbez de jour en autre de vendre & achater en la mane suisdit sibn en gros come a retaill, & grevousement & continuelement constreintz de vendre lour draps & michandises suisditz tantsoulement as michantz & autres enhabitantz la dite Citee, a singuler aventage & pfit deux de Loundres & sibn coe damage & pde des f's espuelx & temporelx & les Cões du Roiaume come de les ditz Draps & mchantz ensi grevez, & evident ensample & occasion as tielx Draps & mchantz ensi grevez de lour retraiher de la dite Citee enavent, si remede ne soit purveu le pluis tost en cest ptie: Ordeignez est & establiz q sibn les Draps & Vendo's des Draps, come autres michantz ove lour divses michandises come de vyne, ferre, seel, & cere & autres choses app'tenentz as michandises, soient francz de vendre en gros lo' draps

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ITEM, Because the Arrowsmiths do make many faulty Heads for Arrows and Quarels, defective, not well, nor [lawful, '] nor [defensible, '] to the great Jeopardy and Deceit of the People, and of the whole Realm; It is ordained and established, That all the Heads for Arrows and Quarels after this Time to be made, shall be [well boiled 3] or brased, and hardened at the Points with Steel; and if any of the said Smiths do make the contrary, they shall forfeit all such Heads and Quarels to the King, and shall be also imprisoned, and make a Fine at the King's Will; And that every Arrowhead and Quarel be marked with the Mark of him that made the same; And the Justices of Peace in every County of England, and also the [Mayor 1] and Sheriffs, and Bailiffs of Cities and Boroughs, within the same Cities and Boroughs, shall have Power to enquire of all such deceitful Makers of Heads and Quarels, and to punish them as afore is said.

ITEM, To eschew many Dissensions, Discords and Debates, and divers other Mischiefs very like to rise and grow because of many Provisions made, and to be made by the Pope, and also in respect of Licences granted upon the same by the King our Sovereign Lord; It is ordained and established, That no Licence or Pardon so granted before this Time, nor to be granted in Time to come, shall be available to any Benefice full of any Incumbent, at the Day of the Date of such Licence or Pardon granted.

ITEM, Whereas at the grievous Complaint made by the Commons in the said Parliament, it is shewed, how that in old Time it was used and accustomed, that as well the Cloth-makers and Drapers of whatsoever Place of the Realm, repairing and having Recourse to the City of London, as other Merchants, with divers Merchandises, as Wine, Iron, Oil, and Wax, and other Things pertaining to Merchandise, exercising, repairing, and having Recourse to the said City, have bought and sold in Gross, as well with Aliens as with Denizens, of the Cloths and other Merchandises aforesaid, at their Will and Pleasure, paying in this Behalf only the Customs and other [Devoirs 5] thereof reasonably due; and never in all the said Time were disturbed, or in any Manner hindered to sell or buy in Gross with Merchants, Aliens, or Denizens, of such Cloths and Merchandises, at their Will and Pleasure, but only to retale; And now of late as well the same Cloth-makers, as other the Merchants aforesaid, by the Mayor, Sheriffs, Aldermen, Drapers, and Merchants of London, be daily disturbed and let, to sell and buy in the Manner aforesaid, as well in Gross as in Retale, and grievously and continually constrained to sell their said Cloths and Merchandises only to the Merchants and (6) Inhabitants of the said City, to the singular Profit and Advantage of them of London, and also to the (1) Damage and Loss of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons of this Realm, as of the said Cloth-makers and Merchants so grieved, and a plain Ensample and Occasion to such Cloth-makers and Merchants so grieved, to withdraw themselves from the said City from henceforth, if Remedy be not [rather] provided in this Behalf: It is ordained and established, That as well the Drapers and Clothsellers, as other Merchants, with their sundry Merchandises, as of Wine, Iron, [Oil,9] and Wax, and other Things pertaining to Merchandises, shall be free to sell in Gross their Cloths,

VII. Arrow Heads shall be well

Justices of Peace, &c. may enquire of Offenders.

VIII. No Licence or Pardon shall be granted on Provision to a Benefice

IX. Clothiers and others may sell their Wares in Gross to all Persons notwithstanding chises of London, &c.

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Iron, [Oil,'] and Wax, and other their Merchandises, as well to all the King's liege People, as to the Citizens of London, notwithstanding any Franchise or Liberty granted to the contrary.

X. Length and Breadth of Cloths;

ITEM, Whereas in divers Parliaments of King Edward the Third, Grandfather of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, it was ordained, That the Cloth of Ray should be in Length xxviij. Yards, and in Breadth vi. Quarters, and the whole coloured Cloth in Length xxvj. Yards measured by the [Creast, 1] and in Breadth vj. Quarters and a Half, to the Intent that the One whole Cloth and the other watered and rowed should be in Length xxiiij. Yards; and now the Makers of the said Cloths do make them subtilly, so that the Cloth unneth containeth xxj. or xxij. Yards, and of less Breadth by much than it should be, in Deceit and great Damage of the common People of the Realm: It is ordained and stablished, That the whole coloured Cloth shall contain in Length xxviij. Yards, and the Cloth of Ray as much measured without [defoiling 3] the Cloths, and in Breadth as before is ordained by the Statute. And if the Clothmakers from henceforth make their Cloths of less Length or Breadth, that then the same Makers shall forfeit the Cloths, which by the Aulneger shall be found of less Length or Breadth; and that the Aulneger take the same, and deliver them to the Wardrobe, to the Use of our Sovereign Lord the King. ITEM, Whereas many of the King's liege People be

XI. Commissioners not receiving their Commissions shall be discharged in the Exchequer upon Oath.

XII.

whereof cer-

tain Traitors

to Uses shall

were seised

not be forfeited.

Cloths of less

Dimensions forfeitable.

> assigned by his Commissions to do and perform the Content of the same, some to hear and determine, some to enquire and certify, and otherwise, whereby the same Commissioners be grievously distrained by Process out of the Exchequer, by reason of the said Commissions, and by that Occasion do lose great Issues, where the said Commissioners did never know of such Commissions, nor the same Commissions ever came to their Hands, to the great Damage and Hinderance of many of the King's Subjects: It is ordained and established, That the Barons of the Exchequer shall have Power to receive the Oath of such Commissioners of their Excuse and Discharge of the Receipt or Occupation of the said Commissions: And also that the same Barons of the Exchequer, and the Justices of the one Bench and the other, shall have Power, by Writ of Dedimus Potestatem, to receive such Oaths in the Country; and that the same Justices shall thereof certify the said Barons in the Exchequer from Time to Time; and that upon the same the said Barons shall discharge the said Commissioners; and in like wise it shall be done for the Heirs, Executors, or Land Tenants of the said Commissioners: Provided always, That such Oaths be not taken but in

> ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That none of the Manors, Lands, or Tenements, whereof John Earl of Salisbury which was beheaded at Circester, or Sir Thomas Blount, and all other which were taken at Circester, and brought to Oxford, or other that were judged Traitors in any other Place within the Realm of England, after the coming of our said Sovereign Lord the King into the said Realm, were seised or any of them was seised jointly with other, or only by themselves of the Feoffment of other, to another's Use, or for the great Confidence that their Feoffours had in them, to do and perform their Will, and whereof they were not

Case of Commissions of Oyer and Determiner, and

of Enquiry and Certifying only.

ferre, [seel '] & cere & autres lo's michandises sibn as quelxconqes lieges du Roy come a les Citezeins de Londres, [nonobstant '] aucune franchise ou libtees g'untez a cont'rie.

Item come es divses plementz de f' E. nadgairs Roy Dengletre Aiel nre f le Roy qurest estoit ordeignez q le drap de Ray Proit en longure de xxviij Aulnes & en laeure vj quarts, & le entier drape de coloure en longure de xxvj Aulnes mesure p le dorse & en laeure de vj quart's & dī, au fyne q̃ lune drape & lautre entier ewe & tondue groit en longure de xxiiij Aulnes; Et ore les faisours des ditz draps font leurs draps subtilement, issint qapeyne le drape contient xxi Aulnes ou xxij Aulnes, & de meindre laeure q ne sroit p g'nt ptie, en desceit & a g'nd damage du cõe poeple du Roialme; Ordeignez est & establiz q le drape de colour conteigne en longure xxviij Aulnes & le drape de Ray atant mesurez sanz deffoler les draps & en laeure come dev'nt est ordeignez p Estatut. Et si les fesours des draps facent desore leurs draps de meindre longure ou laeure q mesmes les faisours forsfacent les draps q sront trovez p laulneour de meindre longure ou laeure; et q laulneour les pigne & les delive al Garderobe al oeps de mesme nre f le Roy.

Item come pluseurs des lieges nre f' le Roy soient assignez p les comissions p' faire & pfournir la contenue dicelles, aucuns doier & Pminer & aucuns denguere & Etifier & autment, pont mesmes les Comissioners sont grevousement constreintz p pces hors de lescheqer p cause des ditz comissions, et p celle cause pdont g'ndes issues la ou les ditz Comissioners unques ne furent sachantz de tielx Comissions, ne unqes mesmes les Comissions deviendront en lours mains, a g'nd damage & disease des plusours des leiges du Roy: Ordeignez est & establiz q les Barons de lescheqer aient poair de resceiver les smentz de tielx Comissions de leurs excusacion & discharge de la resceit ou occupacion de tielx comissions: Et auxi q mesmes les Barons & les Justices de lun Banc & de lautre aient poair p bre de dedimus potestatem de resceiv tielx sementz en paiis, et q mesmes les Justices ent ctifient les ditz Barons en lescheqer de temps en temps; Et q sur ce mesmes les Barons dischargent les ditz Comissions; et semblablement soit fait p' les heirs executours ou tre tenantz dicelles Comissions: Purveux toutesfoitz q tielx gementz ne soient prises mes en cas de Comissions doier & miner & denquer & ctifier tantsoulement.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q null des Manoirs Pres ou tent des queux John nadgairs Count de Salesbirs qi fuist decollez a Circestre, ou monf Thomas Blount & toutz auters qi furent prises a Circestre & amesnez a Oxenford, ou aut's qi furent ajuggiez traito's aillours deinz le Roialme Denglet re puis le venue nre dit f' le Roy en la dit Roialme, estoient seisez ou ascun de eux estoit seisi joint ovesq aut's ou soulement p eux mesmes, de feoffament des autres a autri oeps, ou p' la g'nd affiance q gentz qi eux enfeofferent avoient a eux de faire & pfournir leurs volunte, & dont ils ne

Salt back

unfolding [See St. 11 Hen. IV. c. 6.]

Oiel, Seel, Rot. Parl. 9 Hen. IV. nu. 30.

a Interlined on the Roll.

furent enfeoffez destre enheritez mes de pfournir la volunte de lour feoffour, ne nutt pcell dicelles Manoirs Pres ou tentz, combn q tieux feoffementes soient faitz p fyn ou autment saunz monstrer fait pyant la condicion, soient ou soit aucunement forsfaitz a nre dit f' le Roy: Et si aucuns dons ou g'untes soient faitz p nre dit f' le Roy des ditz Manoirs Pres ou tentz, ou aucuns peelles dicelles a ferme ou autement, q tielx dons & g'ntes soient de tout voides & de nuff value a tout jours. Pourveux toutesfoitz q nre dit f' le Roy ait la forfait'e des Manoirs tres & tentz des queux le dit nadgairs Count de Selesbirs, ou le dit monf Thomas & les aut's dessuisditz ou aucun de eux furent ou fuist p eux mesmes ou sevalment enheritablez ou enheritable p descent ou p droit p'chace, ou des queux auts furent enfeoffez joint ovesq eux ou auts soulement a leur oeps p fyn ou en autre mane queconq.

Item pur ceo q plusours des lieges du Roy sont utlages & plusours waiviez p pces erroine du loye, & sont si impotents de leurs corps p divses maladies & infirmitees qils ne purront en leurs ppres psones ven devant le Roy en son Banc, illeoqes affaire leur seute pur tiel pces erroine revser; Ordeignez est & establiz q chun Justice de lun Banc & de lautre, & auxi le Chief Baron de Leschequer, ait poair dexaminer ycelles psones aiants tiels maladies & infirmitees overment conuz, et sur ce purront mesmes les Justices & Baron & chun de eux p lours discrecions recorder attourne en cest cas. Pourveux toutesfoitz qen le bre de Capias ad satisfaciend courge la cõe lay.

Item come il soit ordenne p estatut fait lan du regne nre f' le Roy qorest prime, q nulle Ercevesq, Evesq, Abbe ne Priour, ne null autre home de Seint Esglise ne temporell de quele estate ou condicion qil soit deinz le dit Roialme, doigne aucune live de drap a nully mes soulment a ses maynalx & Officers & a ceux q sont de lour consaill sibn espuelx come temporelx apprisez de lune ou lautre loye, sur peyne de faire fyne & raunceon a la volunte du Roy; Ordeignez est & establiz q sibn cell estatut come lestatut de live des Chapons fait en temps du Roy Richard second, soient fermement tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion; adjouste a ycett q si ascune Chivaler ou aucune autre psone de meindre estate donne aucune tiel live de drap ou des Chapons, contre la forme des ditz estatutz, qil encourge la peine de C. s. pur chun tiel live de drap ou des Chapons, appaiers au Roy atant des foitz qil ferra la contrie de ceste estatut ou ordinance: Et q celuy q resceive aucune tiel live de drap ou des Chapons encourge semblablement la peyne de xl s. apaiers au Roy come dessuis est dit; et eit celuy q vorra suir en ceo cas la moite de tielx peins p' son t'vaill; et ne soient les ditz peins aucunement pdonez. Et outre ce accordez est q nulle congregacion ne compaignie se face de tiel live de drap ou des Chapons as costages ppres dicett congregacion ou compaignie, sur ine q chun home dicett congregacion [ou compaigne 1] q face la cont'rie de ceste ordin'nce ou estatut paie Interlined on the Roll.

enfeoffed to be enherited, but to perform the Will of their Feoffours, nor no Part of the same Manors, Lands, or Tenements, [howsoever '] such Feoffments be made by Fine or otherwise, without shewing a Deed proving the Condition, shall be in any wise forfeit to our said Sovereign Lord the King: And if any Gifts or Grants be made by our said Sovereign Lord the King of the said Manors, Lands, or Tenements, or of any Parcel thereof, to ferm or otherwise, such Gifts or Grants shall be utterly void for ever, and of none Effect. Provided always, That our (1) Sovereign Lord the King have the Forfeiture of the Manors, Lands, and Tenements, whereof the said late Earl of Salisbury, or the said Sir Thomas, and the other aforesaid, or any of them, were or was by themselves or severally inheritable by Descent or by rightful Purchase, or whereof other were enfeoffed jointly with them or other only to their Use by Fine or in other Manner.

ITEM, Whereas many of the King's liege People be outlawed, and many waved, by erroneous Process in Law, and be so impotent in their Bodies, by divers Maladies and Infirmities, that they cannot come in their proper Persons before the King in his Bench, there to make their Suit to reverse such erroneous Process; It is ordained and established, That every Justice of the one Bench and of the other, and also the Chief Baron of the Exchequer shall have Power to examine the same Persons, having such Malady and Diseases openly known, and thereupon may the same Justices and Baron. and every of them, by their Discretion, record their Attorney in this Case. Provided always, That in the Writ of Capias ad satisfaciendum, the common Law shall hold Place.

ITEM, Whereas it is ordained by the Statute made the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, That no Archbishop, Bishop, Abbot, nor Prior, nor none other Man of Holy Church, nor Temporal Person, of what Estate or Condition that he be, within the Realm of England, give no Liveries of Cloth to any, but only to [his 3] Menials and Officers, and to those that be of their Council, as well Spiritual as Temporal, learned of the one Law or the other, upon Pain to make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will: It is ordained and stablished, That as well that Statute, as the Statute of Livery of Hats, made in the Time of King Richard the Second, be holden and firmly kept, and put in due Execution; joined to the same, that if any Knight, or any other Person of less Estate, do give any such Livery of Cloth, or of Hats, against the Form of the said Statutes, that he shall incur the Pain of a C. s. for every such Livery of Cloth or of Hats, to be paid to the King as often as he shall do contrary to this Statute or Ordinance : And that he, which receiveth any on the Taker; such Livery of Cloth or of Hats, shall likewise incur the Pain of xls. to be paid to the King as afore is said; and he that will sue in this Case, shall have the One-half of such [Pains 1] for his Labour; and that the same [Pains 1] be in no wise pardoned. Moreover it is ordained, That no Congregation nor Company be made of such Livery of Cloth nor of Hats at the proper Costs of the Congregation or Company, upon Pain of every Man of the same Congregation or Company, that doth contrary to this Ordinance or Statute, to pay

1 said 1 although · Penalties

XIII. Impotent Persons may make Attornies : Execution.

XIV. The Statute
1 H. IV. c. 7,
touching the
giving of Liveries, recited;

that Statute 1 R. II. c. 7, touching Li-very of Hats, confirmed.

The Penalty on the Giver;

No Company

noble Printed Copies.

1 See Rat. Parl. 4 Hm. IF. ma. 86.

Exception of Guilds.

Justices of Assize to enquire hereof.

Exception in Time of War.

XV. The Manner of Election of Knights of Shires for the Parliament.

Clause to be inserted in

Writs of the

Parliament.

XVI.

Annuities

granted by the Crown

shall be paid

according to Priority of

the Grants.

the King xl. s. the Guilds and Fraternities, and also the People of Mysteries of Cities and Boroughs within the Realm, that be founded or ordained to a good Intent or Purpose, only except. And the Justices assigned to take Assises, shall have Power to enquire from Time to Time, in their Sessions of the Matters aforesaid, and the same to certify in the King's Bench. Provided always, That in the Time of War, it shall be lawful to Lords, Knights, and Esquires, which travel in such War, to give their Livery of Clothing or of Hats, such and in such wise as best to them shall seem for the Time of such War, without being any wise vexed or unquieted in this Behalf by force or virtue of this Statute.

ITEM, Our Lord the King, at the grievous Complaint of his Commons [in this present Parliament] of the undue Election of the Knights of Counties for the Parliament, which be sometime made of Affection of Sheriffs, and otherwise against the Form of the Writs directed to the Sheriff, to the great Slander of the Counties, and Hindrance of the Business of the Commonalty [in1] the said County; Our Sovereign Lord the King, willing therein to provide Remedy, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and [the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, 1] hath ordained and established, That from henceforth the Elections of such Knights shall be made in the Form as followeth; That is to say, (3) at the next County, to be holden after the Delivery of the Writ of the Parliament, Proclamation shall be made in the full County of the Day and Place of the Parliament, and that all they that be there present, as well Suitors duly summoned for the same Cause, as other, shall attend to the Election of [the *] Knights for the Parliament; and then in the full County they shall proceed to the Election freely and indifferently, notwithstanding any Request or Commandment to the contrary; and after that they be chosen, the Names of the Persons so chosen, be they present or absent, shall be written in an Indenture under the Seals of all them that did choose them, and tacked to the same Writ of the Parliament; which Indenture, so sealed and tacked, shall be holden for the Sheriff's Return of the said Writ, touching the Knights of the Shires. And (5) in the Writs of the Parliament to be made hereafter, this Clause shall be put: [Et electionem tuam in pleno Comitatu tuo factam distincte & aperte sub sigillo tuo & sigillis eorum qui electioni illi interfuerint nobis in cancellaria nostra ad diem & locum in brevi contentos certifices indilate. 6]

ITEM, Whereas late [upon a Suggestion made] to our Sovereign Lord the King in [this] Parliament holden at Westminster, in the Utas of Saint Hillary, the Fourth Year of his Reign, by the Commons then being in the said Parliament, That whereas divers Persons [which had] in Consideration of their good Service, as well of the Grant of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, as of the Grants of King Edward, Grandfather to our said Sovereign Lord the King, and of King Richard his last Predecessor, certain Annuities to be taken for Term of their Lives, of the Issues and Revenues of divers Counties of England, by the Hands of the Sheriffs of the said Counties for the Time being, and that other Persons of a later Time, by virtue of Letters Patents

of a of al the comonalte of the Realme in this present parlement MS. Tr. 2. That MS. Tr. 2.

a Roy [xl š.'] les gildes & fratnitees & auxi les gentz de mestere des Citees & Burghs deinz le Roialme que sont fonduz ou ordeignez a bon entent & p'pos, tantsoulement exceptez. Et aient les Justices as Assises p'ndre poair denquere de temps en temps en leurs sessions de les matiers dessuisdées, & de ceo chifier en le Banc du Roy. Pourveux toutesfoitz que temps de guerre bn lise as f's Chivalers & Esquiers qi travailleront en tiel guerre de doner leur live de vesture ou des Chapons tielx & en tiele guyse come mieultz leur semblera [pur temps a] de tiel guerre, saunz aucunement estre molestez ou enquietez celle ptie p force ou vtue de cest estatut.

Item nre f' le Roy al grevouse compleint de sa Cõe del non dewe eleccion des Chres des Countees pur le plement, queux aucune foitz sont faitz de affeccion des Viscountz, & autrement encountre la forme des briefs as ditz Viscountz directe, a g'nd esclaundre des Countees & retardacion des busoignes del Comunalte du dit Countee; nre sovein f' le Roy vuillant a ceo purveier de remedie, de lassent des f's espuelx & temporelx & de tout la Coe en cest psent plement, ad ordeignez & establiz q desore enavent les eleccions des tielx Chrs soient faitz en la forme qenseute: Cestassa? q al pschein Countee a tenir aps la live du brief du plement, pclamacion soit fait en plein Countee de le jo' & lieu de plement, & q toutz ceux q illeoqs sont psentz, sibn suturez duement somoines p cele cause, come aut's, attendent la eleccion de lours Chrs p' le plement; et adonges en plein Counte aillent al eleccion libalment & endifferentement non obstant aucune prier ou comaundement au cont'rie; et aps qils soient esluz, soient les psones esluz psentz ou absentz, soient lour nouns escriptz en endent'e dessoutz les sealx de toutz ceux q eux eslisent [- - - - - - 3] & tacchez au dit bre du parlement; quele endenture issint ensealez & tacchez soit tenuz pur retourne du dit brief qant as Chrs des Countees: et q en briefs de plement affairs en temps advenir soit mys cest clause: Et eleccoem tuam in pleno Com tuo fcam distincte & apte sub sigillo tuo & sigillis eoz qui eleccoi illi intfuint [nos 1] in Cancellar nra ad diem & locum in bri content ctifices indilate.

Item come nadgairs suggestion (3) fait a nïe dit f'
le Roy en son parlement tenuz a Westin en les Octaves
de Seint Hillary lan de son Regne quart, 6 p les Cões
adonqes esteantz en le dit plement, q par la ou plusours psones avoient en regarde de leur bon svice
sibn du g'nt nïe f' le Roy qorest come des g'ntez du
Roy Edward Aiel mesme nïe f' le Roy & de Roy
Richard son darrein pdecessour, cteins annuitees a
pndrez p' terme de lour vies des issues & revenuz de
divses Countees Denglet p les mains des Viscountz
des ditz Countees pur le temps esteantz, et q autres
psones de pluis puisne temps p vtue des lies patentes

M. 11.

⁴ their 5 that

⁶ And thy Election in thy full County made, distinctly and openly, under thy Seal and the Seals of those who were present at that Election, to Us in our Chancery, at the Day and Place in the Writ contained, certify without Delay.

7 Suggestion was made

8 his MS. Tr. 2.

9 had

An Erasure on the Roll.

nobis Printed Copies. If fuist Printed Copies.

See Rot. Parl. 4 Hen. IV. nu. 86.

a eux g'ntez p aucuns des ditz Rois, des cteins somes appendrez des issues des ditz Countees a ?me de vie ou en autre mane en surcharge de mesmes les Countees, p favour ou p donne ont este paiez, entrelessez les prints g'untes ou plusours de eux nient paiez, a g'unt tort & contre droit & reason & veraisemblable - - disheriteson de ceux ensi de primes g'untez: Ordeignez est & establiz q ceux qont lies patentes effectuelx & de force deisne date soient primement paiez solonc leffect dicelles & de lez garantz sufficeantz sur ce faitz. Sauvant a nre f' le Roy les pfres faitz ou affairs en son Escheqer, et sauvant ce qest g'nte a nre Dame la Roigne & les fitz du Roy. Et si aucune Viscount Custum ou aucune autre paie a ascuny eiant lies patentes de puisne date, & lesse ascun autre eiant lies patentes de eisne date nient paiez, exceptz ceux qi devant sont exceptz, q celuy qi ensi face ne soit excusez ne dischargiez envs ceux q ont lour lres patentes de eisne date, p ascuns tielx paiementz ensi faitz a ceux eiantz lour lies patentes de puisne date, ne dischargez hors de lescheger tang, il ait fait gree a ptie solone ley & reson, & damage solone le discrecion des Barons de lescheger

Item ordeignez est & establiz q les bons estatutz faitz en temps le noble Roy Edward Aiel nre fre qorest lan de son Regne xxv. & les Estatutz faitz a Cantebregge en temps du - - - Richard nadgairs Roy Dengletre lan du son Regne xijme, touchantz laborers artifics & autres svantz de husbandrye soient tenuz & gardez en toutz pointz & mys en due execucion. Et come en le dit estatut fait a Cantebregg entre autres articules soit cortenuz q celuy ou cele q use de laborer a la Charue ou Charette ou autre labour ou svice de Husbandrie tanq, il soit dage de xij ans q de cele temps enavent il demoerge a cele labour sanz estre mys a mestiere ou artifice et si aucune coven'nt ou liene soit fait deslors enavent a conterie soit tenuz p' nul: Nient obstant quele article & les bons estatutz av'nt faitz p toutz les ptiez du roialme les enfantz neez dedeinz les Villes & f'ies de Upland, des queux lour piers & miers nont de rente nautre viver si noun lour svice ou mestere, p lour ditz Piers & Mieres & autres lour amys sont mys de svir & liez appntices as divses artifices dedeinz les Citees & Burghs du roialme, a la foitz [a lage de xij ans & a la foitz'] dedeinz de dit age, & ce pur lorgoil de vesture & autres males custumes q svantz usent en ycell; pissint qil y ad si gent chierte de laborers & aut's svants de husbandrie q les gentils & aut's gents du roiaume sont g'ndement empovez p la cause suisdite: Nre f' le Roy considerant le meschief suisdit, & vuillant sur ceo purvoir de remede de ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la request des ditz Cões ad ordeignez & establiz, q nulle home ou femme de quele estate ou condicion qil soit, mette son fitz ou file de quele age qil soit de svir come appentice a nuff mestere nautre labo'e dedeinz Citee ou Burgh dedeinz le Roialme, sinon qil eit tre ou rent a la value de xxs. p an a

Interlined on the Roll.

to them granted by some of the said Kings, of certain Sums to be taken of the Issues of the said Counties for Term of Life or in other Manner in surcharging of the said Counties, by Favour or Pardon [hath'] been paid, the first Grantees set apart, or many of them not paid, to their great Wrong, and against Right and Reason and likely to the Disherison of the said first Grantees: It is ordained and stablished, That they, which have Letters Patents effectual and of force, being of the elder Date, shall be first paid, according to the Effect of the same, and of the sufficient Grants thereupon made. Saving to our Sovereign Lord the King the Profers made or to be made in his Exchequer, and saving that that is granted to the Queen and the King's [Son.2] And if any Sheriff, Customer, or any other pay to any having Letters Patents of a later Date, and leave any other having Letters Patents of an elder Date unpaid, except those which before be excepted, that he which so doeth, he not excused nor discharged, against them that have their Letters Patents of the elder Date, (3) nor discharged out of the Exchequer till he hath made Gree to the Party according to Law and Reason, and Damages after the Discretion of the Barons of the Exchequer.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That the good Statutes made in the Time of King Edward, Grandfather of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, the xxv. Year of his Reign, and the Statutes made at [Canterbury 1] in the Time of King Richard late King of England, the xii. Year of his Reign, touching Labourers, Artificers, and other Servants of Husbandry, shall be holden and kept in all points, and put in due Execution. And Whereas in the Statutes made at [Canterbury, 1] among other Articles it is contained, That he or she that useth to labour at the Plough or Cart, or other Labour or Service of Husbandry, till he be of the Age of Twelve Years, that from the same Time forth he shall abide at the same Labour, without being put to any Mystery or Handicraft; and if any Covenant or Bond be made from that Time forth to the contrary, it shall be holden for none: Notwithstanding which Article, and the good Statutes afore made through all Parts of the Realm, the [Infants 5] born within the Towns and Seignories of Upland, whose Fathers and Mothers have no Land nor Rent, nor other Living, but only their Service or Mystery, be put by their said Fathers and Mothers and other their Friends to serve and bound Apprentices to divers Crafts within the Cities and Boroughs of the said Realm, sometime at the Age of Twelve Years, sometime within the said Age, and that for the Pride of Clothing and other evil Customs that Servants do use in the same; so that there is so great Scarcity of Labourers and other Servants of Husbandry that the Gentlemen and other People of the Realm be greatly impoverished for the Cause aforesaid: Our Sovereign Lord the King considering the said Mischief, and willing thereupon to provide Remedy, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons, hath ordained and stablished, That no Man nor Woman, of what Estate or Condition they be, shall put their Son or Daughter, of whatsoever Age he or she be, to serve as Apprentice, to no Craft nor other Labour within any City or Borough in the Realm, except he have Land or Rent to the Value of Twenty Shillings by the Year at

XVII. Confirmation of Statutes 25 Edw. III. 12 R.II. c. 3,

put his Child apprentice, unless he Annum in Land or Rent.

bid 's bi any such Paiementis so made to them havyng their Letters Patentis of latter date, MS. Tr. 2.

Children MS. Tr. 2.

VOL. II.

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Original from PENN STATE

Every one may put his Child to School.

Certificate of Value of Lands of Parents of Apprentices.

Penalty for receiving an Apprentice contrary hereto.

Labourers to be sworn, or be put in the Stocks.

XVIII. None shall be punished for repressing Insurrections.

Pardon.

the least, but they shall be put (') to other Labours, as their Estates doth require, upon Pain of One Year's Imprisonment, and to make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will. And if any Covenant be made of any such Infant, of what Estate that he be, to the contrary, it shall be holden for none. Provided always, That every Man or Woman, of what Estate or Condition that he be, shall be free to set their Son or Daughter to take learning at any manner School that pleaseth them within the Realm. And that from henceforth every Person that will make his Son or Daughter Apprentice to any Craft within City or Borough, that he bring to the Mayor or Bailiffs of the said City or Borough a Bill sealed under the Seals of Two Justices of Peace of the County where such [Infant 1] is born, testifying the valor of the Lands or Rents of his said Father and Mother, as afore is said. And that no Man nor Woman receive any Apprentice contrary to this Ordinance, upon Pain to pay to the King C. Shillings, as well at the King's Suit as of every Person that will complain, as well before the Justices of Peace, as in any other Court of the King. And he that will sue in this Behalf shall have the One Half for his Labour, and the King the other Half. And that in every Leet be it in the King's Hand, or of any other the King's Liege Man, once in the Year all the Labourers and Artificers dwelling in the same Leet shall be sworn, to serve and take for their Service after the Form of the said Statutes; And if they refuse that to do, they shall be put in the Stocks within the Town where they be taken by Three Days without Bail or Mainprise, till they will make Gree, and from thence they shall be sent to the next Gaol. And that every Town or Seignory that faileth of their Stocks, so that they be not made before the Feast of Easter next coming, shall incur against the King the Pain of Cs. to be levied and paid in Aid of the Quinzime to be granted hereafter.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That none of the Lords Spiritual nor Temporal, Knights nor Esquires of the Realm, nor none other Person, of what Estate or Condition that he be, shall not be in any wise grieved, molested, inquieted, nor endamaged, for (3) any of them, or for their journeying or Pursuit made with the King (4) at his Commandment, for to chastise and punish the Riots and Insurrections, which hath been diversly made (5) at sundry Seasons within the Realm, after the coming of our said Sovereign Lord the King into the same Realm; but that they and every of them be thereof utterly quit, released, pardoned, and discharged for ever.

to svice to such labour be it withyn Citie Burgh or without as his [their] said fader or moder used, or MS. Tr. 2.

2 Child was MS. Tr. 2. 3 any thing done by them, or 4 or MS. Tr. 2.

and MS. Tr. 2.

meins, mes qil soit mys de Pvir a autiel labour, soit il deinz Cite ou Burgh ou dehors, come ses ditz Piere ou miere usent, ou autres labours come leur estates requiergent, sur peyn denprisonement dun an & de faire fyn & raunceon a la volunte du Roy. Et si aucune coven nt soit fait dascun tiel enfaunt de quele estat qil soit a cont'ire soit tenuz p' nul. Purveux toutesfoitz q chun home ou feme de quele estate ou condicion qil soit, soit func de mettre son fitz ou file dappndre lettereure a quelconq escole q leur plest deinz le Roialme. Et q desore enavent chun q voet faire son fitz ou file appritice a ascune mestre deinz Citee ou Burgh, qil porte au Mair ou Baillif de tiel Citee ou Burgh une bille ensealle, dessoutz les sealx de deux Justices du Pees del Countee en quele tiel enfant est nee, tesmoignant la value de tre ou de rent de sez ditz pier ou mier come dessuis est dit. Et q null home ou feme resceyve ascun apprntice acontire de cest ordin'nce sur paine de paier au Roy C. s. sibn al suyte de Roy come de chun q voet pleindre sibn devent les Justices de Pees come en autre court du Roy. Et eit celuy qi vorra suir celle ptie lune moitee p' son labour & le Roy lautre moyte. Et q en chun lete soit il en mayn du Roy ou dautre quiconq, liege du Roy soient un foitz p an toutz les laborers & artifics dem'rantz dedeinz le dit lete Sementez de Svir & Pndre pur lour svice solonc la forme des ditz estatutz; Et sils refusent de ce faire soient ils mys en ceppes deinz la Ville ou ils sont pris p trois jours saunz baille ou mainprise, tanq ils le vuillent faire de gree & dilleoqes soient mys a pschein gaole. Et q chun Ville ou l'ie q faille de leur ceppes, pency qils ne soient faitz dev'nt le fest de Pasq, pschein advenir, encourge devs le Roy la peine de C. s. destre levez & paiez en eide de la xvme a genter en temps advenir. Item ordeignez est & establiz q nul des f's espuelx

ou temporelx, Chivalers ou Esquiers du roialme, ne nuff autre psone de queconq estate ou condicione qil soit, ne soit aucunement grevez molestez enquietez ou endamagez pur aucune chose faite p eux ou p aucune deuz, ou p' lour Chivache ou p'seute fait ovesq le Roy ou a son comandement p' chastesir & punir les riotes & insurreccions qont este faitz divsement & as divses foitz deinz le Roialme, depuis le venue nre dit P le Roy en ycel Roialme; mes qils & chun deux ent soient & soit outrement quitz relessez pdonez & disdamagez a touz jours.

Anno 9° HENRICI, IV. A.D. 1407.

In Margine Rotuli.

Statuta de anno nono.

STATUTES OF THE NINTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 11.

poutdre constituires de métermentade pondemente en

Transmitted des districted abonescial printing, successed this

legicitation is interesting a silving stacks and have

R Vič Kanč; satím. Quedam Statuta & Ordinacióes in ultimo Parliamento não edita tibi mittimus in forma patenti sub eo qui sequit tenore.

Pour ceo q diverses compleintes ount este faitz a nre Seignur le Roy p les Comunes de son Roiaume en le parlement tenuz a Gloucestre le xx^{me} jour Doctobr lan du regne nre dit f' le Roy noefisme, Mesme nre f' le Roy voillant remedier les ditz compleintes de ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a les instance & request des ditz Comunes ad fait ordeiner & establier divses ordeinances & estatutz en la forme qensuyt.

Primerement q̃ Seinte Esglise ait toutes ses Libtees & Franchises; et q̃ toutes les f's espuelx & temporelx & les autres Lieges du Roy aiantz Libtees & Franchises, & toutz les Citees & Burghs du Roiaume aient & enjoient toutz lour Libtees & Franchises queux ils ount des g'untz de les Progenitours nre dit f' le Roy & de son g'unt demesne ou conferment; Forspris la Franchise ore de novell g'untee a les Escolers del Universitee Doxenford; et q̃ la graunde Chartre & la Chartre de la Foreste & toutz autres bons estatutz av'nt ces heures faitz, & nient repellez, estoient en lour force.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nult drap appellez Kendale dount la duszeine ne passe vj s. viij d. de nult seal du Roy de Aulnage petit ne g'unt soit aucunement enseale, ne aulnage ent paie. Et q les possessours des tielx draps purront mesmes les draps nient ensealez franchement vendre saunz riens ent forsfaire au Roy, nounobstant aucun estatut au ordinance fait a cont'ir.

Item touchant les felonies & Robberies faitz deinz aucune f'ie de South-Gales, ordeignez est & establiz q les gentz du paiis ou les felons sont neez recettez ou dem'rauntz, p'ndront les ditz felons & les amesneront al Gaole de mesme la paiis ou ils front prises; ou autrement soient ils chargez & facent satisfaccion de les felonies & robberies susditz a les parties & ce p lordinaunce & agard del f' de mesme le f'ie.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q nul laron ne felon en Gales ovtement conuz ne soit suffret pur desclaimer hors del f'ie ou la felonie fuist fait, & q tiel mane de desclayme soit de tout oustiez; et q sibien les ditz larons

Bracon no diefficate ao ballissal deci-

THE KING to the Sheriff of Kent, Greeting. Certain Statutes and Ordinances made in our last Parliament, We send to you, in Form Patent, under the Tenor which followeth.

be allow without being differently by illicationing; or by

Because that divers Complaints have been made to our Lord the King by the Commons of [this '] Realm, in the Parliament holden at Gloucester, the Twentieth Day of October, in the Ninth Year of the Reign of our said Lord King [Henry the Fourth after the Conquest]; the same our Lord the King, willing to remedy the said Complaints, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Instance and Request of the said Commons, hath caused to be ordained and stablished divers Statutes and Ordinances, in Form as followeth.

FIRST, That Holy Church have all her Liberties and Franchises; and that all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and other the King's liege People, having Liberties and Franchises, and all Cities and Boroughs of the Realm, have and enjoy their Liberties and Franchises, which they have of the Grants of the Progenitors of our Lord the King, and of his own Grant or Confirmation; except the Franchise now late granted to the Scholars of the University of Oxenford; and that the Great Charter, and the Charter of the Forest, and all other good Statutes made before this Time, and not repealed, stand in their Force.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That no Cloth called Kendall, whereof the Dozen passeth not Six Shillings and Eight-pence shall be (1) sealed with any of the King's Seals [nor Aulnage great nor little 3] be paid for the same. And that the Owners of such Cloths may freely sell the same Cloths not sealed without forfeiting any Thing to the King for the same, notwithstanding any Statute or Ordinance made to the contrary.

ITEM, Touching Felonies and Robberies done within any Seignory of South Wales: It is ordained and stablished, That the People of the Country where such Felons be born, received, or dwelling, shall take the same Felons, and bring them to the Gaol of the same Country where they shall be taken; or else they shall be charged and make Satisfaction of the Felonies and Robberies aforesaid to the Parties, and that by the Ordinance and Award of the Lord of the same Seignory.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That no Thief nor Felon in Wales, openly known, be suffered to disclaim out of the Seigniory where the Felony was done, and that such Manner of disclaiming be utterly put out; and that as well the said Thieves openly known, as other

his anywise 3 of Aulnage great nor little, nor Aulnage

I. Liberties confirmed.

Exception,

Charters and Statutes confirmed.

II. Kendal Cloths exempt from Aulnage.

III.
Felons in
South Wales
shall betaken,
or the country
shall satisfy
for their
Offences

IV. Disclaimer in Felony in Wales abolished. Thieves, be put to answer, as privy, to the Indictments or Accusements in the same Seignories where the Thieves be taken, without being delivered by disclaiming, or by Letters of [Mark '] in any Manner.

V. Where the Mayors of Towns and the Lords of ancient Demesne, &c. be named Disseisors in Writs, to take away their Franchise, the Writ shall abate.

ITEM, Whereas divers People do oftentimes sue Assises of Novel disseisin, or other Writs of Plea of Land (1) at the Common Law, of Lands, Tenements, and Rents being within franchised Towns, and ancient Demesne, against certain Persons, and cause to be named also in their said Assises and Writs, the Mayor and Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the Franchises, and the Lords and Bailiffs within ancient Demesne aforesaid, whereas of Truth they be not Disseissors nor Tenants of the said Lands Tenements or Rents so being in Plea, but named by Collusion and Fraud, to bar and exclude the said Mayors Bailiffs and Commonalty, and the said Lords and Bailiffs of ancient Demesne, of (1) their Franchises and Liberties, Cognisance and Jurisdiction of their Court before them: It is ordained and established, That in such Assises or Writs purchased or sued from henceforth, or at this present depending betwixt any Parties before any such Justices at the Common Law, in which such Mayor Bailiffs and Commonalty, or Lords [of 1] Bailiffs of ancient Demesne be named, that the same Justices shall first inquire by the said Assise in the Country, whether the said Mayor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty, or Lords or Bailiffs of ancient Demesne, if they require it before such Justices, be Disseisors or Tenants in that Case, or be named by Collusion and Fraud, as afore is said: And if it be found that they be not Disseisors nor Tenants of the said Lands, Tenements, or Rents, but acquit before the same Justices, and found that they be named by Collusion and Fraud in the Form aforesaid, that in such Case the Justices shall cause the said Writs of Assises, or other Writs purchased in the Form aforesaid, to be abated and adnulled; and that the said Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be in grievous Mercy of the King, notwithstanding that other Tenants or Disseisors be named [or '] found in such Assises or Writs.

VI. The Statute 7H. IV.c.10, as to the Measure of Cloth. repealed.

Pardon of incurred.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made (6) at Westminster the Seventh Year of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King, it was ordained and established, that the Cloths of Ray should contain in Length xxviii Yards measured by the List, and in Breadth vi Quarters; and if the Makers of the said Cloths from that Time forth should make their Cloths of less Length or Breadth, they should forfeit their Cloths which should be found by the Aulneger of less Length or Breadth; as in the said Statute is more fully contained: Our said Sovereign Lord the King considering the said Statute in this behalf very grievous and prejudicial, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords, and at the (7) Request of the said Commons hath ordained and established, That the Makers of the said Cloths of Ray, and the Sellers of the same, shall be as free in the making and selling of the same as they were before the said Parliament holden at Westminster: And that the said Statute made in the said Parliament, touching this Matter, be wholly adnulled and repealed, and of no Force nor Value (*). And moreover, our said Sovereign Lord the King of his especial Grace hath pardoned the Makers of the said Ray Cloths, and the Sellers of the same, the Forfeiture and all that to him pertaineth, or in any manner may pertain by Occasion thereof.

1 the Marches * before Justices assigned in Plea of Land MS. Tr. 2.

s and MS. Tr. 2. 4 or

6 in the Parliament holden

7 special MS.Tr.2.

s for ever MS. Tr. 2.

ovtement conuz come autres larons soient mys a respoundre come privez as enditementz ou accusementz en mesmes les Fies ou les larons sont prises, sans estre deli-Pez p disclaymer ou p lett's de Marche en aucune mane.

Item come divsez gentz suont sovent foitz assises de Novelt disseisine, & auts briefs de plee de terre, devant Justices assignez en le Plee de Terre a le comune ley, des terres tenementz & rentes esteantz deins Villes franchises & auncien demesne, envs cteins psones & fount nomer auxint en lour ditz assisez & briefs les Mair Baillifs & Coïalte des Fraunchises & les f's & Baillifs dauncien demesne suisditz, ou ils ne sont en Vite disseisours ne tenantz des ditz terres tenementz ou rentz issint en plee esteauntz, p collusion & fraude de voidre & excluder les ditz Mair Baillifs & Cominalte & les ditz f's & Baillifs dauncien demesne de lour fraunchises libtees conisances & jurisdiccions avoir de lour Court devant eux : Ordeignez est & establiz qen tielx assises ou briefs purchasez ou suez desore enavant, ou a psent pendantz pentre queconqes psones, devant aucunes tiels Justices a le comune ley es queux tielx Mair Baillifs Comunaltee f's ou Baillifs dauncien demesne soient nomez, q les ditz Justices primes enquergent par la dite assise en paiis, si les ditz Mair Baillifs [Comunaltee f's ou Baillifs¹] dauncien demesne ce demaundent devant tielx Justices, sils soient disseisours ou tenantz en tiel cas ou soient nomes p collucion & fraude come desuis est dit: Et si trove soit qils ne sont mye disseisours ne tenantz des ditz terres tene_ mentz ou rentz, eins acquitez devant mesmes les Justices & trovez qils sont nomes p collusion & fraude en la forme suisdite, qen tiel cas les ditz Justices facent abater & cesser les ditz briefs ou brief dassises & autres briefs purchases en la forme suisdit; et q les ditz pleintifs ou pleintif soient & soit en la greve mcy le Roy; noun obstaunt q autres desseisours ou tenantz soient nomez & trovez en tielx assises ou briefs.

Item come en lestatut fait au plement tenuz a Westñi lan septisme nre dit f le Roy, ordeignez estoit & establiz q les draps du Ray conteneroient en longure xxviij aulnes mesurez p le list et en laieure vj quarters, et si les feisours des ditz draps ferroient deslors lour draps de meindre longure ou laieure q mesmes les feisours forfacent les draps queux gront trovez p launeoure de meindre longure ou laieure, come en le dit estatut pluis pleinement est contenuz : Nostre dit f' le Roy consideraunt le dit estatut en partie trop grevous & damageous, de ladvis & assent des f's & a lespecial request des ditz Cões ad ordeignez & establiz, q les fesours des ditz draps de Ray & les vendours dicelles soient auxi frankes en les fesour & vent dicelles come ils feurent devant le dit plement tenuz a Westin: Et q le dit estatut fait en le dit plement touchant cest matier soit de tout cassez & adnullez & de null force ne value a touz jours. Et outre ce nre dit f le Roy de sa grace espiciale ad pdonez a les ditz fesours des draps de Ray & les Vendours dicelles la forfaiture & tout ce que a luy apptient ou en aucune manle purra apptiner p cell encheson.

Interlined on the Roll.

Item ordeignez est & establiz, q toutz mans des foreins eiantz tres tenementz bestes biens ou chateux deins aucuns Villes al jour del g'unt dascune disme ou quinzisme ou dautre taxe queconq, comebien qils amesnent lour bestes ou emportent lo's biens & chateux hors dicett ville aps le jour de g'unt suisdit, q mesmes les foreins & chun de eux soient & soit contributours [- - - - - '] & contributoir ovesq ceux dem'rantz en tielx villes a chun tiel disme xvme ou taxe queconq. Et q les Coillours de mesme la disme quinzisme ou taxe p' le temps esteantz deins teilx villes eient poair p auctorite de lour office de taxer & assesser tielx foreins, solonc lour quantite de leur biens chateux & possessions esteantz es ditz villes a les jours des g'untz dicelles disme quinzisme ou taxe; & p' les somes as queux ils front assessez ou taxez destreindre en queconq lieu deins le Counte, sibn devent q nre & le Roy soit responduz de les entiers sommes qateignent as tielx villes come aps. Purveux toutz foitz q nul home ne feme soit chargez deux foitz pur nutt tielx bestes bus ne chateux aucunement p celle encheson.

Item nre dit & le Roy considerant coment en divses [mans, 1] la moneye de son roiaume Denglet're est traihez hors dicett a la Court de Rome, en eschaunge p pvisours p' pvisions purchaiser de lappoistoill & t'nslacions de Ercheveschies & Eveschies, a Psg'unt empovissement de son dit roiaume, ad ordeignez & establiz p lassent suisdit, q toutz les estatutz & ordinances faitz encountre pvisours t'nslacions des Ercheveschies & Eveschies, lour executours, pcuratours, notoirs, fautours, maintenours & receptours, sibn en le temps f' E. nadegairs Roy Dengletre & en temps du R. darrain Roy Dengletre come en temps de nre dit f' le Roy qorest, ove toutz les peins & addicions a yceux, soient desorenavant firmement tenuz & gardez en toutz pointz; la moderacion des estatutz avantditz a nãe dit f' le Roy avant ces heures fait non obstant: et q [---3] toutz les eleccions des toutz Ercheveschies, Eveschies, Abbeies, Priories, Deanes ou autres dignites electives quconques soient desorenavent frankes; sanz estre en nulle manie destourbiez p lappostoil aventdit ou p maundement de nre dit f' le Roy. Purveux toutz foitz q nre dit f' le Roy eit auxi franchement sez libtee & Progatif come aucune de ses nobles progenitours ad eue devant ces heures, ou come luy mesmes ad a cest temps de fesance de cest estatut. Et outre ceo mesme nre fr le Roy ad pdonnez [& pdon 1] a toutz yceux qount purchacez pvisions ou translacions des Ercheveschies ou Eveschies purchases & executz ou nient executz devant ycest prim jour de Decembr & toutz lour pcuratours, notoirs, fautours & executours toutz manes des t'spasses, contemptes, forfaitures & mesprisions p eux ou aucune deux [faitz 3] entour la dit purchase; ency qils purront en aps lour grace mettre en lexecucion sibn p eux mesmes come p lour pcuratours, notoirs & executo's avantditz.

Et ideo tibi Pcipimus qd statim visis Psentib3 Statuta & Ordinacoes Paca, in singulis locis infra ballivam tuam ubi magis expediens fuit & necesse, publice ex parte nra pelamari & notificari ac quantum in te est firmit & inviolabilit teneri & observari fac juxta tenorem eoadem. Et hoc nullatenus omittas. T. R. apud Westm primo die Februarii anno nono.

13 Erasures on the Roll.

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ITEM, It is ordained and established, That all Manner of Foreigners having Lands, Tenements, (') Goods, [and *] Chattels, within any Towns at the Day of Grant of any Disme or Quinzime, or of any other Tax whatsoever, although they lead away their Beasts, or carry away their Goods and Chattels out of the same Town after the Day of the said Grant, that the same Foreigners, and every of them shall be (1) contributory with the Inhabitants of such Towns to such Disme, Fifteen, or Tax whatsoever. And that the Collectors of the same Disme Quinzime or Tax for the Time being, within such Towns, shall have Power by Authority of their Office to tax and assess such Foreigners according to the Quantity of their Goods, Chattels, and Possessions, being in the said Towns at the Days of the Grant of the said Disme, Quinzime, or Tax; and for the Sums whereto they be assessed or taxed, to distrain in every Place within the County, as well before that our said Lord the King be answered of the whole Sums that attain to such Towns, as after. Provided always, That no Man nor Woman be Two Times charged for any such Beasts, Goods, nor Chattels, in any wise by occasion thereof.

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering how that the Money of his Realm of England is in divers Ways conveyed out of the same Realm to the Court of Rome in Exchange, by Provisors [or 1] Provisions purchased of the Pope, and Translations of Archbishopricks and Bishopricks, to the great impoverishing of the same Realm, hath ordained and established by the Assent aforesaid, That all the Statutes and Ordinances made against Provisors, Translations of Archbishopricks and Bishopricks, their Executors, Procurators, Notaries, Fautors, Maintainers, and Receivers, as well in the Times of King Edward the Third and King Richard the Second, as in the Time of our said Sovereign Lord the King that now is, with all the Pains and Additions to the same, shall be from henceforth firmly holden and kept in all Points; the Moderation of the said Statutes made before this Time to our said Sovereign Lord the King notwithstanding: And that from henceforth all the Elections of all Archbishopricks, Bishopricks, Abbies, Priories, Deanries, [and other Dignities, or any other Elections,] be free; without being in any wise interrupted by the said Pope, or by Commandment of our said Sovereign Lord the King. Provided always, That our said Sovereign Lord the King have as freely his Liberties and Prerogatives, as any of his noble Progenitors hath had before this Time, and as he himself had at the Time of the making of this Statute. And also the same our Sovereign Lord the King hath pardoned (6) all them that have purchased Provisions or Translations of Archbishopricks or Bishopricks purchased and executed [and 1] not executed before this First Day of December, and all their Procurators, Notaries, Fautors and Executors, all Manner of Trespasses, Contempts, Forfeitures, and Misprisions done by them or any of them concerning the said Purchases; so that they may (*) put their Grace in Execution, as well by themselves as by their Procurators, Notaries, and Executors aforesaid.

And therefore We command you that forthwith, on View of these Presents, the Statutes and Ordinances aforesaid, in the several Places within your Bailiwick where it may be most expedient and necessary, publicly on our Behalf you do cause to be proclaimed and notified, and, as far as in you lieth, to be firmly and inviolably holden and observed, according to the Tenour of the same. And this in no wise omit. Witness the King at Westminster the First Day of February in the Ninth Year.

or MS. Tr. 2-

Contributours and MS. Tr. 2. s or other Dignities elective whatsoever,

and doth pardon

7 or MS. Tr. 2.

hereafter MS. Tr. 2.

Foreigners shall con-Fifteenths,

Collectors shall assess them according to their Property at the Time of the Grant;

and distrain for the Sums

None shall charged.

VIII. against Provisors confirmed.

[IX.] Elections to Spiritual Promotions shall be free.

Saving the King's Prerogative.

[X.] The King's Pardon to Purchasers of Provisions,

Anno 11° HENRICI, IV. A.D.1409-10.

D' Statutis A' rjo.

some and about a Rotuli.

OF THE STATUTES IN THE ELEVENTH YEAR.

BY the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the [Request, Instance, and Suit'] of the Commons, being in the Parliament holden at Westminster, in the Fifteenth of St. Hillary, the Eleventh Year of the Reign of [King Henry the Fourth,'] the same our Lord the King hath ordained (') divers Statutes and Ordinances in the Form as followeth.

Justices of
Assize shall
enquire of
Returns of
Election of
Knights of
Shires; under
the Statute
7 H.IV. c.15.

Penalty on the Sheriff

for undue

Returns ;

The Knights

unduly returned shall

II. No common

Hostler shall

be Customer, Comptroller,

lose their

Wages.

&c.

rool.

FIRST, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Seventh Year of the Reign of our said Lord the King, there was ordained and established, by a Statute for the Preservation of the Liberties and Franchises of the Election of the Knights of the Shire used through the Realm, a certain Form and Manner of the Election of such Knights, as in the said Statute more fully is contained: And Forasmuch as in the same Statute no Penalty was ordained or limited in special upon the Sheriffs of the Counties, if they make any Returns to the contrary of the same Statute; It is ordained and stablished, That the Justices assigned to take Assises, shall have Power to inquire in their Sessions of Assises of such Returns made; and if it be found by Inquest, and due Examination before the same Justices, that any such Sheriff hath made, or hereafter make, any Return contrary to the Tenor of the said Statute, that then the same Sheriff shall incur the Penalty of One Hundred Pounds to be paid to our (4) Lord the King; and moreover, that the Knights of the Counties so unduly returned, shall lose their Wages of the Parliament, of old Time accustomed.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That no Man which holdeth a common Hostry in any City or Borough of England, shall be a Customer, Comptroller, [Finder, or Searcher of [the or said Lord the King; and that to eschew the Damage and Loss which thereof may happen, by the Favour that such common Hostlers may or will do to Merchants and other their Guests in their said Offices.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That the Justices assigned, and to be assigned, to take Assises by Commission of our Lord the King in the Counties of the Realm, from henceforth shall cause to be delivered fully in the King's Treasury, all the Records of Assises of Novel disseisin, of Mortdancester, and of Certifications, with all the Appurtenances and Appendances before them determined, every second Year (7) that the Plea thereof be determined, and Judgement given without more Delay. And that the Records and Process of Pleas real and personal, and of Assises of Novel

great Instance and Prayer our Sovereign Lord the King and established MS. Tr. 2.

Tronour MS. Tr. 2. 6 our

our 7 after

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 10.

DE ladvys & assent des f's espirituelx & temporelx & a les g'undes instance & prier des Cões esteantz en le plement tenuz a Westíñ en la quinszeine de Seint Hiller, lan del Regne nre f' le Roy unszisme, mesme nre f' le Roy ad ordeinez & establiz divses ordeignances & estatutz en la forme qensuyte.

Primement come en le plement tenuz a Westini lan du Regne nre dit f' le Roy seoptisme ordennez fuit & establiez p estatut, en conservacion de les franchises & libtees del eleccion des Chivalers de Countees usez pmy le Roialme cteine forme & mane de la eleccion de tielx Chivalers come en le dit estatut pluis pleinement est contenuz: Et ptant q en mesme lestatut nul peine fuit ordeigne ne mys en espale s' les Viscontz des Contees sils ferroient ascuns reto'nes a contrair de mesme lestatut; Ordeigne est & establie q les Justices as Assises Pndre aient poair denquer en lo's essions des assises de tielx reto'nes faitz, et si p enquest & due examinacion trovee soit dev'nt mesmes les Justices q ascun tiel Viscont ait fait ou face enaps ascun reto'ne encont la tenure du dit estatut, q mesme le Viscont enco'ge la peyne de C ti, a paiers a nre dit f' le Roy. Et out ceo q les Chrs des Countees ensi nient duement reto'nez pdent lo' gages du plement dancien temps acustumez.

Item ordeinez est & establiz q nuff home qi tient coe hosterye en ascune Citee ou Burgh Denglet e soit Custumer Controllo', Tronour ou Sercheo' nre dit f' le Roy; & ceo p' eschuer les damages & pde qent p'ront avenir p le favour q tielx coes hostiliers p'ront ou voillent faire as Marchauntz & aut's lo' hostes en lo' offices dessuisditz.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q̃ Justices des Assises, p comission nre f' le Roy en les Countees de Roialme apndre assignez & assigners, desorenavant facent deliver pleinement en Tresorie nre dit f' le Roy toutz les recordes de les assises de novell disseisine de Mordauncestre & des ctificacions, ove toutz les app'tenances & appendances devant eux derminez, chescune secunde an [aps'] q̃ le plee ent soit dermine & juggement rendu sanz pluis delaie. Et q̃ les recordes & les pcesses des plees realx & psonelx & dassises de novell

Old Printed Copies omit this Word.

III.
Justices of
Assize shall
deliver into

the Treasury

the Records

of Assize,&c. every second Year.

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disseisine de mortdauncestre & ctificacions & daut's dont juggement soit renduz & enrollez, ou chose touchant tielx plees, ne soient en ascune mane amendez, ne empeirez p novel entre des Clerks ou p record ou chose ctefier ou tesmoigner ou comandement dascun Justice qconq, en null t'me aps q tiel juggement en tielx plees soit donez & enrollez.

Item come en lestatut fait a Cantebr lan du regne le Roy Richard seconde duszisme, ent aut's choses accorde estoit & assentuz, q les svantz & laborers de husbandrye & laborers & svantz des artificers & des vitelers aient arkes & setes & les usent les dymenges & jours de festes, & lessent toutoutment les jeues as pelotes sibn a main come a pee, & les aurs jeues appellez coites, dices, gettre de peer, kayles & aut's tielx jeues importunes, et q les Viscontz Mairs Baillifs & Conestables aient poair darester toutz les contrevenantz; come en le dit estatut est contenuz pluis au plein: Nre f' le Roy voct q le dit estatut soit ferment tenuz & gardez; Adjoustez a ycell q chescun tiel laborer ou svant q face a contraire de mesme lestatut ait emprisonement de vi jours. Et aient les Mairs & Viscontz ou les Mairs & Baillifs des Citees & Burghs & les Conestables en aut's Villes poair de mettre cest estatut en execution de temps en temps; Et sils ne facent ent execucion paient au Roy les Mairs & Viscontz ou les Mairs & Baillifs desuisditz p' chescun lo' defaute xxs; Et les Conestables ou Conestable de chescune Ville qi ne facent ou face autiele execucion de cest estatut paient & paie au Roy a chescun lo' defaute vj s. viij d: Et aient les Justices des Assises poair denquere en ceo cas en lo' sessions de temps en temps de les contrariantz de cest estatut & dent Etefier en la Chancie.

Item p' ceo q les galyhalpenys courgent comunement en le roialme p' paiement, en derogacion de le corone nre f' le Roy & en g'nde deceit de la coe poeple: ordeinez est & establiz q les ditz galihalpenyes james ne courgent en paiement ne en autre mane deinz le roiaulme Dengletre s' peyne de forfaiture dycelles. Et enout q les galihalpenyes en quy maines qils soient trovez deinz le dit Roialme soient forfaitz a nre dit f' le Roy aps les deux moys pscheins ensuantz la pclamacion de cest estatut. Et outre ceo voet mesme nre f' le Roy q toutz les estatutz & ordinances faitz devant ces heures p luy ou par ses nobles pgenito's nient repellez, sibn de la monye descoce come de la moneye des aultres roialmes & pties de pdela le meer, soient tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion.

Item come [p lestatut fait lan du regne nre dit f le Roy septisme ordeinez estoit q '] chescun court drap fait deinz le Roialme tiendroit p assise la longure de xxviii verges p le creste, & chescun dusseine de drap la longure de xiiii vges p le crest, & les Rayes conteignerent en longure p le liste mesurez mesme la longure, Cestassavoir le drap entier xxviij vges & le dusseine xiiij vges; et cteines p sonesdaulneo's a ceo assignez pmy le roialme Dignantz lo charge en lescheker de bien & loialment

p estatuit & ordinance faitz deins vre roialme en lan vijme de vie gecious regne, Rot. Parl. 11 Hen. IV. nu. 69. the Petition of the Commons, on which this Part of the Statute is

disseisin, or Mortdancester, and Certifications, and of Records shall others, whereof Judgement is given and inrolled, or [Things touching such Plea,'] shall in no wise be amended nor impaired by new entering of the Clerks, or by the [Record or Thing certified in Witness 1] or Commandment of any Justice, in no Term after that such Judgement in such Pleas is given and inrolled.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made at [Cant.] the xii Year of the Reign of King Richard, amongst other Things it was accorded and assented, That the Servants and Labourers of Husbandry, and Labourers and Servants of Artificers, and of Victuallers, should have Bows and Arrows, and use the same the Sundays and other festival Days, and utterly leave playing at the Balls, as well Hand-ball as Foot-ball, and other Games called Coits, Dice, [Bowling, and Kails, and other such unthrifty Games, and that the Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, and Constables, shall have Power to arrest all that do contrary; as in the said Statute is more fully contained: Our Sovereign Lord the King will, That the said Statute be firmly holden and kept; joined to the same, that every such Labourer or Servant that doth contrary to the same Statute, shall have Imprisonment by Six Days. And the Mayors and Sheriffs, or the Mayors and Bailiffs of Cities and Boroughs, and the Constables in other Towns, shall have Power to put this Statute in execution from Time to Time; and if they do not thereof Execution, the same Mayors and Sheriffs, or Mayors and Bailiffs aforesaid, shall pay to the King for every Default xxs; and the Constables or Constable of every Town that doth not like Execution of this Statute, shall pay (5) for every their or his Default vi s. [iiii d:6] And that the Justices of Assises shall have Power to enquire in this Case in their Sessions from Time to Time, of them that do contrary to this Statute, and thereof to certify in the Chancery.

ITEM, Because that Gally Half-pence do commonly run in the Realm for Payment, in Derogation of the King's Crown, and in great Deceit of the common People: It is ordained and stablished, That the said Gally Half-pence shall never be current in Payment nor in other Manner within the Realm of England, upon Pain of Forfeiture thereof. And moreover that the Gally Half-pence, in whose Hands soever they be found within the Realm, shall be forfeit to our Sovereign Lord the King, after the Two Months next ensuing the Proclamation of this Statute. And also the same our Lord the King will, that all the Statutes and Ordinances made before this Time by him, or by his noble Progenitors, not repealed, as well of (7) Money of Scotland, as of the Money of other Realms and Parts beyond the Sea, be holden and kept, and put in due Execution.

ITEM, Whereas by the Statute made the Seventh Year of the Reign of our said Lord the King that now is, it was ordained, That every [whole coloured 8] Cloth made within the Realm should contain by Assise the Length of Eight and twenty Yards by the Crest, and every Dozen of Cloth [of the Length9] of Fourteen Yards by the Crest, and the Rays measured by the List should contain the same Length, that is to say, the whole Cloth Eight and twenty Yards, and the Dozen Fourteen Yards; And certain Aulnegers thereto assigned through the Realm, should take their Charge in the Exchequer, well

thing touching such Pleas 3 Cambridge 2 certifying or witnessing of the Record or Thing,

casting of the stone, MS. Tr. 2. See Stat. 12 Ric. II. c. 6.

5 to the Kyng MS. Tr. 2. 6 viij d.

9 the Length short MS. Tr. 2.

IV. The Statute 12 R. II. c. 6, against unwful games, recited.

Offenders imprisoned.

Penalties on Mayors, &c. & Constables for Neglect.

V. Gally Halfpence shall not continue

to be current.

Forfeiture

Statutes confirmed.

VI. Measure of Cloths: [See Statute chapter 10.]

Frauds in the Measure of Cloths.

No Man shall tack and plait together any Cloths before the Aulneger hath sealed them with a new Seal to be provided for that Purpose.

Saving for Cloths sealed with the old

Penalty on Aulneger not performing his Duty.

and lawfully without Fraud to search and survey such Cloths and Dozens, that every of them in his Nature do contain the Length and Breadth as the Statute aforesaid requireth; the same Aulnegers having Power and Authority [by '] our said Lord the King, duly to execute their Office, and with the Seal of their Office thereto assigned to seal all the said Cloths and Dozens, holding their Length and Breadth, after the Form of the said Assise, so that the People [having whereof they may be sure,2] that by the Warrant of the same sealing, their Cloths and Dozens aforesaid [shall 3] hold their Length and Breadth, after the Form of the said Statute: Notwithstanding which Statute, certain Persons, [namely, 1] in the West Parts, making such Manner of Cloths, which do not hold [their Assise 5] as well in Rays as in [full 6] Cloth, and in especial where the [whole coloured 7] Cloth ought to contain the Length of Eight and twenty Yards, it holdeth not but Three and Twenty Yards; and where the Dozen of Cloth ought to hold Fourteen Yards, it holdeth but Eleven Yards; and to conceal the Deceit of the Measure, the said People so making such Cloths and Dozens, cause the same to be plaited and tacked together presently after they be made, and when the Aulnegers see the Cloths so tacked together, they do seal them without making any more Search or Surveying of [the same Cloths,⁸] to the great Deceit and Hindrance, as well of the Lords as the Commons of the Realm: Our Lord the King considering the Mischiefs aforesaid, and willing thereof to provide Remedy, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords, and at the Request of the said Commons, hath ordained and stablished, That a new Seal having a Sign and Mark differing from the old Seal of the said Office of Aulneger, shall be made and delivered to the said Aulnegers; and after that the same Seal so newly to be made be delivered to the said Aulnegers, Proclamation shall be made openly in the West Parts, and other Places through the Realm, that no Persons making such Manner of Cloths and Dozens in the same West Parts, nor elsewhere within the Realm of England, be so hardy to tack and plait together such Manner of Cloths, before that the Aulneger hath duly made his Search and Survey of the same Cloths, that they hold their Length and Breadth ordained in the said Statute, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same; and that the said Aulneger after that, shall set the said new Seal of his Office to such Manner of Cloths and Dozens; saving always that the Cloths and Dozens of Colour and of Ray, which be ensealed with the said old Seal, before the Proclamation made, may have their Course to be sold without any Impediment, Impeachment, or Restraint upon them to be made by the said Aulnegers, or any other Officers, betwixt the Date of the said Proclamation, and the Feast of St. Peter ad vincula next coming. And in case that any Aulneger in doing his said Office do contrary to this Statute, and thereof be duly attainted, that he at the first Time that he shall be so attainted, shall lose x li. and at the Second Time xx li. to be levied and paid to the Use of our said Lord the King, of all his Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels, in whose Hands soever they be; and at the Third Time his Body shall be arrested, and all his Goods and Chattels at the King's Will. And moreover the same our Lord the King doth will, That every Person which will sue for the King, or for himself, shall we the Suit to attaint such Aulnegers, so doing

mesure of the same MS. Tr. 2.

sanz fraude sercher & s'veier tielx manes draps & dusseins, q chescun de eux en sa nature tiendroit sa longure & laeure come lestatut suisdit requiert; eiantz yceux aulneo's poair & auctorite dep nre dit f' le Roy de faire duement lo' dit office, & de enseler ove le seal al office suisdit assigne toutz les draps & dusseins suisditz teignantz lo' longure & laeure dassise suisdce, pensi q le poeple sanz doute p'roit estre seure q p le garrant diceff enseallure les draps & dusseins suisditz teignerent lo' longure & laeure solonc la forme del estatut suisdit : Nounobstant quell estatut cteines gentz, & principalment en les pties de West, faisantz tielx manles draps queux ne teignent lassise de lo mesure suisdit, auxibien en Rayes come en plain drap, & en espale ou le court drap duist tenir la longure de xxviij vges il ne tient q xxiij vges, et lou le dussein de de drap duist tenir xiiij vges il ne tient q xi vges; et p' conceler ycest deceit de mesure les suisditz gentz ensi faisantz tielx draps & dusseins les facent pliter & takker emsemble maintenant aps qils soient faitz, et qant les aulneo's veient ceux draps ensi takkez ensemble ils les ensealent, sanz faire pluis de serche ou surveu de mesure dycett, a g'nde disceit & arrerissement sibn as f's come as Cões del Roialme: Nre f' le Roy considerant les meschiefs suisditz & veulant s' ceo p'voier de remede; del advys & assent des l's suisditz & a la requeste des ditz Cões ad ordeignez & establiez, q un novell seal, eiant signe & miche differentz de launcien seal de dit Office de launeo', soit fait & delive a les aulneo's suisditz; & q aps q mesme le seal ensy de novel affaire soit delive as ditz aulneo's, pclamacion soit fait ovtement, en les ditz pties de West & aillours pmy le Roialme, q nutt psone faisant tielx manes draps & dusseins en mesmes les pties de West naillo's deinz le Roialme Dengletre soit si hardy de takker & pliter ensemble tielx manes draps, devant q laulneo' eit fait son sche & surveu duement de yceux draps qils teignent lo' longure & laeure ordeignez p le dit estatut, s' peine de forfaiture dycett; et q le dit Aulneo' aps ceo mette le dit novel seal de son office as tielx manes draps & dusseins; [savant toutfoitz q les draps & dusseins] de colo' & de Ray, queux sont ensealez ovec launcien seal suisdit avant la pclamacion faite, puissent avoir lo' cours destre venduz sanz ascun impediment empeschement ou distreinte s' eux affaire p les ditz aulneo's ou ascun aut officer, pent le jo' du dce pclamacion et le feste de Seint Pere advincta pschein avenir. Et en cas q ascun Aulneo' en faisant son dit office face le contrair de cest estatut, & de ceo soit duement atteint, qal prim foitz qil Bra issint atteint il pde x. fi. & al scde foitz xx. fi. a levers & paiers a nre dit & le Roy de toutz ses Pres & tentz biens & chateux en qi mains qils soient; & al ce foitz son corps arestuz & toutz ses biens & chateux a volunte du Roy. Et outre ceo voet mesme nre f' le Roy q celuy q vorra suir p' le Roy, ou p' luy mesmes eit la suite datteindre tiel aulneo' ensi faisant

1 Interlined on the Roll.

and pincipaly MS. Tr. 2. of the part of MS. Tr. 2.

s thassise of their mesure abovesaide MS. Tr. 2. 6 playne MS. Tr. 2. 7 short MS. Tr. 2.

a contrair de cest estatut, et ait mesme le p'suant p' son travail la quart ptie de la peine de x. ti ou xx. li. desuisditz solonc ceo q le cas aviendra: savant as f's & aut's lo' franchises si ascuns y aient en ceo cas.

Iîm p la ou nre dit & le Roy en ad la custume & subside en la fourme contenue en la g'unte de ses Coes, & ent auts de chescun drap de Scarlet & aut drap dentier grayn une cteine custume; ore est il ensi q cteins marchantz aliens, en la Citee de Loundres & en aut's Villes dem'antz, ount priz & teignont g'undes hostielx & meaisons en les queles ils sont sole inhitantz, & achatent ascun foitz come en un an Mitt ou ij Mitt draps de blanket fyne, ou pluis, & les font teintrere de lo' grayn demesne en Scarlet ou Sangwyne & en aut's colo's dentier grayn ou de demy grayn, & puis font trencher tielx draps a petites peces de v. ou vj. vges ou de pluis ou de meins, & ent fount divses garnementes & les empackent en lo' ditz hostielx, & en mesmes les packes sotilment empackent layn fyn or & argent en plate, & ascun foitz ils mettent tielx layn or & argent en barelx & aut's vesselx & les amesnent hors du Roialme sanz ascun custume ou subside paier pr ycell desoutz le color de tielx garnements issint faitz, p cause q tielx garnementz ne sont pas custumables; et issint nre dit f' le Roy p tielx marchants aliens ensi en lo' hostielx solement dem'rantz est de jour en aut g'ndement de ses custume & subside defraude & desceu a g'nde damage & Djudice de luy en cell ptie: Ordeignez est & establiz q toutz marchantz aliens desorenavant paient les subside & custume sibien p' tielx garnementz solonc lafferant, cestassavoir si iiij, ou v. ou vj. tielx garnementz conteignent un drap dentier grayn q'donqes ils paient la custume & subside come p' un drap de Scarlet entier, si meyns meyns & si pluis pluis, come auxi des draps graynez & toutz aul's draps de layn: et out ceo accordez est & assentuz en le dit plement q comissions soient faitz as cteines psones, denquer si les ditz aliens aient riens fait ou attemptez a contrair de les estatutz devant ces heures faitz en ceo cas, & dent ctefier en la Chauncie nre f' le Roy.

Item come en lestatut fait a Westm lan xiiij le Roy Richard seconde ordeignez soit & establiz, q p' chescune eschaunge q delors Proit fait p michantz a la Court de Rome ou aillours, q les ditz mchandes soient firmement & surement liez en la Chancellarie [dattacher'] deinz trois moises aps la de eschange fait michandises de lestaple, come layns quirs pealx lanutz plumbe ou estain bure formage draps ou auts comoditees de la tre a la value de la some issint eschaunge s' forfaiture dycett; Ordeignez est & establiez q le dit estatut soit fermement tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion: Adjoustant a ycett q le Chaunceller Denglet're p' le temps esteant de quinszeine en quinszeine envoie les extretes des briefs deschange en lescheker nre f' le Roy, et q les Tresorer & Barons du dit Escheker aient poair par auctorite de plement dexaminer les Custumers en ceo cas & de punir ceux q Bront trovez coupablez encontre la forme du dit estatut solone la contenue dycett.

Item p' ceo q ore tarde enquestes feurent prisez

a Westin des psones as Justices denomez saunz
due retourne de Viscont, des queux psones ascuns

dachater St. 14 Ric. II.

against this Statute; and the same Party pursuing shall have for his Labour the Fourth Part of the Penalty of Ten or Twenty Pounds aforesaid, according as the Case shall happen: Saving to Lords and other their Franchises, if they have any in this Case.

ITEM, Whereas our Sovereign Lord the King hath [had'] the Custom and Subsidy in the Form contained in the Grant of his Commons, and amongst other of every Cloth of Scarlet, and of other Cloth of whole Grain a certain Custom; Now so it is, that certain Merchants Aliens, dwelling in the City of London and other Towns, have taken and do hold great Houses, in which they be sole Inhabitants, and do buy sometimes as in a Year 1000 or 2000 Cloths of fine White, or more, and do dye the same of their own Grain in Scarlet, or in Sanguine, or in other Colours of whole Grain or half Grain, and afterward do the same Cloths to be cut to small Pieces of v. or vi. Yards, or more, or less, and thereof make divers Garments, and pack the same in their said Houses, and in the same Packs subtilly do pack fine Wool, Gold and Silver in Plate, or sometime they put such Wool, Gold, and Silver in Barrels and other Vessels, and [bring 1] the same out of the Realm without paying any Custom or Subsidy for the same, under the Colour of such Garments so made, because that such Garments be not customable; and so our said Sovereign Lord the King, by such Merchants Aliens, so dwelling alone in their Houses, is daily defrauded and greatly deceived of his Custom and Subsidy, to his great Damage and Prejudice in this Behalf: It is therefore ordained and established, That all Merchants Aliens from henceforth shall pay the Customs and Subsidies as well for such Garments after the Rate, that is to say, if iiii. v. or vi. such Garments do contain One Cloth of whole Grain, that then they shall pay the Custom and Subsidy as for a whole Cloth of Scarlet, if less, less, or if more, more; as also of grained Cloths and all other Cloths of Wool: And moreover, it is accorded and assented in the said Parliament, that Commissions shall be made to certain Persons, to enquire if the said Aliens have any Thing done or attempted to the contrary of the said Statutes made before this Time in this Case, and thereof to certify in the King's Chancery.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made at Westminster, the xiiii Year of King Richard the Second, it was ordained and established, that for every Exchange, which from that Time forth should be made by Merchants to the Court of Rome, or elsewhere, that the said Merchants should be firmly and surely bound in the Chancery, to buy within Three Months next after the said Exchange made, Merchandises of the Staple, as Wool, Leather, Woolfels, Lead, Tin, Butter, Cheese, Cloth, or other Commodities of the Land, to the Value of the Sum so exchanged, upon Forfeiture of the same; It is ordained and established, That the said Statute be firmly holden and kept, and put in due Execution: Added thereto, that the Chancellor of England for the Time being, shall from Fifteen Days to Fifteen Days send the Estreats of the Writs of Exchanges into the Exchequer of our Sovereign Lord the King, and that the Treasurer and Barons of the said Exchequer have Power by Authority of Parliament to examine the [Customer 3] in this Case, and to punish them that shall be found guilty against the Form of the said Statute, according to the [continue '] of the same.

ITEM, Because that now of late Inquests were taken at Westminster, of Persons named to the Justices, without due Return of the Sheriff, of which Persons some

VII.
Merchants
Strangers
shall pay
Proportion of
Customs, &ce
for Cloth cut
in Garments.

VIII.
The Statute
14 R. II. c.2,
touching
Exchanges
to the Court
of Rome,
recited and
confirmed.

Chancellor shall send the Estreats of Exchanges into the Exchequer.

IX.

Vol. II.

Uu

thereof [i.e. of Cloths mentioned in the preceding Chapter.]
carry
Custumers MS. Tr. 2.

content MS. Tr. 2.

Certain Indictments, taken by Jurorsunduly returned, annulled.

Indictments
shall be found
only by
Inquests duly
returned by
the Sheriffs,
without
Nomination.

Liberties

Exception, Oxford.

Charters and

Statutes

confirmed.

The Statute

8 R. II. c. 2, as to Justices

of Assise, &c.

confirmed;

were outlawed before the said Justices of Record, and some fled to Sanctuary for Treason, and some for Felony, there to have Refuge, by whom as well many Offenders were indicted, as other lawful liege People of our Lord the King, not guilty, by Conspiracy, Abetment, and false Imagination of other Persons, for their special Advantage and singular Lucre, against the Course of the Common Law used and accustomed before this Time; Our said the Lord the King, for the greater Ease and Quietness of his People, will and granteth, That the same Indictment so made, with all the Dependence thereof, be revoked, adnulled, void, and holden for none for ever; and that from henceforth no Indictment be made by any such Persons, but by Inquests of the King's lawful liege People, in the Manner as was used in the Time of his noble Progenitors, (') returned by the Sheriffs or Bailiffs of Franchises, without any (1) Denomination to the Sheriffs or Bailiffs of Franchises before made by any Person of the Names which by him should be empanelled, except it be by the Officers of the said Sheriffs or Bailiffs of Franchises, sworn and [known,3] to make the same, and other Officers to whom it pertaineth to make the same, according to the Law of England. And if any Indictment be made hereafter in any Point to the contrary, that the same Indictment be also void, revoked, and for ever holden for none.

1 duely MS. Tr. 2.

* maner of MS. Tr. 2.

3 appointed

furent utlagez devant les ditz Justices de record, & ascuns fuez al Seintewarie p' treson & ascuns p' felonie p' illoeqes avoir refuyte, p queux sibn plusours maffaisours estoient enditez, come aut's loialx lieges nre f' le Roy nient coupables p conspiracie abbettement & faux ymaginacion daut's psones p' lo' espale avantage & lucres ppres encontre la cours de la cõe ley avant cès heures uscz & acustumez; nre dit f' le Roy p' greindre ease & quiete de son poeple voet & g'unte q mesme lenditement issint fait ovesq, toutz les dependences dicett soit revokez adnullez voide & tenuz p' null p' toutz jours; et q desorenavant null enditement soit fait p ascuns tielx psones, einz p enquestes des loialx lieges nre dit f' le Roi, en mane come fuit use en temps de ses nobles pgenitors, p les Viscounts ou Baillifs des franchises duement ret'nez, sanz ascune mane denominacion as ditz Viscontz ou Baillifs de franchises devant fait p ascune psone des nouns queux sront p luy empanellez, sil ne soit p les Ministres des ditz Viscontz ou Bailifs de franchises a ceo faire jurrez & comys, & les aut's ministres as queux il apptient de ceo faire solonc la ley Denglerre. Et si ascun enditement soit fait en temps avenir en ascune mane a cont'ire, soit mesme lenditement auxint voide adnullez revokez & tenuz p' nult, a toutz jours.

Anno 13° HENRICI, IV. A.D. 1411.

D' Statutis riij h. iv.

In Margine Rotuli.

OF THE STATUTES IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF K. HENRY IV.

THE Tuesday being on the Morrow of All Souls, the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Lord [King Henry the Fourth,'] the same our Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons being in the said Parliament holden at Westminster, hath caused to be ordained and stablished divers Statutes and Ordinances in Form as followeth.

FIRST, That Holy Church have all her Liberties and Franchises; (') and all the Cities and Boroughs of the Realm have and enjoy all their Liberties and Franchises, which they have of the Grant of our Lord the King's Progenitors, or of his own Grant or Confirmation; except the Franchise now late granted to the Scholars of the University of Oxenford; and that the Great Charter, and the Charter of the Forest, and all other good Statutes made before this Time, and not repealed, stand in their Force.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That the Statute made in the Eighth Year of King Richard the Second, wherein be contained these Words which follow; "Item, it is agreed and ordained, That no Man of the Law shall be from henceforth Justice of Assises or of the common Deliverance of Gaols in his own Country; and that

the Kyng MS. Tr. 2.
and that all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and other the King's liege People, having Liberties and Franchises,

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 9.

MARESDY lendemayn des Almes lan du regne n'î e f' le Roy treszisme, mesme n'î e f' le Roy de ladvis & assent des f's espirituelx & temporelx & a la request des Coes esteantz en son plement tenuz a Westin fist ordeigh & establir divses ordinances & estatutz en la fo'me qenseute.

Primement q Seint Esglise eit toutz ses libtees & franchises; & q toutz les &'s espirituelx & temporelx & les aut's liges du Roy eiantz libtees & franchises, & toutz les Citees & Burghs du Roialme eient & enjoient toutz leur libtees & franchises, queux ils ount de g'unte de les pgenitours nre dit f' le Roy & de son g'unte demesne ou conferment, forspris la franchise ore tarde g'unte a les Escolers del Univoite Doxenford; et q la g'und Chre & la Chre de la Foreste & toutz aut's bones estatutz av'nt ces hoeures faitz & nient repellez estoisent en lour force.

Itm ordeignez est & establis q lestatut fait lan viije le Roy Richard second en le quelt sount contenuz les pols qensuent; Itm concordatu est & statutu que nullus homo de Lege sit de ceto Justic assisant vel cois delibacois gaolant in appria pata sua; et que

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Capitalis Justic de Coi Banco assignet' in? alios ad hufusmodi assisas capiend & gaolas deliband, set quo ad Capitalem Justic de Banco Regis fiat sicut p majori pte Centum annos px Pritos fieri consuevit; soit tenuz & gardez, non obstant ascun estatut ou ordinance fait a cont'ire: Et q nul Chief Justice de Bank le Roy soit ascunement enaps fait Justice as assises padre en ascun Counte deinz le roialme Dengletre forspris en le Counte de Lancastre. Et q cest estatut teigne force tancome y plerra au Roy p' salvacion de sa progatif.

I'm come en lestatut fait lan prim nre f' le Roy qore est, ordeignez estoit que nul Ercevesqe Evesqe Abbe ne Priour ne nul aut home de Seinte Esglise, ne Temporel de quel estat ou condicion qil Broit, dorroit aucune livee de drap a nully mais soulement a sez meynalx & officers & a ceux q sont de lour conseil sibn Espirituelx come Temporelx aprisez de lune ou autre loye, sur peyn de faire fyn & raunceon a la volente de Roy: Et puis aps en lestatut fait lan septisme mesme nre f' le Roy, ordeignez estoit & establiz q sibn cel estatut come lestatut de live des chapons fait en temps du Roy Richard second soient fermement tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion; Adjouste a icett q si ascun Chivaler ou aucun aut psone de meyndre estat donne aucun tiel livee de drap ou des chapons, contre la fo'me des ditz estatuitz qil encourge la peine de C. s. p' chun tiele livee de drap ou des chapons, a paiers au Roy a tant des foitz qil ferra la contraire de celle estatuit ou ordinance; Et q celuy q resceive aucune tiel live de drap ou des chapons encourge semblablement la peyne de xl s. a paiers au Roy come dessus est dit; & ait celuy q vorra suir en ceo cas la moyte de tielx peines p' son travaill, et ne soient tielx peines aucunement pdonez; Et outre ceo q nul congregacion ne compaignie se face de tiel livee de drap ou des chapons as costages ppres dicett congregacion ou compaignie, sur peine q chun home dicett congregacion ou compaignie q face la cont'ire des ditz ordinances ou estatut, paie au Roy xl s. les gildes & fratnitees & auxi les gens de mistier des Citees & Burghs deinz le Roialme q sont fonduz ou ordeignez a bon entent & p'pos tantsoulement exceptez; Et aient les Justices as assises Pndre poair denquerer de temps en temps en leur sessions de les matiers suisditz & de ceo ctifier en le Bank du Roy; Pourveuz toutesfoitz qen temps de guerre on lise as F's Chivalers & esquiers qi travailleront en tiel guerre de doner leur livee de vesture, ou des chapons, tielx et en tiel guyse come mielx leur semblera p' temps de tiel guerre, sanz ascunement estre molestez ou enquietez celle ptie p force ou vtue du dit estatut : Nre & le Roy considerant le dit estatut most pfitable p' ease & quiete de luy & de tout son roialme, de ladvys & assent des ditz f's espirituelx & temporelx & a lespeciale request des ditz Cões, voet & g'unte q les ditz estatutz soient tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion solono les forme & effect dicelles.

the Chief Justice of the Common Bench be assigned [among other Justices,'] to take such Assises and deliver Gaols; but as to the Chief Justice of the King's Bench it shall be done as hath been accustomed for the most Part of an Hundred Years last past;" shall be holden and kept, notwithstanding any Statute or Ordinance made to the contrary: And that no Chief Justice of the King's Bench be in any wise hereafter made Justice to take Assises in any County within the Realm of England, but only in the County of Lancaster. And that this Statute hold place and be in force as long as shall please the King for Salvation of his Prerogative.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, it was ordained, That no Archbishop, Bishop, Abbot, nor Prior, nor none other Man of Holy Church nor Temporal, of what Estate or Condition that he were, should give any Livery of Cloth to any Person, but only to his Menials and Officers, and to those which be of his Council, as well Spiritual as Temporal, learned in the one Law and the other, upon Pain to make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will; And after in the Statute made the vii. Year of the same our said Sovereign Lord the King, it was ordained and stablished, That as well the said Statute as the Statute of Livery of Hats, made in the Time of King Richard the Second, should be firmly holden and kept, and put in due Execution; joined to the same, That if any Knight, or any other Person of less Estate, do give any such Livery of Cloth or of Hats, against the Form of the said Statutes, that he shall incur the Pain of an Hundred Shillings for every such Livery of Cloth or of Hats, to be paid to the King as often as he doth the contrary to the same Statute or Ordinance; And that he that receiveth any such Livery of Cloth or of Hats, shall likewise incur the Pain of Forty Shillings, to be paid to our Sovereign Lord the King, as afore is said; And he that will sue shall have the One Half of such [Pains 1] for his Labour and Travail, and that such [Pains '] be in no wise pardoned; And moreover that no Congregation nor Company [in any wise make 3 any such Livery of Cloth or of Hats at their own Cost, upon Pain that every Man of the same Congregation or Company, that doth in any wise the contrary of the said Ordinances [and Statutes, 1] shall pay to our Sovereign Lord the King xl s. except only the Guilds and Fraternities, and also People of Crafts within Cities and Boroughs in the Realm of England, which be founded and ordained to a good Intent and Purpose; and the Justices of Assises shall have Power to enquire from Time to Time in their Sessions of the Matters aforesaid, and the same to certify in the King's Bench; Provided always that in Time of War it shall be lawful to the Lords, Knights, and Esquires, [and all other Gentlemen,] which travail [for our said Sovereign Lord the King] in such War, to give their Livery of Clothing or of Hats, such and in such Guise as to them best shall seem for the Time in such War, without being any wise molested, grieved, or inquieted in this Behalf by force of the said [Ordinance or] Statute: Our Sovereign Lord (5) King [Henry the Fourth that now is,] considering the said Ordinances and Statutes very profitable for the Ease and Quietness of him and all his Realm, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Special Request of the said Commons will and granteth, that the said Statutes be holden and kept, and put in due Execution after the Form and Effect of the same.

amongst other, See St. 8 Ric. II. c. 1.
be made of, See St. 7 Hen. IV. c. 14.
or Statute

Pleasure.

III. The Statutes I H IV. c 7. 7 H.IV. c.14, and taking confirmed.

IV.
The Statutes
7 H. IV. c. 10.
11 H. IV. c. 6,
as to Measure
of Cloths,
confirmed.

ITEM, Whereas in divers Statutes made before this Time, as well in the Time of King Edward, Grandfather of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, as in the Time of King Richard, late King of England, it was ordained and stablished, That Cloths of Ray, and coloured Cloths should contain a certain Length and Breadth, as in the said Statutes is more fully contained; and in the Parliament of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, the vij Year of his Reign, it was ordained and stablished, That the coloured Cloth should contain in Length xxviij Yards, and the Cloth of Ray as many, measured without [defoiling '] the Cloths, and that the Cloth of Ray should hold in Breadth vj Quarters, and the coloured Cloth in Breadth vi Quarters and a half, to the Intent that the one Cloth and the other watered and rowen, should be of the Length of xxiv Yards, upon Pain that the Makers of such Cloths should forfeit the same Cloths, which by the Aulneger should be found of less Length or Breadth; and that the Aulneger should take them, and the same deliver at the Wardrobe to the King's Use; And also by another Statute made the xj. Year of our said Sovereign Lord the King, for to avoid the great Fraud and Deceit of Aulnegers through the Realm, divers Ordinances, Stablishments and Punishments were made and ordained in this Case, as in the said Statutes (1) more plainly [doth appear:3] The same our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons, hath ordained and stablished, That the said Statutes, made in the said vij. and xi. Years of his said Reign, be firmly holden and kept, and put in due Execution.

V. The Statutes 1H.IV.c.13. 4H.IV.c.20, 21.confirmed.

Customers, &c. shall reside upon their Offices;

unless in the King's Service of Record.

VI. The Statute 11H.IV.c.5 &c. as to Gally Halfpence and foreign Money, confirmed.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That the Statutes made of Customers, Comptrollers, Lieutenants of the chief Butler, and of Searchers, the First and Fourth Years of our said Lord the King that now is, be kept and holden: And moreover it is ordained and established, That all Manner of Customers and Comptrollers, Gaugers of Wine, and Searchers through the Realm, shall be continually resident and abiding upon their Offices, and in special at the Time of the Charge and Discharge of Ships and Vessels entering in the Ports of England, and passing out of the same; so that no such Officer, after the Time above named, be absent from his said Office by Three Weeks at the most, upon Pain to lose his said Office; unless he be commanded and charged in special of Record to be in the King's Courts, or otherwise in the King's Service of Record, as afore is said.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made the Eleventh Year of our Lord the King that now is, it was ordained and established, That Gally Half-pence from [henceforth 1] should not run in Payment, nor in other Manner within the Realm of England, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same; and moreover that the same Gally Half-pence, in whose Hands they might be found within the said Realm, should be forfeit to our said Lord the King; and also that (5) the Statutes and Ordinances made by our said Lord the King, or his noble Progenitors, as well of the Money of Scotland, as (6) of other Realms and Parts beyond the Sea, should be holden and kept, and put in due Execution: Our Lord the King, considering the great Deceit, as well of the Gally Half-pence as of the Money of other Realms (7) beyond the Sea, will that the same Statutes be firmly holden and kept, and put in due Execution in all Points.

'unfolding

a made in the said vij yeer and xj yeer

[of] our saide Lord the Kyng that now is, MS. Tr. 2.

a is conteigned MS. Tr. 2.

b thensfurth

c of the Money

and Parts

Itm come en divses estatuitz faitz dev'nt ses hoeures, sibn en temps de Roy Edward Aiel nre f' le Roy qore est come en temps de Richard nadgairs Roy Dengletre, ordeigne estoit & establiz q les draps de ray & de colour tiendroient cteine longure & laeure come [come '] il est contenuz en les ditz estatuitz plus au plein; Et en le plement nre f' le Roy qore est lan de son regne septisme ordeignez soit & establiz q le drap de colour conteigne en longure xxviij Aulnes & le drap de Ray atant mesurez sanz defoler les draps, et q le drap de Ray tiegne en laeure vi quarts & le drap de colour tiegne en laeure vj quart's & di, au fin q lun drap & lautre eawe & tondu soit en longure de xxiiij aulnes, sur peyne que les faisours des tielx draps forfacent les ditz draps qui sront trovez p lalneo' de meindre longure ou laeure, & q lalneour les pigne & les delive al Garderobe al oeps de mesme nre f le Roy; Et auxi p un autre estatut fait lan unszisme nre dit & le Roy qore est, p' ouster les g'undes fraudes & deceits de les aulneours pmy le Roialme divses ordinances establissementz & punissementz soient faitz & ordeignez en ceo cas come en les estatutz faitz les ditz ans septisme & unszisme nre dit f' le Roy qore est pluis pleinement est contenuz : mesme nre f' le Roy de ladvys & assent des &'s espirituelx & temporelx & a la request des ditz Cões, ad ordeignez & establiz q les ditz estatutz faitz les ditz ans septisme & unszisme soient fermement tenuz & gardes & mys en due execucion.

Itm ordeignez est & establiz q les estatutz faitz de les Custumers Contrerollours Lieutenantz de Chief Botellere & de les Sercheours lan prim & lan quart le Roy qore est, soient tenuz & gardez: Et outre ceo ordeignez est & establi q toutz manes des Custums Contrerollours, Gaugeours des Vins & Sercheours pmy le Roialme soient continuelment receantz & dem'antz s' lour offices, & en espal al temps de les charge & descharge de les niefs & vesselx entrantz les portz Dengletre & passantz hors dicelles; issint q nul tiel officer aps le temps dessuisnome soi absente de son dit office p trois semaignes a plus, sur peine de pdre son dit office, sil ne soit comandez & chargiez en espal de record destre en les Courtes du Roy, ou autrement en svice nre dit f' le Roy de record come dessuis est dit.

Itm come en lestatut fait lan unszisme nre f' le Roy qore est ordeignez estoit & establiz q les Galyhalpenies deslors ne courgerent en paiement ne en aut mane deinz le Roialme Dengletre, sur la peine de forfaiture diceff; Et enoutre que les Galyhalpenyes en qi mains qils sroient trovez deinz le dit Roialme sroient forfaitz au nre dit f' le Roy; et auxi q toutz les estatutz & ordinances faitz p nre dit f' le Roy ou p sez nobles pgenitours, sibn de la monoye descoce come de la monoye des aut's roialmes & pties dep dela la miere, froient tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion: Nre dit f le Roy, considerant la g'unde deceit sibn de les ditz Galyhalpenies come de la monoye des autres Roialmes & pties dep dela la mier, voet q mesmes les estatutz soient fermement tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion en toutz pointz.

An erroneous Repetition on the Roll.

Item ordeignez est & establiz, q si aucun riot assemblee ou rout des gentz encontre la loie se face en aucune ptie de Roialme, q les Justices de paix, trois ou deux de eux a meyns, & le Viscont ou Southviscont du Counte ou tiel riote assemble ou rout se ferra enaps, veignent ove le poair de Counte si bosoigne gra p' eux arester & eux arestent; & aient mesmes les Justices & Viscont ou Southviscont poair de recorder ceo qils troevent ensi fait en leur psence encontre la ley; et q p le record de mesmes les Justices & Viscont ou Southviscont soient tielx Pspassours & meffaisours convictz en mane & fo'me come il est contenuz en lestatut de forcibles entrees. Et sil adviegne q tielx Pspassours & meffaisours soient deptiz dev'nt la venue des ditz Justices & Viscont ou Southviscont, q mesmes les Justices, trois ou deux de eux enquergent diligealment deinz un moys aps tiel riote assemble ou route des gentz ensy faitz, & ent oient & Pminent solonc la loye de la tre. Et si la vitee ne poet estre trove en mane come dessuis est dit, adonqes deinz un moys lors pschein ensuiant crifient les ditz Justices, trois ou deux de eux, & le Viscont ou Southviscont suisditz dev'nt le Roy & son Counseil tout le fait & les circumstances dicett, quett ctificat soit dautiel force come le psentement de xij : Sur quel cuficat soient les ditz t'spassours & meffaisours mys a responce, & ceux qi Front trovez coupables soient puniz solone la discrecion du Roy & de son dit Consail. Et si tielx Pspassours & meffaisours travsent la matire ensy Etifie, soient celles Etificat & travs mandez en banc le Roy p' y estre triez & rminez come la ley demande : Et si mesmes les Pspassours & meffaisours ne viegnent my devent le Roy & son consail, ou en Bank le Roy, a prim mandement, adonges soit fait autre mandement direct a Viscount de Countee, de Pondre les ditz Pspassours & meffaisours sils p'ront estre trovez & eux amesner a ctein jour dev'nt le Roy & son dit Consail, ou en bank le Roy; et sils ne purront estre trovez q le Viscont ou Southviscont face pelamacion, en pleine Countee pschein ensuiant la livee du scde mandement, qils viegnent dev'nt le Roy & son dit Counsail, ou en bank le Roy, ou en la Chauncellarie en temps de vacacion deinz trois semaignes lors pschins ensuiantz. Et en cas q mesmes les rspassours & meffaisours ne viegnent mye come dev'nt est dit, & la pclamacion faite & reto'ne, soient ils convictz & atteintz de les riote, assemble ou route dessuisditz, non obstant aucun estatut ou ordinance fait a cont'ire. Et en outre q les Justices de la paix dem'rantz les pluis pscheins en chun Counte ou tiel riote assemble ou route des gentz se ferra en aps, ensemblement ove le Viscont ou Southviscont de mesme le Counte, & auxi les Justices dassises p' le temps gils Front illeoqes en lour Sessions, en cas q aucun tiel riote assemble ou rout se ferra en lour Dsence, facent execucion de cest estatut, chun sur peine de Cti. a paiers au Roy atant des foitz gils front trovez en defaut del execucion de mesme lestatut. currence been described and de

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That if any Riot, Assembly, or Rout of People against the Law, be made in [Parties '] of the Realm, that the Justices of Peace, Three or Two of them at the least, and the Sheriff or Under-Sheriff of the County where such Riot, Assembly, or Rout shall be made hereafter, shall come with the Power of the County, if Need be, to arrest them, and shall arrest them; and the same Justices and Sheriff, or Under-Sheriff, shall have Power to record that which they shall find so done in their Presence against the Law; and that by the Record of the same Justices and Sheriff, or Under-Sheriff, such Trespassers and Offenders shall be convict in the same Manner and Form as is contained in the Statute of forcible Entries. And if it happen that such Trespassers and Offenders be departed before the coming of the said Justices and Sheriff, or Under-Sheriff, that the same Justices, Three or Two of them, shall diligently inquire within a Month after such Riot, Assembly, or Rout of People so made, and thereof shall hear and determine according to the Law of the Land. And if the Truth cannot be found in the Manner as is afore said, then within a Month next following, the Justices, Three or Two of them, and the Sheriff or Under-Sheriff (2) shall certify before the King and his Council all the Deed and Circumstances thereof, which Certificate shall be of like Force as the Presentment of Twelve: Upon which Certificate the said Trespassers and Offenders shall be put to answer, and they which shall be found guilty, shall be punished according to the Discretion of the King and his (3) Council. And if such Trespassers and Offenders do traverse the Matter so certified, the same Certificate and Traverse shall be sent into the King's Bench, there to be tried and determined as the Law requireth: And if the same Trespassers do not appear before the King and his Council, or in the King's Bench, at the first Precept, then shall be another Precept directed to the Sheriff of the County, to take the said Trespassers and Offenders, if they may be found, and to bring them at a certain Day before the King and his (1) Council, or into the King's Bench; and if they cannot be found, that the Sheriff or Under-Sheriff shall make Proclamation in [his 1] full County next ensuing the Delivery of the Second Precept, that they shall appear before the King and his said Council, or in the King's Bench, or in the Chancery in the Time of Vacation, within Three Weeks then next following. And in case the same Offenders come not as afore is said, and the Proclamation made and returned, they shall be convict and attainted of the Riot, Assembly, or Rout aforesaid, notwithstanding any Article or Ordinance made to the contrary. And moreover, That the Justices of Peace dwelling nighest in every County where such Riot, Assembly, or Rout of People shall be made hereafter, together with the Sheriff or Under-Sheriff of the same County, and also the Justices of Assises for the Time that they shall be there in their [Session, 3] in case that any such Riot, Assembly, or Rout be made in their Presence, shall do Execution of this Statute, every one upon Pain of an Hundred Pounds, to be paid to the King as often as they shall be found in Default of the Execution of the same Statute. 1 any Partie MS. Tr. 2. abovesaide MS. Tr. 2.

VII.
Justices of
Peace and
Sheriffs shall
arrest all
Rioters;
and record
their offences;
and inquire
thereof.

See Statutes 15 R.II. st.2. ch.2; and St. 17 R.II. ch.8.

Certificate of Justices, &c. shall be equivalent to a Presentment of a Jury.

Traverse of a Riot triable in the King's Bench.

Conviction of Offenders for Default of Appearance,

The Penalty of the nearest Justices, &c. omitting to execute this A&.

End of the Statutes of Bing henry the fourth.

Vol. II.

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co-detrolle sure mayor, & le Viscent ou Scothvirent STATUTES OF KING HENRY THE FIFTH.

It le record de mesmes les Justices & Viscous Anno 1º HENRICI, V. A.D. 1413.

Statuta de anno primo Reg' henrici quinti.

STATUTES OF THE FIRST YEAR OF K. HENRY V.

In Margine Rotuli.

OUR Lord the King, at his Parliament holden at Westminster in [the Third Week of '] Easter, the First Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Instance and Request of the Commons of [this] Realm, hath ordained and established divers Statutes and Ordinances in the Form following.

FIRST, That the Statutes [of 3] the Election of the Knights of the Shires to come to the Parliament, be holden and kept in all Points; adjoining to the same, That the Knights of the Shires which from henceforth shall be chosen in every Shire, be not chosen unless they be resident within the [Shire 1] where they shall be chosen, the Day of the Date of the Writ of the Summons of the Parliament; and that the Knights and Esquires, and others which shall be Choosers of those Knights of the Shires, be also resident within the same Shires, in Manner and Form as is aforesaid. And moreover It is ordained and established, That the Citizens and Burgesses of the Cities and Boroughs be chosen Men, Citizens and Burgesses resiant, dwelling and free in the same Cities and Boroughs, and no other in any wise.

ITEM, Because that great Complaint hath been made to our said Lord the King in [this present 5] Parliament, for that the Statutes made in the Time of his noble Progenitors [Kings of England,] of the [levying 6] and straiting of Wears, Mills, Stanks, Stakes, and Kidels, be not kept according to the Form and Effect of the same Statutes, to the great Damage of the People (7) of the Realm [of England]; our said Lord the King [that now is,] by the Advice and Asssent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons, will and grant, That the said Statutes [and Ordinances] be surely holden and kept, and put in due Execution.

ITEM, Whereas many of the King's liege People which have Manors, Lands, or Tenements, by Purchase or by Descent of Inheritance or in any other Manner, intending to be in Peace and Rest in their said Tenures as they were wont to be, divers evil disposed Persons, some of their own Head, and some by false Conspiracy and Covin, subtilly imagine and forge of new divers false Deeds and Miniments, and them [do 8] openly to be

ij wekes after MS. Tr. 2. 9 his MS. Tr. 2.

5 the said 3 made, concerning 4 Shires 6 enhauncing MS.Tr. 2. 7 and MS.Tr. 2. 8 cause

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 8.

Nre f' le Roy a son plement tenuz a Westm a les trois semaignes de Pasche lan de son regne prime de ladvis & assent des f's espirituelx & temporelx & a les especialx instaunce & request des Cões de son Roialme ad ordeignez & establiz divses ordinances & estatuts en la fourme qenseute.

des dire frances & Vacont ou Southviscont, of

bles enflowed designate encourse la loie es face en

Primerement q les estatuts faitz de la eleccion des Chrs des Countees pur venir au plement soient tenuz & gardez en toutz pointz; adjoustant a ycelles q les Chivalers des Countees que desores grount esluz en chun Countee ne soient esluz sils ne soient receauntz deinz les Countees ou ils grount issint esluz le jour de la date du brief de somons de parlement; et qe les Chivalers et Esquiers & autres qi serrount eslisours des tielx Chivalers des Countees soient auxi receauntz deins mesmes les Countees en mane & fourme come dessus est dit. Et outre ceo ordeignez est & establiz q les Citeins & Burgeises des Citees & Burghs soient esluz homes Citeins & Burgeises receauntz demurrauntz & enfraunchises en mesmes les Cites & Burghs & nulles autres en nulle mane.

Item pur ce qe graunde compleinte ad este faite a nre dit f' le Roy en le dit plement, de ce qe les estatutz faitz en temps de ses nobles pgenitours de les enhanceur & estreiture des gors des moleyns estankes estakes & kideux ne sont pas tenuz ne gardes solonc les fourme & effect de mesmes les estatuts, a g'unt damage du poeple & du roialme; mesme nre f' le Roy de ladvis & assent suisditz & a la request des dces Coes voet & g'unte qe les ditz estatuts soient ferment tenuz & gardes & mys endue execucion.

Item p la ou pluseurs des lieges nre f' le Roy queux ount Manoirs Pres ou tenementz p purchace ou p discent de Heritage ou en autre mane entendaunt a eux pour estre en pees & t'nquillite en lour ditz tenures come ils soloient, divses malveis psones, aucuns de lour testes demesne & aucuns p faux conspiracie & covyne, subtilement ymaginent & forgent de novelt divs faux faitz & minimentz & les fount pnuncier

I. Statutes for Election of Knights of the Shires, confirmed.

Elected and be resident in the several Shires, Cities,

The Statutes relating to Wears, &c. confirmed.

Forging of false Decds.

pupplier & lisre pour enveogler & chaungier les [coers'] des bons gentz du paiis, & pur anynter & trobler les possessions & title des ditz lieges, p la quele ymaginacion & fauxitee pluisours des ditz lieges de lour possessions sont troublez & vexez & toutditz en awere demurrauntz de lour possessions & estat: Nre f' le Roy veullant purvoir de remedie de ladvis & assent suisditz & a la request des ditz Cões ad ordeignez & establiz, qe la partie ensi grevez ait sa seute en ce cas & recoeve ses damages, & face la ptie convict fyn & raunceon a la volunte du Roy.

Item pur ceo q les lieges nre f' le Roy nosent my pursuir ne compleindre des extorsions & oppssions a eux faitz p les Ministres des Viscountes, cestassavoir p Southviscountz Clerks des Viscountees Resceyvours & Baillifs des Viscountes, a cause qu les ditz Southviscountes, Clerks, Resceivours & Baillifs des Viscountes sount sy continuelment de an en an demurrauntz ovesq les Viscountes ent chaungeablement en un office ou en autre; Nre f' le Roy de ladvis & assent suisditz & a la Request des ditz Cões ad ordeignez & establiz, q ceux qi sount Baillifs des Viscountz p un an ne soient en nul tiel office p les trois ans pschein ensuantz, forspris les Baillifs des Viscountes queux sont enheriteez en lour Viscountees: et qe nul Southviscount ne Clerk de Viscount, Resceivour ne Baillif de Viscount soit attourne en aucun Court de Roy pur le temps qil est en office ou aucun tiel Viscount.

Item ordeignez est & establiz, qen chun brief original des accions psonelx & appelles & enditementz en queux exigend Bra agardez, qa les nous des defendauntz en tieux briefs originalx appelles & enditementz soient faitz addicions de lour estat ou degree ou de mistere, & les villes ou hamelles ou lieux & les Countees des queux ils furent ou sount ou en queux il sont ou sront convsauntz: Et si p pcesse sur les ditz briefs originalx appelles ou enditementes, en queux les ditz addicions soient entrelessez, aucunes utlagariez soient pnunciez qils soient voidez irritez & tenuz pur null; & qe avent les utlagaries pnunciez les ditz briefs & enditementes soient abatuz p excepcion du partie, p la ou en icelles les ditz addicions soient enterlessez: purveux toutfoitz qe mesq les dces briefs daccions psonelx ne soient accordauntz as recordes ou faits p la supplusage des addicions suisditz, qe pour celle cause ils ne soient abatuz; Et qe les Clerks de la Chauncellarie south qi noms tiels briefs isserount escriptz ne entlessent ne face omission des ditz addicions come dessuis est dit, sur peyne destre puniz affaire fyn a Roy p discrecion de Chaunceller. Et comenca ceste ordinance a tenir lieu a seute de ptie de la fest de Seint Michel pschein enavaunt.

Item come en temps diceste Rebellion de Gales plusours des loialx lieges nre f' le Roy sibien Englois come Galoys ount este en divses parties de Gales sur le chastisement des Rebelles illeoques p comaundement mesme nre f' le Roy & soun Counsail, a quele temps aucuns des ditz Rebelles sibn a chivalt come a pee, trovez armez en feere de guerre encountre lour foy & ligeaunce, feurent tuez & aucuns mahaymez batuz

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pronounced, published, and read, to [trouble'] and change the [Lands'] of good People of the Country, and to undo and trouble the Possessions and Titles of the said [King's] liege People, by the which Imagination and Falsity many of the aforesaid liege People be troubled and vexed (3) and at all Times abiding in Doubt of their Possessions and Estate: Our Sovereign Lord the King willing to [purvey4] a Remedy in this Case, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the Request of the said Commons hath ordained and established, That the Party so grieved shall have his Suit in that case, and recover his Damages, and the Party convict shall make Fine and Ransom at the King's Pleasure.

ITEM, Forasmuch as the King's liege People dare not pursue or complain of the Extorsions and of the Oppressions to them done by the Officers of Sheriffs, that is to say, by Under-Sheriffs, Clerks of Sheriffs, Receivers and Bailiffs of Sheriffs, because that the said Under-Sheriffs, Clerks, Receivers, and Bailiffs (5) be (6) continually from Year to Year abiding with the Sheriffs interchangeably [out of one Office into another]; Our Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the Request of the said Commons, hath ordained and established, That they which be Bailiffs of Sheriffs by one Year, shall be in no such Office by (8) Three Years next following, except Bailiffs of Sheriffs which be inheritable in their Sheriffwicks: And that no Under-Sheriff, Sheriff's Clerk, Receiver, nor Sheriff's Bailiff, be Attorney in (*) the King's Courts during the Time that he is in Office with any such Sheriff.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That in every original Writ of Actions Personals, (10) Appeals, and Indictments, [and"] in which the Exigent shall be awarded, [in "] the Names of the Defendants in such Writs Original, Appeals and Indictments, Additions shall be made of their Estate or Degree, or Mystery, and of the Towns or Hamlets, or Places and Counties, of the which they were, or be, or in which they be or were conversant: And if by Process upon the said Original Writs, Appeals, or Indictments, in the which the said Additions be omitted, any Utlagaries be pronounced, that they be void, frustrate, and holden for none; and that before the Utlagaries pronounced, the said Writs and Indictments shall be abated by the Exception of the Party, [where 13] in the same the said Additions be omitted: Provided always, That though the said Writs of [Additions 14] Personals be not according to [the Records and Deeds,15] by the Surplusage of the Additions aforesaid, that for that Cause they be not abated; and that the Clerks of the Chancery, under whose Names such Writs shall go forth written, shall not leave out or make Omission of the said Additions as is afore said, upon Pain to be punished, [and to make 16] a Fine to the King, by the Discretion of the Chancellor. And this Ordinance shall begin to hold Place at the Suit of the Party, from the Feast of St. Michael next ensuing forward.

ITEM, Whereas in the Time of this Rebellion of Wales, many of the King's lawful liege People, as well Englishmen as Welshmen have been in divers Parts of Wales upon the Correction of Rebels there, by the Commandment of the same our Sovereign Lord the King and his Council, at the which Time some of the said Rebels, as well on Horseback as on Foot, found armed in making of War against their Faith and Ligeance were slain, and some maimed, beaten,

1 blynde MS.Tr. 2.
2 bearts
3 in their Possessions,
4 provide
5 of Sheriffs
6 so
9 any of
10 and
11 Omit this Word.
12 to
13 where as
14 Actions
15 Records or Deeds
10 by making

Party grieved

Party guilty shall be fined.

IV. Bailiffs of Sheriffs shall not be in Office more than One

Officers of Sheriffs shall not be Attornies.

In Original
Writs, &c.
Additions of
Defendant's
Degree, &c.
shall be put.

Surplusage of Additions shall not prejudice.

VI.
No Actions
shall be
brought by
Welshmen
in respect of
Injuries sustained in the
late Rebellion.

wounded, taken and imprisoned, their Goods and Chattels carried away by the said liege People for the Cause aforesaid, as it was well lawful, according as by our said Sovereign Lord the King and his Council afore this time hath been ordained in this Behalf: And, [that'] notwithstanding, many of the said Rebels being yet alive, and other next of Blood to [these '] Rebels so dead [with '] their Friends, now daily make Quarrels and great Pursuit against the said faithful liege People, dwelling or resiant in [these 1] Parts, and in the Shires being next to Wales, surmising in them, that they such things as is aforesaid to themselves or to their Cousins or Friends falsely have done, [by 1] the which they demand of the said faithful liege People high amends, threatening that they otherwise would be [of that 5] avenged, whereby the said faithful liege People be many times sore and grievously vexed in many Parts and Lordships of Wales, some of them by Indictments, Accusements, or Impeachments, and some by Menaces Distresses taken, and some by their [Body 6] taken and imprisoned, until that they have made Gree to them in this Behalf, or that they would [them excuse⁷] of the Death of such Rebels so slain, by one Assache, after the Custom of Wales, that is to say by the Oath of Three hundred Men, and of all such other Trespasses before specified [them acquit; 1] to the great Damage and Destruction of the said faithful liege People, and evil Example in Time to come: It is ordained and stablished, That such Quarrel, Action, [and 9] Demand be not made from henceforth by Art nor by Engine, to any of the faithful liege People, by any of them which have been Rebels, nor by their Adherents, be he Cousin, Ally, or Friend, nor by any other (10), upon Pain to pay to the Party grieved his Treble Damages, and to be imprisoned by Two Years after that he be convict; and moreover to make Fine and Ransom in this Behalf before that he be delivered out of Prison.

ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster, in the Time of King Richard the Second, the Thirteenth Year of his Reign, it was ordained, That none Alien Frenchman should have nor enjoy any Benefice within this Realm for certain [Cause,"] which [might come or happen,"] but that they should be delivered and voided [for ever13] out of the Realm before a certain Time in the said Ordinance limit, as in the same is plainly contained; and that at what Time that any Priories Aliens Conventuell, or any other Benefice or Office due by the King's Title, [do void "] by the departing or Death of the said Priors and other Occupiers, that then there should be during the Wars, honest English Persons put in their Place to [accomplish the 15] Divine Service, and none of the Enemies aforesaid: And notwithstanding the said Ordinance, the said Aliens Frenchmen, by evil Imagination and Brocage to continue the evil Mischiefs of the said Ordinance, purchase the King's Letters Patents to be Denizens and the King's liege People, and swear the same to continue, to the Intent to occupy and enjoy the said Benefices, and so yet occupy many Benefices against the said Ordinance, whereby [these 167] Aliens Frenchmen be increased, in Destruction of the King's liege People, and bear away out of the Realm great Treasure of [the King's and of the Realm's;"] and the King's Counsel disclose to the [Enemies of France,18] to the great Damage of the King and his Realm: Our Sovereign Lord the King considering the said Mischiefs, will that the said Ordinances be firmly holden and kept,

3 or 1 this MS. Tr. 2. 2 those 4 for MS. Tr. 2. 6 Bodies MS. Tr. 2. 7 excuse themselves 5 thereupon 10 whomsoever acquit themselves 9 05 11 causes 12 bad happened and might happen 14 became void 15 perform 13 entirely 17 the King, and of his Realm 16 the MS. Tr. 2. 18 French Enemies

naufrez prisez & emprisonez, lour biens & chateux emportez p les ditz lieges a cause suisdit, come bien list solonc ce q p nre dit & le Roy & son Counsail alors estoit ordoigne en celle ptie; Et ce non obstant plusours des ditz Rebelles esteauntz unquore en vie, & autres de sank pschein a ceux Rebelles ensy mortz ou lour amys, ore de jour en autre fount quarelles & graunde pursuyte envs les ditz foialx lieges demurrauntz ou receauntz en icelles parties & en les Countes pluis pscheins a Gales esteauntz, surmettauntz en eux qils tiel chose come dessuis est dit, a eux mesmes ou a lour Cosyns ou amys fauxement ount faitz, pur la quel ils demaundount de les ditz foialx lieges haut amendes, manassauntz quils autment vorrount estre sur ce avengez, pont les ditz foialx lieges sont grevousement vexez en plusours pties & f'ies de Gales, aucuns deux p enditementz acusementz ou empechementz, & aucuns p manasses distresses prisez, & aucuns p lour corps prisez & emprisonez tanqe al temps qils ount fait gree a eux en celle ptie, ou qils vorrount eux excuser de la mort de tielx rebelx ensy tuez p un assach solonc la custume de Gales, Cest adire p le serement de CCC homes, & de toutz tielx autres tspasses avant especifiez eux acquiter, a l'sg'unde damage & anientisement de les ditz foialx lieges & malveys ensample en temps avenir: Ordeignez est & establiz, qe tiel querele accion ou demaunde ne soit fait desore enav'nt p art ne p engyne a aucun de les foialx lieges, p nutt de ceux quelles ount esteez rebelles ne p lour adherantz, soit il Cosyn allye ou amy ne p nul autre qeconqe; sur peine de paier a partie greve ses damages a trebles & destre emprisonez p deux ans aps ce qil soit convict, & outre ce de faire fyn & ranceon celle ptie devent qil soit delivez hors du prisone.

Item come en le plement tenuz a Westin en temps de Roy Richard second lan de son reigne trezisme, (') ordeignez estoit qe nul alien Fraunceys navoit nenjoieroit nult benifice deins ceste roialme, pour cteins causes qu aviengnent & puissent avenir, mes qils Proient delivez & voidez tout nettement hors du roialme dev'nt ctein temps en le dit ordinaunce limitez, come en icett est pleinement contenuz; & a quele heure qe aucuns Priories Aliens Conventuelx, ou aucun autre benefice ou office duez p title du Roy, voident p le ces ou deces des ditz Priours & autres occupiours qadonqes estoient durauntz les guerres, honestes psones Englois y soient myses en lieu de eux pur accompler le divine vice & nuff des enemys dessuisditz: & nientcontresteaunt la dite ordinaunce les ditz Aliens Fraunceys p male ymaginacion & brocage, de contenuer les malveys meschiefs du dit ordinaunce, purchacent fres patentes de Roy destre denzeins & lieges du Roy, et jurent de ce continuer al entent doccupier & enjoier les ditz benefices, & issint unquore occupiount plusours benefices encountre la dée ordinaunce, pount les aliens Fraunceys sount encrescez en arerisment des lieges du Roy, & g'und tresour de Roy & de son roialme emportent hors de roialme & le counsail du Roy discovent as enemys de Fraunce, a g'unde damage du Roy & de Roialme: Nre f' le Roy considerant les meschiefs suisditz voet qe les ditz ordinaunces soient ferment tenuz & gardez

1 See Rot. Parl. 13 Ric. II. nu. 19: and 1 Ric. II. nu. 91, there referred to.

VII.
Ordinance
13 Ric. II.
restraining
Aliens from
the holding
of Benefices
in England,
confirmed.

& mys en due execucion, forspris les Priours Aliens Conventuelx & auxi toutz autres Priours quunt institucion & induccion, painsi qils soient Catholiks & qils facent seurtee qils ne discoverount ne ferrount discover le Counsail & lez secrets du Roialme.

Item pur quiete & t'nquillite deins le Roialme Dengletre & pur lencres & estuffement de la tre Dirland, ordeignez est en ceste Psent plement qe toutz Irrois & Clercs Irrois mendinauntz appellez Chaumberdeakyns, soient voidez hors du Roialme pentre le fest de Seint Michel pschein avenir & le fest de toutz Seintz pschein ensuant, sur peine de pdre lour biens & destre emprisonez al volunte du Roy; forspris ceux qe sount g'duates en les Escoles & sgeauntz & Apprentices de Ley & ceux qi sount enheritez en Engletre & religiouses pfessez; Et forspris auxi les mchauntz neez en Irland de bon fame & lour apprentices a psent demurrauntz en Engletre & ceux ove queux le Roy voet despenser. Et q toutz ceux Irrois quant bnfices ou offices en la tre Dirland demurgent sur lour benefices & offices sur peine de pdre & forsfaire les pfitz de lour benefices & offices pur la

defense de la tre Dirland avauntdite. Item pur ce qen le temps de noble Roy Edward le tierce & de Roy Richard le second, toutz les Revenuz pfites & Commoditees des tres tentz pescheries, custumez & autres pfitz qeconqes a les ditz Roys regardauntz en Ville & Marches de Caleys, estoient ordeignez destre levez p le Tresorer de Caleys pur le temps esteaunt en supportacion des charges de mesmes les Ville & Marches, et depuis g'unde ptie diceux ad este restreint p vtue des divses lies patentes as divses Capitaines & autres plusours psones, sibien p le dit Roy Richard come p nre Esredoute & le Roy Henry quart pier nre f' le Roy qore est a eux ent faitz, dount aucuns p colour de ferme nient resonable & les autres saunz riens ent rendre, a g'unde damage du Roialme Dengletre & arrerisment des paiementz sur la sustentacion des ditz Ville & Marches affaires; Et auxi pur ce qe plusours offices des Coillours des deniers pvenauntz des ditz revenuz custumes pfitz & commodites, les queux le dit Tresorer de Caleys en les temps suisditz ordeigna & assigna as psones sufficiauntz, pur queux il voudra respondre adureres & a estre remoevez solom qe meult luy sembla al pfit du Roy, ount este depuis encountre les aunciens ordinances & lestatut en parlement ent fait, p divses lires patentes as divses psones, sibien p le dit Roy Richard come p nre f' le Roy Henry suisdit a eux ent faitz as termes de lour vies & autrement occupies, & p colour de lour ditz lres patentes aucuns diceux a ce qest dit le pluis negligentment Sviz, saunz estre justifiez p le Tresorer suisdit, a gaunde damage & arrerisment des paiementz suisditz en temps passe: Nre €' le Roy veullant eschuier tielx damages en temps advenir, de ladvys & assent suisditz & a la request des ditz Cões voet & ad ordeigne & establiz, qe toutz les lies patentes faitz as Capitaines & autres psones qeconqes sibien des toutz mans des rentz tres tentz custumes, pescheries & autres revenuez pfitz & commodites queconqes en les ditz Ville & Marches, come des

and put in due Execution, except the Priors Aliens Conventuel, and also all other Priors which have Institution and Induction, so that they be Catholick, and that they shall find Surety not to disclose nor cause to be disclosed the Counsel nor the Secrets of the Realm.

ITEM, For the Quietness and Peace within the Realm of England, and for the increase and enstoring of the Land of Ireland, It is ordained and stablished in this present Parliament, That all Irishmen and Irish Clerks Beggars called Chamberdeacons, be voided out of the Realm, betwixt the Feast of St. Michael next coming, and the Feast of All Saints next following, upon Pain to lose their Goods, and to be imprisoned at the King's Pleasure; except such as be Graduates in the Schools, and Serjeants and Apprentices of the Law, and such which be Inheritors in England, and religious Persons professed; And except also the Merchants born in Ireland of good Name, and their Apprentices now dwelling in England, and them with whom the King will dispense. And that all the Irishmen which have Benefices or Offices in the Land of Ireland, shall dwell upon their Offices or Benefices (') for the Defence of the Land of Ireland aforesaid.

ITEM, Forasmuch as in the Time of the Noble King Edward the Third, and of King Richard the Second, all the Revenues, Profits, and Commodities of the Lands, Tenements, [Fishing '] Customs, and all other Profits, (3) to the said Kings belonging, in the Town and Marches of Calais, [it was 1] ordained to be levied by the Treasurer of Calais for the Time being, in Supportation of the Charges of the same Town and Marches, and since which Time a great Part of them have been restrained by virtue of [the said 3] Letters Patents to divers Captains and many other Persons, as well by the said King Richard as by our redoubted Sovereign Lord King Henry the Fourth, Father of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, to them thereof made, [whereby 6] some by colour of Farm not reasonable, and other without any Thing thereof yielding, to the great Damage of the Realm of England, and Hindrance of the Payments for the Sustentation of the said Town and Marches to be [done; 7] And also Forasmuch as divers Offices of the Collectors of Money coming of the said Revenues, Customs, Profits, and Commodities, which the said Treasurer of Calais in the Time aforesaid, ordained and assigned to sufficient Persons, for whom he would answer, to tarry and be removed according as to him [shall best seem 8] to the King's Profit, have been afterwards against the ancient Ordinances and the Statute in [the Parliament9] thereof made, by divers Letters Patents to divers Persons as well by the said King Richard, as by our Sovereign Lord King Henry aforesaid, to them thereof made for Term of their Lives and otherwise, occupied, and by colour of the said Letters Patents, some of them, as it is said, [do the more negligently their Services,107 without being justified by the Treasurer aforesaid, to the great Damage and Hindrance of the Payments aforesaid in Times past: Our Sovereign Lord the King willing to eschew such Damages in Time to come, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the Request of the said Commons, will and hath ordained and stablished, That all the Letters Patents made to Captains and other Persons, whatsoever they be, as well of all Manner of Rents, Lands, Tenements, Customs, [Fishings,1] and all other Revenues, Profits, and Commodities in the said Towns and Marches, as of the

VIII. Irishmen and Irish Clerks shall depart the Realm.

IX. Recital of Grants of the Revenues, of Calais to certain Persons by

upon Pain to lose and forfeit the Profits of their Benefices and Offices,
Fisheries
divers MS.Tr. 2. whereof MS. Tr. 2. made;

Parliament MS. Tr. 2. 8 seemed best

10 the more negligently served,

VOL. II.

Yy

Original from PENN STATE

i

BÍ

The said Revenues,&c. shall be applied to the Maintenance of Calais. Exception for the Duke of Clarence.

X. The lawful Measure of Corn, according to former Ordinances.

London Measure called the Vat.

Ordinances confirmed. By what Measures Purveyors, &c. shall buy Corn.

Punishment of Offenders

Offices of Collectors of all Rents, Customs, Revenues, Profits, and Commodities to them thereof made before this Time against the Ordinances aforesaid, be wholly revoked and adnulled; and that the said Revenues, Profits, and Commodities, be resumed into the Hands of our Sovereign Lord the King, and put upon the Sustentation of the Payments and Charges to the said Town and Marches belonging. Provided always, That my Lord Thomas Duke of Clarence, Brother of our Sovereign Lord the King, be not restrained by this Ordinance and Statute of any of his Possessions in the said Marches; And that no [Captain 1] of Castles there be put out of the said Castles, nor keeping of the same by force of this Ordinance [or 2] Statute.

ITEM, Whereas in the Time of the King's noble Progenitors it was ordained, That one Measure of [the Corn3] should be through all the Realm of England, that is to say, Eight Bushels for the Quarter, and that every Bushel shall contain eight Gallons, by Force of which Ordinances such measure hath been used, with a Bushel of the said Quarter heaped; And notwithstanding the said good Ordinances and Usages, the Purveyors of Corn as well for the House of the Father of our Lord the King, as for the House of our Lord the King which now is, have taken before this Time for the said Houses continually Nine Bushels of Wheat and of other Corn for the Quarter, and that many Times by Measure not sealed, and also not stricken, against the Will of the Sellers of the same, and without due Price set upon the same after the Law of the Land, and also cause the Sellers to carry the said Corn to what Place that them pleaseth, without paying (4) for the Carriage; And (5) the Merchants and Citizens of London, do use to take of every Seller for the Quarter of Wheat Nine Bushels, by the Measure used within the said City called the [Fate, 6] with the Bushel set upon the said [Fate,6] and yet make the Sellers to pay a Halfpenny for the measuring of every Quarter, and take for a Quarter of Oats Ten Bushels, whereby the Buyers of the Corn in the Country will not buy nor take for the Quarter of Corn, but in the same Manner as the said Purveyors and they of the said City used to take, to the great Hindrance and perpetual undoing of the Commonalty aforesaid: It is ordained and established, That all the said good Ordinances be firmly holden and kept, after the Effect of the same; and that no Purveyor of our Lord the King, nor any other shall use hereafter to buy nor to take any Corn by other Measure, but Eight Bushels striked for the Quarter; and that none be otherwise bound to deliver for the Quarter but Eight Bushels striked as is aforesaid; and also that the Payment be made in Hand for the Carriage: And that if any Purveyor of our Lord the King, or any other Person buy or take any Corn otherwise, or by other Measure but Eight Bushels striked for the Quarter, as in the said Ordinances is contained, and thereof be attainted, he shall have One Year's Imprisonment, and pay to the King an Hundred Shillings, and to the Party that feeleth himself grieved another Hundred Shillings, and that as often as any of them be thereof attainted; and that the Party which will sue, have an Action grounded upon the Case: And that the Justices of the Peace have Power to enquire and hold Plea of all these Things aforesaid, and upon that make [Punishments 7] as is aforesaid, as well at the Suit of the King as of the Party: And that from henceforth nothing be taken for the measuring of such Corn in any wise.

Captains and MS. Tr. 2.

and MS. Tr. 2. Corn

* any Thing 5 also

6 Fatte MS. Tr. 2.

7 Punishment MS. Tr. 2.

offices des Coillours de toutz rentz custumes revenuz pfitz & commodites a eux ent faitz av'nt ces heures encountre les ordinaunces suisditz, soient de tout revokez & adnullez, et q les ditz revenues pfitz & comodites soient resumez es mains nre dit f' le Roy, & mysez sur la sustentacion des payementes & chargies a les ditz Ville & Marche regardauntz. Sauvant toutfoitz q Mons' Thomas Duc de Clarence frere a nre f' le Roy ne soit restreint p ceste ordinaunce & estatut de nulls de ses possessions es ditz Marche; et qe null Capitains des Chastelx illeoqes soient oustez de mesme lour Chastelx ne de la garde dicelles p force de ceste ordinaunce & estatut.

Item come en temps des nobles Pgenitours nre f' le Roy ordeigne soit qu une mesure des blees sroit p tout le Roialme Denglerre, cestassavoir viij busselx pur la quart, & qe chun bussett contiendra oept galons, p force de queux ordinaunces tiel mesure ad este use ove un bussel du dit quart cumle; Et nient obstauntz les ditz bones ordinaunces & usages les Purveours des blees, sibien pur lostel le pier nre f' le Roy come pur lostiel nre & le Roy qore est, ount pris dev'nt ces heures pur les ditz hostielx continuelment neof busselx de ferment & dautres blees pur les quart, & ce pluisours foitz p mesure nient enseale & auxi nient rase, encountre la volunte des vendurs dicelles & saunz due pris mys sur ycelle solong, la ley de la tre, & auxint fount les vendours de carier les ditz blees a quel lieu lour plest saunz riens paier pur la cariage; Et auxi les Marchauntz & Citezeins de Loundres usent de pondre de chun vendour p' la quart de furment noef bussels, p un mesure use deins la dée Citee appelle le Faat ove un bussell mys sur la dit Faat, et unqore fount les vendurs paier un maitt pur la mesurage de chun quart, & preignent p' un quart des aveyns dys busselx, pount les achatours des blees en le paiis ne le voillent mye achar ne p'ndre p' le quart des blees si noun en mesme la mane come les purveours susditz & ceux de la dce Citee usent de pondre, en g'und arrerisment & ppetuel destruccion de les Cominaltes suisditz: Ordeignez est & establiz qe toutz les ditz bones ordinaunces soient fermement tenuz & gardez solone leffect dicelles; et qe nul p'veour nre f' le Roy nautre ne usent enapres dachatre ne pndre aucun blees p autre mesure si non oept busselx rasez p' le quart; et qe nul soit tenuz autment a deliver p' la quartier si noun oept busselx rasez come avant est dit; et auxint qe paiement soit fait pstement pur la cariage: et qe si aucun Purveour nre f' le Roy ou autre psone achate ou preigne aucun bles autrement ou p autre mesoure si noun oept busselx rasez p' la quartre, come en les ditz ordinaunces est contenuz, & de ce soit atteint eit lenprisonement dun an, & qil paie au Roy Cent sould & a la ptie qe [ce '] sente greve autre Cent sould, et ce ataunt de foitz q aucun deux de ce soit atteint, et qe la ptie qe voille suer eit accion founduz sur la cas: Et qe les Justices de la pees eient poair denquerrer & plé tenir de toutz les choses aventditz & sur ceo faire punissement come avant est dit sibien al suite de Roy come de ptie: Et qe desore riens soit pris p' la mesurage des tielx blees en aucune mane.

se Printed Copies.

queconques en les ditz Ville & Marches, come del

Anno 2º HENRICI, V. A.D.1414.

In Margine Rotuli.

Statuta de anno s'c'do ejustem Regis.

STATUTES OF THE SECOND YEAR OF THE SAME KING.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 7, 6, 5.

TO YOU COUNTY THE THE THIS SEED BY COMME

Nre f le Roy a son Parlement tenuz a Leycestr le darrein jour de Aprilt lan de son Regne scde, de ladvys & assent des f' espirituelx & temporelx & a les espales instance & request des Coes de son Roialme en me me le plement esteantz, ad ordeigne & estable divses ordinances declaracions & estatutz en la fo'me qensuyt.

En primes p' taunt q pluseurs Hospitalx dedenz le Roialme Dengletre, founduz sibn p les nobles Rois de mesme le roialme & f's & Dames espuelx & tempelx come p aut's de divses estates, al honor de Dieu & de sa gloriouse meere en eide & merit des Almes de les ditz foundours, as queux Hospitalx mesmes les foundo's ont donez g'ndement de lour biens moebles p' ledificacions dicelles, & g'ndement de lour Pres & tentz p' ent sustener viegles homes & femes lazars homes & femes hors de lour sennes & memories povs femes enseintez & aut's povres & la nurrir relev & refresser en ycelles, sont ore p' la greindre partie enchiez & les bins & pfitz dicelles p divses psones espuelx & temporelx retraitz & despenduz en autri oeps, pont pluseurs homes & femes ont moruz en g'und meschief p' defaute de eide vivre & socour, al displesance de Dieu & pill des Almes de tieux malveis despendours; le Roy nre f' Pssovain considerant les mitories & devoutes ententes de les foundours avantditz, & auxi les malveis & insolentz govnance en ycelles euz, del advis & assent suisditz ad ordeigne & establie, q qunt as hospitalx queux sont del patronage & fundacion le Roy, les Ordinairs p Ptue des Comissions le Roy a eux adressers enquergent del man de la fundacion des ditz hospitalx & de la govnance & estat dicelles & de toutes aut's matiers en ceste partie necessairs & bosoignables, & linquisicions ent pris ctifient en la Chauncellarie le Roy. Et qunt as auts hospitalx q sont dautri fundacion & patronage q de Roy, les ordinairs enquergent del man de la fundacion estat & govnaunce dicelles & de toutz aut's mat's & choses bosoignables celle partie, & sur ce facent ent correccion & reformacion selonc les loies de seinte esglise come a eux apptient. STATUTE THE FIRST.

UR Lord the King, at his Parliament holden at Leicester the last Day of April the Second Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Instance and Request of the Commons of his Realm in the same Parliament [assembled,1] hath ordained and established divers Ordinances, Declarations, and Statutes [made'] in the Form as followeth.

FIRST, Forasmuch as many Hospitals within the Realm of England, founded as well by the noble Kings of this Realm, and Lords and Ladies both Spiritual and Temporal, as by [divers other Estates,3] to the Honour of God and of his glorious Mother, in Aid and Merit of the Souls of the said Founders, to the which Hospitals the same Founders have given a great Part of their moveable Goods for the Buildings of the same, and a great Part of their Lands and Tenements, therewith to sustain [impotent '] Men and Women, Lazars, Men (5) out of their Wits (6) and poor Women with Child, and to nourish, relieve, and refresh other poor People in the same, be now for the most Part decayed, and the Goods and Profits of the same, by divers Persons, as well Spiritual as Temporal, withdrawn and spent in other Use, whereby many Men and Women have died in great Misery for Default of Aid, Living and Succour, to the Displeasure of God, and Peril of the Souls of such Manner of Spenders; The King our Sovereign Lord, considering the meritorious and devout Intents of the Founders aforesaid, and the (7) [unaccustomed 8] Government (9) in the same, hath by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, ordained and established, That as to the Hospitals which be of the Patronage and Foundation of the King, the Ordinaries, by virtue of the King's Commissions to them (10) directed, shall inquire of the Manner [and"] Foundation of the said Hospitals, and of the Governance and Estate of the same, and of all other Matters necessary and requisite in this Behalf, and the Inquisitions thereof taken shall certify in the King's Chancery. And as to other Hospitals which be of [another"] Foundation and Patronage than of the King, the Ordinaries shall inquire of the Manner of the Foundation, Estate, and Governance of the same, and of all other Matters and Things necessary in this Behalf, and upon that make thereof Correction and Reformation according to the Laws of Holy Church, asto them belongeth.

shall inquire of Hospitals of Royal Foundation;

The Purposes of Hospitals.

and certify

inquire of and reform other Hospitals.

MS Tr. 2. omits. being MS. Tr. 2. other of divers estates, MS. Tr. 2. old MS. Tr. 2. 7 bad, and s and Women 6 and mind,

* insolent 9 had 19 other MS. Tr. 2.

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10 to be

II. The Injustice arising from Writs of Certiorari Corpus cum causa, out of Chancery for Removal of Prisoners in Execution:

ITEM, Forasmuch as many Men have been condemned in the Courts of our (') Lord the King, and in the Courts of his (1) Progenitors, as well within the City of London as in other Cities and Boroughs within the Realm of England, and [by the virtue3] of such Condemnations have been committed to the Prison of our Lord the King, there to remain until they have made [Agreement⁴] to the Plaintiffs to whom they were condemned; (5) after by their Suggestions made in the Chancery of our Lord the King, they have had divers Writs called Certiorari, [and 6] Corpus cum causa, out of the Chancery of our said Lord the King, directed to the [Sheriff,7] or Keepers of the Prisons where such Persons condemned be holden, to have their Bodies, with the Cause of Imprisonment of the condemned aforesaid, in the Chancery, at the Days contained in the said Writs; after which Writs, together with the Body, and the Cause of the Condemnation, returned in the Chancery aforesaid, the said Persons so condemned have been delivered in the Chancery atoresaid by Bail or by Mainprise, or enlarged without Bail or Mainprise, against the Assent and Will of the said Plaintiffs, and without any [Agreement 1] made to the said Plaintiffs of the Sums in the which they be condemned, against the Law of the Land; and so remain the said Plaintiffs without Remedy, in Hinderance of the State of such Plaintiffs, and in defeating of the Judgements given in the Courts aforesaid: Our (') Lord the King, willing herein to provide Remedy, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the Request of the foresaid Commons, hath ordained and established, That if any such Writ of Certiorari, [or 8] Corpus cum causa, be granted, or shall be granted at any Time hereafter, and upon the said Writ [if] it be returned, that the Prisoner which is so holden in Prison is condemned by Judgement [given against him,] that presently he shall be remanded, [where he shall remain continually 9] in Prison according to the Law [and Custom] of the Land, without being let to go by Bail or by Mainprise against the Will of the said Plaintiffs, until [Agreement 1] be made to them of the Sums so adjudged.

III.

Upon the

Judgments

against such Prisoners, they shall be

remanded.

returned

Copies of the Libels in the Spiritual Courts shall be duly delivered.

IV.

ITEM, Forasmuch as divers of the King's liege People be daily cited to appear in the Spiritual Court before Spiritual Judges, there to answer to divers Persons, as well of Things which touch Freehold, Debt, Trespasses, Covenants, and other Things whereof the Cognisance pertaineth to the Court of our Lord the King, as of Matrimony and Testament; and when such Persons so cited appear and demand a Libel of that which against them is surmised, to be informed to give their Answer thereunto, or otherwise to purchace a Writ of our Lord the King, of Prohibition, according to their Case, which Libel to them is denied by the said Spiritual Judges, to the Intent that such Persons should not be aided by any such Writ; against the Law, and to the great Damage of such Persons so impleaded: Our said Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent [of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,10] and at the Request [and Instance] of the said Commons, hath ordained and established, That at what Time (") the Libel is grantable by the Law, that it may be granted and delivered to the Party without any Difficulty.

ITEM, Forasmuch as the Servants and Labourers of the Shires of the Realm do flee from County to County, because they would not be justified by the Ordinances [and Statutes 12] by the Law [for 13] them made, to the great Damage of Gentlemen and

2 noble by virtue MS. Tr. 2. 6 Omit this Word. 4 Gree 8 Omit this Word. 7 Shereves MS. Tr. 2. 9 or shall continue to abide 10 aforesaid 12 Not in Original. 11 the Copie of MS. Tr. 2.

Itm p' ceo q pleuseurs gentz ont estez condempnez en les Courtz nre dit f' le Roy & en les Courtz de sez nobles pgenitours, sibn deinz la Citee de Loundres come en aut's Citees & Burghs deinz le Roialme Denglerre, & p vtue de tielx condempnacions ont estez comis a la prisone ne f' le Roy p' y demorer tanq ils ont fait gree as pleintifs vs queux ils furent condempnez; & aps p lour suggestions faitz en la Chauncellarie nre f' le Roy ont euz divses briefs appellez eciorari Corpus cum Causa, hors de la Chauncellarie nre fr le Roy, directz as Viscountz ou Gardeins dez Prisones ou tielx gentz condempnez sont detenuz p' avoir lour corps ove la cause denprisonement de les condempnez suisditz en la Chancellarie as jours contenuz en les ditz briefs; aps queux briefs emsemblement ovesq le corps & la cause de condempnacion retournez en la Chauncellarie suisdite, les ditz gentz issint condempnez ont este delivez en la Chauncellarie av'ntdit p baille ou p mainprise, ou a large saunz baille ou mainprise, encontre lassent & volunte des ditz pleintifs & sanz ascun gree faire as ditz pleintifs de les somes en queux ils sont condempnez, encountre la leie de la Pre; & issint dem'gent les ditz pleintifs sanz remedie, en anientisement de lestat de tielx pleintifs & en defesaunce des juggementz renduz en les Courtz avantditz: Nãe dit f' le Roy voillant ent faire remedie del advys & assent avantditz & a la requeste des Cões suisdões ad ordeigne & establie, q si ascun tiel brief de cciorari corpus cum causa soit g'unte ou sra g'unte en temps avenir, & sur le dit brief soit retourne q le prisoner qest issint detenu en prisone soit condempne p juggement, q maintenant soit remande ou dem'ge continuelment en prisone solonc la ley de la Pre, sanz estre lesse aller p baille ou p mainprise encontre la volunte des pleintifs suisditz, tanq lour soit fait gree de les somes issint adjuggez.

Itm p' ceo q divses lieges nre f' le Roy sont citez de jour en aut dapparoir en courte Xpiene dev'nt Juges espirituelx, a y respondre as divses psones sibn des choses q touchent franktent dette Espassez covenantz & aut's des queux la conisance apptient al Courte nre f' le Roy, come de matrimoine & testament; & gant tielx psones issint citeez appiergent & demandent un libelt de ceo q lour est surmys p' estre enformez a don lour respons illoeqes, ou autment a p'chacer brief nre f' le Roy de phibicion selonc lour cas, quelt libett lour est denie p les ditz Juges Espuelx, al intent q tielx psones ne sront mye p nutt tiel brief aidez; encountre ley & as g'undes damages de tielx psones issint empledez: Nre dit f' le Roy del advis & assent suisditz & a la prier des ditz Cões ad ordeigne & establie, q a quelle heure la copie de la libett est g'untable p la ley, qil soit g'unte & live a la partie sanz difficulte.

Itm p' tant q les svantz & laborers des Countees du Roialme senfuent des Countees es Countees a cause gils ne voudrent estre justifiez p les ordeignances p ley sur eux faitz, a g'unt damage des gentils & des autres

as queux ils sverent a cause q les ditz ordeignances & estatutz sur eux faitz ne sont mye executz en toutz Countees; Nre & le Roy voillant p'voir de remedie cest partie del assent & advys avantditz & a la request des ditz Cões ad ordeigne & establie, q lestatut de Laborers fait a Cantebrigg & toutes aut's bones estatutz des Laborers faitz & nient repellez soient fermement tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion. Et outre ceo q les Justices du Pees eient poair de mander lour briefs p' tielx Laborers fugitifs a chun Viscount Dengletre, & de faire autielx pcesses come lestatut des Laborers requiert, p' eux amesn dev'nt eux a respondre a nre f' le Roy & a les pties des contemptz & tspassez faitz encountre les ordeignances & estatutz suisditz, en mane come les ditz Justices ont poair de mander a chescun Viscount p' larons devant eux enditez. Et auxi q toutz les Estatutz & Ordeignances des Laborers svantz & artifics, dev'nt ces heures faitz & nient repellez, soient exemplifiez desoutz le gount seal & mandez a chun Viscont Dengletre dent faire pclamacion en pleine Countee, & puis celle pclamacion fait q chun Viscount face deliver la dee exemplificacion a luy direct as Justices de la Pees en son Countee nomez en la Quoz ou a un de eux, a dem'rer envs tielx Justices q sont ou Bront p' le mielx mettre les ditz estatutz & ordeignances en due execucion; & es Countees ou divses Comissions de la pees sont faitz soient atantz des exemplificacions des estatutz & ordeignances avantditz faitz come sont comissions de la Pees en mesme le Countee, & mandez a Viscont a faire pclamacion & les liver come dessuis est dit. Et q les Justices de la Pees en chun Countee nomez en la Quox (1) receantz deinz mesme le Counte exceptz f's nomez en la Comission de Pees, & auxi exceptz les Justices de lun Banc & de lautre Chief Baron de lescheqer sgeantz de la leie & Attournes du Roy, p' le temps q mesmes les Justices Chief Baron sgeantz & Attournez sont entendantz & occupiez en les Courtz du Roy ou aillours occupiez en svice le Roy, facent lo Sessions quatre foitz p an; Cestassavoir en la prim semaigne aps le fest de Seint Michel & la prim semaigne aps le fest de Tiphain & en la prim semaigne aps le Clause de Pask, & en la prim semaigne aps la t'nslacion de Seint Thomas le Martir, & pluis sovent si mestier soit. Et q̃ mesmes les Justices teignent lour Sessions pmy tout Engletre en mesmes les semaignes chun an desore enavent. Et auxi q les Justices de la Pees desormes eient poair dexaminer sibn toutz man's laborers svantz & lour mestres come artifics p lour Sementz, de toutz mars & choses p eux faitz a cont'ire des estatutz & ordinances av'ntditz, & sur ceo de les punir sur lour conisance, selonc leffect de les estatutz & ordeignances avantditz, sicome ils furent convictz p enquest. Et q le Viscount de chun Countee en Engletre face bn & duement son Office celles pties sur peyn de pdre au Roy xx livs.

Itm p' ceo q dep les Coes del Countee de Northumbr ont este faitz Esgrevouses compleintz a nre Essovaigne f' le Roy en cest psent plement, de ceo q pleuseurs murdres tresons homicides roberies soient Lib. Scacc. IX: Old Printed Copies. to whom they should serve, because that the said Ordinances and Statutes [for '] them ordained be not executed in every Shire; Our Lord the King willing in this Case to provide a Remedy, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the Request of the said Commons, hath ordained and stablished, That the Statute of Labourers made at [Canterbury,] and all other good Statutes of Labourers made, and not repealed, be firmly holden and kept, and put in due Execution. And moreover, That the Justices of Peace have Power to send their Writs for such fugitive Labourers, to every Sheriff [of the Realm] of England, and to make such Process as the Statute (3) requireth, to bring them before them to answer to our Sovereign Lord the King, and to the Parties, of the Contempts and Trespasses made or done against the Ordinances and Statutes aforesaid, in like Manner as the Justices have Power to send to every Sheriff for the [Felous *] before them indicted. And also that all the Statutes and Ordinances of Labourers, Servants, and Artificers, before this Time made, and not repealed, be exemplified under the Great Seal, and sent to every Sheriff [of the Realm] of England, thereof to make Proclamation in full County, and after this Proclamation [so] made, that every Sheriff shall cause the said Exemplification to him directed, to be delivered to the Justices of the Peace in his County named of the Quorum, or to One of them, to remain with such Justices which be or shall be, for the better putting of the foresaid Statutes and Ordinances in due Execution; and in Shires where divers Commissions of the Peace be made, there shall be so many Exemplifications of the Statutes and Ordinances aforesaid made, as be Commissions of the Peace in the same Shires, and sent to the Sheriff to make Proclamation, and to deliver the same, as is aforesaid: And that the Justices of the Peace in every Shire named of the Quorum, [be 3] resiant within the same Shire, except Lords named in the Commission of the Peace, and also except Justices of the one Bench, and of the other, the Chief Baron of the Exchequer, Serjeants at the Law, and [the King's Attorney,6] for the Time that the same Justices, Chief Baron, Serjeants [at the Law,] and [the King's Attorney,7] be intending and occupied in the King's Courts, or otherwise, in some other Place, occupied in the King's Service, [and *] make their Sessions four Times by the Year; that is to say, In the First Week after the Feast of Saint Michael, and in the First Week after the Epiphany, and in the First Week after the Clause of Easter, and in the First Week after the Translation of Saint Thomas the Martyr, and more often, if Need be. And that the same Justices hold their Sessions throughout (9) [the Realm] of England in the same Weeks every Year from henceforth. And also that the Justices of Peace from henceforth have Power to examine as well all Manner of Labourers, Servants, and their Masters, as Artificers, by their Oaths, of all Things by them done contrary to [their 'e] said Ordinances and Statutes, and upon that to punish them upon their [Confession,"] after the Effect of the Statutes and Ordinances aforesaid, as though they were convict by Inquest: And that the Sheriff in every Shire [of the Realm of England shall do well and duly his Office in this Behalf, upon Pain to lose and to forfeit to our Lord the King Twenty Pounds.

ITEM, Forasmuch as by the Commons of the County of Northumberland grievous Complaints have been made to our Sovereign Lord the King in this present Parliament, for that many Murders, Treasons, Manslaughters,

St. 12 Ric. II. chap. 3, &c. confirmed.

Justices of the Peace may send their Writs to the Sheriffs for fugitive Servants or Labourers.

The Statutes of Labourers shall be exemplified and sent to the Sheriffs;

and by them to the Justices of the Peace.

Times when Justices of the Quorum resident in the Shire; except Lords, &c.

shall hold their Quarter Sessions.

Justices of Peace may examine Labourers and their Masters

v.

Vol. II.

Zz

upon ² Cambridge ³ of Labourers ⁴ thieves
⁵ All printed Translations and MS. Tr. 2. read thus.

⁶ Attorneys of the kyng MS. Tr. 2. 7 Attornies

⁸ Not in Original; nor in MS. Tr. 2. 9 all MS. Tr. 2.

the "Conisaunce and knowlache MS. Tr. 2.

Outrages committed by Persons dwelling in Tyndal and Exhamshire in Northumberland;

Process against such Offenders.

VI. Breaches of Truces and Safe-Conducts of the King,

declared to be High Treason.

Robberies, and divers other Offences, to many of [the '] faithful liege People of the same County, by People dwelling in the same County within the [Franchise 1] of Tyndal and Exhamshire, where the King's Writ runneth not, now of late have been perpetrated otherwise than nave been done or known before this Time, to so [many Perils 3] of the said liege People of our Lord the King, that without due Remedy in this Behalf provided, they dare no longer there dwell, because that such Offenders be so favoured by such Franchises; Our said Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the Request of the said Commons, hath ordained and established, That if any Person of the said Franchises of Tyndal and Exhamshire, resiant or dwelling in the same, of what Estate or Condition that he be, do any Murders, Treasons, Manslaughters, or Robberies, or Consent to do them, out of the said Franchises of Tyndal and Exhamshire, Process shall be made against him by the Common Law until he be outlawed; and that after such Outlawry pronounced and returned, the Justices before whom such Outlawry is returned shall make thereof Certificate to such Minister or Ministers of the said Franchises, as to them shall seem best in this Behalf, according to their Discretion; and such Felon shall be taken by such Minister or Ministers, and his Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels, being within the same Franchise, seised into the Hands of the Lords of the same Franchises of Tyndal and Exhamshire for the Time being, as forfeit; and that the other Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels of such Felon, being out of the same Franchises, shall wholly remain to the King, and to other Lords having thereof [Franchise '] as forfeit; Saving always to the King the Forfeitures of such Murderers, Traitors, Manslayers, Robbers, and other Offenders, and of other Things which to him do belong as of the Right of his Crown.

ITEM, Forasmuch as before this Time divers People, comprised within the Truces, made as well by our Lord the King that now is as by his Noble Father, and also divers other People having Safe Conducts, as well of our Lord the King that now is as of his (4) Noble Father, have been some slain, robbed, and spoiled by the King's liege People and Subjects, as well upon the [main³] Sea, as within the Ports and Coasts of the Sea of England Ireland and of Wales, whereby the said Truces and Safe Conducts have been broken and offended, to the great Dishonour and Slander of the King, and against his Dignity; and the said Manslayers, Robbers, Spoilers, and Offenders of the said Truces and [the King's Safe Conducts,6] as is afore declared, have been by divers of the King's liege People and Subjects within the Coasts of divers Counties, received, abetted, procured, [concealed,7] hired, sustained, and maintained: Our said Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the Request of the said Commons, hath ordained and declared, That such Manslaughter, Robbery, Spoiling, Breaking of Truce and [Safe Conducts, 6] and voluntary Receit, Abetment, Procurement, [Concealing,*] Hiring, Sustaining, and Maintaining of such Persons, to be done in Time to come by any of the King's liege People and Subjects within the [Realm 9] of England, Ireland, and Wales, or upon the [main 5] Sea, shall be adjudged and determined for High Treason done against the King's Crown and his Dignity. And (10) in every Port of the Sea shall be made and assigned from henceforth by the King,

his MS. Tr. 2. Fraunchises MS. Tr. 2.

& aut's malfaitz a pluseurs sez loialx lieges de mesme le Counte, p gentz dem'antz en icell Countee dedeins les franchises de Tyndale & Exhamshire ou le brief le Roy ne court mye, ja tarde ont este ppetretz autment q nont este faitz ou conuz pdevant, atant de pil de les ditz lieges du Roy q sanz due remedie celle ptie mettre ils noserent a y dem'er longement enavant, a cause q tielx malfesours sont ensi favorez p tielx franchises; Nre dit f' le Roy del advis & assent av'ntditz & al request des ditz Cões ad ordeigne & establie, q si ascune psone des ditz franchises de Tyndale & Exhamshire resceant ou dem'rant deinz ycelles de quelt estat ou condicion il soit face murdres tresons homicides ou robberies ou consent de les faire hors des ditz franchises de Tyndale & Exhamshire, pcesse soit fait devs luy p la cõe leie tanq il soit utlage; & q aps tiele utlagarie pnuncie & retourne facent ent les Justices dev'nt queux tiele utlagarie soit retourne ctificacion a tieux ministres ou a tiel ministre des ditz franchises come a eux semblera meulz celle ptie solonc lour discrecion; & soit tiel feloun pris p tiel Ministre ou tielx Ministres, & sez tres & tentz bns & chateux esteantz deinz icelles franchises seisez es mains des f's de mesmes les franchises de Tyndale & Exhamshire p' le temps esteantz come forfaitz; Et q les auts Pres & tentz bas & chateux de tiel felon esteantz hors de mesmes les franchises dem'gent entierment au Roy & as aut's f's aiantz ent franchises come forfaitz; savant toutz foitz au Roy les forfaitures dautiels m'drours traitours homicicours robbours & aut's malfesours qconqes, & dautres choses queux a luy apptiegnent come de droit de sa Corone.

Itm p' ceo q devent ces heures divses gentz comprisez deinz les trieues sibn faitz p nre f' le Roy qore est come p son Psnoble Pier, Et auxi auts divses gentz aiantz saufconduitz sibn de nre dit f' le Roy qore est come de son dit isnoble Pier, ount estez ascuns tueez ascuns robbes & despoillez p les lieges & subgitz de Roy, sibn sur le haut mer come deinz les portz & costes de meere Denglet re Dirland & de Gales, pount les ditz trieues & saufconduitz ount este rumpez & offenduz, a gaunde dishon'e & desclaundre de Roy & encountre sa dignite; Et les ditz tuers des homes robbours spoilleurs & offendours de les ditz trieues & saufconduitz du Roy come desf est declaree, ount este p divses lieges & subgitz de Roy deinz les Costes de divses Countees recettez abettez pourez counseillez loueez sustenez & maintenuz: Nre dit f' le Roy del assent & advis suisditz & al priere des dces Coes ad ordeine & declaree q tielx tuerie robberie espoillerie rumperie des trieues & saufconduitz de Roy & voluntaries receit abettement pcurement counseilt louere sustenance & maintenance de tielx psones affaires en temps avenir p ascuns des lieges & subgitz de Roy deinz les Roialmes Dengletre Dirland & Gales ou sur le haut meere soient adjuggez & det minez p' haut treson fait encountre la Corone & dignite de Roi. Et q en chun port de meere soit fait & assigne desore enavent p le Roy

II Jay

much danger said high MS. Tr. 2.

Safe Conducts of the King MS. Tr. 2.

⁷ counsailed MS. Tr. 2. 8 counselling 9 Realms 10 that

p sez tres patentz un loial home appelle Conservatour des trieues & saufconduitz de Roy q eit xl. livees du Pre p an a meyns. Et q le dit Conservatour eit poair & auctorite p les ditz lies patentz & auxi p Comission del Admiral Denglerre denquerer de toutz tielx tresons & offenses affairez encountre les trieues & saufconduitz de Roy sur le haut meere hors des corps des Countees & hors del fraunchise des cink portz de Roy, come les Admiralles des Roys Dengletre dev'nt ces heures resonablement solonc launcien custume & leye sur le meere usez ount faitz ou usez. Et ensement q le dit Conservatour eit autiele & mesme le poair de punir toutz ceux q sount ou grount enditez ou accusez dev'nt luy, sibn a suyte de Roy come a suyt de partie, dascune chose affaire encountre les trieues & saufconduitz de Roy sur le haut meere, hors des corps des Countees & Libtees de Roialme Dengletre & hors de le dit Fraunchise [& 1] de cynk portz, p tieles pces examinacion pves del minacion juggement & execucion, come les Admiralles des Roys Dengletre devent ces heures resonablement solonc launcien custume & ley sur le meer usez ount faitz ou usez; forsq q la det minacion de mort de home cest partie & lexecucion dicett soient tutdiz reservez a dit Admiratt ou a son lieutenant genal hors de la dit Franchise des ditz cink portz. Et q le dit Conservatour eit plein poair & auctorite denquerer sibn deinz libtees & franchises come dehors, p gentz enhabitantz deinz le corps de Countee & libte ou le dit port est, de toutz tielx tresons & offenses affaires encoun? les trieues & saufconduitz de Roy deinz les corps de Countee & libte ou le dit port est, & defair envs tieux a enditerz devant luy pces en la fourme ensuant, Cestassavoir p Capias & Exigendes q isseront sibn en mesmes les Countees des quelles est suppose tieux enditez estre, come en les Countees lou tieux enditementz sont prisez; les queux Capias & Exigendes en ambideux Countees soient returnables a un mesme jour, & q le prim Capias en ambedeux Countees eit jour de retourne p un moys a meyns; & en cas q capias & exigendes soient ceste partie agardez q les nouns & su'nouns de tieux a endits & la ville & le Counte & la mistiere dont ils sont soient especifiez en lenditementz & en les pcesses dicelles. Et q le dit Conservato' eit plein poair doier a suyte de qconq qi soi voudra pleindre dev*nt luy dascune offense a la partie fait encountre les ditz trieues & saufconduitz. Et q deux homes apprisez de ley soient nomez & associez en chune comission de Roy affaire a tiel Conservato'. Et q le dit Conservatour & les ditz homes apprisez de ley en la dit Comission a luy associez eient plein poair & auctorite defair due delivance solone la ley de la Pre de tielx enditez dev'nt le dit Conservatour, des choses affairez deinz le corps de Countee ou libtee ou le dit port est, encountre les ditz trieues & saufconduitz de Roy, & derminer teux suytes comencez a suyt de qconq partie q soy voudra pleindre devent le dit Conservatour, dascune offense a luy fait encountre les ditz trieues & saufconduitz & ent due redresse & remedie faire.

1 Printed Copies omit.

by his Letters Patents, one lawful Man called a Conservator of the [Truce and the King's Safe Conducts, '] which shall have Forty Pounds Lands by the Year at the least. And that the (1) Conservator have Power and Authority by the said Letters Patents, and also by Commission of the Admiral of England, to inquire of all such Treasons and Offences to be done against the [Truce and Safe Conducts'] upon the [main] Sea, out of the Body of the Counties, and out of the Franchises of the Five Ports of the King, as the Admirals of the Kings of England before this Time reasonably, after the old Custom and Law on the [main 3] Sea used, have done or used. And also that the said Conservator have like and the same Power to punish all them which be or shall be indicted or accused before him, as well at the King's Suit as at the Party's, of any Thing to be done against the [Truce and the King's Safe Conducts'] upon the [main 3] Sea, out of the Body of the Counties and Liberties of the Realm of England, and out of the (1) Franchise of the Five Ports, by such Process, Examination, Proofs, Determination, Judgement, and Execution, as (4) Admirals of the Kings of England before this Time reasonably, according to the old Custom and Law upon the [main 3] Sea used, have done or used; [Saving 5] the Determination of the Death of [a Man 6] in this Behalf, and the Execution of the same, shall be always reserved to the said Admiral, or to his general Lieutenant out of the said Franchises of the (1) Five Ports. And that the said Conservator have full Power and Authority to inquire, as well within Liberties and Franchises as without, by Men inhabiting within the Body of the County and Liberty where the said Port is, of all such Treasons and Offences to be done against the [Truces, and against the King's Safe Conducts,'] within the Body of the County and Liberty where the said Port is, and to make against those Persons before him so (7) indicted, such Process as here followeth, that is to say, by Capias and Exigent, which shall as well go into the Counties of which such Men so indicted be supposed to be, as into the Counties where such Indictments be taken; which Capias and Exigent aforesaid in both Counties shall be [returned*] at one (9) Day, and that the first Capias in both Counties have Day of Return by a Month at the least; And in case that the Capias and Exigent be awarded in this Behalf, that the Names and Surnames of such Persons so (7) indicted, and the Town and the County, and Mystery whereof they be, shall be specified [and declared] in the Indictments and Processes of the same. And that the said Conservator have full Power to hear, at every Man's Suit which will complain before him[-self, or his Lieutenant,] of any Offence done to the Party against the said Truces and Safe Conducts. And that Two Men learned in the Law be named and associate in every Commission of our Lord the King to be made to such Conservator. And that the said Conservator, and the said Men learned in the Law, in the (1) Commission to him associate and assigned, shall have full Power and Authority to make Deliverance, according to the Law [and Usage] of the Land, of such Men so indicted before the said Conservator, of Things to be done within the Body of the County or Liberty where the said Port is, against the said [Truce and the King's Safe Conducts,'] and to determine such Suits commenced at any Man's Suit which will complain before the said Conservator of any Offence done to him against the said [Truce "] and Safe Conducts, and thereof to make due Redress and Remedy. 1 Truces and Safe Conducts of the King,

2 saide MS. Tr. 2.

3 high MS. Tr. 2. 4 the MS. Tr. 2.

6 Man • Except that

7 to be 8 returnable

9 and the same 10 Truces

Conservators of Truce shall Their Authority as to Offences done upon

The Process to be used.

Except in Homicide.

Authority of Conservators as to Offences Bodies of Counties.

Additions of

Two Lawyers shall be associate in with the Conservator. The Authority of such Commission-

M. 6.

Oath of the Commissioners.

Seal of the

Conservator.

Masters, &c.

of Ships shall

be sworn to keep Truces, &c.

and their

Names, &c. inrolled.

Conservator shall be

informed of Prizes

taken from

the King's

And that the said Two Men to the said Conservator so associate, be assisting and attending to the said Conservator to make the Deliverances and Determination in the Manner and Form aforesaid, when they be by the said Conservator reasonably required. And that the said Conservator, and the said Two Men of Law, be sworn, that they nor none of them shall take Fee, Gift, Hire, Wages, Reward or Brocage of any other than of the King in any wise in this Behalf, in Hinderance of due [Execution'] and Punishment of such Traitors and Offenders aforesaid. And that the said Conservator shall be resiant in the Port and [Places 1] where he shall be Conservator assigned as aforesaid; and every Conservator shall take yearly for the said Office Forty Pounds of the King at the least; and that they be sworn, that if any Person, of what Estate or Condition soever he be, procure, excite, or abet them, or any of them, to do any Thing contrary to this Ordinance and (3) Oath aforesaid, that every of them shall make due Relation to our Sovereign Lord the King, or to the Chancellor of England for the Time being, as speedily as he well may, without Concealment in any Point, upon Pain of Imprisonment, and to make Fine and Ransom at the King's Pleasure. And that the said Conservator have a Seal of our Lord the King ordained for the said Office. And that the Master of the Ship, Barge, or Balinger, or other Vessel in the said Port, be sworn, and the [Possessor 1] also, if he be present, before the said Conservator, before that he pass out of the said Port, that he shall not attempt to do any Thing against the said [Truce and the King's Safe Conducts.⁵] And also that the said Conservator shall cause to be inrolled of Record before him, as well the Names of such Owners and Masters, as the Names of their Ship, Barge, Balinger, or other Vessel, together with the Number of the Mariners in the same being. And if they take any Thing of the King's Enemies, or of any others, they shall cause to be brought such [Things taken 6] into the (7) Port, and thereof make full Information to the said Conservator, before that they thereof make Discharge or Sale; if it be not that by Force of Wind, Tempest, or of Enemies, or some other reasonable Cause, such Ship, Barge, Balinger, or other Vessel, must enter into another Port for the Preservation of the same Vessel, or other Cause reasonable; And that then they shall make full Information to the said Conservator, or to the Conservator of the Port in which the said Vesof the Thing, receiving a Letter testimonial under the said Seal of the aforesaid Conservator, by the which the Conservator of the said Port, whereof the Vessel or Vessels [shall go out, 1] may have Notice of the Quantity and also of the Value of the Goods [and Chattels] so taken. And if any [Possessor 1] or Master of any Ship or other Vessel, go out of any Port of the Realm [of England,] or discharge his Ship or Vessel against the Form of this Ordinance, that such Ship or Vessel, together with the Prize [taken in 9] the same duly made, shall be forfeit to the King, and the Body of the [Possessor 1] or Master of such Ship or Vessel committed to Prison, there to remain until he hath made a Fine and Ransom to the King: Provided always, That no [Possessors 10] of Ships going out of any Port shall make any Fine nor Ransom, or have Imprisonment of Body, if the same [Possessors 10] be not in the same Ships at the Time

Punishment of Owners and Masters

of Ships offending.

Owners not punishable, unless on board.

sels arrive or enter, of the (7) Prize, and of the Quantity of the Offence committed against this Ordinance.

ditz deux homes de ley soient jurrez, qils ne nutt de eux Pndra ou Pndront de nully sinoun de Roy fee doun louere gage regarde ne brocage en ascun mane celle partie, en destourbance de due inquisicion & punissement de tielx Traitours & Offendours aventditz. Et q le dit Conservatour Bra receant en le port & lieu ou il Bra assigne Conservatour come avent est dit; Et Pndra chun Conversatour p' le dit office chun an xl ti. de Roy a meyns; Et qils soient jurrez q si ascune psone, de quele condicion ou estat qil soit, eux ou ascun de eux peure excite ou abette defaire ascun chose a cont'rie diceste ordinance & le sement av'ntdit, q chun de eux ferra due relacion a nre fr le Roy ou a le Chanceller Denglerre p' le temps esteant si hastiment come bonement purra saunz concellement en ascun point sur peine demprisonement & faire fyn & ranceon a voluntee nre f' le Roy. Et q le dit Conservatour eit un seal de Roy ordeigne p' le dit office. Et q le Maistre de nief barge balenger ou autre vesselt en le dit port soit jurre, & le possessour auxi sil soit psent, devent le dit Conservatour avent qil passe hors de dit port qil nattemptera riens encontre les ditz trieues & saufconduitz de Roy. Et q le dit Conservatour face enroller de record devant luy, sibien les nouns de tielx possessours & maistres come les nouns de lour nief barge balengere ou autre vessett ensemble oveso, le nombre des marin's en icell esteantz. Et sils pgnent riens des enemys de Roy ou dautres qconqs, qils tiele prise ferrount amesner en le dit port & ent ferrount pleine enformacion a dit Conservatour dev'nt qils ent facent descharge ou vende; si ne soit q p force de vent de tempest ou des enemys ou autre cause resonable tielx nief barge balengere ou autre vesselt doit entrer en autre port, p' salvacion de mesme le vessett ou autre cause resonable; Et qils adonqs facent plein enformacion a dit Conservatour, ou a le Conservatour de le port en quell les ditz vesselx arriveront ou entreront, de la dce prise & de la quantite dicelle, pgnant le testimoniale soutz le dit seal de le dit Conservatour, p quele le Conservatour de le Port dount les vesseux ou vessell isserent ou issit p'ra avoir notice de la quantite & value des biens issint prisez. Et si ascun possessour ou mestre dascun nief ou autre vesselt isse hors dascun port du Roialme, ou face descharger son nief ou vessett encountre la fourme diceste ordinance, q tiel nief ou vesselt ensemble ovesq, la prise p ycell duement fait soit forfaite a Roy, & le corps du possessour ou maistre de tiel nief ou vessett comys a prisone, a y dem'er tanq, il eit fait fyn & raunceon a Roy: p'veu q nulles possessours des niefs issantz hors dascun port ne face fyn ou ranceon neient emprisonement du corps

Et q les ditz deux homes issint a le dit Conservatour

associez soient assistantz & entendantz a dit Conserva-

tour, p' faire les delivances & det minacion en mane &

fourme avantditz, qant ils sount p le dit Conservatour

resonablement requis. Et q le dit Conservatour & les

Place MS. Tr. 2. 1 Inquisition 5 Truces and Safe Condues of the King. 4 Owner

8 went out 6 Prize 7 said

9 by MS. Tr. 2. 10 Owners si mesmes les possessours ne soient en mesmes les niefs

en temps de mesprision encontre ceste ordenance faite.

Et ait le Admiratt avantdit les forfaitures en toutz cases hors de la dče franchise de cynk portz avantditz, come il ad eu & ad este accustume de droit al office del Admiratt Denglerre avant la fesance de ceste ordeignance. Et q toutz tieux Conservatours affairez dedeinz les ditz cynk ports eient mesme lauctorite & poair, p lies patentz du Roy & Comission del Gardein de mesmes les ports p' le temps esteant, denquerer de tielx offenses affaires sur le haute meer dedeinz les Fraunchises des ditz cynk ports dehors les corps des Countees, & de punir toutzceux q Front devent ycell Conservatour de mesmes les offenses enditez ou accusez, p autiels pees examinacion pves derminacion juggement & execucion come les ditz Admiralx resonablement solonc launcien custume & ley sur le meer usez ont faitz & usez hors de la dce franchise de cynk ports; forso, q la dermination de mort de home celle ptie & lexecucion dicett soient dedeinz mesme la franchise de les cynk ports reservez a dit Gardein ou a son lieutenant genatt ittoeqs: Et q mesme le Gardein eit toutz les forfaitures illoeqs en toutz cas, come il ad eu & ad estee accustumee de droit al office du Gardein des cynk ports suisditz avant cestes heures: Et q les dites Conservatours & chun de eux eient & ait poair de faire pleine execucion diceste ordinance en la fourme avantdče. Et q ceste ordeignance teigne lieu & force p' chose affaire ou attempter encontre mesme lordinance aps la pelamacion diceste ordinance & declaracion faite.

Item p' ceo q grandes rumours congregacions & insurreccions cy en Engletre p divses lieges le Roy, sibn p ceux qi furent del secte de heresie appelle Lollardrie come p autres de lour confederacie excitacion & abbettement, se firent jatard al entent de adnuller & subvter la foy Xpiene & la leie Dieu dedeins mesme le Roialme, & auxi a destruer nre Pssovain f' le Roy mesmes & toutz mans estates dicell Roialme sibn espuelx come temporelx, & auxi toute mane policie & les leies de la Pre finalment; Mesme nre & le Roy al honour de Dieu & en conservacion & fortificacion de la foie Xpiene, & auxi en salvacion de son estat Roiale & de lestat de tout son Roialme, voillant encontre la malice de tieux heretiks & Lollardes mettre pluis ovte remedie & pluis due punissement q nount estee euz & usez en le cas pdevant, issint q p' poure de mesmes les leie & punissement tieux heresies & Lollardries purront le pluis tost cesser en temps avenir: del advis & assent suisditz & a la priere des ditz Cões ad ordeigne & establie, qen primes, [soient '] les Chaunceller Tresorer Justices de lun Banc & de lautre Justices dassises Justices du Pees Viscontz Mairs & Baillifs des Citees & Villes & toutz auts Officers eiantz govnance du poeple qure sont & q p' le temps gront facent Sement, en prises de lour charges & occupacions, de mettre lo' entiere peine & diligence doustier & faire oustier cesser & destruir toutz mans heresiez & errours appellez vulgairement Lollardries, deinz les lieux es queux ils exècent lour offices & occupacions de temps en temps a tout lour poair, & qils assistent a les Ordinairs & lour Comissairs & les favorent & meintegnent

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And the said Admiral shall have the Forfeitures in all Cases out of the same Franchise of Five Ports aforesaid, as he hath had, and hath been accustomed of Right to the Office of the Admiral of England, before the making of this Ordinance. And that all such Conservators to be made within the said Five Ports have the same Authority and Power by the King's Letters Patents, and Commission of the Warden of the same Ports for the Time being, to inquire of such Offences to be done upon the [main '] Sea within the Franchises of the (1) Five Ports out of the Body of the Counties, and to punish all them which shall be before the said Conservator of the same Offences indicted or accused, by like Process, Examination, Proofs, Determination, Judgement, and Execution, as the said Admirals reasonably, according to the old Custom and Law upon the Sea used, have done and used out of the said Franchise of the Five Ports; saving that the Determination of the Death of [a Man 3] in this Behalf, and the Execution of the same, shall be within the same Franchise of the Five Ports reserved to the said Warden, or to his general Lieutenant there: And that the same Warden shall have all the Forfeitures there, in all such Cases as he hath had, and [have '] been accustomed of Right to the Office of the Warden of the Five Ports aforesaid before this Time: And that the said Conservators, and every of them, have Power to make full Execution of this Ordinance in the Form aforesaid. And (1) this Ordinance shall hold Place and Force, for any Thing to be done or attempted against this same Ordinance, after the Proclamation of this Ordinance and Declaration made.

ITEM, Forasmuch as great Rumours, Congregations, and Insurrections, here in the Realm of England, by divers of the King's liege People, as well by them which were of the Sect of Heresy commonly called Lollardry, as by other of their Confederacy, Excitation, and Abetment, now of late were made, to the Intent to adnull, [destroy,] and subvert the Christian Faith, and the Law of God [and Holy Church] within this same Realm [of England,] and also to destroy [the same our Sovereign Lord the King of and all other Manner of Estates of the same Realm [of England,] as well Spiritual as Temporal, and also all Manner of Policy, and finally the Laws of the Land; The same our Sovereign Lord the King, to the Honour of God, and in Conservation and Fortification of the Christian Faith, and also in Salvation of his Royal Estate, and of the Estate of all his Realm, willing against the Malice of such Hereticks and Lollards to provide a more open Remedy and (7) Punishment than hath been had and used in the Case heretofore, so that for fear of the same Laws and Punishment, such Heresies and Lollardries may the rather cease in Time to come; by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the Prayer of the said Commons, hath ordained and established, That first the Chancellor, Treasurer, Justices of the one Bench, and of the other, 1) Justices of Peace, Sheriffs, Mayors, and Bailiffs of Cities and Towns, and all other Officers, having Governance of People, which now be or hereafter for the Time shall be, shall make an Oath in taking of their Charges and Occupations, to put their whole Power and Diligence to put out and [do to be put out cease and destroy 9] all Manner of Heresies and Errors, commonly called Lollardries, within the Places where they exercise their Offices and Occupations from Time to Time, with all their Power; and that they assist the Ordinaries and their Commissaries, and them favour and

1 high MS. Tr. 2. 5 Man MS. Tr. 2.

2 said 4 hath MS. Tr. 2.

our Sovereign Lord the King himself s that

8 Justices of Assises 7 more due

9 cause to be put out and to cease and, be destroyed

Forfeitures to

Authority of Conservators Cinque Ports.

The Warden of the Cinque Ports shall Forfeitures

Ordinance proclamation.

VII. Suggested Evils from the religious Sect called

Chancellor, Judges, &c. sworn against Lollardry: and assist the Ordinaries and Commis-Lollards, &c.

VOL. II.

3 A

Forfeiture of Lands and Goods of Persons convict of Heresy.

maintain, as often as they or any of them [to that'] shall be required by the same Ordinaries or their Commissaries; So that when the said Officers and Ministers travel or ride to arrest any Lollard, or to make Assistance at the Instance and Request of the Ordinaries or their Commissaries by virtue of this Statute, that the same Ordinaries and Commissaries shall pay for their [Cost '] reasonably; and that the King's Services, to the which the same Officers be first sworn, be preferred [before 3] all other Statutes for the Liberty of Holy Church and the Ministers of the same, and in especial for the Correction and Punishment of the Hereticks and Lollards before this Time made and not repealed being in their force. And also that all Persons convict of Heresy, of what Estate, Condition, or Degree that they be, by the said Ordinaries or [other 1] Commissaries left to the Secular Power according to the Laws of Holy Church, shall lose and forfeit all their Lands and Tenements, which they have in Fee Simple in the Manner as followeth; that is to say, That the King have all the Lands and Tenements, which the said Convicts have in Fee Simple, and (5) holden of him immediately, as forfeit; and that the other Lords, of whom the Lands and Tenements of such Convicts be holden, immediately after that the King is [so 6] seised and answered of the Year, the Day, and the Waste, have Livery out of the King's Hands of the Lands and Tenements aforesaid of them so holden, as it hath been used in the Case of Attainder of Felony; except the Lands and Tenements which be holden of the Ordinaries or their Commissaries, before whom any such Persons impeached of Heresy be convict. which Lands and Tenements intirely shall remain to the King as forfeit; And moreover that all the Goods and Chattels of these Persons so convicted, be forfeit to our Sovereign Lord the King; so that no Person convict of Heresy, and left to the Secular Power after the Laws of Holy Church, shall forfeit his Lands before that he be dead; And if any such Person so convict be infeoffed, be it by Fine, by Deed, or without Deed, in Lands or Tenements, Rents or Services in Fee or otherwise (7) or hath any other Possessions or Chattels by Gift or Grant of any Person or Persons to [another's Use, 8] than to the Use of such Convicts, That the same Lands nor Tenements, Rents nor Services, nor such other Possessions, nor Chattels shall be forfeit to our Sovereign Lord the King in no wise. And moreover that the Justices of the King's Bench, and Justices of Peace, and Justices of Assise, have full Power to enquire of all them which hold any Errors or Heresies, as Lollards, and [which 9] be their Maintainers, Receivers, Favorers and Sustainers, common Writers of such Books, as well of [the 10] Sermons as of their Schools, Conventicles, Congregations, and Confederacies; and that this Clause be put in Commissions of the Justices of the Peace; and if any Persons be indicted of any (") Points aforesaid, the said Justices shall have Power to award against them a Capias, and the Sheriff shall be bound to arrest the Person or Persons so indited as soon as he may them find by him or by his Officers. And Forasmuch as the Conisance of Heresy, Errors, and Lollardries belongeth to the Judges of Holy Church, and not to secular Judges, such Persons indited shall be delivered to the Ordinaries of the Places, or to their Commissaries, by Indentures betwixt them to be made within x. Days after their Arrest, or sooner if it may be, thereof to be acquit or

the King's Bench, &c. shall inquire of Heretics.

Justices of

Capias against them.

Conisance of Heresy belongs to the Spiritual Judges.

dicest estatut, q mesmes les Ordinaries ou Comissaries paient p' lour costages resonablement ; & q les svices du Roy a qi mesmes les Offics sont primement sementz soient pferrez; toutz auts estatuitz pour la libtee de Seinte Esglise & les Ministres dicett & en espale p' la correction & punicion des Heretiks & Lollardes faitz dev'nt ces heures & nient repelles esteiantz en lour force. Et auxi q toutz psones convictez de Heresie, de qconq, estat condicion ou degree qils soient, p les ditz Ordinaries ou lour Comissaries relinquez a seculer main solonc les leies de Seinte Esglise, pdent & forfacent toutz lour tres & tentz queux ont en fee simple en mane qensuit; cestassavoir q le Roy eit toutz les Pres & tentz queux les ditz convictes ount en fee simple & queux sont tenuz de luy immediate come forfaitz; & q [les'] aut's f's des queux les tres & tentz de tieux convictz soient tenuz immediate aps ceo q le Roy soit ent seisi & respondu del an jour & gast eient livee hors de main le Roy des tres & tentz avantditz issint de eux tenuz, come ad este usee en cas datteindre des felonies; forspris les tres & tentz queux sont tenuz des Ordinaries ou lour Comissaries devant queux ascuns tieux empechez de Heresie soient convictz, les queux tres & tentz entierment remaindrent a Roy come forfaitz; et outre ceo q toutz les biens & chateux de tieux convictz soient forfaitz a nre Essovain f le Roy; pissint q nulle psone convict de Heresie & relinquez a seculer main solonc les leies de Seinte Eglise forface ses Pres avant qil soit mort; Et si ascun tiele psone issint convict soit enfeoffe, soit il p fyn p fait ou sanz fait, en tres ou tents rentes ou svices en Fee ou autment en queconq manle, ou eit ascuns autres possessions ou chateux p doun ou gaunte dascuny psone ou psones, a autri oeps [q̃ al oeps] de tielx convictz, q mesmes les Pres tentz rentz ne vices nautres tieux possessions ne chateux ne soient forfaitz a nre Sovain f' le Roy en nully mane. Et out ceo q̃ les Justices du Bank le Roy & Justices du Pees & Justices dassises Pndre eient pleine poair denquerer de toutz yceux q teignent ascuns erro's ou heresies come Lollardes, & queux sount lour maintenours recettours fautours susteignours cões escrivs de tieux livs, sibien de lour smons come de lour escoles conventicles congregacions & confederacies; & q̃ ceste clause soit mys es Comissions des Justices de la Pees; et si ascuns psones soient enditez dascuns des pointz suisditz eient les ditz Justices poair de agarder vers eux Capias, et soit le Viscount tenuz darrester la psone ou psones ensy endite ou enditeez si tost come il les purra trover p luy ou p ses Offics. Et p' tant q la conusance des Heresies erro's ou Lollardries appteignent as Juges de Seinte Esglise & nemye as Juges seculers, soient tieux enditeez lives as Ordinaries des lieux ou a lour Comissaries p endentures ent eux affairez dedeinz x. jours aps lour arest ou

a tantz de foitz come a ceo faire ils ou ascun de eux

a ceo Bra ou Bront requysez ou requys p mesmes les

Ordinairies ou lour Comissaries; Issint q les ditz

Offics & Ministres qant ils t'vaillent ou chivachent

p' arreste dascun Lollard ou faire assistence al instance

& request des Ordinaries ou lour Comissairies p Vtue

3 Not in Original : MS.Tr. 2. omits. so to do ⁹ Costs their MS. Tr. 2. s which be 6 thereof

" of the

pluis tost si ceo p'ra estre fait p' ent estre acquitez ou

1 2 Interlined on the Roll.

⁷ in whatsumever manner, MS. Tr. 2.

^{*} other use MS. Tr. 2.

⁹ who 10 their MS. Tr. 2.

convicte p les leies de Seinte Esglise en cas q yceux psones ne soient enditez dau? chose dount la conusance apptient as Juges & Offics seculers; en quett cas aps ceo qils soient acquitez ou delivez dev'nt Juges Seculers de tiel chose app'tenant as Juges Seculers, soient envoiez en seure garde as ditz Ordinaries ou a lo Comissaries & a eux livez p endentures come desuis, p' yestre acquitez ou convictz dicell Heresies erro's ou Lollardries come avent est dit selonc les leies de Seinte Esglise, & ceo deinz le tme suisdit. P'veu q les ditz enditementz ne soient prisez en evidence si non p' enformacion dev'nt les Juges espuelx encountre tieux enditez, mesq les Ordinaries comencent lo' pces envs tieux enditez en mesme la mane come null enditement y fuisse, eiantz null regard a tielx enditementz. Et si ascun soit enditee de Heresie erro' ou Lollardrie & pris p le Viscount ou aut Offic de Roy, soit il lesse a mainpris deinz les ditz dys jours p bon seurete p' quett les ditz Viscontz ou auts Offics voillent respondre; Issint q la dite psone issint enditee soit pst destre delive as ditz Ordinaries ou a lour Comissaries devant le fyn de le disme jour suisdit sil p'ra ascunement p' maladie: et ait chescun Ordinarie suffisantz Comissaries ou Comissair dem'ant en chun Countee en lieu notable, pissint q si ascun tiel endite soit pris q les ditz Comissairs ou Comissair poet estre garny, en le lieu notable ou il est dem'ant, p le Viscount ou ascun de ses Officers p' venir a la Gaole le Roy en mesme le Countee de la resceiver mesme lendite p endentures come desuis. Et qen les enquestes en ceo cas appndrez facent les Viscontz & aut's Offices as queux il appent, empaneller bones & sufficeantz psones nient suspectez ne pcures; cestassavoir tielx q eient au meyns chescun de eux q gra ensi empanelle en tielx enquestez deinz le roialme C s. de Pres tents ou de rent p an, sur peine de pdre al oeps le Roy vingt livs; & ceux q Front empanellez en tielx enquestez en Gales eit chescun de eux a la value de xl. s. p an. Et si ascune tiel psone soit arestue, soit il p lordinairs ou p les Officers ou Ministres de Roy, eschape ou debruse prisone avant qil soit acquite dev'nt lordinaire, soient ses bins & chateux queux il avoit le jour de tiel arrest forfaitz au Roy, & ses Pres & tentz queux il avoit mesme le jour seisez auxi es mains le Roy, & eit le Roy ent les pfitz du dit jour tanq, il soi rende a mesme la prisone dont il eschapa; Et q les avantditz Justices eient pleine poair denquerer de toutz tielx eschapes & debrusere des prisones, & auxi de les Pres tentz biens & chateux de tielx enditez; purveu q si ascun tiel enditee ne retourne a dce prisone & devie nient convict, bien lise a ses heirs dentrer en les Pres & tentz lour auncestre sanz autre p'suite faire au Roy p' celle cause: Et q toutz yceux qont libtees & franchises roialx en Englerre, come le Counte de Cestre le Countee & libtee de Duresme & autres semblables, & auxi toutz les f's qont jurisdiccions & franchises roialx en Gales ou les briefs du Roy ne curront mye, eient semblable poair pour executer

convict by the Laws of Holy Church, in case that these Persons be not indicted of any other Thing, whereof the Conisance belongeth to the secular Judges and Officers; in which Case, after that they be acquit or delivered before the secular Judges of such [Things,'] to the secular Judges belonging, they shall be sent in Safeguard to the said Ordinaries, or to their Commissaries, and to them delivered by Indentures as before, (1) to be acquit or convict of such Lollardries, Errors, or Heresies, as is aforesaid, after the Laws of Holy Church, and that within the Term aforesaid: Provided always, That the said Indictments be not taken in Evidence, but for Information before the Spiritual Judges against such Persons so indicted, but that the Ordinaries commence their Process against such Persons indicted in the same Manner as though no Indictment were, having no Regard to such Indictments. And if any be indicted of Heresy, Error, or Lollardry, and taken by the Sheriff or other Officer (3), he shall be let to Mainprise within the said x. Days by good Surety, for whom the said Sheriffs or other Officers will answer; so that the said Person [or Persons which were] so indicted, be ready to be delivered to the said Ordinaries, or to their Commissaries before the End of the said Ten Days, if he may by any Means for Sickness: And every Ordinary shall have sufficient Commissaries Commissaries or Commissary dwelling in every County in a Place notable, so that if any such Person so indicted be taken, that the said Commissaries or Commissary may be warned in the notable Place where he dwelleth, by the Sheriff or some of his Officers, to come to the King's Gaol in the same County, there to receive the same Person so indicted by Indentures as before. And that in the [Inquest*] in this Case to be taken, the Sheriffs and other Officers to whom it belongeth, shall do to be impaneled good and sufficient Persons, not suspected nor procured; that is to say, That every of them which shall be so impaneled in such Inquest, have within the Realm [of England 5] an Hundred Shillings of Lands, Tenements, or of Rent by Year; upon Pain to lose to the King's Use [Ten Pound,6] and they which shall be impaneled in such Inquests in Wales, every of them shall have to the Value of xl s. by Year. And if any such Person be arrested, be it by the [Ordinary] or by the King's Officers or Ministers, and escape or break the Prison before that he be acquit before the Ordinary, the Goods and Chattels, which he had the Day of such Arrest, shall be forfeit to the King; and his Lands and Tenements, which he had the same Day, seised also into the King's Hands, (8) the King shall have the Profits thereof from the said Day until he [be yielded 9] to the Prison from which he escaped; and that the foresaid Justices have full Power to enquire of all such Escapes (10) breaking of Prison, and also of (11) Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels of such Persons so indicted: Provided [also,"] that if any such Person indicted do not return to the said Prison, and dieth not convict, it shall be lawful to his Heirs to enter into the Lands and Tenements of their Ancestor, without any other Pursuit making to the King for this Cause: And that all they which have Liberties and Franchises Royal in England, as in the County of Chester, the County and Liberty of Durham, and other like, and also all the Lords which have [Jurisdiction 13] and Franchises Royal in Wales, where the King's Writs do not run, have (") Power to execute thing there

Hereticks indicted may be bailed.

Qualification of Jurors.

The Heirs of Persons not convict may their Lands.

3 of the King 4 Inquests

12 Not in Original : MS. Tr. 2. omits.

9 yield bimself

5 Not in Original : MS. Tr. 2. omits.

11 the

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7 Ordinaries

13 Jurisdidions

10 and

and put in [due] Execution these Articles in all Points by them or by their Officers, in [like] Manner as the Justices and other the King's Officers before declared should do.

VIII.
Recital of
the Statute
13 H. IV. c. 7.
against Riots,
&c.

On Default

of Justices,

&c. in exe-

shall be awarded to

cuting recited Statute, Commissions

inquire of the

such Default.

ITEM, Whereas it is contained in the Statute made the Thirteenth Year of the Noble King Henry, Father to our Lord the King that now is, amongst other Things, That if any Riot, Assembly, or Rout of People against the Law be made in any Part of the Realm, then the Justices of the Peace, Three or Two of them at the least, and the Sheriff or Under Sheriff of the County where such Riot, Assembly, or Rout shall be made hereafter, should come with the Power of the said County, if Need were, to arrest them, and them should arrest; and the same Justices, Sheriff, or Under Sheriff, should have Power to record that which they found so done in their Presence against the Law; and that by Record of the same Justices, Sheriff, or Under Sheriff, such Trespassers or Offenders should be convict in Manner and Form as is contained in the Statute of Forcible Entries; and if it happen that such Trespassers or Offenders were departed before the coming of the (') Justices, Sheriff, or Under Sheriff, that the same Justices, Three or Two of them, should diligently inquire within a Month after such Riot, Assembly, or Rout of People so made, and the same hear and determine according to the Law of the Land; and if the Truth could not be found in Manner as afore is said, (1) within a Month then next ensuing, the said Justices, Three or Two of them, and the Sheriff or Under Sheriff (3) should certify before the King and his Council all the Deed and Circumstance of the same; which Certificate shall be of like Force as the Presentment of Twelve Men; upon which Certificate the said Trespassers and Offenders shall be put to answer, and they which be found guilty, shall be punished according to the Discretion of the King and his Council; And moreover, that the Justices of Peace dwelling nearest in every County where such Rout, Assembly, [and 1] Riot of People should be made hereafter, together with the Sheriff or Under Sheriff of the same Counties, and also the Justices of Assises for the Time that they shall be in their Sessions, in case that any such Riot, Assembly, or Rout be made in their Presence, shall make Execution of this Statute, every One of them upon Pain of an Cli. to be paid to the King, as often as they shall be found in Default of Execution of the same Statute: And Forasmuch as many Riots, Routs, and Assemblies have been made in divers Parts of the Realm, since the making and Proclamation of the same Statute, because that the same Statute hath not been put in due Execution, as our Sovereign Lord the King hath perceived by divers and grievous Complaints to him made in this present Parliament; The same our Lord the King, willing hereof to provide a better Remedy, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the Suit of the said Commons, hath ordained and stablished, That if Default be found in the said Two Justices of the Peace, or Justices of Assises, and the Sheriff or Under Sheriff of the County where such Riot, Assembly, or Rout shall be made, touching the Execution that they ought to make by virtue of the said Statute, and whereof the said Statute maketh Mention, that then at the Instance of the Party grieved, the King's Commission shall go out under his Great Seal, to inquire as well of the Truth of the Case, and of the original Matter for the Party Complainant, as of the Default or Defaults of the

said then aforesaid or MS. Tr. 2.

& mettent en execucion en toutz pointz cestes articles p eux ou p lour Officers, p man come ferront les Justices & auts Offics du Roy desuis declarez.

Item come contenue soit en lestatut fait lan treszisme del tsnoble Roy Henry piere a nre f' le Roy qore est entre autres, q si ascun riote assemblee ou route des gentz encontre la leye se ferroit en ascune ptie de roialme, adonges les Justices du pees trois ou deux de eux au meyns & le viscont ou Soutzviscont de Counte ou tiele riote assemble ou route se ferroit, enaps viendrent ove le poair du dit Counte si bosoigne sroit p' eux arester & eux arestrent; & eussent mesmes les Justices Viscount ou South Viscount poair de recorder ceo gils trovent ensi fait en lour psence encountre la leie; et q p le record de mesmes les Justices Viscont ou South Viscount Proient tielx Pspassours ou malfesours convictz, en mane & fourme come est contenue en lestatut de forcibles entrees; et sil aviendroit q tielx rspassours & malfesours fuissent deptiez devent le venue des ditz Justices & Viscont ou Southviscont, q mesmes les Justices trois ou deux de eux enquergent diligealment deins un moys aps tiel riote assemble ou route des gentz ensi faitz, & ent oierent & Pminent solonc la leye de la tre; et si la vite ne p'roit estre trove en mane come devant est dit, adonqes deins un moys lors pschein ensuant ctifierent les ditz Justices troys ou deux de eux & le Viscount ou Suthviscount suisditz devant le Roy & son conseil, tout le fait & les circumstances dicett, quett ctificat soit de autiele force come la Psentement de xij; Sur quett ctificat soient les ditz espassours & malfesours mys a respons & ceux q sont trovez coupables soient puniz solonc la discrecion du Roy & de son dit conseiff; Et outre ceo q les Justices de la pees dem'antz le pluis pschein en chescun Countee ou tiel route assemble ou riote de gentz se ferroit enaps, ensemblement ovesq le Viscont ou Suthviscount de mesmes les Countees, & auxi les Justices dassises p' le temps qils sront en lour sessions en cas q ascun tiel riote assemble ou route se ferroit en lour psence, ferroient execucion de cest estatut, chescun sur peine de C ti. appaierez au Roy a tantz de foitz qils sroient trovez en defaute del execucion de mesme lestatut : Et pur tant q pleuseurs riotes routes & assemblees ont este faitz en divses pties du Roialme puis la confeccion & pclamacion du dit estatut, a cause q mesme lestatut nad mye este mys en due execucion, come nre tssovain f le Roy lad concieu p divses & hidouses compleintz a luy faitz en ceste psent plement; Mesme nre f le Roy voillant sur ceo faire pluis greindre remedie, del advys & assent avantditz & al priere des ditz Cões ad ordeigne & establie, q si defaute soit trovee en les ditz deux Justices de la Pees ou Justices dassises & le Viscount ou Soutzviscount del Countee ou tiele riote assemble ou route se ferra, touchant lexecucion qils doient faire p Vtue del dit estatut & dont mesme lestatut fait mencion, qadonqes al instance de la ptie grevee, issera Comission le Roy desouz son g'unt seal, denquerer sibien de la Vitee del cas & de la matier originale p' la ptie compleignante, come de la defaute ou defautes des

ditz Justices Viscount ou Soutzviscount celle ptie supposez, a adresser as sufficeantz psones indifferentz a la noiacion & advis du Chaunceller Dengletre; & q les ditz Comissions meintenant envoient en la Chauncellerie les enquestes & matiers devant eux celle ptie prisez & trovez: Et outre ceo q les Corons de mesme le Countee p' le temps esteantz, ou tiel riote assemble ou route se ferra, ferront les panelles sur la dce comission retournables, p' le temps q le Viscount issint en defaute supposee estoise en son office; les quelles Corons retournont nulles psones mes tielx q ont tres tentz ou rent a le value de x fi. p an a meyns; Et auxi q mesmes les Corons retournont sur chescun des dces psones a empanellerz a le prim jour qant issuez sont apdrez xx s. au meyns, & a scede jour xl s. a meyns, & a tierce jour C s. a meyns, & a chescun jour aps le double au meyns; les queux issues issint reto'nez p cause de non apparance de tielx empanellez sront adjuggez come forfaitz au Roy & a son oeps levables; Et si defaute soit trovee en les ditz Corons touchant le reto'ne de tielx gentz a empanellerz, ou touchant le retourne dautielx issues come avant est dit, q chescun de eux pdra al oeps le Roy xl fi. Et sil aveigne q le dit Viscount ensi rette en defaute soit descharge de son office a temps q tiel Comission issera hors de la Chauncellerie, gadonges le novell Viscount de mesme le Counte, son successour immediat ou mediat p' le temps esteant, & nient les Corons de mesme le Countee, ferra le panell sur celle comission, retournable en les man & fourme come les ditz Corons ferront en temps gant le Viscount issint rette en defaute esteit en son office; Et q mesme le novell Viscount encourga autiele peine de xl ti. envs le Roi, si ascune defaute en luy soit trovee touchant le retourn dautres psones p luy a empanellerz q nont tres tentz ou rent a le value de x fi. p an, ou de retourne dautielx issues come les ditz Corons sont suischargiez de retournir sicome les ditz Corons sont a pdre envs le Roy ceste ptie. Et q le Chaunceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant, si tost come il purra avoir conusance dautiel route assemble ou riote, il face envoier brief le Roy as Justices de la pees & a Viscont ou Soutzviscont del Countee ou ils sont issint faitz, qils mettent lestatut ent fait en execucion sur la peine contenue en ycelle; Et coment q tiel brief ne veigne mye as ditz Justices & Viscont ou Soutzviscont, eux ne front pas excusez de la peine avantdite sils ne facent mye execucion del estatut P'veu q les Justices & aut's Officers suisditz ferront leur offices suisditz as costages du Roy, en alant dem'rant & retournant en fesantz lour dces offices, p' paiement ent affaire p le Viscont de mesme le Countee p' le temps esteant, p endentures entre le dit Viscont & les ditz Justices & autres Officers suisditz afaires de le paiement suisdit, dont le dit Viscont sur son accompte en lescheqer purra avoir due allouance : Et q tielx riotours atteintz de g'untz & haynoses riotes eient emprisonement dun an entier a meyns, sanz estre lesse hors du prisone p baille mainprys ou en aut mane durant lan suisdit :

supposed, to be directed to sufficient and indifferent Persons, at the Nomination and by the Direction of the Chancellor [of the Realm] of England; and that the said Commissioners presently shall return into the Chancery the Inquests and Matters before them in this Behalf taken and found: And moreover, that the Coroners of the same County for the Time being, [in which County '] such Riot, Assembly, or Rout shall be made, shall make the Panel, upon the said Commission returnable, for the Time that the Sheriff so supposed in Default shall continue in his Office; which Coroners shall return no Persons, but only such which have Lands, Tenements, or Rents to the Value of x l. by the Year at least; And also that the same Coroners shall return Issues against upon every of the said Persons empanelled at the first Day when Issues be to be lost, xx s. at the least, and at the Second Day xl s. at the least, and at the Third Day C s. at the least, and at every Day after the Double at the least; which Issues so returned by Cause of Non-appearance of such Persons empanelled, shall be adjudged as forfeit to the King, and leviable to his Use; and if Default be found in the said Coroners, touching the Return of such Persons to be empanelled, or touching the Return of such Issues, as afore is said, that every of them shall forfeit to the King's Use Forty Pounds: And if it happen that the said Sheriff so reputed in Default, be discharged of his Office at the Time that such Commission shall be awarded out of the Chancery, that then the new Sheriff of the same County, his Successor mediate or immediate for the Time being, and not the Coroners of the same County, shall make the Panel upon this Commission returnable in Manner and Form, as the said Coroners should do in Time when the Sheriff so reputed in Default continued in his Office; and that the same new Sheriff shall incur like Pain of Forty Pounds to the King, if any Default in him be found touching the Return of other Persons by him empanelled, which have not Lands, Tenements, or Rents to the Value of Ten Pounds by Year, or [of 1] returning such Issues [which 3] the said Coroners be above charged to return, as the said Coroners are to lose to the King in this Behalf. And that the Chancellor of England for the Time being, as soon as he may have Knowledge of such Riot, Assembly, or Rout, shall cause to be sent the King's Writ to the Justices of the Peace, and to the Sheriff or Under-Sheriff of the County where they be so [made, 1] that they shall put the Statute (1) in Execution upon the Pain contained in the same; and though that such Writ come not to the said Justices (6) Sheriff, or Under-Sheriff, they shall not be excused of the Pain aforesaid, if they make not Execution of the said Statute. Provided, always, That the said Justices, and other Officers aforesaid, shall execute their Offices aforesaid, at the King's Costs, in going [and continuing 7] in doing their said Offices, by Payment thereof to be made by the Sheriff of the same County for the Time being, by Indentures betwixt the Sheriff and the said Justices and other Officers aforesaid to be made of the Payment aforesaid, whereof the said Sheriff upon his Account in the Exchequer may have due Allowance: And that Punishment such Rioters attainted of great and heinous Riots, shall have one whole Year's Imprisonment at the least, without being let out of Prison by Bail, Mainprise, or in any other Manner during the Year aforesaid:

said Justices, Sheriff, or Under-Sheriff, in this Behalf

The Jury returned by the Coroners if the Sheriff is in Default.

Qualification of Jurors.

Jury may be returned by a new Sheriff.

A Writ from Chancery to execute the

How Justices and Officers shall be paid

VOL. II.

3 B

7 tarrying and returning

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5 thereof made

1 where

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Every able Person shall be assistant to the Justices and Sheriff to repress Riots.

Franchises.

Cities, Boroughs, and Towns Corporate.

Commence ment of Act.

IX. Commission of Murders, Riots, &c. and the Flight of Offenders;

on complaint in Chancery of any such Flight, a Bill shall be made for the King;

Whereupon shall issue a Capias re-turnable in Chancery;

and the Offender, if taken or yielding, may be bailed by the Chancellor.

and that the Rioters attainted of Petty Riots shall have Imprisonment as best shall seem to the King or to his Council; and that the Fines of such Rioters attainted, shall be by the said Justices increased and [put to'] greater Sums than they were wont to be [put '] in such Cases before this Time, in Aid and Supportation (3) of the Justices and other Officers aforesaid in this Behalf: And that the King's liege People, being sufficient to travel in the County where such Routs, Assemblies, or Riots be, shall be assistant to the Justices, Commissioners, Sheriff, or Under-Sheriff of the same County, when they shall be reasonably warned, to ride with the said Justices, Commissioners, and Sheriff, or Under-Sheriff, in Aid to resist such Riots, Routs, and Assemblies, upon Pain of Imprisonment, and to make Fine and Ransom to the King: And that the Bailiffs of Franchises shall cause to be impanelled sufficient Persons as before, upon Pain to lose to the King Forty Pounds, in case that such sufficient Persons may be found within the same Franchises. And that like Ordinances and Pains shall hold Place, and take Effect in Cities, Boroughs, and other [Places and Towns 1] infranchised, which have Justices of the Peace within the Cities, Boroughs, (5) and other Places aforesaid; and that this Statute shall begin to hold Place presently after the Proclamation thereof made.

ITEM, Forasmuch as great and grievous [Complaints have 6] been made to our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Commons in this present Parliament, of divers Murders, Manslaughters, Robberies, Batteries, Assemblies of People in great Number in Manner of Insurrection, and of divers other Rebellions and Riots, and after such Offençes the said Felons and Offenders flee, and withdraw themselves into divers Woods and secret Places and unknown, and elsewhere, to the Intent and Purpose to avoid the Execution of the Common Law, and that they might not be brought to answer (7); Whereupon our Sovereign Lord the King, considering the aforesaid Complaint, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in the same Parliament assembled, hath ordained and stablished at the Request of the said Commons, That if any Person hereafter come into the Chancery, and make Complaint duly that any such Felon or Offender, as afore is said, flee or withdraw himself into any such Place, or elsewhere, to the Intent aforesaid, upon such a Complaint a Bill shall be sufficiently made for the King; and the Chancellor of England for the Time being, after [such a Bill 8] to him delivered, if he may be duly informed that [such a Bill 8] containeth Truth, shall have Power to make according to his Discretion a Writ of Capias at the King's Suit, directed to the Sheriff of the County or Counties where the said Murders, Manslaughters, Robberies, Batteries, and other Offences be supposed by the said Bill to be done and perpetrate, returnable in the said Chancery at a certain Day; and if the Persons in the said Writ contained be taken by the said Sheriff, or yield themselves in the same Chancery, that then such Persons shall be put in Ward or to Mainprise, according to the Discretion of the Chancellor; and moreover [be it commanded 9] to inquire of such Offences, and upon that shall be done as the Law requireth. And if the Sheriff return at the Day of the Capias returnable, that the Persons in the same comprised for any of [these 8] Causes aforesaid, cannot be by him taken, neither the same Persons do yield themselves in the said Chancery,

1 sette in MS. Tr. 2.

e sette MS. Tr. 2.

5 of the Costs

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7 according to Process of law

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to the

Et q les riotours atteintz des petitz riotes eient emprisonement come semble melx a Roy ou a son Conseift; Et q les fyns dicelles riotours atteintz soient p les ditz Justices encressez & mys a greindres somes qils ne soloient estre mys en tielx cases devant ces heures, en aide & supportacion de les costages des Justices & aut's Officers suisditz celle ptie: Et q les lieges du Roy esteantz sufficeantz p' t'vailler en le Countee ou tielx routes assembles ou riotes sont, soient assistentz as Justices Comission's Viscont & Soutzviscont de mesme le Countee, qant ils Front resonablement garniz, p' chivacher ove les ditz Justices Comissioners & Viscont ou Soutzviscont en aide de resistence de tielx riotes routes & assemblez, sur peine demprisonement & faire fyn & ranceon a Roy; Et q les Baillifs des franchises facent empaneler sufficeantz gentz come desuis, sur peine de pdre au Roy xl ti. en cas q. tielx psones sufficeantz p'ront estre trovez deinz mesmes les franchises. Et q semblables ordeignances & peines teignent lieu & force en Citees Burghs & autres Villes & lieux enfranchisez, queux ount Justices de la pees deins les Citees Burghs Villes & autres lieux suisditz; et q cest estatut comenca a tenir lieu meinten'nt aps la pclamacion ent fait.

Item purceo q g'unde & grevouse compleint ad este fait a Roy nre Sovain f p les Cões en cest Psent plement, de divses murdres homicides robberies bateries assemblees de gentz en g'und noumbre p mane dinsurreccion, & de divses auts rebellions & riotes, & aps tieux maffaitz les ditz felons & meffesours senfuent & retrehent as divses boys & lieux covertez & disconuz & aillours, a lentente & purpos de voider lexecucion de la cõe ley & qils ne sroient asmenez a respounse selonc pces de la ley; Sur quoy nre dit sovain f' le Roy considerant la suisdite compleinte, p assent des I's espuelx & temporelx en mesme le plement assemblez, ad ordeine & establiz a la requeste des ditz Cões, q si ascuny en temps avenir viegne en la Chancellarie & face compleint duement q ascun tiel felon ou maffesour come avant est dit sen est fuy ou retrehet a ascun tiel lieu ou aillours a lentente suisdit, soit sur tiel compleint une bille sufficiantment fait p' le Roy, & ait le Chaunceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant abs tiele bille a luy livee sil poet estre enformez duement tiele bille contenir Vitee, poair de faire solonc sa discrecion un brief de Capias a la suite de Roy, direct a Viscount de Countee ou Countees ou les ditz murdres homicides robbies bateries & autres mesfaitz sont supposez p la dce bille estre faitz & ppetrez, retournable en la dce Chauncellarie a ctein jour; et si les psones en le dit brief contenuz soient prisez p le dit Viscount, ou soy rendent en mesme la Chauncellarie, qadonqes soient tielx psones mys en garde ou a mainprise selonc la discrecion du Chaunceller; et outre soit maunde denquerer de tielx malfaitz & sur ceo soit fait come la leie demande. Et si le Viscount retourne a jour de Capias retournable q les psones en ycelles comprisez p ascun de les causes suisditz ne p'ront estre p luy prisez, ne mesmes les psones ne soi rendent en la

de Chauncellerie gadonges face le dit Chaunceller faire brief de pelamacion direct au dit Viscount, retournable en Banc du Roy a ctein jour, qil face pelamacion en deux Countees q les psones en le dit brief nomez veignent a dit jour en le suisdit banc, p' y respondre a la matiere compris en la dče bille sur peine destre convictz de la matier compris deins la dce bille ; & en chescun tiel brief de pclamacion soit contenu la substance de la matier compris deinz la dce bille; & sils ne veignent a jour de tiele pclamacion retournee soient adonqes tenuz & adjuggez p' convictz & atteintz come desuis est dit; Et sils veignent a la pclamacion soit de eux enquis & fait en mane come desuis est dit. Purveu q les suggestions de tielx riotes soient tesmoignez a le Chaunceller Dengletre, p l'es ensealez desoutz les seals de deux Justices du pees a meins & le Viscount del Countee ou tielx riotes Front, devant ceo q tiel brief de Capias soit [g'unte en quel brief de Capias soit '] sibn la matiere expsse quel est compris deins mesme la Bille come en le brief de pclamacion ent affaire. Et si tiel cas aveigne en le Countee Palatyn de Lancastre, ou aillours en franchise la ou il yad Chaunceller & seal, qadonqes le dit Chaunceller Dengletre face escriv ou envoier p brief du Roy a le Chaunceller de tiel Countee ou franchise, toute la suggestion en la dce bille compris, comandant a luy de faire tiel execucion come en le dit article est compris; issint toutz foitz q brief du Roy hors de la Chauncellarie Dengletre ne courge en tiel Countee ou Franchise, autment q nad este usee en temps passe. Et q ceste ordinance estoise en sa force tang, al fyn du pschein plement.

Interlined on the Roll.

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that then the said Chancellor shall cause to be made a Writ of Proclamation directed to the said Sheriff, returnable in the King's Bench at a certain Day, that he shall make Proclamation in Two [Counties'] that the Persons named in the said Writ shall come at the said Day in the Bench aforesaid, there to answer to the Matter comprised within the said Bill, upon Pain to be convict of the Matter comprised in the said Bill; and that in every such Writ of Proclamation shall be contained the Substance of the Matter comprised within the said Bill; And if they come not at the Day of such Proclamation returned, then shall they be holden and adjudged for convict and attainted as aforesaid; and if they come at the Proclamation, it shall be of them inquired and done in Manner as above is said. Provided always, That the Suggestions of such Riots be testified to the Chancellor of England by Letters sealed under the Seals of Two Justices of the Peace at the least, and the Sheriff of the County where such Riots shall be made, before that the Writ of Capias be granted; in which Writ of Capias the Matter which is comprised within the same Bill shall be as well expressed, as in the Writ of Proclamation thereof to be made. And if such Case happen in the County Palatine of Lancaster, or [else'] in any Franchise where there is a Chancellor and a Seal, that then the Chancellor of England shall cause to be written or sent by the King's Writ to the Chancellor of such County or Franchise, all the Suggestion in the said Bill comprised, commanding him to make such Execution as in the said Article is comprised; so always that the King's Writ shall not run out of the Chancery of England in such a County or Franchise, otherwise than hath been used in Time past. And that this Ordinance shall stand in his full Force until the End of the next Parliament.

' County-Courts

e elsewhere

If such
Offender is
not taken,&c.
a Writ of
Proclamation
shall issue
returnable in
the King's

and on Nonappearance the Offender shall be

Suggestions of Riots shall be testified to the Chancellor by Two Justices and the Sheriff.

Process within Counties Palatine, &c.

Continuance of Act.

In Margine Rotuli.

Alia Statuta de eode Anno.

OTHER STATUTES OF THE SAME YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 5.

NOSTRE f' le Roy a son plement tenuz a Westm le lundy aps les oeptaves de Seint Martyn lan de son regne scede, del advis & assent des f's espuelx & tempelx & a les espalx requeste & instance des Coes de son Roialme adongs illoegs assemblez, ad ordeine fait & establie divses ordinances & estatutz en la fo'me qensuit.

Primment, q̃ les Justices de la pees desore enavant affaires deinz les Countees Dengletre, soient faitz de les pluis sufficeantz psones dem'rantz en mesmes les Countees, p advis du Chanceller & Conseyll le Roy, sanz padre auts psones dem'antz en foreins Countees a tiel office occupier, forspris les f's & les Justices dassises ore nomez & anomerz p le Roy & son Conseil; & forspris auxi les Chiefs Seneschalx du Roy des tres & f'ies del Duchee de Lancastre en le North & le South p' le temps esteantz.

sary La Sour IX (agradul)

STATUTE THE SECOND.

OUR Lord the King, at his Parliament holden at Westminster, the Monday next after the Utas of St. Martin, the Second Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Instance and Request of the Commons of his Realm then there assembled, hath ordained, made, and established divers Ordinances and Statutes in the Manner and Form as followeth.

FIRST, That the Justices of the Peace from henceforth to be made within the Counties of England, shall
be made of the most sufficient Persons dwelling in the
same Counties, by the Advice of the Chancellor and of
the King's Council, without taking other Persons dwelling in Foreign Counties to execute such Office, except
the Lords and the Justices of Assises now named and
to be named by the King and his Council; and except
all the King's chief Stewards of the Lands and Seigniories of the Dutchy of Lancaster, in the North Parts,
and in the South, for the Time being.

consists In a saley that The

Justices of the Peace shall be appointed from the Residents: Exceptions. The Statute 36 Edw. III. Stat. 1. ch. 8.

The yearly Wages of Chaplains and Priests.

III. Qualification of Jurors in Pleas of Homicide, and in Pleas Real, and of Forty Marks Damages.

IV. All Silver Gilt shall be of English Sterling.

Price of the Pound Troy of Silver Gilt 46 s. 8 d.

Outrages committed by the Welch.

ITEM, Whereas it is contained in the Statute made the xxxvj. Year of King Edward the Third after the Conquest, That no Parish Priest nor yearly Priest should take but v. Marks, or vj. at the most for their Wages by Year; [And where'] the Parish Priests which now be, will not serve but for x. li. xij. Marks or x. Marks by Year at the least, against the Form of the said Statute, (') to the great Damage of the King's liege People, as he hath perceived by the Complaint of the Commons of his Land: The King willing for the same to provide Remedy in Ease of the said Commons, hath ordained and stablished, That no yearly Chaplain within the Realm shall take from henceforth more for his whole Wages by Year, that is to say, for his Board, Apparel, and other Necessaries, but vij Marks; nor the Parish Priests, which be or shall be retained to serve Cures, shall take from henceforth for their whole Wages by Year, that is to say, for the Things aforesaid but viij Marks; unless it be by Licence of the Ordinary, so that the whole Sum (3) pass not Nine Marks.

ITEM, The King considering the great Mischiefs and Disherisons which daily happen through all the Realm [of England,] as well in case of Death of [a Man, 1] as in case of Freehold, and in other Cases, by them which pass in Inquests in the said Cases, which be common Jurors, and other that have but little to live upon but by such Inquest, and which have nothing to lose because of their false Oaths, whereby they offend their Consciences the more [largely 1]; and willing thereof to have Correction and Amendment, hath ordained and established, by Assent of the Lords and Commons aforesaid, That no Person shall be admitted to pass in any Inquest upon Trial of the Death of [a Man, 1] nor in any Inquest betwixt Party and Party in Plea real, nor in Plea Personal, whereof the Debt or the [Damage o] declared amount to Forty Marks, if the same Person have not Lands or Tenements of the yearly Value of Forty Shillings above all Charges of the same: So that it be challenged by the Party, that any such Person so impannelled in the same Cases hath not Lands or Tenements of the yearly Value of Forty Shillings above the Charges, as afore is said.

ITEM, For that the Goldsmiths of England, of their (7) Covin and [Ordinances,8] will not sell the Wares of their Mystery gilt, but at the Double Price of the Weight of the Silver of the same, which seemeth to the King very outrageous and too excessive a Price; the King for the Ease of his People, willing to remedy the same, hath ordained and established, That all the Goldsmiths of England shall gild no Silver worse than of the Allay of the English Sterling, and that they take for a Pound of Troy gilt but Forty-six Shillings Eight-pence at the most, and of greater Weight, and less, according to the Quantity and Rate of the same Sum; and that which shall be by them gilt from henceforth shall be of reasonable [Price,9] and not excessive; and if any Goldsmith do contrary to this Statute, he shall forfeit to the King the Value of the Thing so sold.

ITEM, Forasmuch as since the Rebellion of the Welchmen now late reformed, many of the Rebels of Wales, with other their Adherents, with Force and Arms in the Manner of War, sometimes by Day, and sometimes by Night, have come into the Counties of Salop, Hereford, and Gloucester, and [in "] other Places bordering upon the same Countries, and in divers Woods and other Places there hid and lodged, have traiterously

1 Omit these Words. 4 Man MS. Tr.2.

and licensed by the Ordinary lightly MS. Tr.2. 2 and

6 Damages

7 comune MS. Tr. 2.

* Ordinance

9 Weight

Itm p la ou est contenue en lestatut fait la [xxxvij'] le Roy E. tierce puis le Conqueste, q nul Chapelein parochiett ou annuett pondroit p' soude p an q vj m'rc ou cynk a pluis; les Chapeleins parochielx & annuelx qore sont ne vorront svir q p' x ti ou xij m'rcz ou x. marcz p an a meyns, encountre la forme du dit estatut & a gand damage de les lieges du Roy come il ad sentu de la compleynt de la Coe de sa re: le Roy voillant a ceo mettre remedie en ease de sa de Coe, ad ordeigne & establie q nuls Chapeleis annuelers dedeinz le Roialme Pignent desore enavent pluis p' lour entier salarie p lan, Cestassavoir p' sez table vesture & aut's necessaires q̃ vij marcz; ne les Chapeleins pochielx q̃ sont ou sront retenuz a svir cures pignent desore enavent p' lour entier salarie annuel Cestassavoir p' les choses aventditz sinon viij mercz; sil ne soit p licence del Ordinarie issint q la some entier licencie p lordinarie ne passe ix m'rcz.

Ifm le Roy considerant les grandes meschiefs & desheritances q de jour en autre aveignent p my tout le Roialme, sibn en cas de mort de home come en cas de franc tent & es auls cases, p eux q passent es enquestes en le ditz cases q sont cões juro's & aut's q nont q poie de vivre mes p tieux enquestes, & les queux nont riens a pdre p cause de lo' faux sementz pont ils le pluis legierment offendent lour conscience; et voillant ent avoir correccion & amendement ad ordeigne & establie p assent des f's & Cões suisditz, q null psone soit admys de passer en ascune enqueste sur trial de mort de home, ou en ascune enqueste pentre ptie & ptie en plee real nen plee psonell dont le dette ou les damages declarez amontent a quarant marcz, si mesme la psone neit Pres ou tentz de annuell value de quarant souldz out les resprises dicelles : Issint qil soit chalange p la ptie q ascun empanelle en mesmes les cases nad my Pres ou tentz a le value annuell de quarant souldz out les charges come avent est dit.

Itm p' ceo q les Orfeours Dengletre de lour coe covyn & ordinance ne voillent my vendre les choses de lour mistier endorrez, sinon a double pris de la pois dargent dicelles, le quett semble a Roy trop outrageous & trop excessive pris, le Roy p' laise de son poeple voillant ceo remedier ad ordeine & establie, q toutz les Orfeours Dengletre suisorrent nutt argent pier q del allaie dest ling Englois; & qils pignent p' la libre de Troy orree xlvj s. viij d. a pluis & de greindre pois & de meindre selonc la quantite & lafferante de mesme la some; et q ceo q sra p eux suisorre desore enavent soit de resonable pois & non pas excessive; et si nul Orfeour face le contrarie forferra a Roy la value de la chose vendue.

Itm p' tant q, puis la rebellion de Gales jatard refo'me, pluseurs des rebeux de Gales ove auts a eux adherentz ove force & armes en man de guerre, ascun foitz p jour & ascun foitz p noet, ont venuz en les Countees de Salop Hereford & Glouc & en aut's lieux a mesme la paiis adgisantz & en divses bois & auts lieux en icelles parties musciez & loggez, ont trailousement

1 xxxvje Lib. Scace. IX. [corrected.]

scī no

& felonousement pris pleuseurs de les foialx lieges du Roy, ascuns chivachantz entour lour michandises & lour auts bosoignes fesantz, & ascuns en lour maisons ou ils furent dem'antz fesantz lour ovaignes & lour husbondrie en la pees Dieu & le Roys, & mesmes ceux lieges du Roy ensi prisez ont amesnez hors de lour paiis as divses parties de Gales, & les ont gardez & detenuz ovesq, eux en les mountaignes dicelles parties de Gales p un demy an, ascun foitz pluitz & ascun foitz meins, tanq, ils ont raunceonez ascun des ditz lieges a C fi. & ascun pluis selonc lour afferante, en semblable mane come est usee en Pre de guerre, a Esg'und damage & meschief de le poeple des ditz Countees & paiis, & a malveis ensample sil ne soit le pluis tost remedie, sicome le Roy a la grevouse compleinte de sa Cõe ad conceu: Nre f' le Roy voillant encountre tieux meffaisours mettre due punissement ad ordeigne & establie, q les Justices du pees deinz les Countees Dengletre assignez p' le temps, aient poair denquerer oier & Pminer toutz man's tielx tresons & felonies, sibn a suite de Roy come a suite de partie; Issint qen cas q tielx malfesours ne vorront apparoir dev'nt les ditz Justices a respoundre come la ley demaunde celle partie, tanq, ils soient solone la custume du roialme Dengletre utlagez, adonqes mesmes les Justices ctifient, p lours tres desoubz lours sealx, les offics de les f'ies es quelx tielx utlagez soient retretz dem'antz ou receantz, de la utlagarie sur eux issint pnuncie; et q mesmes les Offics sur mesme la ctificacion Dignent les corps de mesmes les utlagez, & facent execucion sur eux en mesme le f'ie come la ley le demaunde, saunz fyn ou redempcion celle partie affaire.

Itm come en le plement tenuz lan prim del Roy Henry quart puis le conquest pier a Roy gore est, del advis & assent des f's & Cões assemblez en ycett, ordeyne fuit & assentuz (1) q lestaple des leins quirs peaux lanutz plumbe & estain Proit entierment a Caleys; Save q toutz les michantz de Jene Venys Cateloigne Aragoun & des aut's Roialmes tres & paiis vs le West esteantz del amistee du Roy, qi vorroient amesner a Hampton ou aillours deinz le roialme carraks niefs galeis ou aut's vesseux chargez ou deschargez, y purroient franchement vendre lo' michandises a qi lour plerroit, & illoeqs recharger lour ditz vesseux des leins quirs peaux lanutz plumbe estain & des aut's michandises del estaple, & franchement les amesner en lour paiis Vs le West, selonc la fo'me del estatuit ent fait lan second du Roy Richard scde puis le Conquest; Et save auxi a les Burgeis & mchantz de la Ville de Berewyk sur Twede, & a les resceantz & enhabitantz en ycelle, qils purroient achater leins quirs & peaulx lanutz sibn del cresceance de Teuedale & auts lieux deinz le roialme Descoce, & aut's del cresceance Dengletre Cestassavoir de tout cel lieu qest en? les eawes de Twede & Coket, come del cresceance daut's parties deinz le Roialme Descoce; & mesmes les leins peaulx & quirs tang, al port du dite Ville de Berewyk amesner & carier as foreins pties ou les mettre a vent en la dče Ville de Berewyk, solonc la fo'me & effect dune ordinance ent fait lan prim le dit Roi Richard:

1 See Rot. Parl. 1 Hen. IV. nu. 87.

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and feloniously taken many of the King's faithful liege People, some in riding about their Merchandises and doing their own Businesses, and some in their Houses where they were abiding, doing their Works [in '] their Husbandry in God's Peace and the King's, and those the King's liege People so taken, have [brought'] out of their Country to divers Parts of Wales, and them have kept and withholden with them in the Mountains of those Parts of Wales by Half a Year, sometime more and sometime less, till they have ransomed some of the said liege People [to 3] an C li. and some more after their Rate, in like Manner as is used in [Time 1] of War, to the great Damage and Mischief of the People of the said Counties and Countries, and to an evil Example, if it be not [the rather 1] remedied, as the King by the grievous Complaint of the Commons hath perceived: Our Sovereign Lord the King, willing against all such Offenders to ordain a due Punishment, hath ordained and stablished, That the Justices of Peace within the Counties of England assigned for the Time, shall have Power to enquire hear and determine all Manner of such Treasons and Felonies, as well at the King's Suit as at the Party's: So that in case that such Offenders will not appear before the said Justices, to answer as the Law requireth in this Behalf, till they be according to the Custom of the Realm outlawed, then the same Justices shall certify by their Letters under their Seals, the Officers of the Seignories, in which such Outlaws be withdrawn abiding or resiant, of the Outlawry upon them so pronounced; and that the same Officers upon that Certification, take the Bodies of those Outlaws, and do Execution upon them in the same Seignory, as the Law demandeth, without Fine or Ransom in this Behalf to be made.

ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden the First Year of King Henry the Fourth (6) Father to the King that now is, by the Advice of the Lords and Commons in the same assembled, It was ordained and assented, That the Staple of Wools, Leather, Woolfels, Lead, and Tin, should be wholly at Calais; saving always, that all the Merchants of Genoa, Venice, Catalonia, Arragon, and of other Realms, Lands, and Countries towards the West, being of the King's Amity, that would bring to Hampton or elsewhere within the Realm, Caraks, Ships, Galleys, or other Vessels, [charged or discharged,7] might (8) freely sell their Merchandises to whom pleased them, and there to recharge all their said Vessels of Wools, Leather, Woolfels, Lead, and Tin, and of other Merchandises of the Staple, and freely [bring 9] them into their Country towards the West, after the Form of the Statute thereof Stat. 2. Ric. II. made the Second Year of King Richard the Second stat. 1. ch. 3. after the Conquest; And saved also to the Burgesses and Merchants of the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and to the Resiants and Inhabitants in the same, that they may buy Wools, Leather, and Woolfels, as well of the growing of [Tindale 10] and other Places within the Realm of Scotland, and other of the growing of England, that is to say, of all that Place betwixt the Waters of Tweed and Coket, as of the growing of other Parts within the Realm of Scotland; and the same Wools, Fells, and Leather, to bring to the Port of the said Town of Berwick, and to carry them to Foreign Parts, or set them to Sale in the said Town of Berwick, according to the Form and Effect of an Ordinance thereof made the First Year of the said King Richard:

2 carried the land MS. Tr. 2. after the Conquest, MS. Tr. 2.
there MS. Tr. 2. carry MS. Tr. 2.

7 laden or unladen 10 Tweed-dale

may enquire Outrages.

Proceedings Outlawry Offenders,

VI. Recital of an Ordinance I Hen. IV. respecting the Export of Staple Mer-

Confirmation of the said Ordinance.

Merchants shall find Surety to observe the same.

And now so it is, that certain Merchants, as well of the Isles of Jersey and Guernsey, as Merchants of the Parts of Britanny and Guion, do buy in divers Places of Cornwall whole Tin not molten, and the same carry and send to be sold in divers Parts of France, Normandy, Britanny, Guion, and elsewhere than to the said Staple; and also divers other Merchants, as well Denizens as Strangers, do buy and send molten Tin called shotten Tin, out of the Realm to the Parts of Flanders, Holland, Zealand, and to other Parts beyond the Sea, than to the said Staple, against the Form of the said Ordinance so late made, to the great Fraud, Loss, and Damage to the King, as of his Customs, and to the Hindrance of all [their '] Repairers to the same Staple, as the King is thereof certified by the Motion of his Commons now present: The King considering the same Ordinance to be necessary and profitable for him and the said Staple, will, granteth, and commandeth, That the same shall stand in his Force. And moreover the King, by the Assent of his Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of his Commons here assembled in this Parliament, will and ordaineth, That no Wools, Fells, Leather, Lead, nor Tin, whole, or molten called shotten Tin, nor none other Merchandise of the Staple (2) from henceforth shall be sent nor carried to any Parts beyond the Sea, unless they be first brought to the said Staple after the Form of the said Ordinance made the First Year of (3) King Henry; upon Pain of Forfeiture of all the Merchandises in such Manner sent or carried out of the Realm; unless it be by the King's Licence, and except those Persons, Places, and Things which be excepted in the said Ordinance made in the said First Year of the said King Henry, for the Time that the Persons of the Places so excepted be of the King's Amity, and that in the Form contained in the said Ordinance. And moreover that every Man, except those before excepted, which shall send or carry any such Merchandises of the Staple out of the Realm of England in Time to come, shall find good and sufficient Surety to the King, before his Customers of the Place where the same Merchandises shall be taken and customed within the same Realm, before that he depart with the same Merchandises, that he shall first bring or send them to the said Staple in the Form aforesaid, unless he have the King's Licence as afore is said.

1 the

whatsumever MS. Tr. 2.

the saide MS. Tr. 2.

Twee Town of Borwick upon Trees.

Et ore soit il q cteins mchantz sibn de les Isles de Jersey. & Gersey, come auls michantz de les parties de Bretaigne & de Guyenne, achatent es divses lieux de Cornewaille estain entier nient funduz, & lamesnent & envoient a vendre as divses pties de Fraunce Normandie Bretaigne Guienne & aillo's q a la dce estaple; & auxi divses auts mchantz sibn deinszeins come estraungers achatent & envoient estain founduz appelle Shotentyn hors du Roialme, a les parties de Flaundres Holand Seland & aut's parties de dela aillours q a mesme lestaple encont la fo'me del dce ordinance issint darreinement fait; a Psg'und fraude pde & damage a Roy come de ses custumes, & auxi arrerisment de toutz les reparantz al estaple avantde, come le Roy est de ceo apris a la mocion de sez Cões ore psentz: le Roy considerant mesme lordinance estre necessarie & pfitable p' luy & sa dce estaple voet g'unte & comaunde qele estoise en sa force. Et out ceo le Roy del assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & des Coes cy assemblez en ceste plement voet & ordeigne, q nuls lains peaux quirs plumbe estain entier ou founzduz appelle Shotentyn, nautre michandise del estaple quonq desore enavant soient envoiez ou amesnez a nulles pties de dela, sanz ceo qils soient primment apportez a la dce estaple, solonc la fo'me de la dce ordinance fait le dit an prim du dit Roy Henry; sur peyne de forfaiture de toutz les michandises p tiel mane envoiez ou amesnez hors du Roialme; sil ne soit p licence du Roy & forspris ceux psones lieux & choses q sont forsprises en mesme lordinance fait le dit an prim le susdit Roy Henry, p' le temps q les psones des lieux issint forsprisez soient del amistee le Roy, & ceo en la fo'me contenue en ycelle ordinance. Et out ceo q chescuny, forsprisez ceux q sont avant forsprisez, q envoiera ou amesnera ascuns tieux mchandises de lestaple hors du le roialme Denglerre en temps avenir, trova bon & sufficeante seuretee au Roy, dev'nt sez Custums de le lieu ou mesmes les mchandises sront prisez & custumez deinz mesme le Roialme, avent ceo qil endeptira ove celles mchandises, qil les amesnera a la dee estaple primment en la fo'me avantdee, sil neit licence du Roy come dessuis est dit.

Vot. IL

Serenyk auf Twedy, is a les centratus & enhaldware en

rolalme Descoce, & gara del crescence Dengleres

Anno 3° HENRICI, V. A.D. 1415.

In Margine

Statuta de anno t'cio.

STATUTES OF THE THIRD YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 4.

PAIT assavoir q a le plement tenuz a Westm le lundy pschein aps le fest de toutz Saintz, lan du Regne le Roi Henry quint aps le conqest tierce, fuit fait un estatut p le Roy del assent de toutz les f's espuelx & temporelx a lespale requeste des Coes Dengletre assemblez illoeqs, p' le coe bien & pfit de tout le Roialme : Cestassavoir q les Galyhalpens & la Moneie appelle Seskyn & Doydekyn & toute mane moneie descoce dargent, soient de tout oustez & ne courgent en aps pur nutt paiement deinz le Roialme Dengletre; adjoustant a yceff q pclamacion soit fait p toutz les Countees Denglet're, dedeinz franchises & dehors & dedeinz Citees & Burghs & aillours, q toutz vceaux q aient Galyhalpens Seskyns ou Doydekyns les apportent a les eschaunges nre dit f' le Roy, pentre cy & le feste de Pasq, pschein avenir, p' estre illoeges debrusez, & ceo qest trove bon argent p' estre illoeges ferrez & coynez en mayls Engleys: et q toutz yceux q aps le dit fest de Pasq, ascuns Galyhalpens Seskyns ou Doydekyns facent coynent achatent ou apportent en le dit Roialme Dengletre, pur les vendre ou mettre en paiement deinz mesme le Roialme & de ceo soient atteintz soient adjuggez come felons nie f le Roy; et qils forfacent toutz lo's tres & tenementz bns & chateux et q les f's des queux tielx Pres & tentz sont tenuz eient ent les forfait'es come en autres cases de felonie. Et si ascun liege ou lieges du Roy ou ascun autre psone mettent Galyhalpens Seskyns ou Doykyns en paiement ou receyvent en paiement deinz le Roialme Dengletre & de ceo soient duement atteintz forfacent a chescun foitz qils fount tiel paiement ou resceyt Cs. dount le Roy eit lun moite & celuy q voet suer p' nre le Roy p' les ent atteindre lautre moite. Et q sibn les Justices de la pees deinz toutz les Countees Denglerre, come Mairs & Baillifs deinz Citees & Burghs & Seneschalx des f's en vieu de frank plegge, eient poair denquerrer p bons enquestes devant eux apprendrez de toutz les mars avantditz; et q les ditz Mairs & Baillifs aps les ditz enquestes devent eux prisez mesmes les inquisicions maundent devant les Justices de la pees des Countees es queux les ditz Citees ou Burghs sont; Et q les ditz Justices de la pees eient poair, sibn sur les ditz inquisicions ensy devent tielx Mairs & Baillifs prisez & devant les ditz Justices come avant est dit maundez, come sur autres inquisicions dev'nt mesmes les Justices de la pees en lour Sessions apprendres, touchant les mat's av'ntditz, defaire pcesse & de agarder Capias & Exigend, & toutz les ditz mat's oier & Pminer solom lours discrecions, come en autres cases de felonie & Espasses ad este usee dev'nt ces heures.

T THE Parliament holden at Westminster the A Monday next after the Feast of All Saints, the Third Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fifth (') a Statute was made by the King our Lord, with the Assent of all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, [and at the Request 3] of the Commons of England there assembled for the common Profit and Weal of (*) the Realm:

THAT is to say, That Gally Halfpence, and the Money called Suskin and Dotkin, and all Manner of Scottish Money of Silver, shall be (5) put out, and not be current hereafter for any Payment in the Realm of England; Joined to the same, that Proclamation be made through all the Counties of England within Franchises and without, (6) and elsewhere, that all that have Gally Halfpence, Suskins or Dotkins, shall bring them to the King's Exchanges betwixt this and the Feast of Easter next ensuing, there to be broken, and that that is found good Silver, there to be striken and coined [in 7] English Halfpence: And (8) all they which after the said Feast of Easter do make, coin, buy, or bring into the (°) Realm of England any Gally Halfpence, Suskins, or Dotkins, to sell them, or to put them in Payment in the same Realm, and thereof be attainted, they shall be judged as Felons of our Sovereign Lord the King; and shall forfeit all their Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels, and that the Lords, of whom such Lands and Tenements be holden, shall have and enjoy the Forfeitures as in other Cases of Felony. And if any of the King's liege People or (10) other Person put Gally Halfpence, Suskins, or Dotkins, in Payment, or them receive in Payment, within the Realm of England, and thereof be duly attainted, they shall forfeit at every Time that they make such Payment or Receipt, Cs. whereof our Sovereign Lord the King shall have the one Half, and he that will sue for the King thereof to attaint them, shall have the other Half. And that as well the Justices of Peace within all the Counties of England, as Mayors and Bailiffs within the Cities and Boroughs, and Stewards of Lords in their View of Frankpledge, shall have Power to enquire by good Enquests to be taken before them of all the Matters aforesaid; and that the said Mayors and Bailiffs, after the said Enquests before them taken, shall send the same Inquisitions before the Justices of Peace of the Counties in which the said Cities and Boroughs be; and that the said Justices of the Peace [of the Counties] have Power, as well [of"] the said Inquisitions so taken before such Mayors and Bailiffs, and sent before the said Justices, as afore is said, as upon other Inquisitions before the same Justices of Peace in their Sessions to be taken touching the said Matters, to make Process, and to award the Capias and Exigend, and to hear and determine all the said Matters according to their Discretion as in other Cases of Felonies and Trespasses hath been used before this Time.

after the Conquest, all MS. Tr. 2. Be it Remembered; That s utterly 3 at the special Request 6 and within Cities and Boroughs 7 into 8 that 10 any 11 upon 9 said

Certain Sorts prohibited.

import such Money.

Penalty on receiving the

Justices of the Peace. Mayors, &c. shall inquire of Offences;

Justices may

Anno 4° HENRICI, V. A.D. 1415-16.

Statuta de anno quarto.*

STATUTES OF THE FOURTH YEAR.

OUR Lord the King, at his Parliament holden at Westminster the Monday the [Sixth'] Day of March, the Third Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons assembled in the same Parliament, hath ordained and established divers Statutes and Ordinances in the Form following.

I. Liberties confirmed:

Exceptions.

II.
Privilege to
Abbots, &c.
to make their
Attornies in
the Courts
of certain
Wapentakes.

FIRST, That Holy Church have all her Liberties and Franchises; and that (*) the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and other the King's liege People, having Liberties and Franchises, and all the Cities and Boroughs of the Realm, have and enjoy all their Liberties and Franchises, which they have had of the Grants of the King's Progenitors, and of the Confirmation of the same our Lord the King, or his (3) Grant; except always those Franchises and Liberties which be repealed in this present Parliament, and those that be repealable by the Common Law.

ITEM, Forasmuch as there be divers Abbots, Priors, and other religious Persons, whereof some be of the King's Foundation, and some of the Foundation of other Lords of the Realm [of England,] dwelling as well within the County of Lancaster as in the County of York, whereof some have Possessions within the Wapentakes of Stancliffe Wapentake, and Frendles Wapentake, in Craven in the (4) County of York, and some not, against whom divers Persons daily by Abettment and Procurement of the Bailiffs, Approvers of the Courts of the said Wapentakes, and (5) the Stewards that hold Pleas in the said Courts, and of Fermours of the Profits and Revenues of the said Courts, feign and procure by them and other of their Covin and Assent, divers Plaints (6) Pleas of Debt, and Trespass, and other Pleas against them in the Courts of the said Wapentakes; and there whereas the same Abbots and Priors come to the said Courts, [for the Defence of 7] such wrongful Plaints and Pleas, and pray and profer to the Stewards and Bailiffs of the said Courts to make their Attornies in such Pleas; the said Stewards and Bailiffs the same refuse, and will not receive such Attornies of such Abbots and Priors in any Plea of Debt or Trespass, nor in any other Plea; and that moreover the same Stewards and Bailiffs of their own Authority do amerce the said Abbots and Priors for every Plaint, at the first Time xij d. and at every other Time for every of the said Plaints x s. and xx s. and more at their own Will;

Sixteenth

all

3 own MS.Tr. 2. 4 said

6 and 7 to defend themselves against

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 4.

Nre f' le Roy a son plement tenuz a Westm [le lundi'] le seszisme jour de Marcz lan de son Regne tierce, del advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la request des Cões assemblez en mesme le plement, ad ordeignez & establiz divses ordinances & estatutz en la fo'me qensuit.

Primement q Seinte Esglise eit toutz ses libtees & franchises et q toutz les f's espuelx & tempelx & les aut's lieges du Roi eiantz libtees & franchises, & toutz les Citees & Burghs du Roialme eient & enjoient toutz lo's libtees & franchises, queux ils ount des grantes de les pgenito's nre f' le Roy & de la confermement mesme nre f' le Roi ou son grante demesne; forspris ceux franchises & libtees queux sont repellez en cest psent plement, & ceux q sont repellablez p la coe leie.

Item pur ceo q pluseurs Abbees Priours & aut's religeouses y soient, dont ascuns sont del fundacion nre f' le Roy & ascuns del fundacion dauts f's du Roialme, dem'antz sibien deinz le Countee Devwyk come en le Countee de Lancastre, dont ascuns ont possessions deinz les Wapentakes de Stayneclif Wapentake & Frendeles Wapentake en Craven en le dit Countee Devwyk & ascuns nemy vs queux pluseurs gents de jour en autre p peurement & abettement des Baillives approvers des Courts des ditz Wapentakes, & des Seneschalx q tiegnent plees es ditz Courts, & des Ferms des pfitz & revenuz des ditz Courts, feinont & pcurent p eux & auts de lour covyn & assent divses pleints & plees de dette & Pspas & aut's plees divses es Courts des ditz Wapentakes; et la ou mesmes les Abbees & Priours veignont as ditz Courts pur lour defendre de tieux torcenouses pleints & plees, & priont & pferont as Seneschalx & Baillives des ditz Courts de faire lour atto'nes en tieux plees, les ditz Seneschalx & Baillives les refusent & ne veullent resceiver tieux atto'nes de tieux Abbees & Priours, en nuft plee de dette de Espas nen aut plee; Et q outre ceo mesmes les Seneschalx & Baillives de lour auctorite demesne amciont les ditz Abbees & Priours pur chescun pleint, a prim foitz xij d. & a chescun aut foitz pur chescun des ditz pleints x s. & xx s. & pluis a lour voluntee;

Interlined on the Roll.

The Words "eodem 30" are added, in a modern Hand. The 16th of March, on which Day the Session began, was only a few Days preceding the End of the Third Year of the King's Reign: The Parliament was afterwards adjourned to Three Weeks after Easter, in the Fourth Year of his Reign: In all the Printed Copies and in MS. Tr. 2. this is distinguished as the Second Statute of 3 Hen. V.: and the Parliament Roll of this Session is distinguished as 3 Hen. V. Part II.

a Psg*nde damage & anientisment de les Abbees & Priours avantditz & encontre reson & la cõe ley de la tre; Si ad le Roi ordeigne en remedie de les ditz grevances q toutz tieux Abbees & Priours & lour Successours & chescuny de eux ensy vexez ou a vexerz es ditz Courts purront faire lour atto'nees ou atto'nee genalx ou genal, cestassavoir chescun de eux desoutz le cõe Seal de sa maison, p' gain & pdre en chescun mane de plee de dette & Espas & en aut plee qconq moevee ou amoveer es ditz Courts & en toutz aut's Courts dedeinz les Wapentakes av ntditz. Et q les Seneschalx & Baillives des ditz Courtes receivent les ditz atto nees issint faitz & nomez sanz ascun cont diccion; Et si mesmes les Seneschalx ou Baillives refusent de receiv ascun ou ascuns tieux atto'nees ou atto'nee issint faitz & nomez affaire ou a nom, gadonges les ditz Seneschalx & Baillives a chescun foitz de tiel refuser de tielx atto'nees forfacent & encourgent la peine de dys livs a Roi. Et q les ditz Abbees & Priours ou lour Successours es ditz Courts nen ascune deux p' ascune nonsuite ou defaute ne soient amciez en nuff mane autment qe seculers psones. Et qe ceste Ordinance estoise en sa force p tout lan pschein avenir & tang a le plement mesme lan pscheinement ensuant.

Item p' ceo q pluseurs Bretons sont jatard venuz deinz le roialme, ascuns de eux dem'antz ento' la psone du Roigne en son hostelf & ascuns bien ps le dit hostell & aillo's deinz mesme le roialme, pur oier savoir & entendre les secretes du roialme & les discover as Bretons q sont les grendres enemys a Roi & a son roialme, & pur lemporter les moneie & joialx hors du dit roialme en grande Pjudice & damage a Roi & a tout le Roialme, come le Roi a le grevous compleinte des ditz Cões est de ceo appris; Si voet mesme nre f le Roi & ad ordeigne q toutz tieux Bretons en lostiel du Roigne, & aut's q dem'gent ps mesme lostiel & aillo's nient faitz deinszeins, soient voidez hors du roialme & q pclamacion soit fait q les ditz Bretons se voident hors du roialme pent cy & le fest de Seint John le Baptre pschein avenir & ceo sur peine de vie & de membre.

Item combien en temps le Roi Henry quart pier a Roi nre Essovain f' q Dieu assoille, lan de son regne septisme p' eschuer pluseurs discordes & debates & divses auts meschieves vraisemblables a sourder & avenir, a cause de plusours pvisions adongs faitz & affairz p lappostoill & auxi des licences s' ceo g'untez p le dit nadgairs Roi, entre aut's choses ordeignez estoit & establiz q nuff tiele licence ou pdon ensy gantee pdev'nt mesme lordinance ne ag'ntier enaps sroit vaillable a ascune benefice plein dascun incumbent a jo' del date de tiele licence ou pdon grante; Nientlemains divses psones eiantz pvisions de lappostoill de divses benefices en Engletre & aillours, & licences roialx p' execut les ditz pvisions, ont p colo' dicelles pvisions & licences & acceptacions des ditz benefices subtielment oustez divses psones de lour benefices, es queux ils ont estez incumbentz p long temps del collacion des vraies patrons espuelx a eux faitz duement a lour entent, a finalt destruccion & envacion destates dicelx incumbentz;

to the great Damage and Grievance of the said Abbots and Priors, and against Reason and the Common Law of the Land; the King hath ordained (') Remedy of the said Grievances, that all such Abbots and Priors, and their Successors and every of them, so vexed [and 1] to be vexed in the said Courts, may make their general Attornies or Attorney, that is to say, every of them under the Common Seal of his House, to gain and lose in every Manner of Plea of Debt and Trespass, and in any other Plea moved or to be moved in the said Courts and in all other Courts within the said Wapentakes. And that the Stewards and Bailiffs [in] the said Courts receive the said Attornies so made and named without any Contradiction; and if the same Stewards or Bailiffs refuse to receive any such Attornies or Attorney so made and named, to be made or to be named, that then the (4) Stewards and Bailiffs at every Time of such Refusal of such Attornies, shall forfeit and incur the Pain of Ten Pounds to our Sovereign Lord the King. And that the said Abbots and Priors, or their Successors in the said Courts, nor none of them, be in any wise amerced for any Nonsuit or Default otherwise than secular Persons. And that this Ordinance stand in his Force for all the Year next following, and till the Parliament in the same Year next following.

ITEM, Whereas divers [Britons 3] be now late come within the Realm, some of them abiding about the Queen's Person in her House, and some nigh the said House, and elsewhere within the said Realm, for to hear, know, and perceive the [Secretness 6] of the Realm, and the same to discover to [Britons, 5] which be the greatest Enemies of the King and of his Realm, and for to carry away the Money and Jewels out of the said Realm, in great Prejudice and Damage to the King and to all his Realm, as our Sovereign Lord the King by the grievous Complaint of his Commons is instructed; the same our Sovereign Lord the King will and hath ordained, That all such [Britons 5] [dwelling] in the Queen's House, and other abiding nigh to the same House and elsewhere, not made Denizens, shall be voided out of the Realm: and that Proclamation be made, that the said [Britons 3] do [void 7] out of the Realm betwixt this and the Feast of Saint John the Baptist next coming, and that upon Pain of Life and of Member.

ITEM, Whereas in the Time of King Henry the Fourth, Father to our Sovereign Lord (*), whom God forgive, the Seventh Year of his Reign, to eschew many Discords and Debates, and divers other Mischiefs which were likely to rise and happen, because of many Provisions then made, [or 9] to be made by the Pope, and also of Licences thereupon granted by the said late King, amongst other Things It was ordained and stablished, That no Licence or Pardon so granted before the same Ordinance, nor after to be granted, should be available to any Benefice full of [an "] Incumbent at the Day of the Date of such Licence or Pardon granted; Notwithstanding several Persons having Provisions of the Pope of divers Benefices in England, and elsewhere, and Licences Royal to execute the said Provisions, have, by Colour of the same Provisions, (") Licences, and Acceptations of the said Benefices, subtilly excluded divers Persons of their Benefices, in which they have been Incumbents by a long Season, of the Collations of the (") Patrons Spiritual, to them duly made to their Intent, to the utter Destruction and Subversion of the Estates of the said Incumbents;

in or of said Bretons MS. Tr.2.

6 secrets 7 depart the King that now is and only of any of and only of the King that now is

Penalty on Stewards, &c. refusing to receive such Attornies.

All Bretons not denizened shall quit

IV.
Recital of
St. 7 H. IV.
c. 8. against
Provisions to
Benefices
being full of
Incumbents 4

Vol. II.

Incumbents shall hold their several Benefices unmolested by such Provisions.

Disturbers by Provisions, &c. subjected to Process of Premunire; and Treble Damages,

V. Recital of St. 13 Ric. II. Stat. 1. c. 18.

The Name of Bailiffs of Lincoln changed to Sheriffs, by Charter, in 11 Hep-IV.

Upon false Verdict in the County of the City of Lincoln, Attaint may be brought in the County of Lincoln.

The King willing to remove such Mischief, hath ordained and established, That all the Incumbents of every Benefice of Holy Church, of the Patronage, Collation, or Presentation of Spiritual Patrons, may peaceably and quietly enjoy, and shall enjoy their said Benefices, without being inquieted, molested, or any wise grieved by any (') Colour of such Provisions, (') Licences, and Acceptations whatsoever; and that all the Licences and Pardons upon and [by3] such Provisions made in any Manner, shall be void and of no Value. And if any feel himself grieved, molested, or inquieted in any wise from henceforth by any, by Colour of such Provisions, Licences, Pardons, or Acceptations, that the same Molesters, Grievers, [and 1] Inquieters, and every of them, shall suffer and incur the [Pain 1] and Punishments contained in the Statutes (5) of Provisors before this Time made, and that by Process of Præmunire facias formed upon the Case; and that the Party which shall sue by the same Writ, shall recover his Treble Damages, if the Defendants named in the same Writ, or any of them, be convict in that Behalf.

ITEM, Whereas by the Statute made in the Parliament holden at Westminster the Thirteenth Year of (6) King Richard the Second, (7) It was ordained and stablished, That in Assises, Juries, and all other Inquests, which thenceforth should be taken betwixt Party and Party, before the Mayor and Bailiffs of the City of Lincoln, which for the Time should be, if any of the Parties then did [complain him 8] of a false Oath made by such Assises, Juries, or Inquests, that the Attaint should be granted to him, and the Record should be sent by Writ into the King's Bench, or into the Common Bench; and that the Sheriff should array the Panel of the Jury of such Attaint, of Foreigners, without sending to the Franchise of the said City; and (°) the Justices should take the same Jury of the same Foreigners, notwithstanding any Franchise granted to the said City, or any other Usage to the contrary; Nevertheless, Forasmuch as the Lord Henry, late King of England, Father to our Sovereign Lord the King aforesaid, the Twenty-first Day of November, the [Thirteenth 10] Year of his Reign, by his Letters Patents, amongst others, granted to the Mayor and Commonalty of the said City, that the Name of Bailiffs of the same City should be translated into the Name of Sheriffs; and that the same City, the Suburbs, and Precinct of the same, except the Castle (") of Lincoln, and the Walls and Ditches of the same, should for ever be called The County of the City of Lincoln; divers People be and have been in Doubt, whether a Man that will complain of a false Oath made in the County of the said City [after, by Force of the said Statute, should "] have a Writ of Attaint directed to the Sheriff of the County of Lincoln, to be arrayed by the People of the same County, or not, and also of other Articles and Points of the said Statute: The King willing to remove all Manner of Ambiguities and Doubts in this Behalf, hath ordained, granted, and established, That in Assises, Juries, and all other Inquests which be and shall be taken betwixt Party and Party, before the Mayor and Bailiffs, [and before the 13] Sheriff of the County of the City of Lincoln, which for the Time is, and shall be, or any of them, if any of the said Parties do complain of a false Oath made by such Assises, Juries, [and 13] Inquests, a Writ of Attaint shall be granted to him, (") directed to the Sheriff of the said County

of the Reign of that to Eleventh to and Bayl to ann, by force of the said Statute, to be the said

Le Roi voillant oustier tiele meschief Si ad ordeigne & establie, q toutz les incumbentz de qconqes benefices de Seinte Esglise del pronage collacion ou Psentacion des patrons espuelx, puissent peisiblement & quietement enjoier & enjoient lour ditz benefices sanz estre inquietez molestez ou grevez ascunement p ascuny p colour de tieux pvisions ou licences & acceptacions qconqes; Et q toutz les licences & pdons sur & p' tieux pvisions faitz en ascun mane soient voidez & de null value. Et si ascuny se sente grevee moleste ou inquiete ascunement desorenavant p ascuns ou ascuny p colour de tieux pvisions licences pdons ou acceptacions, q mesmes les grevo's molestours ou inquietours & chescuny de ceux eient & encourgent ait & encourge les peines & punissementz en les estatutz & ordeignances des pvisours avant ces heures faitz contenuz, & ceo p pces de pmunire fac fo'mee sur le cas ; Et q la ptie q pursuera mesme le brief recova ses damages a treble si les defendantz en mesme le brief nomez ou ascuny dicelles soient ou soit convictz ou convict ceste ptie.

Item combien p estatut fait en le plement tenuz a Westm lan du Reigne le Roi Richard scde puis le conquest treszisme, ordeigne fuit & establie qen assises Jurees & toutz auts enquestes queux delors Proient prisez pent ptie et ptie, devent les Mair & Baillives de la Citee de Nichole q p' le temps Proient, si ascune des pties delors soi pleindroit de faux sement fait p tielx assises Jurees ou enquestes, latteint luy Proit grantee, & le record sroit mandee p brief en Banc le Roy ou en coe Banc, et q le Viscont arraieroit le Panell del Juree de tiele atteinte des foreins sanz mander al franchise du dee Citee, et q les Justices pondroient mesme la Juree de mesmes les foreins, nientcontreesteant ascune franchise gentee au dite Citee ou autre usage a contraire; Jalemeins p' tant q Sir Henry nadgairs Roi Denglerre Pier a nee Pssovain f' av'ntdit, le xxj jo' de Novembr lan de son Regne unszisme, p ses lies patentz ent aut's g'unta as Mair & Coalte de la dite Citee q le nou des Baillives de mesme la Citee Proit t'nslatee en le nou des Viscontz, et q mesme la Citee les suburbes & le purceint dicett, forspris le Chastell & le Bayle de Lincoln & les mures & fosses dicett, alors pur toutz jours sroit appellee le Countee del Citee de Lincoln; pluseurs gentz sont & ont esteez en ambiguitee le quett home q pleindre se vorra de faux sement fait en le Countee du dite Citee, puisse p force del estatut suisdit avoir brief de atteinte adresser a Viscount del Countee de Nichole destre arraie p gentz de mesme le Countee ou nemy, & auxint dau's articles & points de mesme lestatut: Le Roi voillant ouster toutz mans ambiguitees & awerestees ceste ptie, Si ad ordeigne gente & establie qen assises Jurees & auts enquestes qconqes, q sont & Front prisez pent ptie et ptie dev'nt les Mair & Baillives ou Viscont del Countee de la dite Citee de Nichole q p' le temps furent & Front ou ascuns de eux, si ascun des pties soi pleint de faux sement fait p tieux assises Jurees ou Enquestes brief datteint luy soit gentee adresser al Viscont del dit Countee

de Nichole p' le temps esteant, & le record soit mandee p brief en Banc le Roy, ou en coe Banc; et q le Viscont del Countee de Nichole q p' le temps Bra arraie le Panett del Juree de tiel atteinte des gentz del Countee du Nichole; Et q les Justices du Roi & de ses heirs pignent mesme la Juree des gentz del Countee de Nichole, solonc lentent & leffect del dit estatuit; les ditz lies patentz ou riens leins contenuz ou ascune possession ou autre chose p force de mesmes les lifes euz ou faitz, ou ascune franchise g'ntee ou ag'ntier as Citezeins du dite Citee ou a lour Successours, ou autre usage a contire, ou ceo q la dite Citee de Nichole est ensy fait incorporate Countee p luy mesmes & sevee del Countee de Nichole, non obstantz.

Item pur ceo q dev'nt ces heures g'nde doute & awereuste ad este le quell la tonsure loture & fylynge de la moneie de la Pre duissent estre adjuggez treson, ou nient a cause q nult mencion ent est fait en la declaracion des articles de traison faitz en le plement tenu lan vignt & quint del noble Roi Edward besaiel a nre dit Pssovain f' le Roi, Mesme nre f' le Roy voillant ouster tiele doute & le mettre en ctein, ad declaree en cest Psent plement q tieux tonsure loture & filer soient adjuggez p' traison; & q ceux q tondent lavent & filent la moneie de la Pre soient adjuggez traito's a Roi & a le roialme & encourgent la peine du traison.

Item pur ceo q contrefaiture tonsure & loture & autre fauxine de la moneie de la Pre est le pluis usee & pluis se habunde de jour en autre q ne soleit, a cause q le punissement dicelles napptient a ascun Juge du roialme sinon as Justices du Roi devant luy mesmes ou [dev'nt Justices'] p espalx Comissions a ceo assignez, a Praisemblable destruccion de la dite moneie sinon q pluis hastive execucion & remedie soit ordeigne, come le Roi a le grevous compleint des ditz Cões ad conceu; Mesme nre f' le Roi voillant ceo remedier, Si ad ordeigne & establie q les Justices du Roi as assises Padre, assignez & assignerz en toutz les Countees Dengletre, eient poair p Comission le Roi doier & rminer en lour Sessions sibien de contrefaiture & de lapporte de tieux fauxe moneie en Engletre, come de tonsure loture & chescune autre fauxine du dite moneie. Et q les Justices de la pees p my le roialme eient poair p comission le Roi denquerer de toutz tieux mars, & sur ceo faire pces p capias tantsoulement vs ceux qu dev'nt eux Front ent enditez.

Item pur ceo q les Cões du roialme ont sovent en divses plementz compleinez de ceo q les Ordinaries Dignent p' la phacion dun testament & aut's choses a les offices en ycell ptie regardantz, ascun foitz xl. s. ou lx. s. & ascun foitz pluis encontre droit & ley, & au?ment q lem soleit paier p' yceux en temps le Roy Edward besaiel a Roi nre & Pssovain, cestassavoir ij s. vj d. ou v s. a pluis, pont le testament del testato' ne poet estre execut solonc la darrein voluntee de mesme le testato a gende damage & arerisment des ditz Cões;

Old Printed Copies omit.

of Lincoln for the Time being, and the [same'] Record shall be sent by a Writ into the King's Bench, or into the Common Bench; and that the Sheriff of the County of Lincoln, which for the Time shall be, shall array the Panel of the Jury of such Attaint of People of the County of Lincoln; and that the Justices of the King and of his Heirs shall take the same Jury of People of the County of Lincoln, according to the Intent and Effect of the said Statute; notwithstanding the said Letters Patents, or any Thing therein contained, or any Possession or other Thing by Force of the same Letters had or made, or any Franchise granted or to be granted to the Citizens of the said City, or to their Successors, or other Usage to the contrary, or that the said City of Lincoln is so made [incorporate.']

ITEM, Because that before this Time great Doubt and Ambiguity hath been, whether that Clipping, Washing, and Filing of the Money of the Land, ought to be judged Treason, or not, Forasmuch as no mention thereof is made in the Declaration of the Articles of Treason made in the Parliament holden the Twenty-fifth Year of (1) King Edward [the Third; 1] the same our Lord the King, willing to [decide 5] such Doubt, and to put the same in a Certainty, hath declared in this present Parliament, that such Clipping, Washing, and Filing shall be adjudged for Treason; and (6) they which so do clip, wash, and file the Money of the Land, shall be judged Traitors to the King and to the Realm, and shall incur the Pain of Treason.

ITEM, Because counterfeiting, clipping, (7) washing, and other [Falsity of Money 8] of the Land, is much more used, and daily doth more abound than it was wont, for that the Punishment of the same pertaineth not to any [Judges 9] of the Realm, but to the King's Justices before himself, or (10) by special Commissions thereto assigned, [and it is very likely there will be Destruction"] of the (") Money, unless [hasty "] Execution and Remedy be provided, as the King by the grievous Complaint of the Commons hath perceived; Our said Lord the King willing to remedy the same, hath ordained and established, That the King's Justices assigned (") to take Assises in all the Counties of England shall have Power by the King's Commission to hear and determine in their Sessions, as well of the counterfeiting, and of the bringing of such false Money into the Realm, as of clipping, washing, and every other [Falsity 15] of the said Money: And that the Justices of Peace through the Realm shall have power by the King's commission to inquire of all such Matters, and thereupon to make Process by Capias only against those which before them shall be thereof indicted.

ITEM, Whereas the Commons of the Realm have oftentimes in divers Parliaments complained of that, that [divers 16] Ordinaries do take for the Probate of a Testament, and other Things pertaining to the Offices in this Behalf, sometime Forty Shillings, or [Fifty '7] Shillings, and sometime more, against Right and Law, and otherwise than was wont to be paid for them, in the Time of King Edward [the Third, 1] that is to say, Two Shillings Sixpence, or Five Shillings at the most, whereby the Testament of the Testator may not be executed, according to the last Will of the same Testator, to the great Damage and Hinderance of the [Commonwealth:18]

MS. Tr. 2. omits this Word. 2 an incorporate County by itself, and severed from the County of Lincoln. the noble MS. Tr. 2.

4 Great Grandfather to our Sovereign Lord the King, savoid that 7 and stalsyng of the money MS. Tr. 2.

9 Judge 10 before Justices 11 to the probable Destruction 12 said

14 and to be assigned 13 more speedy 15 falsyng MS. Tr. 2. 16 the 17 lx.

18 said Comunes MS.Tr. 2.

The clipping, washing, and filing of Money,

25 Edw. III. Stat. 5. ch. 2.

VII.

Justices of hear and determine Offences of feiting, &c. of Money.

Justices of Peace may issue Capias for such Offences.

VIII. The Fees of Ordinaries for Probates of Testaments,

In Margine

Account by

Executors.

The King willing for the Wealth and Ease of his People to avoid such Oppression, and to provide Remedy in the Case, hath ordained, That none Ordinary shall take from henceforth, for the Probate of any Testament, with the Inventory, and for the other Things appertaining to the same, no more than was accustomed and used [in this Part '] in the Time of the said [King Edward the Third,'] upon Pain to yield to him that feeleth him grieved the Treble so received, if he will sue by the Course of the (3) Law: So that all Manner of Executors shall yield their Accounts to the Ordinaries, wholly of [the Testator's Goods.4] And that this Ordinance stand in his Force till the End of the Year next coming, and moreover till the Parliament the same Year next ensuing.

in that Behalf Great Grandfather of the King . the Goods of their Testators.

le Roi, voillant pur le bien & laise de son people ouster tiele oppssion & mettre remedie en le cas, Si ad ordeigne q nutt Ordinarie pgne desorenavant pur la pbacion dun testament, ovesq, le Inventarie & pur les auts choses a ycett regardantz riens pluis q ne fuist acustume & usee cell ptie en temps du dit besaiel a Roi, sur peine de rendre a cely q se sente estre grevee le treble issint receu sil voille suer p cours de la cõe ley: Painssy q toutz mans executo's rendent lo' accomptes as Ordinaries entierment des biens lour testato's. Et q ceste Ordinance estoise en sa force tanq a fyn del an pschein avenir & out ceo tanq a le plement mesme lan pscheinement ensuant.

Statuta de [eodem '] Anno 4.

STATUTES OF THE SAME FOURTH YEAR. A.D. 1416.

en la fourme qensuit.

T the Parliament holden at Westminster the Nine-A teenth Day of October, the Fourth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fifth after the Conquest; the same our Lord the King, with the Assent of the Prelates, Dukes, Earls, (1) Barons, and at the special Instance and Request of the Commons assembled in [the same '] Parliament, hath [caused to be '] ordained and stablished certain Statutes and Ordinances, in the Form as followeth.

FIRST, That the Great Charter, and the Charter of the Forest, and all other Statutes and Ordinances made in his Time, and in the Times of his noble Progenitors Kings of England, and not repealed, shall be firmly holden and kept in all Points.

> ITEM, That all the Sheriffs of England shall have Allowance upon their Accompts, by their Oaths, of Things casual, as of Estreats that [be not 1] in Ferm nor in (5) Demand; but of all such Things that [be 6] or run in (7) yearly Ferms or yearly Demands, they shall be charged to the King, as the Sheriffs have been charged in that Case in Times past.

> ITEM, That the Patenmakers in the Realm of England, from henceforth shall make no Patens nor Clogs of Timber called Aspe, upon Pain to pay to the King a Hundred Shillings, at every Time that the said Patenmakers make any Patens or Clogs of the said Timber. And that every Man that will sue for the King, shall have the One Half of the [Pain 8] so forfeit; so that the Fletchers through the Realm shall sell their Arrows at a more easy and reasonable Price from henceforth than they were wont.

> ITEM, Whereas in a Statute made at [Canterbury,9] in the Time of King Richard the Second, (10) the Twelfth Year of his Reign, certain Wages was ordained by the Year for Bailiffs and other Servants of Husbandry, and also for other Servants and Labourers, as well within Cities and Boroughs as elsewhere through the Realm;

1 and MS Tr. 2. 3 made MS. Tr. 2.

* this present MS. Tr. 2. soune not, nor runne

s yearly 6 soune 8 Penalty 9 Cambridge

7 suche MS. Tr. 2. 10 after the Conquest, MS.Tr. 2.

U Plement tenuz a Westm le xix jour Doctobr A lan du regne le Roy Henry quint puis le conquest quarte, mesme nre f' le Roy del assent des platz Ducs Countz & Barons & a les espalx instance & requeste des Cões assemblez en cest psent plement, ad fait ordeine & establie cteins estatutz & ordeinances

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 3.

Primement q la grande Chartre & la Chartre de la Foreste & toutz aut's estatutz & ordeinances faitz en son temps & es temps de ses nobles pgenito's Rois Dengletre & nient repellez soient fermement tenuz & gardez en toutz pointz.

Item q toutz les Viscontz Dengletre eient allouance sur lour accompts p lour sementes des choses casuels come des extretz q ne sounent ne courgent my en ferme nen demande annuelt; mes de toutz ceux choses q sounent ou courgent en tieux fermes annuelx ou demandes annuelx soient ils chargez envs le Roi come les Visconts ont estez chargez devant ces heures en le cas.

Item q les Patynmakers dedeinz le Roialme Dengle-Tre desore enavent ne facent ascuns patyns ne clogges del maeresme appelle Aspe sur peine de paier a Roi Cs. a chescun foitz q les ditz Patynmakers fount ascuns patyns ou clogges du dit maeresme. Et q chescun q voet suer p' le Roy eit lune moite de la peine issint forfaite; painsi q les Flecchers pmy le roialme vendent lour seetes a pluis aise & resonable pris desore enavent q ne soleient vendre avant ces heures.

Item come en un estatut fait a Cantebrigge en temps du Roi Richard scde puis le conquest lan de son regne duszime, ordeignez estoient cteins louers p an p' Baillives & aut's Svantz de housbondrie & auxint p' aut's Svantz & Laborers sibien dedeinz Citees & Burghs come aillours p my le Roialme;

Charters and Statutes confirmed.

II. Allowances of Casualties to Sheriffs.

III. No Pattens allowed to be made of Aspe.

IV. Penalty of St. 12 R. II. c. 4. for excessive Wages, shall be imposed pon the Taker only.

See Note to the First Statute of this Year, ante pa. 192.

Et q si nutt donne ou pigne p covenant p an pluis q nest especefiee en le dit estatut, q a le prim foitz qils fuissent ent atteintz sibien les donours come les pnours paierent lexcesse issint donee, & a la scde foitz le double del excesse issint donee : Et pur tant q les Dono's qant ils ont estee sementez devent les Justices de la pees ne voileient tiel excesse en null mane psenter, pur eschuer lour punissement demesne, a Psgrande pde a Roi come de ses fynes & amciamentz p' le concelement, & grevous damage as &'s & aut's gentz du roialme p cause de non due punissement des defautes de les Svantz & laborers avantditz, come le Roi lad entendu del compleint de ses Cões dessuisditz: Si ad ore ordeigne mesme nre f' le Roi q la peine de le dono' soit ouste ceste ptie, & q la peine contenuz en le dit estatuit courge tout soulement sur le pno': Et q ceste ordinance teigne lieu & force tang, a le fest de Seint Michell pschein avenir & delors tang, a fyn de deux ans pscheins ensuantz.

Item come en un estatut fait en le temps del Roi Henry quarte puis le conquest lan de son Regne quint, ordeine fuit & establie q toutz les michantz aliens, de quelt estat ou condicion gils soient venantz dem'antz ou repairantz deinz le roialme Dengletre, soient traitez & demesnez deinz mesme le roialme en mane fourme & condicion come les michantz deinszeins sont ou Pront traitez ou demesnez es pties de p dela & en nutt au? mane, sur peine de forfaire a Roi toutz les biens & chateux des ditz mchantz aliens & sur peine demprisonement des corps de mesmes les michantz aliens: Et ensement ordeine fuit & establie en temps du dit nadgairs Roi Henry en? au? choses p estatut, qen chescun Citee Ville & Port du Meer Dengletre ou les ditz michantz aliens & estranges sont ou Bront repairantz soient assignez a mesmes les michantz sufficeantz [hosties'] par les Mairs Viscontz ou Baillives des ditz (') Villes & Ports du Meer; & q les ditz mchantz aliens & estranges ne soient dem'antz en autre lieu sinon ovesqu les ditz [hosties'] ensi a assignerz, et q mesmes les [hosties'] ensi a assignerz Pignent pur lour travaill en mane q fuit accustumez en auncien temps: Et pur tant q nre f' le Roi ad entendu q mesmes les estatutz nont este misez en execucion, Si voet & grante mesme nre f' le Roi rssovain q ycelles estatutz soient firmement tenuz & gardez en toutz pointz, & mys en due execucion de ceo en avent solone la contenu en ycelles.

Item come ordeine fuit en temps de les pgenito's nëe f' le Roi p estatuit fait en la tre Dirland q nutt dirrois nacion sroit eslu p eleccion en Ercevesq, Evesq. Abbe Priour ne en nutt mane receu nacceptee a nutt dignite ne benefice dedeinz mesme la tre; Et soit il q plusours tieux Irrois, p force des cteins lies de licence a eux faitz p les lieutenantz du Roy illoeqs daccepter & receiv tieux dignitees & benefices, sont pmotz & avancez as Erceveschees & Eveschees dedeinz la dite re, les queux font auxi lour collacions as Irrois clercs des dignitees & benefices illoeqes encontre la forme & effect du dit estatuit: Et p la ou ils sont ditez Peeres de plement en mesme la re, ils amesnent

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1 hostes } Stat. 5 Hen. IV. c. 9.

And that if any give or take by Covenant by the Year more than is specified in the said Statute, That at the first Time that they be thereof attainted, as well the Givers as the Takers shall pay the Excess so given, and at the Second Time the Double of the Excess so given: And Forasmuch as the Givers, when they have been sworn before the Justices of Peace, will in no wise present such Excesses, to eschew their own Punishments, to the great Loss of the King as of his Fines and Amerciaments for the concealing, and grievous Damage to the Lords and other People of the Realm, because of the non due Punishment of the Defaults of Servants and Labourers aforesaid, as the King hath perceived by the Complaint of his Commons; the same our Sovereign Lord the King hath (') ordained, That the Pain of the Giver shall be out in this Party, and that the Pain contained in the said Statute shall run only upon the Taker: And that this Ordinance hold Place and Force till the Feast of Saint Michael next coming, and [then '] till the End of Two Years then next ensuing.

ITEM, Whereas in a Statute made in the Time of King Henry the Fourth after the Conquest, the Fifth Year of his Reign, It was ordained and stablished, That all the Merchants Aliens, of what Estate or Condition they be, coming, [abiding, or resident, 3] within the Realm of England, should be entreated and demeaned within the same Realm in the same Form, Manner, and Condition, as the Merchants Denizens be or shall be entreated or demeaned in the Parties beyond the Sea, and in no other Manner, upon Pain to forfeit to the King all the Goods and Chattels of the said Merchants Aliens, (1) And also it was ordained and stablished in the Time of the said late King Henry, amongst other Things, by Statute, That in every City, Town, and Port of the Sea of England, where the said Merchants Aliens or Strangers be, or shall be repairing, sufficient Hosts shall be assigned to the same Merchants by the Mayors, Sheriffs, or Bailiffs of the said Cities, Towns, and Ports of the Sea; and that the Merchants Aliens and Strangers shall [not remain in other Places, 5] but with the said Hosts so to be assigned; and that the same Hosts so to be assigned shall take for their [Labour 6] in the same Manner as was accustomed of old Time: And for that our Lord the King hath perceived that the same Statutes have not been put in [due] Execution, [he'] willeth and granteth, That the same Statutes shall be firmly holden and kept in all Points, and put in due Execution from henceforth according to the [Purport 8] of the same.

ITEM, Whereas it was ordained in the Time of the King's Noble Progenitors, by a Statute made [of o] the Land of Ireland, That none of the Irish Nation should be chosen by Election to be an Archbishop, Bishop, Abbot or Prior, nor in none other Manner received nor accepted to any Dignity or Benefice within the said Land; And [now of late o] many such Irish People, by force of certain Letters of Licence to them made by the King's Lieutenants there, to accept and receive such Dignities and Benefices, be promoted and advanced to [Archbishops and Bishops of within the said Land, which also make their Collations to Irish Clerks of the Dignities and Benefices there, against the Form and Effect of the said Statute: And Whereas they be [said of Peers of the Parliament in the same Land, they bring

* now 2 from thens MS.Tr. 2. 3 dwelling, or repairing,

4 and upon Pain of Imprisonment of the Bodies of such Merchants Strangers;

5 dwell in no other Place

6 Travel

7 the same our Sovereign Lord the King

8 Contents

9 in

10 so it is, that

11 Archbisbopricks and Bishopricks

12 called

V. The Statute 5 H. IV. c. 7. and chap. 9. respecting Merchants Strangers, confirmed.

VI. Recital of an

Irish Statute

against Na-

tives being

Prelates, &c.

The said Irish Statute confirmed.

No Native Irish shall be presented to Benefices, or brought as Servants to Parliament, &c.

Licences to the contrary forbidden.

VII. Recital of Part of Stat. 2 H.V. c. 6, respecting breaking of Truces.

Inconveniencies thereof.

with them to the Parliaments and Councils holden there, Irish Servants, whereby the [Privities *] of the Englishmen within the same Land have been and be daily discovered to the Irish People, Rebels to the King, to the great Peril and Mischief of the King's lawful liege People in the same Land: Our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, desiring for the same to provide Remedy, for the Surety of his faithful Subjects, by the Assent of the Lords aforesaid, and at the Request of the said Commons, will and granteth, That the said Statute shall stand in his whole Force, and well and duly be kept and fully executed, upon his grievous Indignation. And moreover he hath ordained and stablished, by the Assent and Request aforesaid, That if any such Archbishops, Bishops, Abbots, or Priors of the Irish Nation, Rebels to the King, have in Times past made, or from henceforth shall make any Collations or Presentments to Benefices of Holy Church in the said Land of Ireland, against the Form of the same Statute, or bring with them any Irish, Rebels (1) amongst the Englishmen (3) to the Parliaments, Councils, or other Assemblies, within the same Land, to know the [Privities '] and States of the said Englishmen, and the same to discover to the said Rebels, that then [maintenant 1] from Time to Time, all their Temporalties shall be seised into the King's Hands, there to remain till they have made (5) Fines to the King in [this Part.6] And also that all the Lieutenants of the King and of his Heirs in the said Land of Ireland, be utterly defended and restrained from henceforth, to have any Manner of Power to give or to grant any such [Benefices 7] or Pardons in the Case [of 8] Irish Persons, not English. And that all such Licences not executed, made and granted by the King's Lieutenants in the same Land before this Time, and also to be granted by them hereafter, shall be void and of no Force nor Value. ITEM, Because our Sovereign Lord the King hath

heard and conceived, at the grievous Complaint of the Commons of his Realm in this Parliament, for that, [in respect of 97 a Statute made at his Parliament holden at Leicester the last Day of April, the Second Year of his Reign, in which Statute is contained, That the breaking of Truce and of Safe-conducts, and willing Receipt, Abetment, Procurement, Counsel, Hiring, Sustaining, and Maintaining of Breakers of Truce, and of the Safeconducts of the King our Lord, to be made by his liege People from [henceforth "] within the [Realm "] of England and Ireland, and the Country of Wales, upon the main Sea, shall be judged and determined for High Treason done against [the Crown and the King's Dignity;"] By reason of which Statute, though the King's Subjects be [so much grieved against the Truce, that 13] they dare not provide Remedy by way of Act, [for that 14] the King's Enemies, as well in the Parts beyond the Sea, as in the Realm of Scotland, have [hereof 15] taken great Courage to grieve the King's faithful liege People, in slaying some of them, and in taking some of them Prisoners, and also taking their Goods and Chattels, against the Tenor of the Truce, as well upon the [Main 16] Sea as upon the Marches of Scotland, whereof the said Commons have humbly beseeched our said Sovereign Lord the King to provide Remedy: The King willing, as well in this Case as in other, to take Order for the Indemnity of his liege People and faithful Subjects, hath declared in this present Parliament,

ovesq, eux as plementz & conseils tenuz illoeqs Irrois svantz, pont les privitees de les Engleis en mesme la Pre ont estee & sont de jour enautre descovez a les Irrois gentz rebelx a Roi, a regunde pil & meschief de les loialx lieges du Roi en mesme la tre : Nre dit f' le Roi [desirant '] a ceo mettre remedie, p' la seurte de ses loialx subgitz del assent des f's avantditz & a la requeste des ditz Coes voet & gente, q le dit estatut estoise en sa entier force, & q bien & duement soit gardez & pleinement executz sur sa grevous indignacion. Et out ceo ad ordeine & establie del assent & request avantditz, q si ascuns tieux Ercevesqes Evesqes Abbes ou Priours del Irrois nacion rebeulx a Roi font de cea en avent ou ont faitz en arere collacions ou psentementz as benefices de Seinte Esglise en la dee Pre Dirland encountre la forme de mesme lestatut, ou amesnent ovesq eux ent les Engleis illoeqs as plementz conseils ou auts assemblees dedeinz mesme la Pre, ascuns Irrois rebeulx a Roi pur conustre les privitees & estat des ditz Engleis & les descover a les rebeulx, qadonqes soient maintenant de temps en temps toutz lour temporaltees seisiez es mains du Roi, a demurrerz en ycelles tanq ils eient faitz sufficeantz fynes a Roi ceff ptie. Et auxi q toutz les lieutenantz du Roi & de ses heirs en la dee tre Dirland soient toutoutment defenduz & restreintz desore enavant de chescun mane poair avoir a doner ou gauntier ascuns tiels licences ou pdons en le cas as psones Irrois nient Engleis. Et q tstoutz tieux licences nient executz faitz & granteez p les lieutenantz du Roi en mesme la Pre avant ces heures, & auxi p eux agrantierz de cea enavant, soient voides & de nutt force ne value.

Item pur ceo q le Roi nre Sovein f' ad oiez & concieu a la grevous compleint de la Cõe de son roialme en cest psent plement, de ceo q p cause dun estatuit fait en son plement tenuz a Leycestre le darrein jour Daverill lan de son regne scde, en quel estatut il est contenuz q les Romperies des Trieues & Saufconduitz & voluntries Receit abbettement pcurement conseil lower sustenance & maintenance des Rompo's de Trieues & Saufconditz du Roi nre Sovaign f', p ses lieges affaires de lors enavant dedeinz les roialmes Dengletre & Irland & la paiis de Gales & sur le haut meer, soient adjuggez & tminez p' haut traison fait encontre la corone & dignite du Roi; a cause de queff estatut combn q les subgiz du Roi soient grevez encountre les Trieues ils ne osent soy p'voier de remedie p voie de fait, Purtant les ennemys du Roy nre Sovain f' sibn es pties dep dela la meer come en Roiaume Descoce en ont pris gaunde corage de grever les foialx lieges du Roy, en tuant ascuns de eux & ascuns en pignaunt prisonns, & auxi en pignant lour biens & chateux, encount le tenure des Trieues sibn sur le haut meer come en les Marches Descoce desuisdit; dont le suisdit Cõe humblement ad supplie nre dit f' le Roi de remede: voillant le Roi nre dit f' en ceo cas & aut's toutditz purvoier a lindempnitee de ses lieges & foiaux susditz, ad declarez en cest psent plement,

Interlined on the Roll.

Secrets to the King there anon MS. Tr. 2.

⁹ that because of 10 thensfurth MS. Tr. 2. 11 Realms
18 King's Crown and his Dignity; 11 grieved against the Truce
14 forasmuch as 15 thereof 16 high MS. Tr. 2.

q de toutz attemptatz faitz p ses ennemys sur ascuns de ses foialx lieges encountre le tenure daucunes Trieuves dev'nt ces heures prises, en les quelles nest pas fait expsse mencion q toutz marques & reprisailles cesseront, mesme nre f' le Roi a toutz qi lour sentiront en tiel cas grevez, voet g'untier marque en due forme; et pareillement ferra nre dit f' le Roi a toutz ses lieges qi se sentiront grevez encontre le tenure daucuns Trieuves q dentre luy et aucuns ses enmys Front de novel prisez en temps avenir : et a la greindre consolacion de ses ditz foialx lieges, au fyn qils purront pluis prestement & sanz longes delaies avoir remede en ceo cas, Voet mesme nre f' le Roi q cellui ou ceux qi se sentira ou sentiront grevez encountre le teneur & fourme de tielles Trieuves, dedeinz le Roialme Dengletre hors de les suisditz Marches Descoce ou sur le Meer ou es pties pdela, se compleindra ou compleindront au Gardein du prive seal qi pur le temps serra, qi tiel compleint oiee & entendue ent ferra p' la ptie compleignante lettres de request soutz le prive Seal en due fourme; et si aps tiel request faite la partie requise ne ferra dedeinz temps covenable due restitucion ou satisfaccion a la ptie grevee, adonqes le Chaunceller Dengletre pur le temps esteant, ferra faire a tiele partie grevee si le voet demander tres de marque desoutz le Grande Seale en due fourme. Et gant a purveance de remede pur les lieges & subgiz du Roy, qi se sentont ou sentiront grevez en dit Roiaume Descoce ou en Engletre es Marches adjoignantz au dit Roiaume Descoce, countre la forme de tielles Trieuves come dessuis, le Roy nre f' dourra poair p comission as Gardeins sibn de lestmarche come de la Westmarche Vs Escoce & a chun de eux, pur oier les compleints de toutz yceux de ses lieges & subgiz qi ensi sont ou sront grevez, & pur faire sur ceo estre faite request p tres a bailler a cellui qi ad ou ava fait la grevance, ou a Gardein de la marche ou Conservatour de les Trieues pur la ptie Descoce, si se purra bonement faire, ou autrement de faire pclamacion en lieux publiks sur la marche q cellui ou ceux qi ava ou avont fait tiels grevances encountre les Trieuves en face ou facent due restitucion ou satisfaccion a la partie grevee, et sils ne le facent point dedeinz temps covenable, adongs al instance de chun des lieges & subgiz du Roi nre f' qi en sente ou en sentira estree greveez en tiel cas, pur donner tres de marque en due fourme desoutz les Sealx des ditz gardeins, ou desoutz le Seal de cellui de eux a qi la compleinte sra faite en ceo cas sanz difficulte aucune.

Item nre dit f' le Roi de sa g'ce espale, p assent de toutz les f's espuelx & temporelx & a la requeste des Cões en cest psent plement esteantz, ad pdonee & relessee a toutz ses lieges & a chescuny deux toutz manes fynes issues & amciamentz & toutz aut's forfaitures peynes pecuniers dettes & demandes tang, al some de vynt & sys souldz & oept deniers & dedeinz, dev'nt le xix jo' doctobr q fuit le prim jour de cest plement eschuez Pminez & a derminerz; & auxi ad pdonee & relessee toutz mans fynes & amciamentz de & pur toutz mans Espasses offenses mesprisions contempts conspiracies confederacies negligences ignorances

That of all Attempts made by his Enemies upon any of his faithful liege People, against the Tenor of any Truce taken before this Time, wherein is no express Mention made, that all Marques and Reprisals shall cease, the same our Sovereign Lord the King will grant Marque in due Form to all them that feel themselves in this Case grieved; and our said Lord the King will do the like to all his liege People that feel them grieved against the Tenor of any Truce, which betwixt him and any of his Enemies shall be newly taken hereafter: And to the greater Comfort of his (') faithful liege People, to the Intent that they may the more readily, and without long Delay, have Remedy in this Case, the same our Lord the King will, That [if'] he or they that feel (3) them grieved against the Tenor and Form of such Truce within the Realm of England, out of the said Marches of Scotland, or upon the Sea, or in the Parties beyond the Sea, shall complain to the Keeper of the Privy Seal, which for the Time shall be, who after such Complaint heard and perceived, thereof shall make to the Party Complainant [if he the same require] Letters of Request under the Privy Seal in [a due 1] Form; And if, after such Request made, the Party required do not make, within a convenient Time, due Restitution or Satisfaction to the Party grieved, then the Chancellor of England for the Time being shall cause to be made to such Party grieved, if he that demand, Letters of Marque under the Great Seal in [a due 1] Form. And Letters as for Remedy to be ordained for the King's liege People and Subjects, that feel them grieved in the (') Realm of Scotland, or in England at the Marches joining to (3) Scotland, against the Form of such Truce as afore is said, our Lord the King shall give Power by Commission to the Wardens, as well of the East Marches as of the West Marches, toward Scotland, and to every of them, to hear the Complaints of all them his liege People and Subjects which (6) be or shall be grieved, and to cause thereupon to be made Request by Letters to be delivered to him which hath done or shall do such Grievance, or to the [Wardens of the Marches,7] or Conservator of the Truce [of the Parties 8] of Scotland, if he may well do it, or otherwise to make Proclamation in open Places upon the [Marches,9] that he or they which have done such Grievances against the Truce, shall (10) make due Restitution or Satisfaction, to the Party grieved; and if they do it not within a convenient Time, then at the Instance of every of the King's liege People and Subjects, which thereof feeleth, or shall feel himself grieved in such Case, [Letters of Marque be given "] in due Form under the Seals of the said Wardens, or under his Seal to whom the Complaint shall be made in this Case, without any Difficulty.

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord the King, of his special Grace, by the Assent of all the Lords Spiritual The King's and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons, being in this Parliament, hath released and pardoned to all his liege People, and to every of them, all Manner of Fines, Issues, and Amerciaments, and all other Forfeitures, Pains pecuniar, Debts and Demands, to the Sum of Twenty-six Shillings Eight-pence and under, [till "] the xix. Day of October, which was the First Day of this Parliament, fallen, determined, [or 13] to be determined; and also he hath pardoned (") all manner Fines and Amerciaments of and for all manner of Trespasses, Offences, Misprisions, Contempts, Conspiracies, Confederacies, Negligences, Ignorances,

Upon Breach of Truce by Enemies, the King may grant Letters of Marque.

of obtaining Letters of Marque.

VIII.

² MS.Tr. 2. omits this Word. him or MS.Tr. 2. due MS. Tr. 2.

the saide Realine of 12.2.

Wardeyne of the Marche MS. Tr. 2.

Wardeyne of the Marche MS. Tr. 2. 5 the saide Realme of MS. Tr. 2.

⁸ for the Part 9 Marche MS. Tr. 2. 11 to give Letters of Marque 1º before MS. Tr. 2. 14 and relesed MS. Tr. 2.

Of Chattels of Fugitives and Felons, &c.

Of the Suit of his Peace.

Concealments, and Deceits, done or perpetrate before the said Nineteenth Day, for which any Fine or Amerciament is or shall be assessed in Time to come to the said Sum and under. And also Chattels of Fugitives and Felons, Waifes and Strays, and the Chattels of those that be outlawed, and Chattels of Felons of themselves, which to the King pertaineth, or which for any of the said Causes in any Manner may pertain before the said xix. Day, to the Sum aforesaid and underneath forfeit, and [of '] Outlawries, if any [in'] the King's liege People, or any of them by such [Encheson] be pronounced: Provided always, that none enjoy the Benefit of this Pardon, which is or shall be charged, or chargeable over the said Sum, for the Causes aforesaid, or any of them. And moreover, our said Sovereign Lord the King of his special Grace, hath released and pardoned to his said Subjects, the Suit of his Peace, which to him against them pertaineth, because of any Treason done or perpetrate by them or any of them before the said xix. Day of October, for breaking of the King's Truces and Safe Conducts; and also the Outlawries, if any against them or any of them be pronounced by such Enchesons. And also the King will, That every of his said liege People, as well of the County Palatine of Lancaster [or 1] elsewhere within the Realm of England, shall enjoy this Pardon without suing Charter or Writ in this Behalf.

the against Encheasons or any of the same MS. Tr. 2.

concelements & deceits faitz ou ppetretz devent le dit xix jo' pur les quelles ou quelt le fyn ou amciament est ou sra assis en temps avenir al some suisdee & dedeinz. Et auxint chateux des futives & de felons Waifs & Straies & chateux de ceux queux sont utlagez & les chateux des felons de soi mesmes, quu Roi appteignent ou p' ascuns des causes suisditz en ascune mane purront appteigner dev'nt le suisdit xix jo' tanq, a la some avantdite & dedeinz forfaitz; et les utlagaries si queux en les ditz lieges du Roi ou ascun de eux p celles enchesons ou ascuns dicelles soient pnunciez. Purveu toutfoitz q nuft enjoise benefice de cest pdon qest ou sra charge ou chargeable outre la dite some pur les causes suisditz ou ascuns dicelles. Et out ceo nre dit f' le Roi de sa gece espale ad pdonee & relessee a ses ditz lieges la suite de sa pees q a luy envs eux apptient p cause dascune traison fait ou ppetree p eux ou ascun de eux dev'nt le dit xix jour doctobr, pur lenfreindre des Trieues du Roy & Saufconduitz, & auxint les Utlagaries si quelles Vs eux ou ascun de eux soient pnunciez p celles enchesons. Et auxi voet le Roi q chescun de ses ditz lieges sibien del Count Palatyn de Lancastre come aillours dein son roialme Denglet're enjoise ceste pdon sanz suer chartre ou brief cett ptie.

Anno 5° HENRICI, V. A.D. 1417-18.*

Drdinacio anno quinto.

AN ORDINANCE IN THE FIFTH YEAR.

Greeting: Know Thou that in our Parliament last holden at Westminster, It was ordained and granted, That all our liege People as well Religious as Secular, and every of them, might till the next Parliament make their Attornies, where Attornies do lie, in their proper Persons, in any Plea of Debt, Trespass, or other Contract moved or to be moved in any Wapentakes, Hundreds, and Court Barons through the Realm, before the Stewards there or their Deputies, to win or to lose in the same Pleas; and if any such Stewards refuse to admit such Attornies, then they and every of them at every Time of such Refusal shall forfeit to Us Forty Shillings.

And therefore We command Thee that thou do the said Ordinance in all Places of thy County, where shall be most expedient and necessary, openly to be proclaimed and observed according to the Form and Effect of the same. Witness John Duke of Bedford Protector of England at Westminster the xvi. Day of January, the Fifth Year of our Reign.

1 The Kyng MS. Tr. 2.

Ex Lib. Scac. Westm. IX.

REX Vič Eboş saltm. Scias qd in pliamento nro apud Westm ultimo tento, ordinatū extitit & concessum qd omes ligei nri tam religiosi qm seculares & eoş quilibet facere possint & possit usq, ad pliamentū px futur attornatos suos ubi attornati jacent in pplis psonis suis, in quocumq, plito debiti tnsgressionis seu altius contractus cujuscūq, moto seu movendo in quibuscūq, Wapentachiis hundris & Cur Baronū p totum regnū, coram Senescall ibm aut eoş deputatis ad lucrand vel pdend in eisdem plitis; & si dci Senescalli husi attornatos admitte recusavint, tunc ipi & eoş quitt penam xl s. singulis vicib; & temporib; husi recusacois penes nos incurrat & incurrant.

Et ideo tibi Pcipim⁹ qd ordinacem illam in singulis locis Com tui ubi magis expediens fuit & necesse publice pclamari & observari fac juxta formam & effcm ejusdm. T. Johe Duce Bed Custode Angi apd Westm xvj die Januar anno r n quinto.

^{*} The Ordinance of this Year is not entered on the Statute Roll: It is inserted in all Printed Copies and Translations: It was printed in Cay's Edition from MS. Cott. Nero C. I. agreeing verbatim with Lib. Scac. IX. and the Old Printed Copies.

Anno 7° HENRICI, V. A.D.1419.

In Margine

Statuta de anno septimo.

STATUTES OF THE SEVENTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 3. HENRICUS Dei gra Rex Angt & Franc & Dominus Hibn Cancellar suo Com Palatini Lancastr, saltm. Sciatis qu p eo qu gentes nonnulle ex malicia & inimicia ac pp? lucrum & vindictam divsos fideles ligeos nostros de pdicoibs sive feloniis in Com Lancastr frequencius indcari & appellari fecerunt, Ptendentes p appella seu indčamenta illa qđ pdče pdičoes aut felonie ppetrate fuerunt in cto loco ubi de Vitate talis locus in Com Pdco in quo appellum vel indcamentum fcm existit non het ad g've dampnum & piculum ligeox nroz hujusmodi; Considerato që quidam sic appellati & indcati coram Justic ad respondend inde ob metum verbacois mahemii seu int feccois eozdem p ipoz appellos seu indiamentos conspiratores aut ea fieri pcurantes in pp'is psonis comparere non audent, put p Coîtatem Regni nri Angt in ultimo pliamento nro apud Westm tento existentem p peticoem suam in pliamento illo exhibitam fuerat gavil conquerendo monstratum; ordinatum extitit in eodem pliamento de assensu Platoz pcum & Magnatum dči regni nři Angt ibidem existencium ad requisicoem dee Coitatis p coi utilitate & quiete ppti ejusdem regni nri qd quitt Justič qui ad hu9i pdičćes & felonias infra Com pdčm audiend & Pminand potestatem het p sacrm duodecim viroz quoz quitt libum ten in pdco Com valoris annui Centum Solidoz ulta reprisas optineat, priusqam exigenda adjudicata fuit absq, ptis allegacoe tam in ptis absencia q'm Psencia inquirat ex officio utrum aliquis talis locus est in Com ubi appella seu indcamenta illa sunt fca sive facienda, necne: Et si comptum fuit qu talis locus non het infra eundem Com tunc appella & indčamenta ipa & pcessus inde fčus seu faciendus sint vacua & p nullis heant'; et qd in casu illo indcatores pdci p imprisonamentum finem & redempcoem p discreccoem Justic pdcox puniant':

et od Puens ordinacio & remediam cam ad appella As

inframents non defluidits after her nampors came a'us ad appella & indeaments in futurum caplends or on

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TENRY [King of England, &c. to his Chancellor in '7 the County Palatine of Lancaster, Greeting: Know ye, That forasmuch as divers Men of Malice and Envy, and for Gain and Revenge, have often caused to be indicted and appealed divers of our true liege People, of Treasons or Felonies in the County of Lancaster, pretending by those Appeals [and 1] Indictments, that the said Treasons or Felonies were committed in a certain Place, where of Truth no such Place is had in the said County where the said Appeal and Indictment is made, to the great Damage and Peril of such our liege People; Considering that some so appealed and indicted dare not appear before the Justices in their proper Persons, to answer thereof, for Fear of beating, maiming, or killing of them, by the Conspirators or Procurors of the same Appeals [and 1] Indictments, as by the Commons of the Realm of England, in our last Parliament holden at Westminster, by their Petition there exhibited, grievously complaining, was shewed: It is ordained in the same Parliament, by the Assent of the Prelates (3) and Great Men of [the same Realm 4] there being, at the Request of the said Commons, for the common Profit and Quietness of the People of the same Realm, That every Justice which hath Power to hear and determine such Treasons and Felonies within the said County, by the Oath of Twelve Men, of whom every One shall have Freehold in the same County to the yearly Value of an Hundred Shillings above all Charges, before that the Exigent be awarded, without Allegation of the Party, as well in the Party's Absence as his Presence, shall inquire of Office, whether any such Place be in the County where such Appeals or Indictments be made, or to be made, or not: And if it be found that there is no such Place within the same County, then such Appeals and Indictments, and the Process thereupon made, or to be made, shall be void and holden for none; and that in such Case the Indictors aforesaid be punished by Imprisonment, Fine, and Ransom by the Discretion of the said Justices:

well to Appeals and Indicinions not Bereimined before

is raid, he taken, that (') the same Estimation-Colories

hereafter; and if any Exigent from henceforth

the Alleria and Request more of the way ordained ambilitied, That in Write to be purchased against those

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in the County Palatine of Lancaster, for Treasons, &c. laid in a

Before award upon such Indictments, Place exist

Punishment of Persons so

by the Grace of God, King of England and France and Lord of Ireland, to his Chancellor of 5 Lordis, MS. Tr.2.

3 F

2 or MS. Tr. 2.

4 our said Realm of England

Vol. II.

And that this present Ordinance and Remedy extend as well to Appeals and Indictments not determined before this Time, as to Appeals and Indictments to be taken hereafter; and if any Exigent from henceforth be awarded, before that such Inquisition of Office, as afore is said, be taken, that (') the same Exigent, and the awarding thereof, be likewise void and holden for none: Provided that this present Ordinance have Strength, and extend only until the next Parliament.

II.
Process
against
Forgers, &c.
of false Deeds
by Capias
and Exigent.

And also know ye, That in the said Parliament, of the Assent and Request aforesaid, It was ordained and stablished, That in Writs to be purchased against those that forge or make untrue Charters or [Miniments, 1] and them proclaim, or cause to be read, like Process shall be made by Capias and Exigent, as in Writs of Trespass.

And therefore We command you, firmly injoining, That immediately after the Sight hereof, you cause this Statute and Ordinance openly to be proclaimed in the Places within the same County where shall be most expedient and necessary, as well within Liberties as without; and that also you cause all and singular our Justices, having Power to hear and determine Felonies and Treasons within the said County, fully to be instructed, and without Delay to be certified of the said Ordinance and Statute by your Letters, containing the Tenour of the same. Witness, [3 &c. the Sixteenth Day of December, the Seventh Year of our Reign; and by Petition in the Parliament holden at Westminster the Second Day of December, the Eighth Year of the same King, a like Writ was made, [saving that the Teste of the same Writ was, 1 Witness Humfrey Duke of Gloucester, Protector of England, at Westminster, the Tenth Day of January, the Eighth Year, &c. (5) 6]

The King to the Sheriffs of London, Greeting. Know Ye, that Forasmuch as divers Men, &c. as above until, "as in "Writs of Trespass." and then thus; "And therefore We command You firmly injoining that "&c. until, "and necessary." but using the Words "openly you proclaim or "cause to be proclaimed." "Witness as above,"

Like Writs are directed to the several Sheriffs throughout England.

then * munymentis MS. Tr.2.

3—6 John Duke of Bedford, Protesor of England, at Westminster the Tenth Day of December in the Seventh Tear of our Reign.

4 to the Words 'only until the next Parliament.' and then thus;

And therefore We command you' &c. as above.

by peticioun in parlement MS. Tr. 2.

et qd psens ordinacio & remedium tam ad appella & indcamenta non derminata ante hec tempora capta q m ad appella & indcamenta in futurum capienda se extendant; & si qua exigenda anteq m hujusmodi inquisicio ex officio ut sup dem est capiar decero fuit adjudicata, qd tunc exigenda & adjudicacio ille similir sint vacue & p nullis meant. Pviso qd psens ordinacio vigorem meat & se extendat usq ad pliamentum px futur dumtaxat.

Et ideo vob mandamus firmit injungentes qd statim visis psentib, ordinacoem & statutum pdca in locis infra Com illum ubi magis expediens fuit & necesse tam infra libitates q'm ext' publice pclamari demandetis. Necnon omes & singulos Justic nros, potestatem audiendi & rminandi felonias & pdicoes infra Com pdcm mentes de dcis ordinacoe & statuto p tras vras tenore eoadem continentes plenarie instrui & ctificari faciatis indilate. [T. Johe Duce Bed Custode Angt apud Westm x. die Decembr anno Regni nri septimo.

R. Vicecomitiba London, saltm. Sciatis que peo que gentes &c. ut sup usq, ibi ut in briba de t'nsgressione, et tunc sic; Et ideo vob pcipim firmi? injungentes que &c. ut sup usq, ibi, & necesse, et tunc sic, publice pclametis seu pclamari fac. T. ut sup.

Cons bria dir singulis Vicecomitib; p Angt. ']

Per peticionem in parliametto, ad parliamentum tentum apud Westmonasterium secundo die Decembris anno regni ejusdem Regis octavo, factum fuit quodd breve consimile usq. ibi, dumtaxat, & tunc sic; Et ideo vobis mandamus &c. ut supra. T. Humfrido Duce Gloucestrie Custode Anglie apud Westmonasteriu decimo die Januarii Anno octavo; per peticionem in parliamento. Old Printed Copies. See Rot. Parl. 8 Hen. V. nu. xiij. (24.)

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Anno 8° HENRICI, V. A.D. 1420.

In Margine

Statuta de anno octabo.

STATUTES OF THE EIGHTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 2.

U Plement tenuz a Westin le sede jour de Decembr lan du regne le Roy Henry quint puis le conquest oeptisme, mesme nre f' le Roy del assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a les epale instance & request des Cões assemblez a ceo mesme plement, fist ordein & establir cteins estatutz & ordinances en la fo'me qensuit.

Primement p' ceo q p la grace de Dieu final pees se prist nadgairs pentre nre Sovain & [le Roy'] et le Roy de France son pier, en tiel fo'me q nre dit Seignour le Roy Bra nomee Heir & Regent du roialme de France durant la vie de son dit pier & ava la govnance dicett; & aps la mort de mesme son Pier le dit roialme & le corone de France remaindront a nre Sovain f' le Roy & a ses Heirs p' toutz jours: Si est il Praisemblable, q p' la bon govnance sibien du dit roialme de France come de cest roialme Dengletre, le dit nre sovain F ascun foitz Bra decea & ascun foitz dela le meer, selonc ceo q meulx semblara a sa sage discrecion pr la meillour govnance de lun & lautre roialme; p' tant ordeignez est & establiz, q si en temps avenir nre dit Sovain & le Roy esteant es pties pdela face sumoner son plement en cest Roialme, p ses brieves desoutz le Teste de son Lieutenant gore est ou qi p' le temps sra, & aps lez sumons de tieux plements hors du Chauncellarie le Roy issuez nre dit fr le Roy arrive en cest roialme, q p tiel arrivaille de mesme nre f' le Roy tiel plement ne Bra dissolvee, mes in ycell puisse le Roy nre sovain f' pceder sanz novet somons dicett.

Item ordeinez est & establiz q chescun michant estranger achatant lains en Engletre p' les amesner es pties del West ou aillours, nient venantz a lestaple p' estre illoeqes venduz, porta au Maistre del Mynte de la Tour de Loundres de chescun sak un unce de Bullion dor, & en mesme la mane de trois peces destein un unce de bullion dor ou la value en bullion dargent s' peine de forfaire mesmes les lains & estein ou la value dicelles au Roy.

Item q nulle psone enorre en temps avenir ascuns des [geines '] appelles Shethes, ne metaille sinon argent & les ornaments de Seint Esglise; ne argente nuff metaille forspris les espons des Chivalers & tout lapparaille q apptient au Baron & desuis celle estate, sur peine de forfaire au Roy dys foitz a tant come la chose issint enorree soit de value, & ava auxi lemprisonement Et eient Justices de la Pees poair dent enquerrer & ceo t'miner et celuy q ferra la suit p' le Roy ceste ptie ait la rce ptie de la dit peine peuniere. Purveu q cest darrain ordeinance comenca a tenir lieu a le fest de Pask pschein avenir.

1 Interlined on the Roll.

T the Parliament holden at Westminster, the A Second Day of December, the Eighth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fifth, (1) the same our Lord the King, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Instance and Request of the Commons assembled in the same Parliament, hath caused to be ordained and stablished certain Statutes and Ordinances, in the Form following.

FIRST, Forasmuch as by the Grace of God a final Peace was late taken betwixt the King our Sovereign Lord and the King of France his Father, in such Form, That our said Sovereign Lord the King shall be named Heir and Regent of the Realm of France, during the Life of his said Father, and shall have the Governance of the same; and after the Death of his (1) Father, the said Realm and Crown of France shall remain to our Sovereign Lord the King, and to his Heirs for ever: It is very likely, That for the good Governance as well of the (1) Realm of France as of this Realm of England, our said Sovereign Lord the King sometime shall be on this Side the Sea, and sometime beyond the Sea, according as best shall seem to his sage Discretion for the better Governance of the one Realm and the other; Therefore it is ordained and stablished, that if in Time to come our said Sovereign Lord the King, being beyond the Sea, cause to summon his Parliament in this Realm by his Writs under the Teste of his Lieutenant. which now is or which for the Time shall be, and after the Summons of such Parliaments gone out of the Chancery, our Sovereign Lord the King arrive in this Realm, that [for 3] such Arrival of the same our Sovereign Lord, such Parliament shall not be dissolved, but in the same afterward our Sovereign Lord the King [shall 1]

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That every Merchant Stranger buying Wools in England to carry them to the West Parts or elsewhere, not coming to the Staple there to be sold, shall bring to the Master of the Mint of the Tower of London of every Sack, One Ounce of Bullion of Gold, and in the same Manner of Three Pieces of Tin, One Ounce of Bullion of Gold, or the Value in Bullion of Silver, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Wools and Tin, or the Value of the same to the King.

ITEM, That none from henceforth shall gild any (5) Sheaths, nor Metal, but Silver, and the Ornaments of Holy Church; nor shall silver no Metal but Knights Spurs, and all the Apparel that pertaineth to a Baron, and above that Estate; upon Pain [of Forfeiture 6] to the King Ten Times as much as the Thing so gilt is of Value, and shall have also One Year's Imprisonment. And the Justices of Peace shall have Power to inquire thereof, and that to determine. And he that will suc for the King in this Behalf, shall have the Third Part of the said pecuniary Pain. Provided, That this last Ordinance shall begin to hold Place at the Feast of Easter next coming.

after the Conquest, MS. Tr. 2.
by MS. Tr. 2.

saide MS. Tr. 2. may MS. Tr. 2.

6 Geyns cald MS. Tr. 2.

to forfaite MS. Tr. 2.

proceed without new Summons of the same.

Tinexported.

If Parliament

be summoned

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the King's

shall not be

Absence

III. Plating with Gold and

^{*} geynes Rot. Parl. 8 Hen. V. nu. vij. (18.)

Anno 9° HENRICI, V. A.D. 1421.

Statuta de anno nono.

In Margine Rotuli.

STATUTES OF THE NINTH YEAR.

STATUTE THE FIRST.

A T the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Second Day of May, the Ninth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fifth after the Conquest, the same our Lord the King, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Instance and Request of the Commons, assembled in the same Parliament, hath caused to be ordained and stablished certain Statutes and Ordinances in the Form following.

FIRST, For that many People by Malice, Envy, and Revenge, cause often the King's liege People to be appealed or indicted in divers Counties, of Treasons or of Felonies, supposing by the said Appeals or Indictments that the said Treasons or Felonies were done in a certain Place, where no such Place is in that County where the Indictment is made, nor any such Place as is or shall be declared by the said Appeals; It is ordained, That the said Appeals or Indictments, and the Process of the same, shall be void and holden for nought; and that the said Appellees or Indictees may have Writs of Conspiracy against their Indictors, Procurors, and Conspirators, and shall recover their Damages; and that the said Indictors, Procurors, and Conspirators shall be also punished by Imprisonment and Fine and Ransom for the King's Advantage by the Discretion of the Justices: And that this Ordinance and Remedy do extend as well to Appeals and Indictments taken heretofore, in the Time of our Lord the King that now is, not determined, as to Appeals or Indictments to be taken in Time to come; And that this Ordinance shall stand in his force until the next Parliament to be holden after the coming again of our said Lord the King into England from beyond

ITEM, It is ordained, That none of the King's liege People, against whom an Exigend shall be awarded, or outlawed at the King's Suit from henceforth, or at the Suit of the Party in the County of Lancaster, shall forfeit any of his Goods or Chattels, Lands or Tenements in other Counties, but only [such 1] Goods and Chattels, Lands and Tenements, which the said Outlaws have in the same County of Lancaster: Provided always, That the Statute made the First Year of King Henry the Fourth, (1) against the People of the County of Chester which do many Manslaughters, Murders, Robberies, Batteries, Trespasses, and other Riots and Offences to divers the King's liege People (3) shall stand in his force, notwithstanding this present Ordinance; And that this Ordinance stand in his force till the Parliament which shall be first holden after the King's Return into England from beyond the Sea.

1 their

I. Indictments

and Appeals laid in a Place

not existing declared void,

dictors guilty

of conspiracy, and to be

punished by Fine and Im-

II. On Outlaw-

ries in Lanca-

shire, Goods

and Lands in

other Coun-

ties shall not

be forfeited.

The Statute

1 Hen. IV.

c. 18. as to Cheshire, confirmed.

and the In-

* Fader of the saide our Soverayne Lord, MS. Tr. 2.

in divers Shyres of Inglond, MS. Tr. 2.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 2.

A U Plement tenuz a Westm le scde jour de Maii lan du reigne del Roy Henry quint puis le conquest noevesme, mesme nre f' le Roi del assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a les espale instance & request des Cões assemblez a ceo mesme plement fist ordein & establir cteins estatutz & ordinances en la fo'me qensuit.

En primes p' ceo q pluseurs gents p malice enemite & vengeance facent sovent foitz les foialx lieges du Roy estre appellez ou enditez en divses Countes des Traisons ou de felonies supposant p les ditz appelles ou enditements q les ditz traisons & felonies furent faitz en un ctein lieu la ou il nad tiel lieu en cell Countee ou lenditement est fait, ne tiel lieu come est ou sra declaree p les ditz appelles, ordeines est q les ditz appelles & enditementz & le pces dicelles soient voidez & tenuz p' nult; et q les ditz appelles ou enditez poient avoir brieves de conspiracie vs lo endito's [pcurours] & conspiratours & recover lour damages; & q les ditz enditours pcurours & conspiratours soient auxi puniz p emprisonement fyn & raunceon p' avantage du Roy p discrecion dez Justices: Et q cest ordinance & remedie sextendent auxibien des appelles & enditementz prisez dev'nt ces heures, en temps nre f' le Roy quor est nient derminez, come des appelles ou enditements apndrerz en temps avenir, et q cest ordinance estoise en sa force tanq, a pschein plement a tenir puis la revenue nre dit f' le Roy en Engletre de pdela.

Item ordeinez est q̃ null des lieges nre €' le Roy Ps queux exigende Bra agardee ou utlagez a suit de Roy nre Sovain f' en temps avenir ou al suit de ptie en le Countee de Lancastre, forface ascuns de ses biens chatieux Pres ou tents en autres Countees forsprises ses biens chatieux Pres ou tentz queux les ditz utlages ont en mesme le Counte de Lancastre: purveu toutz voiez q lestatut fait lan primer de Roy Henry quart pier nre dit Sovain f', encontre les gents del Countee de Cestr q font as pleuseurs lieges du Roy en divses Countees Dengletre pluseurs homicides murdrez robberies baties trespas & autres [rioutes 3] & malefaitz, estoise en sa force non obstant ceste psente ordinance; et q cest ordinance estoise en sa force tang, a plement q Bra primement tenuz puis la revenue nre dit Sovain & en Engletre depdela.

Interlined on the Roll.

Inter peticoes Coitatis N. viij. parte j ma.*



^{*} This and the other References in the Margin are in a Hand-writing of the Time of K. Charles I. See the Parliament Roll of this Year.

ibm N. ix.

ibm N. x.

1ma parte. & N. xj.

2" parte.

Item p la ou la prise des assises genalment ad longement cessez p tout le roialme, p cause dune ordinance fait p le Roy a sa scde passage vs les pties de Normandie & p son conseil, le Roy considerant les desaises & damages queux pluseurs de ses lieges ont euz & sustenuz pmy celle cesser, ad comandee q ses Justices teignent les assises pmy son royalme p manie accustume. Et q p' evitier deshitances des psones q sont passez ore & passeront en cest psent voiage du Roi nre sovayn f' q Dieu lesploit, & auxi de les psons q sont dem'rantz en le svice du Roy es parties de Normandie & de France, ordeinez est & purveuz q en chescun pteccion ove la clause Volum9 affaire p' que de mesmes les psones, soit en la clause de excepcion contenuz en ycell omission de cestes poles Assisis nove disseïe; & q toutz ceux pteccions soient alouables & alouez p' eux & chescun de eux en toutz les Courts du Roy & aillours ou tiel pteccion soit mys avent p' ascun tiel psone en toutz plees dassies sibien de novell dissere come de fressh force saunz ascune difficultee. Purveu toutz voiez q les juggementz arendrerz desore enavant en tieux assises arrannez ou arrannerz ne soient my Pjudicielx a ascunes des ditz psones issint dem'rantz en le svice du Roy pdela come dev'nt est dit, qont ascun chose en revision ou en remayndre en tres ou tentz dont tieux assises sont ou sront arrannes, sils qont en revision ou en remayndre en tielx Pres ou tentz ne soient nomes en mesmes les assises, mes qeles soient envs eux tout voidez; & durera cest ordinance tang, a plement q sra primement tenuz (') la pschein revenue du Roy en Engletre. Et si cest ordinance touchant les ditz psones issint dem'antz en le svice du Roy pdela, & auxi touchant les ditz psones qont passes & passeront en le dit voiage, ne soit my sufficeant p' laise & seurte de eux accordez est auxi & assentuz q lez f's du conseil du Roy p' le temps esteantz eient plain poair p auctorite de cest plement de mettre ordein & purvoier sufficiant remedie p' le aise & seurete de trestoutz mesmes les psones come p' eux & chescune de eux semblera as ditz f's le pluis vaillable & expedient en le cas, solonc lour bones advis & discrecions.

Item come ordeine fuit & establie en lestatuit fait lan quatorszisme del Roy E. tierce puis le conquest, q p' mesprision du clerk en qeconq, place q ceo soit ne soit pcesse du plee [anientie 1] ne discontinue p mesprendre en escrivant un fre ou un silable trop ou trop poy, mes si tost come la chose Bra apcieu p chalange du ptie ou en autre mane, soit hastiment amendee en due fo'me sanz doner av'ntage au ptie q ceo chalanga p cause de tiel mesprision; le Roy nre Sovayn f' considerant la divsitee doppinions queux len avoit

le dit estatut, & p' mettre la chose en le pluis ovte conisance, ad declares & ordeinez au psent p auctorite du cest plement, q les Justices devent queux tiel plee ou recorde est fuit ou sra pendant, sibien p ajo'nement come p voie derrour ou autrement, eient poar & auctorite de amender tiels recorde & pces come avant est dit solonc la forme de mesme lestatuit, sibien aps

puis Rot. Parl. 9 Hen. V. ix. (32): Printed Copies.

* Interlined on the Roll.

ITEM, Whereas the taking of Assises (') hath long ceased throughout the Realm, because of an Ordinance made by the King at his Second Passage towards the Parts of Normandy, and by his Council; the King considering the [Diseases and Damage, 1] which many of his liege People have had and sustained by the same ceasing, hath commanded, That his Justices shall hold the Assises through his Realm by the Manner accustomed. And (3) for to eschew the Disherisons of such Persons, as [now 1] shall pass in this present Voyage of the King our Sovereign Lord, whom God speed, and also of such Persons as [abide 5] in the King's Service in the Parts of Normandy and France, It is ordained and Novel Disprovided, That in every Protection with the Clause Volumus, to be made for any of the same Persons, in the Clause of the Exception contained in the same, Omission shall be made of these Words [Assise 6] novel disseisin. And that all such Protections be allowable and allowed for them and every of them, in all the King's Courts and elsewhere, where such Protection is set forth for any such Person, in all Pleas of Assise, as well of Novel disseisin as of fresh Force, without (7) Difficulty. Provided always, That the Judgements to be given from henceforth in such Assises, arraigned or to be arraigned, shall not be prejudicial to any of the said Persons so abiding in the King's Service beyond the Sea, as afore is said, which have any Thing in Reversion or in Remainder in the Lands or Tenements, whereof such Assises be or shall be arraigned, if they that have in Reversion or Remainder in such Lands and Tenements, be not named in the same Assises, but that they be against them all void; and this Ordinance shall endure till the Parliament that shall be first holden after the King's next Return into England: And if this Ordinance touching the said Persons so abiding in the King's Service beyond the Sea, and also touching the said Persons which have passed and shall pass in the said Voyage, be not sufficient for the Ease and Surety of them; It is also accorded and assented, That the Lords of the King's Council for the Time being shall have full Power by Authority of this Parliament, to set, ordain, and provide sufficient Remedy for the Ease and Surety of all the same Persons, as for them and every of them shall seem to the said Lords most available and expedient in the Case, according to their good Advice and Discretions.

ITEM, Whereas it was ordained and stablished in the Statute made the Fourteenth Year of King Edward the Third after the Conquest, that for Misprision of the Clerk in any Place wheresoever it be, the Process of the Plea should not be avoided nor discontinued, by mistaking in Writing one Letter or Syllable too much or too little, but as soon as the Thing is perceived, by Challenge of the Party, or in other Manner, it should hastily be amended in [a due] Form, without giving Advantage to the Party that challengeth the same because of such Misprision; the King our Sovereign Lord considering the Diversity of Opinions which have been upon the said Statute, and to put the Thing in more open Knowledge, hath declared and ordained at this Time, by Authority of this present Parliament, That the Justices before whom such Plea or Record is [made,9] or shall be depending, as well by Adjournment as by Way of Error or otherwise, shall have Power and Authority to amend such Record and Process, as afore is said, according to the Form of the same Statute, as well after

generaly MS. Tr. 2.

2 Troubles and Damages 3 that

4 bave now passed, and 7 any MS. Tr. 2. 8 due

5 be abiding

9 quas,

heretofore.

InProtections for Persons in the King's seisin shall not be excepted.

Reversioners, so being in the King's Service, if not named in such Assises.

The Council

IV. Recital of the Statute 14 Edw. III. stat. 1. ch. 6.

Justices may Defaults in Records and Process after Judgement.

Judgement in any such Plea, Record, or Process given, as before Judgement given in any such Plea, Record, or Process, as long as the same Record and Process is before them, in the same Manner as the Justices had Power to amend such Record and Process before Judgement given by Force of the said Statute made in the Time of the said King Edward. And that this Ordinance endure till the Parliament that shall be first holden after the Return of our Sovereign Lord the King into England from beyond the Sea.

ITEM, Whereas by the Statute made at Westminster

V. Recitalof St. 14 Edw. III. stat. 1. c. 7,8, concerning Sheriffs and Escheators.

The King

for Four Years.

may appoint Sheriffs, &c.

the xiv. Year of King Edward the Third, (') It was ordained and stablished, That no Sheriff should abide in his Bailiwick above one Year, and that then another convenient should be [set 1] in his Place, which should have Lands sufficient within his Bailiwick; and that no Escheator should tarry in his Office above a Year; And whereas [also 3] at the Time of the making of the said Statute divers [valiant*] and sufficient Persons were in every County of England, to occupy and govern the same Offices well towards the King and all his liege People; (3) Forasmuch that as well by divers Pestilences within the Realm of England, as by the Wars without the Realm, there is not now such Sufficiency: It is ordained [and stablished,6] That the King, by Authority [of this Parliament, 7] may make the Sheriffs and Escheators through the Realm at his Will, until the End of Four Years, except in the Counties where certain Persons be inherit in such manner Offices, the said Term to begin at the next Election of such Officers; notwithstanding the said Statute made the said xiv. Year or any other Statute or Ordinance made to the contrary; and that the same Officers be Persons sufficient and of good Fame; and that the Sheriffs have due Allowance from Year to Year during the same Term in their Accompts, and also Pardons, that is to say, such as need to have such Pardons, and that by the Advice of the King's Council, and as

VI. A Mint allowed at Calais.

VII. Stat. 2 H.V. stat. 1. ch. 5. touching Offenders in Tyndal and Exhamshire recited;

Reason and Conscience requireth. ITEM, The King, for the Ease of the Merchants and other resiant and abiding at Calais, and also to the Encrease of his Money, will and hath ordained, That [his Mint 8] and also his Coinage shall be had and used within the same Town of Calais, as long as shall please the King: Saving to him that that to him of Right pertaineth of the Mint and Coinage aforesaid.

ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Leicester the last Day of April, the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, at the grievous Complaint made to [him 9] there by certain of his Commons, for that many Murders, Treasons, Manslaughters, Robberies, and other Offences were [committed by " divers of the King's liege People, (") dwelling within the Franchises of Tyndal and Examshire, by Favour of [the Franchise,"] where the King's Writ doth not run, to the great Mischief and Peril of the said liege People; It was ordained and stablished, That if any Person of the same Franchises, resident [and "] abiding within the same, of what Estate or Condition that he be, commit any Murders, Treasons, Manslaughters, (13) Robberies, or consent to do the same out of the said Franchises, Process shall be made against him by the Common Law till he were outlawed; and that after such Outlawry pronounced, and [Return made thereof, 4] the Justices before whom such Outlawry shall be returned, should thereof make Certificate to such Ministers [and 13] Minister

after the Conquest, MS. Tr. 2. 2 ordained

5 And o in this parlement MS. Tr. 2. 7 of the same MS. Tr. 2.

o the Kyng MS. Tr. 2.

8 a Mint of his

11 by People 10 done to

10 ti 11 such Franchises 14 returned

juggement en tiel plee recorde ou pces renduz come av'nt le juggement renduz en tiel plee recorde ou pces, tant come les ditz recorde & pces soient dev'nt eux, en mesme le mane come Justices avoient poair de amendre tielx record & pces avent juggement renduz, p force del dit estatut en temps du dit Roy E. fait come desuis: Et durrera cest ordinance tanq a plement q Bra tenuz primement aps la revenue du nre Sovain f en Engletre depdela.

Item come p estatuit fait a Westin lan du reigne le ibm N. xiij. Roy E. tierce puis le conquest quatorzisme, ordeine soit & estable q nuff Viscount demureroit en sa baillee outre un an, & qadonqes sroit autre covenable ordeine en son lieu q usse tres sufficeantz en sa baillie; Et q nutt Eschetour demurreroit en son office outre un an; et combien q au temps de la fasance du dit estatuit pluseurs vaillantz & sufficeantz psones y furent en chescun Counte Denglerre p' occupier & govner celles offices bonement en s le Roy & toutz ses lieges; Et purtant q sibien p pestilences divses dedeinz le Royalme come p les guerres dehors y ne ad tiel sufficiantee a psent; Si est ordeinez en cest plement q le Roy p lauctorite dicett purra faire les Visconts & Eschetours p my le Roialme a sa voluntee tanq, au fyn de quatre ans, forspris en les Countees es queux cteins psones sont enhiteez de tiles mans offices, le dit ime comenceant a la pschein eleccion de tieux offics; [le dit estatuit fait le dit an quatorszisme ou ascun autre estatuit ou ordinance fait au contrarie non obstant; et q ycelles offics '] soient psones sufficeantz & de bone fame; & q les Viscontz aient due allouance dan en an durant mesme le tme en lour accomptes & auxi pdons, cestassavoir ceux qi bosoignent avoir tieux pdons, & ceo p advis du consel du Roy & sicome reson & conscience demandent.

Item le Roy p' laise dez mchantz & autres dem'antz ibm N. iiij. & receantz a Caleis & auxi p' lencres de sa moneie voet & ad ordeignee qun son Mynte & auxi son cunage soient euz & usez dedeinz mesme la Ville de Caleis tant come y plerra au Roy: Salves a luy ceo q a luy de droit appent del mynte & cunage avantditz.

Item come en le plement tenuz a Leycestre le darrein jour dappritt lan del reigne nre tressovain f' le Roy qorest scde, a la grevous compleint fait au Roy illoeges p cteins ses Cões, de ceo q pluseurs murdres tresons homicides robberies & autres maffaitz a pluseurs ses lieges, p gentz dem'antz dedeinz les franchises de Tyndale & Exhamshire ou brief le Roy ne court mye, p favo' de celles franchises furent ppetres, a grande mescheif & pill des ditz lieges du Roy; ordegne fuit & estable q si ascune psone des ditz franchises receant ou dem'ant deinz ycelles, de quett estate ou condicion il fuisse, face murdres tresons homicides ou robberies ou consente de les faire, hors des ditz franchises, pces soit fait devs luy p la coe ley tanq, il soit utlagee; et q aps tiele utlagarie pnuncie & retournee facent ent les Justices devant queux tiele utlagarie soit reto'nee ctificacion a tieux Ministres ou a tiel Ministre

Interlined on the Roll.

dez suisditz franchises come a eux semblera meultz cell ptie solone lo' discrecion; & soit tiel felon pris p tiel Ministre ou tieux Ministres, & ses trés & tentz biens & chatieux esteantz deinz ycelles franchises seisies es mains des f's de mesmes les franchises p' le temps esteantz come forfaitz; Et q les autres Pres & tentz biens & chatieux de tiel felon, esteantz hors de mesmes les franchises, dem'gent entierement au Roy & as autres f's aiantz ent franchise come forfaitz; Salvant toutz foitz au Roy les forfaitures dautiels murdrours traitours homicidours robbours & autres maffaisours qconqs & dautres choses queux a luy appteignent come de droit de sa corone: Et p' tant q semblables murdres tresons homicides robberies consentements & maffaites p divses psones larons & felons appellez Intakers & Outputters dem'antz deinz la franchise de Ridesdale en quele franchise le brief du Roy ne court mye come est dit, ont estee faitz jatard en divses lieus en les Countees de Northumbr Cumbr Westml & aillo's hors de mesme la franchise de Ridesdale, p favour & socour de mesme la franchise, dont null redresce Vs eux nad estee eu p les leies ceo enarere usez, a tresg unde meschief pil & damage a le people issint grevez, come le Roy p clamous pleint a luy fait en ceste psent plement lad pleinement entendu: Nie Sovaigne f' voillant ceo remedier si ad ordeines & establez en ceo mesme plement, q autieux pces Cuficacion & execucion soient faitz desore enavant Vs tieux m'drours traitours homicidours robbours consentours & maffesours dem'antz ou receantz dedeinz la dit franchise de Ridesdale, p' cause de lour maffaitz faitz dehors mesme la franchise de Ridesdale, & auxi tieux mans forfaitures encourgent en toutz pointz sibien envs le Roy come envs toutz autres psones, come fuit ordeine vs les ditz maffaisours de Tyndale & Examhamshire p le dit estatuit fait a Leycestre, & solonc la forme & equite de mesme lestatuit; Salvant toutz foitz au Roy ceo q a luy apptient celles pties come de droit de sa corone.

Item p' ceo q pluseurs Escolers & Clercs del Uni-Psite dOxenford disconuz armez & arraiez afaire de guerre ont sovent oustez & dissesiez divses psones de lour trez & tentz en les Countees dOxenford Berk & Buk, & auxint ont chacez ove chiens & levers en divses gareines parks & forestes en mesmes les Countees sibien p jour come p noet & pris Desmes & Dames levs & conyns, manaceantz outre ceo les Gardeins dicelles de lour vies; & auxi ove fort main ont pris Clercs convictz de felonie p due pces de leie hors del garde dordinaries, & ceux prisons ont amesnes ovesq, eux & lessez aler a large, come le Roy p ovt compleint & tesmoignance a luy fait en cest plement lad entendue: Nre dit sovain & voillant a ceo mettre remedie ad ordeinez & establiz en mesme le plement, q due pces vs tielx escolers maffesours p' lour offenses soit fait, come la coe leie & auxi les estatutz de la tre requirent solonc le cas canq ils veignent a respons ou soient utlages. Et si ascun tiel escoler soit ensi utlagee, adonqes les Justices devant queux celle utlagarie soit reto'nee facent ctifier le Chanceller del Univsite suisdce of the said Franchises, as to them best should seem in this Behalf, according to their Discretion; and such Felon shall be taken by such Minister or Ministers, and his Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels, being within the same Franchises, seised into the Hands of the Lords of the same Franchises for the Time being, as forfeit; And that the other Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels of such [Felons'] out of the same Franchises, shall wholly remain to the King, and to other Lords having thereof Franchises, as forfeit; Saving always to the King the Forfeitures of such Murderers, Traitors, Manslayers, Robbers, and all [such *] Offenders, and of other Things, which to him pertain as of the Right of his Crown: And Forasmuch as like Murders, Treasons, Manslaughters, Robberies, Consents, and Offences by divers Persons, Thieves, and Felons, called Intakers and [Outparters,1] dwelling within the Franchise of Ridesdale, in which Franchise the King's Writ doth not run, as it is said, have been done now of late in divers Places in the Counties of Northumberland, Cumberland, Westmerland, and elsewhere out of the same Franchise of Ridesdale, by Favour and Succour of the same Franchise, whereof no Redress towards them hath been had by the Laws heretofore used, to the great Mischief, Peril, and Damage of the People so grieved, as our Sovereign Lord the King, by the grievous Complaint to him made in this present Parliament, hath fully perceived: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, willing to remedy the same, hath ordained and stablished in [the '] same Parliament, That such Process, Certificate, and Execution shall be made hereafter against such Murderers, (5) Manslayers, Robbers, Consenters, and Offenders, abiding or resident within the said Franchise of Ridesdale, [for 6] their Offences done out of the said Franchise of Ridesdale, and also such Manner of Forfeitures shall run in all Points, as well to our Sovereign Lord the King as to all other Persons, as it was ordained for the said Offenders of Tyndal and Exhamshire by the said Statute made at Leicester, and according to the Form and Equity of the same Statute: Saving always to the King that which pertaineth to him in this Behalf, as of the Right of his Crown.

ITEM, Because that many Clerks and Scholars of the University of Oxford unknown, armed, and arrayed in the Manner of War, have oftentimes disseised and put out divers Persons of their Lands and Tenements in the Counties of Oxford, Berks, and Bucks, and also have hunted with Dogs and Greyhounds in divers Warrens, Parks, and Forests in the same Counties, as well by Days as by Nights, and taken Deer, Hares, and Conies, and moreover threatening the Keepers of the same of their Lives; and also with strong Hand have taken Clerks convict of Felony by due Process of the Law, out of the Ward of the Ordinaries, and those Prisoners have brought with them, and let go at large, as the King, by open Complaint to him made in this Parliament, hath conceived: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, Process willing upon the same to set Remedy, hath ordained and stablished, (7) That due Process shall be made against such Scholars wrong doers, for their Offences, as the Law and also the Statutes of the Land require, according to the Case, till they come to answer, or else be outlawed. And if any such Scholar be so outlawed, Certificate then the Justices before whom such Outlawry shall be returned, shall certify the Chancellor of the said University University;

Offenders;

The recited

to the like Offenders in

VIII.

Offences

by Scholars

at Oxford.

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¹ Felon, being 2 other 3 Outputters + this MS. Tr. 2. 5 Traitors ⁶ bycause of

⁷ in the same Parlement MS. Tr. 2.

Banishment from the University thereupon.

IX.
Abbots and
Priors shall
not be appointed to
collect the
Dismes out
of their own
Counties.

X.
Coal-Keels
at Newcastle
shall be
measured and
marked.

XI. English Gold Coin shall be received by Weight.

Re-coinage of Gold Money.

for the Time being, of the same Outlawry; and that the same Chancellor, upon such Certification had, shall do to be banished [maintenant,'] and without Difficulty, such Outlaws out of the same University, upon the Pain that pertaineth. And that this Ordinance endure till the next Parliament to be holden, after the King's Return from beyond the Sea into England.

ITEM, Forasmuch as the Abbots and Priors of the Realm of England, have had and sustained great [Damage,¹] Losses, Costs, and [Diseases³] before this Time, by that that they have been assigned by the Archbishops and Bishops of the same Realm [of England,] to gather the Dismes granted to the Kings of England by the Clergy, very far from their Houses, and also in divers Dioceses and Counties, as they have shewed to our said Sovereign Lord the King by their Petition delivered in this present Parliament; the King [our Sovereign Lord,] having thereto Consideration, hath ordained and stablished, That no Abbot nor Prior within [the Realm of England, shall be by any Archbishop or Bishop from henceforth ordained to be Collector of any Dismes or Subsidies out of the same County where he is dwelling or conversant. And this Ordinance shall stand in his force till the Parliament which shall be first holden after the King's Return from beyond the Sea into England.

ITEM, Whereas of every Chaldron of Sea Coals which be or shall be sold to People not franchised in the Port of the Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Twopence be due to the King of Custom, and in the same Port be certain Vessels called Keels, by which such Coals be carried from the Land to the Ships in the said Port; and every of the said Keels ought to be of the Portage of Twenty Chaldrons, and according to the same Portage, the (3) Custom is thereof taken to the King's Use; there be now certain People that of late have made such Keels of the Portage of Twenty-two or Twenty-three Chaldrons, whereof the Custom hath been taken according to the Portage of Twenty Chaldrons only, in Deceit of our Lord the King, as he hath perceived by Complaint in this Parliament; [It is therefore of ordained and stablished against such Deceit, that all the Keels which now be, and hereafter shall be in the said Port, shall be measured by certain Commissioners thereto (7) assigned by the King, and marked of what Portage they be, before that any Carriage be made by the same, upon Pain of [Forfeiture 8] to the King all the Vessels called Keels, by which any such Coals shall be carried, before that they be marked in the Manner aforesaid.

ITEM, To avoid the Perils and Deceits which long have continued within the Realm by Washers, Clippers, and Counterfeiters of the Money [of the Realm] of England, to the great [Loss 9] and Damage of all the People of the same Realm; the King, by the Advice and Assent of all the Lords and Commons assembled in this Parliament, hath ordained and stablished, That from Christmas Even next coming, none of the King's liege People shall receive any Money of English Gold in Payment, but by the King's Weight thereupon ordained. And because a great Part of the Gold now current in Payment is not of rightful Weight nor of good Allay the same [shall "] be sent to the [Coine,"] to the Intent it shall be newly coined of just Weight and of good Allay, and [because that shall be "] to the great Loss and Costs of the King's Subjects, unless it please him to relieve them in this Case,

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anon MS. Tr. 2. adamages MS. Tr. 2. Troubles
the said Realm as saide MS.Tr. 2. He hath MS.Tr. 2.
to be forfeiting must must be mischief
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p' le temps esteant de mesme lutlagarie; et q mesme le Chaunceller s' cell ctificacion eu, face banner maintenant & sanz difficultee tieux utlages hors de mesme lunivisite s' peine q appent: Et q cest ordinance durera tanq a pschein plement a tenir puis le revenue de nre dit & le Roy en Engletre de pdela.

Item p' taunt q les Abbes & Priours Dengletre ont eu & sustenu g'undez damages pdes costages & disaises av'nt ces heurs, pmy ceo qils ount este p lerchevesqes & Esvesqes de mesme le Royalme assignes de coiller les dismes g'untez as Roys Dengletre p les Clergies trop longement de lour maisons & auxi en divses Diocises & Countes come ils ont monstrez au Roy p lour peticion baillez en cest plement; le Roi eiant a ceo consideracion ad ordene & estable, q nult Abbe ne Priour dedeinz le dit Roialme soit p ascun Ercevesq, ou Evesq, desore enav'nt ordeine destre Coillo' dascuns dismes ou subsides, hors de cett Countee ou il est demurrant ou convsant. Et estoise cest ordinance en sa force tanq, a plement q s'ra primement tenuz ap's la revenue de n'ie sovain f' en Engletre depdela.

Item p la ou de chescun chaldre de charbons mari- N. xij. tismes, q sont & Front vendus as gentz nient y franchises en le port del ville del Novett Chastett s' Tyne, sont dues au Roy deux deniers de custume, & en mesme le Porte sont cteinz vesselx appellez Keles, p les queux tielx charbons sont caries de la Pre jesqes a les naefs en le dit port, & doit chescun des ditz Keles estre del portage de vint chaldres, & solonc mesme le portage la dce custume en est pris al oeps du Roy; Sont ore cteinz gentz qont fait jatard tieles Keles del portage de xxij ou xxiij chaldres, dont la custume ad estee pris solonc le portage de xx. chaldrez tantsoulement, en deceite du Roy, sicome le Roy lad entendu p compleint en cest plement; Si ad il ordeine & establiz encountre tiele deceite, q toutz les Keles, qore sont & Front en temps avenir en le dit port, soient mesures p cteinz Comissions a ceo assignerz p le Roy & miches de quett portage y soient devant ceo q ascun cariage soit fait p icelles, s' peine de forfaire au Roy toutz les Vesselx appellez Keles p les queux ascuns tieux charbons front caries dev'nt ceo q ils soient mchez en le mane av'ntdit.

Item p' ouster piles & deceites queux longement ont contenus dedeinz le Roialme pmy les lavours tonsours & controfaito's de la moneie Dengletre, a tres gaundes meschiefs & damages a toutz gentz de mesme le Roialme; le Roy p advis & assent de toutz les f's & Cões assembles en cest plement ad ordeinez & estables, que de la veille del feste de Nouel pchein avenir enavant nult liege du Roy receiva ascune moneie dor Engleis en paiment sinon p les pois du Roy sur ceo ordeines. Et p' tant que gaunde ptie del or de pesent currant en paiement nest mye de droiturell pois ne de bone allaie, y faute ceo remettre a le cune au fyne qil poet estre novelment cunez de joust pois & bone alleie & ceo esta estre a gaunde pde & costages des subditz du Roy sil ne luy plest eux relever en ceo cas,

si ad le Roi de sa g'ce espale remis & pdonee a toutz ses liges, qi pentre cy & le dit fest de Nouell ferront cuner de novel a le cunage du Roy dedeinz le Toure de Loundres lor monoie dor q ne soit de joust pois ne de bone allaie, cest assavoir tout ceo q a luy apptient p' celt novelt cunage de tiel ore come desuis; Salvez a le Mestre del Mynte & as autres Offices dicett ceo q a eux apptient resonablement,

Item ordeignez est & establiz q toutz les briefs p les Gardeins de le novelt pont de Rouchestre & lours successours ap'chacerz, ou p autres encountre eux ap'chacers, soient maintenus & sustenuz p la ley; et combien q les ditz gardeins ou ascun de eux soit ou soient amovez ou expulsez de lour dit office, ou devie ou deviont pendantz les ditz briefs, nientmains mesmes les briefs estoient & soient bons & effectuelx en ley p' toutz jo's.

[our Sovereign Lord] the King, of his special Grace, hath remised and pardoned to all his liege People, which betwixt this and the said Feast of Christmas shall cause to be coined of new at the King's Coinage within the Tower of London, their Money of Gold that is not of just Weight nor of good Allay, that is to say, all that to him pertaineth for this new Coinage of such Gold as afore: Saving always to the Master of the Mint, and to the other Officers of the same, that which to them reasonably pertaineth.

ITEM, It is ordained, That all the Writs to be purchased by the Wardens of the new Bridge of Rochester, and their Successors, or by other against them to be purchased, shall be maintained and sustained by the Law [of England;] and although that the said Wardens, or any of them, be removed or expulsed from their said Office, or do die, hanging the said Writs, nevertheless the same Writs shall stand and be good and effectual in the Law for ever.

Of Actions against the Wardens of

In Margine Rotuli.

ibm N. xiiij.

Alia statuta de eodem anno nono.

OTHER STATUTES OF THE SAME NINTH YEAR.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. III. m. 1.

Plement tenuz a Westin le prim jour de Decembr A lan du Regne del Roi Henry quint puis le coqueste noevisme, mesme nre f' le Roi del assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la requeste des Coes Dengletre assemblez en ceo mesme plement, ad fait cteins ordenances p' le coe bien & pfit du roialme en fourme gensuit : Primement q toutz les estatuts & ordenances, qont estee faitz en temps des nobles Pgenitours du Roi touchantz le bone & loial govnance de ses moneies dor & dargent nient repellez, soient bien & firmament gardez & tenuz en toutz points.

Item le Roi ferra ordein en qantq, len poet bonement ses eschanges de moneie dor & dargent, en la Citee de Loundres & aillours deinz le Roialme pur laise de son poeple, q gront tenuz en lieux ovtes en hautes rues; Et q toutz ceux q vorront venir a le Tour de Loundres pur y avoir moneie de novel cunee, ils y avont moneie cunee & ent gront delivez dedeinz oept jours solonc la vraie value de ceo qils apportont illoeqes, paiantz pur les seig'nage & cunage dor lafferant de v s. pur la livre de Tour, et pur les Seign'age & cunage dargent xv d. a la livre de Tour sanz pluis; et q ceux qi ne vorront approcher a le Tour a ceo faire, mes vorront ent estre delivez a les eschanges, paient pur leschange de lafferant dun noble un denier, & pur le di noble ob, et pur la quarte ptie ferling, ovesq les seign'age & cunage come devant est dit.

Item q les Meistres & Ovours de la Moneie & auxi les Eschangeours en toutz lieux ou moneie Bra faite ou changee, soient tenuz de deliver & paier a le poeple ceo q a eux doit apptenir pur tiele eschange, de bone & loial moneie Denglerre p & de joust pois ou p nombre, al eleccion de cely q le resceiva sanz delaie ou difficulte qconq.

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STATUTE THE SECOND.

T the Parliament holden at Westminster the First A Day of December, in the Ninth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fifth, [It is ordained'] by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons [there assembled, 2] That all the Statutes and Ordinances, which have been made in the Time of the King's noble Progenitors, touching the good and lawful Governance of his [Money 3] of Gold and Silver, not repealed, be well and firmly kept and holden in all Points.

ITEM, The King, in as much as he conveniently may, shall do to be ordained his Exchanges of the Money of Gold and Silver in the City of London, and elsewhere in the Realm, for the Ease of his People, which shall be holden in open Places in high Streets: And that all they that will come to the Tower of London, there to have Money of new coined, they shall (4) have Money coined, and thereof shall be delivered within Eight Days, according to the very Value of that that they shall bring thither, paying the Seignorage and Coinage of Gold, after the Rate of Five Shillings for the Pound of the Tower, and for the Seignorage and Coinage of Silver Fifteen Pence for the Pound (5) and no more; and that they that will not approach the Tower to do the same, but will be thereof delivered at the Exchanges, shall pay for the Exchange after the Rate of a Penny for the Noble, and for the Half Noble a Halfpenny, and for the Fourth Part of the Noble a Farthing, with the Seignorage and Coinage, as afore is said.

ITEM, That the Masters and Workers of the Money, and also the [Strangers 6] in all Places where Money shall be [coined,] made, or changed, shall be holden to deliver and pay (7) all that that ought to pertain to them for such Exchange of good and lawful Money of England, by and of just Weight, or by the Number at the Election of him which ll receive the same without any Delay or Difficulty.

Statutes concerning confirmed.

The King's Exchanges for Money.

Seignorage upon Coinage

What shall Exchanges.

ers and Exchangers shall deliver good Money,

after the Conquest, the same our Lord the King
assembled in this same Parliament, bath made certain Ordinances for the common Profit and Weal of the Realm, in Form following: First,

Monies MS. Tr. 2. there MS. Tr. 2.

5 of the Tower MS. Tr. 2. 6 Exchangers

7 to the People, MS. Tr. 2.

Vol. II.

3 H

And if percase it happen that any notable Default in the Weight [of the Money,] or in the Allay be found, which God defend, upon the Delivery or Payment to be made at the said Tower, or at the Exchanges aforesaid, that then it shall be well lawful to every Person that shall find such Default, to refuse that that is defective before that he depart the Place where he the same shall receive; and that the Master or the [Changers'] be holden to deliver to him sufficient Money for the same, without Delay, and to melt that that shall so be found defective.

IV. Exchanger shall bring to the Tower Gold and Silver received.

V. Mint at Calais.

VI. Allay and Weight of Money.

VII. Weights for Gold Coin.

VIII. Falsifiers of Weights.

IX. Recital of the Statute 14Ric.II.c.z. concerning Exchanges made to Rome.

thereof.

ITEM, That they which shall be Wardens and [Surveyors2] and Ministers of the Exchanges out of the Tower, shall be holden and bounden to bring (3) all the Gold and Silver that they shall receive by way of Exchange, or shall buy by Colour of their Office, to the Tower of London, there to be molten and made in Money, in Augmentation and Increase of the Money, for the Profit of the Realm and Ease of the People, without being sold, aliened, or put to any other Use.

ITEM, That the King's Mint be coined and made at Calais, in the Manner as it hath been made (4) and governed at the Tower of London.

ITEM, That all the Money of Gold and Silver that shall be made at the Tower of London and at Calais, or elsewhere within the Realm of England, by Authority Royal, shall be made of as good Allay, and [good 5] Weight, as it is now made at the Tower.

ITEM, That the King do to be ordained good and just [Weight 6] of the Noble, Half Noble, and Farthing of Gold, with the Rates necessary to the same, for every City, Borough, and Market Town of the Realm, to be delivered by the [Chancellor 7] of England to them that will have them, to the Intent that they be not deceived by false Counterfeiters, and them that use false [Weight 6] in Deceit of the People.

ITEM, That the Justices of Peace, Sheriffs, Escheators, and other (8) Persons to be assigned by the King, shall have Power by Commission to enquire of [all 9] Falsifiers and Counterfeiters of false Weights, and to take them and imprison, and in Prison to hold them without Mainprise, till they be (10) acquitted or attainted; and if they be attainted, their Bodies shall abide in Prison till they have made Fines and Ransoms after the Discretion of the said Justices; and that the same Justices have Power thereof to inquire, hear, and determine as often as to them shall seem necessary.

ITEM, Whereas in [another Statute"] made the Fourteenth Year of King Richard the Second, It was ordained, That for every Exchange that shall be made by Merchants [in "] the Court of Rome, or elsewhere, that the Merchants be firmly and surely bounden in the Chancery, to buy within Three Months after the Exchange made, Merchandises of the Staple, as Wools, Leather, Woolfels, Lead or Tin, Butter, Cheese, or Cloths, or other Commodities of the Land, to the Value of the Sum so exchanged, upon Forfeiture of the same; and such Merchants said in this present Parliament, That they dare not bind themselves to observe the Effect of the same Statute, because that within Three Months after such Exchanges made, they cannot buy and [make Shipping to pass such Merchandises 13] to the Parts beyond the Sea, as afore is said, to the Value of the Sum so changed;

1 Exchanger 2 Governors 3 or cause to be brought and coined in the Time of his noble Progenitors, in Ease of the People: Also that it be of the Weight and Allay, according to the Form and Manner as it is made, 5 just MS. Tr. 2.

7 Tresorer MS. Tr. 2. 6 Weights sufficient MS. Tr. 2. 9 such MS. Tr. 2.

19 to 11 a Statute

10 thereof 13 cause to be shipped such Merchandises, to pass Et si p cas il aveigne q ascun notable defaute en pois ou en allaie soit trovee, q Dieux defende, sur la delivance ou paiement affaire a la Tour suisdée ou a leschanges suisdčes, q bien lirra a chescuny qi trova tiel defaute devant qil passe la place ou il le resceiva, de refuser ceo q soit defectif: et q le Meistre ou eschangeour soit tenuz de luy deliver sufficeant moneie pur ycett sanz delaie, & de faire refounder ceo qi sra ensy troves defectif.

Item q ceux q Front Gardeins & [Govnours'] & Mi. nistres de les eschanges hors del Tour, soient tenuz & obligez dapporter ou faire apporter tout lor & argent, qils resceivont p voie deschange ou achateront p colour de lour office a la Tour de Loundrez pur y estre founduz & fait en moneie en augmentacion & encres de la moneie, pur pfit du roialme & aise du poeple, sanz estre venduz alienez ou mys a nuff autre oeps.

Item q la mynte du Roi soit cunez & fait a Caleis en mane come ad estee fait & cunez en temps de ses nobles pgenitours, en aise du le poeple: Auxi qil soit del pois & allaie solone la fourme & mane come il est fait & govne a la Tour de Loundres.

Item q tout la moneie dor & dargent q sra fait a la Tour de Loundres & a Caleis, ou aillours deinz le Roialme Dengletre p auctorite roial, soit fait de auxi bone allaie & de joust pois come il est a la Tour au psent fait.

Itē q le Roi ferra orden bones & joustz pois del noble, demy noble & ferling dor, ovesq, les rates a ceo necessaries pur chescun Citee Burgh & Ville nichee du Roialme, a delivez p le Tresorer Dengletre a ceux qi les vorront avoir a fyn qils ne soient deceux p faues Controvours & ceux qi usent fauxes pois en deceit de le poeple.

Item q les Justices du pees, les Viscounts Eschetours & auts sufficeantz psones a assignerz p le Roi, aient poair p comission denquerrer de tieux fauxeours & Controvours de fauxe pois, & de les prendre & emprisoner & en prison detenir sanz mainprise tanq ils soient ent atteintz ou acquitez; et sils soient atteintz demurgent lour corps en prison tanq ils eient faitz fynes & ranceon solone la discrecion des ditz Justices; et q mesmes les Justices aient poair dent enquerer oier & det miner a tant de foitz come lour semblera pluis bosoignable.

Item come en un estatut fait lan du regne del Roi Richard Seconde quatorzisme, ordeignee soit q pur chescun eschange q Sra fait p Merchants a la Courte de Rome ou aillours, q les ditz michants soient fermement & seurement liez en la Chancellerie dachater deins trois mois aps le dit eschange fait michandises de lestaple come lains quirs peaux lanutz & plumbe ou estein bure furmage draps ou aut's comodites de la tre a la value de la some issint eschangee, sur forfaiture diceff; et disoient en cest psent plement tieux mchants qils nosoient soi obliger pur observer leffect du dit estatut, a cause q dedeinz trois mois aps tiele eschange fait ils ne p'roient achatier & faire eskipper pur passer as pties pdela tielx mchandises come desuis a la value de la some ensy changee;

1 Surveiours Old Printed Copies.

& ensy pur defaute des tielx changeours y duist avoir faille tiele eschange, & p divses colours & subtilitees la moneie du Roi Broit Vaisemblablement en privitee apportez as pties pdela, & tielx inchandises come desuis ne Proient achatiez p tielx michants changeours, a g'unde damage du Roi & de son roialme si en cest psent plement ne fuisse p'veu de remedie: Sy est il pur tant ordeigne en cest psent plement pur pfit du Roi & du Roialme q toutz michants q ferront autieux eschanges a la Courte suisdée ou aillours, qils & chescun de eux soient & soit obligez psonelement en la Chancellerie suisdite p reconisance dachater deinz noef mois aps mesmes les eschanges faitz semblables michandises & comodites come desuis est dit, a la value de les somes issint eschangez, sur peine de forfaiture dicelles, le dit estatut fait le dit an quatorzisme non obstant. Et que toutz les ordinances suisdces dureront tanq, au plement pscheinement a tenir.

Item p la ou divses Collectours des dismes & quinszimes grantez au Roi des biens temporelx, ont estez assignez en chescun Countee du roialme, ascuns de eux ont p'posez a rendre loialment lour accompte & ascuns nemy, pissint q qant brieves du Roi ont issuez as Viscounts pur faire venir les ditz Collectours en lescheger pur accompter illoeges, les loialx de eux ont venuz & portez la rate de lour collect, & les auts p brogage & subtilite soi ont absentez & ne voidrent venir ne paier lour rate illoeqes, & ensy les loialx ne p'roient estre deschargez mes entierment chargez des somes q lour compaignons absentz duissent avoir paiez. & auxi mys en prison sovent foitz & lour Pres & tentz seisez es mains du Roi, tanq ils ussent paiez au Roi la rate de la Collect de lour ditz compaignons a Psg*unde mieschief & destruccion des plusours loialx lieges du Roi, come ad estee entendue a la grevouse compleint fait p la Coe Denglet're cy en cest psent plement : Si est pur mettre remedie en le cas, ordeinez en ceo mesme plement de lassent des f's espuelx & temporelx esteantz en ycett & a la requeste de la dce Coe, q les Collectours des tieux dismes & quinszimes aient recover p accion de dette envs lour compaignons de les somes queux ils ont ensy paiez & paieront p' eux, ensemblement ovesq lour doubles damages. Et durera cest darrein ordenance tanq, au plement q sra primement tenuz aps la revenue du Roi en Englerre.

• Item come monstre fuist en cest plement p la dce Coe p lour coe peticion, coment le chemyn q soi extende de la Ville de Abendon vs Dorchestre en le Countee Doxenford outre laeue de Thamyse p les lieux de Burford & Culhamford, pentre les dces Villes de Abendon & Dorchestre pmy les soil & franchises & deinz lez boundes & franchises del Abbe de Abendon, de son Manoir de Culham en droit de sa Esglisc de nre Dame de Abendon, p quelt les lieges du Roi & de ses pgenitours illoeqs passantz ont euz lour cariage & franc passage, sibien ove charettes come ove lour

and also for Default of such Changers I there ought to be made such Exchange,'] and by divers Colours and Subtleties the King's Money shall be of great likelihood privily carried to the Parts beyond the Sea, and such Merchandises as afore shall not be bought by such Merchants Changers, to the great Damage of the King and of his People and the Realm, if in this present Parliament Remedy be not provided: Therefore it is ordained in this present Parliament for the Profit of the King and of [his 1] Realm, That all Merchants that shall make such Exchanges [at3] the said Court of Rome, or elsewhere, and every of them, shall be bound personally in the said Chancery by Recognisance, to buy within Nine Months after the same Exchanges made, like Merchandises and Commodities, as afore is said, to the Value of the Sums so changed, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same, notwithstanding the said Statute made the said Fourteenth Year. And that all the Ordinances aforesaid shall endure until the Parliament next to be holden.

ITEM, Whereas divers Collectors of Dismes and Quinzimes granted to the King, of Temporal Goods, have been assigned in every County of the Realm, and some of them have purposed lawfully to yield their Account, and some not, so that when the King's Writs have issued to the Sheriffs to cause the said Collectors to come to the Exchequer, there for to account, the honest true Men have come in, and brought the Rate of their gathering, and the other by Brocage and Subtelty have absented them, and will not come and pay their Rate there, and so the lawful may not be discharged, but wholly charged of the Sums which their Companions absent ought to have paid, and also oftentimes put in Prison, and their Lands and Tenements seised into the King's Hands, till they had payed to the King the Rate of the gathering of their Companions, to the great Mischief and Destruction of many of the King's lawful Subjects, as [the King hath conceived 1] at the grievous Complaint [of] the Commons (6) made here in this present Parliament : [Our said Sovereign Lord,7] by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons [hath ordained, 1] That the Collectors of such Dismes and Quinzimes, shall have Recovery by Action of Debt against their Companions, of the Sums which they have so paid, and shall pay for them, with their Double Damages. And this (9) Ordinance shall endure till the Parliament which shall be first holden after the Return of the King our Sovereign Lord into England.

ITEM, Whereas it hath been shewn in this Parliament by the said Commonalty by their common Petition, how the Road, which extends from the Town of Abingdon towards Dorchester in the County of Oxford, over the Water of Thames by the Places of Burford and Culhamford, between the said Towns of Abingdon and Dorchester, through the Soil and Franchises and within the Bounds and Franchises of the Abbot of Abingdon, of his Manor of Culham in Right of his Church of our Lady of Abingdon, along which the liege Subjects of the King and of his Progenitors there passing have had their Carriage and free Passage, as well with Carriages as with their

9 last MS. Tr. 2.

X.
Remedy for
Collectors
of Dismes
against each
other; by
Action of
Debt and
double
Damages.

XI.*
For the
Repair of
Roads and
Bridges at
Burford and
Culhamford
between
Abingdon &
Durchester.

Omit these Words.

¹ such Exchange must fail of the MS. Tr. 2. 3 to
4 hath been understood by MS. Tr. 2. 6 of England
7 It is, to provide Remedy in this Case, ordained in this same Parliament,

The Time for buying Merchandises extended to Nine Months.

The following Chapter is not inserted in any of the Old Printed Copies, nor in any former printed Translation: It was first printed in Hawkins's Edition, from the Statute Roll. An imperfect Translation of this Chapter is inserted in Old Printed Copies, as Chapter XXVIII. of the Statute 8 Henry VI.

Horses, Goods, Chattels, and Merchandizes, from Time whereof Memory runneth not, was lately by the Increase of Water so much surrounded, that no one could pass there, nor make any such Carriage there without Danger of losing their Lives, Goods, Chattels, and Merchandises, until certain Persons of the said Town of Abingdon, of their own proper Goods and the Alms of Persons inhabiting round about, have made a Bridge over the said Place called Burford, and another Bridge over the said Place called Culhamford, and have also, with the Assent of the said Abbot and his Convent, enlarged, enhanced, made, and repaired the said Road between the Places and Bridges aforesaid, in Breadth, with the Ditches of the same Road on both Sides, of Four Perches and Eight Feet in the whole, and have also planted and fixed upon the Banks of the said Ditches nearest to the Road, certain Trees called Poplars and Willows now growing, for the Amendment and Reparation of the said Road, upon necessary Occasions in Time to come: Whereupon, In Consideration of the great Ease and Profit which will accrue to the liege Subjects of the King from those Bridges and the Road, if they could be continued, with the Assent of the said Lords, and at the Request of the said Commonalty, It is ordained and established in this same Parliament, that the said Bridges and the Passages over the same, and also the said Road between the said Bridges of the Breadth as afore is said, shall be and remain for ever common Bridges and Passages, and a common Road to all Persons whatsoever there passing or desiring to pass, as well on Horseback as on Foot, and in other Manner, and with all manner of Carriages; and that it be lawful to all the liege Subjects of the King, the said Bridges, Passages, Road, and Ditches, in the Breadth and Form aforesaid, to make, repair, enhance, renew and scour, and other such Trees upon the said Banks anew to plant and fix, and in the said Ditches, Clay, Marle, Gravel, and Earth, to dig and take, and of such Trees the Branches and Shoots, as well of those which are now there planted as of those which shall there be planted, at necessary and seasonable Times to cut and take, for the Reparation of the Bridges, Road, and Passage aforesaid, as often as they please, for ever, without the Impediment or Impeachment of any one; any Title or Interest whatever, of the said Abbot and Convent in the Soil of the Water, Passages, Road, and Ditches aforesaid, or in the Soil or Water in which the said Bridges are or shall be built in the said Places, or in any Parcel of the same, notwithstanding. Saving always the Right of the King; and Saving also to the said Abbot and Convent, and to their Successors, their Liberties and Franchises within and upon the Bridges, Road, Passages, Waters, and Ditches aforesaid, as they had before in the said Road, Soil, and Water, and also all the Fishery in the Water beneath the said Bridges, and in the Ditches aforesaid for ever.

chivalx biens chatieux & mchandises du temps dont memorie ne court, fuit jatard p cretein de eaue a tant surunduz q nutt purroit illoeqs passer ne tieux cariage sanz pil de pdre lour vies biens chatieux & mchandises illoeqs faire, tanq, cteins gentz du dite Ville de Abendon de lour ppre biens & dalmoige des gentz la entour enhabitantz ont faitz un pont outre la dite lieu appelle Burford & un autre pont outre le dit lieu appelle Culhamford, & eient auxi del assent de dit Abbe & son Covent enlargez enhancez faitz & reparailez le dit chemyn pentre les lieux & pontes suisditz en laeure ove les fosses de mesme le chemyn de ambedeux parties quatre perches & oept pees entout & eient auxi plantes & fichez sur les ripes des ditz fosses pluis pschein a chemyn cteins arbres appellez Poplers & Wyllughes ore cresceantz pur amendement & reparacion du dit chemyn as heurs & temps bosoignables en temps avenir: Sur qoi considerez les grandes aise & pfit q aviendront a les lieges du Roi pmy ceux ponts & chemyn si q ils purront continuer, del assent des ditz s's & a la requeste de la dce Coe ordeignez est & establiez en ceo mesme plement, q les ditz ponts & passages outre ycelles, & auxi le dit chemyn pentre mesmes les ponts de la laeure come dessuis est dit soient & remaignent a toutz jours cões ponts passages & chemyn as qconqes illoeqs passantz ou passer voillantz sibien a chival come a pee & en aut mane & ove toutz mans des cariages; et q lise a toutz lieges du Roi les ditz ponts passages chemyn & fosses en la laeure & forme suisditz faire reparailler enhancer de novelt edifier & escurer, & aut's teux arbres sur les ditz ripes de novelt planter & ficher & en les ditz fosses argiff marle gravell & tre fower & Pndre, & de autieux arbres les branches & gmines, sibien de ceux queux sont ore illoeqes plantez come de ceux qilloeqes sront plantez, as temps bosoignables & sesonables couper & Pndre pur la reparacion des ponts chemyn & passage avantditz, si sovent come lour plerra pur toutz jours, sanz impediment ou empeschement de nully; ascun title ou in esse qiq soit des ditz Abbe & Covent en le soil de les eaue passages chemyn & fosses avantditz, ou en le soil ou leaue en quett les ditz pontz sont ou Front edifiez en les ditz lieux, ou en ascun pcell dicett nient obstantz. Salve toutfoitz le droit du Roi, & salvez auxi as ditz Abbe & Covent & a lour successours lour libtees & franchises dedeinz & en les ponts chemyn passages eaues & fosses avantditz, sicome ils avoient a devant en les ditz chemyn soil & eaue, & auxi toute la pescherie en leaue desoutz les ditz ponts & en les fosses suisditz ppetuelment.

End of the Statutes of King henry the Fifth.

STATUTES OF KING HENRY THE SIXTH.

Anno 1º HENRICI, VI. A.D.1422.

Rotul' Statutor' de annis primo e secundo R. henr' serti.*

ROLL OF THE STATUTES OF THE FIRST AND SECOND YEARS OF K. HENRY VI.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. IV. m. 12.

facebroom, subbilings/contrible prisons may a trust remission length of the contract of the contract

U Plement tenuz a Westm le lundy pscheyn A devent le fest de Seint Martyn lan de regne du Roy Henry sisme puis le conquest prim, mesme le Roy de ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a les especialx instance & request de Cões Dengleterre esteantz en mesme le plement fist faire ordiner & establire divses ordinances & estatutz en la fourme qensuit.

En primes ordeines est p' le pfit du Roy & laise de son poeple, q les f's de le Counsett du Roy p' le temps esteantz purront assigner p auctorite du dit plement, Mestres & operers afaire monoie dor & dargent & a tenir les eschaunges de moneie sibien en la Citee Devwik come en la ville de Bristuit, & auxi es tants des lieux come semblera as ditz &'s bone & necessarie solone lour bons advis & discrecions, ascun estatuit ou ordinance fait au cont'rie non obstant.

Item q toutz les estatuits & ordinances faitz des purveours & achatours & nient repelles soient gardez & executz en toutz pointz & auxi pclamez en toutz Countes pmy le roialme p mandementz du Roy. Et a chescun Viscont dengle?re aps ceo qil eit rescieu les ditz estatutz pur ent faire pclamacion p tiel mandement les face pclaimer chescun an quatre foitz pmy sa baillie sur peine de paier au Roy a chescune foitz qil ent faille Cent souldz; et q sur mesme la peine chescun des ditz Visconts face delivance du dit mandement a son successour enmediate p endenturs ent eux affairs pont il poet faire semblable pelamacion pur le temps gil estoise en son office p' le aise & seurte de le poeple; et q chescun tiel successour aps cett maundement p luy resceu face autiels pclamacions quatre foitz p an & autiel delivance du dit mandement ferra a son successour come dessuis sur le peine avantdite.

av'ardica voet & graume q le Mestre del Mate

T the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Statutes A Monday next before the Feast of Saint Martin, the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King Henry the Sixth ('); the same King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Instance and Request of the Commons [of the Realm] of England, being [assembled] in this present Parliament, hath caused to be (') ordained and established divers Ordinances and Statutes in the Form following.

of the King, and the Ease of his People, That the Lords of the King's Council for the Time being may assign, by Authority of the said Parliament, Masters and Workmen to make Money of Gold and Silver, (3) to hold the Exchanges of Money as well in the City of York as in the Town of Bristol, and also in as many Places as to the said Lords shall seem (4) necessary, according to their good Advice and Discretion, any Statute or

ITEM, That all the Statutes and Ordinances made of Purveyors and Buyers, and not repealed, be kept and executed in all Points, and also proclaimed in all Counties through the Realm by the King's Commandment. And that every Sheriff [of the Realm] of England, after that he hath received the said Statutes thereof to make Proclamation by such Commandment, shall cause them to be proclaimed every Year four Times through his Bailiwick, upon Pain to pay to the King at every Time that he thereof fails, an Hundred Shillings; and that upon the same Pain every of the said Sheriffs shall deliver the said Commandment to his Successor immediately by [Indenture 5] to be made betwixt them, whereby he may make like Proclamation for the Time that he continueth in [the said 6] Office, for the Ease and Surety of the People; and that every such Successor, after such Commandment by him received shall make such Proclamations Four Times in the Year, and shall make such Deliverance of the said Commandment to his Successor, as above is said, upon the Pain aforesaid.

FIRST, It is ordained [and established,] for the Profit

Mints and

in York, Bristol, &c.

Sheriffs shall

proclaim the Statutes of

Ordinance made to the contrary notwithstanding.

a made. 1 after the Conquest MS. Tr. 2.

* This is an Indorsement at the Bottom of Membrane 10. of the Statute Roll, which is the last of the Three Membranes whereon the Statutes of these Two Years are entered.

VOL. II.

3 I

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III. All Irishmen shall depart out of the Realm, &c.

ITEM, Forasmuch as divers Manslaughters, Murders, Rapes, Robberies, and other Felonies, Riots, Conventicles, and [divers other] Offences now late have been done in divers Counties [of the Realm] of England, by People born in [the Country of] Ireland, repairing to the Town of Oxenford, and there [resiant and] dwelling under the Jurisdiction of the University of Oxenford, to

Irishmen shall reside on their Benefices in Ireland.

Excepting Graduates,

Beneficed Clergy, &c. who shall

find Surety.

See Statute 1 Hen. V. c. 8.

Graduates, &c. shall not be Principals of any Hall,

Scholars shall find Surety, and produce Testimonials of their being of the King's Obeisance.

IV. The Master of the Mint may hold the King's Exchange in London.

the great fear of all Manner of People [in the Realm of England dwelling thereabout, as by all the Commons of the same Realm assembled in [the said '] Parliament it was (') grievously complained ('); [our said Lord] the King by the Assent aforesaid, and at the Request of the same Commons hath ordained [and stablished,] That all People born in Ireland shall depart out of the Realm within a Month (4) after Proclamation made of this Ordinance, upon Pain to lose their Goods, and to be imprisoned at the King's Will; except Graduates in the Schools, and Men having Benefice of Holy Church in England, and Men of Law in England, and those which be inherit in England, and those that have Father and Mother being English People, religious Persons professed, Merchants, Burgesses, and other Inhabitants within Cities [or 3] Boroughs of good Fame, which can find Surety of their good Bearing, and [Irish Women 6] married to English Men, and (7) Irish Men married to English Women, which be of good Fame; and that all [these 8] Irish People which have Benefices or Offices in the Land of Ireland shall abide there upon their Benefices and Offices, upon Pain to lose and forfeit the Profits of their Benefices and Offices, for the Defence of the Land of Ireland aforesaid, according to the Ordinance made in the Time of King Henry the Fifth, the First Year of his Reign; And that the Graduates and beneficed Men shall find Surety of their good Bearing, and that they take not upon them the Principality of any Hall or Hostel, but [to9] remain amongst the English Scholars under the Principality of others. Moreover, that [these 8] Scholars of Ireland which be no Graduates, and be of the King's Obeisance, shall find Surety of their good Bearing in the Manner as the said Graduates should do, in such Sort and Form as is aforesaid; and that all the Scholars of Ireland being now in England, which will here dwell, every of them shall bring to the Chancellor of England for the Time being, before the Feast of Saint John Baptist next coming, Letters under the Seal of the Lieutenant or [Justices "] of Ireland, testifying that they be of the King's Obeisance; and (") of them that bring not such Letters betwixt this and the said Feast of Saint John the Baptist, it shall be done as of Rebels to our Lord the King; and that from and after the said Feast of Saint John, no Persons born in Ireland shall enter the Realm of England to dwell in the said University of Oxenford or of Cambridge, or elsewhere within the Realm of England, unless he bring to the said Chancellor of England such Letters Testimonials, upon Pain to be punished as a Rebel to our Lord the King. ITEM, Though it hath been [well"] ordained in

Times past, That he that shall be Master of the Mint shall in no wise hold the King's Exchange; Nevertheless our Sovereign Lord the King, by the [Advice and] Assent of the Lords [Spiritual and Temporal,] and [at the Request] of the Commons aforesaid, will and granteth, That the Master of the Mint at the Tower of London, which now is, and which for the Time shall be, may have and hold the King's Exchange in the City of

1 this MS. Tr. 2. next MS. Tr. 2. 3 and 9 do

in the same MS. Tr. 2. 1 thereof 6 Women

s shose 11 that

12 MS. Tr. 2. omits this Word.

10 Justice MS. Tr. 2.

roberies & autres felonies riotes conventicles & malefaitz jatarde ount estez faitz en divses Countees Dengletre, p gents neez en Irlande reparantz a le Ville de Oxenford & illoeqes demurrantz desoutz la jurisdiccion del Univsite Doxenford, a gande poure de tout manie poeple demurrant la environ come p toute la Coe du roialme assemblez en cest plement fuist grevousment de ceo compleint en le mesme; le Roy del assent av'ntdit & a la requeste de mesme la Cõe ad ordeinez, q toutz gentz neez en Irland soient voidez hors de Roialme dedeins le mois pchein aps le pclamacion fait de ceste ordinance, sur peine de pdre lour biens & destre emprisonez a la voluntee du Roy; forprisez graduates en les escoles & homes aiantz benefices de Seinte Esglise en Engletre & homes de ley en Engletre & ceux qi sont [enherites'] en Engletre & ceux qont piere & miere Englois, religiouses pfesses, mchantz, Burgeois & autres enhabitants deinz Citees & Burghes de bone fame queux purront trover seurte de lour bon port, & fēmes maries as Englois & auxi homes Irrois mariez as femmes Engloys, qi sont de bone fame; & q toutz ceux Irrois qont benefices ou office en la tre Dirland dem'gent sur lour benefices & offices illoeqs sur peine de pdre & forfaire les pfites de lour benefices & office p' le defens de la tre Dirland aventdit, accordant al ordinance fait en temps du Roi Henry quint lan de son regne prim; et q les g'duates & homes benefices trovent seurtee de lour bone port & qils ne pignent sur eux la principaltee dascune Sale ou Hostell mes demurgent ils ent autres Escolers Englois desoutz la principaltee dautres; & outre ceo q ceux Escolers Dirland qi ne sont my graduates & sont del obeisance de Roy trovent seurte de lour bone porte en mane come lez ditz gaduates ferront en la fo'me avantdite; et q toutz Escolers Dirland esteantz en Engletre a psent qi vorront dem'er icy, facent aporte chescun apluy au Chaunceller Denglerre p' le temps esteant devant le fest de Seint John le Baptre pschein avenir lres dessoutz le Seal de le lieuten'nt ou Justice Dirland, tesmoignantz qils sont del obeisance du Roy; et q de ceux qi napportent mie tieux lies pent'cy & le dit fest de Seint John soit fait come des rebelles au Roy; et q de cett fest de Seint John enavent nule psone neez en Irland entre le roialme Dengletre a demurrer en la dite Univsitee Doxenford ou de Cantebrigg ou aillours dedeins le Roialme Dengletre, sil ne porte au dit Chaunceller autieux lies tesmonialx sur peine destre

Item pur tant q divses homicides murdres rapes

Item combien q y ad este ordeinez ce enarere q celuy q soit Mestre del Minte ne tiendra my leschaunge du Roy; Nientlemains le Roy del assent des f's & Cões avantditz voet & graunte q le Mestre del Minte a la Toure de Loundres qure est & qi p' le temps sra puisse avoir & tenir leschaunge du Roy en la Citee de Interlined on the Roll.

puniz come rebell au Roy.

Loundres tanq, a le plement pscheinement a tenir; pensi q̃ mesme le Mestre tout ceo q̃ viendra a leschaunge en plate ou en masse ferra envoier a la Mynt pur y estre cuniez de temps en temps tanq, a la suisdit plement, p̂gnant p' leschaunge de le Noble en le dit eschange un denier & male tantsoulement.

Item a la supplicacion de les f's & Capitains qi sont en vie gont endentez ovesq le Esgecious Roy Henry piere au Roy qorest en toutz sez guerres, & les executours auxi de ceux qi sont a Dieu comandez qi avoient endentes ovesq le dit Roy le piere, fait p lour peticion baillez en cest plement, le Roy del assent de toutz les I's espuelx & temporelx & auxi de toutz les coes esteantz en ceo mesme plement voet & grante, q les tierces & tierce del tierce de toute mande dez gaignes gaignez p voie de guerre, au dit Roy le piere app'ten'ntz jour de son moriant, sibien des prisons prises come dautres gaignes de guerre, purront estre deductz & rebatuz p loiale accompte en lescheker du Roy sur les somes des gages a eux duez p le dit Roy le piere selonc leffect de les endentures ent faitz. Purvieu toutz foitz q de ceo q sur le dit accompt soit trovez dues p lez ditz accomptantz outre les gages suisditz soit p eux paiment fait p mesme laccompt, adonqs soient les ditz accomptantz lour heirs executours & tretenantz aps celles accomptes & gree faites quites & deschargez pur toutz jours. Et outre ceo le Roy voet & ad ordeine del assent dez & s & Coe avantditz, q toutz ceux as queux le dit Roy le piere avoit gagez joialx ou autres choses soient dev'nt le Consell du Roy dev'nt le fest de Seint John le Baptre pschein avenir ovesque mesmes les choses & joialx; & en cas qil ne soient satisfiez alors de lour dieutez celles pties ou dedeinz un dimy an (') mesme le fest, qadonqs paiez au Roy p eux tout ceo q mesmes les choses & joialx soient trovez de greindre value qils ne furent my mises en gage, aient ils en pees & sanz empechement du Roy aps le susdit dimy ā toutz icelles joialx & choses, sils ne soient aunciens joialx de la Corone ; & qils & lour heirs Pretenantz & executours & chescun de eux soient & soit de mesmes les joialx & choses, qi ne sont aunciens joialx de la Corone, quitez & deschargez envs le Roy aps le dit dimy an toutoutrement.

• Item come bien q en lestatuit fait lan du Regne del Roy Richard scde quatorszime, ordeinez fuit q p' chescun eschange q sroit (1) p mchants a la Courte de Rome ou aillours, les ditz mchantz sroient fermement & seurement liez en la Chauncellerie dachater deinz trois mois aps la dit eschaunge fait mchandises de lestaple, come lains quirs peaux lanuz & plumbe, ou estein bure furmage draps ou autres comoditees de la tre, de la value de la some issint eschangee sur forfaiture dicett; Nientlemains en le plement tenuz le prim jour de Decembr lan du regne del Roy Henry quint noevisme

London, till the Parliament next to be holden; so that the same Master do to be sent to the Mint all that shall come to the Exchange in Plate or in Mass, to be (') coined from Time to Time, until the said Parliament; taking for the Exchange of the Noble in the said Exchange i. d. ob. only.

ITEM, At the Supplication of the [said '] Lords and Captains that be in Life, which have indented with the gracious King Henry, Father to the King that now is in all his Wars, and also the Executors of them that be commanded to God, which have indented with the said King the Father, made by their Petition delivered in this Parliament, the King by the Assent of all [his 3] Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and also of all the Commons being in this Parliament, will and granteth, That the Thirds and the Third of the Third of all Manner of Gains, gained by way of War, pertaining to the said King the Father, the Day of his Death, as well of Prisoners taken as of other Gains of War, may be deducted and rebated by lawful Account in the King's Exchequer, [for 1] the Sums of the Wages to them due by the said King the Father, according to the Effect of the Indentures thereof made. Provided always, That [if 3] of that which upon the said Accompt (6) found due by the said Accomptants above the said Wages, Payment be made by them upon the same Account, then the said [Suppliants,7] their Executors, Heirs or Land-tenants after the said Account and Gree made, shall be thereof quit and discharged for ever. And moreover the King will and hath ordained [of the said Assent, 3 That all they to whom the said King the Father hath [delivered Gages9] Jewels, [and "] other Things, shall be before the King's Council before the Feast of Saint John Baptist next coming, with the same Things and Jewels; and in case they be not (") satisfied of their Duties ("), or within Half a Year after the same Feast, then they after the said Half Year shall have all the said Jewels and Things in Peace and without Impeachment of the King, paying to the King all that the same Jewels and Things shall be found of greater Value, than that wherefore they were put in Gage; unless they be Ancient Jewels of the Crown; and that they and their Heirs, Land-tenants, and Executors, and every of them, shall be of the same Jewels and Things, which be not Ancient Jewels of the Crown, quit and discharged against the King after the (13) Half Year for ever.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of King Richard the Second, It was ordained, That for every Exchange that should be made by Merchants to the Court of Rome, or elsewhere, the said Merchants should be firmly and surely bound in the Chancery to buy, within Three Months after the said Exchange made, Merchandises of the Staple as Wools, Leather, Woolfels, and Lead or Tin, Butter, Cheese, Cloths, or other Commodities of the Land, of the Value of the Sum so exchanged, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same; Nevertheless, in the Parliament holden the first Day of December in the Ninth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fifth,

V. Allowances to Soldiers of K. Henry V.

Provision as to Jewels mortgaged by K. Henry V.

VI.º St. 14 Ric.II. c. 2; recited;

Provision in St. 9 Hen.V. st. 2. ch. 9.;

¹ aps Rot. Parl. 1 Hen. VI. nu. 36.

[·] fait St. 14 Ric. II.

there 2 MS. Tr. 2. omits this Word. 3 the upon MS. Tr. 2. 3 MS. Tr. 2. omits this Word. 6 be

⁷ Accomptants 8 by the Assent of the Lords and Commons aforesaid

⁹ pledged 10 or 11 then
12 in that behalf 13 said

The following Chapter is not inserted in any of the Old Printed Copies; It was first printed, from the Statute Roll, in Hawkins's Edition; No Translation of it has ever been printed in any Edition of the Statutes.

The last mentioned Provision renewed until the next Parliament. for certain Causes declared in the same, It was ordained therein, for the Profit of the King and of the Realm, that all Merchants who should thereafter make such Exchanges to the Court above mentioned, or elsewhere, should, they and each of them, be bound personally in the Chancery aforesaid by Recognizance, to buy, within Nine Months after the same Exchanges made, like Merchandises and Commodities, as is aforesaid, to the Value of the Sums so exchanged, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same, the said Statute made in the said Fourteenth Year notwithstanding, and that the same last Ordinance should endure until the Parliament then next to be holden; The King, forasmuch as the said Causes so declared in the said Parliament holden the said Ninth Year have been felt to be reasonable, and also for that the same Ordinance was determined and expired by the Commencement of this last Parliament, hath ordained in this last Parliament, that all the Merchants who shall make such Exchanges to the said Court of Rome, or elsewhere, they and each of them shall be bound personally in the King's Chancery by Recognizance to buy, within Nine Months after such Exchanges made, like Merchandises and Commodities, as is aforesaid, to the Value of the Sums so exchanged, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same, notwithstanding the said Statute made in the said Fourteenth Year; and that this present Ordinance shall endure until the Parliament next to be holden.

pr cteins causes declarez en icelt ordeinez fuit en le mesme p' pfit du Roy & du Roialme, q toutz michants qi delors ferroient autiels eschanges a la Courte suisdite ou aillours, qils & chescun de eux sroit & sroient obligez psonelment en la Chauncellarie suisde p reconisance dachater deinz noef mois aps mesmes les eschanges faitz semblables michandises & comoditees come dessuis est dit, a la value de les somes issint eschanges sur peine de forfaiture dicelles, le dit estatuit fait le dit an quatorszime non obstant, et q celle darrein ordeinance dureroit tank au plement delors pscheinement a tenir; le Roy p' tant q sentuz furent les ditz causes issint declares en le dit plement tenuz le dit an noevisme resonables, & auxi q mesme lordinance fuit tminez & expirez p le comencement de cest darrein plement, ad ordeignez en cest darrein plement, q toutz les michantz qi ferroient autielx eschanges a la dee Courte de Rome ou aillours qils & chescun de eux soient & soit obligez psonelment en la Chauncellarie du Roy p reconisance dachater dedeinz noef mois aps tielx eschanges faitz semblables mchandises & comoditees come avent est dit, a la value de les somes issint eschaunges sur peine de forfaiture dicelles, non obstant le dit estatuit fait le dit an quatorszime; et q cest psent ordinance durera tang au plement pscheinment a tenir.

Anno 2° HENRICI, VI. A.D. 1423.

The Second Year. HENRY by the Grace of God, King of England and France and Lord of Ireland, to the Sheriff of Middlesex, Greeting. Certain Statutes and Ordinances in our last Parliament made, We send to thee in Form Patent, commanding that those Statutes and Ordinances, in the Places within thy Bailiwick where it may be most expedient, thou do cause to be publicly proclaimed on our Behalf, and as far as in thee lieth to be firmly observed, according to the Tenor of the same. Witness myself at Westminster the First Day of July in the Second Year of our Reign.

AT the Parliament holden at Westminster the Twentieth Day of October, in the Second Year of the Reign of King Henry the Sixth after the Conquest, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Instance and Request of the Commons of England being in the same Parliament, certain Ordinances, Declarations and Statutes were made and stablished to the Honour of God, and for the Wealth of the King and of his Realm, in the Form following.

I. Liberties confirmed. FIRST, That Holy Church, and all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and all other the King's People, having Liberties and Franchises, and also all the Cities and Boroughs shall have and enjoy all their Liberties and Franchises well used, and not repealed, nor by the Common Law repealable.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. IV. m. 12, 11, 10.

HENRICUS Dei gra Rex Angt & Franc & Dñs
Hibn Vic Midd, saltm. Quedam statuta &
ordinacces in ultimo pliamento nro edita tibi mittimo in
forma patenti, mandantes qd statuta & ordinacces illa
in locis infra ballivam tuam ubi magis expediens fuit
publice ex parte nra pclamari, & ea quantum in te est
firmit observari fac juxta tenorem eoadem. T. me ipo
apud Westm primo die Julii Anno r n scoo.

AU Plement tenuz a Westm le xx^{me} jour Doctobr lan du regne del Roy Henry le sisme puis le conquest Second, p avys & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a les espales instances & requeste des Cões Dengle-Pre en mesme le plement esteantz, cteinz ordinances declaracions & estatutz furent faitz & establiez al honom de Dieu & p' le ben du Roy & de son dit Roialme en la forme ensuant.

Et primes q Seinte Esglise & toutz les f's espuelx & temporelx & toutz les autres lieges du Roy aiantz libtees & fraunchises & auxi toutz les Citees & Burghs aient & enjoient toutz lour libtees & fraunchises bien usez & nient repellez ne p la coe ley repellablez.

in Haystine's Edition. No Translation of it has es

Item come lospitatt de Seint Leonard Devwyk, q est de la fundacion des nobles pgenitours nre dit f' le Roy jadis Roys Dengletre & de son pronage, en la prime fundacion dicett estoit endowe p les ditz pgenitours du Roy dun Thrave des blees apndre annuelment de chescun charue arant deinz les Countees Devwyk Cumbr Westint & Lancastre deinz la pvince Devwyk, des quels Thraves les Maistre & Frers du dit Hospitatt & lour pdecessours ount este seisez du temps dount memorie ne court come pcell de la prim fundacion du dit hospitaff, & icelles ount pris levez & coillez al fest de Seint Martyn en yver chun an, tanq, ore tarde que divses gentz dez ditz Countees deinz la pvince suisdite mesmes les Thraves ount detenuz, dount les ditz Maistre & Frers nount remedie sufficeant ne covenable a la cõe ley, a g'unt anientessement du dit hospitall & ovt subtraccion del sustenaunce des ditz Maistre & Frers si lour ne soit purveu de remedie, come de ceo fuit compleint en le dit plement; le Roy considere les Pmisses del assent & request avantditz ad ordeinez & establiez q les ditz Maistre & Frers & lour Successours pur le temps esteantz puissent lever coiller & Pndre les ditz Thraves deinz le pvince suisdite en les lieux ou il devent de droit & soloient solonc la custume & usage en mesmes les lieux euz pdevant. Et auxi q mesme le Meistre & ses successours pur le temps esteantz aient de temps en temps accion, p briefs ou pleintz de dette ou de detenu a lour plesir, envs toutz ceux & chescun de eux qi mesmes les Thraves ensi de droit au dit hospitall duez detiengnent ou ascun ptie dicett, p' recover devs eux & chescun deux les ditz Thraves ovec lour damages enz celt ptie: Purveu toutzfoitz qe les pties ovec queux les ditz Meistre & Frers ou lour pdecessours sont accordez pur tielx thraves, p composicions entre eux faitz & ensealez, ne soient chargez de pluis q nest compris en mesmes les composicions, p' les possessions q les ditz pties avoient al temps del fesance des composicions avantditz.

Item ordinez est & assentuz q John Duc de Bedford uncle a nre f' le Roy, qest de la le meer es
parties de Fraunce en le svice du Roy, en toutz mans
des plees moevez & amoevers envs ascune pson ou
psones, des tres & tentz dount la revision ou la remeindre est au dit Duc joint ou sevalt a son ppre oeps,
soit p son attourne ou attourneez receu a defendre son
droit, & en mesme la mane eit & enjoie toutz mans
benefices & av'ntages sicome il fuist p'sent en sa ppre
psone. Et q ceste ordinance se extende sibien as
receittes des revisions & remeindres apurchacers &
againers au dit Duc jointment & sevalment a son oeps
demesne, come a receites des revisions & remaindres qil
ad a p'sent, tancome il sra en le svice du Roy de pdela.

Item come le Psnoble Roy Edward puis le conquest tierce ordeina son estaple destre a la Ville de Caleys, & que lentier reparer des lains peals lanus quirs plumbe estain bure formage & toutz autres michandises, excepts draps lanuz & harank sore, passantz hors du Roialme Dengle re & ses Pres de Gales & Dirland & sa Ville de Berwyk sur Twede Proit a dite Ville de Caleys (');

1 See Rot. Parl. 36 Edw. III. nu. 1, 7; and Stat. 43 Edw. III.

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ITEM, Whereas the Hospital of Saint Leonard of York, which is of the Foundation of the (') Progenitors of our said Lord the King, late Kings of England, and of his Patronage, in the first Foundation of the same was endowed, by the said Progenitors of the King, of a Thrave of Corn to be taken yearly of every Plough earing within the Counties of York, Cumberland, Westmerland, and Lancaster, within the [County 1] of York, of which Thraves the Master and Brethren of the said Hospital, and their Predecessors have been seised, (3) the Time whereof runneth no Memory, as Parcel of the first Foundation of the said Hospital, and the same they have levied and gathered at the Feast of Saint Martin in Winter every Year, till now late that divers People of the said Counties, within the Province aforesaid, have withholden the same Thraves, whereof the said Master and Brethren have no sufficient nor covenable Remedy at the Common Law, to the great Damage of the said Hospital, and open Subtraction of the Sustenance of the said Master and Brethren, if Remedy be not for them provided, as Complaint was thereof made in the said Parliament: The King considering the Premisses, of the Assent and Request aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That the said Master and Brethren, and their Successors for the Time being, may levy, gather, and take the said Thraves within the Province aforesaid, in the Places where they ought of Right, and were wont, after the Custom and Usage had in the same Places heretofore. And also that the same [Masters 1] and (5) Successors for the Time being shall from Time to Time have Actions by Writs or Plaints of Debt or Detinue at their Pleasure, against all them and every of them that detain the same Thraves so of Right due to the said Hospital, or any Part of them, to recover the said Thraves against them, and every of them, with their Damages in this Behalf: Provided always, That the Parties with whom the said Master and Brethren, or their Predecessors, be accorded for such Thraves by Compositions made and sealed betwixt them, shall of no more be charged than is comprised within the same Compositions, for the Possessions that the said Parties had at the Time of the making of the aforesaid Compositions.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That John Duke of Bedford, Uncle to our Sovereign Lord the King, which is beyond the Sea in the Parts of France in the King's Service, in all Manner of Pleas moved and to be moved against any Person or Persons of Lands and Tenements, the Reversion or Remainder whereof is to the said Duke joint or several to his own Use, he shall be by his Attorney or Attorneys received to defend his Right; and in the same Manner shall have and enjoy all manner Benefits and Advantages, as if he were present in his proper Person. And that this Ordinance extend as well to Receipts of Reversions and Remainders, to be purchased and gotten to the said Duke jointly or severally to his own Use, as to Receipts of Reversions and Remainders, which he now hath, as long as he shall be in the King's Service beyond the Sea.

ITEM, Whereas the Noble King Edward the Third (°) did ordain his Staple to be [at '] Calais, and that the whole Repair of Wools, Woolfels, Leather, Lead, Tin, Butter, Cheese, and other Merchandise, except Woolen Cloths and Red Herring, passing out of the Realm of England, and his Lands of Wales and Ireland, and his Town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, should be at the said Town of Calais;

II.
The Hospital of Saint Leonard in York was endowed of a Thrave of Corn of every Plough earing within the Counties of York, &c.

Remedy for Recovery thereof.

Saving for Compositions

III.
John Duke
of Bedford
being in the
King's Service allowed
to appear,
in Suits by
Attorney.

IV. Recital of an Ordinance of 36 Edw. III. respecting Merchandises of the Staple;

noble MS. Tr. 2. Province from MS. Tr. 2. from MS. Tr. 2.

⁷ in the Towne of MS. Tr. 2.

Recital of an Ordinance of r Hen. IV., as to Merchandises of the Staple.

Stat. 2 Ric. II. stat. 1. cb. 3.

Recital of St. 2 Hen.V. stat. 2. c. 6. as to such Merchandises;

All existing Statutes relating thereto confirmed.

All Merchandises of the Staple shall be carried to Calais.

Licences.

And after at a Parliament holden in the First Year of King Henry the Fourth, it was ordained, That the Staple of Wools, Woolfels, Leather, Lead, and Tin, should be wholly at Calais; saving that Merchants of Genoa, Venice, Catalonia, Arragon, and other Realms, Lands, [and] Countries towards the West, being of the King's Amity, may ship at Hampton in Carracks, Ships, Galleys, and other Vessels, Wools, Woolfels, Leather, Lead, Tin, and other Merchandises of the Staple, and [bring'] them into their Country towards the West, after the Form of the Statute thereof made in the Second Year of King Richard the Second after the Conquest; and also saving to the Burgesses and Merchants of Berwick-upon-Tweed certain Benefits to bring the Wools of the growing between the Waters of Tweed and Cocket, to the said Place of Berwick, and to ship them towards what Parts it shall please them beyond the Sea. And also whereas the said Statutes, in the Parliament holden at Westminster in the Second Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fifth, Father to our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, were confirmed; and moreover it was ordained in the same Parliament, That no Wools, Woolfels, Leather, Lead, Tin, whole or [founded 3] called shotten Tin, nor none other Merchandise of the Staple whatsoever it were, should from [henceforth 1] be sent or [brought 1] to any Parts beyond the Sea, except they were first carried to the said Staple, after the Form of the said Ordinance made the said First Year, upon Pain of Forfeiture of all the Merchandises in such Manner sent or [brought 3] out of the said Realm, unless it be by the King's Licence; and except all Persons, Goods, and Things which be excepted in the same Ordinance made the First Year, as in the said Statutes is more fully contained: Nevertheless, the Leather, and [founded 3] Tin, called shotten Tin, bought and provided here in England, have not been [brought 6] to the said Staple of Calais, after the Form of the said Statutes, but doth pass into Flanders, Holland, and Zealand, to the great Damage, and diminishing of the Customs and Subsidies due to the King, if they were [brought 6] to the Town of Calais; The King willing to eschew [the 7] Damage and Diminution, by the Advice and Request aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That all the Statutes thereof made and not repealed, be holden and kept, and put in due Execution; And that the whole Repair of Wools, Woolfels, Leather, Lead, [whole Tin, and all other Merchandises pertaining to the Staple, passing out of the Realm of England, and of the Countries of Wales and Ireland, be at the said Place of Calais, and at none other Place beyond the Sea, as long as the said Staple shall be at (9) Calais, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the very Value of the Merchandises, which shall pass elsewhere but to the Parts towards the West, named in the said Statutes thereof made; And that no Licence from henceforth be granted to the contrary, except for Wools, Fells, and Leather of Northumberland, Westmerland, Cumberland, and the Bishoprick of Durham; saving the King's Prerogative. Provided always, That if any Merchants under Colour of any Licence ship any Wools of the growing of any Part of Yorkshire, or of any other Country of the Realm, except of the growing of the same Parts of Northumberland, Westmerland, Cumberland, and the Bishoprick of Durham, they shall forfeit to the King the Value of all the Wools so shipped, and also they shall lose the Benefit of the same

or carried molten alled the same Towne of MS. Tr. 2.

et puis au plement tenuz lan prim du Roy Henry le quart fuist ordeine q lestaple des leins quirs peals lanuz plumbe & estaine Proit entierment a Caleys, Salve q les mchauntz de Janue Venise Cateloigne Aregoine & les autres roialmes Pres ou pais Ps le West esteantz del amistee du Roy p'ront eskipper a Hampton en Carrakes niefs Galeys & autres vessealx lains quirs pealx lanuz plumbe estaine & autres mchaundises de lestaple, & les amesner au lour paiis Vs le West solonc la forme de lestatut ent fait lan scde du Roy Richard scede puis le conquest; et auxi sauve a les Burges & mchauntz de Berwyk sur Twede ctein onfice p' amesner les lains del cresteur pentre les Ewes de Twede et Coket au dit lieu de Berwyk & les eskipper vs queux pties q lour plerra dela le meer ('): Et combien q lez ditz estatutz en le plement tenuz a Westm lan du Roy Henry le quint pier a nre dit f' le Roy gorest scde furent confermez; & enoutre fuist ordeine en mesme le plement q nulles lains pealx lanuz quirs plumbe estain entier ou founduz appellez Shotentynne nautre michandise de lestaple qconq, delors enavant sroient envoiez ou amesnez a nulles parties dela le meer, sanz ceo qils soient primement apportez a le dit estaple solonc la forme du dite ordinaunce fait le dit an prim, sur pein de forfaiture de toutz les michaundises p tiel man envoiez ou amesnez hors du Roialme, sil ne soit p licence du Roy, & forspris ceux psons biens & choses q sount forsprisez en mesme lordinance fait le dit an prim, sicome en lez ditz estatutz est contenuz pluys au plein: Nientlemeins les quirs & estain founduz appellez Shotentynne achatuz & purveux cy en Engletre nount estee amesnez a le dit estaple de Caleys solonc la forme des ditz estatutz, mes passent en Flaundres Holand & Seland a Psgraund damage & amenusement de les custumes & subsidies duez au Roy sils furent amesnez a la Ville de Caleys, le Roy volant yceux damages & amenusement eviter, de lavis & request susditz ad ordinez & establez, q toutz les estatutz ent faitz & nient repellez soient tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion; et q lentier repair des lains peax lanuz quirs plumbe estain entier ou founduz appellez shotentynne & de toutz aut's mchandises apptenantz a lestaple passantz hors de roilme Denglerre & des paiis de Gales & Irland, soit au dit lieu de Caleys & a null lieu aillours dela le mere, tantcome la dce estaple sra a mesme la Ville de Caleys; sur peine de forfaiture del Praie value de les michandises q passent aillo's forspris a les parties devs la West en les ditz estatutz ent faitz nomez; et q null licence desorenavent soit gentez au conterie, except p' les lains pealx lanuz & quirs de Northumbr Westmit Cumbr & leveschee de Duresme, salve la Progative du Roy. Purveux toutz foitz q si ascuns mchantz soubz colour dascune licence eskippent ascuns lains, del cresteure dascune partie del Counte Devwyk ou daut paiis du roialme, sinon de la cresteure de mesmes les pties de Northumbr, Westrift, Cumbr & leveschee de Duresme ils forfairont au Roy la value de toutz les leins ensy eskippez, & auxi ils pdront le bnfice du mesme

See Rot. Parl. 1 Hen. IV. nu. 87.

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M. 11.

la licence, et q celuy q lespiera & ent fait notice au Tresorer Dengletre p' le temps esteant ava la quart partie de la forfaiture p luy ensi notifie. [Item ordeignez est q nult licence soit faite a nully de carier les sleightes laines des Countees de Sutht, Kent, Sussex, & Devwyk a nulles pties dep dela forsq, a Caleys, tanq al pschein plement: Salvez auxi la Progative du Roy.']

Item p' ceo q un novell eskippeson est trove a le Peele de Foddray en le Counte de Lancastre, de la quelle peele & daut's criks deinz le Roialme plusours lains sount amesnez a Ernemuthe en Seland & a plusours aut's lieux dep dela, saunz custume ou subsidie ent duement paier au Roy, et les michauntz veignent a Develyn en Irland & illeoqs pignent lo' Cokettes & paient p' chescune peer des lains a lo' ppre [dit 1] ij. d. sicome le Roy ad este de ce pleinement enforme en le dit plement, a Psgaund desceit & fraude du Roy, ordeignez est & establez q si ascune psone amesne ou face amesner ascuns lains ou pealx lanuz nient custumez hors du Roialme, as aut's lieux q a la dite estaple de Caleys, qil forface au Roy la value de les michaundises ensi eskippez, & son corps au prisone tanq, il ad fait & paiez fyñ & raunceoñ; et q cely gent face notice a Tresorer Denglet're p' le temps esteant & le Espassour de ceo duement convict avra la quarte partie de la forfaiture au Roy duez celle ptie.

Item come p le Roy Henry le quint pier a nre f le Roy qorest estoit ordeignez q un Mynt dor & dargent Proit tenuz dedeins sa Ville de Caleys p la quell g'unde substaunce de monoye dor & dargent ad este apportez deinz le Roialme, la quelle monoie p divses psones ad este & est de jour en aut asportez hors dicett a Burdeaux & Flaundres & aillo's, encontre lestatut fait & purveux celle ptie daunciene temps, come de ceo ad estee grevousment compleint en cest plement: Ordinez est & assentuz q mesme lestatut soit tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion; & ca outre ordinez est & establez q nuff or ou argent soit asportez hors du Roialme au contraire du dit estatut, sil ne soit p' paiement des guerres & soudiours du Roy dep dela, sur paine de forfature de la value de la somme del monoie qensi soit apportez hors de Roialme, destre levee de celuy q la mesnera asportera ou envoiera hors dicett; et q celluy qi lespiera & ferra ent notice au conseitt ou au Tresorer Dengletre ava la quart partie de la forfaiture ensy duez au Roy; forspris les raunceons p' finaunce des prisoners englois prisez & apprendres dep dela, & la monoie q les soudeours emporterount ovec eux p' lo' resonables costages, & auxi p' chivalx boefs berbeis & aut's choses acchatez en Escoce apporterez ou amesnerez as pties adjoinantz; issint q la moneie a envioier p' finance des ditz prisoners ou a emporter p les ditz Soudeours as pties dep dela ne soit fait sanz especiale licence du Roy, Et p' ceo qil est supposez q la monoie & lor du Roialme est asportez hors dicett p michauntz aliens [ordeinez est & establiez q les mchantz aliens'] trovent seurtee en la Chauncerie chescune compaigne p' ceux de sa compaigne,

Old Printed Copies omit this Sentence.
oeps Old Printed Copies.—Rot. Parl. 2 Hen. VI. nu. 41 reads as in the Text.

Interlined on the Roll.

Licence; and he that the same espieth, and thereof giveth Knowledge to the Treasurer of England for the time being, shall have the Fourth Part of the Forfeiture so by him notified.

Also, It is ordained, That no Licence be made to any one to carry the slight Wools of the Counties of Southampton, Kent, Sussex, and York, to any Parts beyond Sea, except to Calais, until the next Parliament: Saving also the King's Prerogative.

ITEM, Because that a new Shipping is found in the Pille of Foddray in the County of Lancaster, out of which Pille and other Creeks within the Realm much Wools be [brought'] to Ernemouth in Zealand, and to many other Places beyond the Sea, without Custom or Subsidy thereof duly paying to the King, and the Merchants come to Dublin in Ireland, and there take their Cockets, and pay for every Stone of Wool"[to their proper Use '] ij.d. as the King hath been thereof credibly informed in the said Parliament, to the King's great Deceit and Fraud: It is ordained and established, That if any Person [bring 3] or cause to be [brought 4] any Wools or Woolfels not customed out of the Realm, to other Places than to the said Staple (4) he shall forfeit to the King the Value of the Merchandises so shipped, and his Body to Prison, till he hath made and paid a Fine and Ransom; And that he that thereof giveth Knowledge to the Treasurer of England for the time being, and the Trespasser for the same duly convict, shall have the Fourth Part of the Forfeiture due to the King in this Behalf.

ITEM, Whereas by King Henry the Fifth, Father to our Lord the King that now is, It was ordained, That a Mint of Gold and Silver should be holden within [the 5] Town of Calais, whereby great Substance of Money of Gold and Silver hath been brought within the Realm, which Money by divers Persons hath been, and is daily carried out of the same to Burdeaux, Flanders, and other Places, against the Statute in old Times made and provided in this Behalf, as hath been grievously complained in this Parliament: It is ordained and assented, That the same Statute be holden and kept, and put in due Execution; And moreover, It is ordained and established, That no Gold nor Silver shall be carried out of the Realm contrary to the said Statute, unless it be for Payment of [Wars, and the King's Soldiers 6] beyond the Sea, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Value of the Sum of Money so carried out of the Realm, to be levied of him that shall bring, carry, or send it out of the same Realm; and that he which espieth it, and thereof giveth Knowledge to the Council, or to the Treasurer of England, shall have the Fourth Part of the Forfeiture so due to the King; Except the Ransoms for Fines of English Prisoners taken and to be taken beyond the Sea, and the Money that the Soldiers shall carry with them for their reasonable Costs, and also for Horses, Oxen, Sheep, and other Things bought in Scotland, to be sent and carried to the Parties adjoining; so that the Money to be sent for the Fines of the said Prisoners, or to be carried by the said Soldiers to the Parties beyond the Sea, be not done without the King's special Licence. And because it is supposed that the Money [of 7] Gold of the Realm is carried out of the same by Merchants Aliens, it is ordained and stablished, That the Merchants Aliens shall find Surety in the Chancery, every Company for them of their Company,

V.
Penalty for exporting
Wools or
Fells not customed, to any
Place, except to Calais.

VI. The Statute 9 Hen.V.st.1. c.6. for a Mint at Calais, confirmed.

No Gold or Silver shall be carried out of the Realm, except for Soldiers.

Reward to

Exceptions; Ransoms for Prisoners,&c.

Merchants Aliens shall be bound not to carry Gold out of the Realm.

t carried to their own Word tearry to Galais,
this the Wars and Soldiers of the King 7 and

Gold or Silver against the Form of the said Statute, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Gold or Silver, or the Value of the same; and if any of them do the contrary, and that duly proved, and he so doing be gone over the Sea, then the Pledges of his Company shall pay to the King the said Forfeiture, whereof he that shall espy it, and thereof give Notice to the Treasurer, or to the King's Council, shall have the Fourth Part as is aforesaid.

VII. Cordwainers shall not be Tanners:

Penalty.

Penalty on Tanners of defective Leather.

Recovery of Penalties.

VIII.
The Statute
1 H.VI. c. 3.
touching
Irishmen,
in England,
recited.

ITEM, Because that the Leather tanned by Cordwainers, using the Mystery of Tanners, and also much of the Leather tanned by the Tanners, is so deceitfully tanned, that the Boots, Shoes, and other Necessaries thereof made, be in a small Season wasted and destroyed, because of the evil Tanning of the said Leather, to the great Deceit and Loss of (') the Commonalty of the Realm: It is ordained and established, That if any Cordwainer [dwelling in the Realm of England, 1] use the Mystery of Tanner, during the Time that he useth the Mystery of Cordwainer, that he shall forfeit to the King for every Hide by him, or by any other to his Use tanned vj. s. viij d; and that if the Cordwainers find any notorious Default in the Leather, tanned by the said Tanners, or to be tanned, that the Tanner of the same Leather so defective, shall forfeit to the King in the same Manner for every Hide so defective vj. s. viij d. and that he that will sue shall have the one Half for his Labour, and the King the other Half; and that the Justices of the one Bench and of the other, Justices of Assises, Justices of Peace, the Justices of Chester and Lancaster, and Mayors of Cities and Boroughs, having Power as Justices of Peace, shall have Power to enquire, hear, and determine the Articles and Matters aforesaid, as well at the King's Suit as the Party's, or to attaint them by Examination, as well at the Suit of the King as of the Party, by the Discretion of the Justices and Mayors aforesaid; and that this Ordinance and Statute begin to hold Place and be put in Execution at the Feast of Christmas next coming.

ITEM, Whereas it is ordained in the last Parliament amongst other Things, That all People born in Ireland shall depart out of the Realm within [a3] Month next after Proclamation made of the said Ordinance, upon Pain to lose their Goods, and to be imprisoned at the King's Will, except certain Persons in the same Ordinance excepted, and that the Graduates and Beneficed Men should find Surety of their good abearing, and that they should not take upon them the Principality of any Hall or Hostel, but to remain amongst other English Scholars under the Principality of other, and also (4) those Scholars of Ireland that be not Graduates, and be of the King's Obeisance, shall find Surety of their good abearing in the Manner as the said Graduates shall do in the Form aforesaid; and that all the Scholars of Ireland being [elsewhere 5] in England, that will here abide, shall bring every of them by himself to the Chancellor of England for the Time being, before the Feast of Saint John Baptist last past, Letters under the Seal of the Lieutenant or [Justices 6] of Ireland, witnessing that they be of the King's Obeisance; and that [all of them '] that bring not those Letters before the (8) Feast of Saint John, it shall be done as of Rebels to the King; and (*) from Tthis 97 Feast of Saint John forward, no Person born in Ireland shall enter the Realm of England to abide in

 1 all
 2 of the Realm
 3 the MS. Tr. 2.

 4 that
 5 then
 4 Justice MS. Tr. 2.

 7 of them
 4 said
 5 that MS. Tr. 2.

q nult deux namesnera hors du roialme nult or nargent contre la forme du dit estatut, sur la peine de forfaiture dicett or ou argent ou de la value dicett; & si ascun de eux face la contrie & ceo duement pvez, & celuy ensy fesaunt soit alez outre le meer, adonqs les plegges de sa compaigne paieront au Roy la forfaiture suisdée, dont celly q lava espiez & le done a conustre au Tresorer ou a conseitt du Roy ava la quart partie come desuis.

Item p' ceo q les quirs p les Cordewaners q usent la mistere de Tanners & auxi plusours des quirs p les Tanners tannez sont cy deceivablement tannez q les botes solers & aut's necessaries ent faitz sount en trop poy de temps gastez & distruitz a cause de la male tanner de les quirs suisditz, a g'und deceit & pde de tout la comunalte du roialme : Ordeigne est & establez q si ascun Cordewaner du Roialme use le mistere de Tanner, duraunt le temps qil use la mistere de Cordewaner, qil forface au Roy p' chun quir p luy ou p ascun autre a son oeps tannez vj' viijd; et si les Cordewaners trovent notoire defaute en les quirs p les ditz Tanners tannez ou atanners, q le Tanner dicelles quirs ensy defectifs forface au Roy en mesme le maner p' chescun quir issint defectif vj' viijd; et q celuy q ceo voet suier eit lunc moite p' son travaille & le Roy lautre moite; et q les Justices de lune Bank & de laut. Justices des assises, Justices de Pees, Justices de Cestre & de Lancastr, Maires des Citees & des Burghes eiantz poiar come Justices de pees, eient poiar denquerer p' oier & tminer les articles & les matiers suisditz, sibien al suite de Roy come de partie, ou eux atteincter p examinacion sibien al suite de Roy come de partie al descrecion des Justices & Maires suisditz; et q cest estatut & ordeignaunce comendent a tenir lieu & soient mys en execucion a fest de Nowel pschein avenir.

Item come ordeine soit en le darrein plement entre aut's q toutz gentz neez en Irland soient voidez hors de Roialme dedeins le mois pschein aps la pclamacion fait de cett ordinaunce, sur peine de pdre lour biens & destre emprisonez a la volunte du Roy forspris ctein psones en mesme lordinance forsprisez; et q les g'duates & hommes benificez trovent seurte de lo' bon port, et qils ne pignent sur eux la principalte dascun Sale ou Hostell mees demoergent ils entre aut's escolers engloys desoubz la principalte dauts; & out ceo q ceux escolers Dirland q ne sont mye g'duates & sount del obeissaunce du Roy trovent seurte de lo' bon port en mane come les ditz g'duates ferront en la forme av'ntdit; et q toutz escolers Dirland esteantz, alors en Engletre q vorroient dem'rer ycy ferroient apporter chun a p luy au Chaunceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant devent le fest de Seint John le Baptistre darrein passez l'res desoubz le Seal de le Lieuten'nt ou Justice Dirland, tesmoignantz qils sount del obeisance du Roy; & q de ceux q napport ent my tieux lies devent mesme le fest de Seint John sroit fait come des rebelles au Roy; et q de cele fest de Seint John enavent nutt psone neez en Irland entre le Roialme Dengletre, a demurrer en

la Universite Doxenford ou de Cantebrigg ou aillours dedeinz le Roialme Dengletre, sil napport au dit Chaunceller autieux lies tesmoignalx sur peine destre puniz come rebett au Roy: Et p' tant qen la dce ordinaunce ne fuit pas mencion faite devant qi ne en quele mane la seurte de bon port come desuis gra trove; Ordeignez est & establiez q les Chauncellers des Univsitees Doxenford & de Cantebrigg p' le temps esteantz chun deux dedeinz sa jurisdiccion pigne les seurtes apindrerz des Escolers deinz mesmes les Univsitees & les ctifient en la Chauncellarie de Roy; et q les Justices du pees es Countees & Mairs & Baillifs deinz Citees & Burghs enfranchisez aient poiar de prendre devent eux tiel mane seurtee de bon port & defaire execucion envs eux qi demorgent ou facent encontraire le dce ordinaunce de cy enavent.

Item ordeinez est & establiz q pelamacion soit fait p toutz les Countes Denglet e deins fraunchises & dehors & deins Citees Villes Burghs & aillours, q tout la monoie appelle Blankes soient en tout oustez & voidez hors du Roialme devant le feste de Seint John le Baptistre pschein avenir; & enoutre qe nuff homme aps le dit fest paie ou resceive p' paiment en ascun mane deinz le dit Roialme le dit Monoie appelle Blankes sur mesme la peine contenuz & ordeinez p estatut fait lan tierce le Roy Henry pier nïe dit f' le Roy, encountre toutz ceux q paiont ou resceivont [p' paiement'] le monoie appelle Galyhalpens Suskyns & Dodekyns deins le Royalme Denglet e susdit.

Item pur ceo q divses defautes sont trovez en lovaigne de divses psons occupiantz le mistier de Brouderie ordeinez est & assentuz q tout lovaigne & Stuffe de Brouderie dor ou dargent de Cipre ou dor de luke mellee ovec laton de Spayne & mys a vent en deceit des lieges du Roi, soit forfait au Roy ou as l's & autres aiantz fraunchises dautielx forfaiturs, ein quy franchise autiel ovaigne soit trovee; & durera cest ordeinance tanq, al plement pcheinment avenir.

Item ordeinez est & assentuz q si ascun utlagarie sur ascun homme esteaunt hors du Roialm en le svice de Roy ovec luy mesmes ou desoubz ascun Capitain soit pnuncie, & sur ceo le Roy ou le Capitain morege devent q tiels utlagariez soient revsez, & la partie q pursue de revser ascune tiel utlagarie a cause susdit voet allegg son Capitain destre mort q adonqs sa demoeure al temps des ditz utlagaries soit ctifiez p les executours ou ministrours des tielx Capitains ou Clerkes de lours monstres, ou ascun autre notable psone solonc la discrecion des Justices, en mesme le mane come le Capitain ceo deust avoir ctifiez sil feusse en vie; Purveux toutfoitz q lavrement soit receu p' nre f' le Roy q le Capitain est en plein vie & auxi qe la partie feust en Engletre en temps de tielx utlagaries pnunciez, si avent come ad este fait devent ces heures, en cas q le Captain fuist en plein vie : et durera cest orden nce tang, al plement pscheinment avenir.

Interlined on the Roll.

the University of Oxford or Cambridge, or elsewhere within the Realm of England, unless he bring to the said Chancellor such Letters testimonial, upon Pain to be punished as [Rebels'] to the King: And Forasmuch as in the said Ordinance no mention was made, before whom nor in what Manner the Surety of good abearing as before, shall be found; It is ordained and established, That the Chancellors of the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge for the time being, every of them within his Jurisdiction, shall take the Sureties to be taken of Scholars within the same Universities, and certify the same into the King's Chancery; and that the Justices of Peace within the Counties, and Mayors and Bailiffs within Cities and Boroughs enfranchised, have Power to take before them such manner of Surety of good abearing, and to do Execution upon them which shall abide or do against the said Ordinance from henceforth.

ITEM, It is ordained, That Proclamation be made through all the Counties of England within Franchises and without, and within Cities, Towns, Boroughs, and elsewhere, that all the Money called Blanks shall be wholly out and voided out of the Realm, before the Feast of Saint John Baptist next coming; and moreover that no Man after the said Feast pay or receive for Payment in any manner within the said Realm, the said Money called Blanks, upon the Pain contained and ordained by a Statute made the Third Year of King Henry, Father to our Lord the King, against all that pay or receive for Payment the Money called Gally Halfpence, Suskins, and Dotkins within the Realm (2).

ITEM, For that many Defaults be found in the Work of divers Persons occupying the Craft of Embroidery; It is ordained and assented, That all the Work and Stuff of Embroidery [of Gold, or of Silver, of Cipre, or of Gold of Luk mixed with Spanish Laton,³] and exposed to Sale in Deceit of the King's liege Subjects, shall be forfeited to the King, or to the Lords and others having Franchises of such Forfeitures in whose Franchise such Work shall be found; And this Ordinance shall endure until the Parliament next to come.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That if any Outlawry upon any Man, being out of the Realm in the King's Service, with the King himself or under any Captain, be pronounced, and thereupon the King or the Captain die before such Outlawry be reversed, and the Party who sues to reverse any such Outlawry for the Cause aforesaid, will alledge that his Captain is dead, that then his abiding at the Time of the said Outlawries be certified by the Executors or Administrators of such Captains, or by Clerks proved to be theirs, or any other well known Person, according to the Discretion of the Justices, in the same Manner as the Captain should have certified the same, if he had been alive; Provided always, That Averment may be received for our Lord the King, that the Captain is in full Life, and also that the Party was in England at the Time of such Outlawries pronounced, so far as heretofore hath been done in case that the Captain were in full Life: And this Ordinance shall endure until the Parliament next to come.

1 a Rebel

of England aforesaid

See Rot. Parl. 2 Hen. VI. nu. 49.; the Petition in English.

By whom the Sureties under that Statute shall be taken.

The Money called Blanks abolished.

Penalty on paying or receiving thereof; as under Statute 3 H. V. c. 1.

X.• Deceitful Works of Embroidery of Gold and Silver shall be forfeited.

XI.
Concerning
the Reversal
of Outlawries
pronounced
against Persons whilst
abroad in the
Service of
the King.

• The Three Chapters following now numbered X. XI. and XII. were first printed, from the Statute Roll, in Hawkins's Edition:

No Translation of them has ever been printed in any Edition of the Statutes.

Vol. II.

3 L

M. 10.

XII.
The Justices of the Peace of certain
Counties shall enquire of Weirs, &c. upon the Thames.

Upon the Inquisicions certified into the King's Bench, the Judges shall award Process;

and the Nuisances to be removed.

[X.] XIII.• All Patent-Officers in the King's Courts shall be sworn to appoint sufficient Clerks.

[XI.] XIV. Ancient Contents of the Tun, &c. of Wine; Barrel of Herring, and Butt of Salmon.

No Tuns, Barrels, &c. shall be made of less Contents on Pain of Forfeiture.

ITEM, Because that due Search and Correction hath not been made in the Water of Thames, without the Bounds of the Franchise of London in the Counties of Surrey, Kent, and Essex, many Mischiefs now of late have been done in Destruction of People, Ships, and Merchandises, and of the Fry of Fish, by the Wears, Kydells, and Trunks there being Nuisances; It is ordained and assented, that several Commissions be made to the Justices of the Peace of the said Counties, for the Time being, to inquire of such Nuisances out of the said Franchise of London, so often as Need may be, and to certify from time to time in the King's Bench what shall be thereof found by the Inquisitions so to be made, and the Justices of the said Bench shall make upon the said Certifications such Processes against those who shall be so found to be Trespassers, as to them best shall seem according to Law, and shall cause them to remove their Nuisances so made: Saving to every one his Right and Title in the Wears, Kydells, and Trunks aforesaid: And this Ordinance shall endure until the Parliament next to come.

ITEM, To the Intent that better and more sure Government be had within the Courts of our Lord the King, for his Profit, and Ease of his People, which have to pursue and to do in the same; It is ordained and stablished, That all the Officers made by the King's Letters Patents Royal within the said Courts, which have Power and Authority, by virtue of their Offices of old Times accustomed, to appoint Clerks and Ministers within the same Courts, shall be charged and sworn to appoint such Clerks and Ministers, for whom they will answer at their Peril, which be sufficient, faithful, and attending to that which pertaineth to them in Performance of the Business, as well of the King as of his People.

ITEM, Whereas in old Time it was ordained and lawfully used, That Tuns, Pipes, Tertians, Hogsheads of Gascoign Wine, Barrels of Herring and of Eels, and Butts of Salmon, coming by way of Merchandise into this Land out of strange Countries, and also made in the same Land, should be of certain Measure; that is to say, The Tun of Wine CC. lii. Gallons, the Pipe C. xxvj. Gallons, the Tertian lxxxiv. Gallons, the Hogshead lxiij. Gallons, the Barrel of Herring and of Eels xxx. Gallons fully packed, the Butt of Salmon lxxxiv. Gallons fully packed; nevertheless, by Device and Subtilty now late such Vessels have been of much less Measure, to the great Deceit and Loss of the King and of his People, whereof special Remedy was prayed in [the '] Parliament; It is ordained and stablished, That no Man, after the End of Twelve Months from the Feast of Easter next coming, shall bring into the Realm of England, from what Country soever it be, nor make within the same Realm, a Tun of Wine, except it contain of the English Measure CC. lij. Gallons, the Pipe C. xxvj. Gallons, and so after the Rate the Tertian and the Hogshead of Gascoin Wine, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Wine; nor Barrel of Herring, nor of Eels, unless they contain xxx. Gallons fully packed; nor Butt of Salmon, unless it contain lxxxiv. Gallons fully packed; nor Kinderkins, Tertians, and Firkins

1 this

Item pur ceo q deu serche & correccion nest pas fait en leawe de Thamise dehors les boundes de la fraunchese de Loundres, en les Countes de Surr Kent & Essex, plousours meschiefs ore tarde ount estee faitz de destruccion des gentz niefs & mchandises & frie de pesson, p les Weres kydelles & trimkes la esteantz noesantz, ordeinez est & assentuz q sevalx comissions soient faitz as Justices de Pees des ditz Countez p' le temps esteantz, denquerrer des tieux noisantz dehors la dite Fraunchise de Londres, si sovent come bosoigne soit, & de ctifier de temps en temps en le bank le Roy ceo qent sra trovee p les inquisicions ensi affairs, et facent les Justices de dit Banke sur les ditz ctificacions autielx pcesses envs eux gensi sront trovez trespassours come lour meulx semblera p la ley, & facent eux amoever lour anoesantz ensy faitz: Salvez a chescun son droit & title en les Weres Kydelx & Trymkes av nditz : & durera celle ordinaunce tanq al plement pscheinement avenir

Item al entent q le pluis bone & seure govn'nce soit euz dedeins les Courtes nre f' le Roy a son pfit & al ease de son poeple qont ap'suer & affaire en ycelles, Ordeinez est & establiz q toutz les Offics faitz p lres patentz roialx deins les ditz Courtes qont poair & auctorite p vue de lour office dauncien temps accustumes defair Clercs & Ministres deins mesmes les Courtes, soient chargez & jurrez de faire tielx clercs & ministres, pur quels ils voillent respoundre a lour pill, q soient sufficeantz foialx & entendantz a ceo q a eux apptient, en esploit sibien de les bosoignes du Roy come de son poeple.

Item combien qun auncien temps fuist ordeinez & loialment usez q toneux pipes rcians hoggeshedes de vyn de Gascoigne, barelles de Harank & danguilles & buttes de Samon, veignant p voie de michandise en cest tre hors des estraunges pais & auxi faitz en mesme la tre, sroient de ctein mesure cest assavoier, le tonell de Vyn de xijxx & xij galons, le pipe de vjxx & vj galons, la rcian de iiijx & iiij galons, le Hoggeshede de lxiij galons, le Barett de Harank & danguilles de xxx galons pleinement pakkez, le butte de Samon de iiij** & iiij galons pleinement pakkez; nientlemains p ymaginacion & subtilite ount jatard estee faitz tieux vesseux de pluis petite mesure, a g'unde pde & desceit au Roy & de son poeple, dount en ceste plement fuist priez espalment de remedie : Si est ordeinez & establez q nutt home, aps le fyn de xij moys le fest de pasq. pschein avenir pscheinement ensuantz, apporte en le royalme Denglerre de quel paiis q ceo soit ne face deins mesme le Royalme tonell de Vyn sil ne conteigne del mesure Dengletre xij** & xij galons, le Pipe vj** vi galons & ensy solonc lafferaunt le Pcian & le Hoggeshede de Vyn de Gascoigne, sur peine de forfaiture de mesme le Vyn; ne barett de Harank ne danguilles sils ne conteignent xxx Galons pleinement pakkez, ne butte de Salmon sil ne conteigne iiijxx & iiij galons pleinement pakkez, ne Kynderkyns, Pcians & Ferdekyngs

The Chapters now numbered XIII, XIV, XV, XVI, XVII, were in former Editions numbered X, XI, XII, XIII, XIV.
 See Note to Chapter X.—Page 221.

de Harank, ne danguilles, ne de Samon forsq solonc lafferaunt pleinement pakkez, puis le fest de Nativitee de Seint John le Baptistre pschein avenir, sur peyne de forfaiture de les Harank anguilles & Samon aventditz ensy apportez ou faitz au conterie de cest ordinence, en quest Citee Burgh & Ville du Royalme ou en ascune partie Dengletre que tieux defautez soient trovez, au f' de mesme la Ville; et q celluy q voet suer & pver les ditz defautz ava la quart partie de mesme la forfaiture; et q les Justices du Pees en toutz les Countes Dengletre Mairs and Baillifs aiantz poair denquerer de peax, enquergeroient & mineut toutz iceux defautz; et q cest ordeignence soi extende & eit force sibien dedeins le Countee de Cestre come aillours.

Item a lentent q le pluis greindre bullion puisse estre apporte a le Mynte & le greindre plente de blank money estre faitz & currant deinz le Roialme, p' le aise & pfit du Coalte dicelle, Ordeinez est & establiz q le Maistre del Mynt garde son allaie en la fesance de la blank monoie solonc la forme de sa endenture; et q mesme le Meistre receive de chescun home q porta ascun argent a la Mynt mesme largent a la Vroie value come il vault solone mesme lallaie, sur peine de paier le double damage a la partie. Et auxi al entent q cest ordeign nce puisse le meulx & pluis joustement estre gardez, Ordeinez est q lassaiour du Roy q est psone indifferent pentre le Maistre del Mynt & le mchant & auxi le Controllour del Mynt soient psentez qant ascun tiele bullion dargent soit porte a le Mynte, a lentent q le dit Assaiour puis droitement mettre le value dicett solonc lallaie, en cas del variaunce pentre le Maistre et le michant, et le Controllour a controuller sibien largent qest apportez en la dit Mynt come asportez hors dicett, chun deux jurrez de faire foialment & endefferentment lour devoir, sanz ascun regarde prendre autre q le fee qils pignont du Rcy sur la peine de paier double damage come desuis ; et q ceux Assaio' & Countroullour soientz vaillantz crediblez & exptz psones aiantz notoier science en le mistier & dorfeo' & de Mynt. Et auxi q le Maistre del Mynt ne le Chaungeo' pur le temps esteant vende ne face vendre, ne aliene a null autre oeps forsq, a le coigne, nutt man dor ne dargent ove ou nient ovee coignee ou nient coignee ou bullion qest portez a la Mynt ou a leschaunge, mes icett applie toutsoulment a le Monoie solone la forme de lendenture aventdite, sur la peine contenuz en mesme lendenture : Et q mesme le Maistre del Mynt face ferire de temps (') demy nobles ferlynges dor, grosses, demy grosses, deniers, males & ferlinges p' leaise du poeple solonc le tenour del dite Endenture fais pentre le Roy & luy, sur la peine contenuz en ycett, issint q le coe poeple puis avoir recours a leschaunge p' petit or & blanke monoie come ils resonablement bosoigneront.

Item p' ceo q g'unde escarcite de blank monoie est dedeins le Royalme a cause q argent est achatuz & venduz nient coignnez a la price de xxxij s. la fi. du troie, la ou mesme le fi. nest pluis de value a le coigne

1 en temps Printed Copies.

of Herring, nor of Eels, nor of Salmon, but after the Rate, fully packed, after the Feast of the Nativity of Saint John the Baptist next coming, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the said Herring, Eels, and Salmon, so brought or made contrary to this Ordinance, in what City, Borough, and Town of the Realm, or in any Part of England, that such Defaults be found, to the Lord of the same Town; and that he which will sue and prove the said Defaults, shall have the Fourth Part of the same Forfeiture; and (') the Justices of Peace in all the Counties of England, and Mayors and Bailiffs, having Power to inquire of the Peace, shall inquire, hear, and determine all the same Defaults; and that this Ordinance extend and have Strength, as well within the County of Chester, as elsewhere.

the County of Chester, as elsewhere. ITEM, To the Intent that the more Bullion may be brought to the Mint, and the greater Plenty of white Money be made and current within the Realm, for the Ease and Profit of the Commonalty of the same; It is ordained and stablished, That the Master of the Mint shall keep his Allay in the making of white Money according to the Form of his Indenture; and that the same Master receive of every Person, that shall bring any Silver to the Mint, the same [Money 1] at the true Value as it is worth according to the same Allay, upon Pain to pay to the Party his Double Damages. And also to the Intent that this Ordinance may the better and more justly be observed, It is ordained, That the King's Assayer, which is a Person indifferent betwixt the Master of the Mint and the Merchant, and also the Controller of the Mint, shall be present when any such Bullion of Silver is brought to the Mint; to the Intent that the said Assayer may rightfully set the Value of the same [according to the Law,3] in case of Variance betwixt the Master and the Merchant, and the Controller to controul as well Silver that is brought to the said Mint, as carried out of the same; [every Two Days 1] faithfully and indifferently to do their Duty, without taking any Reward other than the Fee which they shall take of the King, upon Pain to yield Double Damages, as afore is said; and that the Assayer and Controller be credible, substantial, and expert Men, having perfect Knowledge in the Mystery (5) of Goldsmiths, and of the Mint. And also that neither the Master of the Mint, nor the Exchanger for the Time being, sell nor cause to be sold, nor aliene to any other Use but to the Coin, no Manner of Gold nor of Silver, wrought or unwrought, coined or not coined, or Bullion which is brought to the Mint or to the Exchange, but apply the same only to the Money, according to the Form of the said Indenture, upon the Pain contained in the same Indenture: And that the same Master of the Mint cause to be stricken from Time to Time, Half Nobles, Farthings of Gold, Groats, Half Groats, Pence, Halfpence, and Farthings, for the Ease of the People, according to the Tenor of the Indenture made betwixt the King and him, upon the Pain contained in the same, so that the common People may have Recourse to the Exchange for small Gold and white Money, as they reasonably shall need.

ITEM, Forasmuch as great Scarcity of White Money is within the Realm, because that Silver is bought and sold not coined, at the Price of xxxij s. the Pound of Troy, whereas the same Pound is no more of Value at the Coin

Justices of the Peace may enquire and determine Offences.

[XII.] XV. The Master of the Mint shall keep his Allay in making of whiteMoney;

and shall receive Silver at the Mint at the true Value.

The King's Assayer and Controller shall be present;

Their Oaths & Functions.

The Master of the Mint and the Exchanger shall convert into Coin all the Gold and Silver which they receive.

The Master of the Mint shall make small Money.

[XIII.]

that Silver, MS. Tr. 2. See Rot. Parl. 2 H. VI. nu. 55.

³ after the Alay Rot. Parl. nu. 55.

eche of hem sworne Rot. Parl. nu. 55.

The Price of a lb. of Silver Troy Weight fixed at 30 s. over the Fashion.

Saving as to the Master of the Mint.

[XIV.]
XVII.
None shall
sell any Work
of Silver,
unless it be
as fine as the
Sterling;
nor until it
be touched
with the Leopard's Head,
and the Goldsmith's Mark.

The Penalty on the Keeper of the Touch, who toucheth any Vessel not sufficient in Fineness.

Several Cities and Towns shall have their several Touches.

In Places where there is no Touch ordained, the Goldsmith shall set his Mark.

Justices of the Peace, Mayors, &c. may inquire of, hear, and determine the Offences than xxxij. s. abated for the Coinage Twelve-pence; It is ordained and established, for the Increase of (') White Money, That no Man, of what Estate or Condition that he be within [the '] Realm, shall buy or sell no Silver in Plate [Piece 1] nor in Masse, being as good of Allay as the Sterling, above Thirty Shillings the Pound of Troy, over the Fashion, upon the Pain of Forfeiture of the Double Value of as much as he buyeth or selleth contrary to this Ordinance; and that the one Half be forfeit to the King's Use, and the other Half to the Use of him that will sue and prove the same Forfeiture. Provided always, That they which go to the Coin, may have and take of the Master of the same Coin, according as is lawfully contained in the Indentures thereof made betwixt the King and him; And also the Master of the said Mint for the Time being, may take and deliver as is contained in the said Indentures, without taking more, for the Ease and Profit of the common People.

ITEM, That no Goldsmith, nor Worker of Silver within the City of London, sell any Workmanship of Silver, unless it be as fine as the Sterling, except the same need Souder in the making, which shall be allowed according as the Souder is necessary to be wrought in the same. And that no Goldsmith nor Jeweller, nor any other that worketh Harness of Silver, shall set any of the same to sell within [the '] City, before that it be touched with the Touch of the Leopard's Head, if it may reasonably bear the same Touch, and also with the Mark or Sign of the Workman of the same, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Double, as afore is said; and that the Mark and Sign of every Goldsmith be known to the Wardens of the same Craft. And if it may be found, that the said Keeper of the Touch touch any such Harness with the Leopard's Head, except it be as fine in Allay as the Sterling, that then the Keeper of the Touch, for every Thing so proved not as good in Allay as the said Sterling, shall forfeit the Double Value to the King and to the Party, as is above recited. And also it is likewise ordained in the City of York, Newcastle upon Tine, Lincoln, Norwich, Bristow, Salisbury, and Coventry, that every one shall have divers Touches, according to the Ordinance of the Mayors, Bailiffs, or Governors of the same Towns; and that no Goldsmith, nor other [Workers3] of Silver, nor Keeper of the said Touches within the same Towns, shall set to Sale, or touch any Silver in other Manner than is ordained before within the City of London, upon Pain of the said Forfeiture. And moreover that no Goldsmith, or other Worker of Silver within the Realm of England, where no Touch is ordained as afore is said, shall work any Silver, except it be as fine in Allay as the Sterling, and that the Goldsmith or Worker of the same Silver set upon the same his Mark or Sign before he set it to Sale; and if it be found that it is not as fine as the Sterling, that then the Worker of the same shall forfeit the Double Value, in Manner and Form as before is recited within the City of London. And (') the Justices of Peace, Mayors and Bailiffs, and all other having Power as Justices of Peace, shall hear, inquire, and determine, by Bill, Plaint, or in other Manner, of all that do contrary to the said Ordinances, and thereof [to 5] make due Execution by their Discretions:

s do

q̃ xxxij s. abatuz p' le cunage xij d. : Ordeinez est. & establiz pur lencrece du la dit blank monoie, q nutt homme de quelt estate ou condicion qil soit deinz le dit Roialm enechate ne vende nult argent en plate depesse ne en masse esteant si bone dallaie come le Sterling, outre xxx s. le livre du troie outre la facion, sur le peine de forfaiture de le double value datant come il achate ou vende en contraire de ceste Ordinaunce; & q lun moif soit forfait al oeps du Roy & lautre moite al oeps de celuy q voet suer & pver mesme la forfaiture. Purveux toutz foitz qe ceux qi alent a le coigne puissent avoir & prendre del Maistre de mesme le coigne solonc ceo q est loialment contenuz en les endentures pentre le Roy et le dit Maistre ent faitz: Et auxi le Maistre de la Mynt susdit p' le temps esteant puis pndre & deliver sicome il est contenu en les ditz endentures saunz pluis pndre, p' laise & pfit de le coe poeple.

Item q nutt Orfeour ne Ovour dargent deinz la Citee de Loundres vende nutt ovaigne dargent sil ne soit auxi fyne come le stlyng, forspris ceo q bosoigne soudure en la fesance, le quett soit alowe solonc ceo q la Soudour soit necessarie p' estre ovee en ycett. Et q nutt Orfeour ne Juellour nautre homme q oepere harneis dargent, mette nutt dicett a vendre deinz la dite Citee dev'nt ceo q soit touchee ovec le touche del teast de libarde, ceo q puise resonablement porter mesme le touche, & auxi ove un marque ou signe del ovour dicett, sur peine de la forfaiture de la double come desuis est dit, et qe le marque ou signe de chescun Orfeour soit conuz a les Gardeins de mesme le mistier. Et sil poet estre trove qe le dit Gardein de la touche suisdite touche ascun del finoys ovek le test del libard sil ne soit auxi fyne en allaie come lesterlyng, q adonqs le dit Gardein de le touche, p' chescune chose ensy pve nient si bon en alaye come le dit est'lyng, forface la double value au Roy & a la ptie come il est ycy desuis recite. Et auxi semblablement est ordeine en la Citee Devwyk, Novell Chastell sur Tyne Lincoln Norwice Bristowe Salesbury & Coventre q chescun ait divses touches solonc lordinance des Mairs Baillifs ou Govnours de mesmes les Villes; Et q nuff Orfeour nautres Ovours dargent, ne Gardeyn des ditz touches dedeins ycelles Villes, mette a vent ne touche nuff Argent en autre mane q nest ordeine pdevant deinz la Citee de Loundres sur peine del forfaiture avantdit. Et enoutre q nutt Orfeour nautre Ovour dargent dedeinz le Roialme Dengletre, ou nuff touche est ordine come desuis est dit ovee nuff argent sil ne soit auxi fyn en alaie come lesterlyng, Et q lorfeour ou lovour dicett argent mette sur ycell son marque ou signe dev'nt ceo q le mette a la vent; et sil soit trove q ne soit auxi fine come lesterlyng qadonqs le Ovour dicett forface le double value, en mane & forme come il est dev'nt recitez deinz le Citee de Loundres. Et q les Justices de la Pees, Mairs & Baillifs & toutz autres aiantz poiar come Justices de Pees, oient enquergent & de? minent p bille pleint ou en autre mane de toutz ceux q facent le contrair de mesmes les Ordinances & ent facent due execucion solone lour discrecions:

¹ the saide MS. Tr. 2.

⁹ broken Vide Rot. Parl. nu. 54.

³ Worker MS. Tr. 2. 4 that

Purveux toutz foitz q si le Maistre del Mynt qore est ou quy p' le temps gra offende ou ad offenduz en son office du dit Mynte qadonqs soit il correcte & justifie solone la forme de les endentures av ntditz.

• Item come en le temps de le noble Roy Henry pier a nre Seignour le Roy qorest en son plement tenuz a Leycestre lan de son regne scde, soit ordeigne q les Justices de Pees en chescune Countee Denglerre duissent examiner toutz mans de svantz en lour Countees 7 Dignent Salaries excedauntz la dite ordinance & les punir solonc mesme lordinance; ordeinez est & assentuz q les ditz Justices aient poiar dappeller & defair venir dev'nt eux p venire fac & distr les Maistres aiantz & occupiantz les ditz sventz, & p attach mesmes les svantz, & ycelles examiner de le don de lour Salarie & la prise de ceo qils donent a lour ditz sv'ntz; Et sil soit trove p examinacion ou en autre mane q les ditz Maistres donent pluis q accordant au dite ordinance, q adonqs les ditz Maistres q pluis donent & chun de eux qi pluis done paieront & [paiera'] au Roy p' chescune salarie [paie a 3] ascun svant [3 contarie lexcesse & q [a4] mesme lordinance 3] mesmes les svantz ensi Pign'ntz, & ent p lour conissance ou en autre loial mane atteintz, eient lemprisonement dun mois saunz baille ou mainprise; et si ascun Viscount Baillif de fraunchise Gaoler ou ascun autre aiant la garde dez prisons deinz fraunchises ou dehors, ou ascun de lour deputees, mette ascune tielle psone au baille ou mainprise qadonqs il pdra au Roy p' chun tiel homme lesse a baille ou a mainprise xx s; et q les ditz Justices de Pees aient poiar dappeller devent eux p attach masons Carpenters Tilers Thakkers daubers & toutz autres laborers & eux examiner, et sils trovent p examinacion ou en autre mane q ascune des ditz psones ad pris a contrarie a les leies & ordinances faitz devent ces heures pdev'nt, qadonqs celluy qest trove ensi Dign'nt ait lemprisonement dun moys. Et q mesmes les Justices aient poiar dappeller devent eux p attach Taillo's Cordewaners Tanners Bochers Peschours & cariours de pesson, hostilers & toutz autres artificers & vitaillers & de eux assesser & chescun de eux a vendre & prendre solonc les discrecions des ditz Justices; & si ascun de eux pigne le contrarie [a6] mesme lassession. & de ceo p examinacion ou en autre mane soit trove coupable, qadonqs mesmes les psones ensy trovez coupablez & chescun deux face & facent fyn solonc les discrecions des Justices, & ait lemprisonement dun moys saunz baiff ou mainprise come desuis est dit. Et q cest ordinance extende sibien deinz Citees & Burghs ou ils ount poiar & auctoritee come Justice de Pees come en les Countees suisditz: et endurera cest ordinance tang, al plement pscheynment avenir.

Item ordeignez est & establiz q la stacion des Reis & engines appellez Trynkes & de toutz autres mans reis, q sont & soloient estre fichez & attachez continuelment de noet & jour p ctein temps [del an] as g'untz

1 2 4 6 7 Interlined on the Roll.

3-3 Transposed for "cont*rie a mesme lordinance lexcesse, & q" See Rot. Parl. 2 H. VI. nu. 56, the Petition in English.

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Provided always that if the Master of the Mint which now is, or which for the Time shall be, offend, or have offended in his Office of the said Mint, that then he be punished and justified according to the Form of the said Indentures.

ITEM, Whereas in the Time of the noble King Henry, Father to our Lord the King that now is, in his Parliament holden at Leicester in the Second Year of his Reign, It was ordained, that the Justices of the Peace in every County of England should examine all Manner of Servants in their Counties who should take Salaries exceeding the said Ordinance, and punish them according to the same Ordinance; It is ordained and assented, That the said Justices have Power to call and cause to come before them, by Venire facias and Distringas, the Masters having and occupying the said Servants, and by Attachments the same Servants, and them to examine of the giving of their Salary, and the taking of that which they give to their said Servants; And if it be found by Examination or in other wise, that the said Masters give more than according to the said Ordinance, that then the said Masters who give more, and each of them that giveth more, shall pay to the King, for every Salary paid to any Servant, contrary to the same Ordinance, the Excess; and that the same Servants so taking, and thereof by their Confession or in other lawful wise attainted, have Imprisonment of a Month, without Bail or Mainprise; and if any Sheriff, Bailiff of Franchise, Gaoler, or any other having the keeping of Prisons, within Franchise or without, or any of their Deputies, let any such Person to Bail or Mainprise, that then he shall lose to the King for every such Man let to Bail or Mainprise Twenty Shillings; and that the said Justices of Peace have Power to call before them by Attachment Masons, Carpenters, Tilers, Thatchers, Daubers, and all other Labourers, and to examine them; and if they find by Examination, or in other Manner, that any of the said Persons have taken contrary to the Laws and Ordinances afore made, that then he that is found so taking have Imprisonment of a Month. And that the same Justices have Power to call before them by Attachment, Tailors, Cordwainers, Tanners, [Bochers, 1] Fishers, and Carriers of Fish, Hostilers, and all other Artificers and Victuallers, and to assess them and each of them to sell and take after the Discretions of the said Justices; and if any of them take contrary to the said assessing, and thereof, by Examination or in other wise, be found guilty, that then the said Persons so found guilty and each of them make Fine after the Discretions of the Justices, and have Imprisonment of a Month without Bail or Mainprise, as is above said. And that this Ordinance extend as well within Cities and Boroughs where they have Power and Authority as Justices of the Peace, as in Counties aforesaid: And this Ordinance shall endure until the Parliament next to come.

ITEM, It is ordained, (') That the standing of Nets and Engines called Trinks, and all other Nets, which be and were wont to be fastened and hanged continually Day and Night, by a certain Time in the Year, to great

So Rot. Parl. 2 Hen. VI. nu. 56, the Petition in English.
and established MS. Tr. 2.

Proviso as to the Punishment of the Master of the Mint.

XVIII.*
Recital of
St. 2 Hen.V.
st. 1. ch. 4.
respecting
Servants and
Labourers.

Justices of the Peace empowered to proceed against the Masters as well as the Servants.

Penalty upon Sheriffs, &c. for letting convicted Offenders to Bail.

Justices may call before them Artificers and Victuallers, and regulate their Wages and Prices.

Continuance of Ordinance.

XIX.†
The Penalty
of fastening
Trinks or
Nets across
any River.

[•] The Chapter following now numbered XVIII. was first printed from the Statute Roll, in Hawkins's Edition: No Translation of it has ever been printed in any Edition of the Statutes.

† This Chapter has been numbered XV. in all former Editions.

Owners of Trinks may fish with them by Hand.

XX. The Statute Westm. 2. 13 Edw. I. c. 3, recited;

The Reversioners, &c. mentioned therein may be received to defend their Right at any Time before Judgment.

Continuance of Ordinance.

XXI. St. 25 E. III. st. 5. ch. 2.

Escape of Prisoners, committed for High Treason, declared to be Treason Posts, Boats, and Anchors, overthwart the River of Thames, and other Rivers of the Realm, which Standing is a Cause of as great and more Destruction of the Brood and Fry of Fish, and Disturbance of the common Passage of Vessels, as be the Wears, Kydels, or any other Engines, be wholly defended for ever; and that every Person that setteth or fasteneth them hereafter to such Posts, Boats, and Anchors, or like Thing, continually to stand as afore is said, and be duly thereof by the Course of the Law convict, shall forfeit to the King Cs. at every Time that he is so proved in Default: Provided always, That it shall be lawful to the Possessors of the said Trinks, if they be of Assise, to fish with them in all seasonable Times, drawing and pulling them by Hand, as other Fishers do with other Nets, and not fastening or tacking the said Nets to Posts, Boats, and Anchors, continually to stand as afore is said; Saving always to every of the King's liege People their Right, Title, and Inheritance in their Fishings in the said Water.

ITEM, Whereas It was ordained by a Statute made at Westminster, in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of King Edward, Son of King Henry, that if a Writ be brought against the Husband and his Wife, or against Tenant for Term of Life, for Term of another's Life, or by the Curtesy, or Tenant in Tail after Possibility of Issue extinct, and the Husband or such Tenants make Default after Default, or are willing to render to the Demandant his Demand, that if the Wife or those to whom the Reversion belongs come before Judgement given, they shall be received to defend their Right; And because that the King's Justices are now in great Doubt, if the Husband or any of the said Tenants make Default after Default, or render the Action to the Demandant, the which Defaults or Renders be recorded at one Term, and for certain Causes moving the Judges, the Judgment be respited and Day given over to the next Term, if they in Reversion shall be received at that last Term to defend their Right: And to remove such Doubt and Uncertainty, It is ordained and declared by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, That they in Reversion may be received to defend their Right, if they come at any Time before Judgement given in such Cases before declared, according to the Form and Words in the said Statute contained. And that this Ordinance do extend to Writs now pending, and the Judgement not yet given, as in Actions hereafter to be moved. And this Ordinance shall endure until the Parliament next to come.

ITEM, Forasmuch as in the Time of the noble King Edward, the Third after the Conquest, at his Parliament holden at Westminster, it was declared by Statute what Things ought to be called Treason, among which, if a Man was indicted, appealed, or taken for Suspicion of High Treason, and for that cause committed and detained in the King's Prison, and afterwards such Prisoner escaped out of the King's Prison, Declaration hath not been made before this Time, whether such Escape should be adjudged Treason or not; It is ordained and declared by the Authority of this present Parliament by Statute, That if any Person be indicted, appealed, or taken for Suspicion of High Treason, as afore

postes, batels & anchres au travers la rive de Thamise & autres rivers du Roialme, quele stacion est cause & occasion del auxi g'und & pluis destruccion del brode & frie de pesson, & destourbance del coe passage del vesseulx, come sont les weres kydelx ou nulles autres engines, soit toutoutrement defenduz p' tout temps avenir; et q chescun q les mette ou fiche desorenavent as tielx postes batelx & anchres ou chose semblable p' continuelment estoiser come dit est, & ent soit duement & p cours de ley convictz, forface au Roy C. s. a checun temps qil est ensi pvee en defaut. Purveux toutfoitz q bien lise as possessours des ditz Trynkes sils soient dassise peschier ovec eux en tout temps seisonable, les entraihantz & conveiantz p main come autres peschours font ove autres Reys, & non fichantz & attachantz les ditz Reyes as postes batelx & anchres pur continuelment estoiser come dit est; Salvant toutfoitz a chun liege du Roy lour droit title & enheritaunce en lo' pescheries en la ewe avantdit.

* Item come ordeigne soit p estatut fait a Westm lan du Regne le Roy E. fitz le Roy H. treszime, q si bre soit porte vs le Baron & sa feme, ou envs ten'nt a Ime de vie a terme dautre vie ou p le Curtesie ou ten'nt en le Taill aps possibilite dissue exteint, & le baron ou tielx ten'ntz fount defaute aps defaute ou vollent rendre al demaundent son demande, q si le femme ou ceux a qi le revision est veignent devent juggement rendu qils Front receux a defendre lour droit; Et p' ceo q les Justices du Roy sont ore en g'unt awereustee, si le Baron ou ascun des ditz ten'ntz font defaut ap's defaut ou rendent laccion as demaundent, les queux defautz ou reddicions sont recordez a un Pme, & cteins des causes les Justices moevantz le juggement mis en respite & jor don outre tanqal pschein Pme, si ceux en la revision front receux a celle darrein Ime a defendre lour droit: Et pur oustier tiel awerouste & doute, Ordeinez est & declarez p ladvis & assent fsditz q ceux en revsion purront estre receux a defendre lour droit, sils veignent a ascun temps devent juggement rendu en tielx cases devent declarez accordant a les forme & pols en le dit estatut contenuz. Et q yceste ordinence se extende as briefs unqure pendantz & le juggement unqure nient reduz come en accions desore enavent amovers. Et durera ceste ordinance tanqal plement pschinement avenir.

Item come en le temps le noble Roy E. tiers aps le conquest lan de son Regne xxv. a son plement tenuz a Westm, furent declarez p estatut en le dit plement quelles choses duissent estre ditz traison, entre queux si hom fuist enditez appellez ou pris p suspecion de g'und traison & pur ceste cause comise & detenuz en prison du Roy, et puis tiel prisone eschape hors de prison de Roy, declaracion ne fuist faite av'nt ces heurs le quele tiel eschape Proit adjugge traison ou nient; ordeinez est & declarez p auctorite dicest Psent plement p estatut, q si ascune psone soit endite appelle ou pris pur suspecion de g'unt traison come av'nt

^{*} The Two following Chapters now numbered XX, XXI. were first printed, from the Statute Roll, in Hawkins's Edition; In Cay's Edition they were numbered XVI. and XVII. No Translation of them has ever been printed in any Edition of the Statutes.

Aº 3.

est dit et soit comys & detenuz en prisone du Roy pur celle cause & eschape voluntement hors du dit prisone, qe tiel eschape soit adjugge & declare traison si tiel psone ent soit duement atteint solone le ley de ceste tre : Et eient les f's du fee en tiel cas les eschetes & forfaitures des Pres & tenementz de eux tenuz de tielx psones issint atteintz, come de ceux q sont atteintz de petite traison; et teignent cest ordinance & declaracion lieu & effect del xx jour Doctobr darrein passe tanq au plement pscheinement avenir.

Them brdinger out in grandlard of spence Curre

is said, and be committed and detained in the King's Prison for that Cause, and escape voluntarily out of the said Prison, that such Escape be adjudged and declared Treason, if such Person be thereof duly attainted, according to the Law of this Land. And the Lords of the Fee shall in such Case have the Escheats and Forfeitures of the Lands and Tenements of them holden, of such Persons so attainted, as of those who are attainted of Petit Treason: And this Ordinance and Declaration shall have Place and Effect from the Twentieth Day of October last past until the Parliament next to come.

Customer, Collicat, by Controlled of the Midgle C

The Lords shall have the Forfeitures.

Continuance of Ordinance.

Anno 3° HENRICI, VI. A.D. 1425.

STATUTES OF THE THIRD YEAR OF K. HENRY, VI.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. IV. m. 9.

confebrate gadanges la dist Comme

Tre f le Roy p advys & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a lespecial request des Cões en ceste plement, tenuz a Westm le darrein jour Davill lan de son regne tierce, ad ordinez & establiz cteins ordinances & estatutz a lonour de Dieu & p' le bien de son roialme en la forme ensuant.

En primes come p les annuelx congregacions & confederacies, faitz p les Masons en lour gehalx Chapitres assemblez, le bon cours & effect des estatutz de Laborers sont publiquement violez & disrumpez en subvision de la leye & grevouse damage de tout le Coe; Nre f' le Roi voillant en ceo cas p'voir de remedie, p advis & assent suisditz & a la especial request des ditz Cões ad ordinez & establiz, q tieux Chapitres & Congregacions ne soient desore tenuz; et si ascuns tielx soient faitz soient ceux qi fount faire assembler & tenir iceux chapitres & congregacions sils ent soient convictz adjuggez p' felons; et q toutz les aut's masons qi veignent as tielx chapitres & congregacions soient puniz p emprisonement de lour corps & facent fyn & raunceon a la volunte du Roi.

Item pur ceo q plusours divses psones amesnent hors du roialme de temps en temps grande nombre des berbees lanutz en Flaundres & aut's paiis dep dela le meer, & la ils fount eux tonder & vendent sibien mesmes les berbees come les laines dicelles as homes de mesme la paiis, Issint q p tielx psones les berbees deinz mesme la paiis de Flaundres & aut's pties deins brief temps sont Paisemblablez destre g'ndement encrecez & multipliez, a Psgande deceit pde & damage nãe dit f' le Roi de ses custumes (1) subsidies des ditz laines, & auxi gende arrerissement de tout le Roialme & amenusement & depssion de la price des lains sibien a lestaple de Caleis come cy en Engletre, sil ne soit p'veu de remedie celle partie; Nre dit f' considerant les Pmisses de ladvis assent & request fditz ad ordinez & gantez p auctorite du dit plement, q nutt man de psone de quele estat ou

UR Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of The Third the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Request of the Commons, assembled in this Parliament, holden at Westminster the last Day of April, the Third Year of his Reign, hath ordained and established certain Ordinances and Statutes, to the Honour of God, and for the Weal of his Realm, in the Form following:

FIRST, Whereas by the yearly Congregations and Confederacies made by the Masons in their general Chapiters [and Assemblies,'] the good Course and Effect of the Statutes of Labourers be openly violated and broken, in Subversion of the Law, and to the great Damage of all the Commons: Our said Lord the King willing in this Case to provide Remedy, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the special Request of the said Commons, hath ordained and established, That such Chapiters and Congregations shall not be hereafter holden; and if any such be made, they that cause such Punishment Chapiters and Congregations to be assembled and holden, if they thereof be convict, shall be judged for Felons; and that all the other Masons that come to such Chapiters and Congregations, be punished by Imprisonment of their Bodies, and make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will.

ITEM, Because that divers Persons do from Time to Time carry out of the Realm great Number of Sheep [with Fleeces] into Flanders, and other Countries beyond the Sea, and there they shear them, and sell as well the same Sheep, as the Wools of the same, to Men of the same Country, so that by such Persons the Sheep within the said Country of Flanders, and other Parts, in short Time be likely to be much increased (3) to the great Deceit, Loss, and Damage of our (*) Lord the King, of his Customs and Subsidies of the said Wools, and also to the great Hindrance of all the Realm, and Diminution and Abatement of the Price of Wools, as well at the Staple at Calais, as here in England, unless Remedy be provided in this Behalf; Our said Lord the King, considering the Premises, by the Advice and Assent, and at the Request aforesaid, hath ordained and granted by the Authority of the said Parliament, That no manner of Person, of what Estate or Condition that he be,

a wolled Rot. Parl. nu. 45.

3 and multiplied

1 assembled

Confederacies

of Procurers;

and of the confederators.

II. Mischiefs arising from tion of Sheep with Fleeces.

orted the King's

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Punishment of Offenders. hereafter be suffered to ship (') within the Realm [of England] any Sheep, fleeced or shorn, into the said Country of Flanders, or to any other Parts beyond the Sea, except it be to victual the Town of Calais and the Marches thereof; and that every Man that may be espied, which under the Colour of victualling of the same Town and Marches of Calais, passeth into any other Places than to the same Town and Marches with any Sheep fleeced or shorn, except he have the King's Licence, shall forfeit to the King the same Sheep, or the Value thereof, as oftentimes as he shall be found in Default.

III.
Penalty on
Customers
&c. concealing the King's
Custom.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That if any Customer, Collector, or Controller of the King's Customs of Cockets of Cloths, of Subsidies of Tonnage or Poundage, in any Port or Place of England, be duly (1) attainted or convict at the King's Suit (1), of false concealing of the King's Custom or Subsidy duly entered and paid by any Merchant, that then the said Customer, Collector, or Controller so duly attainted or convict by the Law, shall lose and forfeit to the King the treble Value of the Merchandises so duly customed, and make Fine and Ransom: And he that will sue, shall have the Third Part for his Labour.

IV.
Chancellor
may grant
Licence to
export Butter
and Cheese to
other Places
than to the
Staple.

ITEM, Whereas by a Statute made in the Time of the Noble King Edward the Third, (4) it was ordained, That the Staple, and the Merchandises of the Staple should be carried to Calais, amongst which Merchandises it was ordained by the same Statute, That Butter and Cheese should be Merchandises of the Staple; by which [Ordinances 5] divers Persons of the Realm of England have had great (6) Damage, because that the said Butter and Cheese be so tender Merchandises that they cannot [tarry their Merchants,7] as our Lord the King hath perceived by the grievous Complaint of his said Commons; The same our Lord the King, willing to provide Remedy in this Behalf, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That he that will carry Butter and Cheese to any other Parts than to the said Staple, shall sue to the Chancellor of England for the Time being to have Licence in this Behalf; and that the same Chancellor have Power to make to him such Licences under the King's Great Seal, if it like him so to do by his Discretion.

V. Chancellor may award Commissions to reform the River Lee.

ITEM, Whereas in the last Parliament it was granted, That a Commission for the Water called the Ley, one of the great Rivers which extendeth from the Town of of Ware till the Water of Thames, in the Counties of Hertford, Essex, and Middlesex, to survey, redress, and amend all the Defaults in the said Water, for the Passage of Ships and Boats, as in the Ordinances and Statutes (*) of the King's Noble Progenitors is contained: And Forasmuch as the same Commission was directed to divers great Men, Lords and other Persons, which thereto might not attend; It is ordained and stablished, That the Chancellor of England (9) shall have Power to grant such Commissions at all Times needful to such indifferent Persons dwelling thereabout, which thereto best can and may attend, to inquire, redress, and amend all the Defaults being in the said Water, as well by divers Trenches made out of the said Water, as of all other manner Stanks, (10) Kidels, Wears or Mills, being or made to the Annoyance of the Passage of Boats in the said Water, according to the Purport and Tenor of the Statutes in this Case provided and ordained.

or cause to be shipped
and lawefully Rot. Parl. nu. 50.
or at the Suit of any other Person for the King's Advantage,
after the Conquest MS. Tr. 2.
Ordynaunce MS. Tr. 2.

6 Loss and 7 swait for Buyers in tyme MS. Tr. 2.
9 for the Time being 10 Stakes

condicion qil soit de cy enav'nt soit suffrez deskipper ou faire eskipper deinz le roialme ascunes berbees lanutz ou tonduz en la dõe paiis de Flaundres ou aut's parties dep dela le meer, sil ne soit p' le vitailler de la Ville de Caleys & les Marches dicelles; et q chun hōme q poet estre espiez q soubz colour de vitailler du dõe Ville ou Marches de Caleys qil passe a ascun aut'e lieu q a mesmes les Ville & Marches ovesq ascuns berbees lanuz ou tonduz, sil ne ait licence roialle, qil forface au Roi mesmes les berbees ou le value dicelles si sovent defoitz come il soit trove defectif.

Item ordinez est & establiz q si ascune Custumer Collectour ou Countrollour des custumes du Roi, de Cokettes de Draps del subsidies del tonage ou pondage en ascun port ou lieu Denglerre soit duement & loialment atteinte ou convictz al suyte du Roi, ou al suyte dascune autre psone p lavantage du Roi, de faux concelement de custume ou subsidie du Roi duement entre & paie p ascune mchant, qadonqes le dit Custumer Colectour ou Countrollour ensi duement atteint & convict p la Ley pde & forface au Roi le treble value des mchandises ensi duement custumez & face fyn & raunceon; et si ascun home le voet suer ait le tierce partie pur son labour.

Item [pp'] un estatut fait en temps de le l'snoble Roi E. tierce puis le conquest, ordinez estoit q lestaple & les mchandises de lestaple sroient mesnez a Caleys, entre queux mchandises ordinez fuist p mesme lestatut q bure & formage Proient michandises de lestaple; p quelle ordinance pluso's psones du Roialme Dengletre ont euz g'unde pde & damage, p' ceo q les ditz bure & formage sont si tendre michandises qils ne purront attendre lour michantz, sicome nre f' le Roi ad conceu a la grevous compleint de ses Cões des ditz : Mesme nre f' le Roi voillant purvoir de remedie celle partie p advis & assent suisditz ad ordine & establie, q celuy q voet amesner bure & formage as ascunes aut's pties q a le dit estaple, sua au Chaunceller Dengletre pur le temps esteant p' licence avoir celle partie; et q mesme le Chaunceller ait poiar de luy faire autielles licences desoubz le g'unde seal du Roi si lui semblera affaire solone sa discreccion.

Item come en le darrein plement fuist g'unte q un Comission p' la eawe appellez la Ley, une des g'undes rivs q sextende de la Ville de Ware jesq, al eawe de Thamise en les Countes de Hertf Essex & Midd p' surveier redresser & amender toutz les defauts en la dce eawe p' le passage des niefs & batelx, si come en les ordinances & estatuts en temps des nobles pgenitours nre dit f' le Roi est contenuz (1); et pur ceo q la dce comission fuist directe as divses gundes &'s & aut's psones q a ceo ne poient entendre; ordinez est (3) establiz q le Chaunceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant ait poiar de g'unter tielx comissions a tout temps q bosoigne sra, as tielx psones indifferentz dem'rantz la environ qi a ceo melx savent & poent entendre, de enquerer redresser & amender toutz les defautz en la dce eawe esteantz, sibien p divses trenches hors du dce eawe faitz come de toutz aut's mans estankes estakes kidelx goors ou moleyns anusantz de passage des batelx en la dce eawe esteantz ou faitz, solonc le p'port & tenure des estatuts en ceo cas p'veux & ordinez.

1 come per Printed Copies.

See Rot. Parl. 2 Hen. VI. nu. 57. et Printed Copies.

Anno 4º HENRICI, VI. A.D.1425-6.

STATUTES OF THE FOURTH YEAR OF K. HENRY, VI.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. IV. m. 9, 8.

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YEUX sont les estatutz & ordinances faitz p nre Pssovain f' le Roi p advis & assent des f's espuex & temporelx & a le espale request des Coes de son roialme, en son plement tenuz a Leycestr le xviije jour de Fever lan de son regne quart esteantz a lonour de Dieu & p' le bien ease & pfit de son roialme.

En primes pur ceo q grevouse compleinte ad este fait a nre f le Roi p les Coes de son Roialme en ceste plement, q la ou divses briefs al seute de partie sont sevalment directz as Viscounts du roialme p' prendre divses psones p lour corps, mesmes les Viscounts aps les briefs a eux ensi directz Pignent g'ndes somes de moneye des parties q sont ensi p'suez p' lour mainprise; et enoutre les ditz Viscounts pignent g'andes somes de moneye p' embesiler (1) du Roi en divses cases, a grande impediment & arrerissement des parties p'suantz & g'nde opp'ssion & empovissement de la coe poeple du roialme : Et la ou briefs sont directz as ditz Viscounts p' empaneller divses psones p' passer en enquestes pentre parties, & lour nouns retourner & chifier en les Courtes du Roi, mesmes les Viscounts retournent & ctifiount p vtue des ditz briefs les nouns des divses homes empanellez sanz ascun garnisement a eux ent fait a lour g'nde pde & damage: Ordinez est & assentuz q chescun Viscount p' le temps esteant retourne les briefs a lui directz en les Courtes du Roi as tielx jours come ils sount retournablez; et q mesmes les Viscounts facent garnir en temps resonable toutz ceux psones empanellez p' passer en enquestes en les Courtes du Roi, qils puissent apparer a tielx jours come ils ont p les briefs du Roi : Et si ascun Viscount face le cont'rie dascune des ditz articles, adonqes la partie q se sente greve puisse suer p bille ou brief sur son cas affaire Vs le Viscount si bien en lescheger come en ascun autre court du Roi; en queux seutes si le dit Viscount soit convicte q la partie q sue recove en mesme la seute double damage: Et q les Justices de Pees, Seneschalx des Letees & Hundredes eient poiar denquerrer de tielx mesprisons & defauts des ditz Viscounts & de ctifier lour ditz enquerrez devent les Justices de delivance, issint qils purrent mettre les parties a respounce; sur quele respounce sils soient trove coupablez ils facent fyn & raunceon a nre f' le Roi: Et endurera cest ordinance tanq, al pschein plement: Et quant a les lessiz au mainpriz soient les estatuts faitz p devent & nient repellez esteantz en lour force & tenuz & gardez en toutz points.

1 les briefs Printed Copies.

HESE be the Ordinances and Statutes made by L our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Request of the Commons of his Realm, in his Parliament, holden at Leicester, the Eighteenth Day of February, the Fourth Year of his Reign, being, to the Honour of God, and for the Weal, Profit, and Ease of his Realm.

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FIRST, Whereas grievous Complaint hath been made to the King by [his Commons'] in this Parliament, That where divers Writs at the Suit [of the Parties 17 be severally directed to Sheriffs of the Realm, to take divers Persons by their Bodies, the same Sheriffs, after the Writs to them so directed, take great Sums of Money of the Parties which be so pursued, for their Mainprise; and moreover the said Sheriffs do take great Sums of Money, to embezzle the King's Writs in divers Cases, to the great Impediment and Hinderance of the Parties pursuing, (1) to the great Oppression and Impoverishing of the common People of the Realm: And [whereas '] Writs be directed to the said Sheriffs to impanel divers Persons to pass in Inquests betwixt Parties, and to return and certify their Names in the King's Courts, the same Sheriffs do return and certify by virtue of the said Writs, the Names of divers Men impaneled, without any Warning thereof made to them, to their great Loss and Damage: It is ordained and [stablished, 3] That every Sheriff for the Time being, shall return the Writs to him directed [in 6] the King's Courts, at such Days as they be returnable; and that the same Sheriffs in reasonable Time warn all the Persons impanelled to pass in Inquests in the King's Courts, that they may appear at such Days as they have by the King's Writs: And if any Sheriff do the contrary of any of the said Articles, then the Party that feeleth himself grieved, may sue by Bill or Writ (7) upon his Case against the Sheriff, as well in the Exchequer as in any other of the Kings Courts; in which Suits if the (8) Sheriff be convict, the Party that sueth shall recover in the same Suit his Double Damages: And that the Justices of Peace, Stewards of Leets and Hundreds, have Power to enquire of such Misprisions and Defaults of the said Sheriffs, and to certify their said Inquiries before the Justices of Deliverance so that they may put the said Parties to answer; upon which Answer if they be found guilty, they shall make Fine and Ransom to the King: And this Ordinance shall endure till the next Parliament: And as to the letting to Mainprise, the Statutes made in Times past and not repealed, being in their [own] force shall be holden and kept in all Points.

the Commons of his Realm
of partie Rot. Parl. 4 Hen. VI. nu. 32.
and
where Rot. Parl.
into Rot. Parl.
to be framed
said Rot. Parl.

returning Writs, &c.

> Sheriffs shall Writs, and

grieved; with Double Damages;

and Penalty Imprison-

VOL. II.

3 N

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II.*
III.
Recital of
the Statute
9 Hen.V.
st. 1. ch. 4.
reciting Stat.
14 Edw. III.
st. 1. c. 6 for
Amendment
of Errors in
Process, by
Misprision
of Clerks, as
well after
Judgment as
before:

ITEM, Whereas at the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Second Day of May, the Ninth Year of the Reign of King Hénry Father of our Lord the King that now is, it was rehearsed, how that at the Parliament holden at Westminster the xiv. Year of King Edward the Third, it was ordained by the Authority of the said Parliament, That for Misprision of a Clerk, in whatsoever Place it be, no Process or Plea should be undone nor discontinued, by Oversight in Writing a Letter or Syllable too much or too little, but as soon as the Thing were perceived by Challenge of the Parties, or in other Manner, it should be hastily amended in due Form, without giving Advantage to the Party that challengeth the same because of such Misprision; the said late King Henry, considering the Diversities of Opinions which Men had upon the said Statute, and to put the Thing in more open Knowledge, did declare and ordain by Authority of the said Parliament holden the said Ninth Year, That the Justices before whom such Plea or Record is [made a] or shall be depending, as well by Adjournment as by Way of Error or otherwise, shall have Power and Authority to amend such Record and Process, [as well after Judgement given as before,1] by Force of the said Statute made in the Time of the said King Edward (3); which Ordinance should endure till the next Parliament, which should be first holden after the Return of the said King Henry the Father into England from beyond the Sea, and which now is determined by the Death of the said late King Henry the Father: Our Sovereign Lord, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That the said Statute, and the Effect of the same, made the said Ninth Year, shall hold Strength, Force, and Effect, in every Record, and Process [of the same,] as well after Judgement given upon a Verdict passed, as upon [a Matter 1] in Law pleaded, as a Statute available and effectual in Law to endure for ever. Provided always, That this Statute do not extend to Records and Processes in the Parts of Wales, nor to Records and Processes whereby any Person is or shall be outlawed at any Man's Suit.

Exception as to Wales, and Records of Outlawry.

The said Statutes con-

firmed, as

well after

Demurrer.

Judgment on Verdict as on

IV. Certain Writs not abateable by Knighthood of the Parties.

V.
Recital of
the Statute
17 Ric. II.
chapter 7.
respecting
Exportation
of Corn.

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid hath ordained and stablished, That all the Writs, Suits, and Processes, which all the Knights that were made Knights by the King in the Time of this Parliament holden, have depending, and which every of them hath depending, not determined, be good and effectual, not abateable by the Law because that they be made Knights, or because that any of them is made Knight.

ITEM, Whereas the noble King Richard the Second after the Conquest, at his Parliament holden at Westminster the Fifteenth Day of Saint Hilary, the Seventeenth Year of his Reign, at the special Request of the Commons of the same Parliament, did grant Licence to all his liege People of his Realm of England, to ship and carry Corn out of the said Realm, to what Parts them pleased, except to Enemies, paying the Subsidies

⁹ as afore is said, according to the Form of the same Statute, as well after Judgment in any such Plea, Record, or Process given, as before Judgment given in any such Plea, Record, or Process, as long as the same Record and Process is before them; in the same Manner as the Justices had Power to amend such Record and Process before Judgment given, See St. 9 Hen.V. st.1.c. 4.

Item come au plement tenuz a Westin le ij. jour du Maij lan du regne le Roi Henri pier nre fr le Roi qorest ixe, reherce fuist coment au plement tenuz a Westin lan du regne le Roi E. tierce xiiije, ordeigne fuit p auctorite du dit plement q pur mesprison de clerc en qconq place ceo soit, ne soit pcesse de plee aniente ne discontinue p mesprendre en escrivant une lie trop ou trop poy, mes sitost come le chose sra apceiue p chalange des parties ou en autre mane soit hastivement amende en due fourme, sanz doner aventage a partie q ceo chalange p cause de tiel mesprison; le dit nadgairs Roi Henri considerant la divsite doppinions q lem avoit sur le dit estatuit, & p' mettre le chose en pluis ovt conysauns declara & ordina p auctorite du dit plement tenuz le dit an ixe, q les Justices devent queux tiel plee ou recorde est fuit ou gra pendant, sibien p ajo'nement come p voie derrour ou autrement, eient poiar & auctorite damender tielx recorde & pcesse come dev'nt est dit, solonc la fourme de mesme lestatuit, sibien aps juggement en tiel plee recorde ou pcesse renduz come dev'nt le juggement renduz en tielx plee recorde ou pcesse, tantcome lez ditz recorde & pcesse soient dev'nt eux, en mesme le mane come Justices avoient poiar damender tielx recorde & pcesse dev'nt juggement renduz p force du dit estatuit en temps le dit Roi E. fait come desuis; la quele ordinance endureroit tang, al pschein plement q sroit primment tenuz aps le revenue du dit Roi Henri le pier en Engletre dep dela, et la quele ore est dermine p la mort du dit nadgairs Roi Henri le pier: le Roi nre sovein f p advis & assent fditz ad ordine & establie q le dit estatuit & effect dicett fait le dit an ixe, teigne force vigo' & effect en chun recorde & pcesse sibien aps juggement renduz sur Vdit passe come sur matire en leie plede, come estatut vaillable & effectuell en ley a toutz jours adurer. Purveu toutz foitz q cest estatut ne se extende as recordes & pcesses es parties de Gales ne as recordes & pcesses p queux ascune psone est ou sra utlage al suyt dascuny.

Item nre dit f le Roi de ladvis & assent suisditz ad ordine & establie, q toutz les briefs suites & pcesses q toutz [les '] Chivalers, qi furent faitz Chivalers p le Roi en temps de cest plement tenuz, ont pendantz & q chescun de eux ad pendantz nient det minez soient bones & effectuelx nient [abatalez '] p la ley, p cause q sont faitz Chivalers, ou p cause q ascune de eux est fait Chivaler.

Item come le noble Roi Richard scde puis le conquest, que Dieu assoiff, a son parlement tenuz a Westin al quinszeine de Seint Hillar lan de son reigne xvij. a la espale request des Coes de mesme le plement graunta licence a toutz ses lieges de son roialme Denglet re deskipper & amesner blees hors du dit roialme as queux parties q lour plerra horspris as enemys, paiantz

1 Interlined above the word 'tout' erroneously written after 'toutz' 2 abatablez Rot. Parl. nu. 36.

. What has been usually classed as Chapter II. follows on the Roll immediately after Chapter V. See post pa. 231.

The said

II.º

Recital of

the Statute

9 Hen.V.st.1. chap. 3. as to Protections

of Persons in

the King's

Service i War in Parts

les subsidees & devoirs ent duez nient contristeant ascun ordinance pclamacion ou defense fait dev'nt a contrarie; Nientmains mesme le nadgairs Roi vouloit q son Counseil purroit restreindre le dit passage qant lour sembleroit bosoignable pur pfit du roialme; Nre le Roi a la espale request des Coes de cest psent plement, & de ladvis & assent suisditz, voet & g'unte de le dit estatuit soit tenuz & gardes en toutz points; Issint q son Counseilt puisse restreindre le dit passage qant lour semblera pur proufit du roialme.

Îtem come au plement tenuz a Westm le scde jour de Maij lan de regne le Roi Henri quint puis le conquest, piere a nre f le Roi gorest ix, pur ceo q la prise des assises genalment fuit longement cessez p tout le roialme a cause dune ordinance fait p le dit nadgairs [Roi;1] (1) considerant les deseases & damages queux plusours de ses lieges avoient euz & sustenuz pmy celle cesser, comaunda q les Justices teignerent les assises p my son roialme p mane accustume : Et pur eviter deshitaunces des psones q lors feurent passez & passerent en le viage du dit nadgairs Roi, & auxi (3) les psones qi furent dem'rantz en le svice mesme le Roi es parties de Normandie & de Fraunce, ordinez estoit & purveux qen chescun pteccion ove la clause, Volumus, affaire pur quonq de mesmes les psones, sroit en la clause dexcepcion contenuz en icelle omission de cestes poles assise nove disseie; et q toutz ceux pteccions soient allouablez & allouez pur eux & chun de eux, en toutz les Courtes du Roi & aillours ou tiele pteccion soit mis avent pur ascune tile psone en toutz plees dassises sibien de novelt disseie come de fresti force sanz ascun difficulte; purveu toutz foitz q les juggements arendrez delors enav*nt en tielx assises arrainiez ou arrainierz ne groient mye Pjudicielx as ascuns des ditz psones issint dem'rants en le svice du Roi pdela, come devent est dit, qavoient ascun chose en revision ou en remaindre en Pres ou tents dont tieux assises furent ou Proient arrainiez, sils qavoient en revision ou en remaindre en tielx tres ou tents ne Proient nomez en mesmes lassises, mes qels Proient envs eux tout voidez; et dureroit ceste ordinance tanqal plement q sroit primement tenuz puis la pschein revenue du dit nadgairs Roi en Engletre; Et si mesme lordinance touchant les ditz psones (4) q lors furent passez ou passerent en le dit viage ne fuit my sufficiant pur lease & seurte de eux, Accordez fuit auxi & assentuz q les f's du counseitt du Roi pur le temps esteantz avoient plein poiar p auctorite du dit plement de mettre ordin & purvoir sufficiant remedie, pur lease & seurte de l'stoutz mesmes les psones come pur eux & chun de eux sembleroit as ditz f's le pluis vaillable & expedient en la cas solone lour bone advis & discrecions;

Interlined on the Roll. * le Roi 3 de 3 stat. 9 Hen. V. c. 3. pdela, & auxi touchant les ditz psones \ 4 H. VI. nu. 38.

and [Devoyres'] thereof due, notwithstanding any Ordinance, Proclamation, or Defence made before to the contrary; Nevertheless the same late King [willing 1] that his Council might restrain the said Passage when to them seemed needful for the Profit of the Realm; Our Sovereign Lord the King, at the especial Request of the Commons of this present Parliament, and by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, will and granteth, that the said Statute be holden and kept in all Points; so that his Council may restrain the said Passage when to them shall seem necessary for the Profit of the Realm.

ITEM, Whereas at the Parliament holden at Westminster the Second Day of May, the ix. Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fifth, (1) Father to our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, because that the taking of Assises [was generally 1] ceased through the Realm, by reason of an Ordinance made by the said late King; [our Sovereign Lord the King 5] considering the Diseases and Damage, which many of his liege People [have 6] had and sustained by the same ceasing, [commandeth, 7] That the Justices [shall 8] hold the Assises through [the 9] Realm in the Manner accustomed: And for to eschew the Disherison of Persons, which then were passed and should pass in the Voyage of the said late King, and also of the Persons which were abiding in the Service of the said King in the Parts of Normandy and France, It was ordained and provided, That in every Protection with the Clause Volumus to be made for any of the same Persons, there should be in the Clause of Exception contained in the same, Omission of these Words, Assise nove disseisine; And that all those Protections should be allowable and allowed for them and every of them in all the King's Courts and other Places, where such Protections be set forth for any such Persons, in all Pleas of Assises as well of Novel Disseisin as of fresh Force, without any Difficulty; Provided always, That the Judgements to be given from [henceforth 10] in such Assises arraigned or to be arraigned, [shall"] not be prejudicial to any Persons so abiding in the King's Service beyond the Sea, as afore is said, which [have "] any Thing in Reversion or in Remainder in Lands or Tenements, whereof such Assises were or should be arraigned, if they which had in Reversion or in Remainder in such Lands or Tenements, should not be named in the same Assises, but that they should be against them wholly void; And [this Ordinance shall 13] endure till the Parliament which [shall "] be first holden after the next Return of the said late King into England; And if the same Ordinance touching the said Persons so abiding in the King's Service beyond the Sea, and also touching the said Persons which then were passed or should pass in the said Voyage, were not sufficient for the Ease and Surety of them, It was also accorded and assented, That the Lords of the King's Council for the Time being, should have full Power by Authority of the said Parliament, to set, ordain, and provide sufficient Remedy for the Ease and Surety of all the same Persons, as for them and every of them should seem to the said Lords most expedient and available in the Case, after their good Advice and Discretions;

3 after the Conquest MS. Tr. 2.

Duties willed
generally, had long time
commanded MS. Tr. 2.

s the King should

thensfurth MS. Tr. 2. 13 that Ordinance should

9 his

See Note before Chapter III. ante pa. 230.

The Statute 9 H. V. c. 3, continued for Three Years.

I. Indictments

found in the King's Bench by Jurors

suspected,

or unduely

procured;

Which Ordinance is determined by the Death of the said late King: Our Sovereign Lord the King considering the good and agreeable Service, which many of his faithful Subjects have done to him, and [daily do'] in the Parts beyond the Sea, in the Company of his dear Uncle the Regent of France Duke of Bedford, and of his Deputies [in the Parts of France,] and for so much willing for their Ease and Surety likewise to ordain and provide in this Case; of the Assent and Advice of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and also of the Commons in this Parliament assembled, hath ordained, That the said Ordinance made the said ix. Year shall stand as a Statute and Law effectual and available in all Points for all Persons which now be and hereafter shall be abiding in the King's Service in the Company of the said Regent, or of his Deputies in the Parts of France and of Normandy, to endure from the First Day of June, the Fourth Year of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King (*) till the End of Three Years then next following: Provided always, That all the Entries to be made after the said First Day of June shall not be comprised in this present Ordinance; and that none, which shall make such Entries after the said First Day of June, shall have any Benefit of the same Ordinance.

and do, and it is requisite to do daily, that now is, MS. Tr. 2.

la quele ordinance est det mine p la mort du dit nadgairs Roi: Nre fr le Roi considerant le bone & greable svice q plusours de ses foialx lieges luy ount faitz, & fount & faire covient de jour en autre, es parties dep dela en le companie de son beal uncle le Regent de France Duc de Bedford & de ses Deputees, & voillant pur tant pur lour ease & seurte semblablement ordiner & purvoir en ceo cas, de ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & auxi de Cões de ceste Parlement, ad ordinez q la dce ordinance fait le dce an ix estoise come estatut & ley effectuelt & availlable en toutz pointz, pur toutz psones qi sont au psent & sront enaps dem'rantz en le svice du Roi en le companie du dit Regent ou de ses deputees es parties de France & Normandie, adurer del primer jour de Juyn lan du regne du nre dit f' le Roi quorest quart tanqal fyn de trois ans lors pschein ensuantz: Purveu toutz voies q toutz les entrees affairz aps le dit primer jour de Juyn ne soient comprisez en ceste Psent ordinance; & q nutt q ferra autielx entrees aps le dit prim jour de Juyn ait ascun benefice de mesme lordinance.

M. 8.

Anno 6° HENRICI, VI. A.D. 1427.

Rot. Stat. de Anno r' r' h. serti vito vito.*

ROLL OF THE STATUTES

OF THE SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF K. HENRY, VI.

OUR Lord the King at his Parliament holden at Westminster the Fifteenth of Saint Michael, the Sixth Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special [Instance and] Request of the Commons of his Realm in the said Parliament assembled, hath caused to be made certain Statutes and Ordinances, to the Honour of God, and for the Weal and Ease of his People in the [Manner and] Form following:

FIRST, For that divers of the King's faithful Subjects by false Practice, Covin, and Conspiracy of certain evil Persons be indicted before our Lord the King in his Bench, of divers Felonies and Treasons, by suspect Jurors, hired and procured to the same by Confederacy and Covin of the said Conspirators, by Force of which Indictments a Capias is awarded to the [Sheriffs'] of the County where the said Bench is, returnable within Two or Four Days, at which Day, if the Party so indicted come not, an Exigent is awarded, whereby the Goods and Chattels of such Persons indicted be forfeit to our Lord the King, to the utter undoing of divers of the King's faithful Subjects, as the same our Lord the King hath conceived by the grievous Complaint of the said Commons, made to him in the said Parliament;

1 Sheriff

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. IV. m. 7.

Tre f le Roy a son plement tenuz a Westm a la quinszisme de Seint Michell lan de son regne vj^{me}, p advys & assent de f s espuelx & tempelx & al espale request des Cões de son Roialme en le dit parlement assemblez, ad fait faire cteins estatutz & ordinances a lonur de Dieu & pur le bien & ease de son poeple en la forme qensuyt:

En primes pur ceo q divs des loialx lieges nre dit f' le Roy, p faux ymaginacion comettement & conspiracie des cteins malefeso's, sont enditez dev'nt le Roy en son Bank de divses felonies & tresons, p jurro's suspectz & a ceo p confederacie & conjecture des ditz conspirato's lowez & pcurez, p force des queux enditementz Capias est agarde al Viscount del Countee ou le dit Bank est, reto'nable deinz deux ou quatre jo's, a quell jo', si la partie endite ne veigne Exigend est agarde, p qoi les biens & chateux des ditz enditz sont forfaitz au Roy, a final destruccion de divs des loialx lieges de nre dit f' le Roy, si come mesme nre f' ad conceu a la grevouse compleint des ditz Coes a luy faite en le dit plement;

• This is a contemporary Indorsement at the Bottom of Membrane 7. of the Roll.

Nre dit & le Roi voillant en ceo cas purvoir de remedie ad ordine p advys & assent fditz, q av nt q ascun exigende soit agardez envs tielx enditez dev'nt le Roy en son dit Bank, soient briefs de Capias directz sibn al Viscont ou Viscontz del Countee en le quelt ils sont ensi enditez come al Viscount ou Viscountz del Countee dount ils sont nomez en les enditementz; aiantz mesmes les Capias lespace des sys sepmains au meynes ou pluis long temps p les discrecions des Justices si le cas ceo requirt dev'nt la reto'ne dicelles, les queux briefs issint reto'nez pcedent les Justicez en mane come ils ount fait devent ces heures; et si ascune Exigend soit agarde ou ascune utlagarie pnuncie en aps envs tielx enditez devent le reto'ne des ditz briefs soit celle Exigend issint agarde ovec la utlagarie ent pnuncie voide & tenuz pur nutt: Et durera ceste ordinance tanqil plerra a nre f le Roy.

Item pur ceo q divs des lieges nre & le Roy avant ces heures ount estez desheritz, a cause qen les espales assises les ten'ntz & defendantz ne p'ront my avoir conisance ne copie de la panett de ceux qi sont empanellez pur passer en les ditz assises, pur eux enformer de lo' droit & titles devant le jo' de la session q les assises Front demandez: Nre dit f' le Roy voillant de ceo p'voier de remedie, ad ordine & establie q les panelles des ditz assises soient arraiez, & copie endentee dicelles p le Viscount delivee a les plantifs ten'ntz & defendantz, p vj. jo's ameins devent la Session des Justices si eux les demandent; Et qant a la reto'ne ou respounce des Baillifs des Fraunchises facent ils lo' reto'nez ou responce as Viscountz en tielx espalx assises viij. jo's dev'nt la Session en mane come desuis: Et ceo sur peine de xl fi. a paiers p les ditz Viscontz ou Baillifs a nre f' le Roy a tant defoitz come ils ou ascun de eux fount ou face le cont'rie de cest ordinance.

Item come ordine soit en le plement tenuz a Cantebrigge lan xij. le Roy Richard scde puis le conquest, combn chescun svant de husbondrie Pndra p lan pur son svice; Et si ascun face le cont'rie de cett ordinaunce & de ceo soit atteint qil paie, cestassavoir sibien le donour come le pnour, la value del excesse issint done ou prise; Et al scde defaute de lo' atteindre la double value de tiel excesse; Et al tierce defaute la tierce valu; Et si le dit pnour neit dount paier le dit excesse qil ava la prison de xl. jo's : Et auxi p un autre estatut, fait al plement tenuz a Westm lan xiije de mesme le nadgairs Roy, ordine soit q les Justices de la peas en chescun Countee, en lour Sessions tenuz ent Pasq. & Seint Michell, facent pclamacion p lo' discrecion solone la chiertee des vitails comebien chescun Mason, Carpenter Teguler & auts artifics & ovours & auxint artifics p journes, sibn en August come en aut temps del an solonc lo' degree Pndrent le jo', ovesq, maungier & boier ou saunz maungier & boier, ent les sessions susditz come chose p estatut: les queux estatutz ne

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Our said Lord the King willing in this Case to provide Remedy, hath ordained, by the Advice and Assent [of the Lords, '] That before any Exigent be awarded against such Persons indicted before the King in his said Bench, Writs of Capias shall be directed, as well to the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the County wherein they be (1) indicted, as to the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the County whereof they be named in the Indictments; the same Capias having the Space of Six Weeks at the least, or longer Time, by the Discretion of the said Justices, if the Case require it, before the Return of the same; which Writs so returned, the Justices shall proceed in the Manner as they have done before this Time; and if any Exigend be awarded, or any Outlawry pronounced hereafter against such Persons indicted, before the Return of the said Writs, the same Exigent so awarded, with the Outlawry thereof pronounced, shall be void and holden for none: And this Ordinance shall endure as long as shall please the King.

ITEM, Because that divers of the King's liege People in Times past have been disherited, for that in special Assises the Tenants and Defendants could not have Knowledge nor Copy of the Panel of them that be impanelled to pass in the said Assises, to inform them of their Right and Titles before the Day of the Session that the Assises should be demanded; Our (3) Lord the King, willing thereof to provide Remedy, hath ordained and established, That the Panels of the (1) Assises shall be arrayed, and a Copy indented of the same by the Sheriff delivered to the Plaintiffs Tenants and Defendants, (4) Six Days at the least before the Session of the Justices, if they the same demand; And as to the Return or Answer of the Bailiffs of Franchises, they shall make their Returns or Answers to the Sheriffs, [of] such special Assises, [Six 6] Days before the Sessions in the Manner aforesaid: And that upon Pain of Forty Pounds to be paid by the said Sheriffs or Bailiffs to our Lord the King, as often as they or any of them do or cause to be done contrary to this Ordinance [or Statute.]

ITEM, Whereas it was ordained in the Parliament holden at [Canterbury, 7] the Twelfth Year of King Richard the Second (*) how much every Servant of Husbandry shall take by the Year for his Service; and if any do contrary to the same Ordinance, and thereof be attainted, that he shall pay, that is to say, as well the Giver as the Taker (9) the Excess so given or taken; and at the Second Default of their Atteindre, the Double Value of such Excess; and at the Third Default, the Treble Value; and if the said Taker have not whereof he may pay the said Excess, that then he shall have Imprisonment of Forty Days: And also by another Statute made at the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Thirteenth Year of the said late King, It was ordained and established, That the Justices of Peace in every County [of England,] in their Sessions holden betwixt [the Feast of] Easter and Saint Michael, make Proclamation by their Discretion, according to the Dearth of Victuals, [how "] every Mason, Carpenter, Tiler, [or any Artificer working "] by the Day, as well in August as in other Times of the Year, after their Degree, shall take (12) the Day with Meat and Drink, (13) between the said Sessions, as a Thing [by the Statute: "] which Statutes

1 Cambridge MS. Tr. 2. aforesaid Eight after the Conquest, MS. Tr. 2. the Value of MS. Tr. 2.

Before any Exigent for Outlawry, on any such Indictments, Writs of Capias shall be awarded into the Counties where the Party is indicted, and of which he

II. In Special Assizes Copies of the Panels shall Six Days before the Sittings;

By Bailiffs of Franchises, Eight Days.

Penalty. Forty Pounds.

III. 12 Ric. II. chap. 4. and 13 Ric. II. relative to the Wages of

¹⁰ how much Stat. 13 Ric. II. st. 1. c. 8. Stat. 13 Ric. II. st. 1. c. 8.

13 or without meat and drink, Stat. 13 Ric. II. st. 1. c. 8.

14 done by Statute, Stat. 13 Ric. II. st. 1. c. 8.

The recited Statutes have not been executed;

Justices of the Peace in Counties, and in Cities, &c. shall make Proclamation of the Rates of Wages of Servants, Artificers, &c.

Every such Proclamation shall enure as a Statute. Punishment of Servants, &c.offending.

Proceedings against them.

be not kept nor put in Execution, that is to say, the first Statute, because that the Punishment in the same is too hard upon the Masters of such Servants, forasmuch as they shall be destitute of Servants, if they should not pass the Ordinance of the Statute, and the Second Statute, because that no Pain is limited against him that doeth contrary to the same Statute: Our Sovereign Lord the King, willing in this Case to provide Remedy, hath ordained by Authority of this Parliament, that the Justices of Peace in every County for the Time being, and the Mayor of the City of London for the Time being, and the Mayors and Bailiffs in every City, Borough, or Town, (1) shall (2) have [such] Power and Authority to make Proclamation in their full Sessions once by Year, and so in every Borough and Market Town within their Jurisdiction, how much every Servant of Husbandry shall take for his Service by the Year then next following; and that they make Two Times Proclamation in Two Sessions, by them to be holden betwixt the [Feast 3] of Easter and Saint Michael, and in every Borough and Market Town, how much every Artificer and Workman shall take by the Day, and by the Week with Meat and Drink, or without Meat [or 1] Drink, as well in August as in other Times of the Year: Provided always, That if any Man be retained by the Week for Husbandry or other Labour, that he shall take nothing for the Festival Days in such Week nor for the Half Days [of 3] the Evens of such Feasts: And that every Proclamation so to be made be holden as a Thing ordained by Statute. And if any Servant, Artificer, or Workman do the contrary of such Proclamation so to be made, and be thereof attainted at the King's Suit, he shall forfeit to the King every Time the Value of his Wages; and if he have not whereof to make Gree to the King, he shall have Imprisonment of Forty Days, without being let to Bail or Mainprise in any Manner. And that the Justices of Peace, Mayors, and Bailiffs aforesaid, [then] for the Time being, shall have Power and Authority to hear and determine such Offences, as well at the King's Suit by Suggestion [surmised,6] as at the Suit of the Party in such Case grieved; and thereupon to make and award Writs of Capias, as oftentimes as to them shall seem well to be done against such Servants, Artificers, and Workmen, at every Person's Suit that feeleth him in such Case grieved [or molested,] returnable before themselves. or before any other Justices of Peace, or Mayors and Bailiffs for the Time being, at a certain Day in their Sessions; at which Day if any such Servant, Artificer, or Workman come before the said Justices [of Peace, or before] Mayors or Bailiffs, by force of any such Writs or in any other Manner, that then the same Justices of Peace, Mayors, or Bailiffs [for the Time being] shall have full Power and Authority to examine by their Discretion [and Knowledge,] as well such Servants, Artificers, and Workmen, as their Masters, how much such Servants, Artificers, and Workmen do take by the Year, by the Day, and by the Week; and if they find by such [Examination, 7] or by Plea betwixt the same Servants, Artificers, Workmen, and their Masters, the contrary to be done of such Proclamations so to be made, that the said Servants, Artificers, [and] Workmen, and Labourers shall be punished in the Form aforesaid; and they shall yield to the Party grieved his Double Damages: And if any of them depart or [void *] into another County, that then it be lawful to the said

to ther County, that then it be lawful to the sale having such Power and Authority as Justices of the Peace have henceforth hand for health for and surmise here MS. Tr. 2.

sount my gardez ne mys en execucion, cestassavoir le prim estatut a cause q le punissement en vcett est trop dure s' les Maistres des tielx 3vantz, en taunt gils Proient destitutz des sventz sils ne voillent passer lordinaunce del estatut, et le scde estatut a cause q null peine est limite encount celuy q face le contrie de mesme lestatut : Nre f' le Roy voillantz en ceo cas p'voier de remedie ad ordine p auctorite de cest plement, q les Justices de pees en chun Countee p' le temps esteantz, & le Mair de Citee de Loundres p' le temps esteant, & les Mairs & baillifs en chun Citee burgh & ville eiantz tiel poair & auctorite come ount Justic de la peas, qils desore aient poair & auctorite de faire pclamacion en lour plein session un foitz p. an, & ensy en chun Burgh & Ville Marche deins lour jurisdiccion, comebien chescun Svent de husbondre Pndra pur son svice p lan adonqs pschein ensuant, & qils facent deux foitz pclamacouns en deux sessions, p eux a ten pent les festes de Pasq. & Seint Micheff, et en chun Burgh & Ville Marche, come bien chun artificer & ovour Pndra p le jour & par le sepmayn, ove mang & boier ou saunz mang & boier, sibn en August come en aut's temps del an: Purveu toutz foitz q si ascun soit retenu p le sepmayn p' husbondrie ou aut labour qil ne preigne riens p' les festivalx jo's en tiel sepmayn ne p' di jour pur les veigles des tielx festes: Et q chun tiel pclamacion issint affaire soit tenuz come chose p estatut. Et si ascun svent artificer ou ovour face le conterie de tiel pelamacion issint affaire, & de ceo soit atteint al suite de Roy, qil forface au Roy chun temps la value de son lower; Et sil nad dont faire gree au Roy qil ait la prison de xl. jo's saunz estre lesse a baille ou a maynpris en ascun mane. Et q les Justices de peas Mairs & Baillifs avantditz pur le temps esteantz aient poair & auctorite doier & Pminer tielx offenses, sibn al suit de Roy p suggestion & surmys, come de partie q soit en tiel cas greve, & s' ceo de faire & agarder briefs de Capias a tauntz des foitz q lo' semble on affair envs tielx svantz artifics & ovours, al suite de chun q soi sent en tiel cas greve, reto'nable devent eux mesmes ou auts Justic de la pees Mairs & Baillifs pur le temps esteantz a ctein jour en lour session; a quett jo' si tiel Svant artific ou ovour veigne devant les ditz Justices Mairs ou baillifs, p force des tielx brs ou en aut man, q mesmes les Justic Mairs & Baillifs aient plein poair & auctorite dexaminer p lour discrecion, sibn tielx gvintz artifics & ovours come lour Maisters, come on tielx Svantz artifics & ovours preignent p lan p le jo' & p le sepmayn; Et sils trovent p tielx examinacions, ou p plee pent mesmes les svantz artifics & ovours & lo Maisters, le conterie estre fait de tielx pelamacions issint affairez, q les ditz svantz artifics ovours & laborers soient punys en la fourme suisdit; Et qils rendent al ptie greve sez damages a double: Et si ascun de eux departe ou enfue en aut Countee q bien lise as ditz

Justic Mairs & baillifs p' le temps esteantz de faire & g'untier briefs de Capias, tantz & tielx queux sount bosoignables, directz as Viscontz des Countees ou tielx svantz artificers laborers & ovours enfuent, de Padre lo' corps, reto'nable dev'nt eux a quel hoeur q lo' plest, issint q sils veignent p tiel pcesse qils soient mys en prison tang, ils trovent suffisaunt suerte de bien gvir los Maist's susditz. Et q cest estatut comence a tenir lieu, qu'nt al punissement des tielx svantz retenuz p lan ou p la di an, aps la fest de Seint Michett pschein avenir, p' les offenses en cett partie p eux faitz aps mesme la fest. Et q toutz les Mairs & baillifs, queux sount Gardeins du pees en ascuns Citees Villes ou Burghs du roialme p' le temps esteantz, aient semblable poair correccion & execucion du dit ordinaunce issint affaire, & de toutz estatutz de laborers deinz lez ditz Citees Villes & Burghs come les Justices du pees ont en lo' Countees: Et outr q les ditz Justič du peas en chun Countee & les ditz Mairs & Baillifs en chescun tiel Citee Vitt & Burgh eient poair & auctorite defair pclamacion & execucion de & en les pmisses si come dev'nt est dite. Et durera cest ordinaunce tang, al fyn del pchein plement.

Item come ordeigne soit & establie lan septisme le Roy H. quart aiel nre f' le Roy gorest, q Chivalers des Countees p' le parlement soient esluz en man & fourme gensuite, cestassavoir; q al pschein Countee a tenir aps la live de brief de plement pclamacion soit fait en plein Countee del jo' & lieu de plement, & q toutz ceuz q illoegs sount psentes sibn seutours duement sumonez p' cett cause come auts entendent a la eleccion de lo' Chivalers p' le plement, & adongs en plein Countee alent a la eleccion libalment & endiferement non obstant ascun prier ou comaundement a cont'rie; & aps qils soient esluz soient les psonz eslieux Psentz ou absentz soient lour nouns escriptz en endentures desoubz les seales de toutz ceux qi eux eslisount, & tachez au dit brief de plement, quele endenture issint ensealez & tachez soit tenuz p' la reto'ne de dit brief qant as Chivalers des Countees; et q en brief de plement, affair en temps avenir soit mys ceste clause; Et eleccoem tuam in pleno Com tuo f cam sub sigillo tuo & sigillis eoz qui eleccoi illi in fuint, nos in Cancellar nra ad diem & locum Pdcos ctifices indilate: Et pur taunt q en mesme lestatut null paine fuist ordinez ne mys en espal sur les Viscountz des Countees sils facent ascun reto'ne al contrarie du dit estatut, ordine fuist & establie lan xje le dit Roy Henry quart, q les Justices as assises padre eient poair denquerer en lo' sessions des assises de tielx reto'nes faitz; & si p enquest & due examinacion trove soit devent mesmes les Justices q ascun tiel viscount eit fait ou face en aps ascun reto'ne encountre la tenure du dit estatut, q mesme le viscount encourge la peine de C ti. apaiers au nre dit f' le Roy; et outre ceo q les Chivalers des Countees ensi nient duement reto'nez pdent lo' gagez de plement auncienment accustumez; a Psg*und meschief des viscountz & Chivalers

Justices [of Peace,] Mayors, and Bailiffs for the Time being, to make and grant Writs of Capias, as many and such as be requisite, directed to the Sheriffs of the Counties where such Servants, Artificers, (') and Workmen be fled, to take their Bodies, returnable before them at what Time shall please them, so that if they come by such Process they shall be put in Prison, till they find sufficient Surety well to serve their said Masters. And that this Statute begin to hold Place, as to the Punishment of such Servants retained by the Year, or by the Half Year, after the Feast of Saint Michael next coming, for the Offences in this Behalf done by them after the said Feast. And that all the Mayors and Bailiffs which be [Wardens '] of the Peace in any Cities, Towns, or Boroughs of the Realm for the Time being, shall have like Power, Correction, and Execution of the said Ordinance so to be made, and of all Statutes of Labourers within the said Towns, Cities, and Boroughs, as the Justices of Peace have in their Counties: And moreover, That the (3) Justices of Peace in every County, and the (3) Mayors and Bailiffs in every such City, Borough, or Town, shall have Power and Authority to make Proclamation and Execution of and in the Premises as afore is said. And this Ordinance shall endure till the End of the next Parliament.

ITEM, Where it was ordained and established in the Seventh Year of King Henry the Fourth, Grandfather of our Lord the King that now is, that Knights of Shires for the Parliament should he chosen in the Manner and Form following; that is to say, (*) at the next County to be holden after the Delivery of the Writ of the Parliament, Proclamation shall be made in full County of the Day and Place of the Parliament, and that all they which be present there, as well Suitors duly summoned for this Cause, as other, shall attend to the Election of their Knights for the Parliament; and then in full County they shall proceed to the Election freely and indifferently, notwithstanding any Request or Commandment to the contrary; and that after they be chosen, whether such Persons chosen be present or absent, their Names shall be written in Indentures under the Seals of all the Choosers, and annexed to the said Writ of Parliament, which Indenture so sealed and tacked shall be holden for the Return of the said Writ, as to the Knights of the [said] Shires: And also in the Writs of the Parliament hereafter to be made, this Clause shall be put [in the Manner as followeth:] "Et electionem uam in pleno comitatu tuo factam, distincte & aperte sub sigillo tuo & sigillis eorum qui electioni illi interfuerint, nobis in Cancellaria nostra ad diem & locum in brevi contentos certifices indilate." And for that in the same Statute no Pain was ordained, nor specially set upon the Sheriffs of [the County, 3] if they make their Return contrary to the said Statute, It was ordained and established the Eleventh Year of the said King Henry the Fourth, That the Justices of Assises should have Power to inquire in their Sessions of Assises of such Returns made; and if it be found by Inquest and due Examination before the same Justices, that any such Sheriff hath made, or hereafter shall make, any Return contrary to the Tenor of the said Statute, that the same Sheriff should incur the Pain of an Hundred Pounds, to be paid to our said Lord the King; and moreover, that the Knights (°) so unduly returned shall lose their Wages of the Parliament in old Times accustomed; to the great Mischief of Sheriffs and Knights

Commencement of this A&.

> Continuance thereof.

IV.
Recital of
the Statute
7 H. IV. c. 15.
relating to
Election of
Knights of
the Shire.

Recital of the Statute 11H. IV.c.1. whereby Justices of Assize shall inquire of Returns by Sheriffs, contrary to

Labourers

3 Keepers 3 Shires

3 said 6 of Shires

prises Printed Cepies.

The Knights chosen for the Parliament, and Sheriffs of Counties, may have their Traverse of any Office found against them by the Justices of Assize.

V. Commissions of Sewers shall be granted by the Chancellor during the next Ten Years.

The Form of such Commissions.

The Commissioners shall enquire of the Annoyances, and by whose Default they happened. Inquiry who hath Lands, Common, or Fishing there, and who may have Loss by any such Annoyances, or Benefit by the Repair of them.

Distraining for Reparations. of [the Shire, '] which be forebarred and put out of their Answer against such Inquests of Office taken before the said Judges, because of the Statute and Ordinance aforesaid: Our Lord the King willing in this Case to provide Remedy, hath ordained and established, That all the Knights of the Shires chosen for this present Parliament, and the Sheriffs of the same Counties against whom any Inquests or Offices of undue Election be found before the Justices of Assises, shall have their Answer and Traverse to such Inquests of Office taken; and also all the Knights from henceforth so to be chosen, and the Sheriffs that shall make such Elections shall have their Answer and Traverse to such Inquests and Offices before any Justices of Assises hereafter to be taken; and the said Knights and Sheriffs shall not be endamaged unto our said Lord the King, or his Successors, for any such Inquest taken or to be taken, until they be duly convict according to the Form of the Law.

ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, considering the great Damage and Losses which now late be happened by the great Inundation of Waters in divers Parts of the Realm, and that much greater Damage is very like to ensue, if Remedy be not speedily provided, hath ordained and granted, That during Ten Years next ensuing several Commissions of Sewers shall be made to divers Persons by the Chancellor of England for the Time being, to be [sent into ^a] all Parts of the Realm where shall be needful, according to the Form that followeth:

[HENRY, by the Grace of God, King of England, &c.3 To his well beloved and faithful A. B. C. and D. greeting. Know ye, That whereas the Walls, Ditches, Gutters, Sewers, Bridges, Causeys, and Wears by the Coasts of the Sea, and Marsh, within the [Coasts 1] and Limits of Lindsey in the County of Lincoln, by the rage of the Sea flowing and reflowing, and (5) Trenches of fresh Waters by divers Places descending to the Sea, be so decayed and broken, that many inestimable Damages for Default of Reparation of the same Walls, Ditches, Gutters, (6) Bridges, Causeys, and Wears, in Times past have happened there, and yet it is to be feared that much more Hurt within short Time will happen, unless that some speedy Remedy be provided therefore: We, Forasmuch as by reason of our regal Dignity We be bounden to have Regard to the Safety of our Realm of England in all Places, willing in this Behalf to provide convenient and speedy Remedy; Have assigned you, &c. of which, &c. We will to be one, our Justices to survey the said Walls, Ditches, Gutters, Sewers, Bridges, Causeys, Wears, and Trenches; and to enquire by the Oath as well of Knights as other good and lawful Men of the said County, as well within Liberties as without, by whom the Truth of the Matter may be best known, by whose Default such Damages have there happened, and who doth hold Lands and Tenements or hath any Common of Pasture or Fishing in those Parts, or else in any wise have, or may have the Defence, Profit, and Safeguard, as well [in Peril nigh, 7] as from the same far off, by the said Walls, Ditches, Gutters, Sewers, Bridges, Causeys, and Wears, and also Hurt or Commodity by the same Trenches, and there to distrain all them for the Quantity of their Lands and Tenements, either by the Number of Acres, or by their Plow-Lands,

Shires named, in The King Bounds MS. Tr. 2. the Inundations, and

Sewers 7 near unto the Peril

des Countees, q sount forbarrez & ousteez de lo' respounce encountre tielx enquestes doffice prisez dev'nt les ditz Justič, a cause de les statut & ordeign'nce suisditz: Nre f le Roy voillant en ceo cas p'voir de remedie, ad ordeigne & establie q toutz les Chivalers des Countees p' cest psent plement esluz, & les viscountz dicelles Countees envs queux ascuns enquestes ou offices de noun due eleccion sont trovez devent les Justices dassises, aient lo' respounces & travs envs les ditz enquestes & offices (1); et auxi toutz les Chivalers desore enavent issint a eslirz & les Viscontz q ferront tielx eleccions aient lo' respounce & travers envs tielx enquestes & offices dev'nt ascuns Justices des assises desore appndrez; Et ne soient les ditz Chivalers & Viscountz endamagez envs nre dit f' le Roy ou ses Successours pur ascun tiel enquest pris ou appndre tang ils soient duement convictz solonc la forme de la ley.

Item nre tssovain f' le Roy de ladvys & assent fditz considerantz les g'undez damagez & pdes qore tarde sount avenuz p les g'undes creteines del eawe en divses parties du roialme, & q pluso's greindres damages sont visemblablement avenirs si remedie ne soit hastiment p'veu, ad ordine & g'unte q p dys ans pcheinement ensuantz sevalx comissions de Sewers soient faitz as divses psones p le Chaunceller Denglet pur le temps esteant a nomers en toutz les parties de Roialme q mestier s'ra solonc la fo'me ensuant:

Rex dilčis & fidelitz suis A, B, & C, sattm. Sciatis qd cum Wallie fossata guttere sewere pontes calceta & gurgites p costeram maris & marisci infra fines & limites de Lyndesey in Com Lincoln p impetum maris fluxus & refluxus ac inundacces & trencheas aquax dulciū p divsa loca ad mare descendenciū, adeo rupta sint & confracta qd qemplura dampna inestimabilia p defču reparačois eoadem Walliaa fossatoa gutteraa seweraș ponciū calcetoș & gurgitū temporib3 retroactis evenerunt ibidem, & adhuc timend est qd longe majora infra bre tempus evenient, nisi sup hoc cetius adhibeat remediū oportunū! Nos p eo qđ rõne dignitatis nre regie ad pvidenď salvačói Regni nři Angt circumquaq sum9 astricti, Volentes in hac parte congruū & festinū remedium adhiberi; Assignavim9 vos &c. quoz &c. unū esse volum9, Justič nros ad pdca Wallias fossata gutteras seweras pontes calceta & gurgites ac trencheas pdčas supvidend, & ad inquirend p sačrm tam Militum q'm alioz phoz & leg hoim de Com Pdco tam infra libtates q'm ext", p quos rei Vitas melius sciri potit, p quoz vel cujus defem hujusmodi dampna contigerunt ibidem, & qui tras & ten tenent vel coam pasture seu piscarie in partib; pdčis hent, vel eciam defensionem comodum & salvacoem qualifcumq, fient vel here pot unt, tam piculo ppinquiores q'm ab eodem remociores p pdca Wallias fossata gutteras seweras pontes calceta & gurgites, aceciam dampnū vel comodum p trencheas illas & ad omes illos p quantitate Praz & ten suoz sive p numu acraz sive p carucatas

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p rata porcois tenure sue seu p quantitate coe pasture vel piscarie sue ibidem distringend, una cum ballivis libratum & alios locos de Com & locis pdčis, & ad Pdča wallias fossata gutteras seweras pontes calceta & gurgites in locis necessariis repand, & ad ea vel alia quociens & ubi necesse fuit de novo faciena ac ad trencheas pdcas in locis necessariis mundand & si necesse fuit obstruend: Ita qd aliquibs tenentibs traz seu teñ hujusmodi vel coam pasture seu piscarie hentib3 diviti vel paupi, aut alti cujuscumo, condicois status vel dignitatis fuit, qui defensionem comodum & salvacoem p odča wallias fossata gutteras seweras pontes calceta & gurgites seu eciam dampnū p trencheas Pdčas qualifcumq, tient vel here porunt, sive fuerint infra libtates sive ext*, nullatenus parcat' in hac parte; et ad agistamenta sup fossata maris p salvacoe parciu pdcaz juxta numu acraz sive pticaz, p vos &c. quoz &c. unu esse volum9, de novo numana & quociens & ubi necesse fuit de novo faciend; & ad ctos diligentes & fideles Custodes p salvaçõe pdca deputand & ad audiend compotu de Collectorib3 denarios quos ex hac causa levari & in reparaçõe & emendaçõe dçoz walliaz fossatoz gutteraz seweraz ponciū calcetoz & gurgitū aut obstruccoe trencheaz pdcoz poni contigit; & ad distringend p vos &c. quoz &c. unu esse volum9 vel p alios quos ad hoc duxitis deputand p arreragiis hujusmodi colleccois quociens opus fuit & videritis expedire: Ac ad statuta & ordinacões p salvacõe & conservaccoe costere maris & marisci pdcoz ac parciū adjacenciū necessaria & oportuna, juxta leges & consuetudines marisci de Romeney faciend & ordinand, & ad omia & singula Pmissa tam ad sectam nram qom alioz quozcūq coram vob in hac parte conqueri volenciū audiend & tminand, scdm legem & consuetudinem regni nri Angt ac consuetudinem marisci de Romeney sup'dči: necnon ad tot fossatores & alios oparios & laboratores quot p opacoib3 & reparacoib3 pdcis suffice pot unt p competenti salario eis in hac parte solvend ob grandem & festinam necessitatem instantem capiend & in opačóib3 & reparacoib3 pdcis ponend. Et ideo vot mandam9 qđ ad ctos dies & loca, quos vos &c. quoz &c. unu esse volum9 ad hoc pvideritis, pdca wallias fossata gutteras seweras pontes calceta gurgites & trencheas supvideatis, & pmissa omia & singula fac & expleatis audiatis & tminetis in forma pdca: Ita qđ p defču reparaciois eogdem walliag fossatog gutteraș seweraș ponciū calcetoș & gurgitū ac obstruccionū trencheaz pdčaz dampnū vel piculum aliquod non eveniat ullo modo; et omes illos quos negligentes vel rebelles in reparaçõe & facçõe porcionū ipos inde contingenciū invenitis, p districcoes & amciamenta ac aliis viis & modis quib3 molins expedire videritis ad defčus hujusmodi cetiť reficienď & emendand compellatis; & omia que p vos crdinari & fieri contigint in hac parte tam infra libtates qum ext fac firmit observari, Fcuri inde quod ad Justic ptinet scem legem & consuetudinem regni nri Angi: sive gaudere debent in fucui pica cira Magazzo a

for the Rate of the Portion of their Tenure, or for the Quantity of their Common of Pasture or Fishing, together with the Bailiffs of Liberties and other Places of the Counties and Places aforesaid, to repair the said Walls, Ditches, Gutters, Sewers, Bridges, Causeys, and Wears, in the Places necessary, and the same or other, as often and where shall be needful to make of new, and to cleanse the said Trenches in Places necessary, and if need be to stop them up; So that no Tenants of (') Lands or Tenements, nor any having Common of Pasture or Fishing, rich or poor, nor other of what Condition State or Dignity, which have or may have Defence, Commodity, and Safeguard by the said Walls, Ditches, Gutters, Sewers, Bridges, Causeys, or Wears, or else any Hurt by the said Trenches, (1) whether they be within Liberties or without, shall in any wise be spared in this (1); and for Agistments upon the Sea Banks for Preservation of the said Parts, according to the Number of the Acres or Perches by you, &c. of whom, &c. We will to be one, newly to number, and as often and where shall need of new to make; and to depute certain diligent and true Keepers for the said Preservation, and to hear the Account of the Collectors of the Money which shall (4) be levied for this Cause, and to be spent in the Reparation and Amendment of the said Walls, Ditches, Gutters, Sewers, Bridges, Causeys, and Wears, and stopping of the said Trenches; and to distrain by you, &c. of whom, &c. We will to be one, or by other whom ye shall thereto depute for the Arrearages of such Collection, as often as need shall be, and as ye shall think meet: And to make and ordain necessary and convenient Statutes and Ordinances for the Defence and Safety of the said Sea [Banks 3] and Marshes, and the Parts adjoining, according to the Laws and Customs of Romney Marsh, and to hear and determine according to the Law and Custom of our Realm of England, and the Custom of Romney Marsh (6) all and singular the Premises, as well at our Suit as the Suit of any other that will complain before you in this Behalf: And to take and put in the said Works and Reparations as many Ditchers and other Workmen and Labourers for the said Workmanship and Reparations, as may suffice for the great, speedy, and instant Necessity, upon competent Wages to them in this Behalf to be paid. And therefore We command you, that at certain Days and Places which you, &c. of whom, &c. We will to be one, thereto shall appoint, ye shall survey the said Walls, Ditches, Gutters, Sewers, Bridges, Causeys, Wears and Trenches, and all and singular the Premises do and accomplish, and hear and determine in Form aforesaid: So that for Default of Reparation of the said Walls, Ditches, Gutters, Sewers, Bridges, Causeys and Wears, and stopping of the said Trenches, no hurt nor Peril shall in any wise happen; And that ye compel all them whom ye shall find negligent or stubbornly denying to do Reparation, [or 7] making of [their Portions, 8] speedily to reform and amend the same by Distresses and Amerciaments, and other Ways and Means which to you shall best seem for such Defaults; and that ye cause all Things which by you shall be ordained in this Behalf, as well within Liberties as without, firmly to be observed, doing therein as to Justices pertaineth, according to the Law and Custom of our Realm of England:

None shall be spared that may receive any Benefit or Loss.

Taking the Account of Collectors;

Distraining for the Arrearages of the Collection; Making of Ordinances for the Defence of the Sea Coasts and Marshes;

Taking of Labourers to work in the Reparations;

Punishing of Persons neglecting to repair their Proportion.

Proceedings shall be according to the Common Law.

VOL. II.

3 P

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4 happen to

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eratesoy for trimin. Freigne Ret. Perl. on. 11. 14.)

Lindoles MS. Th. S.

Sheriffs shall summon Juries before the Commissioners.

VI. Wool, &c. may be shipped from the Port of Melcombe for Calais. Saving to Us the Amerciaments and other Things thereof to Us pertaining: We have also commanded our Sheriff of the said County, that at certain Days and Places which you, &c. of whom, &c. We will to be one, shall give him to know, he shall cause to come before you, &c. of whom, &c. [We will to be one,] so many and such good and lawful Men of his Bailiwick, as well within Liberties as without, by whom the Truth of the Matter in the Premises may best be known and inquired: In Witness whereof, &c. Witness, &c.

ITEM, It is ordained by the Authority of the same Parliament, That every Merchant, as well Denizen as Alien, may freely and safely ship Wools, Leather, Woolfels, and other Merchandises of the Staple, in the Port of Melcomb in the County of Dorset, and from thence [to bring '] them to the Staple of Calais, paying the Customs and Subsidies due to the King. And that no Merchant be impeached, molested, nor grieved by the King nor his Heirs, for any shipping of the Merchandise aforesaid in the said Port, any [Statute, Ordinance '] or Proclamation made to the contrary notwithstanding.

carie MS. Tr. 2.

2 Ordinance in Existence

Salvis nob amciamentis ac aliis ad nos inde spectantib3: Mandavim9 enim Vic nro Com pdei qd ad etos dies & loca, quos vos &c. quoz &c. unu esse volum9 ei scire fac, venire fac coram vob &c. quoz &c. tot & tales pbos & leg hoies de balliva sua ta infra libtates que ext p quos rei vitas in pmissis melius sciri povit & inquiri. In cujus &c. T. &c.

Item ordeine est p auctorite de mesme le plement q chescun marchaunt, sibn denszein come aliene puisse franchement & sauvement eskepper lains quirs pealx lanux & aucts mchandises de lestaple en le port de Melcombe en le Countee de Dorsete, & dilloeqs les amesner a lestaple de Caleys, paiantz les custumez & subsidies duez au Roy. Et q nult mchaunt soit empesches molestes ou greves p le Roy, ne ses heirs p' nult eskippeson des mchandises av ntditz en le dit port, ascun ordinance esteant ou pclamacion fait au cont rie nient ostant.

Anno 8° HENRICI, VI. A.D.1429.

STATUTES OF THE EIGHTH YEAR OF K. HENRY, VI.

To the Laud and Honour of Almighty God, and of the Holy Mother the Church, our most noble Christian Lord Henry by the Grace of God, King of England and France, and Lord of Ireland, in his Parliament holden at Westminster the Morrow after Saint Matthew the Apostle, the Eighth Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Prelates (') and Great Men of his Realm of England, and at the special Request and (') Assent of the Commons of the same Realm, being in the said Parliament, hath made certain Statutes and Ordinances for the common Profit of the said Realm, and especially for the good and wholesome Government and due Execution of the Law to be had in the same, in the Form following.

FIRST, Because the Prelates and Clergy of the Realm of England called to the Convocation, and their Servants and Familiars that come with them to such Convocation, oftentimes and commonly be arrested, molested, and inquieted; Our said Lord the King willing graciously in this Behalf to provide for the Security and Quietness of the said Prelates and Clergy, at the Supplication of the same Prelates and Clergy, and by the Assent of the (') Great Men and Commons aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That [all 3] the Clergy hereafter to be called to the Convocation by the King's Writ, and their Servants and Familiars, shall for ever hereafter fullyuse and enjoy such Liberty or [Defence 1] in coming, tarrying, and returning, as the (5) Great Men and Commonalty of the Realm of England, called or to be called to the King's Parliament, do enjoy, and were wont to enjoy, or in Time to come ought to enjoy.

Nobles MS. Tr. 2. Suerte MS. Tr. 2.

by the Not in Original.
Nobles or MS. Tr. 2.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. IV. m. 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1.

A D omipotentis Dei & Sce matris ecclie laudem & honorem, Xpianissimus dns nr Henricus Dei gra Rex Angt & Franc & Dns Hibn illustris, in parliamento suo apud Westm in Crastino Sci Mathei Apti anno regni sui octavo tento, de avisamento & assensu Prelatoz peum & Magnatum regni sui Angt, & ad spalem requisicoem ac de assensu Coîtatis ejusdem regni in pliamento pedco existen, quedam statuta & ordinacoes p coi utilitate dci regni, & pertim p bona & sana gubernacoe ac debita legis execucoe hend in eodem, fecit in forma subsequenti.

In primis quia plati & Clerus regni Angt ad convocaccem evocati, eo aq, svientes & familiares qui cum eisdem ad convocacem hujusmodi veniunt, sepius ac frequent arestant molestant & inquietant: Volens igit dcus dns nr Rex p securitate & quiete dco plato & Cleri in hac parte pspice grose, ad supplicacem eo adem Prelato & Cleri & de assensu pcum Magnatum & Coitatis pdco, ordinavit & statuit qd vocandi in futur ad Convocacem Cleri ptextu bris regii, eo aq, svientes & familares, eadem libtate sive immunitate veniendo expectando & redeundo plene gaudeant & utant ppetuis futuris temporib, qua gaudent & gaudere consueverunt sive gaudere debent in futur pces sive Magnates & Coitas regni Angt ad pliamentu dni Regis vocati sive vocandi.

I.
The Clergy of the Convocation of the Parliament, and theirServants, shall have all such Liberties as the Lords and Commons of Parliament.

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Item quia carissimus Avunculus Regis Rex Dacie Norwegie & Swecie, sicut ex intimacoe sua idem dñs Rex accepit, considerans multiplicia & gandia pdicoes picula damona & dispendia, que tam sibi & suis q'm aliis forinsib3 & ext*neis, eciam amicis & spalit subditis dči dñi nři Regis de regno suo Angt, ex introitu ingressu & t'nsitu psonaz hujusmodi forinsecaz & ext'neas, in regnū suū Norwegie & alia dñia districtus tritoria jurisdiccoes & loca sibi subdita & subjecta, Psertim in Insulas suas de Fymmark & alibi, tam in psonis q'm in eox reb3 & bonis nup evenerunt, p vitandis hujusmodi pdicoib3 piculis dampnis & dispendiis & ne similia quod absit evenirent in futur, ordinavit & statuit, qd omes & singuli ext*nei tam Anglici q*m alii ad & in regnū suū Norwegie & alia dñia districtus Pritoria jurisdiccoes insulas & loca pdca, causa optinendi vel fiendi pisces aut alia quecumo, mcandisas sive bona, navigio applicare & accedere volentes, applicent & veniant ad villam suam de Northbarn, ubi dčus Rex Dacie stapulam suam p concursu ext*neox & spalit Anglicoz ad execium hujusmodi mcandisaz statuit spalit & stabilivit, concedendo deis Anglicis qu ipi ibidem gaudebunt in omib3 & p omia eisdem favorib3 privilegiis & Progativis quib3 gaudebant ipi de Hansa: Volens igit' dcus dns nr Rex dileccoem a finitatem & amicicias, que int Pfatum Avunculum suū incliteq, memorie nobiles pgenitores suos, regna Pras dñia districtus [Pritoritoria '] jurisdiccoes & loca sua Pdca, ac ipm dnm nrm regem & inclite recordacois nobiles pgenitores suos, vassallos subditos regna Pras & dñia sua abolim & a longissimis retro temporib; coaluerunt, firmit observari, nec aliquid p dñm nrm Regem quod absit aut suos attemptari vel fieri p quod hujusmodi amiciciis pjudiciū aliquod irrogari posset vel inferri, aut inimicicie dissensiones vel debate genari, de avisamento dñoz spualium & temporaliu ac Coitatum regni sui Angt in psenti pliamento congregatoz, statuit phibendo, ne quis ligeoz vel subditoz suos de regno suo Angt pprie territatis ausu, cont ordinacoem phibicoem & int'dem ipius Avunculi sui supius memorata, & in contemptu eoadem, regna Pras dñia districtus tritoria jurisdiccoes & loca dci Regis Dacie ingredi seu intrare psumat, sub pena forisfcure oim bonoz suoz mobiliu & imprisonamenti psone sue ad voluntatem Regis.

Item nre f' le Roi considerant coment au darrein plement tenuz a Westm lan de son [roialme 1] sisme ordine & g'unte estoit p auctorite du dit plement q sevalx commissions de Sewers Proient faitz as divses psones, p le Chaunceller Dengler pur le temps esteant a nomerz en toutz lez pties de roialme ou mestier Proit, souz ctein forme en lez ditz ordinance & g'ante contenuz; p quelles ordinance & g'unte les ditz Commissioners navoient poair ne auctorite de fair pfourner ne dexecuter les choses comprisez deinz les ditz comissions;

erroneously for Pritoria. reigne Rot. Parl. nu. iij. (34.)

ITEM, Because that the King's most dear Uncle the King of Denmark, Norway, and Sweveland, as the same our Sovereign Lord the King of his Intimation hath understood, considering the manifold and great Losses, Perils, Hurts, and Damage, which of late happened, as well to him and his, as to other Foreigners and Strangers, and also (') Friends and [special '] Subjects of our said Sovereign Lord the King of his Realm of England, by the going in, entering, and passage of such Foreign and strange Persons into his Realm of Norway and other Dominions, Streights, Territories, Jurisdictions, and Places, subdued and subject to him, especially into his Isles of Finmark and elsewhere, as well in their Persons as in their Things and Goods, for eschewing of such Losses, Perils, Hurts, and Damages, and that such like, which God prohibit, should not hereafter happen, [the said Uncle of our said Sovereign Lord the King 1] hath ordained and statuted, That all and singular Strangers, as well Englishmen [and 4] other, willing to apply by Ship and come into his Realm of Norway and other Dominions, Streights, Territories, Jurisdictions, Isles, and Places aforesaid, [with their Ships,5] to the Intent to get or have Fish, or any other Merchandises or Goods, shall apply or come to his Town of [Northbarum,6] where the said King of Denmark hath specially ordained and established his Staple for the Concourse of Strangers, and especially of Englishmen, to the Exercise of such Merchandises, granting to the said Englishmen, that they shall there enjoy in and by all Things the same Favour, Privileges, and Prerogatives, which they of the Hanse did enjoy: Therefore our said Sovereign Lord the King, willing the Love, Affinity, and Amities to be firmly observed, which betwixt his said Uncle and his noble Progenitors of good Memory, their Realms, Lands, Dominions, Streights, Territories, Jurisdictions, and [their said Places,'] and the same our Sovereign Lord the King, and his noble Progenitors of famous Memory, his [great Men, 8] Subjects, Realms, Lands, and Dominions, hath been of old Times hitherto continued, nor nothing by our said Sovereign Lord the King (9) or his People to be attempted or done, whereby [such Amities, by reason of any Dissentions, Enmities, or Discords might be broken, 107 by the Advice of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of the Commons of his said Realm of England assembled in this present Parliament, hath ordained, prohibiting that none of his liege People nor Subjects of his Realm of England, by Audacity of their Folly, presume to enter the Realms, Lands, Dominions, Streights, Territories, Jurisdictions, and Places of the said King of Denmark, against the Ordinance, Prohibition, and Interdiction of the same his Uncle above remembered, and in Contempt of the same, upon Pain of Forfeiture of all their moveable Goods, and Imprisonment of their Person at the King's Will.

ITEM, Our Lord the King considering how at the last Parliament holden at Westminster, the Sixth Year of his Reign, he did ordain and grant by Authority of the said Parliament, that several Commissions of Sewers should be made to divers Persons, by the Chancellor of England for the Time being to be named in all Parts of the Realm where shall be needful, under a certain Form in the said Ordinance and Grant contained; by which Ordinance and Grant the said Commissioners had no Power nor Authority to do, perform, nor execute the Things comprised within the said Commissions;

II.
The English
Merchants
shall enter the
Dominions of
Denmark at
North
Bergen.

III.
The Statute
6 H.VI. c. 5.
recited;
Commissioners of Sewers
empowered
to execute
their own
Ordinances.

¹ to
2 especially to the
3 5 Not in Original.
4 as MS. Tr. 2.
5 North Bergen
7 their Places aforesaid
5 Vassals
9 which God forbid,
10 to such Amities any Prejudice might be caused or brought, or any
Enmitties Dissentions or Debates might be generated,

IV. For the Purpose of executing the Statutes 1 H. IV. c. 7. 7 H.IV.c.14, &c. against unlawful Liveries, Justices of the Peace, &c. may proceed against Offenders by Attachment, Distress, Capias, and

Exigend.

and therefore he hath ordained and stablished, by Authority of this Parliament, That all such Commissioners shall have Power to do, ordain, and execute the Statutes, Ordinances, and other [Affairs to be made '] according to the Effect and Purport of the said Commissions.

ITEM, Whereas it is ordained by divers Statutes made in the Times of the King's noble Progenitors, that no Knight, nor other of less Estate should give any Livery of Cloths or Hats to other than to his Menials, and his Officers and Men learned in the one Law or the other, upon the Pain of an Cs. to be levied of the Giver, and xls. of the Taker, as often as they do the contrary, and he that would sue, should have the one Half of the Pain after that they thereof be duly convict, and that the Justices of Assises, and Justices of Peace in every County of England should have Power from time to time in their Sessions, to enquire of the said Matters, and them to hear and determine, as in the said Statutes and Ordinances fully appeareth; which Statutes and Ordinances have not been duly kept, because that they that do contrary to the said Statutes and Ordinances, before the said Justices may not be indicted, for great Maintenances in this Behalf (*): Our Sovereign Lord the King, willing to expel such Maintenances, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Justices shall have Power by the same Authority, as well at the King's Suit as the Parties, to award Writs of Attachment and Distress against all them, which from henceforth do the contrary of the said Statutes and Ordinances, in the Counties where they hold their Sessions, directed to the Sheriffs of the same Counties, returnable before the same Justices or [Justice3] for the Time being in their Sessions; and if the said Sheriffs return, that they against whom such Writs issued, have nothing, then a Capias and Exigend shall be awarded against them in the Manner as shall be done against them that be indicted before Justices of Peace of Trespasses done with Force and Arms against the King's Peace; and if they appear [at 1] any of the said Writs, the said Justices shall have Power by Authority aforesaid to examine them of the Matters aforesaid; and they whom they find by Examination, that have done the contrary of the said Statutes and Ordinances, shall incur the Pain comprised in the same Statutes (5) that is to say, the Giver an Cs. and the Taker xl s. as often as they do the contrary, in the Manner and Form as they ought if they were by Inquest duly before the said Justices convict, so that the said Statutes and Ordinances [extend them,6] as to Examination, to Liveries for to be given, against the Form of the said Statutes thereof made before this Time, after the Feast of Christmas next coming: Provided that the said [Ordinances 7] extend as well [in 8] the Counties of Chester and Lancaster by the Examination and Process as afore is said, of the Justice of Chester or his Lieutenant there, as by Examination of the Justices of the County of Lancaster, so to be made against all them which shall do the contrary of the said (9) Ordinances in Time to come: Provided also, That all the Statutes and Ordinances before made and not repealed, of Liveries of Cloths by Lords given or to be given against the Form of the said Statutes, shall stand in their Force; and that this Statute extend not as to the Execution of Examination to the [Mayor and Sheriffs of London 10] for the Time that they shall be Officers,

Exception as to the Sheriffs of London,

The Statutes

extended to

the Counties

of Chester &

Lancaster.

1 Things to be done a had MS. Tr. 2. 3 the Justices

and Ordinances MS. Tr. 2. 4 to MS. Tr. 2.

6 shall extend 7 Ordinance MS. Tr. 2.

9 estatutes and MS. Tr. 2. 10 Shirifs of London, Maiors et purceo ad ordine & establie p auctorite de ceste Dsent plement q toutz tielx Comissions aient poair pur fair ordiner & executer estatuits ordinances & aut's affairz solonc leffect & p'port dez Comissions av ntditz.

Item come ordine soit p divses estatuits faitz en temps dez nobles pgenitours nre f le Roi, q nutt Chivaler ou ascun autre de meindre estate donoit ascun livee dez draps ou des chapons as auts q a ses menialx & officers & homes apprisez dune ley ou de lautre, sur peine de C s. destre levez del donour & xl s. del pnour a tant de foitz qils facent le contrie, et celluy q voet suer eit la moitee du dite peine aps ceo qils soient ent duement convictz, et q Justices dez assises padre & Justices de pais en chescun Countee Dengletre aient poair de temps en temps en lour sessions denquerer dez ditz matiers & les oier & miner, come en lez ditz estatuits & ordinances pleinement appiert; les queux estatuits & ordinances ne ount my este duement gardez a cause q icelx qi facent le cont'rie des ditz estatuits & ordinances dev'nt les ditz Justices ne poent estre enditez p' graundes maintenances en icell ptie euz: Nre f' le Roi voillant tiel mainten'nce ouster ad ordine p lauctorite suisde q lez Justices suisditz aient poair p mesme lauctorite, sibien al suite du Roi come del partie, [de garder '] briefs de attach & distresse envs toutz ceux qi desore enavent facent le cont'rie dez estatuitz & ordinances suisditz, en les Countees ou ils teignent lour sessions directz as Viscounts de mesmes lez Countees reto'nablez dev'nt lez ditz Justices ou lez Justices p' le temps esteantz en lour sessions; et si reto'ne soit p lez ditz Visconts q iceux Vs queux les ditz briefs isseront ne ount riens, adonqes soient agardez envs eux Capias & exigend en mable come Bra fait envs eux qi sont enditez dev'nt Justices du paix des Espas fait ove force & armes encountre le paix nre f' le Roi; et sils appgent as ascuns des ditz briefs aient les ditz Justices poair p auctorite suisdče deux examiner dez matiers suisditz, & ceux qils trovent p examinacion q ont faitz le contrarie dez ditz estatuits & ordinances encoergent la peine en les ditz estatuits & ordinances comprisez, cestassavoir le donour Cs. & le pnour xls. a tant de foitz qils facent le cont'rie, en mane & forme come ils duissent sils ent feussent p enquestes duement dev'nt lez ditz Justices convictz; issint q les ditz estatuits & ordinances soy extenderont qant a lexaminacion as livees depuis le fest de Nowell pschein avenir adonerz encountre la forme des estatuits dev'nt ces heures ent faitz : Purveu q la dce ordinance se extende sibien en les Countees de Cestre & Lancastre, p lexaminacion & pcesse come dev'nt est dit de le Justice de Cestre ou son Lieuten nt illoeqes, come p examinacion de les Justices del Countee de Lancastre ensi affairz, encountre toutz iceux qi ferront le contrie dez ditz estatuitz & ordinances en temps avenir: Purveu auxi q toutz estatuits & ordinances devant faitz & nient repellez, dez liverees dez draps p f's donez ou adonerz encountre la forme de mesmes les estatuits, estoisent en lour force; et q cest estatuit ne extende my qant al execucion des examinacions as Viscounts de Loundres Maiirs p' le temps qils sont officers

Sergeants de ley al temps qu'es pignent mesme lestate s' eux, & Comenceours en lez Univsitees deinz le Roialme Denglerre al temps de lour comencements, ne as ceux qi p les temps suisditz de eux pignent liverees. Et auxi q toutz ceux qi pignont ascuns tielx liverees de draps ou chapons dascun f' espuel ou temporel, ou dascune dame de ou en Engletre encountre la forme dez estatuits suisditz, soient semblablement examinez & puniz en mane come ceux qi pignont tielx livees dez Chivalers ou autres de meindre estate come desuis. Purveu toutz foitz qen temps de guerre bien lise as I's Chivalers & Esquiers qi t'veilleront en tiel guerre, de don lour liverees de vesture ou dez chapons a lour Soudiours tielx & en tiel guyse come meulx lour semblera; & q bien lise a tielx Soudiours de pondre & user tielx livees de draps ou de chapons pur le temps de tiel guerre, sanz ascunement estre molestez en cell ptie p force ou vtue de cell Estatuit. Et enoutre si ascune psone de quelt estate ou condicion qil soit aps le fest de Nowell suisdit, de sa auctorite demesne & costages ppres, achate ou use p' sa vesture ascun draps ou chapons appellez livees del sort ou seute dascun f' Dame Chivaler Esquier ou autre psone qconq, p' avoir de eux supportacion socour ou maintenance en ascun quarett ou autre man qcong, qil ent duement convict p examinacion ou p aut man avent p estatuitz declaree encoerge la peine dev'nt limitee, de ceux qi pignont livees dez f's & aut's psones suisditz, et outre ceo eient lemprisonement dun an entier sanz estre lesse au baill ou a mainprise, p' lour fauxtee & sotiff ymaginacion en cell ptie.

Item come p la g'unde chre dez libtees du roialme & p estatuit fait lan [xxvj '] du Roi E. tierce, ordine soit, & p estatuit fait lan xiije du Roi Richard le scde confermee, q une pois & une mesure soit pmy tout le Roialme sibien hors de lestaple come dedeinz; & en mesme lestatuit du dit Roi E. contenue soit q le pois appellez Auncell, p' g'undes damages & sotilx deceites faitz p icell a le coe poeple soit tout outrement lessez, et q [lez lains & 1] toutz mans des choses poisablez achatez ou venduz, soient poisez p la balance, issint q la lange de balaunce nencline a lune ptie ne a lautre ovesq poises ensealez & accordantz a lestandard de lescheker; et celuy qi face le cont'rie al damage del vendour forface au Roi la value dez biens ensi poisez ou mesurez, et q la ptie compleignant ait sez damages au quatreble : Et p le dit estatuit du dit Roi Richard addez soit q le Pspassour soit emprisone p deux ans, & face fyn & raunceon a la volunte le Roi, et q les Justices du Pees aient poair denquerer dez ditz defautes sibien al suite du Roi come de partie : Nre f' le Roi p auctorite de ceste plement ad ordine q lez ditz estatuitz soient fermement tenuz & gardez & estroitment executz. Et enoutre p' eschuer plusours g'undes meschiefs qount avenuz deinz le dit roialme p lez ditz Auncelles,

Erroneously for xxve. But Rot. Parl. nu. v. (36.) and all Printed Copies read xxvie. 2 Interlined on the Roll. Serjeants of the Law, at the Time that they take the same Estate upon them, and them that do commence in the Universities within the Realm of England at the Time of their [Commencement,'] nor to them which for the Time aforesaid shall take any such Liveries of them. And also that all those that shall take any such Liveries of Cloths or of Hats of any Lord Spiritual or Temporal, or of any [great] Lady in or of England, against the Form of the said Statutes, they shall be likewise examined and punished in Manner as they that take such Liveries of Knights or other of less Estate as before. Provided always, That in the Time of War it shall be lawful to the Lords, Knights, and Esquires, that do travel in such War, to give their Liveries of Clothing or of Hats to their Soldiers, and in such wise as to them best shall seem; and that it shall be lawful to such Soldiers to take and wear such Liveries of Clothing or of Hats for the Time of such War, without being in any wise molested in [this Part 1] by force or virtue of [the same Statutes.3 And that moreover, if any Person, of what Estate or Condition he be, after the said Feast of Christmas, [as 1] of his own Authority and proper Costs do buy or wear for his clothing any Cloths or Hats called Liveries, of the Sort or of Suit of any Lord, Lady, Knight, Esquire, or other Person, (5) for to have (6) Supportation, Succour, or Maintenance in any Quarrel, or in any other Manner (5), if he be thereof duly convict by Examination or otherwise before by the Statutes declared, he shall incur the Pain before limited of them that take Liveries of Lords [or'] other Persons aforesaid, and moreover shall have a whole Year's Imprisonment without being let to Bail or Mainprise, for their Falsity and subtil Imagination in this Part.

ITEM, Whereas by the Great Charter of the Liberties of the Realm [of England,] and by a Statute made the [Twenty-fifth 8] Year of King Edward the Third, It was ordained, and by a Statute made in the Thirteenth Year of King Richard the Second, confirmed, That one Weight and one Measure should be through all the Realm [of England,] as well out of the Staple as within; and in the same Statute of the said [noble] King Edward, it is contained, That the Weight called Auncel, for the great Hurt and subtile Deceits done by the same Measure to the common People, shall be utterly [left, and set apart,9] and (10) the Wools, and all other Manner of [Merchandises, and all other] Things weighable, bought, or sold, shall be weighed by the Balance, so that the Tongue of the Balance do not incline more to the one Party than the other, with Weights sealed, and according to the Standard of the Exchequer; and he that doth contrary, to the Damage of the Seller, shall forfeit to [our Lord] the King the Value of the Goods so weighed or measured; and that the Party Complainant shall have his quatreble Damages: And by the said Statute of the said [noble] King Richard, it was added, That the Offender [shall"] be imprisoned by Two Years, and make Fine and Ransom at the Will of [our Lord] the King; and that the Justices of Peace should have Power to inquire of the said Defaults, as well at the Suit of [our Lord] the King, as the Parties: Our Lord the King, by the Authority of this Parliament, hath ordained [and established,] That the Statutes [and Ordinances] aforesaid shall be firmly kept and holden, and straitly executed. And moreover, for to eschew divers great Mischiefs which have happened within the [Realm of England"] by the said Auncel,

Commencements MS. Tr. 2.

Not in Original.

MS. Tr. 2.

that behalf

whatsumever MS. Tr. 2.

and

Serjeants at

Every City Torrough and Town shall have a comtion Balence and Weights,

and as to Persons serving

Persons at their own Cost wearing Liveries for Maintenance shall incur the Penalties of the said Statutes.

V.
Magna Carta
and certain
Statutes [See
25 Edw. I.
chapter 25;
25 Edw. III.
stat. 5. ch. 9;
27 Edw. III.
stat. 2. ch.10;
34 Edw. III.
chapter 5;
13 Ric. II.
stat. 1. ch. 9.]
relating to
Weights and
Measures,
confirmed.

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3 Q

The Translations read variously: See the Marginal Note.
putt awei Rot. Parl. nu. v. (26.)

⁹ putt awei Rot. Parl. nu. v. (36.)
10 that 11 should 12 said Realm

Every City Borough and 'Town shall have a common Balance and Weights.

No Man shall

buy Woollen

Yarn, unless

to make Cloth; nor

weigh but according to the Standard.

Penalties

before

recoverable

Justices of

the Peace.

and especially for to destroy the Falshood of the Regrators of Yarn, called Yerne Choppers, It is ordained by our said Lord the King, (') by Authority aforesaid, That in every City, Borough, and Town of the Realm [of England,] a common Balance shall be, with common Weights sealed, and according to the Standard of the Exchequer, upon the common Costs of the said City, Borough, or Town, in the Keeping of the Mayor or Constable of the same; at which Balance and common Weight, all the Inhabitants of the same City, Borough, or Town, that have not such Weights, and other that have, if they will, may freely weigh without any Thing paying; taking nevertheless of Foreigns for every Draught within the Weight of xl li. a Farthing, and for every Draught betwixt Forty Pound and an Hundred Pound, an Halfpenny, and for every Draught betwixt an Hundred Pound and a Thousand Pound, a Penny at the most; whereof the Weights shall be maintained, and the Officer lawfully weighing rewarded, by the Discretion of the chief Men of the City, Borough, or Town, according to his Attendance to his said Business, be it more or less: And that no Man buy Yarn of Wool, called Woollen Yarn, unless he will make Cloth thereof, nor use Weight nor Measure, nor other Thing in the Place of Weight or Measure, that is not sealed (1) according to the said Standard, nor set any Thing to the same by the Way of [Tacking or Hiding, 2] or in any other Manner that may increase the Measure or Weight, or let the Balance to have his natural Course, upon the Forfeiture and Penalty aforesaid. And that the Justices of Peace, Mayors, Bailiffs, and Stewards of Franchises, have Power by Authority aforesaid to examine the Trespassers in this Case, and to inquire in especial of (3) Offenders against this Ordinance, and to do Execution of them that be found faulty by Inquests, or by Examination to be made by the said Judges or Officers in this Case, in the Manner as afore is said. And that this Ordinance be holden and observed from the Feast of Easter next ensuing, for ever. And that every City, upon Pain of Ten Pounds, every Borough upon Pain of an Hundred Shillings, and every Town where a Constable is, upon Pain of Forty Shillings, have a common Balance with Weights according to the said Standard, within Two Months after Proclamation made of this Ordinance; which [Penalty 1] shall be levied to the Use of [our Lord] the King, as often as they shall be [faulty 5] after the said Proclamation.

Penalty on City or Town not having common Balance and

Weights.

VI.
Burning of
Houses, by
Persons sending Bills to
appoint
Money to be
laid in a
certain Place,
made High
Treason.

ITEM, Forasmuch as our Sovereign Lord the King, at the grievous Complaint to him made by the Commons of [this 6] Realm of England in [the full 7] Parliament, hath conceived, that divers great Mischiefs and subtle Felonies and Robberies now late have been done in the Town of [Cantebridge, 8] and in other Places in the [County of Kent 9] and Essex, and in other Places [in the Realm of England, by People Offenders unknown, which make divers Bills, directed to divers People of the same [Towns,10] Counties, and other Places [of the Realm] of England, commanding them to put divers great Sums of Money in certain Places, where the said Offenders might [lightly"] carry the same away, without being taken or perceived, certifying in the said Bills, that if they put not the same Money in the Places by the said Bills assigned at a certain Day, that the said Offenders would do the greatest and most outrageous Vengeance that they might to all them that would not [set12] such Sums there:

and hongyng or keveryng Rot. Parl. nu. v. (36.)

all Penalties founde defectif Rot. Parl. nu. v. (36.)

his MS.Tr. 2.

this Scambridge

Counties of Cambridge

Town

Teasily

et espalment p' destruer la fauxetee de les regratours du file appelles Yernchoppers, ordinez est p nre dit f' le Roi & p auctorite suisdce, q en chescune Citee Burgh & Ville du roialme soit une coe balance, ovec poises ensealez & accordantz a lestandard de lescheger, sur la coe costage du dite Cite Burgh ou Ville, en la garde del Mair ou Constables dicell; as queux balaunces & cões poises toutz les enhitantz de mesme la Citee Burgh ou Ville qi nount tielx poises, & aut's qount sils voillent puissent fraunchement poiser sanz rien ent paier; Pignaunt nientmeins dez foreins pur chescune treit dedeinz le pois de xl fi. j q. & p' chescun treit pentre xl. et C. fi. j ob. & p' chescune treit pentre C. et M'. fi, j d. a le pluis; dont lez poises front maintenuz & lofficer loialment poisant regardez, p la discrecion des Chiefs dicett Citee Burgh ou Ville solonc sa entendance a la dce occupacion soit il pluis ou meins: et q nutt hoe achate file de laine appelle Wollenyern sil ne voet ent fair drap, ne use pois ne mesure ne autre chose en lieu de pois ou mesure q ne soit ensealez & accordant a le dit estandard, ne mette ascun chose a icell p voie de pendure ou covture, ou en ascun aut man q puisse encrecer la mesure ou le pois, ou empedier la balaunce p' avoir son naturelt cours sur les forfaiture & peine desuisditz. Et q les Justices de Pees Mairs Baillifs & Seneschalx des Fraunchises aient poair p auctorite suisdee dexaminer lez Espassours en ceo cas, & p' enquerer en espal de toutz Espassours encountre cest ordinance, & a fair execucion diceux qi sount trovez defectifs, p enquestes ou p examinacion affair p lez ditz Juges ou Officer en ceo cas en man come desuis est dit. Et q ceste ordinance soit tenuz & observez de le Fest de Pasq pschein ensuant pur toutz jours. Et q chescun Citee sur peine de x. ti, chescune Burgh sur peine de C. s, & chescune Ville ou un Conestable est s' peine de xl. s, ait une coe balaunce ovec poisez accordantz a le dit estandard, dedeinz deux mois aps pclamacion faite de ceste Ordinance; les quelles peines Front levez al oeps de Roi a tant de foitz qils Front trovez defectifs depuis la pclamacion dessuis dce.

Item p'ceo q nre f' le Roi, a la grevouse compleint a luy fait p les Coues de son roialme en cest plement, ad entendu q divses g'undes meschiefs & subtielx felonies ou robbies ore tarde sont avenuz & faitz, en la Ville de Cantebrigge & aillours en lez Countees de Cantebrigge & Essex & en aut's lieux Dengletre, p gents malefesours desconuz, queux fount divses billes directz as divses gents de mesmes les Ville Countees & aut's lieux Dengletre, lour comaundant de mettre divses geundes somes dargent en cteins lieux, ou lez ditz meffaisours se p'ront legierment emporter sanz estre prisez ou apceux, ctifiantz en lez ditz billes q sils ne mettent lez deniers en les lieux p lez ditz billes assignez as ctein jour, q lez ditz meffaisours ferrount le pluis g*unde & outrageous vengeaunce qils poient a toutz iceux qi ne voudrent my tielx somes illoeqes mettre;

M. 5.

Et purceo q tielx somes nount pas este mys en divses lieux solonc le purport de mesmes les billes plusours measons biens & chateux de divses psones ount estee felonousement & traiterousement au Cantebrigge & aillours en les countees & lieux suisditz, arcz & toutoutment anientez, pount le poeple de les Ville Countees & auts lieux suisditz sount g'undement empoevez & en point destre finalment destruitz; mesme nre f' le Roi voillant en ceo cas purvoier de remedie ad ordinee p auctorite de cest plement, q toutz tielx arsures dez measons de quiq psone soient adjuggez haut treson. Et q ceste ordinance sextende auxibien a tielx arsures faitz puis le prim jour du regne de nre f le Roi tanq, en cea, come as arsures affairz en temps avenir: Salvant toutz foitz as toutz f's & aut's psones lour libtees & fraunchises sicome ad este fait & use dev'nt ces heures en cas de forfaiture de felonie.

Item come lez eleccions dez Chivalers des Countees esluz a venir as plements du Roi en plusours Countees Dengletre, ore tarde ount este faitz p trop g'unde & excessive nombre dez gents dem'rantz deinz mesmes les Countes, dount la greindre ptie estoit p gentz sinon de petit avoir ou de nuff valu, dount chescun Ptende davoir [voice '] equivalent quant a tielx eleccions faire ove les pluis valantz chivalers ou esquiers demurrantz deins mesmes les Countes; dount homicides riotes baties & devisions entre les gentiles & autres gentz de mesmes les Countees Visemblablement sourdront & Bront, si covable remedie ne soit p'veu en celle ptie: Nre f' le Roy considerant les Pmisses ad p'veu & ordene p auctorite de cest plement, q les Chivalers des Countes deins le Roialme Dengletre, a esliers a venir a les plementz en aps atenirs, soient esluz en chescun Counte p gentz dem'antz & receantz en icelles, dount chescun ait frank teñt a le valu de xl s. p an al meins outre les reprises; & q ceux q Front ensy esluz soient dem'antz & receantz deins mesmes les Countes; & ceux qi ount le greindre nombre de yceulx qi poient expendre p an xl s. & outre come desuis est dit, soient retournez p les Viscontz de chescun Countee Chivalers pur le plement, p indentures ensealles pentre les ditz Viscountz & les ditz esliso's ent affaires; & eit chescun Vicont Dengletre poair p auctorite suisdite dexaminer sur les seintz Evangelies chescun tiel elisour, comebn il poet expendre p an: Et si ascun Viscount reto'ne Chivalers pur venir au plement au cont'rie de ycest ordinaunce, q les Justices des assises en lour sessions des assises aient poar p auctorite suisdite de ceo enquerer; Et si p inquest ceo soit trove dev'nt mesmes les Justices, & le Viscount de ceo duement atteint, qadonqs le dit Viscount encourge la peine de C ti. apaiers a nre f' le Roy; Et auxi qil ait imprisonement p un an saunz estre lessez au baille ou mainprise; Et q les Chivalers p' le plement au cont'rie la dite ordinance reto'nez pdent lour gages. Purveu toutfoitz q celluy qi ne poet expendre xls. p an come desuis est dit ne soit en

1 Interlined on the Roll.

And for because that such Sums have not been put in divers Places, according to the Purport of the same Bills, many Houses and Goods and Chattels of divers Persons have been feloniously and traiterously, at [Cantebridge'] and elsewhere in the Counties and Places aforesaid, burnt and utterly destroyed, whereby the People [and the Towns, 1] Counties, and other Places aforesaid, be greatly impoverished, and in Point to be finally destroyed; the same our Sovereign Lord the King, willing in this Case to provide Remedy, hath ordained by Authority of this Parliament, That all such Burnings of Houses of any Person shall be judged High Treason. And that this Ordinance extend as well [in 3] such Burnings made after the First Day of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King till this Time, as to Burnings to be made in Time to come: Saving always to all Lords and other Persons their Liberties and Franchises as hath been done and used before this Time, in case of Forfeiture of Felony.

ITEM, Whereas the Elections of Knights of Shires (4) to come to the Parliaments of [our Lord] the King, in many Counties of [the Realm of] England, have now of late been made by very great, [outrageous,] and excessive Number of People dwelling within the same Counties [of the Realm of England,] of the which most Part was [of 3] People of small Substance, [and 6] of no Value, whereof every of them pretended a Voice equivalent, as to such Elections to be made, with the most worthy Knights and Esquires dwelling within the same Counties; whereby Manslaughters, Riots, Batteries, and Divisions among the Gentlemen and other People of the same Counties, shall very likely rise and be, unless convenient [and due] Remedy be provided in this Behalf: Our Lord the King, considering the Premisses, hath provided, [ordained, and stablished,7] by Authority of this present Parliament, That the Knights of the Shires to be chosen within the same Realm of England to come to the Parliaments [of our Lord the King] hereafter to be holden, shall be chosen in every County [of the Realm of England,] by People dwelling and resident in the same [Counties,] whereof every one of them shall have free [Land or] Tenement to the Value of Forty Shillings by the Year at the least above all Charges; and that they which shall be so chosen shall be dwelling and resident within the same Counties; and such as have the greatest Number of them that may expend Forty Shillings by Year and above, as afore is said, shall be returned by the Sheriffs of every County, Knights for the Parliament, by Indentures sealed betwixt the said Sheriffs and the said Choosers so to be made; And every Sheriff [of the Realm] of England shall have Power, by the said Authority, to examine upon the (8) Evangelists every such Chooser, how much he may expend by the Year: And if any Sheriff return Knights to come to the Parliament contrary to [the said 9] Ordinance, (10) the Justices of Assises in their Sessions of Assises shall have Power by the Authority aforesaid, thereof to inquire; and if by Inquest the same be found before the (") Justices, and the Sheriff thereof be duly attainted, that then the said Sheriff shall incur the Pain of an Hundred Pounds to be paid to our Lord the King, and also that he have Imprisonment by a Year, without being let to Bail or Mainprise; and that the Knights for the Parliament returned contrary to the said Ordinance shall lose their Wages. Provided always, that he which cannot expend Forty Shillings by Year, as afore is said shall in

VII.
Electors of
Knights of
the Shires
shall have
40 s. a Year
Freehold,
and be
resident.

The Knights elected shall be resident. Returns of Elections by the Sheriffs by Indenture.

Sheriffs
empowered
to examine
Electors on
Oath as to
their Estates.
Justices of
Assise may
inquire of
undue
Returns.
Penalty on
Sheriff and
Knights in
cases of undue
Returns.

Cambridge of the Town, to
chosen MS. Tr. 2. by MS. Tr. 2. or
and ordained holy this MS. Tr. 2.

of that MS. Tr. 2. It same MS. Tr. 2.

Writs of Election to shall notice this Act.

VIII. The Statute 6 H.VI. c. 3, respecting Wages of Labourers, &c.continued.

Recital of the Statute 15 R.II. c. 2, against Forcible Entries;

IX.

Defects of that Statute;

no wise be Chooser of the Knights for the Parliament; and that in every Writ that shall hereafter go forth to the Sheriffs to choose Knights for the Parliament, Mention be made of the said Ordinances.

ITEM, Whereas in the last Parliament a good and notable Statute (') was ordained of Labourers, Servants, Artificers, and Workmen, how much they and every of them should take by the Year, Half Year, Day, or Week, and of other Things comprised in the same Statute and Ordinance, which now be expired, because that they were not ordained to endure but to the next Parliament then after to be holden; Our Sovereign Lord the King, considering that the said Statute and Ordinance was [in other Time 1] made for the Weal and common Profit of the Realm of England, and that they should be much profitable to the same Realm, if they might endure and be observed, hath ordained by Authority of this Parliament, that the said Statute and Ordinance be holden and kept, and put in due Execution till the King hath otherwise declared his Will in the full Parliament.

ITEM, Whereas by the [noble] King Richard late King of England, after the Conquest, the Second, at his Parliament holden at Westminster the Morrow after All Souls, the Fifteenth Year of his Reign, amongst other things, It was ordained and established, That the Statutes and Ordinances made, and not repealed, of them that make Entries with strong Hand into Lands or Tenements, or other Possessions whatsoever, and them hold with Force, and (3) of them that make Insurrections, Riots, Routs, Ridings, [and 1] Assemblies, in Disturbance of the Peace, or of the common Law, or in Affray of the People, should be holden and fully executed; And moreover it is ordained by the same Statute, That at all Times that such forcible Entries be made, and Complaint thereof come to the Justices of Peace, or any of them, that the same Justices or Justice shall take the Power of the County, and shall go, or one of them shall go, to the Place where such Force is made; and if they find, or he findeth, any holding such Place forcibly, after such Entry made, they should be taken and put in the next Gaol, there to remain convict by the Record of the same Justices or Justice, until they have made Fine and Ransom to the King; and that all the People of the County, as well Sheriffs as other, shall be attending to the said Justices, and to assist them to arrest such Malefactors, upon Pain of Imprisonment, and to make Fine and Ransom to the King; And that in the same Manner be done of them that make forcible Entries into Benefices or Offices of Holy Church; as in the same Statute is contained more at large: And for that the said Statute doth not extend to Entries [in 5] Tenements in peaceable Manner, and after holden with Force, nor if the Persons which enter with Force into Lands [and 6] Tenements, be removed and voided before the coming of the said Justices or Justice, as before, nor any Pain ordained if the Sheriff do not obey the Commandments and Precepts of the said Justices for to execute the said Ordinance, many wrongful and forcible Entries be daily made [in 5] Lands and Tenements by such as have no Right; and also divers Gifts, Feoffments, and Discontinuances sometimes made to Lords, and other puissant Persons, and Extortioners within the [said] Counties where they be conversant, to have Maintenance, and sometimes to such Persons as be unknown to them so put out, to the Intent to delay and defraud such rightful Possessors

and Ordinance MS. Tr. 2. then MS. Tr. 2. 3 also 4 or 5 into 6 or MS. Tr. 2. ascun mane elisour des Chivalers pur le plement : Et q en chescun bre q issera en aps as viscount p' eslier Chivalers pur le plement soit mencion fait des ditz ordinances.

Item come en le darrein plement ordine estoit un bon & notable estatut & ordinance, des svantz artificers ovours & laborers, cometin chescun deux pindroit p lan dymy an jour ou sepmayn, & dautres choses comprises deinz mesmes lestatut & ordinance, les quelles ore sount expires a cause qils ne furent ordinez a durer forsq. au pschein plement delors a tenir; Nre f' le Roi considerant q les ditz estatutz & ordin*ntz furent a lors faitz pur le bien & pfit de son roialme, & qils front molt pfitables a mesme le Roialme sils purroient endurer & estre observez, ad ordinez p auctorite de cest plement q les ditz estatut & ordinance soient tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion, tanq, le Roy ad autrement declare sa valunte en plein plement.

Item come p le Roy Richard nadgairs Roi Denglerre puis le conquest scde, a son plement tenuz a Westm lendemain des Almes lan de son reign xvme, entre autres choses ordinez estoit & establiez, q les estatutz & ordinances faitz & nient repellez de ceux qi fount entrees ove fort main en Pres tentz ou autres possessions gecongs, & lo' teignent eins ove force, et auxi de ceux qi fount insurreccions riotes routes chivaches ou assembles, en destourbaunce de la peas ou de la cõe lev ou en affraie del poeple, sroient tenuz & plenement executes; et outre ceo ordine est p mesme lestatut q toutz les foitz q tiels forcibles entres soient faitz, & pleint ent veigne as Justices de peas ou ascun deux, q mesmes les Justices ou Justice Pignent ou Pigne poair del Countee, & voisent ou voise al lieu ou tiel force soit fait, & sils trovent ou trove ascuns ten'ntz tiel lieu forciblement aps tiel entre fait soient prisez & misez en pschien Gaole, a y dem'er convictz de record de mesmes les Justices ou Justice tanq, ils eient faitz fyn & raunceon au Roy; Et q toutz gentz de Counte sibien Viscountz come autres soient entendantz as ditz Justices, de eux enforcier pur arestier tiels malefaisours sur peine demprisonement & de faire fyne & raunceon au Roy; Et q en mesme le mane soit fait de ceux qi fount forcibles ent resen benefices ou [office'] de Seint Esglise, come en mesme lestatut est contenuz pluis au plein: Et pur taunt q le dit estatut nextende my as entres en tentz en peisible mane & aps tenuz ove force, ne si les psones gentront ove force en tres ou tentz soient remoevez & voidez dev'nt le venu des ditz Justices ou Justice come devant, ne null peine ordine si le Viscount ne obeie my les maundementz & Deepts des ditz Justices pur executier lordinance suisdce, plousours torcenouses & forcibles entres sount faitz de jour en autre en Pres & tents p ceux qi droit nount ; Et auxi divses douns feoffementz & discontinuances ascunfoitz faitz as f's & autres psones puissantz & extorcioners deins les Countes ou ils sount convsantz pur maintenance avoir, & ascuns foitz as tiels psones ensy oustez disconuz, a tiel entent pr delaier & defrauder tiels droiturelx possessours

offices Rot. Parl. nu. xviij. (49.)

de lour droit & recover a toutz jours, a final disheriteson de plusours des foials lieges de Roy, & semblable est dencrescer de jour en autre si du remedie ne soit p'veu celle ptie: Nre f' le Roy considerant les Pmisses ad ordene, q le dit estatut & toutz autres estatutz de tiels entres ou alienacion dev'nt faitz soient tenuz & duement executz; Ajoustant a icelle q si desore en av'nt ascun face tiel forcible entre en Pres tentz ou autres possessions, ou eux tiegne forciblement, aps compleint ent fait deins mesme le Counte lou tiel entre soit fait as Justices de Peas ou un de eux p la partie greve, q les Justices ou Justice ensi garny deins temps covenable facent ou face duement executer le dit estatut & ceo as costages del ptie ensi greve; et outre ceo coment q tielx psones faisantz tile entre soient psentz, ou voidez dev'nt la venu des ditz Justices ou Justice, nientmeins mesmes les Justices ou Justice en ascun bone Ville pluis pschein as tentz ensy entrez, ou en ascun lieu covenable solone loure discrecion, eient & chun de eux eit auctorite & poair denquerer p gentz de mesme le Countee, auxi bien de ceux q fount tielx forcibles entrees en tres & tentz come de ceux q eux teignent ove force; Et si trove soit dev'nt ascun deux q ascun face le cont'rie de cest estatut, adonqs les ditz Justices ou Justice facent ou face reseiser les tres & tentz ensy entrez ou tenuz come devent, & mettre la ptie ensy ouste en plein possession de mesmes les Pres & tentz come devent entrez ou tenuz: Et si ascune psone, aps tiel entre en tres ou tentz tenuz ove force, face feoffement ou autre discontinuance a ascun f' ou autre psone, p' mainten'nce avoier ou p' toller & defrauder le possessour de sa recover en ascun man, si aps en assise ou autre accion ent destre prise ou p'suez dev'nt Justices des Assises ou autres Justices le Roy aconqs, p dieu enquerre ent appendre purra duement estre pve mesmes les feoffementz & discontinuances estre faitz p' mainten nce come desuis est dit q adonqes tielx feoffementz ou autre discontinuance ensy come devant faitz soient voidez irritez & tenuz p' nulle. Et auxi qunt les ditz Justices ou Justice ferrent tielx enquerrez come devent, facent ou face lour garrantz & Deepts directz al Viscount de mesme le Counte, luy comaundant de par le Roy de fair venir devent eux & chescun deux, psones sufficiantz & indifferentz pluis pscheins dem'rantz entour les tentz ensy entrez come dev'nt, denquerrer de tielx entreez; dount chescun qi Bra enpanelle denquerer en celle ptie ait tre ou tent de annuel value de xls. p an [au '] meins outre les reprises; Et q le Viscount retourne issuez sur chescun deux au jour de pin pcept retornable xx s. & al scde jo' xl s. & al tierce foitz C s. & au chescun jo' ap's le double : Et si ascun Viscount ou Bailly deinz f'unchchise aiantz reto'ne de bre du Roy, soit lacche & ne face duement execucion des ditz pceptz a luy directz pur tielx enquerrez faire, qil forface devs le Roy xx ti. p' chescun defaut, & outre face fyn & raunceon au Roy. Et q auxibn les Justices ou Justice avantditz come les Justices des assises a lour venir en pais p'

> ne squ ordene & p' Interlined on the Roll.

> > Digitized by Google

of their Right and Recovery for ever, to the final Disherison of divers of the King's faithful liege People, and likely daily to increase, if due Remedy be not provided in this Behalf: Our Lord the King considering the Premisses, hath ordained, That the said Statute, and all other Statutes of such Entries or Alienations made in Times past, shall be holden and duly executed; Joined to the same, That from henceforth where any doth make [any'] forcible Entry [in'] Lands and Tenements or other Possessions, or them hold forcibly, after Complaint thereof made within the same County where such Entry is made, to the Justices of Peace, or to one of them, by the Party grieved, that the Justices or Justice so warned, within a convenient Time shall cause, or one of them shall cause, the said Statute duly to be executed, and that at the Costs of the Party so grieved; And moreover though that such Persons making such Entry be present, or else departed before the coming of the said Justices or Justice, notwithstanding the same Justices or Justice in some good Town next to the Tenements so entered, or in some other convenient Place, according to their Discretion, shall have, or either of them shall have, Authority and Power to inquire by the People of the same County, as well of them that make such forcible Entries [in 3] Lands and Tenements, as of them which the same hold with Force; and if it be found before any of them, that any doth contrary to this Statute, then the said Justices or Justice shall cause [to reseise the Lands and Tenements so entered or holden as afore,3 and shall put the Party so put out [in 1] full Possession of the same Lands and Tenements so entered or holden as before: And if any Person, after such Entry into Lands or Tenements holden with Force, make a Feoffment or other Discontinuance to any Lord or other Person, to have Maintenance, or to take away and defraud the Possessor of his Recovery in any wise, if after, in Assise or other Action thereof to be taken or pursued before Justices of Assises, or other the King's Justices whatsoever, by due Inquiry thereof to be taken, the same Feoffments and Discontinuances may be duely proved to be made for Maintenance, as afore is said, that then such Feoffments, or other Discontinuance, so as before made, shall be void, frustrate, and holden for none. And also when the said Justices or Justice make such Inquiries as before, they shall make, or one of them shall make, their Warrants and Precepts to be directed to the Sheriff of the same County, commanding him of the King's Behalf to cause to come before them, and every of them, sufficient and indifferent Persons, dwelling next about the [Lands4] so entered as before, to inquire of such Entries; whereof every Man, which shall be impanelled to inquire in this Behalf, shall have Land or Tenement of the yearly Value of Forty Shillings by Year at the least, above Reprises; And that the Sheriff return Issues upon every of them at the Day of the First Precept returnable xx s. and at the Second Day xl s. and at the Third Time Cs. and at every Day after the Double: And if any Sheriff, or Bailiff within a Franchise having Return of the King's Writ, be slack, and make not Execution duly of the said Precepts to him directed to make such Inquiries, that he shall forfeit to the King xx li. for every Default, and moreover shall make Fine and Ransom to the King. And that as well Proceedings the Justices or Justice aforesaid, as the Justices of Assises, and every of them, at their coming into the Country to for Defaults.

Recited others confirmed; and to forcible Detainers.

The Party ousted shall be restored vacant or full.

Feoffments, Entry, for Maintenance declared void.

Precept to Jury to inquire of forcible

have 40 s. per Annum.

1 suche MS. Tr. 2

3 the Lands and Tenements so entred or holden as aforesaid * Tenementis MS. Tr. 2.

Assise of Novel Disseisin or Action of Trespass may be hadagainst him who doth put out, or keep out of Possession with Force.

Chief Officers in Cities, &c. may execute this Act.

Proviso in case of Possession for Three Years.

X.
Malicious
Indictments
or Appeals
of Persons in
one County
who are
dwelling in
another;

take Assises, shall have, and every of them shall have Power to hear and determine such Defaults and Negligences of the said Sheriffs and Bailiffs, and every of them, as well by Bill at the Suit of the Party grieved for himself as for the King [to sue '] by Indictment only to be taken for the King; And if the Sheriff or Bailiff be duly attainted in this Behalf by Indictment, or by Bill, that he which sueth for himself and for the King have the one Moiety of the Forfeiture of xx li. together with his Costs and Expences; And that the same Process be made against such Persons indicted or sued by Bill in this Behalf, as should be against Persons indicted or sued by Writ of Trespass done with Force and Arms against the Peace of the King. And moreover, if any Person be put out, or disseised of any Lands or Tenements in forcible Manner, or put out peaceably, and after holden out with strong Hand, or after such Entry, any Feoffment or Discontinuance in any wise thereof be made, to defraud and take away the Right of the Possessor, that the Party grieved in this Behalf shall have Assise of Novel Disseisin, or a Writ of Trespass against such Disseisor; And if the Party grieved recover by Assise, or by Action of Trespass, and it be found by Verdict, or in other Manner by due Form in the Law, that the Party Defendant entered with Force into the Lands and Tenements, or them after his Entry did hold with Force, that the Plaintiff shall recover his Treble Damages against the Defendant; and moreover, that he make Fine and Ransom to the King. And that Mayors, Justices or Justice of Peace, Sheriffs, and Bailiffs of Cities Towns and Boroughs, having Franchise, have in the said Cities, Towns, and Boroughs, like Power to remove such Entries, and in other Articles aforesaid, rising within the same, as the Justices of Peace and Sheriffs in Counties and Countries aforesaid have. Provided always, That they which keep their Possessions with Force in any Lands [and 1] Tenements, whereof they or their Ancestors, or they whose Estate they have in such Lands and Tenements, have continued their Possessions in the same by Three Years or more, be not endamaged by Force of this Statute.

ITEM, Our Lord the King considering how divers Persons for their private Revenge, and not of Right, maliciously by subtile Imagination have caused and procured many of his faithful liege People falsely to be indicted and appealed of several Treasons, Felonies, and Trespasses, before Justices of the Peace, and other Commissioners and Justices, and others having Power to take Indictments or Appeals in divers foreign Counties, Liberties, and Franchises of England, in which the said Lieges be not, nor at any Time were, conversant nor dwelling; by Force of which Indictments and Appeals, and the Processes upon them made in the said Counties, Franchises, and Liberties, the said Persons so indicted have been, and daily be put in Exigent, and after outlawed, and thereupon their Goods and Chattels Lands and Tenements forfeit, and they in great Jeopardy of their Lives, whereas the said Persons so indicted, appealed, or put in Exigent or outlawed, had never Knowledge of such Indictments, Appeals, Exigents, or Outlawries; which Falsehood and Malice daily doth abound and increase in divers Counties, Liberties, and Franchises of England, in great Hinderance, Loss, and perpetual Destruction of many of his said faithful and innocent liege People, and very likely to increase hereafter, if convenient Remedy be not ordained and provided in this Behalf:

1 to be sued, as

e or MS. Tr. 2.

assises padre, eient & chescun de eux ait poair doir & tminer tielx defautes & negligences des ditz Viscontz & Baillifs & chun de eux, auxion p bille al suite del ptie greve pur luy mesme come pur le Roy asuier come p enditement apndre pur le Roy soulement; Et si le Viscont ou Bailly soit duement atteint en celle ptie p enditement ou p bille, q celuy qi sue pur luy & p' le Roi eit une moitee de la forfaiture de xx fi. ensenblement ou ses costages & expenses; Et q mesme la pcesse soit fait Vs tielx enditees ou suez p bille en celle ptie, sicome sroit Vs enditez ou suez p bre de trespas fait ou force & armes encountre la peas du Roy. Et outre ceo si ascun psone soit ouste ou disseisie dascuns Pres ou tentz ove forcible mane, ou ouste peisiblement & aps tenuz dehors ou forte main, ou aps tielle entre ascun feoffement ou discontinuance en ascune man ent soit fait pur defrauder & toller le droit del possessour, q la partie greve en celle partie eit assise de novell Disseie ou bre de tspas vs tiel disseiso'; Et si la ptie greve recove p assise ou p accion de Pspas, & trove soit p Pdit ou en autre mane p due forme en ley q la ptie defendant entra ou force en Pres & tentz, ou eux p force aps son entree tiendra, q le pleyntif recova ses damages au treble vs le defendant, & outre ceo qil face fyn & raunceon au Roy. Et q Mairs Justices ou Justice de peas Viscountz & Baillifs des Citees Villes & Burghs aiantz franchise, eient en les ditz Citees Villes & Burghs autiel poair de tielx entrees oustier, & en autres articles desuisdces emgentz deinz ycelles, come ount les Justices de peas & Viscounts en Countes & pais suisdces. Purveu toutz foitz q ceux qi gardent p force lour possessions en ascuns tres ou tentz, dount ils ou lour auncestres ou ceux queux estat ils ount en tiels Pres & tentz ount contenuz lour possessions en ycelles p trois ans ou pluis, ne soient my endamagez p force de celle estatut.

Item nre f' le Roy considerant coment divses psones p' lour singuler vengeance & nient de droit, maliciousment p sotile ymaginacion ount faitz & pcurez de fauxment enditer & apeller divsez de sez foialx lieges de divses tresons felonies & trespas, devent Justices de peas & autres Comissions & Justices & autres aiantz poiar de Pndre enditementz ou appelles, en divses foreins Countees libtees & fraunchises Denglerre es queux les ditz lieges ne sount ne unqes feussent convsantz ne dem'antz; p force des queux enditementz & appelles & les pcesses sur eux faitz en les ditz Countees fraunchisez & libtees, les ditz psones ensy enditez ount este & de jour en autre sount mys en exigent & puis utlagez, & sur ceo lour biens & chatieux Pres & tentz forfaitz & eux en grande pile de lour vies, la ou les ditz psones ensy enditez appellez ou mys en exigent ou utlagez navoient unq conissance de tielx enditement appellez exigentz ne utlagaries; les queux fauxine & malice de jour en autre habundent & encrescent en divs Countees libtees & fraunchises Dengletre, en g'unt anientesment pde & ppetuell destruccion de pluso's de sez ditz foialx & innocentz lieges, & Visemblable est dencrescer en aps si remedie covenable ne soit ordene & p'veu en celle ptie :

JI JOY

Et p' ceo mesme nre f' le Roy de sa g'ce espale & p auctoritee de cest plement, pur ease salvacion & t'nquillite de sez foialx lieges de cest Roialme, ad fait ordiner & establir, q s' chun enditement ou appelle p la quelle ascuns des ditz lieges, demurrantz en autres Countees q la ou tiel enditement ou appett soit ou Bra pris de treson felonie & trespas, appondre en aps devant Justices de peas ou devent ascun autre aiant poair de tielx enditementz ou appelles Pndre, ou autres Comissions ou [Justice 1] en ascun Countee fraunchise ou libtee Dengletre, dev'nt ascun exigend agarde sur ascun enditement ou appelle en la forme avantdite apadre, q maintenant aps le prime bre de Capias sur chescun tiel enditement ou appelle agarde & reto'ne, q un autre bre de Capias soit agarde directe al Viscount del Countee dount celly qi est ensy enditez est ou fuist suppose destre convsant p mesme lenditement, retourable dev'nt mesmes les Justices ou Comissioners devant queux il est endite ou appelle, a un ctein jour conteinant la space de trois mois de la date du dit darrein bre, ou les Countees se teignent de mois en mois, & la ou les Countees sount tenuz de sys sepmains en sys sepmains ait le space de quatre mois tangal jor de retourne de mesme le bre; p quel bre de scde Capias soit contenuz & comaunde a mesme le Viscount de Pndre celuy qi est ensy endite ou appelle p son corps sil poet estre trove deins sa baillie; Et sil ne poet mye estre trove deins sa baillie q le dit Viscount face pclamacion en dieux Countees, dev'nt le reto'ne de mesme le bre, q celuy gest ensy endite ou appelle appierge devent les ditz Justices ou Comissions, en le Countee libtee ou franchise ou il est endites ou appellez, al jour contenu en le dit darrein bre de Capias, a respoundre a nre dit f' le Roy & au ptie de la felonie treson ou r'spasse dount il est ensy enditez ou appellez; aps quel scde bre de Capias ensy svy & reto'nee, si celuy qi est ensy enditez ou appellez ne veigne al jour de mesme le bre de Capias retourne, soit exigend agardes envs tielx endites ou appellez & chun de eux : Et si ascun exigend enaps soit agarde sur ascun tiel [enditeteient] ou appelle countre la forme avantdite, ou ascun utlagarie sur ceo pnunciez, soit sibn cell exigend ensy agarde come la utlagarie sur ceo pnuncie & chun de eux tenuz p' null & voide; et q la partie sur qi tiel exigend encountre la forme av'ntdite soit agarde ou utlagarie pnuncie ne soit en damage ne mys a pde de ses biens ou chatieux tres ou tentz ne de sa vie: Purveu toutz foitz q lestatut fait en le darreint plement des pcesses affairs en tielx cases devent le Roy en son Bank estoise en sa force. Et enoutre mesme nie f' le Roy ad g'untee p auctoritee susdie q chun enditez ou appelle en la forme avantdite de cy enavant, aps ceo qil soit p Vdit duement acquitee qil eit bre & accion s' son cas envs chun pcuro' de tielx enditementz ou appellez, et soit autiele pcesse sur & en mesme le bre come en bre de Pspas fait ove force & armes, et si tiel pourour soit atteint en celle pte q le Pleintif recove sez damages au treble : Purveu toutz foitz q ceste ordinance ne se extende mye as enditementz ou appellez prisez ou appndrez deinz le Counte de Cestre :

Justices Rot. Parl. nu. xviij. (50.)

M. 4.

And therefore the same our Lord the King, of his special Grace, and by Authority of this Parliament, for Ease (') and Tranquillity of his faithful Lieges of this Realm, hath caused to be ordained and stablished, That upon every Indictment or Appeal by the which any of the said Lieges dwelling in other Counties than there where such Indictment or Appeal is or shall be taken of Treason, Felony, and Trespass, to be taken hereafter before the Justices of Peace, or before any other having Power to take such Indictments or Appeals, or other Commissioners or Justices in any County. Franchise, or Liberty of England, before any Exigent awarded upon any Indictment or Appeal in the Form aforesaid to be taken, that presently after the first Writ of Capias upon every such Indictment or Appeal awarded and returned, that another Writ of Capias be awarded, directed to the Sheriff of the County whereof he which is so indicted is or was supposed to be conversant by the same Indictment, returnable before the same Justices or Commissioners before whom he is indicted or appealed at a certain Day, containing the Space of Three Months from the Date of the said last Writ, where the [Counties 1] be holden from Month to Month, and where the [Counties] be holden from Six Weeks to Six Weeks, he shall have the Space of Four Months, until the Day of the Return of the same Writ; by which Writ of Second Capias, be it contained and commanded to the same Sheriff, to take him which is so indicted or appealed, by his Body, if he can be found within his Bailiwick; and if he cannot be found within his Bailiwick, that the said Sheriff shall make Proclamation in Two [Counties '] before the Return of the same Writ, that he which is so indicted or appealed shall appear before the said Justices or Commissioners in the County, Liberty, or Franchise where he is indicted or appealed. at the Day contained in the said last Writ of Capias, to answer to our Lord the King, [or 3] to the Party, of the Felony, Treason, or Trespass, whereof he is so indicted or appealed; after which second Writ of Capias so served and returned, if he which is so indicted or appealed come not at the Day of the same Writ of Capias returned, the Exigent shall be awarded against such Persons indicted or appealed, and every of them: And if any Exigent hereafter be awarded upon any such Indictment or Appeal against the Form aforesaid, or any Outlawry be upon that pronounced, as well the Exigent so awarded as the Outlawry upon that pronounced, and every of them, shall be holden for none and void; and that the Party upon whom such Exigent against the Form aforesaid is awarded, or Outlawry pronounced, be not endamaged nor put to Loss of his Goods or Chattels, Lands or Tenements, nor of his Life: Provided always, That the Statute made in the last Parliament, of Processes to be made in such Case before the King in his Bench, stand in his Force. And moreover, the same our Lord the King hath granted by Authority aforesaid, That every Person indicted or appealed in the Form aforesaid from henceforth, after that he be duly acquit by Verdict, that he shall have a Writ and Action upon his Case, against every Procurer of such Indictments or Appeals; and like Process shall be upon and in the same Writ, as in a Writ of Trespass done with Force and Arms; and if such Procurer be attainted in this Behalf, that the Plaintiff shall recover Dar his Treble Damages: Provided always, That this Exception Ordinance shall not extend to Indictments or Appeals as to Chester; taken or to be taken within the County of Chester:

first Capias, a second shall be awarded into the County where the Party indicted dwells;

Proclamation Two County Courts:

UponDefault of Appearance, Exigent may be awarded.

Exigents or Outlawries, contrary, void.

The Statute 6H. VI. c. 1.

Action on the Case given to indicted or appealed.

Proviso as to Persons indicted or appealed in their own Counties.

XI. Custom of London respecting taking of Apprentices there;

The Statute 7 H.IV. c.17. respecting Apprentices generally;

See Statute 7 Hen. IV. c.1.

The said Custom of London as to Apprentices confirmed.

XII.
No Judgment
nor Record
shall be
reversed nor
avoided for
Rasures,
Interlineations, or
literal Errors.

Provided also, That if any of the said Lieges, or any of their Heirs, be or shall be appealed or indicted of Felony or Treason, and at the Time of the same Felony or Treason supposed, he is and was conversant within the County whereof the Indictment or Appeal maketh Mention, the like Process be made against such Person so indicted or appealed, as hath been used [always] before this Time.

ITEM, It is shewed to our Lord the King by the said Commons for the Mayor and Aldermen and Commons of the City of London, That Whereas among other Franchises Liberties and Customs to them by the same our Lord the King and his noble Progenitors granted and confirmed, it is contained, that the Manner and Form of taking Apprentices within the said City of old Time used and continued, be kept and observed; And [where it is also there used '] by the Customs of the same City of Time out of Mind continued and approved in the same, that every Person which was not of Villain Estate or Condition, but of free Estate and Condition, might put himself his Son or Daughter to be Apprentice to any Freeman of the same City, to learn his Craft or Mystery; and that likewise every Freeman of the said City may take every such Person, Son or Daughter, to be his Apprentice, without Impeachment; until now of late the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, be and have been grievously vexed and inquieted by Colour of an Article of the Statute made at Westminster the Seventh Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fourth, rehearsing by general Words, that no Man or Woman put their Son nor Daughter to be Apprentice within any City or Town of the Realm [of England,] except that he have Land or Rent to the Value of Twenty Shillings by Year, and that by Testimony under the Seals of the Justices of Peace, nor that any shall receive an Apprentice to the contrary, upon a grievous Penalty limited in the said Statute: Our Lord the King, considering the great Hindrance which by the said Statute might redound to the Inhabitants of the said City, if they should be thereby restrained of their said Liberties and Customs, and how in the beginning of the same Statute it is contained, that the said City of London have and enjoy all her Liberties, Franchises, and Customs, [that be not '] contrary to the said Article; and also respecting the entire Affections, and great Kindness done and shewed to our said Lord the King in all his Affairs by the Citizens of the said City of London, and to encourage them the more to such Affections and Kindness hereafter; by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, hath ordained by the Authority of this Parliament, That the said ancient Manner, Form, and Custom of putting and taking of Apprentices, used and continued in the said City of London, be from henceforth kept and observed, as long as it shall please our said Lord the King without being for that impeached, or [to incur3] the Pain contained in the said Statute.

ITEM, Our Lord the King hath ordained and established by the Authority of this present Parliament, That for Error assigned or to be assigned in any Record, Process, [or] Warrant of Attorney, Original Writ or Judicial, Panel or Return, in any Places of the same rased or interlined, or in any Addition, Substraction, or Diminution of Words, Letters, [Titles, '] or Parcel of Letters, found in any such Record, Process, Warrant of Attorney, Writ, Panel,

t is used

* which is

3 incurring

4 Tittles

Purveu auxi q si ascun des ditz lieges ou ascun de lo heirs soit ou sra appelle ou enditez de felonie ou treson, & au temps de mesme le felonie ou treson supposez est ou feust con saunt deinz le Countee dount lenditement ou appelle fait mencion, q autielle pcesse soit fait vs tiel endite ou apelle come ad este use dev'nt ces heurs.

Item monstre fuist a nre dit f' le Roy p les ditz Coes p' les Mair Aldermans & Cões de la Citee de Loundres, q come entre aul's fraunchises libtees & custumes as eux p mesme nre f' le Roy & ses nobles pgenitours gauntez & confermez, contenuz soit q les mane & forme des appntices pndre deinz la dce Citee auncienment usez & continuez soient gardez & observes, & use soit p les custumes de mesme la Citee de tout temps dount memorie ne court continuez & appvez en icelt q chune psone q ne feust de villaine estate ou condicion mais de frank estate & condicion povoit mettre luy mesmes son fitz ou file en appntice a qconq frank home de mesme la Citee p' appondre son artifice ou mestier; Et q semblablement chun frank home du dce Citee povoit Pndre chescune tile psone fitz ou file en appintice sanz empeschement; tanq, jatarde les ditz Mair Aldermannes & Cões sont & ount este grevousement vexez & inquietez p colo' dune article destatut fait a Westin lan du regne le Roy Henry le quart puis le conquest vije, reherceant p genalx poles q nulle home ne feme mette lo' fitz ou file en appntice deinz ascune Citee ne ville du roialme, sinon qil ait tre ou rent a le value de xx s. p an, & ceo p tesmoign desouz les sealx des Justices du pees, ne q nutt receive applintice au cont'rie s' grevous peine limitez en le dit estatut : Nre f' le Roy considerant le g'und arerissement, q p mye le dit article p'roit t'ner a les infiitantz du dce Citee, sils sroient p icell restreintz de lo ditz libtees & custumes, & coment en le comencement de mesme lestatut est contenuz q la dce Citee de Loundres ait & enjoia toutz ses libtees fraunchises & custumes, quele est cont'rie au dit article; & auxi consideres les entiers affeccions & gandes naturesses faitz & monstrez a nãe dit f le Roi en toutz ses bosoignes p les Citezeins du dce Citee de Loundres, & p' eux le pluis encorager au tielx affeccions & naturesses en aps; del advis & assent suisditz ad ordine p auctorite de cest plement q les ditz aunciens mane forme & custume des appritices mettre & Pndre, usez & continuez en la dce Citee de Loundres, soit desore gardez & observez tanqil plerra a nre dit f le Roi, saunz estre p ceo empeschez ou encurrer la peine contenuz en le dit estatut.

Item nre f' le Roi ad ordine & estable p auctorite de cest psent pliament, q p' errour assigne ou assigner en ascune recorde pcesse garaunt datto'ne br original ou judicial panell ou reto'ne, en auscuns lieux dicelx rasez ou entrelinez, ou en ascun addicion subtraccion ou diminucion des poles lres titles ou pcelles des lres, trovez en ascun tiel recorde pcesse garraunt datto'ne brief panell

ou reto'ne, queux rasures entrelinez addicion subtraccion ou diminucion al discrecion dez Juges le Roi des Courtes & Places en queux les ditz recordes ou pcesse p bre derrour ou autment sount cufiez appiergent suspectz, ne soit ascune juggement ne recorde revse ne adnulle; et q les Juges le Roi des Courtes & Places en queux ascun recorde pcesse pole plee garaunt datto'ne brief panell ou retourne p' le temps soit, eient poair dexaminer tilex recordes pcesse poles [plees'] garrauntz datto'ne brief panell & reto'ne p eux & lour clerks, & de reformer & amender en affermance des juggementz de tielx recordes & pcesse tout ceo q a eux en lour discrecion semble estre mesprision de Clerk en tielx recordes peesse pole plee garraunt datto'ne brief panelt & reto'ne; forsprise appelez enditementz de treson & des felonies & lutlagaries dicelles, & la substaunce de ppres nouns surnouns & addicions en lessez en briefs originalx, briefs dexigent solong lestatut autre foitz fait lan [scde 1] le Roi Henri Pier nre f' le Roi qurest, & en aut's briefs conten'ntz pclamacion; Issint q p tiel mesprision de Clerk ne soit ascun juggement revse ne adnulle: et si ascun recorde pcesse bre garraunt dattourne reto'ne ou panell soit ctefie defective, autment q accordant a la scripture q ent demoert en les Tresorie Courtes ou lieux dount ils sount ctifiez, eient les parties, en affermance des juggementz de tielx recorde & pcesse, av ntage dalegger q mesme la scripture est variaunt al dit ctificate; & ceo trove & ctifie soit mesme la variaunce p les ditz Juges reforme & amende accordant a dit prim scripture : et outre ceo est ordine q si ascun recorde, ou pcell dicel, brief reto'ne panell pesse ou garaunt datto'ne, en les Courtes le Roi de Chauncellarie Escheqer lun Bank ou lautre ou en sa tresorie, soit voluntierment emble emporte retreit ou avoide, p ascun Clerk ou autre psone, a cause de quett ascun juggement soit revse, q tiel emblo' emporto' retreio' & avoido' lour pcuratours counseillo's & abetto's, ent enditez & p pcesse sur ceo fait ent duement convictz p lo' ppre confession ou p enqueste appndre des loiax homes, dount la moite soit des homes dascun Court de mesme les Courtes & lautre moite daut's, soient adjuggez pur felons & encourgent la peine de felonie; & q les Juges de les ditz Courts de lun Bank ou lautre eient poair doier & Pminer tielx defautes dev'nt eux & dent faire punicion come dev'nt est dit. Purveu toutz foitz q si ascun tiel recorde pcesse bre garraunt datto'ne panell ou retourne ou pcell dicel soit a psent ou en aps Bra exemplifie en la Chauncellarie le Roi soubz son g'unde Seal, & tiel exemplificacion illeoges de recorde enrolle, saunz ascun rasure en une mesme lieu en mesme lexemplification & lenrollement dicett, q a lors p' null errour assigne ou assigner en les ditz recordes pcesses briefs garaunt datto'ne panell ou reto'ne, en ascun lie pole clause ou matier dicell variaunt ou contrariaunt a dite exemplificacion & senrollement, ne soit nulle juggement des ditz recordes & pcesse revse ne adnulle.

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or Return, which Rasings, Interlinings, Addition, Substraction, or Diminution, at the Discretion of the King's Judges of the Courts and Places, in which the said Records or Process, by Writ of Error or otherwise be certified, do appear suspected, no Judgement nor Record shall be reversed nor adnulled; And that the King's Judges of the Courts and Places in which any Record, Process, Word, Plea, Warrant of Attorney, Writ, Panel, or Return, [which'] for the Time shall be, shall have Power to examine such Records, Process, Words, Pleas, Warrants of Attorney, [Writs, Panels, or 1] Return, by them and their Clerks, and to reform and amend, in Affirmance of the Judgements of such Records and [Processes,3] all that which to them in their Discretion seemeth to be Misprision of the [Clerks 1] in such [Record, Processes, 3] Word, Plea, Warrant of Attorney, Writ, Panel, and Return; except Appeals, Indictments of Treason and of Felonies, and the Outlawries of the same, and the Substance of the proper Names, Surnames, and Additions left out in original Writs [and] Writs of Exigent, according to the Statute another Time made the First Year of King Henry, Father to our Lord the King that now is, and in other Writs containing Proclamation; So that by such Misprision of the Clerk no Judgement shall be reversed nor adnulled: And if any Record, Process, Writ, Warrant of Attorney, Return, or Panel be certified defective, otherwise than according to the Writing which thereof remaineth in the Treasury, Courts or Places from whence they be certified, the Parties, in Affirmance of the Judgements of such Record and Process, shall have Advantage to alledge, that the same Writing is variant from the said Certificate; and that found and certified, the same Variance shall be by the said Judges reformed and amended according to the first Writing: And moreover It is ordained, That if any Record or Parcel of the same, Writ, Return, Panel, Process, or Warrant of Attorney in the King's Courts of Chancery, Exchequer, the one Bench or the other, or in his Treasury, be [willingly 6] stolen, taken away, withdrawn, or avoided by any Clerk, or by other Person, [because 7] whereof any Judgement shall be reversed; that such Stealer, Taker away, Withdrawer, or Avoider, their Procurators, Counsellors, and Abettors, thereof indicted, and by Process thereupon made thereof duly convict by their own Confession, or by Inquest to be taken of lawful Men, whereof the one Half shall be of the Men of any Court of the same Courts, and the other Half of other, shall be judged for Felons, and shall incur the Pain of Felony; and that the Judges of the said Courts of the one Bench or of the other, have Power to hear and determine such Defaults before them, and thereof to make due Punishment as afore is said. Provided always, That if any such Record, Process, Writ, [or] Warrant of Attorney, Panel, or Return, or Parcel of the same, be now or hereafter shall be exemplified in the King's Chancery under the Great Seal, and such Exemplification there of Record inrolled without any Rasing in [the same *] Place in the Exemplification and the Inrollment of the same, that [another Time o] for any Error assigned, or to be assigned in the said [Record, Process, Writ, 'o] Warrant of Attorney, Panel, or Return, in any Letter, Word, Clause, or Matter of the same, varying or contrary to the said Exemplification nd the Inrollment, there shall be no Judgement of the said Records and Process reversed nor adnulled.

The Judges may reform all Defects in the Clerk; in Affirmance of Judgement.

Except in Appeals, Indictments, Outlawries, Want of

St. 1 H.V.c.5.

Record and Certificate in Affirmance of Judgement.

Embezzling of a Record, Judgement declared to be

exemplified under the and inrolled in Chancery shall not be reversed for Variancefrom the Exempli-Inrollment.

Interlined, in a modern hand.

So Rot. Parl. nu. xxj. (52.) and Printed Copies; but erroneously.

Writ, Panel and MS. Tr. 2. 1 Omit this Word.

Clerk MS. Tr. 2. Records, oon same MS. Tr. 2. 3 Process

⁶ wilfully

¹⁰ Records, Processes, Writs, 9 then

XIII.
InProtections
for Persons
going with
the King to
France,
Assises of
Novel disseisin shall
not be
excepted.

For saving Rights of Reversioners, so being in the King's Service, if not named in such Assises.

Exceptions for Entries made after the beginning of this Parliament.

XIV.
Recital of
the Statute
2 Hen. V.
stat. I. ch 9,
directing
Process of
Capias, and
Proclamation
against
Offenders
withdrawing
themselves;

ITEM, Forasmuch as our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Assent of his sage Council doth purpose with the Aid of God, to pass into his Realm of France, the same our said Sovereign Lord, by the Advice of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and also of the Commons of this present Parliament, to eschew the Disherisons of all Persons, which be or shall be retained with our said Sovereign Lord the King, to abide in his Service in the Parts beyond the Sea, hath ordained and provided, That (1) every Protection to be made with the Clause of Volumus, for any of the same Persons, there shall be [contained in the Clause of Exception in the same 1] Omission of these Words, Assisis nove disseisine; and that all those Protections be allowable and allowed for them and every of them in all the King's Courts and elsewhere, where such Protections be put forth for any such Person, in all Pleas of Assises as well of Novel disseisin as Fresh force without any Difficulty: Provided always, That the Judgements to be given from henceforth in such Assises arraigned or to be arraigned, be not prejudicial to any of the said Persons so abiding in the King's Service beyond the Sea, as afore is said, which have any Thing in Reversion or in Remainder in such Lands or Tenements, whereof such Assises be or shall be arraigned, if they which have in Reversion or in Remainder in such Lands or Tenements be not named in the same Assises, but that they be against them all void; and that this Statute shall endure for Two Years next following, if the same our said Sovereign Lord the King abide so long in the Parts beyond the Sea-Provided also, That all the Entries made or to be made after the First Day of this present Parliament, be not comprised in this present Ordinance; and that none which hath made or shall make any such Entries after the said First Day of this Parliament, have any Benefit of the same Ordinance.

ITEM, For that great and grievous Complaint was made to King Henry, late King of England, Father to our Lord the King that now is, at his Parliament holden at Leicester the Second Year of his Reign, by the Commons of his Parliament aforesaid, of divers Murders, Manslaughters, Robberies, Batteries, Assemblies of People in great Number in Manner of Insurrections, and of divers other Rebellions and Riots; and after such Offences the said Felons and Offenders did flee and withdraw themselves to divers Woods and secret Places unknown, and elsewhere, to the Intent and Purpose to avoid the Execution of the Common Law, and that they might not be brought to answer according to the Process of the [Common] Law: Whereupon the said late King considering the aforesaid Complaint, by the [Advice and] Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in the same Parliament assembled, did ordain and stablish, at the Request of the said Commons, That if any after come into the Chancery, and make Complaint duly, that any such Felon or Offender as aforesaid hath fled or withdrawn him to any such Place, or elsewhere, to the Intent aforesaid, upon such Complaint a Bill shall be sufficiently made for the King; and the Chancellor of England for the Time being, after such Bill to him delivered, if he may be duly informed that such Bill containeth Truth, shall have Power by his Discretion to award a Writ of Capias at the Suit of our Lord the King, directed to the Sheriff of the County or Counties where the said Murders, Manslaughters, Robberies,

in a in the Clause of Exception, contained in the same

Item p' ceo q nre l'ssovaigne f' le Roi, de lassent de son l'ssage counseill, se p'pose ove leide de Dieu de passer en son Roialme de Fraunce, mesme nre dit Psso-Praigne f' de ladvis des f's espuelx & temporelx & auxi des Cões de cest psent plement, p' eviter les desheritaunces de toutz psones qi sount ou grount retenuz ovesq nre dit f' le Roi a demurrer en son svice es parties depar de la, ad ordine & p'veu, quen chescune pteccion ove le clause de volumus, affaire p' qconqe de mesmes les psones, soit en la clause dexcepcion contenuz en icett omission de cestes poles Assisis nove dissèie, et q toutz ceux pteccions soient allouables & allouez p' eux & chescun de eux, en toutz les Courtz du Roi & aillo's ou tiel pteccion soit mys av'nt p' ascun tiele psone, en toutz plees ['dassises sibn de novelt disseisine come de fressh force saunz ascuni difficulte: Purveu toutz foitz q les juggementz arendrez desore enavent en tielx assises arrainiez ou arainils, ne soient mye Pjudicielx a ascuns des ditz psones, issint dem'rantz en le svice du Roy p de la come devant est dit, qount ascun chose en revsion ou en remaindre en Pres ou tentz dount tilex assises sount ou grount arrainiez, sils qount en revsion ou remaindre en tielx tres ou tentz ne soient nomez en mesmes les assises, mes q eles soient envs eux tout voidez; et q cest estatuit endurera p deux ans pschein ensuantz, si mesme nre dit f le Roi dem'era p taunt de temps es ditz pties depar dela.²] Purveu auxi q toutz les entrees faitz ou affairez aps le prim jour de cest psent plement, ne soient comprisez en cest ordinaunce; et q nult q ad fait ou ferra autielx entrees aps le dit prim jour de plement ait ascun benefice de mesme lordinaunce.

Item p' ceo q g'unde & grevouse compleint fuist fait a Roi Henri jadis Roi Dengletre pier nre f le Roy qorest a son plement tenuz a Leycestr lan de son regne scde, p les Coes de son plement av ntdit, de divses murdres homicides robories batries assemblees des gentz en g'unde noumbre p man dinsurreccions & de divses aut's rebellions & riotes; & aps tielx mesfaites les ditz felouns & mesfaisours senfurent & retraherent as divses boys & lieux covtez & disconuz & aillours, a lentent & p'pos de voider lexecucion de la cõe ley & qils ne Proient mesnez a respounce solonc pces de la ley: Sur qoy le dit nadgairs Roi, considerant la suisdit compleint p assent des f's espuelx & temporelx en mesme le plement assemblez, avoit ordinez & establiez a la request des ditz Cões, q si ascuny en temps avenir veigne en la Chauncellarie & face compleint duement q ascun tiel felon ou malefaisour come avent est dit sen est fuy & retrahet a ascun tiel lieu ou aillours al entent suisdit, soit sur tiel compleint une bille sufficeantment fait p' le Roy; Et eit le Chaunceller Dengle-Pre p' le temps esteant aps tiel bille a luy lyve, sil poet estre enformez duement tiel bille contener Vite, poair defaire solonc sa discrecion un br de Capias a la suite du Roy, direct al viscont de Countee ou Countees ou les dces murdres homicides robories

1-2 Written on an Erasure on the Roll.

baties & aut's mesfaitz sount supposez p la dite bille estre faitz & ppetrez, retournable en la dite Chauncellarie a cteine jour ; Et si les psones en le dit br contenuz soient prisez p le dit Viscount ou soy reddent en mesme la Chauncellarie, qadonqes soient tielx psones mys en garde ou a maynprise solone la discrecion du Chaunceller; & outre soit maunde denquerer de tielx mesfaitz & sur ceo soit fait come la ley demaunde: Et si le Viscounte retourne a jour de Capias retournable q les psones en icett comprisez p ascun de les causes suisdces ne p'ront estre p luy prisez, ne mesmes les psones ne soi rendent en la dite Chauncellarie, qadonqes face le dit Chaunceller faire bre de pclamacion direct a dit Viscounte, reto'nable en bank le Roi a ctein jour, qil face pclamacion en deux Countees q les psones en le dit br nomez veignent a dit jour en le suisdit Bank p' y respoundre a la matier compriz deinz la dite bille, s' peyne destre convictez de la matier compriz deinz la dite bille; et en chescon tiel br de pclamacion soit contenuz la substance de la matier compriz deins la dite bille; & sils ne veignent a jour de tiel pelamacion reto'ne soient adonges tenuz & adjuggez p' convictez & ateintez come desuis est dit; Et sils veignent a la pelamacion soit de eux enquis & fait en la mane come desuis est dit: Purveu q les suggestions de tielx riotes soient tesmoignez a le Chaunceller Denglerre p tres ensealez desoubz les sealx de deux Justices de pees au meins & le Viscounte del Countee ou tielx riotes serrount, devent ceo q tiel br de Capias soit g'unte; en quelt br de Capias soit [bien '] la matier expsse quele est compriz deins mesme la bille come en le br de pclamacion ent affaire: Et si tiel case aveigne en le counte palatyn de Lancastr ou aillo's en franchise la ou il yad Chaunceller & seal, qadonqes le dit Chaunceller Dengletre face escriver ou envoier p br du Roi, a le Chaunceller de tiel Countee ou fraunchise, tout la suggestion en la dite bille compriz, comaundant a luy defaire tile execucion come en le dit article est compriz; issint tout foitz q br du Roi hors de la Chauncellar Denglerre ne courge en tiel Countee ou franchise autment q nad estee usee en temps passe. Et q la dce ordinaunce estoiseroit en sa force tang, al fin del pschein plement: Nre f' le Roi considerat q divses murdres homicides robories baties assemblees des gentz en g'unde noumbre p man de insurreccions & divses aut's rebellions & riotes ount estee faitz en divses pties du roialme puis la faisance de dit estatuit, nient punisez a cause q le dit estatuit ne tenoit force forsq, a la fin del plement adonqes pscheñ ensuant, ad ordine & establie p auctorite de cest psent plement q la dit jadis estatuit ore soit tenuz & fermement gardez p' estatuit en tout temps avenir ; Sibien de murdres, homicides, robories, baties, assemblees des gentz en g'unde noumbre p man de insurreccions, & de divses aut's rebellions & riotes faitz & ppetrez devant le comencement de cest psent plement, come en temps avenir. Purveu toutz foitz q tesmoigne soit p deux Justices de peas des Countees ou tielx riotes front supposez q coe fame & voice court en mesmes les Countees de icelx riotes devent ceo q le br de Capias Bra agarde.

1 sibn Stat. 2 Hen. V. st. 1. c. 9.

Batteries, and other Offences be supposed by the said Bill to be done and committed, returnable in the said Chancery at a certain Day; and if the Persons specified in the said Writ be taken by the said Sheriff, or yield themselves in the same Chancery, that then such Persons be put in Prison or to Mainprise, according to the Discretion of the Chancellor: And moreover it shall be [commanded '] to inquire of such Offences, and upon that shall be done as the Law requireth: And if the Sheriff return at the Day of the Capias returnable, that the Persons in the same comprised, for any of the same Causes aforesaid, cannot be taken by him, nor the same Persons do yield themselves in the said Chancery, that then the said Chancellor shall cause to be made a Writ of Proclamation, directed to the Sheriff, returnable in the King's Bench at a certain Day, that he make Proclamation in Two [Counties, 1] that the Persons named in the said Writ come at the said Day into the aforesaid Bench, there to answer to the Matter comprised in the said Bill, upon Pain to be convict of the Matter comprised within the said Bill; and in every such Writ of Proclamation shall be contained the Substance of the Matter comprised in the said Bill; and if they come not at the Day of such Proclamation returned, then they shall be holden and adjudged for convict, and attainted as afore is said; and if they come at the Proclamation it shall be inquired of them, and done in the Manner as afore is said: Provided that the Suggestions of such Riots be [signified] to the Chancellor of England by Letters sealed under the Seals of Two Justices of the Peace at the least, and the Sheriff of the County where such Riots shall be, before that such Writ of Capias be granted; in which Writ of Capias the Matter which is comprised within the same Bill shall be as well expressed, as in the Writ of Proclamation thereof to be made: and if such a Case happen in the County Palatine of Lancaster, or elsewhere in [Franchises 1] where there is a Chancellor and a Seal, that then the said Chancellor of England cause to be written or sent by the King's Writ to the Chancellor of such County or Franchise, all the Suggestion in the said Bill comprised, commanding him to make such Execution as in the said Article is comprised; so always that the King's Writ out of the Chancery of England shall not run in such County or Franchise otherwise than hath been used in Time passed; and that the said Ordinance shall stand in his Force till the End of the next Parliament: Our Lord the King considering that divers [other] Murders, Manslaughters, Robberies, Batteries, Assemblies of People in great Number in Manner of Insurrections, and divers other Rebellions and Riots, have been made in divers [Counties 3 of the Realm since the making of the said Statute, not punished, because that the said Statute held no Force but until the End of the Parliament then next following; hath ordained and stablished, by Authority of this present of People in great Number in Manner of Insurrections. and divers other Rebellions and Riots made and committed before the Beginning of this present Parliament, as such Riots shall be supposed, that the common Fame and Voice runneth in the same Counties of the same Capins. Riots, before that the Writ of Capias shall be awarded.

sent MS. Tr. 2.

2 County Courts

4 Franchise

5 Paris

6 late

Parliament, That the said (°) Statute shall now be kept and firmly holden for a Statute for ever; as well of Murders, Manslaughters, Robberies, Batteries, Assemblies in Time to come. Provided always, That it be testified by Two Justices of the Peace of the Counties where

The recited

Riots before

M. 3.

Provision for the County Palatine of Lancaster and other Franchises.

Provided also, That if any such Case happen in the said County Palatine of Lancaster, or elsewhere in a Place enfranchised, where there is a Chancellor and a Seal, that then the said Chancellor of such County or Place enfranchised, for the Time being, after Complaint to him duly made and testified by a Justice, or the Lieutenant of a Justice, and Sheriff of such County Palatine or Place enfranchised, for the Time being, in the Form aforesaid, shall have like Power to award [a Capias and a Writ '] of Proclamation aforesaid, as the said Chancellor of England (') hath.

XV. The Judges may amend Records, in Cases of Misprision of Sheriffs, &c.

ITEM, It is ordained and established, That the King's Justices, before whom any Misprision or Default is or shall be found, be it in any Records and Processes which now be, or shall be, depending before them, as well by Way of Error as otherwise, or in the Returns of the same, made or to be made by Sheriffs, Coroners, Bailiffs of Franchises, or any other, by Misprision of the Clerks of any of the said Courts of the King, or by Misprision of the Sheriffs, Under-Sheriffs, Coroners, their Clerks, or other Officers, Clerks, or other Ministers whatsoever, in writing one Letter or one Syllable too much or too little, shall have Power to amend such Defaults and Misprisions according to their Discretion, and by Examination thereof by the said Justices to be taken where they shall think needful. Provided that this Statute do not extend to Records and Processes in the Parts of Wales; nor to the Processes and Records of Outlawries of Felonies and Treasons, and the Dependencies thereof.

XVI. Escheators shall take no Inquests but by Persons the Sheriffs

intheir proper Counties;

Exception as

in Wales, and

and Treasons.

to Processes

Outlawries

in Felonies

On Penalty of Forty Pounds.

No Lands seised into the King's Hands upon Inquests shall farm until after Inquests returned;

ITEM, To eschew the Dolours, Grievances, and Disherisons, which daily do happen to many of the King's liege People by the Escheators, for that they take Inquests, to inquire before them, as well by virtue of the King's Writs, as of their Offices, favourably and not duly, by People not impanelled nor returned to them by the Sheriffs of the Counties, and more often for their private Gain, and for the Disherison of the King's liege People, than for the Profit of the same our Lord the King; And also for that the Lands and Tenements of many of the King's liege People be seised into the King's Hands upon such Inquests [or 3] let to ferm by the Chancellor or Treasurer, before such Inquests be returned in the Chancery [; our Lord the King hath ordained,4] by the Authority of this present Parliament, that no Escheator or Commissioner take in any wise any Inquest to inquire, but of People returned and impanelled by the Sheriffs in the County within which he is Escheator or Commissioner. And if any Escheator or Commissioner take Inquests of People which be not impanelled nor returned by the Sheriff, as is afore said, and thereof by Examination, or otherwise, at the Suit of the Party, which for himself or for the King, or any other Person [that 5] will sue, be duly convict, for every Inquest so taken that he incur the Pain and Forfeiture of xl. li. to be paid, that is to say, the one Half to the King, and the other Half to the Party grieved, at whose Suit he shall be convict. And that no Lands nor Tenements seised into the Hand of our Lord the King, upon such Inquests taken before the Escheators or Commissioners, be not in any wise let nor granted to ferm by the Chancellor or Treasurer of England, or any other the King's Officer, until the same Inquests and Verdicts be fully returned [in 6] the Chancery,

Purveu auxi q si ascun tiel case aveigne en le dit Countee palatyn de Lacastr, ou aillours en lieu enfraunchise la ou il yad Chaunceller & seal, q adonqs le dit Chaunceller de tiel Countee ou lieu enfraunchise p' le temps esteant, aps compleint a luy duement fait & tesmoigne p Justice ou Lieuten nt de Justice & Viscount de tiel Countee Palatyn ou lieu enfraunchise p' le temps esteant en la forme suisdit, eit semblable poair de agarder Capias & briefs de pclamacion av'ntditz come le dit Chaunceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant ad.

Item ordeigne est & establie q les Justices du Roy dev'nt queux ascune mesprision ou defaute soit ou sra trove, soit il en ascun recordes & pcesses qore sount ou Srount pendantz dev'nt eux, sibn p voie derrour come autement, ou en lez reto'nez dicelles faitz ou affairez p Viscountz Coroners Baillifs des fraunchises ou autres qeconqes, p mesprision des Clerks dascuns des ditz Courtz du Roi ou p mesprision dez Viscountz Soutzviscountz, Coroners, lour Clercs ou aut's Officers, Clercs ou Ministres qconqes, en escrivant un lie ou un silable trop ou trop poie, aient poair damender tielx defautes & mesprisions solone lour discrecion & p examinacion ent p les ditz Justices apndre ou lour semblera bosoignable: Purveu q cest estatut ne se extende as recordes & pcesses es pties de Gales, ne as recordes & pcesses dutlagaries des felonies & tresons & lez dependantz dicelles.

Item p' eschuer lez dolours grevancez & disheretisons q de jour en aut aveignent as plusours lieges nre fr le Roy p les Eschetours, de ceo qils Pignent enquestes denquerrer devant eux, sibn p vtue des briefs nre f' le Roy come de lour office, favourablement & noun duement p gentz nient empanellez ne reto'nez a eux p les Viscountz des Countes, & pluis tost pur lour ppre gayne & p' disheretison des lieges nre f' le Roy q p' pfit mesme nre f' le Roy, Et auxi de ceo q les Pres & tentz des plusours lieges nre f' le Roy sount seisez es mains nre f' le Roy s' tielx enquestes & auts, & lessez p le Chaunceller ou Tresorer a ferme dev'nt ceo q mesmes les enquestes soient retournez en la Chauncellarie nre f' le Roy; est ordine p auctorite de cest psent plement, q nul Eschetour ne Comissioner Pigne ascunement ascun enquest denquerrer sinon des gentz reto'nez & empanellez p le Viscount en le Counte deinz quelt il est Eschetour ou Comissioner. Et si ascun Eschetour [ou Comissioner '] Pigne enquestes des gentz q ne sount mye enpanellez ne reto'nez p le Viscount come desuis est dit, & ent p examinacion ou aulment al suite de ptie q p' luy mesmes ou p' le Roy ou autre psone qconqe voille p'suer soit convict duement, p' chescun enquest ensy priz q encourge la peine & forfaiture de xl fi. apaiers, cestassa? lun moite au Roi & lautre moite au ptie a qi suyte il sra convict. Et q nulles Pres ne tentz seisez es mayns nre f' le Roy, sur enquestes prisez devant les Eschetours ou Comissioners, ne soient ascunement lessez ne g'untez a ferme p le Chaunceller ou Tresorer Denglerre, ou aut Officer nr̃e f' le Roi q̃conq̃ tanq̃ q̃ mesmes les enquestes & vditz soient reto'nez pleinement en la Chauncellar

Interlined on the Roll.

¹ Capias and Writs

³ and other, and MS. Tr. 2.

of our Lord the King; It is ordained

ou en leschequer, mes demoergent toutz tielx Pres & teñtz entierment & continualment es mains nre € le Roy, tang les ditz enquestes & vditz soient reto'nez & p un mois aps mesme le reto'ne, si issint ne soit q celuy ou ceux q sente ou sentent eux grevez p mesmes les enquestes ou oustez de lour Pres ou tentz veignent en la Chauncellarie & soy pferont de t'verser les ditz enquestes & soy offeront de Pndre mesme les Pres & tentz a ferme; Et q si issint fount, q adonqes mesme les tres & tentz soient comiz a eux, sils monstrent bones evidencez pvantz lour t'vers estre verrois solonc la forme de lestatut fait lan [xxxje 1] le Roy E. tiers puis le conquest, a tenir tanqe lissue s' mesme le travers pris soit (1) & discussu p' le Roy ou p' le ptie, trovant sufficiant suerte de suir le dit t'vers ove effect, & de rendre & paier a nre f' le Roy le annuel value des tentz dont le t'vers ensi gra priz, sil soit discusse p' le Roy. Et si ascuns l'es patents des ascuns Pres ou tentz soient faitz au cont'rie a ascun autre psone, ou lessez a ferme deins le dit moys aps le dit mois du reto'ne soient voidez & tenuz p' null. Et q les Eschetours & Comissioners s' peine de farfaiture de xx ti, apaiers cestassavoir lun moite al Roi & lautre moite al ptie a qi suyt il Bra convict, reto'nent en la Chauncellar nre & le Roy ou en leschequer les enquestes dev'nt eux prisez deins un moys pscheyn aps la prise dicelles. Et eyt chescun q voet suyr p' le Roy la suyte en cell ptie. Purveu toutz foitz q cest estatut comence & pigne effect & force en la fest de Pasqe pschein avenir, a durer ppetuelment & nemye devant.

Item come en le temps des nobles pgenitours nre f' le Roy, p' la prospite pfit & bien du Roialme Denglerre & p' la sustentacion de la Ville de Caleys, ordine soit p divs estatuitz & ordinances q lestaple Proit entierment a la dit Ville de Caleys, & en null autre lieu doutre le meer; cestassavoir q toutz lez leins pealx lanutz quirs plumbe & estain, & tout aut's michandises passantz hors du dit Roialme & hors des Pres de Gales & Dirland, deussent entierment passer & repairer al dit estaple & a nutt autre lieu, sur peine de forfaiture dicelles; exceptz tielx mchandises qen les ditz estatuitz & ordinances sont expssez, & forsprisez sicome en icelles est contenuz pluis au plein; les queux estatutz & ordinances lan scde nre f' le Roy gorest feurent approvez affirmes & ordinez p' estre duement executz: Nientmains sibn souz colour des excepcions en les ditz estatuitz & ordinances contenuz, come p colour dez licences p nre dit f' le Roy as divses psones g'untez, g'unde quantite des lains pealx lanuz quirs plumbe & estain, & plusours aut's michandisez, ount estee continuelment de temps en temps & unqure sount mesnez & conveiez hors du Roialme & des ditz Pres de Gales & Dirland, en Flaundres Holand Zeland & Braban & as aut's pties, nient resortantz au dit estaple sicome ils deussent faire; p' queles causes nre dit f' le Roy est defraudes de ces custumes & subsidies q deussent amounter as notables sumes, a son encrese sil ent fuist duement responduz & content; & outre la mynte du Roy a Caleys est semblable destre voide

1 xxxvj Rot. Parl. nu. xxiiij (56.) & Printed Copies.

or [in'] the Exchequer, but all such Lands and Tenements shall intirely and continually remain in the Hands of our Lord the King, until the said Inquests and Verdicts be returned, and by a Month after the same Return, if it be not so that he or they which feel them grieved by the same Inquests, or [putting out 3] of their Lands and Tenements, come into the Chancery, and proffer themselves to traverse the said Inquests, and [then offer 3] to take the same Lands or Tenements to ferm; and if they so do, that then the same Lands or Tenements be committed to them, if they shew good Evidence, proving their Traverse to be true, after the Form of the Statute made the Thirty-sixth Year of King Edward III. after the Conquest, to hold until the Issue taken upon the same Traverse be found and discussed for the King, or for the Party, finding sufficient Surety to pursue the said Traverse with Effect, and to render and pay to our Lord the King the yearly Value of the Lands whereof the Traverse shall be so taken, if it be discussed for the King. And if any Letters Patents All Letters of any of the Lands or Tenements be made to the contrary to any other Person, or let to ferm within the said Month after the said Month of Return, they shall be (4) holden for none. And that the Escheators or Commissioners, upon Pain of the Forfeiture of xx li. to be paid, that is to say, the one Half to the King, and the other Half to the Party at whose Suit he shall be convict, return the Inquests before them taken into the Chancery of our Lord the King, or into the Exchequer, within a Month next after the taking of the same. And every Man which will sue for the King shall have the Suit in this Behalf. Provided always, That this Statute begin and take Effect and Force in the Feast of Easter next coming, and not before, to endure for ever.

ITEM, Whereas in the Time of the King's noble Progenitors, for the Prosperity, Profit, and Wealth of the Realm of England, and for the Sustentation of the Town of Calais, it hath been ordained by divers Statutes and Ordinances, That the Staple should be wholly at the said Town of Calais, and in none other Place beyond the Sea; that is to say, That all the Wools, Woolfels, Leather, Lead, and Tin, and all other Merchandises passing out of the said Realm, and out of the Lands of Wales and Ireland, ought wholly to pass and repair to the said Staple, and to none other Place, upon Pain of the Forfeiture of the same, except such Merchandises, which in the said Statutes and Ordinances be expressed and excepted, as in the same is more fully contained; the which Statutes and Ordinances, the ij. Year of our Sovereign Lord the King, that now is, were approved, affirmed, and ordained duly to be executed: Nevertheless as well under colour of Exceptions in the said Statutes and Ordinances contained, as by colour of Licences granted by our Sovereign Lord the King to divers Persons, a great Quantity of Wools, Woolfels, Leather, Lead and Tin, and many other Merchandises have been continually from Time to Time, and yet be carried and conveyed out of the Realm, and of the said Lands of Wales and Ireland, into Flanders, Holland, Zealand, Brabant, and other Parts, not resorting to the said Staple, as they ought to do; wherefore our Sovereign Lord the King is defrauded of the Customs and Subsidies, which ought to amount to notable Sums to his Increase, if he thereof were duly answered and content; And moreover the King's Mint at Calais is like to be void,

9 put out MS. Tr. 2.

3 offer themselves

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verse the Ina Month, the Lands 36 Edw. 111. chapter 13.

Patents to the contrary void.

Escheators shall return Offices found before them Month.

XVII. concerning

VOL. II.

3 T

No Wools, Woolfels, &c. be exported to any Place except the Staple at Calais;

on Penalty of forfeiting double the Value, and two Years Imprisonment.

Saving for Merchants of Genoa,&c.

and the Burgesses of Berwick.

XVIII. Certain Articles relating to the Staple at Calais confirmed for Three Years; viz.

Enhancing the Price of

Wools, &c.

Payment in ready Money.

Bringing Bullion for Goods.

desolate, and destroyed, and the Commodities also of the Merchandises of the said Realm, for the said Causes, within short Time to be greatly hindered, if Remedy be not provided in this Behalf: Our Sovereign Lord the King considering the Premisses, and willing in this Case to provide a Remedy, of the Advice and Assent aforesaid, by the Authority of the said Parliament, hath ordained, That no Person ship nor do to be shipped from henceforth no Manner Wools, Woolfels, Leather, Lead, [and '] Tin whole nor shotten, nor the same carry nor convey out of any Parts of the said Realm, nor out of the Lands of Wales nor Ireland, to none other Parts beyond the Sea, but only to the said Staple of Calais; upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Double Value of the Merchandise so carried or conveyed to any other Parts than to the said Staple of Calais, and also upon Pain of Imprisonment of his Body for the Space of Two Years, without Bail or Mainprise. And he which can spy any Person from henceforth, which [offending or doing 3 in any wise contrary to this Ordinance, and the same Offence do present to the Treasurer of England for the Time being, [and the Trespasser thereof duly convict,3] or if such Trespasser confess before the Treasurer and the Barons of the Exchequer such Trespasses by him done, that then he shall be convict by his own Confession; and the Presenter shall have for his Labour the Third Part of the Forfeiture of the Merchandises carried or conveyed against this Ordinance. Saving always that the Merchants of Genoa, Venice, Tuscany, Lombardy, Florence, and Catalonia, may ship Wools, Woolfels, Leather, Lead, and Tin in their Ships, Gallies, Carraks, and other Vessels, and [to bring 1] the same into their [Country 5] towards the West, in Manner accustomed before this Time: Saving also to the Burgesses of the Town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, the Privileges and Benefits to them before this Time granted, as in divers Statutes thereof made is fully contained, notwithstanding this Ordinance.

ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King, considering certain Articles ensuing, to be conceived and desired, as well for the Profit and Wealth of him and his Realm universal, as for the good Politick Governance and Supportation of [the Staple of 6] Calais, by Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and also of the Commons being in this present Parliament, by Authority of the same, hath granted the same Articles to be kept and observed, to begin at the Feast of the Purification of our Lady, next after the beginning of the said Parliament, until the Feast of the Annunciation of our Lady then next following, and from the same Feast of the Annunciation to endure till the End of Three Years then next following after the Form following; that is to say:

First, That the Ordinance and Appointment of late made [to⁷] the said Staple of Calais, upon Wools, Woolfels, and Tin, be surely kept and observed in all these Five Points following; that is to say, That the Price of the said Wools, Woolfels, and Tin, be not abated, but augmented and put to greater Increase and Advantage.

Item, That the whole Payment be made in Hand for the said Wools, Woolfels, and Tin, in Gold and Silver without Subtilty or Collusion.

Item, That the Bullion be brought to the Mint [to 8] Calais; that is to say, for every Sarpler of Wools, whereof

6 his Staple at
7 in
8 at

Rot. Parl. nu. xxviij (60.)

desolate & destruyt & auxi les comodites des michandises du dit Roialme p' lez ditz causes deins brief temps p' estre g'undement amenusez, si remedie ne soit p'veu celle ptie: Nre f' le Roi considerant lez Pmissez & voillant en ceo cas p'voier de remedie, de ladvis & assent suisditz p auctorite du dit plement ad ordine, q nulle psone eskippe ne face eskipper desore enev'nt nutt man des lains pealx lanuz quirs plumbe ne estain entier ne founduz, ne ycelles mesne ne conveie hors de nulles pties du dit Roialme, ne hors des tres de Gales ne Dirland, a nulles aut's psones doutre le meer mes soulement a le dit estaple a Caleys; s' peine de forfaiture del double value de les michandisez ensy mesnez ou conveies as ascuns autres pties q a la dit estaple a Caleys, & auxi s' peine demprisonement de son corps p lespace de deux ans saunz baille ou mainpris. Et celuy q sciet espier ascun psone de cy enavent q offende ou face ascunement le cont'rie dicele ordinance, & mesme loffense psente au Tresorer Dengletre p le temps esteant, (') [ou 2] si tiel t'spasour confesse dev'nt le Tresorer & Barones de lescheqer autielx Espassez p luy faitz, qadonqes soit il convict p sa ppre confession, & ait le psento' p son labour la tierce ptie del forfaiture de les marchaundises amesnez ou conveiez encountre cest ordinance. Salvant toutz foitz q lez Marchauntz de Janue Venice Tuskan Lumbardie Florence & Catheloigne puissent eskipper lains pealx lanutz quirs plumbe & estain en lo' niefs galeys carrakes & autres vessalx & icelles amesner en lour paiis Vs le West en man accustume devent ces heures: Savant auxi a lez Burgeis del Vile de Berewyk s' Twede les privileges & benefices a eux dev'nt ces hoeures g'untez, sicome en divs estatuitz ent faitz il est plenement contenuz cest ordinance nient contristeant.

Item nre f' le Roy considerant cteins articles ensuant estre conceux & desirez, sibn p' la pspite & bien de luy & de son Roialme univsett come p' le bone pollitique govnance & supportacion de son estaple a Caleys, p advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & auxi des Cões esteantz en cest plement p auctorite dicett ad g'unte mesmes lez articles destre gardez & observez, a comencer al fest del Purificacion de nre Dame pschein ap's le comencement du dit plement, jesq al fest del Annunciacion de nre Dame adonqes pschein ensuant, et de mesme le fest de Annunciacion adurer tanq al fyn del trois ans alors pschein ensuantz solonc la forme qensuyt:

En primes q lordinance & appointement jatarde fait en la dée estaple a Caleis sur lez lains pealx lanutz & estain, soient justement gardez & observez en toutz cestes cynk pointz ensuantz; Cestassavoir q la prise des ditz lains pealx lanutz & estain ne soit abatuz mes augmentez & mys au greindre encrese & av*ntage.

Item q lentier paiement soit fait en main p' les ditz lains pealx lanutz & estain en ore & argent, saunz ascun subtilite ou collusion.

Item q la Bullion soit porte a le mynte a Caleys, cestassavoir p' chescun Sarplere des lains de quell le

nor
2 offende or doth Rot. Parl. nu. xxvij (59.)
3 See Rot. Parl. nu. xxvij (59.)
4 carry
5 Countrie

^{1 &}amp; le trespassour ent duement convict, Old Printed Copies.

² Interlined on the Roll.

poys de Sakke est venduz p' xij m'rs vj ti x m'rs v ti viij m'rs iii ti. & de les pealx lanutz solonc lafferant p' estre forgez en le coigne du Roy.

Item q chescun home qi vende ou face vender ascuns lains ou pealx lanutz, a la dite estaple a Caleys, face loial & egatt pticion del money de icett ovesq eux qi ount lains ou pealx lanutz de mesme le pais dount ces lains ou pealx sount, & ovesq qeux il est adjoyne & associez de faire pticion saunz fraude ou male engine.

Item q a tout temps les Marchauntz vendours facent acquitances a les michauntz achatours, p' estre enseales desoutz le seal a ceo ordinez deins lestaple suisdit; a lentent q null mchaunt vendour nappstera derere a null michaunt nutt man de money p luy resceu des lains ne des pealx, mes q mesme la moneie puisse estre apportez deins le Roialme saunz subtilite ou fraude.

Item p' taunt q sovent foitz plusours mariners estraunges, des divs pties de Flaundres Holand Zeland & Braban, en divs portes & crikes du roialme Pignent en lour niefs & vessealx lains pealx lanutz & aut's mchaundisez de lestaple, lez queux sount trussez en toneux pipes barelles sakkes fardelles & autment, & icelles privement muschent & concelent en lour vessalx, desoubz le bois frument aveyns secole & en aut man, & ensi les carient as divs pties doutre le meer, a gaunde Pjudice du Roy en amenusant ses custumes & subsidies. a damage de toutz lez subgitz de son roialme; Nre f' le Roy voillant eschuer lez ditz Pjudices & encountre tielx subtilities p'voier de remedie, ad ordeigne p auctorite suisdit q nult marin estraunger, ne nult aut marin [qest'] ensemblement possessour & maistre dascun nief ou vessett, ne Pigne ne resceive dedeins Engletre Gales ne Irland en son nief ou vessett, nutt mans des leins pealx lanutz nautre mchaundise de lestaple, ne ycelles amesne hors du Roialme as ascuns autres pties doutre le meer mes soulement a lestaple de Caleys; Salvant tielx qi p lordinaunce faite passeront outre les estroites de Marrok; & ceo s' peine de forfaiture au Roi sibn de tielx niefs & biens ensi trovez defectifs, come dez biens dez ditz marins en mesmes les niefs ou vesselx esteantz. Et q le Mair de lestaple p' le tem psesteant ait poair & auctorite de faire due serche en cett ptie; & lez niefs biens & marins, si ascuns ent soient trovez defectifs, p' estre Psentz & delivez au counseil du Roi en Engletre, p juste relacion ent affaire p le dit Mair ou son depute, luy aiant p' son regard la tierce ptie des forfaitures p luy psentz & pvez en man suisdit.

Item p' ceo q nie f' le Roy est enformez q cteins psones, continuelment enhabitantz en la Vile de Caleys ove mch'untz aliens de lo' affinite & consent, p' lour singuler lucre ymaginent p subtielx mesnes damenuser la price del comodite de ceste Roialme, lez queux dev'nt cez heures ount estez & unqore sount g'undement usez; en t'unt q q'unt les mchauntz aliens deussent avoir reparez au dit Ville p' lains & pealx lanutz achater, ils ount este reto'nez & retehez p my lez ditz [enhibitantz,'] issint q lez poves homes ount este

the Weight of the Sack is sold for xij. Marks, Six Pounds, x. Marks, v. li. viij. Marks, iv. li. And (') the Woolfells after the Rate, to be forged [in'] the King's Coin.

Item, That every Man that shall sell or do to be sold Dividing any Wools or Woolfels at the Staple of Calais, shall make a lawful and equal Partition of the Money of the same, with them which have the Wools or Woolfels of the same Country from whence [the 1] Wools or Woolfels be, and with whom he is joined and associate to make Partition, without Fraud or Mal-engine.

And also that at all Times the Merchants Sellers shall make Acquittances to the Merchants Buyers, to be sealed under the Seal to that ordained within the said Staple; to the Intent that no Merchant Seller shall [from henceforth lend any Manner of Money to any Merchant by him 1] received of the Wools or Fells, but that the same Money may be brought within the Realm without Subtilty or Fraud.

ITEM, For as much as oftentimes divers Mariners Strangers of divers Parts of Flanders, Holland, Zealand, and Brabant, in divers Ports and Creeks of the Realm, take [in 3] their Ships and Vessels, Wools, Woolfels, and other Merchandises of the Staple, which be trussed in Tuns, Pipes, Barrels, Sacks, Fardels and otherwise, and the same privily [do put and conceal 6] in their Vessels underneath Wood, Wheat, Oats, [Rye,7] and in other Manner, and so carry them into divers Parts beyond the Sea, to the King's great Prejudice in diminishing of his Customs and Subsidies, and to the Damage of all the liege People of his Realm; Our Sovereign Lord the King willing to eschew the said Prejudices, and against such Subtilties to provide Remedy, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, that no Mariner Stranger nor other Mariner that is [likewise Owner and Master of one 8 Ship or Vessel, shall take nor receive within England, Wales, nor Ireland, in his Ship or Vessel any Manner of Wools, Woolfels, nor other Merchandises of the Staple, nor carry the same out of the Realm to any (9) Parts beyond the Sea, but only to the Staple of Calais; Except such which by the Ordinance made, shall pass [over "] the Streights of Marrok; and that upon Pain of Forfeiture to the King (") of such Ships and Goods so found defective, as of the Goods of the said Mariners, being in the same Ships or Vessels. And that the Mayor of the Staple for the time being, shall have Power and Authority to make due Search in this Part; and the Ships, Goods, and Mariners, if they be thereof found defective, for to be presented and delivered to the King's Council in England, by just Relation thereof to be made by the said Mayor or his Deputy, he having for his Reward the Third Part of the Forfeitures by him presented and [taken "] in the Manner aforesaid.

ITEM, For as much as the King is informed, that certain Persons continually inhabiting in the Town of Calais, with Merchants Aliens of their Affinity and Consent, for their singular Lucre, do imagine by subtil Means to diminish the Price of the Commodities of this Realm, which heretofore have been and yet be greatly used; in so much that when the Merchants Aliens ought to have repaired to the said Town to buy Wools and Woolfels, they have been returned and withdrawn by the said Inhabitants, so that the Poor Men have been

among the

Acquittances of the Staple.

XIX. No foreign Ship Owner shall export any Staple Merchandises elsewhere than to Calais;

on Penalty of the Ship and Goods.

XX. Merchants dwelling at Calais shall not buy any Merchandises of the Staple

^{&#}x27; Interlined on the Roll.

erroneously for enhabitantz.

of into his Rot. Parl. nu. xxviij. (60.) money of him 8 hyde 7 Seecole s into both Possessour and Maister of any Rot. Parl. 10 beyonde 9 other nu. 61. 12 proved 11 as well

[let to sell'] their Goods, and for great Mischief they must of Necessity sell their Goods to the said Inhabitants of Calais, which will not buy the same but greatly within their Price, to the great Hurt and Hinderance of the Sellers, and Abatement of the Price of the said Commodities: the same our Sovereign Lord the King, willing thereupon to provide Remedy, for his Profit and the Avail of his Realm, hath ordained by the said Authority, That from henceforth no Merchant continually inhabiting within the said Town of Calais, shall be suffered to buy beyond the Sea, any Manner of Wools, Woolfels, Leather, Lead, nor Tin, nor other Merchandise pertaining to the Staple, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same, as often as it may be proved.

XXI.
All Licences
to Men of
Newcastle
and Berwick
to export
any Staple
Merchandises
elsewhere
than to Calais
repealed.

ITEM, For as much as a great Noise runneth among Men of Newcastle and Berwick, that if they should bring their Wools to the Staple [of 1] Calais, they should be undone and destroyed, where the contrary is Truth, and may be proved, as the King is informed, for the Mayor of the Staple and his Companions, will give to the said Men of Newcastle and Berwick, for the Quantity of their Wools and Woolfels, [likewise3] as the King one Year with another hath been answered of the Custom and Subsidy of the same, and as much as they have been sold for in Flanders, or in other Places where they do repair, to be paid at reasonable Terms in Gold and Silver to be brought into this Realm, where not one Penny cometh by them now; the same our Sovereign Lord the King, considering that by the Licences of the said Men of Newcastle and Berwick, great Hindrance cometh to him of his Customs and Subsidies, and Abatement of the Price of the Commodity of the Realm, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, that their said Licences shall be repealed: And if any, of evil will, sell or carry any Wools or Woolfels, Leather, Lead, or any other Merchandise of the Staple in Defraud of the King, or Hindrance of the Commodity of his Realm, into Scotland, that he shall forfeit the same Goods with the Double Value, and his Body to Prison by the Space of a Year.

XXII. None shall force, clack, or beard Wools.

Penalty on carrying

same into

Scotland.

Deceits in the winding of Wools forbidden.

XXIII. No Thrums of Woollen Yarn shall be exported.

ITEM, For as much as great Hinderance cometh to the King in his Customs and Subsidies by them that do clack and force the good Wools of the Realm, to carry them out of the same into strange Countries; It is ordained, That no Stranger shall cause to be forced, clacked, nor bearded, any Manner of Wools, to carry them out of the Realm, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Wools, with the Double Value of the same, and of Imprisonment of his Body. And that no Woolpacker shall make within the Realm, but good and due Packing; and that no Man make any Inwinding within the Fleece of Wools at the rolling up of his Wools, nor put in the same Locks, [Pelt Wool, Tar, Stones, 1] Sand, Earth, Grass, [nor any Dirt; 5] and if any do, he that feeleth him grieved shall have his Action at the Common Law, of Trespass and Deceit.

ITEM, Because the Weavers within this Realm be and heretofore have been accustomed, [that] when they (°) wrought a Cloth [near'] the End, to cut away for their private Profit the Thread which is left unwoven, and call the same, Thrums, [and to the great Deceit of the Owners of the same Cloths, they⁸] sell the same Thrums to such Persons which carry them into Flanders and other [Places,⁹] though the King have thereof no Profit of Customs

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5 like Rot. Parl. nu. 63.

* pellewolle terre stone Rot. Parl. nu. 64.

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MA tone more anoth

7 almost to Rot. Parl. nu. 65.

to the great Deceit of the Owners of the same Cloths, and straunge Cuntrees as gode michandises Rot. Parl. nu. 65.

lassez de lo' biens, & p' g'und meschief lo' coviendroit de necessite vendre lour biens as ditz enhitantz de Caleys, lez queux ne voillent icelles achater sinoun g'undement deins lour price, a g'und arerissement des vendo's & amenusment del price del comodite av'ntdit: Mesme nre f' le Roy voillant s' ceo p'veier de remedie, p' la pfit de luy & la vaile de son roialme ad ordeigne p la dit auctorite, q' desore enav'nt nutt mchaunt continuelment enhitant deins la de Ville de Caleys soit suffrez dachater depardela la mere nutt man des lains pealx lanuz quirs plumbe nestain ne nutt aut mchandise apteignant a lestaple sur peine de forfaiture dicett atant de foitz come il poet estre pvez.

Item p' taunt q g'unt noise court p mye les homes de Novechastell & Berwyk, q sils amesneroient lour lains a lestaple a Caleys ils sroient anientisez & destrutz, la ou la cont'rie est vrai & poet estre pvez a ceo q le Roy est enformez, qar le Mair de lestaple & son Compaignouns voillent doner as ditz homes de Neuchastell & Beriwyk, p' la quantite de lour lains & pealx lanuz, semblablement come le Roy un an ovec un aut ad este responduz del custume & subsidie dicell, & a tant come ils ount este venduz en Flaundres ou en auts lieux ou ils repairent, p' estre paiez as resonables times en or & argent p' estre amesnez en cest Roialme, la ou nutt dener vient p eux a psent; Mesme nre f' le Roi, considerant [q'] p my les licences des ditz homes de Neuchastell & Berwyk g'und arrerisment avient a luy de sez custumes & subsidies, & amesnusement del price del comodite du Roialme, ad ordeigne p auctoritate suisdit q lez ditz licences soient repellez: Et si ascuny de male voloir vende [ou carie 1] ascuns lains pealx lanutz quirs plumbe ou ascun aut michandise de lestaple, en defraude du Roy ou arerisment del comodite de son Roialme, en Escoce, qil forfaite mesmes lez biens ovec le double value & son corps au prison p lespace dun an.

Item p' ceo q̃ g*unt arerisment aveigne au Roy de sez custumes & subsidies, p ceux qi clakkent & forcent les bones lains du roialme p' eux carier dehors dicett en estraunges paiis, ordinez [est¹] q̃ nutt estraunger [ne⁴] face forcer clakker ne barder nutt man des leins p' carier hors du Roialme, s' peine de forfaiture de mesmes lez lains ovesq̃ le double value dicett & demprisonement de son corps. Et q̃ nutt pakkur dez lains ne face deins le dit Roialme forsq, bone & due pakkure; Ne qe nully face nutt Inwynde deins la tesone des lains a lenrollement de ses lains, ne mette en icett lokkes pelwoll tarre peers sablon re ne herbe, ne nutt autre orde'; et qiq, le face eit la partie qe se sente greve envers luy sa accion a la cõe ley de trespas & deceit.

Itm p' taunt q les textours deins le roialme sount & devant ces heours ount estez accustumez, quut ils ount ovez un drap on p's le fin, de trencher a part a lour singuler avantage les files q dem'ont nient texez & les appellent thromes, a gunde deceit de ceux as queux les ditz draps sount & mesmes les thromes vendont a tielx psones que icelles amesnent en Flaundres & autres estaunges paiis come bone inchaundise, tut soit q nre f' le Roi ent nad null pfit de custume

1234 Interlined on the Roll.

M. 2.



ne subsidee; qar desoubz le colour de tielx thromes divses psones sibn estaungiers come deinszeins engrocent & coillent es divses parties du dit Roialme g'unde q'ntite des files des fines lains appellez Wollenyarn, & icelles amesnent es dces est'unges parties & ent facent bones draps, ency q desoubz cest subtile colour nre f' le Roi est chun an g'undement defraudez de sez custumes & subsidees, q a luy devoient sourder sils feussent pleinement oevez deinz le dit roialme, ou autrement sils ne feurent oevez, mes en lains amesnez a lestaple de Caleis: pur goy ordinez est q nutt home ne carie ne amesne hors du Roialme nutt man des Thromes ne files des lains appellez Wollenyarn desoubz colour de Thromes sur paine de forfaiture de la duble value dicett.

Item p' ceo q les mchantz aliens jatarde ount prise en custume, q q'unt ils vendont ascun de lour mchandises a ascun psone deins le Roialme, ils ne voillent demaunder ne receiver pur ascun paiement pur icett null man dargent sicome ils soloient faire, mes soulmet or nobles dimi nobles & ferlyng, les queux de temps en temps ils amesnent hors du roialme en autres est'unges paiis, lou ils sount chaungiez a lour encrece & forgez en autres coignes, ensy qils gaignent en lallaie de chun noble xx d. encontre le tenure des estatutz ent faitz a gaunde Pjudice du Roi & de son roialme univsell: Nre dit f' le Roi en ceo cas voillant purvoier de remedie ad ordine, q nult marchant alien ne ferra arter ne lier ascun des lieges du Roi, p pact coven nt ne lige, de luy fair paiement en or p' nutt mane de dette qi a luy poet estre due, ne refuse de receiver paiement en argent pur ascun man de tiel duete ou dette sur peyn de double value dicett. Et auxi pur escheuer le gaunde pde q divs psones de cest roialme ount euz & sont semblabez davoir, p lour appestz faitz de lour michandises as michantz aliens qount enfuez ovec icelles & de jour en autre pignent sanctuaries, ordinez est q nult Englois ne vende deinz cest roialme ne face vendre de cest jour en avant a nutt Marchant alien, nutt man de mchandises mes soulement p' pst paiement en moneye ou autrement en mchandises p' mchandises, p' estre paiez & content en main sur peyīi de forfaiture dicett.

Item p' cteins Esgundes & notables causes loneur de nre f' le Roy & le coe bien de tout son roialme Dengletre concnentz, ordinez est p auctorite de cest parlement, q le Mair de lestaple de Caleis gorest estoise en son office de Mair de mesme lestaple jesq a le fest de nre Dame pschein avenir, & del dit fest jesq au fyn de deux ans alors pscheins ensuantz pleinement accompliez; ascun statut ou ordinance au contrarie fait nient contristeant.

Item ordinez est p auctorite defdee qen toutz briefs dassises & daccions psonelx suez ou a suers dev'nt le Roi en son bank, Justices de cõe Bank ou aut's Justices le Roi qiconqe p' le temps esteantz, dascuns tres tentz ou auts choses esteant ou surd'unt deinz ascuns f'ie f'unchise ou auncien demesne, dount la Conisance

nor Subsidy; for under the colour of such Thrums divers Persons, as well Strangers as Denizens, do ingross and gather in divers Parts of the said Realm, great Quantity of [Woollen Thread '] called Woollen Yarn, and the same do carry to the said strange Parts, and thereof make good Cloths; so that under this subtil Colour the King is yearly greatly defrauded of his Customs and Subsidies, which ought to rise to him. if they were fully wrought within the said Realm, or else if they were not wrought, but in Wools brought to the Staple of Calais: Wherefore It is ordained, That no Man shall carry or convey out of the [said] Realm any Manner of Thrums, [or 1] Woollen Yarn under Colour of Thrums, upon Pain to forfeit the double Value of the same.

ITEM, For that Merchants Aliens of late have taken in Custom, that when they sell any of their Merchandises to any Person within the Realm, they will not demand nor receive for any Payment for the same any Manner of Silver, as they were wont, but only Gold, Nobles, Half Nobles, and Farthings, which from Time to Time they do carry out of the Realm into other strange Countries, where they be changed, to their Increase, and forged [in 3] other Coins, so that they gain in the Allay of every Noble Twenty-pence, against the Tenour of the Statutes thereof made, and to the great Prejudice of [this 4] whole Realm: Our (5) Lord the King willing in this Case to provide Remedy, hath ordained, That no Merchant Alien shall constrain nor bind any of the King's liege People by Promise, Covenant, or Bond, to make him Payment in Gold for any Manner of Debt which to him may be due, nor refuse to receive Payment in Silver for any Manner of such Duty or Debt, upon the Pain of the Double Value of the same. And also to eschew the great Losses which divers Persons of this Realm of England have had, and also be likely to have, [for o] their Loans made of their Merchandises to Merchants Aliens, which have [fled 7] with the same, and daily take Sanctuaries, It is ordained, That no Englishman shall sell within this Realm, or cause to be sold hereafter, to any Merchant Alien, any Manner of Merchandises, but only for [ready Payment in Hand,87 or else in Merchandises for Merchandises, to be paid and contented in Hand, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same.

ITEM, For certain great and notable Causes concerning the Honour of our Sovereign Lord the King, and the common weal of all his Realm (9); It is Ordained by Authority of this Parliament, That the Mayor of the Staple of Calais, which now is, shall stand in his Office of Mayor of the same Staple, till the Feast of our Lady next ensuing, and from the said Feast till the End of Two Years then next following fully be fulfilled, notwithstanding any Statute or Ordinance made to the contrary.

ITEM, It is ordained by Authority aforesaid, That in all Writs of Assises, and of Actions personal, sued or to be sued before the King in his Bench, Justices of the Common Place, or any other the King's Justices for the Time being, of any Lands or Tenements, or [of any Thing 10] being and rising within any Seignory, Franchise, or antient Demesne, whereof the Cognizance

the Threads of fine Wools 2 nor threads of Wool called

into Rot. Parl. nu. xxxv. (66.)

4 the King, and his 7 stollen away Rot. Parl. nu. xxxv. (66.)

redy money Rot. Parl. nu. xxxv. (66.)

9 of England

6 by

10 other things

XXIV. Foreign Mer-chants shall not compel refuse Silver.

Englishmen their Goods to Alien Merchants, but Goods.

XXV. The present Mayor of the in Office.

XXVI. In Writs of Assise and Personal Actions for Lands or Matters Franchises,

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if Defendant make Default to oust the Lords, &c. of Franchises of their Jurisdiction, the Writ shall abate.

or Jurisdiction ought to pertain to any Lords, Mayors, Bailiffs, Citizens, Burgesses, or Commonalty of such Seignories, Franchises, or antient Demesne, that then if any Defendant in any such Assise, or other Actions personal, make any Default, to put out, exclude, [and expel] the aforesaid Lords, Mayors, Bailiffs, Citizens, Burgesses, or Commonalty of their Cognizance or Franchise, that the Justices, at the Request of the said Lords, Mayors, Bailiffs, Citizens, Burgesses, or Commonalty, shall make Inquiry by the Assise, where such Exception is alledged in Assises, and in Actions personals by Inquests to be taken before the Justices, if such Defaults shall be made as afore is said, or not; In which Assise and Inquest so to be taken, as well the Plaintiffs as the Lords, Mayors, Bailiffs, Citizens, Burgesses, and Commonalty may have their Challenge; And if it be found by such Assises or Inquests so to be taken, that such Defaults shall be made by Collusion, to put out and exclude the said Lords, Mayors, Bailiffs, Citizens, Burgesses, or Commonalty of their Franchises, Liberties, Cognizances, or Jurisdiction, that in such Cases the said Writs shall be abated, and the Plaintiffs shall be in the King's Mercy; by Consideration that it is ordained by the Statute made 9 H.IV. c.5. the Ninth Year of the Reign of King Henry, Grandfather to our Lord the King, That if any Mayor, Bailiff, Commonalty, or Lord of antient Demesne be named in Writs of Assises by Collusion, to put them out of their Cognizance or Jurisdiction in this Behalf, that the Justices first shall inquire by the Assise of the Country, of such Collusion, if the said Lords, Mayors, Bailiffs, or Commonalty the same require; and if it be found by such Inquisition, that they be so named by Collusion, that then the Writ shall abate.

XXVII. Robberiesand Injuries on the Severn, by Rovers of the Forest of Dean, and Hundreds of Bledislow and Wesbury, against the Goods and Ships of the People of Tewkesbury, and others.

ITEM, Forasmuch as the Commons of the Realm [of England,] being in [the same '] Parliament, at the Instance [and especial Request] of the faithful liege People of [our Sovereign Lord] the King, the Bailiffs, Burgesses, and Commonalty of the Town of Tewkesbury, within the County of Gloucester, have made to our Sovereign Lord the King a very grievous Complaint in the same Parliament; That whereas the said Town of Tewkesbury is adjoining to the River of Severn, within the said County [of Gloucester,] which River is common to all the liege People of our Sovereign Lord the King, to carry (2) and bring within the Stream of the said River in Boats, Trowes, and otherwise, all Manner of Merchandise and other Goods and Chattels, to Bristol and to every Part adjoining to the same River, in which River divers Persons of the said Town of Tewkesbury oftentimes and now of late have charged their proper Vessels and Trowes with Wheat, [Rye,3] and other Corn and Goods, to the Value of Five hundred Pounds, and [so] the same Vessels and Trowes so charged, have conveyed in the same River towards the said Town of Bristol by the Coasts of the Forest of Dean, within the said County [of Gloucester,] joining to the said River; there have [commonly 1] great Multitude of People, and Routs of the Commons of the same Forest, and of the Hundreds of Bledislow and Wesbury, with great Riot and Force in Manner of War, as Enemies of a strange Land, and with Force have spoiled the same Persons of the said Vessels, and taken of them all their Corn and Goods within the same Vessels, and the same Persons have menaced and threatened to put to Death, if they made any Resistance, or any Suit, Quarrel, or

this Malt recarye Rot. Parl. nu. 30. Malt Rot. Parl. nu. 30.

ou Jurisdiccion doit apteigner as ascuns f's Mairs Baillifs Citezeins Burgeys ou Coalte de tielx f'e f'unchise ou auncien demene q adonqes si ascun defendant en ascun tiel assise ou [auts'] accons psonelx face defaute, pur oustier & excluder les ditz f's Mairs Baillifs Citezeins Burgeys ou Coalte de lour f'unchise ou conusance q les Justices al request dez ditz f's Mairs Baillifs Citezeins Burgeys ou Coalte facent enquerer p lass ou tiel excepcion est alegge en assise & en accons psonelx p enquestz appendre devent les Justices si tielx defautes soient faitz come desuis est dit ou nemye; en qeulx ass & enquest issint appondre sibn les pleintifs come les f's Mairs Baillifs Citezeins Burgeys & Coalte p'ront av lo' chalaunge; Et si trove soit p tielx ass ou enquestes issint appndres qe tielx defautes soient faitz p collusion p' oustier & excluder les ditz f's Mairs Baillifs Citezeins Burgeys ou Coalte de lour f'unchise libtees conusances ou jurisdiccion, q en tielx cases les ditz briefs soient abatuz & lez Pleintifs soient en la mcy le Roy; p consideracion qil est ordine p lestatuit fait lan du reigne le Roi Henry Aiel nr̃e f le Roi, ixme q̃ si ascun Mair Baillif Coalte ou f' dauncien demene soit nome en briefs dass p collusion, pr eux oustier de lour conusance ou jurisdiccion en cell partie, qe les Justices primes enquergent p lass du paiis de tiel collusion si les ditz f's Mairs Baillifs ou Coaltee le demandent; Et si trove soit p tiel Inquisicion qils soient issint nomez p collusion qadonqes le brief abatera.

Item p' ceo qe les Cões du roialme esteantz en cest parlement, al instance des foialx lieges du Roi les Baillifs Burgeys & la Coalte de la Ville de Teukesbury deinz le Counte de Glouc, ount fait a nre f' le Roi tresgrevous compleint en mesme le parlement, qe la ou la dce Ville est adjoynant a le ryver de Siverne deinz le dit Countee, quel Ryver est coe a tout le poeple nre dit f' le Roy p' carier recarier & amesner deins le streme du dit Ryver en batelx trowes & autrement tout man de marchandise & aut's biens & chateux a Bristowe & a chun partie adjoynant a mesme le Ryver, en quel Ryver divses psones du dit ville de Teukesbury sovent & ore tarde ount chargez lour ppres vessealx & trowes ovec frument brees & autres blees & biens a le value de v C ti. & mesmes les vesselx & trowes ensy chargez ount conveiez en mesme le Ryver vs la dce vitte de Bristowe p les costes del forest de Dene deins le dit Countee adjoynant au dit Ryver, la ount venuz gaunde multitude du poeple & routes des Cões de mesme la forest & des hundredes de Bledeslowe & Wesebury, ove g'unde riote & force en man de guerre sicome enemys destrange Pre, & ove force ount dispoillez mesmes les psones des ditz vesselx & priz de eux toutz lour blees & biens deinz mesmes les vesselx, & icelles psones ount manassez destre mortz sils fesoient ascun resistence ou ascun suite ou querele p' icelt, a g'unde

1 Interlined on the Roll.

anientissement & empovissement dez ditz psones & oppssion de tout la paiis la adjoynant; et depuis mesme nre f' le Roi p advys de son counseitt envoia sez tres de prive seal, directz as divses psones du dit forest, de faire pclamacion q nutt home du dit forest sroit sy hardy de destourber en nuff man son poeple p' passer p le dit Ryver ove toutz mans des blees biens & chateux ne null autre man de nichandise, sur peyn de treson; Aps quelt pelamacion faite lez ditz rspassours venoient au dit Ryver ove greindres routes & riotes q unqes ils firent pdev'nt, ne faisantz point des dces tres de prive seal, & la dispoilerount as divses foitz viij trowes de frument blees floure & autres divses bins, & les gentz de mesmes les trowes jetteroient outre borde & divs de eux neierent, & les hausters des ditz trowes decouperent, & les possessours des ditz biens & auxi les gentz dez ditz trowes manasserent qils ne Proient sy hardy p' carier nult man de vitaill pmy le dit streme desuis ou debas p' f' ne p' Dame, et qils voudroient tout de trencher les ditz batelx sils venoient autfoitz p les costes du dit foreste; p' quett riote & rebellion nuft pson de dit ville de Teukesbury ne de paiis adjoynant nose carier blees ne autres biens en le dit ryver, ne p'suier p' remedie avoir pur tielx oppssions & grevez a eux faitz, p' taunt qe les ditz forest & hundredes sount paiis bien large & de raungeous poeple & biens ps adjoignantz a Gales, & toutz lez Cões de mesme les forest & hundredes dun affinite [en '] malice & riote, ne faisantz point de la ley ne de les Officers & Ministres dicelt, ne chargeantz les pcesse ne reddure de la ley de tre, en taunt gils ne voillent obeier forsq a lour ppre volunte null Ministre de la ley, ne execucion dicelt; ne les Officers ne Ministres de la ley de dit Countee nosent en ascun man venir en la dce forest p' executier ascun matier ou pcesse du ley, encountre la volunte & entent des Cões dez forest & hundredes av'ntditz : Nre dit fr le Roi considerant les ditz mischiefs & les inconveniences qi sount semblablez de suier s' icelles, & s' ceo voillant resister la malice de tielx trespassours, & p' sez foialx lieges ensy grevez purvoir de hastif & covenable remedie en cett ptie, del advys & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx en cest parlement esteantz & a lespecial request des dces Coes, ad ordine p auctoritee de mesme le parlement qen chun tiel cas a venir, ou deinz cest an darrein passe eu ou cheie, le Viscount du dit Countee ou les Baillifs de la ville de Gloucestre p' le temps esteantz ou un de eux, sur peine de forfaiture de xx ti. p' estre levez de lour [tres '] biens & chateux al oeps du Roy, face pelamacion au dee ville de Gloucestr deins quatre jours pscheins aps la notificación faite a eux ou a ascun de eux p les psones ensy

Complaint for the same, to the great Hindrance, Loss, and Impoverishment of the said Persons, and Oppression of all the Country there adjoining; and afterward the same our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice Fand Assent] of his Council, sent his Letters of Privy Seal, directed to divers Persons of the said Forest, to make open Proclamation that no Man of the said Forest should be so hardy to inquiet or disturb his People to pass by the (') River with all Manner of Corn, Goods, and Chattels, or any other Merchandise, upon the Pain of Treason; after which Proclamation so made, the said Trespassers came to the said River with more greater Routs and Riots than ever they did before, not esteeming nor regarding the said Letters of Privy Seal, and there spoiled at divers Times Eight Trowes of Wheat, [Rye,'] Flour, and divers other Goods and Chattels, and the People of the same Trowes did throw over the Board and divers of them drowned, and the [Sterns3] of the said Trowes did cut away, and did threaten the Owners of the said Goods and Chattels, and also the People of the said Trowes, that they should not be so hardy to carry no Manner of Victual by the said Stream [much nor little, 4] for Lord nor for Lady; and that they would hew all to Pieces the said Boats, if they came another Time by the Coasts of the said Forest [of Dean]; For the which Riot and Rebellion, no Person of the said Town of Tewkesbury, nor of the Country adjoining, dare not carry any Corn nor other Goods nor Chattels in the said River, nor pursue to have Remedy for such Oppressions and Griefs to them done, forasmuch as the said Forest [of Dean] and Hundreds be [very large, 5] and [the People inhabiting and resident in the same very wild,6] and nigh adjoining to the Country of Wales, and all the Commons of the same Forest and Hundreds of one Affinity [and Confederacy 8] in Malice and Riot, [not pondering nor regarding 1] the Law, nor the Officers and Ministers of the same, nor caring for the Process nor the Punishment of the Law of the Land, insomuch that they will not obey, but at their own Will, any Minister of the King's Laws, nor Execution of the same; nor the Officers nor Ministers of the Law of the said County dare not in any wise come into the said Forest, to execute any Matter or Process of the Law against the Will and Intent of the Commons of the Forest and Hundreds aforesaid: Our Sovereign Lord the King, [having tender respect and consideration of 9] the said Mischiefs, and [also considering 8] the Inconveniencies which be like to ensue and follow upon the same, and upon that willing to resist the Malice of such Transgressors [and Offenders,*] and to provide hasty and covenable Remedy for his said faithful liege People so grieved in this Behalf, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, being in this present Parliament, and at the special Request of the said Commons [there assembled,*] hath ordained by Authority of the same Parliament, that in every such Case hereafter to come, or else had or chanced this last Year past, the Sheriff of the said County, or the Bailiffs of the Town of Gloucester for the Time being, or One of them, upon Pain of Forfeiture of Twenty Pounds to be levied of their Lands, Goods, and Chattels, to the Use of our Sovereign Lord the King, make Proclamation at the said Town of Gloucester, within Four Days next after Notification made to them, or to any of them by the Persons so

Proclamation of Council against such Offences.

Sheriff of Gloucester, &c. shall make Proclamation for Trespassers to satisfy the Parties injured.

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On failure the Commonalties of the Forest and Hundreds shall be answerable for the Robberies as under the Statute of Winchester. endamaged, or by any other in their Names, of such Injuries and Trespasses done, [and that'] the said Trespassers [and Offenders] sha.l restore in the same Town of Gloucester within Fifteen Days after the said Proclamation, to the said Persons so endamaged, their said Corn and Merchandises, Goods and Chattels so taken, or the very Value of the same, with reasonable Amends for their Damages of such Taking: After which Proclamation if the said Trespassers do not restore the said Corn and Merchandises, Goods and Chattels, or the Value of the same, to the Parties so grieved in the Form aforesaid, with reasonable Amends for their Damages, nor that the said Trespassers be not brought to the King's Prison, to the Castle of Gloucester for the said Trespasses, by the Officers of the said Forests and Hundreds, or by the Commonalties of the same, to be demeaned in such Case by the King and his Council, that then by Consideration of the Statute of Winchester put for the Robbery of any Person, which giveth an Action for him which is robbed against the Hundred within which the same Robbery is done, after the Form of the same Statute the said Commonalties shall be charged of the same Corn and Merchandises, Goods and Chattels so taken, or of the very Value of the same to the Parties so grieved, (2) to satisfy them of their Damages for the same Taking; and that the said Parties so endamaged and grieved, may have their general Actions of Debt against the said Commonalties of the said Forest and [Hundred,] of the Sum of Money, to which the Value of the Corn, Merchandises, Goods and Chattels so taken do extend [and although *] the said Commonalties be no Commonalties Corporate; [yet they shall have 3] Process in such Actions of Debt, by Summons, Attachments, and Distress, as [if he were to have 6] an Action of Debt at the Common Law; so that if the said Commonalties make Default at the Second Distress in such Actions, that then the Party which shall sue, shall have Judgement to recover his Debt against the said Commonalties, after the Supposal of their [Goods,7] in the Form aforesaid, with his reasonable Damages and Expences; and whatsoever Issue triable by Inquest in the said Forest and Hundreds shall happen to be taken in such Actions, it shall be tried by Inquest of the Body of the said County, out of the same Forest and Hundreds; and that the Goods and Chattels of every singular Person of the said Commonalties for the Time being, shall be had, taken, and holden in Law [convict,] as the common Goods and Chattels of the same Commonalties, touching the Return, Serving, and all Executions of Writs, Processes and Judgements in and of the said Actions; and that every singular Person of the said Forest and Commonalties, have Power by Authority of the said Parliament, to attach and arrest the said Trespassers by their Bodies, as well within the said Forest as without, and them so arrested to commit to the said Prison; and that the Keeper of the same Prison upon Pain of Forty Pounds, to be levied of his Goods and Chattels, Lands and Tenements, to the Use of our [Sovereign Lord] the King, shall safely keep every Person so committed to his Custody, till the Time that the King or his Council hath ordained and provided their Deliverance of Record: And if the Goods or Chattels of any singular Person or Persons of the said Forest [and 8] Hundreds, being not guilty of the said Robberies, happen to be put in Execution because of any such Actions

that and Hundredes notwithstondyng that havyng havyng sis to be hadde in Writtes or Rot. Parl.

endamages ou p ascun aut en lour nouns dautielx injuries & trespasses faitz, q les ditz trespassours restorent en mesme la ville de Gloucestre, deinz xv. jours aps la dče pclamacion a les ditz pties ensy endāmagez lour ditz [blees & mchandises biens & chateux issint prisez ou la vrai valu dicett ovesqe resonables amendes p' lo' damages dautielx prisez: Aps quett pclamacion si lez ditz t'spasso's ne restorent lez ditz blees & mchandises biens & chateux ou la value dicelles, a les parties ensi grevez en la forme fdce ovesqe resonables amendes p' lour damages, ne qe lez ditz trespassours ne soient amesnez au prison du Roi a le Chastett de Glouč p' lez ditz tspas p les Officers des ditz Forest & hundredes ou p les coaltees dicels pur estre demesnez en tiel cas par le Roy & soun counseill, 2] qadonqes p consideracion qe lestatut de Winchestree mys p' la robbie dascun psone dona un accion p' luy qest robbez encountre le hundrede deinz la quelf mesme la robbie est fait, solone la fourme de mesme lestatut lez ditz Cŏaltees soient chargez de mesmes les blees & mchandises biens & chateux issint prisez ou de la verrai value dicelles a la partie ensy grevez, & p' eux satisfier de lour damages p' mesme la prise; et qe lez ditz parties ensy endamagez & grevez puissent av lour genatt accons de dette, envs les ditz Coaltees des dees Forest & hundredes, de la sume de moneye a la quelle le value des blees michandises biens & chateux issint prisez sextende, ceo qe les dces Coaltees ne soient Coaltes corporatz nient contristeant; Aiantz pcesses en tielx accions de dette p sumonces attachementz & distresses sicome il est a avoir en un accion de dette a la cõe ley; Issint qe si les ditz Cõaltees facent defaute a la scde distresse en tielx accions, gadonges la partie qi suera eit jugement de recover son dette envs les ditz Coaltees solonc son supposaitt de lour briefs en la fourme fdce ovesq ses resonables damages & expenses; et qiqe issue triable p enquest en les ditz Forest & hundredes aveigne appndre en tielx accions, qil soit trie p enquest del corps du dit Countee hors de mesmes les Forest & hundredes; et qe les biens & chateux de chun singuler psone des dces Coaltees p' le temps esteant soient euz prisez & tenuz en ley come les cões biens & chateux de mesmes les Cõaltees, tochant le retourne svice & toutz execucions des briefs pcesses & juggementz en & de lez ditz accions; Et qe chun singuler psone dez ditz Forest & Coaltees aient poair p auctorite du dit parlement p' attacher & arestier les ditz trespassours p lour corps, sibien deins la dee Forest come dehors, & pr eux ensi arestez cometter a la dce prison; et qe le Gardein de mesme la prisone, sur peine de xl. ti. p' estre levez de sez biens & chateux Pres & tentz al oeps du Roy, sauvement garde chun psone a son garde issint comys, jesqes au temps qe le Roi ou son counseitt ad ordine & purveu lour deliverance de recorde: Et si les biens ou chateux dascun singuler psone ou psones dez ditz Forest ou hundredes, esteantz nient coupables de tielx dispoliacions, aveignent p' estre myz en execucion p cause dascuns tielx accions

1-1 Written on an Erasure.

& jugementz, qadonqes la dite psone ou psones ensy nient coupables esteantz, lez biens ou chateux de queux ensy soient myz en execucion, puisse ou puissent av lour speciali accions de dette ou trespas sur lour cas envs les ditz trespassours, p' recov lo' damages sibn pur le value des biens ou chateux issint myz en execucion come p lour damages & costages qaveignent a estre euz a cause de tielx accions de dette; Aiantz pcesse en les ditz accions de dette ou trespas come il est a avoir en les ditz accions de dette p' lez ditz psones ensy endāmagez & despoillez.

Item come en le parlement tenuz a Westin lan xxvijme du Roi E. tierce, entre autres choses en favour & libtee des mchantz estaungiers repairantz en le Roialme Dengletre, ordine soit qe si plee ou debate soit moeve devent le Mair de lestaple entre les Marchantz ou Ministres dicell, & sur ceo pur trier la vite, enqueste ou peve soit app'ndre, si lun partie & lautre soit est'unge soit trie p est'unges, & si lun partie & lautre soit deinszein soit trie p deinszeins, et si lun partie soit deinszein & lautre alien, soit lun moite de deinszeins & lautre moite des aliens; et en outre gen toutz mans des enquestes & peves qi sroient appondres ou affairs entre aliens & deinszeins, soient ils nichantz ou autres sibien devent le Mair de lestaple come devent qeconqes autres Jugges ou Ministres, tout soit le Roi partie, soit lun moitee del enquest ou peve dez deinszeins & lautre moitee des aliens, si tantz des aliens soient en la ville ou lieu ou tiel enquest ou peve soit appendre, q ne soient my parties ne ove les parties en contractz plees ou autres querelles dount tielx enquestes ou peves deyvent estre prisez; Et si tantz dez aliens ne soient point, adonqes soient myz en tielx enquestes ou peves tantz des aliens come sront trovez en mesmes les lieux ou Villes q a ceo ne soient my parties ne ove les parties come dev'nt est dit, & le remen'nt des deinszeins q soient pdes homes & nient suspiciouses a lun partie ne a lautre: Depuis quett ordinance les ditz marchantz aliens ount este tout temps demesnez & reulez, sibn en lez ditz estaples come en les autres Courtes du Roy solonc la forme dicett ordinance; tanqe jatarde qils ent ount este restreintz & empeschiez p colour dun autre estatuit, fait en le parlement tenuz a Westm lan du reigne le Roi H. pier nre f' le Roi qorest sede; p quett estatut p' les g'undes meschiefs & desheritances q de jour en autre aveignoient pmy le roialme Dengletre, sibien en cas de morte de home come en cas de f'nc tent & en autres cases, p ceux qi passerent es enquestes en les dces cases q feurent coes Jurrours & aut's qi navoient q poie de vive mes p tielx enquestes, & lez queux navoient rien a pdre p cause de lour faux serementz, p ount ils le pluis legierment offenderent lour consciences, & p' correccion & amendement ent avoir, ordine fuist & establie q nutt psone soit admys de passer en ascun enqueste (1) triall

1 sur Stat. 2 Hen. V. st. 2. c. 3.

and Judgements, that then the said Person or Persons so being not guilty, [may have their special Action of Debt or Trespass upon their Case of the Goods and Chattels so put in Execution,] against the said Trespassers, to recover their Damages, as well for the Value of the Goods or Chattels so put in Execution, as for their Damages and Costs which happened to be had because of such Actions of Debt; [and they shall have such Processes 1] in the said Actions of Debt or Trespass, as is to be had in the said Actions of Debt for the said

Persons so endamaged and spoiled. ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster the [Twenty-eighth '] Year of King Edward the Third, amongst other Things in Favour and Liberty of the Merchants Strangers repairing into the Realm of England, It was ordained, that if a Plea or Debate be moved before the Mayor of the Staple amongst the Merchants or Ministers of the same, and [for 1] to try the Truth thereof an Inquest or Proof is to be taken, if the one Party and the other be [strange,] it should be tried by Strangers; and if the one Party and the other be Denizens, it should be tried by Denizens; and if the one Party be Denizen, and the other an Alien, the one Half should be of Denizens, and the other Half (6) Aliens; and moreover, that in all (7) Inquests and Proofs which shall be (*) taken and made betwixt Aliens and Denizens, be they Merchants or other, as well before the Mayor of the Staple, as before any other Judges or Ministers, although [our Lord] the King be Party, the one Half of the Inquest or Proofs should be of Denizens, and the other Half of Aliens, if there be so many Aliens in the Town or Place where such Inquest or Proof is to be taken, that be not Parties, nor with the Parties in Contracts, Pleas, or other Quarrels, whereof such Inquests or Proofs ought to be taken; and if there be not so many Aliens, then so many Aliens shall be put in such Inquests or Proofs as shall be found in the same Places or Towns, which be not Parties thereunto, nor with the Parties as before is said, and the Remnant of Denizens, which be good Men, and not suspect of the one Party nor of the other: Sithence which Ordinance the said Merchants Aliens have been always demeaned and ruled, as well in the (°) Staples as in other of the King's Courts, after the Form of the said Ordinance; until now of late they have been thereof restrained and impeached by Colour of another Statute made in the Parliament holden at Westminster the Second Year of (") King Henry, Father to our Lord the King that now is; by which Statute, for the great Mischiefs, [Damages,] and Disherisons, which daily [do"] happen through the Realm, as well in case of the Death of [a Man, "] as in case of Freehold and other Cases by them that pass in Inquests in the said Cases, which were common Jurors, and other which had but little or nothing to live upon but by such Inquests, and which had nothing to lose because of their false Oaths, whereby they [do"] the more lightly offend their Consciences; and for Amendment and Correction thereof to be had, It was ordained and stablished, That no Person be admitted to pass in any Inquest upon Trial

XXVIII.*

XXIX. The Statute 27 Edw. 111. st. 2. cap. 8. respecting Inquests de medietate lingua, where Aliens are Parties before the Mayor of the Staple;

The Statute 28 Edw. III. chapter 13. confirming and amending the same;

The Statute 2 Hen. V. st. 2. chapter 3. per Annum ;

whose Goods and Chattels be so put in Execution, may have their special Adions of Debt or Trespass upon their Case,

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3 a Stranger s to be 7 manner of

9 saide MS.Tr. 2.

the Reigne of MS. Tr. 2. 19 Man

In the Old Printed Translations of the Statutes a Chapter is inserted, numbered XXVIII, respecting the Roads and Bridges at Burford and Culhamford in Oxfordshire; No such Chapter is inserted in the Old Printed French Copies; -It appears to be in Effect the same as Chapter XI of the Statute 9 Hen. V. Stat. 2; which see, and the Note there.

The Statute 2 H. V. st. 2.

c. 3. limited to Inquests

to be taken

between Denizen and

Denizen.

of the Death of [a Man'], nor in any Inquest between Party and Party in Plea Real or Personal, whereof the Debt and the Damages declared do amount to Forty Marks, except the same Person have Lands or Tenements to the yearly Value of Forty Shillings above all Charges: Because of which Restraint and Impeachment so made to [divers a] Merchants Aliens, many of the same Merchants Aliens have withdrawn, and daily do withdraw them, and eschew to come and be conversant on this Side the Sea, and likely it is, that all the same Merchants Aliens will depart out of the same Realm [of England,] if the said last Statute be not more plainly declared, and the said Merchants Aliens ruled, governed, and demeaned in such Inquests, according to the (3) first Ordinance aforesaid, to the great diminishing of the King's Subsidies, and grievous Loss and Damage of all his said Realm [of England]: Our (4) Lord the King considering the Premisses, and how that it was not the Meaning of the said late King, nor of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of [the 3] said Parliament, to hinder or prejudice the said first Ordinance by the said last Statute, and that the said last Statute was made in respect of the Mischiefs and Disherisons that happened by the false Oaths of the common Jurors of the Realm [of England,] as it appeareth by express Words of the same Statute, and how that the said Merchants Aliens be not common Jurors, nor [inhabiting 6] within the said Realm, nor may not purchase nor enjoy any Lands or Tenements in the same, without the King's special Licence; And the same our Lord the King willing therein to provide for the Weal and Profit of him and [all his 7] Realm, and to eschew the Damages and Inconveniencies which may easily happen in this Behalf, and also to give to the said Merchants Aliens the greater Courage and Desire to come with their Wares and Merchandises into this Realm, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, being in this present Parliament, hath declared the said last Statute, made in the Time of his (4) Father, to be in no wise prejudicial to the said (*) Ordinance, nor to extend itself but only to the Inquests to be taken betwixt Denizen and Denizen, and not to (9) other Inquests and Proofs aforesaid; and the said first Ordinance to be effectual and stand in (10) Force, and to be put in due Execution according to the Form of the same; notwithstanding the said last Statute, or that the Aliens have not Lands or Tenements to the Value of Forty Shillings by the Year, according to the Purport of the same last Statute [and Ordinance.]

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de morte de home, ne en ascun enqueste pentre partie et partie en plee realt ou psonett dount le dette & lez dāmages declarez amountent a xl. marc, si mesme la psone nait tres ou tentz del annuel value de xl s. p an, outre les reprises dicelles; a cause de quett restreint & empeschement ensy faitz as ditz mchantz aliens, plusours de mesmes lez marchantz aliens lour ount retraihez & se retrahent de jo' en autre, & eschuent de venir & convser p decea, & visemblable est q trestoutz mesmes les marchants aliens lour voillent deptier hors de mesme le roialme, si le dit darrein estatut ne soit pluis ovtement declarez, & lez ditz mchantz aliens reulez govnez & demesnez en tielx enquestes solone la fourme del prim ordinaunce defdee, a esgunde amenusement des subsidees du Roi & grevouse pde & damage a tout son roialme avantdit : Nãe dit fr le Roi considerant les pmisses, & qil ne fuist my lentencion du dit nadgairs Roi ne de les f's espuelx & temporelx de son dit parlement, de deroger ou pjudier a le dit primer ordinaunce p le dit darren estatut, & q mesme le darrein estatut fuist fait a cause des meschiefs & disheritances qavenoient p lez faux serementz des coes Jurrours du Roialme, sicome il appiert p expsses poles de mesme lestatut, & coment les ditz marchantz aliens ne sont my cões Jurrours ne enheritables deinz le dit roialme, ne p'ront purchacer nenjoier ascuns tres ou tentz en icett saunz especiall licence du Roi; Et voillant pur ceo mesme nre f' le Roi p'veier p' le bien & pfit de luy & de son dit roialme, & p' escheuer les damages & inconveniences qi p'ront legierment avenir en cell partie, et auxi p' don as ditz mchantz aliens le greindre corage & talent de venir ove lour mces & mchandises en cest roialme, de ladvys & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx esteantz en cest psent parlement, ad declaree le dit darrein estatut fait en temps de son dit pier noun estre ascunement pjudicieff au dee prime ordinaunce, ne se extendre mes tantsoulement a les enquestes apindres pentre deinszein & deinszein, & nemy a les autres enquestes & peves defdces; & la dit prinie ordinance destre effectuelt & estoier en sa force, & destre myz en due execucion solonc la forme dicett, le dit darrein estatut ou ceo q lez aliens nount my tres ou tentz a le value de xl s. p an solonc la contenue de mesme le darrein estatut nient contristeant.

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in Rived the same as Chapter XI of the Statute of Her. V. Scal. 2; which etc. and the New there.

Anno 9° HENRICI, VI. A.D.1430-1.

A Transcripto in Turr. Lond.

D' Anno nono.

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U parlement tenuz a Westin le vendredy pschein A devent le fest de Seint Hiller, lan du regne nre f' le Roi quorest noefisme, divses estatutz & ordinaunces feurent faitz & ordinez, p advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la espale requeste, des Cões du roialme en le dit plement assemblez, en la fourme gensuit.

En primes consideree coment en toutz lez Countees Dengletre les jo's dassises de novelt dissesine & de [----- adonqes feurent Pfixes Visemblablement destre tenuz durant la hault Court du dit plement, en quett Court du plement pluso's des lieges du Roi feurent p son comaundement, des quux pluso's feurent pleintifs & pluso's defendauntz en icelles Assises & Nisi prius, & en les dčes Assises & Nisi prius mesmes les pleintifs & defendantz feurent Visemblables destre disheritez si remedie ne feust p'veu en celle ptie; Et p' taunt [---- a] assent des ditz f's & a la spale request des ditz Cões ordine est p auctorite du dit plement de proger toutz mans dassises & Nisi prius devant Pfixez, tang as cteins jours p le Chaunceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant aps le tierce jo' de Marce le dit an ixme avenirs a limitiers, & q lez ditz jo's issint p le dit Chaunceller a limitiers eient relacion en ley a les jo's dassises & Nisi prius adonqes issint Pfixez, tielment q p ceste [- - - gacion 3] ne soient icelles assises & Nisi prius tenuz ne reputez non suez ne discontinuez: Et q en chescun des Countees suisdées soient pelamacions faitz p les viscountz, xv. jours dev'nt les ditz jo's issint p le dit Chaunceller alimitiers, q les pleintifs & defendauntz & toutz aut's qount affairez en les ditz Assises & Nisi prius poient garder lours jo's alimitiers en les dces pclamacions issint affairs; les quelles pclamacions aient effect & force des attachementz saunz ce q coviendra purceo ascuns auts novelx attachementz faire.

Item come en le plement tenuz a Westm lan viije nre dit f' le Roi, ent aut's articles contenuz soit p' eschuer la g'unde pde q divses psones de ceste roialme avoient euez & feurent semblables davoir pur lo's

1 Nisi Prius Transcr. 2. ² p advis & ^a progacion

OF THE NINTH YEAR.

T the Parliament holden at Westminster the A Friday next before the Feast of Saint Hillary, the Ninth Year of the Reign of our Lord the King that now is, divers Statutes and Ordinances were made and [established '] by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Request of the Commons of the Realm assembled in the said Parliament, in the Form following.

FIRST, Considering how that in all the Counties of England the Days of the Assises of Novell disseisin and of Nisi prius then were prefixed very likely to be holden during the High Court of the said Parliament, in which Court of Parliament many of the King's liege People were by his Commandment, of which many were Plaintiffs and many Defendants in the same Assises and Nisi prius, and in the said Assises and Nisi prius, the same Plaintiffs and Defendants were likely to be disinherited, if Remedy were not provided in this Behalf; And for so much by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords, and at the special Request of the said Commons, It is ordained by Authority of the said Parliament, to prorogue all Manner of Assises and Nisi prius before prefixed, till certain Days by the Chancellor of England for the time being after the Third Day of March, the said ix. Year, to be limited; and [the 1] Days so by the said Chancellor to be limited, have Relation in Law to the Days of Assises and Nisi prius then so prefixed, in such wise, that by this Prorogation the same Assises and Nisi prius, shall not be holden nor reputed nonsued, nor discontinued: And that in every of the said Counties Proclamations be made by the Sheriffs, Fifteen Days before the said Days so by the Chancellor to be limited, to the Intent that the Plaintiffs and Defendants, and all other, which have to do in the said Assises and Nisi prius, may keep their Days to be limited in the same Proclamations so to be made; which Proclamations shall have the Effect and Force of Attachments, without that it behoveth to make any new Attachments for the same.

ITEM. Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster the Eighth Year of our (3) Sovereign Lord the King, amongst other Articles it is contained, to eschew the great Loss [and Damage,] which divers Persons of this Realm have had, and were likely to have for [the4] by Aliens.

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I. All Assises

and Nisi prius adjourned

during this

* Of the Statutes of this Year, and of the subsequent Years 10, 11, 14, 15, 18, and 20 Henry VI, no Statute Roll is preserved in the Tower: But there are several Transcripts copied on Skins of Parchment apparently prepared for the purpose of being annexed to Writs of Proclamation; See Introduction to Vol. I. Chapter III. Section II. 1, 3. Where more than one such Copy of the Statute of any Year is preserved, the Various Readings of the Copies used for supplying Defects or correcting Errors are marked Transcr. 2, &c. Of this Year there are three Copies; all partially injured.

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Original from PENN STATE English Merchants may sell their Cloths to Aliens, at Six Months Credit.

III.
Proceedings
against Owen
Glendour,
attainted
of High
Treason,
declared
valid; but
without
Prejudice to
his Heirs
in Lands
entailed.

See Statute 4 H.IV. c.34. Loans made of their Merchandise to Merchants Aliens, which [have'] fled away with the same, and daily [take 2] Sanctuaries, It was ordained, that no Englishman should sell nor cause to be sold from [henceforth 3] to any Merchant Alien, any Manner of Merchandise but only for ready Payment [of 1] Money or otherwise in Merchandise for Merchandise, to be paid and contented in Hand, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same; because of which Ordinance the English Merchants have not sold nor cannot sell nor utter their Cloths to Merchants Aliens, whereby (5) the King hath lost his [Subsidies and] Customs, which he ought to have had, if the said Cloths had been sold as they were and were wont heretofore, and English Merchants, Cloth-workers, and other the King's liege People in divers Parts of his Realm (6) annoyed and endamaged: Whereupon at the Supplication of the said Commons, and by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, It is ordained, that the English Merchants may sell their Cloths to Merchants Aliens for ready Payment in Money, or otherwise in Merchandise for Merchandise, to be paid and contented in Hand, or upon Loan of Payment, to be made in Money or Merchandise, from Six Months to Six Months next ensuing after such Buyings and Bargains made, without giving thereof further Days of Payment, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same, notwithstanding the said Ordinance; and this Ordinance shall endure as long as shall please the King: Provided always, that all other Articles contained in the said Ordinance made in the said Eighth Year, shall stand in their Force. ITEM, Considering the great Insurrections Rebel-

lions and horrible Treasons imagined and committed by Owen [Glendour] of Wales, against the Royal Majesty of King Henry, Grandfather of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, whereof he was indicted, as it appeareth in an Indictment made (*) before Thomas late Earl of Arundel, John [Durley,9] and Thomas Lee, (10) by the Commission of the said [Grandfather"] to inquire, with other, of all manner of Treasons, Insurrections, and Enemies of the same King the Grandfather, as in the said Commission is more fully contained: And thereupon the said Indictment of (12) high and heinous Treasons brought into the King's Bench at Westminster, and Process thereof [made,13] till the same Owen after Proclamation made in Five Counties, was outlawed, and after in the full Parliament holden at Westminster, the Fourth Year of the same King the Grandfather, was called and named of Record Traitor to the said King the Grandfather, as well by Statute as by the Letters Patents of the said King the Grandfather; and for the horribility of his so many Treasons, it was ordained by Statute in the same Parliament that no English Man married to any Welsh Woman of the Amity [and "] Alliance of the said Owen, Traitor to the King, should be put in Office in Wales, nor in the Marches; and also considering how the said Owen and his Adherents were excepted in many general Graces and Pardons granted by the said King the Grandfather to his liege People at divers Times, because of the Insurrections Rebellions and horrible Treasons aforesaid; For the Weal of all the Realm, and for the Repression of all such horrible Treasons from henceforth to be compassed of the Assent of the Lords and Commons aforesaid,

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in
of Glendurdy
Burle
Kyng Aiell
Sursaid Lord
and done
assigned
Rot. Parl. nu. v. (32.)
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apprestez faitz de lour mchandises as Marchantz aliens q ount enfuez ovesq icelles & de jo' en aut pristerent seintuaries, ordinez fuist q null Englois ne vendroit ne ferroit vendre delors en avent a nutt marchant alien nuff man de michandise mes soulement pur prest paiement en moneye, ou autment en marchandise p' marchandise destre paies & contentez en main sur peine de forfaiture dicett; p cause de quett ordinaunce les Marchauntz Englois nount mye venduz ne poient vendre ne outrer lour draps as michantz aliens, pount nie dit f' le Roi ad pduz ses custumez queux deussoit avoir euez si lez draps eussent estee venduz come ils feussent & soloient pdevant, & les michantz Englois les overs des draps & auts lieges nre f' le Roi en pluso's pties de son Roialme g'undement anientisez & endamagez : Sur quoy a la supplicacion des ditz Cões & del advis & assent suisditz est ordine, q lez mchants Englois puissent vendre lour draps as michantz aliens p' prest paiement en moneye, ou autment en mchandise p' mchandise destre paiez & content en main, ou p' appst de paiement affaire en moneye ou en mchandise [de vj. moys'] aps tielx achatez & bargayns faitz pscheins avenirs, saunz pluis outre jo' de paiement ent doner sur peine de forfaiture dicett, lordinaunce aventde nientcon? esteant; et durera ceste ordinaunce tanqil plerra a nre f' le Roi: Purveu toutz foitz q toutz aut's articles en la dce ordinaunce faite le dit an viije cotenuz estoisent en lour force.

Itm considerez les gaundes insurreccions rebellions & horribles tresons, ymaginez & ppetrez p Owen de Glendourdy de Gales encountre la roiaff Mageste du Roi Henri Aiel a nre f' le Roi qorest, dount il fuist enditz sicome il appiert en un enditement fait & ppetre dev'nt Thomas nadgairs Count Darundell, John Burley & Thomas Lee, p comission du dit Roi laiett a enquerrer ovesq aut's de toutz man's des tresons insurreccions & enemys de mesme le Roi laiett, come en la dce comission est contenuz pluis au pleyn: Et sur ceo le dit enditement de tshaultz & heynouses tresons portez en le bank du Roi a Westm, & pcesse ent suez tanq mesme le Owen ap's pclamacion fait en v. Countees fuist utlagez, & depuis en plein plement tenuz a Westñi lan quart de mesme le Roi laieff fuist appellez & nomez de record traitour au dit Roi laieff, sibn p estatuit come p fres patentes du dit Roi laieff; & pur la horribilite de ses si plusours tresons y fuist ordine p estatuit en mesme le plement, q null home Engloys mariez a ascune femme Galeise del amistee ou alliaunce du dit Owen traito' au Roi Broit mys en office en Gales ne en les marches; et axint considerez coment le dit Owen & ses adherantz feurent exceptez en pluso's genalx graces & pardons guntes p le dit Roi laieff a sez lieges as divses temps, p cause des insurreccions rebellions & horribles tresons desuisditz; pur le bien de tout le roialme & pur reppssion de toutz tielx horribles tresons desore a estre compassez, del assent des f's & Cões desuisditz,

de vj moys en vj moys { Rot. Parl. nu. iiij. (31.)

Ordines est & estables p auctorite del dit psent plement, q toutz mans des enditementz inquisicions pcesses recordes jugementz ordinaunces & estatutez, faitz expsses [priez'] euez pursuez ou declarez envs le dit Owen, soient affermes auctorisez & estables p' leie p auctorite de cest psent plement av'ntdit, et p mesme auctorite soient effectuelx & sufficeantz en ley p' lier & concluder pur toutz jo's toutz qi sount heiers ou del sank du dit Owen; ascun defaute ou mesprision en celle ptie euez nient obstant, ou ascun erro' en escrivant ou lessant del noun ou lieu, ou lendorsement du dce comission, ou de lachesse addant ou lessant pluis ou meins q covient, ou ascun aut erro' ou defaute en lez dčes enditementz inquisicions recordez ou jugementez nient cont'esteant : Issint q ceste psent ordinaunce ne soit Pjudiciel a ascun dez heirs ou del sank du dit Owen tang as ascuns Prez tailles.

Item pur ceo q av'nt ces heures divses utlagaries ount este pnunciez en divs des lieges du Roi, sibn devent lestatuit daddicions fait a Westm lan prim le Roi Henri quint pier a nre f' le Roi gorest come depuis, a cause des queles utlagaries les corps daut's gentz, eiantz autielx & [semblabes'] nouns come ceux qi feurent utlagez en fait avoient, ount este prisez & emprisonez & lours biens & chateulx p celle cause p lescheto's nre dit f' le Roi & sez noblez pgenito's seisez; et comebien q p la coe ley du roialme brief de idemptitate nõis ad estee maintenable pur mesme la psone q en la fourme suisdie fuist moleste & greve, Nep'qaunt si ascune psone des ditez liegez, eiant semblable noun come ascun aute psone de mesmes lez liegez qen fait fuist utlage avoit, fist sez executo's & m'ust, sovent avient q p malice & subtielx ymaginacions les biens & chateux de tiel testato', q avoit mesme le noun come celuy qi fuist utlage en fait avoit, estoient seisez & eschetez es mains nre dit fr le Roi & de ses ditz pgenito's en retardacion del execucion del testement de chun tiel testato', pur le doute qud estee de ceo q ascuns executo's p'roient p la cõe ley avoir brief de idemptitate nois ou noun: Sur quoy pur toller & remoever toutz tielx doutez & ambiguitees en cest cas en aps, del assent & advis suisdcez & a la spale requeste des ditz Cões, ordinez est & establez p auctorite de cest plement, q brief de idemptitate nois soit & poet estre g'unte & done bone & maintenable p' les executo's de chun testato', auxibien & de mesme leffect come la dce accion de idemptitate nois fuist maintenable dev'nt cest plement p' ascune psone mesme qi fuist ou p'roit avoir estee moleste ou greve p cause ou colo' dascune tiel utlagarie: Et q ceste ordinaunce ait relacion & force p lauctorite suisdce pur executo's de chun testato' sibn de chune utlagarie pnuncie en ascune psone a ascun temps dev'nt cest plement, come de toutz mans dutlagaries pnunciez en ascune psone en temps avenir.

Item p' tant q la River de Severne est coe a toutz les lieges du Roi de carier & recarier deins le [treme 3] du dit River a Bristuyt Gloucestre & Worcestre & autes lieux au dit River adjoynatz toutz man des michandises & auts biens & chateux sibn en trowes & batelx

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It is ordained and stablished, by the Authority of this present Parliament, That all manner of Indictments, Inquisitions, Processes, Records, Judgements, Ordinances, and Statutes made [and] expressed, taken, had, pursued, or declared against the said Owen, be affirmed, authorised, and stablished for Law by Authority of this present Parliament ('), and by the same Authority shall be effectual and sufficient in the Law for to bind and conclude for ever, all that be Heirs or of the Blood of the said Owen, notwithstanding any Default or Misprision had in this Party; or any Error in Writing or in leaving out of [the Name 1] or Place, or [the Indorsement 3] of the said Commission, or of Negligence adding or leaving out more or less than behoveth, or any other (4) Default in the said Indictments, Inquisitions, Records, or Judgements notwithstanding: so that this present Ordinance be not prejudicial to any of the Heirs or of the Blood of the said Owen, as to any Lands in Tail.

ITEM, For that before this Time many Outlawries have been pronounced against divers of the King's liege People, as well before the Statute of Additions, made at Westminster the First Year of King Henry the Fifth Father to our Lord the King that now is' as sithence, in respect of which Outlawries, the Bodies of other Persons having such and like Names as they had which were outlawed indeed, have been taken and imprisoned, and their Goods and Chattels for this Cause seised by the Escheators of the King and of his noble Progenitors; and although that by the Common Law of the Realm a Writ of Idemptitate nominis hath been maintainable for the same Person, which in the Form aforesaid was molested and grieved, Nevertheless if any Person of the said Lieges, having like Name as any other Person of the same liege People which was outlawed in deed had, made his Executors and died, often it happened, that by Malice and subtil Imaginations the Goods and Chattels of such Testator, which had the same Name as he had which was outlawed in deed, were seised and escheated to the Hands of our Lord the King and of his (5) Progenitors, in Retardation of the Execution of the Testament of every such Testator, for the Doubt which hath been, whether any Executors may by the Common Law have a Writ of Idemptitate nominis, or not: Wherefore to take away and remove all such Ambiguities and Doubts in this Case hereafter, of the Assent and Advice aforesaid, and at the special Request of the said Commons, It is ordained and established by Authority of this Parliament, That a Writ of Idemptitate nominis (6) be granted and [made7] good and maintainable for the Executors of every Testator, [to 8] the same Effect that the same Action of Idemptitate nominis was maintainable before this Parliament for any Person himself which was or might have been molested or grieved because or by colour of any such Outlawry: And that this Ordinance shall have Relation and Force, by Authority aforesaid, for the Executors of every Testator, as well of every Outlawry pronounced against any Person at any Time before this Parliament, as of all manner of Outlawries to be pronounced against any Person in Time to come.

ITEM, Because the River of Severn is common to all the King's liege People, to carry and re-carry within the Stream of the said River, to Bristol, Gloucester, and Worcester, and other Places joining to the said River, all manner of Merchandises and other Goods and Chattels as well in Trowes and Boats

IV. A Writ of Idemptitate nominis maintainable by Executors, in Cases of Outlawry of their Testator, before or since the Statute 1 Hen. V. c. 5.

V. Free Passage in the River Severn with Goods, &c.

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Rot. Parl. nu. ix. (36.):
Transcr. 2.

aforsaid name name remove, or name remove, or

as in Flotes commonly called Drags, in every Part joining to the said River, within which River many Welshmen and other Persons dwelling in divers Places joining to the said River, have now late assembled in great Number, arrayed in manner of War, and taken such Flotes otherwise called Drags, and them have hewed in Pieces, and with Force and Arms beaten the People which were in such Drags, to the Intent that they should hire of the said Welshmen and other Persons, for great Sums of Money, Boats and other Vessels for Carriage of such Merchandises and other Goods and Chattels, to an evil Example and great Impoverishment of the said liege People, if Remedy be not hastily provided; It is ordained by Authority of this Parliament, That the said liege People of the King may have and enjoy their free Passage in the said River with Flotes and Drags, and all manner of Merchandises, and other Goods and Chattels, at their Will, without Disturbance of any; and if any be disturbed of his free Passage in the said River, the Party grieved shall have his Action according to the Course of the Common Law.

VI.
Burgesses
of Dorchester
shall not be
disturbed in
their Right
of Weighing
by reason of
the Statute
8 H.VI. c. 5.

ITEM, It is ordained and assented, That by Force of the Statute made in the last Parliament, of Weights according to the Standard of the Exchequer to be had in every City Borough and Town within the Realm, the Burgesses of the Borough of Dorchester shall not be disturbed of their Right to use their weighing by Twelve Miles round the same Borough, using always such Weights as in the said Statute be expressed; and that no Right nor Title of weighing grow to any by Force of the same last Statute, in Disturbance of the Right of the said Burgesses of the said Borough of Dorchester.

VII. Extortions, &c. by Sheriffs in the County of Hereford;

ITEM, For the great Mischiefs and importable Oppressions daily done to the King's liege People within the County of Hereford, by Encroachments and Extortions done by the Sheriffs of the said County for the time being, late begun and wrongfully continued, because that the Sheriffs in their Turns, and other Places after their Turns holden and ended, in which other Places they have no Power nor Authority by their Office to take any Inquiry or Inquest, do take divers Inquiries, Inquests of Office and Indictments of Labourers, Artificers, and other divers Things ordained by Statute to be inquired before the Justices and Commissioners of the Peace, whereas in no Manner they pertain to be inquired by such Sheriffs in their Turns, nor otherwise, nor in other Places before them; And which Sheriffs by Force of such Inquiries, Inquests of Office and Indictments unduly and unlawfully taken before them in their Turns and elsewhere, and for the not coming of the said liege People to the said Turns (') the said Sheriffs do wrongfully take to their own Use of divers of the same liege People, Fines and Amerciaments of x li. and other great Sums, in (2) Oppression, Undoing, and Destruction of many poor People of the said Lieges, if hasty Remedy be not provided in this Part: In Consideration of which Mischief, it is ordained by Authority of this Parliament, that no Sheriff nor Under Sheriff of the said County from henceforth, by Colour of his Office, shall take any Inquiry, Indictment, or Inquest of Office in his Turn, which ought not by the Law to be taken in his Turn,

Penalty on Sheriffs, &c. of that County for unlawful Inquests, &c.

grete MS. Tr. 2.

come en Flotes aufment appellez dragges en chune ptie adjoyn nt au dit River, deins quell River divs Galeys & aut's psones dem'antez en divers lieux adjoynentez au dit River ount ore tarde assembles en g'unde noumbre arraiez en faire de guerre, & pris tielx flotus autment appellez dragges, & eux ount trenches en peces & ove force & armes batuz lez gentz queux feurent en tielx flotus, a lentent qils lowerent dez ditz Galeys & aut's psones pur g'unde sume de [nomeye'] batelx & aut's vesselz pur cariage des tielx mchaundizes & aut's biens & chateux, a malveis ensample & gunde empovissement des ditz lieges sils ne soient hastiment remediez: Si est ordinez p auctorite de cest plement q les ditz lieges du Roi p'ront avoir & enjoier lour frank passage en le dit River, ove flotus & dragges & toutz mans des michandises & aut's bienx & chateux a lour volante saunz destourbaunce de nully: Et si ascun soit destourbe de sa frank passage en le dit River ait la ptie greve sa accion solonc le cours de la cõe ley.

Item ordines est & assentuz q p force del estatuit fait en la darreine plement des poises accordauntez a lestandard de leschequer a estre euez en chescune Citee Burgh & Ville deins le roialme, ne soient les Burgeis del Burgh de Dorcestre destourbez de lour droit de user lour poisures p xij leuges environ mesme le Burgh, usantz toutz foitz tielx poises come en le dit estatuit sount exprimez; et q null droit ou title de poisure soit accrue a ascuny p force de mesme le darrein estatuit, en destourbaunce del droit des Burgeis de Burgh de Dorchestre desuisdée.

Item pur gaundes meschiefs & importables oppssions faitz de jour en aut a les loialx lieges du Roi deins le Countee de Hereford, p encrochementz & extorcions faitz p les viscountz del dit Countee pur le temps esteant, nadgairs comencez & torcenousement continuez, a cause q les ditz viscountz en lour to'nes & aut's lieux aps lour to'nes tenuz & finez, en les queux aut's lieux ils ne ount poair ne auctorite p lour office depndre ascun enquerre (1) enquest, Pignent divses enquerres enquestes doffices & enditementz des laborers artifics & aut's divses choses, ordinez p estatuit destre enquis devant lez Justicez & Comissioners de la peas, & en nult man atteignent ne appteignent destre enquis p tielx viscountz en lour to'nes ne autment ne en auts lieux dev'nt eux; Et les queux viscountz p force de tielx enquerres enquestes doffice & enditementz nient duement ne loyalment prisez devant les ditz viscountz en lour to'nes & aillours, & p' le noun venue des ditz lieges as ditz tournes les ditz viscountz Pignent torcenousement a lour oeps ppre des divs de mesmes lez lieges fynes & amcementz de x ti. & aut's g'undes sumez, en g'unde oppssion anientisment & destruccion des pluso's poves gentz des ditz lieges si remedie ne soit hastivement purveu en cest ptie: p consideracion des queux mischiefs ordine est p auctorite de cest plement, q nuff viscount ne subzviscount du dit Countee de cest jour enavent p colo' de soun office Pigne ascun enquerre enditement ne enqueste doffice en soun tourne q ne doit p la ley estre pris en soun tourne.

moneye Transcr. 2.

² ou Rot. Parl. nu. xiv. (41.): Transcr. 2.

ne q il p colo' de soun dit office pigne ascun enquerre nenqueste doffice ou enditement en ascun aut lieu aps le dit to'ne tenuz & fynee, ne q il pigne des ascuns des ditz lieges du Roi ascuns fines ou amcementz p' ascun chose ou cause q napptient a son tourne ou office, ne ascune tiel heynouse & grevouse amcement de ascun dez ditz lieges encountre reson pur noun venue au dit to'ne ou a autre lieu ou p' autre cause p colour de son office, sur peine de xl ti. p luy appaiers a nre F le Roi ses heirs & successo's a taunt de temps q tiel viscount ou subz viscount ent ou de ascun article dicell soit duement convict, al sute du Roi ou de ptie greve q sue sibn pur le Roi come pur luy mesmes; et q la prie q sue en tiel caas ait la moitee del dit sume ensemblement ove ses damages au double a son ppre oeps, et q la ptie en cest cas greve ait poiar p mesme lauctorite de suer en celle ptie envs tielx viscountz ou subz viscountz sibn pur le Roy come p' luy mesmes come dev'nt est dit; Et q les Justices de la peas de mesme le Countee p' le temps esteauntz aient poiar & auctorite de enquerrer oier & Pminer tielx mesprisions & offenses sibn al sute du Roi come de ptie q voet suer pur le Roi & pur luy mesme: Et durera ceste ordinance p' trois ans pschein ensuantz.

Item come il ad estee dauncien temps accustumez en toutz les Countees Dengletre q les formages q deussent estre venduz p la Waye sroit poisee p le auncelt, et p' ceo q a la darrein plement tenuz a Westm fuit ordine q les dces auncelles a cause de la g'unde deceite dicelles Proient destrutz & aut's poises cochantz Proient celle ptie ordinez, et est ainsi q les poves gentz du roialme sount g'undement deceuz p les ditz poises cochantz a cause qils neient conisaunce comebien des livs le Waye de formage tient p les ditz poises cochantz; Et pur ceo au fin q les ditz poves gentz ne soient celle ptie deceuz sicome ils ount estee depuis le dit darrein plement, ordine est p auctorite de cest plement q le poys dune Waye [dune 1] formage puisse tenir xxxij cloves, cetassavoir chun clove vij li. p les ditz poisez cochantz.

Item come ordine soit p estatuit fait en temps le Roi E. puis le conquest tierce [la 1] de son regne xxv, q toutz les gortz molyns estankes estakes piles & kidelx queux feurent mys en les gaundes Rivs Dengletre en temps de Sire Edward nadgairs Roi Dengletre fitz le Roi Henri & puis, p les queux niefs & batelx sount desto bez qils ne poient passer sicome ils soloient, sront amoevez & nettement abatuz; Et coment puis en le plement de Sire Henry nadgairs Roi Denglet're [pier 3] a nre f' le Roi qorest tenuz lan de son regne prim, ordine estoit q sibn le dit estatuit fait le dit an xxv. come un aut estatuit fait en temps du dit Roi E. tierce lan de son regne [xv.] en toutz lo articles front tenuz & fermement observez, ajoustant a icelles q comissions Front faitz as sufficeantz psones p'estre Justices en chun Countee Dengletre ou bosoigne sra pur surveier & garder toutz les eawes & g'undes Rivs deins le dit roialme & les defautes corriger & amender, & 1 de Rot. Parl. nu. xv. (42.)

a lan Rot. Parl. xvi. (43): Transcr. 2.

nor that he by Colour of his said Office take any Inquiry, Inquest of Office, or Indictment in any other Place, after the said Turn holden and ended; nor that he take of any of the King's liege People any Fines or Amerciaments, for any Thing or Cause that pertaineth not to his Turn or Office, nor no such heinous nor grievous Amerciament of any of the said Lieges, against Reason, for not coming to the said Turn or to another Place, or for other Cause by Colour of his said Office, upon Pain of xl. li. by him to be paid to our Sovereign Lord the King, His Heirs and Successors, as oftentimes as such Sheriff or Under-Sheriff thereof or of any Article of the same be duly convict at the Suit of the King or of the Party grieved, which shall sue as well for the King as for himself; and that the [Plaintiff'] in such Case have the Half of the said Sum, together with his Double Damages to his own Use; and that the Party in this Case grieved have Power by the same Authority to sue in this Party against such Sheriffs and Under Sheriffs, as well for the King as for himself as before is said; and that the Justices of Peace of the same County for the Time being, have Power and Authority to inquire, hear, and determine such Misprisions and Offences, as well at the King's Suit as at the Party's, which will sue for the King and for himself. And this Ordinance shall endure by Three Years next coming.

ITEM, Whereas it hath been of old Times accustomed in all the Counties of England, that all the Cheeses which ought to be sold by the Wey should be weighed by the Auncel, and because that at the last Parliament holden at Westminster, it was ordained, that the said Auncels, in respect of the great Deceit of the same, should be destroyed, and other Weights couching should be in this Behalf ordained; and it is so, that the poor People of the Realm be greatly deceived by the said Weights couching, for that they know not how many Pounds the Wey of Cheese doth contain by the said Weights couching; And therefore to the Intent that the said poor People shall not be in this Behalf deceived, as they have been sithence the said last Parliament, It is ordained by the Authority of this Parliament, That the Weight of a Wey of Cheese may contain xxxii. Cloves, that is to say, every Clove vij li. by the said Weights couching.

ITEM, Whereas it was ordained by a Statute made in the Time of King Edward the Third (1) the Twentyfifth Year of his Reign, that all the Wears, Mills, Stanks, Stakes, Piles, and Kydels, which were set in the great Rivers of England, in the Time of the Lord Edward sometime King of England, Son of King Henry, and after, whereby Ships and Boats be disturbed, that they cannot pass as they were wont to pass, should be removed and pulled down; and (3) afterward in the Parliament of King Henry, [Father 1] of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, holden the First Year of his Reign, It was ordained, that as well the said Statute made the said xxv. Year, as another Statute made in the Time of the said noble King Edward the Third, the xlv. Year of his Reign, in all their Articles shall be firmly holden and observed, joining to the same, (5) Commissions shall be made to sufficient Persons to be Justices in every County of England, where it shall be needful, to survey and keep all the Waters and great Rivers within the (6) Realm, and to correct and amend the Defaults, and to

Partie whiche sueth MS. Tr. 2.

s after the Conquest

3 Whereas

. Grandfather

s that

Penalty Forty

The King or Party grieved

Double Damages to the Party.

Continuance of this Act.

VIII. The Weight of a Wey of Cheese; 32 Cloves, or 224 lb.

See Statute 8 H.VI. c. 5.

IX.
The Statutes
25 Edw. III.
st. 3. chap. 4;
45 Edw. III.
chapter 2;
respecting
Wears in
Rivers.

⁵ Rot. Parl. Transcr. 2. and Printed Copies all read thus.

^{*} xlyme Rot. Parl. on an Erasure: xly. Transcr. 2.

Obstructions in the River Ley.

Commissioners may be appointed by Chancery, with Power to borrow Money and to take Toll, for cleansing the said River, for Three Years.

X.
The Statute
4 Henry V.
[3 H.V.st.2.]
chapter 2,
authorizing
certain
Religious
Persons
to make
Attornies,
recited

make due Execution of the said Statutes according to their Effect, as well by their Surveying, Advisement, and Discretion, as by Inquisitions within Liberties and without, thereof to be taken when it shall be needful, and all the Premisses to hear and determine; And notwithstanding all the said Statutes, and many other Statutes made for the Conservation of the said great Rivers, there is so great Number of Shelfs within the River of Ley, which is in the Counties of Essex, Hertford, and Middlesex, which runneth from the Bridge of the Town of Ware, to the River of Thames, which Shelfs be made and come by Force and Course of the said Water of Ley, that Ships and Boats may not pass by the said Water of Ley, as they ought, because that no Power nor Authority is given by any Statute heretofore made, how nor in what manner the said Shelfs may be removed, as by a Petition delivered in this Parliament by the Commons of the same it was fully declared: Whereupon by Advice and Assent of the (') Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and also at the Request of the said Commons, It is granted and ordained, That the Chancellor of England for the time being, may assign certain sufficient Commissioners, which shall-have Power by Authority of this Parliament, to remove and cast all the said Shelfs out of the said River of Ley, upon the Banks of the same River, so that any may be found, that will take upon him to do the same, without excluding of any Man's Right; and in case any Credit or Shift of any Sums of Money be or might be made, to put out and remove the said Shelfs, that then the Commissioners of the said River for the Time being, by them and by their Peputies, may by Authority of the same Parliament, take and gather of every Ship and Boat freighted, passing or coming in the said River, Four-pence, for the Re-payment of the said Credits made or to be made, and for the Conservation of the said River without such Shelfs, till the End of Three Years next following.

ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster the [xv.2] Day of March, the Third Year of the Reign of King Henry [the Fifth,3] a Statute was ordained in the Form as followeth: " Item, Forasmuch as there be divers Abbots, Priors, (1) whereof some be of the King's Foundation, and some of the Foundation of of other Lords, dwelling as well within the County of York as in the County of Lancaster, whereof some have Possessions within the Wapentakes of Stainecliffe Wapentake, and Friendles Wapentake in Craven in the County of York, and some not, against whom divers Persons daily by Abetment and Procurement of the Bailiffs Approvers of the Courts of the said Wapentakes, and of the Stewards that hold Pleas in the said Courts, and of Fermours of the Profits and Revenues of the said Courts, do feign and procure, by them and other of their Covin and Assent, divers Plaints and Pleas of Debt and Trespass, and other divers Pleas in the Courts of the said Wapentakes; and where the same Abbots and Priors come to the said Courts to defend [them of 5] such wrongful Plaints and Pleas, and pray and profer to the Stewards and Bailiffs of the said Courts to make their Attornies in such Pleas, the said Stewards and Bailiffs the same refuse, and will not receive such Attornies of such Abbots and Priors, in any Plea of Debt or Trespass, nor in any other Plea; And moreover the same Stewards and Bailiffs of their own Authority do amerce the said Abbots and Priors,

said xvj

due execucion des ditz estatuitz solonc lour effect affaire sibn p lour surveu avisement & discrecion come p inquisicions deins libtees & dehors ent appindrez quant bosoigne sra & a toutz les Pmisses oier & Pminer; Et nient obstantz toutz les ditz estatuitz & pluso's aut's estatuitz faitz p' la confvacie de les ditz g'undes Rivs il y ad si gaunde noumbre des shelpes deins le Riv de Ley qest en les Countees Dessex, Hertf, & Midd q court del pount de la ville de Ware jesq, al River de Themise, les queux shelpes sount faitz & avenuz p force & cours del dce eawe de Ley, q niefs & batelx ne poient passer p la dce eawe de Ley sicome ils devoient, p' ceo q null poair ne auctorite est done p null estatuit fait devent coment ne en quelt man les dces shelpes poient estre amoevez, sicome p une peticion baillez en cest plement p les Cões dicett fuist pleynement declarez : Sur quoy p advis & assent des ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & auxi a la request des ditz Coes g'unte est & ordine, q le Chaunceller Dengletre pur le temps esteant p'ra assign cteins sufficeantz Comissions qi avont poair p auctorite de cest plement p' remoever & getter toutz lez ditz shelpes hors del dit Riv de Ley sur les riparies de mesme le Riv pensi q ascun poet estre trove q voet empndre de ceo faire saunz ouster le droit dascuny; Et en cas q ascun chevaunce ou creaunce des ascuns sumes de moneye soient ou poient estre faitz p' ouster & amoever les ditz shelpes, qadonqes les comissions del dit Riv p' le temps esteantz p eux & p lour deputees p'ront p auctorite de mesme le plement Pndre & coiller de chun nief & batelt frecte passant ou veignant en mesme le Riv iii d. p' le repaiement des ditz creaunces faitz ou affairez, & p' la con-Evacie del dit Riv saunz tielx shelpes tanqal fin de trois ans pschein avenirs.

Item come en le plement tenuz a Westin le xvi jo' de Marce lan du Roi Henri pier nre f' le Roi gorest tierce, ordine estoit un estatuit en la fo'me qensuit :- Item p'ceo q pluso's Abbes Prio's & aut's religiouses y soient dount ascuns sount del fundacion nre f' le Roi & ascuns del fundacion dauts f's, dem'antz sibn deins le Countee Devwyk come en le Countee de Lancastre dount ascun sount possessions deins les Wapentakes de Stayncliff Wapentak & Frendeles Wapentak in Craven en le Countee Devwik & ascuns nemye, vs queux pluso's gentz de jour en aut, p peurement & abettement des baillifs approvours des Courtes des ditz Wapentakes & des Seneschalx qi teignent plees es dces Courtes & des fermo's des pfitz & revenuz des ditz Courtes, feynent & peurent p eux & auts de lour covyne & assent divses pleintes & plees de dette & tspas & auts plees divses es Courtz des ditz Wapentakes, & lou mesmes les Abbes & Priours veignent es ditz Co'tes p' lour defendre de tielx torcenouses pleintes & plees, & priount & pferont as Seneschalx & baillifs des dces Courtes de faire lour atto'nes en tielx plees, les ditz Seneschalx & baillifs les refusent & ne voillent rescev tielx atto'nes des ditz Abbes & Prio's de nutt plee de dette t'spas ne aut plee; Et outre ceo mesmes les Seneschalx & baillifs de lour auctorite demesne amcient les ditz Abbes & Priours

^{&#}x27; fader to our lord the Kyng that now is, MS. Tr. 2.

and other Religious Persons, 5 themselves against

p' chun pleinte al prim foitz (') p' chun des ditz pleintes x š. ou xx š. ou pluis a lo' volunte, a Psgaunde damage & anientisment de les Abbes & Prio's av'ntditz & encountre reson & la coe ley de la tre; Si le Roi ad ordine en remedie de les ditz grevauncez q toutz tielx Abbes & Prio's & lour successo's & chun de eux ensi vexez es dces Courtes p'ront faire lo' atto'nes ou atto'ne genal, cestassavoir chun de eux desoubz le cõe seal de sa meason p' gainer & pdre en chun man de plee de dette & Pspas, & en aut plee quconqe moeve ou a moev es dees Courtes & en toutz autres Courtes deins les Wapentakes avantditz; Et q les Seneschalx & Baillifs des ditz [Countees 1] receivent les ditz attornes issint faitz & nomez s'unz ascun cont'diccion. Et si mesmes les Seneschalx & Baillifs refusent de resceiv ascun ou ascuns telx atto'nes issint faitz & nomez affairs ou [anons] qadonqes les ditz Seneschalx & Bailiffs a chun foitz de tiel refuser de tielx atto'nes forfacent & encourgent la peine de x fi. au Roi: Et q les ditz Abbes & Prio's ou lour successo's es ditz [Countees *] nen ascun de eux p' ascun nounsuite ou defaute ne soient amciez en nutt aut man q seculers psones: Et q ceste ordinaunce estoise en sa force p' tout lan pschein avenir et tange a le plement mesme lan pscheinement ensuant :-Puis la derminacion de quelt estatuit, p' ceo qil ne fuist ordine adurer forsq, p' ctein temps ore dermine & passe, les meschiefs & grevaunces suisditz remainent au Psent nient remediez & sabundent & encrescent de jo' en aut' pluis q unques ne firent; & outre les ditz Seneschalx & baillifs ne voillent ore resceiv nutt aut plee ne respounse des ditz Abbes & Priours en les dces Courtes forsq, tantsoulement de gager lo' ley, al entent gils deussent de necessite apparoir devant eux en lour ppre psones, a lour rsg unde vexacion & grevaunce: Pur quoy considerez les meschiefs & grevaunces suisditz, p' la consolacion & reliefment des ditz Abbez & Prio's & des aut's religiouses desuisditz, p advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx suisditz & auxi a la espale request des ditz Coes, ordinez est q le dit estatuit fait le dit an tierce soit tenuz & obsvez come bone & effectuett tanqil plerra a nre f' le Roi.

Item come p une supplicacion baille en cest plement p lez Cões dicett estoit declarez p' Margarete Duchesse de Clarence, Johanne Duchesse Devwyk soers & ent aut's heirs a Esmond nadgairs Count de Kent, Richard Duk Dewwyk, Richard Count de Sarisbirs, & Aleise sa femme, Rauf Count de Westrift, John Sire de Tiptoft & de Powys & Joiouse sa feme, & Henri Gray Cosyns & aut's des heirs du ditz Esmond nadgairs Count sicome en mesme la supplicacion est supposez; cestassavoir, le dit Duk fitz a Anne file a Alianore une autre des soers du dit Esmond, la dée Aleise file a Alianore une autre soer du dit Esmond, le dit Rauf fitz a Elizabeth une autre soer du dit Esmond, la dce Joiouse file au dee Alianore meer a Anne, & le dit Henri Gray fitz a Johanne file a mesme la Alianore ; q la ou Alianore, feme a James Sire Daudeley Ptendant appellant & affermant luy mesme file & heir au dce Esmond nadgairs Count de Kent, & engendree & nee en espouselx Ptensez euez pent luy & Custaunce

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(') at the first Time (') for every of the said Plaints Ten Snillings or Twenty Shillings, or more at their Will, to the great Damage and Hindrance of the said Abbots and Priors, and against Reason and the common Law of the Land; The King hath ordained in Remedy of the said Grievances, that all such Abbots and Priors, and their Successors and every of them, so vexed in the said Courts, may make their Attornies or Attorney General, that is to say, every of them under the Common Seal of his House, to gain and lose in every (3) Plea of Debt and Trespass, and other Plea moved or to be moved in the said Courts, and in all other Courts within the said Wapentakes; and that the Stewards and Bailiffs of the said Courts receive the said Attornies so made and named without any Contradiction; and if the same Stewards or Bailiffs refuse to receive any such Attornies, so made and named, or to be made and named, that then the said Stewards and Bailiffs at every Time of such Refusal of such Attornies, shall forfeit and incur the Pain of x li. to the King: And that the said Abbots and Priors or their Successors in the said [Counties +] nor in any of them, shall be amerced for any Nonsuit or Default in none other Manner than secular Persons. And that this Ordinance stand in his Force for all the Year next coming, and till the Parliament in the same Year next ensuing:" After the Determination of which Statute, because that it was not ordained to endure but for a certain Time now determined and past, the Mischiefs and Grievances aforesaid do remain [yet 5] not remedied, and daily abound and increase more than ever they did; and moreover the said Stewards and Bailiffs will now receive none other Plea nor Answer of the said Abbots and Priors in the said Courts, but only to wage their Law, to the Intent that they [ought of Necessity to appear 6] before them in their proper Persons, to their great Vexation and Grievance: Wherefore the said Mischiefs and Grievances considered, for the Comfort and Relief of the said Abbots and Priors, and of the other religious Persons aforesaid, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and also at the special Request of the said Commons, It is ordained, That the said Statute made the said Third Year, be holden and observed as good and effectual, as

long as it shall please the King. ITEM, Whereas by a Supplication delivered in this present Parliament by the Commons of the same, It was declared [by 7] Margaret Dutchess of Clarence, Johan Dutchess of York, Sisters and, amongst other, Heirs to Edmond (*) Earl of Kent, Richard Duke of York, Richard Earl of Salisbury, and Alice his Wife, Ralph Earl of Westmorland, John Lord of Typtoft and of Powys, and Joyce his Wife, and Henry Gray, Cousins and other of the Heirs of the said Edmond late Earl, as in the same Supplication is supposed; that is to say, the said Duke Son to Anne Daughter of Alianour another of the Sisters of the said Edmond, the said Alice Daughter to Alianour another Sister of the said Edmond the said Ralph Son to Elizabeth another Sister of the said Edmond, the said Joyce Daughter to the same Alianour Mother of Anne, and the said Henry Gray, Son to Johan Daughter of the same Alianour; That whereas Alianour, Wife to James Lord Audley, pretending, calling, and affirming herself Daughter and Heir to the said Edmond late Earl of Kent, and begotten and born in Marriage pretensed, had betwixt him and

The said Statute 3 Hen.V. c.2. continued during the King's Pleasure.

> XI. Recital of the Circumstances of the Case of the Coheirs of Edmund Earl of Kent;

xij d. & a chescun autre foitz St. 4 H.V. (vel 3° st. 2.) c. 2.
Rot. Parl. nu. xvii. (44.) & Transcr. 2. read as in the Text.

anomers Transcr. 2.

for every Plaint, xij d. and at every other Time,

manner of Courts at present

⁶ must of Necessity appear : for MS. Tr. 2.

[·] late Rot. Parl. nu. 27.

Claim of Alianour Wife of James Lord Audley, to be the lawful Daughter of the said Edmund Earl of Kent.

A Practice to prove the said Alianour Mulier by the

Common

Law, who

was indeed a Bastard.

[Constance'] lateWife of Thomas Lord Despenser, where by the said Supplication it is supposed, that the said Alianour, Wife to the said James, is Bastard, and never was any Marriage made, had, nor solemnized (1) betwixt the said Edmond and [Constance,] but the said Edmond, by the Ordinance, Will, and Agreement of King Henry the Fourth, Grandfather to our Lord the King that now is, after great, notable, and long Ambassage had and sent to the Duke of Millain, for a Marriage to be had betwixt the said Edmond and Luce, Sister to the said Duke of Millain, did take to Wife, and openly and solemnly married the said Luce at London, the said [Constance '] then living, and being there present, not claiming the said Edmond to her Husband, nor any Dower of his Lands after his Decease; which Marriage betwixt the said Edmond and Luce so had and solemnized, continued without any Interruption of the said [Constance,'] or of any other, during the Life of the said Edmond, as divers Lords and other credible and notable Persons of the said Realm do well remember; and how after the Decease of the said Edmond, the said Luce was endowed of his Lands as his lawful Wife, continuing thereof her Estate peaceably all her Life: Nevertheless the said Alianour, the Wife of James, upon great Subtilty, Process imagined, privy Labour, and [other Means and coloured Ways ',] to the Intent that she [ought to be '] certified Mulier by some Ordinary, in case that Bastardy should be alledged in her Person, hath brought, as it is said, in Examination before certain Judges in the Spiritual Courts, not informed nor having Knowledge of the said Subtilty imagined Process privy Labour, and coloured (5) Ways, certain suborned Proofs and Persons of her Assent and Covin, deposing for her, [that the said Alianour, the Wife of James, was begotten within Marriage, had and solemnised betwixt the said Edmond and Constance6]; the said Dutchesses, the Duke of York, and Earl of Salisbury, and Alice, Earl of Westmorland, John the Lord of Typtoft, Joyce, and Henry, nor [any] of them thereof warned nor knowing, until long Time after the [Deposition so 8] made: [whereof 9] the said Suppliants do fear them to be grieved and impeached of their Inheritance had by the said Edmond, by [another10] Subtilty and Labour in the Temporal Law, to be practised and wrought by the said Lord of Audley and Alianour his Wife, as if they [will commence any Action"] against [any"] Persons of their own Assent and Covin, or otherwise will cause [such 12] Persons of such Assent and Covin to pursue an Action against them, as it is supposed that they intend to do; in which Action, by the Covin and Assent aforesaid, Bastardy [ought to be 1] alledged in the Person of the said Alianour Wife of James, and thereupon by [the"] Assent and Covin an Issue [is "] to be taken, and a Writ to be sent to some Ordinary, where it please them, not advertised of the said Subtilty Assent and Covin, to certify [if 15] the said Alianour, the Wife of James, be Mulier or not; before which Ordinary the same Alianour, Wife of James, will alledge [and 16] prove herself Mulier by the said Deposition of the said suborned Witnesses; and then the Party reputed as Adversary against the (") Lord of Audley and

1 Custance 2 in dede ³ colored menes and weyes menes and as in espousels had and solempnised betuyx the said Edmond and Custance, and the saide the said Edmond and Alianore wyf to James to be getyn an 7 noone Rot. Parl. bac aut withvnne the same espousels, nu. 27. * saide Deposicion 9 Wherfore 11 wold take an accion 12 sum 15. 14 Rot. Parl. omits these Words. " whether 17 saide 16 to

nadgairs fēme a Thomas Sire Despenser, la ou p la dce supplicacion est suppose q la dee Alianore feme au dit James est bastard & jammes nulles espouselx feurent en fait euez ou solempnisez pent les ditz Esmond & Coustaunce; mes q le dit Esmond p lordinaunce volunte & agreement du Roi Henri le quart, Aiel nre f' le Roi qorest, depuis g'unde notable & longe ambassiade euez & [eniouez'] a le Duke de Melane pur mariage a estre euez pent le dit Esmond & Luce soer au dit Duk de Melane, prist au feme & ovtement & solempnement espousa la dce Luce a Loundres, vivant cell temps la dee Coustance & illeoqes esteant psent nient clamant le dit Esmond a son baron, ne ascun dower de ses trez puis son dicesse; les queux espouselx pent le dit Esmond & Luce ensi euz & solempnisez continuerent saunz ascun in rupcion du dce Coustaunce ou dascun aut durant la vie du dit Esmond, sicome divs f's & aut's credibles & notables psones du dit roialme ount bien en lo' memorie; et coment puis la decesse du dit Esmond lavantde Luce fuist endowe de ses tres come sa loyalt feme continuant ent son estat peisiblement p tout sa vie: Nientmains la dce Alianore femme James, sur gaunde subtilite pcesse ymagine prive labour & aut's mesnes & voies coloures, a lentent qele devoit estre ctifiez muliere p ascun ordinarie en cas q bastardie sroit alegge en sa psone, ad porte a ceo qest dit en examinacion devent cteins Jugges en Court Xpiene & espuele, nient enfourmez ne aiantz conisaunce des dces subtilite pcesse ymagine prive labour colourez mesnes & voies, cteins subornatz pves & psones de sa assent & covyne, deposantz pur ele come en espouselx euz & solempnisez pent les ditz Esmond & Coustaunce & la dče Alianore femme James pur estre engendrez & neez dedeins mesmes les espouselx, les des Duchesses, Duk Devwyk, Count de Salesbirs, Aleise, Count de Westrift, John Sire de Tiptoft, Joiouse & Henri ne nuff deux ent nient garniz, ne sachantz tanq p longe temps aps la dee deposicion fait; dount les ditz suppliauntz se doutent estre greves & empeschez de lour enheritaunce euz p le dit Esmond, p autre subtilite & labour en ley temporell a estre laboure & oeve p les ditz f' Daudeley & Alianore sa feme, sicome ils voloient Pndre ascun accion envs ascunes psones de lour assent & covyne, ou autment faire ascuns psones de tiel assent & covyne Pndre une accion envs eux, sicome il est suppose qils lour ordinent a ceo faire; en la quelle accion p les assent & covyne suisditz bastardie deut estre allegge en la psone du dite Alianore femme James, et sur ceo p assent & covyne issue estre pris & un brief destre envoie a ascun Ordinarie ou lour plerroit, nient adviise des ditz subtilitee assent & covyne pur ctefier si la dce Alianore feme James fuist muliere ou nemye; dev'nt quelt Ordinarie mesme la Alianore femme James voet alegger de pver luy mesmes muliere p la dee deposicion des dees subornatz pvez, & adonqes la ptie eu come advsarie envs les ditz Sire Daudeley

envoiez Transer. 2.

* anomore Teamers 2,

& Alianore sa femme, en la dee accion pris ou appindre p assent & covyne suisditz, ne veulle nult pve ne matier alegger ne defence faire devant le dit Ordinarie envs mesmes les Sire Daudeley & Alianore sa femme, mes la suffrer la matier devant le dit Ordinarie pceder solonc lentent des ditz f Daudeley & Alianore sa femme; pensi q Visemblable est q mesme lordinarie verroit ctifier la dce Alianore femme James muliere, la quelle ctificat issint eu & fait deussont p la ley Dengletre disheriter les dees Duchesses, Duk Derwyk, Count de Saresbirs, Aleise, Count de Westrit, Jin & de Tiptoft, Joiouse & Henri & lour issue p' toutz jours de lentier enheritaunce avantde: Sur quoy les Pmisses tendierment considerez, & p' eviter tielx subtielx disheritaunces si bien en le dit cas come en aut's cases semblables en temps avenir, del advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & auxi a la spal request des ditz Cões en cest plement assemblez, ordinez est & establez p auctorite de mesme le plement, q si la dce Alianore femme James soit ctifie muliere en ascun Court dev'nt ces hoeures, q nult man de tiel crificat pdevent fait p' la dce Alianore femme James mette a ascun pjudice lye endamage ne conclude ascun psone ou psones forsqe celuy & ses heirs q fuist fait ptie a le plee; et q desore enavant toutz Juges de ou en les Courtez la ou ascun plee est ou sra pendant pris ou moeve, en queux plees ensi faitz pendantz pris ou moevez bastardie est ou sra allegge envs ascun psone ptie a mesme le plee, & sur ceo issue joinee ou [ayoner '] le quelt p la ley doit estre ctifie p lordinarie, qe lez Juges ou un Juge de ou en les Co'tes ou le dit plee est ou sra pendaunt pris ou moeve, dev'nt le temps q ascun brief de ctificat passe hors de cett Court al ordinarie p' ctifier sur lissue ensi joyne ou a joyner, face une rememberance desoubz lo' sealx ou son seal, al sute le demaundant ou ten'nt pleintif ou defendaunt en le plee en quelt basterdie est ou Bra allegge, recitant lissue qest joyne en mesme le plee de basterdie, & ctificant a le Chanceller du Roi Denglet're p' le temps esteant, a lentent q sur ceo pclamacion soit fait en la dce Chauncie p trois moys un foitz en chun moys, q toutz les psones q ptendent ascun in esse pur objetter encountre la ptie q luy Ptende destre muliere qils suyent al ordinarie, a qi le brief de ctificat est ou sra direct, pur faire lour allegeaunces & objeccions envs la ptie q luy Ptende destre muliere sicome la ley de Seint Esglise requiert; Et le dit Chaunceller aiant notice del dce remembraunce & issue joynee, & requis p le dit demaundant ou ten'nt pleintif ou defendant av'ntditz aiant mesme la remembraunce de faire la dce pclamacion come desuis est dit, mesme le Chaunceller pur le temps esteant ferra faire pclamacion en la fourme aventdee, & la pelamacion ensi fait etifiera en la Court ou le dit plee en quett la basterdie est alegge alors sra pendant: Et q les Juges de ou en la Court ou le dit plee est ou Bra pendant pris ou moeve, devent ascun pelamacion ensi affaire en la Chauncie, facent un foitz autiel pclamacion ovtement en mesme la Court

1 2 joyner Transcr. 2.

Alianour his Wife, in the said Action taken or to be taken by Assent and Covin aforesaid, will alledge no Proof nor Matter, nor make any Defence before the said Ordinary against the same Lord Audley and Alianour his Wife, but (') suffer the Matter before the said Ordinary to proceed according to the Meaning of the said Lord of Audley and Alianour his Wife; so that it is very likely that the same Ordinary [will 1] certify the said Alianour, the Wife of James, Mulier; which Certificate so had and made, [ought3] by the Law of England [to 1] disherit the said Dutchesses, Duke of York, Earl of Salisbury, [Earl of Westmorland, John Lord of Typtoft, Alice, Joyce, and Henry, and their Issue for ever, of the whole Inheritance aforesaid: Whereupon the Premisses tenderly considered, and to eschew such subtil Disherisons, as well in the said Case as in other Cases like in Time to come, by the Advice and Assent of [all] the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and also at the special Request of the said Commons, in this Parliament assembled, It is ordained and established by Authority of this Parliament, That if the said Alianour, the Wife of James, be certified Mulier in any Court before this Time, that no Manner of (6) Certificate heretofore made for the said Alianour, Wife of James, shall [in any wise put to prejudice, 7] bind, indamage, nor conclude any Person or Persons, but him [or 8] his Heirs that was (9) Party to the Plea: And, from henceforth all Justices of or in the Courts where any Plea is or shall be depending, taken, or moved, in which Pleas so depending, taken, or moved, Bastardy is or shall be alledged against any Person Party to the same Plea, and thereupon an Issue joined (") which by the Law ought to be certified by the Ordinary, that the Judges, or one Judge of or in the Courts where the said Plea is or shall be depending, taken, or moved, before the Time that any Writ of Certificate pass out of the same Court to the Ordinary, to certify upon the Issue so joined, or to be joined, shall [make Remembrance "] under their Seals, or his Seal, at the Suit of the Demandant or Tenant Plaintiff or Defendant in the Plea in which the Bastardy is or shall be alledged, reciting the Issue that is joined in the same Plea of Bastardy, and certifying to the Chancellor of the King of England for the Time being, to the Intent that thereupon Proclamation be made in the said Chancery by Three Months, once in every Month, that all Persons pretending any Interest to object against the Party which pretendeth himself to be Mulier, that they sue to the Ordinary to whom the Writ of Certificate is or shall be directed, to make their Allegations and Objections against the Party which pretendeth him to be Mulier, as the Law of Holy Church requireth; and the said Chancellor having Notice of the said Remembrance and Issue joined, and being required by the said Demandant or Tenant Plaintiff or Defendant (") having the said Remembrance, to make the said Proclamation as afore is said, the same Chancellor for the Time being shall cause to be made Proclamation in the Form aforesaid, and the Proclamation so made shall certify [in'3] the Court where the said Plea in which the Bastardy is alledged [another Time "] shall be depending: And that the Judges of or in the Court where the same Plea is or shall be depending, taken, or moved, before any Proclamation so to be made in the Chancery, make one Time such Proclamation openly in the same Court,

there wold Rot. Parl. nu. 27.

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Mice, Earl of Westmorland, John Lord of Tiptoft,

siche put to ony prejudice
and made on to be joyned Rot. Parl.

make out a remembrance was above saide

thanne

NoCertificate heretofore made, for the said Alianour, shall bind any other than the Parties to the Plea.

Bastardy is alleged, the Judge, upon Prayer of any shall send into Chancery a memorandum of the Issue thereupon Proclamations shall be made &c. before any Writ be the Ordinary to certify Bastardy ; or in Default, the certificate of Bastardy shall be void.

Certificate to be made on any Writ already issued declared void-

All Re-

cognisances taken before

the Mayor, &c. of the

Staple of Calais shall

be effectual

in England.

[and also another Time when the Proclamations shall be certified by the Chancellor of England, and made in the Form above rehearsed; and then the said Judge shall award the said Writ of Certificate'] to the Ordinary to certify upon the Issue so joined, or to be joined; And if any Writ of Certificate be made or granted, before that all the (') Proclamations in the Form [aforesaid'] be made and certified, that then the said Writ of Certificate, and the Certificate of the Ordinary thereupon made or to be made, shall be void in Law, and of none Effect; And if any Writ before this Time be directed to any Ordinary, to certify [if *] the said Alianour, Wife of James, be Bastard or not, and at this Time not certified, if it be certified hereafter by virtue of the said Writ, that the same Certificate of the said Ordinary so made, be void and of none Effect.

and eft sones whanne the writ of Pclamation is retorned wyth Pclamation made, and the Pclamation be certified be the Chancellor, and in the forme rehersed done, thanne the saide Jugge to awarde a Writ of Certificate Rot. Parl. nu. 27.

* whether

before rehersed Rot. Parl. nu. 27.

& auxi aut foitz quunt les pelamacions oient ctifiez p le Chaunceller & en la fourme reherce faitz, & adonqes le dit Juge agardera le dit brief de cuificat al ordinarie p' ctifier sur lissue issint joynee ou ajoyner. Et si ascun brief de ctificat soit fait ou g'unte devant ceo q toutz les dces pelamacions en la fourme dev'nt reherce soient faitz & ctifiez, qadonqes cell brief de ctificat & le ctificat del Ordinarie sur ceo faite ou affaire soit voide en ley & de nutt effect; et si ascun brief devant cest temps soit direct a ascun Ordinarie pur ctifier si la dce Alianore femme James soit bastard ou nemye, & a cest temps nient ctifie, sil soit ctifie en aps p vertu du dit brief, q mesme le ctificat du dit Ordinarie ensi fait soit voide & de nuff effect.

Anno 10° HENRICI, VI. A.D.1432.

A Transcripto in Turr. Lond.

UR Lord the King, at his Parliament holden at Westminster the Twelfth Day of May, the Tenth Year of his Reign, to the Honour of God, and for the wealth of him and his Realm, and for the Tranquillity and Ease of his People, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Request of the Commons in the same Parliament assembled, hath caused to be [enacted '] and established divers Statutes and Ordinances in the Form following.

FIRST, Whereas it is granted to the Mayor and Constables of the Staple of Calais, by the Charters of the King's noble Progenitors, and by him confirmed, that they shall have Power to take and record all Recognizances of Debts before them made by any Person, and [therefore'] great Doubts were, [if 3] the Recognisances before the said Mayor and Constables made beyond the Sea, should be effectual and executory in all Points within the Realm of England, as the Recognisances made before the Mayor and Constables of the Staple of Westminster be: Our Lord the King willing in this Case to take away all such Doubts, by the Advice and Assent of the (4) Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Request of the said Commons, hath ordained by Authority of the same Parliament, That all the Recognisances of Debts before the said Mayor and Constables of Calais, made or to be made by any Persons beyond the Sea, shall be as effectual and executory, and of such force in all Points within the (4) Realm, and in the same Form executory, as the said Recognisances made before the said Mayor and Constables of the Staple of Westminster, or before any other Mayors or Constables of the Staple within the said Realm be.

ordeigned MS. Tr. 2.

3 whether saide MS. Tr. 2.

anno r°.

Tre f' le Roi a son plement tenuz a Westin le re re le Kol d'aii lan de son regne disme, a lonour de Deu & p' le bien de luy & son roialme & p' la t'nquillite & ease de son poeple, de ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la espale request des Cões en mesme le plement assemblez, ad fait ordiner & establer divses estatuitz & ordinaunces en la fourme qensuist.

Primment come g'unte soit a les Mair & Conestablez del estaple de Caleys p les Chartres des nobles pgenitours du Roi nre Sovain fr & p luy confermes qils eient poer de pndre & recorder toutz les reconisaunces des dettes devent eux p qconqs psones faitz; et pur ceo q g'unde ambiguite fuist si les reconisaunces dev'nt les ditz Mair & Constablez p dela le meer faitz sroient effectuelx & executoriez en toutz pointz deins le roialme Dengletre come les reconisaunces devent les Mair & Conestables del estaple de Westri faitz sount; Nre f' le Roi voillant en ceo cas toller & remoever toutz tielx ambiguites, p advis & assent des ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & al espale requeste des ditz Cões ad ordine p auctorite de mesme le plement, q toutz les reconisaunces dez dettes dev'nt les ditz Mair & Conestables de Caleys p dela le meer p qconqes psones faitz & affairs, soient auxi effectuelx & executories & dautiel force en toutz pointz deins le dit roialme & en mesme la fourme executories come les reconisaunces devant les ditz Mairs & Constablez del estaple de Westin, ou devent ascuns aut's Mairs ou Conestablez destaple deins le dit roialme faitz sount.

[.] Only One Transcript of the Statute of this Year is now preserved at the Tower; See Note to Stat. 9 Hen. VI.

Item come au plement tenuz a Westm lendemain de Seint Matheu lappostle lan du regne nre fr le Roi oeptisme, ordiné estoit & estable p auctorite de mesme le plement q les Chivalers des toutz Countees deins le roialme Denglerre a esliers pur venir as plementz en aps a tenirs soient esluz en chun Countee p gentz dem'antz & receantz en icelles, dount chun ait frank tent a la value de xl s. p an au mains outre les reprises sur ctein peine contenuz en mesme lestatuit; nient fesant expsse mencion en icett q chun qi Broit eslisour dascuns tielx Chivalers avoit frank tentz a la value de xl s. au mains outre les reprisez deins mesme le Countee ou ascun tiel eslisour ovesq auts semblables ferroit tiel eleccion ou aillours: Et pur taunt nre fr le Roi voillant faire du dit estatuit pleine declaracion, del advis & assent suisditz & a la request des dces Coes ad ordine q les Chivalers de toutz les Countees deinz le dit roialme, a esliers pur venir a les plementz en aps a tenirs, soient esluz en chescun Countee p gentz dem'antz & receauntz en icelles dount chun ait frank tent a la value de xl s. p an au mains outre les reprises, deins mesme le Countee ou ascun tiel eslisour soi voet meller dascun tiel eleccion.

Item pur ceo q nre fr le Roi, a la grevouse compleint a luy fait en icest plement p les Cões de son roialme esteantz en icett, est enfourme q plusours de sez foialx lieges sount g'undement empovez anientez & en point destre destruitz p le Roi de Denmark & sez lieges, qi sount del amistee du Roi nre f', a cause gils Dignent de jour en aut de sez ditz foialx lieges lour biens, pissint qils ount pris des Marchauntz Devwyk & Kyngeston sur Huff biens & marchandisez a la value de VM' fi. dedeins un an, & daut's lieges & Marchantz du roialme biens & chateux a la value de XXM' fi. dount ils nount remedie du dit Roi de Denmark ne de nutt aut, a cause q nutt de eux veigne deins le roialme Denglet re ne riens ount en icett, & q les biens sount prisez hors de mesme le roialme; Mesme nre f le Roi voillant a sez ditz lieges p'voier de remedie del advis & assent suisditz ordine, q si les biens dascuns de sez ditz lieges soient ou Front prisez p le dit Roi de Denmark ou ascuns de ses ditz lieges, ait le Gardein du prive seal pur le temps esteant poiair de faire au ptie greve tres de request desoubz le prive seal, saunz autre pursuite affaire a ascuny, pur restitucion avoir des biens issint prisez & apndrez: Et si restitucion ne soit fait p tielx tres, le Roi nre f p advis de son counceitt purveiera al ptie greve covenable remedie solonc ceo q le cas requiert.

Item pur ceo q divs des lieges du Roi avent ces hoeures ount estee utlagez & g'undement vexez & deseasez en divs seutez, sibn devent le Roi en son Bank come en le coe Bank, en les recordes des queux seutes les entres ount estee faitz q les pleintifs en mesmes les suetes optulerunt se in ppria psona sua, lou mesmes les pleintifs unqs napparerount as tielx seutes, ne conisaunce avoient dicelles, en g'unde mischief

Language Stat. II Rie. IL e. g.

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ITEM, Whereas at the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Morrow of Saint Matthew the Apostle, the Eighth Year of the King that now is, It was ordained by the Authority of the same Parliament, That the Knights of all Counties within the Realm of England, to be chosen to come to the Parliaments [hereafter '] to be holden, should be chosen in every County by People dwelling and resiant in the same, whereof every one shall have Freehold to the Value of Forty Shillings by Year at the least, above all Charges, upon a certain Pain contained in the same Statute; not making express Mention in the same, that every Man that shall be Chooser of any such Knights, shall have Freehold to the Value of Forty Shillings at the least, above all Charges, within the same County where such Chooser with other like shall make such Election, or elsewhere: And therefore our Lord the King, willing to make plain Declaration of the said Statute, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the [special 1] Request of the said Commons, hath ordained, That the Knights of all Counties within the said Realm, to be chosen to come to Parliaments hereafter to be holden, shall be chosen in every County by People dwelling and resiant in the same, whereof every Man shall have Freehold, to the Value of xls. by the Year at the least above all Charges, within the same County where any such Chooser will meddle of any such Election.

ITEM, Because that our Sovereign Lord the King, at the grievous Complaint to him made in this Parliament by the Commons of his Realm [of England] being in this Parliament, is informed, That many of his faithful liege People be greatly impoverished, undone, and in point to be destroyed, by the King of Denmark and his Lieges, which be of the Amity of the King our Sovereign Lord, because that they do daily take of his said faithful Subjects their Goods, so that they have taken of Merchants of York and Kingston upon Hull Goods and Merchandises to the Value of Five thousand Pounds within a Year, and of other Lieges and Merchants of the Realm [of England] Goods and Chattels to the Value of Twenty thousand Pounds; whereof they have no Remedy of the said King of Denmark, nor of none other, Forasmuch as none of them cometh within the Realm of England, nor nothing have in the same [Realm of England,] and that the Goods be taken out of the same Realm: (3) The King willing to provide Remedy for his said liege People, [hath ordained and established, 1 That if the Goods of any of the said his Lieges be or shall be taken by the said King of Denmark, or any of his said Lieges, the Keeper of the Privy Seal for the Time being shall have Power to make to the Party grieved Letters of Request under the Privy Seal, without any other Pursuit to be made to any, for Restitution to be had of the Goods so taken and to be taken: And if Restitution be not made by such Letters, the King our Sovereign Lord, by the Advice of his Council, shall provide to the Party grieved, his covenable Remedy, according as the Case requireth.

ITEM, For that divers of the King's liege People before this Time have been outlawed, and greatly vexed and disquieted in divers Suits, as well before the King in his Bench, as in the Common Bench, in the Records of which Suits the Entries have been made, that the appearing; Plaintiffs in the same Suits "Obtulerunt se in propria persona sua," where the same Plaintiffs never appeared to such Suits, nor had Knowledge of the same, in great

² Not in Original 3 Our said Lord

with the Advice and Assent aforesaid, ordaineth

Qualification

Privy Seal, shall be granted to Subjects whose Goods are taken by Danish

IV. Outlawries, &c.inActions Filazers, &c. shall not record the personal Appearance of Plaintiffs, unless they actually appear, and make Oath of their Identity.

vided in this Behalf: Our Lord the King, willing in this Case to provide Remedy, hath ordained and established by Authority of this present Parliament, That no manner Fyliser, Exigenter, nor any other Officer, from henceforth shall make such Entry in any manner Suit, except that the Plaintiff in the same Suit, before that such Entry be made, do appear in his proper Person before some of the said Justices of the Place where the Plea is or shall be depending, and there he shall be sworn upon a Book, That he is the same Person in whose Name the said Suit is sued, or that some other credible Person of [the King's'] Council make such Oath for him. And this Ordinance shall endure till the next Parliament.

Mischief of the said liege-People, if Remedy be not pro-

V. St. 21 Ric.II. c. 18. recited relative to repairing Beacons, &c. at Calais,

ITEM, Whereas by a Statute made the xxi. Year of King Richard the Second, for Two great Works very necessary always to be sustained and supported about the Town of Calais, and the Marches there, that is to say, the Beacons before the Port there, and the Place called Paradise, which is nigh to the Ditches of the same Town, It was ordained and stablished, that all manner of Ships accustomed to come to the said Port out of England, the Fisher Boats only excepted, shall bring with them all their Lastage of good Stones, covenable for the Stuffing of the said Beacons, thereof making reasonable Deliverance from Time to Time at their coming there, to the Treasurer, which for the Time shall be, or to other Ministers thereto by him ordained, upon Pain of iid. for the Weight of every Tun, [and as much 1] as the said Ships shall be of Portage; and that all manner of Ships entering to rest at the said Place of Paradise, shall pay at every their Entry there [iiij d.3] Sterling, and thereupon it shall be lawful to them, if they will, to tarry there by [Four 1] Days, with as many Nights then next following, without paying any more for their said Entry; and in case that they abide longer than [Four 1] Days and Nights aforesaid, then they shall pay for every Day and Night one Penny, and for the [only Day 3] an Halfpenny, and for the [only Night 6] an Halfpenny; and moreover, that no Manner of Person presume to fasten any manner Ship or Boat by Cable, Cord, or otherwise, to the Timber nor to the Stones of the said Beacons nor Paradise, nor to the new Key, otherwise called the Wharf at the Side of the said Port of Calais, upon Pain of xl. d. to be levied of the Ship which so shall be found fastened; and that the said Treasurer, which for the Time shall be, shall have full Power by him and his Deputies to levy and receive the Money of the said Pains incurred and rising, and thereof to make Payment according as shall need in his (7) Office by the View and Controlment of the King's Controller there: which Statute amongst other Things made in the same Parliament was revoked and adnulled in the Parliament holden at Westminster the First Year of King Henry [the Fourth,*] to the great Damage and Hindrance of the said Works, and to the grievous and importable Costs of (9) the King, if Remedy be not hastily provided: And for so much our (") Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and also of the said Commons being in this Parliament, hath ordained and established, That the said Statute made the said xxi. Year, be from henceforth a Statute effectual, (") holden and kept, and put in due Execution for ever, according to the Tenor of the same.

shall be in force and executed.

although repealed by the Terms

of Statute 1 H.IV. c.3,

bis to so much sillij d. sillij d. sillij
Day alone Night alone said
Grandfather of our Lord the King that now is,

10 said

BA

11 and to be MS. Tr. 2.

des ditz lieges si remedie ne soit purveu en cell ptie; Nre f' le Roi voillant en ceo cas purvoir de remedie ad ordine p auctorite de cest plement, q null Filicer Exigenter ne aut Officer desore enavent ferra tiel entree en ascun seute, si non q le pleintif en mesme la sute avent q ascun tiel entre soit fait appierte en sa ppre psone devent ascun des Justices de lieu ou le plee est ou gra pendant, & illeoqs soit juree sur un liver qil est mesme la psone en qi noun la de suite est sue, ou q aut creable psone de son counseill face tiel grement pur luy: Et durera cest ordinaunce tanqal pchein plement.

Item come p estatuit fait lan xxj. le Roi Richard scde puis le conquest, pur deux g'undes ovaignes pluis necessaries de tout temps estre sustenuz & supportez entor la ville de Caleys & les Marches illeoqs, Cestassavoir les Bekenes devent la porte illeoqs & le lieu appelles Paradis qest bien p's les fosses de mesme la ville, ordine fuist & estable q toutz mans dez niefs au dit porte accustumes de venir hors Dengletre, les bateux des pessons soulement forsprisez, portent ovesq eux tout lour lastage de bones peres covenablez pur la stuffure de les bekenes suisditz, ent faisantz resonable delivance de temps en temps a lour venu illeoqs au Tresorer qi pur le temps y sra ou as auts Ministres a ceo p luy ordinez, sur la peine de deux deniers pur la poys de chescun tonell, es atauntz q les ditz niefs soient de portage; et q toutz mans des niefs au dit lieu de Paradys pur y reposer entrantz paieront a chescun lour entree illeoqs [iiij d.'] destlinges, Et sur ceo ben lour lise sils voillent y dem'er p [iiij 2] jours ovesq, attauntz des noetz adongs pschein ensuantz saunz pluis ent paier pur lour dit entree; Et en cas qils demoergent pluis outre les [iiij3] jours & noetz suisditz adongs paient ils pur chescun jour & noet I d. et pur soul jour ob, & p' le soul noet ob; Et outre ceo q nutt man de psone ne soy psume de nutt nief ne batett p cable corde nautment fermer a les maeresme ne les peres de les ditz bekenes ne Paradys, ne le novell Kaye autment appell Qwerf a la coste du dit port de Caleys, sur la peine de xl d. a levers de la nief q ensi sra trove ferme; Et q le dit Tresorer qi pur le temps sra ait plein poair p luy & sez deputees de lev & recevir les deniers de les peins suisdces enc'ruz & sourdantz, & dent faire paiement solonc ceo q le bosoigne luy sra en son dit office, p vieu & controllement controller nre dit f' le Roi illeogs: le quelt estatuit ent auts chosez faitz en mesme le plement fuist revokes & adnullez en le plement tenuz a Westm lan du reigne le Roi Henry Aielt nre f' le Roi qorest prim, a tsg'unde damage & arrerisment des ditz ovaignes & a Esgrevous & importables costages nre dit f' le Roi sil ne soit hastifment p'veu de remedie; Et pur taunt nre dit f' le Roi del advis & assent des ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & auxi des ditz Coes esteantz en cest plement, ad ordine & estable q le dit estatuit fait le dit an xxj soit de cy enavent estatuit effectuelt & tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion pur toutz jours solone le tenor diceff.

quatorse Stat. 21 Ric. II. c. 5.

9 our said Lord

Item come au plement tenuz a Westm lan du reigne nre f' le Roi gorest viije ordine estoit, q sur chun enditement ou appett p la quett ascuns des lieges du Roi, dem'antz en auts Countees q la ou tiel enditement ou apett soit ou Bra pris de treson felonie ou rspas appendre en apres devent Justices de Peas ou dev'nt ascun aut eiant poiar de p'ndre tielx enditementz ou appellez ou aut's Comissioners ou Justices en ascun Countee Fraunchise ou Libtee Dengletre, dev'nt ascun exigent agarde sur ascun enditement ou appell en la fourme aventdite appendre, q maintenant aps le prim brief de Capias sur chescun tiel enditement ou appell agarde & reto'ne, q un aut brief de Capias soit agarde direct al Viscount del Countee dount celuy qest ensi endite ou appelle est ou fuist suppose destre convsant p mesme leditement ou appett, retournable dev'nt mesmes les Justices ou Comissioners dev'nt queux il est endite ou appelle a un ctein jour conteignant lespace del date de mesme le brief a le retourne dicett, come p mesme lestatuit pleinement appiert : p quelt clause du dit estatuit cestassavoir, reto'nable dev'nt mesme les Justices ou Comissioners dev'nt queux il est endite ou appelle, ascuns entendount q le brief de Capias, ordine p le dit estatuit q Bra direct al Viscount del Countee dount celuy qest ensi endite ou appelle est ou fuist suppose destre convsant p mesme lenditement ou appett, sra retourne dev'nt mesme les Justices ou Comissioners ou aut's dev'nt queux lenditement ou appett fuist pris & nounpas aillours; & ymaginantz pur defrauder & anientiser le dit estatut suent pur remoever tielx enditementz & appellez, hors des mains les Justices & Comissioners av'ntditz en le Bank le Roi & aillours p Cerciorari & autment, les parties ensi enditz ou appellez nient sachantz, et sur ceo suent pcesse use a la coe ley dev'nt la fesaunce du dit estatuit en le Bank le Roi & aillours app's tiel remoevement, en g'unde empovissement & vexacion des loialx lieges du Roi : Pur qoy nre f' le Roi del advis & assent susditz & al espatt request des ditz Cões p auctorite suisdce ad ordine, q le dit estatuit soit tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion en toutz pointz; adjoustant a icelle q si ascuns tielx enditementz prisez ou appindres devint ascuns des Justices du Peas, ou devent ascun aut eiant poiar de Pndre tielx enditementz ou appett ou auts Justices ou Comissions en ascun Countee Fraunchise ou Libte Dengletre, soient remoevez dev'nt le Roy en son Bank ou aillours p Cerciorari ou autment, q adonqs apps tiel remoevement devent ascun exigend agarde sur ascun tiel enditement ou appett en la fourme avandce pris ou appendre, q maintenant aps le prim brief de Capias sur chescun tiel enditement ou apell agarde & retourne, q un aut br de Capias soit agarde, direct al Viscount del Countee dount celuy qest enditee ou appelle est ou fuist suppose destre convsant p mesme lenditement ou appelle, reto'nable dev'nt le Roi en son Bank a un ctein jour conteignant lespace de trois mois ou quatre moys del date del dit darrein br de Capias, solonc les

ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster the Eighth Year of (') the King that now is, It was ordained, That upon every Indictment or Appeal, [by the which '] any of the King's liege People, dwelling in other [foreign and divers] Counties than where such Indictment or Appeal is or shall be taken, of Treason, Felony, or Trespass, to be taken [hereafter 3] before Justices of the Peace, or before any other [Justice whatsoever,] having Power to take such Indictments or Appeals, or other Commissioners or Justices in any County Franchise or Liberty of England, before any Exigent awarded upon any Indictment or Appeal in the Form aforesaid to be taken, that presently after the first Writ of Capias upon every such Indictment or Appeal awarded and returned, that another Writ of Capias shall be awarded, directed to the Sheriff of the County, whereof he that is so indicted or appealed is or was supposed to be conversant by the same Indictment or Appeal, returnable before the same Justices or Commissioners, before whom he is indicted or appealed, at a certain Day, containing the Space [of Three Months 1] from the Date of the same Writ to the Return of the same, as by the same Statute plainly appeareth: By which Clause of the same Statute, that is to say, " returnable before the same Justices or Commissioners before whom he is indicted or appealed," some do think that the Writ of Capias ordained by the said Statute, which shall be directed to the Sheriff (5) whereof he that is so indicted or appealed is or was supposed to be conversant by the same Indictment or Appeal, shall be returned before the same Justices or Commissioners, or other, before whom the Indictment or Appeal was taken, and not elsewhere; And imagining to defraud and make frustrate the said Statute, do sue to remove such Indictments and Appeals out of the Hands of the Justices or Commissioners aforesaid into the King's Bench and elsewhere by Certiorari and otherwise, [unknown to the Party so indicted 6] and thereupon sue the Process used at the Common Law, before the making of the said Statute, in the King's Bench and elsewhere, after [the⁷] removing, to the great Impoverishing and Vexation of the King's faithful Subjects: Wherefore [the same] our Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the special Request of the said Commons, by Authority aforesaid hath ordained, That the said Statute be holden and kept, and put in due Execution in all Points; joined to the same, that if any such Indictments, taken or to be taken before any Justices of Peace, or before any other having Power to take such Indictments or Appeals, or other Justices or Commissioners in any County Franchise or Liberty of England, shall be removed before the King in his Bench or elsewhere, by Certiorari or otherwise, then after such removing, before any Exigent awarded upon any such Indictment or Appeal, in the Form aforesaid taken or to be taken, that presently after the first Writ of Capias upon every such Indictment or Appeal awarded and returned, that another Writ of Capias be awarded, directed to the Sheriff of the County, whereof he that is so indicted or appealed is or was supposed to be conversant by the same Indictment or Appeal, returnable before the King in his Bench at a certain Day, containing the Space of Three Months or Four from the Date of the said last Writ of Capias, according to the

St. 8 H. VI. c. 10. recited, as to Process upon the Indictments of Persons in dwelling in another;

the King's

against [The Sense requires this Reading; the wording of the Original is confused.]

4 Not in Original.

5 of the Shuyre MS. Tr. 2.

the parties so endited or appeled nat knowyng MS. Tr. 2.

Exigend and Outlawry, to be had contrary hereto, shall be void.

VII. Value of Staple Merchandises exported elsewhere than to Calais, shall be forfeited; except Wools by Licence.

Blant Manta

Manner and Form that the Justices of Peace, and other in the said first Statute contained, ought to have done, before such removing after the making of the said first Statute; (¹) and if any such Exigent be hereafter awarded upon any such Indictment or Appeal after such removing, against the Form aforesaid, or any Outlawry thereupon pronounced, as well the same Exigent so (¹) awarded as the Outlawry thereupon to be pronounced, and every of them, shall be holden for none and void, according as in the said first Statute is more fully contained.

ITEM, Whereas by a Statute it was ordained, That all the Wools, Woolfels, Hides, Lead, and Tin, and divers other Merchandises passing out of the Realm of England, the Lands of Ireland, Wales, and Berwickupon-Tweed, ought to repair to the Staple of Calais, and to none other Place beyond the Sea, (3) to be sold under the Governance of the Mayor and Constables of the said Staple, upon certain Pains contained in the said Statute; which Pains be so easy and not doubted, that many take in Custom to carry, and do daily to be carried out of the Realm and Lands aforesaid, by divers Means and Ways, a great Substance of the Wools, Woolfels, Hides, Lead, and Tin, and other Merchandises, which ought to repair to the said Staple, into Scotland, and into Flanders, Holland, Zealand, and Brabant, without Custom or other Charge thereof paying, as is paid for Wools repairing to Calais; and also by the said Wools and Merchandises so carried to the said Parts, there cometh (*) no Money into this Realm [of England,] nor the same Realm is (5) increased, nor the Mint at Calais sustained; and moreover, the same Wools and Merchandises be sold in the same Parts at so little a Price or Value, that the Merchants Aliens be so greatly enstored of the same, that they come not to Calais to buy Wools and Woolfels (6) as they were accustomed to do, to the great Loss [and Damage] of our Sovereign Lord the King, and the universal Damage of his Realm, and great Hindrance of the utterance of the Commodities of the said Realm, repairing and being at the said Town of Calais, as the same our Sovereign Lord the King hath conceived at the grievous Complaint (7) of the Merchants and Commons of the Realm in this present Parliament assembled: Our Sovereign Lord the King, considering the grievous Losses and Damages aforesaid, (8) hath ordained, That the Value of all such Goods so found carried or to be carried to the said Parts, except those Wools and Woolfels which by our Sovereign Lord the King be or shall be licensed, if there be any, shall be forfeit; whereof the same our Sovereign Lord the King shall have the one Half, and the Person (9) that espieth (") and proveth the same, by the Discretion of the Treasurer and Barons of the Exchequer, shall have the other Half; and that every Man have Power by Authority of the same Parliament, to make such Search in every Place where it shall be needful.

of the said first Statute:

there is ageyne anothyng of there Rot. Parl. nu. xxiij. (51.)

to hym made MS. Tr. 2.

the parties to endited or appeled that know pay All In The

of the Shoyre MS. Iv. a. . and

man & fourme q les Justices de peas & aut's en le dit prim estatuit contenuz deussent avoir fait av'nt tiel remoevement puis la fesaunce du dit prim estatuit, & enoustre de ent faire pcesse solonc leffect & p'port del dit prim estatuit; et si ascun exigende soit agarde en aps sur ascun tiel enditement ou appell aps tiel remoevement encountre la fourme av'ntdite, ou ascun utlagarie sur ceo pnuncie, soit sibn cell exigende ensi agarder come lutlagarie s' ceo a pnuncier & chun de eux tenuz pur null & voide, solonc ceo qen le dit prim estatuit est contenuz pluis au plein.

Item come p estatuit soit ordine, q toutz les lains pealx lanuz hides plumbe & estain & divses auts mchandises passantz hors du roialme Dengletre les tres Dirland & de Gales & Berwyk sur Twede deussent repairer a lestaple de Caleys, & a nutt place aillours depar dela le meer, pur y estre venduz desoubz la govnaunce del Mair & Constables du dit Estaple sur cteins peines contenuz en le dit estatuit; les quux peines sount sy easez & nient doutez q pluseurs Pignent en custume de carier & fount carier de jour en aut hors du roialme & Pres avantditz p divses mesnes & voies g'unde substaunce des lains pealx lanuz hides & estain & aut's mchandises, q deussent reparer au dee estaple, en Escoce & en Flaundres Holand Seland & Braban, saunz custume ou aut charge ent paier come est paie pur les lains reparantz a Caleys; & auxi p les dces lains & michandises ensi cariez as dces pties ne revient ascune moneye en cest roialme, ne mesme le roialme est ascunement encrescez, ne le mynte a Caleys sustenuz; Et enoustre mesme les lains & nichandisez sount venduz en les dces pties a si petit price & value q les marchauntz aliens sount si g'undement stuffez dicelles qils ne veignent mye a Caleys pur y achater lains & pealx lanuz come ils furent accustumes de faire, au g'unde pde au Roy nre f' & univsell damage de son roialme, & g'unde anientisment del utteraunce des comoditees du dit roialme reparantz & esteantz au dce Ville de Caleys; sicome mesme nre f' le Roi ad conceu a la grevouse compleint a luy fait p les Marchantz & Cões du roialme en cest psent plement: Nre fr le Roi considerant les grevousez damages & pdes avantditz & voillant pur taunt en purvoier de remedie, del advis & assent des f's & Cões avantditz ad ordine, q la value de toutz tielx bienx ensi trovez cariez ou acariers a les ditz parties, forspris ceux lains & pealx lanuz q p nre dit f' le Roi sount ou Frount licenciez si ascuns y soient, soient forfaitz; des queux mesme nie f' le Roi ava lune moitee & la psone qi q soit qi ceo espie trove & pve p la discrecion del Tresorer & Barons del Escheqer lautre moitee; & q chescuny ait poar p auctorite de mesme le plement de faire autiel serche en qconq lieu q mestier gra.

full salura e destre conveant p menue lendited xa ou appelle, reto nable dev'nt le Roi en son Bank a un

and willing therefore thereof to provide Remedy, with the Advice and Assent of the Lords and Commons aforesaid,

whatsoevere he be Rot. Parl.

D Justic Svientiby ad legem & attorn dni Reg. Ex Rot. Parl. 10 Hen. VI. nu. 20.0

PRIOUNT les Cões a icest psent plement assemblez, q please a nre Sovain & le Roi, p advis des Psreventz & Psgracious f's a icest psent plement assemblez, considerer coment les Justices de Bank le Roi & del coe Bank, les Justices as assises pondre assignez, les Sergeantz & lattourney du Roi pur le temps esteantz, dev'nt ses heures feurent tout temps paiez en mayns de lo' fees & regardes du Roi, p les Tresorerez Dengletre pur le temps esteantz annuelment en les Pmes de Pasque & Seint Michell p ouelles porcions tanq al temps de William Kynwolmershe jatarde Tresorer Dengletre et puis quils feurent mys de padre p' lour payment assignementz des dettours de Roi, queux p tielx assignementz a la foitz riens saunz regarde payer ne voillent; des queux dettours les ditz Justices Sergeauntz & Atto'ne ount estee & sount tresmalement ou trop tarde & ove grauntez delayes ou jammes payez, & outre souvent sount mys de querer & espier dettours du Roi des queux ils voillent av lour assignementz, la ou ils nount ne saunz g'unde daunger & diligence avoir poient conisaunce de tielx dettours, ne a eux espier & querer & pur lour payementz treter attendre ne poient saunz lesser faire lour svice & svice a Roi & le poeple deliver; & que expedient a Roi & a son poeple ou honeste ou convenient as offices des ditz Justices Sergeantz & Atto'ne nest il mye, de querer & espier les ditz dettours, & eux p daungerous mesnes entreter p' lour payment aver, queux a la foitz purceo faire desiront & demaundont estre regardez ou non resonablement favourez encountre le sement des ditz Justices Sergeantz & Atto'ne; & de considerer auxi les gaundes & continuelx costages & expenses q les ditz Justices fount en lor entendaunce en faisant lor ditz offices & Svicez a Roi, et le g'unde pde & damage qils ount de lour fees & gayne de ceo qils sount assignez Justices, qamounterount a g'unt part pluis q lour ditz fees & regardes de Roi; et sur ceo p auctorite dicest psent plement dordiner q les ditz Justices Sergeantz & Attorne de Roi pur le temps esteantz & chun de eux soient paiez es mains de lour ditz fees & regardes de Roi, en les ditz Pmes, p les mains des Tresorers Denglerre p' le temps esteantz; et q mesmes les Tresorers soient tenuz a ceo faire, p issint q les ditz Justices Sergeants & Attorne ne covyendra pur la p'suite de lour ditz paymentz av de lesser faire lour ditz office & svice a Roi & deliver le poeple qount a faire en lour offices avantditz. STATUTE THE SECOND.

PRAY the Commons at this present Parliament assembled, That it may please Our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice of the most Reverend and most gracious Lords at this present Parliament assembled, to consider, how the Justices of the King's Bench, and of the Common Bench, the Justices assigned for taking Assises, the King's Serjeants and Attorney for the Time being, before this Time were always paid in Hand for their Fees and Rewards of the King by the Treasurers of England for the Time being, annually in the Terms of Easter and Saint Michael by equal Portions; until the Time of William Kynwolmershe, late Treasurer of England, and since, that they were sent to take for their Payment Assignments of the King's Debtors, who by such Assignments sometimes nothing will pay without Allowances; by which Debtors the said Justices Serjeants and Attorney have been and are very badly or too slowly and with great Delay, or never, paid; and moreover often are put to look after and discover Debtors of the King of whom they will have their Assignments, whereas they have not, nor without great Danger and Diligence can they have, Knowledge of such Debtors, nor to discover and look after them and for their Payments to treat, can they give Attention, without neglecting their Duty and Service to the King and the discharging of the People: And that it is by no Means expedient to the King and to his People, or honest or convenient to the Offices of the said Justices Serjeants and Attorney, to look after and discover the said Debtors, and them by dangerous Means to entreat to have Payment of them, who sometimes for so doing do desire and demand to be rewarded, or unreasonably favoured against the Oath of the said Justices Serjeants and Attorney; and to consider also the great and continual Costs and Expences, which the said Justices do undergo in their Attendance in doing their said Offices and Services to the King, and the great Loss and Damage which they have of their Fees and Gain, in that that they are assigned Justices, which would amount in great Part to more than their said Fees and Rewards of the King; and thereupon by Authority of this present Parliament to ordain that the said Justices Serjeants and Attorney of the King for the Time being and every of them, be paid in Hand for their said Fees and Rewards of the King, in the said Terms by the Hands of the Treasurers of England for the Time being; and that the same Treasurers be bounden to do this, so that there be no need that the said Justices Serjeants and Attorney, for the Pursuit of their said Payments shall have to neglect doing their said Duty and Service to the King, and discharging the People who have to do in their Offices aforesaid.

* Only One Transcript of the Statute of this Year is at prevent preserved in the Tower. See More respektively will a

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^{*} This was first printed at Length, from the Parliament Roll, in Cay's Edition of the Statutes : It is referred to in the Old Abridgements, as 'Statutum per se': but it is not inserted in any of the Old Editions or Translations of the Statutes at large. The Answer to the Petition on the Parliament Roll, is 'Fiat put petit'.' See the Introduction to Vol. I. of this Work; Chapter III. § I. Note 4.

Anno 11° HENRICI, VI. A.D.1433.

IN THE ELEVENTH YEAR.

UR Sovereign Lord the King, at his Parliament Oholden at Westminster the Eighth Day of July, the Eleventh Year of his Reign, to the Reverence of God, and for the Weal of the People of his Realm, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal (') and at the special Request of the Commons of his (1) Realm in his said Parliament assembled, by Authority of the same Parliament, hath (3) ordained and stablished divers Statutes, Declarations, and Ordinances, in the Form following.

FIRST, Forasmuch as our said Sovereign Lord the

dwelling at King, at the grievous Complaint to him made by his said the Stews in Southwark Commons in the same Parliament, hath conceived, that shall serve divers Persons of great Poverty, without Conscience and on Juries in Surrey, &c. of an evil Governance, now and late dwelling in a Place suspected, called the Stews, in the Borough of South-

No Person

wark, in the County of Surrey, as well by the Receipt of common Women, Thieves, Mankillers, and Adulterers, as by Murders and privy Robberies, as well by themselves as by many other there harboured without Pity Loyalty and good Conscience there done, have suddenly come to great Riches, by which they have purchased great Livings of Lands and Tenements, to great yearly Values; and because of their sufficiency of Freehold so purchased, they have been returned, by the Sheriff of the said County and other Bailiffs, in Inquests as well for Felony and Trespass between the King and the Party, and Party and Party, as in Assises and other Pleas of Land before the King's Justices in his Courts, and before the [Stewards 1] and Marshal of his House, whereby divers Disheritances and wrongful Condemnations of many lawful Lieges of our Sovereign Lord the King have been had, and many Murderers and notorious Thieves have been saved, (5) great Murders and Robberies concealed and not punished; and how the (6) Persons suspected inhabit them in common Hosteries and Taverns in the Highway of the same Borough, there receiving Thieves, common Women, and other Misdoers, in like Manner as they did in the said suspected Place of the Stews: Our Sovereign Lord the King considering the Premisses, and that such People without Conscience [be defamed, and may not of reason be intending to bear Witness of Truth there where Truth shall be inquired,7] hath ordained and established, That if any such Person be returned by any Sheriff, Bailiff, or other Minister of [our said Sovereign Lord] the King, in the said County of Surrey, or by any Officer before the Steward and Marshall of our Sovereign Lord the King's House, (8) as well for the King as for the Party, at all Times from henceforth he may be challenged, and the Challenge in that Part allowed for the cause before said :

3 made MS. Tr. 2. of the same Realm 2 said 4 Steward said Rot. Parl. nu. i. (42.)

A Transcripto in Turr. Lond.

a. rj.

NOSTRE f' le Roy a son plement tenuz a Westm le viij jour de Jule lan de son reigne unzisme, a la revence de Dieu & pur le bien du peple de son roialme, del advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx de mesme le roialme & a la espale request des Cões de son dit roialme en son dit [roialme '] esteantz, p auctorite de mesme le plement ad fait ordeigne & estable cteins estatuitz declaracions & orden nces en la fo'me qensuit.

En le primes pur ceo q nre dit f' le Roi, a la [gracious 3] compleint a luy fait p sez dit Cões en mesme le plement, ad conceu q divses psones de g'unde povte sanz conscience & Psdissolute govnance, ore & jatarde dem'antz en le lieu suspectz appellez lez Stewes en le Burgh de Suthewerk en le Counte de Surr, sibien p recettement dez cões fēmes, larons, homicidoures & avoutreys come p murdres & prive robbies, sibn p eux mesmes come p aut's illoq herbgiez, sanz pite loialte & bone conscience illoq faitz, ount sodenement devenuz as gaundes richess p lez queux (3) ount purchases gaundes vivers dez Pres & tentz as g'undes annuelx values; & a cause de lour sufficeaunte de franks tentz ensi p'chasez ils ount estez reto'nez p le Viscount de dit Counte & auts baillifs es enquestes, sibn p' felonie & t'spas pentre le Roi et la pte, & pte et pte, come en assises & aut's plees de tre devant le Juges de Roi en sez Courtes & dev'nt les Seneschaft & Mareschaft de son hosteft, pount divses disheritaunces & injuriouses condempnacions dez plusoures divsez lieges de Roi ount este euez, & plusours murdrours & notoirs larons ount estez savez & g'unds murdours & robbies conselez & nient puniez; et coment mesmes lez psones suspectz eux enfitent en cões hostries & tavnes en le haut chemyn de dit Burgh itteoqs recettantz larons cões femes & aut's mesfaiso's, en semblable mane come ils fesoient en le dit suspectz lieu destuwes : Nre dit f le Roi considerez lez Pmises & q tielx gentz saunz conscience sount enfamez, & ne poient de resone estre entenduz ablez de porter tesmoign'nce de vite la ou vite sroit enquiez, ad ordine & estable q̃ si ascune tiel psone [si 1] retorne p ascun [tiel 5] Viscount Baillife ou au? Ministre de Roi en le dit Counte de Surr, ou p ascune Ministre devant lez Seneschaft & Mareschaft del hostiett du Roi, que sibn pur le Roi come pur le pte a tout temps de ceo enavant il poet estre chalange, & la chalenge en cest pte alowez a cause av'ntdit:

1 plement

s ils soit Printed Copies.

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s and 7 mowe not of reason be undirstonden worthi of trouth, nor to bere witnesse of trouth in any cause where right is to be enquered, Rot. Parl. 8 that Rot. Parl.

^{*} Only One Transcript of the Statute of this Year is at present preserved in the Tower. See Note to 9 Hen. VI.

ij.

iij.

Et auxi pur eschuer murdres, robbies & avoutrees que p'rount visemblablement aveign, Ordeigne est q nult tiel qui ensi ad dem'ez a les ditz estuwes soient suffrez de tene ascune coe hostrie ne tavne en ascune autre lieu deins le dit Burgh de Suthwerk, mais soulement as ditz Estuwes: Et q les Justices du pees en mesme le Countee eient poiair denquerer de tous ceux qui teignent hostries & tavnes & de eux punir p fyn & raunceon & p enprisonement de lour corps solonq, la discrecion des ditz Justices.

Item come divs gentz sovent foitz suent assises de novell disseisyn dev'nt [dev'nt '] Justices assignez env's divses psones, & p subtillite & collusion pur avoir lour bres de loures ditz assises directz as Coronis dez Countees ou les tentz sount pur fair execucion dicell brefs, fount nomer en loures ditz assises le Viscount de mesme le Counte une des disseisoures, lou il nest ne unqes fuist deseisour [dez 1] ten'nt dez tentz en demaunde; pount sovent foitz lez ditz assises sount agardez p defauté des tenentz queux nount my conisaunce de ceux assises, entant qils ne trovent my ascune assise envs eux en la felace de Viscount, & nount ascune suspecion dascune tiel assise priz envs le Viscount & eux: Nre f' le Roi voillant en ceo cas purvoir de remedie, del assent & auctorite suisditz ad ordeigne, qen tous tiels assises purchasez & a psent pendantz ou ap chasers desore enavant, pentre quecongs psones devent ascuns tieux Justices, en quex assises ascune tiel Viscount soit nomez disseisour, si les ten'ntz en les ditz assises ou ascun de eux voil avrer q le dit Viscounte nest ne unqs fuist disseisour ne ten'nt dez teñtz en demaunde mais fuist nome disseisour p collusion, soit lavement receuz; Et si trove soit par la dit assise q le dit Viscount ne soit ne ungs fuit disseisour ne ten'nt dez tentz en demaunde mais fuist nome disseisour p collusion, adonqs les ditz Justices facent abater & casser le dit br p'chase ou ap'chaser en la forme suisdit, et q lez pleintifs ou pleintife soient ou soit en le greve m'cy le Roi.

Item come p estatuit fait lan quart le Roi Henry [pier 3] nre f' le Roi quorest, entre auts ordene soit q les disseisez eient lour accion envs lez disseisoures durant la vie mesmes les disseisoures, pensi q tiels lez disseisoures ent pene lez pfettes al temps del sute comence, sicome en mesme lestatuit est contenuz pluis au plain; le quelt estatut solonq loppinion dez pluso's ad este entenduz es bris dassises de novett disseisin tantsolement & si g'undement meschefe est a les ptes demaundantz en aut's breifs suez & founduz sur novell disseisin come en assise: Et voillant p tant mesme nre f le Roi tous mans oppinions & doutes en cest pte cesser ad ordene p lassent & auctorite suisditz, qen tous mans des breifs fonduz sur le novelt disseisin les disseisez eient lour recover sils voillont p tiels briefs envs les disseissoures ou lour feffees, auxibien come ils avoient en assise de novelt disseisin, pissint q mesmes lez disseisoures ou lour feffees vs qui ou queux le br sra porte ent pgne ou pngnent lez pfettz al temps mentz faitz as aut's psones pur delaier lez demaundantz.

And also for to avoid Murders, Robberies, and Adulteries that might by likelyhood happen, It is ordained, That no such Person, which hath (') dwelled at the said Stews, be suffered to hold any common Hostery or Tavern in (') other Place within the said Borough of Southwark, but only at the said Stews; And that the Justices of Peace in the same County shall have Power to inquire of all them that hold Hosteries and Taverns, and them to punish by Fine and Ransom, and by Imprisonment of their Bodies, after the Discretion of the said Justices.

ITEM, Whereas several Persons do often sue Assises of Novel disseisin, before Justices assigned, against divers Persons, and by Craft and Collusion to have their Writs of their said Assises directed to the Coroners of the Counties where the Tenements be, to make Execution of the said Writs, do name in their said Assises the Sheriff of the same County one of the Disseisors, where he is not, neither ever was Disseisor or Tenant of the Tenements in Demand; whereby oftentimes the said Assises be awarded by the Default of the Tenants which have no Knowledge of those Assises, for that they found not any Assise against them in the File of the Sheriff, nor have any Suspicion of any such Assise taken against the Sheriff and them; Our Lord the King, willing in this Case to provide Remedy, of the Assent and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained, That in all such Assises purchased, and at this Time depending, or hereafter to be purchased, between any Persons whatsoever they be, before any such Justices, in which Assises any such Sheriff is named Disseisor, if the Tenants in the said Assises or any of them will aver, that the said Sheriff is not, nor ever was. Disseisor, nor Tenant of the Tenements in Demand, but was named Disseisor by Collusion, the Averment shall be received; and if it be found by the said Assise, that the said Sheriff is not, nor ever was Disseisor nor Tenant of the Tenements in demand, but was named Disseisor by Collusion, then the said Justices shall cause to be abated and quashed the said Writ purchased or to be purchased in the Form abovesaid; and that the Plaintiffs or Plaintiff be in the grievous Mercy of the King.

ITEM, Whereas by a Statute made the Fourth Year of the Reign of King Henry, [Grandfather '] of our Lord the King that now is, amongst other Things it was ordained, That the Disseisees shall have their Actions against the Disseisors during the Lives of the (*) Disseisors, so that such Disseisors thereof take the Profits at the Time of the Suit commenced; as in the same Statute is contained more at large; The which Statute, according to the Opinion of many, hath been intended in Writs of Assise of Novel disseisin only, and as great Mischief it is to the Parties Demandants in other Writs sued and grounded upon Novel Disseisin, as in Assise: Wherefore our Lord the King, willing all Manner of Opinions and Doubts in that Behalf to cease, hath ordained by the Assent and Authority aforesaid, That in all manner of Writs grounded upon Novel disseisin, the Disseisees shall have their Recoveries, if they will, by such Writs, against the Disseisors or their Feoffecs, as well as they shall have in Assise of Novel disseisin, so that the same Disseisors, or their Feoffees, against whom the Writ shall be brought, thereof take the Profits at the Time of the Writ purchased; notwithstanding any Gifts or Feofiments made to other Persons for to delay the Demandants.

No Person dwelling in such Stews shall keep any Tavern elsewhere.

In Assises
of Novel
Dissessin,
Sheriffs are
sometimes
named as
Dissessors, in
order to have
Writs of
Execution
directed to
the Coroners:

In such Cases Averment shall be received to the contrary, and the Wris be quashed.

III. Recital of the Statute 4 H.IV. c. 7;

Disseisees
may recover
in all Writs
founded on
Novel disseisin, as in
Assises under
recited AA.

An erroneous Repetition. on Rot. Parl. nu. iii. (44.)

Printed Copies all read thus: In Rot. Parl. nu. iv. (45) there is a Blot at this place.

sony Rot. Parl. The printed Translations read thus; and rightly.

Perjury of Jurors; and Pleas and Delays at the Common Law, in Attaints against them;

Plaintiffs in such Attaints

shall recover

Damages and Costs.

V.

After any

Assignment by Tenant for Life or

Years, the Reversioner

may have

Action of

any such Assignment,

if he continue

to take the

Profits.

ITEM, Our Lord the King, by the grievous Complaint of his Commons, considering the (') Mischiefs had within the Realm, and yet not remedied, and also the great Damage and Disherison that cometh by the usual Perjury of Jurors impanelled upon Inquests, as well in the Courts of our Lord the King, as of other, the which Perjury doth abound and increase daily more than it was wont, for the great Gifts that such Jurors take of the Parties in Pleas sued in the said Courts; wherefore the greater Part of People that have to sue in the said Courts, leave their Suits for the Mischiefs aforesaid, and namely [in respect 3] of the Delays that be in the Writs of Attaints; for that in Times past in Writs of Attaints, when the Grand Jury had appeared in Court, and were ready to pass, one of the Tenants or Defendants or of the petty Jurors named in such Writs sometime have pleaded false and faint Pleas, which were not triable by the Grand Jury of the Attaint, and by that Means delayed the taking of such Grand Juries until such Pleas were tried; and after such Pleas tried and found for the Plaintiff, another of the Jurors Tenants or Defendants might plead another such false and faint Plea after the last Continuance in the same Attaints; and so every of the Defendants Jurors or Tenants, after other, might plead such false and faint Plea, and delay the Grand Jury when it was ready to pass; and though that all such false and faint Pleas were found against them which pleaded, no Pain was given (3) them by the Common Law; [in regard *] of which Delays, the Grand Juries in Attaints have been often grievously vexed and travelled, and the Plaintiffs in such Attaints put to so great Costs, and thereby impoverished, that they could not prosecute their said Suits, wherefore the Jurors be the more encouraged to be perjured, and to make their false Oaths in such Cases: Our said Lord the King, willing thereof to provide Remedy, at the Request of the said Commons, and by the Assent of the Lords abovesaid, hath ordained and established, That the Parties Plaintiffs in all such Attaints shall recover their Damages, and Costs against all such Tenants, Jurors, and Defendants, which they have sustained in that Behalf; and that this Statute extend as well to Writs of Attaints now hanging, as to Writs of Attaints to be purchased hereafter.

ITEM, Because that (*) divers People in Times past have let their Lands and Tenements to divers Persons, that is to say, some for Term of Life or of another Man's Life, and some for Term of Years; the said Tenants have oftentimes let and granted their Estate which they had in the same Lands and Tenements, to many Wasteagainst him, as before Persons, to the Intent that they in the Reversion, that is to say, their Lessors, their Heirs, or their Assigns, might not have Knowledge of their Names, and after the said first Tenants continually occupy the said Lands and Tenements, and thereof take the Profits to their proper Use, and in the said Lands and Tenements commit Waste and Destruction, to the Disheritance of them in the Reversion: It is ordained and established, That they in the Reversion in such Case may have and maintain a Writ of Waste against the said Tenants for Term of Life, of another's Life, or for Years, and so recover against them the Place wasted, and their Treble Damages, for the Waste (5) by them done, as they ought to have done for the Waste committed by them before the said Grant and Lease of their Estate:

> 1 great 2 for cause 4 wher MS. Tr. 2.

Item nre Seignur le Roi p la grevouse compleint dez sez Cões considerant lez gaundes mischefs ewez deins le Roialme & unqore nient remedez, & auxi le g'unde damage & disheretison qavient p le usuell pjure dez Jurroures enpanellez en enquestes sibn en lez Courtes du Roi come daut's, la quett pjure habunde & encrece de jour en aut pluis q soloit pur lez g'undes dounes que tiels Jurro's pagnent de lez pties es plees suez en les ditz Courtes; ataunt q le greindre pte dez gentz qount a suer en lez ditz Courtes lessent lour sutes plencheson suisdit, & nomement a cause [q '] les delaies que sount en lez breifs datteintes, purceo q avent cez heures en breifs datteint qu'nt le g'unde jurie ad apparue en Court & fuist pst de passer, un dez tenantz ou defendantz ou des petitez Jurro's nomez en tielx breifs a le foith ount pledez faintes & faux plees quex ne fuerent triablez p la g'unde jurie de lattent, & p celle cause delaiez la pries dez tielx gaundes Juriees tanq, tiels plees fuerent triez; Et aps tielx plees triez & trovez pur le pleintife une aut dez Jurro's ten'ntz ou defendantz p'ront pleder une aut tiel faux & feinte plee puis la darrein continuance en mesmes lez atteintez; Et issint chescune dez defendantz Juro's ou ten'ntz ap's lautre p'roit pleder tiel faux & feinte plee & delaier la g'unde juriee q'unt il fuist pst de passer; Et combien q tous tiels faux & feints plees furent trovez envs eux qui eux plederent nulle peine fuist done envs eux p la cõe ley; a cause dez quex delaiez lez goundes jurrees en atteintes ount estee sovent grevousement vexez & laborez, & les pleintifs en tiels atteintz myz a si g'unde costages & ensi enpovez qils ne purroient suer avant lo's ditz suites, p qui lez Jurro's ount este meulx embaudez destre pjurez & fair faux sementz en tielx cases: Et voillant sur ceo nre dit f' le Roi p'voier de remedie, a le request des ditz Cões & de lassent dez f's desuisditz ad ordene & estable, q les pties pleintifs en tous tiels atteintez recovount lour damages & costages envs tous tielx tenantz Jurro's & defendantz qils ount sustenez en cele pte; Et q cest estatuit soy extende auxibien as breifs datteintz ore pendantz come as breifs datteintz a purchaserez en temps avenir.

Item pur ceo q lou divsez gentz dev'nt ces heures ount lessez lour tres & tentz (1) divses psones, cestassaivoir a tme de vie ou a tme dautre vie & ascunes a time dez anz; lez ditz tenantz sovent foitz ount gaunte & lesse lour estate quex avoient en les ditz tres & tents a plusoures psones, alent q ceux en la revsion cestassavoir loure lessoures lours heires ne lour assignes ne ducent avoir conusaunce dez loures nounes, & puis les ditz p'mer ten'ntz continuelment occupient les ditz Pres & tentz & ent Pongnent lez pfettes a lour ppre use, & en les ditz tres & tentz fount wast & distruccion a disheritaunce de ceux en la revcion; ordeigne est & estable q ceux en la revcion en tiel cas purrount avoir & maintene bre de wast envs les ditz ten'ntz a ?me de vie dautre vie & dez ans, & issint recover envs eux le lieu waste & lours treble damages pur le Wast issint p eux fait sicome ils ducent avoir fait pur le Wast peux fait devant lez ditz gaunte & lesse de lour estate :

> 1 de Rot. Parl. vi. (47.) a Rot. Parl. vij. (48.)

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Original from PENN STATE ٧j.

Purveu tous foitz q cele orden'nce ne teigne lieu forsq loue lez pins ten'ntz, dev'nt lez lesse & le g'unte de lour dit estate en le mane & fo'me suisditz, fuerent punisshable de wast, et auxi loue aps le dit g'unt & lesse lez ditz pris ten'ntz dez ditz tres & tentz pagnent lez pfettes a lour ppre opse demesne al temps de wast fait; Et q cest orden nce soy extende auxifin al wast p tielx ten'ntz fait dev'nt cest orden'nce come aps.

Item nre f le Roi considerant lez g'undes pdes & damages que souvent foitz ount avenuz & Visemblablement avenderount en aps sibn a luy mesmes come as pluso's dez sez leges, de ceo q la oue sibn divsez enditementz & sutes pur nre f' le Roi come auts sutes pentre pte et pte ount este prisez dev'nt divsez Justices de pees, assignez p divsez comissions de Roi en divsez Countees Denglerre, & divsez plees & presses sur icelles enditementz ount sovent este faitez & pendantz devant mesmes lez Justices nient derminez, lez quex plees & pcesses sovent ount este discontenuz p faisauncez de novelt comissions du pees en [en'] icelles Countes, a g'unde pde nre dit f' le Roi & dez sez lieges, & en retardacion dez mesmes lez plees & sutes & de la delivaunce dez sez ditz lieges: Et sur ceo nre dit f' le Roi voillaunt p'voier de remedie de lassent & auctorite suisditz ad ordene & estable, qen tous tielx sutes & plees & pces en icelles appndres & affaires dev'nt Justices de pees en ascune Counte Dengletre, les ditz plees & pces en tiels sutes affaires ne soient my discontenuz p tiels novell comissions de pees affaires. mais estoient mesmes lez plees & pcesse, en lour force; Et eient lez Justices de mesmes lez novelt comissions ensi assignez, aps ceo qils avount lez recordes dez ditz plees & pcesses devent eux, poiar & auctorite dez lez ditz plees & pcesses continuer, & mesmes lez plees & pcesse & touz lez dependantz dicelles oier & finalment derminer, sicome lez aurs Justices p'rount & duissent avoir fait de & en icelles si nult novelt comission eust este fait.

Item come en le plement tenuz a Westin la viendredie pchein devent le fest de Seint Hillar lan du reigne de Roi quorest noefime, pur lez gaundes meschefs (1) emportablez oppssions faitz as sez leges de Counte de Hereford p encrochementz & extorcions faitz p lez Viscountz del dit Countee pur le temptz esteantz, nadgairs comencez & torciousement continuz, a cause q lez ditz Viscountz en loures t'nes (3) lieus aps loures t'nes tenuz & finiz, en les quex aut's lieus ils nount poair ne auctorite p lour office de pondre ascune enquerre ou enquest, Pognirent divses (*) enquestes doffice & enditementz dez laborers artifics & auts divsez choses, ordonez p estatuit destre enquiz dev'nt lez Justices & Comissions de la pees, & qui en nuff mane atteignent ne apptiegnent destre enquiz p teux Viscountes en lour t'nes nautrement ne en autre lieu devent eux; Et lez quex Viscountes p force de tielx enquerris enquestis doffice & enditementz nient duement ne loialment priz devant lez ditz Viscountz en lour turnes & aillours, & p' le noun venue des ditz

1 An erroneous Repetition.

Provided always, That this Ordinance hold not place but where the first Tenants, before the Lease and Grant of their said Estates in the Manner and Form abovesaid, were punishable of Waste, and also where after the said Grant and Lease the said first Tenants of the said Lands and Tenements take the Profits at the Time of the Waste done, to their own proper Use; And that this Ordinance shall extend as well to Waste by such Tenants done before this Ordinance, as after.

ITEM, Our Lord the King considering the great Losses and Damages which oftentimes have come, and be likely to come hereafter, as well to himself as to many of his Lieges, for that where as well divers Indictments and Suits for our Lord the King, as other Suits between Party and Party, have been taken before divers Justices of the Peace, assigned by several Commissions of our said Lord the King in divers Counties of England, and divers Pleas and Processes upon those Indictments have often been made, and hanging before the same Justices not determined, the which Pleas and Processes have been often discontinued, by making of new Commissions of the Peace in those Counties, to the great Loss of our said Lord the King, and of his Subjects, (') in Delay of the same Pleas and Suits, and of the Deliverance of his said Subjects: And upon that our Lord the King willing to provide Remedy, of the Assent and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That in all such [Pleas, Suits and Processes in them '] to be taken and to be made before Justices of the Peace in any County of England, the said Pleas and Processes in such Suits to be [done 3] shall not be discontinued by such new Commissions of the Peace to be made, but those Pleas and Processes shall stand in their Force; and the Justices in the same new Commissions so assigned, after that they shall have the Records of the same Pleas and Processes before them, shall have Power and Authority to continue the said Pleas and Processes, and the same Pleas and Processes, and all that depend upon them, to hear and finally to determine, as the other Justices might and ought to have done of and in the same, if no new Commission had been made.

ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster the Friday next before the Feast of Saint Hillary, the Ninth Year of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, "For the great Mischiefs and intolerable Oppressions done to his Lieges of the County of Hereford, by [Incroachings +] and Extortions done by the Sheriffs of the said County for the Time being, late begun and wrongfully continued, for that the said Sheriffs in their Turns, and in other Places after their Turns holden and ended, in the which other Places they have no Authority nor Power by their Office to take any Inquiry or Inquest, have taken divers Inquiries, Inquests of Office, and Indictments of Labourers, Craftsmen, and other divers Things ordained by Statute to be inquired before Justices and Commissioners of Peace, and that in no Manner belong nor pertain to be inquired by such Sheriffs in their Turns, nor (5) in any other Place before them; and the which Sheriffs, by Force of such Inquiries Inquests of Office and Indictments [not duly nor lawfully 6] taken before the said Sheriffs in their Turns and [without,"] and for

VI. Indictments or Suits before shall not be discontinued

VII. Recital of 9 H.VI. c 7. of the Sheriff of County of Hereford.

Vol. II.

^{* &}amp; s & auls } Stat. 9 Hen. VI. c. 7.

Suytes [and] plees and processes in the same MS Tr. 2. made or done MS. Tr. 2.

^{*} Encroachments * otherwise, nor

unduely and unlawfully

⁷ elsewhere

the not coming of the said liege People to the said Turns (1) the said Sheriffs, did take wrongfully to their proper Use of divers of the said liege People Fines and Amerciaments of x li. and other great Sums, in great Oppression undoing and Destruction of many poor People of the said Lieges, if Remedy should not be hastily provided in that Behalf: [by '] Consideration of which Mischief, It was ordained by the Authority of the said Parliament, That no Sheriff nor Under Sheriff of the said County, from the said Friday then forward, by Colour of his Office, should take any Inquiry, Inquest of Office, or Indictment in his Turn, that ought not by the Law to be taken in his Turn, nor that he by Colour of his Office, should take any Inquiry, Inquest of Office, or Indictment in any other Place after [his3] Turn holden and ended; nor that he should take of any of the said Lieges of our Sovereign Lord the King any Fines or Amerciaments for any Thing or Cause that pertaineth not to his Turn or Office, nor any such heinous or grievous Amerciament of any of the said Lieges against Reason, for Default of coming to the said Turn or to other Place, or for other Cause by Colour of his Office, upon Pain of Forty Pounds by him to be paid to our Sovereign Lord the King, his Heirs and Successors, as often as such Sheriff or Under-Sheriff thereof or of any Article thereof be duly convict, at the Suit of our Sovereign Lord the King, or of the Party grieved that will sue as well for the King as for himself: And that the Party that will sue in such Case have the Half of the said Sum, together with his Double Damages to his proper Use; and that the Party in this Case grieved have Power by the Authority of the said Parliament to sue in this Behalf against such Sheriffs and Under Sheriffs, as well for the King as for himself, as before is said; and that the Justices of Peace of the same County for the Time being, have Power and Authority to inquire, hear, and determine such Misprisions and Offences, as well at the Suit of our Sovereign Lord the King as of the Party that will sue for the King and for himself; And that this Ordinance indure for Three Years then next ensuing:" Our Sovereign Lord the King, considering the said Ordinance to be profitable for him and his People of the said County, hath ordained by Authority of this present Parliament, that the said Ordinance shall stand in his Force and Effect for Three Years next ensuing.

The said Statute 9 H.VI. c.7, continued for Three Years.

VIII. Recital of St. 1 H.V. c.10, as to the Measure of Corn;

ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster the First Year of King Henry, Father of our Lord the King that now is, it was ordained, "That all the Statutes and Ordinances made of Measures of Corn should be firmly holden and kept after the Effect of the same; and that no Purveyors of the King, nor [of other, *] should not after that Time forth buy nor take any Corn [or 5] other Measure, but by Eight Bushels striken for the Quarter, and that none should be bound otherwise to deliver for the Quarter, but Eight Bushels striken for the Quarter, as before is said; and also that Payment shall be made presently for the Carriage of the same; and that if any Purveyor of our Lord the King, or [of other 1] Person, from that Time forward [do6] buy or purvey any Corn otherwise, or by other Measure, than by Eight Bushels striken for the Quarter, as before is said, and of that [be7] attainted, he [shall*] have One Year's Imprisonment, and [shall*]

of any other by did
were should

lieges as ditz turnes les ditz Viscountz, Pongnent torcenousement a lour ppre opse dez divsez (') mesmes lez lieges fynes & amciamentz de x ti & aut's g'undes somes, en gaunde oppsion anientisment & destruccion dez pluso's povez gentz [de divsez] lieges, si remedie ne sroit hastement p'veu en ceste pte: P consideracion dez queux (3) ordene fuist p auctorite de dit plement, q nuff Viscont ne Soubviscount del dit Countee, del dit Vendredy en avent p colour de son office pignerent ascune enquerre enquest doffice ou ascune enditement en son turne, q ne [dit 1] doit p la ley destre priz en son turne, ne quil p colour de son dit office Pigne ascune enquerry enquest doffice ou enditement en ascune aut lieu aps (1) turne tenuz & finee, ne qil pigne dez ascune dez ditz lieges de Roi ascuns fines ou amciamentz pur ascune chose ou cause que ne apptient a son to'ne ou office, ne ascune tiel heynous & grevous ariciamentz dascune dez ditz lieges encountre resone, pur noun venue a dit tourne ou a autre lieu ou pur autre cause p colour de son office, sur la peine de xl fi p luy appaiers au Roi sez heires & successoures, a taunt dez foitz q tiel Viscount ou Soubviscount ent ou (6) ascune article dicett soit duement convict, al suit de Roi ou de pte greve que sue sibn pur le Roi come pur luy mesme; et q la pte que sue en tiel cause eit la moite del dit some ensemblement ovesq, sez damages au double a son ppre oeps, et q la pte en cest cas greve eit poair de mesme lauctorite de suer en celle pte envs tielx Viscount & Soubviscounte sibn pur le Roi come pur luy mesme come devent este dit; Et q lez Justices du la pees de mesme le Counte pur le temps esteantz eient poiair (7) denquerer oier & tminer tielx mespressions & offenses, sibien al suite de Roi come de pte qui voet suer pur le Roi & pur luy mesme : Et dureroit cest orden'nce pur trois ans lours pschein ensuantz: le Roi considerant la dit orden'nce destre pphitable pur luy & son poeple del dit Counte, ad ordene p auctorite de cest plement, q la dit orden nce estoise en sa force & effect & endure pur trois anz pschein ensuantz.

Item come en le plement tenuz a Westm lan pm de Roi Henri pier de nre f' le Roi quorest, ordene fuist q tous lez estatuitz & orden nces dez mesures dez blees deussent estre fermement tenuz & garduz solong, lenfect dicells; Et q null dez purvoiours de Roi nautre ne duissent en aps ne de celle temps enavent achater ne pndre ascuns blees p autre mesure sinon p viij busselx rasez pur le quart, et q null broit tenuz autment a deliver pur le quart sinon viij busselx rasez pur le quart come devent est dit; Et auxint q paiement broit fait prestement pur le cariage dicelles; Et q si ascun purveiour (7) ou autre psone dicelle temps enavaunt atchateroit ou p'veroit ascuns blees autrement ou p autre mesure sinon viij bussels (9) pur le quart come avent est dit & de ceo broit atteint, avoit lenprisonement dun an,

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t de dez ditz } Stat. 9 Hen. VI. c. 7.
mischiefs
Stat. 9 Hen. VI. c. 7. omits.
le dit de } Stat. 9 Hen. VI. c. 7.
k auctorite
nre f le Roy } Stat. 1 Hen. V. c. 10.
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viij.

& qil paieroit au Roi C s. & a pte que se sente greve aut C s. & ceo atant dez foitz q ascune de eux de ceo Proit atteint : Et q la pte que voudroit suer avoit ent accion founduz sur la cas; Et q lez Justices de la pees duissent avoir poair denquerer & plee tenle dez tous les choses avantditz & sur ceo de faire punisshement sibn al suit de Roi come de pte; Et q celle temps enavent riens sroit priz pur le mesurage de tiels blees en ascune mane: Et nient obstant ascuns orden'nces & estatuitz sibn lez pistours & tous auts marchantz & atchautours deins le Franchises & Cite de Londrs, come lez p'voiours le Roi des blees, & tous aurs marchauntz & cões atchato's de blees en pluso's Citees Villes Burghes & Countees Dengletre, continuelement de jour en autre atchatent & Pingnont noef busselx pur le quart, cestassavoir lez pisto's atchato's & mchantz deins le Fraunchises & Cite de Londr's p une vessell appelle le Fat, que conteient viij busselx dez blees ou un aut bussett mys a ycett pur une quart, & fount lez vendo's dez ditz blees encountre lour volunte de paier une maile pur le mesurage de chescun quart, & tous les aurs purveoures achato's & mchantz dez ditz blees noef busselx rasez pur le quart, encountre la fo'me dez ditz orden nces & estatuitz & en contempt du Roi; a cause q lez ditz estatuitz & orden nces ne sount my pclaymez ne myz en execucion, ne lez ditz peynes & forfaitures p le dit estatuit limitez levez solono, lenfect de mesme lestatut : Nre dit f' le Roi voillant mesmes lestatuitz & orden nces estre duement tenuz & garduz, P assent & auctorite suisditz ad ordene, q sibn les ditz estatuits come lestatuit des poies & meso's faitz au plement nre dit f' le Roi quorest lan de son regne viij, soient pclaymez sibn en la dit Cite de Londrs come en tous auts Citees Burghes & Countes Dengletre, & myz en due execucion solong, la fo'me & lenfect dicelles; Adjoustant a dit estatuit fait le dit an viije qen chescun Cite Burgh ou Ville du roialme soit une coe bussett enseale & accordant a lestandart de leschekker, en mesme la mane & fo'me & sur mesmes lez peines come en mesme lestatuit est specefie de une coe balaunce a estre en chescune tiel Cite Burgh ou Ville. Et q le Mair de dit Cite de Londrs, & tous aut's Mairs dez touz aut's Citees & Burghs Denglet re ou il y ad Mair, & tous baillifs dez Cites & Burghes ou Mair nest, & tous Justices du pees de chescun Counte Dengletre pur le temps esteant, eit & eient plein poair de mettre tous lez statuitz & orden'nces av'ntditz en dieu execucion, & de oire & Pmine tous lez defautes mesprisions offenses & Espas encountre la fo'me & lenfect dez ditz estatuitz & orden nces faitz ou affaires ou ppetrez, sibn al suit du Roi come de pte qen ceo cas se sent gve, et de chun aut lieges du Roi gen celle pte voilf su'r pur le Roi, et ceo sibn p examinacion dez pties oue ascune deux solono, la discrecion dez ditz Mairs Bailifs & Justices de peas, come p issues a trier [come p issues 1] duement appndre & aut plees (1) pcesses de la ley de la tre; Et q sibn la pte greve come chescun lege de Roi qui suer voitt pur le

p inquisicions Rot. Parl. nu. xiij. (54.)

pay to the King an Hundred Shillings and to the Party that feeleth him grieved another Hundred Shillings, and that, as often as any of them [shall'] be thereof attainted; and that the Party that [will 1] sue [shall 1] have thereof an Action grounded upon the Case; and that the Justices of Peace [shall '] have Power to inquire and to hold Plea of all the Things aforesaid, and thereupon to assign Punishment, as well at the Suit of the King as of the Party; and that from the same Time forward nothing should be taken for the measuring of such Corn in any Manner:" And notwithstanding [the said] Ordinances and Statutes, as well the Bakers and all other Merchants and Buyers within the Franchise and City of London, as the King's Purveyors of Corn, and all other Merchants and common Buyers of Corn in many other Cities, Towns, Boroughs, and Counties of England, continually from day to day do buy and take nine Bushels for the Quarter, that is to say, the Bakers, Buyers, and Merchants within the City and Franchises of London, by a Vessel called the [Fat,] which containeth Eight Bushels of Corn with another Bushel of Corn put to that for a Quarter, and make the Sellers of the same Corn against their Will to pay One Halfpenny for the measuring of every Quarter, and all the other Purveyors, Buyers, and Merchants of Corn, nine Bushels striken for the Quarter, against the Form of the said [Ordinance and Statute, 3] and in Contempt of our Lord the King; for that the said Ordinances and Statutes be not proclaimed nor put in Execution, nor the said Penalties and Forfeitures, limited by the said Statute, levied according to the Effect of the same Statute: Our said Lord the King, willing the same [Statute and Ordinance of to be duly holden and kept, by the Assent and Authority abovesaid, hath ordained, That as well the said [Statute,7 7 as the Statute of Weights and Measures, made at the Parliament of our Lord the King that now is, the Eighth Year of his Reign, be proclaimed, as well in the (8) City of London, as in all other Cities, Boroughs, and Counties of England, and put in due Execution after the Form and Effect of the same; Joining to the said Statute made the said Eighth Year, that in every City, Borough, and Town of the Realm there shall be a common Bushel, sealed and according to the Standard of the Exchequer, in the same Manner and Form, and upon the same [Pain, o] as in the same Statute is specified, [and 10] a common Balance to be in every such City, Borough, and Town. And that the Mayor of the said City of London, and all other Mayors of all other Cities and Boroughs of England where there is a Mayor, and all Bailiffs of Cities and Boroughs where there is no Mayor, and all Justices of Peace in every County of England for the Time being, shall have full Power to put all the Statutes and Ordinances aforesaid in due Execution, and to hear and determine all the Defaults. Misprisions, Offences, and Trespasses against the Form and Effect of the said Statutes and Ordinances, done or to be done or committed, as well at the Suit of the King as of the Party which in such Case feeleth himself grieved, and of any other of the King's liege People which in this Behalf will sue for the King; and that, as well by Examination of the Parties, or any of them, according to the Discretion of the said Mayors, Bailiffs, and Justices of Peace, as by Issues to be tried, by Inquisitions duly to be taken, and other Pleas and Processes of the Law of the Land; and that as well the Party grieved, as any other liege Man of the King that will sue for

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⁷ Statutes saide MS. Tr. 2. saide MS. Tr. 2

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The several Statutes not duly executed;

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The Statute
I H.V. c. 10.
H.V. c. 10.
H.V. c. 5.
&c. touching
Weights and
Measures
shall be
proclaimed
and executed;
A common
Bushel shall
be in every
Town, under
Penalty in St.
H.VI. c.5.
asto Balances.

Mayors and Justices of the Peace may determine Offences against these Statutes.

Form of the Proceeding. Mayors, &c. shall be sworn to execute the Statute;

and account for the Forfeitures, &c. to the King.

Saving of Liberties of Lords, &c.

IX.
Recital of
the Statutes
17 R.II. c. 2.
7 H.IV.c. 10.
11 H IV.c. 6.
respecting
the Aulnage
and Measure
of Cloths;

The said Statutes declared to extendonly to whole Cloths.

the King, shall have the Suit in that Case at his Will; and that he that is so attainted of any Default, Misprision, Offence, or Trespass done against the said Statute made the said First Year, shall pay to him at whose Suit he is thereof attainted, Cs. and his reasonable Costs of the said Suit, and to the King another Cs. And that as well the Mayor of London for the time being, after that he is chosen Mayor and sworn within the said City, at his first coming to the Exchequer before the Treasurer of England and the Barons of the King's Exchequer, as every of the said other Mayors and Bailiffs, in their Oaths to be made for their said Offices, shall be charged and sworn to do, keep and execute all the Statutes abovesaid; and that all the Mayors and Bailiffs of Cities and Boroughs of the Realm, accomptable in the said Exchequer, do yearly accompt in the said Exchequer of the Profits and Forfeitures that may or ought to pertain to our Lord the King by the Form of the said Statutes: Saving alway to Lords, Cities, and Boroughs, their Liberties and Franchises granted to them by our said Lord the King, or any of his Progenitors, not revoked repealed or adnulled; and saving always, that the said Statute made the said First Year of King Henry the Fifth, and all other Statutes of Measures and Weights afore made, stand in their Force.

ITEM, Whereas in a Statute made in the Seventeenth Year of King Richard the Second after the Conquest, It was ordained, that every Man of the Realm might make and set to sale and sell Cloths, as well Kersies as other, of such Length and Breadth as him pleased, paying the Aulnage, Subsidy, and other Devoirs, that is to say, of every Piece of Cloth after the Rate, notwithstanding any Statute, Ordinance, Proclamation, Restraint, or Defence made to the contrary; and that mone sell nor put to sale any Cloths before they be measured by the King's Aulneger, and ensealed with the Seal thereunto ordained, upon the Pain contained in the Statutes thereof made: And after in a Statute (') made in the Seventh Year of King Henry the Fourth, Grandfather of the Lord the King that now is, It was also ordained, that the Cloth of Colour should contain in Length eight and twenty yards measured by the Back, and in Breadth Six Quarters and a Half; and if the Cloth makers should make their Cloths of less Length or Breadth, they should be forfeit to the King: And after by another Statute made in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of (1) King Henry the Fourth, It was ordained, that Proclamation should be made openly through the Realm, that no Person making such Manner of Cloths or Dozens within the Realm, should be so hardy to tack and fold together such Manner of Cloths, before that the Aulneger hath made his Search and surveying duly of the same Cloths, that they hold their Length and Breadth, ordained by the said last Statute made the said Seventh Year, as in the same Statute is more fully contained: Upon which Statutes made in the Time of the said King Henry the Fourth, divers Opinions have been holden in the King's Exchequer, as the same our Lord the King hath conceived by the Complaint of the Commons of his Realm: Our Lord the King willing to repress such Opinions, of the Assent and Authority abovesaid, hath declared, that this Word, Cloth, in the said Statutes before rehearsed, shall have relation, and shall be understood of whole [Cloth 3] called Broad Cloths and Broad Dozens,

Roi eit la suit en ceo cas a sa volunte; Et q celly qui issint soit atteint dascune defaute mesprision offences ou Espas, fait encountre le dit estatuit fait le dit an Pm, paie a cely a qui sute il soit atteint C s. & lez costaiges resonablez de sa dit suit, & au Roi aut's C s. Et q sibn le Mair de Loundrs pur le temps esteant, aps ceo qil soit esluz Mair & jure deins la dit Citee a son Pm venue a lescheker devant le Tresorer Denglerre & lez Barons de leschekker nre f' le Roi, com chescune dez ditz aut's Mairs & Bailifs en lour serementz affairez pur lours ditz offices, soit charge & jure de faire garder & executeir tous lestatuitz suisditz; Et q tous lez Mairs & Bailifs des Citees & Burghs du roialme, accoumptantz en le dit Eschequer, facent annulment accompt en mesme leschekker dez pfettes & forfaitures que appteign puissont ou duissent a Roi p la forme dez ditz estatuitz; savant tout foitz as f's Cites & Burghs loures libtees & fraunchises g'untez a eux p nre dit f' le Roi ou ascune dez sez pgenito's nient revokez repellez ou anientz; Et savant tous foitz q le dit estatuit fait le dit an pm de Roi Henry quint & tous aut's estatuitz dez mesures & poies avant faitz estoient en lour force.

Item come en lestatuit fait lan xvij de Roi Richard le secunde puis le conquest, ordene soit q chescune home du Roialme purra faire & mettere a vende & vendre draps, sibn dez Kerseyes come auts, dez tiels longure & lateure come luy plerra, paiant launage & subside & tous aut's devoirs, cestassavoir de chescune pees de drape solong laferant, nient countresteant ascune statuit orden'nce pclamacion restreint ou defence fait a contrarie; Et q nuff vende ou mette a vendre ascuns draps avant qils soient aunez p lalnour du Roi & ensealez de seal a ceo ordeigne, sur le peine contenue en lestatuits ent fait : Et puis en lestatuit ent fait lan septisme le Roi Henry quart aiel nre f' le Roi quorest, ordeine fuist auxi q le drap de colour contene en longure xxviij aulnes mesurez p le dorce & laure vi quart's & demy; Et si lez faisours dez draps ferroient lours draps de meindre longeure ou laeure ils srount forfaitz au Roi: Et puis p une autre estatuit fait lan unzisme le dit Roi Henry le quart, ordeine fuist q pelamacion Broit fait ovtement pmye le Roialme, q nutt psone faisant tielx mans dez draps ou duszenes deins le roialme Broit cy hardy de takker & pliter ensemble tiels mans dez draps, devent q lalneour ad fait son serche & surveue duement dicelles draps qils teignent lour longeure & lature, ordeine p le dit estatuit darrein fait le dit an septisme, sicome en mesme lestatuit est contenu pluis au plein: Sur quex estatuitz faitz le temps de dit Roi Henri quart divsez oppinions ount este tenuz en leschekker nre f' le Roi, sicome mesme nre f' ad conceu p la copleint dez Coes dez son roialme : Nre f' le Roi voillant tielx oppinions cesser, de lassent & auctorite suisditz ad declare, q cest pole Drap en lez ditz estatuitz dev'nt rehersez eit relacion & soit entendu a lez [auts'] draps appellez brode clothes & brode dusannes,

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¹ thereof 4 the said

s clothes Rot. Parl. nu. xv. (56.)

& nemy as auts draps & peces dez draps appellez Straites (') ou afairez; et outre ad ordeine & estable q chescune home poet faire mettre a vende & vendre tous mans dez draps appellez Straites contenentz en longeure [x"ij 1] aulnes & en leure un aulne nentenewez, ou autment xij aulnes euwez, sanz enpechement dascune ministre de Roi; paiaunt a Roi launage subsides & customes & aut's devoirs, cesteassavoir de chescun drape & de chescune pece de drape solong, la rate en lez ditz estatuitz contenuz. Et si lez faisours dez tiels draps appellez Straites facent ascunes draps a vendre de meindre longeure & leure q pschienment desuis est declare, qadonqs bien lise al allenour de couper la list a lune fyn de tous tiels Straites Draps nene conteign'ntz la dit longeure, & mesme le drap a estre vendu pur une remnaunt ou une pece [ou 3] nemy pur une Drap: Et q null tiels draps soient myz a vendre tanq, Ialnour les ad mesurez & fait p son serche & mys a eux le seal du Roi a ceo ordeine, sur peine de forfaiture dicelle. Et si ascune Aulneour enseale ascuns tielx draps appellez Straites nient conteignantz la longeure & laeure dez Straites suisditz, & ne coupe la liste dez tous tielx draps qui ne teignent lez ditz longure & laeure dez straites, qadonqs le dit lalneour paie au Roi pur chescune pece de drape (4) trove defectife vj s. viij d. forspris tous foitz q tous draps appellez Straites faitz ou affairs tang, al jour de Nativite de Seint John Baptistre pschein avene eient licence destre venduz & live tang, al fest de Nowell lors pchein ensuant, de queconqs longeure ou lature qils soient.

Item purceo q divsez psones deinz cest roialme devant cez heures sovent foitz ount este priz & arestez p divses Viscountes & auts Minists de Roi, p bres issantz sibñz hors de Chauncery de Roi come de sez pgenito's, pur execucion avoir de divsez reconusaunces faitz devent lez Mairs de lestaples de divsez somes, dez quex somes icells psones as quex la duite appent nount remedie covenable autre q lez ditz execucions, lez quex psones ensi prisez & arestuz pur lexecucion de mesmes lez reconusaunces sount sovent faitz venir p divsez bres de Corpus cum causa devant le Roi en sa Chauncery, hors dez p'sones es quex ils sount issint detenuz a cause de tiel execucion, & illogs suent en monstrantz divsez endentures & aut's choses en defaisaunces de tiel reconusances [enprisantz 5] brs de Scire fac de garnier la pte ou lez pties a qui p'suit ils sount ensi prisez & arestuz a respoundre sur icelles; Et sur ceo p suerte trove au Roi en sa Chauncery ount este delivez hors du prisone, nient (6) lour dit areste pur lexecucions dez tielx reconusaunces come desuis est dit, nulle (7) trovez as reconusez as quex ils sount issint obligez, de eux satefier dez lour duetees, en cas q lez mars compriz deins lez ditz briefs de Scire fac ne soient trovez ne adjuggez p' lez reconusso's ensi obligez; pount lez ditz reconuseez ount ascun foitz g'undement este delaiez de lour execucion, & ascuns foitz lour execucion ent tout autrement pduz

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and not of other Cloths and Pieces of Cloths called Streits, now made, or to be made; And moreover hath ordained and stablished, That every man may make, set to sale, and sell all Manner of Cloths called Streits, containing in Length Fourteen Yards, and in the Breadth One Yard, unwatered, or else Twelve Yards watered, without Impeachment of any Officer of the King's; paying to the King the Aulnage, Subsidies, Customs and other Devoirs, that is to say, of every Cloth, and of every Piece of Cloth, after the Rate contained in the said Statutes. And if the Makers of the said Cloths called Streits, make any Cloths to sell of less Length and Breadth than next above is declared, that then it shall be lawful to the Aulneger to cut off the List at the one End of all such Streit Cloths, not containing the said Length, and the same to be sold for a Remnant or a Piece, and not for a Cloth: and that no such Cloths be put to Sale until the Aulneger hath measured them, made his Search, and put to them the King's Seal thereto ordained, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same. And if any Aulneger enseal any such Cloths called Streits, not containing the Length and Breadth of the Streits abovesaid, and cut not off the List of all such Cloths that do not hold the said Length and Breadth of the Streits, that then the said Aulneger shall pay to the King for every Piece of Cloth so found defective, Six Shillings Eight-pence: Except always that all Cloths called Streits, made or to be made until the Day of the Nativity of St. John the Baptist next coming, shall have Licence to be sold and delivered until the Feast of Christmas then next ensuing, of whatsoever Length and Breadth they be.

ITEM, Because divers Persons within this Realm in times past often have been taken and arrested by divers Sheriffs and other Officers of the King, by Writs as well going out of the Chancery of the King, as of his Progenitors, to have Execution of divers Recognisances made before the Mayors of the [Staple,'] of divers Sums, of which Sums such Persons, to whom the Duty belonged, had no convenient Remedy, other than the said Executions; which Persons so taken and arrested for Execution of the same Recognisances, be oftentimes brought, by divers Writs de Corpus cum causa before the King in his Chancery, out of Prisons in the which they be so kept by Force of such Executions, and there they do sue, shewing forth divers Indentures, and other Things in Defeasance of such Recognisances, desiring Writs of Scire facias to warn the Party or Parties at whose Suit they be (2) taken and arrested, to answer thereunto; and thereupon, by Surety found to the King in his Chancery, have been delivered out of Prison, notwithstanding their said Arrest for the Executions of such Recognisances, as above is said, no Surety found to the Recognisees to whom they be so bound, to satisfy them of their Duties, in case that the Matters comprised within the said Writs of Scire facias be not found nor adjudged for the Recognisors [thereby'] bound; whereby the said Recognisees have been sometime greatly delayed of their Execution, and sometime their Execution utterly lost

will * severally

may MS, Ir. 21

"bucque that person

Length and Breadth of Cloths called Streits.

> Cloths shall not be put to Sale until measured and sealed by the Aulneger.

Penalty on him for sealing defective Cloths.

X.
Whenever
Recognisors
in Statutes
Staple,
arrested in
Execution,
sue out Writs
of Corpus
cum causa
or Scire
facias, Surety
shall be given
severally to
the King
and to the
Recognisee.

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Penalty on assaulting any Lord or

Commoner

Parliament,

Double

or Council;

Damages to the Party,

with Fine

and Ransom

to the King.

XII.

Exactions

of Wax Chandlers;

Advantage nor Avail thereof [might '] come, be, or accrue to the said Recognisees to whom such Persons be so bound by the said Surety so found to the King, [seeing'] the same [Person'] so bound may by the King's Pardon be acquit and discharged for ever: Our Lord the King considering that the said Recognisees, to whom (4) Persons be bound, are oftentimes without Remedy, if so be that the said Recognisors [would 5] not pursue forth their said Writs of Scire facias with Effect, or otherwise, that the Matters of the said Writs of Scire facias be found or adjudged against them, and thereupon they withdraw them to Places privileged, or eloign them out of the Realm, or else they [would'] not appear, so that their Bodies might be put in Execution, to the great Hindrance and Undoing of such Recognisees in Time to come; and also because that the King is inherited of the taking of such Sureties to himself by the Course of the Chancery; the King doth will that from henceforth such Sureties be made (6) as well to the King as to the Party.

and in Time to come likely to be lost, for that no

ITEM, The King willing to provide for the Ease and Tranquillity of them that come to the Parliaments and Councils of the King by his Commandment, hath ordained and stablished, That if any Assault or Affray be made to any Lord Spiritual or Temporal, Knight of the Shire, Citizen, or Burgess, come to the Parliament, or to [other 7] Council of the King by his Commandment, and there being and attending at the Parliament or Council, that then Proclamation shall be made in the most open Place of the Town, by Three several Days, where the Assault or Affray shall be made, that the Party that made such Affray or Assault yield himself before the King in his Bench within a Quarter of a Year after the Proclamation made, if it be in the Time of the Term, or otherwise at the next Day in the Time of the Term following the said Quarter, and if he do not, that he be attainted of the said Deed, and pay to the Party grieved his Double Damages, to be taxed by the Discretion of the Justices of the same Bench for the time being, or by Inquest, if it be needful, and make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will; and if he come, and be found guilty by Inquest, by Examination, or otherwise, of such Affray or Assault, then he shall pay to the Party so grieved his Double Damages, found by the Inquest, or to be taxed by the Discretion of the said Justices, and make Fine and Ransom at the King's Will, as above is said.

ITEM, Our said Lord the King hath conceived by the Complaint of the said Commons, that the Waxchandlers in divers Parts of England, sell Candles, Images and Figures, and other Works of Wax made for Offerings, after the Rate of a Pound of Wax for ij s. and more, where one Pound of Wax is no more worth then vi d. whereby they gain in every Pound of Wax so wrought xviij d. and more, by which Means divers of the People be defrauded of their good Intent and Devotion, supposing such Candles, Images and Figures, and other Works to be of reasonable Value, according as they pay for the same, where they be of none or little Value: And therefore our Lord the King, willing for such Deceits to provide Remedy convenient, hath ordained and established, That no Person shall sell nor put to sale any such Candles, Images, Figures,

& en temps avenir Visemblablement a pdre, a cause q nuff aventaige ou availl ent purra venir estre ou acrescre as dit reconusez as quex tils psones sount issint obligez, p la dit suerte ensi trovez au Roi, pur ceo q mesmes lez psones issint obligez p pardon de Roi p'rount estre quitez & dischargez p' tous jo's : Nre Seignur le Roi considerant q les ditz reconusez as quex (1) psones sount obligez sovent foitz sount sanz remedie, si ensi soit q mesmes lez reconuso's nemy voillont p'suer avent les ditz brs de Scire facias ovesq, effect, ou aufment q la mare de lour ditz brs de Scire facias soit trove ou adjugge countre eux, & sur ceo ils soy retraient as lieus p'vileggez ou eux aloinent hors du Roialme, ou autrement qils ne my appgent issint q lour corps puissent estre myz en execucion, a l'sg'unde arrerisement & anientisement dez tielx reconusez en temps aveign; Et auxi p' ceo q le Roi est enheriteez de la prisez de tiex suertes a luy mesmes p la cours de sa Chauncery; le Roi voet q tiels suertees desore en avent soient faitz sevalment si bien a Roi come a pte.

Item le Roi voillant p'voier pur laese & t'nquillite de eux qui viendront as plementz ou Consels du Roi de son comaundement, ad ordeigne & estable q si ascune assaut ou afray soit fait a ascune f' espuel ou temporel, Chivaler de Counte Citezin ou Burgeis, venuz au plement ou a Counseitt du Roi p son comaundement, & la esteant & entendant a plement ou a counseitl, qadonqs soit pelamacion fait p trois jo's sevalx en le pluis ovt lieu de la ville ou lassaut ou affraie gra ensi fait, q la pte qui face tiel affraye ou assaute soy rende dev'nt le Roi en son Banke, deins une quart dune an aps la pelamacion fait sil soit el temps du Pme, ou autment al pschein jour en le temps du time ensuant le dit quar?, et sil ne face qil soit atteint de le fait suisdit ; & paie al pte greve sez damages a double a taxer p la discrecion dez Justices du dit Bank pur le temps esteant, ou p enquest sil bosoigne, & face fyn & raunceon a la volunte de Roi; Et sil veigne & trove soit coupable p enquest p examinacion ou en aut man de tiel affraie ou assaute, paie il adonqs a pte ensi greve sez damages a double, trovez p enquest ou a taxer p la discrecion dez ditz Justices, & face fyn & raunceon a la volunte du Roi come desuis est dit.

Item nre f' le Roi ad entendu p la compleint dez sez ditz Cões, q̃ lez Waxchaundelers en divsez ptes Denglerre vendent chaundels ymagez [fugures ¹] & aur's ovaignes de cere faitz pur oblacions solonc lafferant dune fi. de cere a deux s. & pluis, lou une live de cere ne vault outre vj d. issint qils gaignent en chescune live de cere ensi ovee xviij d. & pluis, p ount pluso's gentz sount defraudez de lour bon entent & devocion, supposantz tiels chaundelx ymages figures & aur's ovaignes estre de resonable value solonc qils paiount pur icelles lou ils sount de nuff ou de petit value: Et pur tant le Roi nre f' voillant au tielx disceites orden remedie covenable, ad ordene & estable q̃ nul pson vende ou mette a vendre ascuns tiels chaundelx,

tielx Rot. Parl. nu. xviij. (59.)
figures Rot. Parl. nu. xx. (61.)

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ymages, figures, ou auts ovaignes de cere a pluis haut price forso, soulement solonc lafferant, del price de iij d. pluis en le pois dune fi, outre ceo q le coe price dune ti de cere pleine est entre mchant & mchant al temps de tiel vende ou tiel mettre a vende, sur peine de forfaiture dez tiel chaundelx, ymages, figures & aut's ovaignes de cere ensi myz a vendre, & del value diceux qui srount venduz encountre la fo'me dicest estatuit, & de faire fyn au Roi, sils soient ent duement atteintez ou soit trove p examinacion ou due serche p pois ou en aut mane qils ount venduz ou myz a vende ascunes tielx chaundelx ymages figures ou ovaignes de cere encontre la fo'me dicest estatuit. Et q les Justices de peas en chescun Counte ou ils sont Justices aient poair denquerer oier & tmin tous choses faitz encountre cest estatuit; Et q sibn chescune Justice de Peas en le Counte ou il est Justice, come Mairs Bailifs deins Citees & Burghs, Seneschals des f's deins les Franchies lo's f's, aient poiair & auctorite dexamine & sercher sibn p pois de tiels Chaundelx, Ymages, Figures & auts ovaignes de cere, come en autre man p lour discrecion, tous ceux qui riens ferront en temps avenir encountre cest estatuit, & de punir ceux qui p tiel examinacion ou serche grount coupablez trovez en la fo'me suisdit. Purveu q cest estatuit ne se extende as herces affaires pur lez noblez espassantz.

Item nre f' le Roi pur le beien de luy & de son roialme de lavys & assent dez ditz f's & al espale request dez sez ditz Cões ad ordene, q le bone orden nce & estatuit fait lan viij de son reigne, Cestassavoir q lez laines pealx lanutz & estain repairantz & veignant a lestaple de Cales soient venduz pur preste moneye a estre paiez en main, et q le bullion soit porte en son mynte illoqs, cestass avoir [q'] chescune Sarplere de lane venduz pur xij marcz le sakke & outre vj fi de bullion, & de chescune sarplere de lain venduz debas xij marcz, v ti de bullion, Et q loial & due pticion soit fait accordant al ordenance illogs, a psent endure del fest del annunciacion de nie Dame pschein avenir tang, al fyn de trois ans pschein ensuantz: Savant toutz foitz au Roi poiair & auctorite de modifier mesme lestatuit qu'nt luy plerra, p advis de son counseill solong, ceo q meulx luy semblera pur le pfet de luy & de son roialme.

Item come lez custumes & subsidees gauntez a nre Pssovain f' le Roi sount aloignez & soubtractz, sibn a cause de noun due serche fait en lez portes & crikes deins le Roialme Dengletre, come p aut's subtils ymaginacions [& 1] divsez psones cariantz mchandises del estaple de Cales countre la fo'me del estatuitz ent p'veux & ordenez: Nre f' le Roi p advis & auctorite suisdit ad ordeine & estable q nult sur peine de felonie emporte carie neskippe, ne face enporter carier neskipper, ascunes tielx michandises del estaple en ascuns crikes dedeins son roialme Dengletre countre lordin'nce suisdit. Et durra cest estatuit tanq, al fyn de trois ans pschein & nemye outre.

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de Rot. Parl. nu. xxiij. (64.)

or other Works of Wax, at more higher Price, but only after the Rate of the Price of iij d. more in the Weight of a Pound over that (1) the common Price of a Pound of plain Wax is between Merchant and Merchant at the Time of such Sale or putting to sale; upon Pain to forfeit such Candles, Images, Figures, and other Works of Wax so put to sale, and the Value of them that shall be sold against the Form of this Statute, and to make a Fine to the King, if they be thereof duly attainted, or that it be found by Examination, or due Search by Weight, or in other Manner, that they have sold or put to sale any such Candles, Images, Figures, or other Works of Wax against the Form of this Statute. And that the Justices of Peace in every County where they be Justices, shall have Power to enquire hear and determine all Things done against this Statute; and that as well every Justice of Peace in the County where he is Justice, as Mayors and Bailiffs within the Cities and Boroughs, Stewards of Lords within the Franchises of their Lords, shall have Power and Authority to examine and search as well by Weight of such Candles, Images, Figures, and other Works of Wax, as in other Manner by their Discretion, all them that any thing shall hereafter do against this Statute, and to punish them that by such Examination or Search shall be found guilty in the Form abovesaid. Provided that this Statute do not extend to [Hearses 1] to be made for Nobles that do die.

ITEM, Our [said] Sovereign Lord the King, for the Wealth of him and his Realm, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords, and at the special Request of his said Commons, hath ordained, That the good Ordinance and Statute made the Eighth Year of his Reign, that is to say, "that the Wools and Woolfels and Tin, repairing and coming to the Staple of Calais, shall be sold for ready Money to be paid in hand, and that the Bullion be brought [in 3] his Mint there, that is to say, of every Sarpler of Wool sold for Twelve Marks and above, vi Pound of Bullion, and of every Sarpler of Wool sold under Twelve Marks, v Pound of Bullion, and that lawful and due Partition be made, according to the Ordinance there," at this time [to 1] endure from the Feast of the Annunciation of our Lady next to come, till the End of Three Years [then] next ensuing: Saving always to our Sovereign Lord the King Power and Authority to modify the same Statute when him please, by the Advice of his Council, as it shall seem best to him for the Profit of him and of his Realm.

ITEM, Whereas the Customs and Subsidies granted to our Sovereign Lord the King be alloigned and withdrawn, as well for lack of good Search in the Ports and Creeks within the Realm of England, as by other crafty Imaginations of divers Persons, carrying Merchandises of the Staple of Calais against the Form of the said Statutes thereof provided and ordained; Our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Authority abovesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That none upon Pain of Felony bring, carry, or ship, nor cause to be brought, carried, nor shipped, any such Merchandises of the Staple in any Creeks within his Realm of England, against the Ordinance abovesaid. And this Statute to endure till the End of Three Years next ensuing and no longer.

* shall

3 to

They shall take for Wax Images, &c. only 3 d. in the Pound of Wax beyond the Price of on Penalty of Forfeiture,

Peace, &c. may punish Offenders.

Exception.

XIII. The Statute 8 H.VI. c.18. Staple at Calais, con-tinued for Three Years

the King in Council.

XIV. Felony, to ship Staple Merchandises in Creeks, &c.

Continuance

2 Funeral Lights

XV. Customers shall give Warrants of Discharge to Merchants having paid their Custom.

ITEM, For that our Lord the King, by a Petition to him delivered in the same Parliament, by the Commons of the same, for the Merchants of the Realm, hath perceived, That [seeing '] the Customers and Controllers in the King's Ports do not write any Warrants in Discharge of the said Merchants of their Merchandises by them shewed and duly customed, some as well coming into the Realm as passing out of the same, the same Customers and Controulers do embezzle the King's Customs, and the (2) Merchants be greatly hindred, because that the Warrants might plainly shew and declare their due Custom, when they be (3) unduly impeached in the King's Exchequer: The same our Lord the King, considering the said Deceits, by the Advice Assent and Authority abovesaid, hath ordained, That the said Customers and Controllers shall write and deliver sufficient Warrants, sealed with the Seal of their Office to that ordained, to the said Merchants, and to every of them, for all and every of their Merchandises every Time by them to the Customers and Controllers duly (*) shewed; and that the said Merchants, nor any of them, shall any thing pay for the said Warrants, but only their due Custom. And in case that any Customer or Controller, in any of the said [Ports,3] do the contrary, that then every Merchant so grieved may have an Action, by virtue of this Ordinance, to pursue against every Customer or Controller that doth the contrary, in every Court of Record; and then every Customer or Controller so attainted shall forfeit to the King for every Default Ten Pounds, and to the Merchant thereby grieved, that will sue, a Hundred Shillings.

XVI.
Penalty on
Customers
giving, and
Merchants
receiving,
Blank
Cockets to
defraud the
Customs;
Felony, &c.

Penalty on

Refusal.

ITEM, Forasmuch as our most redoubted Sovereign Lord the King is greatly deceived of his Customs and Subsidies, [of that 6] the Customers of the said Ports within the Realm do seal blank Scrowls in Parchment, called Blank Cockets, with their Seals deputed to their Offices, and them so sealed do deliver to the Merchants, for to enter and write in them their Goods and Merchandises going out of the Realm to the Parts beyond the Sea, the King not answered nor payed of his Customs and Subsidies of such Goods and Merchandises; It is ordained, by the Advice and Authority aforesaid, That if any Customer seal any such blank Scrowl with the Seal assigned to his Office, or if any Merchant enter or write, or cause to be entered or written in such blank Scrowl or Charter so sealed, his Goods or Merchandises, thereby to defraud our Sovereign Lord the King of his Customs and Subsidies, then as well the same Customer as the Merchant shall be judged to forfeit all his Goods and Chattels, as they should forfeit in case of Felony; and that they and every of them shall have the Imprisonment of Three Years. And this Act shall endure by Three Years next ensuing the Feast of St. Hilary next coming.

for for framuch as said of ten tymes Rot. Parl. nu. xxv. (66.) to be Rot. Parl. nu. xxv. (66) and all Translations read thus.

Item pur ceo q nre f le Roi p une peticion a luy baille en mesme le plement p lez Coes dicett pur les mchauntz du roialme, ad entendu q pur tant q lez Customs & Controllo's en les portes du Roi nescrivent ascuns garrauntz en discharges dez ditz marchauntz. de lour michaundises p eux monstrez & duement customez, ascuns sitin veign*ntz en le Roialme come passantz hors dicelle, mesmes lez Customs & Countrollo's embesilent lez customes du Roi, & les ditz mchauntz sount g'undement anientisez, a cause q lez ditz garrauntz p'roient ovtement declarer & monstrer lour due custome quant ils sount sovent nounduement enpechez en leschekker du Roi: Mesme nre f' le Roi considerant les ditz disseites de lavis assent & auctorite suisditz ad ordeine, q lez ditz Custums & Countrollo's escrivent & delivent sufficiantz garrantz, enselez ovesq le seal de lour office a ceo ordeinez, as ditz mchauntz & a chescun de eux pur tous & chescune de lour michandises, chescun foitz p eux as ditz Customs & Countrollo's duement monstrer, mesmes les mchantz ne nult de eux rien paiant pur les ditz garrantz mes solement lour due custume. Et en cas q chescun Customer ou Countrollo' en ascune des ditz [pointes'] face le cont'rie, qªdonqs chescun mchant ensi greve poet avoir accion p Ptue de ceste orden'nce a p'suer envs chescun Custom ou Countrollour qui face le contarie, en chescune Court de recorde; et adongs chescun Custumer & Countrollour issint atteint puise forfaire au Roi pur chescun defaute x fi & a le merchant ensi greve qui voitf suer Cs.

Item p' tant q le Roi nre f' est g'undement disseive dez sez custumes & subsides, de ceo q lez Custums dez ditz portes deins le roialme ensealent blankes escrowes en pchemyn appellez blankes Cokkettetz ove lours eals deputez a lour office, & eux issint ensealez delivent as mchantz pur entrere & escrivere en icelles lour biens & mchandises issantz hors du roialme as pties dep de la, le Roi dez sez custumes & subsides dez tiels bns & mchandises nient responduz ne paiez, ordene est p advis & auctorite suisditz, q si ascune Custume enseale ascune tiel blank escrowe ou le seal depute a son office. ou si ascune michant entre ou escrive ou face [entre ou escrive '] en tiel blank escrowe ou chr issint enseale ses biens ou mchandises, [purront³] defrauder nre f' le Roi dez sez custumes & subsides, soit adongs sibn mesme le Custumer come le marchant adjuggez de forfaire tous sez biens & chateux com ils forferoient en cas de felonie, & q ils & chescune de eux aient lemprisonent dez trois ans. Et durra cest orden'nce p trois ans pschenement ensuantz aps le fest de Seint Hillar pschein aveighe.

Portz Printed Copies.

entrier ou escrivere Rot. Parl. nu. xxvi. (67.)

N. Aynesworth.

xvj.

Anno 14° HENRICI, VI. A.D.1435.

A Transcripto in Turr. Lond. xiiij.

deputies, purchasint disuperapprelation singular assistant

TOSTRE f' le Roi Henri le sisme aps le conquest, a son plement tenuz a Westin le x° jour Doctobre lan de son regne qatorzisme, de ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la espale request des Cões du Roialme en mesme le plement esteantz, ad fait faire divses estatutes & ordinances a lonour de Dieu & le bien de luy & son dit roialme en la forme ensuant.

En primes nre dit f' le Roi ad ordine p auctorite del dit plement, q les Justices dev'nt queux inquisicions enquestes & jurres enavant soient prisz p brief du Roi de Nisi prius, joust la forme de lestatut ent fait, eient poair en toutz casez de felonie & treson de rendre lour jugementz, sibîi lou home est acquite de felonie ou de treson come lou il est ent atteint, a jour & lieu ou les ditz inquisicions enquestes & jurres issint soient prises, & adonqes illeoqes de agarder execucion de estre fait p force de mesmes les jugementz.

Item pur ceo q la g'unde quantite & substance des lains crescuz en Engletre p les trois ans passes, est eskippes & en g'undee jupdee & doute venuz a la Ville de Caleys, pur y estre venduz pur prest moneye, dount y coviendra lez marchantz vendours receiver sur chun sarpler une ctein de bullion, pur estre amesnes a la mente le Roi a Caleys, les queux p'st moneye & bullion, ap's qil soit forggee & coigne & receu p les ditz marchantz vendo's, doit duement & egalment estre distributz & departies a chescuny solonc son afferant, pur estre envoiez en cest roialme pur lencrece & univsell bien dicett, p vtu des cteins estatutz faitz in le plement tenuz a Westîn lan oeptisme nre dit f' le Roi, & renovellez en le plement tenuz lan de son Regne unszisme, les queux estatutz sount streitement observez & gardez; & coment p tielx psones qi p noun du mesnes eskippent lains en crikes & aut's suspeciouses places & auxi en divs portes du roialme, & les carient as aut's lieux q a Caleys, & outre coment p tielx psones qi en derogacion del bien univsell du roialme, & en destruccion de la bone ordinance de pticion, & abaissement de la prise

UR Lord the King Henry the Sixth after the Conquest, at his Parliament holden at Westminster, the Tenth Day of October, the Fourteenth Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Request of the Commons of the Realm, being in the same Parliament, hath caused to be made divers Statutes and Ordinances, to the Honour of God, and for the Wealth of him and his Realm, in the Form following.

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FIRST, Our Lord the King hath ordained, by the Authority of the said Parliament, That the Justices Nisi Prius before whom Inquisitions, Inquests, and Juries, from may give henceforth shall be taken by the King's Writ [called'] &c.inTreason Nisi Prius, according to the Form of the Statute thereof and Felony. made, shall have Power [of all the Cases'] of Felony and of Treason, to give their Judgements, as well where a Man is acquit of Felony or of Treason as where he is thereof attainted, at the Day and Place where the said Inquisitions, Inquests, and Juries be so taken, and then [from thenceforth 3] to award Execution to be made by Force of the same Judgements.

ITEM, Forasmuch as the great [Number,] Quantity, The Statutes and Substance of the Wools [growing 1] in the Realm 8 Hen. VI. of England, by these Three Years past [by Ship, 3] and c. 17, 18, and in great Jeonardy and Doubt come to the Town of Color in great Jeopardy and Doubt come to the Town of Calais, c.13. recited; there to be sold for ready Money, whereof it behoveth the said Merchants Sellers to receive upon every Sarpler a certain of Bullion, to be brought to the King's Mint at Calais, the which ready Money and Bullion, after that they be forged and coined, and received by the said Merchants Sellers, ought duly and equally to be distributed and departed to every one after his Portion, to be sent into this Realm, for the Increase and universal Weal of the same, by virtue of certain Statutes made in the Parliament holden at Westminster the Eighth Year of our (6) Sovereign Lord the King, and renewed in the Parliament holden the Eleventh Year of his Reign, which Statutes be straitly observed and kept; (7) as by such Persons, which by undue Means do ship Wools in the Creeks and other suspicious Places, and also in divers Ports of the Realm, and them carry to other Places than to Calais, and also (8) by such Persons, which in Derogation of the universal Weal of the Realm, and in Destruction of the good Ordinance of Partition, and in

2 in all Cases 3 ther MS. Tr. 2. saide

Rot. Parl. nu. ij. (19.) 7 And forasmuch

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VOL. II.

There is only one Transcript of the Statute of this Year now preserved in the Tower; See Note to 9 Hen. VI .-The Petitions entered on the Parliament Roll of this Year, on which Chapters II. IV. and V. of the Statute are founded, are in English; the others in French.

Licences shall not be granted, to ship Wools to Calais, contrary to recited Statutes;

All Wools shipped shall be sent to Calais.

The King and Council may modify this Statute.

Proviso for Merchants of Genoa, &c.

III. The Statute 6 Ric. II. st. 1. cap. 5. recited.

The Justices of Assise and of Gaol Delivery for Cumberland shall hold their Sessions at Carlisle.

.o said

Abatement of the Price of Wools, do purchase Licences for their singular avail to ship Wools to Calais, there to be sold before all other Wools there being, and be not bound to keep the Price, nor to receive no Bullion, nor to make Partition nor Distribution of their Money, in Manner as all Merchants of England there repairing be straitly bound [to keep, do by Statute aforesaid, by reason whereof 1 the said Merchants by the Means and Licences aforesaid be in Point to be destroyed, the said Staple to be dissevered and destroyed, and consequently the said Town of Calais, which by the said Staple hath hitherto been greatly maintained and inforced, is like to be undone and lost, and the said Realm [in Point to be 1] greatly hindered and hurt, as the same our Sovereign Lord the King hath conceived by the grievous Complaint to him made in [the3] same Parliament by the Commons of the same: Therefore the same our Sovereign Lord the King, willing for the same in this Case to provide a Remedy, by the Advice of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Supplication of the said Commons, hath ordained in the same Parliament, that no such Licence, which is so prejudicial and contrary to the common and universal Weal of his Realm, and of his said Merchants, and in Destruction of the said Town, and (4) the said Ordinance of Partition, and of the Price of the Wools, shall in no wise be granted; And that every Man which shippeth, or doeth to be shipped any Wools or Woolfels, to carry them over the Sea in any wise, shall repair with the same to Calais, and there discharge and sell the said Wools and Woolfels, after the Tenour of the said Statutes, and after the good Rule and Ordinances of the said Staple, in Maintenance and Sustentation of the same, Relief and Increase of the said Town of Calais, and for the public Weal of this his Realm of England. Saving always to [our Sovereign Lord] the King, Power and Authority to modify the same Statute when it shall please him, by Advice of his Council, according as to him best shall seem for the Profit of him and of his Realm of England. Saving also to the Merchants of Genoa, Venice, Tuscany, Lombardy, Florence, and Catalonia, and [also 5] the Burgesses of Berwick-upon-Tweed, the Liberties to them granted [by a Statute 6] heretofore; and to all other the King's liege People the Benefit of [Licence⁷] to them granted by the King by the Advice of his Council.

ITEM, Whereas by a Statute made in the Time of King Richard the Second, It was ordained, That the Justices assigned and to be assigned to take Assises and deliver Gaols, [shall 8] hold their Sessions in the principal and chief Towns of every County, that is to say, where the Shire Courts of the Counties [heretofore were, and hereafter shall 9] be holden; Our Lord the King, willing the same Statute to be observed and kept in the County of Cumberland, considering that the City of Carlisle is the principal and chief City and Town of the said County, and in the which the Shire Court of the same County hath been holden before this Time, hath granted and ordained, by the Authority of the same Parliament, That the Session of the Justices to take Assises, and to deliver Gaols in the (10) County of Cumberland, be holden, in Time of Peace and of Truce, in the said City of Carlisle, and in none other Place within the same County; as it hath been used and accustomed of old Time.

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des lains, purchacent licences pur lour singuler availle pur eskipper lains a Caleys pur y estre venduz devant toutz aut's lains illeoqes esteantz, & ne sount mye tenuz de garder la prise ne de receiver null bullion ne de faire pticion ne distribucion de lour moneye, en man come toutz les Marchantz Dengletre illeoqes repairantz sount streitement liez de faire p les estatuitz desuisditz, les ditz marchantz p les mesnes & licences avantditz sount en point destre destruites, la dce estaple estre disseves & destruitez, & p consequence la dce Ville de Caleys, q p la dce estaple ad tanq, en cea estre g'undement maintenuz & enforcez, est semblable destre defaitz & depduz, & le dit roialme en comune destre g'undement anientisez & lesuz, sicome mesme nre f' le Roi ad conceu p la grevouse compleint a luy fait en mesme cest plement p les Cões diceff: Et voillant pur ceo nre dit f' le Roi en ceo cas p'voier de remedie, p advis des ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & a la supplicacion des ditz Cões ad ordine en mesme le plement, q nult tiel licence q sount cy pjudicielx & contrious (1) la coe & univsell bien de son Roialme & de les ditz marchantz, destruccion du dce ville & del dite ordinance de pticion & de la prise des lains, soit en ascun man gauntes; & q chun homme qi eskippe ou face eskipper ascuns lains ou pealx lanuz pur icelles carier outre le meer en ascun man repaire ovesq icelles a Caleys, & illeoques discharge & vende les ditz lains & pealx lanuz solone le teno' des ditz estatutz, & solone les bones reule & ordinances du dite estaple, en manutenance & sustentacion dicell, relevement & encrece du dite Ville de Caleys, & pur le bien publique de cest son roialme Dengletre. Savant toutz foitz au Roi poiar & auctorite de modifier mesme lestatut qaunt luy plerra p advis de son conseitt solonc ceo q meulx luy semblera pur le pfit de luy & de son roialme. Savant auxi a les Marchantz de Jeane, Venice, Tuskayne, Lumbardie, Florence, & Cateloyne, & a les Burgeys de Berwyk sur Twede, les libtees a eux g'untz p estatut p dev'nt; & a toutz aut's liges du Roy la benefice des licences a eux g'untez depar le Roi del advis de son counseift.

Item come p estatut fait en temps le Roi Richard (2) ordine soit q les Justices Dassises pondre & gaoles deliver assignez & assigners teighent lour sessions en les principalx & chief Villes des singulers Countees, cestassavoir la ou les Countes dicelles Countees alors feurent ou delors Proient tenuz : Nre f' le Roi voillant mesme lestatut en le Countee de Cumberland estre observez & gardes, considerant q la Citee de Cardoitt est la principal & chief Citie & Ville du dit Countee, & en la quett la Counte de mesme la Countee ad estee tenuz devant ces heures, ad gaunte & ordine p auctorite de mesme le plement, q la session des Justices Dassises Pndre & de gaoles deliver, en le dit Countee de Cumberland, soit tenuz en temps de pees & des trieux en la dce Citee de Cardoill, & en null autre lieu ou place deins mesme le Countee come il ad estee use & accustume dauncien temps.

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e { le scde Rot. Parl. no. iij. (20.) Interlined in a later Hand. second Printed Copies.

Item come ordine soit p estatut q les Justices de pees de toutz les Countees Dengletre pur le temps esteantz seiront & tiendront lour sessions quatre temps p an, pur enquerer & executer toutz charges contenuz en lour comyssion, le quel ils sount jurrez de faire solone la fo'me du dit estatut sur g'unde peine, sicome p mesme lestatut pluis pleinement appiert: Nre 4' le Roi considerant q toutz ses hautz Courtes sount assiz & tenuz en le Countee de Midd, continuelment durantz toutz les quatre temps de tme, p les quelx temps de Pme les Cões & enhitantz en & de mesme le Countee coviendront entendre de temps (1) denquerrer toutz les articles as ditz Courtes app'tenantz come reason & ley requirent; et q maintenent aps chun des ditz emes fines les ditz Justices du peas du dit Countee de Midd seiont & teignent lour Sessions en mesme le Countee, come ils deussent faire p force du dit estatuit, pluis pur eviter la dit peine q pur ascun autre chose necessarie illeoges destre enquis; a les quelles sessions ils fount faire venir devent eux gaunde ptie des enhabitantz & Coers du dit Countee de Midd pur enquerrer des toutz mans des choses come lour sount donez en charge; & issint ils sount vexez & chargez pmye tout la, sibn hors le temps de I'me come en le temps de I'me, si qils nount ascun repose ne temps de faire lour husbondrie & lour labour pur lour vivre en ascun man gayn, a lour finatt destruccion sils ne soient succurruz en celle ptie: Et voillant p' taunt mesme nre f' le Roi en ceo cas lour purvoier de remedie, ad ordine p advis & assent suisditz & a la request des ditz Cões du roialme, q les Justices do peas gore sount & toutz aut's pur le temps desore esteantz en le dit Countee de Midd soient toutoutrement dischargez de la dce peine, p auctorite de mesme le plement a toutz temps desore avenirs, la Court du Bank le Roi esteant seant en le dit Countee de Midd. Purveu toutz foitz q les ditz Justices du peas del dit Countee de Midd pur le temps esteantz gardent observent & executent la Courte des sessions du peas deux foitz en lan au meins, & plusours de temps sil bosoigne pur ascun riote ou forcible entre fait deins mesme le Countce de Midd, & ceo sur le peine & forfaiture de tielx sumes come sount pur ceo ordinez p ascun ley fait devent ces hoeures: au fyn & entent q les ditz Cões & enhabitantz del dit Countee de Midd ne soient artez ne compelles pur apparer dev'nt les Justices de peas de mesme le Countee pur le temps esteantz, forsq a tiel temps qi sembleront p les discrecions de mesmes les Justices du peas necessaries & bosoignables.

Item monstre fuist a nïe dit f' le Roi p les Cões de mesme le plement, q comebñ q p cause de noun due serche fait deins les portez & crikes deins le roialme, sur divses psones qi p subtiles ymaginacion & mesnes eskippent lains & pealx lanuz & divses autres marchandises q devoient repairer a lestaple de Caleys, & les carient & amesnent en divses autres pties doutre le meer s'unz custume paier, encountre le teno' des estatutz ent faitz & ordines, p les queux mesnes les custumes

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ITEM, Whereas It was ordained [by a Statute, '] that the Justices of Peace of all the Counties of England for the Time being, shall sit and hold their Sessions Four Times by the Year, to inquire and execute all Charges contained in their Commission, which they be sworn to do according to the Form of the said Statute, upon a great Pain, as by the same Statute more fully appeareth: Our Lord the King, considering that all [the'] High Courts be set and holden in the County of Middlesex continually during all the Four [Times of the Term, by which Time of Term 3 the Commons inhabiting in and of the same County, must attend from Time to Time to inquire of all the Articles to the said Courts belonging, as Reason and Law requireth; and that presently after every of the said Terms ended, the said Justices (4) of the said County do sit and hold their Sessions in the same County, as they ought to do by force of the said Statute, more to avoid the said Penalty, than for any other [necessary Thing 5] there to be inquired, at which Sessions they cause to come before them a great Part of the Inhabitants and Commons of the said County of Middlesex, to inquire of all Manner of Things as to them is given in Charge; and by that means they be charged and vexed throughout all the Year, as well out of [the Time of Term, o as in [Time of Term, o so that they have no Rest, nor Time to do their Husbandry and their Labour, to get their Living in any wise, to their utter undoing if they be not relieved in this Behalf: Therefore the same our Lord the King willing in this Case to provide for them a Remedy, hath ordained, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the Request of the said Commons of the Realm, That the Justices of Peace which now be, and all other hereafter for the Time being, in the said County of Middlesex, shall be clearly discharged of the said Penalty, by Authority of the same Parliament, [from henceforth,7] the Court of the King's Bench being [set in 8] the said County of Middlesex. Provided always, that the said Justices of Peace of the said County of Middlesex for the Time being keep observe and execute the Court of the Sessions of the Peace, Two Times in the Year at the least, and more often if need be for any Riot or forcible Entry made within the same County of Middlesex, and that upon the Pain and Forfeiture of such Sums as be for that ordained by any Law made before this Time: to the End and Intent that the said Commons and Inhabitants of the said County of Middlesex be not enforced nor compelled to appear before the Justices of Peace of the same County for the time being, but at such [Time 9] which shall seem by the Discretions of the same Justices of Peace necessary and needful.

ITEM, It was shewed to our Lord the King by the Commons of the same Parliament, that as well because of undue Search made in the Ports and Creeks within the Realm upon divers Persons, which by subtil Imaginations and Means [do 'o'] ship Wool and Woolfels, and several other Merchandises which ought to repair to the Staple of Calais, and them ('o') carry and convey to divers other Parts beyond the Sea, without paying Custom, against the Tenor of the [Statute ''] thereof made and ordained, by the which Means the Customs

by Statut Rot. Parl. nu. iv. (21.)

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Statutz Rot. Parl. nu. v. (22.)

IV.
The Statutes as to holding Sessions in Counties Four Times a Year;
[See Statutes 36 Edw. III. stat. 1. ch. 12; 12 Ric. II. ch. 10.; & 2 Hen. V. stat. 1. ch. 4.]

In Middlesex the Sessions need only be holden Twice a Year; or for Inquiry of forcible Entries, &c.

V. The Statute 11 Hen. VI. c.14 recited; Evasion of the recited Statute 11 Hen. VI. c. 14.;

Except under

All Staple

Merchandise

shipped, &c. contrary to

Statute, shall

be forfeited;

Wools, &c. laid in secret Places to be transported, forfeited.

and Subsidies granted to the King [be'] greatly impaired the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in [this present 3] Parliament holden at Westminster, the Eleventh Year of our Lord the King that now is, that none upon Pain of Felony, should carry nor ship any such Merchandises of the Staple in any Creeks within the said Realm against the Ordinance aforesaid: Nevertheless, divers Persons having no Fear of the said Statute, customably ship as well in the Ports as in the Creeks aforesaid, by undue Means, great Value of Wools, Woolfels, and of other Merchandises of the Staple, and them carry into Flanders, Holland, Zealand, Brabant, and Normandy, without paying any Custom for the same; and moreover, divers Persons do ship customably Wools and Woolfels, in divers [Parts *] of the Realm [of England,] which be cocketed and customed to go to Calais, and come not there, but the same Wools and Woolfels carry into other Parts aforesaid, contrary to the Statute thereof ordained; by the which untrue Means the King is greatly endamaged and defrauded of his Customs and Subsidies, and the said Staple within short Time in point to be clearly destroyed, the Town of Calais impoverished and decayed, and the Realm [not⁵] increased: Our Lord the King considering the Premisses, hath ordained by the [Statute6] aforesaid, That all the Wools and Woolfels, and all other Merchandises which by Statute ought to repair to the said Staple, found in any Creeks, shipped contrary to the said Statute and Ordinance, shall be forfeit [to our Lord the King]; And moreover, that every Person whatsoever he be, which at any Time shall ship or cause to be shipped any manner of Wools, Woolfels, [and other⁷] Merchandises to go to the Staple aforesaid, and come not there, shall forfeit as much Goods as the Wools, Woolfels, and other Merchandises by them so shipped and carried to other Places than to Calais do amount, by Extent after the very Value; except the Merchandises which be to be excepted to pass by the King's Licence to other Places; reserved always to the King the whole Moiety of such Forfeitures, which be cocketted and customed to go to Calais, and come not there, as afore is said; and to them which find and seise the Merchandises, the other Moiety, without any Diminution or Abatement. And if any Person [take 8] any Wools, Woolfels, or any other Merchandise of the Staple, in any suspicious Place adjoining to the Water Side, in whatsoever Place that it be, and no Indenture thereof made betwixt him and the Mayor, Bailiffs, or Constable of the Town in the which such Wools, Woolfels, and other Merchandises of the Staple be so layed, that then the same Wools, Woolfels, and Merchandises be forfeit; and that the King have one Moiety of all such Forfeitures, and the Lord of the Town where such Merchandises be so layed, and he which them (9) find and seise, the other Moiety, to be equally divided betwixt them. And (10) every Man shall have Power by Authority aforesaid to make Search in every Place [for "] such Goods of the Staple so carried or shipped, or laid to be shipped as afore is said, without Impediment or Disturbance of any Person.

2 Not in Original.

3 the MS. Tr. 2.

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6 authority

7 or any other Rot. Parl.

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10 that Rot. Parl.

11 uppon Rot. Parl.

& subsidies g'untz au Roi sount g'undement amenuses & sustretz, ordine fuist p le Roi & les f's espuelx & temporelx & les Coes, en le plement tenuz a Westin lan unszisme nre f' le Roi qorest, q nutt sur peine de felonie carioreit ne eskipperoit null tiel mchandise de lestaple en ascuns crikes deins le dit roialme, encountre lordinance avantdce : nientlameins divses psones, neiantz ascun paoure du dit estatuit, custumablement eskippent sibñ en les portz come en les crikes suisditz p nient duez mesnes notable substance des lains pealx lanuz & dautres mchandises de lestaple, & les carient en Flaundres, Holand, Zeland, Braband & Normandye s'unz ascun custume paiez pur icelle; et enoutre divses psones eskippent custumablement lains & pealx lanuz en divs portz du roialme, les queux sount cokettes & custumes pur aler a Caleys, & ne veignent my illeoqes, mes icelles lains & pealx lanuz carient en les autres pties desuisditz, au conterie de lestatuit ent ordinez; p les queux mesnes nient vraies le Roi est g'undement endamage & defraude de ses custumes & subsidies, le dite estaple deins brief temps en point destre toutoutrement destruitz, la Ville de Caleys enpovez & anientisez, & le Roialme nient encrescez: Nre f le Roy considerant les pmisses ad ordine p auctorite suisdce, q toutz les lains pealx lanuz & toutz autres michandises, q p estatuit deussent repairer aux dit estaple, trovez en ascuns crikes eskippes au cont'rie du dite ordinaunce soient forfaitz; et enoutre q chun psone qiq, soit q a ascun temps eskippe ou face eskipper ascun man des lains pealx lanuz ou ascun autre nichandise, pur aler a lestaple suisdce & ne veignent mye illeoqes, forfacent a taunt des biens come les lains pealx lanutz & autres michandises ensi p eux eskippez & cariez as autres lieux q a Caleys se amountent p extent solonc lour Vrai value; Exceptz les michandises q sount pur estre exceptes pur passer p licence du Roi as autres lieux ; reservez toutz foitz au Roi la entier moitee de toutz tielx forfaitures, q sount cokettes & custumes pur aler a Caleys & ne veignent my illeoqes come desuis est dit, & a ceux q trovent & seisent les ditz mchandisez lautre moitee s'unz ascun diminucion ou impediment. Et si ascun psone mette ascuns lains pealx lanutz ou ascune autre inchandise de l'estaple en ascun lieu suspeciouse adjoignant a les costes del eawe, en qiq lieu q il soit, & nutt endenture ent fait pentre luy & le Mair Baillifs ou Constable de la Ville en la quett tielx lains pealx lanutz & autres mchandises de lestaple soient ensy mys, q adonqes mesmes les lains pealx lanutz & nichandises soient forfaitz; et q le Roi ait lune moietee de toutz tielx forfaitures & le f' de la Ville ou tielx mchandises soient issint mys, & celuy qi les trova & seisera, lautre moitee pur (1) entre eux egalment departiz. Et q chun home ait poiar p auctoritate suisdce defaire serche en chun lieu sur tielx biens de lestaple ensy caries ou eskippes, ou mys pur estre eskippes come devant est dit saunz empediment ou destourbance dascune psone.

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Item nre (') le Roi, enformez p les ditz Coes coment en lestatuit fait lan vie le Roi Richard nadgairs Roi Denglerre scde, ordine & accorde estoit, q chun forein & alien esteant del amistee du Roi & du roialme & veinant deins la Citee de Loundres, & autres Citees Burghs & Villes deins le dit roialme, sibîi deins fraunchise come dehors, ovesq, pesson & autres vitailles que dem'antz & reto'nantz roit deslors desoubz le sauf garde & espall pteccion du Roi, & q bien lise a eux & a chun de eux qils puissent trencher pesson & vitailx suisditz p peces, & a tailf & a retailf en ptie ou en tout ou en gros come meulx lour semblera vendre & lour pfit faire, saunz empechement ou contredit de nully, noun obstantz ascuns estatutz chartres ordinaunces privileges ou custumes faitz ou ewes a cont'rie; et sur ceo p une autre estatuit fait lan prim le Roi Henri quart fuit ordine & establie q les ditz ordinaunce & estatuit faitz le dit an vj Proit fermement tenuz & gardez & duement executz solonc la forme & effect dicelles, nientconstristeantz ascuns lies patentez nadgairs g'untz au cont'rie as pessons de Loundres come en le dit estatuit fait le dit an prim pleinement appiert; a la supplicacion des ditz Cões ad ordine & estable p auctorite suisdce, q les ditz estatuitz soient fermement tenuz & gardez ascuns autres estatutz ou ordinaunces faitz au contarie nient obstantz : Ajoustantz a icelt q si ascun home destourbe ascun forein ou alien de vendre lour pessons en groos ou retaille en ptie ou en tout au cont*rie dez ditz ordinaunces & de ceo soit duement atteint al suite de Roi ou de ptie, qadonqes il forfera xl fi. & celuy q veudra suer pur le Roi ou pur luy mesmes ava lune moitee & le Roi lautre moitee; & soit tiel suite pris pur ascun offence fait en la Citee de Loundres encountre le dit ordinance, pur celuy q veudra suer pur le Roi ou pur luy mesmes, en quel Countee q luy plerra des Countees de Midd, Hertf, Essex, Kent, Surr ou en la Citee de Loundres.

Item nre f' le Roi considerant p le grevouse compleint a luy fait p les ditz Cões (1) les aliens del amiste du Roi frettent & chargent les niefs & aut's vesselx des enemyes nre dit f' Despayne & aut's quelle chose supporte & gaundement enforce la naveye des ditz enemyes, & auxi il est le pluis fort mesne q enforce ceux de la Rochett & aut's divs advsaries du Roi : Et sil aveigne qascuns niefs ou vesselx des ditz enemyes, ensi ove ascuns mchandises charges, soient prises p les lieges du Roi sur le meer, lez ditz aliens del amistee avantdce p colour de faux Chartres doubles lies miches contrefaitz & faux tesmoignes de lour nacion, clayment & demandent les biens & mchandises des ditz enemyes ensy prisez sur le meer come lour biens ppres & a mesmes les biens & mchandises sount restores a g'unde arrerisment de ceux q les ount prises & abbassement du corage des ditz lieges: Et pur taunt nre dit f' le Roi voillant purvoier de remedie ad g'unte & ordine p auctorite suisdce, entaunt qil ne soit contrie a les lieges faitz pentre luy & ascuns de ses alies,

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ITEM, Our Lord the King [is'] informed by the said Commons, how in the Statute made the Sixth Year of King Richard the Second, late King of England, It was ordained and accorded, that every Foreign and Alien, being of the Amity of [our Lord] the King, and of the Realm, (1) coming within the City of London, and other Cities Boroughs and Towns within the said Realm [of England,] as well within Franchises as without, with Fish and other Victuals whatsoever, there abiding, and returning, should be from thenceforth under the safeguard and special Protection of [our Lord] the King, and that it should be lawful to them, and to every of them, that they might cut Fish and Victuals aforesaid by Pieces, and [to tail and retail them in Part, and in Whole, or in Gross,3] as they shall think best, to sell and make their Profit, without Impeachment or Contradiction of any, notwithstanding any Statutes, Charters, Ordinances, Privileges, or Customs made or had to the contrary; and thereupon, by [a 1] Statute made the First Year of King Henry the Fourth, It was ordained and stablished, That the said Statute and Ordinance, made the said Sixth Year, should be firmly holden and kept, and duly executed, after the Form and Effect of the same, notwithstanding any Letters Patents of late granted (5) to the Fishmongers of [the City of] London; as in the said Statute, made the First Year, fully appeareth; [by6] the Supplication of the Commons aforesaid hath made ordained and stablished by Authority aforesaid, That the said Statutes shall be firmly holden and kept, any other Statutes or Ordinances made to the contrary notwithstanding: joined to the same, That if any Man disturb any Foreign or Alien to sell their Fish in Gross or at Retail, in Part or in whole, contrary to the said Ordinances, and thereof be duly attainted at the Suit of the King or of the Party, that then he shall forfeit [x li. 1] and he that will sue for our Lord the King, or for himself, shall have the one Half, and the King the other Half; and such Suit shall be taken for any Offence committed in the City of London against the said Ordinance, for him which will sue for our Lord the King or for himself, in what County that pleaseth him, of the Counties of Middlesex, Hertford, Essex,

Kent, Surrey, or in the City of London. ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King, considering by the grievous Complaint to him made by the said Commons, how that the Aliens of the King's Amity do freight and charge the Ships and other Vessels of the Enemies of our (*) Sovereign Lord [the King of Spain 9] which Thing doth support and greatly enforce the [Money 10] of the said Enemies, and also it is the stronger Mean that enforceth them of Rochel, and divers other of the King's Adversaries; and if it happen that any Ships or Vessels of the said Enemies, with any Merchandises so charged, be taken by the King's liege People upon the Sea, the said Aliens of the Amity aforesaid, by colour of false Charters, [Doubles, Letters of Marque counterfeited,"] and false Witnesses of their Nation, claim and demand the Goods and Merchandises of the said Enemies, so taken upon the Sea, as their proper Goods, and (") the same Goods and Merchandises be restored, to the great Hindrance of them which [they 13] have taken, and Abashment of the Courage of the said liege People: And [Forasmuch as our Sovereign Lord the King willing therefore '1 to provide a Remedy, hath granted and ordained by Authority aforesaid, [insomuch that it is not contrary to the League made betwixt him and some of his Allies,"3

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VI.
The Statute
6 R.II.stat.I.
chap er 10.
recited;
relating to
Alien
Merchants;

VIII.
Recital of
the Statute
to Hen. V.
th. t. ch.fs.
emocerate
Trucke of
Trucke of

confirmed by the Statute 1 H.IV c.17.

The said Statutes confirmed. Penalty for disturbing Aliens bringing Victuals.

Suits for Offences in London may be brought in neighbouring Counties.

VII. Goods of Alien Friends taken in Ships of Enemies, may be retained by the Captors.

Vol. II.

^{*} q come Rot. Parl. nu. vij. (24.)

st. 1. c. 10. in Latin, and the Translation there. * another

to the contrary 6 at 7 xl li. MS. Tr. 2.

⁸ said 9 Spanish, and others, 10 Navy
11 double lettres, markes countrefete, MS. Tr. 2.

¹³ them
14 thereupon our said Lord the King, willing
15 as ferforth as it is not contrarie to the Liges made betweene
the Kyng and eny of his Alies, Rot. Parl. nu. vij. (24.) Resp.

That if it happen that any Merchandises of the Aliens of the Amity aforesaid be taken by the said Lieges, after the Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel next coming [or'] any Ships or Vessels of the said Enemies of our Sovereign Lord the King, not being under the King's safe Conduct or Protection, that then the said Lieges may them retain and enjoy without any Impeachment or Restitution thereof to be made: And this Ordinance shall endure by Three Years next ensuing, and longer if it please [our said Sovereign Lord] the King.

VIII. Recital of the Statute 2 Hen. V. st. 1. ch. 6. concerning Breakers of Truces, &c.

The said

suspended for

Seven Years.

ITEM, Whereas it was declared and ordained by a Statute made the Second Year of King Henry the Fifth, "Forasmuch as before the said Ordinance, divers People comprised within the Truces, made as well by the said late King as by his Father, Grandfather to the King that now is, and other also having Safe Conducts, as well of the said late King Henry the Fifth, Father to our said Sovereign Lord, as of his said Grandfather, have been some slain, (*) robbed, and spoiled, by the King's liege People and Subjects, as well upon the main Sea, as within the Ports and Coasts of the Sea [of the Realm] of England, Ireland, and of Wales, whereby the said Truces and Safe Conducts have been broken and offended, to the great Dishonour and Slander of the King, and against his Dignity, and the said Manslayers, Robbers, Spoilers, and Offenders of the said Truces and [the King's Safe Conducts,3] as is afore declared, have been by divers the King's liege People and Subjects within the Coasts of divers Counties received, abetted, procured, counselled, hired, sustained, and maintained; That such Manslaughter, Robbery, Spoiling, breaking of Truces and [Safe Conducts,3] and voluntary Receipt, Abetment, Procurement, Counsel, Hiring, Sustaining, and Maintaining of such Persons to be done in Time to come, by any of the King's liege People and Subjects within the Realm of England, Ireland, and of Wales, or upon the main Sea, shall be adjudged and determined for High Treason, done against the King's Crown and his Dignity:" Our Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Pains contained and specified in the said Statute, be so rigorous and grievous against his liege People and Subjects, and them so straitly do bind, that the King's Adversaries and Enemies be greatly encouraged and comforted to make War against the said liege People (1); and many of the said liege People and Subjects (4) as well upon the [main 5] Sea and Coasts of the Sea, as in the Marches of the Realm of England, oftentimes have been some robbed, and some spoiled, and some slain; whereby many of the same Lieges, inhabiting in the Marches and Coasts aforesaid, be greatly hindered and impoverished, and in Point to be finally destroyed, and the Mariners and Merchants of the King, to pass upon the Sea with their Ships and Vessels with their Merchandises, or otherwise to make War for the Safeguard of the Sea, be greatly discouraged and abashed, and the Navy of the Realm in Point to be destroyed, and the said Merchants clearly discomforted [to do to be renewed 6] any Ships or Vessels; hath ordained, by the Advice Assent and Authority aforesaid, That none of the said Lieges and Subjects of the King, by Force of the said Statute, for nothing by him attempted done or to be done against the Form and Tenour of the said Statute, within Seven Years next ensuing after the said Tenth Day of October, be in any wise punished, impeached, molested, or grieved, by Force of the said Statute, nor shall incur no Pain for the same, otherwise than he ought before the making the said Statute; but that he, his Heirs and Executors, of all Things and Pains contained and specified in the said Statute, as by Force of the same Statute, because of any Offence done during the Time aforesaid against [our said Sovereign Lord] the King, his Heirs and Successors, be clearly quit and discharged for ever.

2 sum MS. Tr. 2. 3 Safe Conducts of the King of the Kyng MS. Tr. 2. 5 Not in Original.

to make or to renewe MS. Tr. 2.

q sil aveigne qascuns michandises des aliens del amistee avintdce soient prises p les ditz lieges, aps le fest de Seint Michell larchangell pschein veignä en ascuns niefs ou vesselx de ditz enemyes nre dit f' le Roy nient esteantz desoubz le sauf conduit ou pteccion du Roi, qadonqes les ditz lieges eux purront reteigner & enjoier saunz ascun empeschement ou restitucion ent affaire: Et durera ceste ordinaunce p trois ans pchein ensuantz & a pluis long temps sil please au Roy.

Item come ordine soit & declare p estatuit fait en temps le Roy Henri pier nre f' le Roy qorest lan de son regne scde, pur ceo q devent la dce ordinaunce divs gentz comprises deins les trieux sibñ faitz p le dit nadgairs Roy come p son pier Ayel a nre dit f', Et auxi auts aiantz saveconduitz sibn du dit nadgairs Roi Henri le pier a nre dit f' come de son dit ayel ount estee ascuns tuez ascuns robbes & despoilles p les lieges & subgittes du Roy sibn sur le hault meer come deins les portes & costes du meer Dengletre Dirland & Gales, pount les ditz treues & saufconduitz ount este rumpes & offenduz, a gaunde dishono & disclaundre du Roy & encountre sa dignite, & les ditz tuers des homes robbo's spoillours & offendours de les ditz trieux & saufconduitz du Roi, come desuis est declare, ount estee p divs lieges & subgittz du Roy deins les costes de divses Countees recettes abettz pcurez conseillez lewes sustenuz & manutenuz; q tielx tuerie robberie espoillerie rumperie des trieuz & saufconduitez du Roi, & voluntaries receit abettement pcurement counseiff lower sustenence & maintenence de tielx psones affairs en temps avenir p ascuns des lieges & subgitz du Roy deins le roialme Dengletre Dirland & de Gales ou sur le hault meer, soient adjugges & det minez pur hault treson fait encountre la Corone & dignitee du Roy: Nre f' le Roi considerant q les peines contenuz & especifies en le dit estatuit sount si rigorous & grevous envs les lieges & subgites du Roy, & eux si streitement lient, q les advsaries & enemyes du Roy de faire guerre envs les ditz lieges du Roi sount g'undement embaudez & confortes, et pluso's des ditz lieges & subgites du Roi, auxi bien sur la meer & costes du meer come en les marches du roialme Denglerre, sovent ount estee ascuns disrobbes & dispoillez & ascuns tues; pount pluso's de mesmes les lieges enhabitantez es marches & costes suisdces sount g'undement anientises empovez & en point destre finalment destruitz, & les michantz & Marins du Roi de passer sur le meer ovesq lour niefs & vessealx ove lour michandises, ou autment en faire de guerre pur le saufgard du meer, sount g'undement ent discorages & embeasshez, & la naveye du roialme ent point destre destruitz, & les ditz mchantz de faire ou renoveller ascuns niefs ou vesselx toutoutrement discomfortes; ad ordine p advis assent & auctorite suisditz, q nuff des ditz lieges & subgites du Roi p force du dit estatuit, pur nuff chose p luy attempte fait ou affaire encountre la forme & tenor du dit estatuit, deins sept ans pcheins ensuantz aps le dit disme jour Doctobre, soit en ascuns man punisse empesche molestee ou greve p force du dit estatuit, ne nult peine encourge par iceff autrement qil duist devent le faisance du dit estatuit; eins qil ses heires & executo's de toutz choses & peines contenuz & especifies en le dit estatuit, come p force de mesme lestatuit, a cause dascune offence fait durant le temps suisditz envs le Roy sez heires & successours, soit toutoutrement quietz & discharges pur toutz jours.

Anno 15° HENRICI, VI. A.D.1436-7.

A Transcripto in Turr. Lond.

ordinance rands at procine plement

maria des blees de grainer hors de cesas relabore a

some un querrer de dranger nexes le com le pride si a

定国总科3万米

TOSTRE Sovain f le Roy Henry le sisme aps le conquest, a son plement tenuz a Westiñ le xxje jour de Januarie lan de son regne xvme, de ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a lespale instance & requeste de les Cões du Roialme en mesme le pliment esteantz, ad fait ordeinez & establiez cteins statutz & ordinances al honour de Dieu & le bien & pfit de luy & de son dit roialme, en la forme gensuit.

En primes pur ceo q les Seneschatt & Mareschatt de Hostell du Roy, & lour deputees, avent cez heures ount tenuz dev'nt eux plees de dette detenu & autres plees psonelx, moevez p entre gentz q ne furent de mesme lostell en lour recorde faisantz mencion q les pleintifs & defendants de mesme les plees furent del dit hostell, & a lez parties defendants en mesmes lez plees ne allowent lour chaleng & excepcions p eux aleggez q ils mesmes ou les pleintifs en mesmes les suites ne sount pas de mesme lostell, encountre lez leis & estatuts ent avant ces heures eus & faitz; pount divs des lieges nre dit f' le Roi en sa Court dev'nt les ditz Seneschaft & Mareschaft tenuz sovent foitz encountre le leie sount grevousment vexez & entroublez a lour g'unde damage & anientissement : Nostre dit f' le Roi les Pmisses considerez ad ordeine p auctorite de mesme le parlement, q en chescun suit desore enavant p les defendants apindre, ils ne soient estoppes p tiel recorde a dire qils mesmes ou lez pleintifs en mesme le recorde especifiez ne furent al temps [dut'] dit plee ou suit comence del hostell du Roy come p mesme le recorde est suppose eins eient lez ditz defendantz lour [evement 3] a dire qils mesmes ou les ditz pleintifs ne furent de mesme lostell, a temps de tiel plee ou suit comence, le dit recorde ou ascun matier deinz icell continuz nient obstant.

Item pur ceo q p la leie ordeinee nutt home poet carier ne [amesnre 3] blees hors du Roialme Dengleterre saunz licence du Roy; p cause de quett Fermours & auts homes q usent manuovement de loure tre ne poent vendre lour blees sinon a baes prise, a g'unde damage de tout le roialme : nre f' le Roi voillant en ceo cas purvoier de remedie ad ordeinee p auctoritee dessuisdce,

du Transer. 2. &c.

* avement Transcr. 2.

amesner Transcr. 2. &c.

OUR Sovereign Lord the King, Henry the Sixth after the Conquest, at his Parliament holden at Westminster the One and twentieth Day of January, the Fifteenth Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Instance and Request of the Commons of the Realm in the same Parliament being, hath made ordained and established certain Statutes and Ordinances, to the Honour of God and the Weal and Profit of him and of his said Realm, in the Form following.

(*) we Barkey level Milipped Could vitte without value

FIRST, Because that the Steward and Marshal of the King's [House'] and their Deputies before this Time have holden before them Pleas of Debt, Detinue, and other Pleas personal, moved betwixt People which were not of the same [House,'] making mention in their Records, that the Plaintiffs and Defendants of the same Pleas were of the said [House,'] and do not allow to the Parties Defendants in the same Pleas their Challenges and Exceptions by them alledged, that they themselves, or the Plaintiffs in the same Suits, be not of the same [Houses,'] against the Laws and Statutes before this Time (1) had and made; whereby divers of the King's liege People, in his Court holden before the said Steward and Marshal, oftentimes against the Law be grievously vexed and troubled to their great Damage and Hindrance: Our said Lord the King, considering the Premisses, hath ordained by Authority of the same Parliament, That in every Suit from henceforth against the [said] Defendants to be taken, they shall not be estopped by such Record, to say that themselves, or the Plaintiffs in the same Record specified, were not at the Time of the said Plea or Suit [thereof] commenced, of the King's [House,'] as by the same Record is supposed; but the (3) Defendants shall have their Averment to say, that they themselves, or the said Plaintiffs, were not of the same [House'] at the Time of such Plea or Suit commenced, the said Record or [other 1] Matter within the same contained notwithstanding.

ITEM, Forasmuch as by the Law [it was] ordained, [that] no Man might carry nor bring Corn out of the Realm of England without the King's Licence, for cause whereof Farmers and other Men which use Manurement at 6 s. 8 d, of their Land, may not sell their Corn but of a [bare 5] Price, to the great Damage of all the Realm: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, willing in this Case to provide Remedy, hath ordained by Authority aforesaid,

1 Household

1 thereof

low Rot. Parl. nu. 21.

In any Suit before the Marshal of the King's Household, Defendant may plead that either Party is not of the Household.

Exportation of Corn allowed, viz. Wheat when

[.] There are Six Transcripts of this Year, some of them in great Part destroyed or illegible; the Various Readings are noted Transcr. 2, &c. See Note to 9 Hen. VI.

That it shall be lawful to every Person to [carry and bring Corn out of England, and the same to sell to whatsoever Person that he will, except all '] only to the King's Enemies, as often and as long as a Quarter of Wheat (1) or Barley is so shipped; and that without suing any Licence for the same: All other [Statutes 3] before this Time thereof made to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always, That the King be contented of his Customs and [Money 1]. And this Ordinance shall endure till the next Parliament.

Abuse of Safe-conducts under Clause of Vidimus.

ITEM, Whereas our said Lord the King of late hath granted his Letters of Safe Conduct to certain Persons to come and go [in 5] and out of the Realms and [Seigniories 6] of England, France, and Ireland, with certain Number of Ships [charged 7] with their Merchandises; and that Faith and Credit should as well be given to the Copy called Vidimus, sealed under the Seals authentique and approved, as to the Original of the said Letters; one John de Gautier, one of the Persons aforesaid, granted and delivered the Vidimus of the said Safe Conduct to such and to as many as him pleased, sealed with the Seal of him that calleth himself King of France; under the Colour of which Vidimus a great Navy of the adverse Part was assembled, and did take many Ships, and the King's liege People, and [Victual to 8] the Towns and Fortresses of the Adversaries, to the great Damage of the King and of [the 9] liege People aforesaid; as our said Lord the King, at the grievous Complaint to him made by the said Commons in the said Parliament, hath perceived: The same our Lord [the King,] considering the great Inconveniencies which might ensue by such and other which do evil use his Letters of Safe Conduct, and that under Colour of such Vidimus a whole Navy of Enemies may be coloured, and daily victual stuff and refresh their Party, in great Damage of his (10) Realm of England, doth will, [and hath commanded by the Authority aforesaid,"] to the Keepers of his Great and Privy [Seal,"] that they shall not suffer such Clause (13) Vidimus to be put in any safe Conduct from henceforth to be granted; unless it so be, that some great or some notable Cause or Matter move the same our Lord the King to grant the same in such wise: And willeth also, (4) That in all safe Conducts to be granted from henceforth to any Person or Persons, the [Name 15] of them of the Ships and of the Masters, and the Number of the Mariners, with the Portage of the Ships, shall be expressed.

Safe-conducts shall express the Names of the Grantees,

Such Clause shall not be

inserted in a

Safe-conduct, unless upon special Cause.

IV. Writs of Subpæna shall not be granted without Surety, &c.

ITEM, For that divers Persons have [before this Time] been greatly vexed and grieved by Writs of Subpæna, purchased for Matters determinable by the Common Law of this Land, to the great Damage of such Persons so vexed, (16) in Subversion and

1 shippe and carye all maner of cornes and greynes oute of this roialme, into what place hym shall like, excepte Rot. Parl.
2 excede nout the price of vis. viii d. and I quart of Barly

iii 8; in that porte ther that Whete Rot. Parl.

3 orden neez Rot. Parl.

4 Duitez Rot. Parl. into Rot. Parl. nu. 24. 6 Lordship Rot. Parl. 9 his MS. Tr. 2. 10 Realmes and especialy of the MS. Tr. 2.

11 to give in commandment 12 Seales Rot. Parl. 14 by the Authority aforesaid 16 and Rot. Parl. nu. 25. 15 of Rot. Parl. 15 names Rot. Parl.

q bien lirra a chescun home eskipper & carier toutz mans des blees & graines hors de ceste roialme a qconq, lieu q luy plerra, forspris tant soulement a les enemes nre dit f le Roy si sovent & tant longement come un quarter de frument nexcede paes le price vi s. viij d. & un quarter dorge iij s. en icell porte lou frment ou orge est tielment eskippes; & ceo saunce ascun licence suier pur icelt; toutz aut's ordinances ent avent ces heures faitz a cont'rie nient obstantz: Purveu toutz foitz q le Roy soit content de sez custumes & devoirs. Et durera iceste ordinance tanqz al pcheine plement.

Item p la ou nre dit f' le Roy nadgairs avoit g'unte ses lies de saufconduyt as cteins psons pur venir & aler en & hors de les Roialmes & f'es Dengleterre Fraunce & Irlonde, ovesq cteine nombre des niefs charges ovesq, lour marchandises; & q foie & credance serroit done sibien a la copie appellez Vidimus, ensealez soubz seales autentiques & approves, come al originalt. de lez ditz lres; un John le Gautier un de les psons desuisditz g'unta & deliva le Vidimus du dit sauf conduyt as tielx & as tauntz come luy pluist, enseales soubz le seale celuy q soy appelle Roy de Fraunce; soubz umbre de quel Vidimus un graunde navie de la partie advsarie fuist assemble, & prist plusours niefs & lieges du Roy & vitailla lez villes & forteresses de les pties advsaries, a graunde damage du Roy & de sez lieges suisditz; si come nre dit & le Roy a la grevouse compleint a luy en fait p les ditz Cões lad pleinement [enduz'] Mesme nre f' considerant lez g'undes inconvenientz qux purroient eschier, p tielx & aut's q malement usent sez lres de sauf conduyt, & q soubz umbre de tielx Vidimus tout un entier navie des advsaries poet estre umbrez & journement vitailler estoffer & refressher lour partie, en g'unde damage de sez roialmes & spalment de le roialme Dengletre, voet doner en comaundement a les Gardeins de ses g'unde & prive sealx, qils ne soeffrent pas tiel Clause de Vidimus estre mys en null sauf conduyt a gauntiers de cy enavant sil ne issint soit q ascun gaunde ou notable cause ou matier moeve mesme nre f' le Roy pur ceo tielment g'unter: Et voet auxi p auctorite suisdce q en toutz sauf conduyts de cy enavent a graunterz a ascun pson ou psons, les nouns de iceux de les niefs & de les Maisters & le noumbre de Mariners ovesq le portage des niefs soient expssez.

• [Item pur ceo q divses psones ount estee g'undemit vexez & grevez p brs de subpena, p'chacez p' matiers derminables p la coe ley de cest tre, a gunde damage de tielx psones issint vexez & en subveon &

entenduz Transcr. 2. &c.

" Ro. be Kyng will that the statuits made boof be duely kept after the forme and effect of be same. And bo no Writ of sub pena bé gauntid hereafter till seurtee be founde to satisfie pe ptie so vexed and greved for his damages and expenses if it so be pat the matier may not be made goode which is contenyd in the byll."

^{*} This Chapter IV. is not inserted in any of the Exemplifications preserved at the Tower. The French Text is here given from Lib. Scace. IX. which nearly agrees with the Old Printed Copies. The Petition and Answer on the Parliament Roll of this Year, nu. 25, are as follows.—" Also prayen the Coes pat forasmuche as divers psones have been gretly vexed and greved by Writtes sub pena p'chaced for maters derminables be the coe lawe of this land, to be grete harmes of the psones so vexed and in sub-Vsion and lettyng of the saide coe lawe; hit like be Kyng our sovaigne lord withe the assent of his lordes spuell and temporell in his parlement beyng, to ordeigne and establisshe be auctoritee of the same parlement, hat evy psone fro this tyme forward vexed be the said Writte for mater det minable be pe comyn lawe have his accion ayen hym pt so vexen hym and recove his damages. And pt in the same accion he have peesse of exigent in al maner and forme as he may have in an accion of Espas done with force and armes.

impedimet de la coe ley suisdit; Nre f' le Roy voet qi les estatuts ent faitz soit duemt gardez solonq, la fo'me & effect dicellez; & qi null brief de subpena soit g'unte de cy enav'nt, tanq, seurte soit trove pur satisfier la partier ensi greve & vexe pur ses dam & expensez, si issint soit qi la matier ne poet pas estre fait bon quel est contenuz en la bille.]

Item nre dit f' le Roy considerant q le trial de vie & de mort, Pres & tentz biens & chateux de chescun pson de ses lieges diceste roialme, touchant matiers en fait p le leie de mesme le roialme remaigne & estaa & de jour en jour vrisemblablement est p' estre eue & fait p les seurementz des enquestes de xij homes duement sumones en sez Courtes; et auxi q les graundes pourlesse & inhonutesse pjurie q orriblement continue & journement encresse en les cões jurrours du dit Roialme, a la plus g'unde verisemblable meschief q puis cheier al dit roialme; et qil est a supposer p reson q le pluis sufficiantz q homes soient des tres & tentz, le pluis nounsemblablement ils sount a estre tretez ou moeves a pjure p brocage poure ou corrupcion & q en chescun accion & brief dateint au meyns y faut estre xiij defendantz, sil ne soit q mort dascuny de eux cause le contrarie, des queux xiij defendantz chescun pson p la leie poit avoir sevall plee & response triable en acoung Countee q luy pleast del roialme aventdit, & chescun de icelles xiij plees & responses triables hors del Countee en quel laccion & brief dateint est pursue causera la delaie de la prise de g'unde jure dateint, jesques au temps q chescun des ditz foreins sevalx responses soit trie; Et tout soit q toutz iceux xiij foreins sevalx responses & plees, chescun aps auter pur causer plusours delaies, soient pledes tries & trovez countre iceux xiij defendantz, ils nount ascun Pjudice p icels, ne les pleintifs en les ditz accions & briefs dateintz nult autre avantage mes q le Court du Roy adonques de pceder a la prise du dit g'unde jurie la quelt p subtiltee q de jour en jour encresce p'roit causer la delaie des pleintifs en les ditz accions & briefs dateint p x ans ou pluis p coe estimacion; ad ordeine p lauctorite aventdce pur partie de remedie de la mescheef suisdit, q null Viscount Bailiff du Franchise ne Coroner, en accions ou briefs datent du plee du Pre dannuell value de xl s. ou pluis, ne daccion de detenue des faitz concnants Pres & tents de semblable value ou pluis, ne de plee psonett dount le juggement de recover extende a la some de xl fi. ou pluis, reto'ne ne empanett en nult inquisicon ne enquest nulles psones mes ceux enhitantz dedeins sa baillie, queux a cell temps eient estate a lour ppre oeps, ou ceux as queux opes aut's psons ount estate, de fee simplee fee taitt ou frank tenement en Pres & tentz dannuelt value de xx li. ou pluis, dedeins sa baille hors del auncien demesnie les cynk portes & tenure de Gavelkynde; ne meindres issues en les ditz accons datteint retourne en la Court du Roy q xt s. a le primer brief de destresse, & Cent soulz a le secunde brief de distresse, & le double a chescun autre brief de distresse, envs Impediment of the Common Law aforesaid: Our Lord the King doth command, That the Statutes thereof made shall be duly observed according to the Form and Effect of the same; and that no Writ of Subpœna be granted from henceforth, until Surety be found to satisfy the Party so grieved and vexed, for his Damages and Expences, if so be that the Matter cannot be made good, which is contained in the Bill.

good, which is contained in the Bill. ITEM, Our (') Lord the King considering that the Trial of Life and Death, of Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels of every Person of his liege People of this Realm, touching Matters in Deed, by the Law of the same Realm [remain and stand, 1] and daily is very likely to be had and made, by the Oaths of Inquests of Twelve Men duly summoned in his Courts; and also [that 3] the great (4) Perjury, which horribly continueth, and daily increaseth in the common Jurors of the said Realm, [is most likely to tend to the greatest 5] Mischief which may fall to the said Realm; and that it is to be supposed, by reason that the more sufficient that Men be of Lands and Tenements, the more unlikely they are to be drawn or moved to Perjury by [Brocage, Power, or Corruption; 6] and that in every Action and Writ of Attaint at the least there must be Thirteen Defendants, unless that the Death of any cause the contrary, of which Thirteen Defendants every Person by the Law may have a several Plea and Answer, triable in whatsoever County that him pleaseth of the said Realm, and every of the same Thirteen Pleas and Answers, triable out of the County in which the Action and Writ of Attaint is sued, [doth?] cause the Delay of the taking of the Grand Jury of Attaint, until the Time that every of the said foreign several Answers be tried; and although that all these Thirteen several Answers and Pleas, every one after other to cause more Delays, be pleaded, tried, and found against these Thirteen Defendants, they [themselves] have no Prejudice by the same, nor the Plaintiffs in the said Actions and Writs of Attaint no other Advantage, but that the King's Court then shall proceed to the taking of the said Grand Jury; which by Subtilty that daily increaseth [may 8] cause the Delay of the Plaintiffs in the said Actions and Writs of Attaint by Ten Years or more, by common Estimation; hath ordained by Authority aforesaid, for Part of the Remedy of the said Mischief, That no Sheriff, Bailiff of Franchise, nor Coroner, in Actions or Writs of Attaint of Plea of Land, of the yearly Value of xl s. or more, nor [Action of Attaint 9] of Deeds concerning Lands or Tenements of like Value, or more, nor (") personal, whereof the Judgement of [the Recovery "] shall extend to the Sum of Forty Pounds, or more, shall return nor impanel in any Inquisition nor Inquest, any Persons but such as be inhabiting within his Bailiwick, which (") have Estate to their own Use, or they to whose Use other Persons have Estate, of Fee-simple, Fee-tail, or Freehold, in Lands and Tenements, of the yearly Value of xx li. or more [in 13] his Bailiwick, out of Ancient Demesne, the Five Ports, and the Tenure of Gavelkind; nor shall return in the King's Court less Issues in the said Actions of Attaint, than xl s. at the first Writ of Distress, and Cs. at the second Writ of Distress, and the Double [of '4] every other Writ of Distress against

Increase of Perjury in Jurors; Delays in Proceedings in Writs of Attaint.

V.

Jurors in Attaint shall have £20. per Annum in Lands.

The Issues returnable on Jurors in Attaint.

saide MS. Tr.2. 3 Omit this Word.

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Rot. Parl.

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les l'enner, g. &cc.

Jurors not qualified may be challenged.

Penalty on Sheriffs for Neglect.

On a Foreign Plea pleaded, by any of the Defendants Judgement against him shall be final.

Not to extend to Cities or Boroughs, as to the Qualifications of Jurors:

In Defect of sufficient Jurors in Counties others may be returned.

Penalty on Sheriffs, &c. for Neglect.

VI. Guilds and Companies Incorporate shall cause their Charters to be duly recorded, before the Justices of Peace, &c.

the Persons impanelled and returned to be sworn in the same Actions. And that no Person of less Sufficiency of Freehold than of the yearly Value of xx li. in the Form aforesaid, shall be sworn in the King's Court upon any Issue in the said Actions of Attaint, if he be for the same by the Plaintiffs in due Form challenged. And that as often as any Sheriff, Bailiff of Franchise, or Coroner, do contrary to this Ordinance, he shall pay, and by this Statute be bound to pay to the King x li. and to the Plaintiffs in the said Actions and Writs of Attaint for their [Delay '] other x li. And (') if any of the (3) foreign Answers and Pleas be tried and found against any of the said Defendants, that then the same [Judgement 1] against the same Defendants, and for the said Plaintiffs, shall be given by the King's Justices, and Consideration of his Courts, as by the Law should be given against the same Defendants, in case that the Grand Jury in the said Actions and Writs of Attaint, upon the Points and Articles of the same Writs, had passed against the same Defendants, and with the said Plaintiffs; And that by the same Judgements, no other of the said Defendants, but they against whom the aforesaid foreign Answers and Pleas be found and tried, shall be prejudiced or endamaged: And that this Statute touching the Office of Sheriff, Bailiff of Franchise, and Coroner, in returning of the said Persons of the Sufficiency of Freehold of the yearly Value of xx li. and that no Person of less Sufficiency of Freehold be sworn in the said Actions and Writs of Attaint, shall not extend to Cities and Boroughs [within 5] the said Realm, nor to the Inhabitants in the same: Provided always, That if in any of the said Counties there be not Persons inhabiting, under the Estate of a Baron, of Possession of Lands and Tenements of the yearly Value of xx li. in the same County, in the Form aforesaid, to suffice the Number to be impanelled and returned in the said Actions and Writs of Attaint, that then the Sheriff, Bailiffs of Franchises, and Coroners of the same County, shall impanel and return in the same Actions and Writs, Persons there inhabiting, of the most sufficient [of Possession 6] of yearly Value of Lands and Tenements within the Value of xx li. (7) in the same County in the Form aforesaid; and that to such Persons the said Challenge extend not, that [he is not of Possession [] of Lands and Tenements of the yearly Value of xx li. in the same County; and that as often as any of the same Sheriffs Bailiffs or Coroners do contrary to this [present 9] Article, he shall pay to the King x li. and to the (10) Plaintiffs x li. in the Form aforesaid. ITEM, Whereas the Masters, Wardens, and People of [the"] Guilds, Fraternities, and other Companies incorporate, dwelling in divers Parts of the Realm, oftentimes by Colour of Rule and Governance and other Terms in general Words to them granted and confirmed by Charters and Letters Patents of the King's Proge-

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* jugementz
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                       * they be not of the liflode ( nu. 26.
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11 many
14 said
                                        13 Not in Original.
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nitors, make (12) themselves many unlawful and un-

reasonable Ordinances, as well of [many 13] such Things,

whereof the Cognisance Punishment and Correction all

only pertaineth to the King, Lords of Franchises, and

other Persons, and whereby our (14) Sovereign Lord the King and other be disherited of their Profits and Fran-

chises, as of Things, which [oftentimes in Confederacy

is made 15] for their singular Profit, and common

les psones empanelles & retournes p' estre jurrez en mesmes les accions. Et q nult psone de meindre sufficiante du frank tenement q dell annuell value de xx li. en la fourme dessuisdit soit jurrie en la Court du Roi, sur nult issue en les ditz accions datteint, sil soit pur icelt p les pleyntifs en due fourme chalanges. Et q auxi sovent q ascun Vicont, Baillif du Franchise ou Coroner face le cont'rie de ceste ordeinance qil paie, & p cest estatut soit tenuz a paier, au Roy x fi. & a les pleintifs en les ditz accions & briefs datteint pur lour delaies aut's x ti. Et q si ascun [as 1] ditz foreins responses & plees soit triee & trove encountre ascun des ditz defendants, q donques mesmes les juggementz, countre mesmes les defendantz & pur les ditz pleintifs, soient dones, p les Justices du Roy & consideracon de ses Courts, si come p la leie Proit donce envs les mesmes defendants, en cas q le g'unde jurie en les ditz accions & briefs datteint sur les points & articles de mesmes les briefs passez encountre mesme les defendants & ovesq les ditz pleintifs; Et q p mesmes les juggementz nuff aut'e des ditz defendants, sinon ceux vs queux les avantditz foreins responses & plees sount troves & triez, soit blessez ne endamages. Et q̃ [soit 2] estatuit touchant loffice de Viscount Baillif de Fraunchise & Coroner, en retournant des psones de la sufficiauntee du frank tenement dannuell value de xx ti, et q nutt psone de meindre sufficiante du frank tenement soit jurie en les ditz accions & briefs datteint, ne extende pas as Citees & Burghs de le dit roialme, ne a [lesse3] enhabitantz en icelles : purveu toutz foitz q si en ascuny de les ditz Countees ne soient psones enhabitantz, desoubz le state de Baron, del possession dez tres & tenementz dannuelt value de xx ti, en mesme le Countee en la fourme aventdit, a suffire le noumbre pur estre empanelles & retournes en les ditz accions & briefs datteint, qadonques le Viscount Baillifs de Franchesez & Coronours de mesme le Counte empanell & retourne en mesmes les accions & briefs psoenes illoeques enhabitantz de la pluis sufficiante du possession danuell value de Pres & teñtz deinz la value de xx fi. p an, en mesme le Counte en la fourme avantdit; & q a ceux psones nextende pas lavantdce [clalanges] qils ne sount del [sufficiante 3] des tres & tentz dannuelt value de xx fi. en mesme le Counte ; & ceo auxi sovent q ascun de mesmes les Viscountz Baillifs ou Coroners face le contraire de cest darrein article qil paie au Roy x fi, & au ditz pleintifs x fi, en la fourme aventdee.

Item come les Maistres Gardeins & gentz des plusurs Gildes, Frat nitees & autres companies incorporatz, dem'antz es divses pties du roialme, sovent p colour de Reule & govnaille & aut's tmes en genall polles a eux g'untes & confermes p chres & lies patentz des progenitours nre f le Roi, facent entre eux mesmes plusours disloialx & meins resonables ordenaunces, tant des tielx choses dount la conusaunce punissement & correccion soulement pteignent au Roi &'s des fraunchises & aut's psones, & pount nre dit f' le Roi & aut's sount desheritez de lour franchisez & pfitz, come des choses q sonnent en confederacie pur lour singuler pfit & cone

les Transcr. 2. &c. possession Old Printed Copies.

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damage au poeple: mesme nre f' le Roy p advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx aventditz & a la preier des Coues desuisditz, a ordeinee p auctorite de mesme le parlement, q les Meistres Gardeins & gents de chescun tiel Gilde, Franitee ou Compainee incorporate p entre cy & le fest de Seint Michell pchein venant, portent & facent registrer de recorde devent les Justices du Peas en Countes, ou devent les chief govnours des Citees Burghs & villes ou tielx Gildes Fratnites & Compaignes sount, toutz lour lies patents & chres. Et outre ad ordeinee & defendue p lauctorite suisdit, q desore enavent nutt des tielx Meistres Gardeins ne gents face ne use null ordenaunce q soit en desheritison ou diminucion des fraunchises du Roy ou dautres, ne encountre la coue pfit du poeple ne nuff autre orden'nce de charge, sil ne soit primement discussee & approvee pur bone & resonable p les Justices du Peas ou les Chief Govnours avantditz, & devant eux entree de recorde & p eux revoquee & repelle depuis sil soit trovee & prove p eux meins loialt ou noun resonable; et ceo sur peine de pdre & forfaire le force & effecte des toutz articles en lour ditz l'res & chres comprisez p queux ils purroient faire entre eux mesmes ascuns ordeinaunces; Et outre de pdre & paier x fi au Roy pur chescun ordeinaunce q ascun de eux face ou use au cont'rie, auxi souvent qil serra de ceo p due processe & loialt maner convict de record, devent ascun des ditz Justices du Peas ou Chief Govnours des Citees Burghs ou villes. Et durera cest ordeinaunce tantcome y plerra a mesme nre f' le Roy.

Item nre dit f' p assent des f's & Coues av'ntditz ad ordeinee & estable p auctorite suisdce, q desore enavant toutz les Abbes Priours & autres Religioses & lour Successours & chescun deux, q ount ascun tres tents ou auts possessions deins ascun de les Wapentakes de Staynclyf Wapentake & Frendeles Wapentak en Craven en le Counte Devwyk, purront faire lour attournes ou attournee genalx ou genall, en toutz les Courts deinz les ditz Wapentakes & chescun de eux, cest assavoire chescun des ditz Abbes Priours & Religiouses sevalment desoubz le cõe Seale de sa meason, pur gayner & pdre en chescun maner de plee p ascun ou vers ascun deux en les ditz Courtes ou ascun deux moevee ou amoeverz; & q̃ les ditz Abbes & Priours & aut's religiouses, & lours ditz attournes & chescun deux, purront pleder en les ditz Courts & chescun de eux toutz mans des plees q sont en ley pledables & en ley allowables; & q chescun Seneschall & Baillif de ou en ascun de les ditz Courtes pur le temps esteant resceive auxibien chescun attourney en le mane suisdée destre (') come les ditz plees p les ditz Abbes Priours & Religioses & p lour ditz attournes & p chescun deux destre pledes, saunce amcier les ditz Abbes Priours & religioses ou ascun de eux en le mane dessuisdit ou aulment q̃ psones seculers en semblable cas saunz fraude

1 fait Old Printed Copies.

Damage to the People: The same our Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Prayer of the Commons aforesaid, hath ordained by Authority of the same Parliament, that the Masters Wardens and People of every such Guild Fraternity or Company incorporate, betwixt this and the Feast of Saint Michael next coming, shall bring and [do'] all their Letters Patents and Charters to be registered of Record before the Justices of Peace in the Counties, or before the Chief Governors of the [said] Cities, Boroughs, and Towns where such Guilds, Fraternities, and Companies be. And moreover hath ordained and defended, by the Authority aforesaid, that from henceforth no such Masters, Wardens, nor People make nor use no Ordinance which shall be to the Disherison or Diminution of the [King's Franchises 1] or of other, nor against the common Profit of the People, nor none other Ordinance of Charge, if it be not first discussed and approved for good and reasonable, [admitted] by the Justices of Peace, or the Chief Governors aforesaid, and before them entered of Record, and after by them revoked and repealed, if it be found (3) by them not lawful or not reasonable; and that upon Pain to lose and forfeit the Force and the Effect of all the Articles comprised in their said [Writs 1] and Charters, by which they might [do the same Ordinances to be entered ;] and moreover to lose and pay x li. to the King for every Ordinance that any of them doth make or use to the contrary, as often as he shall be of that, by due Process and lawful Manner, convict of Record before any of the said Justices of Peace, or Chief Governors of Cities, Towns, and Boroughs. And this Ordinance shall endure as long as it shall please our said Sovereign Lord the King.

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord [the King,] by the Assent of the Lords [Spiritual and Temporal,] and Commons aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished by Authority aforesaid, That from henceforth all the Abbots, Priors, and other Religious Persons, and their Successors, and every of them, which have Lands and Tenements or other Possessions within any of the Wapentakes of Stainclife Wapentake and Friendlesse Wapentake in Craven in the County of York, may make their Attornies (6) General in all the Courts within the said Wapentakes and every of them, that is to say, every of the (7) Abbots, Priors, and Religious Persons severally under the Common Seal of his House, to win and lose in every Manner of Plea, for any or against any of them, in the said Courts or any of them moved or to be moved; and that the said Abbots and Priors and Religious Persons and their said Attornies and every of them, may plead in the said Courts and every of them, all Manner of Pleas, which be pleadable in Law and in the Law allowable; and that every Steward and Bailiff of or in every of the said Courts for the Time being, shall as well receive any Attorney in the Manner aforesaid to be made, as the said Pleas by the said Abbots, Priors, or Religious Persons, and by their said Attornies, and by every of them to be pleaded, without amercing the said Abbots Priors or Religious Persons, or any of them, in the Manner aforesaid, or otherwise than secular Persons in like Case without Fraud

All their Ordinances shall be approved of by Justices of the Peace, or by Governors of Cities and Towns.
Penalty £10.

VII.
Abbots, &c.
in certain
Wapentakes
in Yorkshire
may make
Attornies to
appear in the
Courts there;

and plead all lawful Pleas.

Stewards shall receive all such Attornies and Pleas.

ause Franchises of the King

nd proved 4 Letters

⁵ make any Ordinances among themselves;

or attorne MS. Tr. 2.

⁷ said

Penalty.

The said Provisions extended to all Religious and Secular Persons in all Hundred Courts.

VIII.
No Person
shall ship any
Merchandise
of the Staple,
but at the
lawful Keys
where the
King's
Weights are.

Masters of Ships shall find Surety to land such Merchandise at Calais, and bring back a Certificate thereof. Saving for the Merchants of Genoa, &c. should be amerced: And that every of the Stewards and Bailiffs aforesaid, at every Time that he doth contrary to this Ordinance, shall forfeit and [pay to the King x li; '] and that every Person which will sue for the King in this Case, shall have a Writ of Debt founded upon this Statute, and shall have the one Half for his Labour, and the King the other Half. And that in the same Manner all other Abbots, Priors, and other Religious Persons and their Successors, and any other Secular Persons within this Realm, in every Hundred and Wapentake within the same Realm, may make their Attornies (1) general, to plead for them and every of them in the Form aforesaid, that is to say, the said Abbots, Priors, and Religious Persons under the common Seal, and the Secular Persons under their Seals. And if the Stewards, Bailiffs, or any Minister of any such Hundred or Wapentake do contrary to the same, every of them shall forfeit to the King x li. as afore is said: and this Statute and Stablishment shall endure as long as it shall please the King.

ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King, to remove and eschew the great Unlawfulness and Damage, which daily is to him done, in withholding the Customs and Subsidies, and [Impediment to the Staple of Calais 3] of the Sale of Wools and Woolfels, by such which do ship their Wools and Woolfels in divers secret [Parts 1] and Creeks, and other suspect Places within this Realm. stealing bringing and carrying (5) the same, not customed to divers Parts beyond the Sea, and not to Calais; hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, that from henceforth no Manner of Person shall ship nor do to be shipped Wools, Woolfels, nor other Merchandises pertaining to the Staple, in no Place within this Realm, but all only at the Keys and Wharfs being in the Ports assigned [by the Statute,6] where the King's Weights and his [Wools7] be set. And that every Master of (8) Ships and Vessels, in the which such Wools and Woolfels and Merchandises be put, shall find sufficient Surety to the Customers of the Ports, where they do ship, to carry the said Wools and Woolfels (9) to the Staple of Calais, and to bring a Certification from thence, that he hath so done. Saving always to the Merchants of Genoa, Venice, Tuscany, Lombardy, Florence, and Catalonia, and to the Burgesses of Berwick, the Liberties to them granted by Statute heretofore.

incur the Penalty of Ten Pounds to the King;
or Attorney
to the Staple of Calais, in bindering
Portes
away

by Statut Beem Rot. Parl. nu. 37.

serront amciez: et q chescun des Seneschalx & Baillifs suisditz, a chescun foitz qil face le contrie de cest orden'nce; forface & encourge la peine de x ti. au Roi, & q chescun psone q voet suer pur le Roi en cett cas eit brief de dette foundue sur cest estatut, & eit lun moite pur soun labour & le Roy lautre moitee. Et q en mesme la mane toutz auts Abbes Priours & auts Religioses & lour Successours & aut's Seculers gconques deinz cest Roialme, en chescun Hundreth & Wapentake deinz mesme le roialme, poient faire lour attournes genalx ou genalt pur pleder pur eux & chescun de eux en la fourme suisdit, cest assavoir les ditz Abbes Priours & religioses desoutz le coe Seale & les seculers psones desoubz lour sealx. Et si les Seneschall Baillifs ou ascun Ministre de ascun tiel Hundreth ou Wapentake face le cont'rie dicelle, forface chescun deux au Roy x fi. come dessuis est dit: Et dureront icestes ordinaunce & establement tant come y plerra au Roy.

Item nre f' le Roy, pur remoever & eschuer les graundes disloialtees & damages qux journement sont a luy faitz, en ret haunt les custumes & subsidies, & a lestaple de Caleys en impediment du vende des lains & pealx lanutz, p tielx q eskippent lains & pealx en divses privee portes, crikes & aut's lieux suspectz deinz iceste roialme, icellez embleantz amesnantz & cariantz nient custumes as divses parties de la & nemy a Caleys, ad ordeinee p lauctoritee suisdit, q de cy jour enavant nutt mane psone eskippe ne face eskipper lains peaulx lanutz nauts michandises pteinantz a lestaple, en nutt lieu deinz iceste roialme forsq soulement a les Keys & Stathes esteantz en les ports assignes p statuit ou les poises du Roi & soun beem sont assiz et q chescun Maistre des niefs & vessealx, es queux tiel lains pealx lanutz & mchandises sount mys, trovent sufficeant seurte a les custums de les portz ou ils eskippent pur carier lez ditz lains pealx lanutz & nichandises a lestaple du Caleys, & a porter certificacon dilloges qil ad issint fait. Salvant toutz foitz a les michantz de Jeane, Venice, Tuskayne, Lumbardie, Florence & Cateloyne & a les Burgeys de Berwyk les libtees a eux g'untez p estatuit pdev'nt.

Anno 18° HENRICI, VI. A.D. 1439.

A Transcripto in Turr. Lond.*

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ala ou plais, an paradi vociou dount le joj, de accelle

cahabiquana deine sa hallesi, some-rastu u lear-organa

NOSTRE Seigneur le Roy Henry le sisme ap's le conquest, a son parlement tenuz a Westñi le lendemayn de Saint Martin en Iver le xij^{me} jour de Novembr lan de son regne xviij^{me}, alono' de Dieu & p' le bien de luy & soun roialme, de ladvys & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & les Cões en mesme le parlement assembleez, ad fait ordeigner & establier divses estatutz & ordinances en la fourme qensuit.

Primement come p suite fait au Roy p divs gentz ad este desire p lour peticions dav offices fermes & autres choses del doune & g'unte du Roy p sez g'cious lies patentes ent a eux a faire, desirauntz p icell peticions mesmes les lies patentz du Roy de porter date a ctein jour limite en icelt, le quelt jour est sovent longement dev'nt le g'unte du Roy a eux faitz de lour ditz peticions, pount les lies patentz du Roy a eux sur ceo faitz ount porte mesme la date; a cause de quelt divs lieges du Roy, eiantz tielx offices fermes & autres choses du doune ou g'unte du Roy p sez g'cious lies patentz ent a eux longe temps devent duement fait, p tielx subtils ymaginacions de tiels antedates desirez p tiels peticions de tiels offices fermes & autres chosez sovent ount este oustes amoves & expelles, encountre droit bon conscience & reason: Nre dit f' le Roy voillant oustier tiels ymaginacions, del avys & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx suisditz & al especiale request del ditz Cões, ad ordine p auctorite de mesme le parlement qe de qeconqe garrant, en apres p mesme nre f' le Roy ou sez heires al Chaunceller Dengletre pur le temps esteant adresse, le jour du live dicett al Chaunceller soit entre du recorde en la Chauncerie; et q le Chaunceller face faire lies patentes sur mesmes les garrantz portantz date le jour du dit live en la Chauncie, & nemy dev'nt en nult mane; et si ascuns lies patentes soient desore faitz al cont'rie soient voidez irritez & tenuz pur nulles.

Item come al parlement nre f' le Roy tenuz a Westm lan de son reigne xv^{me}, entre autres articles soit ordeigne que null Viscount Baille de Fraunchis ne Coron en accion ou bres dattayntes de plee de re de annuell value de xl. s. ou pluis [nen accyon de atteynte des faitz concnantz res & tentz de annuell value de

1 { ne daccion de detinue Stat. 15 Hen. VI. c. 5. Transcr. 2. &c. read as in the Text.

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OUR Lord the King, Henry the Sixth after the Conquest, at his Parliament holden at Westminster the Morrow after Saint Martin, in Winter, the Twelfth Day of November, the Eighteenth Year of his Reign, To the Honour of God, and for the Weal of him and of his Realm, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in the same Parliament assembled, hath [made, ordained, '] and stablished divers Statutes and Ordinances, in the Form following.

[whom 1] other Persons have Easte-of Fee Simple, Fe-

constant the many, which have any Lands or Tenaments

the Course of Mart there inches The

FIRST, Whereas by Suit made to the King by divers Persons, it hath been desired by their Petitions, to have Offices, Ferms, and other Things of the Gift and Grant of the King, by his gracious Letters Patents thereof to them to be made, desiring by the same Petitions, the same Letters Patents of the King to bear Date at a certain Day limited in the same, the which Day is often long before the King's Grant (1) to them thereupon made have born the same Date; by reason whereof divers of the King's liege People having such Offices, Ferms, and other Things of the Gift or Grant of the King, by his gracious Letters Patents thereof to them long Time before duly made, by such subtil Imagination of such Antedates desired by such Petitions, of such Offices, Ferms, and other Things, often have been put out, amoved, and expelled, against Right, good Conscience, and Reason: Our said Lord the King, willing to put out such Imaginations, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal aforesaid, and at the special Request of the said Commons, hath ordained by Authority of the same Parliament, That of every Warrant hereafter sent by the same our Lord the King, or his Heirs, to the Chancellor of England for the Time being, the Day of the Delivery of the same to the Chancellor shall be entered of Record in the Chancery; and that the Chancellor do cause Letters Patents to be made upon the same [Warrant,3] bearing Date the Day of the said Delivery in the Chancery, and not before in any wise; and if any Letters Patents be from henceforth made to the contrary, they shall be void, frustrate, and holden for none.

ITEM, Where in the Parliament of our Lord the King, holden at Westminster the Fifteenth Year of his Reign, among other Articles, It was ordained, that no Sheriff, Bailiff of Franchise, nor Coroner, in Action or Writs of Attaint of Plea of Land of the yearly Value of xls. or more, nor [in Action of Attaint*] of Deeds concerning Lands and Tenements of the yearly Value of

to caused to be ordained to them made of their said Petitions, whereby the Letters Patent of the King
Warauntis MS. Tr. 2.

I.
Abuse of antedating Grants of Offices, &c. from the King.

The Day of the Delivery of the Warrants for such Grants shall be recorded in Chancery. The Patents

thereon shall bear Date the same Day.

II.
Recital of
the Statute
15 H.VI.c.5.
relative to
Qualification
of Jurors in
Attaints;

Vol. II.

4 H

[•] There are Six Transcripts of the Statute of this Year; all more or less mutilated or imperfect: The Various Readings are noted Transcr. 2. &c. See Note to 9 Hen. VI.

xls. [and '] more, nor [in '] personal Action, whereof the Judgement of the Recovery extends to xl. li. or more, should return or impanel in any Inquisition or Inquest, any Persons but them that be inhabiting within his Bailiwick, which have Estate to their Use, or they to [whom 3] other Persons have Estate of Fee Simple, Fee Tail, or Freehold, in Lands and Tenements of the yearly Value of xx li. or more, within his Bailiwick, out of ancient Demean, the Five Ports, and the Tenure of Gavelkind; In respect of which Ordinance, seeing within the County of Kent there be but Thirty or Forty Persons at the most, which have any Lands or Tenements out of the Tenure of Gavelkind, because the greater Part of the said County, or well nigh all, is of the Tenure of Gavelkind, which Persons be continually impanelled and returned in the said Actions (4) to the great Hindrance and Impoverishment of the same Persons: Our said Lord the King considering the Premisses, hath granted, ordained, and stablished by Authority aforesaid, That those Men which have Estate to their Use, and also they to whose Use other Men have Estate, of Fee Simple, Fee Tail, or Freehold, in Lands and Tenements of the yearly Value of xx li. of the Tenure of Gavelkind, shall be returned and impanelled in all such Attaints as be above recited, which Attaints be not now depending, but may depend in Time to come, in the same Manner and Form as any other Person may be returned and impanelled by Force of the said Statute made the said Fifteenth Year.

III. St. 21 R. II. c. 17. recited, as to Licences to export Staple Merchandise;

Butter and Cheese may

be exported

without Licence;

subject to

Restraint

by the King.

* cõe

Freeholders

in Gavelkind

may be Jurors.

ITEM, Whereas in the Statute made the xxj Year of King Richard the Second, at the grievous Complaint of the Commons, shewing how the Staple was limited to remain at Calais, and that all Manner of Wools, Woolfels, Leather, Lead, Tin, Cheese, Butter, and Honey going out of the Realm of England, ought to have Recourse to the said Place of Calais, and to no Place elsewhere; certain Persons by their Suggestions had before that Time purchased Licences to carry out Wools and other Merchandises aforesaid, to what Parts beyond the Sea that pleased them, of the King's Amity, to the which their Licences do extend, without coming to the said [Places 3] of Calais, to the great Advantage of the Persons so having Licences, and great Damage of them which have no Licence; Wherefore the said King, by Authority of his Parliament holden the Year aforesaid, ordained and stablished, that the said Statute should be holden and observed as to the great Merchandises aforesaid, that is to say, Wools, Woolfels, Tin, and Lead only, without Licence thereof to be granted but by the King himself: In respect of which Statute so made, the Chancellor for the Time being often hath denied to grant Licences for Cheese and Butter to be [carried 6] to any other Place, but only to the same (7) Calais, to the great Damage of the (8) People of this Realm: Our said Lord the King, considering that Cheese and Butter is a Merchandise which cannot be well kept, nor tarry his Merchant, and will be greatly impaired by (9) Vermin and Worms, and is also tender and of so simple Price, that it cannot well bear the Costs of the Staple, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, that the King's liege People may convey and carry out of his Realm, whither it shall please them,

or whose use 7 Place of Rot. Parl. nu. iij. (38.) 2 Place

xl s. ou pluis, ne psoneff accion dount le jug de recove extend al some de xl fi ou pluis, reto'ne ne empanelle en nutt Inquisicion ne enqueste nulles psones mes ceux enhabitauntz deinz sa baille q ount estate a lour oeps ou ceux as queux (1) autres psones ount estate de fee simple fee taille ou franc tent en Pres & tentz de annuell value de xx ti p an ou pluis, deins sa baille hors de auncien demesne cynk portes & la tenure de Gavylkvnde; p cause de quel orden nce a cause qe deins le Counte de Kent sount qe trent ou quarrant psones a pluis q ount ascuns tres ou tentz hors de tenure de Gavylkynde, pur ceo qe la grendre partie du dit Counte ou bien pres tout est de tenure de Gavylkynde, les queux psones sont continuelment empanellez & retournez en les ditz accions datteintes, a g'unde anientisment & empovissment des mesmes les psones: Nre dit f' le Roy considerant les Pmisses ad g'unte ordine & establie p lauctorite desuisdit, q iceux homes qi ount estat a lo' oeps & auxint iceux as queux oeps autres homes ount estat de fee simple fee taille ou franc tenement es tres & tentz dannuell value de xx ti de la tenure de Gavylkynde, soient reto'nez & empanellez en autiels atteintes come sount desoubz reciteez, les queux atteintes ne sount pas ore pendantz mes purront pendre en temps avenir, en mesmes les mane & fourme come ascun autre psone poet estre retournez & empanellez p force du dit estatuit fait le dit an quindsisme.

Item come en lestatuit fait lan du Roy Richard le scde xxje, a la grevouse compleint des Coes monstrantz coment lestaple fuist limite de repoiser a Caleys, et q toutz man's des lains pealx lanutz hides plumbe estain furmage bure & mell issantz hors du roialme Dengletre devoient avoir recourse a la dit lieu de Caleys & a nutt lieu aillours; cteins psones p lour divs suggestions ount purchacez licences avent cest temps de hors carier lains & autres michandises avantditz as queux parties de pardela q eux plust del amiste du Roy, as queux lour licences se extenderoent, saunz venir a dit lieu de Caleys, a le g'unde av'ntage de les psones issint eiantz licences & g'unde damage diceux qi nutt licence ount; p quy le dit Roy p auctorite de son parlement tenuz lan suisdit ordeina & establist qe le dit estatuit 'sroit tenuz & observez quant a les gaundes michandises desuisditz, cestassavoir lains pealx lanutz estain & plumbe tantsolement, saunz ascun licence destre ent g'untiez sinon p le Roy mesme: p cause de quel estatuit ensy fait le Chaunceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant sovent foitz a luy est'ungiez de g'untier licences pr furmage & bure, destre eu [autre ascun 1] lieu q tantsolement a dit lieu de Caleys, a g'und damage du cõe people dicest roialme: Nre dit f' le Roy considerant coment furmage & bure est mchandise qe ne poet my bien estre observez ne attendier soun mchaunt, & voet Pndre g'unde empeirement p les bestes de vermyn & vmes, & auxi est tendre & de (3) symple price qil ne poet bien porter les costages de lestaple, ad ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit, q le liege people du Roy poet amesner & carier hors dicest roialme a quy partie lour pleast

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opes St. 15 Hen. VI. c. 5 .- Transcr. 2. &c. as in Text. a ascun autre Transcr. 2. &cc. sy Transcr. 2. &c.

del amiste du Roy, furmage & bure saunz ascun licence destre pursewez en ascun mane, paiant p' icelt les custumes & subsidiez ent dewez de temps en temps; ascun estatut fait a cont'rie nient obstant. Purveu q le Roy (') poet restraigner q'unt luy plerra.

Item come gaundes damages & pdes de jour en autre aveignont au Roy & a soun people, taunt p my les vendes & achates q les mchauntz aliens & est'ungiers facent a lour ppre volunte & libte saunz ascun notice govnance & survieu dascun de loialx lieges du Roy, come p tiels vendes & achates quels ils facent ensemble de toutz mans marchandises chescun de eux ovesqe autre, et auxi p les covyns & compassementz qils facent dempeirer & abatier le price & value de toutz mans michaundises dicest noble roialme, & encrecer & enhauncer le price de toutz lours ppre michandises, pount mesmes les michauntz aliens g'undement sount enrichez & les subgitz du Roi marchauntz deinzseins dicett roialme grevousment empovez, & g'unde tresour p mesmes les aliens amesne hors de ycest roialme, les custumes & subsidies a Roy p eux deus p' les causes suisditz g'undement sustreitz, & la Navye du dit roialme g'undement amenusez & anientisez: et come p divs estatuitz devent cez heures faitz soit ordeignez, qe en chun Citee Ville & Port du Meer Dengletre, ou les michauntz aliens & est'ungiers sount ou sront repairantz, soient assignez a mesmes les michauntz sufficeantz hostes p les Mair Viscountz ou Baillifs des ditz Citees Villes & portes du Meer, et qe les ditz mchauntz aliens & est'ungiers ne soient dem'auntz en autre lieu sinoun ovesqe les ditz hostes ensy assigniers; les queux estatuitz ne sount assez covenablez & sufficeantz remedies encountre les dāmages & inconvenientz suisditz: Nre dit f' le Roy, voillant encontre mesmes les damages & inconvenientz purvoier de remedie en cest partie, ad ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit, q desore enavent null michaunt alien ou est'unge vende nutt man mchandise a autre mchaunt alien ou est ungier, sur peyne de forfaiture de mesmes les michandises; et q toutz michauntz aliens & est ungiers, desore enavant venantz ou dem'antz a marchandier deinz ascun Citee Ville ou Burgh ou Port en Engletre, soient soubz surveu de cteins gentz appelliers hostes ou surveiours, a eux par les Mairs Viscountz ou Baillifs de mesmes les Citees Villes ou Burghs ou Portez p la mane ensuant assigniers : Et q chescun tiel mchaunt alien, veign'nt al ascun des ditz Citees Villes Burghs ou Portez a marchandier, dedeinz trois jours pcheins aps soun dit venue soy offre en psone dev'nt le Mair Viscount ou Baillif de mesme la Citee Ville Burgh ou Port au qi il vient pur avoir host a luy assigne; Et q les Mairs Viscountz ou Baillifs de chun des ditz Citees Villes Burghs ou Portez, dedeins quatre jours pcheins ans gils eient notice del venue ou esteaunce dascuns tielx michauntz, assignent a mesmes les michauntz aliens sufficeantz hostes, qi soient bons & crediblez psens natifs engloys expertz en le fait de nichandise, & nient exceauntz tielx mchandises quels les mchauntz aliens desoubz lour survieu esteauntz p' le temps usent :

1 le Transcr. 2. &cc.

of the King's Amity, Cheese and Butter, without any Licence to be [pursued 1] in any wise, paying for the same the Customs and Subsidies thereof due from time to time; any Statute made to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided that the King may restrain the same

when it shall please him. ITEM, Whereas great Damages and Losses daily come to the King and to his People, (1) by the buying and selling that the Merchants Aliens and Strangers do make at their proper Will and Liberty, without any Notice, Governance, and Surveying of any of the King's lawful liege People, as by such buying and selling which they use together of all manner of Merchandises every of them with other, and also by Covins and Compassings, that they do, to impair and abate the Price and Value of all manner of Merchandises of this noble Realm, and [do 3] increase and inhance the Price of all their own Merchandises; whereby the said Merchants Aliens be greatly enriched, and the King's Subjects Merchants Denizens of the same Realm grievously impoverished, and great Treasure by the same Aliens [brought 4] out of this Realm, the Customs and Subsidies by them due to the King for the Causes aforesaid greatly [diminished, 3] and the Navy of the said Realm greatly destroyed and hindered : And Whereas by divers See Statute Statutes before this time made It was ordained, That 5Hen.IV.c.9 in every City, Town, and Port of the Sea of England, where the Merchants Aliens and Strangers be or shall be repairing, sufficient Hosts shall be assigned to the same Merchants, by the Mayor, Sheriffs, or Bailiffs of the said Cities, Towns, and Ports of the Sea, and that the (6) Merchants Aliens and Strangers shall not be dwelling in any other Place but with the said Hosts so (7) assigned; which (8) be not sufficient and convenient Remedies enough against the Damages and Inconveniences aforesaid: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, willing against the same Damages and Inconveniencies to provide a Remedy in this Behalf, hath ordained by Authority aforesaid, That from henceforth no Merchant Alien or Stranger shall sell no manner of Merchandise to other Merchant Alien or Stranger, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Merchandises; And that all Merchants Aliens and Strangers from henceforth coming or abiding to merchandise within any City, Town, Borough, or Port in England, shall be under the surveying of certain People (7) called Hosts or Surveyors, to them (7) assigned by the Mayors, Sheriffs, or Bailiffs of the same Cities, Towns, Boroughs, or Ports by the Manner ensuing: And that every such Merchant Alien coming to any of the (6) Cities, Towns, Boroughs, or Ports, (9) within Three Days (10) after his said coming, shall offer him in Person before the Mayor, Sheriff, or Bailiff of the same City, Town, Borough, or Port to which he cometh, to have an Host to him assigned; and that the Mayors, Sheriffs, or Bailiffs of every of the said (") Towns, Boroughs, and Ports, within Four Days next after that they have Notice of the coming or being of any such Merchants. shall assign to the same Merchants Aliens sufficient Hosts, which be good and credible Persons, Englishmen born, expert in the Feat of Merchandize, and not exercising such Merchandises, which the Merchants Aliens being under their surveying for the Time do use:

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3 to MS. Tr. 2.

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estatutes MS. Tr. 2. to marchaundise, MS. Tr. 2.

10 next " Cities

Evils of Merchants Aliens trading with within the Realm;

Aliens shall Merchandises to Aliens; on Pain of Forfeiture.

Merchants Aliens shall be under the Hosts;

Hosts shall be privy to all Sales and Contracts, by Aliens.

Aliens shall sell their Merchandises, except Cloths of Gold, &c. within Eight Months.

The Proceeds shall be used in buying English Merchandises. Foreign Goods not so sold may be exported Custom free.

The Hosts shall register all Contracts;

and send a Transcript into the Exchequer.

Fee of the Hosts.

The Hosts shall be sworn;

They may be displaced for Misconduct.

Penalties on Aliens not submitting to these Regulations.

And that the same Hosts shall survey and be privy to all the Merchandises, which the said Merchants shall discharge at any Port or Place of this Realm, or shall [bring or do to be brought'] out of the same, and to all Sellings, Buyings, and Contracts of Merchandises, which they [do 1] within the said [Parts 1] and Places. And that every such Merchant, which bringeth or doth to be brought from henceforth any Merchandises and them discharge within any Port or Place of the said Realm, shall put them to Sale by the Surveying of the said Hosts; and make full Employment of all the same Merchandises, except all Manner of Cloths of Gold, of Silver, and of Silk, within Eight Months next after the coming of the same Merchandises to any [Port, Safe, or Place discharged 1] of the said Realm, deducting their reasonable Costs and Expences; that is to say, they shall sell the same Merchandises for other Merchandises of the said Realm, or shall sell them for Money, and with the same Money they shall buy within the Time aforesaid other Merchandises growing and made within the same Realm, upon Pain to forfeit all the said Money within the said Term not employed: And that it shall be lawful to the said Merchants Aliens and Strangers, after the said Eight Months, to carry out of the said Realm all the said Merchandises within the same Term, as is said, [and 5] not sold, without any Customs or Subsidies thercof to be paid; And if the said Merchants Aliens after the said Eight Months sell any of the said Merchandises within this Realm, that then they shall be forfeit. And every of the said Hosts shall do to be registered and written in a Book from time to time all the said Merchandises, which the Merchants Aliens shall have and receive, and all the Buyings, Sales, Contracts, and Employments that they [do a] by their Knowledge and Surveying, and the Transcript thereof shall bring or do to be brought before the Treasurer and Barons of the King's Exchequer two times by the Year, that is to say, at the Beginning of the Terms of Easter and Saint Michael; And the same Hosts, their Executors, Heirs, or Land-tenants, by Colour of such Transcript or any other Thing concerning the said Occupation of Host, shall not be bound to accompt within the said Exchequer, nor otherwise charged. And the said Host shall take for his Labour in that case of every Merchant Stranger Two-pence for every Twenty Shillings in Value of all Manner of Merchandises so by the said Merchants Aliens sold and bought. And every such Host, in his first Admission to the said Occupation, shall swear before the Mayors, Sheriffs, and Bailiffs by whom he shall be assigned to such Occupation, well and lawfully to use and exercise the same Occupation; And if he be found unlawful or defective to the contrary, then shall he be put out of the said Occupation by the said Mayors, Sheriffs, and Bailiffs, as often as to them shall seem needful, and other by them put in his Place, and moreover [to punish him 6] after his deserving by Discretion of the same Mayors, Sheriffs, and Bailiffs. And if any Merchant Alien or Stranger do not offer him to take such Host, or after that an Host be to him assigned as afore is said, refuse to be under the Survey and Governance of such Host, in the Manner aforesaid, he shall be taken and arrested by the said Mayors, Sheriffs, or Bailiffs, and put in Prison, there to remain without being let to Bail or Mainprise, till he hath found sufficient Surety, to be under the Governance of such Host,

carry or cause to be carried
Port of Safety, or Place of Discharge,
Omit this Word.

Port of Safety, or Place of Discharge,
punysshed MS. Tr. 2.

et q mesmes les hostes survient & soient privez as toutz les michandises qe les ditz michauntz dischargerount a ascun port ou lieu de cest roialme, ou portent ou ferront portier hors dicell, & as toutz les venduz achatez & contôctes des michandises qils ferront deins les ditz portz & lieux. Et q chun tiel michaunt q amesne ou face amesner desore enavent ascuns nichandises, & les discharga deinz ascun port ou lieu de dit roialme, les mette a vendre p survieu des ditz hostes, & face plein emploiement de toutz mesmes les mchandises, forspris toutz mans draps dore dargent & de soy, dedeins oept moys pcheins aps la venue dicelles mchaundises a ascun porte salutz ou lieu de discharge de dit roialme, lour resonable expenses & costages deductz; cestassavoir mesmes les michandises vendent p' autres michaundises de dit roialme, ou les vendent p' money & ove mesme le moneye achatent deins le temps suisdit aut's mchaundises cresceantz & faitz deins mesme le Roialme, sur peyne de forfaire tout le dit moneye deins le dit ême nient emploiez : et q bien lise as ditz michauntz aliens & est'ungiers, aps le ditz oept moys, de t'asportier hors le dit roialme toutz les ditz mchaundises, deins mesme le ?me come dit est nient venduz, saunz ascuns custumes ou subsidies ent appaiers; et si les ditz michauntz aliens aps les ditz oept moys vendent ascuns des ditz mchandises deins icest roialme q adonqes soient forfaitz. Et ferra chun des ditz hostes register & escrier en un livre de temps en temps, toutz les ditz mchaundises q les ditz mchauntz aliens avount & resceivount, et toutz les vendes achates cont*ctz & emploiementz qils ferront p son scien & survieu; & le t'nscript ent porta ou ferra porter dev'nt les Tresorer & Barons del Escheqer du Roy deux foitz p an, cestassavoir al comencement des times de Pasq. & Seint Micheff: et ne soient mesmes les hostes lour executours heires ou Pretenauntz, p colour de tiel t'nscript ne ascun autre chose concnant le dit occupacion de host, artez dacomptier deins le dit Escheqer ne autrement charge. Et Pndra le dit host p' soun labour en ceo cas, de chun tiel michaunt estaungier, ij d. p' chun xx s. en value de toutz mans mchaundises issint p les ditz mchauntz aliens venduz & achates. Et serra chun tiel host en sa prim admission al dit occupacion jurrez devant les Mairs Viscounts & Baillifs p queux il Bra assigne a icett occupacion, del bien & loialment user & execier mesme loccupacion; Et sil soit trove disloial ou defectif a contrie, qil soit (') de dit occupacion p les ditz Mairs Viscountz & Baillifs si sovent come semble a eux boisignable, & aut p eux mys en son lieu, & out ceo puniz solone soun demite p discrecions des mesmes les Mairs Viscounts & Baillifs. Et si ascun mchaunt alien & est'ungier ne luy offre de p'ndre tiel host, ou aps qe luy soit assigne host come dit est, refuse destre south survieu & govnance de tiel host en le mane suisdit, soit pris & arestuz p les ditz Mairs Viscountz ou Baillifs & mys en prison, la p' dem'er saunz estre lesse au baille ou mainprice jesqe il cit trove sufficeant seurte destre south la govnance de tiel host

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& luy faire prive as toutz les vendes achates & cont ctz de sez michandises come desuis est dit; Et face mesme le mchaunt alien en ceo cas fyn & raunson a la volunte le Roy. Et si ascun tiel michaunt alien face ascun achate ou vende ou cont che de michandise, saunz la survieu de son dit host, ou faire le dit host prive as toutz les ditz mchaundises vendes achates ou cont'ctes come dev'nt est dit, forfera la value de mesmes les biens achates ou venduz ou la some ou la value de ceo dount la contract est fait. Et si ascun tiel Mair Viscount ou Baillif voluntierment lesse ascun tiel mchaunt estre saunz host en la fourme suisdit, aler a large saunz luy arester & mettre en prison & punir en la fourme suisdit, forfera mesme le Mair Viscount ou Baillif a Roy xx ti. p' chun nichaunt alien issint suffre voluntierment daler a large nient arestuz, & p' chun tiel mchaunt alien & est'ungier a qi tiel host en la fourme suisdit nest assigne. Et si ascun home, qest p tiel Mair Viscount ou Baillif assigne p' estre host a ascun tiel marchaunt alien & est'unge, refuse destre tiel host paiera a Roy chun foitz qil issint refuse destre host x fi. Et chun mchaunt alien & est'ungier qe noun emploie le dit moneye deinz le ditz oept moys come est dit, ou q vende sez ditz mchaundises en Engletre aps mesme les oept moys, & ent devant ascun des Jugges du Roy soit duement convict p son examinacion ou autment, a suite du Roy ou al suite dascun de ses lieges qi voet suer p' le Roy & p' luy mesmes [de 1] ceux deux cases aventditz, donq, encourge mesme le mchaunt alien & estaunge la peyne & forfaiture suisditz; & eit celuy qi ferra le dit suite la quart partie des ditz forfaitures & le Roy les trois aut's parties : et q cest act & ordenence comence a tener lieu al fest de Pasq, pchein avenir, & durera tange al fyn de sept ans a lors pchein ensuantz: et qe p entre cy & le dit fest de Pasq. Eteins Comissions desouth le g'unde seal du Roy rehersauntz tout mesme le act & orden nce soient faitz, & sevalment directz as Mairs Viscounts ou Baillifs de chun Citee Ville Burgh & Porte du dit roialme ou tielx mchauntz aliens & est ungiers sount ou Frount dem'antz ou repairantz; chargeantz estreitement mesmes les Mairs Viscountz & Baillifs, qi sount ou qi p' le temps grount, de publier & mettre tout la dit act & orden nce en du execucion. Purvieu toutz foitz q les michauntz del Hanse Dalmaigne & toutz aut's michauntz desouth le obeisaunce du Roy ne soient comprisez deinz cest act & orden nce; issint tout temps q p cest pvision & ordinance nutt pjudice soit doune ou fait a ascun aliance ou trewe, fait p le Roy ou ascun de sez nobles pgenito's dev'nt cest temps.

Item come dev'nt [sez 1] heures al temps de chun xvme & xme a Roy ou a sez pgenito's gauntez, Collecto's de mesme le xme deins les Citees & Burgfis de son roialme, eiantz Citezeins ou Burgeys de eux veignantz al plement, ount sovent este deputez & assignes des gentz dem'antz deins mesmes les Citees & Burghs, les queux & aut's gentz dem'antz en ycell ount ore tarde sovent foitz estez faitz Collectours de les xvme & xme

e cez Transcr. 2. &c.

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(') to make him privy to all the Sales, [Buying'] and Contracts of his Merchandises, as aforesaid; and the same Merchant Alien in that Case shall make Fine and Ransom at the King's Pleasure. And if any such Merchant Alien make any buying, Sale, or Contract of Merchandise, without the [said] surveying of his (3) Host, or making the said Host privy to all the said Merchandises sold, bought, or contracted, as afore is said, he shall forfeit the Value of the same Goods bought or sold, or the Sum or Value of that whereof the Contract is made. And if any such Mayor, Sheriff, or Bailiff let any such Merchant willingly to be without Host in the Form aforesaid, and go at large, without arresting him and putting him in Prison, and punishing in the Form aforesaid, the same Mayor, Sheriff, or Bailiff shall forfeit Twenty Pounds to the King for every Merchant Alien so willingly suffered to go at large not arrested, and for every such Merchant Alien and Stranger, to whom such Host in the Form aforesaid is not assigned. And if any Man, which is by such Mayor Sheriff or Penalty Bailiff assigned to be Host to any such Merchant Alien on Persons and Stranger, refuse to be such Host, he shall pay every Time to the King, that he so refuseth to be Host Ten Pounds. And every Merchant Alien and Stranger, which employ not the said Money within the said Eight Months, as is said, or that [he sell 1] his said Merchandises in England after the same Eight Months, and thereof before any of the King's Judges be duly convict by his Examination or otherwise, at the King's Suit or at the Suit of (5) his liege People, which will sue for the King and for himself in these Two Cases aforesaid, then the said Merchant Alien and Stranger shall incur the Pain and Forfeiture aforesaid; and he that will sue, shall have the Fourth Part of the said Forfeitures, and the King the Three other Parts: And that this A& and Ordinance shall begin to hold Place at the Feast of Easter next coming, and shall endure till the End of [Eight 6] Years next ensuing: And that betwixt this and the (1) Feast of Easter, certain Commissions under the King's Great Seal, rehearsing all the same Act and Ordinance, shall be made and severally directed to the Mayors, Sheriffs, or Bailiffs of every City, Town, Borough, and Port of the said Realm, where such Merchants Aliens and Strangers be or shall be abiding or repairing; straitly charging the same Mayors, Sheriffs, and Bailiffs, which be or which for the Time shall be, to publish and put all the said Act and Ordinance in due Execution. Provided always, That the Merchants Saving for Merchants of of the Hanse of Almaine, and all other Merchants under the King's Obedience be not comprised within this Act and Ordinance: So always that by this Provision and Ordinance no Prejudice be given or done to any Alliance or Truce made by the King or any of his noble Progenitors before this Time.

ITEM, Whereas heretofore at the Time of every Quinzime and Disme granted to the King, or to his Progenitors, the Collectors of the same Dismes within the Cities and Boroughs of his Realm, having Citizen or Burgesses of them coming to the Parliament, have ton been deputed and assigned of Persons dwelling within the same Cities and Boroughs, which and other Persons dwelling in the same have been often now of late been made Collectors of the same Quinzimes and Dismes

2 Buyings

sellith MS. Tr. 2. 3 saide MS. Tr. 2.

any of MS. Tr. 2. vij MS. Tr. 2.

Penalty on

the Hanse; and for all Alliances,&c.

V. Qualification of Collectors of Tenths in Cities, to be also Collectors of Fifteent's Five Pounds

granted to the King, as well in the Counties within which the same Cities and Boroughs be, as within the same Cities and Boroughs, to their great Loss and Damage, and likely more to be hereafter, if Remedy be not provided; The same our Lord the King, willing against such Loss and Damage to provide a Remedy in this Behalf, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That no Man dwelling within any City or Borough in the said Realm, (of which City or Borough it hath been used before this Time, and yet is, the Names of certain Men, by the Persons for the said City or Borough coming to the Parliament, to be delivered in the King's Chancery, to be Collectors of Dismes in the same City or Borough, and whereupon the King hath sent his Letters Patents to the same Persons so named and delivered in his Chancery, to be Collectors of the Dismes, or Parcel of the same, within the said City or Borough, and the which Collectors have [used '] and been bound to accompt of their Receit in this Behalf immediately in the King's Exchequer,) shall in any wise be deputed nor assigned to be Collector of any Quinzime, or any Parcel of the same, granted or to be granted to the King or his Heirs within any County of this Realm, except that he may dispend, in the County out of the said City or Borough, in Lands or Tenements, to the Value of an Hundred Shillings by Year, over the Charges and Reprises.

VI.
Recital of
the Statute
8 H.VI.c.16.
as to Grant
of Lands by
the King after
Office found.

ITEM, Whereas in a Parliament holden at Westminster, the Morrow after Saint Matthew the Apostle, the Eighth Year of the Reign of our Lord the King that now is, among other things It was ordained, "That no Lands or Tenements seised into the King's Hands upon Inquests taken before the Escheators or Commissioners, be not in any wise let nor granted to ferm by the Chancellor or Treasurer of England, or any other the King's Officer, until the same Inquests and Verdicts be fully returned into the Chancery, or into the Exchequer, but all such Lands and Tenements shall intirely and continually remain in the King's Hands, until the said Inquests and Verdicts be returned, and by a Month after the same Return, if it be not so that he or they which feel themselves grieved by the same Inquests, or put out of their Lands or Tenements, come into the Chancery, and proffer themselves to traverse the said Inquests, and offer themselves to take the same Lands or Tenements to ferm; and if they so do, that then the same Lands and Tenements be committed to them if they shew good Evidence, proving their Traverse to be true, after the Form of the Statute made the Thirty-sixth Year of King Edward the Third, to hold until the Issue [taken upon the same Traverse be "] found and discussed for the King or for the Party; finding sufficient Surety to pursue the said Traverse with Effect, and to render and to pay to the King the yearly Value of the Lands or Tenements, whereof the Traverse shall be so taken, if it be discussed for the King; and if any Letters Patents of any Lands or Tenements be made to the contrary to any other Person, or let to ferm within the said Month [of the 1] Return, they shall be void, and holden for none: " The which good Statute and Ordinance divers Persons devising to subvert, and by their Subtility to serve as for no Purpose, have sued to obtain such Gifts, Grants, and Ferms, by the King's Letters Patents, before any Inquisition or Title found for the King of the same, pretending such Gifts

accounted Rot. Parl. nu. v. (39.) Resp.

2 upon the same Traverse be taken

a Roy g'untes, sibien en les Countees deins quelt mesmes les Citees & Burghs sount come deins mesmes les Citees & Burghs, a lour g'unde pde & damage & semblable destre en aps si remedie ent ne soit purveux; Mesme nre (') le Roy voillant encountre tielx pde & damage purvoier de remedie en cest partie, ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit, q null home dem'ant deins ascun Cite ou Burgh deins le dit roialme, de la quell Cite ou Burgh il ad este use devent cez heures & unquore est les nouns de cteins homes, p les psones p' la dit Citee ou Burgh veign'ntz al parlement, destre delivez en la Chauncie du Roy destre Collectours du xme en mesme le Citee ou Burgh, & sur qe le Roy ad mys sez tres patentz a mesmes les psones issint nomes & delives en sa dit Chauncie destre Collectours de la xme ou pcett dicett deins la dit Citee ou Burgti, et les queux Collectours ount accomptes & sount tenuz dacomptier de lo' receit en cest partie imediat en lescheqer du Roy (1) en ascun mane depute ne assigne destre Collectour dascune xvme ou ascun pcett dicett, au Roy ou sez heires gauntes ou a gauntiers, deins ascun Countee dicest Roialme, sinon qil poet expendre en le Countee hors du dit Citee ou Burgh es Pres ou tentz a la value de C. s. p an outre les chargez & reprisez.

Item come en le parlement tenuz a Westñi lendemayn de Seint Mathe lappostel lan du reigne nre f' le Roy gorest viijme, ordine soit entre autres q nullez Pres ne tentz seisiez en mayns le Roy, sur enquestes prises devent les Eschetours ne Comissions, ne soient ascunement lessez ne g'untez a ferme, p Chaunceller ou Tresorer Dengletre ou autre Officer le Roy geconge, tange mesmes les enquestes & Vditz soient retournez plainement en la Chauncie ou en lescheqer, mes dem'gent toutz tielx tres & tentz entierment & continuelment en lez mayns le Roy, tanqe les ditz enquestes & Vditz soient reto'nes & p un moys aps mesme le reto'ne, si issint ne soit q ceux ou celuy q sente ou sentent eux grevez p mesmes les enquestz, ou oustes de lo' Pres ou tentz, veignent en la Chauncery & soy pferont de t'verser les ditz enquestes, & soy offeront de Pndre mesmes les tres & tentz a ferme (3) soient comys a eux sils monstrent bons evidences pvantz lor travse estre verraiez solonc la fo'me de lestatuit fait lan xxxvime le Roy E. tierce, a ten tanqe lissue sur mesme le traverse pris soit trove & discusse p' le Roy ou p' la partie; trovant suffisaunt surete de suer le dit traverse ove effecte & de rendre & paier au Roy le annuell value des Pres ou tentz dount la traverse ensy Pra pris sils soit discusse p' le Roy; et si ascuns (1) Pres ou tentz soient faitz au cont'rie a ascun autre psone, ou lesse a ferme deinz le dit moys (5) de reto'ne soient voiedez & tenuz p nult: le quel bon estatuit & ordenaunce divs psones ymaginantz a subvter & p lour subtilite de servir come de null, p'suont day tielx dones g'untes & fermes p tres patentes du Roy, devent ascun inquisicion ou title trove p' le Roy dicelx, Ptendaunts tielx dones

after the said Month of See Stat. 8 H. VI. c. 16.

¹ fr Transer. 2. &c. soit Transer. 2. &c.

³ Et q si issint fount, q adonqes mesme les rez & tenta St. 8 Hen. VI. c. 16:—Transer. 2. &c. as in Text.

^{*} fres patentz des ascuns Transcr. 2. &c.

aps le dit mois St. 8 H. VI. c. 16.

& g'untes nient estre comprise ne remedies p le dit estatuit, nient obstant qil est en owell meschief de le dit estatuit: Nre & le Roy considerant les pmisses & voillant en ceo partie p'voier de remedie, ad ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit, q nullez tres patentes soient faitz a ascun psone ou psones dascunes tres ou tentz, dev'nt Inquis de Title du Roy en yœux trove en sa Chauncie, ou en son Eschequyr reto'ne, si title du Roy en yœux ne soit trove de recorde; ne deinz le moys aps mesme le reto'ne sil ne soit a celuy ou œux q tende ou tendent lour t'versez come desuis est dit; et si ascuns tres patentes soient faitz a contrare soient voiedes & tenuz p' nult.

Item ordeigne est p lauctorite desuisdit que en cas que ascun Eschetour pigne ascun office dev'nt luy, & ne reto'ne mesme loffice en la Chauncie ou leschequyr du Roy deins le moys aps la price dicett, qil outre la peyne de xl ti. les queux il ad forfait p lestatut fait lan du reigne nre dit f' le Roy oeptisme, soit tenuz a paier a mesme nre f' le Roy a taunt come il est endamage a cause de noun reto'ne de tiel office: Et q le Chaunceller Denglet appelle a luy le Tresorer Denglet en lessant tieux fermes p' due execucion faire de dit estatut fait le dit an oeptisme.

Item come plusours gentz des comunes suisditz, possessours de niefs & vesseaux du roialme nre foveigne f', les Maistres & Marins de tielx niefs & vesseaux, pnours des niefs & vesseaux de Spayne & dautres parties advsaries & enemyes au dit nre fovaigne f', p le suyte des michauntz aliens del amite du nre Roy fait devant le Roy & son counsaill, & ascun foitz dev'nt le Chaunceller Dengletre, ount este g'undement vexez & sont de jour en autre, de ceo q les ditz pnours pristeront lour biens & mchaundises chargez en mesmes les niefs & vesseaux de Spayne & autres parties enemyes suisditz, & ascun foitz p faux tesmoignes marques & fres testimonialx contrevez sount restorez as ditz biens & mchaundises ove lour damages & expenses, a gaunde & grevouse damage des ditz possessours maistres & mariners pnours suisditz, discorage as lieges nre dit f' le Roy a faire niefs & vesseaulx, en amenusement du navie du roialme suisdit : Nre dit f' le Roy considerant la matier suisdit, & coment les biens & mchaundises des lieges du Roy en semble cas chargez & prisez sount forfaitz au Roy, ad ordeignez & gauntez p lauctorite desuisdit, q les dit mchauntz aliens a lour volunte purront charger tieulx niefs & vessealx de Spayne & dautres parties advsaries & enemyes du Roy, si les Maistres possessours ou michauntz de tielx vessealx & niefs eient les tres patentes du Roy de son saufconduit suerte ou saufgarde, p' tielx niefs vesseaulx & mchaundise, faisant mencion du noun de niefs ou vesseaulx & de noun de Mestre dicelles niefs & vessalx si come le mane est; (') si ascuns tielx niefs ou vesseaulx, chargez ove ascunes mchaundises de tielx mchauntz avantditz, soient prisez sur meer p lieges du Roy, non eiant les tres patentz du Roy come avant est dit dedeins le bord de tielx niets ou vesseaulx a jour de la prise, ne qe tielx fres patentz de jour de la prise soient en la

et Transcr. 2. &cc.

and Grants not (') comprised nor remedied by the said Statute, notwithstanding that it is in like Mischief of the said Statute: Our [said] Lord the King, considering the Premisses, and willing to provide due Remedy in this Behalf, hath ordained, by the Authority aforesaid, That no Letters Patents shall be made to any Person or Persons of any Lands or Tenements, before Inquisition of the King's Title in the same be found in the Chancery or in his Exchequer returned, if the King's Title in the same be not found of Record, nor within the Month after the same Return, if it be not to him or them which tender their Traverses as afore is said; and if any Letters Patents be made to the contrary, they shall be void, and holden for none.

ITEM, It is ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That in Case that any Escheator take any Office before him, and return not the same Office in the Chancery, or in the King's Exchequer, [in²] the Month after the taking of the same, he shall [incur³] the Pain of xl li. which he hath forfeit by the Statute made the Eighth Year of our said Lord the King, [and also he shall be charged ¹] to pay to the same our Lord the King as much as he is indamaged in respect of not returning of such Office: And that the Chancellor of England call to him the Treasurer of England in letting such Ferms, to make due Execution of the said Statute made the said Eighth Year.

ITEM, Whereas many People of the Commons aforesaid, Owners of Ships and Vessels of [this Realm,5] and the Masters and Mariners of such Ships, [taking 6] Ships and Vessels of Spain, and of other Parties, Adversaries and Enemies to our said Lord the King, by the Suit of Merchants Aliens of the King's Amity, made before the King and his Council, and sometime before the Chancellor of England, have been greatly vexed, and be daily, for that the said Takers do take their Goods and Merchandises charged in the said Ships and Vessels of Spain and other Parts, Enemies aforesaid, and sometime by false Witness, Marks, and Letters Testimonials contrived, [the said Aliens 7] be restored to the said Goods and Merchandises with their Damages and Expences, to the great and grievous Loss of the said Owners, Masters, and Mariners, Takers aforesaid, and Discouragement to the King's liege People to make [such 8] Ships and Vessels, and in Hindrance of the Navy of the Realm aforesaid: Our said Lord the King considering the Matter aforesaid, and how the Goods and Merchandises of the King's liege People in like case charged and taken be forfeit to the King, hath ordained and granted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Merchants Aliens, at their Pleasure, may charge such Ships and Vessels of Spain, and of other Parts, Adversaries and Enemies of the King, if the Masters, Owners, or Merchants of such Vessels and Ships [having 9] Letters Patents of the King, of his Safe-conduct, Surety, or Safeguard for such Ships or Vessels, and Merchandises, making Mention of the Name of the Ships or Vessels, and of the Name of the Master of those Ships and Vessels, as the Manner is; and if any such Ships or Vessels, charged with any Merchandises of such Merchants aforesaid, be taken upon the Sea by the King's liege People, not having the King's Letters Patents, as afore is said, within the Board of such Ships or Vessels, at the Day of the Taking, nor that such Letters Patents, at the Day of the Taking,

to be within over and above be bound the Realme [of] our Soverayn Lord the Kyng MS. Tr. 2.

No Grant or Lands shall be made by the King, until Office found and returned, if the King's Title be not of Record; nor within the Month after such Return, unless to the Traverser.

VII.
Escheators
not duly
returning
Offices shall
pay Damages
to the King
&c. above the
Penalty under
St. 8 H.VI.
c. 16.

Treasurer shall be associate with the Chancellor, &c.

VIII.
For the further Security
of the Captors
of the Ships
of Enemics.

Alien Merchants may lade Ships of Enemies, being under the King's Letters of Safe-conduct.

Captures of Ships, not having Safe Conducts on board or inrolled in Chancery, declared valid.

⁶ and Vessels, Takers of 7 Not in Original: MS. Tr. 2. omits.

Commencement and Proclamation of this Act.

IX.
Recital of St.
10 H.VI. c.4.
for recording
the personal
Appearance
of Plaintiffs;

The said Statute made perpetual. Penalty on Officers of Court for Neglect;

on Attornies for not recording their Warrants, in the Term where Exigent is awarded.

X.
Recital of St.
6 H.VI. c 5.
as to Commissioners
of Sewers.

be in the King's Chancery enrolled of Record, that then the Takers [and Possessors of '] the Goods and Merchandises so taken may enjoy and hold the same, any Statute or Ordinance made to the contrary notwithstanding: and that this Statute and Ordinance shall begin to take his Force at the Feast of Saint Michael next coming; and that Proclamation be thereof made upon the Sea Coasts incontinently after this Ordinance, to the Intent that the said Merchants Aliens may have Knowledge of the same Ordinance.

ITEM, Whereas in a Statute expired, made the Tenth Year of the Reign of our Lord the King that now is, It was contained, That seeing divers of the King's liege People before that Time had been outlawed, vexed, and greatly disquieted in divers Suits, as well before the King himself in his Bench, as in the Common Bench, in the Records of which Suits the Entries have been made, that the Plaintiffs in the same Suits "Obtulerunt se in propria persona sua," where the same Plaintiffs in the same Suits did not appear to such Suits, nor had any Knowledge of the same, in great Mischief of the said liege People, if Remedy should not be provided (1); Our Lord the King, willing in this Case to provide a Remedy, did ordain by Authority of the same Parliament holden the same Year, that no Fyliser, Exigenter, nor any other Officer, from the same Time should make such Entry in any manner Suit, except that the Plaintiff in the same Suit, before any such Entry [shall 3] be made, [do 1] appear in his proper Person before some of the Justices of the Place where the Plea was or [shall3] be depending, and there [shall3] be sworn upon a Book, that he was the same Person in whose Name the said Suit was sued, or that some other credible Person of his Council [shall'] make such Oath for him: And that [this 5] Ordinance [shall 3] endure until the next Parliament following: Our said Lord the King considering moreover like Damages, which happen as well to him as to his poor liege People and Subjects, for that in the Records of divers and many Outlawries, the Entry is, that the Parties do appear by their Attornies, where the Attornies have no Warrant of Record, by reason whereof the said Outlawries be reversible, and for the most Part reversed, hath ordained, by Authority of this Parliament, That the said Statute be affirmed holden and kept, to endure for ever: And that no Officer contained in the said Statute shall do to the contrary of the same, upon Pain of Forfeiture of Forty Shillings to the King, every Time that he of that shall be attainted by due Examination made by any of the Justices of the same Place, before whom any Entry or Record is; and that every Attorney which hath not his Warrant entered of Record, in all his Suits wherein Process of Capias and Exigent be awardable, the same Term in which the Exigent is awarded, or before, and upon that be attainted by like Examination, for every Time that he so offendeth he shall incur the Pain aforesaid.

ITEM, Whereas at the Parliament holden at Westminster, at the xv. of Saint Michael, the Sixth Year of the Reign of our [said] Sovereign Lord the King, For the great Damages and Losses, which happened by the great Inundation of Water of the Sea in divers Parts of this Realm, by Authority of the same Parliament It was ordained and granted, That during Ten Years then next ensuing, several Commissions of Sewers should be made

Chauncellarie du Roy enrollez de recorde, q adonqes les pnours possessours les biens & mchaundises ensy prisez pourront enjoier & tenir, ascun estatuit ou ordenaunce fait en la cont'rie non obstant : et q cest estatuit & ordeinaunce soit comence a tenir sa force a la fest de Seint Michell pchein veignaunt; et q pclamacion en soit fait sur les costes de le meer tost aps cest ordeinaunce, al entent q les ditz mchauntz aliens pourront avoir conisaunce de mesme lordenaunce.

Item come en un estatuit dermine, fet lan du reigne nre f le Roy qorest xme fuist contenuz, coment p' ceo q divs lieges le Roy avant [sez] heures ount este utlages vexez & g'undement disseisez en divz suytes, sibn dev'nt le Roy mesme en son bank come en le cõe bank, en les recordes des queux suytes les entres ount este faitz q le pleintifs en mesme le suytes optulerunt se in ppria psona sua, lou mesme les pleintifs en mesme les suytez napparerunt as tielx suytes, ne conusaunce avoient de cett, en g'und mischief des ditz lieges si remedie ne groit p'veu en ceff partie; Nre f' le Roy voillant en ceo cas p'voier de remedie ordeigna p auctorite du parlement tenuz mesme lan, q nutt Philiser Exigenter ne autre officer depuis mesme le temps ferroit tiel entre en ascun suyte, sinon q le pt en mesme le suyte, avent q ascun tiel entre Broit fait, apparage en [le 1] ppre psone dev'nt ascun des Justices de lieu lou le plee fuist ou Broit pendant, & illongs Broit jure sur un livre qil fuist mesme la psone en qe noun le dit suyte fuist suye, ou q autre creable psone de son counsait ferroit tiel suerment p' luy; & qe le dit ordenaunce dureroit tanqe al pschein plement aps ceo: Nie dit f' le Roy considerant outre ceo semblable dāmagez le quel avient sibñ a luy come a sez poure lieges & subjectz p' ceo q en les recordes des divs & plusours utlagaries lentre est q les parties apparent p lour atto'neys, lou les attourneys nount garraunt de recorde, a cause de quel les ditz utlagariez sount revsable & p' le greindre partie revsez; ad ordeigne p auctorite dicest parlement q le dit estatuit soit afferme tenuz & garde adurer a toutz jours : et q nuff Officer contenuz en le dit estatut face le cont'rie dicett, sur peine de forfere xl s. a Roy, chun foitz q il est de ceo atteint p due examinacion feet p ascun des Justices de mesme le place devent q ascun entre ou recorde est; et q chun attorney qe nad son garraunt entre de recorde, en toutz ses suytz en les queux ps de Capias & Exigent est agardable, mesme le t'me en le quel lexigent est agarde ou devent, & sur ceo atteint p semblable examinacion, pur chun foitz q il issint offende encourge la peyne aventdit.

Item come al parlement tenuz a Westín a la quinszisme de Seint Michell lan du regne nre f' le Roy sisme, p' les g'undes dāmages & pdes queux aviendrent p les g'undes cretens del Ewe du Miere en divsez parties de cest roialme, p auctorite de mesme le plement fuist ordeigne & g'unte, q p dys ans donqes pchein ensuantz sevalx comissions des Sewers Proient faitz

¹ possessing * in this behalf

ould

s the same MS. Tr. 2.

¹ cez Transcr. 2. &c.

sa Stat. 10 Hen. VI. c. 4.

as divsez psones p le Chaunceller Denglerre pur le temps esteant a nomers en toutz les partiez du dit roialme q mestier Proit, solonc la fourme qensuit en mesm lestatut; & ore tarde en divsez parties del dit roialme p les g'undes cretens del Ewe du Mier plusours villes & res en g'unde quantite sount surroundes & distroies, a l'sg'unde anientisment du dit roialme, & plusours greindes damages sont Visemblement avenirs si remedie ne soit hastement purveu en cell partie; le Roy voillant p'voier de remedie en cest partie ad ordeigne & establie p auctorite dicest psent parlement, q p dys ans pcheins ensuantz aps cest psent parlement sevalx comissions des Sewers soient faitz as divs psones p le Chaunceller Denglerre p' le temps esteant anomers en touz les parties du dit Roialme q mestier gra, solonc la fourme & leffect dune Comission contenuz en le dit estatuit mesme lan sisme; & outre ceo ad ordeigne & establie p mesme lauctorite q toutz tielx Comissions eient poier p' faire ordeigner & executer estatutes, ordenaunces & aut's [affairs '] solone leffect & purporte des ditz [Comissions.']

Item come p les statutz faitz en temps du nobles pgenito's du Roy ordeigne soit, q en chun Counte Denglerre soient assignez Justices de la pluis vaillaunt du mesmes les Countees, p' garder la peas & autres choses affaire, come en mesmes lestatutz pleinement est contenuz; les queux estatuz nient obstantz en plusours Countees Denglerre ore tarde ount este deputez & assignez pluis g'unde noumbre q ne soleit av'nt sez heures, dount ascuns sount de petit avoir p queux les gentz ne voillent estre govnez ne demesnez, & ascuns p' lour necessite fount g'unde extorcion & oppssion sur le poeple, dount g'undes inconvenientz sount semblables de suiurdier de jo' en autre si remedie ent p le Roi ne soit purveux : Le Roi voillant encontre tielx inconvenientz purvoier de remedie, ordeigne & establie p lauctorite desuisdit q nutt Justice du Peas deins le roialme Dengletre en nutt Counte soit assigne ou depute, sil neit Prez & tenementz a la value de xx fi. p an; et si ascun soit ordeigne en aps Justice du Peas en ascun Countee q nad Prez & tenementz a la value suisdit, q il de ceo notifie le Chaunceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant, le quel mette un aultre suffisaunt en son lieux, et sil ne face le dit notificacion come devant, deins un moys aps ceo q il ad notice du tiel comission, ou sil seye, ou face ascun garaunt ou Deept p force du tiel comission, q il encourge la peyne de xx fi. & nientmeins soit ouste del comission come dev'nt; & eit le Roy lun moite du dit peyne & celuy q voet suer pur le Roy lautre moite; & eit celuy q ensy veult pursuer pur le Roy & pur luy mesmes accion a demander mesme la peyne p brief du dette al cõe lev. Purveu toutz foitz q cest ordenaunce ne se extende as Citees Viles ou Burghs queux sount Countees incorporates de eux mesmes, ne as Citees Villes ou Burghs q ount Justice de Peas des gentz dem'antz en icell p Comission ou g'unte du Roy ou de sez pgenitours.

commissions Transcr. 2. &c.

to divers Persons by the Chancellor (') for the Time being to be named in all the Parts of the said Realm, where Need should be, after the Form that followeth in the same Statute; And now of late in divers Parts of the said Realm by the great rising of Water of the Sea, many Towns and Lands in great Quantity be drowned and destroyed, to the great Hindrance of the said Realm, and many great Damages be likely to happen if Remedy be not hastily provided in this Behalf: The King, willing to provide [for the same,'] hath ordained and stablished by Authority of this (3) Parliament, that by Ten Years next ensuing after this present Parliament, several Commissions of Sewers shall be made to divers Persons, by the Chancellor of England for the Time being to be named in all the Parts of the said Realm, where Need shall be, after the Form and Effect of a Commission contained in the said Statute the same Sixth Year; And moreover he hath ordained and stablished by the same Authority, That all such Commissioners have Power to make, ordain, and execute Statutes and Ordinances and other [Affairs 1] after the Effect and Purport of the said Commissions.

ITEM, Whereas by Statutes made in the Time of the King's noble Progenitors, It was ordained, That in every County of England Justices should be assigned of the most worthy of the same Counties, to keep the Peace, and to do other Things, as in the same Statutes fully is contained; which Statutes notwithstanding, now of late in many Counties of England, [the greatest 5] Number have been deputed and assigned, [which before this were not6] wont to be, whereof some be of small [Behaviour,'] by whom the People will not be governed nor ruled, and some for their Necessity do great Extortion and Oppression upon the People, whereof great Inconveniences be likely to rise daily if the King thereof do not provide Remedy: The King willing against such Inconveniencies to provide Remedy, hath ordained and established, by Authority aforesaid, That no Justice of None shall be Peace within the Realm of England, in any County, shall be assigned or deputed, if he have not Lands [or] Tenements to the Value of xx li. by Year; and if any be ordained hereafter to be Justice of Peace in any County, which hath not Lands [or 8] Tenements to the Value aforesaid, that he thereof shall [give Knowledge to 9] the Chancellor of England for the Time being, which shall put another sufficient in his Place; and if he give not the said [Knowledge, 'o] as before, within a Month after that he hath Notice of such Commission, or if he sit, or make any Warrant or Precept by Force of such Commission, he shall incur the Penalty of xx li. and Penalty 20 l. nevertheless be put out of the Commission as before and the King shall have one Half of the said Penalty, and he that will sue for the King, the other Half; and he that will (") sue for the King, and for himself, shall have an Action to demand the same Penalty by Writ of Debt at the Common Law. Provided always, That this Or- Exception dinance shall not extend to Cities, Towns, or Boroughs, which be Counties incorporate of themselves; nor to Cities, Towns, or Boroughs which have Justices of Peace of Persons dwelling in the same by Commission or [Warrant"] of the King, or of his Progenitors:

of England Remedy in this behalf s a greater 6 than before this time were s and 9 notify 7 substance 10 Notificacioun MS. Tr. 2. 11 10

Commissions of Sewers shall be granted for Ten Years.

XI. Abuse in the Appointment

Peace, unless

porations;

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Proviso, in Defect of qualified Persons in Counties.

Recital of St. 9 Hen.V Stat. 1. c. 1. touching false Appeals and Indictments; and Doubts, whether it be expired;

The recited clared in force and made perpetual.

XIII. Recital of St. 9 Hen. V. stat. 1. ch. 2. as to Forfeitures upon Lancashire.

Provided also, That if there be not sufficient Persons having Lands and Tenements to the Value aforesaid, learned in the Law, and of good Governance, within any such County, that the Chancellor of England for the time being shall have Power to put other discreet Persons learned in the Law, in such Commissions, though they have not Lands [or'] Tenements to the Value aforesaid, by his Discretion.

ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Second Day of May, the Ninth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fifth, Father to the King that now is, amongst other Things It was ordained and established, For that many People by Malice, Envy, and Revenge, cause often the King's liege People to be appealed or indicted in divers Counties, of Treasons or of Felonies, supposing by the said Appeals or Indictments, that the said Treasons or Felonies were done in a certain Place in such County where the Indictment is made, or such a Place as is or shall be declared by the said Appeals, where no such Place is in the same County, that the Process of the same shall be void, and holden for none; and that the Indictors, Procurators, and Conspirators, shall be also punished by Imprisonment Fine and Ransom for the King's Advantage, by the Discretion of the Justices; and that the said Appellees or Indictees may have Writs of Conspiracy against their Indictors, Procurators, and Conspirators, and shall recover their Damages; and [this Ordinance shall'] stand in his Force until the next Parliament to be holden after the coming again of the said late King into England, from beyond the Sea: Which Statute by the Decease of the said late King, by Opinion of some is expired, and by the Opinion of some not expired; The same our Lord the King that now is, considering that the said Ordinance was good and profitable for the Weal of him and his liege People, hath declared and ordained by Authority of this present Parliament, That the said Ordinance made in the said Ninth Year, and so by the Death of his said Father, as some think, expired, and not otherwise repealed, shall be and abide an effectual and available Statute and Ordinance in Law perpetually to endure.

ITEM, Whereas at the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Second Day of May, the Ninth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fifth, Father to the King that now is, among other Things It was ordained and stablished, That none of the King's liege People, against whom any Exigent [shall 3] be awarded, or outlawed at the King's Suit in Time to come, or at the Suit of the Party in the County of Lancaster, should forfeit any of his Goods or Chattels, Lands or Tenements in other Counties; except the Goods and Chattels, Lands or Tenements, which the said Outlaws have in the same County of Lancaster; Provided always, that the Statute made in the First Year of King Henry the Fourth, Father to the same King Henry the Fifth, against the People of the County of Chester, which do to divers of the King's liege People in divers Counties of England, divers Manslaughters, Murders, Robberies, Batteries, Trespasses, and other Riots and Offences, [shall 3] stand in his Force, notwithstanding [this 4] Ordinance; and that the said Ordinance [shall 3] stand in his Force till the Parliament first to be holden, after the Return of the said late King Henry the Fifth, into England from beyond the Sea: Which Statute by the Decease of the said late King Henry the Fifth, by Opinion of some is expired, and by the Opinion of some not expired:

1 and

* that the said Ordinance should

3 should 4 the same Purveu toutz foitz q sils ne soient gentz suffisauntz eiantz Pres & teñtz a la (') suisdit apris en la ley & de bon govnance deins ascun tiel Counte, q le Chaunceller Dengle?re pur le temps esteant eit poair de mettre auts discretz apris en la ley en tielx comissions, mesqe ils ne eient tres & teñtz a la value suisdit p sa discrecion.

Item come al parlement tenuz a Westîń le scde jour de May lan du regne du Roy Henry quint pier au Roy qorest ixme, ent aut's ordeigne fuist & establie, p'ceo q plusours gentz p malice enmite & vengeance facent sovent foytz les foialx lieges du Roy estre appellez ou enditees en divs Countees, des tresons ou des felonies, supposantz p les ditz appelles ou enditementz q les ditz tresons & felonies furent faitz en un ctein lieu en tiel Countee ou lenditement est fait ou tiel lieu come est ou Bra declare p les ditz appelles, lou nutt tiel lieu est en mesme le Countee, q le pcesse dicett soient voidez & tenuz p' nuff; et q les enditours pcuratours & conspiratours soient auxint puniz p imprisonement fyn & ranseon p' avantage du Roy p discrecion des Justices; et q les ditz appellez ou enditees purront av briefs de conspiracie vs lour enditours pcuratours & conspiratours & recover lour damages, et q cest ordenaunce estoise en sa force tange a pchein parlement a tenier puis la revenue le dit nadgairs Roy en Engletre depde la: le quel estatuit p le Espassement du dit nadgairs Roy p oppinion des ascuns est expire, & p oppinion de ascuns nient expire; mesme nre f' le Roy qorest considerant q la dit orden nce fuist bon & pfitable p' le bien de luy & sez lieges, ad declare & ordeigne p auctorite dicest psent parlement, q la dit ordenance fait le dit an ixme, & ensy par la mort de son dit pier come ascuns entendent expire & nient aufment repelle, soit & dem'ge effcuell & availlable estatuit & orden'nce en ley ppetuelment adurer.

Item come al parlement tenuz a Westin le scde jour de May lan du regne le Roy Henry quart pier au Roy gorest ixme entre auls ordeigne fuist & establie, q nult des lieges le Roy Vs queux Exigent sra agarde ou utlages al suyte le Roy en temps avenir, ou al suyte du ptie en le Countee de Lancastre, forface ascuns de sez biens ou chateux tres ou tentz en auts Countees, forsprises les biens & chateux Pres ou tentz queux les ditz utlages ount en mesme le Countee du Lancastre; Purveux toutz foitz q lestatuit fait lan prime le Roy Henry quart, pier a mesme cesty Roy Henry quint, encountre les gentz del Countee de Cestre q fount as divs lieges du Roy en divs Countees Denglerre divs homicidies, murdres, robies, bateriez, Pspassez & auts riotes & malefaitz, estoise en sa force non obstant mesme le orden'nce; et q le dit orden'nce estoise en sa force tanqe al parliament primement a tener puis la revenue le dit nadgairs Roy Henry quint en Engletre de pde la: le quel estatuit p le t'spassement du dit nadgairs Roy Henry quint p oppinion dascunz est expire & p oppinion dascunz nient expire;

value Transcr. 2. &c.

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Nre dit ore f' le Roy considerant les pmisses ad declare & ordine p auctorite dicest psent parliament, q la dit orden'nce en le mane & forme le dit an ixme fait, & ensy p la mort du dit nadgairs Roy Henry quint come ascuns entendent expire & nient autment repelle, soit & dem'ge effcuel & availlable estatuit & orden'nce en [le'] a durer tange a pchein parlement, & delors imppetuite; si issint soit q pentre cy & mesme le pchein parlement null tiel inconvenience aveigne en cest partie, p' la quel il semblera au Roy & a les f's du parlement a icell temps q il ne soit expedient cest orden'nce a endurer pluis longe temps aps mesme le pchein parlement.

Item come les g'undes pjuries de jour en autre haboundent deinz le Roialme Dengletre, pluis q ne soloient en temps passe, a cause des favourables arraiez & panelx fait p Viscountz Suthviscountz & autres q ount poer affaire ou arraier tielx arraiez ou panelx, p' g'undes douns & regardes qils Pignount pr ycelles; pount divs des lieges du Roy sount disheritez & anientisez, & aut's mys a g'unde pde de lour biens & chateux & ascuns a g'unde pil de lour vies, encountre droit bon foye & conscience: le Roy considerant les pmisses & auxi voillant oustier tielx pjuriez, ad ordeigne & g'unte p auctorite desuisdit, q si ascun Viscount Suthviscount, ou ascun autre q ad poer affaire & arraier tielx arraiez & panelx, preigne p luy ou p ascun autre a son oeps ascun lower doun ou regarde p' faire ou arraier tielx arraiez & panelx, q celluy q soy sent greve en cell partie eit sa suyte p brief ou p bitt Vs le Viscount Suthviscount ou autres q ferront tielx arraiez ou panelx, devant les Justices ou les ditz arraiez & panelx Front retournes, de recover dys foitz a taunt qils resceivont p' tielx arraiez ou panelx affaire. Et eient les ditz Justices poer p auctorite suisdit doier & Pminer tielx suytz, sibien p examinacion des defendauntz en ycells suytz come p triel denquestes ent appndre, & de douner juggement p' les ditz pleintifs, envs les ditz defendauntz & chescun de eux, q ensy gront trovez coupablez, & de ceo agarder execucion; et en chun tiel suyt p brief soit agarde tiel pcesse come Bra agarde en brief de Pspas fait encountre le peas du Roy. Purveu q chun suyt q sra pris envs Viscountz Suthviscountz ou autres q ferroient ou arraieront tielx arraiez ou panelx soit pris en mesmes les Countees ou ils Front Viscountz Suthviscountz ou Offics, a temps de tielx panelx ou arraiez affairs ou arraiers: et q cest orden'nce comence a tenir lieu al fest de Pasqz pchein avenir, & durera tanqe a pchein parlement (1) semblera au Roy, & a les f's qi adonqes Front en icell plement, cest orden'nce destre bon orden'nce p' le bien du Roy & de son roialme, adonges icell orden'nce endurera ppetuelment; sav'nt tout temps a chun psone sez libte & franchise.

Item le Roy entendant coment divsez (3) soteils imaginacions de disceit, carient amesnent & emportent lains & pealx lanuz hors de cest roialme as aultres lieux q al [estable] de Caleys, en disceyvant le Roy de sez custumes & subsidies, & en destruccion del dit [estable '] de Caleys, ad ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit Our (1) Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, hath declared and ordained by Authority of this present Parliament, That the said Ordinance, in the Manner and Form made the said Ninth Year, (1) by the Death of the said lateKing HenrytheFifth, as some think, expired and not otherwise repealed, shall be and remain an effectual, and available Statute and Ordinance in Law to endure till the next Parliament, and so forth for ever; if so be that betwixt this and the same next Parliament, no such Inconvenience happen in this Behalf, for the which it shall seem to the King, and the Lords of the Parliament at [this 3] Time, that it shall not be expedient this Ordinance to endure longer after the same next Parliament.

ITEM, Forasmuch as great Perjuries daily abound within the Realm of England, more than were wont to be in Times past, by occasion of favourable Arrays and Panels made by the Sheriffs [and Under-sheriffs, 1] which have Power to make or array such Arrays or Panels, for [Money, and great 5] Rewards that they take for the same; whereby divers of the King's liege People be disherited and [hindered,6] and other put to great Loss of their Goods and Chattels, and some to great Peril of their Lives, against Right, good Faith, and Conscience: The King considering the Premises, and willing to avoid such Perjuries, hath ordained and granted by Authority aforesaid, That if any Sheriff, Under-sheriff, or other, which [have] Power to make and array such Arrays and Panels, take, by him or by any other to his Use, any Hire, Gift, or Reward to make or array such Arrays or Panels, that he which feeleth himself grieved in this Behalf, shall have his Suit by Writ or by Bill against the Sheriff, Under-sheriff, or other, which maketh such Arrays or Panels, before the Justices where the said Arrays and Panels shall be returned, to recover Ten Times as much as they shall receive for making such Arrays or Panels. And the said Justices shall have Power by Authority aforesaid, to hear and determine such Suits, as well by Examination of the Defendants in these Suits, as by Trial of Inquests thereof to be taken, and to give Judgment for the said Plaintiffs, against the said Defendants, and every of them which so shall be found guilty, and upon that to award Execution; and in every such Suit by Writ, such Process shall be awarded as should be awarded in a Writ of Trespass done against the King's Peace. Provided, That every Suit which shall be taken against the Sheriffs, Under-sheriffs, or other, which shall make or array such Arrays or Panels, be taken in the same Counties where they shall be Sheriffs, Under-sheriffs, or Officers, at the Time of such Panels or Arrays to be made or arrayed: And that this Ordinance shall begin to hold Place at the Feast of Easter next coming, and shall endure till the next Parliament; and if at the next Parliament it shall seem to the King, and to the Lords which then shall be in the same Parliament, [that this Ordinance is good 8] for the Weal of the King and of his Realm, then this Ordinance shall endure for ever; saving always to every Person his Liberty and Franchise.

ITEM, The King, considering how divers Persons, by divers subtle Imaginations of Deceit, carry and bear away Wools and Woolfels out of this Realm, to other Places than to the Staple of Calais, in deceiving the King of his Customs and Subsidies, and [to the 9] Destruction of the said Staple of Calais, hath ordained by the Authority

The recited perpetual; un-less repealed in the next Parliament.

XIV. Sheriffs, &c. taking Bribes for making Arrays and Juries, shall forfeit Ten to the Party

of this Act.

XV. Felony to export Wool, &c. except to

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^{*} this ordynaunce to be a goode ordynaunce MS. Tr. 2. 9 in MS. Tr. 2.

Exception for Wool passing through the Streights of Morocco.

XVI. Evil of measuring Cloths by the London Measure.

Keeper of the Aulnage

shall have

measuring of Cloths

sealed at the

Exchequer.

wet or dry.

Measure of Cloth,

a Line for

aforesaid, That no manner of Person, of what Condition that he be, shall carry, or do to be carried any Wools or Woolfels [customably'] out of this Realm, to other Places than to the Staple of Calais, without the King's special Licence, upon Pain of Felony; and if any Person from henceforth do contrary to this Ordinance, and thereof be convict or attainted, that he be adjudged for a Felon; and that as well Commissioners (') assigned as the Justices in every County where such Wools and Woolfels shall be so carried out, shall have Power and Authority by the same Ordinance to inquire of the Premises, and them to hear and determine. Provided always that the Wools, which pass the Streights of Marrock, shall be in no wise comprised within this Ordinance.

ITEM, Forasmuch as it is meritorious and [alms,'] to [depart the Truth from the Deceit,] as now of late in Parliament holden at Westminster, [much 5] Deceit was put out, that greatly endamaged many Persons, which was called a [Sauft, otherwise called a [Powder] or an Hauncer, which grieved many faithful People; and as now it is to be considered, that great Deceits be now used, which do endamage the poor Cloth-makers and the Sellers of Cloths [which in measuring unduly without reasonable 8] Measure, as well of Broad Cloth and Strait, as much by the Hands of the Merchants Aliens, as Denizens, as well in Fair, Market, City, and Borough, and specially in the City of London, [as 9] in other Places, where such Cloth-makers and Sellers of Cloth be most commonly used and in Time to come [ought to be 10] repairing for where they were wont to measure the Cloth by the Yard and [the full Inch,"] now they will measure by the Yard and [the full Hand,12] which groweth to the Increase of the Buyer Two Yards of every Cloth of xxiiij. Yards, which Increase turneth to the Avail of no Man, of what Degree soever he be, but only to the (") Buyer, for when a Lord shall buy his Livery, he shall find the same in Measure or in Price, and so they be oppressed with [a great and "] unreasonable measuring of their Cloths; for where any Merchant of this Land, but at London, will make a Cloth in measuring xxiiij. Yards, they will make thereof xxij. or less, saying that it is the Measure of London, by which oppression many men be grievously endamaged: Our Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, doth ordain by the Authority aforesaid, in every Place in this Land to be one certain Measure [whereas there is a Warden of the Aulnage of Cloth 15] that he have a Line made of Silk or of Thread, of [the right 16] Measure in Manner of straight [tissue,"] sealed at both Ends, after the Advice of the Barons of the Exchequer; and every [Warden 18] of the Aulnage shall pay for his Line, which Line shall contain in Length Twelve Yards and Twelve Inches, and the said Line [signed'9] at every Yard an Inch, and at the End of the Half-yard Half an Inch, the Quarter of a Yard a Quarter of an Inch, to measure a whole Cloth or a Dozen broad or straight, measuring for the Dozen of [Cloth watered, 207 Twelve Yards and Twelve Inches, and of [dry Cloth unwatered "] Fourteen Yards and Fourteen Inches; so measuring the Length till the End of the Cloth, according as it is of Length in Manner as aforesaid, when the said [Warden 18] of the Aulnage is required;

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19 markid 20 wete Clothe 21 secce Clothe nought wete q nutt psone, de quel condicion qil soit, ne carie ou face carier ascuns lainz ou pealx lanuz custumables hors de cest roialme as autres lieux q al estaple de Caleys, saunz especial licence de Roy, sur peyne de felonie; et si ascun psone desore enavent face a contraire de cest ordenence & ent soit convicte ou atteint, qil soit ajuge p' felon; et q sibien Comissions assigns, come les Justicez en chun Countee ou tiels lains pealx lanuz soient issint hors cariez, eient power & auctorite p mesme lordenence denquerrer de les pmisses & eux oier & Pminer. Purveu toutz foitz q les laines q passent les Streites de Marrok ne soient acunement comprisez deinz cest ordenence.

Item come il soit mitorie & almoigne a departier la Vitee de la disceit, si come jatarde en une parlement tenuz a Westm la fuist ouste un rayme q l'sg'undement endamage a plusours homes, le quel fuist appelle un shafte aut ment appelle un pondre aut ment appelle un hauncer, le quel greva plusours foialx homes; et come ore soit a considerer qe g'undes disceites soient ore usez, les queux endamagent les povez faisours des draps & les vendours des draps, en mesurant de nient raisonable mesure sibn del laet drap & streite, taunt p les mayns des Marchauntz aliens come deinzeins sibien en ferre. market, Citee & Burgh, et especialment en la Citee de Loundres & es autres lieux lou faisours del drap [pluis] & vendours del drap pluis comunement soient usez & covient en temps avenir estre repairantz; gare lou ils soloient mesurer le drap p la alne & le pous ore ils voillent mesurer p lalne & la pleyne mayn, le quel accresce al encrece del achatour deux alnes du chun drap de xxiiij, alnes, la quel encrece to'ne a nutt home de quel degre qil soit al availe, sinon tant solement a le dit achatour, qar q'unt une & achatera son live il le trova en la mesure ou en la price, et issint sont ils oppssez ove g'unde irraisonable mesurage de lour draps, qar lou ascun Marchaunt de cest Pre forspris a Loundres voet faire un drap, en mesurant xxiiij. alnes ils voillent faire ent xxij. ou meins, disant, qil est la mesure de Loundres, p la quel oppssion plusours homes grevousment sount endamages: Nre dit f' le Roy considerant les Pmisses ordeigna p lauctorite desuisdit en chescun lieu de cest tre destre un ctein mesure la ou est Gardeyn del alnage de drap qil eit une corde fait de soy ou de file del droit mesure en mane del streite Tyssewe, enseale as ambideux fines solonc ladvys de les Barons del Escheqer; et chun Gardeyn de lalnage paie p' sa corde, la quel corde soit conteignant en longeure xij. alnes & xij. pous, & la dit corde signe a chun alne une pous, et a la fine de la dimi alne une dimi pous, le q'rt de une alne une q'rt dune pous, p' mesurer une entier drap ou une dosein laet ou streite, mesurant p' la dusein de drap ewe xij alnes & xij pous, de drap sek nient ewe xiiij. alnes & xiiij. pous ; issint mesurant la longeure jesqes al fine de la drap solonc ceo qil est de longeure en la mable come est desuis reherce qu'nt le dit Gardeyn de le alnage est requiz ;

1 Transcr. 2. &c. omit.

Pignant p' son labour p' chun entier drap de laet drap jd. et p' chescun dusein laet drap ob, et p' chescun entier drap de streite ob, et p' chun dusein de straite drap q'; et en la Citee de Loundres & autres Citees Burghs Feires & miches lou drap est pluis use destre venduz, qe illeosqes soit le Gardein de la alnage, ou son depute, prest de faire droit pentre Marchaunt & March unt sil soit requiz: Purveu q si le Marchaunt vendour eit un corde enseale de le seale roial del Escheqer en la mane desuis reherce pst, adonqes luy mesmes a mesurer son drap p icett en mane raisonable, sils ne poent accorder de mesurer p la alne, ascun fraunchise nient obstant, entier drap ou une dusein laet ou [draite ']; et si le mchaunt vendour mesure nient droitment & fraudelesment, & ceo imediat poet estre proevez p indifferentz psones, adonqes il forface p' chun drap vj s. viij d. ij parties au Roy & la tierce partie a celuy qi voet suer; et si ascun mchaunt achatour voet refusier cest orden'nce adonqes il forface C s. ij parties au Roy, la tierce partie a celuy qi voet suer p' icett: & issint soit une mane del droit mesure use en tout cest tre, sibien come droit pois: et q cest orden'nce endura tange al pchein plement.

Item p' ceo q come toutz les tonels, pipes, t'cians & hoggeshedes de Vin Oyle & Mele vendables deins le Roialme Dengletre, doient & soloient solonc launcien assise de mesme le Roialme conteiner un ctein mesure, cestassavoir chescun tonell xijxx, xij galons, chun pipe vjxx, vj galons, chun l'ciane iiijxx, iiij galons, chun Hoggeshed iijxx, iij galons; et p divs estatuitz soit ordeigne, q les tonels & pipes de vin soient gaugez, mais pur le gauger de tonels & pipes de Oyle & Mele ne de rcians & hoggeshedes de Vin, nutt ordenaunce de ctein estoit fait dev'nt sez heures au g'unde damage du Roy & du son people: Le Roy voillant encountre cest damage p'voier de remedie en cest partie, ad g'unte & ordeigne p auctorite desuisdit q desore enavant toutz mans tonels, pipes, Pcians & hoggeshedes, tant de Vin come de Oyle & Mele a vendre deins le dit Roialme, soient bien & loialment gaugez p le Gaugeour du Roy ou p son deputee devant q ils soient venduz, sur peyne de forfaire au Roy tout le Vin, Oyle & Mele en cont'rie venduz ou la value dicell: et en cas q ascun psone de quelq, paiis qil soit, desore enavant vende a ascun liege du Roy pur ascun price en ctein, ascun tonell, pipe, Pciane ou hoggeshed de Vin, Oyle ou Mele qe defaille ascunement del assise & mesure av'ntdit, qil alowe & rebate de mesme la price a lachatour de tiel Vin, Oyle & Mele, a taunt come tiel default p la rate amontera, sur peyne de forfaire au Roy le value de tout le Vin, Oyle & Mele au contraire venduz, ascun prive coven nt fait ou affaire entre le vendour & lachatour au cont'rie dicest orden'nce non obstant : et eit chun qi espie ascun des forfaitures aventditz, & ent enforme le Tresorer Denglerre ou les Barons del Escheqer, le moite de mesmez [la 1] forfaitures p' son travaill. Purveux toutz foitz q le dit Gaugeour pigne & eit pur son labour entour le gaugeour de chun tonell & pipe de Oyle & Mele, sicome il pnt & ad de chun tonell & pipe de Vin, & pur chun Pciane & hoggeshed solonc lafferant.

streite } Transcr. 2. &c.

taking for his Labour for every whole Cloth of Broad Cloth a Penny, [and for every streight Cloth a Farthing; '] and in the City of London, and other Cities, Boroughs, Fairs, and Markets, where Cloth is most used to be sold, that [there the Warden of the Aulnage, or his Deputies shall be'] ready to do right betwixt Merchant and Merchant, if he be required: Provided, That if the Merchant Seller have a Line sealed with the King's Seal of the Exchequer, in the manner afore rehearsed ready, then (3) himself to measure his Cloth by the same in reasonable manner, if they may not agree to measure by the Yard, any whole Cloth or Dozen broad or streit, any Franchise notwithstanding. And if the Merchant Seller measure [not rightfully but deceitfully, and that immediately may be proved by indifferent Persons, then he shall forfeit for every Cloth Six Shillings and Eightpence, whereof Two Parts shall be to the King, and the Third Part to him which will sue; and if any Merchant Buyer will refuse this Ordinance, then he shall forfeit an Hundred Shillings, Two Parts to the King, the Third Part to him that will sue for the same; and so one Manner of rightful measuring shall be used in all this Land, as well as of right Weight: And that this Ordinance shall endure till the next Parliament.

ITEM, Because all the Tuns, Pipes, Tertians and Hogsheads of Wine, Oil, and Honey, vendible within the Realm of England, ought and were wont according to the antient Assise of the same Realm, to contain a certain Measure; that is to say, every Tun Twelve Score and Twelve Gallons, every Pipe Six Score and Six Gallons, every Tertian Four Score and Four Gallons, and every Hogshead Three Score and Three Gallons; and by divers Statutes it hath been ordained, That the Tuns and Pipes of Wine shall be gauged, but for the gauging of Tuns and Pipes of Oil and Honey, or of Tertians and Hogsheads of Wine, no Ordinance hath been made in certain before this Time, to the great Damage of the King and of his People: The King willing against this Damage to provide a Remedy in this Behalf, hath granted and ordained by Authority aforesaid, That from henceforth all Manner of Tuns, Pipes, Tertians, and Hogsheads, as well of Wine as of Oil, (5) to be sold within the Realm, shall be well and lawfully gauged by the King's Gauger, or by his Deputy, before [6] they be sold, upon Pain to forfeit to the King all the Wine, Oil, and Honey, contrary sold, or the Value of the same: And in case that any Person, of what Country that he be, from henceforth sell to any of the King's liege People, for any Price in certain, any Tun, Pipe, Tertian, or Hogshead of Wine, Oil, [and 7] Honey, which wanteth in any wise of the Assise and Measure aforesaid, that he allow and [abate 8] of the same Price to the Buyer of such Wine, Oil, and Honey, as much as such Default after the Rate shall amount unto, upon Pain to forfeit to the King the Value of all the Wine, Oil, and Honey to the contrary sold, any privy Covenant made or to be made betwixt the Seller and the Buyer contrary to this Ordinance notwithstanding: And every Person that espieth any of the Forfeitures aforesaid, and thereof doth inform the Treasurer of England, or the Barons of the Exchequer, shall have the Half of the same Forfeitures for his Labour : Provided always, That the said Gauger take and have for his Labour for the gauging of every Tun and Pipe of Oil and Honey, as he taketh and hath of every Tun and Pipe of Wine; and for every Tertian and Hogshead after the Rate.

and for evy dosenne brode cloth, ob, and for evy hole clothe of streite ob, and for evy desenne of streite clothe q.

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he and Honey

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Penalty on Seller deceitfully measuring; and Buyer refusing this Ordinance.

XVII. Measure and gauging of Wine, &c.

All Vessels of Wine, Oil, and Honey, shall be gauged.

Abatement shall be made in case of Deficiency in Quantity.

Gauger's Fee for gauging.

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XVIII.
Evils ensuing by Captains abating from the Pay of their Soldiers.

Captains shall not make any

Abatement

thereof,

Penalty.

XIX.

Desertion in the King's

Evils of

Service.

except for Clothing.

ITEM, For that the King is and hath been well certified of [many '] great Deceits and Falsities, which have been done to him and to his Realm by some of the Captains which have before this Time indented with the King to serve him in the Feat of War, some beyond the Sea and in divers Parts, as they be appointed and bound by their Indentures, and some in his Marches on this Side the Sea, and (2) their Wages have been truly paid and contented by the King, according to their (3) Indentures, for them and for all their Retinue, according to their Degrees; [which '] Wages many of the said Captains have abused, and taken upon them to [deduce from '] their Soldiers, of some more, and some less; so that such, from whom they have abated, have not been able to continue their Service, nor perform the same as of Right and Reason they ought to have done, and peradventure were willing to have done, if they had been fully paid, which hath caused them to fall to Robbery and Pillage, as well on this Side the Sea before their going, as beyond the Sea, when they came thither; amongst other Things it hath been a great Cause of long Continuance of the War, and great Damage and Loss which hath fallen to the [Seigniories and Countries of the King 6] in his Obeisance beyond the Sea, and not only that, but Loss also of great Treasure which hath been granted to the King, and paid in the Form aforesaid for the Defence of his Land: The King, willing against such Damages and Losses to provide a Remedy in this Behalf, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That no Captain which hereafter shall have the Conduct of such Retinues, and shall receive the King's Wages for the same, shall abate of his Soldiers, nor any of them, any Part of their Wages, except it be for their Clothing; that is to say, if they shall be waged for Half a Year, Ten Shillings a Gown for a Gentleman, and Six Shillings Eight-pence for a Yeoman, upon Pain of Twenty Pound for every Spear, and Ten Pound for [a'] Bow, to the King, [from whom he did abate upon the Tenour of the same."]

ITEM, Seeing divers and many Soldiers before this Time, which have taken Parcel or Half their Wages of their Captains, and so have mustered and been entered of Record the King's Soldiers before his Commissioners, for such Terms for which their Masters have indented, have sometime presently after their Muster, and the Receipt of part or of the whole of their Wages, departed and gone where they would, and have not passed the Sea with their said Captains, and some passed the Sea, and long within their Terms departed from their Captains and the King's Service, without [apparent Licence 9] to them granted by their said Captains, whereof hath grown so great Damage to the King and to his Realm, and so many Inconveniencies, which cannot easily be expressed, as of long Time the Experience hath shewed; and the which Soldiers so doing, as much as in them was, [decayed 10] the Honour and Reverence of the King, and have been many Ways great Causers of the Losses which have ensued in his Lands and Seigniories beyond the Sea, and the [Adventure "] also of the Persons of the Lords and Captains which did conduct them: The same King considering the Premises, and willing against such Inconveniencies and Damages to provide a Remedy, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid,

menyfold and for said for said for the which rebate upon Kynge Lordshipe and Contres revery that he abateth upon, upon the tenure of this. licence appering lippded Rot. Parl.

**Rot. Parl.*

**Rot. Parl.*

**nu. xxviij.*

**(62.) & (63.)

Item p' ceo q le Roy est & ad este bien apris de plusours & g'undes disceites & fauxines, queux ount este faitz a luy & a son roialme, p ascuns de les Capitains q ount avent ceo endentez ove le Roy de luy svire en le fait de guerre, ascuns de pdela & as divs parties sicome ils sount ordeignez & obligez p lour endentours, et ascuns en ses marches de pardecea, & de le Roy pur lour gages ount este droitment paiez & contentez accordant a lour ditz [enditours'] p' eux & pur toutz lour retenues solonc lour degrees, de les quelles gages plusours des ditz Capitains ount abusez, & priz sur eux dabatier sur lour soldeours, dascun pluis & dascun meyns, issint q tielx sur queux ils ount abatez nount este de poair de continuer lour svice, ne ceo pfourmer come de droit & reason ils duissent av fait, & fortunement voilloient av fait sils ussent este pleinement paiez, le quel ad cause eux decheier a robberie & pilage, sibien devent lour alance de pardecea come de pardela qunt ils la vendront; enl' aul's ad este une g'unde cause de la longe continuance de la guerre, & g'unde damage & pde qi ount cheiez a lez Seignuries du Roy & pays en sa obesance de pdela, et nient ceo tantsolement mes pde auxint de g'unde bien qad este g'unte au Roy & paie en la fourme av'ntdit p' la defence de sa tre: le Roy voillant encountre autielx damages & pdes purvoier de remedie en cell partie ad ordeigne p lauctorite suisdit, q null Capitaine qi desore enavant ava le conduite dautielx retenues & receiva les gages le Roy p' ceo, abata de sez souldeours ne de ascun de eux ascun partie de lo gages, sinon qil soit p' lour vesture, cestassavoir sils soient gagez p' un dimi an x s. une robe dune gentile home, et vj s. viij d. p' un vadlet; sur peyne de xx fi. p' chun lance & x. ti. p' chun arc au Roy, sur qi il abata sur le tenure dicest.

Item p' ceo q divses & plusours soldeours devant cest temps les queux ount prisez lour gages parcett ou dimi de lour Capitains, & issint ount moustrez & entreez de Recorde lez souldeours du Roy, dev'nt sez Comissions pur tielx times pur quels lour Maistrez ount endentes, ount ascun temps mainten nt ap's lour moustre & la receit de lour gages partie ou tout departez & alez lou ils voillent, & nount my passez le meer ove lo' ditz Capitains, & ascuns passez le meer & longement deinz lo' tmes departez a lour Capitains & a le svice du Roy, saunce licence apparant g'untez a eux p lour ditz Capitains, dount ad crewe sy g'unde damage au Roy & a son Roialme & sy plusours inconveniences q ne poient legierment estre expresse, si come de longe temps la expience ad monstre; & les queles Soldeours issint faisantz en taunt come en eux fuist anentoreront lonour & la revence du Roy, & ount estez plusours g'undes causeours des damages q ount cheiez en sez tres & f'ies de pardela, & laventure auxint de les psones de les f's & Capitains q eux conduceront: mesme le Roy consideraunt les Pmisses & voillant encountre tielx inconveniences & damages purvoier de remedie, ad ordeigne p lauctorite suisdit,

endent'es Transcr. 2.

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q chun home issint moustrant & receyvant les gages le Roy, le quel departe a son Capitain deins son t'me en ascun mane avantdit, ovesqe ceo q notoire maladie ou impediment p la visitacion de Dieu, le quel poet estre conuz raisonable, ne luy lessoet, & le quel il ctifia mainten nt a son Capitain & repaie sa money si come il poet purvoier luy pur un autre soldeour en son lieu, soit punyshe come un felon; et q les Justices de la peas eient poair denquerrer de ceo & doier & Pminer en icett: & semblablement ad ordeigne p mesme lauctorite q null soldeour home darmes ne archer issint moustrez de recorde, & alant ovesqe son Capitain de pardela reveigne ycy en Englerre deins le rme p' qi son Capitain endenta, ne lessa son Capitaigne la en le svice du Roy en aventure de la guerre, saunz ceo qil eit cause raisonable monstre p son Capitain & p luy a le Chief en le pays eiant le poair roial, & sur ceo eit licence de la dit Chifteyne tesmoigne desoubz son seal, & la cause de sa licence; et qi issint moustree de recorde & veigne saunz fres testimonialx de le Chifteyn come desuisdit deins son ême de pardecea, q les Mairs Baillifs & auts Ministres du Roy, de quel port ou lieu en qi il ou ils arrivont, eient auctorite de eux mettre en arest & de eux la garder, tanqe de eux soit enquiz; et sil poet estre trove p enquerre devant Justices de la peas & proevez qils ount issint moustrez de recorde, & departiez a lour Capitains desuisditz saunz licence come est desuisdit, q adonqes ils soient puniz come felons.

That every Man so mustering and receiving the King's Wages, which departeth from his Captain within his Term, in any Manner aforesaid, except that notorious Sickness or Impediment by the Visitation of God, which may reasonably be known, suffer him not to go, and which he shall certify presently to his Captain and shall repay his Money, so that he may provide him for another Soldier in his Place, he shall be punished as a Felon; and that the Justices of Peace shall have Power to inquire thereof, and to hear and determine the same: And likewise hath ordained by the same Authority, That no Soldier, Man of Arms, or Archer, so mustered of Record, and going with his Captain beyond the Sea, shall return into England, within the Term for which his Captain [hath retained him,'] nor leave his Captain there in the King's Service, and in Adventure of the War, except that he hath reasonable Cause shewed by his Captain and by him to the Chief in the Country having [Royal 1] Power, and thereupon shall have Licence of the said [Captain,3] witnessed under his Seal, and the Cause of his Licence; and who that so doth muster of Record, and come without Letters Testimonials of the [Captain,3] as is said, within his Term on this Side the Sea, that the Mayors, Bailiffs, and other the King's Ministers, at what Port or Place they shall arrive, shall have Authority to put them in Arrest, and them there to keep until it be of them inquired; and if it be found by Inquiry before Justices of Peace, and proved that they have so mustered of Record, and departed from their Captains aforesaid without Licence, as afore is said, that then they shall be punished as Felons.

' shall endente the Kyng's

Rot. Parl. J nu. xxviij. (63.)

out Licence, declared guilty of No Soldier from beyond Sea without Licence; Chief Officers of Ports, &c.

Inquiry by

Justices of

Anno 20° HENRICI, VI. A.D.1441-2.

A Transcripto in Turr. Lond.

NOSTRE f' le Roi a son Parlement tenuz a Westin le jo' de Convision de Saint Paule le xxv. jour de Januar lan de son regne xxme, a lonour de Dieu & p' le bien de luy & son roialme, de ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la espall request des Cões en mesme le Parlement assemblee, ad fait ordeigner & establier divses estatutz & ordinaunces en la fo'me qensuyt.

Primement come povez marchauntz du Roy de icest roialme de jo' en autre sount desrobbez p les enemys du Roy, sur le meer & deins divs rivs & portz deins mesme le roialme, de lo' niefs biens & mchaundises de g'unde richesse, & lo' corps prisez emprisonez

OUR Lord the King, at his Parliament holden at Westminster, the Day of the Conversion of Saint Paul, the Five and Twentieth Day of January, the Twentieth Year of his Reign, to the Honour of God, and for the Weal of him and of his Realm, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Request of the Commons in the same Parliament assembled, hath [made 1] ordained and established divers Statutes and Ordinances in the Form following.

FIRST, Whereas poor Merchants of the King of this Realm daily be robbed by the King's Enemies, upon the Sea, and in divers Rivers and Ports within the same Realm, of their Ships, Goods, and Merchandises, of great Riches, and their Bodies taken [and] imprisoned

I caused to be

I. Evils arising inrollment of Letters of

. There are Six Transcripts of the Statute of this Year; all, except that from which the Text is here printed, being injured or imperfect .- See Note to 9 Hen. VI.

All Letters of Safe-conduct shall be enrolled in Chancery before being delivered; or they shall be void

Goods taken from Enemies not having Letters of Safe-conduct enrolled, shall be lawful Prize.

Proviso for Captors of Ships not shewing Letters of Safeconduct, although enrolled with great Duress, and put to great Fines and Ransoms, and the King's poor Subjects dwelling nigh the Sea-Coasts taken out of their own Houses, with their Chattels and Infants upon Land, and carried [by'] the said Enemies where it please them; which Mischiefs come by reason that the said Merchants be discouraged with Force and Puissance of Ships and of People defensible to keep the Sea and the Coasts of the same, for that the Ships, Goods, and Merchandises by them taken from the said King's Enemies, be sometimes claimed by the King's Enemies, by Colour of Safe-Conducts not duly purchased, nor of Record inrolled, so that the King's Subjects may have Notice of them, and sometime be claimed by Merchants Strangers of the King's Amity, to be belonging to them, by Colour of false Witnesses of their Nation, and by [Letters of Marque'] and Charters Party by them counterfeited, and by such Proofs upon such Claims be restored to the same Goods and Merchandises often taken in Ships and Vessels belonging to the King's Enemies, and the said King's Subjects put to great Vexation, and Loss of their own Goods, whereby the said King's Enemies be greatly enriched, and their Navy strongly increased, and the Navy and Merchandise of the said Realm of our Lord the King greatly diminished, and such Damages and Inconveniencies daily be likely to increase and come to the said Realm of our said Lord the King, if speedy Remedy in this Case be not provided: Our said Lord the King considering the Premisses, and that if People of the King's Amity be feared and discouraged to freight the Ships and Vessels of the King's Enemies and Adversaries, their Navy in Time to come will be decreased and diminished, and the Navy of the King's Subjects and Friends increased and enlarged; by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and at the special Request of the said Commons, to eschew the Mischiefs aforesaid, hath ordained by Authority of the said Parliament, That all Letters of Safe Conduct to be granted to the King's Enemies and Adversaries, or any other People whatsoever, shall be inrolled in the Chancery of [our said Lord] the King of Record, before that any such Letters shall be in any wise delivered to them to whom the same Letters shall be granted; and that all such Letters of Safe-Conduct hereafter to be granted, not inrolled of Record in the said Chancery, before the Delivery to them to be made in the Manner as is said, shall be void and of no Force nor Effect: And moreover, if hereafter any Goods or Merchandises be taken by the said Subjects of [our Lord] the King upon the Sea, or the Coasts of the same, charged in any Ship or other Vessel, which is belonging to the Enemies or Adversaries of [our Lord] the King for the Time being, not having sufficient Letters of Safe-Conduct inrolled in the Form aforesaid, that they which so shall take the same Goods and Merchandises shall them enjoy, without any Restitution thereof to be made in any wise, to whatsoever Person the same Goods and Merchandises so taken, at the Time of the taking of the same, or before, were belonging: Provided always, That [the Subjects 3 of [our Lord] the King, taking such Ships charged with Merchandises, not having [nor 1] shewing such Letters of Safe-Conduct within the same Ships at the Time of the said Taking, [and bringing 5] them by Force to a certain Port or Place within the said Realm, (6) shall not be endamaged in their Person nor Goods

ove g'unde duresse, & mys a g'unde finaunces & raunsone, & les povez lieges le Roy dem'antz ps les costes de mier hors de lour ppre measons, ove lo chateux & enfauntz sur le tre prisez, & ove les ditz enemyes ou lour plest amesnez; queux meschiefs aveignent p' ceo q les ditz inchauntz sount descoragez ove force & puissans de niefs & de gentz defensibles de garder le mier & les costes dicell, a cause qe les niefs biens & mchandises p eux prisez des ditz enemyes du Roy, sount ascun foitz claymez p les enemyes du Roy p colour de saufconductes nient duement p'chasez ne de recorde enrollez, ensi qe les subgitz du Roy purront av notice de eux, & ascun foitz sount claymez p michauntez estraunges del amistee du Roy destre a eux appurten'ntz p colour de tesmoignes meins vrois de lo' nacion, & p mches tres & chre partie p eux contrefaitz, & p tielx pves sur tielx claymes sount restorez a mesmes les biens & mchaundises Essoventfoitz prisez en niefs & vesselx app'ten'ntz a les enemyes du Roy, & les ditz subgitz du Roy mys a g'unde vexacion & pde de lour ppre biens, pount les ditz enemyes du Roy g'undement sount enrichez & lo' navie fortement encrece, & la navie & mchaundise du dit roialme nre dit f' le Roi grevousement amesnusez, & tielx damages & inconvenientisez de jo' en autre sount Visemblable dencrecer & avene a dit roialme nre dit f le Roy si hastiffe remedie en ceo cas ne soit purveu: Nre dit f' le Roy considerant les pmisses, & q si gentz del amiste du Roy eient pavour & discorage daffretter les niefs & vesselx de les enemyes & advsaries du Roy lour navie en temps avenir sra decresse & amesnuse, & la navie des subgitz & amyes du Roy encresse & enlarge; del advis & assent desuisditz, & a le spale request des ditz Cões pur eschuer les meschiefs suisditz ad ordeigne p auctorite du dit parlement, qe toutz fres de saufconduct a g'untiers a les enemyes advsaries du Roy, ou autre gentz qeconqes, soient enrollez en la Chauncie du Roy de recorde, av'nt qe tielx tres soient en ascun mane delivez a eux as queux mesmes les tres sront g'untez; et qe toutz tielx tres de saufconduct en aps a gauntiers nient enrollez de recorde en la dit Chauncie, avant le live a eux affaire en le mane come est dit, soient voidez & de nutt force ne effect : et enoutre si en aps ascuns biens ou mchandises soient prisez p les ditz subgitz du Roy sur le meer ou les costes dicett, charges en ascun nief ou autre vesself qe est app'ten'nt a les enemyes ou advsaries du Roy pur le temps esteantz, nient eiantz tres de saufconductz suffisauntz en la fo'me suisdit enrollez, qe ceux q mesmes les biens & mchandises ensi pinderount les enjoyent, saunz ascun restitucion ent affaire en ascun mane, a qeconqe psone mesmes les biens & michandises ensi prisez al temps des pris de icelles ou dev'nt feurent app'ten'ntz. Purveu toutz foitz qe si les ditz subgitz du Roy Pignantz tielz niefs chargez ove michaundises, nient eiantz & monstrantz tielx fres de saufconduct deins mesmes les niefs al temps del dit pris, les amesnent p force a un ctein port ou lieu deins le dit roialme, ne soient endamagez en lour psone ne biens

with Marks, Letters if the said Subjetts
and de bring they

p' tiel pris, sils soient Pstez affaire plein restitucion de mesmes les niefs & mchaundises dedeins temps resonable aps ceo q plein notice est fait a eux de tres de saufconduct suffisantz pur mesmes les niefs & mchaundises, enrollez en la dit Chauncie de recorde dev'nt le pris de yceux: Purveu auxi q cest ordinance comence a tenir son force a le fest de Seint Michell larchangell pschein avenir.

Item nre dit f' le Roy ad ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit, qe nuff de sez lieges envrs queux exigent Bra agarde ou utlagarie pnuncie, a le suyt du Roy ou al suyt de partie, en temps avenir en le Counte de Lancastre, forface ascuns de sez biens ou chateux tres ou tentz en autres Countees eins tauntsoulment les biens & chateux tres & tentz queux les ditz utlagez, ou ceux envs queux tiel exigent sra agarde en le dit Counte de Lancastre, ount en mesme le Counte, Et q p reson dascun tiel Utlagarie, a le suyt du Roy ou a le suyt dautre psone, pnuncie deins le dit Counte de Lancastre ne soit ascun forbarre ne disable dascun mane daccion, ne de claym ascun mane de enheritaunce hors de mesme le Counte, ne disable a suer chescun mane daccion, hors de mesme le Counte, nient obstant tiel Utlagarie sur luy pnuncie: Purveu toutz foitz q lestatut, fait lan prime le Roy Henry quart Aiel du dit Roy, encountre les gentz del Counte de Cestre qi fount as plusours lieges du Roy en divs Countees Dengletre plusours homicides murdres robories baties rspasses & aut's riotis & malefaitz estoise en sa force, cell ordenance nient obstant: & q icest orden nce endura jesqes al fine de sept ans pscheinment ensuyant.

Item p' ceo q a la grevouse compleint fait au Roy p les Cões du les Countees de Hereford Gloucestr & Salop, les queux Countes sount adjoign'ntz as Marches de Gales, & les Countees de Soms Chestre & Bristowe, monstre soit au mesme nre f' le Roy, qe come autre foitz en temps le Noble Roy Henry Aiel nre & le Roy qorest lan scde de son regne, p' les g'undes op-Pssions & extorcions q ceux de Galys & des Marches de Galys fieront de jour en aultre, as gentz dem'auntz en les ditz Countees de Hereford Glouč & Salop, en pris amesner & emporter de lour chivalx bestes & auts lo' biens & chateux hors de mesmes les Countes en les ditz Marches, & tielx biens chivalx & chateux illoqes reteign ntz tanq, gree a eux soit fair a lour volunte; ordeigne fuist & estable qe si ascuns chivalx bestes biens ou chateux soient prisez deins mesmes les Countees, & chasez ou amesnez hors des ditz Countees en Galis ou en les miches du Galys, q adonqes les Viscountz du mesmes les Countes Meires & Baillifs des Cites & Burghes ou Baillifs des frauncheises lou tielx prisez sount faitz, maundent lour tres desouth lour sealx as Govno's ou as Seneschalx des f'ies ou tielx maux faisours sount receauntz, qils delivent tielx distresses ensi prisez deins [viii '] jo's aps le receyt des ditz fres; & sils ne facent q les pties ensi grevez Pignent qeconq, psone biens ou chateux veignantz hors

1 sept St. 2 Hen IV. c. 16.

for such Taking, if they be ready to make full Restitution of the same Ships and Merchandises, within reasonable Time after that full [Knowledge is made'] to them of sufficient Letters of Safe Conduct for the same Ships and Merchandises, inrolled in the said Chancery of record before the taking of them: Provided also, That this Ordinance shall begin to hold his Force at the Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel next coming.

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord the King hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That none of his liege People, against whom Exigend shall be awarded or Outlawry pronounced, at the Suit of the King or at the Suit of the Party, in time to come in the County of Lancaster, shall forfeit any of his Goods or Chattels, Lands or Tenements, (') which the said Outlaws, or they against whom such Exigend shall be awarded in the said County of Lancaster, have in the same County: And that by reason of any such Outlawry at the Suit of (3) another Person pronounced within the said County of Lancaster, no Man shall be forbarred nor disabled of any manner of Action, nor to claim any manner of Inheritance out of the same County, nor disabled to sue any manner of Action out of the same County, notwithstanding such Outlawry upon him pronounced: Provided always, That the Statute made the First Year of King Henry the Fourth, Grandfather of [the King that now is, '] against the People of the County of Chester, which do to many of the King's liege People in divers Counties of England many Manslaughters, Murders, Robberies, Batteries, Trespasses, and other Riots and Offences, shall stand in his force, this Ordinance notwithstanding: And that this Ordinance shall endure till the End of Seven Years next ensuing.

ITEM, Forasmuch as at the grievous Complaint made to the King by the Commons [in 5] the Counties of Hereford, Gloucester, and of Shropshire, which Counties be adjoining to the Marches of Wales, and [in 5] the Counties of Somerset, Chester, and Bristol, it was shewed to the same our Sovereign Lord the King, That Whereas another time in Time of the noble King Henry, Grandfather to our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, the Second Year of his Reign, for the great Oppressions and Extortions, which they of Wales and of the Marches of Wales daily made to People dwelling in the said Counties of Hereford, Gloucester, and Shropshire, in taking, bringing, and bearing away of their Horses, Beasts, and other (6) Goods and Chattels, out of the same Counties into the said Marches, and such Goods, Horses, and Chattels, there withholding till Gree [be] made at their Will; It was ordained and established, That if any (*) Beasts, Goods, or Chattels, [be7] taken within the same Counties, and driven or brought out of the said Counties into Wales, or into the Marches of Wales, that then the Sheriffs of the same Counties, Mayors or Bailiffs of Cities and Boroughs, or Bailiffs of Franchises, where such Takings [be'] made, [shall] send their Letters under their their Seals to the Governors, or to the Stewards of the Seigniories, where such Offenders [be 7] abiding, that they [shall9] deliver such Distresses so taken, within Eight Days of the Receipt of the said Letters; and if they [do 'o] not, that the Parties so grieved [shall?] take any Person Goods or Chattels coming out of the

Notice is given

I nother Counsies, but only the
Goods and Chattels Lands and Tenements, the King, or at the suit of
the said King

Of
Horses

Sof
Other Counsies, but only the

Commencement of this Ordinance.

II.
Upon any
Outlawries in
Lancashire,
Forfeitures,
&c. shall
not extend
elsewhere.

Proviso for St. 1 H. IV. ch. 18. as to Cheshire.

Continuance of this Act.

III. Stat. 2 H.IV. chap. 16; as to Outrages by Welshmen.

Vol. II.

Inefficacy of that Act.

to their Goods so taken, with their Damages, Costs, and Expences: Which Statute is not sufficient Remedy, Forasmuch as the said Offenders be [dwelling 3] sometime in one Seigniory and sometime in another, and have no Place certain to tarry; and also they take to the most Number of People of the said Counties coming into Wales, and into the Marches of Wales, and out of the said Counties, and them withhold, till Gree be to them made at their Will; and also oftentimes the Parties grieved durst not make Execution of the said Statute for Doubt of Death, and many other Mischiefs and Inconveniencies, which thereof should ensue, so that the said Offenders be the more bold to take, drive, bring, and carry away the People of the said Counties, their Horses, Beasts, Goods, and Chattels (1) of the said Counties into Wales, and into the Marches of Wales, [whither they fled 5] before the said Statute, to the perpetual Destruction and Impoverishment of the said Commons, except that speedy Remedy thereof be made: Our said Sovereign Lord (6) willing against such Mischiefs and Inconveniencies to provide a Remedy, in this Behalf, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That if any People of the said Counties [in Wales, or in 7] the Marches of Wales, [do drive, bring, carry away, or withhold "] such Takings (") and Withholdings, [their Abbetments and Receipts in Wales, they having Knowledge "] of such Offences aforesaid, shall be adjudged High Treason: And he that is thereof attainted, it shall be done of him as of a Traitor to our said Sovereign Lord the King; and that the Justices of Peace in their Sessions in the said Counties shall have Power to inquire, hear, and determine of all such Offenders, their Abettors and Receivers, and to make Process against such Persons indicted by Two Capias and One Exigend, every Capias containing the Space of Two Months at the least, betwixt the Date of every Capias and the Day of the Return of the same; and that Mention be made in the said Writs of Capias that the Sheriffs of the said Counties for the Time being shall [do to be proclaimed "] in their Counties, that all such Persons indicted shall appear before the said Justices in their Sessions, to answer of the Matters contained in the said Indictments. Provided always, That the [Seigniories12] Marchers, of whom such Offenders their Abettors and Receivers hold Lands and Tenements, shall have the forfeit of them, and the Lords Marchers the Forfeitures of their Goods and Chattels found within their Seigniories, after that they shall be attainted of the Offences

said Seigniories, where such Offenders [be'] abiding, and them [shall'] withhold, till that they [be'] restored

Process thereon.

Welshmen

wrongfully

taking any Englishmen

into Wales,

or detaining

them there,

knowing them to have

been so taken,

declared

guilty of High

Treason.

Continuance of this Act.

IV.
Denizens
shall pay
Customs as
Aliens for
all Wool
exported;
except to the
Staple.

End of Six Years.

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord the King hath granted and ordained, by the Authority aforesaid, That every Merchant Denizen, for Wools Woolfels and Tin, which shall be charged and shipped in any Gally, Carack, or other Vessel, to be brought and carried by the Sea, by the King's Licence or otherwise, to other Places and Ports than to the Staple of the King, shall pay to the King such Customs and Subsidies and other Devoirs, as Merchants Aliens (12) pay to the King for such Merchandises:

aforesaid: And that this Ordinance shall endure till the

than they were
their Goods and Chattels, be wrongfully taken in the said Counties by any Welchman, and out of the said Counties into Wales or into
driven, taken, carried away, or withholden,

10 their Abettors and Receivers in Wales being conusant

" make Proclamation

& eux reteigñ tanq qils sount restorez a lour biens ensi prisez oveso, lour damages costages & expenses: le quel estatuite nest mye remedye sufficeaunt, a cause q les ditz mauxfaiso's sount vag'untz ascun foitz en un f'ie & ascun foitz en autre, & ount null lieu a dem'rere en cteyne; & auxi pignent a pluis g'und nombre des gentz des ditz Countes veignantz en Galys & en les Marches de Galys & hors des ditz Countes, & eux reteignent tanq gree a eux soit fait a lour volunte; & auxi sovent foitz les pties grevez nosent faire execucion del dit estatuite p' doute du mort, & plusours aut's meschiefs & inconvenientz q du ceo ensuer, issint q les ditz mauxfaiso's sount pluys beaudez de Pndre chacer amesner & emporter les gentz des ditz Countes lo' chivalx bestes biens & chateux, hors des ditz Countes en Galys ou les marches du Galys, qils fueront dev'nt le dit estatuite, a ppetuell destruccion & enpovessement des ditz Cões sinon q hasti remedie ent soit fait : Nre dit f' le Roi voillant encountre tielx mischiefs & inconveniences purvoier de remedie en cest partie, ad ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit, qe si ascuns gents des ditz Countees lo' biens & chateux soient a tort prisez en les ditz Countes, p ascun Galoys & hors des ditz Countees en Galys ou en les Marches de Galys enchaces amesnes emportez ou reteigne, ssoient tielx prises ou pris & reteigners lo' abbetto's & recetto's en Galys eiauntz conisauntz des tielx maiffaitz suisdits adjugg g'unt treson; & qi de ceo soit attaint soit fait de luy come du Traito' a nre dit f' le Roi; et q les Justices du pees en lo' sessions en les ditz Countes eient poair denquerer oier & det myner des toutz tielx maiffaisours lour abetto's & recetto's, & de faire pces envs tielx endites p deux Capias & exigent, chescun Capias conten'nt le space de deux moys au meyns pentre le date de chekun Capias & le jo' de retorne de icelt; et qe mencion soit fait en les ditz breves de Capias qe les Viscountz des ditz Countees pur le temps esteauntz facient pclamyere en lour Counteez, qe toutz tieux enditeez compount devent les ditz Justices en lour Sessionez & respondre de les matiers contenuz en les ditz enditementz. Purvoy toutz foitz qe les Seigno'es Marchers, des quex tieux mayfesourez lour abettours & recetto's teynount tierz & tenementz, eient le forfet des ceux, et les f'es Marcheourez les forfetoures de lour biens & chateux deins lo' f'ies trovez, aps ceo qe ils soient atteintz de mafeetz suisditz : et q cest ordenaunce soy endure tanq, al fyne de vi. ans.

des ditz f'ies ou tielx mauxfaisours sount receauntz

Item nre dit f' le Roy ad g'unte & ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit qe chescun marchaunt denisen, pur laines pelles lanutz & esteyne q srount chargez & eskippez en ascun Galey Carrak ou aultre vesseal destre amesnes & cariez par le meer, p licence du Roy ou aultrement, as aultre lieux & portz q a la staple du Roy, paient au Roy tielx custumes subsidees & aultrez devoirs come mchauntz aliens & est'ungiers paieront a Roy pur tielx inchaundises:

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13 and Strangers

Purvieu toutz foitz qe cest g'unte ou ordenance ne soy extende pas as ascuns psones qe ount licence p les tres patentz du Roy faitz a eux dev'nt ces heures, de eskipper carier ou amesner ascuns lains peaux lanutz ou esteyne as autres lieux ou portes de pardela qe al estaple de Caleys; mes qels soient de cest ordinance tout outrement forsprisez & exceptz.

Item come al parlement tenuz a Westii lan du reigne du Roy Henri le quart xjme ordeigne fuist & establie, qe nulle qi tient cõe hostrie en ascun Citee ou Burgh dicest roialme soit Custumer Countrollo' ne Sercheour, & ceo pur eschuer les damages & Pjudices qi dent p'ront accrescier, p le favour qi tielx coes hostelers purroient & vieudroient faire as Marchauntz & as autres lour hostes en lour offices; et jatarde divs Custums Countrollours & auxi Sercheours Countrollours & Surveiours des serches ount divs psones p' estre lour Clerkes deputees & ministres en lour ditz offices, des queux Clerkes deputees & ministres ascun ount niefs de lour ppres, & ascuns eux entromettent del frette des niefs & auxint achatent & vendont divs nichaundises, & ount & occupiount a lour ppre use divs Wharves & Keyes esteantz p les costes del ewe lou cõe discharge des divses mchandises est eu en divs portz dicest roialme; p qi sibn g'unde deceit & damage journement acrescent au Roy de ses custume & subsidees, come gaunde pde as Marchauntz repairantz a les portz ou les ditz Clerkes deputees & ministres occupiount les ditz offices, des queux Clerkes deputees & ministres auxi plusours teignent hostries & tavernes & auxi gardent Wharves, & eux & lour fvitours sount factours & attournes pur mchaunts denisins & aliens; p qi g'unde damages & pdes journement acrescent au Roy en sez custume & subsidees, p le favo' qi tieux Clerkes deputees & ministres, tielx hostries tavernes & wharves teign°ntz, facient as Marchauntz & as aut's lour hostes en les ditz offices, & pluis greindre damage est sembleable dent acrescier en temps avenir si hastif remedie ne soit purveu: Nre dit f' le Roy, voillant encountre tielx damages & pdes purvoier de remedie en cest partie, ad ordeigne & establie p lauctorite suisdit, qe nulle Custumer ne Countroullour de la custume, Clerkes deputees ou ministres ne lour svantz ou factours, ne Sercheours Countrollours ou Surveours des serches ne lour Clerkes deputees ministres ou factours, eient ascuns niefs de lour ppres, ou achatent ou vendent p voie ou p colo' de mchaundise, ne eux entremettent del frecte des niefs, ou eient ou occupient ascuns tielx wharves ou keyes, ou teignent ascunz Hostries ou Tavernes, ne soient ascuns factours ou atto'nes pur ascun marchaunt denisin ou alien, ne soient hostes a ascun marchaunt alien; sur la peine de xl. ti. destre forfait si sovent come ils fount le contrarie, cestassavoir une moite de les ditz xl. fi. [au Roy, '] & a celluy qi voet suer en cest case envs ascun tiel psone faisant le contarie lautre moite: cest ordinaunce a comencier a le fest de Seint Michell pschein avenir.

Item come a le Parlement tenuz a Westni lan du reigne nre fr le Roy qorest xvme, pur le coe pfist de tout le roialme, & en espall pur les Countes adjoynantz a le mer ordeigne fuist & establie en le fourme gensuit : Interlined on the Roll

Provided always, That this Grant or Ordinance shall not extend to any Persons, which have Licence by the King's Letters Patents to them made before this Time, to ship, carry, or bring any Wools, Woolfels, or Tin, to other Places or Ports beyond the Sea, than to the Staple of Calais; but that they shall be of this

Ordinance clearly discharged and excepted. ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster the Eleventh Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fourth, It was ordained and stablished, That no Man that [had 1] a common Hostry in any City or Borough of this Realm, [shall*] be Customer, Controller, nor Searcher, and that to eschew the Damages and Prejudices which thereof [may 3] grow, by the Favour that such common Hostlers [may and will 1] make to Merchants, and to other their Guests in their Offices; and now of late divers Customers, Controllers, and also Searchers, Controllers, and Surveyors of [Searchers, 5]

have divers Persons to be their Clerks, Deputies, and Ministers in their said Offices, of which Clerks, Deputies, and Ministers, some have Ships of their own, and some of them meddle with the Freighting of Ships, and also buy and sell divers Merchandises, and [thereof 6] occupy to their own Use divers Wharfs and Keys being by the Waters Sides, where common Discharge of divers

Merchandises is had in divers Ports of this Realm, by the which as well great Deceit and Damages daily do grow to the King of his Customs and Subsidies, as a great Loss to Merchants repairing to the Ports where the said Clerks, Deputies, and Ministers [be; 7] also many hold Hostries and Taverns, and also keep Wharfs, and they and their Servants be Factors and Attornies

Damage and Loss daily doth grow to the King in his Customs and Subsidies, by (*) Favour that such Clerks Deputies and Ministers, holding such Hostries Taverns and Wharfs, do to Merchants and to other their Guests in the said Offices, and greater Damage is like thereof to grow in Time to come, if speedy Remedy be not provided: Our said Lord the King, willing against

for Merchants, Denizens, and Aliens; by which great

such Damages and Losses to provide a Remedy in this Behalf, hath ordained and established by Authority aforesaid, That no Customer, (9) Controller of the Custom, Clerks, Deputies, (10) Ministers, nor their Servants (10) Factors, nor Searchers, Controllers or Surveyors of Searches, nor their Clerks, Deputies, Ministers, or Factors, shall have any Ships of their own, or shall buy or

sell by way or by colour of Merchandise, nor they shall not meddle with Freighting of Ships, or have or occupy any such Wharfs or Keys, or shall hold any Hostries or Taverns, nor shall be any Factors or Attornies for any Merchant, Denizen or Alien; nor shall be Hosts to any Merchant Alien; upon the Pain of xl fi.

to be forfeit as often as they do the contrary, that is to say, the one Half (") to the King, and the other Half to him that will sue in this Case against any such Person doing the contrary: This Ordinance to begin at the Feast of Saint Michael next coming.

ITEM, Whereas at the Parliament holden at Westminster the xv. Year of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King that now is, for the common Profit of all the Realm, and especially for the Counties adjoining to the Sea, It was ordained and stablished in the Form which followeth:

1 beld myght myght and wold Rot. Parl nu. v. (22.) 7 occupieth the seide offices; of the whiche

Clerkes Deputees, and Ministres 11 of the said xl li

Recital of St. 11 H.IV.c.2, that no com-mon Hostler Customer,

Evasion thereof;

to prevent Officers of with Mer-

VI. Recital of St. 15 H.VI.c.2, specting portation

England, without the King's Licence, by Cause whereof Farmers and other Men, which use Manurement of their Land, may not sell their Corn but at a low Price, to the great Damage of all the Realm: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, willing in this Case to provide Remedy, hath ordained by Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful to every Person to ship and carry all manner of Corn and Grain out of this Realm, into what Place him shall like, except only to the King's Enemies, as often and as long as a Quarter of Wheat exceed not the Price of vi s. viiij d. and a Quarter of Barley Three Shillings, in that Port where the Wheat or Barley is so shipped, and that without suing any Licence for the same; all other Ordinances made to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, That the King be contented of his Customs and Duties: And this Ordinance shall endure till the next Parliament:" Our said Sovereign Lord the King, Forasmuch as this Statute is not now in his Force, and that many Counties adjoining to the Sea, may not sell the Substance of their Corn, but by Carriage and bringing by the Sea, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That the Statute and Ordinance aforesaid, now expired as afore is said, shall begin to hold his Force at the Feast of the Nativity of our Lady next ensuing, and shall endure from thence till the Parliament next to be holden after the same Feast, so that a Parliament be holden within Ten Years next ensuing after the first beginning of this present Parliament; And if so be that there be no Parliament holden within the same Ten Years, that then it shall continue and endure till the End of the same

"Item, Forasmuch as by the Law ordained, no Man

might carry nor bring Corn out of the Realm of

The Statute 15 H.VI. c.2, continued until the next Parliament; or for Ten Years.

VII.
Foreign
Merchandise
passing
through, or
exported
from Wales,
without
Custom paid,
shall be
forfeited.

Ten Years.

Suit in adjoining County.

Continuance of this Act.

VIII. Statutes as to Purveyance confirmed.

Purveyors taking to the Value of Forty Shillings or under, without Payment, may be resisted.

Constables, &c. shall assist such Resistance.

ITEM, It is granted and ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That if any hereafter bring any Merchandises coming from any Parts beyond the Sea, to any Port or Place within the Land of Wales, and after them send into England, and there discharge them out of any Ship or Vessel, the Customs and Subsidies thereof to the King not paid, or if any Person in any of the said Ports and Places in Wales, ship any Wools, Woolfels, or other Merchandise of the Staple, to be [brought '] to the Parts beyond the Sea, not customed, nor the Subsidy (1) to the King not payed, (3) shall forfeit the same Goods and Merchandises; and that the King shall have his Suit in this Behalf in the County next adjoining in England to the Port (') in the which such Merchandises shall be shipped or brought into Wales: And that this Ordinance shall endure till the next Parliament.

ITEM, It is ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That the Statutes before this Time made of Purveyors and Buyers, shall be holden and kept, and put in due Execution: And in case that any Purveyor, Buyer, or Taker, will take [and] make Purveyance, or buy any Thing to the Value of Forty Shillings or under, of any Person, and make not ready Payment in Hand, that then it shall be lawful to every of the King's liege People to retain their Goods and Chattels, and to resist such Purveyors [and Buyers,] and in no wise suffer them to make any such Purveyances, Buyings, or Takings. And for the Peace better to be kept, that every Constable, Tythingman, or chief Pledge of every Town or Hamlet, where such Takings or Purveyances shall be made, shall be aiding [or] assisting to the

carried thereof the between th

Item pur ceo q p le ley ordeigne nutt home poet carier ne amesner bles hors du roialme Dengletre saunz licence du Roy, p cause de quett fermo'ez & auts homes qi usent mannouent du lour tre ne poent vendre lour blees sinon a bas price, a g'unde damage de tout le roialme; Nre f' le Roy voillant en ceo cas purvoier de remedie ad ordeigne p auctorite desuisdit, qe bien lirra a chescun home eskipper & carier toutz manez des blees & graines hors de cest roialme a qconq, lieu q luy plerra, forpris tauntsoulment a les enemys du Roy, sy sovent & tauntlongement come un quarter de frument nexcede pas le price de vj s. viiij d. & un quarter dorge iij s. en icell port lou frument ou orge est tielment eskippe, & ceo saunz ascun licence suer pur icell, toutz aut's orden nces avant faitz encontre nient obstantz: Purveu toutz foitz qe le Roy soit content de sez custumes & deniers; et dura iceste ordeign'nce tanq, al pchein parlement :- Nre dit f' le Roy pur ceo q cest estatut a ore nest en sa force, & q plusours Counteez adjoyn'ntz a le mer ne poent vendre la substaunce de lour blees sinon p cariage & amesner p le mer, ad ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit q lestatut & orden nce av ntdit, ore expire come desuis est dit, comence a pondre sa force a la fest del Nativite de nre Dame pcheinment ensuant, & endura ap's icett fest jesqes al parlement pschenment a tenier aps mesme le fest, issint qe une parlement soit tenuz deinz les x. ans pschenement ensuantz puis le comencement dicest psent parlement; et si null parlement soit tenuz deinz mesmes les x. ans, adonqes qil endura jesqes al fine de mesmes les x. ans.

Item grauntez est & ordeignez p lauctorite desuisdit, que si ascun enaps amesne ascuns mchandises, veignantz es parties de pdela, a ascun port ou lieu deinz la tre de Gales, & puis les envoia en Engletre & illoqes les dischargea hors dascun nief ou vessell, les custumes & subsidees ent a Roi nient paiez, ou si ascun psone, en ascun des ditz portz & lieux en Galys, eskippa ascuns lains pealx lanutz ou auts mchaundises del estaple destre amesnez as parties de pdela nient custumez ou le subsidie ent a Roy nient paiez, forface mesmes les biens & mchaundises; et que le Roy eit son suyt en ceo ptie en le Counte pschein adjoynant en Englitre a le port ou lieu a qil tielx mchaundises se eskippes ou amesnez en Gales: et que cest ordenance endura tanqual pschein parlement.

Item ordeignez est p lauctorite desuisdit, qe les estatuts devant ces heures faitz des Purveours & Achato's soient tenuz & gardez & mys en due execucion: Et en cas qe ascun Purveo' Achato' ou pnour veule Pigner ou faire p'veance ou achate dascun chose, a la value de xl s. ou dedeins, dascun psone & ne face prest paiement en poyñ, qe adonqes bien lise a chescun des lieges le Roy lo' biens & chateux reteigner, & tielx purveo's achato's ou pno's resister, & en null mane eux suffrer de faire tielx p'veances achates ou prises. Et pur la peas meux a estre garde, q chescun Conestable Tythingman ou chief plegge de chescun ville ou hamelt, ou tielx prises ou purveances se ferront, soit eidant &

assistaunt a le possessour ou vendour de tielx choses, encountre la fourme de cest orden nce appndrez, de faire resistence en la fo'me suisdit, en cas q tielx Conestable Tythyngman ou chief plegge a ceo faire soit requis; sur peyne de rendre a la partie ensi greve la value de choses issint prisez ove ses damages a double: Et q null des lieges du Roy soit mys en pde fine raunson ou contempt, ou endamage p le Roy ou p ascun de ses Ministres ou offics, p' tielx reteigns resistences & nounsufferaunces: Et q null des ditz Ministres ou Officers le Roy face arestere vexer ou empleder, en la Court del Marchalcie ou aillours, ascuns des liges pur tielx reteigns resistences ou nounsufferaunces affaire, sur peyne de xx fi. a pdre, lune moite de ceo al Roy & lautre moite a celluy q voet en tiel cas suer: Et q les Justices de la peas en chescun Counte eient poer p auctorite de cest ordenance denquerer oier & rminer, si bien al suyt du Roy come de celly q voet suer, dascun chose fait encountre cest orden nce, & de ent faire due punisshement & execucion, & agarder damages a la partie pleintiff quunt ascun defendant ent soit duement convict: Et qe en chescun accion sur cest orden'nce appndre chescun partie defendant soit a ceo mys a respoundre saunz eide de Roy: Et qe en tielx accions appndrez soit pcesse fait come en brief de trespasse fait encountre la pees: Et q en chescun comission as Purveours Achato's ou pnours affaire soit cest orden'nce contenue & expsse: Et enoutre qe cest orden'nce, entre autres estatuts des Purveo's Achato's ou pno's dev'nt ces heures faitz, soient maundez en chescun Counte Denglitre as Viscountz de ceux, pur pclaymer & deliver les ditz orden nces & estatutz, en les fourme & mane contenuz en lestatut des preours & achato's fait lan du regne nre dit fr le Roy primer, sur peyne contenuz en mesme lestatut. Et outre ceo le Roy voet & comaunde q lestatut fait lan xxxvje du Roy Edward, jadis Roy Dengletre tierce aps le conquest, toucheant Purveo's dautres psones q de Roy soit mys en due execucion.

Item come contenue soit en la gaunde chre entre autres en la fourme qensuyt:-Nullus liber homo capiat' aut imprisonet' aut disseisiat' de libo teñ suo aut libertatib3 aut libis consuetudinib3 suis aut utlaget aut exulet aut aliquo modo destruat nec sup eum mittem9 nec sup eum ibim9 nisi p legale judiciū pariū suoz vel p legem Pre:-En quele estatuit nest my mencion fait coment femes Dames de gande estate p cãe de lour Barons pes de la tre covertez ou soules cestassaver Duchesses Countesses ou Baronesses Frount mys a respoundre, ou dev'nt queux Juges els Proient juggez sur enditementz de tresons ou felonies p eux faitz, a cae de quett il est une ambiguite & doute en la ley, devent queux & p queux tielz dames issint enditez front mysez a respondre & estre adjuggez: Nre dit f' le Roy voillant oustier tielx ambiguites & doutes, ad declare p lauctorite desuisdit, q tielx dames issint enditez ou on aps a enditierz de Owner or Seller of such Things, to be taken against the Form of this Ordinance, to make Resistance in the Form aforesaid, in case that such Constables, Tythingmen, or chief Pledges be required that to do; upon Pain to yield to the Party so grieved, the Value of the Things so taken, with his Double Damages. And that none of the King's liege People be put to Loss [or Damage'] by the King or any [Officer'] for such (3) Resistance, (4): And that none of the King's (5) Officers shall do to be arrested, vexed, or impleaded in the Court of the Marshalsea or elsewhere, any of the King's liege People for such withholdings (6) or not suffering to be done, upon Pain to lose Twenty Pounds, the one Moiety of that to the King, and the other Moiety to him which will in such Case sue: And that the Justices of Peace in every County shall have Power by Authority of this Ordinance, to inquire, hear, and determine, as well at the Suit of the King, as of him which will sue, of any Thing done against this Ordinance, and thereof to make due Punishment and Execution, and to award Damages to the Party Plaintiff, when any Defendant is thereof duly convict: And that in every Action to be taken upon Process, &c. this Ordinance, every Party Defendant shall be put to answer to that without Aid of the King: And (7) in such Actions to be taken, Process shall be made as in a Writ of Trespass done against the Peace: And that in every Commission of Purveyors, Buyers, or Takers to be made, this Ordinance shall be contained and expressed: And moreover, that this Ordinance among other Statutes of Purveyors, Buyers, or Takers before this Time made, shall be sent to the Sheriffs of every 1 H.VI. c.2. County of England, to proclaim and deliver the said Statutes and Ordinances, in the Manner and Form contained in the Statute of Purveyors and Buyers, made the First Year of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King that now is, upon the Pain contained in the same Statute. And moreover the King will and commandeth, that the Statute made the Six and thirtieth Year of King Edward late King of England, the Third after the Conquest, touching Purveyors of other Persons than of the King, shall be put in due Execution.

ITEM, Whereas it is contained in the Great Charter, amongst other Things, in the Form which followeth: " No Freeman shall be taken or imprisoned, or be disseised of his Freehold, or Liberties, or free Customs, or be outlawed or exiled, or any other wise destroyed; nor will We not pass upon him, nor condemn him, but by lawful Judgement of his Peers, or by the Law of the Land:" in which Statute is no Mention made how Women, Ladies of great Estate, [in respect to 8] their Husbands, Peers of the Land, married, or sole, that is to say, Duchesses, Countesses, or Baronesses, shall be put to answer, or before what Judges that they shall be judged upon Indictments of Treasons or Felonies by them committed or done, in Regard whereof it is a Doubt in the Law of England, before whom, and by whom such Ladies so indicted shall be put to answer, and be judged: Our said Lord the King, willing to put out such Ambiguities and Doubts, hath declared, by Authority aforesaid, That such Ladies so indicted, or hereafter to be indicted, of

sistance, &c.

Proclamation of this A&

St. 36 E. III.

IX. Recital of Magna Carta

Fine, Ransom, or Contempt, or endamaged

of bis Ministers or Officers 3 withholdings

s said Ministers or 4 and not suffering

⁶ Resistance

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⁸ in regard of

Noble Ladies shall be tried as Peers of the Realm are tried.

X. Norwich and Norfolk Worsteds.

Wardens shall be chosen, Four by the Worsted-Weavers in Norwich, and Two in the County of Norfolk, to inspect Worsteds.

Length and Breadth of Worsteds. any Treason or Felony by them done, or hereafter to be done, whether they be married or sole, that they thereof shall be brought to answer, and put to answer and judged before such Judges and Peers of the Realm, as (') Peers of the Realm should be, if they were indicted or impeached of such Treasons or Felonies done, or hereafter to be done, and in like Manner and Form, and none otherwise.

ITEM, Whereas as well in the City of Norwich as in the County of Norfolk there be divers Persons which make false Cloths of all Manner of Worsteds, not being of the Assises in Length and Breadth as they ought to be and were of old Time accustomed, and the Slays and [Threads 1] pertaining to the same be not rightfully made and wrought, in great Deceit as well of Denizens of the King as of the Strangers repairing into this Realm [of England,] which buy and use such Merchandise, trusting that it shall be within as it sheweth without, where, of Truth it is contrary: And Whereas Worsted was sometime a good Merchandise and greatly desired and loved in the Parts beyond the Sea, now because that it is of false Work and of false Stuff, no Man thereof taketh Regard, which is great Damage to the King's Customs, [to the 3] great Damage and Prejudice of the King's faithful liege People: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, willing against such Damages and Prejudice to provide a Remedy in this Behalf, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That Men of the Craft of Worsted Weavers within the said City, shall have Power every Year at the Feast of Pentecost to choose iiij. Wardens within the said City, of the same Craft, and the same Wardens to have Power to choose other ij. Men of the same Craft in the said County [of+] the said City, and all the same Wardens to come before the Mayor of the said City for the Time being, the Monday after the Day of Corpus Christi then ensuing, and there to be sworn before the (5) Mayor, [to do right and make due Search 6] of all manner of Worsteds, and of the Stuff belonging to the same, made or to be made within the said City or County; and that every Piece of Worsted shall be pursuing [through 7] the Cloth of right Work (8) good and convenable Stuff, and that they shall hold the Length and Breadth as the Assise hath of old Time been rightfully accustomed; that is to say, the Beds of the greatest Assise in Length xiiij Yards largely, and in Breadth four Yards (9) [through 7] the Piece; and Beds of the mean Assise xij Yards in Length and Three Yards in Breadth [through 7] the Piece; and Beds of the least Assise x. Yards in Length largely, and Two Yards and a Half in Breadth; and Cloths called Monks Cloths, xij. Yards in Length at the least, and Five Quarters in Breadth; [and Cloths called Canon Cloths, Five Yards in Length and vij. Quarters in Breadth; and Cloths called Cloths, vj. Yards in Length and Two Yards in the Breadth; "] and double Worsted x. Yards in Length, and Five Quarters in Breadth largely; and half Doubles, vj. Yards in Length, and Five Quarters in Breadth; and roll Worsted, xxx. Yards in Length, and Half a Yard in Breadth largely; and that no Lambs Wool, nor Wool called [Pelt Wool "] shall be put in any of these Worsteds;

yern 3 and 4 withoute
3 seid 6 to make true and due serche
4 thurghoute 3 and 9 large
10 and chanonclothes vj yardes long, ij yerdes
brode; 11 pellwoll

Rot. Parl.
nu. xiv. (31.)

ascun treson ou felonie p eux faitz ou enaps affairez, coment q eles soient covtez de Baron ou soules, q eles en soient mesnez en rnse & mys a respoundre & adjuggez devant tielx Juges & Pes de le roialme, sicome autres Pes de le roialme Proient sils fuissent enditez ou empeschez de tielx tresons ou felonies faitz ou en aps affairez, & en autiel mane & fo'me & en nult autre.

Item come sibien en la Citee de Norwich come en le Counte de Norff sount divs psones, les queux facent faux draps de toutz mans worstedes, nient esteantz des assises en longeure & laeure si come ils estre doient, & furent dauncien temps accustumez, & les slayes & file spectantz a icell nient droitement soient faitz & ovez, en gaunde deceit sibien des deinseins du Roy come de les estraungiers repairantz a icest roialme, les queux achatent & usent tiel mchaundise confiantz qil Soit dedeins come il monstre dehors lou de Vite il est cont'rie; & lou Worsted fuist ascun temps beal mchandise & gaundement desire & amee en les parties de pardela, ore p la cause qil est de faux ovaigne & de faux stuffe null home ent face counte, le quell est gaunde damage a les custumes du Roy, & gaunde damage & Pjudice a le foiatt liege people du Roy: Nre dit fr le Roy voillant encontre tielx damages & Pjudice purvoier de remedie en cest partie ad ordeigne p lauttorite desuisdit, qe homes del art de textoures de Worsted deins la dit Citec eient poar, chescun an a le fest de Pentecost, de eslier quatre Gardeins deins la dit Citee de mesme la art, & icelles Gardeins day poair de eslier aut's deux homes de mesme la art en le dit Counte hors du dit Citee, et toutz icelles Gardeins de ven devent le Maire du dit Citee p' le temps esteant, le lundy aps le jour du Corpus Xpi adonges pschein ensuant, & illeosqes destre jurrez dev'nt le dit Maire de faire droite & due serche de toutz mans worstedes & de la stuffe spectantz a icelles faitz ou affairez deins la dit Citee ou Countee; et q chescun pece de worsted soit p'suant pmy tout le drap de droite ovaigne & bone & covenable stuffe, & qils teignent les longeure & laeure si come lassise ad este dauncien temps droitement accustume; cestassavoir beddes de le pluis gande assise en longeure xiiij alnes largement, & en laeure iiij alnes largement pmy toute le pece, & beddes de la mene assise xij alnes en longeure & en laeure pmy tout le pece iij alnes, & beddes de la pluis petit assise x. alnes en longe' largement & ij alnes & di en laeure, & draps appellez monkes clothes xij alnes en longe' a le meyns & v. qart's en laeure, & draps appellez chanon clothes v. alnes en longe' & vij quart's en laeure, & draps appelez [chanon '] clothes vj alnes en longeur & ij alnes en laeur; & double worsted x. alnes en longeur & v. quart's en laeure largement, & dimi doubles vj alnes en longeur & v. quart's en laeur, et rolle worsted xxx alnes en longeur & dimi alne en laeure largement; et q en nulle de icelles worstedes soit mys lain de Agnett ne lain appele pett Wolle;

Old Printed Copies omit this Word here.

Vot. II.

et q les Gardeins de la dit art p' le temps esteantz eient poair & auctorite de seiser toutz tielx draps & stuffe issint trovez defectifs; et q le Maire du dit Citee pur le temps esteant eit poair p la dit auctorite denquerer oier & Priner, taunt a le suyte du Roy come al enformacion de les ditz Gardeins, de toutz ceux qi fount le conterie dicest orden'nce deins la dit Citee; et en sembleable forme les Justices de la peas en le dit Countee hors du dit Citee eient poair denquerer oier & derminer de toutz iceux qi fount encountre les pmisses en le dit Counte hors du dit Citee: Et si ascun home ent dev'nt le dit Maire ou Justice de la peas soit duement convict & atteint, qe adonqes icelles worstedes & stuffe issint trovez defectifs soient forfaitz, cestassavoir lune moite de tiel forfaiture au Roy & lautre moite a les Gardeins pur le temps esteantz du dit arte: et q le Maire p' le temps esteant du dit Citee, & les Justices du la peas en le dit Counte, eient poair de faire tielx pcesse sevalment envs tiel psone ou psones qe sront trovez defectifs, p enquerre devant eux a estre priz, de ascun chose fait encountre les Pmisses, si come les Justices du Roy du peas fount sur enditementz priz devant eux de Espas fait ove force & armes encountre le peas du Roy: et qe cest ordenaunce comence a prendre effect a le fest de Sait Michell pschen avenir, & qil endura jesqes al fine de trois ans pschen ensuantz aps mesme le fest de Seint Michett.

Item come ordeine soit & declare, par estatut fait lan du reigne le Roy Henry le quynt pier a nre € le Roy gorest scde, pur ceo qe devant le dit ordenance divs gentz compris deinz les trues sibn faitz p le dit nadgairs Roy come p le Roy Henri le quart Aiel a nre dit f' le Roy gorest, & auxi aut's divs eiantz saufconduicts, si bien de dit nadgairs Roy Henri le quynt come du dit nadgairs Roi Henri le quart, ount este ascuns tuez ascuns robbez & dispoillez p les lieges & subgiets du Roy, sibien sur le haut meer come deins les portis & costis du meer Denglitre Dirland & de Gales, pount les ditz trues & saufconduicts ount estes rumpes & offenduz a gaund dishono' & disclaundre du Roy & encountre sa dignite; & les ditz tuers des homes, robbo's spoillours & offendours de les ditz treves & saufconduicts du Roy, come desuis est declare, ount estez p divs lieges & subgiets du Roy deins les costis de divs Countes recettez abettez & pcurez counseillez lowez sustenuz & maintenuz, q tielx tuerie robberie espoillerie rumpie des trieux & saufconduicts du Roy, & voluntariez resceit abettement pcurement counsell lower susten nce & mainten nce de tielx psones, affairez en temps avenir p ascuns des lieges & subgiets du Roy, deins le Roialme Denglitre Dirland & de Gales ou sur le haut meer, soient adjuggez & derminez pur haut treson fait encountre la Corone & dignite du Roy: Et pur ceo q les paynes contenuz & especifiez en lestatut avent dit sount sy rygorous & grevous envs les lieges & subgiets du Roy, & eux cy straitment lient, q les advaries enemyes du Roy de faire guerre

And that the Wardens of the said Craft for the Time being, shall have Power and Authority to seise all such Cloths and Stuff so found defective; and that the Mayor of the said City for the time being, shall have Power by the said Authority to inquire, hear, and determine as well at the King's Suit as at the Information of the said Wardens, of all them which do contrary to this Ordinance within the said City; And in like Form the Justices of Peace in the said County out of the said City, shall have Power to inquire, hear, and determine, of all them which do against the Premises in the said County out of the said City; and if any Man before the (1) Mayor or Justice of the Peace be thereof duly convict and attainted, that then the same Worsteds and Stuffs so found defective, shall be forfeit, that is to say, the one Half of such Forfeiture to the King, and the other Half to the Wardens for the Time being of the said Craft: And that the Mayor for the time being of the said City, and the Justices of Peace [for 1] the said County, shall have Power to make such Process severally against such Person or Persons which shall be found to be defective, by Inquiry before them to be taken, of any thing done against the Premisses, as the King's Justices of Peace do upon Indictments taken before them of Trespass done with Force and Arms against the King's Peace: And that this Ordinance shall begin to take Effect at the Feast of Saint Michael next coming; and that it shall endure till the End of Three Years next ensuing after the same Feast of Saint Michael.

ITEM, Where it was ordained and declared by the Statute made the Second Year of the Reign of King Henry V. Father to our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, "Forasmuch as before the said Ordinance divers People comprised within the [said 3] Truces, made as well by the said late King as by King Henry the Fourth, Grandfather to our [Sovereign Lord 1] that now is, and also divers other having Safe-Conducts as well of the said late King Henry the V. as of the said late King Henry the Fourth, some have been slain, some robbed and despoiled by the King's liege People and Subjects, as well upon the main Sea as within the Ports and Coasts of the Sea of England, of Ireland, and of Wales, whereby the said Truces and Safe-Conducts have been broken and offended, to the great Dishonour and Slander of the King, and against his Dignity, and the said Manslayers, Robbers, Spoilers, and Offenders of the said Truces and Safe-Conducts of the King, as afore is declared, have been by divers of the King's liege People and Subjects within the Coasts of divers Counties received, abbetted, and procured, counselled, hired, sustained, and maintained; That such Manslaughter, Robbery, Spoiling, Breaking of Truces, and Safe-Conducts of the King, and voluntary Receipt, Abetment, Procurement, Counselling, Hiring, Sustaining, and Maintaining of such Persons, to be done in Time to come by any of the King's liege People and Subjects within the Realm of England, of Ireland, and of Wales, or upon the main Sea, shall be judged and determined for High Treason, done against the King's Crown and his Dignity:" And " Forasmuch as the Pains contained and specified in the Statute aforesaid, be so rigorous and grievous against the King's liege People and Subjects, and them so straitly bind, that the King's Adversaries and Enemies

Wardens may seise defective Cloths. Mayor of Norwich, and Justices of Peace of Norfolk, shall enforce this

Commencement, &c. of Act.

XI. Recital of Stat. 2 H.V. st. 1. cap. 6. against Breakers of Truces, and Safe-Conducts;

Recital of St 14 H.VI chapter 8;

seid Rot. Parl.

in Rot. Parl.

3 Omit this Word.

said Lord the King

suspending the Statute 2 H.V. st. 1. chap. 6. for Seven Years; be greatly encouraged and comforted to make War against them, and many of the King's liege People and Subjects as well upon the Sea and Coasts of the Sea, as in the Marches of the Realm [of England,] oftentimes have been, some robbed and spoiled, and some slain, whereby many of the King's liege People inhabiting in the Marches and Coasts aforesaid, be greatly hindered and impoverished, and in Point to be finally destroyed, and the Merchants and Mariners of the King be greatly thereby discouraged and abashed to pass upon the Sea with their Ships and Vessels, with their Merchandises, or otherwise to make War for the Safeguard of the Sea, and the Navy of the Realm of our said Sovereign Lord the King in Point to be destroyed, and the Merchants of the King clearly discomforted to make or renew any Ships or Vessels," at the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Tenth Day of October, the xiiij. Year of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King that now is, the Penalty, Judgement, and Determination in the same Statute contained was put in Suspense and Respite by vij Years then next ensuing; as by the Statute thereof made in the same Parliament plainly appeareth: The same our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, considering the Premises, and that the said Time of Seven Years is well nigh past, ordaineth by Authority aforesaid, that none of his liege People and Subjects, by Force of the said Statute, for nothing by him attempted (') or hereafter to be done against the Form and Tenor of the said Statute, as to the said Pain of Treason, shall be in any wise punished, molested, nor grieved, nor shall incur no Pain for the same, otherwise than he ought before the making of the said Statute; but that he, his Heirs and Executors of all Pains and Forfeitures of Treason, because of the said Statute, against the King, His Heirs, and Successors, shall be clearly quit and discharged: And that this Ordinance shall endure till the next Parliament.

incur the Pain of 'Treason for any Thing done against the Statute 2 Hen.V.

None shall

Continuance of this Act.

XII. Evils arising from an Ordinance of Partition upon Wools in the Staple of Calais.

ITEM, Whereas by the Ordinance of Partition made upon Wools and Woolfels in the Staple [of2] Calais, and by the long and straight Continuance of the same, great Hinderance and Decrease have come to the King of great notable Sums of his great Customs and Subsidies, as well in his Realm of England as at his Town of Calais, as appeareth sufficiently of record in his Exchequer, for the which the Commons of this Realm have been oftentimes charged to their great Damage, the King's Soldiers of Calais, and of the Marches there, the worse paid of their Wages, the said Town and Castle of Calais not repaired, and that also the said straight Rule hath caused [many3] Merchants Strangers to labour to their Lords of their Party to make [as 1] grievous and straight Search upon Bullion coming to the King's Mint [to 1] Calais, so that Men of divers Countries in Conveyance of Bullion have been greatly hindered, as well in their Persons as in their Goods, so that the said Mint is fallen [in'] great Decay, and may not be sustained as it was in the Time of the Reign of King Henry the Fifth, Father to our said Sovereign Lord the King that now is, and many Years before that the said Partition was first ordained [and made 3]; And that moreover the Merchants of this Realm be [by that 6] greatly hindered, and the most Part of them of very Necessity be enforced to leave their Merchandises of Wools and Woolfels, because that they may not [attend7]

divse men, the which may not abide

* Rot. Parl. omits.

* therby of therby and that of therby and that of therby and that of there are not the rules of their owen goodes. And that of the rules of their owen goodes.

devs eux sount g'undement enbauldez & comfortez, & pluso's des lieges & subgiets du Roy, auxibien sur le meer & costes du meer come en les mches du Roialme Denglitre, sovent ount este ascuns disrobbez & dispoillez & ascuns tuez, pount plusours des lieges du Roy enfitants en marches & costes suisditz sount g'undement anientisez & empovisez & en point destre finalment destruez, & les Merchaunts & marins du Roy du passer sur le meer ove lour niefs & vesselx ove lo' mchaundises, ou autment en faire de guerre pur le sauf gard du meer, sount g'undement ent descoragez & enbasshes, & la naveie du roialme nre dit f' le Roy en point destre destruez, & les Marchauntz du Roy du faire ou renoveller ascuns niefs ou vesseulx tout outrement discomfortz, al parlement tenuz a Westm le xe jour Doctobr lan du reigne nre dit f' le Roy qorest xiiijme, le penalte juggement & del mynacion en mesme lestatut contenuz fuist mytz in suspens & respite p vij ans adonges pschein ensuant, come p lestatut ent fait en mesme le parlement pleinement apiert : mesme nre f' le Roy qorest, considerant les Pmisses & q le dit temps de vij ans est bien ps passe, ad ordeigne p auctorite suisdit q null de ses lieges & subgitez p force du dit estatut, pur null chose p luy attempte fait ou affaire en aps encountre la fo'me & teno' del dit estatut, quunt a le dit peyne de treson, soit en ascun mane punisshe moleste ou greve, ne null peyne enco'ge pur icell autment q il duist devant le feisance del dit estatut; eins q il ses heirez & executo's, de touts peynes & forfait'es de treson a cause de le dit estatut, envs le Roy ses heires & successours soit tout outrement quitez & dischargez: et q cest orden nce endura tanqe al pschein parlement.

Item come p lordinance de particion fait sur laines & pealx lanutz en lestaple a Caleis, & p le long & streite continuance de ceo, g'unde anientisment & decrece ount venuz au Roy de gaundes notables somes de ses g'undes custumes & subsidies, sibien en son roialme Denglitre come a sa ville de Caleis, si come il appiert sufficeantment de recorde en son Escheqer, p' le quett les Cões dicest roialme ount este sovent chargez a lo' gauntes damages, les soldeo's du Roi de Caleis & de les miches illeosqes le piz paiez de lo' gages, la dit ville & le Chastell du Roy du Caleys nient repairez, & q̃ auxi le dit estreite rule ad cause micheauntz & est'ungiers de laborer a lour f's de lour partie defaire sy grevous & estreite serche sur bullion veign*nt a le mynt du Roy a Caleys, issint q homes de divs paiis en conveiance de bullion ount estez g'undement anientisez sibn en lour psones come en lor biens, pissint q le dit mynt est escheu en gaunde decay, & ne poet estre sustenuz si come il fuist en le temps de reigne du Roy Henri le quint, pier a nre dit & le Roy qorest, & plusours ans dev'nt la dit particion primement ordinez; Et qe outre ceo les Marchauntz dicest roialme sount p ceo g'undement anientisez & de Vraie necessite la greindre partie de eux est enforce de lesser lo michaundises de lains & pealx lanutz p cause qils ne poent estre rulers de lour ppres biens, Et q divs homes les queux ne poent attendre

Petition of

for a new

thereof;

Regulation

the Commons

la estreite rule du dit particion embleent hors dicest roialme lains & pealx lanutz, saunz paiement dascun custume ou subsidie au Roy pur ycett, le quett ad este & est jo'nement g'unde decrece & anientisment a la navie dicest roialme & a les maistres des niefs & marins, p cause q lour viver & annuelt availt est g*undement decrece & amesnuse p la petit eskippeson des lains & pealx lanutz jesqes a la dit estaple pur les causes avantditz, & qe le price & value des lains & pealx lanutz p les ditz estreites rules & orden'nces de particion est trop gaundement decrece & amesnuse: & come sur ceo soit prie a mesme nre f le Roy qi ore est p ses ditz Cões, p lor peticion fait a luy, q il luy please de sa noble grace considerer les pmisses, & pur le univsett bien availl & encrece de riches dicest roialme, g'untier & ordeigner p lauctorite desuisdit, qe toutz laines & pealx lanutz qe sront eskippez en aps jesqes a la dit estaple de Caleis p mchauntz deinsins dicest roialme, soient mytz a vende p les possessours de mesmes les laines & pealx lanutz, ou p lo' atto'nes illeosqes, desoubs due fo'me & rule du dit estaple a le price & value des ditz lains & pealx lannutz, si come il est p la ordin'nce du dit estaple a icest temps mytz & use, ou a tiel price come p la rule du dit estaple sra ordeigne & appointe a tantz de foitz & qunt il plerra a mesmes les nichauntz ou lour attornes; issint q la tierce partie de la price & value pur toutz tielx lains & pealx lanutz, a le dit estaple en aps a vendiers, a le temps de la vende & devent le live diceux de la dit estaple soit apporte & eu en bullion dargent a le mynt du Roy a Caleys, illeosqes destre cunee p le survieu du les Meir Constables & Compaignie du dit estaple p' le temps esteantz, destre live aps qil est issint cune a les ditz mchauntz possessours des ditz lains & pealx lanutz issint venduz ou lour atto'nes & p eux destre apporte & eu en le dit roialme Denglitre, p lordinance & survieu de les ditz Meir Constables & Compaignie du la dit estaple pur le temps esteantz, saunz fraude embeselment ou subtraccion de ceo en ascun mane, et saunz ascun particion de la money qe viendra de la dit bullion, ou de ascun paiement de les autres parties de le value des ditz lains & pealx lanutz destre ewez ou faitz; et q cest orden'nce endureroit tange al fine de vij. ans pchen ensuantz: Mesme nre f' le Roy considerant les Pmisses ad g'unte & ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit, qe q'unt a la particion desuisdit les Meir & Compaignye du dit estaple de Caleis ceo refourment entre eux mesmes accordant a la dit peticion dev'nt le prime jo' daust pchein avenir; & qe il soit issint observez en aps durantz les ditz sept ans: et sils ceo ne facent adonqes le Roy ad g'unte & ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit, qe q'unt a la particion & a le remenant en mesme la peticion contenuz il soit fait come il est desire.

the straight Rule of the said [Partition; and whereby some do steal'] out of this Realm Wools and Woolfels without Payment of any Custom or Subsidy to [our Sovereign Lord] the King for the same, which hath been and is daily a great Decrease and Hindrance to the Navy of this Realm [of England,] and to the Masters of Ships and Mariners, because that their Living and yearly Avail is greatly decreased and minished by the little Shipping of Wools and Woolfels [of 1] the said Staple, for the Causes aforesaid, and that the Price and Value of the Wools and Woolfels by the said strait Rules and Ordinances of Partition is very greatly decreased and minished: And Whereas upon the same it was prayed to the same our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, by his said Commons by their Petition to him made, that it would please him of his noble Grace to consider the Premises, and for the universal Weal, Avail, and Increase of Riches of this Realm, to grant and ordain by the Authority aforesaid, That all Wools and Woolfels which hereafter shall be shipped by Merchants Denizens of this Realm [of England] to the (1) Staple of Calais, shall be put to Sale by the Owners of the same Wools and Woolfels, or by their Attornies there, under due Form and Rule of the said Staple, [to 1] the Price and Value of the said Wools and Woolfels, as it is by the Ordinance of the said Staple at this Time [put 5] and used, or at such Price as by the Rule of the said Staple shall be ordained and appointed, as often and when it shall please the same Merchants or their Attornies; so that the Third Part of the Price and Value for all such Wools and Woolfels, to be sold hereafter [to4] the said Staple, at the Time of the Sale and before the Delivery of them [shall be brought from the said Staple 6] and had in Bullion of Silver to the King's Mint at Calais, there to be coined by the Surveying of the Mayor, Constables, and Company of the said Staple for the Time being, to be delivered, after that it is so coined, to the said Merchants Owners of the said Wools and Woolfels so sold, [and by them or their Attornies 7] to be brought and had [in 1] the said Realm of England by the Ordinance and Surveying of the said Mayor and Constables and Company of the said Staple for the Time being, without (9) embezzling or Subtraction [of that 10] in any wise, and without any Partition of the Money which shall come of the said Bullion, or of any Payment of [these "] other Parties of the Value of the said Wools and Woolfels to be had or made: and that this Ordinance shall endure till the End of Seven Years next ensuing: The same our Sovereign Lord (") considering the Premises, hath granted and ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That as to the Partition aforesaid, the Mayor [and Constables] and Company of the said Staple of Calais shall reform the same among themselves according to the said Petition before the First Day of August next coming; and that it shall be so observed hereafter during the said vij. Years: And if that they do not then [the same, our Sovereign Lord] the King hath granted and ordained by the Authority aforesaid, that as to the [Petition 13] and to the Remanent in the same Petition contained, it shall be done as is desired.

the said
Petition
referred to
the Mayor,
&c. of the
Staple; and

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said

from the said Staple be brought

fr

Vol. II.

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Anno 23° HENRICI, VI. A.D.1444-5.*

HERE BEGIN THE STATUTES

Made at Westminster in the Twenty-third Year.

A T the Parliament holden at Westminster the Twenty-fifth Day of February, the Twenty-third Year of the Reign of (') King Henry the Sixth after the Conquest, the same our Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons being in the said Parliament, (') by the Authority of the same Parliament, made to be ordained and stablished divers Ordinances and Statutes in the Manner and Form following.

Recital of St. 36 Ed. III. stat. 1. ch. 2. relating to Purveyors.

FIRST, Whereas in the Parliament holden the xxxvj. Year of King Edward the Third, for the grievous Complaints made against Purveyors of Victuals, It was ordained and established, that no Man of the Realm should have any Taking but only the King and the Queen his companion: And that upon such Purveyances to be made for the Houses of the King and the Queen, ready Payment should be made in Iland, that is to say, the Price for which such Victuals should be commonly sold in the Markets about; and that the heinous Names of Purveyors should be changed, and named Buyers: " And if the Buyer cannot well agree with the Seller, of that which he shall need, then the Takings, which shall be made for the said two Houses, shall be made by the View, Testimony, and Appraisement of the Lords, or their Bailiffs, and Constables and Four good Men of every Town, and that by Indenture to be made betwixt the Buyers and the said Lords or Bailiffs, Constables, and Four Men, containing the Quantity of their Takings, and the Price, and of what Persons; And that the Takings be made in convenient and easy Manner, without Duress, Compulsion, Menace, or other Villainy: And that the Takings and Buyings be made in Places where greatest Plenty is, and that in a meet Time: And that no more be taken than shall be needful in the Season for the said two Houses: And that the Number of the said Buyers be diminished in as much as well may: And that such be Buyers which be sufficient to answer to the King and his People, and that none of them have Deputy: And that the Commissions be sealed with the Great Seal, and every Half-year re-delivered into the Chancery,

1 our Lord

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Ex MS. Cott. Nero. C. I.

in concine rules de dis particion emblecen hora direct malmis falm & peals dannie, source palement descon continue son ambidde au Roy pur yeath le quett ail solicited le adment y under decreee & micuriament a

INCIPIUNT STATUTA apud Westin edita anno xxiij".

A U Plemt tenuz a Westin le xxv° jor de Fever lan du reigne nïe f' le Roi Henry le vj° aps le conquest xxiij, mesme nïe f' le Roi del advys & assent de lez f's espuelx & temporelx & lez Cões esteate en le dit plemt & p auctote de mesme le plemt fist ordeigner & establier divsez ordeignancez & estata en le maner & fo'me q ensuist.

Primement coe en le pleme tenuz lan xxxvje le Roy E. le tierce sur lez gevous compleintz faitz s' p'veo's dez vitaitl estoit ordeigne & establie q null home dicest Roiat avoit pris forso, soulent le Roi & la Roigne sa compaigne; Et q sur tielx p'veauncez affairs p' les Hostielx le Roy & la Roigne Proit prest paieînt fait en poigne, s. le price p' quele autielx vitaitt sroie' venduz coemet en marchez environ; Et q lez heinous nouns dez p'veio's 'sroie' chaungez & nomez achato's; & si lachato' ne p'roit bonem' accorder ove le vendo' de ceo q busoigneroit adonqs lez prisez q se ferroie' p' lez ditz deux hostielx sroie' faitz p viewe & tesmoign'ns & appciacon dez &s ou (') Baillifs & Constablez, & quatrez pdez homez de chun vitt, & ceo p endentur affair pentr lez achato's & lez ditz f's ou Baillifs Constablez [ou'] quat homez, conteign'ntz le q'ntite de lo' prise & la price & de lez queux psonez; Et q lez p'sez groie' faitz en covenabt & ease mane sounz duras reddo' manasse ou aute vilanie; Et q lez prisez & achatez 'sroie' faitz en lieux [en 3] placez ou greindre pleinte y ad & ceo en te' covenabt; Et q pluis ne serroit prise q ne busoigne en sa season pur lez ditz deux Hostielx; Et q la nombre dez ditz achato's Broiet amenusez en taunt cot home p'ra bonemet; Et q tielx 'sroiet achato's q sroiet sufficeats de rndr a Roi & a poeple & q null de eux avoit depute; Et q lez Comissions sroie' ensealez du g'und seal & chune di an restituitz en la Chauncie & aut's de

Cam j.

^{*} This Parliament, which began on 25th February, 23 Henry VI. A. D. 1444-5, was by divers Prorogations continued to 9 April 24 Henry VI. A. D. 1446. The Statute made in this Parliament has always been cited as 23 Henry VI.

[†] No Statute Roll, nor any Transcript of the Statute of this Year, is preserved in the Tower of London: The Statute was first printed from this Cotton Manuscript in Cay's Edition of the Statutes. The Various Readings marked Lib. Scace. are from the Entry in Lib. IX. in the Exchequer at Westminster; wherewith the Old Printed Copies agree, unless the contrary is noted. The Petitions entered on the Parliament Roll of this Year, on which Chapters I. IV. V. and XIV. of the Statute are framed, are in French; those on which the other Chapters are framed are in English.

ij.

novell faitz; & q en lez ditz Comissions Front comp'sez to' la matier & mane de lo' p'sez & achatez; & q nutt home sroit tenuz dobier as achato's daut's f's countre lo' gree & voluntee, ne (1) lez achato's dez ditz Hostielx sils ne firent pet paiemt en poigne coe devent est dit; ne q null home sroit mys en contempt p cause de disobeisaune faite en tiel ptie; Et q lez prisez dez to" mans dez blees & brees p' lez ditz deux Hostielx Broiet mesurez p mesure accordeunt al estandard rase & nient comble; Et q p' lez cariagez dez ditz bleez & breez & p' tota aut's mans dez prisez & achatez affairez p' lez ditz deux Hostielx sroit pst paiemt fait en poigne, en mesme le maner coe p' pisez & achatz suisditz; Et q pluis de cariage ne groit pris q ne busoigne & sroit necessarie en cell ptie; Et si null achato' face ascuns prisez ou achatez ou pnour de cariage en aut mane q nest comprise deinz lo' Comissions avoit punishemit de vie & de membr, coe en aute estat est ordeigne dez p'veio's: * Item q null achato' dez vitaillez ne pno' [de cariage 1] pigne ne resceive de nulluy don ne aut' bien fait p' dispte fair, ne charge ne greve null home p cause dez ditz p'sez achatez & cariagez p' haiour [enemyte3] male volunte [& 1] pcurenit; & sil face & de ceo sroit atteint al suite de ptie rendra a la ptie sez dam a treble, & avoit la pisone de deux ans, & serroit reint a la volunte le Roi & puis forjure la Co't; et si la ptie ne vorroit suer avoit celluy q le voudra suer p' le Roi le tierce denier de ceo q sra recove pur son travaill, & nientmayns avoit lachato' & pnor la penance coe devant est dit en mesme cell article; Et q chune achato' sur son accompt ferroit declarer & distinguer sevalment tota sez prisez & achatez de chune Countee ville (5) & psone :- Nre dit f' le Roi q orest considera' les pmissez ad ordeigne & comande p laucto" de son dit plemt q lez ditz estatu desore enavant soit duemit gardez & mys en execución; Et oustre ceo ad ordeigne p mesme lauctote q chune p'veiot & achatot, devant qil eit ascun Comission, ferra Bemit en la Chaundie qil ne podra rien de la poeple a contrie dez ditz ordegn'ncez. Et oustre p' ceo q lez povs gentz ne sont de power ne ne osent fair resistenc envs lez ditz p'veio's & achato's, ne eux suer p la ley, come' qils font a cont'rie as ditz estatis, ad ordeigne p mesme lauctote q lez ditz appisours, & auxint to la vitt ou villez adjoign'ntz si busoigne soit, soiet tenuz de fair lo' devoir & poier de resister lez ditz achato's & p'veio's a fair a contrarie de lez ditz estatta, & en tant coe en eux est dexecuter lez ditz estatta sur mesmez les p'veiours sils soiet requis; Et q celluy q est greve de sez bñs p'sez a cont"rie dez ditz ordeign"ncez & estat", p'ra eslier davoir accon de dette envs les ditz appisours vitt ou villez & chune de eux q ne [sount] lour devoir en resisistenc des ditz p'veio's ou achato's en la fo'me avantdit quunt ils sont requis, ou autent envs

envie } Stat. 36 Edw. III. e des cariages 5 villee 6 font Rot. Parl. nu. j. (25.): Lib. Scace.

and other newly made; and that in the said Commissions be comprized all the Matter and Manner of their Takings and Buyings; and that no Man be bound to obey to the Buyers of other Lords against their Agreement and Will, nor to the Buyers of the said Houses, unless they make ready Payment in Hand, as before is said; and that no Man be put in Contempt because of Disobedience made in this Behalf; and that the Takings of all Manner of Corn and Malt for the said Two Houses be measured by Measure according to the Standard, striked, and not by heap; and for the Carriages of the said Corn and Malt, and for all other Manner of Takings and Buyings to be made for the said Two Houses, ready Payment be made in Hand in the same Manner as for the Takings and Buyings aforesaid; and that there be no more Carriage taken than needeth and shall be necessary in this Behalf; and if any Buyer make any Takings or Buyings, or Taking of Carriage in other Manner than is comprised in their Commissions, he shall have Punishment of Life and of Member, as in other Statutes is ordained of Purveyors:"-" Item, That no Buyer of Victuals, nor 36 Ed. III. Taker of Carriages, take nor receive of any a Gift or any other thing for Sparing to be made, nor shall not charge nor grieve any Man by Occasion of such Takings, Buyings, and Carriages, for Hatred, Envy, Evil Will, or Procuring; and if he do, and thereof be attainted at the Suit of the Party, he shall yield to the Party his Treble Damage, and shall have Imprisonment of Two Years, and also be ransomed at the King's Will, and after forswear the Court; and if the Party will not sue, he that will sue for the King, shall have the Third Penny of that which shall be recovered, for his Labour, and nevertheless the Buyer and Taker shall have the Pain as before is said in the same Article; and that every Buyer upon his Account shall declare and distinguish severally all the Takings and Buyings of every County, Town, Village, and Person:" Our said Lord the King that now is, considering the Premisses, hath ordained and commanded by Authority of his said Parliament, That the said Statutes from henceforth shall be duly kept and put in Execution; And also hath ordained by the same Authority, that every Purveyor and Buyer, before they shall have any Commission, shall be sworn in the Chancery, that he shall take nothing of the People contrary to the said Ordinances. And Moreover, because the poor People be not able, nor dare make Resistance against the (1) Purveyors and Buyers, nor sue them by the Law, though that they do contrary to the said Statutes, [It is'] ordained by the same Authority, That the (') Praisers, and also all the Town or Towns adjoining, if need be, shall be bound to do their Endeavour and Power to resist the (') Buyers and Purveyors doing contrary to the said Statutes, and as much as in them is, to execute the said Statutes upon the same Purveyors, if they be required; And that he which is grieved for his Goods taken contrary to the said Ordinances and Statutes, may choose to have an Action of Debt against the said Praisers, Town or Towns, and every of them, which do not their [Industry'] in Resistance of the said Purveyors or Buyers in the Form aforesaid, when they shall be required, or

party grieved.

Recited

Statutes

Purveyore shall be

sworn.

Resistance against Purveyors acting illegally.

a be bath

[·] Lib. Scace. and all the Printed Editions previous to Cay's, agree in numbering the Remainder of this Chapter as Chapter II. of this Statute; but improperly.

Treble Damages.

else against the said Purveyors and Buyers, and every of them, to recover the Treble Value of his Goods so taken, and moreover his Costs and his Treble Damages. And if any Purveyor or other the King's Officer do trouble or vex any of the King's liege People, in the Marshalsea or elsewhere, by any evil Suggestion or Cause feigned, imagined, or coloured upon them, because of Execution of the said Ordinances, he shall incur the Pain of xx l. to be paid to the Party grieved, over his Damages and Costs in this Behalf sustained, and that he thereupon shall have a Writ of Debt; and that every Issue triable in this Action, shall be tried in the County where the Taking of the said Goods was made; and that the Defendants in all the said Cases shall not be admitted to wage their Law, and shall be put to answer without Fourthing, and no Essoin, Aid of the King, nor Protection shall be to them allowed; and that the Serjeant of the Catery shall satisfy all the Damages, Debts, and Executions which shall be recovered against every Purveyor and Buyer under him in all the Cases aforesaid, if the Purveyor or Buyer be not sufficient to satisfy; and the Party Complainant shall have a Scire facias to have Execution against the said Serjeant in that Case; and that these Ordinances and Statutes shall be sent to the Justices of the Peace in every County to proclaim them every Year, and thereof to inform the People.

shall pay Damages in Default of Purveyor.

Serjeant of the Catery

Export of Thrums and Woollen Yarn

prohibited for Three Years.

Saving for the . King under the Statute 8H V1.c. 23.

III. Recital of the Statute 20 Hen. VI. c.ro.touching Deceits in the making of Worsteds in Norwich and Norfolk,

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord the King hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That no Man hereafter shall pack nor ship any Thrums nor woolen [Threads'] in any wise to be had or to pass out of his Realm of England beyond the Sea, during the Term of Three Years next ensuing, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Thrums and woolen [Thread,'] or the very Value of the same to the King; the King to have the one Half thereof, and he which shall the same espy, find, and prove the same to be forfeit, to have the other Half: And that he that packeth to ship beyond the Sea, any such Thrums or woolen [Thread'] hereafter, contrary to this Ordinance, shall have One Year's Imprisonment, and moreover shall make Fine and Ransom (1) for his Offence in this Behalf; Saving always to the King his Advantage by the Statute made in the Parliament holden at Westminster the viij. Year of his noble Reign touching this Matter.

ITEM, Whereas in the last Parliament of the King holden at Westminster, among other Things it was enacted and granted by Authority of the same Parliament, That where there were divers Persons as well within the City of Norwich as in the County of Norfolk which made [false Work 3] of all Manner of Worsteds, not being of the Assise in Length and Breadth as they ought to be, and were of old Time accustomed, and the Slaies and [Thread 1] [to that 3] pertaining were falsly made and wrought, to the great Deceit as well of Denizens as of Strangers repairing to this Realm, which use to buy such Merchandises, trusting that they be within as it appeareth outwardly, where of Truth it was contrary; and where Worsted was sometime a good Merchandise and greatly desired and loved in the Parts beyond the Sea, because it was of false Work and of false Stuff no Man doth set by the same, to the great Damage of the King's Customs, and great Damage and Prejudice to his faithful People, [it was also ordained 6-

les ditz p'veio's & achato's & chune de eux a recover le treble value de sez bns issint p'sez, & oustre ceo sez costagez & dam as treblez: Et si ascun p'veio' ou aut'e Officer nie f' le Roi face troubler ou vexer, en le Marchalsie ou aillo's, ascuns des liegez nre dit f' le Roi p ascun [mane '] suggestion cause feyne ymagine ou colo' sur eux, a cause dexecución dez ditz ordeignencez, enco'ge la peyne de xx ti. a paier a la ptie greve oustre sez dam & costagez en cell ptie susteignuz, & qil ava sur ceo br de dette; Et q chune issue triable en cest accion gra trie en le Countee ou le prise des ditz bîis soy fist; Et q les defenduntz en tota lez ditz casez ne soient admys de gager lo' ley, Et soiet mys a respons s'unz fourcher, Et q essoin eide du Roi ne pteccion a eux soit allowe; Et q le geaunt de la chat'ie satisfiera tota lez dam dettez & execucions queux serront recovez vs chune p'veio' & achato' desouth huy en tota les casez suisditz, en cas q le p'veio' ou achato' ne soie' sufficie' de satisfier ; Et eit la ptie pleign nt Scir fac dav execución vs le dit Sergeant en ceo cas: & q cestz ordeign ncez & estatuitz soie mys as lez Justič de la peas en chescun Countee de eux pclaym chune an & dent enfo'mer le poept.

Item nre dit f' le Roi ad ordeigne p lauctote desuisditz q nutt home en aps face pakker ne eskipper ascuns thrommez ne filez de leyñ en ascune mane, destre euez ou de passer hors de son Roiat Dengt doustr la mear, durant le tme de trois ans pscheinemt ensuars s' peyn de forfaitur dez miz les thromez & file de layn ou le veray value dicell a Roi; le Roy davoir lune moite de ceo & celluy q espiera trova [ou 1] pvera ceo forfaitable davoir laute moite: & q celluy q pakka a eskipper doustr la mear ascuns tielx thromez ou file de laine en aps a cont'rie dicest ordeign'nc eit emprisonemit dun an, & ouste ceo face a Roy fyn & raunsom p' sa offens en cest ptie: savant tou foitz a Roi son av ntage p lestatuit fait en le pleñit tenuz a Westin lan oeptisme de son noble reigne touchant cest matier.

Item come en le darreign plem' du Roy tenuz a Westm ent auts fuist enacte & g'untee p lauctote de mesme le plemt, q lou furent sibn deinz la Citee de Norwich coe deinz le Countee de Norff divsez psonez q firent [faux ordeigne ou oveigne 3] dez to's manez dez worstedez, nient esteantz dez lassisez en longieur & laieur si coe ils duisset estre & furent dauncien tet accustumez, & lez slaiez & filez a ceo spectata fauxemit fure' faitz & ovez, en g'unde disceit sibn dez Deinzeins coe dez est ungez repairantz a icest Roiat q usoient dachatier tielx mch'undisez confiantz gils groiet dedeinz coe [il mra 1] dehors, lou de verite il fuist conterie; Et lou worstedez furet en ascun tet beal mich undise & g'undeîit desirez & ameez en lez ptiez de p de la, p cause qil fuist de faux ovaigne & de faux stuffe null home ent face cont a g'und damage de lez custumez du Roy & g*und damage & pjudice a son foial people, q

iij.

iiij.

yerne Rot. Parl. nu. iij. (28.)

¹ to the King

vern } Rot. Parl. nu. v. (30.) ountrue ware 5 therto

¹ mavis Rot. Parl. nu. j. (25.) & Lib. Scace.

³ faux draps

Stat. 20 Hen. VI. c. 10. * il monstre

a la destruccion dez tielx defaultz q lez homez de la dit art [de'] la di: Citee avoie' poiar chun an a le feste de Pentecost deslier quatre Gardeinz deinz la dit Citee de mesme lart; & icell gardeinz davoir poiar deslier auts deux homez en le dit Countee hors de la dit Citee, & tou lez (1) Gardeinz de venir dev'nt le Mair de la dit Citee p' le te' esteant le lundy aps le jo' de Corpus Xpi adonqs pschein ensuant, & illogs destr jurrez devent le Mair de fair veray & due sche dez tou mans Worstedez, & de la stuffe spectantz a ycell faitz ou affairs deinz la dit Citee ou Countee; & q chune pece de worstede soit p'suant pmye to' le drap de droit ovaigne bon & covenabl stuffe, & qils teignet lez longieur & laieur sico lassise ad este daun te droitemt accustume; s. beddez de le pli9 g'und assise en longieur xiiij aulnez largemit & en laieur iiij aulnez largemit p my tot la pece; & beddez de la mesne assise xij aulnez en longieur, & en laieur p my tot la pece iij aulnez; Et beddez de la pluis petit assise x aulnez en longieur largemt & deux aulnez & di en laieur; & draps appellez Monkez clothes xij aulnez en longieur a le meyns & v. quart's en laieur; Et draps appellez Chanoñ Clothez v. aulnez en longieur & vij quart's en laieur, Et draps (3) Chanon clothez vj aulnez en longieur & deux aulnez en laieur; & double worstede x. aulnez en longieur & v. quart's en laieur; & di doublez vj aulnez en longieur & v. quart's en laieur; & rolle worstede xxx. aulnez en longieur & di aulne en laieur largemt; & q en null dicell worstedez soit mys layn de agnell ne layn appelle pelle woolle: & q̃ lez Gardeinz de la dit art p' le te' esteantz avoient poiar & auctote de seiser tou tielx draps & stuffe issint trovez defectifs, & q le Mair du dit Citee p' le te' esteantz avoit poiar denquerer oier & Pmier, t'unt a la suite du Roy come al enformación de lez ditz Gardeinz, de tota ceux q font encounte la dit ordeignence deinz la dit Citee; & en semblable fo'me lez Justič de la peas en le dit Countee hors de la dite Citee avoient poiar denquerer oyer & mier dez tota ceux q [sont] encounte lez pmissez en le dit Counte hors du dit Citee; Et si ascun home ent dev'nt le dit Mair ou Justic de la peas serroie' duemt convict & atteint q adonqs icell worstedez & stuffe issint trove defectifs serroie' forfaitz s. lune moite de tiel forfaitur a le Roi & laut' moite a lez Gardeinz du dit art p' le te' esteantz; Et q le Mair p' le te' esteant de la dit Citee & lez Justic de la peas en le dit Countee avoient poiar de fair tielx pcesse sevalmit envs tielx psonez ou psone q sront trovez defectifs p enquerie dev'nt eux destre pris [coº 5] ascun chose faite encount' lez pmissez si co' lez Justic de la peas [sont'] s' enditemtz pris devant eux, de [tans 6] faitz ove force & armez encounte la peas du Roi; & q la dit ordeignence comencoit appendre effect a la feste de Seint Michell pscheinemt ensuant le dit plemt, a endurer tanq, a la fyn de trois ans: le Roi considerant lez pmissez ad ordeigne p lauctote de son dit plemt tenuz le dit xxve jour

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de de Stat. 20 Hen. VI. c. 10.
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to the Destruction of such Defaults, that the Men of the said Craft within the said City should have Power every Year at the Feast of Pentecost, to choose Four Wardens within the said City of the same Craft; and the same Wardens to have Power to choose other Two Men in the said County out of the said City, and all the said Wardens to come before the Mayor of the said City for the Time being, the Monday after the Day of Corpus Christi then next ensuing, and there to be sworn before the Mayor, to make true and due Search of all Manner of Worsteds, and of the Stuff pertaining to the same, made or to be made within the said City or County; and that every Piece of Worsted shall be pursuing through all the Cloth of right Work, good and convenable Stuff, and that they shall hold the Length and Breadth as the Assise hath been of old Time (') accustomed; that is to say, Beds of the greatest Assise in Length xiiij. Yards largely, and in Breadth iiij. Yards largely through the Piece; and Beds of the mean Assise xij. Yards in Length, and in Breadth through the Piece iij. Yards; and Beds of the least Assise x. Yards in Length largely, and Two Yards and a Half in Breadth; and Cloths called Monks Cloths xij. Yards in Length at the least and v. Quarters in Breadth; [and Cloths called Cannon Cloths of the one Assise v. Yards in Length and vij. Quarters in Breadth, and of the other Assise, vj. Yards in Length and ij. Yards in Breadth; 1] and Double Worsted x. Yards in Length, and v. Quarters in Breadth; and Half Double vi. Yards in Length and v. Quarters in Breadth; and Roll Worsted xxx. Yards in Length and Half a Yard in Breadth largely: And that no Lambs Wool nor Wool called [Peltwool 1] shall be put in any of the same Worsteds: And that the Wardens of the said Craft for the Time being shall have Power and Authority to seize all such Cloths and Stuff so found defective; and that the Mayor of the said City for the Time being have Power to enquire, hear, and determine as well at the King's Suit as at the Information of the said Wardens, of all them that do contrary to the said Ordinance within the said City; and in like Form the Justices of the Peace in the said County out of the said City, shall have Power to inquire, hear, and determine of all them that do contrary to the Premises in the said County out of the said City; And if any Man (*) before the said Mayor or Justice of the Peace shall be duly convict and attainted, that then the same Worsteds and Stuffs so found defective shall be forfeit, that is to say, the one Half of such Forfeiture to the King, and the other Half to the Wardens of the said Craft for the Time being; And that the Mayor for the Time being of the said City, and the Justices of the Peace in the said County, shall have Power to make such Process severally against such Persons or Person, which shall be found defective by Inquiry before them to be taken of any Thing done contrary to the Premises, as the Justices of Peace do upon Indictments taken before them of Trespass done with Force and Arms against the King's Peace; and that the said Ordinance shall begin to take Effect at the Feast of Saint Michael next ensuing the said Parliament, to endure till the End of Three Years: The King considering the Premises, hath ordained by Authority of his said Parliament, holden the xxv. Day of February, for

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truly
And Chanon Clothes v. yerdes long and vij
quarters brode; And Chanon Clothes vj yerdes
long, and ij yerdes brode;
Pell Woll
therof
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Vol. II.

Worsted Weavers shall choose Four Wardens yearly in Norwich, and Four in Norfolk.

Oath of the Wardens;

and their Authority.

Weavers shall put their Marks on their Worsteds.

Defective Worsteds forfeitable

Continuance of this Ordinance.
Rules of Wardensshall be certified to the King and Council.

the Weal of all his People of his said Realm, and in Amendment of the said Worsteds, [for] and in Destruction of all Manner of Deceit to be done and wrought in Worsteds by them that [have them by '] the Means of the same, that the Men of the said Craft within the said City shall have Power every Year at the Feast of Pentecost to choose Four Wardens within the said City of the same Craft; and also in like Manner that the Artificers of the same Craft, dwelling out of the said City, that is to say, in the County of Norfolk, shall have Power every Year at the (1) Feast of Pentecost to choose Four Wardens within the said County of the same Craft; (3) and that the said Wardens in the said County and City shall be sworn before the Mayor of the said City, and the Steward of the Dutchy of Lancaster within the said County for the Time being, [if he be present within the said City, 1] or else before the Mayor alone, the said Steward being absent at such Time: And that all the said Wardens, as well within the said City as without, or else the most Part of them, under the same Form before rehearsed chosen and sworn, shall have full Power to survey the Work of the said Artificers, and that they shall make and work well and lawfully; and [do to be ordained 5] such Rules and Ordinances within the said Craft, [as shall seem to them necessary for of the Amendment of the said Worsteds and Craft; and that such Rules and Ordinances, by them so made and ordained, to be by the said Artificers obeyed and observed, or else (7) such of the said Artificers that break or do contrary to their said Rules and Ordinances, to [be punished 8] by the Discretion of the said Mayor and Steward: And also that no Man of the said Craft shall make any Worsted, except he put upon the same his Sign by the Ordinance of the said Wardens, or otherwise the said Worsteds shall be forfeit to the King; and that the said Wardens as well within the said City, as within the Counties of Norfolk and Suffolk, shall have full Power to search or do to be searched all Manner of Worsteds, as well within the Looms as without the Looms; and that all Manner of Worsted and Stuff pertaining to the same found by them for any Cause (9) recited defective, by the said Wardens, to be forfeit; that is to say, the one Half to the Mayors and Bailiffs of Cities, Boroughs, or Towns, or to the chief Lords of the Fee, of and in such Places where such Worsteds and Stuff by the said Wardens shall happen to be found defective and forfeitable for any Cause aforesaid, and the other Half to the Wardens of the said Craft; and that all manner Mayors, Sheriffs, and Bailiffs, and all other Officers shall be attending, aiding, and supporting the said Wardens in their Searches, as often as they or any of them shall be by the said Wardens or any of them (10) required: and that this Ordinance shall endure till the End of Three Years next ensuing. Provided always, That if (") the Wardens of the said Craft, as well within the said City of Norwich as without, or otherwise the greater Part of them, in Manner and Form aforesaid [happen to be "] chosen and sworn, to make any such Rules and Ordinances as afore is said, that the same

worken hit, and
and that thei nor noon of hem to be chosen
bi the Wardeyns of the forsaid Craft, within the
forsaid Citee; ony act of Parliament afore this
tyme made to the cont⁸ry notwithstandyng;
if it shall happe hym within the said Citee
to be psent
as often as it shall seme to them nedeful,
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the the them is the said wardeyns
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12 omitted.

" it happen

de Fever, p' la bñ de tout son poeple de son dit Roiat & en amendemt dez ditz Worstedez & en destruccion de to' mane desceit destre fait & ove en Worstedez p ceux q lez ovont & lez mesnez dicell, q homez de la dit art deinz la dit Citee eie' poiar chun an a le feste de Pentecost deslire quate Gardeinz deinz la dit Citee de mesme lart; Et auxint en semblable mane q lez artifics (') hors du dit Citee, s. en le Counte de Norff eient poiar chune an a la dit feste de Pentecost deslire quatre Gardeinz deinz la dit Counte de mesme lart; & q ils ne ascun de eux destre eslieux p lez Gardeinz de la dit art deinz la dit Citee, ascun act de plemit devant cest te' fait a cont'rie nient obst'unt: Et q les ditz Gardeinz en les ditz Countee & Citee soie' jurrez, dev'nt le Mair du dit Citee & le Seneschaff del Duchie de Lancastr deinz le dit Counte p' le te' esteat, sil aveignera [la deinz dit Citee & 1] estr psent, ou autremt devent le Mair teunt soulemt le dit Seneschall esteant absent a tiel te': Et q tou les ditz Gardeinz si on deinz la dit Citee coe dehors ou aut mt la greindre ptie diceux desoubz icell fo'me avent reherce esluz & jurrez eient pleyñ poiar de s'veier le ovaigne de lez ditz artifics, & qils face' & ovent on & loialmit, & de fair & dordiner autielx rulez & ordeign*ncez deinz la dit art si sove' come il semblera a eux necessarie, co' serront a le amendenit de lez ditz Worstedez & arte; & q autielx rulez & ordeign'ncez p eux issint faitz & ordeignez destre p lez ditz artifics obeiez & obfvez, ou aut me' lez ditz Gardeinz, ceux de les ditz artifics q a ascun de lo' ditz reulez & ordeign*ncez enfreyne' ou font le cont'rie, p lez discrecons dez ditz Mair & Seneschaff de punir : & auxint q null hoe de la dit arte face ascun Worstede sanz ceo qil metta sur ceo son signe p la ordinanc de lez ditz Gardeinz, ou aut'înt les ditz Worstedez soie' forfaitz a Roi; & q lez ditz Gardeinz sibn deinz la dit Citee coe deinz lez Counteez de Norff & Suff eient pleyn poiar de scher [toucher 3] tou man's Worstedez, ou de fair scher, sibn deinz lez lomez coe dehors lez lomez; & q to mane Worsted & stuffe spectantz a ycell trove p eux p ascun cause avant recite defectif, p lez ditz Gardeinz destre forfaitz, s. lun moite as lez Mairs & Baillifs dez Citeez & Burghs ou Villez, ou as chiefs f's de le fee de & en tielx lieux sico" il aviegna autielx Worstedez & stuff p les ditz Gardeinz destre t'vez p ascun cause aventdit defectif & forfaitablez, & laute moite a lez Gardeinz de la dit arte; & q toutz Mairs Visc & Baillifs & tota aut's offics soiet entendantz eidauntz & support'untz lez ditz Gardeinz en lo' schez, si sove' co' eux ou ascun de eux soiet p lez ditz Gardeinz ou ascun de eux [soie' p les ditz Gardeinz ou ascun de eux 4] resonablemt requis: Et q cest ordeign në endurera tanq, al fyn de trois ans pscheinenit ensuats. Purvieu tot foitz q si il aveigne lez Gardeinz de la dit arte sitin deinz la Citee de Norwiche coe dehors, ou aut înt la greinde ptie de eux, en mane & fo'me avent ditz es uez & jurrez, de fair ascuns tielx reulez & ordeign'ncez. coe desuis est dit, q mesmez lez reulez & ordeign*ncez

de mesme larte dem'antz Lib. Scac.

² luy deinz la dit Citee Lib. Scacc.

³ Lib. Scac. omits.

⁴ An erroneous Repetition.

iiij. (')

vj.

ne soiet en ascuns mane mys en execuen, devent ceo q le Roi et son Counsaill soie' de eux ctifiez, & qil sembla a Roy & son Counsaill mz lez rulez & ordeignauncez expedientz & necessariez p' la bien du Roi & son Roiat.

Item coe divsez psonez dem'antz en Galez & en le Marche de Galez, enditz & utlagez dez treasons & feloniez, veignet en le Countee de Hereford as lez Citeez & Burghs villez fairez & marchez & as aut lieux deinz le dit Countee, [ascun foitz p jo' & a] ascun foitz p nuyt, & illoquez vendont & achatot mchaundisent & dem'ount p deux trois quate jo's ou pluis a lo' volunte, & puis reto'nent a lo' ppre pays, s'unz grev'nc empeschemt ou execuon de ley sur eux fait p le Visc du dit Countee & sez ministrez, ou p ascun aut psone, p' ceo q le Visc & sez ministrez sovet foitz nont conisance de lo' psonez ne de lour estre deinz le dit Countee, & lez aut's psonez ascuns p' favo' & amiste & ascuns p' doubte de male a cause de quele nounfes unc de due execución de la ley lez ditz psonez enditz & utlagez, & aut's meffaiso's de Galez & de le marche avantditz, ne doubtet mye de venir de tuer arder robber & aut's malez fair en le dit Counte, a ppetuel destruccon & empovishemt dez lez Coes du dit Counte: Nre dit f' le Roi considerat les pmissez ad g'unte p laucto" desuisdit q (3) le Visc Southvisc ou ascun minist' de Visc, Mair & Baillifs des villez & burghs, ou ascun aute psone convsant deinz le dit Counte, conisoit & veisoit ascun tiel endite ou utlage en ascun lieu deinz le dit Counte, qil luy arresta pndra & amesna a Gaole deinz le dit Counte & illoquez luy deliva al Gaoler solong, la ley du Roiat; & si ascun tiel endite ou utlage voille disobeier [a aler 1] en la fo'me avent dit a fair, q cestuy envs q tiel disobeis unc est fait leva hue & crie, & q chune q est convsat deinz le dit Counte q [ne 3] le hue et crie vienda & eidera cestuy q leva le hue & crie de pndre le dit mesfaiso', & ferront lo' poiar de ceo fair, & si ils ne p'ront luy p'ndre qils luy enchacet & p'suet hors du dit Counte ove hue & crie: & q̃ le Viscot Southviscot & lot Ministez Mair & Baillifs, convsauntz & oiers dez tielx huez & criez ferront due execución du dit ordeignance solono, lo poiar sur la peyne, s. le dit Visco' Southvisc & lo' Ministrez Mairs & Baillifs de fair fyn & raunceon a Roi; & lez ditz convsantz & oiers, s. un chivaler Cs. un Esquier xl s. & tota aut's dem'rantz xx s. & q lez Justic du peas en le dit Counte p' le te' esteantz aiet poiar denquerer oier & Pmier sur lez defaultz & necligencez du dit Visco' Southvisč Ministrez Mairs Baillifs convsantz & oiers dez huez & criez avantditz. Et ouste ceo le Roi voet q lestatuit de Westm prim toucha' semblable matier soit mys en execuon.

Item coe au plemt tenuz a Westm lan du reigne le Roi gorest xvº p' la coe pfit de to' le Roiat ordeigne fuist & establie en la fo'me qensuist. Item p' ceo q p la ley [est q̃'] null home poet carier ne mesner blees hors du

Rules and Ordinances shall be in no wise put in Execution before that the King and his Council be certified of them, and that the same Rules and Ordinances shall seem to the King and his Counsel expedient and

necessary for the Weal of the King and of his Realm. ITEM, Whereas divers Persons dwelling in Wales and in the Marches of Wales, indicted and outlawed of Treasons and Felonies [coming '] into the County of Hereford to Cities and Burghs, Towns, Fairs, and Markets, and to other Places within the said County, (1) sometime by Night, and there sell (3) buy, merchandize, and tarry by ij, iij, iv. Days or more at their Will, and after return into their own Countries without Grievance, Impeachment, or Execution of the Law made upon them by the Sheriff of the said County, (1) his Ministers, or by any other Person, by reason that the Sheriff and his Ministers oftentimes have no Knowledge of their Persons, nor of their being within the said County, and other Persons, some for Favour and Amity, and some for Doubt of Hurt; by reason of which non doing of due Execution of the Law, the said Persons indicted and outlawed, and other Offenders, of Wales and of the Marches aforesaid, doubt not to come, slay, burn, rob, and to do other Offences in the said County, to the perpetual Destruction and Impoverishment of the Commons of the said County: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, hath granted by Authority aforesaid, That if the Sheriff, Under Sheriff, or any Sheriff's Minister, Mayor and Bailiffs of Towns and Boroughs, or any other Person conversant within the said County, know and see any such Person indicted or outlawed in any Place within the said County, that he shall arrest, take, and bring him to the Gaol within the said County, and there shall deliver him to the Gaoler, after the Law of the Realm; and if any such Person indicted or outlawed will disobey the Arrest to be made in the Form aforesaid, that he against whom such Disobeisance is made, shall levy Hue and Cry; and that every Person that is conversant within the said County that heareth the Hue and Cry, shall come and aid him that levieth the said Hue and Cry, to take the said Offender, and shall do their Power that to do, and if they cannot take him, they shall follow and pursue him out of the said County with Hue and Cry: And that the Sheriff, Under Sheriff, and their Ministers, Mayor and Bailiffs, [conversant and hearing 1] of such Hue and Cries, shall make due Execution of the said Ordinance according to their Power, upon Pain, that is to say, the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, and their Ministers, Mayors and Bailiffs, to make Fine and Ransom to the King; and the said Persons conversant and Hearers, that is to say, a Knight a Cs. an Esquire Forty Shillings, and all other Inhabitants Twenty Shillings: And that the Justices of Peace in the said County for the Time being, shall have Power to inquire, hear, and determine upon the Defaults and Negligences of the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Ministers, Mayor and Bailiffs, [conversant 1] and Hearers of the said Hues and Cries. And moreover the King will, that the Statute of Westminster primer, touching like Matter, shall be put in Execution.

ITEM, Whereas at the Parliament holden at Westminster the xv. Year of the Reign of the King that now is, for the common Profit of all the Realm, It was ordained (6) in the Form as followeth: "Item, Forasmuch Corn, recited. as by the Law ordained, no Man might carry nor bring

Welshmen indicted or outlawed may shire, or pursued there by Hue and

not executing this Ordi-

may inquire.

St Westm. 1. chapter 9.

The Statute

¹ v. Lib. Scac. Lib. Scace. and the Old Printed Copies omit these Words. Rot. Parl. nu. vj (31.) inserts them.

Rot. Parl.
4 al larrest nu. vj. (31.)
6 vij Lib. Scace. in Marg.
7 ordeinee Stat. 15 Hen VI. c. 2.

come sometime by Day, and the Conversants and Hearers 6 and established

all the Realm: Our Sovereign Lord the King, willing in this Case to provide a Remedy, hath ordained by Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful to every Person to ship and carry all Manner of Corn and Grain out of this Realm, to any Place that pleaseth him, except only to the Enemies of our Sovereign Lord the King, as often and as long as a Quarter of Wheat doth not exceed the Price of vjs. and viij d. and a Quarter of Barley iij s. in that Port where the Wheat or Barley is so shipped; and that without suing any Licence for the same; all other Ordinances before this Time made to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, That the King be contented of his Customs and Duties; and this Ordinance shall endure till the next Parliament:" And Forasmuch as this Statute is not now in his force, and that many Counties adjoining to the Sea may not sell the Substance of their Corn, but by Carriage to be carried by the Sea; Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, hath ordained by Authority of his said Parliament, holden the said Five and-twentieth Day of February,

that the Statute and Ordinance aforesaid by Authority

of the same Parliament shall be perpetual, and stand in

Corn out of the Realm of England, without the King's

Licence, by reason whereof Farmers and other Men

which use Manurement of their Land, may not sell

their Corn but at a low Price, to the great Damage of

The gather-ing of Head-pence by the Sheriff of Northumberland shall

VII.

Recital of

the Statutes

against the Continuance

of Sheriffs

Office, viz. 14 Edw. III.

st. 1. c. 7;

in their

recited Sta-

tute made perpetual.

> his Force for ever ('). ITEM, Whereas the poor Commons, and the King's faithful liege People of his County of Northumberland, have been of long Time oppressed and surcharged, by the Sheriffs of the said County for the Time being levying or causing to be levied of their Goods and Chattels, to the Sum of [Forty Pounds, 1] and more, called Head-pence, Two Times in Seven Years; that is to say, every Third Year and every Fourth Year, to their own (3) Avail, without any Account, Profit, or [Advantage 1 to the King, and without any lawful Cause or Ground, but of their great Extortion; which causeth divers Men to labour and expend great Goods to be Sheriff, when the said Years come, to the great Oppression of the said Commons: Our said Lord the King considering the Premises, hath ordained and granted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Gathering of the said Head-pence shall be clearly [put out 5] for ever, any Use or Custom (6) to the contrary notwithstanding; upon Pain of an Cli. to be paid, the one Half of the same to the King, and the other Half to the Party which will sue for the Forfeiture against the Sheriff: This Ordinance to begin at the Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord M. CCCC. xlvj.

> ITEM, Whereas King Edward the Third, for divers and special Causes, in his Parliament holden at Westminster, the Wednesday next after Midlent, the Fourteenth Year of his Reign, for that several Sheriffs in divers Counties of England then being, had their Offices, some for Term of Years of the King's Grant, and some trusting of longer Continuance in their Offices, by Procurement, &c. were greatly encouraged, and did take upon them to do many and divers Oppressions to the King's liege People, unduly, and evil and falsly [to serve 1] the King and his People, did ordain and stablish, That no Sheriff should tarry nor abide in

Roiat Dengt s'unz licenc du Roi; p cause de quele fermo's & aut's homez q usent maynuremt de lo' tre ne poiet vende lor bleez sinoun a bas pis, a gaund damage de to' le Roiat, Nre & le Roi voilla' en ceo cas p'voier de remedie ad ordeigne p auctote suisdit q bien lirra a chune home eskipper & carier tou mans dez bleez & greinez hors dicest Roiał a qconq lieu q luy plerra, forsp's ta'soulemt a lez enemyes nre f. le Roi; si sove' & tantlongemit q un quart de frumt ne excede pas le p'ce de vj s. viiij d. & un quart dorge iij s. en ycell porte lou frume' & orge est tielmit eskippe; & ceo s'unz ascun licenc suir p' ycell; to" auts ordeign'ncez avant sez hoeurez faitz a contarie niet obstauntz: Purveu tot foitz q le Roi soit conte de sez custumez & devers: & durera cest ordeign'nc tanq, al pschein plemit: Et p' ceo q cest estat' nest pas a ore en sa force, & q pluso's Counteez adjoign'ntz a le mear ne poiet vende le substaunc de lo' bleez sinoun p cariage & amesner p la mear, Nre dit f' le Roi considera' lez pmissez ad ordeigne p laucto" de son dit plemt, tenuz le dit xxve jo' de Fever, q lestat' & ordeign'nc av'nt dit p laucto' de mesme le plement soit ppetuel & en sa force a tota jo's en aps.

Item co' lez povez Cões & foialx liegez du Roy de son Counte de Northumbr ount este de longe te' oppssez & surchargez, p lez Viscot du dit Countee p' le te' esteantz levantz & facentz leve de lo' bins & chateux a la some de lx ti. & pluis, appellez hede peniez, deux foitz en vij ans, s. chune tierce an & chune iiije an a lo' ppre availl, s'unz ascun accompt pfit ou availl a Roi. & saunz ascun loial [avyce '] ou foundemet sinoun de lo' g'und extorcon; le quele causa divsez homez de laborer & expender g'undez bîis destr Visc q'unt lez ditz ans veignet, a le pluis greinde oppssion de lez ditz Coes: Nre dit f' le Roy considera' lez Pinissez ad ordeigne & gaunte p lauctote suisdit, q le dit collect de lez ditz hede penyez soit to' oustremt oustez p' tou jo's, ascun use ou custume eue a le cont'rie nie' obst'unt ; sur payn de C. fi. destre paiez lune moite dicell a Roi & laute moite dicell a la ptie q sua la forfaitur envs le Visč: cest ordeign*nč a comencer a la fest de la Nativite de Seint John le Bapte q Bra en lan nre f' M' CCCC. xlvj.

Item [q'] le Roi E. le tierce p' divsez & notablez causez en son pleñit tenuz a Westin le meskerdy pschein ap's le di quaresme, lan de son reigne xiiije, p' cause q divsez Viscota en divsez Counteez Dengt adongs esteauntz avoiet lor officez, ascuns p' t'me dans de g'unte du Roi, & ascuns confiantz en pli9 longe continuance en lo' officez p pcurenit &c. [feyne'*] g'undenit esbaudez & p'steront s' eux de faire pluso's & divsez oppssions a le liege poept du Roy, meyns duenit & malemt & fauxemet servoiet le Roi & son poept, ordeigna & fist q null Visco' dem'eroit ne expecteroit en

vij.

¹ bereafter

² lx fi. { Rot. Parl. nu. ix. (34.) 4 avaytt

⁷ Sved Rot. Parl. nu. x. (35.)

viij Lib. Scace. and the subsequent Chapters accordingly.

e cause Lib. Scace. o come Lib. Scace.

⁴ furent Lib. Scace.

son offic oustr un an, & q adonqs un aut covenabt & sufficiet hoe groit ordeine en son lieu p le Chaunceller & Tresorer Dengt & le chief Baron del Eschequer & auts, chune an en lendemayn dez tou almez; sico il appiert en le dit estat': & aps cell estat' issint fait p un aut' estat' fait a Westm en le plemt du dit Roi tenuz le p'm jo' de Maij lan de son reigne xlij de, ordeigna & fist q null Viscot Southviscot ne Clerk de Visc dem'eroit ou expecteroit en son Offic oustr un an, sicoe est ordeigne p aut's estatta faitz devant cell te'; sico' il pli9 pleinemt appiert p le dit estat' del xlijde an : Et oustr ceo p un aute estat' fait a Westin en le xve de Seint Michell lan du reigne du Roy Richard la scde prim, fuist ordeigne & fait q null home q avoit estee Visco' dascun Counte p' un entier an ne sroit eslieu aut foitz ne mys en la dit Offic deinz trois ans adongs pscheinz ensuantz, sinoun q ne soit ascun aute sufficeat deinz le dit Countee; sicoe il pluis pleineme' appiert p le dit estat' du Roi Richard: & coe en divsez Counteez Dengt aps la fesaunc dez ditz estat" pluso's divsez Visc ont estez faitz & ount occupiez deinz lez ditz Counteez ascuns x. ans, & ascuns xij. ans & pluis a le gaund damage du Roi quorest, sez pgenito's & lo' poeple deinz lez ditz Counteez, cont'rie a lez ditz estatu & to' aut' bon rule, & veraie semblablemit en te' avenir destr imptabl damage ovt dishitaunc & supportacon domicidie & pjurre & g'und oppssion as pluso's du liege poept du Roi, considerez lez gaundez consanguinite alliaune lez [famulers'] dez Visc, sibn de ceux q ount estee devant cest te' coe de ceux q ore sont en lez ditz Counteez: Nre dit € le Roi considerat lez pmissez ad ordeigne p loucto'e suisdit q lez estata devant recitez & chun de eux soiet duemet obfvez en chune Countee Dengt; lez Southvisc & tou lez auts offics deinz la Citee de Loundrez qore sont ou Front tot te exceptz; & autielx Counteez ta' soulemt exceptz en queux divs de le liege poept du Roi en loffic de Viscot a cest jor sont enheritez; & auxint tielx psonez q ont estate de frank tent en loffic de Viscot mesme cest jo' & frez patentz a eux faitz del offic de Visco' & lor Southvisc & Clerks exceptz: Et si ascun Visc (1) ou Clerk de Visc occupia offic de Visc Southvisc ou Clerk de Visc cont"rie a ascuns de lez estatu avant recitez, ou encounte leffect ou entent dascun de eux, exceptz devant exceptz, q adonqs cestuy q issint occupia forfaira la some de CC ti. annuelmit auxi longemit come il occupia contrarie al effect dez ditz estatu; & q chune pdon en te' aveignir destre fait pr tiel [Offics 3] ou occupacon, forfaitur dez somez avant recitez groit voidez & nie' advailablez: & tou patentz faitz [& *] affairs de ascun de lez ditz Offics p' t'me dans, t'me de vie, en fee simple ou fee taill a ascun de lez liegez du Roi exceptz dev'nt exceptz soiet voidez & de null value p mesme lauctote; ascun clause ou parole de non obstante en ascun (5) mys ou a mette en tielx patentz destre faitz nient obstauntz.

2 Southvis 1 familiez 4 ou 3 offence s mane

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his Office above a Year, and that then another meet and sufficient Man should be ordained in his Place by the Chancellor and Treasurer of England, and the Chief Baron of the Exchequer, and other, every Year in the Morrow of All Souls; as it appeareth in the said Statute: And after the said Statute so made, by another Statute made at Westminster, in the Parliament of the said King, holden the First Day of May, the Fortysecond Year of his Reign, he ordained and made, that no Sheriff, Under Sheriff, nor Sheriff's Clerk, should tarry or abide in his Office over one Year, as it is ordained by other Statutes before [this '] Time; as it appeareth more plainly by the said Statute of the same Forty-second Year: And moreover, by another Statute made at Westminster, the Fifteenth of Saint Michael, the First Year of the Reign of King Richard the Second, It was ordained and made, That no Man which [hath a] been Sheriff of any County by one whole Year, [shall] be another Time chosen nor put in the said Office within Three Years (4) next ensuing, except that there be not other sufficient within the said County; as it appeareth more playnly by the said Statute of King Richard: And Whereas in divers Counties in England, after the making of the said Statutes, many and several Sheriffs have been made, and have occupied within the said Counties, some Ten Years, and some Twelve Years and more, to the great Damage of the King that now is, his Progenitors, and their People within the said Counties, contrary to the said Statutes, and all other good Rule, and very like in Time to come to be [to their 3] importable Damage, open Disherison, and upholding of Manslaughter, Perjury, and great Oppression to many of the King's liege People, considering the great Consanguinity, Alliance, and [Familiars of the Sheriffs, 6] as well of them that have been before this Time, as of them which now be in the said Counties: Our said Lord the King, considering the Premises; hath ordained, by the Authority aforesaid, That the Statutes before recited, and every of them, shall be duly observed in every County of England; the Under Sheriffs and all other Officers within the City of London, which now be, or shall be, at all Times excepted; and such Counties only except, in which divers of the King's liege People be inheritable [to 7] the Office of [Sheriffs 8] at this Day; and also such Persons as have Estate of Freehold in the Office of [Sheriffs 8] at this Day, and [except ?] the Letters Patents made to them of the Office of [Sheriffs, 8] and their Under Sheriffs and Clerks ("): And if any Sheriff, Under Sheriff, or Sheriff's Clerk, occupy the Office of Sheriff, Under Sheriff's Clerk, contrary to any of the Statutes afore recited, or against the Effect or Intent of any of them, except before excepted, that then he which doth so occupy, shall forfeit the Sum of CC li. yearly as long as he occupieth contrary to the Effect of the said Statutes; and that every Pardon hereafter to be made for such Offence or Occupation, or Forfeiture of Sums before recited, shall be void, and not available; and all Patents made, or to be made, of any the said Offices for Term of Years, for Term of Life, in Fee Simple, or in Fee Tail, to any of the King's liege People, except before excepted, shall be void, and of no Value, by the same Authority; any Clause or Word of Non obstante in any wise put or to be put in such Patents to be made notwithstanding:

* hadde 1 that shuld Rot. Parl. omitted * Sherreff omitted here. 10 except

42 Edw. III. chapter 9;

1 R. II. c 11.

Recited

Exceptions,

Penalty for

All Pardons

Action for the Penalty. to [have'] or occupy the said Office of Sheriff, by virtue of such Grants or Patents now to be made for Term of Years, for Term of Life, Fee Simple, or Fee Tail, shall stand for ever and at all Times disabled to be, or bear the Office of, Sheriff within any County in England by the same Authority; and that every liege Man which will sue for the said Sum forfeit, against him or them which in such Manner [doth forfeit or shall forfeit,2] shall be received and admitted to sue an Action of Debt in his own Name, our Lord the King to have the one Half of all that shall happen by the same Action to be recovered by such Suit, and he or they that so pursue to have the other Half.

And moreover, whosoever will take upon him or them,

VIII. Recital of the Statute 6 H. VI. c. 5 relating to Commissions of Sewers.

ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster at the xv. of Saint Michael, the Sixth Year of the Reign of the King that now is, for the great Damages and Losses that happened by the great Inundations of Water in divers Parts of this Realm, and that many greater Losses were like to have come, if Remedy had not been hastily provided, Wherefore by Authority of the said Parliament, It was ordained and granted, that during Ten Years then next ensuing, several Commissions of Sewers should be made to divers Persons, by the King's Chancellor of England for the Time being named, in all Parts of this Realm where need is, after the Form following in the same Statute; by reason whereof the said Mischiefs were greatly reformed and amended: And Whereas now of late in divers Parts of this Realm, by great [rising 3] of Water, many Towns and Lands to a great Quantity be [drowned 1] and destroyed, to the great [Hinderance 5] of this Realm, and great Prejudice, Damage, and Mischiefs, be very likely to fall, if Remedy be not hastily for the same provided; The King considering the Premises, and how the Ten Years be passed, hath ordained by Authority aforesaid, That during the Term of xv. Years next ensuing, the Chancellor of England for the Time being shall have Power to make Commissions of Sewers out of the King's Chancery, under the King's great Seal, in such Form as it was granted to be made by the Statute made the said Sixth Year.

Like Commissions may be granted for 15 Years.

IX. No Sheriff shall let his County, &c. to Ferm.

No Sheriff's Officers or Bailiffs shall be returned upon Inquests.

Such Officers shall not take any thing of Persons arrested, for Ease and Favour, &c.

ITEM, The King, considering the great Perjury, Extortion, and Oppression which be and have been in this Realm by his Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, and their Clerks, Coroners, Stewards of Franchises, Bailiffs, and Keepers of Prisons, and other Officers in divers Counties of this Realm, hath ordained by Authority aforesaid, in eschewing of all such Extortion, Perjury, and Oppression, that no Sheriff shall let to ferm in any manner, his County, nor any of his Bailiwicks, Hundreds, nor Wapentakes; nor that the said Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, Bailiffs of Franchises, nor any other Bailiff, shall return upon any Writ or Precept to them directed [to be returned 6] any Inquests, in any Panel thereupon to be made, any Bailiffs, Officers, or Servants to any of the Officers aforesaid, in any Panel by them so to be made; nor that [any?] of the said Officers and Ministers, by Occasion or under Colour of their Office, shall take any other Thing, by them nor by any other Person to their Use [Profit 8] or Avail, of any Person by them or any of them to be arrested or attached, nor of none other for them, for the [omitting 9] of any Arrest or Attachment to be made by their [Body,10]

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1 accept Rot. Parl. nu. x. (35.)
2 doth or do forfeit
3 Inundations
4 so rounded Rot. Parl. nu. xij. (37.)
6 to reto ne
7 none
9 forbering
10 bodies
7 Rot. Parl. nu. xiv. (39.)
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Et oustre ceo quonq, Psume sur luy ou s' eux daccepter ou occupier la dit Offic de Visco' p vue dautielx g'untez ou patentz ore affairez p' me dans a me de vie fee simple ou fee taill destoier disable ppetuelnit & to' te' destre ou porter loffice de Visco' deinz ascun Countee en Engt p mesme laucto'; & q chune liege home q voet suer p' la dit some forfait envs celluy ou ceux q en tiel mane forface ou forface', serra resceu & admys de suer accion de dette en son ppre noun, le Roy davoir lune moite de to' ceo q aveigna p icell accon destre recovez p tiel suite, & celluy ou ceux q issint p'suera ou p'suero' dav laut moite.

Item coe en le plemt tenuz a Westm a la xve de Seint Michell lan du reigne le Roi quorest vie, p' lez g'undez dam & pdez q viendroient p lez g'undez creteyns del eawe en divsez ptiez dicest Roiat, & q pluso's greindrez dam fure' semblablez dav venuz si remedie ne avoit este hastifmt p'vieu, p' q p auctote de [nre'] dit plemt fuist ordeigne & g'unte, q p x. ans adonqs pscheins ensuantz sevalx comissions dez Sewers serroie' faitz, as divsez psonez p le Chaunceller du Roy Dengt p' le te' esteat nomez, en tota ptiez dicest Roiat lou [necessarie ferroit 1] solong, la fo'me q ensuist en m lestat'; p q lez ditz meschiefs fure' g"undemt reformez & amendez: & coe jatarde en divsez ptiez dicest Roiat p g'undez creteins del ewe pluso's villez & trez a g'und q'ntite sont suroundez & distroiez, a g'und anientisme' dicest Roiał, & g'undez Pjudice damage & mischiefs sont visemblablez de cheier si remedie ne soit hastifmet p' ceo p'veu; le Roy considerat lez Pmissez, & comt lez x. ans sont passez, ad ordeigne p laucto' suisdit q dura' le tme de xv'. ans pscheins ensua", le Chaunceller Dengt p' le te' esteat eit poiar de fair hors du Chauncie du Roy Comissions dez Sewers desuis le g'und Seal du Roy, en tiel fo'me sico' il fuist g'unte destre fait p lestat' fait le dit an vie.

Item le Roi considera' lez g'undez pjure extorcon & oppssion queux sont & ont esteez en cest Roiat, p sez Viscota Southvisč & lo' Clerks Coronis Seneschaft dez f'unchisez Baillifs & Gardeinz dez prisons, & aut's Offics en divsez Counteez dicest Roiat, ad ordeigne p lauctote suisdit, en eschuyng dez tota tielx extorcons pjurie & oppssion, q null Visc lesse a ferme en ascun mane son Counte, ne ascun de sez Baillifwiks Hundredez ne Wapentakez; ne q lez ditz Visc Southvisc Baillifs dez f'unchisez ne ascun auf Baillif reto'ne s' ascun br ou pcept a eux direct de reto'ner ascuns enquestez, en ascuñ panell sur ceo destre fait, ascuns Baillifs Offics ou Serv'ntz a ascun de lez Offics suisditz en ascun panell p eux issint affair; ne q null de lez ditz Offics & ministrez p occasion ou south colour de lo' offic pigne ascun aute chose, p eux ne p ascun aut psone a lo' oeps (3) ou availle, dascun psone p eux ou ascuns de eux destre arrestuz ou attachez, ne de null aute p' eux, p' le lesser dascun arrest ou attachem destre fait p lo' corps; ou de ascun

* necessite est Lib. Scace.

viii

ix.

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Lib. Scace. omits.

³ pfit Lib. Scace.

psone p eux ou ascun de eux p force ou colo' de lo' offic arestuz ou attachez, p' fyn [ne'.] sewet de prison maymp's lessance a baith ou monst unce ascun ease ou favo' a ascun tiel psone issint arrestuz, ou arrestier, p' lo' regard ou pfit sinoun tiel coe ensuist; s. p' le Viscot xx d. le Baillif q face larrest ou lattachemt iiij d. & le Gaoler si le p'soner soit comis a sa garde iiij d. Et q le Visc Southvisc Clerk de Visc Seneschall ou Baillif de l'unchis Servent ou Baillif ne Coron, pigne p colo' de son offic, p' luy ne p ascuñ aut psone a son use, dascun psone p' la faisur dascun reto'ne ou panell ascun chose, & p' la copie dun panell iiij d.: & q lez ditz Visco" & to" aut's Offices & ministrez avantditz lesseront hors du p'son tou mans dez psonez p eux ou ascun de eux arrestiers, ou estea' en lo' garde, p force dun br bill ou garr'unt en ascun accon psonell ou p cause denditeñit de Pspas, s' resonabt suerte dez sufficeats psonez eiat sufficieaunte deinz lez Counteez lou tielx psonez sount issint lessez a baille ou maympris, de garder lo' jo's en tielx lieux coe lez ditz brs billes ou garr'untz require'; tiel psone ou psonez q sont ou 'sront en lo' garde p condempnacion execución capias utlagatū ou excoicatū, suerte de peas & tota tielx psonez q sont comys a gard p espeal comaundent dascun Justič, & vager untz refus untz de svir solong la fo me del estat' dez laborers, t'unt soulemt exceptz. Et q null Visco' ne null dez Offics ou Ministrez suisditz Digne ou face de Pndr ou fair ascun obligacon p ascun cause suisditz ou colo' de lo' offic, sinoun t'unt soulemt a lo' mesmez, dascun psone ne p' ascun psone q soit en lo' garde p le co's de la leye, forsq, s' le noun de lo' offic, & s' condicon (1) q la dit p'soner appierga a le jo' conteignuz en le dit bre bill ou garraunt (1) requiert. Et si ascuns de lez ditz Visc ou auts Offics ou Ministrez suisditz Pigne ascun obligacon en aute fo'me p colo' de lo' officez qil soit voide; Et qil ne Pigne pluis p' la fes une dascun tiel obligacon garr unt ou pcept p eux destre fait forsq iiij d. Et auxint q chune de lez ditz Visc face annuelmet un depute en lez Co'tz du Roi de sa Chauncie Bank du Roy cõe Bank & leschequer de recorde devant ceo quils reto'net ascuns brs, de resceiv tou mans dez brs & garrantz a eux destre delivez ; Et q tou lez Visc Southvisc Clercs Baillifs Gaolers Corons Seneschaft Baillifs dez f'unchisez, ou ascuns aut's Offics ou minist'z, queux font le cont'rie dicest ordeign'nc ou dascun point dicell, pde a la ptie en ycell endamage ou greve sez treblez dami; & forface la some de xl. ti a chune te' q eux ou ascun de eux fo' le cont'rie dicell en ascun point dicell, dont le Roi davoir lune moite ceo destre emploiez a le use de son hostiel & en null aute mane, & laute moite a celluy q ceo voet suer.

. Lis. Scarr. omits.

or of any Person, by them or any of them by Force or Colour of their Office arrested or attached, for Fine, [Fee, '] Suit of Prison, Mainprise, letting to Bail, or shewing any Ease or Favour to any such Person so arrested or to be arrested, for their Reward or Profit, but such as follow; that is to say, for the Sheriff xx d. the Bailiff which maketh the Arrest or Attachment, Four-pence, and the Gaoler, if the Prisoner be committed to his Ward, Four-pence: And that the Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Sheriff's Clerk, Steward or Bailiff of Franchise, Servant [of'] Bailiff [or'] Coroner, shall not take [any Thing 1] by Colour of his Office, by him nor by any other Person to his Use, of any Person for the making of any Return or Panel, (5) and for the Copy of any Panel, but iv d: And that the said Sheriffs, and all other Officers and Ministers aforesaid, shall let out of Prison all Manner of Persons by them or any of them (6) arrested, or being in their Custody, by Force of any Writ, Bill, or Warrant in any Action Personal, or by Cause of Indictment of Trespass, upon reasonable [Sureties 7] of sufficient Persons, having sufficient within the Counties where such Persons be so let to Bail or Mainprise, to keep their Days in such [Place*] as the said Writs, Bills, or Warrants shall require; such Person or Persons which be or shall be in their Ward by Condemnation, Execution, Capias Utlagatum or Excommunicatum, Surety of the Peace, and all such Persons which be [or shall be] committed to Ward by special Commandment of any Justice, and Vagabonds refusing to serve according to the Form of the Statute of Labourers only except. And that no She- How the riff, nor [any 9] of the Officers or Ministers aforesaid, shall take (") or cause to be taken or [make,"] any Obligation for any Cause aforesaid, or by Colour of their Office, but only to themselves, of any Person, nor [by"] any Person which shall be in their Ward by the Course of the Law, but [by"] the Name of their Office, and upon Condition [written,"] that the said Prisoner shall appear at the Day contained in the said Writ, Bill, or Warrant, [and in such Places as the said Writs, Bills, or Warrants 15] shall require. And if any of the said Sheriffs, or other Officers or Ministers aforesaid, take any Obligation in other Form by Colour of their Offices, that it shall be void; and that he shall take no more for the making of any such Obligation, Warrant, or Precept by them to be made, but Fourpence. And also that every of the said Sheriffs shall make yearly a Deputy in the King's Courts of his Chancery, the King's Bench, the Common Place, and in the Exchequer, of Record, before that they shall return any Writs, to receive all manner of Writs and Warrants to be delivered to them; and that all Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, Clerks, Bailiffs, Gaolers, Coroners, Stewards, Bailiffs of Franchises, or any other Officers or Ministers, which do contrary to this Ordinance [in 167] any Point of the same, shall lose to the Party [in this Behalf "] indamaged or grieved, his Treble Damages, and shall forfeit the Sum of xl. li. at every Time that they or any of them do the contrary thereof in any Point of the same, whereof the King shall have the one Half, to be employed to the Use of his House, and in no

1 Rot. Parl. nu. xiv. (39-) inserts this Word.

g or 1 omitted bere.

any thing 6 to be 8 places 12 for

7 Suerte 13 under

Rot. Parl.

nu. xiv. (39-)

other wise, and the Party that will sue the other Half:

17 therinne 14 15 Rot. Parl. inserts these Words.

Fees on Arrests, Attachments, &c.

No Fee for Panels.

Fee for Copy of a Panel. Sheriffs, &c. Bail all Per-

On Sureties;

Except Percution, &c.

such Bailing;

the Condition thereof.

Bonds in other Form

Sheriffs shall make Deputies in the King's Courts.

Penalty on offending against this Act.

^{3 &}amp; en tielx lieux coe le dit brs billes ou garrantz Lib. Scace

Justices of Assizes, &c. may inquire of Offenders.

Sheriff returning Cepi Corpus, or Reddidit se, shall be chargeable with the Bodies. Exception for the Warden of the Fleet, &c.

X. Extortion of Sheriffs in levying Wages of Knights of the Shire;

Appointment of County Court to assess such Wages.

Penalty on Sheriff, &c. for Absence.

Each Hundred and each Township shall be assessed by itself.

Penalty on levying more than is assessed.

And that the Justices of Assises in their Sessions, Justices of the one Bench and of the other, and Justices of Peace in their [County,'] shall have Power to inquire hear and determine, of Office without special Commission, of and upon all them that do contrary to [these Ordinances'] in any Article or Point of the same. And if the said Sheriffs return upon any Person, Cepi Corpus, or Reddidit se, that they shall be chargeable to have the Bodies of the said Persons, at the Days of the Return of the said Writs Bills or Warrants, in such Form as they were before the making of this Act. Provided always, That the Warden of the King's Gaol of the Fleet, and of the King's Palace [of 3] Westminster for the Time being, shall not be endamaged nor prejudiced by this (*) Ordinance in [the 5] Duty of his Office. And also that this Ordinance shall begin at the Feast of Easter, which shall be in the Year of our Lord (6) MCCCCxlvj.

ITEM, Whereas before this Time divers Sheriffs in divers Counties of England, by Colour of Writs to them directed, to levy the Wages of the Knights of the Shires for the Time being, of the [Parliament⁷] of the King that now is, and of his noble Progenitors, have levied more Money than hath been due to the said Knights, and more than they have delivered (*), keeping and [retaining 9] great Part of the (10) Money to their own Use and Profit, [to"] their Officers and Servants, to the great Loss of the common People of the said Counties: The King, considering the Premises, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That the Sheriff of every County for the Time being, in the next County Court holden in their Counties, after the Delivery of the said Writs [directed to"] them, shall make open Proclamation, that the Coroners, and every chief Constable of the Peace of the said Counties, and the Bailiffs of every Hundred or Wapentake of the same County, and all other which will be at the assessing of the Wages of the Knights of the Shires, shall be at the next County there to be holden to assess the said Wages of the said Knights; and that the Sheriff, (") Under Sheriff, Coroners or Bailiffs for the Time being, be there at the same Time in their proper Persons, upon Pain of Forfeiture to the King, of every of them that maketh Default, Forty Shillings; at which Time the said Sheriff or Under Sheriff, in the Presence of them that shall [come to the same,"] and of the Suitors of the same Counties then being there, in the full County well and duly shall assess every Hundred [to that '5] assessable by itself, to pay a certain Sum for the Wages of the (16) Knights of the [Shire,"] so that the whole Sum of all the Hundreds do not exceed the Sum which shall be due to the said Knights; and after that in the same County, shall assess well and lawfully every [Village 18] within the said Hundreds, [which should be there 15] assessable, to a certain Sum for the Payment of the said Wages; so that the whole Sum of all the Towns within any of the said Hundreds, do not exceed the Sum assessed upon the Hundred of which they be. And that the said Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, Bailiffs, nor none other Officer, for the Cause aforesaid, shall levy (19) more Money of any [Village 18] than that whereunto they were assessed, (20):

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this Ordenance | Rot. Parl. 6 Jesus Christ
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Et q lez Justic dez assisez en lo' Sessions Justic del un Bank & del aute & Justic de la peas en lo paiis eiet poiar denquerer oier & Pmier doffic s'unz espeal comission de & s' tot iceux q ferront le contrie dicest ordeign'nc en chune article ou point dicell. Et si lez ditz Viscota reto'net sur ascun psone cepi corpus ou reddidit se qils soie chargeablez davoir [le corps'] dez ditz psonez a lez jo's de le reto'ne dez ditz brs billez ou garr'untz en tiel fo'me come ils furet devant la fesaunc diceste acte. Purveu tou foitz q p cest psent ordeign'nc le Gardeyn de la Gaole le Roy de Flete & de la Paleys du Roi a Westm p' le te' esteat ne soit endamage ne pjudice en son duete de son Offic: Et auxint q cest ordeign nc comenca en la fest de Pasq, q sra en lan de nre fr Jhu Crist M1 CCCC xlvj.

Item coe devant cest te' divsez Viscou en divsez Counteez Dengt [q ont] p colo' dez brs directz a eux p' lever lez gagez de lez Chivalers de lez Counteez p' le te' esteantz de lez plemtz du Roy q orest & de sez noblez pgenito's, ount leve pluis de money q ad este due as lez ditz Chrs & pluis q ils ount delivez a eux, gard'untz & Pign'ntz g'unde ptie du dit money a lo' use & pfit demesne & lor Officrs & serv'ntz, a rsg'unde damage de la coe poept de lez ditz Counteez; le Roy considerat lez pmissez ad ordeigne p lauctote suisdit, q le Visc de chune Counte p' le te esteat en le pschein Counte tenuz en lo' Counteez aps la delivaunc de lez ditz brs fait a eux, face ovt pelamaon o lez Corons & chune chief Constabt de la peas dez ditz Counteez & lez Baillifs de chun Hundred ou Wapentak de m le Counte, & to" autz q voille' estre a le assessaunc de lez gagez dez Chtrs de lez Counteez, soie' a le pschein Countee illoquez a tenir dassesser lez (3) gagez de lez ditz Chtrs; & q le Visc ou Southvisč Corons ou Baillifs p' le te' estea" soiet illoquez a mesme le te' en lo's pprez psonez, s' la peyñ de forfaite' a Roi de chune diceux q face defaute xl s. a quel te' le (3) Visc ou Southvisc en psenc diceux q a cell te' viendro' & de lez suito's dez ditz Counteez adongs esteantz la en le pleyn Counte bn & duemt cessa chune hundred a ceo assessable p luy mesme, a un ctayn some de paier p' lez gagez dez ditz Chtrs de lez Counteez, issint q lentier some dez tota lez Hundredez nexcede la some q sra dewe a lez ditz Chtrs; & aps ceo en mi le Counte assesse bin & duemt chune village deinz lez ditz Hundredez a ceo assessable a un ctayn some p' le paienit de lez ditz gagez; issint q lentier some dez tou lez villez deinz ascun de lez ditz Hundredez nexcede la some assesse sur le Hundrede de quell eux sont : Et q lez ditz Viscou Southvisc Baillifs ne null aut's Offics p' la cause suisdit leva pluis de money de null village q ceo a q ils fure' assessez; [& en mane & fo'me co' ils sont assessez : 1]

les corps Lib. Scace.

s ount Lib. Scace. but the Words are superfluous here.

ditz Lib. Scacc.

[.] Lib. Scace. omits.

xj.

xij.

Et si ascun face ou voille assesser ascun Hundred ou Village autment q est av'nt dit, q ils forface' p' chune defaut a Roy xx ti. & a chune home q voet suer en cest cas x fi. Et q lez ditz Visc bien & duemet levent la money issint assessez sur lez ditz villages auxi hastifmit co' ils poient bonemit ap's le dit [assensance'] & icell delivent as lez ditz Chivalers accordat a lez brez de ceo destre faitz, s' lez ditz peynez; & celluy q voet suer en cest cas soit admys a ceo & eit p' sa accon en cest cas un Scir fac envs celluy q offende encounte cest ordeignence; Et si le def duenit garniz en ycell face defaulte, ou aut mt appierge & soit en ycell convict, q adonqs lez pleintifs recovent envs eux q issint (1) convictz x ti. a lor ppre use oustr lez ditz xx fi. ove lo' dam p' lez costagez de lo' suitz a le treble. Et q lez Justic de le Bank le Roi Justic de cõe Bank Justič dassisez & Gaole deliver & Justič de la peas en lo' paiis eie' poiar denquerer oier & Emier dez tot lez ditz defaultz, sibn p enquerr a la suite du Roi coe p accon a la suite de ptie. Et q tota tielx expensez dez Chtrs ne soie' levez dascuns aut's villagez f'iez ou lieux forsq, dez tielx coe ils ount este duemt levez dev'nt cest te'; & q en chune tiel br desore affair p' lever lez gagez dez (3) Chivalers soit cest act comphenduz.

Item le Roi ad ordeigne & establie p laucto" suisdit q si ascun psone ou psonez ten'ntz on defend'untz en ascun accon reall ou psonell, aps ceo q ils ount pledez al issue en ascuñ suite ou accion, & lissue joyne & ente de record & un venir fac de la Jur reto'ne, q sils ou ascun de eux aps a autre jo' en co't plede ascun foreyñ ple, t'able en ascun aute Counte q lou le br est porte ou la suite p's, & lez demaundate ou pleintifs en tielx foreinz pleez plede' a issue, q tiel issue en tiel foreyñ plee soit trie ou le bre est porte ou la suite p's, & p mesme la Jurr issint reto'ne: & q cest act & ordeignanc comenca a la feste de Pasq q Bra en lan de nre f' Jhu Crist M'CCCCxlvje & endurera tanq al pschein plemt.

Item le Roi ad ordeigne p lauctote suisdit q chune Serv'nt de Husbondrie p'posa' a deptier de son maister a le fyne de son Pme, a milieu de son Pme ou autmt devant face covenant ovesq un aute hoe de luy svir p' le pschein an, sil soit en tiel cas coe la ley luy voet copeller de Svir; Et q le dit Servant & celluy q issint fra coven'nt ove luy a le mye lieu de la dit ême ou dev'nt garnise' le maister du dit Serv'nt de la dit coven'nt issint de novell fait, issint q m le maistre puisse luy p'voir un aute Servant encounte le fyn de son tme: Et si ascun coven'nt ovesq, ascun tiel Serv'nt soit autremt fait, ou tielx garnishmtz en mane & fo'me suisditz ne soit eu, q m le covenent soit voide, & q m le Serv'nt soit compelle de svir son p'm maister p' le pschein an, sinoun q un loial & resonabt cause esteat

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And if any do or will assess any Hundred or [Village 1] otherwise than is aforesaid, that they shall forfeit for every Default to the King Twenty Pounds, and to [any'] Man which will sue in this Case Ten Pounds. And that the said Sheriffs well and Sheriffs shall duly shall levy the Money so assessed upon the aforesaid [Villages] as speedily as they well may after the said assessing, and the same shall deliver to the said Knights, according to the Writs thereof to be made, upon the said Penalties; and he that will sue in this Case, shall be thereunto admitted, and shall have for his Action in this Case a Scire facias against him that offendeth contrary to this Ordinance; and if the Defendant, duly warned [in the same, 1] make Default, or else appear and be [in the same 1] convict, that then the Plaintiffs shall recover against them which be so convict Ten Pounds to their own Use, over the said Twenty Pounds, with their [Treble Damages for the Costs of their Suits. 57 And (6) the Justices of the King's Bench, and of the Common Pleas, Justices of Assises, and Gaol Delivery, and Justices of Peace in their [Country,7] shall have Power to inquire, hear, and determine of all the said Defaults, as well by Inquiry at the King's Suit, as by Action at the Suit of the [Parties 3]: And Such Wages that all such Expences of Knights shall not be levied of any other [Villages,3] Seigniories, or Places, but of usual. such [whereof it hath been levied before this Time: 9] And that in every such Writ from henceforth to be made to levy the Wages of the said Knights, this Act shall be comprehended [in the same. 1]

ITEM, The King hath ordained and established by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons Foreign Pleas
Tenants or Defendants in any Action Real or Personal, after Issue after that they [be 10] pleaded to an Issue in any Suit joined, &c. or Action, and the Issue joined and entered of Record, and a Venire facias of the Jury returned, that if they or any of them after, at another Day in Court, plead any foreign Plea, triable in any other [Court"] than where the Writ is brought or the Suit taken, and the Demandants or Plaintiffs in such foreign Pleas plead to the Issue, that such Issue in such foreign Plea shall be tried where the Writ is brought [in "] such Suit taken, and by the same Jury so returned: And that this Act Continuance and Ordinance shall begin at the Feast of Easter, which shall be in the Year of our Lord (13) MCCCCxlvj, and shall endure till the next Parliament.

ITEM, The King hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That every Servant of Husbandry, purposing to depart from his Master at the End of his Term, at the Midst of his Term [or otherwise, make Covenant before " with another Man to serve him for the next Year, if he be in such Case as the Law will compel him to serve; and that the said Servant, and he which so shall make Covenant with him, at the Midst of the said Term or before, shall give Warning to the Master of the said Servant of the said Covenant so newly made, so that the same Master may provide (15) another Servant against the End of his Term: And if any Covenant or continueto with any such Servant be otherwise made, or that such First Master. Warning in Manner and Form aforesaid be not had, that the same Covenant shall be void, and that the same Servant be compelled to serve his first Master for the next Year, except that a lawful (16) Cause, being of a

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10 have
12 or
13 Jesus Christ
" or elles byfore, make covenant
                   16 and resonable Rot. Parl. nu. xix. (44.)
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Money, and pay it to the Knights.

Recovery of Penalties.

only where

XI. Trial of

XII. Servants in Husbandry Masters must engage with a new one, and give the old ;

VOL. II.

4 R

Wages of Servants in Husbandry, &c. with Meat and Drink, and without.

Wages of Servants of Hostlers, &c. in Cities.

Summer Wages of Masons, Carpenters, and other Artificers.

Winter Wages.

Wages of Labourers in Harvest.

Holydays.

Justices of Peace shall enforce this Act.

Penalty on Servants, &c. offending.

Action against Offenders.

later Time, require the contrary. And also that the Salaries and Wages of Servants, Labourers, and Artificers, shall not exceed the assessing that followeth; that is to say, the Wages of a Bailiff of Husbandry by Year xxiij s. iiij d. and clothing Price of Five Shillings, with Meat and Drink; of a chief Hind, a Carter or chief Shepherd xx s. and clothing Price of iiij s. with Meat and Drink; a common Servant of Husbandry xv s. and clothing Price of xl d.; a Woman Servant Ten Shillings, and clothing Price of iiij s. with Meat and Drink; an Infant within the Age of Fourteen Years vj s. and clothing Price of iij s. with Meat and Drink; the same Form shall be observed of Wages of Servants being with Hostlers, Victuallers, and Artificers in [City Borough 1] and elsewhere; and such as deserve less shall take less, and also in Places where less is used to be given, less shall be given from henceforth. And that from the Feast of Easter till the Feast of Saint Michael, the Wages of any free Mason or Master Carpenter shall not exceed iiij d. by the Day, with Meat and Drink, and without Meat and Drink v d. ob; a Master Tiler or a Slater, a rough Mason and mesne Carpenter, and other Artificers concerning Building, by the Day Three pence with Meat and Drink, and without Meat and Drink iiij d. ob; and every other Labourer by the Day ij d. with Meat and Drink, and without Meat and Drink iij d. ob: And from the Feast of Saint Michael till the Feast of Easter, a free Mason and a Master Carpenter by the Day iij d. with Meat and Drink, [and without Meat and Drink, 1 iiij d. ob; Tiler, mesne Carpenter, rough Mason, and other Artificers aforesaid by the Day ij d. ob. with Meat and Drink, and without Meat and Drink iiij d.; and every other Artificer and Labourer by the Day j d. ob. with Meat and Drink, and without Meat and Drink iij d. and he that deserveth less shall take less: Provided that the said assessing shall not extend to Labourers in the Time of Harvest, (3); in which Time the Wages of a Mower shall not exceed iiiid. by the Day with Meat and Drink, and without Meat and Drink vjd; a (*) Reaper or Carter iij d. by the Day with Meat and Drink, and without Meat and Drink vd; a Woman Labourer and other Labourers in Time of Harvest ij d. ob. by the Day with Meat and Drink, and without Meat and Drink iiij d. ob; and such as be worthy of less shall take less, and in Places where less is used to be taken, less shall be taken from henceforth. And that no Artificer, Workman, nor Labourer, shall take any Thing [for the Holiday nor for the ferial Days] but after the Rate of the Time of the Day in which he laboureth. And if any Person refuse to serve or labour according to the Premises, that every Justice of Peace in their Counties shall have Power at every Time to call them to Examination [of the same, 6] and such as they shall find defective, to commit to the Gaol, there to remain till they have found sufficient Surety to serve and labour in Form by the Law required. And if any Servant, Artificer, Workman, or Labourer, do contrary to the Premises, or deny his Service, Occupation, or Labour, by reason of not giving of Wages or Salary, contrary to [these Statutes,7] that he shall lose to the Party that will sue in this Behalf xx s.: And that the said Justices of Peace shall have Power to hear and determine all manner of Offences done contrary to the Form of this Statute, as well at the King's Suit as at the Party's; And that every of the King's liege People may have the Suit against every Person that shall offend in any

1 Citees, Burghs, 2 Rot. Parl. inserts these Words.

3 aboute Hervest labour 4 man 5 for eny halyday, ne for no Werkeday

7 this Statute

Rot. Parl. nu. xix. (44.)

de puisne te' requira le cont'rie. Et auxint q lez Salariez & gagez des Servantz laborers & artifices nexcedet p lassessaunc q ensuist; s. la Salarie dun Baillif de Husbondrie p an xxiij s. iiij d. & vestur p'ce de v s. ovesq mangier & boier; de un chief Hine un charet? ou chief berger xx s. & vestur le p'ce de iiij s. ovesq. mangier & boier; un coe svent de Husbandrie xv s. & vestur price de xld; un feme svant x s. & vestur price de iiij s. ovesq maungier & boier; un enf unt deinz age de xiiij ans vj s. & vestur price de iij s. ovesq. maungier & boier: mesme la fo'me soit obfvez de salarie dez Servantz ovesq, hostilers vitaillers & artifics en Citeez Burghs & aillo's esteantz; et tielx q meyns deservie' meyns de Pndr, & auxint en lieux ou meyns est use destre donez meyns [donent'] desore enavent. Et q de la fest de Pasq jesq a le feste de Seint Michel lez gagez ascun frank mason ou maist Carpent nexcede pas p' le jo' iiij d. ovesq mangier & boier, & saunz maungier & boier v d. ob; un maist Tiler ou Sclatter un rough mason & mesne Carpent & auts Artifics concn'ntz edificacon iii d. p le jo', ovesq mangier & boier, & s'unz mangier & boier iiij d. ob; & chune aut laborer p' le jo' ij d. ovesq, mangier & boier, & s'unz mangier & boier iij d. ob: Et de la fest de Seint Michel jesq a la feste de Pasq un frank mason & un mais? Carpen? p le jo' iij d. ovesq, mangier & boier (') iiij d. ob; Tiler mesne Carpent rough mason & auts artifics avantditz p le jo' ij d. ob. ovesq mangier & boier, & saunz mangier & boier iiij d; Et chune aute artific & laborer p le jo' j d. ob. ovesq mangier & boier, & s'unz mangier & boier iij d; & q meinz deserve meinz de pndr: Pveu q la dit assessaunc nextenda pas as laborers en te' daust ento' labo' daust; en quele lez gagez dun falchier nexceda pas le jo' iiij d. ovesq, mangier & boier, & saunz mangier & boier vj d; un home messo' ou charetto' iij d. p le jo' ovesq mangier & boier, & s'unz mangier & boier v d; un feme laborer & aut's laborers en te' daust p le jo' ij d. ob, ovesq mangier & boier, & s'unz mangier & boier iiij d. ob; & tielx q sont dignez meyns meins de p'ndr, & en lieux ou meynz est use destre pris meyns destre prise desore enav'nt: Et q null artific over ne laborer pigne ascun chose p' le jo' festival ne p' le jo' ferial except solong, la rate de le te' de le jo' en quele il labo': Et si ascun psone refuse de svir ou laborer accorda' a lez Pmissez q chune Justic de la peas en lo' Counteez eient poiar a chune te' dappeller eux a examiacion dicell, & tielx coe ils trovet defectifs de comitter a Gaole, illogs a dem'er tanq, ils ont t'vez sufficeat suerte de svir & laborer en fo'me p ley requis. Et si ascun Servant artific over ou laborer face contrie a lez pmissez, ou denia son svice occupación ou labor p reason de noun donance dez gagez ou salariez cont'rie a cest estat', q il pde a la ptie q voet suer en cest ptie xx s. Et q lez ditz Justič de peas aient poiar doier & t'mier tots man's offencez faitz encounte la forme dicest estat' sitin a la suite du Roi coe a la suite de ptie. Et q chune de lez liegez du Roi poet av la suite envs chune

1 destre donez Lib. Scacc.

2 & sans manger & boier Printed Copies .- Lib. Scace. as Text.

xiij.

psone q offendra en ascune point encounte cest estat', & soit le pcesse en ycell p attachemit un capias & exigend: auxint q lez Justic de peas assesset null fyn sur ascun q gra convict devant eux de chose fait encount' ascun estat' dez laborers ou artifics, ou p cell cause luy mettera en le grace du Roi, desoubz iij s. iiij d. Et auxint q lez Justic du peas p mye tot le Roiat deux te' chune an tot lez estatt dez laborers artifics hostillers vitaillers te' faitz nie' revokez, ovesq, cest estat', ovteme' en lo' Sessions facet destre pnunciez: auxint q p colot de teno' de meyns teñtz q la husbandrie dicell suffise a continuell occupación dun home, null home soit excuse de svir p lan, sur t peyn destre justifie coe un vagerat. Auxi' q Justic de peas aient poier de pndr to" svantz retenuz ovesq, ascun psone p colo' de husbandrie, & nie' duenit occupie ento' ycell, quelez sv'ntz doie' p la ley estre svantz de husbandrie, hors de la svice [hors 1] de lo' maistrez, & de eux compeller de svir en loccupación de husbandrie a tielx coe requiret lo svice, & de justifier eux en chune point si coe mesmez lez Justic ount poiar de justifier vager untz: & q cest estat' comence destre de force & executorie en la fest de Seint Michell q sra en lan nre f' M'CCCCxlvje & en null mane devent.

Item le Roi ad ordeigne & establie p lauctote suisdit, q si ascun achato' ou aut Officer de le Duc de Glouc, ou dascun autre f' ou pson de quele estate gree ou condicon qil soit, Psuma s' luy de Pndr ou aut'mt Digne ascuns vitaillez graynez feyne cariagez ou ascun aut chose qconq, qil soit, de ascun de lez liegez du Roi en ascun mane encounte lo volunte, s'unz loial bargaine pente lez ditz achato's ou Offices & la dit liege poeple de ceo destre fait, a le use du dit Duc ou ascun aut' f' p' lour hostielx, sinoun t'unt soulent p' le Roi & la roigne & lo' hostielx, q adonqs si notice ou request soit fait a le Mair Visco' Baillif Constabt Offics, ou aute de lez Ministrez du Roi, de lez Citeez & Burghs ou aut's Counteez & lieux ou tiel pris aveigna destre, q adonqs le dit Mair Visco' Baillif Constable Officer & Minister, a q tiel notice & request gra fait, mainten nt Pndra & arresta tota tielx achato's & offices issint fes"untz ou Pspassauntz, & eux mette' en le pschein prison du Roy, illoquez a dem'er & nie' destre lessez a baille ne maymp's, tanq, al te' qils ont rebaillez tota lez vitaillez cariagez & aut's chosez issint p'sez ou le vroie value diceux; Et si lez ditz Mair Viscota Baillifs Constablez & Offics avant dit face' le contarie de ceo, q adonqs ils forferont xx. fi. dont le Roi ava lune moite, & la ptie de q tielx chosez sont p'sez laute moite sil voet suer, p un accon de dette en la quele le defend'unt ne fra sa lev; Et si il ne voet suer celluy q voet suer p' le Roy & luy miz ava la suite de recover a luy mesmez lune moite de ceo & le Roi laute moite. Et si ascun de lez ditz achato's aute q du Roi & du roigne soit dueîit convict de tiel meinz loial [p'ce 3] coe devent est recite, a la suite dez tielx ptiez cor suero envs eux en cell ptie, q adonqs ils rendro' a la ptie q issint

1 & Lib. Scace. Lib. Scace. omits.

Point against this Statute, and the Process (') shall be by Attachment, Capias, and Exigend: Also that the Justices of Peace shall assess no Fine upon any which shall be convict before them of a Thing done contrary to any Statute of Labourers or Artificers, or for that Cause put him in the [good] Grace of our Sovereign Lord the King, under iii s. iiii d. And also that the Justices of Peace through (1) the Realm Two Times every Year shall do openly to be proclaimed in their Sessions all the Statutes of Labourers, Artificers, Hostlers, Victuallers, Servants, and Vagabonds before this Time made and not revoked; with this Statute: Also that by Colour of [the Tenor of less Lands 3] than the Husbandry [of the same '] shall suffice to the continual Occupation of One Man, no Man shall be excused to serve by the Year, upon the Pain to be justified as a Vagabond; Also that Justices of Peace shall have Power to take all Servants retained with any Person by Colour of Husbandry, and not duly occupied about the same, which Servants ought by the Law to be Servants of Husbandry, (5) and to compel them to serve, in the Occupation of Husbandry, to such as shall require their Service, and to justify them in every Point as the same Justices have Power to justify Vagabonds: And that this Statute shall begin to be of force and executory, in the Feast of Saint Michael which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand four hundred and forty-six, and in no wise before.

ITEM, The King hath ordained and stablished by the Authority aforesaid, That if any [Buyer 6] or other Officer of the Duke of Gloucester, or of any other Lord or Person, of what Estate Degree or Condicion that he be, presume upon him to take, or else do take any Victuals, Corn, Hay, Carriages, or any other Thing whatsoever, of any of the King's liege People in any wise against their Will, without lawful Bargain betwixt the said [Buyers 7] or Officers, and the said liege People thereof to be made, to the Use of the said Duke or (8) other Lord for their Houses, but only for the King and the Queen, and their Houses, that then if Notice or Request be made to the Mayor, Sheriff, Bailiff, Constable, Officers, or other of the King's Ministers of the Cities and Boroughs, or other Counties or Places where such Taking shall happen to be, that then the said Mayor, Sheriff, Constable, Officer, and Minister, to whom such Notice and Request shall be made, presently shall take and arrest all such [Buyers 7] and Officers so doing or offending, and them shall send to the King's next Prison, there to remain, and not to be let to Bail nor Mainprise, until they have redelivered [the same 9] Victuals, Carriages, and other Things so taken, or the very Value of the same: And if the said Mayor, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Constables and Officers aforesaid, do contrary to this, that then they shall forfeit Twenty Pounds, whereof the King shall have the one Half, and the Party from whom such Things be taken, the other Half, if he will sue, by an Action of Debt, in the which the Defendant shall not wage his Law; And if he will not sue, whosoever will sue for the King and himself shall have the Suit, to recover to himself the one Half thereof, and the King the other Half. And if any of the said [Buyers,7] other than of the King and Queen be duly convict of such unlawful Taking, as afore is recited, at the Suit of such Parties as shall sue them in this Behalf, that then they shall yield to the Party which so

therin all tenure of lasse tolits therefoute of the styse of their maisters, Achatour Achatour all the seide Rot. Parl.

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Rot. Parl.

nu. xxij. (47.)

No Fine shall be under

Proclamation of the Acts relating to Servants, &c.

Evasion of Service in Husbandry.

Commencement of A@.

XIII.
Penalty on
Buyers or
Purveyors
of Subjects
taking any
Thing against
the Owner's
Will.

Penalty on Officers not executing this

On Buyers.

ment of Act.

King's Purveyors.

XIV. Recital of St. 1 H.V.c. 1;

and of Stat. 8 H.VI. c. 7.

Defaults of Sheriffs in

The recited Statutes 1 H.V. c. 1. 8 H.VI. c. 7. confirmed.

The Sheriffs shall send Precepts to the Mayors, &c. of Cities and Boroughs, to

sueth, the Treble Value of the Victuals, or other Things so taken, and the Double Costs of their Suits, and for the said Trespass to make Fine and Ransom to the King: And that in all such Actions or Suits aforesaid, the King's Protection shall not be allowed nor available for the Defendant: And this Ordinance shall begin and take Effect at the Feast of Easter, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand four hundred and fortysix. Provided always, that by this Act the Punishment ordained against the King's Purveyors in no wise shall be restrained.

ITEM, Whereas by Authority of a Parliament holden at Westminster, the First Year of the Reign of [King Henry,] Father to the King that now is, amongst other Things It was ordained, That the Citizens and Burgesses of Cities and Boroughs, coming to the Parliament, should be chosen Men Citizens and Burgesses resiant, dwelling, and free in the same Cities and Boroughs, and none other, as in the same Statute more fully is contained; which Citizens and Burgesses have always in Cities and Boroughs been chosen by Citizens and Burgesses, and no other, and to the Sheriffs of the Counties returned, and upon their Returns received and accepted [by] the Parliaments before this holden: And also, whereas by Authority of a Parliament holden at Westminster, the Eighth Year of the Reign of the King that now is, It was ordained in what Manner and Form the Knights of the Shires [coming 1] to the Parliaments from thenceforth to be holden should be chosen, and how the Sheriffs of the same Counties thereupon should make their Returns, as in the same Statute more fully appeareth; by Force of which Statute, Elections of Knights to come to Parliament sometimes have returning of Knights to come Knights, &c. been duly made, and lawfully returned, until now of late, that divers Sheriffs of the Counties of the Realm of England, for their singular Avail and Lucre, have not made due Elections of the Knights, nor in convenient Time, [nor good Men and true returned,3] and sometime no [Return 1] of the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses lawfully chosen to come to the Parliaments; but [such Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses have been returned, 5] which were never duly chosen, and other Citizens and Burgesses than those which by the Mayors, and Bailiffs were to the said Sheriffs returned; and sometimes the Sheriffs have not returned the Writs which they had to make Elections of Knights to come to the Parliaments, but the said Writs have imbesiled, and moreover made no Precept to the Mayor and Bailiffs, or to the Bailiffs or Bailiff where no Mayor is, of Cities and Boroughs, for the Elections of Citizens and Burgesses, to come to the Parliaments, by Colour of these Words contained in the same Writs: " Quod in pleno comitatu tuo eligi facias pro comitatu tuo duos Milites, et pro qualibet civitate in comitatu tuo duos Cives, et pro quolibet burgo in comitatu tuo duos Burgenses;" and also because sufficient Penalty and convenient Remedy for the Party in such Case grieved is not ordained in the said Statutes against the Sheriffs, Mayors, and Bailiffs, which do contrary to the Form of the said Statutes: The King considering the Premises hath ordained by Authority aforesaid, That the said Statutes shall be duly kept (6) in all Points: And moreover that every Sheriff, after the Delivery of any such Writ to him made, shall make and deliver without Fraud a sufficient Precept under his Seal to every Mayor and and Burgesses Bailiff, or to Bailiffs or Bailiff where no Mayor is, of the Cities and Boroughs within his County, reciting

to come 3 nor good and true Returns
bave returned such Knights Citizens and Burgesses

sua le treble value de lez vitaillez ou aut's chosez issint p'sez & lez costagez de lo' suitz doublez, & p' la dit rspas de fair fyn & raunceon a Roi: Et q en tou tielx accons ou suitz avent ditz la [pticon'] du Roi ne sra p allowe ne availlabt p' le denfend unt : & cest orden'nc de comence & Pndre effecte a la feste de Pasq. q sra en lan nre f' M'CCCCxlvje: P'veu tou te' q p cest act le punissemt ordeigne envs lez p'veo's du Roy Em vi redistiv stellered en null mane soit restreit.

Item coe p auctote dun plemt tenuz a Westm lan du reigne de le t's honorabt pier du Roi gorest prim, ent auts chosez ordeigne fuist, q lez Citezeins & Burgeisez dez Citees & Burghs ven'ntz au plemt Broiet eslieux homez Citezeins & Burgeisez resceauntz demurratz & enfunchisez en mz lez Citeez & Burghs & null auts, coe en m lestat' pluis pleynemt est conteignuz; lez queux Citizeins & Burgeisez (1) & null aut's ont to' te' en Citeez & Burghs estez eslieux, & as Viscou dez Counteez reto'nez, & s' lour reto'nez resceux & acceptez [p' 3] lez plemtz dev'nt sez hoeurez tenuz: Et auxi' co' p auctote dun plemt tenuz a Westm lan du reigne le Roi quorest oeptisme, ordeigne fuist en quell mane & fo'me lez Chirs dez Counteez a venir as plemtz en aps teniers sront eslieux, & comt lez Viscot dez mz lez Counteez s' ceo [sroie 4] lor retornez, coe en mesme lestat' pluis pleynemt appiert; p force de quele estat' eleccons dez Chtrz a venir a pleme' ascun foitz ont estez dueñit faitz & loialñit reto'nez, tanq, a ore tarde q divsez Viscou dez Counteez du Roiat Dengt p' lo' singuler availl & lucre ne ont faitz due eleccons dez Chirs, ne en te' covenabi, ne bons & vroiez reto'nez & ascun foitz null reto'nez dez Chtrs Citizeins & Burgeisez loialmet esluz p' venir as pleñitz, mez ont retornez tielx Chtrs Citezeins & Burgeisez q ne fure' unquez dueme' eslieux, & aut's Citezeins & Burgeisez [q ne fure' unqs] q ceux q p Mairs & Baillifs as ditz Viscota furet reto'nez; Et ascun foitz lez Visc ne ont reto'nez [p6] bis qils avoient p' fair eleccons dez Chirs a venir as plemtz, einz lez ditz brs ont embesillez, & oustr null Deept as Mair & Baillifs, ou as Baillifs ou Baillif ou Mair nest, dez [Citezeins & Burgeisez 7] p' eleccons dez Citezeins & Burgeisez de venir as plemtz [furent 8] p colo' de cestz parolx contenuz en lez ditz brs, qd in pleno Com tuo elegi fac p Com tuo duos milites, & p qualt civitate in Com tuo duos Cives, & p quolt Burgo in Com tuo duos Burgenses; Et auxint p' ceo q sufficea' peyne & covenabt remedie p' la ptie en tiel cas g've ne sont p ordeignez en lez ditz estat" Vs lez Viscota Mairs & Baillifs q facet encounte la forme dez ditz estatu: le Roi considera' lez pmissez ad ordeigne p auctote suisdit, q lez ditz estatu soient duenit gardez & obfvez en tou pointz: Et oustre ceo q chune Visc aps la live de [chune9] tiel br a luy fait [fair "] & deliva saunz fraude un sufficea' pcept desouth son seal a chune Mair & Baillif, ou as Baillifs ou Baillif ou Mair nest, [deinz"] Citeez & Burghs deinz son Countee recita'

pteccion Lib. Scacc. 4 ferroient p Citezeins & Burgeyses Printed Copies read per—Rot. Parl. as Text. Rot. Parl. nu.xxiij.(48.) 7 Citees et Burghs 8 firent 10 ferra

ascun on an Erasure.

le dit bre eux comaundat p m le pcept deslier, si soit Citee p Citezeins de mesme la Citee [deux '] Citezeinz, & en m la forme si soit Burgh Burgeisez, de venir al plemt. Et q mesmez lez Mair & Baillifs ou [Baillif & 1] Mair nest [dez Citeez & Burghs] reto'ne' ou reto'ne loial. met le dit pcept a mesme le Visc, p endenturez ente m le Viscot & eux affair de lez ditz eleccons & dez nons dez ditz Citezeins & Burgeisez issint p eux eslutz; Et s' ceo q chune Visco' face bon & droit reto'ne de chune tiel bre & de chune reto'ne p Mair & Baillifs, ou (1) Baillif ou Mair nest a luy fait. Et q chune Viscot a chune foitz qil face le contrarie dicest estat ou dascun aut' estat' p' eleccon dez Chirs Citezeins & Burgeisez de venir al pleînt dev'nt sez hoeurez fait enco'ge la peyne contenu en le dit estat' fait le dit an oeptisme; Et ouste ceo forface & paie a chune psone en aps eslieu Chivaler Citezein ou Burgeis en son Counte de venir a ascun pleñit, & nemye p luy dueñit reto'ne, ou a ascun aute pson q en defaute de tiel Chivaler Citezein, (3) Burgeis suer le voet C fi. dont chun Chfr Citezein & Burgeis issint g've sevalmet ou ascun aute psone q en lor defaulte suer voet eit sa accion de dette envs le dit Viscot ou sez executo's ou admistrato's a demaunder & av lez ditz Cfi. ove sez costagez en cest cas despenduz. Et q en tiel accion pris p Vtue dicest estat le defendant ne gaga sa ley de la demaunde suisdit en null mane; Et q null defend unt en tiel accon ava ascun essoyn: Et en îi le mane a chune foitz q ascune Mair & Baillifs, ou Baillifs ou Baillif ou Mair nest, reto'ne' ou reto'ne aut's q ceux q sont esluz p lez Citezeins & Burgeisez dez Citeez & Burghs ou tielx eleccons sont ou Bront faitz, encorge & forface a Roi xl ti. & enouste forface & paie a chune psone enaps eslieu Citezein ou Burgeis a venir al pleñit & nemye p ñiz lez Mair & Baillifs ou Baillifs ou Baillif ou Mair nest reto'ne, ou (6) aute psone q en defaulte de tiel Citezein ou Burgeis issint eslieu suer voet, xl ti. dont chune dez Citezeins et Burgeysez issint geve sevalmet ou ascun aute psone q en lo' defaute suer voet ait sa accion de dette envs chune dez ditz Mair & Baillifs, ou Baillifs ou Baillif ou Mair nest, envs lo' executo's ou admistrato's a demaunder & av de chune dez ditz Mair & Baillifs ou (*) Baillif ou Mair nest xl fi. ove sez costagez en cest cas expenduz; & q en tiel accion de dette p's p force dicest estat' null defend unt gaga sa ley de dit demaunde en null mane ne ava ascun essoin. Et q chune Visco' q ne face due eleccon dez Chirs p' venir al plemt en te' covenabt, š. chune Viscot en son pleyñ Counte pentr le houre de viije & le hoeur de xje devent le none s'unz collusion en cest ptie, & chune Visco' q ne face bon & verray reto'ne dez tielx eleccons dez Chtrs de venir al pleñit en te' avenir co' a eux apptie' en mane & fo'me suisditz, forface envs le Roi Cti.

omitted. Baillifs ou Baillif ou Rot. Parl. 3 omitted. 4 Baillifs ou nu. xxiij. (48) ou ire an lead 6 2

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the said Writ, commanding them by the same Precept [if it be a City, to choose '] by Citizens of the same City, Citizens, and in the same Manner and Form, if it be a Borough, [by the Burgesses of the same, 1] to come to the Parliament. And that the same Mayor and Bailiffs, or Bailiffs or Bailiff where no Mayor is, shall return lawfully the (3) Precept to the same [Sheriffs,+] by Indentures betwixt the same [Sheriffs,4] and them to be made of the said Elections, and of the Names of the said Citizens and Burgesses by them so chosen; and thereupon (5) every Sheriff shall make a good and rightful Return of every such Writ, and of every Return by the Mayors and Bailiffs, or Bailiffs or Bailiff where no Mayor is, to him made. And that every Sheriff at every Time that he doth contrary to this Statute, or any other Statute for the Election of Knights Citizens and Burgesses to come to the Parliament, before this Time made, shall incur the Pain contained in the said Statute made the said Eighth Year; and moreover shall forfeit and pay to every Person hereafter chosen Knight, Citizen, or Burgess in his County, to come to any Parliament, and not (6) duly returned, or to any other Person, which in Default of such Knight Citizen or Burgess will sue, an Hundred Pounds; whereof every Knight Citizen and Burgess so grieved, severally, or any other Person which in their Default will sue, shall have his Action of Debt against the said Sheriff, or his Executors or Administrators, to demand and have the said Hundred Pounds, with his Costs spent in that Case. And that in such Action taken by virtue of this Statute, the Defendant shall not wage his Law of the Demand aforesaid in any wise, and that no Defendant in such Action shall have any Essoin: And in the same Manner at every Time that any Mayor and Bailiffs, or Bailiffs or Bailiff where no Mayor is, shall return other than those which be chosen by the Citizens and Burgesses of the Cities or Boroughs where such Elections be or shall be made, (7) shall incur and forfeit to the King Forty Pounds; and moreover shall forfeit and pay to every Person hereafter chosen Citizen or Burgess to come to the Parliament, and not by the same Mayor and Bailiffs, or Bailiffs or Bailiff where no Mayor is, returned, or to any other Person which in Default of such Citizen or Burgess so chosen will sue, Forty Pounds; whereof every of the Citizens and Burgesses so grieved severally, or any other Person which in their Default will sue, shall have his Action of Debt against every of the said Mayor and Bailiffs, or Bailiffs or Bailiff where no Mayor is, against their Executors or Administrators, to demand and have of every the said [Mayors *] and Bailiffs, or Bailiffs or Bailiff where no Mayor is, Forty Pounds, with his Costs in this Case expended; and that in such Action of Debt, taken by Force of this Statute, no Defendant in any wise shall wage his Law of the said Demand, nor have any Essoin. And that every Sheriff that maketh not due Election of Knights to come to the Parliament in convenient Time, that is to say, every Sheriff in his full County, betwixt the Hour of Eight and the Hour of Eleven before Noon, without Collusion in this Behalf, and every Sheriff that maketh not good and true Return of such Elections of Knights to come to the Parliament in Time to come, as to them pertaineth, in Manner and Form aforesaid, shall forfeit to the King an Hundred Pounds;

Mayors, &c. who shall make rightful accordingly.

Sheriffs transgressing former Statute touching Elections, dition to the Penalty to the King under the Statute 8 H.VI. c. 7. forfeit 1001. to the Party,

Penalty on making undue Burgesses; 401. to the King and 401. to the Party,

Knights of the Shire.

Penalty on Sheriffs, 100 l. to the King, and 100l. to the Party, &c.

to choose, if it be a City

Burgesses—Some old Translations read "by the Burgesses of the same, Burgesses," Rot. Parl. & Lib. Scace. agree with the French Text in MS. Catt. The Old Printed Copies read " p lez burgeises dicelle"

³ said

^{*} Sheriff 8 Mayor 6 by him 7 they

Recovery of Penalties.

If any who is returned to be Knight, Citizen, or Burgess, be put out, and another put in his Place, Penalty against the Person taking his Seat; 100 l. to the King, and 100 l. to the Party, &c.

What Persons shall be chosen Knights of the Shires.

XV. Gauge Penny shall not be paid till Wines are gauged.

27 Edw. III. chapter 8.

XVI. When and where Escheators shall take Inquests:

and shall incur the Pain of an Hundred Pounds to be paid to him that will sue against him, his Executors or Administrators, for this Cause, by Way of Action of Debt, with his Costs in this Behalf expended, without waging of Law of this Demand, or having Essoin, as afore is said. Provided always, That every Knight, Citizen, and Burgess to come to any Parliament hereafter to be holden, in due Form chosen and not returned as afore is said, shall begin his Action of Debt aforesaid within Three Months after the same Parliament commenced, to proceed in the same Suit effectually without Fraud; and if he so do not, another that will sue shall have the said Action of Debt, as it is before said, [and shall '] recover the same Sum with his Costs spent in this Behalf, in Manner and Form aforesaid, so that no Defendant in such Action shall wage his Law, nor be essoined in any wise, as afore is said. And if any Knight, Citizen, or Burgess, hereafter returned by the Sheriff to come to the Parliament in the Manner aforesaid, after such Return, be by any Person put out, and another put in his Place, that such Person so put in the Place of him which is [out,'] if he take upon him to be Knight, Citizen or Burgess, at any Parliament in Time to come, shall forfeit to the King an Hundred Pounds, and an Hundred Pounds to the Knight, Citizen, or Burgess so returned by the Sheriff, and after, as afore is said, put out. And that that Knight, Citizen, or Burgess which is so put out shall have an Action of Debt of the same C li. against such Person (1) put in his Place, his Executors or Administrators; Provided always, That he shall begin his Suit within Three Months after the Parliament commenced; and if he do not, that then he that will sue shall have an Action of Debt of the same C li. against him which is put in Place of him that is so put out after such Return, his Executors or Administrators; and that no Defendant in such Action shall wage his Law, nor be essoined; and that such Process shall be in the Actions aforesaid, as is in a Writ of Trespass done against the Peace at the Common Law. So that the Knights of the Shires for the Parliament hereafter to be chosen, shall be notable Knights of the same Counties for the which they shall (4) be chosen, or otherwise such notable Esquires, Gentlemen (5) of the same Counties, as shall be able to be Knights; and no Man to be such Knight which standeth in the Degree of a Yeoman and under.

ITEM, The King hath ordained and [established 6] by the Authority aforesaid, That the Penny, which is called, the Gauge Penny, shall not be paid to the Gauger, nor to any other in his Name, until he or his Deputy have gauged the Wines, and then he to take and receive his Penny for the same in Gree, without more Increase or Advantage [to claim for it 7]: And also that he or his Deputy be ready to do the Office of Gauger in all Places, when he [to that 8] by the Party shall be required; and [that 9] to be observed through all the [Realm of England, 10] upon the Pain comprised in the Statute made the Seven and twentieth Year of [the noble] King Edward the Third, of the gauging of Red Wine and White Wine, duly to be executed.

ITEM, It is ordained, by the Authority aforesaid, That every Escheator shall take his Inquests of Office by virtue of the Writs of Diem clausit extremum, and all other Writs, within the Month after the Delivery of such Writs; and also that all such Inquisitions shall be

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& enco'ge la peyne de C fi. a paier a celluy q voet suer envs luy sez executo's ou admistrato's p' (') cause p voie daccon de dette ove sez costagez en cell ptie expenduz, (2) gager de ley de cell demaunde ou av essoin coe devant est dit: P'veu tou foitz q chun Chir Citezein & Burgeis pur cenir a ascun plemt en te' aveignir a tenir, en due fo'me eslieu & noun pas reto'ne coe desuis est dit, [coe3] sa accion de dette suisdit deinz trois mois aps mesme le plemt comence, a pceder en la dit suite effectuelmt s'unz fraude; & si issint ne face eit un aut' q suer le voet le dit accon de dette coe devent est dit de av & recover m la some ove sez costagez en cest ptie dispenduz en mane & fo'me av'nt dit, issint q null defend'unt en tiel accion gaga sa ley ne soit essoiñ en null manie co' desuis est dit. Et si ascun Chivaler Citezein ou Burgeis en te' aveignir, reto'ne p le Visco' de venir al plemt en la mane suisdit, aps tiel reto'ne p ascun psone soit ouste & un aute mys en son lieu, q tiel psone issint mys en le lieu cestuy q est ouste, sil accepte s' luy destre Chivaler Citezein ou Burgeis a ascun plenit en te' avenir, forface devs le Roi Cti; & Cti. al Chivaler Citezein ou Burgeis issint roto'ne p le Viscot & aps come devant est dit ouste. Et q cest Chivaler Citezein ou Burgeis q est issint ouste ava accon de dette dez mesmez C ti. Vs tiel psone issint mys en son lieu sez executo's ou admistrato's; Purveu tou foitz qil comence sa suite deinz trois moys aps le plenit comence; & si il ne face q celluy q voet suer ava accon de dette dez mesmez lez C fi. envs cestuy q est mys en le lieu cestuy q est issint aps tiel reto'ne ouste sez executo's ou admistrato's; & q null defend unt en tiel accion gagera sa ley ne soit essoin, & q autiel pcesse soit en lez accons avantditz coe est en bre de [tans 1] fait encounte la peas [de s] la coie ley. Issint q lez Chtrs dez Counteez p' le plenit en aps a esliers soiet notablez Chirs dez mesmez lez Counteez p' lez queux ils serront issint esluz, ou autinit tielx notablez Esquiers gentils homez del [Nativite o] dez mesmez lez Counteez coe soiet ablez destre Chivalers; & null home destre tiel Chivaler q estoise en la degree de vadlet & desouth.

Item le Roi ad ordeigne & purvieu p laucto suisdit q le denier q est appelle le gauge peny ne soit paie a le Gaugeo' ne a ascun aut en son noune, tanq, il ou son deputee eit gauge lez vinez; & adonqs luy de Pndre & resceiver son denier pr ceo en gree s'unz pluis encrece ou av'ntage pur ceo claymer: Et auxint q il soit prest ou son deputee de fair loffice de gaugeo en to lieux q'unt il a ceo p la ptie soit requis; & ceo destre observez p mye tout le Roiał du Roi sur la peyne comprise en lestat fait lan xxvij du Roy Edward le tierce de gaugier dez vinez rouge & blanc dueme estre execut.

Item ordeigne est p lauctorite suisdit q chune Eschetour pigne sez enquestez doffice, p vertue dez brez de diem clausit extremu & toutz auts briefs, deinz le mois aps la delivaunc dautielx brs; & auxint q toutz autielx

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xvij.

inquisicons soiet prisez en bonez villez & lieux ovtez; et q null de eux pigne privent ne appiert p luy ne p autre [p ascune '] mesne psone pur lexecucion dez ascunez tielx briefs en un Counte, ne p loccasion de ceo oustre la some de vi s. viij d. ou xiij s. iiij d. ou desouth lou son labour & sez costagez ceo demaunderent, issint q la some qil autielme' Pindra nexceda pas en tout la some de xl s. pur lez execucions dascune tiel brief en un Countee; et si ascune Eschetour face le contrarie dascune de lez Pmissez q adonqs il forface la some de xlti: auxint q si ascune home travse ascun office prise dev'nt ascun Eschetour ou Comission, & dent eit ascun Scir fac envs ascun patente, q en cell case null pteccion soit allowe ne allouable; & quant a ascun graunt ou leez a fair () ascune psone q travsa ascun tiel office q lestatta en tiel cas devant cest [estatta] faitz soiet duement observez : & q le Roi eit la moite de la dit forfaitur de xl. fi. & q la partie q en cest ptie voet suer pur le Roi & luy mesmez eit lautre moite dicell.

Item le Roi considerant comet divsez compleintz ount este faitz dev'nt cest te' p divsez de sez liegez marchantz repairantz as lez ptiez de Gascoigne & Guven, coment jatard ils nont estez suffrez dachater vinez de la cresceaunce del haute paiis en tiel te' come ils soloient affair; Et auxint coment illoquez sont divsez novelx imposicions demaundez & levez de sez ditz liegez march'untz repairauntz as lez ditz ptiez, autment q ad este usec dauncien temps destre demande et leve, en graund damage dez mesmez lez marcheuntz, & g'undez pdez & anientisment dez toutz sez foialx liegez, ad ordeigne p lauctoritee suisditz, q toutz sez ditz marchauntz repairauntz as lez ditz ptiez de Gascoigne & Guyen puissent fraunchement en aprez achater lez vinez illoquez de la haute paiis, en toutz autielx temps & tout autiel liberte come ils usoient eux achater xx. ou xxx. ans passez, saunz ascune autre novell imposicion ou charge destre jettez ou myse pur eux: et q si ascun de lez Officers du Roy en lez ditz ptiez ou ascun autre psone distourbe vexe ou greve ou face distourber vexer ou grever ascuns de lez ditz Marchauntz ou liegez du Roy, ou face destre leve dascun de eux ascuns novelx imposicions cont'rie a cest ordeignance, il de forfair a tauntz dez foitz come il offenda a la partie grevee xx fi. oustre sez treblez dañi destre paiez a luy, lune ptie de mesme la forfaitur de xx ti. destre paiez al oeps du Roi & lautre ptie a luy issint greve, ou a celluy q en sez defautez & necligencez pur le Roy voet suer en celle partie.

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taken in good Towns and open Places; and that none of them shall take privily nor openly by him, [nor by any Person '] for the Execution of any such Writs in one County, nor by the Occasion thereof, above the Sum of Six Shillings and Eight-pence, or Thirteen Shillings and Four-pence, or above where his Labour and his Costs shall require it, so that the Sum which he so shall take do not exceed in the Whole the Sum of Forty Shillings, for the Execution of any such Writ in one County; and if any Escheator do contrary to any of the Premises, that then he shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds. Also that if any Man traverse any Office taken before any Escheator or Commissioner, and thereof hath a Scire facias against any [Patentee,1] that in this Case no Protection shall be allowed, nor allowable; and as to any Grant or Lease to be made to any Person which shall traverse any such Office, that the Statute in that Case, before this Time made, shall be duly observed: And that the King shall have the Half of the said Forfeiture of Forty Pounds, and the Party, which in this Behalf will sue for the King and himself, shall have the other Half of the same.

ITEM, The King, considering how divers Complaints have been made before this Time, by divers of his lieges Merchants repairing to the Parts of Gascoine and Guyen, how that now of late they have (1) been suffered to buy Wines of the Growing of the high Country in such Time as they were wont [to be made; 1] and also how there be divers new Impositions demanded and levied of his said lieges Merchants repairing to the said Parts, otherwise than hath been used of old Time to be demanded and levied, to the great Damage of the same Merchants, and great Loss and Hindrance of all his faithful liege People; hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, that all his said Merchants, repairing to the said Parts of Gascony and Guyen, may freely hereafter buy the Wines there of the high Country, in all such Times, and in all such [Liberties,5] as they have used to buy them xx or xxx years past, without any other new Imposition or Charge [to be put 6] upon them: And that if any of the King's Officers in the said Parts, or any other Person, disturb vex or grieve, or do to be disturbed, vexed, or grieved, any of the said Merchants, or liege People of [our Sovereign Lord] the King, or do to be levied of any of them any new Impositions, contrary to this Ordinance, he to forfeit as oftentimes as he offendeth, to the Party grieved xx. pound over his Treble Damages to be paid to him; the one Half of the same Forfeiture of Twenty Pounds to be paid to the Use of [our Sovereign Lord] the King, and the other Part to the Party so grieved, or to him which in his Default and Negligence will sue for [our Sovereign Lord] the King in this Behalf.

ne by oder, be any mene Person Rot. Parl.
Patente
nu. xxv. (50.)
not to doo fredome Rot. Parl.
to be leyde or sette
nu. xxvi. (51.)

on at Trees and Twenty lifth to the Thirty pints Tree of M. Henry VI. both inclusive: All on the same Statute, Rall-roll all

Fees of Escheators;

Penalty.

On Traverse of Inquest no Protection in Scire Facias.

Leases to Traversers.

XVII. Subjects may buy Wines in Gascony, &c. without any new Charges.

Penalty on the King's Officers transgressing this Act.

YOL IL

Statuta in div'sis annis regni Regis henrici sexti edita.*

STATUTES

MADE IN DIVERS YEARS OF THE REIGN OF

HENRY, VI. KING

Anno 25° HENRICI, VI. A.D.1446-7.

OF THE TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR.

All Statutes against Welchmen confirmed.

Grants of Markets, &c.

in North Wales

avoided.

The King's

their ancient

Bondsme there shall do

Services.

OUR Sovereign Lord the King, at his Parliament holden at Saint Edmundsbury, in the Feast of Saint Scolast; that is to say, the x. Day of February, the xxv. Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons of his Realm in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same Parliament, hath approved, ratified, and affirmed all Manner of Statutes made in any Parliament against Welchmen before this Time, not repealed: And moreover hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That all Grants of Franchises, Markets, Fairs, and other Liberties to buy or to sell, [to bake or to brew, and to sell'] within the Towns of North Wales, made to any Welshman before this Time, shall be void and of no Value. And that [all the Villains of 2] our Sovereign Lord the King within North Wales shall be bound and constrained to do such Labours and Services [as they of Right 3] have used to do of old Time, notwithstanding any Grant made to them, or any Usage used by them [of a later Time 1] to the contrary; and that such Officers shall have Power to compel them to do such Labours and Services, [as they have used⁵] to compel them before this Time lawfully.

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3 as have used

or bake or brue to sell all Boundemen to Rot. Parl.

of late tyme

(nu.v.(23.)

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. V. m. 7. De anno rrv.

In Margine

Tre f le Roy a son parlement tenuz a Bury Saynt Edmūde en le fest de Saynt Scolast, cestassavoir le disme jo' de Fever lan de son reigne xxv. del advis & assente des f's espuelx [& temporelx '] & les Coes de son Roialme en le dit parlement assemblez & p auctorite de mesme le parlement ad approve ratifie & afferme toutz mans destatutez faites en ascun parlement encountir homes Galoys dev'nt cell temps nient repellez: et outre ceo ad ordeigne p lauctorite aventdit qu toutz g'untes des franchises merches feyres & autres libtees dachater ou vendre, a pister ou brasier de vendre, deinz lez villes de Northgales faitz a ascun home Galoys devant cett temps soient voidez & de nutt value. Et q toutz villeins nre f' le Roy deinz Northgales soint obligez & artez de faire tiels labours & svices de droit si come ils ount usez a faire dauncien temps; Nient obstant ascun g'unt fait a eux ou ascun usage usee p eux de puisne temps en conterie; & q tielx officers eient poiar de compeller eux afaire tielx labours & svices si come ount usez de compeller eux dev'nt cell temps loialment.

Interlined on the Roll.

^{*} From the Twenty-fifth to the Thirty-ninth Year of K. Henry VI. both inclusive: All on the same Statute Roll.

Anno 27° HENRICI, VI. A.D.1448-9.

The Ground is troy Edward to made p willing dell' Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. V. m. 7, 6. De anno rrbijo.

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Circo de Loundres M auta beux necessaries & conve-

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18-81 MARKE

In Margine Rotuli.

U parlement tenuz a Westin le xij jour de Febr lan du Reigne nre f' le Roy Henry vje apres le conquest xxvije mesme nre fr le Roy del advis & assent des l's espuett & temporett & lez Coes esteantz en le dit parlement & p auctorite de mesme le parlement ad fait ordener & establier divses ordinances & estatutes en lez mane & fourme ensuantz.

Primement pur ceo q une cteine orden nce ad estee pclamee publiee & estroitement gardee en lez partiez de Brabant Holland & Zeland q nutt mane de draps de lain fait en cest Roialme Dengletre ne viendra en lez ditz parties la estre vendues ascument, sur peine de forfaiture de mesme le draps; pur quoy le Roy nre dit sovaigne f pur cause qest expssement encountre lez trieux & appointementez faitz & pris entre ses Roialmes Pres & subgettes dune partie, et les Pres les quelx le Duc de Burgoigne tient & occupie de lautre partie plusours foitz devant cest temps ad fait escripre ses lies requisitories & envoya ses messages pur due reformacion pur avoire este eue en cest partie, de quoy enquore nutt due addresse est ewe a tresintollerable damage de toutz les Cões de cest Roialme, p cause q plusours faisours de draps, cestassavoir homes textours fullours & tincturiers & femes pingneresses, cardoresses, & fileresses, & aut's achatours & vendours dicett, tielx qi ne sceuent nutt aut's occupacions, de Praie necessite sont constraintez pur leur vivre a faire les occupacions, et tielx deulx q ne sceuent a faire nutt auts occupacions devienent come udife people, le quel les pvoque a pecchie & mavais vie : Le Roy considerant les Pmisses ad ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit q sil ne soit q due continuell reformacion soit fait, es ditz parties de Brabant Holland & Zeland de la dit ordeign'nce entre cy & le fest de Seint Michell pschein venant, Ainsi q tout mane de draps de lain faitz en cest Roialme poet venir & estre accepte en mesmes les parties de Holland Brabant & Zeland, la estre uties & vendues auxi franchement come ascuns auts mchandises, q lors p' defaulte de tiel reformacion en cett partie, nutt mane des michaundises ne biens del croissance ne ovaygne dez Pres & parties lesquelx le dit Duc tient & occupie, viengne en le dit Roialme Dengletre apres le dist fest, sur peine de forfaiture de les mchaundises cestassavoir lune moite de ceo au Roy & lautre moitie de cell a celuy q primement seisera

great Deliteration ordained the whole Stiple of Wools OF THE TWENTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

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T the Parliament holden at Westminster the A Twelfth Day of February, the Seven-and-twentieth Year of the Reign of our Lord King Henry the Sixth, after the Conquest, the same our Lord the King, by Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons, being in the same Parliament, [hath '] ordained and established divers Ordinances and Statutes, in Manner and Form following.

FIRST, Forasmuch as a certain Ordinance hath been proclaimed, published, and strictly kept in the Parts of Brabant, Holland, and Zealand, that no Manner of Woolen Cloths made in this Realm of England, shall not come [in 1] the said Parts, there to be sold in any wise, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Cloths; Wherefore the King our Sovereign Lord, because that it is expressly against the Truce and Appointments made and taken betwixt his Realms Lands and Subjects of the one Party, and the Lands which the Duke of Burgoin doth hold and occupy of the other Party, many Times before this Time hath made his Letters of Request to be written, and sent his [Message 1] for due Reformation to be had in this Behalf, whereof no due Remedy is yet had, to the intolerable Damage of all the Commons of this Realm, because that many Clothmakers, that is to say, Men, Weavers Fullers and Dyers, and Women, [Websters 1] Carders and Spinners, and other Buyers and Sellers of the same, such as do know none other Occupacions, of very Necessity be constrained for their Living to do the same Occupations, [and some of them live idly, 1] which provoketh them to Sin and evil Life: The King considering the Premises, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That unless due continual Reformation be made in the said Parts of Brabant, Holland, and Zealand, of the said Ordinance, betwixt this and the Feast of Saint Michael next coming, so that all Manner of Woolen Cloths made in this Realm [of England] may come and be accepted in the same Parts of Holland, Brabant, and Zealand, there to be uttered and sold as [speedily 6] as any other Merchandises, that then for Default of such Reformation in this Behalf no Manner of Merchandises nor Goods, of the growing or workmanship of the Lands and Parts which the said Duke holdeth and occupieth, shall come [in 1] the said Realm of England after the said Feast, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Merchandises [so brought into this Realm,7] that is to say, the one Half (8) to [our Sovereign Lord] the King, and the other Half thereof to him which first shall seize

Ordinance Brabant, &c. Woollen Cloths of England shall be imported

> Unless that Ordinance be repealed, the Merchandises of those Parts shall not be imported into England;

Upon Pain of Forfeiture.

1 and by Authority of the same Parliament, bath caused to be

4 Kembers ⁵ mesages and such of theym as cannot do noon other Rot. Parl. occupacions, become as ydell pepull, nu. ij. (20.) 6 freely

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the said Merchandises, in whose Hands soever they shall be found. And that open Proclamation shall be made [upon that'] betwixt this and the xv. Day of July next coming, within the City of London and other Places necessary and convenient to the same. And if any Suit be commenced hereafter because of any such seizing, in which any Issue concerning this Act shall be taken, that the said Issue shall be tried in the County where the said Seizing is had, and in none other Place: This Ordinance to endure [but till'] the next Parliament.

II.
Recital of
the great
Decrease of
the Customs
at Calais, and
of the Decay
of the Town;

ITEM, Forasmuch as King Edward the Third, by great Deliberation ordained his whole Staple of Wools Woolfels and other Merchandises to be at Calais, for the Weal and Profit of (3) his Realm, and Safeguard of the said Town; and by the great Liberties and Franchises given to Merchants thither repairing, [after that many Years 1] came great Revenues to him and to his Successors, as it appeareth of Record in the King's Exchequer, that is to say, in [every 5] Year of his Reign lxviij M fi. and more, and so continued many Years, at which Time great Riches came into this Realm of England by the mean of Merchants of the said Staple then being many in Number and of great Riches, good Justice and and Law had betwixt Party and Party, and by them well executed, the said Town of Calais and the Marches were well repaired, and Soldiers paid of their Wages; [although that maintenant 6] by divers and many Licences given by Letters Patents, and by misusing of the said Licences in buying of Wools and Woolfels in other Places than their Licence containeth, in shipping [great 7] Number and Weight, and colouring the same by new [contrived 8] Names, as Morling and Shorling; and some Persons which according to their Licence ought to have carried their Wools over the Mountains, have sold the same in Brabant, and in other Places, to such Men which were wont to be accustomed to buy their Wools at the Staple of Calais; and also by great stealing out of Wools and Woolfels not customed in divers Parts of England, of Ireland, and of Wales, oftentimes by the Consent and Mean of [unlawful9] Officers as Searchers and Surveyors, which take no Fee, but privy Rewards for doing wrong to the King; and by divers Restraints of Merchandises in Calais, as well by Wars as by Soldiers for their Wages, and many other Causes, in which the Merchants of the said Staple [be not of Ability nor 10] Power to enjoy their Liberties and Franchises of old Time used and accustomed: Now it is so, that by the Means aforesaid, and by the breaking of [such Staples,"] the Customs and Subsidies of the Merchandises repairing to the said Staple of Calais pass not yearly xij M. pound, which is but little in Comparison to that that they have been heretofore, the Commons of this Land not enriched by their Wools and Woolfels, and other Merchandises, as they were wont to be, the Merchants greatly minished as well in Number as in Goods, and not [of 12] Power nor [of 12] Comfort to buy the Wools and Woolfels, and other Merchandises as they have done of old Time, the Soldiers of Calais and of the Marches there not paid of their Wages, the Town of Calais by Default of Reparation, as well within the Town Walls Towers and Castle, as without the

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les ditz mchaundises, en quelxconqes mayns qu'ils soient troves. Et q ovte pelamacion soit fait sur ceo entre cy & le xvme jour du July pschein venant dedeins la Citee de Loundres & aut's lieux necessaries & conveniencez a ceo. Et si ascune suyte soit comence en apres pur cause dascune tielt seysyn en quel ascune issue concnant cest acte sra prise, q la dit issue soit trie en le Countee ou la dit seisyn est ewe, et en nult autre lieu: cest ordeignance dendurer jusques au pschein parlement.

Iîm q come le Roy Edward le tierce p g'unde delibacion ordeigna son entier Staple de Leines peaulx lanuez & daut's mchaundises estre a Caleys p' le bien & puffit de cest son Roialme & saufegarde de la dit ville, et p les g'undes libtees & fraunchises donez as mchauntes illec reparantz ap's ceo plusours annes vindrent g'undes revenuez a luy & a ses successours, come il appiert de record en leschequer du Roy, Cestassavoir en ascune an de son reigne lxviij M' ti. & pluis et ainsi contynua plusours ans, Au quel temps g'undez richesses vindreint en cest Roialme Dengletre p le moyen des nichauntes du dit staple, lors esteantz plusours en nombre & de g'unde richesse, bone Justice & Loy entre partie & partie euez & p eux bien executez, la dit Ville de Caleys & les Marches bien reparees, et lez Souldiours paiez de leurs gages; Combien q maintenant p divses & plusours licences donez p lies patentes & p mesusance des ditz licences en achettant levnes & peaulx lanuez en auts lieux q leur licence conteint, en eskippaunt plus gaund nombre & pois, et colourant p novelles controves nouns come Morlyng & Shorlyng: Et ascunes psones q solonc leur licence devoient avoir carie lours leynes oultre les Montaignes, ount venduez icelles en Brabant & en auts lieux a tielx homes q furent accustumes dachetter leurs leines a lestaple de Caleis; Et auxi p g'und emblerie hors des leyns & peaulx lanueux non custumez en divses parties Denglerre Dirlande & Gales, souvent foitz p le consent & moien dez desloyaux offics come Serchours & Surveours q ne preignent nult fee, mais prive regardez pur faisaunt au Roy tort; et p divses restraintes des michandises en Caleis auxi bien p guerres come p Souldeours pur lour gages, & plusours aut's causes en quelles les mchauntz du dit estaple nont point estre chiery ne de poair denjoier leurs libtees & fraunchises del auncien temps usez & accustumez: Or il est ainsi q p lez moienez desuisditz & p la rumperie dentier estaple, les custumes & subsides des michaundises reparantz au dit estaple de Cales ne passent point annuelment xij Mt ti. le quell nest mes petite en compareson au ceo q ilz ount este pcy devant, les Cõez de cest tre nullement enrichez, p leur laynes peaulx laneux & aut's mchaundisez come ils soiloient estre, lez mchauntz g'undement dymenuz auxi bien en nombre q en biens, & nient en poair ne en comfort dachater lez laynes peaulx laneux & aut's michaundises come ils ount fait de launcien temps, lez Souldeours de Caleis & dez Marches la noon paiez de lour gagez, la Ville de Caleis par defaulte dez reparacions tanq dedeins la Ville murs tours & chateau come de hors la Ville de Fossez,

Getteis clefs escluses bankes & aut's repacions queux Proient faitez pur defence de la Ville & de leaue p dehors, resemble destre totalment destroiez, q Dieu defende, saunz ceo q remedie soit hastifment p'veu: Nre dit f' le Roy considerant lez Pmissez ad ordeigne & establie p lauctorite desuisdit, q lez Maire Constables & Compaignie dez mchauntes de lestaple de Caleys pur le temps esteantz, & lour successours pur toutz jours, puissent avoir & rejoier toutz lour fraunchises & libtees & chun deux, et entier repaiere de toutz mans de mchaundisez au dit estaple p le dit Roy ou p sez noblez pgenitours a eux ou a lours Pdecessours ou ascun deux par auctorite du parlement g'untez ou confermez, nient repellez ne exceptez. Et q lez ditz Maire Constables & lours successours puissent p eulx mesmes ou p lour offics & ministrez faire execucion de toutz man's choses & maties dount la coignoissance a eux regarde ou apptient, tanq, dedeins la Ville de Caleis come de hors la Ville en la pcincte ptenaunt a icell, appellez le Skyvinage, ascun comaundement escript ou ascun autre chose fait ou affaire au cont'rie nient obstant. Purveu toutz foitz q p cest act null home soit excluse de sa loiatt suyte p brief derrour dascun jugement renduz dev'nt lez ditz Maire & Constables; Ne le Chaunceller Dengletre & le Counseill du Roy soient exclusez de redresser lez defaultez dez ditz Maire & Constables solone la fourme de lestatut fait le xxvije anne du reigne du Roy Edward le tierce. Et q nuff mane de licence p' eskippance de leynes peaulx lanuez ou destayn g'unte a ascune psone ou psones soit effectuell ne availlable a luy ou a ceux de carier ou amesner ascunes tielx laynes peaulx lanuelx ou estayn hors de cest Roialme Dengletre Irlond ou Gales a ascune autre lieu q au dit estaple de Caleys. Et q tout mane de licence, p nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy ou ascune de ses heirs ou successours a ascune psone ou psones a g'untier de ou p' laynes peaulx lanuez ou estayn destre euez cariez ou eskippez hors de cest Roialme Dengletre, Irlond ou Gales, a ascune autre lieu q au dit estaple, soit voide & de nuff effect. Et q chun psone ou psones q acceptient opteinent & mettent en execucion ascune tiel licence, ou il ou ceux al oeps de quett ascune tiel licence soit ou gra g'untee & eue, & p eux ou p ascune autre p lour aggrement & consent mys en execucion soit ou soient hors de pteccion du Roy; Et oultre ceo q il lirra as ditz Maire Constables & Compaignie dez mchauntz du dit estaple & a lour successours p' toutz jours davoir & p'suer une accion sur cest estatute encountre chun psone ou psones q offendent countre cest orden nce, et avoir tiel peesse en icelly come est purveu en le pmuniri fac, ou tiel pcesse come p la Coe lev est en une accion de trespas faitz encountre la peas du Roy, a lour eleccion. Et si ascune psone ou psones a lour suyte sur ceo soit convict ou atteint q mesmes lez Maire Constablez & Compaigne dez mchauntz avount jugement a recover toutz les biens moebles & chateux, q ascune tiel psone ou psonez ainsi convict ou atteint avoit le jour de mettre en execucion daucune tiel licence ou au temps de le dit jugement renduz, ou en ascune temps entre le mettre en lexecucion

Town, of Dykes, [Cliffs,1] Sluices, Banks, and other Reparations which should be made for Defence of the Town and of the Water [without,] likely to be (1) destroyed, which God defend, except that Remedy be hastily provided: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, hath ordained and established by Authority aforesaid, That the Mayor, Constables, and [Company 1] of Merchants of the Staple of Calais for the Time being, and their Successors for ever, may have and enjoy all their Franchises and Liberties and every of them, and whole Repair of all manner of Merchandises to the said Staple, by the said King or by his noble Progenitors to them or to their Predecessors, or any of them, by the Authority of Parliament granted or confirmed, not repealed nor excepted. And that the said Mayor, Constables, and their Successors, may by themselves or by their Officers and Ministers do Execution of all manner of Things and Matters, the Knowledge whereof to them [pertaineth, 3] as well within the Town of Calais, as without the Town in the Precinct pertaining to the same, called the [Skyvynage 6]; any Commandment, Writing, or any other Thing made or to be made to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always, that by this Act no Man shall be excluded of his lawful Suit by Writ of Error, of any Judgment given before the said Mayor and Constables; nor the Chancellor of England and the King's Council shall not be excluded to redress the Defaults of the said Mayor and Constables, after the Form of the Statute made the xxvii. Year of the Reign of King Edward the Third. And that no Manner of Licence for shipping of Wools and Woolfels, or of Tin, granted to any Person or Persons, shall be effectual nor available to him or to them, to carry or bring any such Wools, Woolfels, or Tin out of this Realm of England, Ireland or Wales, to any other Place than to the said Staple of Calais. And that all manner of Licence by our said Sovereign Lord the King, or any of his Heirs or Successors, to any Person or Persons to be granted, of or for Wools Woolfels or Tin, to be had, carried, or shipped out of this Realm of England, Ireland, or Wales, [or 7] any other Place than to the said Staple, shall be void and of none Effect. And that every Person or Persons which shall accept, obtain, and put in Execution any such Licence, or he or they to whose Use any such Licence is or shall be granted and had, and by them or by any other by their Agreement or Consent put in Execution, shall be out of the King's Protection; and moreover, that it shall be lawful to the said Mayor, Constables, and [Company 1] of Merchants of the said Staple, and to their Successors for ever, to have and pursue an Action upon this Statute against every Person or Persons, which shall offend contrary to this Ordinance, and to have such Process in Process in the same as is provided in the Premuniri facias, or such Process as by the (*) Law is in an Action of Trespass done against the King's Peace, at their Election. And if Judgement any Person or Persons at their Suit upon the same be convict or attainted, that the same Mayor, Constables, and [Company 1] of Merchants shall have Judgement to recover all the moveable Goods and Chattels, that any such Person or Persons so convict or attainted had, the Day of putting in Execution of any such Licence, or at the Time of the said Judgement given, or at any Time (9) betwixt the putting in Execution of any such Geteys, Keyes, * outeward

The Company of Mer-chants of the Staple at Calais shall enjoy all their former Privileges.

Saving for Writ of Error, and Appeal to the Chan-Council in England, under Stat 27 Edw. III. st. z. ch. 24. All Licences to export Wools, &c. to any other Place, than to the Staple

shall be void ;

Persons obof the King's Protection.

Statute.

such Action;

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In what County such Action shall be commenced.

Forfeiture for exporting Wools, &c. elsewhere than to the Staple at Calais, by Colour of a Licence or otherwise.

Any Subject of the King may seize to his own Use such Wools.

Customers and other Officers permitting Wools, &c. to be so exported, shall incur the same Penalties as the Shippers.

ment given, or the Value thereof, at the Election of the Plaintiffs in the same Actions; whereof the Two Parts of the Goods and Chattels so recovered and had in Execution, or the Value thereof, shall be employed for Reparations of [Gutters,1] Sluices, and Banks at Calais aforesaid, by the Surveying of the Master of the [said] Works there for the Time being, and the Third Part thereof shall remain to the Mayor, Constables, and [Company 3] aforesaid. Provided always, That the said Action be had and commenced within the County where such Licence shall be put in Execution; And if any such Licence be put in Execution in Ireland or Wales, that then the Suit shall be commenced in the County within England next adjoining to the Place where such Licence shall be put in Execution in Ireland or Wales. And moreover, that every Person or Persons, which shall ship or [bring or do '] to be shipped or carried any Wools, Woolfels, or Tin out of this Realm, (3) Ireland, or Wales, by Colour of any Licence, or otherwise, and them put to Sale in any other [Part 6] or Place out of the said Realm of England, Ireland, or Wales, than [to 7] the said Staple of Calais, unless the Ship, in which the said Wools Woolfels or Tin (8) should be perished, and may not be brought to the said Staple, and thereof be attainted or convict at the Suit of the said Mayor, Constables and [Company 3] of Merchants of the said Staple, by such Action and Process grounded upon this Act, as is afore rehearsed, the same Action to be taken in the County where the said Wools Woolfels or Tin be shipped or carried out, that he shall forfeit all his Goods and Chattels, to be employed and had in the Form aforesaid. And if any Wools Woolfels or Tin, from henceforth be carried or shipped to be had out of this Realm of England, Ireland, or Wales, to any other Place out of England, Ireland, or Wales, than to the said Staple, by Force of any Licence, that then it shall be lawful to every Person, being the King's Liege-man, to seize the said Wools Woolfels and Tin, and them keep to his own Use after such Seizing. And that every Customer, Comptroller, Searcher and Surveyor, which by his Knowledge shall suffer or admit any Wools Woolfels or Tin to be shipped, within any Port, Creek, Haven, or any other Place where they be Officers, [or 9] any other Port or Place than to the said Staple as afore is said, by Force of any Licence, or by Colour thereof, (10) by Force of any Writ or other Commandment, in affirming or approving of any such Licence to them to be directed, or willingly suffer any such Merchandises to pass out of this Realm, not customed or not weighed at the King's Beam, such of them which ought to be weighed, shall incur the Pain and Forfeiture aforesaid; and he or they shall be reputed and judged in like Case, as he which executeth any such Licence to any other Place than to the said Staple, after that he thereof shall be convict at the Suit of him which in this Case will sue; and that it shall be lawful to every Person being the King's Subject and Liege-man, that in such Case will pursue, to have such Action against the said Customers, Comptrollers, Searchers, and Surveyors, as is provided against such Persons which shall put in Execution any such Licence, as afore is said. And that all manner of Thing done contrary to the Ordinance of this Statute.

Licence, [or at the Time of 1] the foresaid Judge-

and the Geteys Felisshippe carie, or make of England ris, to refer to refer

de ascune tiel licence, & le dit jugement renduz, ou le value ent al eleccion dez plaintifs en les mesmes accions; dount lez deux parties dez biens & chateux ainsi recovez & euez en execucion ou le value ent sront emploiez p' repacions dez Getteis Escluses & Bankes a Caleis suisditz p la surveiaunce du Maistre des ouvraignez illec p' le temps esteant, et la tierce partie ent remayndra as Maire Constablez & Compaigne desuisdit. Purveu toutz foitz q la dit accion soit eue & comence dedeins le Counte ou tiel licence Bra mys en execucion; et si ascune tiel licence soit mys en execucion en Irlond ou Gales q lors le suyte soit comence en le Counte dedeins Englet re pschein adjoignant a le lieu ou tiel licence sra mys en execucion en Irlond ou Gales. Et oultre ceo q chun psone ou psonez, q eskippent ou amesnent ou ferront deskipper ou carier ascuns laynes peaulx lanuelx ou estayn hors de cest Roialme Dengletre Irlond ou Gales, p colour dascune licence ou autrement, & lez mettent a vendre en ascune autre port ou lieu hors du dit Roialme Dengletre Irlond ou Gales q au dit estaple de Caleis, si non q la neef en qel lez ditz laynez peaulx lanuez ou estayne srount, soit peris & ne poet estre amesne au dit estaple, et de ceo soit convict ou atteint a la suite dez ditz Maire Constables & Compaignie des mchauntz du dit estaple p tiel accion & pcesse founduz sur cest acte come il est devant reherse, Icelle accion destre prise en le Counte ou lez ditz laynez peaulx lanuez ou estayne sont eskippez ou cariez hors, q il forface toutz sez biens & chateux destre emploiez & ewez en la fourme avantdit. Et si ascuns laynes peaulx lanuez ou estayn desore enav'nt soient cariez ou eskippez destre ewes hors de cest Roialme Dengletre Irlond ou Gales, a ascune autre lieu hors Dengletre Irlond ou Gales q au dit estaple p force dascune licence, q lors il lirra a chun psone estant le liege home du Roy de seiser les ditz laynes peaulx lanuez & estayne, & les garder a son ppre oeps apres tiel seisyn. Et q chun Custumer Countrollour Sercheour & Surveiour q p sa coignis unce souffre ou admitte ascuns laynes peaulx lanuez ou estayne destre eskippez, deinz ascune porte Creke hable ou ascune autre lieu ou ils sount Offics, au ascune autre porte ou lieu q au dit estaple come desuis est dit, p force dascune licence ou p colour ent, ou p force dascune brief ou autre comaundement en affirmant ou approvant dascune tiel licence a eux destre adressez, ou souffre voluntarement ascuns tielx michaundisez passer hors de cest Roialme non custumez ou non poisez a le Beame du Roy, tielx de eux q devoient estre poisez, encourge la peyne & forfaiture suisdit; & celluy ou ceux soient reputez & adjugez en cas semblable come celuy q execute ascune tiel licence a ascune autre lieu q au dit estaple, aps ceo qil ent soit convict a la suyte de celluy q en cest cas suer vouldra; & q il lirra a chun psone esteant le liege home du Roy q en ceo cas voelt pursuer davoir tiel accion encountre les ditz Custums Countrollers Sercheours & Surveiours come est purveu encountre tielx psones q mettent en execucion ascune tiel licence come desuis est dit. Et q tout man chose fait encountre lorden nce de cest estatut

tang, dedeins cest Roialme come de hors nient triable p matier de record soit mys en issue & soit triable p enquest en mesme le Counte & visne ou la dit accion Bra prise. Purveu toutz foitz q tout mane de licence pur laynes & estayne appasser p le Straites de Marrok eskippes en Galeis ou Carrakes en paiant custumez & subsidies come aliens font ou ferront soit soulement exceptz. Purveu auxi q cest act nextend point ne Bra pas pjudiciall a la licence g'unte p nre dit sovaigne f' le Roy p ces fres patentes portauntz date le xxiiij jour de July lan de son reigne xxvjme al nre sovaigne Dame la Roigne sa compaigne, p'eskipper & carier p elle sez deputez assignees ou creditours, laynes peaux lanuez & estayn solonco, la fourme & effect dez ditz fres patentes, issint q lez ditz laynes, peaulx lanuez & estayn & chun de eux soient & soit eskippes en Galee ou Galees, Carrake ou Carrakes & cariez p les Straites de Marrok. Purveu auxi q cest act ne extend ne soit pjudiciatt a la licence g'unte p nre dit sovaigne f le Roy p sez tres patentz portantz date le primer jour de July lan de son reigne xxiiij, au Duc de Suff p le noun de Guilliam Marques & Counte de Suff, pur eskipper & carier p luy sez deputez ou attournez ij M' Sacs del layne del croissaunce du Counte de Norff, solone la fourme & effect dez mesmez tres patentz. Et q ovt pelamacion de cest orden'nce soit fait en chun Ville ou lez Countees sount tenuz, chun port hable & Ville Merchie as ditz portez pluis ps adjoignant p le Viscount de chun Countee ou son deputee, chun mois une foitz p la space dune demy an pschein aps cest ordeign nce fait aps cest acte denvs eux envoyee p brief de record, sur peyne de xx ti destre forfaitz au Roy si la dit pclamacion ne soit duement execute. Purveu toutz foitz q cest g'unte ou orden'nce ne soy extend pas as Priour & Covent de Seint John du Bridlington & a sez successours, qi ount licence p lez fres patentes du Roy faitz a eux le ix jour de Novembr lan de son Reigne xxvj, deskipper carier ou amesner lours laynes al nombre de xij Sarplers conteign*ntes xxx sackes ou dedeins, as aut's lieux ou ports de par de la q al dit estaple du Caleis. Purveu auxi toutz foitz q cest gunte ou ordeignence ne soy extend pas as guntes sevalment faitz as Thomas Walsynghim, Thomas Broun & a John Penycok esquiers, p les tres patentes de nre dit f' le Roy devent cest temps, deskipper carier ou amener cteins laynes as aut's lieux ou Portes de p dela q al dite staple de Caleis, mes qils soient de cest ordeign'nce tout outrement forprises : et q cest orden'nce comencera a le fest del Nativite du Seint John Baptist pschein avenir & endurera jesqes al fyne du cynk ans pscheynement ensuantz.

Itm q ou il est ordeigne p estatute fait en lan quart du reigne le Roy Henry le quart le noble pgenitour du nre sovayigne f' le Roy qorest, q toutz nichauntz aliens estraunges & deinszeins q amesnent ascuns mchaundises en Engletre, & lez vendent dedeins le dit roialme, tout la money pur lez ditz mchaundises resceu ou a rescevoir mettent a emploier pur aut's mchaundises Denglerre a carier hors de cest roialme, saunz emporter ovesq, eux ascune ore ou argent en

as well within this Realm as without, not triable by Offences Matter of Record, shall be put in Issue, and be triable by Inquest in the same County and Visne, where the said Action shall be taken. Provided always, That all Manner of Licences for Wool and Tin to pass by the Streights of Marrock, shipped in Gallies or Carracks [for paying '] Customs and Subsidies as Aliens do or shall do, shall be only except. Provided also, That this Act shall not extend, nor shall be prejudicial to the Licence granted by our said Sovereign Lord the King by his Letters Patents, bearing Date the xxiiij. day of July, the xxvi. year of his Reign, to our Lady the Queen his Companion, to ship and carry, by her, her Deputies, Assigns, or Creditors, Wools, Woolfels, and Tin, after the Form and Effect of the said Letters Patents, so that the said Wools, Woolfels, and Tin, and every of them shall be and be shipped in Galley or Gallies, Carack or Caracks, and carried by the Streights of Marrock. Provided also, That this Act shall not extend [to*] be prejudicial to the Licence granted by our (3) Sovereign Lord the King by his Letters Patents, bearing Date the First Day of July the xxiiij. Year of his Reign to the Duke of Suffolk, by the Name of William Marquis and Earl of Suffolk, to ship and carry by him, his Deputies or Attornies, Two thousand Sacks of Wool, of the growing of the County of Norfolk, after the Form and Effect of the same Letters Patents. And that open Proclamation of this Ordinance shall be made in every Town where the County Courts be holden, every Port, Haven, and Market Town next adjoining to the said Ports, by the Sheriff of every County or his Deputy, once every Month by the Space of Half a Year next after this Ordinance made, after this Act sent [against] them by Writ of Record, upon Pain of xx li. to be forfeit to the King, if the said Proclamation be not duly executed. Provided always, That this Grant or Ordinance shall not extend to the Prior and Convent of Saint John of Bridlington and his Successors which have Licence by the King's Letters Patents made to them the ix. of November, the xxvi. Year of his Reign, to ship carry or bring their Wools to the number of xii. Sarplers, containing xxx. Sacks or within, to other Places or Ports beyond the Sea, than to the said Staple of Calais. Provided also, That this Grant or Ordinance shall not extend to Grants severally made to Thomas Walsingham, Thomas Browne, and to John Pennycock, Esquires, by the Letters Patents of our Sovereign Lord the King before this Time, to ship carry or bring certain Wools to other Places or Ports beyond the Sea than to the said Staple of Calais, but that they shall be clearly except from this Ordinance: And that this Ordinance shall begin at the Feast of the Nativity of Saint John the Baptist next coming, and shall endure to the End of Five Years next following.

ITEM, Where it is ordained by a Statute made in the Fourth Year of (3) King Henry the Fourth, noble Progenitor of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, that all Merchants Aliens, Strangers and Denizens, that bring any Merchandises into [this Realm of] England, and them sell within the said Realm [of England,] should put all the Money, for the said Merchandises received or to be received, to be employed for other Merchandises of England, to carry out of this Realm, without bearing away with them any Gold or Silver in

Act shall be same County wherein the Action is Proviso for

Wools to pass the Streights of Morocco;

For a Licence granted to the Queen;

granted to the Duke of

Proclamation shall be made of this Act.

Proviso for St. John of Bridlington;

And for

Commencement and Continuance of Act.

III. Recital of St. 4 Hen. IV. chapter 15, requiring Merchants

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¹ payng Ret. Parl. nu. 19. s the reigne of Petition : (printed as nu. 4.)

The recited Act evaded;

Mayors or other Officers may arrest Ships, and take Surety of Merchants Aliens for recited Act.

Action against Customers, &c. Silver be exported contrary to

Commence-Continuance of this Act. Proclamation thereof.

Coin, Plate, or Mass, out of the said Realm, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same; [which'] notwithstanding, divers Merchants Aliens, Strangers and Denizens, daily in divers Ports, Havens, Creeks, and other Places within the said Realm, bring in Wheat, Corn, and other Merchandises and Victual, for the which they receive Gold and Silver, and the same carry with them out of the said Realm, without any Employment of the said Gold and Silver [upon] any Merchandises of this Realm, in great Damage and Impoverishment of this Realm, and minishing of the King's Coin, in Default of due Search had of Customers, Comptrollers and Searchers, [having 1] Power and Authority [to do their Offices to be executed 1]: Our said Sovereign Lord the King considering the Premises, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Merchants, Aliens and Strangers, bring, bear, or carry any Wheat, Corn, or any other Merchandises or Victual in any Haven, Port, or Creek, or other Places of this said Realm, that the [Mayors, 3] Bailiffs, Porterefes, Customers, Comptrollers and Searchers, and other Officers there of the said Port, Haven, or Creek, or other Places, [and every of them, shall 6] have full Authority and Power to arrest and seize all Ships, Barges, and other Vessels charged and freighted with Wheat, Corn, or any other Merchandises or Victual, [so] brought into this Realm [of 7] any Country out of this Realm, to sell; and to take sufficient Surety of all the said Merchants Aliens and Strangers, for the said Wheat, Corn, or other Merchandises and Victual so brought by the said Merchants Aliens and Strangers, coming and repairing to the said Ports Havens and Creeks, and other Places of this said Realm, [and that 8] the Money which shall be taken or received for the said Wheat, Corn and other Merchandises or Victual, shall be employed upon the Merchandises and Commodities of this Realm without Fraud, Subtilty, or Male-engine. And if any Gold or Silver in Coin, Plate, or Mass, by Merchants Aliens, Strangers or Denizens, be carried out of this Realm, taken or received for Wheat, Corn, or any other Merchandises or Victual, to be brought into this Realm [of 7] any other Country out of this Realm, con. trary to this Ordinance afore recited, that it shall be lawful to every Person to pursue an Action of Debt against all such Customers, Comptrollers, and Searchers, and every of them, in whose Knowledge and Default against their Office, any such Gold or Silver in Coin, Plate, or Mass, is had and carried out of this Realm; to be pursued in such Counties where such Wheat, Corn, or any other Merchandise or Victual is brought and put to sale; and in the said Action shall make his Demand of a Sum amounting to the Value of the said Wheat, Corn, Merchandise, or Victual; and that the Parties or Party, which is so sued, and first appeareth, shall be put to answer in the said Action, and shall not wage his Law in the said Action, nor Essoin nor Protection shall be in the same Action for him or for any of them allowed. Provided always, that this Ordinance shall begin and shall be in his force in the xv. of Easter next ensuing, and shall endure till the next Parliament; And that Proclamation thereof be made before the said xv. in all Parts of this Realm where any Wheat, Corn, or other Merchandises or Victual be or shall be brought into this Realm, from any Country out of this (9) Realm. 1 this Statut

2 for s Krekis and other ortes Havens I Places, where Custums Countrollers and Sarcheours have to do and execute there offic nu. 4.) have, and evy of them 3 Maire * that 7 fro

Petitions of this Year : (printed as

coigne plate ou masse, hors du dit roialme sur peyne de forfaiture dicett; cest estatute nient obstant, divsez michauntz aliens estranges & deinszeins journelment, en divsez portes hables & crekes & aut's lieux deins le dit Roialme apportent frument blees & aut's mchaundises & vitaill, p' lez quelx ils resceivent ore & argent & ycell charroyount ovesq eux hors du dit Roialme, saunz ascune emploiement du dit ore & argent pur ascuns michaundises de cest Roialme, en g'unde damage & empovysshement du cest Roialme & diminucion du coigne du Roy, en defaulte de due serche eue dez Custums Countrollours & Sercheours dez tielx portes hables crekes & aut's lieux ou Custums Countrollours & Sercheours ount poiar & auctorite de faire & execul lour offices: Nre dit sovaigne f le Roy considerant lez Pmissez ad ordeigne p lauctorite desuisdit, q si ascuns mchauntz aliens & estraunges amesnent apportent ou charroient ascune frument bles ou ascuns aut's mchaundises ou vitaitt, en ascune hable port ou creke ou aut's lieux de cest dit Roialme, q le Maire, Ba lifs, Portrefs, Custums, Controllours & Sercheours & aut's Officers illeosqes de dit port hable ou creke ou auts lieux, eient & chun deux eit pleyn auctorite & poiar darester & seiser toutz les niefs barges & aut's vesseaux charges & frettz ove frument bles ou ascuns aut's inchaundises ou vitaitl, apportez en cest Roialme, dascune pais hors de cest dit Roialme a vendre; & dapprendre sufficiant suertee de toutz lez ditz mchauntz aliens & estraunges, pur le dit frument blees & aut's mchaundises & vitaille ainsi apportes p lez ditz mchauntz aliens & estraunges, ven'ntz & repairantz as ditz portz hables & crekes & aut's lieux de cest dit Roialme, q la money q sra prise ou resceu pur le dit frument blees & auts michaundisez ou vitaitte Bra emploie sur lez mchaundisez & comoditees de cest Roialme, saunz fraude subtilitee ou male engyne. Et si ascune ore ou argent en coigne plate ou masse, p nichauntz aliens estranges ou deinszeins, soit carie hors de cest Roialme prise & resceve p'frument blees ou ascuns aut's mchaundisez ou vitaitt, apportes en cest Roialme dascune autre pais hors de cest dit Roialme, en cont'rie de cest ordeign'nce desuis recitee, qil lirra a chun psone de pursuer accion de dette encountre toutz tielx Custumers Countrollours & Serchours & chun deux, en coignisance & defaute de qi ou de queux encountre leur office ascune tiele ore ou argent en coigne plate ou masse est eue & cariez hors de cest Roialme; destre pursue en tielx Countees la ou tielx frument blees ou ascune autre mchaundise ou vitait est apportez & mys a vende; et en la dit accion ferra son demaunde du some amount'unt a la value du dit frument & blees, mchaundisez ou vitailt; et q lez parties ou partie q est ainsi sue & primement appiert Bra mys a respondre en la dit accion, & ne gaigera point sa ley en la dit accion ne esson ne pteccion en mesme laccion Bra pur luy ou p ascune deux allouee. Purveu toutz foitz q cest ordeignance comendra & Bra en sa force a la xvme del Paske pschein venant & soy endurera jusqes au pschein parlement; Et q pclamacion de ceo soit fait devant le dit xvme en toutz parties de cest Roialme, ou frument blees & aut's inchaundises ou vitail sount ou frount apportez en cest Roialme, dascune pais hors de cest dit Roialme.

iiij.

M. 6.

Itm q come a la grevous compleint dez Cões de lez Countees de Hereford Gloucestr & Salop, les queux sount adjoign ntz a lez Marches de Gales, & de lez Cões de les Countees de Somset Bristoff & Chestre au parlement tenuz a Westmi lan vintisme du reigne nre dit sovaigne f' le Roy qore est, estoit ordeigne p auctorite du dit parlement q si ascune people de lez ditz Countees lour biens ou chateux atort furent prises en ascune dez ditz Countees, p ascunes homez de Gales & hors de lez ditz Countees en Gales ou en les Marches de Gales fuez mesnez portez ou reteignez, q tieux prise ou prises recettementes abettementes ou reteigne. mentz de tieux maffaitz av ntditz Proient adjugez gund treason, et qconq ent Proiet atteint Proiet demesnes & adjugiez come Traitour a nie dit Sovaigne f; et q les Justicez de Peas en lour cessions en lez dit Countees arroient poiar denquerrer illeoqes & del miner de toutz tielx maffaisours lour abettours & recettours, & affaire pcesse encountre psonez ainsi enditez p deux Capias & une Exigent, chun Capias conteignant le space de deux mois ent la date ent & le reto'ne del mesme, & q mencion Proiet fait en lez ditz briefs de Capias q les Viscountz de lez Countees p' le temps esteantz ferroient pclamacion en lour Countees, qils ainsi enditz appiergent dev'nt lez ditz Justicez en lour Sessions de respondre a lez matiers conteignuz en lez ditz enditementz; Purveu toutz foitz q les s's Marchiers des queux tieux maffaisours lour abettours & recettours teignent lours tres & tentes arroient la forfaiture ent, & auxi la forfaiture dez biens & chateux trovez dedeins lour Fies aps ceo quils roient atteintz de tielx maffaitz; le quell orden nee nendureroit mes pur vj ans donqes pscheyn ensuantz: Nre dit f' le Roy al request des Coes dez ditz Countees p advis & assent desuisditz voet, q lordenance fait en le dit parlement tenuz a Westîń lan de son dit reigne vintisme pur tielx torciousez prisez, dendurer p' vi ans, preigne effect & soit en sa force jusqes a pscheyn parlement & adonqes dexspirer.

Itm consideratis abhominabilib3 injuriis & offensis Omipotenti Deo nro, scisq, suis, nris semp in necessitatib3 adjutorib3 & succursorib3 singularib3, causa feriaz & mcatoz, sup eoz sūma & principalia festa, veluti in festo Ascensionis Dñi, die corporis Xpi, die Pentecostes, die dñica Sče Trinitatis cum aliis dieb; dñicis, Ac eciam in sumo festo Assumpcois be Marie, die Oîm Scoz & in die Parasceues, consuetudinalit & miserrime in regno Angt tentos & usitatos, fcis & ppetratis, in quib3 principalib3 festivalib3q, diebus, p magna cupiditate trena, pptus voluntarie plus vexatus, & in labore corporali deturpatus existit q'm aliis dieb3 ferialib3, vidett in infigendo & faciendo Bothas & Stallas, portando & vehendo levando & collocando mcimonia sua extrorsum & domorsum, quasi nichil hentes in memoria horribilem inquinacoem aiaz suaz, in empcoe & vendicoe deceptivis multimodis mendaciis & falso pjurio, cum ebrietate & contencoib3, spali? seipos, & eox svientes, a divino svicio subt'hendo:

ITEM, Whereas at the grievous Complaint of the Commons of the Counties of Hereford, Gloucester, and Shropshire, which be adjoining to the Marches of Wales, and of the Commons of the Counties of Somerset, Bristol, and Chester, at the Parliament holden at Westminster the xx. Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, It was ordained by Authority of the said Parliament, that if any People of the said Counties, their Goods and Chattels were wrongfully taken in any of the said Counties by any Men of Wales, and out of the said Counties into Wales, or into the Marches of Wales [conveyed,] carried, [or brought, 1] or retained, that such Taking or Takings, Receipts, Abettments, or [withholding 3] of such Offences aforesaid, [shall 1] be judged High Treason, and whosoever thereof [shall be3] attainted, [shall 1] be [taken 6] and judged as Traitors to our Sovereign Lord the King; and that the Justices of Peace in their Sessions in the said Counties, [shall have'] Power to enquire, and there to determine of all such Offenders, their Abettors and Receivers, and to make Process against the Persons so indicted by ij. Capias and an Exigend, every Capias containing the Space of Two Months betwixt the Date thereof and the Return of the same; and that Mention [shall be] made in the said Writs of Capias, that the Sheriffs of the Counties for the Time being [shall make 9 Proclamation in their Counties, that they so indicted [shall appear "] before the said Justices in their Sessions, to answer to the Matters contained in the said Indictments; Provided always, that the Lords Marchers, of whom such Offenders, their Abettors and Receivers [shall hold"] their Lands and Tenements, [shall have'] the Forfeiture thereof, and also the Forfeiture of their Goods and Chattels found within their Seignories, after that they [shall be "] attainted of such Offences; which Ordinance should endure but for vj. Years then next ensuing: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, at the The recited Request of the Commons of the said Counties, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, will, that the [said] Ordinance made in the said Parliament holden at Westminster the [said] Twentieth Year of his said Reign, for such wrongful Taking, [shall endure for Six Years, and "] shall take Effect and be in his Force till the next Parliament, and then to expire.

ITEM, Considering the abominable Injuries and Offences done (") to Almighty God, and to his Saints always (15) Aiders and singular Assisters in our Necessities, because of Fairs and Markets upon their high and principal Feasts, as in the Feast of the Ascension of our Lord, in the Day of Corpus Christi, in the Day of Whitsunday, in Trinity Sunday, with other Sundays, and also in the high Feast of the Assumption of our Blessed Lady, the Day of All Saints, and on Good Friday, accustomably and [miserably 16] holden and used in the Realm of England; in which principal and festival Days, for great earthly Covetise, the People is [more willingly"] vexed, and in bodily Labour [foiled,18] than in other ferial Days, as in [fastening 19] and making their Booths and Stalls, bearing and carrying, lifting and placing their Wares outward and homeward, as though they did nothing remember the horrible Defiling of their Souls in buying and selling, with many deceitful Lyes, and false Perjury, with Drunkenness and Strifes, and [so] specially withdrawing themselves and their Servants from divine Service:

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IV. Recital of the St. 20 H.VI. c. 3. against Welchmen who take away English-men, their Goods and Chattels into Wales;

Parliament,

The Scandal of holding Fairs and Markets on Sundays and upon High Feast Days. Fairs and Markets shall not be holden Sundays or on Festivals.

Exception of the Four Sundays in Harvest.

Grantees of Fairs and Markets shall have their full Complement of Days, excluding Sundays and Feast Days.

Commencement and Continuance of this Act.

VI. Priests grievously vexed by Indictments for Felony;

The King's Pardon, in consideration of a Subsidy, of all Rapes, done by Priests;

And of all Forfeitures for taking Salaries.

the foresaid Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons of this Realm of England, being in the said Parliament, and by Authority of the same Parliament, hath ordained, That all Manner of Fairs and Markets in the said principal Feasts and Sundays, and Good-Friday, shall clearly cease from all shewing of any Goods or Merchandises, necessary Victual only except, upon Pain of Forfeiture of all the Goods aforesaid, so shewed, to the Lord of the Franchise or Liberty where such Goods, contrary to this Ordinance, be or shall be shewed, the Four Sundays in Harvest except; Nevertheless, of his special Grace, by Authority aforesaid, [granteth'] to them Power, which of old Time have no Day to hold their Fair or Market but only upon the Festival Days aforesaid, to hold [by the same 1] Authority and Strength of [his3] old Grant, within Three Days next before the said Feasts, or next after (*) Proclamation first made [to the simple common People, upon which Day the aforesaid Fair shall be holden, always to be certified, 5] without any Fine or Fee to be taken to the King's Use; and they which of old Time have by special Grant sufficient Days before the Feasts aforesaid, or after, shall in like Manner as is aforesaid, hold their Fairs and Markets the full Number of their Days the said Festival Days and Sundays and Good-Fridays, except. Provided always, That this present Ordinance shall begin to take Effect at the Feast of Saint Michael next coming, and not before, and shall endure until the next Parliament, and so forth, except in the said Parliament a reasonable Cause be alledged, shewed, and proved, for the which it shall seem not expedient that the foresaid Ordinance so shall endure. ITEM, Forasmuch as in divers Parts of the Realm

of England, many Priests, as well Secular as Religious, were grievously and wrongfully vexed and troubled by divers Indictments of Felony, to their great Damage, against Faith and Conscience, for the singular Lucre of other Persons, and not for the King's Profit: Our said Sovereign Lord the King considering the Premises, and for that the Clergy being in the last Convocation, granted to our said Sovereign Lord the King a Subsidy, to be taken and levied of all [secular Priestsstipendiary,6] and Chantery Priests within the Realm of England, that is to say, of every Priest vi. Shillings and viii d. by the Advice and Assent and Authority aforesaid, hath pardoned and acquitted all and every Priest, as well Religious as Secular, of all Felonies of Rape done before the First Day of June, the xxvii. year of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King. And also hath pardoned and released by the same Authority to all and every Priest Secular, Stipendiary [and annual, all the same 7] that to the said our Sovereign Lord the King pertaineth or belongeth, by Way of Forfeiture, of every of them before the said First Day of the Month of June, because of taking excessive [Wages*] contrary to the Statutes thereof made; and that every of them may have sufficient Writs thereupon for their Discharge without suing any Charter.

gauntyng which Day bat the Feir shall be hold, and vj. (24.) them by mail Preste Seculers Stipendaries Rot. Parl. nu. vij. (25.)

* selarie

pfatus dñs Rex de avisamento & assensu dñoz spualiu & temporaliu ac Coitatis regni sui Angt in dčo parliamento existen, necnon auctoritate ejusdem parliamenti, ordinavit qd omimoda ferie & mcata, in dčis principalib3 festis, & dieb3 dñicis, ac die Parasceues, penitus cessent, ab omimoda monstracce aliquoz bonoz vel mcandisas, necessariis victualibs exceptis, sub pena forisfcure oim bonoz pdcoz sic monstratoz, dño franchesie ubi hujusmodi bona in cont'rium istius ordinacois sunt vel erunt monstrata, quatuor dieb3 dñicis in Autumpno exceptis. Nichilominus ex sua gra spali auctoritate sup'dca concedens potestatem illis, qui ex antiquo nullum diem ad tenend feriam vel mcatum suu nisi solūmodo sup dieb3 festivalib3 pdčis hent, ad tenenđ ea, auctoritate & vigore antique concessionis sue infra tres dies px ante festa pdca, vel px post, cum pclamacoe prius fca, ad simplicem vulgarem pptm, sup quem diem feria Pdča tenebit, semp ctiorand, absq, aliquo fine seu feodo ad usum dñi Regis capiend; et illi qui hent ex antiquo p spalem concessionem dies sufficientes ante supadča festa, vel post, plenu numum diez suoz observent, consimili sup'dco modo ad tenend suas ferias vel mcata, dcis dieb; festivalib; & dnicis, ac die Parasceues exceptis. Proviso semp qd Psens Ordinacio incipiat sume effem ad festum Sei Michis px futur & non ante, & durabit usq ad px parliamentii, & sic deinde nisi in dco pximo parliamento alleget' monstret' & pbet' causa ronabilis, p qua videbit' non expediens, qd ordinacio Pdča sic pdurabit.

Itm p eo qđ in divsis partib; regni Angt qomplures Dsbiti tam seculares q'm religiosi g'vit & injuste vexati & turbati extiterunt p divsa indcamenta de felonia in ipoz g've dampnū cont' fidem & conscienciam p singulari lucro aliaz psonaz & non p pficuo dči dñi Regis; Pfatus dis Rex Pmissa considerans, & p eo qd Clerus in ultima convocaçõe existens concessit Pfato dão Regi unu subsidiu pcipiend & levand de omimodis psbitis seculariba Stipendiariis & Psbitis Cantariaz infra regnū Angt vidett de quott Psbito sex solidos & octo denarios; de avisamento & assensu ac auctoritate sup'deis pdonavit & acquietavit omes & quemtt psbitum, tam religiosum q'm secularem de omimodis feloniis de raptu ante primū diem Junii anno regni dči dñi Regis vicesimo septimo ppetratis. Aceciam pdonavit & relaxavit eadem auctoritate, omib3 & cuitt psbito seculari stipendario annuali ome id quod deo dno Regi spectat sive ptinet p viam forisfcure de quott ipos ante dem primū diem Junii ex causa capiendi excessiva salaria cont' Statuta inde edita; et qd quift ipox possit here bria sup hoc sufficiencia p eos exonaçõe absq alicujus carte psecucoe.

7 anuell, all

Anno 28° HENRICI, VI. A.D.1449.

In Margine

Rotuli.

I.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. V. m. 6. De anno rrviije.

ovaigne den tren & parties les queux le dit Duc tient

L honour de dieux & de Seint Eglise & p' les A Coe bien & pfit de tout le Roialme Denglerre, Nre & le Roy Henry puis le conqueste Sisme, del advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a les espalx instance & request des Cões assemblez au son parlement tenuz a Westîri le sisme jor de Novembr lan de son reigne xxviijme p lauctorite de mesme le parlement ad ordeignez & establiez cteins estatutz & orden nces p mane q ensuit.

Primement q come a son parlement tenuz a Wetsin lan de son reigne xxvijme p' cause de ctein orden'nce eue pclamee publiee & estroitement gardee en les parties de Braband, Holand & Zeland q null mane de draps de lain fait en cest roialme Dengle?re ne viendroit en les ditz parties illeoqes estre vendues acunement sur peine de forfaiture de mesme le draps, p' quoy nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy p' cause qil fuist expssement encountre les trieues & appointement faitz & pris entre ses Roialmes Pres & subgiettes dune party, & les tres queux le Duke de Burgoyne tient & occupie en lautre partie, Plus foitz devant cell temps, faisot escripre sez lies requisitories & envoia ses messages pur due reformacion pur avoir este eue, en cell partie, dount uncore null due redresse est eue, a tresintollerable damage de toutz les Cões de cest roialme, p' cause q plufs faiso's de draps, cestassavoir, homes tisserans foullou's & tincturiers, & femes pingneresses cardoresses & fileresses, & aut's achato's & vendours dicett tielx qi ne sceuent nulls aut's occupacions, de Praie necessite sont constraintz p' leur vivre a faire les occupacions, et tielx deux qi ne sceuent nutt aut's occupacions devienent come udife people, le quett les pvoque a pecchie & mavais vie; et sur cest consideracion en le dit plement le dit an xxvije estoit ordeignez q si ensi nestoit q due continuell reformacion feusset fait en les ditz parties de Brabant Holand & Zeland de la dite orden'nce, entre cell temps et le fest de Seint Michell donqes pschein ensuant, Ainsi q tout man de draps de lain fait en cest Roialme peusset venir & estre 'accepte en les mesmes parties de Brabant Holand & Zeland, la estre uttes & venduz auxi franchement come ascunes aut's michandises, q lors p' defaute de tieff reformacion en cell partie, nutt mane dez michaundises ne biens del croissance ne

OF THE TWENTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

To the Honour of God and of Holy Church, and for the common Wealth and Profit of all the Realm of England, Our Lord the King, Henry the Sixth after the Conquest, by Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Instance and Request of the Commons [in the Parliament assembled of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is,'] holden at Westminster the Sixth Day of November, the Eight-and-twentieth Year of his Reign, by Authority of the same Parliament, hath ordained and established certain Ordinances and Statutes in Manner and Form following.

FIRST, Whereas at his Parliament holden at Westminster the xxvii. Year of his Reign, because of a certain Ordinance, had, proclaimed, published, and respecting Importation of Goods Zealand, that no Manner of Woollen Cloths made in this Realm (1) should not come into the said Parts, there to be sold in any wise, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Cloths, Wherefore our said Sovereign Lord the King, because that it was expressly against the Truce and Appointment, made and taken betwixt his Realms Lands and Subjects of the one Part, and the Lands which the Duke of Burgoin [holdeth and occupieth 3] of other Part, many Times before [this 1] Time made his Letters of Request to be written, and sent his [Message 3] for due Reformation to be had in this Behalf, whereof no due Remedy [is 6] yet had, to the (7) intolerable Damage of all the Commons of this Realm, because that many Clothmakers, that is to say, Men, Weavers Fullers and Dyers, and Women [Websters, 1] Carders, and Spinners, and other Buyers and Sellers of the same, such which know none other Occupation, of very Necessity [be9] constrained for their Living to do these Occupations, and some of them [live idly,"] which provoketh them to Sin and Evil Life; and upon this Consideration in the said Parliament the said xxvii. Year, It was ordained, That unless due continual Reformation were made in the said Parts of Brabant, Holland, and Zealand, of the said Ordinance, betwixt [this "] Time and the Feast of Saint Michael then next ensuing, so that all Manner of Woollen Cloths made in this Realm [may "] come and be accepted in the same Parts of Brabant, Holland, and Zealand, there to be uttered and sold as [speedily"] as any other Merchandises; that then for Default of such Reformation in [this"] Behalf, no manner of Merchandises nor Goods of the Growing nor

St. 27 H.VI. c. 1. recited; from Holland.

assembled in his Parliament, beld and occupied that ⁵ messages ² of England * Kembers 7 most Rot. Parl. 10 as cannot do non occupations, become as nu.v. (57.) 11 that ydell pepull 13 freely 12 might

VOL. II.

4 X

Recited Act 27 H. VI. re-enacted for seven Years unless that Redress be made in Brabant, &c. before Michaelmas.

II. Abuse of

Patents to

Victuallers,

to make Pur-

veyance of Horses and

Carriages;

the said Realm after the said Feast, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Merchandise, that is to say, the one Half thereof to the King, and the other Half to him which first [shall '] seize the said Merchandises, in whose Hands soever that they [shall '] be found; and that thereupon open Proclamation [shall 3] be made betwixt [this '] Time and the xv. day of July then next ensuing, within the City of London, and other Places necessary and convenient to the same; And if any Suit [be 5] commenced after [this 4] Time (6) because of any such Seizure, in which any Issue concerning [this 1] Ordinance [shall3] be taken, that the said Issue [shall 3] be tried in the Counties where the said Seizure [shall3] be had, and in none other Place; which Ordinance should [have endured] till the next Parliament: And Forasmuch as by the Summons and Commencement of this present Parliament, the said Ordinance [shall be *] fully expired and determined, no due Reformation on the Behalf of the said Duke of Burgoin of the Premises yet had; Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That open Proclamation shall be made in the City of London and other Places necessary and convenient for the same, betwixt this and the Feast of Saint Peter called ad Vincula next coming, that unless due continual Reformation be made and had in the said Parts of Brabant, Holland and Zealand, betwixt that and the Feast of Saint Michael then next ensuing, so that all Manner of Woollen Cloths made in this Realm [of England,] may come and be accepted in the same Parts of Brabant, Holland, and Zealand, there to be uttered and sold, as [speedily 9] as any other Merchandises, that then for Default of such Reformation in this Behalf, no Manner of Merchandises nor Goods of the Growing nor Workmanship of the Lands and Parts, which the said Duke holdeth and occupieth, shall come into this Realm after the said Feast of Saint Michael, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Merchandises, that is to say, the one Half thereof to the King, and the other Half (10) to him which first shall seize the said Merchandises, in whose Hands soever they shall be found; and if any Suit be commenced hereafter because of any such Seizure, in which any Issue concerning this Ordinance shall be taken, that the said Issue shall be tried in the County where the said Seizure is had, and in none other Place: and that this Ordinance shall endure for vii. Years, if due Reformation be not made within that Time.

Workmanship of the Lands and Parts, which the said Duke [holdeth and occupieth,'] should not come into

ITEM, Whereas divers Hostlers, Brewers, and other Victuallers, keeping Hosteries and other Houses of retailing of Victuals in divers Places in this Realm, have purchased the King's Letters Patents, some to them for Term of Life, and some to them and to other jointly for Term of their Lives, to take Horses and Carts [for the Carriage of] the King and Queen, more for their [private] and singular Lucre and Profit, than for any faithful Service of the King, or of the Queen; by colour of which Letters Patents they daily take Horses and Carts where that no need is, and bring them to their Hosteries and other Places of their Affinity, and there keep them secretly, sometime until they have spent xx d. or xl d. of their Stuff, and sometime more, and

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* Rot. Parl. nu. vij. (59.)

* Rot. Parl. nu. vij. (59.)
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ovaigne dez Pres & parties les queux le dit Duc tient & occupie, ne viendroit en le dit Roialme puis le dit fest, sur peine de forfeiture de les michaundises, cestassavoir lune moite de ceo au Roy & lautre moite de ceo a celluy qi primement seiseroit les ditz mchandises, en quelx conqes mains quils groient troveez, et q sur ceo ovt pclamacion roiet fait, entre cell temps & le quinzisme jour de Juitt adonqes pschein ensuant, dedeins la Citee de Loundres & aut's lieux necessaries & conveniencez a ceo; et si ascune suyte sroiet comence apres cell temps eue p cause de ascune tiel seisyn, en quett ascune issue concuant cett ordinance Proiet prise, q le dite issue Proiet trie en le Countee ou la dite seisyn Broiet eue & en nutt autre lieu; le quett orden'nce lendureroit jusqes a pschein plement: et p' ceo q p la somonce & comencement du cest psent parlement la dite orden'nce soit pleinement expiree & derminee, nutt due reformacion del partie du dit Duc de lez pmissez enquore eue, Nre dit f' le Roy considerant les pmisses del advis & assent & lauctorite desuisditz ad ordeine & establie, q ovt pclamacion soit fait en la Citee de Loundres & aut's lieux necessaries & conveniencez a ceo, entre ceo & le fest de Seint Peere ladvincle pchein ven*nt, q si ainsi soit q due continuelt reformacion ne soit fait & eue en les ditz parties de Brabant Holand & Zeland entre ceo & le fest de Seint Michell donqes pschein ensuant, Ainsi q tout man de draps de laine fait en cest roialme poet venir & estre acceptee en les mesmes parties du Braband Holand & Zeeland, la estre utres & venduz auxi franchement come ascuns aut's michaundises, q lors p' defaute de tiel reformacion en cell partie nutt mane des michaundises ne biens, del croissance ne ovaigne des tres & parties queux le dit Duc tient & occupie, viendront en cest roialme apres le dit fest de Seint Michell, sur peine de forfaiture de les michaundises, cestassavoir lune moitee de ceo au Roy & lautre moite de ceo a celluy qi primement seisera les ditz mchaundises en quelx conqes mains qils soient trouves; et si ascune suyte soit comence en apres p' cause dascune tiel seisine, en quett ascune issue concnant cest orden'nce Bra prise, q le dit issue soit trie en le Countee ou la dite seisine est eue & en nuff autre lieu: et q cest ordenance endurera p' sept ans si due reformacion ne soit fait dedeins cell temps.

Itm q come divses hostillers brasiers & autres vitaillers gardauntz hostries & autres measons de retaill des vitailles en divsez lieux en cest roialme, ont purchases lies patentz du Roy ascunes a eux p' ime de vie, et ascunes a eux & autres jointement p' ime de leur vies, p' apprendre chevaulx & charrettes p' cariage du Roy & la roigne, pluis p' lour subtiel & senglere lucre & puffit q p' ascun foiall svice du Roy ou de Roigne; p colour des queux lies patentes ils journelment preignont chevaulx & charrettes ou q null bosoigne soit, et eux amesnent as lour hostries & autres lieux de lour affinitee, et illeoqes eux secretement gardent ascunfoitz jusqes atanc ils ount despenduz vint deniers, ou quarant deniers, de leur stuffe, & ascune foitz

iij.

pluis, & donques facent les possessours dez ditz Chevaux & charettes p' ceo appaier dev'nt quils poient gaigner delivance de lour chevaulx & charettes, & ascuns jusqes atanq, ils ount faitz fyne ovec eux p' tielx chevaulx & charrettes a leur voluntee, et dascun people du Roy ilz preignont fines p' faire tolleraunce & nemye prendre leur chevaulx ne charrettes: Ainsi q divsez du people du Roy en cest noble roialme sont g'undement endamagez p lez ditz pernours, auxibien p' le non paiement de le lower de lez ditz chevaux & charettis, come p' la g'unde charge q ils ount p' leur mangier & fynes faitz p' leur delivaunce apres qils sont ainsi prisez: Nre dit f' le Roy p advis & assent dessuisditz ad ordeignez & establiez, q toutz tielx lres patentz g'untez a ascune psone ou psones ten'ntz hostries braserie ou meason de retaille du vitaill Front voidez & de nuff effect; et si ascune tiel g'unte soit g'untez a ascune tiel psone ou psones decy enapres, q chescuns tielx patentz ensi g'untez soient voidez & de nutt effect; et q nutt psone ne psones preigne ne preignent ascun chevaul ou charret, en ascun lieu dedeins cest roialme, meas p delivaunce du Maire Viscount Baillif ou Conestable ou tiel prise gra eue; et si ascune tiel psone ou psones preigne ou pignent ascun chevaul ou charette dascune psone ou psones, s'uns aggreament fait a le possessour p' ceo, & p la delivaunce du Maire Viscount Baillif ou Conestable ou tielx prises front euez, q lors il ou ilz de qi ou de queux chevaux ou charret sont ou est ensi prisez, & il ou ilz de qi ou de qeux tielx fines ou paiementz come est dev'nt reherse, sont prisez, eit ou aient accion de trespas al coe ley p' tielx prises; et q il ou ilz q ensi soy sent ou sentent grevez, en tiel accion recova treble damages encountre luy ou ceulx q ainsi preigne ou pignont ascun chevaux ou charette finez ou paiementz en contrie de cest ordenance. Savant toutz jo's au Roy ses Progatif & Pemynence de & en lez Pmissez.

Itm p advis assent & auctorite desuisditz ordeigne est & gauntee, q les Viscountz & leur Suthviscountz & Clerkez & chun deux, q estoisent p' lan darrein passe, soient quietez & dischargez & soit quite & discharge encountre nre dit Sovaigne & le Roy & tout son liege people, de lez penalteez & forfeitures de CC li. q ceux ou ascun de ceux poient ou poet cherrer ou encurrer p force del statute fait lan vint tierce nre dit sovaigne € le Roy, come p' loccupacion ou exècise de loffice du Viscount pluis longement q p an, p tant come a le jour pschein aps le jour de toutz almes, en lan du reigne nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy q orest vint septisme, jusqes al fest del purificacion de nre Dame donges ensuant en lan du nre dit Sovaigne f' vint oeptisme. Purveu toutz jo's q p cest psent orden'nce ceux ne nutt de ceux soient excusez ou dischargez, ou soit excuse ou discharge, dascun autre offence ou chose faite, p eux ou ascun deux en leur ditz officez. Auxi purveu q nutt soit amciee p' ascune suyte comence p luy encountre ascun psone, a recouver la dit penaltee p' pluis longeur occupacion q p an, p tant come a le jo' apres le dit jo' de toutz almez jusqes le dit fest de la purificacion de nre Dame.

sons holding any Hosteries, Brewhouse, or House of Person or Persons from henceforth, that all such Patents so granted shall be void and of none Effect; And that no Person or Persons shall take (1) Horse or Cart in any Place within this Realm, but by the Delivery of the Mayor, Sheriff, Bailiff, or Constable where such Taking shall be had; and if any such Person or Persons take any Horse or Cart of any Person or Persons, without Agreement made to the Possessor for the same, and by the Delivery of the Mayor, Sheriff, Bailiff, or Constable where such Takings shall be had, that then he or they from whom such Horse or Cart [is3] taken, and he or they of whom such Fines or Payments be taken, as is afore rehearsed, shall have an Action of Trespass at the common Law for such Takings; and that he or they that (4) feeleth himself grieved in such Action, shall recover Treble Damages against him or them which so take any Horse or Cart, Fines or Payments, contrary to this Ordinance: Saving always to the King his Prerogative and his Pre-eminence of and in the Premises.

ITEM, By Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, It is ordained and granted, That the Sheriffs and (3) Under Sheriffs, (6) Clerks, and every of them, which were for the Year last passed, shall be quit and discharged against our said Sovereign Lord the King and all his liege People, of the Penalties and Forfeitures of CC li. which they or any of them might fall in or incur by force of the Statute made the xxiij Year of our said Sovereign Lord the King, as for the Occupation or Exercise of the Office of Sheriff longer than by a Year, (7) from the Day next after the Day of All Souls, in the xxvij Year of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King that now is, till the Feast of the Purification of our Lady then ensuing, in the Eight-and-twentieth Year of our said Sovereign Lord. Provided always, That by this present Ordinance they nor none of them shall be excused or discharged of any other Offence or Thing done by them or any of them in their said Offices. Provided also, That none shall be amerced for any Suit commenced by him against any Person to recover the said Penalty, for the longer occupying than by the Year, (7) from the Day after the said Day of All Souls, till the said Feast of the Purification of our Lady.

then they make the Owners of the said Horses and Carts to pay for the same before that they can get Delivery of their Horses and Carts, and some till they have made a Fine with them for such Horses and Carts at their Will, and of some of the King's People they take Fines [to shew Favour and not to take '] their Horses and Carts: So that divers Persons of the King's liege People in this noble Realm, be greatly indamaged by the said Takers, as well for the Non-payment of the Hire of the said Horses and Carts, as for the great Charge they have for their Meat, and Fines made for their Delivery after they be so taken: Our said Lord the King by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That all such Letters Patents, granted to any Person or Perretailing of Victual, shall be void and of no [Value nor] Effect; and if any such Grant be made to any such

Damages to all Persons whose Horses or Carts are taken without their Agreement, and the Mayor,

Action of

Trespass.
Treble

III. Pardon to Sheriffs, &c. holdingOffice above One Year contrary to the Stat. 23 H.VI.c.7.

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IV.
Offences in
Wales and
Lancashire,
in taking
away Men
and their
Goods under
Colour of
Distress;

ITEM, Whereas divers misruled Persons of the Counties and Seigniories Royals in Wales, and of the Dutchy of Lancaster, in the said Parts daily take and use to take divers Persons, [Places'] and Chattels in the said Counties Dutchy and Seigniories, by the Name and under Colour of Distress, where they have no Manner of Fee, Seigniory, nor Cause to take such Distress, but feign [some] Actions and Quarrels to grieve and destroy the faithful People of the said Counties Dutchy and Seigniories, against Law Reason and Conscience; and the aforesaid Persons, Goods, and Chattels so taken, bring and carry out of the Counties Dutchy and Seigniories [aforesaid,] where they be taken, to divers other Places in England and Wales; and many Times for taking of such Distresses, and in Resistance of them, great Assemblies of People, Riots Maims and Murders be made and had, and if it be not hastily remedied, other Inconveniences be like thereof to [pursue; "] of which Takings, Bringings, and Carryings in this Behalf no (3) Punishment is, wherefore the People of the said Parts daily abound and increase in [evil Governance: 1] Our said Sovereign Lord the King, willing to remedy the Premises, by Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That if any Person take any Goods, Chattels, or Person in any of the said Counties Dutchy or Seigniories, and them bring or carry to any Places out of any of the said Counties Dutchy or Seigniories, in which they be taken, to any other Places, that all Manner of such Takings Bringings or Carryings, shall be had and judged Felony; and if any Person thereof be [duly] attainted in any Manner, that he shall have Execution as a Felon should have; and that no manner of Person in the said Counties Dutchy or Seigniories, nor in none other Places in Wales, [arrested, 5] accused, or indicted of Felony, in any Manner shall be admitted to disclaim out of the said County Dutchy or Seigniory, where he is so indicted accused or [arrested. 3] Provided always, That no Person shall be indamaged nor grieved by this Ordinance, for (6) taking, within his Fee, or for any manner of Cause wherefore Distress or Taking is lawful by the Common Law of England; This Ordinance to endure for Five Years.

Persons indicted thereof, shall not disclaim.

Takings shall be

Felony.

Saving for all lawful Distresses.

V. Extortions by Officers of the Customs;

ITEM, Whereas divers Water-Bailiffs, Searchers, Comptrollers of the Search, and other their Deputies and Servants within the Ports of this Realm, and specially within the Ports of Fowey, Plymouth, Dartmouth and Pool, by Colour of their Offices daily [do wrongfully take,7] by Constraint of Distresses, and Arrests upon the Ships, Barges, Balengers, and other Vessels, Goods, and Merchandises of the King's [liege 8] Merchants of this said Realm, and among all other upon the King's [liege 8] Merchants of Gascoign, Guien, Ireland, Guernsey, and Jersey, in their coming and going in the said Ports, great Charges and Impositions; that is to say, for every Piece of [Crescloth o] iv d. for every Hundred of Canvas vi d. for the Weight of every Ton of Iron xijd. and sometime more; and likewise of all other Goods and Merchandises of the said liege People, and other Merchants of the King's Amity; and by such wrongful Distresses, Arrests, Charges, and Impositions, they do discourage the said Merchants freely to come into this said Realm, and to [return, 10] contrary to all Law and Conscience,

Goodes followe due Rat. Parl.
misgovernaunce arettid distres nu. iij. (55.)

r extortionously chargeth and taketh liegemen rececloth passe Rot. Parl.

Itm q come divsez mavailx govnez psones dez Countees & f'ies roialx en Gales & de Duchie de Lancastr, en les ditz parties de jour en autre Pignont & usent dapprendre divsez psonez biens & chatieux en lez ditz Countees Duchie & f'ies, p le noune & soubz colour de destresse, ou ils ount nutt man fee f'ie ne cause dapprendre tiel destresse, meas feynont accions & querelx a grevoir & destroier le foiall people des ditz Countees Duchie & f'ies, encountre ley reason & conscience; et les ditz psones biens & chateux ainsi prisez amesnent & cariont hors de lez Countees Duchie & f'ies ou ceux sont prisez, as aut's divsez lieux en Engletre & Gales; et moltfoitz p' prise de tielx destresses, & en resistence de ceux, g'undez assemblez du people riotes maheymes & murdres sont faitz & euez, et si il ne soit hastifment remediez aut's enconveniencez ent a p'suier sont semblables; de queux prises amesn'ncez & cariaunces en cett partie nutt due punisshement est, cause de quoy le people de les ditz parties journelment habundont & encrecent en mavailx govnaunce: Nre dit f' le Roy lez pmissez voilant remedier p advise assente & auctorite suisditz ad ordeigne & establie, q si ascun psone preigne ascuns biens chatieux ou psone en ascun de les ditz Countees Duchie ou Fies, & ceux amesne ou carie as ascuns lieux hors dascun de les ditz Countees Duchie ou f'ies en queux ils sont prisez as ascuns aut's lieux, q toutz manez tielx prises amesnancez ou cariauncez soient euez & adjuggiez felony; et si ascune psone dent soit atteint acunement q il aiet execucion come felone arroiet; et q null man psone en lez ditz Countees Duchie ou f'ies, ne en nullez aut's lieux en Gales, arettez accusez ou enditez de felony, acunement soit admise a desclaime, hors du dit Counte Duchie ou f'ie ou il est ainsi enditez accusez ou arettz. Purveu toutz foitz q null psone p' preigner destresse dedeins son fee, ou p' ascun mane cause p' qoy destresse ou prise est loiaff p la cõe ley Dengletre, p cest ordin'nce soit endamage ou greve: cest orden nce dendurer p' cynke ans.

Itm come divsez Baillifs de leaues Sercheours Countroullours du Serche & auts leur deputees & svantz dedeins les portes de cest Roialme, & en especiaff dedeinz lez portez de Fowey, Plymmouth, Dertmouth & Pole, p colour de leur offices torceousment chargeont & pignont ore de jo' en autre, p duresse de destresses & arestes sur les niefs Barges Ballengers & aut's vesseaulx biens & mchaundises des lieges du Roy mchauntz de cest dit roialme, et entre toutz auts sur les lieges du dit Roy Marchauntz de Gascoigne Guyan Irland Gernesey & Gersey, en lour venaunt & alant en lez ditz portz, g'undz chargez & imposicions, cestassavoir p' chun pece de Crececloth iiij d, p' chun Centz de Canvas, vj d, p' pois de chun tonell de Ferre xij d. & ascune foitz pluis, & semblablement de toutz aut's biens & mchaundises de les ditz lieges & daut's mchauntz damitee nre dit sovaign f le Roy; et p tielx enjuriosez destressez arestes charges & imposicions empechent les ditz mchauntz franchement a venir en cest dit roialme, et a passer, encountre toutz leyes & conscience

Merchants

aggrieved thereby may have a Writ of Trespass

ainst the

Offenders ;

to recover

40 Pounds.

Or in their

Default, other

Persons may sue for the

outre toutz custumes & subsidies duez a nre dit f' le Roy, en anientisment des sez ditz custumes & subsidies & en g'und damage & arrerisment de les ditz mchauntz & lour successours, sinon due remedie ent ne soit eue: p advis assent & auctorite dessuisditz ordeignez est & establiez, q les ditz mchauntz lour successours & chun deux de toutz tiels enjuriez destresses arestes chargez & imposicions, desuis recitez affaires a eux ou a ascun deux, sibien p tielx Baillifs del eaus, Sercheours & Countrollours du Serche, come p Collectours des ditz Custumes & Subsidies, Countrollours de lez mesmes, Surveiours des Custumes & Subsidies, & du Serche, Pakkers ou ascuns aut's offics lour deputees ou svantz p leur comaundment ou ascun deux enapres, peussent avoir sur ceo genall bref de trespas encountre tielx meffaisours & chun deux, solonc la forme de ley, & a recouver encountre ceux & chun deux ensi de ceo convictz xl fi; & q lez ditz nichauntz lour successours, & chun deux ensi grevez come dev'nt est dit, p'sueront & p'suera la dit brief de trespas, encountre lez ditz meffaiso's & chun deux, de tielx enjuries distresses arestes charges & imposicions ainsi affairez [come dev'nt est dit, dedeins deux mois pschein apres tielx enjuries destresses arestes charges & imposicions affaires '] p eux ou ascun deux come dev'nt est dit; et en cas (1) les ditz mchauntz lour successours ou ascun deux ne p'suent mie le dit brief de trespas, de tielx enjuries destresses arestes charges & imposicions desuisditz, encountre les ditz meffaisours ne nult deux, dedeins les ditz deux mois, q lors il lirra a chun autre psone de les lieges du Roy a pursuer le dit brief de trespas, de tielx enjuries distresses arestes charges & imposicions affairez come dev'nt est dit, encountre toutz tielx meffaisours & chun deux, solonc la fourme de ley; & a recouver encountre ceux & chun de ceux ensi dent convictez xl ti. le Roy davoir ent lune moitee & il ou ilz q pursuer vorroiet ou Proient lautre moite.

1 Interlined on the Roll.

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[to the great Prejudice of] our said Lord the King, in Loss of his (1) Customs and Subsidies, and to the great Damage (3) of the said Merchants and their Successors, unless due Remedy thereof be had [in the same;] by the Advice Assent and Authority aforesaid, It is ordained and established, That the said Merchants, and their Successors, and every of them, of all such Injuries, Distresses, Arrests, Charges, and Impositions afore recited, to be [made 1] to them or any of them, as well by such Water Bailiffs, Searchers, and Comptrollers of the Search, as by Collectors of the said Customs and Subsidies, Comptrollers of the same, Surveyors of the Customs and Subsidies, and of the Search, Packers, or any other Officers, or their Deputies or Servants by their Commandment, or any of them hereafter, may have thereupon a general Writ of Trespass against such Offenders, and every of them, according to the Form of [the] Law, and to recover against them, and every of them thereof so convicted, Forty Pounds; and that the said Merchants, their Successors, and every of them so grieved as afore is said, shall pursue the said Writ of Trespass against the said Offenders and every of them, for such Injuries, Distresses, Arrests, Charges, and Impositions so to be [made 1] as afore is said, within Two Months next after such Injuries, Distresses, Arrests, Charges, and Impositions to be [made 1] by them, or any of them, as before is said; and in case that the said Merchants, their Successors, or some of them, do not pursue the said Writ of Trespass of such Injuries, Distresses, Arrests, Charges, and Impositions aforesaid, against the said Offenders, nor any of them, within the said Two Months, that then it shall be lawful to every other Person of the King's liege People to pursue the said Writ of Trespass of such Injuries, Distresses, Arrests, Charges, and Impositions, to be [made 1] as is aforesaid, against all such Offenders, and every of them, according to the Form of [the] Law, and to recover against them, and every of them thereof so convict, Forty Pounds, the King to have (') the one Half, and he or they which will pursue, the other Half.

over all custumes and subsidies due unto ? Rot. Parl.

3 and hinderaunce

nu. ij. (54.)

Anno 29° HENRICI, VI. A.D. 1450.*

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. V. m. 6, 5. In Margine

D' Anno rrire.

Nre Sovaigne f' le Roy Henry puis le conqueste sisme, a son parlement tenuz a Westñi en le fest de Seint Leonard lan de son reigne vint novesme, del advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la request des Cões en mesme le plement assemblez, & p lauctorite dicett, ad ordeignez & establiez divses ordenances & estatutz en la fourme q enseute.

Primement q come le faulx traitour John Cade nomant soy mesme John Mortymer, nadgaires nomeez Capeteyn du Kent, le [septisme '] jour de Julie lan du reigne nre dit f' le Roy vint oeptisme a Suthwerke

1 Apparently altered, from oeptisme.

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OF THE TWENTY-NINTH YEAR.

UR Sovereign Lord the King, Henry the Sixth after the Conquest, at his Parliament holden at Westminster, in the Feast of Saint Leonard, the Nineand-twentieth Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons in the same Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, hath ordained and stablished divers Ordinances and Statutes in the Form which followeth.

FIRST, Whereas the false Traitor John Cade, naming himself John Mortimer, late [named '] Captain of Kent, the [vii '] Day of July, the xxviii Year of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King at Southwark,

called rviij Rot. Parl. nu. 19.

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Original from PENN STATE I.

^{*} This Parliament was by various Prorogations continued to 5 May A.D. 1451.

in the County of Surrey, and the ix. Day of July, the aforesaid Year [of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King,] at [Deptford'] and Rochester in the County of Kent, also at the Town of Rochester aforesaid, and elsewhere, the x. and xi. Day of July then next ensuing, within the Realm of England, falsely and traitorously imagined the King's Death, Destruction and Subversion of this Realm, in gathering and levying a great Number of the King's People, and them exciting to make Insurrection against the King, falsely and traitorously in the Places aforesaid, and at the Times before recited, against the King's Royalty, Crown, and Dignity; and there and then made and levied War falsely and traitorously against the King and his Highness; And (1) though he be dead and mischieved, yet by the Law of the Land not punished: Our said Sovereign Lord the King considering the Premises, to put such Traitors in [fear3] in Time coming, and for [saving4] of himself and of his Realm, by Advice of his Lords Spiritual and Temporal in the said Parliament assembled, and at the Request of his Commons, hath ordained by the Authority of the said Parliament, That he shall be of these Treasons attainted; and that by the same Authority he shall forfeit to the King all his Goods, Lands and Tenements, Rents and Possessions, which he had the said Eighth Day of July, or after, and his Blood corrupt, and disabled for ever, and to be called a false Traitor within the said Realm for ever.

ITEM, It is ordained and stablished, That the Statute made the Second Year of the [said] late victorious and noble King Henry, Father to our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, of the Breakers of Truce and Safe-conducts upon the Main Sea and other Places, shall stand in his Force and be confirmed: Joining to the same, that the Chancellor of England for the Time being, calling to him one of the Chief Justices of the one Bench or of the other, shall have like Power as the Conservators and other Commissioners in the same Statute specified have; Saving, where it is contained in the same Statute, "that if he or they, upon whom Complaints shall be made, do not appear [of a 5] certain Time, as is there contained, than then a Capias and Exigend shall be awarded, against him or them upon whom such Complaint is made, as well to the Sheriff of the County, of the which they be supposed to be, as to the Sheriff of the [said] County, where the said Complaint shall be made;" It is ordained in this present Parliament, That [he shall award 6] a Writ of Capias to the Sheriff of every of the said Counties, commanding him upon Pain of a Hundred Pounds to make open Proclamation in [the Five Counties continually,'] that the Party or Parties, [upon whom he hath complained 8] shall appear at a certain Day contained in the same Writ, before the said Chancellor, if the Complaint of the Premises be made before him after the Form contained in the said Statute; and if they appear not at the same Day, that then they shall be attainted and convict to the Party so complaining, of the Offences in the said Complaint specified; And that the said Party Complainant shall be preferred to have Execution before any [Seisin had for the King 9] in this Behalf, notwithstanding that they so making Default be attainted of Treason:

*howe be it

6 there be awarded

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Rot. Parl.

nu. 19.

Rot. Parl.

Process against Offenders.

John Cade

of Treason;

attainted

Forfeiture

Attainder.

II.

St. 2 Hen.V.

st. 1. chap.6. as to Safe-

Conducts,

confirmed.

Chancellor

and Chief

have like

Jurisdiction

as have the

under the

Conservators

said Statute;

Justice shall

on such

en le Counte du Surrey, & novesme jo' de Julie lan de suisdit a Dertford & Rouchestre en le Counte du Kent, auxi au Rouchestre suisdit & aillours le disme & unszime jo' de Julie donqes pschein ensuantz, deins le Roialme Dengletre, fauxement & tratourousment ymagena la mort du Roy, destruccion & subvision du cest dit Roialme, en coillant & levant g'unde nombre du people de Roy et eulx excitant densurrer encountre le Roy fauxement & traitourousment, en les lieux avantditz, et les temps devant recitez, encountre lez roialte coronne & dignite du Roy, & illeoqes & adonqes fist & leva guerre fauxement & traitourousment encountre le Roy & sa hautesse; et combien il ya q il est mort & mescheve, enquore p la ley de la dite tre nient punys: Nre dit f' le Roy considerant lez p missez, p' botier tielx traitours en doute ainsi affaire en temps avenir, & p' salvacion de luy mesme & de son reame, p advis dez sez f's espuelx & temporelx en le dit parlement assemblez & a la request de sez Cões, ad ordeignez p lauctorite du dit parlement, qil soit atteint de cestez treasons, & p mesme lauctorite forface au Roy toutz sez biens Pres tentz rentes & possessions, queux il avoit le dit [septisme '] jour de Julie ou aps, et son sang corruptez & disables pur toutz jours, & a nomerz deinz le dit Roialme faulx traitour p' toutz jours.

Itm ordeignez est & establiez, q le Statute fait lan seconde du le nadgaires victorious & noble Roy Henry pier a nre Sovaigne f' le Roy q orest, des Rumpo's dez treuez & saufcondites sur le haute meere & aut's lieux, estoise en sa force & soit confermez: adjoustant a yceft q le Chaunceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant, appellans a luy un des chiefz Justicez dune Bank ou de lautre, eit semblable poiar sicome ont lez conservatours & aut's Comissioners en mesme lestatute especifiez; Sauf ou il est contenuez en le dit estatute, q si il ou ils sur queux compleintz sront faitz, nappierrerent mye al ctein temps, si come il est la contenuz, q donqes Sroient agardez Capias & Exigend, encountre luy ou ceux sur qi ou queux il est compleine, auxibien a Viscount du Countee de qi ils sont supposez destre, come al Viscount du Countee ou la dite compleinte sroiet faite; ordeignez est en cest psent parlement q il soit agarde brief du Capias al Viscounte de chescun de lez ditz Counteez, comaundant luy sur peyne de Cent ti. affaire ovt pclamacion en cynk Counteez continuelx, q la partie ou parties sur quel ou queux il est compleine appierge ou appiergent, al ctein jo' contenuz en mesme le brief, devent le dit Chaunceller si le compleinte de les pmisses soit fait devant luy, solonc la fourme contenuz en le dit estatut; et si ils nappiergent mye a mesme le jo', q donqes ils soient atteintz & convictz al partie ensi compleign'nt de lez offensez en le dite compleint especifiez; et q la dit partie compleign nt soit pferre davoir execucion dev nt ascun seser p' le Roy davoir en cest partie, nient obstant q ils q ensi ferront defaute front atteintz de treason:

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et ordeignez est q null psone, q appiert sur ascun tiel compleint ou brief destre agarde, encurge en la peine de treason contenuz en le dit estatute. Purveu auxi q si ascune psone, encountre qel tiel brief ou pclamacion Bra agardez, soit hors de cest Roialme, p feete de mchaundise ou en le svice du Roy p son comaundement, le temps de la p'mer pelamacion fait sur tielx briefs, q donqes mesme la psone ne soit endamage p cest acte, Ainsi q il appierge psonalment devent le Roy en sa Chauncie dedeinz une mois pschein apres son venue en cest Roialme a respoundre a tielx compleintz. Purveu auxi q null possessour vitailler ne setterforth dascun nief ou vesseau qi ne gra point partie a ascun tiel offence, ne pcuro counseillo' ne abetto' a le fait ent, ne scientement ne voluntariement resceive ou pigne ascun parte de lez biens ensi robbez & despoilez sur le meere, soit endamagez p cest orden nce : et q cest orden nce comenca & sra en sa force le pimer jo' de cest psent parlement & nemye devant, et endurera p cynk ans pschein ensuantz: et q null chartre du pardon en aps a g'untiers soit allouable a ascune psone ou psones p' ascuns offencez faitez cont*rie du dit estatut.

Ifm q come g'undez enconveniences & damagez ont avesnuz ore tard en la Citee Devwik, & plusso's en temps avenir sont semblablez devenier si pvision ent ne soit eue, p' ceo q divsez & cteinz psonez Citezeins du dit Citee ont purchasez & gaignez du nre Sovaigne f' le Roy sevalx fres patents, eux p ent destre exemptz de lofficez & occupacions du Mairalte Viscounte Chambleyn Collect' des dismes & quinszimez, & Citezein du dit Citee p' venir as parlementz nre dit Sovaigne fr le Roy & sez heires deinz la dit Citee: Nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy considerant lez pmissez p advis & assent desuisditz ad ordeigne & establie, q toutz tielx tres patentz a ascun psone ou psones, ore Citezeins du dit Citee ou qi en temps avenir Front, faitez guntez ou affaires ou a guntiers soient voides & de null effect : et outre ceo si ascun Citezein du dit Citee, ore estant, ou q en temps avenir sra p'chace admet preigne ou gaigne ascuns tielx fres patentz, p ent destre exemptez dascun de lez officez ou occupacions devantditz deinz mesme la Citee, forface xl. ti. lune moite a nre dit f' le Roy & lautre moitee a les Maire & Citezeins du dit Citee & leur Successouss; et q le Maire p' le temps esteant & sez Successours [puet & '] puissent avoir & maintener accion du dette, a demaunder lez ditz xl ti. encountre chescunny de la dit pson ou psonz tielx fres patentz dexempcion p'chasant admettant Pignant, [ou gaignant 1] lune moitee de les ditz xl ti. ainsi recovez destre al oeps nie dit & le Roy & sez heirez, & lautre moitee de les ditz qarant fi. destre al oeps del Maire du dit Citee p' le temps esteant, & de lez Citezeins de mesme la Citee & leur Successours; et q en tielx accions du dette en apres a p'suerz lez parties defendantz ne le partie defendant en null man soient ne soit admis a leur ley.

a Interlined on the Roll.

VI. A.D. 1452-3 until 14 February 32 Hen. VI. A.D. 1453-4:

And it is ordained, That no Person, which appeareth No Person upon any such Complaint or Writ to be awarded, shall incur the Pain [against our Sovereign Lord the King of Treason contained in the said Statute. Provided also, (') if any Person, against whom such Writ or Proclamation shall be awarded, be out of this Realm by Feat of Merchandise, or in the King's Service by his Commandment, at the Time of the First Proclamation made upon such Writs, that then the same Person shall not be indamaged by this Act, so that he appear personally before the King in his Chancery within a Month next after his coming into this Realm, to answer to such Complaints. Provided also, That no Owner, Victualler, nor Setter-forth of any Ship or Vessel, which shall not be party to any such Offence, nor Procurer, Counsellor, nor Abettor to the doing thereof, [nor knowing nor willingly receiving nor taking '] any Part of the Goods so robbed or spoiled upon the Sea, shall be indamaged by this Act: And that this Ordinance shall begin and shall be in his Force the First Day of this present Parliament and not before, and shall endure by Five Years next ensuing: And that no Charter of Pardon hereafter to be granted shall be allowable to any Person or Persons for any Offences done

contrary to the said Statute. ITEM, Whereas great Inconveniencies and Damages have come now of late in the City of York, and more in Time to come be like to happen, if Provision thereof be not had; for that divers and certain Persons, Citizens of the said City, have purchased and gotten of our Sovereign Lord the King, several Letters Patents, (3) thereby to be exempted of the Offices and Occupations of Mayoralty, Sheriff, Chamberlain, Collector of Dismes and Quinzismes, and Citizen of the said City to come to the Parliaments of our Sovereign Lord the King and his Heirs, within the said City: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, by Advice and Assent aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That all such Letters Patents [granted or to be granted to any Person or Persons, now Citizens of the said City, or which in Time coming shall be made, '] shall be void, and of none Effect: And moreover, That if any Citizen of the said City, now being or which in Time coming shall be, do purchase, admit, take, or get any such Letters Patents, thereby to be exempt of any of the Offices or Occupations aforesaid, within the same City, shall forfeit Forty Pounds, the one Half to our said Sovereign Lord the King, and the other Half to the Mayor and Citizens of the said City and their Successors; And that the Mayor for the Time being and his Successors [may and might 3] have and maintain an Action of Debt, to demand the said Forty Pounds against every of the said Person or Persons, purchasing admitting taking or getting such Letters Patents of Exemption, the one Half of the said Forty Pounds so recovered, to be to the Use of our said Sovereign Lord the King and his Heirs, and the other Half of the said Forty Pounds to be to the Use of the Mayor of the said City for the Time being, and of the Citizens of the same City and their Successors; and that in such Actions of Debt hereafter to be pursued, the Parties Defendants (6) in no wise shall be admitted to their Law.

a nor wetyngly nor \ Rot. Parl. voluntariely resceyve or take to any psone or psones nowe Citezeins of the seid Citee, or that in Rot. Parl. tyme comyng shall be, made graunted or to nu. 21. be made or graunted o ne the partie defendaunt

Saving for of the Realm.

Proviso for Ships, &c.

Continuance

No Pardon

III. All Patents exempting from Offices

such Patents.

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OF THE THIRTY-FIRST YEAR.

T the Parliament holden at Reading, the Sixth A Day of March, the One and thirtieth Year of the Reign of our Lord King Henry the Sixth after the Conquest, the same our Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons being in the said Parliament, and by Authority of the same Parliament, hath [made'] ordained and stablished divers [Acts 1] and Statutes in

the Manner and Form following.

John Cade declared a Traitor; and all Acts under his Power de-

FIRST, Whereas the most abominable Tyrant, horrible, odious, and errant false Traitor John Cade, calling and naming himself sometime Mortimer, sometime Captain of Kent, which Name, Fame, Acts, and [Feats3] be to be removed out of the Speech and Mind of every faithful Christian Man perpetually, falsely and traitorously purposing and imagining the perpetual Destruction of the King's said Person, and final Subversion of this (*) Realm, taking upon him Royal Power, and gathering to him the King's People in great Number, by false subtil imagined Language, and seditiously made [a Stirring,5] Rebellion, and Insurrection, under Colour of Justice [for 6] Reformation of the Laws of the said king, robbing, slaying, and spoiling great Part of his faithful People: Our said Sovereign Lord the King considering the Premises, with many other which were more odious to remember, by Advice and Assent of the Lords aforesaid, and at the Request of the said Commons, and by the Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That the said John Cade shall be reputed, had, named, and declared a false Traitor to our (7) Sovereign Lord the King, (8) that all his Tyranny, Acts, [Feats, 9] and false Opinions shall be voided, abated, adnulled, destroyed, and put out of Remembrance for ever: And that all the Indictments, and all Things depending thereof, had and made under the Power of (10) Tyranny shall be likewise void, adnulled, abated, repealed, and holden for none; and that [the Blood of none of them be thereof "] defiled nor corrupted, but by the Authority of the said Parliament [clearly "] declared for ever : And that all Indictments in Time coming, in like Case under Power of Tyranny, Rebellion, and [Stirring 5] had, shall be of no Record nor Effect, but void in Law.

All future Indictments under rebellious Power, declared void.

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D' Anno rrrj°.

In Margine

U parlement tenuz a Redyng le sisme jour de A Marche, lan du Reigne nre f' le Roy Henry vj^{me} puis le conquest xxxj^{me}, mesme nr̃e €' le Roy del advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & lez Coes esteantz en le dit parlement, & p auctorite de mesme le parlement, fist ordeigner & establier divs orden ncez & estatutes en les man & fourme ensuantez.

En primes q come le plus abhominable tyranne horrible odious & erraunt faulx Traitour John Cade, appellant & nomant soy mesme ascune foitz Mortymer aucune foitz Capteyn du Kent, le quel noun fame actes & feetes sount a removeier hors la langage & memorie de chun foialt cristian home ppetualment, fausement & traiterousment p'posant & ymaginaunt la ppetuelt destruccion del psone du dit Roy, & finali subvision de cest noble Reame, Preignant sur luy poiar roiall, & coillant a luy le people du Roy en graunde nombre p faulx subtiel ymaginouse langage, et ceduciousment fist comocion rebellion & insurreccion soubz colour de Justice & reformacion des leyes du dit Roy, robbant tuant & despoillant g'unte partie de son foiall people: Nre dit f' le Roy les pmisses ovesq, plusours aut's queux furent pluis odious a remembrier considerant, p advis & assent des f's av'ntditz & a la request des ditz Cões & p auctorite desuisditz ad ordeigne & establie, q le dit John Cade soit repute ewe nome & declare faulx traitour au nre dit Sovaigne & le Roy; et q tout sez tirannye actes feetes & faux opynions soient voides casses adnulles anientisez & oustez de remembraunce ppetuelment: Et q toutz enditementez & lez dependauntez ent, ewes & faitz subz la poiar de sa Tyranny ensement soient voides adnulles cassez repellez & tenuz p' nuff; et q le sang de nully soit ent defoule [- - - - '] ne corrupte, mes p lauctorite du dit parlement cleere & declare ppetuelment. Et toutz enditementez en temps avenir en semblable case soubz poiar de Tiranny rebellion & comocion euez soient de nuff recorde ne effecte mes voides en ley: the field accions the dear of aprece a planer lear

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^{*} The Parliament Roll of this Year is intituled of the Thirty-first and Thirty-second Years. The Parliament was continued by various Prorogations and Adjournments from 6 March 31 Hen.VI. A.D. 1452-3 until 14 February 32 Hen. VI. A.D. 1453-4.

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Et touz les peticions bailles au dit Roy en son darrein parlement tenuz a Westñi le sisme jour de Novembr lan de son reigne xxix^e encountre sa entent, p luy nient agreez soient prisez & rebotez en oblivion hors de remembraunce, cassez voides adnullez & anientisez ppetuelment, come chose p'pose encountre Dieu & Conscience, encountre sa regalie estate & pemynence & auxi dishonorable & nient resonable.

Item p' ceo q le Roy nre Sovayn f' dev'nt cest temps, sur cteyns suggestions & complaintez, faitz auxibien a luy come a lez f's de [son '] Counseitt sur divses psones de cest son Reame, p' g'undes riottes extorsions oppssions & grevous offenses p eux faitz, encountre sa peas & leyes, as divsez de son liege people, ad done en comaundement, auxibien p sez briefs desoubz son g'unde seatt come p sez lies de prive seatt, dapparoer dev'nt luy en sa Chauncie ou dev'nt luy & son dit Counsaitt, as cteins jours en mesme lez briefs ou lies contenuz, a respondre de lez pmissez; les queux comaundementz sount & plusours foitz ount estez disobeiez, en contempt du Roy nre Sovayn f' et a g'unde damage & delaie de sez ditz compleign*ntez en cett partie: Nre dit f' le Roy considerant lez pmissez p lauctorite suisdit ad ordeigne enacte & establie, q si ascun tiel brief ou lies de prive sealt en apres soient directez a ascune psone, dapparoier devant luy ou son dit Counseiff come dev'nt est dit, illeoques a respoundre a ascun de lez pmissez, et donges mesme la psone refuse de recevoir tiel brief ou tres ou lez despise, ou absente luy, ou luy retreite p' cett cause, & ne veigne & garde le jour dapparaunce done a luy p le dit brief ou lies de prive Sealt, et ceo duement cifie & entendue a son Counseilt, q adonqes le Chaunceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant eit poiar p la dit auctorite de faire fere brief ou briefs de pclamacion, destre directez a le Viscount del Counte ou la psone ensi refusant de recevoir tielx briefs ou lies, ou lez despisant, ou absentant ou retraiant luy p' cett cause, est dem'raunt ou convsaunt, ou en le Counte pschein adjoignant, et a lez Viscountez de Loundres p' le temps esteantz, donaunt a lez ditz Viscountez sevalment en comaundement p le mesme qils sur peyne de forfeiture de CC ti. facent ovt pclamacion en la Sheretown de mesme le Counte, & en la dit Citee, p trois sevalx jours immediantz apres le dit brief ou briefs soit ou soient a eux delivez, q tiel psone, a q tiel brief ou lies de prive seaft srount directez, come dev'nt est rehersee, appierge dev'nt le Counseiff du Roy ou dev'nt le Chaunceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant dedeins une mois pschein apres le dit darrein jour del pclamacion; Et reto'nent le dit brief ou briefs de pclamacion dev'nt le Roy en sa Chaundie dedeins sept jours pschein apres le dit tierce jour de pclamacion, sur la dit peyne de CC fi. Et sil face defaulte & nappierge mye deyns le dit moys, le dit brief ou briefs duement pclamez en le dit Sheretowne & Citee, et le Counseill du Roy Prament appris & ctifie la dit pelamacion en tiel fourme execute, q donges si tiel psone soit del estate de fr come Duc Marques

Interlined on the Roll.

And all the Petitions delivered to the said King in his last Parliament holden at Westminster, the Sixth Day of November, the Nine-and-twentieth Year of his Reign, against his [Mind'] by him not agreed, shall be taken and put in Oblivion [out of the'] Remembrance, undone, voided, adnulled, and destroyed for ever, as a Thing purposed against God and Conscience, and against his [Royal'] Estate and Pre-eminence, and also dishonourable and unreasonable.

ITEM, Forasmuch as the King our Sovereign Lord before this Time, upon certain Suggestions and Complaints, made as well to him as to the Lords of his Council, upon divers Persons of this his Realm, for great Riots, Extortions, Oppressions, and grievous Offences by them done against his Peace and Laws, to divers of his liege People, hath given in Commandment, as well by his Writs under his Great Seal, as by his Letters of Privy Seal, to appear before him in his Chancery, or before him and his (*) Council at certain Days in the same Writs or Letters contained, to answer [to 5] the Premises; which Commandments be, and many Times have been disobeyed, in Contempt of the the King our said Sovereign Lord, and to the great [Hindrance,] Damage, and Delay of his said Complainants in this Behalf: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, by the Authority aforesaid, hath ordained, enacted, and stablished, That if any such Writ or Letters of Privy Seal hereafter (6) directed to any Person to appear before him or his (4) Council, as afore is said, there to answer to any of the Premises, and then the same Person refuse to receive such Writ or Letters, or them despise, or absent or withdraweth himself for [this 7] Cause, and come not, and keep not the Day of Appearance given to him by the said Writ or Letters of Privy Seal, and that duly certified and known to his Council, that then the Chancellor of England, for the time being, shall have Power by the said Authority, to cause a Writ or Writs of Proclamation, to be directed to the Sheriff of the County where the Person so refusing to receive such Writs or Letters, or them despising, or absenting or withdrawing him for [this 7] Cause, is dwelling or conversant, or into the County next adjoining, and to the Sheriffs of London for the time being, giving to the said Sheriffs severally in Commandment by [himself,*] that they upon Pain of Forfeiture of Two hundred Pounds shall make open Proclamation in the Shire-Town of the same County, and in the said City, by Three several Days immediately after the said Writ or Writs shall be to them delivered, that such Person, to whom such Writ or Letters of Privy Seal shall be directed as afore is rehersed, shall appear before the King's Council, or before the Chancellor of England for the Time being, within a Month next after the said last Day of Proclamation; and shall return the said Writ or Writs of Proclamation before the King in his Chancery within Seven Days (9) after the said Third Day of Proclamation, upon the said Pain of Two hundred Pounds. And if he make Default, and do not appear within the said Month, the said Writ or Writs duly proclaimed in the said Shire-Town and City, and the King's Council truly (10) certified of the said Proclamation in such Form 'executed, that then if such Person be of the Estate of a Lord, as a Duke, Marquis,

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Petitions, in Parliament 29 Hen. VI. not granted by the King, annulled.

II. Disobedience of the King's Writs, &c.

All such
Forfeitures
shall be for
Life of the
Offenderonly.

The Chancellor may issue his Writs of Proclamation to Sheriffs, for Offenders to appear before him or the Council.

Justices of Frence, filterial, and fitewards of Lases, may complex thereof.

> Forfeiture on Default, in case of a Peer;

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Second Writ of Proclamation.

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All such Forfeitures shall be for Offenderonly.

Penalty on other Persons.

Proviso, for Persons out of the Realm,

Proviso for Matters determinable by Law.

Commence-Continuance of this Act.

Earl, Viscount, or Baron, he shall lose and forfeit all Offices, Fees, Annuities, and other Possessions that he, or any Man to his Use, hath of the Gift or Grant of the King or of any of his Progenitors, made to him or any of his Ancestors. And that then the said Chancellor for the time being, [shall do to be made '] another Writ or Writs of Proclamation, to be directed to the said Sheriffs of the said Counties and City for the time being, to make open Proclamation and Return of the same Writ or Writs, and upon the same Pain as afore is specified and ordained upon the said first Writ of Proclamation; And if he make Default, and do not appear at the Day to him limited by the said last Writ or Writs of Proclamation, that then he shall lose and forfeit his Estate and Name of Lord, and [his Place in the Parliament.' Provided, That the [said] Forfeiture of the Offices, Fees, Annuities, and other Possessions, and also of the said Estate and Name of Lord, and Place, shall extend but only for Term of Life of him or of them, which by the Authority of this Act shall forfeit the said Offices, Fees, Annuities, Possessions, State, Name, and Place, or any of them, in the Form aforesaid; And if any Lord of (1) the said Estates of a Duke, Marquis, Earl, Viscount, or Baron, [having nothing 1] of the King's Grant nor of [his 5] Progenitors, do disobey, as afore, after the said Proclamation, in Manner and Form aforesaid made, returned and certified, then he shall forfeit for Term of his Life to the King his Name and Estate of Lord and [Place in the Parliament, and also all the Lands and Tenements which he hath or any other to his Use hath. And that every other Person under the State of a Lord, having Livelihood, or to whose Use any other Person or Persons (6) have any Livelihood, if he appear not within the Month after the Proclamation made by virtue of the first Writ or Writs, he shall make a Fine after the Discretion of the Two Chief Justices of his Bench, and of his Common Bench for the time being. And that every other Person, having no Livelihood, nor none other Person to his Use, so making Default, shall be put out of the King's Protection. Provided always, That if any of the King's liege People, named in the said Writs or Letters, be not within this his Realm at the Time of any of the said Writs delivered and returned, nor absent him within the said Realm, and also if [the 7] Person or Persons against whom such Writs of Proclamation hereafter shall be awarded, be so grievously vexed or troubled by Infirmity [of 8] Sickness, or [otherwise 9] such Persons be imprisoned without Fraud or Male-engine, or that they be so feeble for Age, that they may not labour in their proper Persons, so that such dwelling out of the Realm, Feebleness, or Sickness, Imprisonment, [and 8] Debility of Age be sufficiently and duly proved by just and indifferent Examination before the Lords of the King's Council, they shall not be endamaged by this Act. Provided also, That no Matter determinable by the Law of this Realm shall be by [the same "] Act determined in other Form than after the Course of the same Law in the King's Courts having Determination of the same Law. This Act to begin and take Effect the First Day of May, the Two-and-thirtieth Year of the Reign of the said King, of all Disobeisances to be made after the same first Day, and of no Disobeisanc

doo make ² place in parlement not havyng eny thing | Rot. Parl. nu. iij. (65.) Count Viscount ou Baron, pde & forface toutz offices fees annuites & aut's possessions q il, ou ascun home a son oeps, ad del done ou g'unte du Roy nre Sovayn f ou dascun de sez pgenitours faitz a luy, ou ascun de sez Auncestres. Et q donqes le dit Chaunceller p' le temps esteant face fere autre brief ou briefs de pclamacion, destre directez a lez ditz Viscountz de lez ditz Counteez & Citee p' le temps esteantz, affaire ovt pclamacion & reto'ne de mesme le brief ou briefs. & sur mesme la peyne come dev'nt est specifie & ordeigne sur le dit p'mer brief de pclamacion; et sil face defaulte & nappierge mye al jour a luy limyte p le dit darrein brief ou briefs de pclamacion, q donqz il pde & forface son estate noun de & lieu en parlement. Purveu q la forfeiture de les offices fees annuitees & aut's possessions, & auxi de les ditz estate noun de f' & lieu, extende soulement mes p' ?me de vie de luy ou de ceux qi p auctorite de cest acte forfacerount lez ditz offices fees annuitees possessions state noun & lieu ou ascun deux en fourme avantdit; et si ascun f' dascun de lez ditz estatez de Duc Marques Count Viscount ou Baron, nient eiant ascune chose du g'unte du Roy ou dascun de sez ditz pgenitours disobeie come desuis, apres la dit pclamacion en mane & fourme aventditz faitez reto'nez & ctifiez, forface p' tme de sa vie au Roy nre sovayne f' son noun & state de f' & lieu en parlement, et auxi toutz lez tres & tentes queux il ad ou ascun autre a son oeps ad: Et q chun autre psone desoubs lestate de f', eiant lieflode ou al oeps de qel ascune autre psone ou psones ad ou ount ascune liflode, sil nappierge mie deins le mois apres la pclamacion fait p vtue del primer brief ou briefs, face fyne solonc la discrecion des deux Chief Justices de son Bank & de son Coe Bank p' le temps esteantez. Et q chun autre psone, eiant nulle lieflode ne null autre psone a son oeps, ensi faisant defaulte, soit mys hors de pteccion du Roy. Purvieu toutz foitz q si ascun du liege people du Roy, nomee en les ditz briefs ou tres, ne soit dedeins cest son Reame al temps dascun dez ditz briefs delivez & reto'nez, ne absent luy dedeins le dit Roialme, et aussi q ascun psone ou psones enapres, encountre qel ou quelx tielx briefs de pclamacion Front agardes, soit ou soient si grevousment vexes ou troubles p infirmite ou maladie, ou autment tielx psones soient imprisones sanz fraude ou male engyne, ou q eux soient si enfebles p age q eux ne p'rount mie labourer en lour ppre psones, ensi q tiell dem'aunce hors du Roiame feblenes ou maledie emprisonement ou debilite dage soit sufficialment & duement pves p juste & indifferent examinacion dev'nt les f's du Counseill du Roy, ne soient pas endamages p cest acte. Purveu aussi q nuff matier, det minable p la ley de cest Roialme, soit p la dit acte det mine en autre fourme q solonc le cours de mesme la ley, en les Courtes du Roy eiantz derminacion de mesme la ley. Cest acte a comenser & prendre effect le primer jour de May lan du reigne du dit Roy xxxije de toutz disobeisauncez afaires apres mesme primer jour et de nutt disobeisaunce

Wor. H.

iij.

M. 4.

iiij.

devant cell jour fait; et dendurer p' t'me de sept ans; Et q cest psent acte soit pclayme p le Viscount de chun Counte de cest tre en chun Ville michie dedeins mesme le Counte dev'nt le fest de Nativite de Seint John Baptist en le dit an xxxije.

Item p' ceo q come les Gardeins de les Marches adjoign'ntez a Scotlond, appellez la Estmarche & la Westmarche, ount uses p lour Ministres afaire attachementz & dattachier homes p lour corps, en les Countees de Northumbt Cumbt & Westmit & en la Ville de Novell Castell sur Tyne, & en nullz aut's lieux, a respoundre as enditementz prises en les Courtes appellez Warden Courtes des ditz Marches p' attemptates supposez estre faitz encountre la viue des treues deins les ditz Countez & Ville; Et ore tarde les Ministres & Officers des ditz Courtes, ascun foitz p' lour singuler lucre & ascune foitz p' malice q eux ont portez as cteins psones, ount attache & preignont sur eux de jour en autre dattachier divsez & pluso's psones ben govnes p lour corps, sibien en le Counte Devwyk come en auts lieux hors dascun des ditz Counteez de Northumbt, Cumbt, ou Westritt ou Ville de Novelt Chastelt: Nre dit f' le Roy considerant les Pmisses p lauctorite desuisdit ad ordeigne & establie, q si ascun Ministre dascun de les [ditz '] Courtes attache ascun psone p son corps ou p sez biens, hors dascun de lez dit Countees de Northumbr, Cumbr, ou Westmit ou Ville de Novelt Chasteff, a respondre en ascune de les ditz Courtes ou p colour ou cause dascun mane de Psentement prise ou apprendre en ascun de les ditz Courtes, q il lirra a chun psone, le quel aviendra ensi destre attache, de faire resistence & nient doboier null tiel attachement; et si ascune psone soit endamage ou greve p ascun tiel attachement, qil poet avoir en cell partie accion de trespas ou faulx emprisonement, encountre ceux qi ascun tiel attachement en apres ferront ou facent affaire, et en ceo a recover treble damages, si en ascun de lez accions le matier plede passe ou soit adjuge p' le plaintif en ceo et le defendaunt davoir emprisonement de deux ans, et oultre ceo appaier au Roy Cs. Et q les Justices de Peas en lour cessions de peas, Viscountes en lour tournes, & auxi Seneschals des Letes en les Letes p eux a teniers, [-----a] eient poiar denquerrer de toutz tielx attachementez faitz ou affairez hors dascun des ditz Countees de Westrift, Cumbr ou Northumbr ou Ville de Novell Chastell, et en ceo et sur ceo a fere & pceder come eux puissent fere & pceder sur Psentmentz prisez devent eux en lour cessions de Peas, Tournes ou Letes, de Trespas ou Affraies faitz encountre la peas du Roy.

Item nie dit Sovayne f' le Roy p auctorite desuisdit ad ordeigne & establie, q si ascun de sez subgiettz attempt ou offende sur le meer, ou en ascun port dedeins le dit Roialme, soubz lobeisaunce du Roy, encountre ascun psone ou psones estranges esteantz sur le meer ou en ascun Port desuisdit, par voye damyte liege ou treues ou p force du saufconduyt ou saufgarde du Roy

Interlined on the Roll. 2 An Erasure. fairz ou affaires en apres dez ditz Offices ou Aulnage before [this Day made;'] and to endure for Term of Seven Years; and that this present Act shall be proclaimed by the Sheriff of every County of this Land, in every Market Town within the same County, before the Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist in the said Two-and-thirtieth Year.

ITEM, Forasmuch as the Wardens of the Marches adjoining to Scotland, called the East-March and the West-March, have used by their Ministers to make Attachments, and to attach Men by their Bodies in the Counties of Northumberland, Cumberland and Westmerland, and in the Town of Newcastle-upon-Tine, and in none other Places, to answer to Indictments taken in the Courts called (1) Warden Courts of the said Marches, for Attempts supposed to be done against the Virtue of the Truce within the said Counties and Town; and now of late the Ministers and Officers of the said Courts, sometime for their singular Lucre, and sometime for Malice that they have borne to certain Persons, have attached and take upon them daily to attach divers [Persons well governed 3] by their Bodies, as well in the County of York as in other Places out of any of the said Counties of Northumberland, Cumberland, or Westmerland, or the Town of Newcastle: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, by the Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That if any Minister of any of the said Courts attach any Person by his Body or by his Goods, out of any of the said Counties of Northumberland, Cumberland, and Westmerland, or the Town of Newcastle, to answer in any of the said Courts, or by Colour or Cause of any manner of Presentment taken or to be taken in any of the said Courts, that it shall be lawful to every Person, which shall happen so to be attached, to make Resistance, and not to obey any such Attachment: And if any Person be endamaged or grieved by any such Attachment, he shall have in this Behalf an Action of Trespass or false Imprisonment against them which shall make or [do+] to be made hereafter any such Attachment, and in the same to recover Treble Damages, if in any of the Actions the Matter pleaded pass or be judged for the Plaintiff in the same; and the Defendant to have Two Years' Imprisonment, and moreover to pay to the King a Hundred Shillings. And that the Justices of Peace in their Sessions of the Peace. Sheriffs in their Turns, and also Stewards of Leets in their Leets by them to be holden, shall have Power to enquire of all such Attachments, made or to be made out of (5) the said Counties of Westmerland, Cumberland, or Northumberland, or the Town of Newcastle, and therein and upon the same to do and proceed as they may do and proceed upon Presentments taken before them in their Sessions of Peace, Turns, or Leets, of Trespass or [of Frays made o] against the King's Peace.

ITEM, Our (7) Sovereign Lord the King, by the Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That if any of his Subjects attempt or offend upon the Sca, or in any Port within the said Realm, under the King's Obeisance, against any Person or Persons Strangers, being upon the Sea, or [any other Port 1] aforesaid by way of Amity, League, or Truce, or by force of the King's Safeconduct or Safeguard Conducts.

that day doon Rot. Parl. nu. 65. 3 well ruled psones Proclamation of this Act.

Attachments by the War-dens of the Marches of Scotland. unduly ex-tended into

Resistance Attachments declared to be lawful.

Party grieved

Imprison-Fine for Offence. Justices of Peace, Sheriffs, and Stewards of Leets, may enquire thereof.

Injuries, done at Sea or in any Port,

^{## 68} s eny of + make 6 affraies doon or made * in eny porte Rat. Parl. nu. 68.

in any wise, and especially in attaching of any such strange Person, robbing or spoiling of him [his Ship'] or any other manner of Goods, or against any other Person of his liege People, the Chancellor of England for the time being, [as well for the 1] Deliverance of any such Person so attached to be had, [as to make Restitution 3] to every such Person so robbed or spoiled of Ship or Goods, or of the Value thereof, shall have Authority, calling to him any of the Justices of the one Bench or of the other, upon a Bill or Bills of Complaint to him made in this Behalf, to make such Process out of the said Chancery, as well against all such Offenders, to bring them into the King's Chancery, there to answer to the Parties so grieved in this Behalf, as against any other Person or Persons to whose Hands any such Person so attached, Ship or Goods shall come, as for the Delivery and Restitution by them to be made of the same Person, Ship, and Goods, as shall seem to the same Chancellor most expedient and necessary. And upon [this '] Process so made out of the said Chancery, the said Chancellor further to proceed in [this 5] Matter, if the Case do so require, by Advice of any such Justice, to make the Person and Persons Strangers, so grieved, to have full Delivery and Restitution of any such Person so attached, and of all such Ship and Goods, and also of all their Costs, Expences, and Losses [disbursed 6] and suffered by them in this Behalf; and thereupon to [award 7] all manner of Execution out of the said Chancery, in such Sort as shall seem to the said Chancellor most expedient and necessary for such Delivery and Restitution to be had, calling to him any such Justice as afore is said: This Act to begin and take effect the First Day of May, the Two-and-thirtieth Year of the said King.

V. Recital of the Statute 17 R.IL. c.5;

and of Stat. 4H.IV. c.24.

Grants of Offices or Aulnage, contrary to the said Statutes, declared void. Patents thereof shall be by Warrant from the Treasurer.

All others declared void.

ITEM, Whereas it was ordained by a Statute made in the Time of King Richard the Second, that no Searcher, Gauger of Wines, Aulneger, [Finder,*] Weigher, Collector of Customs and Subsidies, or Comptroller, shall have Estate in his Office for Term of Life, or for Term of Years, but that the said Offices shall remain under the Government of the Treasurer of England for the Time being; And where it was ordained by the Statute made in the Time of King Henry the Fourth, that the Aulnage of Cloths within this Realm may be committed to Ferm, or in Approvement, according to the Direction of the Treasurer of England for the Time being; as in the said Statutes more fully is declared; Yet, that notwithstanding, divers Persons have obtained the King's Letters Patents of the said Offices and Aulnage, some for Term of Life, and some for Term of Years, to the great Prejudice of the King, and of his People, and contrary to the said Statutes: Our said Lord the King considering the Premises, hath ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That all Letters Patents made of any of the said Offices or Aulnage to any Person, against the effect of the said Statutes, shall be void, and of no force. And that no Letters Patents of any of the said Offices, or Aulnage, shall be made hereafter, but by Warrant of Bill sealed by the Treasurer of England for the Time being, sent by him into the Chancery, as it hath been accustomed before this Time. And that all Letters Patents made, or to be made hereafter, of the said Offices or Aulnage,

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Trono Rot. Parl. nu. 69.

en ascun mane, & en especialt en attachant dascun tiel estraunge psone, robbant ou despoillant de luy de nief ou ascuns auts mans des biens, ou encountre ascun autre psone de son liege people, le Chaunceller Denglet're p' le temps esteant come p' la delivaunce dascune tiel psone issint attache destre ewe, et come p' restitucion affaire a chun tiel psone ensi robbe ou despoile de nief ou biens ou de la value ent eit auctorite, appellant a luy ascun des Justices de lune ou de lautre Bank, sur bille ou billes du compleint fait a luy en cest partie, p' faire autieff peesse hors de la dit Chauncellarie, sibien encountre toutz tielx offendours a les amener en la Chaundie du Roy, illeoqes a respoundre as parties issint grevees en cest partie, come encountre ascun autre psone ou psones as quelx mains ascun tiel psone issint attache nief ou biens Bra ou Brount venuz, come p' delivaunce & restitucion p eux affaires de mesmez les psone neief & biens, come semblera a mesme le Chaunceller pluis expedient & necessarie. Et sur telle pcesse ensi fait hors de la dit Chauncellarie le dit Chaunceller pluis av'nt a pceder en ceff matier, si le case ensi requiert p advis dascun tiel Justice, de faire la psone & psones estranges issint greves davoir pleyn delivaunce & restitucion dascun tiel psone ensi attache, et de toutz tielx nief & biens, et aussi de toutz leurs costes expenses & depdes faitz & suffrez p eux en cest partie; et tout man dexecucion sur ceo defaire hors de la dit Chaundie, en tiel fourme come semblera au dit Chaunceller pluis expedient & necessarie p' tiel delivaunce & restitucion destre euez, appellant a luy ascun tiel Justice come devant est dit : cest acte a comencer & prendre effect le primer jour de Maij lan du dit Roy xxxij°.

Item q come estoit ordeigne p lestatute fait en le temps du Roy Richard secund, q nuff Sercheour Gaugeour del Vyne Aulno' Tronour Poisour Collectour dez Custumez & Subsidies ou Countrollo' avoit estate en son office p' t'me de vie, ou t'me des ans, mes q les ditz officez dem'roient desoubs la govnaunce du Tresorer Denglet're p' le temps esteant; auxi estoit ordeigne p lestatut fait en temps du Roy Henry le quart q launage de draps deins cest Roialme poet estre comis a ferme ou en approuement solone ladvys du Tresorer Dengletre p' le temps esteant; come en les ditz estatutez plus plainement soit declare; unquore ceo nient obstant, divses psones ont opteignez fres patentes du Roy des ditz officez & aulnage, ascuns p' tme de vie & ascuns p' t'me des ans, au g'unde p'judice du Roy & du people & encountre lez ditz estatutez : Nre dit f' le Roy considerant lez p'misses ad ordeigne p auctorite desuisdit, q toutz fres patentes faitz dascun dez ditz Offices ou Aunage al ascun psone, encountre leffecte de les ditz estatutez, soient voides & de nutt force. Et q nuffz fres patentes dascun des ditz Offices ou Aunage soient faitz en apres, mes p garrant de bille enseale p le Tresorer Dengletre p' le temps esteant, envoiez p luy en la Chauncellarie come il ad este accustume devant cest temps. Et q toutz fres patentes faitz ou affaires en apres dez ditz Offices ou Aulnage

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vij.

p autre garraunt q p bille du Tresorer soient voidez & de nuff effect. Purveu toutz foitz q cest Acte nextende pas ne soit pjudicialt ne damageous a nre so-Vayn dame la Roigne, le Prince, le Duc de Buk, as enheriters de Henry jades Duc de Warr, ne as Maire & Coïalte de Loundres, as lez Maire Baillifs & Coïalte de Cite de Wynchestr, come a ascune g'unte ou g'untes dimise ou dimises del Aulnage, ou ascun g'unte ou g'untes dascun some ou somes de money del ferme del Aulnage a ceux g'untez faitz ou confermez; ne a nuff Countroller eiant ascuns offices hors du Portes du Roy, ne a John Penycok esquier, a Gyles Seinclo esquier, ne a ascun dez menialt svantes du Roy ne sventez du Roigne, dascun geunte ou geuntes dascun office ou offices faita ceux dev'nt cest temps ove lez fees & gages de launcien temps duez & accustumez.

Item q come au parlement tenuz a Westm lan vintisme du Roy qorest, estoit ordeigne p auctorite de mesme le parlement q nuff psone dez lieges du Roy, encountre quell lexigent sra agarde ou utlagarie pnuncie, al suyte du Roy ou al suyte de partie, en temps avenir en le Counte de Lancastr, forface ascuns de sez biens ou chateux Pres ou tentes en ascun autre Counte, forq, soulement lez biens & chateux Pres & tentes le queux les psones ensi outlages, ou ils encountre queux tiel exigent sra agarde, en le dit Counte de Lancastr, ount en mesme le Counte ; et p reason dascun tiel utlagarie al suyte [du Roy ou al suyte '] dascun autre psone pnounce deinz le dit Counte de Lancastr [ne 1] soit forbarre ne disable dascun manier daccion, ne a claimer ascun mane denheritaunce hors de mesme le Counte, [3 ne disable a [p'suer ascun 4] man daccion hors de mesme le Counte,3] nient obstant autiel utlagarie encountre luy pnounce; come en le dit estatute plus plainement appiert; le quelt estatute or est expire p' cause qil estoit ordeigne dendurer mes pur sept ans adonqez pschein ensuantz, le quel estatute fuist profitable et necessarie a lez lieges du Roy: Nre dit f le Roy lez Pmissez considerant p advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx en le dit parlement assemblez, al request dez ditz cões & p auctorite de mesme le parlement ad ordeigne et establie, q le dit jadis estatute soit en sa force & Ptue, Preignant effect & force a darrein jour de Marche lan de son reigne xxx. & a ycelluy jour ppetuelment dendurer.

Item q come en le parlement tenuz a Westm le sisme jour de Novembr lan du Reigne nre f' le Roy vint oeptisme, en lact del Resumpcion, entre autrez choses, fuist ordeigne et establie p lauctorite de mesme le parlement, gil plerroit a luy de prendre resumer seiser & reteigner en sez maines & possession toutz Hono's Chastelx Seignouries Villes Villages Manoirs tres Tentes Rentes Revisions Wastes Fees Fee Fermes & svice, ove toutz lour app'ten'ncez en Engletre Gales & en les Marches dicelles, Irlond Guysnes Caleis & en lez Marches dicelles queux le dit Roy eusset g'unte p sez fres patentz meindre value a la g'unde destruccion de

1 Interlined on the Roll.

by other Warrant than by Bill of the Treasurer, shall be void and of no Effect. Provided always, that this Act shall not extend, nor be prejudicial nor hurtful to our Sovereign Lady the Queen, the Prince, the Duke of Buckingham, to the Inheritors of Henry late Duke of Warwick, nor to the Mayor and Commonalty of London, nor to the Mayor Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the City of Winchester, as to any Grant or Grants, Demise or Demises of the Aulnage, or any Grant or Grants of any Sum or Sums of Money of the Ferm of the Aulnage, to them granted, made, or confirmed; nor to any Comptroller having any Offices out of the King's Ports, nor to John Penycok Esquire, nor to Gyles Seinclo Esquire, nor to any of the King's [or Queen's Houshold Servants,'] of any Grant or Grants of any Office or Offices to them made before this Time, with the Fees and Wages of old Time due and accustomed.

ITEM, Whereas at the Parliament holden at Westminster the Twentieth Year of the King that now is, It was ordained by Authority of the same Parliament, That no Person of the King's liege People, against whom any Exigend [shall 1] be awarded or Outlawry pronounced, at the King's Suit or at the Suit of the Party, in Time to come in the County of Lancaster, [shall '] forfeit any of his Goods or Chattels, Lands or Tenements in any other County, [but all] only the Goods or Chattels, Lands and Tenements, which the Persons so outlawed, or they against whom such Exigend [shall 1] be awarded in the said County of Lancaster, have in the same County; and by reason of any such Outlawry, at the King's Suit or at the Suit of any other Person, pronounced within the said County of Lancaster, he [shall 1] not be forebarred nor disabled of any manner of Action, nor to claim any manner of Inheritance out of the same County, nor disabled to pursue any Manner of Action out of the same County, notwithstanding such Outlawry against him pronounced; as in the said Statute more fully appeareth; which Statute is now expired, because it was ordained to endure but for Seven Years then next ensuing, which Statute was profitable and necessary to the King's liege People: Our said Sovereign Lord the The said King, considering the Premises, by Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in the said Parliament assembled, and at the Request of the said Commons, and by the Authority of the same Parliament, hath ordained and established, That the said late Statute shall be in his force and virtue, taking Effect and Force at the last Day of March, the Thirtieth Year of his Reign, and from that Day to endure for ever.

ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden at Westminster the Sixth Day of November, the xxviij. Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King, in the Act of Resumption, among other Things, It was ordained and established, by the Authority of the same Parliament, That it [pleaseth 1] him to take, resume, seise, and retain in his Hands and Possession all Honours, Castles, Seigniories, Towns, Villages, Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Reversions, Wastes, Fees, Feeferms and Services, with all their Appurtenances, in England, Wales, and in the Marches of the same, Ireland, [Guyen, 5] Calais, and the Marches of the same, which the said King had granted by his Letters Patents,

St. 20 H.VI. c. 2. touching Lancashire, recited;

Act made perpetual.

VII. Fees of certain Officers of the King excepted from Act of Resumption, 28 Hen. VI. [See Rot. Parl. 28 Hen. VI. nu. 53.]

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5 A

suer chescun Stat. 20 Hen. VI. c. 2.

menyall grantez, ne the Quenes } Rot. Parl. nu. 69.

¹ should

[•] wolde please } Rot. Parl. nu. 67. ^b Guysnes

or in any other Manner since the First Day of his Reign; and that all manner of Grants of Rents Charges or Annuities made by him of [the Estate'] of Inheritance, for Term of Life, or for Term of Years, to any Person or Persons, to be taken of any of the Premises, or of his Customs and Subsidies or Aulnage, or of the Hamper, or [to 1] or in his Receipt, or otherwise, or in any other Place, or any of them, or of the Profits coming of them or any of them, within his Realm [of England,] Ireland, or Wales, [Guyen,3] Calais, and in the Marches of the same, [shall be 1] void and of none Effect; as in the said Act of Resumption more fully is declared: And Forasmuch as Doubt and Ambiguity is had, [what 5] Fees, Rewards, Wages, Profits, and other Things belonging and of old Time pertaining to [these Offices 6] in the Times of his Noble Progenitors, [shall] be resumed retained in the King's Hands, or void by virtue of the said Act or not; For [a certain 8] and full Declaration thereof, Our Sovereign Lord the King, at the Request of his said Commons, by the Authority aforesaid, hath ordained, That the said Act and Ordinance of Resumption shall not be prejudicial to any of his Officers, of any Fees, Wages, Rewards, or Profits due or pertaining to such Officers as were the First Day of his Reign or before, because of such Offices or Occupations; and that the said Fees Wages Rewards and Profits, shall not be comprised within the said Act of Resumption, at the Time of the making of the same Act, nor after, nor within any other Act or Ordinance made in his said Parliament; but that all such Wages, Fees, Rewards, and Profits shall be and remain to all and every such Offices and Occupation as they were the First Day of his Reign or before; any Act of Resumption, Statute, Ordinance, or Provision, or any other Act made to the contrary, or any Doubt or Ambiguity in the same contained, notwithstanding.

VIII.
Recital of
Two Subsidies granted
to the King
in this
Parliament;
Poundage;

[SeeRot. Parl. 31 Hen. VI. nu. 8.]

ITEM, Whereas in [the said 9] Parliament commenced at Reading the Sixth Day of March, the xxxj Year of the said King, and adjourned to Westminster till the xiiij Day of February, a Subsidy called Poundage, was granted to the said King; that is to say, of all manner of Merchandise of every Merchant Denizen and Alien, as well of Merchants of Hanse and Almaine, as of any other Merchant Alien, carried out of this Realm, or brought into the same by Way of Merchandise, of the Value of every xx s., xij d; [to have 10] to him [at"] the Third Day of April next coming, for Term of his Life natural, with [a certain Exception "] in the same Grant specified; by force of which Act the King's Subjects Merchants Denizens of this his Realm, shall be chargeable to pay to the King xij d. of the Value of xx s. of all their Woolen Cloths, passing out of the same after the said Third Day of April, which shall be to them very great importable Charge, and Impoverishment of a great Part of the poor People of this Realm, and peradventure Cause of Restraint and Impediment of Utterance of all Manner of Woolen Cloths made within the same, which shall cause by Process of Time few Cloths to be made in the said Realm, and thereupon great Idleness amongst his poor liege People, and a mean of Destruction of his Navy, and shall cause the Wools to be of less Value, to the great Destruction of the Growers

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Rot. Parl.
nu. 67.

Rot. Parl.
nu. 67.

Rot. Parl.
nu. 71.

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ou en ascun autre mane depuis le p'mer jour de son reigne; et q toutz mans des guntez dez rentes charges ou annuiteez faitz p luy, del state denheritaunce p' t'me de vie ou ?me des ans, a ascun psone ou psones, aprendres dascuns dez Pmissez ou de sez custumez ou subsidie ou alnage, ou de son Hanaper, ou al ou en son Resceipt ou autrement, ou en ascun autre lieu, ou ascun deux, ou dez pfittez pven*ntez deux ou dascuns deux deins son Roialme Irlond Gales Guysnes Caleis & en les Marches dicelles, soient voidez & de null effect; come en le dit Acte del Resumpcion pluis pleinement est declarez: Et p' ceo q doute & ambiguite est eue, quelle q fees gagez regardes pfittez & aut's choses, spectantz & del auncien temps pteignantz as offices en lez jours de sez noble pgenitours, groient resumez reteignez en lez mainez du Roy, ou voides p vtue du dit act ou non ; p' cteinte & plain declaracion ent, Nre f' le Roy al request de sez ditz Cões p lauctorite desuisdit ad ordeigne, q lez ditz acte & orden'nce del Resumpcion ne soient pjudicialx as ascun dez sez offics, dascuns fees gagez regardes ou pfittes dues ou appteign ntez au tielx offics, come furent le primer jour de son reigne ou devant, p cause des tielx offices ou occupacions; Et q lez ditz fees gagez regardez & pfittez ne soient comprises deinz le dit Acte del Resumpcion, al temps del faisance de mesme lact ne apres, ne dedeins ascune autre Act ou Orden nce fait en son dit parlement; mes q toutz tielx gagez fees regardes & pfittez soient & dem'rent a toutz & a chescun tielx offices & occupacion, come ceux firent le primer jour de son reigne ou devant; ascun acte del Resumption Statute Orden'nce ou pvision, ou ascun autre acte fait au cont'rie, ou ascun doute ou ambiguite en icell contenuz nient obstant.

Item q come en cest dit psent parlement comencez a Redyng le dit sisme jour de Marche lan du dit Roy xxxj, & adjourne a Westñi jeques quatorszime jour de Fever, fuesset g'untee au dit Roy un subsidie appelle Poundage, cest assavoir de tout man michaundisez de chun michaunt deynsyn & alien, sibien des mchauntez de Hansze & Almaigne come dascun autre mchaunt Alien, cariez hors de cest Roialme ou apportes en le mesme p voie de mchaundise, del value de chun xxs. xijd; davoir a luy a le tierce jour daprelt pschein ven'nt, p' t'me de sa vie naturell, ovesq cteyn exceptions en mesme la gunte specifiez; p force de quelt act lez Subgetts du Roy, mchauntz deynsyns de cest son Reame, Proient chargeables a paier au Roy xij d. del value de vint souzs, de tout lour draps lanuz passant hors del mesme aps le dit iije jour daprell, q Proient a eux trop g'unde emportable charge & enpovysstment del g'unde partie du pove people de cest Roialme, et en aventure cause de restreint & empedyment del uttaunce de tout man draps laynuz faitz deinz le mesme, le quel causera p pcesse du temps petit draps estre faitz en le dit Roialme, et sur ceo g'unde udifte entre sez poves lieges genz, & moien de destruccion du son navier, et causera sez laynez destre de meindre value a la g'unde destruccion de lez Growers

* suer chescon Stat. 20 Her. F.L. v. 2.

M. 3.

ix.

de la mesme: Et en oultre en le dit parlement le dit sisme jour de Marche fuisset g'unte au Roy un cteyn subsidie dez laynez & pealx lanuz, cest assavoir de chun mchaunt deinsyn p' le Subsidie de chun Sak de Layne xliij s. iiij d. & de chun CCxl. pealx lanuz xliij s. iiij d. davoir au luy p' tme de sa vie natureff a le dit tierce jour daprell; come en lact del g'unte ent fait en mesme cesty parlement pluis plainement appiert; dount lez povez subgetts mchauntz del Staple de Caleis, Proient compellez aps le dit tierce jour daprett a paier au Roy de chun Sak de layne & de chun CCxl. pealx lanutz, x s. pluis p voie de subsidie q ils ount este accustumes a paier en ascuns jours du reigne du dit Roy; quel charge estant a eux emportable est resemblant destre cause q ils ne grount mye de poiar dachater ou eskipper ascun gaunde quantite des laynes, del croisaunce de cest roialme, destre eues a dite estaple, dount ensueroit trop excessyf dimincion & decreas del pris & valure des laynes & pealx lanuz de cest Roialme, & des gaundes annuelx revenuz des custumes & subsidies queux accrestoierent au Roy de leskippans de tielx laynes & pealx lanuz, et a la rebataunce del paiement dez gagez de lez Souldiours entendantz s' le saufgarde de Ville & Marches de Caleis, et auxi lez povez growers dez laynez de cest Roialme ent trop graundement enpovisez: Nre dit f le Roy voet p lauctorite desuitdit, q chun Marchaunte deinsyn neez son liege home deins cest son Reame, qi eskippera & cariera ascunes laynes ou peaulx lanuz a la Staple de Caleis, ou p les Straites de Marrok, p licence du Roy p' tieux laynes & peaux lanuz ensi eskippes & a dite estaple ou p lez ditz estraitz cariez, soit quite & discharge de x s. parcett du dit subsidie de xliij s. iiij d. gauntez au Roy en cest dit psent parlement, de chun Sak de Layne & de chun CCxl. peaulx lanuez, a le dit tierce jour daprell especifies en la dit g'unte, p le space de cynk ans adonqs pschein ensuantz. Et auxi q chun dit michaunt deinszein soit quite, & nient chargeable p Vtue du dit g'unte, del subsidie de xij d. del value de chun xx s. de tout manier de draps lanuz, p eux ou ascun de eux destre eues hors de cest Roialme as ascunes parties dela le mere a le dit tierce jour, p la space de trois ans donqes pschein ensuantz.

Item q come en touz parties de cest roialme dyvs gens de poiar, moevez de insaciable covetyse encountre tout droit gentilnes vite & bone conscience, ont labores & trovez novelx invencions, & eux asseduousment executes, alendaungeaunce trouble & mavailx traiter de toutz dames & gentilx femmes & autres femmes esteantz soulz eiantz ascune substaunce des tres tentes ou autres moebles biens deins cest dit Reame, entendauntz la g'unte innocencie & [simples'] de eux voillent prendre ceux p force, ou autment veinient a eux resemblauntez estre lour tresg'undez amis, pmettantz eux leur foialf amite, et issint p g'unde dissimulacion ou autrement gaignent eux en lour possession, conveiauntz eux en autielx lieux ou lez ditz meffeisours sount de plus poiar,

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of the same: And moreover in the said Parliament. the said vj Day of March, a certain Subsidy of Wools Woolfels. and Woolfels was granted to the King, that is to [See Rot. Parl. say, of every Merchant Denizen for the Subsidy of 31 Hen. VI. every Sack of Wool xliijs. iiijd. and of every CC xl. Woolfels xliij s. iiij d. [to have '] to him for Term of his Life natural, [at the Third Day'] of April; as in the Act of the Grant thereof made in this same Parliament more fully appeareth; [Wherefore '] the poor Subjects Merchants of the Staple of Calais, shall be compelled, after the said Third Day of April, to pay to the King, of every Sack of Wool, and of every CCxl. Woolfels, x s. more by way of Subsidy than they have been accustomed to pay in any Days of the Reign of the said King; which Charge being to them importable, is likely to be the Cause that they shall not be of Power to buy or ship any great Quantity of Wools of (4) this Realm, to be had to the said Staple, whereof [shall 5] ensue very excessive Diminution and Decrease of the Price and Value of the Wools and Woolfels of this Realm, and of the great annual Revenues of the Customs and Subsidies which should grow to the King, of the Shipping of such Wools and Woolfels, and to the abating of the Payment of Wages of the Soldiers intending upon the Safeguard of the Town and Marches of Calais, and also the poor Growers of Wools of this Realm (6) greatly impoverished: Our said Sovereign Lord the King will, by the the Authority aforesaid, That every Merchant Denizen, [his liege Man born 7] within this his Realm, which shall ship and carry any Wools or Woolfels to the Staple of Calais, or [by 1] the Streights of Marrock, by the King's Licence for such Wools and Woolfels so shipped and carried to the said Staple or [by 8] the said Streights, shall be quit and discharged of [the said x s.º] Parcel of Years; the said Subsidy of xliij s. iiij d. granted to the King in this said Parliament, of every Sack of Wool, and of every CCxl. Woolfels [at ''] the said Third Day of April, specified in the said Grant, by the Space of Five Years then next ensuing: And also that every (") Merchant Denizen shall be quit, and not chargeable by virtue of the said Grant, of the Subsidy of xij d. of the Value of every xx s. of all manner of Woolen Cloths, by them or any of them to be had out of this Realm, to any Parts beyond the Sea, [at"] the said Third Day, by the Space of Three Years then next ensuing.

ITEM, Whereas in all Parts of this Realin divers People of great Power, moved with unsatiable Covetousness, against all Right, [Humanity, Integrity,"] and good Conscience, have [sought"] and found new Inventions, and them [continually 13] do execute, to the or to marry Danger, Trouble, and [great abusing "] of all Ladies, liking; Gentlewomen, and other Women sole, having any Substance of Lands, Tenements, or other moveable Goods within this Realm, perceiving their great [Weakness 17] and Simplicity, will take them by Force, or otherwise come to them, [seeming "] to be their [great 19] Friends, promising them their faithful Friendship. and so by great Dissimulation, or otherwise, get them into their Possession, conveying them into such Places where the said Offenders be of most Power,

2 fro the seid iijde day to be had Wherby the growyng of therby ov Rot. Parl. s shuld nu. 71. " thurgh 7 born his liege man 9 x 5. 10 from J1 seid 14 laboured 13 gentilnes trouthe Rot. Parl. 16 mistretyng 15 besily 18 resemblyng 17 innocency nu. 72. 19 grettest

A Remission to certain Denisens, Subsidies on Wools

for Three

IX. Abuses in compelling be bound by ainst their

The Party, so compelled to become bound, may sue a Writ out of Chancery to summon the Persons complained of;

The Chancellor, &c. may examine into the Complaint, and do justice.

and when any Women, by such Means or by any other Means be in their Government, the said evil disposed Person or Persons will not suffer them to go at large, and be at their Liberty, until they will bind themselves to the said Offenders, or other Person or Persons to [their own 1] Use, in great Sums, by Obligation or Obligations, as well [simple 1] as conditional, or by Obligation or Obligations of Statute Merchant, made before a Mayor or Bailiff, having Power to take such Recognisances; also they will many Times compel them to be married by them, contrary to their own Likings, or otherwise they will levy the said Sum or Sums on their Lands and Goods, and put their Person or Persons in Danger, to their great Damage; which hath been, and is like to be an universal Prejudice to the Law of Holy Church, and the Law of this Realm, unless due Remedy thereupon be provided: Our said Lord the King, considering the Premisses, hath ordained and stablished, by Authority of this present Parliament, That in all such Cases aforesaid, the Party bound may have a Writ out of the Chancery, containing all the Matter of their unreasonable [Intreaty,3] directed to the Sheriff of the County where any such Offences were so done, or hereafter shall be done, commanding him, that he, by Force of [this 4] Writ, make Proclamation in the full County, [and in 5] the next County Court after the Receipt of the said Writ, that the Person or Persons contained in the said Writ [shall 6] appear at a certain Day and Place prefixed in the said Writ, before the Chancellor of England for the Time being, or otherwise before the Justices of Assise in the said Counties where the said Offences were done, or else before some other notable Person to be assigned by the Chancellor of England for the time being; at the which Day and Place, if the said Parties appear, that then the said Chancellor [of England,] Justice, or other Person so to be assigned by the said Chancellor for the Time being, by virtue of this Ordinance, shall duly examine the said Parties upon the Premises; by which Examination, if they can find the said Obligation or Obligations, or any of them, [so to be made 7] as is aforesaid, that then the said Obligation or Obligations, and all Process and Execution sued or to be [pursued 8] thereupon, shall be void, and of no [Force nor] Effect. And if it be found by Examination before them, that the said Obligation or Obligations, or any of them, were made, or shall be found to be made, for a true Duty, and by no such Means as afore is said, that then the said Obligation or Obligations, and all the Process and Execution sued or to be [pursued 8] thereupon, shall stand good and effectual. And if it be so that the Person or Persons in such Writs named, or to be named, against whom any such [Letters or] Writs hereafter shall be sued, make Default at the Day and Place limited in the same Writ or Writs, that then all such Obligation or Obligations as be before specified [and declared,] and in the said Writ or Writs expressed, [declared and specified,] and all manner of Process and Execution sued or to be sued there. upon, shall be void, [and of no force nor effect;] and that the [said] Sheriff or Sheriffs, to whom such Writ or Writs upon this Ordinance hereafter [commenced,9] shall be directed, [shall "] execute the said Writs according to the Tenour of the same,

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• that	in land	ø do	Rot. Parl.
7 to be made in s	uch wyse	* sued	} nu. 73.
to be conceived		10 do	

et qant ascuns femmes p tielx moiens ou p ascune autre moien sont en leur govnaunce la dit mavailx dispose psone ou psones ne voillent suffrer eux daler a large, et estre a lour libtee, jusqes a ceo q els voillent obliger ceux a lez ditz meffaisours, ou autre psone ou psones a lour oeps, en g'undez somes p obligacion ou obligacions sibien symplez come condicionelx, ou p obligacion ou obligacions destatute nichaunt faitz devant Maire ou Baillif eiant poiar aprendre tielx reconus'untz; auxi multz foitz ils voilent compeller eux destre marries p eux, cont'rie a lour ppre desires, ou autment ils voillent faire lever la dit some ou somes de lour Pres & biens & dendaunger lour psone ou psones a leur tresg'unde damage; q ad este & est semblable estre univsall Pjudice al Ley del Eglice & la Ley de cest Roialme, s'unz ceo q due remedie sur ceo soit purveu: Nre dit f' le Roy considerant les pmissez ad ordeigne & establie p lauctorite de cest psent parlement, q en toutz tielx cases desuisditz la partie oblige poet avoir brief hors del Chauncie, conteignant tout la matier de leur deresonable entraiter, direct al Viscount del Counte, ou ascuns tielx offences feurent ensi faitz, ou en apres srount faitz, comaundant luy q il p force de cett brief face pclamacion en le plein Counte en le pschein Counte puis la resceipt de le dit brief, q la psone ou psones conteignuz en le dit brief appierge ou appiergent, as cteinz jour & lieu Pfixez en le dit brief, dev'nt le Chaunceller Denglet're p' le temps esteant, ou autrement devent les Justices dez Assise en lez ditz Counteez ou les ditz offences furent faitz, ou autrement devent ascun autre notable psone dassigner p le Chaunceller Dengletre p' le temps esteant, as queux jour & lieu si les ditz partiez appierent, q lors le dit Chaunceller Justice ou autre psone ensi dassigner p le dit Chaunceller p' le temps esteant p vue de cest ordenance, face examiner duement les ditz parties sur cestez pmissez; p quell examynacion sils poient trover la dit obligacion ou obligacions ou ascun de eux estre faitz tielment come desuis est dit, q donq, la dit obligation ou obligacions, & tout presse & execucion suez ou a p'suers sur ceo, soient voidez & de nuff effect. Et sil soit trove p examinacion devant eux q la dit obligacion ou obligacions ou ascune de eux furent faitz ou 'sront trovez faitz p' Prai duete, & p nuff tiel moien come dev'nt est dit, q donq, la dit obligacion ou obligacions & tout le pcesse & execucion suez ou a p'suers sur ceo estoisent bonez & effectuelx. Et sil ensi soit q la psone ou psones en tielx briefs nomes ou a nommers, encountre qel ou gelx ascun tiel briefs enapres front suez, facent ou face defaulte a lez jour & lieu limitez en mesme le brief ou briefs, q adonqes toutz tiel obligacion ou obligacions come soient dev'nt especifiez, & en le dit brief ou briefs expressez, & tout man pcesse & execucion suez ou a p'suers sur ceo, soient voidez; et q le Viscount ou Viscountes, a queux tiel brief ou briefs sur cest orden nce en apres destre conceups Bra ou Bront directes face executer lez ditz briefs accordaunt al tenure diceux,

In Margine

Rotuli.

sur peine de trois Centz livez, dount le Roy nre Sovayne f' davoir lune moite, et lautre moite a la partie q suera le dit brief de pclamacion; Et q la dit partie issint greve poiet avoir accion de dette en chun tiel cas encountre le dit Viscount p' la moitee dez ditz trois Centz livez issint forfaitz ove pcesse del utlagarie; Et q la partie ou parties, defendantz en ascun tiel accion de cy en apres encountre ascun Viscount ou Viscountez a p'suers, allega nutt pteccion ne gaigera sa ley, ne Bra receu affaire ou pleder ascun forein plee, destre trie en ascun autre lieu q la le suisdit brief foundu sur cest orden'nce est suez.

upon Pain of Three Hundred Pounds; whereof our Sovereign Lord the King to have the one Half, and the other Half to the Party which shall sue the said Writ of Proclamation; And that the said Party so grieved may have an Action of Debt in every such Case against the said Sheriff, for the Half of the said Three Hundred Pounds so forfeit, with Process of Outlawry; And that the Party or Parties, Defendants in any such Action hereafter to be pursued against any Sheriff or Sheriffs, shall alledge no Protection, nor shall wage his Law, nor shall be received to make or plead any foreign Plea, to be tried in any other Place than there where the said Writ grounded upon this Statute is sued.

Anno 33° HENRICI, VI A.D.1455.*

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. V. m. 3, 2, 1.

D' Anno rrriijo.

ENRICUS Dei gra Rex Angt & Franc & Dis Hibn post conquestum Sextus, ad parliamentū suū apud Westm nono die Julii anno regni sui tricesimo rcio tentum, de avisamento & assensu Dñoz spualiu & temporaliū ac Cõitatis regni sui Angt in eodem parliamento existeñ, necnon auctoritate ejusdem parliamenti, quedam ordinações & statuta p cõi utilitate ejusdem regni fieri & stabiliri fecit & ordinavit in forma sequenti.

In primis pfatus Dis Rex considerans qualit jampridem divsi svientes familiares tam dñoz qom aliaz psonaz boni gedus, cito post mortem dcoz dñoz & mr̃oz suoz, bona que fuerunt ip̃oz dñoz & mag'oz tempore mortis eoadem violent & riotose ceperunt dispoliaverunt & ea in? se distribuerunt, in execuciós voluntatis dcoa Dñoa & Magroa suoa impedimentu ac g'vem Dei displicenciam, necnon cont' fidem & Vitatem quas ipi penes Dños & Magros suos here debuissent, exemplumq impostum valde piculosum nisi debitum in ea parte pvideat' remediū: Q'mobrem idem Dis Rex de avisamento assensu & auctoritate pdcis ordinavit & stabilivit, qd post plenam informacoem Cancellario Angt p tempore existeñ p executores aliquoz hujusmodi Dñoz sive psone aut duos eozdem executoz fčam, de aliqua hujusmodi riota captura & dispoliacoe fcis aut impostum faciend p familiares svientes dci testatoris sui post mortem suam, idem Cancellarius de avisamento Capitaliū Justic de Banco ipius dni Regis & de coi Banco ac Capitalis Baronis Scacii p tempore existen aut duos eos, heat potestatem faciend tot & talia bria [dirigenda'] talib3 Vicecomitib3 p eoa discreccem quot & qualia eis in ea parte videbunt' necessaria, ad faciend

Interlined on the Roll.

OF THE THIRTY-THIRD YEAR.

TENRY, by the Grace of God, King of England and France, and Lord of Ireland, the Sixth after the Conquest, at his Parliament holden at Westminster the Ninth Day of July, the Three-and-thirtieth Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons of his Realm of England, being in the same Parliament, and by Authority of the same Parliament, made and ordained certain Ordinances and Statutes (') for the common Wealth of the same Realm, in the Form following.

FIRST, Our foresaid Lord the King, considering, how that of late Time divers [Houshold '] Servants, as well of Lords, as of other Persons of good Degree, shortly after the Death of their said Lords and Masters, violently and riotously have taken and spoiled the Goods which were of their said Lords and Masters at the Time of their Death, and the same distributed amongst them, to the Impediment of the Execution of the Will of their said Lords and Masters, and to the great Displeasure of God, and also contrary to the Duty and Truth which they ought to have had towards their said Lords and Masters, and to a (1) perilous Example in Time to come, unless due Remedy in this Behalf be provided: Wherefore the same Lord the King, by the Advice Assent aud Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That after full Information made to the Chancellor of England for the Time being, by the Executors of any such Lords or Person, or Two of the said Executors, of (*) such Riot, Taking, and Spoil made, or hereafter to be made, by the [Houshold '] Servants of their or his said Testator after his Death, the same Chancellor, by the Advice of the Chief Justices of the King's Bench, and of the Common Bench, and Chief Baron of the Exchequer for the Time being, or Two of them, shall have Power to make so many and such Writs, to be directed to such Sheriffs by their Discretion, as to them in this Behalf shall seem necessary, to make open Proclamation

* menyell Rot. Parl. nu 51.

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Embezzlements by Servants of their Masters' their Death

The Chancellor, on Complaint of Executors, Proclamation against the Offenders

Vol. II.

This Parliament was continued by several Prorogations to 14 January 34 Hen. VI. A. D. 1455-6.

In Default of Appearance, the Offenders shall be guilty of Felony;

On Appearance they shall be committed to Prison to answer the Executors in the Action.

Penalty on the Gaoler for a wilful Escape of such Offender.

II.
Recital of
the Statute
31 H.VI.c.6.
making perpetual the St.
20 H.VI.c.2.
that they
which be outlawed in the
County of
Lancaster,
shall forfeit
no Lands nor
Goods that
they have
in other
Counties.

in such Cities, Boroughs, Towns, [or Places,] (1) Two Market Days within Twelve Days next after the Delivery of the same Writs, as to the same Chancellor, by the Advice aforesaid, shall seem reasonable, That the said Offenders shall appear before the same our Lord the King, or his Heirs, in his Bench, at such a Day as by the said Writ shall be limited, so that the said last Proclamation be made [by Fifteen Days²] before the same Day of Appearance; And if any such Writ be returned at the Day contained in the said Writ, and the Writ be [executed, 3] that Proclamation is thereupon had and made according to the said Ordinance, and then if the said Person or Persons, which should appear by reason of the said Proclamation, make Default at the Day specified in the said Writ, and do not appear, then he or they so making Default shall be attainted of Felony: And if any such Persons or Person do appear at [the same 1 Day, then the Justices of the said King's Bench shall have Power by [the said Ordinance, 5] to commit such Person or Persons so appearing, to Prison, there to remain according to the said Justices' Discretion, until the said Offenders in the said Bench do answer to the said Executors, in such Actions [which 6] the said Executors will declare against them, or any of them, by Bill or by Writ, for the Riot taking and spoiling aforesaid, and that the same Actions be determined, so that the same Actions be pursued with Effect, and not slackly, to the Intent to keep the same Person or Persons in Prison. And if such Persons or Person be set at Liberty out of Prison by the said Justices, that then the same Persons or Person shall find sufficient Persons to be bounden with them to the said Executors, (7) by way of Recognisance in the said Bench, by Discretion of the Justices, to keep such Days as he or they shall have by the same Court; and if the Keepers of the Prison, whereunto the said Person or Persons be committed, do let them go at large out of the Prison of his own Authority, without the Consideration and Order of the said Justices, then the said Keeper shall forfeit and lose Four hundred Pounds to the said Executors; and that no Protection be allowed in any Action to be taken upon [the said Ordinance.8]

ITEM, Because that the humble and faithful liege People of the King, his Subjects inhabiting within the County Palatine of Lancaster, to do the King Service be and at all Times were ready, and have done to him and his Progenitors, as well in the Realm of England as in the Realm of Scotland, France, and other Parts, and have been governed by the King's Laws, and not damnified by the same, otherwise than other of the King's liege People inhabiting in the Realm [of England] out of the same County; until now of late by a certain Statute, at the last Parliament holden at Reading, It was ordained and established, That none of the King's liege People, against whom any Exigent should be awarded, or Outlagary pronounced, at the Suit of the King or of the Party, in the said County, should forfeit any Goods or Chattels, Lands or Tenements in any [County,9] but only the Goods and Chattels, Lands and Tenements, which the Persons so outlawed, or they against whom any such Exigent in the said County should be awarded, have in the same County of Lancaster; and by reason of any such Outlagary at the Suit of the King or at the Suit of [the Party, 10] pronounced within the same County, should not be barred or disabled of any manner of

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publicam pclamacoem in talib3 Civitatib3 Burgis sive Villis duoba dieba mcatoriis infra duodecim dies px post delibacoem eoadem brium quib3 eidem Cancellar de avisamento pdco videbit' ronabile, qd dci malefcores compareant coram ipo Dño Rege seu heredib3 suis in Banco suo, ad talem diem qualis p dem bre erit limitatus, sic qd dca ultima pclamacio p quindecim dies ante eundem diem apparicois fiat; Et si aliquod hujusmodi bre retornatū sit ad diem in eodem bri contentum & bre sit executu, qd pclamacio supinde fiita & fca ordinaccii p'dce concordans, existat, et tunc si dce psone vel psona que comparerent vel compareret rone dee pclamacois ad diem in dco bri specificatum defaltam faciant vel faciat & non compareant vel non compareat, ipe vel ipa defaltam sic facientes vel faciens sint vel sit attinct de felonia: et si hujusmodi psone vel psona ad talem diem compareant vel compareat, tunc Justič de dco Banco Dñi Regis heant potestatem, p ordinacoem pdcam, comittendi talem psonam vel psonas sic comparentem vel comparentes prisone ibidem juxta discreccem dcoz Justic, moratur quousq dci malefcores in Banco Pdčo Pfatis executorib3 respondeant, in talib3 accoib3 quales dči executores Vsus ipos seu aliquem ipos p billam vel p bre p riota captura & dispoliacoe Pdict declarare volunt, et qu eedem accoes sint derminate Ita qu accoes pdce psequant' cum effcu & non remisse ea intençõe ad dcas psonas vel psonam in prisona custodiend. Et si hujusmodi psone vel psona ext" prisonam p dčos Justič fuint vel fuit clargat, qđ tunc eedem psone vel psona inveniant vel inveniat sufficientes psonas secum obligand pfatis executoribs, p viam recognicois in dco Banco p discrecoem Justic, ad custodiend tales dies quales ipa vel ipe hebit vel hebunt p eandem Cur. Et si custodes prisone, ubi dce psone vel psona comittent' vel comittet', ipas ext' prisonam auctoritate sua ppria absq, consideraçõe & ordinaçõe dçoz Justic elargavint, tunc dcus Custos qadringentas libras pfatis executorib3 forisfac & pdat, et qd nulla pteccio in aliqua accoe sup ordinacoe paca capiena allocet'.

Item p eo qd humiles & fideles ligei & subditi regii infra Com palatinu Lancastr inhitantes viciu Dno Regi impensuri sunt & cunctis temporib3 fuerunt parati, Ac eciam sibi & pgenitorib; suis impenderunt, tam in regno Angt q'm in Scocia Francia & aliis partib, Ac sub legibus regiis gubnati, & non p easdem alit q'm alii ligei regii exta dem Com in regno podeo inhitantes dampnificati; quousq, jam novit p quendam actum ad ultimū parliamentū apud Redyng tentum, extitit ordinatū qđ nulle psone ligeoz dči Dñi Regis, cont quas aliquod exigend esset adjudicat aut utlagaria pnunciata ad sectam Regis vel ad sectam partis in dco Com, forisfacent aliqua bona sive catalla tras & teñ in aliquo alio Com, set solumodo bona & catalla tras & teñ que psone sic utlagate aut ipe cont' quas hujusmodi exigend adjudicaret' in dco Com hent in eodem Com Lancastr, Ac rone alicujus hujusmodi utlagarie, ad sectam Regis & ad sectam alicujus all'ius psone pnunciate infra eundem Com, non essent barrate neq inhabilitate de

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quacumq accoe, neq ad clamand qualemcuq ['hereditatem ext* eundem Com, nec inhabilitate ad psequend quamcumq, accoem [neq, ad clamand [qualemcumq, hereditatem 3] ext* eundem Com nec inhabilitate ad psequend quamcumq, accoem 1] ext eundem Com, 1] non obstante hujusmodi utlagaria cont' ipas pnunciata; put in eodem actu plenius apparet: Ac rone ejusdem actus si aliquis forinsecus in dem Com palatinu veniret, & aliquem ligeorum Dñi Regis interficet, aut alit aliquam pdicoem murdrū raptum robiam seu aliquam aliam feloniam sive t'nsgressionem ppetraret, sive aliquem contractum facet, vel aliquam aliam offensam comittet infra dem Com Lancastr, qd tunc ipe nullam aliam punicoem neq forisfcuram in hac parte heret, nisi solumodo de fimõi bonis que hujusmodi forinseci tales horribiles offensas ppetrantes & comittentes infra dem Com palatinū ħent, qui p majore parte nichil infra eundem Com tient; qua de causa dcis forinsecis scientib3 nullum piculum punicoem neg, depditum bonoz in lege ad refrenand sive restringend ipos de hujusmodi pdicoibs murdris & feloniis, eos talia ppetrare infra dem Com causat & indies audaciam Pbet, cont leges coronam & dignitatem regias in ea parte, ac eciam in restriccoe legum dci Dñi Regis ad g've dampnū ac [finalem 6] destruccoem dcos subditos necnon ligeos in Com palatino pdco: Quappt Pfatus Dis Rex Pmissa considerans, de avisamento assensu & auctoritate pdcis, voluit concessit ordinavit & stabilivit, qđ dčus actus supius recitatus & ad dčm ultimū parliamentū apud Redyng editus adnullet' vacuet' & nullius vigoris existat. Et ultius p conservacoe t'nquillitate quiete & pace oim ligeoz suoz, tam infra dčm Com palatinu q'm alioz ligeoz suoz ext' Com pdcm infra regnu Angt, idem Dns Rex [auctoritate pdca?] concessit ordinavit & stabilivit, qd quodit indčamentū tempore futur capiend coram aliquo Justič dči Dñi Regis infra dčim Com palatinu Lancastr, aut coram aliquo Vič in turno suo in Com pdco, p quod aliqua psona vel psone, supposit p idem indcamentu esse vel fuisse inhitant sive convsant exta dem Com Lancastr & infra aliquem aliū Com infra regnū Angt, capiet' & fiebit' p Pedčm duodecim viroz, quott eoz hente tras & ten aut aliqua alia psona vel psonis ad eoa usum infra eundem Com Lancastr ad annuu valorem Centum solidoz; et nullus pcessus fiet ext' aliquod fimõi indčamentū, anteq"m debite inquirat' & examinet', coram Justič dči Dñi Regis infra dčm Com Lancastr p tempore existen, utru pdči indcatores & eoş quift tempore hujusmodi indčamenti Pras & teñ infra dem Com Lancastr ad annuu valorem Centum solidoz ult' omia ona nuerunt & nuit: et si inveniat' p examinacoem dcoz Justic p tempore existen infra dem Com, quod indeatores pdei & eoz quitt tempore hujusmodi indčamenti sic capti Pras & teñ ad annuŭ valorem sup'dem non huerunt, qd tunc idem indeamentū quoad hujusmodi psonam vel psonas sic indčat supposit p dca indcamenta esse inhitant vel convsant ext' dem Com Lancastr, vacuu & nullius effeus existat.

1-5 All these Sentences are written on an Erasure. *-- This is an erroneous Repetition; but is translated from the English Petition, in Rot. Parl. 33 Hen. VI. nu. 52.

Interlined on the Roll.

Action, nor to claim any manner Inheritance out of the same County, (') notwithstanding [any '] Outlawry against them pronounced; as in the same Act doth more plainly appear: And by reason of the same Act, if any [Foreigner 3] should come into the said County Palatine, and should slay any of the liege People of our Lord the King, or (4) should commit any Treason, Murder, Rape, Robbery, or (3) other Felony or Trespass, or make any Contract, or do any other Offence within the said County of Lancaster, that then he should have no other Punishment nor Forfeiture in this Behalf, but only of such Goods which such Foreigners, doing and committing such horrible Offences, have within the said County Palatine, which for the most Part have nothing within the same County; for which Cause the said Foreigners knowing no Peril, Punishment, nor Loss of Goods in the Law, to refrain or restrain them of such Treasons, Murders, and Felonies, [be the more encouraged daily to commit the same within the said County, and giveth them Audacity daily to offend of against the Laws of the King, his Crown and Dignity (7) and also in Restraint of the King's Laws, to the great Loss and final Destruction of the said liege People and Subjects in the said County Palatine: Wherefore the foresaid Lord the The said King considering the Premises, by the Advice Assent and Authority aforesaid, hath willed, granted, (1) and established, That the (9) Act before rehersed and made at the said last Parliament holden at Reading, shall be adnulled, void, and stand in no Force. And further, for the Conservation Tranquillity Quietness and Peace of all his liege People, as well within the said County Palatine, as of other his liege People out of the said County, within the Realm of England, the same Lord the King, by Authority aforesaid, hath granted ordained and stablished, That every Indictment hereafter to be taken before any of the King's Justices in the said County Palatine of Lancaster, or before any Sheriff in his Tourn in the said County, whereby any Person or Persons [be 10] supposed by the same Indictment to be or to have been inhabiting or conversant out of the said County of Lancaster, and within any other County within the Realm of England, shall be taken and had by the Verdict of Twelve Men, whereof every of them, or some other Person or Persons to their Use, within the same County of Lancaster, shall have (") to the yearly Value of an Hundred Shillings; And no Process shall be made out of any such Indictment, before it be duly inquired and examined, before the King's Justices within the said County of Lancaster for the Time being, whether the said Indictors, and every of them, at the Time of such Indictment [so taken,] had Lands and Tenements within the said County of Lancaster to the yearly Value of an Hundred Shillings above all Charges: And if it be found by Examination of the said Justices for the Time being within the said County, that the said Indictors, and every of them, at the Time of such Indictment so taken, had not Lands and Tenements to the yearly Value aforesaid, that then the same Indictments, as to [such "] Persons so indicted, supposed by the said Indictments to be inhabiting [and "] conversant out of the said County of Lancaster, shall be void and of no Effect.

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And also the same Lord the King, of the Advice and Authority aforesaid, hath (1) granted, ordained, and established, That every Indictment from henceforth to be taken within any County of the said Realm, and out of the said County of Lancaster, before any Justice, or Sheriff in his Tourn, whereby any Person or Persons, (1) supposed by the same Indictment to be or to have been conversant or inhabiting within the said County of Lancaster, and without such County where such Indictment shall happen to be taken, shall be taken by Verdict of Twelve Men, whereof every of them, or some other Person or Persons to their Use, shall have Lands and Tenements within the same County where the said Indictments shall be taken, to the yearly Value of an Hundred Shillings. And that no Process be made out of any such Indictments before it be duly examined and enquired before the King's Justices, having Power to award any Process upon such Indictments, whether the said Indictors, and every of them, at the Time of such Indictments taken, or any other Person or Persons to their Use, had any Lands or Tenements to the yearly Value of an Hundred Shillings within the same County, above all Charges, where such Indictments happen to be taken. And if it be found before our Lord the King, or any of his Justices, that the said Indictors, or any of them, had not at the Time of such Indictments taken, nor that none other to their Use had, Lands and Tenements to the Value of an Hundred Shillings by Year, that then the said Indictment, as to any such (3) Person or Persons, supposed by the same Indictment to be or to have been inhabiting or conversant within the said County of Lancaster, shall be void and of no Effect.

III. Extortions committed by the Officers of the Exchequer;

ITEM, Whereas divers Officers in the King's Exchequer, do take Fees and Wages of the King, for themselves and their Clerks, for Execution of their Offices in the said Exchequer, that notwithstanding, the said Officers and their Clerks do take of Sheriffs, Escheators, and all other Accomptants in the said Exchequer, great and [excessive 1] Gifts, Fees, and Rewards, for Execution of their Offices, against all Reason and Conscience; and will not execute their Offices for delivering of the said Accomptants, till they have such [excessive 1] Fees, Gifts, and Rewards, which causeth Sheriffs Escheators and other Accomptants to take [by Extortion 5] (6) excessive Fees, Gifts, and Rewards (7) of the King's liege People in the Counties where their Offices be, (8) to the great Damage and Destruction of all the said Accomptants, and all the People aforesaid: And Whereas it doth pertain to divers Officers in the said Exchequer, by reason of the Fees and Wages which they take of the King, to enter Pleas, as well betwixt the King and the Party, as betwixt Party and Party, and (9) Pardons, Writs of Allowance, Judgements, and other Entries, without Fees Gifts or Rewards; the same Officers and every of them, notwithstanding their said Fees and Wages, will not enter any Plea, though it contain but Half a Roll, except they for the said Entry have [xxvj Shillings, viij pence, to] xx Shillings, or xiij Shillings iiij pence at the least; and for the Entry of Allowance of every Pardon and Writ, which they or any of them do enter, of whatsoever Shortness that it be, xs; And moreover, the chief Clerk of every of the said Officers taketh for his Labour.

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Ac eciam idem Dñs Rex de avisamento & auctoritate pdict voluit concessit ordinavit & stabilivit, quod quodit indcamentu tempore futur capiend, infra aliquem Com dči regni sui & ext dčm Com Lancastr, coram aliquo Justič vel Vič in turno suo, p quod aliqua psona vel psone supposit p idem indcamentum esse vel fuisse infiitant vel convsant infra dem Com Lancastr & ext' talem Com ubi fimoi indcamenta capi contigint, capiet' p vedčm duodecim viroz quott eoz fiente Pras & teñ aut aliqua alia psona vel psonis ad eoz usum infra eundem Com ubi indcamenta pdca capiunt' ad annuu valorem Centū solidoz. Et qd nullus pcessus fiet ext* aliqua fimõi indčamenta anteq'm debite examinet' & inquirat', coram Justiĉ ipius Dñi Regis hentib3 potestate adjudicandi aliquem pcessum sup hujusmodi indčamenta, utrū indčatores pdči & eoz quitt tempore fimõi indčamentos captos huerunt tras & teñ aut aliqua alia psona vel psone ad eoa usum ad annuu valorem Centum solidos infra eundem Com ult omia ona ubi fimoi indcamenta capi contingunt. Et si inveniat' coram Dño Rege vel coram aliquo Justič suoz qđ dči indčatores aut aliquis ipoz, tempore hujusmodi indcamenti sic capti, non huerunt vel non huit nec aliquis ad eog usum huit Pras & tenta ad valorem Centum solidos p annu, qđ tunc indčamentū Pdčm, quoad aliquam fimoi aliam psonam vel psonas supposit p hujusmodi indčament esse vel fuisse inhitant sive convsant infra dem Com Lancastr, vacuū & nullius effcus existat.

Item qđ cum divsi Officiarii in Scacio Diii Regis pcipiant feoda & vadia de Rege p se & chicis suis p execuçõe officioz [suoz 1] in Scecio podco, eo non obstante dei officiarii & eoa ctici, de Vicecomitib3 Escaetorib3 ac omib3 aliis computantib3 in dco Scacio, magna & excessiva dona feoda & regarda p execuçõe officioz suoz capiunt, cont' omem ronem & conscienciam, & officia sua p delibacoe dcoz computanciu exequi nolunt, quousq, ipi hujusmodi excessiva feoda [regarda 1] & dona heant, que causant Vicecomites Escaetores & alios computantes excessiva feoda dona & regarda de pplo Dñi Regis extorquere, p officioz suoz execuçõe in Comitatib; ubi officia sua existunt, sic quod excessiva capcio cedit ad g've dampnū & destruccoem oim dcoz computanciù necnon ppli pdci: Ac eciam cum divsis officiariis in dco Scacio, rone feodoz & vadioz que pcipiunt de Rege, pfita tam int ipm Regem et partem qam int partem & partem, necnon pdonacoes bria allocacionu judicia & alias insercões, absq. feodis donis sive regardis inserere ptineat, iidem officiarii & eoa quitt non obstantib; feodis & vadiis suis Pdčis aliquod ptitum licet contineat nisi medietatem unius rotuli inserere nolunt, nisi ipi p dca insercoe viginti & sex solidos & octo denarios, viginti solidos, vel tresdecim solidos & quatuor denarios ad minus ħeant; Ac p insercoe allocacois cujustt pdonacois sive bris, quam vel quod ipi aut aliquis ipoz inserit aut inserunt, cujuscumq, brevitatis sit, decem solidos; et ull'ius principalis cticus quoatt dcoa officiarioa capit p labore suo

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tantum de partib3 ac computantib3 Pdčis quantū attingit ad Pciam partem de eo quod Magr suus pcepit, que dona & regarda quozdam computanciū ad sūmam viginti marcaz, quozdam decem libraz, decem marcaz ad minus attingunt, ad g've dampnū oppssionem & adnichilacoem ppti pdci. Ac eciam cum divse comissiones spales divsis Justič pacis & aliis in quott Com Angt p delibacoe felonti & aliis causis sint directe, quaz comissionu virtute Justic sic assigni aliquo tempore sedent & delitiant felones, & aliquando fimói Comissio non delibat'; & eo non obstante quidam deoz Officiarios virtute officios suos volunt face districcoem Psus hujusmodi Comissionarios, retornabilem ad ctum diem, ad comissionem suam cum omibs exitibs forisfcis retornand; Ad quem diem, licet quidem Comissionarii compareant & p eoa execusaçõe sacrim pstent, put lex vult qđ ipi juxta formam comissionis sederunt & prisones delibaverunt, vel alit qd nulla hujusmodi comissio ad eox manus devenit in quo casu ipi in lege exonant', adhuc eo non obstante Officiarii Pdči novas districcoes Vsus dcos Comissionarios scribere volunt ad distringend ipos [& sic '] infinite quousq Comissionarii pdci finem cum ipo ad voluntatem suam fecint : Prefatus Dis Rex pmissa considerans, de assensu dñoz spualiu & temporaliū ac ad spatem requisicoem Coitatis pdce necnon auctoritate ejusdem parliamenti ordinavit & stabilivit, qđ quift Officiarius in dco Sccaio qui aliqua feoda sive vadia de Rege p execuçõe officii sui pcipit, qđ ipi & eox quitt omes computantes in dco Sccaio in hoc quod officio suo ptinet tempore congruo delibent; et qd ipi nec eox aliquis nec aliquis cticox suox capiant nec capiat aliqua dona feoda regarda pmissum vel securitatem p aliqua re quam ipi facient in officio suo pdeo p aliquib3 computantib3, exceptis dcis vadiis & feodis que ipe pcipit de Rege p execucoe ejusdem officii. Salvo semp qđ quitt dčoz Officiarioz, quib3 ptinet rône officioz suoz ad inserend ptita pdonacoes bria allocacois & judicia, pcipe possit p insercoe ptiti pdonacois biis recordi sive judicii quod vel que continet medietatem rotuli, juxta longitudinem & latitudinem in dco Sccio ab antiquo usitatas, duos solidos & non plus; & p illo ptito pdonacoe bri recordo vel judicio quod vel que continet rotulū integrum quatuor solidos & non plus; & p illo ptito pdonacoe bri recordo sive judicio quod vel que continet minus medietate rotuli viginti denarios; & p illo plito pdonacoe bri recordo sive judicio quod vel que continet plus juxta afferanciam sive quantitatem; et qđ nullus dčož Officiariož nec cticož suož pcipiat aliqua feoda neq vadia nec aliquod aliud pficuu de aliquib3 Collectorib3 decimaș quintaș decimaș deinceps Pfato dño Regi concessas sive concedend; et qd hujusmodi Officiarii in dco Sccoo qui hent potestatem scribendi rone officios suos distr vsus Justic pacis dnii Regis sive aliquos alios Comissionarios ad extractas suas deferend, qđ ipe nec aliquis cticoz suoz, postq*m dči Justič sive Comissionarii debitam excusacoem put supius recitat fecint, aut extractas suas in Cur detulerint,

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[as well of every of '] the said Parties (') Accomptants, as amounteth to the Third Part of that that his Master did take, which Gifts and Rewards of some Accomptants amounteth to the Sum of Twenty Marks, of some Ten Pound, and Ten Marks at the least, to the great Damage, Oppression, and undoing of the said People: And also Whereas divers special Commissions be directed to divers Justices of Peace, and also to other, in every County of England, for the Deliverance of Felons and other Causes, by virtue of which Commissions the Justices so assigned, sometime do sit and deliver Felons, (1) and sometime such Commission is not delivered; and, that notwithstanding, some of the said Officers, by virtue of their Offices will make Distress against such Commissioners, returnable at a certain Day, to return their Commission with all Issues forfeit, [to be returned; *] At which Day though some [of the said 5] Commissioners do appear, and for their Excuse do make an Oath, as the Law will, that they have sitten and delivered the Prisoners according to the Form of the Commission, or otherwise that no such Commission came to their Hands, in which Case they be in the Law discharged, Yet, this notwithstanding, the said Officers will write new Distresses against the said Commissioners to distrain them, [and so infinitely, o] till the said Commissioners have made [a Fine at their Will:7] Our said Sovereign Lord the King considering the Premises, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Request of the said Commons, and by Authority of this Parliament, hath ordained and stablished, That every Officer of 8] the said Exchequer, which taketh any Fees or Wages of the King for Execution of his Office, (9) shall deliver all the Accomptants in the said Exchequer, in that that to [his 16] Office appertaineth, in a convenient Time; And that they nor none of them, nor none of their Clerks, take any Gifts, Fees, Rewards, Promise or Surety, for any Thing which they shall do in their said Office for any Accomptants, except the said Fees and Wages which he taketh of the King for the Execution of [his"] Office. Saving always, That every of the said Officers, to whom it pertaineth by reason of [his Office "] to enter Pleas, Pardons, Writs of Allowance, and Judgements, may take for the entering of the Plea. Pardon, Writ, Record, or Judgement, that containeth Half a Roll, according to the Length and Breadth of old Times used in the said Exchequer, Two Shillings, and no more; And for [the same"] Plea, Writ, Pardon, Record, or Judgement, that containeth a whole Roll, iv. Shillings and no more; And for [the same "] Plea, Pardon, Writ, Record, or Judgement, which containeth less than Half a Roll, xx pence; And for [the same 13] Plea, Pardon, Writ, Record or Judgement, which containeth more, after the Rate and Quantity; And that none of the said Officers, nor their Clerks, take any Fees nor Wages, [nor other Profit, '4] of any Collectors of Dismes or Quinsimes, granted or hereafter to be granted to our Sovereign Lord the King; And that such Officers in the said Exchequer, which have Power to write by reason of their Offices, [Distresses 15] against the King's Justices of Peace, or any other Commissioners, to bring in their Estreats, [they 16] nor none of [their 17] Clerks, after that that the said Justices or Commissioners [shall make 18] due Excuse, as before is rehearsed, or [bring 19] into the Court their Estreats,

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No Fees from the Collectors of Dismes; No such undue Distresses shall

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Penalty on Officers for Offences against this Act.

Suit and Process.

Saving for Officers in Fee; and for making Searches and Copies of Records.

This Act to continue for Five Years; unless the Council take Order herein.

IV.
No Publie
Brewer, in
Kent, shall
make above
an Hundred
Quarters of
Malt annually
to his own
Use.

Continuance of Act.

V.
No wrought
Silk, Ribbons, Laces,
&c. shall be
brought into
this Realm
by way of
Merchandise.

shall make no new Distress nor other Process against the said Justices or Commissioners, which so have excused them, or brought in their Estreats. And if any of the said Officers, or any of their Clerks, do contrary to any of the Articles afore rehearsed, that then they and every of them shall lose xx li. as often as they shall be found therein defective, and our said Sovereign Lord the King shall have the one Half of the said xx li. so forfeit, and such Person or Persons that will pursue, the other Half; And the same Suit shall be taken, holden, and determined by Action of Debt before the Barons of the said Exchequer, or else before the Justices of the Common Bench, against any Officers or Clerks of the said Exchequer, that doth or taketh contrary to the said Ordinance, any Privilege or Custom of the said Exchequer notwithstanding; and that the same Process be had in [this'] Action before the said Justices, as is had in an Action of Debt (1) upon an Obligation at the common Law; Except (3) that none Officer, which hath any Office in Inheritance, in Fee, [be excluded in the said Exchequer 1] to take the Fees, which of old Times were lawfully due and pertaining to his Office, and no more. Saving always, That the said Officers of our Sovereign Lord the King, and their Clerks, may take a reasonable Reward for their Searches and Copies made by them in the said Exchequer, of any Record. at the Suit of any of the King's liege People, notwithstanding the said Ordinance. Nevertheless the King would, that by Advice of his Council such Direction be taken in this Behalf, betwixt this Time and the Feast of St. Michael next ensuing, as shall seem reasonable; and otherwise the said Ordinance shall stand in his Strength for Term of Five Years.

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons, and also by Authority of this Parliament, hath ordained and established, That no Person that in the County of Kent shall commonly brew any Ale or Beer to sell, shall make nor do to be made any Malt, in his House or in any other Place, to his own Use at his Costs and Expences, above an C. Quarters in the Year; upon Pain to forfeit x li. every Year in which he so maketh or doth to be made above the said Hundred Quarters, the one Half to our Sovereign Lord the King and the other Half to him or them which in this Behalf will pursue: And that the said Ordinance take Effect the First Day of June next coming, and shall endure for Five Years then next ensuing.

ITEM, Whereas it is shewed to our Sovereign Lord the King in his said Parliament, by the grievous Complaint of the Silk Women and [Spinners'] of the Mystery and Occupation of Silk-working, within the City of London, how that divers Lombards and other Strangers, imagining to destroy the said Mystery, and all such virtuous Occupations [of b] Women in the said Realm, to enrich themselves, and [to increase them and such Occupations in other strange Lands, have brought and daily go about to bring into the said Realm, [such Silk so made, wrought, twined, half lamanner Girdles and both other Things concerning the said Mystery and Occupation (b), in no Manner wise bringing any good Silk unwrought, as they were wont to bring

the same sued alway Rot. Parl.

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Throwestres for to put such occupations to other landes wrought silk throwen landes Corses of silke and all ready wrought

Rot. Parl.

nullam novam distr neq aliū pcessum Psus dcos Justič sive Comissionarios, qui se sic excusarunt aut extractas suas detulerunt, facient neg faciet. Et si aliquis dcoa Officiarioa aut aliquis cticoa suoa incontriu alicujus articuloz supius recitatoz fac, qd tunc ipi & eoa quitt pdent & pdet viginti libras, tociens quociens ipi inventi fuint inde defectivi, & Pfatus Dis Rex unam medietatem dčaz viginti libraz sic forisfčaz fiebit, et hujusmodi psona vel psone que psequi velint vel velit alt'am medietatem: Ac secta illa capiat' teneat' & derminet' p accoem debiti coram Baronib3 dci Sccii aut alit coram Justic de coi Banco, vsus aliquos Officiarios sive chicos dei Sce ii qui faciunt vel pcipiunt incont riu ordinacióis Pdce, aliquo privilegio sive consuetudine dci Sccaii non obstante; et qd idem pcessus heat' in eadem accoe coram deis Justie put fiet in accoe debiti sup obligaçõe ad coem legem psecui; excepto semp qd nullus Officiarius, qui fiet aliquod officiū in hereditate in feodo in Scc io Pdco, Pcludat' ad pcipiena feoda que ab antiquo fuerunt legitime officio suo debita & ptinencia & non plus: Salvo semp qd dči Officiarii dñi Regis & eoz cfici ronabile regardum pcipe possunt p scrutiniis & copiis p ipos feis in deo Scenio de aliquo recordo ad sectam alicujus ligei dñi Regis, ordinacoe pdca non obstante: Voluit tamen pfatus dns Rex qd de avisamento consilii sui talis direccio capiat' in hac parte, int istud tempus & festum Sči Michis px futur, qualis videbit' ronabilis; & alit ordinacio pdca stet in suo robore p rmino quinq annoz.

Item pfatus dñs Rex de avisamento dõoz dñoz spualiu & temporaliu ac ad requisicoem Coitatis pdce necnon auctoritate parliamenti pdci ordinavit & stabilivit, qd nulla psona que in Coni Kanc svisiam aut celeam vendend coit pandoxat, aliquod braseum in domo sua aut aliquo alio loco ad usum suu ad custus & expensas suos ult Centum quartia in anno fac nec fieri fac; sub pena forisfaciendi sumam decem libraz quott anno quo ipa sic facit aut fieri facit, ult dca Centum quartia, una medietate pfato dño Regi & alta medietate ipi vel ipis qui in hac parte psequet vel psequent; et qd ordinacio pdca capiet effcu primo die Junii px futur & pdurabit p quinque annos tunc px sequent.

Item cum pfato dño Regi in parliamento pdco p g'vem querimoniam Sericatricum & Filatricum mistere & occupacois opis serici infra Civitatem London ostens fuit, qualit divsi Lumbardi & alii Alienigine dcam misteram & omes hujusmodi virtuosas occupacoes muliez in regno pdco destruere, se ipos ditare & hujusmodi occupacoes in aliis tris augere imaginantes, sericum opatum filatum ribanas & torques falso & fraudulent opata, cinctoria omiaq, alia easdem misteram & occupacoem concencia in regnu pdcm adduxerunt, ac indies adduce conabant, aliquod Sericum bonum inopatum, put alias ante ea tempora adduce consueverunt

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nullatenus deferentes, in dcaz misteraz & occupacionu destruccoem finalem, nisi p regiam Magestatem ubius & cetius reformaret'; p cujus reformacoe idem dñs Rex auctoritate supadca voluit ordinavit & stabilivit, qd si aliquis Lumbardus aut aliqua alia psona ext*nea sive indigena adducat sive adduci causet p viam mcandise aliquod sericum opatum filatum ribanas torques cinctoria de serico aut aliquam aliam rem tangentem sive concnentem misteram Sericatricu, cinctoriis que veniunt de Janua tímmodo exceptis, in aliquem Portum sive locum regni pdči de ult mare, qd eadem opatum sericum filatum ribane torques cinctoria & alie res sic adducta & opata easdem misteras concinencia sint forisfca: Ac eciam qd quitt Lumbardus & quett alia psona, ext*nea sive indigena qui incont*riū istius ordinaccis fecit tociens quociens ipe sic fecit viginti libras forisfac, una medietate inde levanda & henda ad usum expensaz Hospicii dči dñi Regis, & heat ipe altam medietatem qui p inde psequi velit; et qd liceat cuitt psone ligeoz dči dñi Regis here & manutenere accoem sive accoes de debito quoît tempore, tam p eadem forisfcura viginti libraz qom p re illa sic forisfca; ac pcessum inde de utlagar necnon omem aliu pcessum put in accoe de debito ad coem legem, et qu inde nulla pteccio neq esson sit allocabilis: et qd major dee Civitatis p tempore existens heat auctoritatem assignandi duos tres vel quatuor hoies ejusdem Civitatis, sufficientes & credibiles psonas juxta discreccem suam sup librum jurand ad debitum scrutiniū infra dčam Civitatem & libtatem ejusdem faciend, tociens quociens expediens videbit', de omits rebs titis sive fcis incont'riu p'missoz, ac inde faciend debitam relaccem Majori & Aldermannis dče Civitatis p tempore existen, p pleniori informacoe Pfato dño Regi ac ipis qui pinde psequi velint: et qd ordinacio pdča incipiat tenere suū robur & effčm ad festum Pasche px futur & pdurabit p quinq, annis extunc px sequent.

Item cum in dco parliamento p Abbem & Conventu Monastii be Marie de Founteyns in Com Ebox lamentabilit extitit intimatu, de eo qđ cum ipi & eos pdecessores de tempore non modico conta conscienciam abso causa p accoes fictas g'vil implitati & vexati fuint, & ad tunc indies existent, in divsis Cur Wapentachioz & aliis Cur Baronu, ad numu viginti & ult*, infra dem Com Ebos & Com Cumbr ac in Com Civitatis Eboz, infra quos Com substancia possessionu dei Monastii [jacent'] existit, tam p pcuracoem & excitacoem Ballivoz Senescalloz & Officiarioz [dcaz Cur'] necnon Firmario Cur Wapentachio & Cur Baronu Pdict p eoz singulari lucro & pficuo, q'm p alias maliciosas & male dispositas psonas querelas vsus ipos Abbem & Conventum fingentes, & in divsis dict Cur Wapentachioz & Cur Baronū affirmantes, ad quandam unam Cur trescentas querelas separales aut plures;

Interlined on the Roll. Interlined on the Roll.

in pprüs psonis sois, juxta cursum cos legla t'es,

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heretofore, to the final Destruction of the said Mysteries and Occupations, unless it be the more (') hastily remedied by the King's Majesty; For Reformation whereof the same our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Authority aforesaid, will and hath ordained and established, That if any Lombard, or any other Person, Stranger or Denizen, bring or cause to be brought by way of Merchandise any wrought Silk [twined,] Ribbands [Chains, Girdles3] of Silk, or any other Thing (4) touching or concerning the Mystery of Silk Women, [Girdles 5] which come from Genoa only except, into any Port or Place of the said Realm from beyond the Sea, that the same wrought Silk [twined, 1] Ribbands, [Chains, Girdles,3] and other Things so brought and wrought concerning the same Mysteries, shall be forfeit: And also, that every Lombard, and [other 6] Stranger or Denizen, which doth contrary to this Ordinance, as often as he so doth, shall forfeit Twenty Pounds, the one Half thereof to be levied and had to the Use [and 7] Expences of the King's House, and the other Half to that Person that will sue for the same; and that it shall be lawful to every of the King's liege People, to have and maintain an Action or Actions of Debt at every Time, as well for the same Forfeiture of Twenty Pounds, as for the Thing so forfeit; and [the same Process to lie therein 8] as in an Action of Debt at the Common Law; in which Suit no Protection nor Essoin shall be allowed: And that the Mayor of the said City for the Time being, shall have Authority to assign ij. iij. or iv. Men of the same City sufficient and credible Persons, by [their 9] Discretion [to swear 10] upon a Book, to make due Search within the same City and the Liberty of the same, as often as shall seem expedient, of all Things had or done contrary to the Premises, and thereof to make due Relation to the Mayor and Aldermen of the said City for the Time being, for a more full Information to the King and him that will [pursue; "] And that the said Ordinance begin to take his Strength and Effect at the Feast of Easter next ensuing, and

ITEM, Whereas in the said Parliament it was lamentably shewed by the Abbot and Convent of the Monastery of our Lady of Fontains in the County of York, of that that Whereas they and their Predecessors of no little Time against Conscience have been grievously [disturbed "] and vexed without Cause by feigned Actions, and daily be in divers Courts (13) Wapentakes and other Court Barons, to the Number of xx. and above, within the said County of York, and the County of Cumberland, and in the County of the City of York, within which Counties the Substance of the Possessions of the said Monastery lieth, as well by [the Procuracy "] and Excitation of the Bailiffs, Stewards, and Officers of the said Courts, and also the Farmers of the said Courts (13) Wapentakes, and Court Barons, for their singular Lucre and Profit, as by other malicious and evil disposed Persons, [complaining against the same Abbot and Convent, feigning '5] and affirming in divers of [their 16] Courts (13) Wapentakes, and Court Barons, at some one Court CCC. several Plaints or more;

shall endure for Five Years then next following.

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Rot. Parl.
17 nu. 56.

Forfeiture and Penalty.

The Mayor of London shall appoint Searchers.

Continuance of this Act.

VI.
Vexations
imposed upon
the Abbot of
Founteyns in
the County
of York, by
feigned Suits
in divers
Courts, and
Obstacles
against his
waging his
Law.

The Statute 15 H.VI. c.7. recited;

The said Abbot and his Successors

may wage their Law by

Attorney;

and may do

their Law by

a Commoyne,

or Deputy, and Six other And though the Common Law of England require that every Person [sued'] for any Cause, in which [Suit he ought to be admitted 27 to wage his Law, that such Person so [sued 3] should wage his Law by his Attorney having sufficient Authority thereunto; and, this notwithstanding, the Predecessors of the said now Abbot and other Abbots and Priors in the said [Counties, 1] might in no wise be received by such Bailifs, Stewards, and Officers, to wage their Law by their Attornies in such Courts and Wapentakes, till for [the same Grief'] and Complaint had in this Party by Authority of Parliament, It was (6) ordained that all Abbots and Priors, and other Religious of England, and their Successors, in such Cases by their general Attornies or Attorney in every Hundred or Wapentake within the Realm of England, every of them under their Common Seal, severally should plead in such Courts such Pleas as in the Law were pleadable and allowable; and that every Bailiff and Steward for the Time being within the said Courts should receive such Attornies, without amercing any such Abbots, Priors, and Religious, or any of them, upon Pain of Forfeiture of x li.: Yet, this notwithstanding, when the said Abbot by his Attorney [should wage⁷] his Law in the said Plaints in such several Courts, then the said Bailiffs, Stewards, and Officers, oftentimes for their singular Lucre, and by Covin had betwixt them and the said malicious People affirming the said Plaints, have prefixed to the said Abbot [a 1] Day to do his Law in every of the said several Courts and Wapentakes [together at one Day and at 9] several Places, every Place being so far from other, that the said Abbot in no wise might appear and come to do his Law in his proper Person, as the Law requireth; and so he by such Cause in divers (10) Courts and Wapentakes was often in the said Plaints condemned, and in divers of the same amerced, some [Year "] in an Hundred Marks, and some [Year"] in more, and at the least in xl. li. where neither by Law nor by Conscience any Cause of Action was had; which Labours Costs and Vexations of likelihood should continue and increase, to the importable Damage of the said House, and of the Abbot and Convent aforesaid, unless some gracious Remedy in this Behalf be provided in this said Parliament for the said Monastery: Our said Sovereign Lord the King considering the Premises, by the Advice Assent and Authority aforesaid, hath granted, ordained, and established, That the same Abbot and his Successors, against whom any Quarrel or Plaint is or hereafter shall [be taken or attempted 13] in any of the said Courts or Wapentakes, may wage their Law by their Attorney or Attornies of the Matters contained or to be contained in every such Plaint, where the Law permitteth them so to do. And that they, their Law so waged, may do [their Law 13] by a [Monk 14] of the same Place, with other Persons with him to the Number of Six Persons, or otherwise by some other Person assigned and deputed by the Abbot of the said House for the Time being, under the Common Seal of the said Monastery of Fontains, with Six Persons with him, to do the said Laws for the Abbot of the said House; And that the Bailiffs Stewards and Officers of the said Wapentakes and Courts for the Time being, shall admit, permit, and receive the said Laws to be done in the Form aforesaid; and that all the said Laws so waged and done be as effectual and of such Strength in the Law, as if the same Abbot or his Successors had done the same in their proper Persons after the Course of the Common Law (15)

" of bis land

et q'mvis cõis lex Angt exigat qd quett psona implitata p aliqua causa, in qua ipa ad legem suam vadiand est admittabilis, qd eadem psona sic implirata legem suam vadiaret p attornatū suū sufficientem auctoritatem ad hoc fientem; et eo non obstante pdecessores pdei nunc Abbis ac alii Abbes & Priores in dcis Com, nullo modo recipi possent p hujusmodi ballivos senescallos & officiarios, ad vadiand legem suam p eos attornatu in hujusmodi Cur & Wapentachiis, quousq, p illo inconvenienti & querimonia in ea parte fiita auctoritate parliamenti [nup'] extitit ordinatu, qd omes Abbes & Priores & alii religiosi Angt & successores sui in hujusmodi casib3 p attorn suos genales vel genalem, in quott Hundro sive Wapentachio infra regnū Angt quitt eoz sub ipoz coi sigillo separatim plitarent in hujusmodi Cur talia plita qualia essent in lege phitand & in lege allocand; et quod quift Senescallus vel Ballivus p tempore existens infra dcas Cur hujusmodi attornatos recipet, absq amciacoe hujusmodi Abbatum Prioz & Religiosoz seu eoz alicujus, sub pena forisfeure decem libraz : Attamen eo non obstante, cum dčus Abbas p Attorii suū legem suam vadiaret in querelis pdčis in hmõi Cur separabiliba, tunc pdči Ballivi Senescalli & Officiarii multociens p eox singulari lucro, ac p covinam hitam int ipos & dem maliciosum pptm deas querelas affirmantem, Pfixerunt pfato Abbi unu diem ad legem suam faciend in unaquaq dict separaliu Cur & Wapentachioz, simul ad unū diem & ad separalia loca, unoquoq existente tam remote ab alto que podeus Abbas nullo modo comparere & venire potat ad legem suam faciend in ppria psona sua put lex requirit; et sic ipe ex causa illa in dive dict Cur & Wapentachioz sepe in dcis querelis extitit condempnatus, & in divsis ipoz amciatus, quodam anno in Centum marcis & quodam anno in majori & ad minus in q'draginta libris, ubi nec p legem neq p conscienciam causa acccois unqom hita fuit; qui quidem labores vexacoes & custus de visimili essent continuand & augend, in dce Domus ac Abbis & Conventus Pdict dampna importabilia, nisi aliquod remediū in ea parte g'ciosum in dco parliamento p eodem monastio pvideret': Prefatus dis Rex pmissa considerans de avisamento assensu & auctoritate pdcis concessit ordinavit & stabilivit, qd idem Abbas & Successores sui, cont quos aliqua querela sive loquela est vel in futur erit capta vel attemptata in aliqua dict Cur sive Wapentachioz, p eox attornatum vel attornatos legem suam vadiare porunt, de mariis in qualt hujusmodi querela contentis sive continend ubi lex ipos sic face pmittit. Et qd ipi lege sua sic vadiata dcam legem sive leges face possunt p Comonachum ejusdem loci, cum aliis psonis secum ad numu sex psonaz, vel alit p aliam psonam assignatam & deputatam p Abbem Domus Pdce p tempore existen sub Cõi Sigillo dõi Monastii de Founteyns, cum sex psonis secum ad dcas leges faciend p Abbe ejusdem Domus; et quod Ballivi Senescalli & Officiarii dcoz Wapentachioz & Cur p tempore existen, admittant pmittant & recipiant dcas leges in forma sup'dca fiend, & qd omes leges pdce sic vadiate & fce sint ita effectuales & hujusmodi vigoris in lege, ac si dcus Abbas vel Successores sui ipas fecisset vel fecissent in ppriis psonis suis, juxta cursum cõis legis tre. Interlined on the Roll.

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Et ultius auctoritate Pdca ordinavit qd si aliquis Ballivus Senescallus sive Officiarius dčaz Cur aut Wapentachioz dcam legem in forma pdca fieri admitte nolit, aut alit aliquo modo disobediat vel non observet intencoem Pmissoa ex parte sua supius recitatoa fiend, aut omittat vel ex parte sua fac cont riū ad aliquod istoz pmissoz, tunc idem Ballivus Senescallus vel Officiarius sic offendens p quott tempore quo ipm cont'riu face sive in aliquo Pmissoz supius recitatoz ex parte sua fiend offendere contigit viginti libras forisfac. Et unusquisq in hoc casu psequi volens possit here bre de debito & declarare sup ordinacoe pdca, et heat ipe p labore suo unam medietatem & Pfatus dns Rex al am medietatem easdem viginti libraz.

Item cum de tempore a diu non elapso infra Civitatem Norwici & Com Norff & Suff nisi sex vel octo cões Attornati ad Cur dñi Regis divtentes ad maximū extitissent, quo tempore magna tranquillitas in dcis Civitate & Com regnabat parvaq, tribulacio seu vexacio p sectas minus veras vel forinsecas fiebat'; Jamq, ita est ad in dcis Civitate & Com quat' viginti Attornati vel plures existunt, majore parte ipox non hente aliquod aliud vivere set solūmodo lucrū suū p dčam occupacoem attornat, Ac eciam majore parte ipox non existente de sufficienti sciencia essendi Attornatoz, qui ad unamq mq, feriam mcatum & alia loca ubi ppti congregacio existit declinant, ppfm exortantes pcurantes moventes & excitantes ad sectas minus veras, sectas forinsecas, sectas p parvis t'nsgressionib; parvis offensis & parvis sūmis de debito capiend, quoz accoes sunt triabiles & det minabiles in Curiis Baronū; unde q"mplures secte pocius ex mala voluntate & malicia qam ex rei Vitate pcedunt, in dcoz infiitanciū Civitatis & Com Pdcoz vexacoem multiplicem dampnaq, non modica, necnon oim Cur Baronū in deis Com diminucem ppetuam, nisi de remedio in hac parte congruo pvideat': Prefatus dñs Rex Pmissa considerans de avisamento assensu & auctoritate pdčis ordinavit & stabilivit, qđ totis temporib3 futuris sint nisi sex Cões Attornati in dõo Com Norff & sex coes attornati in deo Com Suff. & duo cões Attornati in dca Civitate Norwici, fore attornat in Cur de recordo; & qd omes pdci quatuordecim attornati sint etči & admissi p duos capitales Justič dñi Regis p tempore existen de magis sufficientib; & optime instructis, juxta discrecoes suas. Et qd eleccio & admissio oim Attornatoz qui erunt etči & admissi p dcos Justič p tempore existeñ ulta dem numu in Com Ddcis sint vacue & de nulla auctoritate neq, recordo; et si sit aliqua psona vel psone que psumit vel psumunt aut usurpant vel usurpat sup ipas fore Attornatos in Cur de recordo in dcis Com vel Civitate alit q'm supius specificat', & hoc sic invento p inquisicoem captam coram Justič pacis in dict Civitate sive Com qui virtute istius ordinacois potestatem inquirendi inde in sessionib; suis fiebunt, aut aliquo alio modo legittime pbato, qđ tunc ipa vel ipe que sic psumit vel psumunt, si ipa inde legittime sit convict, forisfac viginti libras tociens quociens ipa vel ipe sit vel sint sic convict;

And moreover by Authority aforesaid hath ordained, That if any Bailiff, Steward, or Officer of the said Courts or Wapentakes, will not admit such Law to be done in the Form aforesaid, or else in any wise do disobey or do not observe the Intent of the Premises on his Behalf before rehearsed to be done, or omit or on his Behalf do contrary to any of the Premises, then the same Bailiff, Steward, or Officer so offending, for every Time that he shall happen to do contrary, (') in any of the Premises before rehearsed on his Behalf to be done, shall forfeit xx. li. And every Person in this Case willing to pursue, may have a Writ of Debt, and declare upon the said Ordinance, and he shall have for his Labour the One Half of the same xx. li. and the King the other Half.

ITEM, Whereas of Time not long past within the City of Norwich, and the Counties of Norfolk and Suffolk, there were no more but six or eight (1) Attornies at the most, [coming 3] to the King's Courts, in which Time great Tranquillity reigned in the said City and Counties, and little Trouble or Vexation was made by untrue or foreign Suits; And now so it is, that in the said City and Counties there be Fourscore Attornies, or more, the more Part of them having no other Thing to live upon, but only his Gain by [the Practice of 1] Attorneyship, and also the more Part of them not being of sufficient Knowledge to be an Attorney, which [come 3] to every Fair, Market, and other Places, where is any Assembly of People, exhorting, procuring, moving, and inciting the People to attempt untrue [and 6] foreign Suits, (7) for small Trespasses, little Offences, and small Sums of Debt, whose Actions be triable and determinable in Court Barons; whereby proceed many Suits, more of evil Will and Malice, than of the Truth of the Thing, to the manifold Vexation and no little Damage of the Inhabitants of the said City and Counties, and also to the perpetual [Diminution 8] of all the Court Barons in the said Counties, unless convenient Remedy be provided in this Behalf: The foresaid Lord the King considering the Premises, by the Advice Assent and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and established, that at all Times from henceforth there shall be but Six common Attornies in the said County of Norfolk, and Six common Attornies in the said County of Suffolk, and Two common Attornies in the said City of Norwich, to be Attornies in the Courts of Record; and that all the said Fourteen Attornies shall be elected and admitted by the Two Chief Justices of our Lord the King for the Time being, of the most sufficient and best instructed, by their Discretions. And that the Election and Admission of all Attornies, which shall be elected and admitted, by the said Justices for the Time being, above the said Number in the said Counties, shall be void, and of no Authority nor Record; and if any Person or Persons usurp or presume to be Attorney in Courts of Record in the said Counties or City, otherwise than before is specified, and that (9) found by Inquisition taken before the Justices of Peace in the said City or Counties, which shall have Power, by virtue of this Ordinance, to inquire thereof in their Sessions, or in any other Manner lawfully proved, that then he or they that so presume, if they be (") lawfully convict, shall forfeit Twenty Pounds as often as he or they be so convict;

of the Courts offending against this Act; £20.

to Dalifus

VII. Practice of contentious Norfolk, Suffolk, and Norwich, to stir up Suite

There shall be but Six Attornies in Norfolk, Six in Suffolk, and Two in Norwich.

Justices of have Authority to inquire of Offenders.

Penalty on 20 Pounds

or offend Rot. Parl. nu. 56.

3 that resorted a comon

4 their seid

6 Sewtes

· distruction

VOL. II.

5 D

Original from PENN STATE of Act; subject to Pleasure of the Judges.

I.

Proceedings

Parliament

at Coventr

38 Hen. VI. [See the Par-

ment Roll

of that Year.]

had in a

the One Half thereof to be taken to the King's Use, and the other Half to his Use which for the same will sue; and he that therefore will sue, shall have an Action of Debt against any such Person which so presumeth to be Attorney, and such Process [for Recovery of the same,'] as lieth in an Action of Debt at the Common Law upon an Obligation. Provided always, that the said Ordinance begin, and first take Effect, at the Feast of Easter next coming, and not before; if the same Ordinance seem reasonable to the Justices.

1 and Recove therin Rot. Parl. nu. 57.

una medietate inde capiend ad usum dñi Regis, & alta medietate ad usum ipius qui pinde psequi velit : Tet que ipe qui pinde psequi velit'] possit here accoem de debito vsus aliquam talem psonam que sic Psumit fore Attornat, ac tales pcessum & recupacoem [in eadem *] quales jacent in accoe de debito ad coem legem sup obligacoe. Proviso semp qu ordinacio pdca incipiat & primo sumat effectum ad festum Pasche px futur & non ante; si ordinacio illa Justič videat' ronabilis.

Interlined on the Roll.

Anno 39° HENRICI, VI. A.D.1460.

IN THE THIRTY-NINTH YEAR.

O the Honour of Almighty God, and the Reverence of Holy Church, for to nourish Peace Unity and Concord in all Parts within this Realm of England, and for the Relief and Sustentation of our Lord the King, and of this his Realm, the same our Sovereign Lord, King Henry the Sixth after the Conquest, at his High Court of Parliament holden at Westminster upon the Seventh Day of the Month of October, the Nine-and-Thirtieth Year of His noble and gracious Reign, by the Advice and Assent of His Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Request of the Commons of His said Realm, assembled in the same Parliament, and by the Authority of the same Parliament, hath ordained these Things underwritten '.]

[FIRST, Whereas it hath been shewed to the King our Sovereign Lord by his liege and faithful Commons in this present Parliament, that '] divers seditious and evil disposed Persons, having no regard to the dread of God, nor to the Damage of the prosperous Estate of our said Sovereign Lord the King, nor His Realm, sinisterly and importunely [did labour to 3] the said King to summon a Parliament, to be holden at His City of Coventry, the xx. Day of the Month of November, the xxxviij. Year of His [noble] Reign, only to destroy certain of the great noble [faithful and lawful 1 Lords and Estates of the King's Blood, and other of the faithful liege People of the said Realm [of England, 5] for the great [Rumour, 6] Hatred, and Malice, which the said seditious Persons of long Time [have had 7] against them: and of their [greedy and 8] insatiable Covetousness to have the Lands, Hereditaments, Possessions, Offices, and Goods of the said

1 This Introduction occurs in the earliest, and in all subsequent, English Editions; but it is not justified by the Record, nor by the Old Copies, either printed or Manuscript, of the Statute in French.

3 laboured

4 and faithful true

a omitted.

Rot. Parl. f rancour

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. V. m. 1. Anno rrrir'.

In Margine

U Parlement tenuz a Westîn le septisme jour de Octobr lan du Reigne du Roi Henry puis le conquest sisme xxxix*, monstre fuist p les Cões en icell parlement assemble q come divsez sediciousez & mavzilx disposez psones, null regarde eiantz a paour deu ne al damage del psperous estate du dit Roi ne son Reame, senestrement & enportunement laboroient le dit Roi de somoner une parlement a teniers a sa Citee de Coventree, le vintisme jour de Novembr lan de son reigne [trent septisme,'] tancsoulement a destroier cteins des g'undes noblez foialx & loialx f's & estates du sang roialt, & autres del foialt liege people du dit Roialme, p' les g'undes rancour haite & malice q lez ditz sediciousez psones de longe temps avoient contre ceux, et de leur insaciable covetyse davoir les Pres enheritamentez possessions offices & biens des ditz

1 xxxviijti Rot. Parl. nu. 8.

At the Parliament bolden at Westminster, the Seventh Day of Ollober, in the Thirty-ninth Year of the reign of King Henry, the Sixth after the Common in the town Parliament the Common in the town Parliament assembled, That Whereas

I's & foialx lieges; p quel labour cteins Actes Statutes & Orden nces contre tout bone foye & conscience en le dit parlement furent faitz a destroier finalment lez ditz loialx f's estates & liege people & lour issuez, sibien Innocentez come autres & lour heirs p' toutz jours; quel parlement fuist nonduement somonez, & g'unde part de lez Chivalers p' divses Counteez cesty Roialme & plusours Citezeins & Burgeisez p' divsez Citees & Burghs en icell apparantz, furent nomez retournez & acceptez ascuns deux s'unz due & frank eleccion ascuns deux saunz null eleccion, encountre le cours des loies du Roi & les libties des Cões du dit Roialme, p les moyns & labours les ditz cediciousez psones; pont plusours g'undes jeopardies & enconveniencez bien pres al ruyne & univsatt sub-Psion le Roialme avantdit ount ensuez : Nre dit f' le Roi les pmisses considerant, & q lez ditz f's estates & autres sez lieges, envs quux les ditz actez estatutez & ordeignementz furent faitz, ount toutz jours euez gaunde & foial amo' au pferrement & seurte le bien valoir de sa psone roiatt leur duete accordant, et q poie des Actes ou Ordenances en le dit parlement tenuz a Coventr, estoient faitz p' le bien du Roi ne du dit Roialme, mes la greindre part de les Actes Statutes & Orden ncez en icelt faitez fuist laboree p le conspiremt peurement & excitement lez ditz mavailx disposes psones, p' lentroduccion & accomplisshment de lour rancour & enordynate covetyse, ad p ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx en le dit parlement assemblez, al request des ditz Cões & p lauctorite mesme le parlement, ordeigne & establie, q le dit parlement tenuz au dit Citee de Coventre soit voide & tenuz p' null parlement. Et q toutz Actez Statutes & Orden'ncez p lauctorite del mesme faitz, soient revsez adnullez cassez irritez repellez revoqes voidez & de null force neffecte.

Item de avisamento assensu & auctoritate pdcis ordinatu est & stabilitum qd mulieres existentes etatis quatuordecim anno, tempore mortis Antecesso, suo, absq, questione seu difficultate heant libacoem ra, & ten suo, sibi descenso, quia sic lex istius re vult qd tunc ipe herent.

chun deax scient de tout simis longe viue arleffest

Lords and faithful liege People; by which [sinister'] Labour certain Acts Statutes and Ordinances, against all good Faith and Conscience, in the said Parliament were made, finally to destroy the said [lawful '] Lords, Estates, and liege People and their Issues, as well Innocents as other and their Heirs for ever; Which Parliament was unduly summoned, and a great Part of the Knights for divers Counties of this Realm and many Burgesses and Citizens for divers Boroughs and Cities in the same appearing, were named, returned, and accepted, some of them without due and free Election, some of them without any Election, against the Course of the King's Laws and the Liberties of the Commons of this Realm, by the Means and Labours of the said seditious Persons; whereby many great Jeopardies, [Enormities,] and Inconveniences, well nigh to the Ruin, [Decay, 1] and universal Subversion of the said Realm, have ensued: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, and that the said Lords, Estates, and other His liege People, against whom the said Acts Statutes and Ordinances were made, have always had great and faithful Love to the Preferment and Surety (3) of the King's Person, according to their Duty, and that few of the Acts [made 6] in the said Parliament, holden at Coventry, were made for the Weal of the King nor of the said Realm, but the greater Part of the Acts Statutes and Ordinances therein made, were laboured by the Conspiracy Procurement and Excitation of the said evil disposed Persons, for the Introduction and Accomplishment of their Rancour and inordinate Covetise, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, [and at the Request of the said Commons, in the said Parliament assembled, and by the same Authority,7] hath ordained and established, That the said Parliament holden at the said City of Coventry be void, and holden for no Parliament. And that all Acts Statutes and Ordinances, by the Authority of the same made, be reversed, adnulled, [undone,] repealed, revoked, voided, and of no Force nor Effect.

ITEM, by the Advice, Assent, and Authority afore-said, It is ordained and established, That Women being of the age of xiiii. Years, at the Time of the Death of their Ancestors, without Question or Difficulty shall have Livery of their Lands and Tenements descended to them; For so the Law of this Land will that (?) they should have.

of the welfare
of or Ordynaunce
cassed, irrite,

in the said Parliament assembled, at the Request of the said Commons, and by Authority of the same Parliament,

o then Rot. Parl. nu. 36.

The said Parliament declared void; and all A ets made therein repealed.

Women
Heiresses,
being Fourteen Years
old, shall have
Livery of
their Lands.

End of the Statutes of King henry the Sixth.

* Indexed at the Bencer of Membrane v. of this Rell, in a hand-writing of the time of K. Charles I.—In a hand-writing of the time of K. Edward IV. is written a Recurso P. theoremi Regards quarti suno regal and quarte hijs. hijs." and in a hand-writing

STATUTES OF KING EDWARD THE FOURTH.

Anno 1º EDWARDI, IV. A.D. 1461.

Bot' Statutor' ab Anno primo Edlb. 4. usq' ad ann' octabum.

ROLL OF THE STATUTES FROM THE FIRST TO THE EIGHTH YEAR OF EDWARD IV.

IN THE FIRST YEAR.

EDWARD, by the Grace of God King of England and of France, and Lord of Ireland, the Fourth after the Conquest: To the Honour of God and of Holy Church, to nourish Peace, Unity, and Concord within His Realm of England, which he [much desireth wholly '] by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of the same Realm, and at the special Request of the Commons of his said Realm (*) assembled at his First Parliament holden at Westminster upon the Fourth Day of November, in the First Year of His Reign, and by Authority of the same Parliament, hath (*) ordained and established certain Statutes, Declarations, and Ordinances, in Manner and Form following.

FIRST, (4) In eschewing of Ambiguities, Doubts, and Diversities of Opinions, which may rise, ensue, or be taken of and upon [judicial Acts, 5] and Exemplifications of the same, made or had in the Time or Times of Henry the Fourth, Henry the Fifth His Son, and Henry the Sixth His Son, [or any of them, 6] late Kings of England successively, in Deed and not of Right; Our said Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, hath declared, established, and enacted in the said Parliament, That all Fines, and final Concords, levied or made of any Lands, Tenements, Possessions, Rents, Inheritances, or other Things, and all [judicial Acts,] Recoveries, and Processes, determined or commenced, not revoked reversed nor adnulled, made or had in any Court or Courts of Record, or any Court or Courts (7) in any of the Times of the pretensed Reigns of any of the said late Kings, in Deed and not in Right, other than by Authority of any Parliament holden in any of their Times, and Exemplifications of the said Fines, Acts Judicial, and Recoveries, out of any of the said Parliaments, and every of them, shall be of [like 8] Force, Virtue, and Effect, as if the said Fines, final Concords, Acts, Recoveries, Processes, and other the Premises, had or made out of any of the said Parliaments, and Exemplifications of the same, [were 9] commenced, sued, had or determined in the Time of any King lawfully reigning in this Realm, and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title.

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eth 2 come and Actis judiciall

3 caused to be

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7 holden9 had been

} ;

Rot. Parl.

I.
What Acts
judicial, &c.
done in
Timesof
the Kings
Hen. IV, V,
and VI. shall
be valid.

Fines, &c.;

other than in Parliament. Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. VI. m. 11, 10, 9.

In Margine Rotuli.

EDWARD p la g'ce de Dieu Roi Denglete & de Fraunce & Seigneour Dirland puis le Conquest quart; Al honour de Dieu & de Seint Esglice, p' nurrer peas unite & concorde deins son Roialme Dengletre, le quell il desire moult entierment, del advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx de mesme le Roialme, & a lespeciale request dez Coez de son dit Roialme, a son prim parlement tenuz a Westni le quart jour de Novembr lan de son reigne primer venuz & assemblez, & p lauctorite de mesme le parlement ad fait ordeigneir & establier cteins statutez declaracions & orden'nces en la fourme qensuit.

Primement q en eschuer des ambiguitees doutes & divsiteez des oppinions, quels p'roient surdre ensuer ou estre prisez de & sur actes Judicielx & exemplificacions dicelx faitz ou euez en le temps de Henry le quart, Henry le quint son fitz, & Henr le sisme son fitz, nadgairs en fait & nient en droit successivement Roies Dengletre ou dascun de ceux; Nre dit f' le Roi del advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la request des ditz Cões en le dit parlement assemblez & p auctorite dicett, ad declare establie & enacte en le dit plement, q toutz finez & finalls concordez levez ou faitz dascuns tres tentez possessions rentes enheritementez ou autres choses, et toutz actes judicielx recovez & pcessez derminez ou comencez, nient revoques revsez ou adnullez, faitz ou euez en ascun Courte ou Courtz de recorde, ou ascun Court ou Courtes tenuz en ascun des temps de lez Ptensez reignez dascun de lez ditz nadgairs Roies en fait & nient de droit, autres q p auctorite dascun parlement tenuz en ascun de leur temps, et exemplificacions de lez ditz finez actez Judicielx & recoves, hors dascun de les ditz plementes, & chun deux soient de tout autiel force vue & effect sicome les ditz finez finalx concordes actes recoves pcessez & autres Pmissez euez ou faitz hors dascun de lez ditz parlementz et exemplificacions diceux, feussent comencez suez euez ou rminez en temps dascun Roi loialment reignant en cest Roialme, & p just title la Corone del mesme opteignant.

Indorsed at the Bottom of Membrane 1. of this Roll, in a hand-writing of the time of K. Charles I.—In a hand-writing of the time of K. Edward IV. is written "Rotulus Parliamenti Edwardi quarti anno regni sui quarto iiijo. iiijo." and in a hand-writing of somewhat later date is added "etc. usq ad octavū."

Et auxi q toutz fres patentez faitz p ascun de les ptenses Roies al ascun psone ou psones, del creacion ensignicion ou ereccion dascun dyceux au ascun estate dignite ou peminence, soient a la dite psone ou psones & as tielx de lour heires queux sont conteignuz en lez ditz lies patents, dautiel force value & effect come touchantz tiel creacion ensignicion ou ereccion, si come mesmes les tres patentes feussent faitz ou g'untez au ascun deux p ascun Roi loyalment reignant en cest Roialme & p just title opteign nt la Corone del mesme; et qils issint creez enseignez ou erectez aient novelx gauntes du Roi de leur annuitez p' la sustentacion de lour estates, come il ad este dauncien temps accustume; forprisez les psones & chun deux quelles pre dit f' le Roy repute & tient p' sez rebelles ou enemiez.

Et outre ceo, les emportablez charges & costes queux les Citees Burghs Villes les v. portes de cest Roialme & la ville de Caleis ove les Marches illeoqes ount sustenuz, & la g'unde povtee entre les gentz diceux considerez, p' ease & relefe des mesmes, ad ordeigne g'unte establie & enacte p assent & auctorite suisditz, q toutz man's libteez privileges franchises poiars Jurisdiccions pfittz immunitees corporacions municions enlargementes annexions unions sevauncez a Counteez & feisauntez Counteez p soy mesmez, et toutz mans g'untes lesez licensez pdons discharges exempcions releses feires & mchees, nient revoquez repellez ou adnullez p auctorite de plement ou autrement p pcesse de ley, g'untez es jours del Henr le quart Henr le quint ou Henr de sisme nadgairs en fait & nient de droit Roies Dengletre, al ascun Maire, Baillif ou Baillifs, Viscount ou Viscountes, Maier & Viscount, Viscount & Baillifs, Maire & Baillifs, Cõialte, Citezeins, Maire & Cõialte, Maire Cõialte & Citezeins, Maire & Citezeins, Maire & Aldermen & lour successours, Maire & Citezeins lour heires & successours, Maire & Coialtee lour heires & successours, Citezeins & lour heires, Citezeins lour heires & successours, Baillifs & Citezeins lour heires & successours, Maire & Aldermen, Maire Aldermen & Burgeisez, Maire & Burgeises, Maire Aldermen & Viscount ou Viscounts, Maire Burgeisez & lour successours, Maire Burgeisez lour heirs & successours, Maire Viscountes & Burgeisez, Maire Baillifs & Cõialte, Alderman & Cõialte, Alderman Baillifs & Cõialte, Aldermen & Baillifs lour heires & successours, Baillifs & Cõialte, Baillifs & Burgeises, Citezeins Burgeises & Cőialte, Maire Baillifs & Burgeises lour heires & successours, proudes homes lour heires & successours. Portreves Baillifs & Cõez, Seneschalles, Burgeisez & proudes homes, Portreves Barons & homes, Maire Barons & Cõialte, Maire & Barons, Barons & Cõialte,

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And also that all Letters Patents made by any of the [said] pretensed Kings to any Person or Persons, of of Nobility; Creation, [Ennobling, and '] Erection of any of them, to any Estate Dignity or Preeminence, shall be to the said Person or Persons, and to such of their Heirs which be contained in the same Letters Patents, of [like'] Force, [Value,3] and Effect, as touching such Creation [Ennobling or '] Erection, as if the same Letters Patents [were 1] made or granted to (5) them by any King lawfully reigning in this Realm [of England,] and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title; and that they being so created [ennobled and o] erected, shall have new Grants of the King of their Annuities for the Maintenance of their Estates, as hath been of old Time accustomed; Except such Persons, and every of them, whom our Sovereign Lord the King reputeth and holdeth for his Rebels or Enemies.

And Moreover, the excessive Charges and Costs, which the Cities, Boroughs, Towns, the Cinque Ports of [England,] and also the Town of Calais, with the Marches of the same, have endured [and suffered,] and the great Poverty amongst the People of the same considered, for the Ease and Relief of the same, [the King 87 hath ordained, established, granted, and enacted by the Assent and Authority [of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons,97 that all manner of Liberties, Privileges, Franchises, Powers, Jurisdictions, Profits, Immunities, Corporations, Munitions, Enlargements, Annexions, Unions, Severings from Counties, and making of Counties by themselves, and all Manner of Grants, Leases, Licences, Pardons, Discharges, Exemptions, Releases, Fairs, and Markets, not revoked repealed nor adnulled by Authority of Parliament or otherwise by Process of the Law, granted in the Times of Henry the Fourth, Henry the Fifth, or Henry the Sixth, late Kings of England in Deed and not of Right, to any Mayor, Bailiff or Bailiffs, Sheriff or Sheriffs, Mayor and Sheriff, Sheriff and Bailiffs, Mayor and Bailiffs, Commonalty, Citizens, Mayor and Commonalty, Mayor Commonalty and Citizens, Mayor and Citizens, Mayor and Aldermen and their Successors, Mayor and Citizens their Heirs and Successors, Bailiffs and Citizens their Heirs and Successors, Mayor and Commonalty their Heirs and Successors, Citizens and their Heirs, Citizens their Heirs and Successors,10] Mayor and Aldermen, Mayor Aldermen and Burgesses, Mayor and Burgesses, Mayor Aldermen and Sheriff or Sheriffs, Mayor Burgesses and their Successors, Mayor Burgesses their Heirs and Successors, Mayor Sheriffs and Burgesses, Mayor Bailiffs and Commonalty, Alderman and Commonalty, Alderman Bailiffs and Commonalty, Aldermen and Bailiffs their Heirs and Successors, Bailiffs and Commonalty, Bailiffs [Burgesses and "] Citizens Burgesses and Commonalty, Mayor Bailiffs and Burgesses their Heirs and Successors, [and the discreet Men "] their Heirs and Successors, Portreves Bailiffs and Commons, Stewards Burgesses and [the discreet Men,"] Portreves Barons and Men, Mayor Barons and Commonalty, Mayor and Barons, Barons and Commonalty,

Divisions of Counties, Grants of Incorpora-tion, &c. to any Bodies Corporate.

6 insigned or s any of 4 had been 7 this Realm aforeseid 10 Mayer & Coialte their heires and succes- Rot. Parl. sours, Citizeins & their heires, Citizeins their (nu. i. (41.) heires & successours, Bailiffs and Citizeins their heires and successours, 11 and Burgeys, 12 Worthy men 8 He

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Vol. II.

5 E

1 Insignicion or

Barons, Jurates, Barons and Jurates, Men, Inhabitants, Mayor Constables and Company of the Merchants of the Staple at Calais, and to every of them and their Heirs, and Successors of every of them, and to the Masters Brethren and Sisters of Guilds and Fraternities, Masters and Commonalty their Heirs and Successors, and Wardens and Masters of Crafts, Wardens of the Commonalty of the Mystery of Mercers [within '] the City of London, or to any of them before named, and to the Successors of every of them, having Corporation, by whatsoever Name or Names they or any of them be called or named in any of the said Grants, they shall be in like Strength and Virtue, as if they [were '] granted by any King or Kings lawfully reigning in this Realm [of England,] and in like Manner and Form to have Confirmations [and Grants made, as if they had been granted 3] in the Times of [the noble King] Edward the Third, and King Richard the Second after the Conquest, late lawful Kings of England.

§ 4. Licences or Pardons of Alienation, or to enter into Lands descended, without Livery.

And Moreover [It is '] ordained, [granted,] established, and enacted, by the Advice Assent and Authority aforesaid, that all manner of Licences, [Gifts, and Grants made 5] by any of the aforesaid late pretensed Kings [of England] to any Person or Persons, to give, grant, aliene, purchase, or receive any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, or other Hereditaments, holden of any of the said late pretensed Kings in any Manner; or to enter into any Lands or Tenements, Rents, Possessions, or other Hereditaments, after the Death of any of their Ancestors, without due Livery thereof sued, by due Process according to the Course of the Common Law of this Realm [of England ;] Or Pardons made by any of the said late pretensed Kings, to any Person or Persons for any Alienations made of any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, or other Hereditaments, holden of any of the said late pretensed Kings [of England;] Or Pardon or Pardons [granted 6] by any of them to any Person or Persons for any Entry or Entries made in any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, or other Hereditaments, which [should descend, revert, remain, or in any other Manner should come 7] to them, or any of them, after or by the Death of any of their Ancestors, or any other Person or Persons, without due Livery thereof sued according to the Course of the Chancery, and Law and Custom of this Land; Or Licence made by any of the said late pretensed Kings [of England,] to any Person or Persons, to found erect or establish any Abbey, Priory, House of Religion, College, Chantery, Hospital, or other House or [Spiritual Place,8] or of Alms; Or Licence made by any of the said late pretensed Kings to any Person or Persons to found or erect any Fraternity, Guild, Company, or Fellowship, or other Body Corporate, or to give and grant any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, or other Hereditaments, to any Person or Persons Corporate, or having perpetual Succession; Or Licence made by any of the said late pretensed Kings, to any of [these aforenamed,9] for the Acceptance and Receipt of any Thing by any such Gift, or Grant; Or Licence made by any of the said late pretensed Kings to any Person or Persons to hold or retain any Advowson or Church in proper Use, by way of Licence [or 10] Appropriation,

Licences of Appropriation, or to make Elections.

Licences to

Spiritual House, &c. or any Fraternity, Guild,

&c. or to give

or receive any

Lands.

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in the Chauncie of the said libtees privileges
fraunchises corporations and other the pmisses,
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they maforeseid
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Barons, Jurates, Barons & Jurates, homes, enhitauntz, Maire Constablez & Companie des Marchaunts del Staple au Caleis, & a chun deux & a lour heires & successours de chun de ceux, et a lez Maistrez frerez & soers des Gildes & franiteez, Maistrez & Cõialte lour heires & successours, & Gardeins & Maistrez dez artez, Gardeins de la Coialte del mestier des Mercers de la Cite de Londrez, ou au ascun deux avent nomez & a les successours de chun de ceux aiantz corporacion, p qeconqe noune ou nounez ceux ou ascun deux soient ou soit appellez ou nomez en ascun de les ditz g'untez, estoisent en semblable force & vtue si come les [feussent '] g'untez p Roi ou Rois loialment reignant ou reignantz en cest Roialme; et en semblable fourme davoir confirmacions en la Chauncie de les ditz libtees privileges fraunchises corporacions & autres les pmissez, sicome ils arroient des guntes faitz es jours Edward le tierce & Richard le seconde nadgairs loialx Roies Dengletre.

Et en outre ad ordeigne establie & enacte p ladvis assent & auctorite suisditz, q toutz mans licences donez & g'untez p ascun de lez ditz nagairs ptenses Roies al ascune psone ou psones, a doner g'unter aliener p'chaser ou resceivoir ascunz tres tentez rentes possessions ou autres enheritementz, tenuz dascun de les ditz nadgairs Ptensez Roies en ascun mane; ou dentrer en ascuns Pres ou tentes rentes possessions ou autres enheritamentes apres la mort dascun de lour Auncestres s'unz due live suez ent p due pces solonc le cours de le Coe ley de cest Roialme; Ou pdons faitz p ascun de les ditz nadgairs ptenses Rois al ascune psone ou psones pr ascunes alienacions faitz des ascunes tres tentez rentes possessions ou autres enheritementez tenuz dascun de lez ditz nagairs Ptensez Roies; Ou pardon ou pardons faitz p ascun deux au ascun psone ou psones p' ascun entre ou entrez faitz en ascuns Pres tentez rentes possessions ou autres enheritementez, queux descenderent reverent remainerent ou en ascun autre mane deviendrent a ceux ou ascun deux apres ou p mort dascun de lour Auncestrez ou ascun autre psone ou psones s'unz due live ent suez solonc le Cours de la Chauncie & leie & custume de cest tre; Ou licence fait p ascun de lez ditz nadgairs Ptensez Roies au ascune psone ou psones de founder erecter ou establier ascun Abbathie Priorie Meason de religion College Chauntie Hospitalt ou autre Meason ou lieu espuell ou dalmoigne; Ou licence fait p ascun de lez ditz nadgairs Ptenses Rois al ascune psone ou psones de founder ou erecter ascune Frat nite Gilde [compaignie 7] ou Felesheppe ou autre corps corporat, ou a doner & g'unter ascuns tres tentes rentes possessions ou autres enheritementez au ascun psone ou psones corporez ou aiantez succession ppetuall; Ou licence fait p ascun de lez ditz nadgairs Ptenses Rois au ascuny dyceux avantditz p' lacceptacion & receiptment dascune chose p ascun tiel doon ou g'unte; Ou licence fait p ascun de lez ditz nadgairs Ptenses Rois al ascune psone ou psones a tener ou reteigner ascun advouson ou Esglice en ppre oeps, p voie de licence dappropriacion,

Interlined on the Roll.

ou de faire ascuns eleccions, issint q ascun tiel advouson napperteigne mie a la Corone; Ou pdon ou pdons faitz p ascun de les ditz nadgairs Rois al ascun corps ou psonez corporez ou aiantz succession ppetuell p' p'chase pquisicion ou receiptement dascun de les Pmissez; Ou livez ou restitucions des Tempaltees faitz p ascun de lez ditz nadgairs Ptenses Rois al ascun Archevesqe, Evesqe, Abbe, Priour, Dean, Chapitre ou autre psone ou psones espuelx; soient & soit dautiel force Vtue & effect, si come les ditz licences pdons & livez feussent g'untz p ascun Roi en cest roialme loialment reign'nt & p juste title la Corone diceff opteign*nt; Pensi q les mesmes licencez restitucions & livez furent executez en temps dascun de les ditz nadgairs Ptenses Rois; [et si ascune tiel licence, g'untez en temps del Ptense reigne dascun de les ditz naidgaires ptenses Rois] de fait & nient de droit, feust execute, deins ycell temps en part & mient en tout, q mesmes les licences qu'unt a cell part issint execute, soient dautiel force otue & effect, sicome les ditz licences feussent g'untez p ascun Roi loialment en cest Roialme reign'nt & p just title la Corone dicell opteign'nt. Et si ascun de les ditz nagairs Ptenses Rois en fait & nient de droit ad p leurs tres patentz ou auctorite de leurs plementz foundu ou establie ascun Abbathie Priorie Meason de religion College Chauntie Hospitalt ou autre Meason ou lieu espuell ou dalmoigne, q toutz tielx fundacions, qunt a lez corporacions & lez sites diceux, soient dautiel force vtue & effecte, si come tielx fundacions feussent faitz p ascun Roi loialment en cest Roialme reign'nt & p just title la Corone dicett opteign'nt : Issint q cest Psent article, concnant les fundacions ou stablisshmentes avantditz ou ascun deux, nextende pas ne soit Djudiciall en ascun mane au Roi, ou al ascune autre psone ou psones, p' ascuns Pres tentes rentes possessions enheritementez ou ascuns mans advousons, au Roi ou au ascune autre psone or psones ascunement append'unt, autrez q autielx queltx sount & fount le site ou sites dascun autieff Abbathie Priorie Meason de religion College Chauntie Hospitatt ou autre Meason ou lieu aventditz.

Et q toutz g'untes & assignacions de Douair, faitz p ascun de lez ditz nadgairs ptensez Rois au ascune feme apres la mort de son baron, a tener p' t'me de sa vie p ascuns tres patent? despecialt gece faitz p ascun de lez ditz nadgairs prenses Rois, ou assignacions de douair faitz au ascune autiel feme aps la mort de son baron en la Chauncellarie soloncqe le Cours dicett, en temps del Ptense reigne dascun de lez ditz nadgairs Ptenses Rois, soient dautiel force Vtue & effect, sicome les ditz g'untez & assignacions feussent faitz p ascun Roi loialment reign'nt en cest Roialme & p juste title opteign'nt la Corone del mesme. Purveu toutz foitz q cest psent article nextende pas ne en ascun mane soit pjudiciall au Roi, p' ascuns tres tentes rentes possessions ou enheritementez au Roi regard'untez en droit de sa Corone le prim jour de Novembr darrein passe. Purveu auxi toutz foitz q p cest psent act nuff Djudice soit fait a Duches de Bedford quant au & p' sa douair.

Interlined on the Roll; Omitted in the old Printed Copies.

or to make any Elections, so that any such Advowson pertain not to the Crown; Or Pardon or Pardons made by any of the said late (') Kings, to any Body or Persons Corporate, or having perpetual Succession, [by Purchase, Inquisition,*] or Receipt of any of the Premises; Or Liveries, or Restitutions of Temporalties, made by any of the said late pretensed Kings to any Archbishop, Bishop, Abbot, Prior, Dean, Chapter, or other Person or Persons spiritual; shall be of [like3] Force, Virtue and Effect, as if the said Licences Pardons and Liveries [were '] granted by any King in this Realm lawfully reigning, and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title! So that the same Licences, Restitutions, and Liveries, were executed in the Time of any of the said late pretensed Kings, [in Deed and not of Right, or if they'] were executed within the same Time in Part and not in the Whole, that the same Licences, as to that Part so executed, shall be of [like 3] Force Virtue and Effect, as if the said Licences [were '] granted by any King lawfully reigning in this Realm [of England,] and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title. And if any of the said late pretensed Kings, in Deed and not of Right, [hath by his6] Letters Patents, or by Authority of their Parliaments, founded or established any Abbey, Priory, House of Religion, College, Chantery, Hospital, or any other House or [spiritual Place 1] or of Alms, that all such Foundations, as to the Corporations and Scites of the same, shall be of [like 1] Force, Virtue, and Effect, as if such Foundations [were 1] made by any King lawfully reigning in this Realm, and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title: So that this present Article, concerning the Foundations or Establishments aforesaid, or any of them, shall not extend nor be prejudicial in any Manner to the King, or to any other Person or Persons, for any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, or Hereditaments, or any manner Advowsons, in any wise pertaining to the King or to any other Person or Persons, other than such which be and make the Scite or Scites of any such Abbey, Priory, House of Religion, College, Chantery, Hospital, or other House or Place aforesaid.

And that all Grants and Assignments of Dower, made by any of the said late pretensed Kings, to any Woman after the Death of her Husband, to hold for Term of her Life, [or by 8] any Letters Patents made of special Grace by any of the said late pretensed Kings, or Assignments of Dower made to any such Wife after the Death of her Husband, in the Chancery after the Course of the same, in the Time of the pretensed Reign of any of the said late pretensed Kings, shall be of [like3] Virtue, Power, and Effect, as if the said Grants and Assignments [were *] made by any King lawfully reigning, (°) and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title. Provided always, That this present Article do not extend, nor in any wise be prejudicial to the King, for any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, or other Hereditaments, pertaining to the King, in the Right of his Crown, the First Day of November last past. Provided also, That by this present Act no prejudice be done to the Duchess of Bedford, [as concerning "] her Dower.

of the ptensed reigne of any of the seid late ptensed Kynges in dede & not in right have by their place spuell by in this Reame

Pardons to Corporations, for Purchases;

Liveries or Restitutions of Temporalties to Spiritual Persons.

Founding of Religious Houses; as to the Corporations and Scites of the same.

Assignments of Dower.

Proviso for the King and the Duchess of Bedford. § 6.
Lands assured in Mortmain, by any of the said Kings, which were given to them tothat Intent.

And [Whereas'] any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, Hereditaments, or other Things have been given to any of the said pretensed Kings by any Person or Persons, to the Intent that Gifts should be thereof made by the said Kings, or any of them, by any of their Letters Patents by Way of Mortmain for ever, that all Grants and Letters Patents made by any of the same late pretensed Kings, [for the amortising 1] of any such Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, Hereditaments, or other Things, shall be of [like3] Force, Virtue, and Effect, as if the same Grants [were 1] made by any King lawfully reigning in this Realm, and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title: So that any of the said late pretensed Kings, by whom any such Letters Patents were made, were never seised of [and in 3] the said Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, or Hereditaments, but only by virtue of such Feoffments, Grants, Gifts, or other Estates made to them, or any of them: [Provided always, 6] That this Act extend not to any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, Advowsons, Hereditaments, or other Things that were given to any of the said late pretensed Kings, by Way of Recompence or Exchange for any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, Advowsons, Hereditaments, or other Things which in any wise pertained to the Crown; although no Mention were made in any Letters Patents or other Writings of any Recompence or Exchange.

Exception for Landsassured to the King by way of Recompence.

6 7. Collations, Gifts, and Presentations to Benefices, during the Incumbents' Lives.

Except Persons attainted; and the King's open Enemies.

§ 8. Grants of Wards and Marriages.

Grants of Fairs and Markets.

§ 10. Grants of Liveries of Lands. And that all Grants, Collations, Gifts, and Presentations, made by any of the said late pretensed Kings to any Person or Persons, not corporate nor having perpetual succession, of any Benefice, Dignity, Church, Prebend, Hospital or Chapel, shall be of [like] Force, Virtue and Effect, as if the same Grants, Collations, Gifts and Presentments [were] made by any King lawfully reigning in this Realm, and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title; during the [Life or] Lives of the said Person or Persons being Incumbents, Possessors, or Occupiers of the same, or any of them. Provided always, That those Persons which be attainted in this present Parliament, and such that be out with the King's Enemies, shall take no Benefit nor Advantage by this Act.

And that all Grants made by any of the said late pretensed Kings, by any of their Letters Patents, to any Person or Persons of any Wards or Marriages, shall be of [like] Force, Virtue, and Effect, as if the said Grants [were] made by any King lawfully reigning in this Realm, and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title.

And (7) all Grants and Letters Patents made by any of the said late pretensed Kings, to any Person or Persons, to have any Fair or Fairs, Market or Markets, in any Town or Towns, (8) Place or Places, (9) all such Grants, and Letters Patents, as to such Fairs and Markets, and every of them, shall be of [like 3] Force, Virtue, and Effect, as if the same Grants and Letters Patents [were 5] made by any King lawfully reigning in this Realm, and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title.

And also if any Person or Persons hath sued, obtained, and had any Livery, by the Course of the Common Law of this Realm or otherwise, of any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, Advowsons, or other Hereditaments, which [should descend, revert, remain, 10] or in any other manner

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Et q̃ p la ou ascuns res tentes rentes possessions enheritementes ou autres chosez ount este donez al ascun de lez ditz Ptenses Rois, p ascun psone ou psones, a lentente q p les ditz Rois ou ascun deux done ent sroiet fait p ascuns de leurs tres patentes p voie damortisement p' toutz jours, q toutz g'untes & fres patentes faitz p ascun de lez mesmes Ptenses Rois damortisment, dascuns autielx Pres tentes rentes possessions enheritements ou autres choses, soient dautieff force Vtue & effect, si come mesmes les g'untes feussent faitz p ascun Roy loialment reign'nt en cest roialme & p juste title opteign*nt la Corone del mesme : Issint q ascun de lez ditz nagairs Ptenses Rois, p qi ascuns autielx fres patentz furent faitz, ne feust jamez seisi de lez ditz tres tentes rentes possessions ou enheritement? forso soulement p la vue dautielx feoffementz g'untes dons ou autrez estatez a ceux ou ascun deux faitz: p ensy toutz foitz q cest act nextende pas as ascuns Pres tentes rentes possessions advousons enheritementz ou autres choses queux furent donez au ascun de les ditz Ptenses Rois p voie de recompence ou eschaunge p' ascuns tres tentes rentes possessions advousons enheritementez ou autres choses quelles en ascun mane appendroient a la Corone, tout soit q nuff mencion fuit fait en ascunez fres patentez ou autrez escriptez dascun recopense ou eschaunge.

Et q toutz g'untez collacions dons & p'sentacions, faitz p ascun de lez ditz nadgairs p'tenses Rois al ascune psone ou psones, nient corporez naiantz succession ppetuell, dascun benefice dignite esglice prebende hospitall ou Chapell, soient dautiel force p'tue & effect, sicome mesmes les g'untes collacions dons & p'sentacions feussent faitz p ascun Roy loialment reign'nt en cest Roialme & p juste title opteign'nt la Corone del mesme; durantz les vies des ditz psone ou psonez esteantz encumbentez possessours ou Occupiours en les mesmes ou ascun de ceux. Purveu toutz foitz q ceux psonez quels sount atteintz en cest p'sent parlement & tielx quelx sount dehors ove les enemiez du Roi nult benefice ne avantage preignent p cest acte.

Et q toutz g'untes, faitz p ascun des ditz nadgairs ptenses Rois p ascuns de leurs fres patentez, au ascune psone ou psones dascuns gardes ou mariages, soient dautiel force vtue & effect sicome mesmes les g'untez feussent faitz p ascun Roy loialment reign'nt en cest Roialme, & p juste title opteign'nt la Corone del mesme.

Et auxi quotat g'untez & frez patentez, faitz p ascun des ditz nadgairs ptenses Rois au ascune psone ou psones, davoir en ascune ville ou villes ou autre lieu ou lieux ascun feire ou feires miche ou michez, quotatielx g'untes & frez patentez, q'unt as ditz feirez & miches & chun diceux, soient dautiel force vtue & effect sicome mesmes les g'untes & l'res patentez feussent faitz p ascun Roy loialment reign'ent en cest Roialme & p juste title opteign'ent la Corone del mesme.

Et auxi si ascun psone ou psones ount suez opteignez & euez ascun live p Cours del cõe ley de cest Roialme ou autrement, dascuns res tentes rentes possessions avousons ou aurs enheritementz queux descenderent reviterent remaindrent ou en ascun autre mane

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deviendrent as eux ou ascun deux, p ascun live [p'sute '] apres ou p mort dascun de lour Auncestres ou ascun autre psone ou psones depuis le quart jour de Marche darreine passe, q toutz tielx livez soient dautiel force & effect come les furent le temps dez ditz livez p'suez: pensi q les ditz tres tentes rentes possessions advousons ou autres enheritementz ou ascun parcell ent ne soient ou soit regardantz ou regardant au Roi en droit de sa dit Corone. Purveu toutzfoitz q cest article nextende pas as ascuns tres tentes ou autrez choses queux appendent ou dusent deviendre as mains du Roi p reason dascune atteindre en cest psent parlement.

Et auxi q toutz tres patentez & g'untez faitz p nre dit f' le Roi al ascune psone ou psones, depuis le quart jour de Marche darreine passe, dascuns gardes ou mariages dascune psone ou psones esteantz deins age, soient de semblable force & effecte as eux & chun deux come ceux furent es temps de lez g'untez & frez patentz ent as eux ou ascun deux faitz; ascun acte ou orden'nce en cest psent parlement fait ou affaire nient contresteant. Purveu toutzfoitz q cest article nextend pas as ascuns gardes ou mariagez dascune psone ou psones queux appendent ou deviendre dusent as mains du Roi p reason dascun atteindre en cest psent plement.

Et auxi q toutz g'untez faitz p nre dit sovayn le Roi p ses lies patentez, depuis le quart jour de Marche darreine passe, al ascun de sez foialx lieges homes, qi ne furent contre le Roi en ascun champ depuis le pin jour de son reigne, nencontre le hault & puiss'unt Prince Peer du dit Roy al champ & malvais jo'ney de Wakefield, dascun office ou officez, quel psone ou psonez p discrete consideracion du Roi ad ou ount deserve ou deservez leffect dicelt g'unte ou g'untz, soient dautiel force vtue & effect come ceux ou ascun deux furent ou fuist al temps de lez g'untez mesmes les lies patentz & chun deux faitz; ascun Statute Acte ou Orden nce en cest psent plement fait ou affaire nient obstant. Purveu toutz foitz q cest acte ne soit pjudiciall ou damageous al ascune psone ou psones, dascun g'unte ou g'untez a cellui ou ceux ou ascun deux dascun annuitee fee ou pension, ou dascune Deanrie Hospitatt ou Benefice, ou dascun office ou offices esteantz office ou offices en le temps des pgenitours du Roy, oue les fees & gagez a ceo duez & accustumez, p le Roi p sez l'es patentez faitz depuis le quart jour de Marche darrein passez; sez lies patentz faitz de toutz lez offices des Sergeauntz darmes, & des offices des Justices del une Bank ou de lautre Bank, Barons de son Eschequer, Gardein dez Rolles de sa Chauncie Dengletre, Gardein dez Rolles de sa Chauncie de sa Pre Dirlonde, Clerk de son Counseill, Secundarie en loffice de son prive seatt, Clerk ou Gardein de son Hanap de sa dit Chauncie Dengletre, Gardein de sez Parks de Hellesbury & Lanteglos en le Counte de Cornewaill, del Clerk del miche de son Hostieft, office de Cirog*pher & Gardein dez Briefs & Recordes du Roi de son cõe Banč, de son Vitrier, Messagiers de son Eschequer, Brouderer, Plumber, Joynour, feisour des seetz deins la Toure de Loundres, chief Carpenter deins le Paleis de Westm, Resceivours, toutz offices accomptablez,

1 suer in the Margin of the Roll.

[come '] to them or any of them, by any Livery pursued after or by the Death of any of their Ancestors, or any other Person or Persons, after the Fourth Day of March last past, that all such Liveries shall be of [like Force, Virtue and Effect, as they were at the Time of the said Liveries pursued: So that the said Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, Advowsons, or other Hereditaments, or any Parcel thereof, were not pertaining to the King in the Right of his Crown. Provided always, That this Article extend not to any Lands, Tenements, or other Things which do pertain or ought to come into the King's Hands, by reason of any Attainder in this present Parliament.

And also, That all Grants and Letters Patents made by our said Lord the King to any Person or Persons, after the Fourth Day of March last past, of any Wards or Marriages of any Person or Persons being within Age, shall be of like Force and Effect to them and every of them, as they were at the Times of the Grants and Letters Patents thereof made to them or any of them; any Act or Ordinance in this present Parliament made or to be made notwithstanding. Provided always, That this Article extend not to any Wards or Marriages of any (3) Persons which do pertain or ought to come to the King's Hands, by reason of any Attainder in this present Parliament.

And also that all Grants made by our said Sovereign Lord the King by his Letters Patents, after the Fourth Day of March last past, to any of his faithful liege Men that were not against him in any Field after the First Day of his Reign, nor against the high and mighty Prince, Father to the said King, in the Field and evil Journey of Wakefield, of any Office or Offices [which such Person or Persons by the King's discreet Consideration hath deserved, the Effect of such Grant or Grants 1] shall be of [like Strength and Force, 5] as they or any of them were at the Time of [such Grant or Grants, Letters Patents,6] and every of them made; any Statute Act or Ordinance made or to be made in this present Parliament notwithstanding. Provided always, That this Act be not prejudicial nor hurtful to any Person or Persons, for any Grant or Grants made to (7) them or any of them of any Annuity, Fee, or Pension, or of any Deanery, Hospital, or Benefice, or of any Office or Offices, (8) in the Time of the King's Progenitors, with the Fees and Wages thereto due and accustomed, made by the King by His Letters Patents sithence the Fourth Day of March last past, His Letters Patents made of all the Offices of Serjeants at Arms, and of the Offices of Justices of the one Bench or of the other, Barons of His Exchequer, [Warden 9] of the Rolls of His Chancery of England, [Warden 9] of the Rolls of His Chancery of His Land of Ireland, Clerk of His Council, Secondary in the Office of His Privy Seal, Clerk or Warden 9] of His Hamper of His said Chancery of England, Keeper of His Parks of Hellesbury and Lantegles in the County of Cornwall, Clerk of the Market of His House, (10) the Chirographer and [Warden 9] of the King's Writs and Records of His Common Bench, Messengers of His Exchequer, (") Glasier, Plumber, Broiderer, Joyner, [Fletcher "] within the Tower of London, Chief Carpenter within the Palace of Westminster, [Receiver of 13] all Offices accountable,

such force and effect spsone or 1 came which psone or psones by the King's discrete consideracion have duely defved the effect of the same gaunte or gauntes, such force vtue and effect Rot. Parl

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Exception as to Crown Lands;

and forfeited

fit. Wards or Marriages, granted by the present King-

Except on Attainders.

§ 12. Letters Patents made to several Persons of Offices.

Proviso for Grants of and antient Offices.

for certain Offices; the Grants of be in force during the King's

nu. i. (41.)

Bailiff of Havering, Bailiff of Surrey, and of His Auditors in the Counties of Chester and Flint and South Wales, [Purveyor'] and Comptroller of the Search in His Port of London, [Warden'] of His Armour in the Tower of London, Maker of His Poincts, Constable of His Castle or Lordship of Hadleigh, Clerk in His Great Wardrobe, Purveyor of all manner of Stuff for His Works within His Palace of Westminster and the Tower of London, and the Captain of His Castle of Hammes, excepted; The same Letters Patents, so excepted, to endure and be of Strength Virtue and Effect, at the Pleasure and Will of the King.

f 13.
The King's several Grants to divers
Corporations, &c. since the Fourth of March last.

§ 14.

Feoffments

upon Trust

to the late Kings, to the Use of

others;

attainted

Parliament.

except Persons

in this

And also, That all Confirmations, Ratifications, Approbations, Leases, and Grants of all Franchises, Liberties, Privileges, Customs, or any other Commodities Profits or Advantages, and every of them, Distinctions, Severances from Counties, and making of Counties by themselves, Grants, Releases, Diminutions and Pardons of Fee-Ferms, and every of them, made and granted by our said Sovereign Lord the King, by His Letters Patents, sithence the Fourth Day of March last past, in Relief and Benefit of any City Town or Borough of this Realm, to any Mayor, Bailiff or Bailiffs, Sheriff or Sheriffs, Mayor and Commonalty, Mayor and Citizens, Mayor and Aldermen, Mayor and Sheriff, Mayor Bailiff and Commonalty, Citizens, Bailiffs and Citizens, their Heirs and Successors, and the Heirs and Successors of every of them, by whatsoever Name or Names they or any of them be called or named in the said Grants or other the Premises, or any of them, shall be of [like 3] Force and Effect, as they or any of them were at the Time of the Grants, and Letters Patents thereof made.

And also if any of the said late pretensed Kings, or any of their Ancestors, hath been infeoffed by any Person or Persons, of or in any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, Advowsons, or other Hereditaments, only upon Trust [and Confidence 1] to refeoff the said Person or Persons, or their Heirs or Assigns, of any of the same, at such Time as they should be thereto required, That all [such '] Grants, Feoffments, or other Estates, made by any of the said late pretensed Kings, or any of their Ancestors, of any such Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, Advowsons, or other Hereditaments, to any such Person or Persons, their Heirs or Assigns, or to the Heirs or Assigns of any of them, shall be of [like 3] Force and Effect in the Law, and available to the said Person or Persons, and to the Heirs or Assigns of them, and every of them, as they were at the Times of the said Grants, Feoffments, or other Estates made to them or any of them; any Act or Ordinance in this present Parliament made or to be made notwithstanding: So that none of the said (1) pretensed Kings, nor any of their Ancestors, after the last Day of the Reign of King Edward the Third, Progenitor of our said Lord the King, were at any Time seised of the (°) Lands, Tenements, Rents, Possessions, Advowsons, or other Hereditaments, nor any Parcel thereof, but only by virtue of such Feoffments, made to them or any of them upon Confidence in Manner and Form aforesaid, and in no

other Manner: And that the same Lands, Tenements,

Rents, Possessions, Advowsons, or other Hereditaments,

Provisour such

· late

omitted Rot. Parl. nu. i. (41.)

Baillif de Haveryng, Baillif de Surï, & de sez Auditours en lez Counteez de Chestre & Flynte & South gales, Purveiour & Countrollour du Serche en son port de Loundrez, Gardein de son Armure en la Toure de Loundres, Feisour de sez poinctez, Constable de son Chastell ou Seignourie de Hadlegh, Clerk en sa g*unde Garderobe, P'veiour de tout mane stuffe p' sez oveignez deins son palice de Westin & Toure de Loundrez, & le Capitaigne de son Chastell de Hammes, forprises; mesmes les lies patentes ensi forprisez dendurer & estre de force vtue & effect au pleaser & voluntee du Roy.

Et auxi q toutz confirmacions ratificacions approbacions leses & gauntes, de toutz franchises libtees privileges custumes ou ascuns autres comoditeez pfittez ou avantagez & chun deux, distinccions sevaunces a Counteez & fesuntez Counteez p eux mesmes, guntez releses amenissimentz & pdons des fee fermez & chun deux, faitz & g'untez p nre dit sovayn f' le Roy p sez l'es patentes depuis le quart jour de Marche darrein passe, en relefe & confort dascun Cite Ville ou Burgh de cest son Reame, al ascun Maire, Baillif ou Baillifs, Viscount ou Viscountez, Maire & Cõialte, Maire & Citezeins, Maire & Aldermen, Maire & Viscount, Maire Baillif & Coialte, Citezeins, Baillifs & Citezeins lours heires & successours, & a les heires & successours de chescun deux, p qeconqe noune ou nounez ils ou ascun deux soient ou soit appellez ou nomez en lez ditz g'untez ou autres pmissez ou ascun deux, soient dautiel force & effect come ceux ou ascun deux feurent al temps de lez g'untez & tres patentez diceux faitz.

Et auxint si ascun de lez ditz nadgairs Ptenses Rois ou ascun de lour Auncestours ad este enfeffez p ascune psone ou psones, de ou en ascuns tres tentes rentes possessions advousons ou autres enheritementz, tancsoulement de confiance a refeffer le dite psone ou psones ou lour heires ou assigneez dascun diceux au tiel temps come ils a ceo 'sroient desirez, q toutz g'untes feoffementz ou autres estates faitz p ascun de lez ditz nadgairs Ptenses Rois, ou ascun de lour Auncestours, des ascuns tielx Pres tentes possessions advousons ou autres enheritement?, al ascun tiel psone ou psones lour heires ou assigneez ou a lez heires ou assignez dascun diceux, soient dautiel force & effect en ley & vailablez a la dite psone ou psones & a les heires ou assignez diceux & chun deux, come ceux furent al temps de lez ditz g'untez feoffementez ou autres estates as eux ou ascun deux faitz; Ascun acte ou orden'nce en cest psent plement fait ou affaire nient obstant : Issint q null de lez ditz nadgairs ptenses Rois, ne nutt de lour Auncestours depuis le darreine jour del reigne du Roi Edward le tierce, pgenitour nre dit f' le Roy, ne fuist unges sesie de lez ditz tres tentes rentes possessions advousons ou autres enheritementz, ne nult pcell ent, forsq soulement p vtue dautielx feoffemente faitz as eux ou ascun deux de confiance es mane & forme av'ntditz, & en nult autre mane; et q mesmes les tres tentes rentes possessions avouesons ou autres enheritementz

& chuns deux soient tenuz de mesmes les Chiefs &'s immediat ou de lour heires, & p mesmes les svices, come ils furent tenuz le temps de les ditz feoffementz diceux al ascun de les ditz nadgairs ptenses Rois ou ascun de lour ditz Auncestours faitz; ascune possession dascun de les ditz nadgairs Ptenses Rois, ou ascun de lour Auncestours, depuis la dit darreine jo' del reigne du dit Roi Edward le tierce nient obstant. Pensi q nulle psone atteint en cest psent parlement preigne ascun aide ou aventage pent.

Et auxint q toutz tres patentes g'untez & directez p nre dit f le Roy, depuis le prim jour de son reigne, au son Chaunceller ou Tresorer de cest Roialme, Justices as plees devent le Roy a teniers, Justices del cõe Banc, ou Barons de son Eschequer, ou al ascun deux pur lexècise dautiel chose quel al office ou officez poiar & auctorite deux ou ascun deux appteignoit, p reason dascun de lez ditz fres patentes & g'untez, soient dautiel force vtue & effect, come ceux ou ascun deux furent ou feust le prim jour de Novembr darreine passe; Ascun statute acte ou orden nce en cest psent plement fait nient obstant: Issint q les Barons deschequer occupient ou execent lour offices au pleasir du Roi si come les Justicez fount.

Et auxi q chun Comission fait g'unte & directe p ascun de lez ditz nadgairs Ptenses Rois es ascuns de lour temps, au ascune psone ou psones p' la peaix en chescun ou ascun Countee de cest Roialme destre conservez & gardez, & doier & Pminer toutz man's feloniez trespassez & autrez meffaitz en les mesmes Cômissions & chun dicelles especifiez, en ascun de lez ditz Counteez faitz ou ppetrez, ou de deliver ascun gaole ou gaoles deins cest Roialme, ou en autre lieu ou lieux desoubz lobeis unce de la Corone del mesme, dez prisons en ascun de lez ditz gaoles en temps dascun de lez ditz nadgairs Ptenses Roies esteantz destre delivez, assigne ou assignez; ou doier & Pminer toutz mans treasons feloniez trespassez & autrez meffaitz ppetrez en ascun de lez ditz Counteez, ou en ascun autre lieu ou lieux desoubs lobeis'unce de la Corone du dit Reame, en chune de les mesmes Comissions especifiez assigneez; Ou pur sewers wallez des Maresshez fossez gutterez caulcez & pontz & autres defautez en ascun Maresshe ou Maresshes en ascune part de cest Roialme, en les mesmes comissions especifiez, & chun deux de surveier & faire estre repairez & emendez, assignez; & toutz autres Comissions fait p ascun de les ditz nadgairs prenses Rois al ascune psone ou psonez, devant le quart jour de Marche darreine passe, et toutz pcessez derminacionz execucions encidentez admynuclez & autres circumstauncez as icells Comissions & chun deux appendantz, nient voidez repellez ou adnullez, soient de semblable force & effect, sicome mesmes les cômissions & chun deux feussent faitz & g'untez p ascun Roi loialment reign'nt en cest Roialme & p juste title opteign'nt la Corone del mesme: Issint qune speciall acte soit fait p' autielx psonez quetts furent endamagez dev'nt cest temps p' le Roy. Roistma V& p juste cutte ophilips

and every of them, be holden of the same Chief Lords immediate, or of their Heirs, and by the same Services, as they were holden at the time of the same Feofiments made to any of the said late pretensed Kings, or to any of their Ancestors; any Possession of the said late pretensed Kings, or any of their Ancestors, after the last Day of the Reign of King Edward the Third, notwithstanding. Provided always, That no Person attainted in this present Parliament take any Benefit or Advantage thereby.

And also, That all Letters Patents granted and directed by our said Lord the King, after the First Day of his Reign, to his Chancellor or Treasurer of this Realm, Patents made Justices of Pleas to be holden before the King, Justices of Chancellor, the Common Bench, or Barons of his Exchequer, or to Lord Treaany of them, for the Exercise of any such Thing as pertaineth to the Office or Offices, Power and Authority of them, or any of them, by Reason of any of the said Letters Patents and Grants, shall be of [like'] Force, Virtue and Effect, as they or any of them were the First Day of November last past; any Statute, Act, or Ordinance made in this present Parliament notwithstanding: So that the Barons of the Exchequer shall occupy or exercise their Offices at the King's Pleasure, as the Justices do.

And also, That every Commission made, granted, and directed by any of the said late pretensed Kings in any of their Times, to any Person or Persons [to be assigned 2] for the Peace in every or any County of this Realm to, be [established 1] and kept, and to hear and determine all manner of Felonies, Trespasses, and other Offences specified in the said Commissions, and every of them, done or committed in any of the said Counties, or to deliver any Gaol or Gaols within this Realm, or in any other Place or Places under the Obeisance of the Crown (*) of the Prisoners being in any of the said Gaols in the Time of any of the said late pretensed Kings, (5) or to hear and determine all manner Treasons, Felonies, Trespasses, and other Offences done in any of the said Counties, or in any (6) Place or Places under the Obeisance of the Crown of the said Realm, specified in every of the said Commissions, For for Sewers being assigned to survey and to cause to be repaired and amended, Walls, Marshes, 7] Ditches, Gutters, Causeys, and Bridges, and other Defaults in any Marsh or Marshes, in any Part of this Realm. specified in the same Commissions, and every of them, (8) and all other Commissions, made by any of the said late pretensed Kings to any Person or Persons, before the Fourth Day of March last past, and all Processes. Determinations, Executions, Incidents, Adminicles, and other Circumstances pertaining to the same Commissions and every of them, not void repealed or adnulled, shall be of like Force, [Virtue and Strength, 9] as if the same Commissions and every of them were made and granted by any King lawfully reigning in this Realm, and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title: So that a special Act be made for such Persons that werebefore this Time indamaged for the King."]

of the same to be delivered, assigned; Rot. Parl. assigned; Or for Sewers, Walles of Mersshes, to ovsee, and doo to be repeired, and amended, assigned; and effect No Sentence of this Import appears on Ros. Parl.

\$ 15. K. Edw.IV's etters surer, Judges,

\$ 16. Commissions of the Peace, and of Gaol-Delivery, &c. and all other Commissions.

§ 17. Acts of Parliament for the Town of Shrewsbury.

And also, That all manner of Acts and Ordinances made by Authority of any Parliament or Parliaments, holden in the Time of any of the said late pretensed Kings, for the Conservation and keeping of the Town of Shrewsbury, and of the good peaceable and quiet Rule and Government within the said Town, [betwixt¹] the Inhabitants of the same, and every of them, shall be of like Force (²) and Effect as if the same Acts or Ordidinances, and every of them, [were ³] made in the Time of any King or Kings lawfully reigning in this Realm, and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title.

§ 18. Grant to the Abbot of Byland, of the Manor of Kilbourn in the County of York, by K. Hen, VI.

And also Whereas the said late pretensed King Henry the Sixth, in Deed and not of Right King of this Realm, by his Charter indented, under the Seal of the Duchy of Lancaster sealed, bearing Date the Twentieth Day of March, the xxiv. Year of his usurped Reign, did give and grant, and by the same Charter confirmed, to William Abbot of Byland, the Manor of Kilbourn with the Appurtenances in the County of York, with all the Knights Fees, Views of Frankpledge, Franchises, Liberties, Commodities, Profits and Appurtenances to the same Manor in any wise belonging or appertaining, to have and to hold the same Manor with the other Premises, to the said Abbot and his Successors for ever, yielding therefore to the said pretensed King Henry the the Sixth, and His Heirs Dukes of Lancaster, xxi li. yearly; where the said pretensed King, nor any of His Ancestors Dukes of Lancaster, before [the same 1] Time were never answered of the said yearly Issues and Profits of the same Manor, but of xvi li. by Year only; the said xxi li. to be paid at the Feasts of Pentecost and St. Martin in Winter, by even Portions, for all secular Services; with Clause of Distress, for Default of Payment of the said Rent by Half a Year, in all the Manors Lands and Tenements of the said Abbot and Convent within the same County; as in the same Charter thereof made more plainly appeareth; That [all 5] the same Charter Gift and Grant shall be, until this Time and hereafter, to the said Abbot and Convent and to their Successors, of like Force and Effect, as they were the First Day of March last; any Act or Ordinance made in this present Parliament notwithstanding.

§ 19. Grants to Convents to choose their Abbots, &c.

And also, That all Grants and Licences made by Letters Patents of any of the said late pretensed Kings, to any Abbot and Convent, or Prior and Convent, or to any other Person or Persons, to have and make by free Election within themselves at [any6] voidance, an Abbot or a Prior, and to be conventual, perpetual, and elective, where before they were dative and removeable, shall be of [like Strength,7] Virtue, and Effect, as if the same Grants and Licences, or any of them, [were3] made by any King lawfully reigning in this Realm, and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title.

§ 20. Recognizances and Deeds inrolled. And also, That all Records of Recognizances and of Deeds inrolled, [had and made s] in any Court or Courts of Record, or before any Justice of Record, in the Time of the Reigns of any of the said late pretensed Kings, shall be of like Force, Virtue, and Effect, as if the same Records [were had or made s] in the Time of any King lawfully reigning in this Realm, and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title.

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Et auxint q toutz manez actes & ordeign'ncez faitz p auctorite dascun plement ou plementez tenuz en le temps dascun de lez ditz nadgairs ptensez Rois, p' la confvacion & garde del ville de Shrewesbery, & de bone paisable & quiete rule & govnaile deinz la dite Ville, entre les enhabit untez dicell, & chun deux, soient de semblable force vtue & effect, si come les mesmes actz ou orden nez & chun deux feussent faitz en temps dascun Roi ou Rois loialment reign ntz en cest roialme, & p juste title opteign ntz la Corone del mesme.

Et auxint p la ou le dit ptensez Roi Henr le sisme, jadis en fait & nient de droit Roi de cest Roialme, p sa chre endentez desoubz le seale del Duchie du Lancastr ensealez, portant date le vintisme jour de Marche lan de son reigne usurpez, xxiiij, dona & gaunta & p mesme la Chartre conferma, au William labbe de Bylond, le mane de Kilbourne ove lez app'ten'nces en le Counte Devwyk, ove toutz feez des Chivalers, vieue de Franciplegg, Fraunchises, Libtees, Comoditeez, pfittes and app'ten'ncez a mesme le Marie en ascun mane regard*untz ou appendantz, davoir & tenir mesme le Mane ove lez autrez pmissez al dit Abbe & as sez successours p' toutz jours, rend'unt ent au mesme le Ptense Roi Henr le sisme & sez heirs Ducs de Lancastr xxj ti. annuelment, lou de dit Ptense Roi ne nutt de sez Auncestrez Ducs de Lancastr avant cell temps ne feust unqes respoignez de lez annuelx issuez & pfittz de mesme le Mane forsq de xvj fi. p an tancsoulement, lez ditz xxj fi. a paiers a lez festes de Pentecoste & Seint Martyn en Yverne p owels porcions p' toutz svicez seculers, ove la clause de destresse p' defaute del paiement du dit rent p demi an en toutz lez Manez Pres & tentez du dit Abbe & Convent deinz mesme le Countee, come en mesme la chartre ent fait pluis pleinement appiert; q mesmes les Chre done & g'unt soient jusqes a cest temps & decy enavant al ditz Abbe & Convent & a lour Successours de semblable force & effect come les furent le prim jour de Marche darreine passez; ascun act ou orden'nce en cest psent parlement fait nient obstant.

Et auxi q toutz g'untes & licences, faitz p ascuns fres patentez dascun de lez ditz nadgairs ptensez Rois, al ascun Abbe & Convent, ou Priour & Convent, ou al ascun autre psone ou psonez, davoire & faire p franc eleccion deins soy mesmes al chun voidaunce, Abbe ou Priour, & destre Conventuell ppetuall & elective, lou pav'nt ils furent datifs & remuablez, soient de tout autiel force vtue & effecte, sicome mesmez lez g'untes & licencez ou ascun deux feussent faitz ou g'untez p ascun Roi loialment reign'nt ent cest Roialme, & p juste title opteign'nt la Corone del mesme.

Et auxint q toutz Recordes dez reconis unces & faits enrollez, faitz euez & fetez en ascune Courte ou Courtez de Recorde, ou dev nt ascun Justice de Recorde, en le temps des reignez dascun de lez ditz nadgairs ptensez Rois, soient de semblable force vtue & effect, sicome mesmes les Recordes feussent faitz euez ou fetez en le temps dascun Roi loialment reign nt en cest Roialme, & p juste title opteign nt la Corone del mesme.

M. 9.

Et auxint q toutz g'untez & licences, faitz p ascun de lez ditz nadgairs ptenses Rois al ascune psone ou psones, p' faire avoir encloser & enjoyer ascun Parke ou Parkes, Warein ou franc Chace, ou denbateller carneller mascoller ou de faire ascun Toure, Chasteff ou fortresse deins cest Roialme, soient de semblable force vtue & effecte si come lez ditz g'untes & licences feussent faitz p ascun Roi loialment reign'nt en cest Roialme, & p juste title opteign*nt la Corone del mesme.

Purveu toutz foitz q cest psent acte nextende pas ne soit Djudiciall a tresnoble haute & puiss unt Princesse Cecille Duches Devwyk, Meere au nre dit sovaigne f' le Roy, dascuns g'untes ou g'unte de p le Roy faitz p sez lies patentez a elle, devent le prim jour de cest psent plement, p qeconq noune ou nounez elle soit nomez en mesmes les fres patentes; eins q icelles fres patentz, & chescun g'unt en iceux conteignuz, soient de tout autiel force & effect come les furent avent le prim jour de cest psent plement, [cest act ou ascun autre en cest psent parlement'] fait ou affaire nient obstant.

Purveu toutesfoitz q cest acte ne null article dicett nextende pas as ascuns Pres tentes possessions enheritementz ou autres choses, quelx le Roy doit avoir en ascun mane p force dascun acte datteindre dascune psone ou psonez fait en cest psent plement.

Purveu auxi q nulle psone ou psones atteint ou atteintz en cest psent plement, ou estant ou estantz dehors ove lez ennemyes du Roy, preigne ou preignent ascun benefice ou aventage p cest act, ne null autre act fait ou affaire en le dit plement.

Itm q come plusours del foiatt liege people du Roi, sibien espuelx come temporelx, p les enordinez & desmesurablez enditementz & Psentementz, sibien de felonie trespassez & offensez come dautres choses, queux de long temps ount este prisez euez & usez deinz les Counteez de ceste Roialme, & prisez dev'nt Viscountez p' le temps esteantz es Counteez sevalment, lours Suthviscountez lours Clerkes Baillifs & lour Ministrez, al lour Tournes ou Lawedaies tenuz devent eux sevalment en les Counteez, les quelx enditementz & Psentementz sount soventfoitz affermez p Jurro's null concience eiantz, ne franc tent & petit des biens, et souvent foitz p svantez menialx & baillifs de lez ditz Viscountez & Iours Suthviscountez, p quelx enditementz & Psentementz le dit foiall liege people, p lez ditz Viscountez Suthviscountez lour Clerkes Baillifs & lour Ministres, sont attachez arestutz p lour corps & misez en prison, au g'und duresse de leurs psones; et ceux issint esteantz en prison p les ditz Viscountez, Suthviscountez Clerkes Baillifs & lours Ministres, le dit foialt liege people ensi en prison constreignont & fount ceux de faire oveqs eux g'und fines & raunsons, & auxi de ceux levent g'undz fines & amciamentez pur les ditz enditementz & Psentementz, en g'und Pjudice & anientesment du liege people aventdit; Apres quelx fines raunsons & amciamente, ensi p lez ditz Viscountez

1 Interlined on the Roll.

And also, That all Grants and Licences made by any of the said late pretensed Kings to any Person or Persons, to make, have, inclose, and enjoy any Park or Parks, Warren or free Chase, or to embattle, to carnel, to [mastol,'] or to make any Tower, Castle or Fortress, within this Realm, shall be of like Force, Virtue, and Effect, as if the said Grants and Licences [were 1] made by any King lawfully reigning in this Realm, and obtaining the Crown of the same by just Title.

Provided always, That this Act do not extend nor be prejudicial to the Right Noble High and Mighty Princess, Cicily Duchess of York, Mother unto our said Sovereign Lord the King, of any Grants or Grant made to her by the King, by his Letters Patents before the First Day of this Parliament, by whatsoever Name or Names she shall be called in the same Letters Patents; but that the same Letters Patents, and every Grant therein contained, be of [like 1] Force and Effect, as they were before the First Day of this Parliament; this Act, or any other, made or to be made in this present Parliament, notwithstanding.

Provided always, That this Act, nor any Article of the same, do not extend to any Lands, Tenements, Possessions, Hereditaments, or other Things, which the King ought in any wise to have by Force of any Act of Attainder of any Person or Persons made in this present Parliament.

Provided also, That no Person or Persons attainted in this present Parliament, or being out with the King's Enemies, take any Benefit or Advantage by this Act, nor any other Act made or to be made in the said Parliament.

ALSO, Whereas many of the King's faithful liege People, as well Spiritual as Temporal, by the inordinate and infinite Indictments and Presentments, as well of Felony Trespasses and Offences, as of other Things, which of long Time have been (*) had and used within the Counties of this Realm, and taken before Sheriffs for the Time being in the Counties severally, their Under-Sheriffs, their Clerks, Bailiffs, and Ministers, at their Tourns or Law Days, holden before them severally in the Counties, which Indictments and Presentments be oftentimes affirmed by Jurors having no Conscience, nor any Freehold, and little Goods, and often by [the said Sheriffs, Menial Servants, and Bailiffs, 3] and their Under-Sheriffs, by which Indictments and Presentments the said lawful liege People be attached, arrested by their Bodies, and put in Prison, by the said Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, their Clerks, Bailiffs and Ministers, to the great [Loss of their Goods 6]; and they so being in Prison, by the said Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, their Clerks, Bailiffs, and their Ministers, [are constrained to make grievous? Fines and Ransoms, and levy of them great Fines and Amerciaments for the said Indictments and Presentments, in great Hindrance and utter Undoing of the said liege People; after which Fines, Ransoms, and Amerciaments so [rated 1] and levied by the said

§ 21. inclose Parks, make Castles,

> § 22. Proviso for Cicily, Duchess of York, Mother to the King.

\$ 23. Proviso for forfeited by Attainder in this Parliament.

\$ 24. Persons so attainted, from this Act.

Unlawful Indictments in Sheriffs' by mean

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all such takë svauntez menialx and Bailyffs of the seid Shirrefs 6 duresse of their psones

7 the said true liege people so in pryson compelleth and maketh theym to make with theym * made, hadde,

Rot. Parl. nu. 42.

Vol. II.

NoSheriff &c. shall attach, arrest, or fine Persons indicted in their Tourns.

Indictments and Presentments taken in the Sheriff's Tourn shall be delivered to Justices of Peace at their next Session;

Penalty on Sheriffs not delivering such Indictments.

Justices of Peace shall award Process against Offenders indicted in the Sheriff's Tourn, and arraign and deliver them;

and fine them.

The Estreats of such Fines shall be indented, and delivered by the Justices of the Peace to the Sheriff.

Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, Clerks, Bailiffs and their Ministers, the People aforesaid be inlarged out of Prison, and the said Indictments and Presentments be (') imbeziled and withdrawn: Our said Lord the King considering the Premises, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, hath ordained and stablished, That (1) all manner Indictments and Presentments that shall be taken hereafter, before any of his said Sheriffs of his Counties for the Time being, their Under Sheriffs, Clerks, Bailiffs, or Ministers, at their Tourns or Law Days before mentioned, they nor any of them shall have Power or Authority to arrest, attach, or put in Prison, or to levy any Fines or Amerciaments of any Person or Persons so indicted or presented, by reason or colour of any such Indictment or Presentment taken [or to be taken 3] before them or any of them; nor to make or take of any such Person or Persons so indicted or presented, any Fine or Ransom; but that the said Sheriffs, their Under Sheriffs, Clerks, or Bailiffs, and their Ministers, shall bring, present, and deliver all such Indictments and Presentments, taken before them or any of them in their Tourns or Law Days aforesaid, to the Justices of Peace, at their next Session of the Peace that shall be holden in the County or Counties where such Indictments or Presentments shall be taken, before the said Justices of such County or Counties for the Time being: And if any of the said Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, Clerks, Bailiffs, and their Ministers, do not bring, deliver, and present all such Indictments or Presentments, so taken before them and every of them in their Tourns or Law Days as before is recited, at such Sessions of the Peace, before the said Justices of Peace, that then all such Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, Clerks, Bailiffs, and their Ministers, and every of them that so shall fail [in 1] bringing, delivering, and presenting of such Indictments and Presentments, shall forfeit to the King Forty Pounds at every Time that they or any of them doth the contrary: And that the said Justices of Peace shall have Power and Authority to award Process upon all such Indictments and Presentments, as the Law doth require, and in like Form as if the said Indictments and Presentments were taken before the said Justices of Peace in the said County or Counties; and also to arraign and deliver all such Person or Persons, so indicted [and 5] presented before the said Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, their Clerks, Bailiffs, and their Ministers, or any of them in their said Tourns or Law Days; and all such Persons or Person which be indicted or presented of Trespass, [shall make 6] such Fine as shall seem lawful by their Discretions; and the Estreats of the said Fines and Amerciaments shall be enrolled, and by Indenture be delivered to the said Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, Clerks, Bailiffs, or Ministers, or some of them, to the Use and Profit of him that was Sheriff [in the said Counties or County 7] at the Time of such Indictments and Presentments taken.

as to Rast. 1603. tit. Shirifes. 27.

[Some Word appears wanting in the Statute and Parliament Rolls.]

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purloyned omitted of of to make with theym and every of theym Rot. Parl. nu. 42.

Suthviscountez Clerkes Baillifs & lour Ministrez issint faitz euez & levez, le people aventdit est enlarge hors del prison & lez ditz enditementz & Psentementz sont aloignez embesiles & sustreitz: Nre dit Sovayn f' le Roi les pmissez considerez, p ladvis (') assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la request dez Cões en la dit parlement assemblez & p auctorite dicett, ad ordeigne & establie, q toutz manez denditementez & psentementz, quelx sront prisez en apres devent ascun des ses Viscountez de sez Counteez p' le temps esteantz, lo' Suthviscountz Clerkes Baillifs ou Ministres a lour Turnez ou Lawedaies desuis especifiez, naient ne nutt de ceux ait poair ne auctorite darester attacher ou mettre en prison ou lever ascuns fines ou amciamentz dascun psone ou psones issint enditez ou Psentez, p reson ou colour dascun tiel enditement ou psentement dev'nt ceux ou ascun deux prise; Ne de faire ou prendre dascun tiel psone ou psones issint enditez ou psentez ascun fine ou raunsome; mes q les Viscountez suisditz, lo' Suthviscountz Clerkes ou Baillifs & lours Ministres, toutz autielx enditementz & Psentementz prisez devant eux ou ascun deux, en lours to'nes ou lawedaies desuis nomez, amesnent Psentent & delivent a les Justicez du peax, au leur pschein cession de peax q Bra tenuz en le Counte ou Counteez lou autielx enditementz & Psentementz Bront prisez, dev'nt lez ditz Justices dautiel Counte ou Counteez p' le temps esteantz: Et si ascun des Viscountez Suthviscountez Clerkes Baillifs & lour Ministres namesne delive & psente pas, toutz autielx enditementz ou psentementz, issint prisez devent eux & chun deux en lot Turnes ou Lawdaies come devent est recitee, as tielx cessions de peax devant les ditz Justicez de peax, q donqes toutz tielx Viscountez Suthviscountez Clerkes Baillifs & lours Ministres & chun deux, qi ou queux issint fauldra ou fauldront dameign'nce delivance & Psentacion de tieux enditementz & psentementez, forface & forfacent au Roi xl. fi. a taunt de foitz q ceux ou ascun deux ferront ou ferra le contarie: Et q les ditz Justices de peas aient poair & auctorite dagarder pcesse, sur toutz tielx enditementz & psentementz come la ley requiert, & en fourme semblable, si come les ditz enditementz & Desentementz feussent prisez devent lez ditz Justicez de peax en le dit Counte ou Counteez; Et auxi darrainer & deliver toutz tielx psones ou psone; issint enditez & Psentez devant les ditz Viscountez Suthviscountez lour Clerkes & Baillifs & lour Ministrez ou ascun deux, en lour ditz Tournes ou Lawedaies; et toutz tielx psones ou psone, q sount ou est enditez ou psentez endite ou psente de trespas, de faire ovegs eux & chun deux tiel fine, come loialment p leurs discrecions semblera, et les estretez de lez ditz fines & amciamentz soient enrollez, & p endentur destre delivez a lez ditz Viscountz Suthviscountz Clerkes Baillifs ou Ministres ou ascun deux, al oeps & prouffit celuy qi fuist Viscount en ascun Countee, au temps de les ditz enditementz & psentementz prisez.

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Et si ascun des ditz Viscountez, lour Suthviscountz Clerkes Baillifs ou Ministrez, face arester attacher ou mettre en prison, ou face faire ou prendre ascun fine raunsom ou lever amciament, dascune psone ou psones ensi enditez ou psentez, p reason ou colour dascun tiel enditement ou psentement, dev'nt luy a les To'nes ou Lawdaies desuis recitez, prise, avent qils ount pcesse de les ditz Justicez de peax, ou estretez delivez hors de les ditz enditementz ou Psentementz issint ameignez delivez & psentez as eux, q adonqes lez ditz Viscountez qi issint fount forfacent C. ti. une moite dent destre emploiez a les expensez du lostelf de Roy, & lautre moite al partie ou parties q ou quelx est ou sont endamagez ; et ait ou aient ent accion de dette al coe ley & semblable pcesse come est en accion de dette al coe ley; Et q le defendaunt ou defend'untz en tielx sutes ou accions de dette ne soit ou soient essoinez ne gage ou gagent leur ley; Et sil ou ceux ou ascun deux, encontre qi ou queux la dite action sra prise, offre ou mette offrent ou mettent ascun pteccion en enpediment ou retardance de les ditz suetez ou accions qil ne soit a luy alloue. Purveu toutz foitz q cest psent ordeign nce nextende pas, nene soit Djudiciatt en ascun mane, a les Viscountez del Cite de Loundrez ore esteantz, ou qenapres ascun foitz Bront, quunt as ascuns enditementez ou Psentementz destre prisez deins la dite Cite. Purveu auxi q cest orden nee nextende pas, nene soit pjudiciatt, al ascun psone ou psones q ad ou ount gaunts dascuns fines ou des ascuns anciamentez, p ascuns l'es patentez nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roi ou dascun de ses pgenitours ou pdecessours, portantz date devent le disme jour de Decembr pschein aps le comencement de cest plement. Et q cest ordeign*nce nextende pas, nene soit Djudiciatt, al ascune psone ou psones aiant ou aiantz ascuns libties ou fraunchisez p ascuns des ditz tres patentes, ou en autre man p pscripcion. Et q cest ordeign*nce soit en sa force & comence dapprendre effect a la quarantisme jor pschein apres le vjime jour de May pschein apres le comencement de cest psent parlement, le quel sisme jo' le dit parlement fuist dissolue.

And if any of the said Sheriffs, their Under Sheriffs, Clerks, Bailiffs, or Ministers, do arrest, attach, or put in Prison, [or cause any Fine or Ransom to be taken, '] or levy any Amerciament of any Person or Persons so indicted or presented, by reason or co-·lour of any such Indictment or Presentment, taken before [them '] at the Tourns or Law Days above rehearsed, before that they have Process from the said Justices of Peace, or Estreats delivered out of the said Indictments or Presentments so brought, delivered, and presented to them, that then the said Sheriffs which so do, shall forfeit an Hundred Pounds, the one Half thereof to be employed to the Expences of the King's House, and the other Half to the Party or Parties which be or is indamaged; and he or they shall have therefore an Action of Debt at the Common Law, and like Process as in an Action of Debt at the Common Law; And that the Defendant or Defendants in such Suits or Actions of Debt, shall not be essoined, nor wage their Law; and if he or they or any of them against whom [this 37] Action shall be taken, do offer or cast any Protection, [or other Impediment, in Retardation 1] of the said Suits or Actions, that [shall not be allowed 5] unto him. Provided always, That this present Ordi- Proviso, for nance do not extend, nor in anywise be prejudicial, to the Sheriffs of the City of London now being, or which at any Time hereafter shall be, concerning any Indictments or Presentments to be taken within the said City [of London.] Provided also, That this Act extend not, nor be prejudicial to any Person or Persons, which hath Grants of any Fines or Amerciaments by any Letters Patents of our said Sovereign Lord the King, or of any of his Progenitors or Predecessors, bearing Date before the Tenth Day of December next after the beginning of this Parliament. And that this [Act and Ordinance od do not extend, nor be prejudicial to any Person or Persons having any Liberties or Franchises by any of the said Letters Patents, or in any other Manner by Prescription. And that this Ordinance be in his Force, and begin to take Effect at the Fortieth Day next after the Sixth Day of May, next after the beginning of this present Parliament, upon the which Sixth Day the said Parliament was dissolved.

or do make or take any fyne, raunsome hym the seid in lettyng or tariyng nu. 42. it be not alowable

arresting or fining Per-Process from the Sessions.

for Grantees of Fines, and

* The Parliament Roll 3 & Andwilly, is couldnesd in an uninterrupted Series from 29 April 3 Edw. IV. A. D. 1463.

ment guera, tiel achate eskuppeson ou cariage contine

* Shore

Anno 3° EDWARDI, IV. A.D. 1463.*

IN THE THIRD YEAR.

T the Parliament summoned at Westminster the A Nine-and-twentieth Day of April, the Third Year of the Reign of our Lord King Edward the Fourth, after the Conquest, divers Statutes and Ordinances, to the Honour of God and of Holy Church, and for the Wealth of the said King and his People, by the Advice and Assent of his Lords Spiritual and Temporal and the Commons, in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, were made in the Manner and Form as followeth.

FIRST, Because that [the chief and principal Commodity of this Realm of England consisteth in the Wools growing within the said Realm, and to the Intent that '] sufficient Plenty of the said Wools may continually abide and remain within the said Realm, as may competently and reasonably serve for the Occupation of Clothmakers [of England,] and of all the Members and Branches of the same, whereby the Cities, Boroughs and Towns of the same Realm, fallen into great and pitious Desolation, Ruin and Decay by the Occasion of Idleness, may be, if God will, multiplied in Inhabitation, and by Labour restored to their ancient Joy and Prosperity, by which the Vices and Inconveniences (') may to the Pleasure of God be avoided: Our Sovereign Lord the King, in Consideration of the Premises, [by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons aforesaid,'] hath ordained and established, That from the Feast of Saint John Baptist next ensuing, no Person Alien nor Stranger born, by [him4] or any other for him, [privy or apert,3 shall buy or ship any manner Wools or Woolfels, Morling or Shorling, within any Part of this Realm [of England] or Wales, or them or any of them carry out of the same Realm or Wales; nor that any Person Stranger Alien or Denizen, or any other the King's Subject, from the said Feast, shall carry any Wools, Woolfels, Morling or Shorling, of the growing of the Countries or [Counties 6] on this Side of the Water of Tees, over the same Water towards the North; upon Pain of Forfeiture of such Wools, Woolfels, Morling or Shorling, the one Half thereof to be had to the [Profit and 7] Use of our said [redoubted Sovereign] Lord the King, and the other Half thereof to the Use and Profit of him or them that shall find and lawfully prove such Buying, Shipping, or [Carriage *] contrary to the said Ordinance; the Wools, Woolfels, Morling and Shorling, of the growing of the Counties called Aldertonshire and Richmondshire only except:

Aliens shall not export Wools.

I.

Wools of the Growth of this Side the Teese shall not be sent to the North.

Exception.

the assured availle and wurship of the Wolle' growyng within the Reame of Englond, the chief and principall commodite of the same Reame, resteth in two amonges other, First that such of ydelnes

by the seid advis assent and auctorite

hym self prively or openly

6 Shire 7 omitted Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. VI. m. 8. g° iij°.

U Parlement sumonez a Westm le xxix jour Daprell, lan du reigne nre f' le Roy Edward le quart apres le conquest tierce, divses estatutez & orden ncez a lonour de Dieu & Seint Esglice, & pur le bien du dit Roy & son people, de ladvis & assent des l's espuelx & temporelx & les Coes en le dit parlement esteantz, & p lauctorite de mesme le plement, furent faitez en mane & forme ensuantz.

Primement p' ceo q lassure availe & honour du laine cressant deins le Roialme Dengletre, le chief & principatt comoditee mesme le Roialme, est en deux entre autres, prime q tiel sufficient pleinte du dit laine soit continuelment demurrant & remaign*nt deins le ditz Roialme, quel poet svir resonablement & competentment a loccupacion des fesours de draps, & de toutz les membres & branchies ent, p ont les Citeez Burghs & Villes mesme le Roialme, cheiez en g'unde & pieteuouz decline desolacion & ruine p loccasion del ociosite, puissent si Dieu voet estre multipliez es habitacions, & a leur auncien joie & pspite en labour restitutez, p quel les vices & enconveniencez dociosite puissent au pleasir Dieu estre removez : Si ad nre dit f' le Roy en consideration de lez pmissez de ladvis assent & auctorite suisditz ordeigne & establie, q a le fest de Seint John Baptiste pschein avenir nulle psone alien ou estrange neez, p luy mesme ou ascune autre psone p' luy prive ou appiert, achate ou eskippe ascunes maners laines ou pealx lanutz Morlyng ou Shorlyng deinz ascune part cesty Roialme ou Gales, ou ceux ou ascun deux carie hors mesme le Roialme ou Gales; Ne q ascune psone estraunge alien ou deinszin, ou ascun autre suiget du Roy, a le dit fest carie ascuns laines pealx lanutz morlyng ou shorlyng, del cresture des peaisez ou Counte de cea leaue de Teese oultre mesme leaue envs le North sur peyn del forfaiture dautielx laines pealx lanutz Morlyng & Shorlyng, lune moite ent destre eue al oeps nre dit f' le Roy et lautre moite ent al oeps & pfit celuy ou ceux qi trovont & loialment pveront ou trova & loialment pvera tiel achate eskippeson ou cariage cont'rie a la dite orden'nce; les laines pealx lanutez Morlyng & Shorlyng del croisture des Counteez appellez Aldertonshire- & Richemondshire tancsoulement forprisez:

Rot Parl. nu. 18.

^{*} The Parliament Roll 3 & 4 Edw. IV. is continued in an uninterrupted Series from 29 April 3 Edw. IV. A. D. 1463. to 21 January 4 Edw. IV. A. D. 1464-5.

et auxi ad ordeigne & establie, q nutt part des ditz laynes pealx lanuz Morlyng ou Shorlyng soit eskippe ou carie au ascun autre lieu hors du dit Roialme ou Gales, mes tancsoulement a la Ville de Caleis, les laines pealx lanutz Morlyng & Shorlyng del cresture de lez Counteez de Northumbr Cumberlond & Westmit, & del cresture de leveschie de Durham entre lez eauz de Tyne & Teese, & de lez ditz Counteez de Alderton & Richemond forsprises; et si ascune psone face le cont'rie, ou eskippe ascunes laines pealx lanutez Morlyng ou Shorlyng del croisture dascune pais ou Countee du dit Roialme, forspricez avent forsprisez, de cea la dit eaue de Teese, au ascun port ou Creke de la mesme leaue ou en mesme leaue, q adonqes celuy qi issint eskippera ou cariera, ou ferra destre eskippez ou cariez, forface & pde toutz tielx laines, Morlyng & Shorlyng ou le value ent, lune moite del mesme la forfeiture destre appliez ad oeps nre dit & le Roy, et lautre moite a celuy qi tiel forfeiture pvera, & mesmes les laines pealx lanutz Morlyng ou Shorlyng seisera: et auxi ad ordeigne & establie q nult psone puis le dit fest eskippe ascunes laines pealx lanutz Shorlyng ou Morlyng, del cresture deins ascun de lez ditz Counteez de Northumbr Cumbr & Westmit, ou dedeins le dit Eveschie de Durham entre lez ditz eaus de Tyne & Teese, ou dedeins les ditz Countees appellez Richemondshire & Aldertonshire, mes tancsoulement au Ville de Noef Chastell sur Tyne, sur peine de forfeire mesmes les laines pealx lanutz Morlyng & Shorlyng, lune moite de ceo a nre dit f' le Roy, & lautre moite de ceo al ascun des lieges le Roy enhabitant en la dit Ville de Noef Chastell qi la dit forfeiture seisera, destre appliez al use & pfit mesme la ville. Et auxi ad ordeigne & establie q nult psone a le fest suisdit en prive ou appert convoie ou carie, ne cause destre convoiez ou cariez, ascuns leines ou pealx lanutez hors de cest Roialme ou Gales au ascun autre lieu q a Caleis, forsprisez les leinez & pealx lanutez dev'nt forsprises, sur peyne denprisonement de ij ans, & de forfeire le value des mesmes les leines & pealx lanutz, lune moite dent a nre dit f' le Roi (') al ascun de sez lieges qi tiel forfeitur espiera & p' mesme la forfeiture suera; et qil de ceo eit accion de dette auxibien p' le Roy come p' luy mesme de dit value del forfeiture avantdit, destre eue & p'sue en le Countee en qi tiel forfeiture aviendra; en quel accion le defendant ne soit resceu de gager sa ley, nascune essoyn ne pteccion p' mesme le defendaunt ascunement soit allowe. Et enoutre ad ordeigne & establie p lauctorite svisdit, q nutt mchaunt du dit Staple de Caleis, p luy mesme ne p null autre psone pur luy, vende ou uttre a le fest de Seint Michell larchangele pscheinement avenir ascunes laines pealx lanutz Morlyng ou Shorlyng, ou ascunes autres mchaundisez del Staple, a la dit Staple, eins qil avent ou sur la livee del mesme resceive & preigne prest paiement & contentacion p mesmes les leines pealx lanuz & autrez michaundisez

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And also he hath ordained and established, That no Parcel of the said Wools, Woolfels, Morling or Shorling, be shipped or carried to any other Place out of the said Realm or Wales, but only to the Town of Calais; the Wools, Woolfels, Morling and Shorling of the growing of the Counties of Northumberland, Cumberland, and Westmorland, and of the growing of the Bishoprick of Durham betwixt the Waters of Tyne and Tees, and of the said Counties of Alderton and Richmond excepted; And if any Person or Persons do the contrary thereof, or ship any Wools, Woolfels, Morling or Shorling, of the growing of any Country or County of the said Realm [of England,] except before excepted, on this Side the said Water of Tees, [or '] any Port or Creek [of 1] the same Water, or in the same Water, that then he which shall so ship or carry, or [do 3] to be shipped or carried, shall forfeit and lose all such Wools, [Woolfels,] Morling and Shorling, or the Value thereof, the one Half of the same Forfeiture to be applied to the Use of our said Sovereign Lord the King, and the other Half to him that shall prove such Forfeiture, and shall seize the same Wools, Woolfels, Morling and Shorling; And also [the same our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid,] hath ordained and established, That no Person, after the said Feast, shall ship any Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling, of the growing within any of the said Counties of Northumberland, Cumberland, and Westmorland, or within the said Bishoprick of Durham, betwixt the said [Water 1] of Tyne and Tees, or within the said Counties called Richmondshire and Aldertonshire, but only at the Town of Newcastle (5), upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Wools, Woolfels, Morling and Shorling, the one Half thereof to our said Sovereign Lord the King, and the other Half to any of the King's liege People, inhabiting in the (°) Town of Newcastle, which shall seize the said Forfeiture to be applied to the Use and Profit of the same Town. And also [by the Assent and Authority aforesaid, it is 7] ordained and established, That no Person from the said Feast, privily nor apertly, shall convey or carry, [or do 8] to be conveyed or carried any any Wools or Woolfels out of this Realm [of England] or Wales, to any other Place than to Calais, except the Wool and Woolfels before excepted, upon Pain of Imprisonment by Two Years, and to forfeit the Value of the same Wools and Woolfels, the one Half thereof to [be paid to the Use of] our said Sovereign Lord the King, and the other Half to any of his liege People, which shall espy such Forfeiture and sue for the same; and that he have thereof an Action of Debt as well for [our Sovereign Lord] the King as for himself, of the said Value of the Forfeiture aforesaid, to be had and pursued in the County where such Forfeiture shall happen; in which Action the Defendant shall not be received to wage his Law, nor no Essoin nor Protection for the same Defendant [to 9] be allowed. And Moreover [the same our Sovereign Lord the King] hath ordained and established, by the [Assent and] Authority aforesaid, That no Merchant of the said Staple of Calais, by himself nor by none other Person for him, shall sell or utter from the Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel next ensuing, any Wools, Woolfels, Morling or Shorling, or any other Merchandises of the Staple [to 10] the said Staple, but that he before, or upon the Delivery of the same, receive and take ready Payment and Contentation for the same Wools,

Wool shall be exported to Calaisonly.

Exception, as to Wools of the Northern

Forfeiture for shipping any Wools contrary to

Wools of the Northern Counties shall be shipped at Newcastle only.

Punishment and Penalty for exporting elsewhere

Merchants of the Staple of Calais shall sell Wools, &c. for ready

* beyonde wats uppon Tyne o nor cause 9 in eny wise

7 bath

Rot. Parl. nu. 18.

VOL. II.

5 H

Original from PENN STATE One Half to be in Money of England, or Plate, to be brought to England.

Penalty.

Property in Staple Merchandises shall be changed only at the Staple.

Proviso, for Losses by Perils of the Sea.

Deceits in winding, &c. of Wool.

Penalty for such Deceits.

Justices of Peace may enquire thereof.

None but Merchants Strangers, shall freight foreign Ships to import or expor Merchandise. Merchandises of the said Staple in Hand, whereof the Half Part shall be in lawful Money of England, Plate or Bullion of Silver or Gold; and all the same Money duly [to bring '] into this Realm [of England,] and the Plate and Bullion so received [do duly 1] to be coined at the Mint of Calais; and all the Money thereof made and coined, duly bring into [England 3] within Three Months next after the aforesaid Sale, upon Pain to forfeit for every Sack of Wool Five Marks, and for every CC xl. Woolfels, otherwise sold, Five Marks; and for the contrary Sale of every Half Sack of Wool, or any other Quantity of Wool, and every Cxx. Woolfels, and every other Number thereof, after the Rate and Ouantity of the said Five Marks. And that no Merchant of the said Staple, from the said Feast of Saint Michael, shall sell, utter, [nor aliene his Property 1] of the said Merchandises of the said Staple, nor no Parcel of the same, [to 5] any Place out of this Realm, other than [to 5] the said Staple of Calais. Provided always, That if the said Money ordained by this Ordinance to be brought into this Realm, be drowned in the Sea, or taken away by Enemies in the Sea, or if the (°) bringing thereof [be let by '] contrary Wind or [Tempest, '] and then the same Money, whose bringing shall be let by such Wind or [Tempest,*] (9) brought into this Realm [of England] as soon as convenient Passage for the same may be had, then the Merchant Owner of the same shall in no wise be endamaged by the Occasion of the not bringing the same Money as afore is said. And Moreover because that daily great Deceit is done in the winding, [wrapping,10] and making Fleeces of Wool within this Realm, by the Owners of the same Wool, by putting in Fleeces Locks of Wool, and Pieces of much worse Wool than the Fleece is, and also putting in the same Fleeces [Tarr,"] Stones, Sand, [Grass, or Dirt,"] to the great Damage of the Buyer of the same Wool within this Realm [of England,] and to the great Reproof and Damage of the Merchants of this Realm [of England,] which carry the same Wools out of the said Realm; [Our Sovereign Lord the King] hath ordained and established, by Authority aforesaid, That every Person within this Realm [of England,] that will [sell 13] any Wools in any Part within the same Realm [of England] by way of Sale, from the said Feast of Saint John, [ordained and provided,"] that the same Wool be well and [lawfully wound, without doing any Deceit in the same,15] upon Pain to forfeit to the King for every such Fleece, in which any such Default shall be found, Sixpence; and that the Justices of Peace of our Sovereign Lord the King in every County, City, and Town of this Realm [of England,] have Authority and Power to enquire of the said Deceits in their Sessions of Peace, and to hear and determine the said Defaults as well by due Examination as otherwise. Moreover he hath ordained and established by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person inhabiting within this Realm [of England,] other than Merchants Strangers, from the said Feast of Saint John, shall freight nor charge within this Realm [of England] or Wales, any Ship or other Vessel of any Alien or Stranger, with any Merchandises to be carried out of the said Realm [of England] or Wales,

bring ⁹ duely make 3 this same Reame; the same plate and bullion to be coyned, and the money thereof brought into the seid Reame. * or alter the pprete from hym Rot. Parl. 6 seid 7 may not be had for nu. 18. 10 foldyng • weder 11 erthe 18 donge or heere 19 utter 14 ordeyn and forsee 15 truly wounden, withoute eny deceit therin to be doon,

du dit estaple en maine, dount la demy part soit en loiatt money Dengletre plate ou bullion dargent ou dor, et tout mesme la money en cest Roialme duement amesne, & les plate & bullion issint receuz face duement destre coignez al Minte de Caleis; & tout la money ent faitz & coignez duement mesne en mesme le Roialme; mesmes les plate & bullion estre coignez & la money ent mesnes en le dit Roialme, deinz trois mois pscheins ensuantz lavantdit vende, sur peine de forfeire p' chun sak du leine, v marc, & p' chun CC xl. pealx lanutz autrement venduz v marc, et p' la cont'rie vende del chun demy sak de leyne, ou ascune autre quantite de leyne, & p' chuns C xx. pealx lanutz & chun autre nombre ent, solonq la rate & quantite des ditz v marc: et q null mchauntz du dit Estaple a la dit fest de Seint Michelt vende uttre ou aliene la ppretee a luy, des ditz mchaundisez du dit Staple nascune part diceux, au ascune lieu hors de cest Roialme autre q a la dit Staple de Caleis. Purveu toutz foitz q si la dit money, ordeignez p cest orden nce en cest Roialme estre amesnez, soit surundez en le meere ou prises p enemies en le meere, ou si la dit amesnence ent ne poet estre eue p' contrie vent ou tempest, & adonges mesme la moneie, de quett le mesnance Bra empeche p vent ou tempest, soit amesne en cest Roialme auxi tost come covenable passage p' ceo poet estre eue, donq le mch'unt possessour de ceo en nutt mane soit endamage p cause del non mesn'nce de mesme la moneie come dev'nt est dit. Et pluis oustre p cause q de jour en autre g'unde desceit est fait en lenrollement voluement & feisure des toisons du leine deins cest Roialme, p les possessours mesme la laine, p mettre en teisons lokkes du leine, & peces de plus peier leine q de mesme le toison, & auxi mettantz en iceux toisons tere peres zabulon ordure ou pele, au g'unde damage del achato' du mesme le leine deins cest Roialme, & g'und reproche & damage a lez mchauntz diceff Roialme qi cariount lez ditz leines hors mesme le Roialme, ad ordeigne & establie p lauctorite suisdit, q chun psone deins cest Roialme, q vendre y voillet ascuns laines en ascun part deins mesme le Roialme p voie de vende, a le dit fest de Seint John, ordeigne & p'veie q mesme la leine soit bien & loialment enrolle, saunce ascun desceit en icelt affaire, sur peine de forfeire au Roy p' chun tiel toison en quel autiel defaute sra trove vi deniers; et q les Justicez de peas nre dit f' le Roi, en chun Counte Cite & Ville de cest Roialme, ait auctorite & poiar denquerrer de lez ditz desceitez en leur cessions de peas; et a oier & miner lez ditz defautes sibien p due examinacion come autrement. Auxi ad ordeigne & establie p lauctorite suisdit, q null psone inhabitee deins cest Reame, autre q mchauntz estraunges, a le dit fest de Seint John, frette ne charge deins icelt Reame ou Gales ascune nief ou autre vesseau dascune Alien ou estraunge, oveq ascuns mchaundisez a cariers hors de cest Roialme ou Gales,

ou amesners en le mesme, sil poet av sufficiaunt frett en les Niefs ou Vesseaux de les deinzseins de cest Roialme; sur peine de forfeire mesmes les mchaundises, lune moite ent au Roi & lautre moite a celuy ou ceux qi ou quex seisera ou seiseront mesmes les michaundises: et q les psent statute & orden'nce concnauntz leines pealx lanutz Shorlyng & Morlyng, & a la resceipt du bullion & mesnance eins del moneie, & auxi eskippeson es niefs des deinzeins, soient en force & vtue p trois ans, pscheins ensuantz lez ditz festes de Seint John & Seint Michell pscheins avenir, en toutz choses accord'unt a lentent desuis especifie.

Itm p' ceo q les laborers & occupiours de husbondrie deins cest Reame de jour en autre sont grevousment endamages, p ameignance des blees hors dautres tres & parties en cest Roialme, q'unt blees del creissaunce dicett Roialme sont de bas price: Nre dit sovayn f' le Roi les Pmissez considerez p advis assent & auctorite suisditz ad ordeigne & establie, q nult psone a le fest de Seint John Baptist pschein avenir amesgne ne convoie, en ascun lieu ou port de cest Roialme, p voie del mchaundise nautrement, ascune frument segle ou orge q nest pas del croiss'unce de cest tere ou dascune Ile a ycett regard'unt, ou del crois'unce Dirland ou Gales, al ascune temps q le quarter del frument nexcede pas le price de sise soulds oept deniers, le quarter du segle quatre soulds, le quart dorge troiz souldz, del loiatt monoie Denglerre, deins le lieu ou port ou autiel frument segle ou orge aviendra destre amesnez; sur peine del forfeitur du dit frument segle & orge, lune moite ent au nre dit f' le Roy, & lautre moite a celuy qi ascune tiel frument segle ou orge sesir aviendra: frument segle & orge prises p ascun liege du Roi sur le mere, s'unz fraude ou male engyne, tancsoulement forprises.

I'm monstre fuit en le dit plement p les Overesses de Sey & Fileresses de Sey deins la Citee de Loundres, q divses Lombardes & autres Aliens estraungez, ymagen'ntz a destroier leur mestiers & toutz tielx Vtuous occupacions p' femmes deins cest Pre, a lentent denricher soy mesmes & mettre tielx occupacions as autres Pres, de jour en autre ameignent en cest Pre Sey ovee ribans oveez & lacez faulxment & desceyvablement oveez, Corsez de Sey, & toutz autres choses touchantz mesmes les mestiers & occupacions prestes ovez, & nuff sey desove ameigner ne voillent si come ils soloient, au finall destruccion de les mestiers & occupacions av ntditz: Nre dit f' le Roy les Pmissez considerez p advis assent & auctorite suisditz ad ordeigne & establie, q si ascun Lombard, ou ascune autre psone estraunge ou deinzein, ameigne ou cause dameigner p voie de michaundise ascun bey ovee throwen zibans laces Corses de Soye ou ascun autre chose ovee touchant ou

[nor shall bring '] into the same, if he may have sufficient Freight in the Ships or Vessels of the Denizens of this Realm, upon Pain to forfeit the same Merchandises, the one Half to [our said Sovereign Lord] the King, and the other Half to him or them, which shall seise the same Merchandises. And that this present Statute and Ordinance concerning Wools and Woolfels, Shorling and Morling, and also the Receipt of Bullion and the bringing in of Money, and also shipping in the Ships of Denizens, shall be in Force and Strength by Three Years next following the said Feasts of Saint John and Saint Michael next coming, in all Things according to the Intent above [declared and] specified.

WHEREAS the Labourers and Occupiers of Husbandry within this Realm [of England] be daily grievously endamaged by bringing of Corn out of other Lands and Parts into this Realm [of England,] when Corn of the growing of this Realm is at a low Price: Our said [redoubted] Sovereign Lord the King considering the Premises, by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That no Person from the Feast of Saint John the Baptist next coming, shall bring or convey into any Place or Port of this Realm, by way of Merchandise nor otherwise, any Wheat, Rye, or Barley, which is not of the growing of this Land, or of any Isle pertaining to the same, or of the growing of [the Country of] Ireland or Wales, at any Time that the Quarter of Wheat doth not exceed the Price of Six Shillings and Eight-pence, the Quarter of Rye [doth not exceed the Price of] Four Shillings, and the Quarter of Barley Three Shillings, of lawful Money of England, within the Place or Port where such Wheat, Rye, or Barley shall happen to be brought; upon Pain of Forfeiture of the said Wheat, Rye, and Barley, the one Half to our said Sovereign Lord the King, and the other Half to him which shall happen to seize any such Wheat, Rye, or Barley: [Provided always, That this Act extend not to any Wheat, Rye, or Barley 1] taken by any of the King's liege People upon

the Sea, without Fraud or [Covin.3] ITEM, It was shewed in the said Parliament [to our Sovereign Lord the King, and to the Lords of the Parliament,] by the Silk Women, and [Spinsters] of Silk within the City of London, that divers Lombards and other Aliens Strangers, imagining to destroy their Crafts and all such virtuous Occupations for Women within this Land, to the Intent to enrich themselves. and to put such Occupations into other Lands, [daily bringing 5] into this Realm [of England,] wrought Silk, [wrought 6] Ribbands, and Laces falsely and deceitfully wrought, Corses of Silk, and all manner of other Things touching the same Mysteries and Occupations ready wrought, and will not bring in any unwrought Silk, as they were wont to do, to the final Destruction of the said Mysteries and Occupations: Our said [most redoubted Sovereign] Lord the King considering the Premises, by the Advice Assent and Authority [of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons] aforesaid, hath ordained, [enacted,] and established, That if any Lombard, or any other Person Stranger or Denizen, bring or [do 1] to be brought by way of Merchandise any wrought Silk thrown Ribbands, Laces, Corses of Silk, or any other Thing (*) touching or

or to be brought Rot. Parl. nu. 18.

The Whete Rye and Barlie male engyne, oonly except. Rot. Parl. nu. 19.

5 bring nowe daily
7 cause wrought \ nu. 21. 4 Throwesters

Continuance of this Act.

II. Wheat, Rye, and Barley shall not be imported, ceed certain

Exception as to Corn taken at Sea.

III. of Silk Manufactures.

Persons importing certain Silk Manufactures shall forfeit the same, and Ten Pounds.

concerning [the Mystery of Silk Workers in any Part'] or Place of this [Realm of England '] from beyond the Sea, that then the same wrought Silk thrown Ribbands, Laces, Corses, and other Things so brought and wrought, touching the same Mystery, shall be forfeit: And that every Seller of any of the Things above named, brought as afore is said, shall forfeit for every Default Ten Pounds, the one Half thereof to be levied and had to the Use of the Expences of the King's House, and he that will sue for the same shall have the other Half [of the same Forfeiture;] And that it be lawful to every Person [or Persons] of the King's liege People to have and maintain an Action or Actions of Debt at every Time, as well for the said Forfeiture of Ten Pounds, as for the Thing so forfeit, and Process of Outlawry in the same, and all other Processes as in an Action of Debt at the Common Law, and that in the same no Protection nor Essoin to be allowable. And that the Mayor of the said City for the Time being, have [sufficient Power and] Authority to assign Two, Three, or Four sufficient and credible Men of the same City by his Discretion, to be sworn upon a Book, to make due Search within the same City and the Liberty thereof, as often as to them shall seem expedient, of all Things had or done contrary to the Premises; and they to make due relation to the Mayor and Aldermen of the said City for the Time being, for more plain Information in this Behalf to [our said Sovereign Lord] the King, and to those Persons which will sue for the same. And that this [said] Ordinance abide and be in his Force, and take Effect [at3] the Feast of Saint Peter called ad vincula, next coming; and [this Ordinance] shall endure till the End of Five Years then next ensuing.

Commencement of Act.

The Mayor

of London

may appoint

Persons to make Search.

IV. Evil of importing Wares ready wrought into this Realm.

ITEM, Whereas in the said Parliament, by the Artificers [of manual Occupations, 1] Men and Women, [inhabiting and resident] in the City of London, and other Cities, Towns, Boroughs, and Villages within this Realm [of England] and Wales, it hath been pitiously shewed and complained, how that they all in general, and every of them, be greatly impoverished, and much hindered and prejudiced of their worldly Increase, and daily Living, by the great Multitude of divers [Commodities 3 and Wares pertaining to their Mysteries and Occupations, being fully wrought, and ready made to Sale, as well by the Hands of Strangers being the King's Enemies as other, [in o] this Realm, and Wales, [fetched and] brought from beyond the Sea, as well by Merchants Strangers as Denizens and other Persons, whereof the greatest Part in Substance is deceitful, and nothing worth in Regard of any Man's Occupation or Profit; [by which Occasion 7] the said Artificers cannot live by their Misteries and Occupations, as they have done in Times past, but divers of them, as well Householders as [Hirelings,*] and other Servants and Apprentices in great Number, be at this Day unoccupied, and do hardly live, in great [Misery,9] Poverty, and [Need,10] whereby many Inconveniences have grown before this Time, and hereafter more be like to come, which God defend, if [due] Remedy be not in this Behalf provided: Our said [redoubted] Sovereign Lord the King considering the Premises, [and willing in this Case to provide Remedy,] by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained enacted and established.

Silke womens Crafte, into any Porte Rot. Parl.
Londe Stro Nu. 21.
Handcrafty chaffares by cause wherof Journeymen Sydelnes Toruyne Rot. Parl.

concnant la mestier des Ovessez de Seie en ascun Port ou lieu de cest Pre doutre le mere, q mesme le Seie ovee throwen ribans laces corses & autres choses issint ameignez & ovez touchantz mesme la mestier soient forfaitz: Et q chun vendour dascun de lez chosez desuis nomez, come dev'nt est dit ameignez, forface p' chun defaute x ti. lune moite ent destre levez & euez al use de les expenses du lostelf de Roy, & celuy q pur ceo suer voet davoir lautre moite; et qil bien lise a chescun psone des lieges du Roi davoir & mainteigner accion ou accions de dette a chun temps sibien pur mesme la forfeiture dez x ti. come p' la chose ensi forfaitez, & pcesse dutlagarie en icett, & toutz autres pcesses come en accion de dette al cõe lay, et q en icett nutt pteccion ne essoyne soit allowable. Et q le Maire de la dit Cite p' le temps esteant ait auctorite dassigner deux trois ou quatre homes de mesme la Cite, sufficientz & crediblez psones p sa discrecion, destre jurez sur une livre, de faire due serche deins la dite Cite & Libtie dicett, a tauntz de foitz come verra expedient, de toutz choses euez ou faitz cont'rie a les pmisses; et ils de faire due relacion al Maire & Aldermen de la dite Cite p' le temps esteantz, p' pluis plein enformacion en icell partie au Roy, & as eux q pur ceo suer voillent. Et q cest orden'nce soit en sa force & preigne effect a le fest de Seint Pietre appelle ladvincle pschein aveigner, & endure jusqes al fine de v ans de lors pscheinz ensuantz.

Itm come en le dit plement, p lartificers des mestiers mainuelx homes & femes en la Cite de Loundres, & autres Citeez Villez Burghs & Villages deins cest roialme & Gales inhabitauntz & reseauntz, piteousment ad estre monstre & compleigne, coment toutz ceux en gehlatt & chun deux sont g'undement empovez, & grevousment endamagez & Pjudicez de lour encrece du mond & vivre cotidiañ, p la g'und multitude des divs chaffares & wares, a leur mestiers & occupacions appteign*ntez, esteantz pleinement ovez & Pst faitz al vende si bien p les mains destraungez esteantz enemiez du Roy come autres en cest Roialme & Gales de la le mere amesnez, sibien p mchantz estranges come deinszeins & autres psones, dount la greindre part en substaunce est deceivable & nient vaillable en regard del occupacion ou puffit dascuny; a cause de qoy les ditz Artifics p leurs mestiers & occupacions vivre ne poient sicome es jours passez ils soloient, mes plusours de ceux, sibien hostielx ten'ntz come conductz & autres svantes & apprentises, en gaund nombre cestuy jour sont enoccupiez, & en gaund udifte povte & ruine vivont cheitifment, dount plusours enconveniences ount dev'nt cest temps avenuz & plusours enapres sont semblablez avenirs q Dieu defende, si remedie ent ne soit p'veu: Nre dit Sovain f' le Roy les pmissez considerant de ladvis assent & auctorite suisditz ad ordeigne & establie,

M 7-

q null mchant neez subgiet du Roi deinzein nestraunge, ne ascune autre psone, apres le fest de Seint Michell larchangell pschein avenir, amesne maunde ne convoie ne cause dasmener maunder ne convoier en cest Roialme Dengletre & f'ie de Gales, ascuns de cestes wares ou choses desoubz escriptez; cestassavoir ascuns bonettes lanuz, ascuns draps lanuz, laces corses ribans frenges de soie & de file, laces de file, soie enfile, soie en ascun man enbraudez, laces dor, tires de soie, ou dor, selles estrivens ou ascune herneise regardant as Sellers, esperons moleins pur freines aundirens, gredirnes, ascuns man's serures, martens vulgarement nomez hamers pinsons firetonges drepyngpannes dises tenysballes pointes laces burses Gauntz ceinctes, harneis pur ceinctes, de ferre, de laton, dasser destaine, ou de alkemine, ascune chose ovee, dascun quirre tawe, ascun maner pellure tawe, huseons, solers, galoges ou corkes, cotels, daggers, wodeknyves, botkyns, sheres pur taillours, cisours, rasours, shethes, cardes a Juer espinges patins, agules pur saccs vulgarement nomez pakneldes, ascune mane ware depeinte, forcers, caskettes aneus de coper suisorre, ou de laton, ou chauffyngdisshes, chaundelers pendauntz ou estantz, lavours pendantz, chauffingballes, sakeringbelles, aneus pur curteins, ladels, scomers, countrefeit basyns, ewers, hattes, brusshes, cardes pur laine, ou blanc file de ferre vulgarement nome whitewyre, ou ascuns de ceux, destre uttez & venduz deins cest Roialme ou Gales p voie de mchandise; sur peine de forfeire ceux & chun de ceux, a chun foitz & a tauntz de foitz come ils puissent estre trovez en les mains dacune psone ou psones destre venduz, lune moite ent au Roi & lautre moite a celuy qi ceo primes seisera pur le Roi; mesme la moite issint seisie pur le Roi destre delivee p le dit seisour ent a leschetour del Countee ou lieu, lou dite seisine sra, p endentures entre ceux affairez, a respoundre ent duement en son accompt. Purveu toutz foitz q si ascuns des ditz wares ou chaffares, hors de cest tre faitz, soient sur le mere prisez s'unz fraude ou collusion, ou veignent en cest Roialme ou Gales p voie de Wrec, q ceux en null mane soient comprisez deinz cest orden nce, mes q les puissent estre venduz deinz cest Roialme ou Gales cest orden'nce nient obstant. Purveu auxi q toutz wares & chaffares faitz & ovez en Irlond ou Gales puissent estre amesnez & venduz en le dit Roialme Dengletre, sicome ils soloient dev'nt la feis unce de cest orden nce, cest orden nce nient obstant. Et auxi ad ordeigne & enacte p lauctorite suisdit q les Maistres ou gardeins pur le temps esteantz de chun arte & mestier en chun Citee Burgh Ville & Village, lou ascun tiel arte ou mestier est usee ou occupie, aient sufficient poair & auctorite en chun tiel Citee Burgh Ville & Village, lou q ceux pur le temps esteantz Front Maistres ou Gardeins dascune tiel arte ou mestier, et le Maire dautiel Citee Ville Burgh ou Village pur le temps esteant, si ascun Maire y soit, ou les Baillifs ou Baillif dautiel Citee Ville Burgh ou Village pur le temps esteantz,

That no Merchant born a Subject of [our said Lord] the King, Denizen, or Stranger, nor any other Person, after the Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel next coming, shall bring, send, nor convey, nor cause to be brought, sent, nor conveyed into this Realm of England, and Seigniory of Wales, any of these [Chaffers,] Wares, or Things under-written; that is to say, any Woollen [Caps, '] any Woollen Cloth, Laces, Corses, Ribbands, Fringes of Silk and Thread, Laces of Thread, [Silk twined,] Silk in any wise embroidered, Laces of Gold, (3) of Silk or Gold, Saddles, Stirrups, or any Harnesses pertaining to Saddles, Spurs, [Bosses of 1] Bridles, Aundirons, Gridirons, any Manner of Locks, Hammers, Pinsons, Fire Tongs, Dripping-pans, [Dice, 1] Tenis Balls, Points, (6) Purses, Gloves, Girdles, Harness for Girdles of Iron Latten Steel Tin or of Alkemine, any Thing wrought of any tawed Leather, any [tawed Furrs, Buscans,7] Shoes, Galoches, or Corks, Knives, Daggers, Wood-Knives, Bodkins, Sheers for Taylors, Scissers, Razers, Sheaths, playing Cards, Pins, Pattens, Pack Needles, any painted Ware, Forcers, Caskets, Rings of Copper, [or of Latten gilt,] or Chaffing Dishes, [hanging Candlesticks,9 Chaffing Balls, Sacring Bells, Rings for Curtains, Ladles, Scummers, counterfeit Basons, Ewers, Hats, Brushes, Cards for Wool, blanch Iron Thread, commonly called and named White Wire, or any of [those Wares or Chaffers,10] to be uttered and sold within the same Realm [of England,] or in [the Country of] Wales, by way of Merchandise; upon Pain to forfeit [the same Merchandises "] at every Time, and as often as they may be found in the Hands of any Person or Persons to be sold; the one Half [of the same Forfeiture "] to [be paid to the Use of our Lord] the King, and the other Half to him that will first seize the same for the King; the same Half [by him] so seized for [our Lord] the King to be delivered by the said Seisor thereof to the Escheator of the County or Place where the same Seiser shall be, by Indenture betwixt them (") made, duly to answer thereof in his Account. Provided always, That if any of the said Wares or Chaffers made out of this Land, be taken upon the Sea without Fraud or Collusion, or come in this Realm [of England,] or [the Country of] Wales, by way of Wreck, that those be in no wise [taken 14] within this Act [or Statute]; but that they may be sold within this Realm [of England,] or Wales, this Act [or Statute] notwithstanding. Provided also, That all Wares and Chaffers made and wrought in [the Land of] Ireland, or Wales, may be brought and sold in this Realm of England, as they were wont before the making of this Statute, this Act [or Statute] notwithstanding. And also [our Lord the King] hath ordained and enacted, by the [Assent and] Authority aforesaid, That the Masters or Wardens for the Time being, of every Craft and Mystery, in every City Borough Town and Village where any such Craft or Mystery is used or occupied, shall have sufficient Power and Authority in every such City Borough Town and Village, where they for the Time being shall be Masters or Wardens of any such Craft or Mystery, and the Mayor of such City Town Borough or Village for the Time being, if any Mayor (13) be, or the Bailiffs or Bailiff of any such City Town Borough or Village for the Time being,

Certain Merchandises shall not be brought into this Realm ready wrought.

Proviso for Wares taken upon Sea, or wrecked;

and for Wares made in Ireland or Wales

The chief Officers of Cities, &c. shall have Authority to search for Wares made by Aliens.

Rot. Parl.

Vol. II.

5 I

² throwen silke

• Candelstickes hangyng

14 comprised 15 therof

10 theym

* moleyns for Dyses
7 maile Peltry ware tawed, Botes

or stondyng, hangyng Lavours, "them and evyche of theym

1 bonettes

15 to be

B gilt or of Laten

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Provided always, That (5) this Ordinance and Act,

if any Bailiffs or Bailiff thereof be, and no Mayor or Serjeant, or any other Officer to them assigned by

the said Mayor, Bailiffs, or Bailiff, (') in every City

Town Borough and Village, where any such Craft or

Mistery is used or occupied, where no such Masters

nor Wardens of any such Craft or Mistery be, that

the Liberties of Saint Martin le Grand, in London.

This Act shall continue

during the King's

Proviso for

Pleasure.

In privileged Places the

Search shall

be under View of an Officer

thereof.

Wares not

duly wrought shall be

lawful or

forfeit.

the Masters or Wardens of the Crafts or Misteries of the City Town Borough or Village next adjoining to the same, and the Constable of such City Borough Town or Village, shall have Power and Authority to search in their own Crafts and Misteries, and in all other Crafts and Misteries uttering by way of Sale any of the aforesaid Wares, as well within Cities Boroughs Towns and Villages of the same Realm [of England,] and of [the Country of] Wales, as within the Liberties and Franchise of the same Cities Boroughs Towns and Villages, at all Times reasonable by [the Day, 1] in Fairs and Markets, Shops open, and Warehouses, all manner such Chaffers, Wares, and Merchandises pertaining to every of their proper Crafts and Misteries, which shall be made by any Alien Artificer, Man or Woman, or any other Person or Persons within the same Realm [of England] or Wales, or which at any Time shall be occupied by any of the said Crafts or Misteries, in whose Hands soever they may be found: Provided always, That the said Masters, Wardens, and other named in the said Ordinance to be Searchers, shall not enter in any Place, exempt by Privilege Franchise or Custom, to make in the same any Search, as is aforesaid, but by the Oversight of some Officer of every such Place so exempt, where any such Search shall happen to be made: And if the said Searchers by the same Search do find, that such Chaffers Wares or Merchandises, or any Part thereof, be not [pure, lawful 3] and able Chaffers Wares or Merchandises, and duly made and wrought, as they ought to be, and that sufficiently proved, that then it shall be lawful to such Searchers to take and seise all such Chaffers Wares and Merchandises, which shall be so found not good, [pure, lawful, 3] or able, nor well wrought, as a Thing forfeit; the one Half [of the same Forfeiture to be paid to the Use of our Lord +] the King, and the other Half thereof to such Masters or Wardens which so shall make Search and find the same. And that this present Ordinance [or Statute] concerning the said Artificers, stand and be in his Force, as long as shall please our Sovereign Lord the King. or any other Ordinance or Act, made or to be made in this present Parliament, shall extend, or in any wise be prejudicial or hurtful to Robert Styllington Clerk, Dean of the free Chapel of [our Lord] the King of Saint Martin-le-Grand of London, nor to his Successors (6) of the said Chapel hereafter for the Time being in any manner; nor to the said Robert, Dean, and the Chapiter of the same Chapel, as in and for all manner of Privileges, Liberties, Franchises, Rights, and Customs in any manner pertaining to them before this Parliament; nor to any Person or Persons dwelling or inhabiting, or which shall hereafter dwell or inhabit within the Sanctuary and Precinct of the same Chapel, and especially within the Lane commonly called Saint Martin's Lane.

And a dailyght * therof to belonge to Rot. Parl. nu. 22. 1 clene, true • neither

si ascuns Baillifs ou Baillif ysoit ou soient, & nuff Maire, ou Sergeant ou autre officer a ceux assigne p les ditz Maire Baillifs ou Baillif, & en chun Citee Ville Burgh & Village, lou ascun tiel arte ou mestier est usez ou occupiez, en quett nulles tielx Maistres ne Gardeins dascune tiel arte ou mestier sount, q les Maistres ou Gardeins des artes ou mestiers del Citee Ville Burgh ou Village a icelluy pchein adjoign nt, & le Constable dautiel Citee Burgh Ville ou Village, aient poair & auctorite de sercher, en lour ppres artes & mestiers & en toutz autres artes & mestiers uttrantz p voie de vende ascuns de les ditz chaffares, sibien deinz Citees Burghs Villes & Villages de cest Roialme & Gales, come deinz les libtees & f'unchises de mesmes les Citees Burghs Villes & Villages, a tout temps resonable, p jour es feires & mchees shoppes ovtez & warehouses, toutz mans tielx chaffares weres & michandises, a chun de leur ppres artes & mestiers appurten'ntz, quelles gront faitz p ascun alien artificer home ou femme, ou ascun autre psone, deinz cest Roialme ou Gales, ou quelles au ascun temps grount occupiez p ascun des mesmes les artes ou mestiers, en gige mains qils puissent estre trovez. Purveu toutz foitz q les ditz Maistres Gardeins, & autres en la dite orden nce nomez destre Sercheours, nentrent pas en ascun lieu exempt p privilege franchise ou custume, de faire en iceft ascun serche come devant est dit, sinon p surveu dascun Officer de chun autiel lieu issint exempt, lou ascun tiel serche, destre fait aviendra; et si les ditz Sercheours p mesme le serche trovent q tielx chaffares wares ou michandises, ou ascune part ent, ne soient ou soit purez loialx & ablez chaffares wares ou michandisez, & droitement faitz & ovez sicome ils duissent estre, & ceo duement pve, q adonqes y lirra as tielx Sercheours de prendre & seiser come chose forfait toutz tielx chaffares wares & mchandises, queux issint sront trovez nient bons purez loialx ou ables ne droitement ovez; lune moite ent au Roi dapperteigner & lautre moite ent au tielx Maistres ou Gardeins qi issint ferront serche & ceo trovont: et q cest psent ordenence les ditz artifics concnant estoise & soit en son force, auxi longement come y plerra a nre f' le Roy. Purveu auxi q ne cest dit orden nce & acte, ne nuff autre orden'nce ou acte fait ou affaire en cest Psent parlement, extende nene soit Pjudiciall ou damageous a Robt Stillyngton Clerk Dean del franc Chapell du Roy de Seint Martyn g'unt de Loundres, ne a ses successours du dit Chapett en apres pur le temps esteantz, en ascun mane; Ne a le dit Rob' Deane, & Chapitre de mesme la Chapell, come en & pur toutz man's privileges libtees fraunchises droites & custumes, as eux apperteign'ntz en ascun mane, dev'nt mesme cesty parlement; Ne al ascune psone ou psones dem'antz ou enhabitantz, ou q enapres dem'ont ou enhabitront, deinz le Seintuarie & pcinct de mesme la Chapett; & specialment deinz la Venelle appelle coement Seint Martyns Lane.

JI LOV

Ifm prierent les Cões en le dit parlement assemblez au nre dit sovain f' le Roy, de reducer a sa remembrance, q en les jours de sez nobles pgenitours fuissent faitz divses orden nces & estatutz en cest Roialme, pur lapparett & araie des Cõez dicett sibien des homes come des femes, Issint q nutt deux duisset user ne were nult enordinat araie, forsq, soulement accordant a lour degrees; quelx estatutz & orden'nces nient contristeantz, pur defaute de punicion & mettre diceux en due execucion, les Cõez du dit Roialme auxibien homes come femes ount usez & journement usent excessivez & enordinatz araies, a g'und displeasire Dieu, enpo-Vissement de cest dit Roialme, & enricher des Roialmes & pais est*unges, a finalt destruccion del husbondrie de cest dit Roialme: Si nre dit f' le Roy de ladvis & assent des ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & a la prier des ditz Cõez en le dit parlement assemblez & p lauctorite del mesme ad ordeigne & establie, q null Chivalier desoubz lestate de f' autre q enfantz des f's, ne nulle feme dascune tiel Chivalier, a le fest del Purificacion de nre Dame q sra en lan de nre f' Mille CCCC lxv. were ascun mane draps dor, ou ascune mans corses ovez oveq or, ou ascun furre de Sables; et si ascun tiel Chivalier face le contrie ou suffre sa feme ou enfant, mesme lenfant esteant desoubz sa rule ou govnement, a fere le contrarie, q lors ils forface a chun defaute xx ti. au Roy: et auxi ad ordeigne & establie q nutt Bachelier Chevalier ne sa feme a le dit fest were ascun drap de velewet sur velewet, forsq tielx Chivaliers qi sont del ordre del Jartier & leur femes; sur peine de forfeire au Roy a chun defaute xx Marcs. Et auxint ad ordeigne & establie q nulle psone, desoubz lestate de f', a le dit fest were ascun mane drap de soie esteant de colour du purputt, sur peine de forfeire au Roy a chun defaute x fi. Et auxint ad ordeigne & establie q nulle Esquier ne gentil home, ne null autre desoubz le degree de Chevalier, ne nutt de leur femes, forsprisez fitz des f's, leurs femes filles as f's esquiers pur le corps du Roy, & leurs femmes, use ou were a le dit fest ascun Velewet satain fugeree, ou ascun countrefet drap le soie resemblant a le mesme, ou ascuns Corses ovez resemblantz a velewet ou a satain fugeree, ou ascun pellure dermyne; sur peine de forfeire au chun defaute x marcs au nre dit f' le Roy: et enoustre ad ordeigne & establie q null Esquier ne gentil home, ne nutt autre home ne feme desoubz les degrees desuis rehersez, use ou were a le dit fest ascun damaske ou satain; forsprisez esquiers menialx sgeantz officers del hostell du Roy, Vadlettes del corone, Vadlettes del chambre du Roy, & Esquiers & gentilz homes aiantz possessions al annuett value de xl li. & leur femmes & vieus eiantz semblez possessions, & les files demariez des psones eiantz possessions al value de C ti. p an; sur peine de forfeire au Roy a chun defaute Cent sous. Purveu toutz foitz q le Seneschaff Chamblein Tresorer & Countrollour del hosteff du dit Roy, & ses Trencheours & Chevaliers pur son corps & leurs femmes, puissent user & were furres de Sables & ermyns:

ITEM, Prayen the Commons in the said Parliament assembled, to our said Sovereign Lord the King, to [reduce '] to his [gracious] Remembrance, that in the Times of his noble Progenitors divers Ordinances and Statutes were made in this Realm [of England] for the Apparel and Array of the Commons of the same [Realm,] as well of Men as of Women, so that none of them [ought to 2] use nor wear any inordinate [and excessive] Apparel, but only according to their Degrees; which Statutes and Ordinances notwithstanding, for Default of Punishment and putting them in due Execution, the Commons of the said Realm, as well Men as Women, have worn and daily do wear excessive and inordinate Array [and Apparel,] to the great Displeasure of God, and impoverishing of this Realm [of England] and to the enriching of [other] strange Realms and Countries, to the final Destruction of the Husbandry of this said Realm: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords, [and at the special Request 37 of the said Commons assembled in the said Parliament, and by Authority of the same, hath ordained and established, That no Knight under the Estate of a Lord, other than Lords' Children, nor no Wife of (*) such Knight, from the Feast of the Purification of our Lady, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God One thousand four hundred sixty-five, shall wear any manner Cloth of Gold, or any Corses wrought with Gold, or any Furr of Sables; and if any such Knight do the contrary, or suffer his Wife or Child, the same Child being under his Rule or Governance, to do the contrary, that then he shall forfeit for every such Default xx li. to the King. And also (5) that no Bachelor Knight, nor his Wife, from the said Feast, shall wear any Cloth of Velvet upon Velvet, but such Knights which be of Wives. the Order of the Garter, and their Wives, upon Pain to forfeit to the King['s Use] for every [such] Default Twenty Marks. And also (3) that no Person under the Purple Cloth State of a Lord, from the said Feast, wear any manner Cloth of Silk, being of the Colour of Purple; upon Pain to forfeit to the King for every Default x li. And also (5) that no Esquire nor Gentleman, nor none other under the Degree of a Knight, nor none of their Wives, except the Sons of Lords and their Wives, and the Daughters of Lords, Esquires for the King's Body, and their Wives, [shall o] wear from the said Feast any Velvet, Satin [branched, 7] nor any counterfeit Cloth of Silk resembling to the same, or any Corses wrought like to Velvet or to Satin [branched,7] or any Furr of Ermine; upon Pain to forfeit for every Default Ten Marks to the King I's Use.] And also (5) that no Esquire nor Gentleman, nor none other (*) under the Degrees above rehearsed, [shall 6] wear, from the said Feast, any Damask or Satin, except [the menial Esquires, of Sergeants, Officers of the Exceptionfor King's House, Yeomen of the Crown, Yeomen of the King's Chamber, and Esquires and Gentlemen having Possessions to the yearly Value of xl li. and their Wives and Widows having like Possessions, and the Daughters unmarried of Persons having Possessions to the Value of a Hundred Pounds by Year; upon Pain to forfeit to the King for every Default a Hundred Shillings. Provided always, That the Steward, Chamberlain, Treasurer, and Comptroller of the King's House, (") and Knights for his Body and their Wives, may (") wear Furrs of Sables and Ermines:

Apparel of Persons according to

Knights Estate of a their Wives.

Knights Bachelors,

Esquires and and their Wives.

Household,

&c. of the King's

^{*} shuld * eny * use or man nor woman * Squyers menialx Rot. Parl.

Kervers * use and * nu. 20. 10 and his Kervers

³ Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request

s bath ordained and established

The Mayors of London.

Aldermen and Recorders of London.

Mayors, Sheriffs of other Cities, Towns, and Boroughs.

Recorders and Aldermen thereof.

Persons not having Possessions of the yearly Value of £40.

Proviso for the Officers of the King's Household, and others.

Persons not having 40 s. per Annum.

Exception.

And that the Mayors of the City of London, which be or have been, or hereafter for the Time shall be, and their Wives, may (1) wear such Array as before is limited to Bachelor Knights, and to their Wives: And that such which be or have been, or for the Time shall be, Aldermen or Recorders of the same City, and (2) all Mayors and Sheriffs of Cities, Towns, and Boroughs of this Realm [of England,] such as be Counties corporate, and all Mayors and Bailiffs of all other Cities, and of every of the Five Ports, and the Barons of the same Ports, such as have been chosen and assigned, or hereafter shall be chosen and assigned to do their Service at the Coronation of the King our Sovereign Lord, or of [my Lady] the Queen, And Mayors (3) of Boroughs Corporate, being Shire Towns, and the Mayors and Bailiffs of Colchester and Lynn, and the Recorders of the said Cities, Boroughs, and Towns, being Counties Corporate, and of all other Cities, now being Recorders, or which have been or in Time to come shall be, and the Aldermen of the same, and their Wives in like manner, may use and wear such Array as before is limited to Esquires and Gentlemen before specified, having Possessions to the yearly Value of Forty Pounds. And also [our said Sovereign Lord the King] hath ordained and stablished [in this present Parliament,] That no Man but such as have Possessions to the yearly Value of Forty Pounds or above, [shall 1] wear, from the said Feast, any Furr of Martrons (5) Letuse [pure gray or pure myniver; 6] nor no Wife, Son, Daughter, nor Servant of any (7) Man, the same Son and Daughter being in his Rule and Governance, nor no (8) Widow but such as hath Possessions of the said yearly Value of Forty Pounds, shall use nor wear any of the said Furrs, or any Girdle garnished with Gold [or Silver, in any Part of the same Gilt, or any Corse of Silk made out of this Realm [of England,] or any [Coverchiefs,10] whereof the Price of a Plite shall exceed the Sum of iij. Shillings four-pence; upon Pain to forfeit to the King for every Default thereof Five Marks. Provided always, That the said [menial Esquires,"] Sergeants, Officers of the King's House, Yeomen of the Crown, Yeomen of the King's Chamber, and Esquires and Gentlèmen having Possessions of the said yearly Value of Forty Pound, and the aforesaid Mayors, Recorders, Aldermen, Sheriffs, and Bailiffs of every of the said Cities Towns and Boroughs, and the said Barons of the Five Ports [of the Realm of England,] and their Wives may (') wear the said Furrs of Martrons, [Foyns, 1] Letuse, [pure Gray, or pure Miniver,12 and also that their said Wives may use and wear gilt Girdles, and [Coverchiefs,13] of the Price of Five Shillings the Plite. And Moreover, he hath ordained and stablished, That no Man but such as hath Possessions of the yearly Value of xls. [shall wear 'f in Array for his Body, from the said Feast, any Fustian, Bustian, nor Fustian of Naples, scarlet Cloth in Grain, nor no [Furr 15] but black or white Lamb; all Mayors, Aldermen, Sheriffs, Barons of the Five Ports, Bailiffs of Cities and Boroughs, and other before provided, and their Wives, and the menial Servants of Yeomens Degree, of Lords, Knights, Esquires, and other Gentlemen having Possessions of the said yearly Value of Forty Pounds except; upon Pain of Forty Shillings to be forfeit to the King for every such Default;

use and also that and Bailiffs
use or Funes
pured Grey Menyver, such woman
or with Silver in eny part therof ovgilt
Kerchef Squiers menialx
pured Grey or pured Menyver
Kerchiefs use nor pellure

et q les Maires del Citee de Loundres, qi sont ou ount estez ou enapres pur le temps sront, & leurs femes, puissent user & were tiel araie come devant est limite as Bacheler Chevaliers & a leurs femes: et q tieux queux sont ou ount estez ou pur le temps sront Aldermen ou Recorders de mesme la Citee, et auxi q toutz Maires & Viscountz des Citees Villes & Burghs dicest roialme, tieux queux sont Counteez corporez, & toutz Maires & Baillifs de toutz autres Citees, & de chun de les [de les'] Cynq, Portes & les Barons des mesmes les Portes, tieux queux ount estez esluz & assignez, ou en temps avenir sront esluz & assignez, a fere lour svice en la Coronacion du Roy ou de Roigne, et Maires & Baillifs des Burghs corporez esteantz Shiretownes, & les Maires & Baillifs de Colchestre & Lynne, & les Recorders de les ditz Citees Burghs & Villes esteantz Countees corporeez, & de toutz autres Citees, ore esteantz Recorders ou queux ount estez ou enapres sront, & les Aldermen diceux, & leurs femmes, en semblable maner puissent user & were tiel araie come dev'nt est limitez as Esquiers & gentilz homes dev'nt especifiez eiantz possessions del annuett value de xl ti. Et auxint ad ordeigne & establie q null home, forsq, tiel qi ad possessions al annuett value de xl ti. ou a desuis, use ou were a le dit fest ascuns furres de Martrons letuse pure Grey ou pure Meniver, ne nulle feme fitz file ou svant dascun tiel home, mesmes les fitz & file esteantz en sa rule & govnement, Ne nulle feme Vieu, forsq. tiel qe ad possessions du dit annuell value de x! ti, use ou were ascuns de les ditz furres, ou ascune ceincture garnisse oveq, or ou oveq argent en ascun part dicett suisorre ou ascune corse de soie fait hors de cest Roialme, ou ascun covchief dont le price dun plite passera le some de iij s. iiij d; sur peine de forfeire au Roy pur chun defaute ent cynq marcs. Purveu toutz foitz q les ditz Esquiers menialx geantz Officers del hostell du Roy, Vadlettes del corone, Vadlettes du chambre du Roy & Esquiers & gentilx homes eiantz possessions du dit annuell value de xl fi. & les avantditz Mairs Recorders Aldermen Viscountz & Baillifs de chun de les ditz Citeez Villes & Burghs, & les ditz Barons de les Cynq, Portes, & leur femes, puissent user & were les ditz furres de Martrons funes letuse pure Grey ou pure menyver, & auxi qe leur ditz fēmes puissent user & were ceinctures suisorrez & covchiefs, del price dun plite, de cynq souldz. Et enoultre ad ordeigne & establie, q null home, forsq, tiel qi ad possessions dannuell value de xl s, use ne were en araie pur son corps a le dit fest ascun fustian bustian ne fustian de Napuls, scarlet drap en graine, ne nulle pellure forso, dagnell noire ou dagnell blanc; toutz Maires Aldermen Viscountz Barons de les Cynq Portz Baillifs des Citees & Burghs & autres pdevent purveuez, & leur femmes, & les menialx svantz de yomens degree des f's, Chevaliers Esquiers & autres gentilx homes eiantz possessions du dit annuelt value de xl ti. exceptz; sur peine de forfeire au Roy a chun defaute xl s.

An erroneous Repetition on the Roll.

Et auxi ad ordeigne & establie, q nutt vadlet ne nutt autre psone desoub3 cett degre, a le fest de Seint Pere appelles ladvincle q sra en lan de nre f' Mille CCCC lxv. use ne were en araie pur son corps ascuns bolsters ne stuffe de laine, Coton ne cadas, nautre stuffure en son perpoint sauf linure accordant al mesme; sur peine de forfeire au Roy al chun defaute vi s. viiij d. Et oultre ad ordeigne & estaplie, q nuff Chevalier desoubz lestate de f' esquier gentilhome nenautre psone use ou were a le fest de toutz seintz qi Bra en lan nre f' Mille CCCC lxv. ascun govne Jaket ou cloche, sil ne soit de tiel longeure come cett, celuy esteant toutdroit, cova sez privez membres & buttoks; sur peine de forfeire au Roy a chun defaute xx s: et auxi ad ordeigne & establie q nutt Taillour face apres mesme le fest au ascun psone ascune govne Jaket ou cloche de meindre longeur, ou perpoint stuffe, cont'rie a les p'messes, sur mesme la peine, a chun defaute: et auxi ad ordeigne & establie q nutt Chevalier, desoubz lestate de f', esquier gentil home ou autre psone, use ne were a le dit fest de Seint Peere ascuns solers ou boteaux eiantz pikes passantz la longeur de deux poutz, sur peine de forfeire au Roy al chescun defaute quarant deniers; et auxi ad ordeigne & establie q si ascun Corueser (') ascuns pikes des solers ou boteaux apres le dit fest de Seint Peere au ascun des ditz psones contrarie a cest orden'nce, forface ensement au Roy a chun defaute qarant deniers. Et auxint ad ordeigne & establie p la dit auctorite q nuft svant de husbondrie, ne coe laborer ne svant au ascun artificer enhabitant hors del Citee ou Burgh, apres le dit fest de toutz seintz use ne were en leur vesture ascun drap, dount le brodeyerde passera en price ij s. Ne q ascun mesmes les svantes ou laborers suffre ascune de leurs femmes duser ou were a mesme le fest ascun vesture de pluis hault price q est devent limite a lour Barons, Ne q ceux suffrent ascune de leurs ditz femmes apres mesme le fest duser ou were ascuns couvchiefs dont le price del plite passera dousze deniers; Ne q ascun de les mesmés svantes ne laborers puis mesme le fest use ou were ascuns chausez closez, ne ascuns chauses dont le paire passera en price xiiij d; Ne q les mesmes sventez ou laborers ne nutt de leurs femmes a mesme le fest were ascun ceincture garnisse dargent, su peine de forfeire p' chun defaute au Roy xl. deniers: et pur ceo q les covchiefs journement apportez en cest Roialme enducent g'und charge & cost en le mesme, & en effect en gast, Nre dit f' le Roy p lauctorite suisdit ad ordeigne & establie, q nulle psone aps le fest de Seint Michelt larchangle q Bra en lan de f' Mille CCCC lxv vende en ascune part dedeinz cest Roialme ascune lavne Nifels umple ou ascun autre mane dez couvchiefs dount le price dun plite passera x s. sur peine de forfeire au Roy pur chun plite venduz a pluis haulte price xiij s. iiij d.

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And also he hath ordained and stablished, That no Yeoman, nor none other Person under [the same '] Degree, from the said Feast of Saint Peter called ad vincula, which shall be in the Year of our Lord M CCCC lxv. shall use nor wear in Array for his Body, any Bolsters nor stuffing of Wool, Cotton, nor Cadas, nor [any] stuffing in his Doublet, but only Lining according to the same; upon Pain to forfeit to the King's Use for every such Default Six Shillings and Eight-pence. Also [our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That no Knight under the Estate of a Lord, Esquire, Gentleman, nor none other Person, shall use or wear from the Feast of All Saints, which shall be in the Year of our Lord MCCCC lxv. any Gown, Jacket, or [Coat,3] unless it be of such Length that the same (4) may cover his privy Members and Buttocks; upon Pain to forfeit to the King for every Default Twenty Shillings: [Also by the Assent aforesaid, it is ordained, That 5] no Taylor after the said Feast, shall make to any Person, any Gown, Jacket, or [Coat3] of less Length, or Doublet stuffed, contrary to the Premises, upon the same Pain for every Default. And also hath ordained and established, [in the said present Parliament,] That no Knight under the State of a Lord, Esquire, Gentleman, nor other Person, shall use nor wear, after the said Feast of Saint Peter, any Shoes or Boots having Pikes passing the Length of Two Inches; upon Pain to forfeit to the King for every Default Three Shillings and Four-pence. [And 3] if any [Shoemaker 6] make any Pikes of Shoes or Boots after the said Feast of Saint Peter, to any of the said Persons, contrary to this Ordinance, he shall likewise forfeit to the King for every Default [Four Shillings Four-pence. 7] Also he hath ordained and established, [by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, 1 That no Servant of Husbandry, nor no common Labourer nor Servant [nor 9] any Artificer dwelling out of a City or Borough, after the said Feast of All Saints, shall use nor wear in their Clothing any Cloth, whereof the broad Yard shall pass the Price of Two Shillings; nor that any of the said Labourers nor Servants suffer any of their Wives to wear (") after the same Feast, any Cloathing of higher Price than before is limited to their Husbands; nor that they suffer any of their said Wives, after the same Feast, to (") wear any [Coverchiefs,"] whereof the Price of the Plite shall pass Twelve-pence; nor that none of the same Servants nor Labourers, after the same Feast, shall wear any close [Hosen, 13] whereof the Pair shall pass in Price Fourteen-pence; nor that the same Servants nor Labourers, nor none of their Wives, from the said Feast, shall wear any Girdle garnished with Silver; upon Pain to forfeit for every Default to the King, Three Shillings Four-pence. And because that [Coverchiefs "] daily brought into this Realm do induce great Charge and Cost in the same, and in Effect in Waste, our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That no Person, after the Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel, which shall be in the Year of our Lord [One thousand five hundred sixty-five,15] shall sell in any Part within this Realm, any Lawn, Niefles, Umple, or any other manner of [Coverchiefs,"] whereof the (16) Plite shall exceed Ten Shillings, upon Pain to forfeit to the King for every Plite sold at an higher Price, xiij s. iiij d.

Apparel of Yeomen.

Length of Gowns, Jackets, and Cloaks.

Penalty on

Length of Pikes to Shoes and Boots.

Penalty on Shoemakers,

Apparel of Servants in Husbandry, Labourers, . &c.

Price of

5 And also bath ordained and established that

8 by the said Authority

Vol. II.

5 K

Original from PENN STATE

Justices of the Peace and Mayors may hear and determine Offences.

Application of For-

Removal of

such Proceed-

ings into the King's Bench.

Proviso for Persons officiating at Divine Service;

feitures.

For the Judges, Masters in Chancery, &c. ;

For Scholars Universities;

Heralds, Players, &c.

Purses, Caps for Children, &c.

Military Array.

And also he hath ordained and stablished, That the Justices of the Peace of every County, Mayors of Cities and Boroughs within this Realm, shall have Authority and Power to enquire, hear, and determine all and every of the said Defaults and Forfeitures, as well by Enquiry as by due Examination of every of the said Offenders contrary to this Ordinance; and the Matters and Causes, concerning the said Offences and Forfeitures, to determine by like Process and in like Manner and Form before Attainder in this Behalf, as is commonly used by them of Trespass done with Force and Arms against the King's Peace, and after the Attainder like Execution. And if any Matter, touching any of the said Offences, be removed [of'] any of the said Justices of Peace or Mayors, before the King, that then the Justices [assigned for 2] Pleas before the King to be holden, shall have Power to award such Process and Execution in this Behalf, as before is limited. Also he hath ordained and stablished, That all the said Forfeitures, and every of them, shall be levied, applied, and employed to the Use and Expences of the King's House. Provided always, That this [Statute3] of Array be in no wise prejudicial or hurtful to any Person, of and for (4) wearing of any [Ornament,⁵] Vesture, or Apparel in doing of Divine Service, and attending to the same; nor that this Ordinance extend to the Justices of any Bench of our Sovereign Lord the King, Master or [Warden 6] of the Rolls, [Master 7] of the King's Chancery, Barons of the King's Exchequer, nor Chancellor of the same, which now be, or hereafter shall be, nor to any of them. Provided also, That the Scholars of the Universities of this Realm, and Scholars of any University out of this Realm, may (8) wear such Array as they may (8) wear by the Rule of the said Universities, notwithstanding this Ordinance. Provided also, That Henchmen, Heralds, Pursuivants, Sword-bearers to Mayors, Messengers, and Minstrels, nor none of them, nor Players in their Interludes, shall not be comprised within this [Statute 9]; nor no Persons as for wearing of any [Purses, Broches, 10] or Crowns for Caps of Children, shall be (") comprised within the same. Provided also, That this [Ordinance 9] do in no wise extend to any manner of Array necessarily to be [worn "] in War, or in [the Feats 13] of the same.

1 from of of ordenance 4 usyng or ⁵ honourement Rot. Parl. • Keper 7 Maisters s use and nu. 20. 10 Purces Pawteners 9 acte 11 in eny wise 12 used 13 Fetes

Et auxint ad ordeigne & establie q les Justices de Peas de chun Countee, Maires des Citees & Burghs dedeinz cest Roialme, aient auctorite & poair denquerrer oier & Pminer toutz & chun de les ditz defautes & forfaitures, sibien p enquerre come p due examinacion de chun de les ditz offendours cont'rie a cest orden'nce; & les matiers & causes les ditz offenses & forfaitures conchantz a tminer p semblable pcesse & en semblables mane & fourme devent atteindre en cell partie, come p ceux est usuelment usez de trespasse fait ove force & armes encontre la peax du Roy, et puis latteindre semblable execucion: et si ascune matier touchant ascun de les ditz offenses soit remoevez dascun de les av'ntditz Justices de Peas ou Maires dev'nt le Roy, q adouqes les Justices as plees devent le Roy a teniers aient poair dagarder tielx pcesse & execucion en cell partie come devent est limitez. Et auxint ad ordeigne & establie q toutz les ditz forfaitures & chun deux soient levez appliez & emploiez al oeps & expenses delt hostelt nre dit f' le Roy. Purveu toutz foitz q cest ordenence darraie en nutt mane Pjudice nendamage ascun psone, de ou pur user ou weryng dascun ornament vesture ou apparaill en faisant divine svice & a icell entendant; Ne q cest orden'nce extende as Justices dascun des Bancs du Roy, Maister ou Gardein des Rolles, maistres del Chauncellarie du Roy, Barons deschequer du Roy, ne Chaunceller dicett, qi ore sont ou enapres sront, ne as ascuns deux. Purveu ensement q les Scolers des Univsitees cesty roialme, & Scolers dascune Univisite hors de cest roialme, puissent user & were tiel araie come ceux puissent user & were solone la rule de les ditz Univsiteez, cest orden'nce nient contristeant. Purveu auxi q Hensmen, Heroldes, Purcyvantez, Swerdeberers as Maires, Messagers & Ministrelles, nascun deux ne Jouers en lour entreludes ne soient comprisez en cest orden'nce; Ne ascune psone come pur weryng dascuns burses pauteners ou corounes pur cappes des enfaunts soit en ascun mane comprise en icett. Purveu auxi q cest orden'nce en nult man extende au ascun mane darraie destre necessarement usez, en guerre ou en feetes del mesme.

Anno 4° EDWARDI, IV. A.D. 1464-5.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond VI. m. 6, 5, 4.

In Margine

Rotuli.

sentile pairs les slat-fast, aurise plain, expansequestions

Nre f' le Roy Edward puis le Conquest quart, a son parlement sümonez a Westîn le xxix jour daprill lan de son reigne tierce, & p divses progacions & adjornamentz jusqes le xxj jour de Janiver lan de son reigne quart continuez, mesme le xxj jour de Janiver, al revence de Dieu & pur le bien de luy & son poeple, de ladvis & assent des €'s espuelx & temporely & a speciall request de sez Cõez en son dit parlement esteantz, & p lauctorite de mesme le parlement, fist ordeigner & establier cteins estatutes & orden'nces en la fourme qensuit: En primes pur ceo q come plusours ans passez, il ad este & en cestes jours il est q lovaigne de draps & les membres & requisites a icelt fuist & est de tiel fraude deceite & faulxine, q le dit draps es parties dautres Pres nest pas eue en ascune reputacion, en g'unt hount de cest Pre; & p encheson de ceo draps dautres est'ungez tres sont amesnez en g'und quantite en mesme le Roialme & illeoqes venduz del hault & excessive price, monstrant clerement loffence defaute & faulxine en la faisance de draps du laine de cest tre: Nre dit f' le Roy pur la remument de les Pmissez, & en Pferrement de tielx labours & occupacions quelles ount este usez p la feisance du dit draps, de ladvis assent request & auctorite avantditz ad ordeigne & establie cteinz statutz & orden'ncez es man & fourme ensuantz.

Primement ordeignez est & establie p lauctorite suisdit, q chun entier drap lanuz, appellez brode Cloth, q sra fait & mis a vend a le fest de Seint Pier appelle ladvincule, q Bra en lan de f' Mille CCCC lxv, apres plein enewance rakkyng streynyng ou tenturyng dicell prest a vend, teigne & conteigne en longeur xxiiij aulnes, & a chun aulne un pouz conteign'nt la laeure du pouz lome, destre mesurez p la crest de mesme le drap, & en laeur ij aulnes ou vij quart's au meins deinz les listes; et si le dit drap soit pluis long en mesure q les ditz xxiiij aulnes & les pouz, donq lachatour dicett paiera al vendour pur ceo q lexcede autiel mesure de xxiiij aulnes, solonc la rate de la mesure desuis ordeignez. Auxi ordeignez est & establie p lauctorite suisdit, q toutz mans draps appellez Streites destre faitz & misez a vend puis le dit fest, apres plein enewance rakkyng streinyng ou tenturyng dicell prest al vend, teigne & conteigne en longeur xij aulnes & les pouz, solonc la mesure av'ntdit & en laeure une aulne deinz les listes.

IN THE FOURTH YEAR.

OUR Lord King Edward the Fourth after the Conquest, at his Parliament summoned at Westminster the Nine-and-twentieth Day of April, in the Third Year of his Reign, and by divers Prorogations and Adjournments continued till the One-and-twentieth Day of January, in the Fourth Year of his Reign, on the same One-and-twentieth Day of January, to the Reverence of God, and for the Wealth of him and his People, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Request of his Commons being in the said Parliament, [hath '] ordained and established certain Statutes and Ordinances in Form following. First, Whereas many Years past, and now at this Day, the Workmanship of Cloth, and Things requisite to the same, is and hath been of such Fraud, Deceit, and Falsity, that the said Cloths in other Lands and Countries be [had in small'] Reputation, to the great Shame of this Land; and by reason thereof a great Quantity of Cloths of other strange Lands be brought into this Realm, and there sold at an high and excessive Price, evidently shewing the Offence, Default, and Falshood of the making of Woollen Cloths of this Land: Our said Lord the King, for the Remedy of the Premises, and to the Preferment of such Labours and Occupations, which have been used by the making of the said Cloths, by the Advice, Assent, Request, and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and established certain Statutes and Ordinances in Manner and Form ensuing.

FIRST, (3) That every whole Woollen Cloth, called Broad Cloth, which shall be made and set to Sale after the Feast called Saint Peter ad vincula, which shall be in the Year of our Lord M.CCCC.LXV. after the full [watering '] racking, straining or tenturing of the same ready to Sale, shall hold and contain in Length xxiv. Yards, and to every Yard an Inch. containing the Breadth of a Man's Thumb, to be measured by the Crest of the same Cloth, and in Breadth ij Yards, or vij Quarters at the least, within the Lists; And if the said Cloth be longer in Measure than the said xxiv. Yards, and the Inches, then the Buyer thereof shall pay to the Seller for as much as doth exceed such Measure of xxiv. Yards, according to the Rate of the Measure Length and Breadth of above ordained. [And it is enacted 5] and established by the Authority aforesaid, That all manner of Cloths called Streits, to be made and put to Sale after the same Feast, after the full [watering 1] racking, straining or tenturing thereof, ready to Sale, shall hold and contain in Length xij Yards and the Inches, according to the Measure aforesaid, and in Breadth one Yard within the Lists,

making of Cloth.

and by Authority of the same Parliament, bath caused to be not had in eny wetyng Rot. Parl.

3 It is ordained and established by the Authority aforesaid,

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Original from PENN STATE Length and Breadth of Kerseys.

Half Cloths.

Lambs Wool, Flocks, Tallow, or Cork. shall not be put into Cloth.

Penalty.

Exceptions.

Cloths shall perfectly pursue one Order of Workmanship.

A Seal of Lead shall be set upon faulty Cloth.

All Cloth lawfully made shall be sealed with a double Print in Lead.

Sealing of Half-Cloths and Cloths less than whole Cloths; Also It is ordained and established by the Authority aforesaid, That every Cloth called Kersey, to be made and put to Sale after the said Feast, after the full [watering, '] racking, straining, or tenturing of the same ready to Sale, shall hold and contain in Length xviij Yards and the Inches as is afore said, and in Breadth one Yard and a Nail, or at the least one Yard, within the Lists. Also It is ordained and established by the Authority aforesaid, That every half Cloth of every of the said whole Cloths, Streits, and Kerseys, shall keep his Measure in Length and Breadth according to the Rate (2) Form and Nature of his whole Cloth aforesaid. And that no Person which shall make, or cause to be made, any Woollen Cloth to sell after the said Feasts, shall mingle, or put in or upon the same Cloth, nor (3) the Wool whereof the said Cloth shall be made, any Lambs Wool, Flocks, (4) or Cork in any manner, upon Pain to forfeit xx s. for every Cloth or Half Cloth, wherein or whereupon any such Lambs Wool, Flocks, (*) or Cork, shall be put or mingled; the one Half thereof to be to the King, and the other Half to him that will seise the same Cloth, and duly prove the same to be made contrary to this Ordinance; [but 5] it shall be lawful [for him 6] to make Cloth of Lambs Wool by itself, without [mingling] with any other Wool; except also that Cork may be used in dying upon woaded Wool, and also in dying of all such Cloth that is only made of woaded Wool, so that the same Wool and Cloth be perfectly boiled and madered; except also, that Cork may be put upon Cloth which is perfectly boiled and madered. Also it is ordained and [enacted, 8] That every of the said Cloths and Half Cloths shall perfectly and rightly pursue and follow one Order of Workmanship from one End to the other, without Difference in [the weaving,9] fulling, knotting, or burling; and in case any such Difference, or Raw, Skaw, Cokel or Fagge happen to be in any Part of the said Cloths Streits or Kerseys, that then a Seal of Lead therefore ordained, and by the Treasurer of England for the Time being [provided,10] shall be set and hanged in the [lowest"] Part of the Edge of the same Cloth Streit or Kersey, for [perfect Knowledge 12] to be had to the Buyer thereof; And that every of the said Cloths, Streit and Kersey, of the Length and Breadth aforesaid, and also of the said Perfection, shall be from the Feast of Saint Peter ad vincula sealed at the End of the same with a double Print in Lead, (13) devised and ordained by the said Treasurer, in Testimony and Witness of the foresaid true Length, Breadth, and [Making "]. And if any of the foresaid Cloths, Streits or Kerseys, do not contain the foresaid Breadth and Length, or be not of the perfect Workmanship aforesaid, and the Two Parts of the same Cloths, Streits or Kerseys, be of the true and perfect Workmanship aforesaid, keeping their said Length and Breadth, that then every such Cloth, Streit and Kersey shall be sealed with the said Seals in the Form aforesaid. And that every Half-Cloth (15) containing greater Length than the Half-Cloth, and less Length than the whole Cloth, of the Sorts of the Cloths aforesaid, being of the same perfect Workmanship and Breadth, shall be sealed with a Seal [printed 16] in Lead, having a Mark differing from both the Seals aforesaid, in Testimony and Witness of the true Length, Breadth, and [making 4] of [the 17] Half-Cloth: wetyng of the s into

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5 Except that
4 talowe
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                                                    Rot. Parl.
                 10 to be devised
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12 a knowlech and understondyng
15 to be
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                 14 pfitness
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16 ympressed
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Auxi ordeignez est & establie, p lauctorite suisdit, q chun drap appelle Kerseie destre fait & mise a vend puis le dit fest, apres plein enewance rakkyng streynyng ou tenturyng dicett pst al vend, teigne & conteigne en longeure xviij aulnes & les pouz come dev'nt est dit, & en laeure une aulne & la naile, ou au meins une aulne deinz les listes. Auxi ordeignez est & establie p lauctorite suisdit, q chun dimi drap de chun de les entiers draps Streites & Kerseis garde sa mesure en longeur & laeure, solonc la rate fourme & nature de son entier drap av'ntdit : et q nulle psone q ferra ou affaire ferra ascun mane drap lanuz au vend a le dit fest, melle ou mette, en ou sur mesme le drap, ne en la leine dont le drap sra fait, ascune leine dagnett flokkes, seu, ou Cork en ascun mane; sur peine de forfeiture de xx s. pur chun drap ou dimi drap, en quett ou sur quett ascun tiel laine dagnell flokkes, seu, ou Cork Bra ou Bront mis ou mellez ; lune moite ent de remainer a Roy, & lautre moite ent a celuy qi seisera ascun tiel drap & duement pvera icell estre fait cont'rie a cest orden'nce; Forsprise qil lisera de faire du laine dagnett p luy mesme, s'unz ascune comixtion ovesq ascune autre laine; Forsprise auxi q cork poet estre usee en tincture sur laine waidez, & auxi en tincture de tout tiel drap qest tancsoulement fait de laine waidez, issint q mesmes les laine & drap soient parfitement coictz & maderez; Forsprise auxi q cork poet estre mise sur drap q est pfitement coicte & madere. Auxi ordeignez est & establie, q chun de les ditz draps & dimi draps pursue & sue parfitement & droitment une ordre dovaigne, pmy, a une fine jusqes lautre, s'unz divsite en texture, fullure, knottyng ou burlyng; et en cas q ascune autiel divsite ou Rawe, Skawe, cokeff ou fagge, aveigne destre en ascun part des ditz draps Streites ou Kerseies, qadonqes une seale de plumb pur icett ordeigner & p le Tresorer Dengletre pur le temps esteant aviser, soit mis & pende en lextreme part del margine de mesme le drap, Streite ou Kerseie, pur coignis unce & entendement destre euez a lachatour dicett; et q chun de les ditz draps Streite & Kerseie, de longeure & laeure avantditz, & auxi del pfeccion suisdit, soit a le fest de Seint Peere ladvincle enseale al fine dicett ovec une double print en plumb, p le dit Tresorer semblement deviser & ordeigner, en testmoigne & recorde de les avantditz foiall longeur laeure & pfeccion; et si ascun des aventditz draps streites ou kerseis ne conteigne mie lavantditz laeur & longeur, ou ne soit mie del parfit ovaigne av ntdit, & les deux parties des mesmes les draps streites ou kerseies soient del Prai & parfit oPaigne av ntdit, gard untz les ditz longeure & laeure, qadonqes chun tiel drap streite & kerseie soit enseale ove les avantditz seales en la fourme avantdit. Et q chun di drap & drap conteign nt greindre longeur q le di drap, & meindre longeur q lentier drap, de les sortes des draps avantditz, esteantz del parfit ovaigne & laeur avantditz, soit enseale oveq une seale empssez en plumb, eiant signe different a lune & lautre des ditz seales, en testmoigne & record de Vraiz longeur laeur & pfeccion de di drap :

Et si ascun drap lanuz, dascun de les sortes de les draps avent recitez, parfitment fait & eiant laeur solonc son sorte avent limitez, conteignent trois aulnes & di ou plus, meins q le dimi drap, soit mis a vend apres le dit fest, q mesme le drap soit enseale ovec ung seale empssez en plumbe eiant signe different a chuny de les ditz seales, pur coignis'unce destre eue del defaute de di drap; les ditz seales a estre devisez & ordeignez p le dit Tresorer, & estre mis al fine de chun de les di draps & draps meindres q dimi draps. Auxi p ladvis assent & auctorite suisditz, ordeignez est & establie, q le Tresorer Dengletre, pur le temps esteant, aiet poair & auctorite defaire [defaire '] tielx & t'untz Gardeins de les ditz seales come a luy semblera necessaire; Issint q nutt est'unge neez soit fait ascun de mesmes les Gardeins; Et q chun des ditz Gardeins ensi affairs accompte annuelment de les revenuz de lour ditz offices, en le dit Eschequer devant les Tresorer Dengletre & Barons illeoqes pur le temps esteantz, duement monstrant en les mesmes accomptes le nombre de toutz draps, dimi draps, streites & kerseis p eux ensealez, oveq, les nouns de les possessours diceux; chun de mesmes les Gardeins a estre guerdonnez annuelment a son dit accompt, pur sez labour & diligence en cel partie euez, al Receipt du dit Eschequer p la discrecion de les ditz Tresorer & Barons, s'unz ascun paiement dascune chose en le dit Eschequer en ou pur la faisance de son dit accompt: et en cas ascun de les ditz Gardeins enseale ascun de les avantditz draps oveq ascun autre seale, ou ascun de mesmes les draps autrement faitz q p les manier & orden nce desuis especifiez, et ceo p sufficient prouf & examinacion monstrez & approvez dev'nt les ditz Tresorer & Barons, p les ditz deposicion testmoigne & record de tielx sufficientz psones de bon & due reputacion queux ont prompt expience en texture fullure & faisure de draps; ou si mesme le Gardein refuse densealer ascun de les ditz draps faitz accordaunt a les mesmes mane & ordenance; ou si ascun tiel Gardein ou Alnor preigne a le dit fest pur le Roy dascune psone, pur lensealer ou aulnage dascun manier drap, ascun autre some de monoie qest conteignuz es statutz & orden nces dev nt cest temps ent faitz & nient repellez; ou si ascun tiel Gardein ou Aulnour a le dit fest refuse demonstrer sa Comission de son office, au ascune psone ceo desirant sur lensealer ou mesurement dascun de les draps aventditz, & ceo examinez & duement provez, q adonqes il a tauntz defoitz come il en ascun de les pmissez offende, la some de xx s. forfaca, lune moite ent au Roy, & lautre moite a la partie provant la dit offence en icett, p suite dent estre eue dev'nt les ditz Tresorer & Barons p bille de dette en le dit Eschequer, en quel bille autielx bille & execucion soient euez, queux sont usuelment usez & euez envs autres accomptantz en mesme leschequer: et q cestz estatuitz & orden*ncez, & autres statuitz & ordenancez devant cest temps faitz, nient repellez, con-Enantz ascuns de les Pmisses, soient conteignuz & especifiez en chescun Comission au chun tiel Gardein ou Aulnour aps le dit fest affaire. Et auxi lou pcydevent en les occupacions del faisance de drap An erroneous Repetition on the Roll.

And if any Woollen Cloth of any Sorts of the Cloths before recited, perfectly made, and having Breadth after his Sort before limited, containing Three Yards and an Half, or more, less than the Half-Cloth, be put to Sale after the said Feast, the same Cloth shall be sealed with a Seal [printed'] in Lead, having a Mark differing from any of the said Seals, for a Knowledge to be had of the Default of the Half Cloth; the said Seals to be devised and ordained by the said Treasurer, and to be put at the End of every of the Half-Cloths, and Cloths less than Half Cloths. Also by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, It is ordained and established, That the Treasurer of England for the Time being, shall have Power and Authority to make such and as many Keepers of the said Seals, as he shall think necessary; so that no Stranger born be made any of the said Keepers; And that every of the said Keepers so to be made, shall accompt yearly of the Revenues of their said Offices in the said Exchequer before the Treasurer of England, and the Barons there for the Time being, duly shewing in the same Accompts the Number of the Cloths, Half Cloths, Streits, and Kerseys sealed by them, with the Names of the Owners of the same; every of the same Keepers to be rewarded yearly at his said Accompt, for his Labour and Diligence had in this Behalf, at the Receipt of the said Exchequer, by the Discretion of the said Treasurer and Barons, without Payment of any Thing in the said Exchequer in or for the making of his said Accompt: And in case any of the said Keepers do seal any of the aforesaid Cloths with any other Seal, or any of the same Cloths otherwise made than according to the Manner and Ordinance above specified, and that by sufficient Proof and Examination shewed and approved before the said Treasurer and Barons by [the said Deposition, Testimony, and Witness 1] of such sufficient Persons of good and due Reputation, which have had [prompt 3] Experience in [weaving, 1] fulling, and [making 5] of Cloths; or if the same Keeper do refuse to seal any of the said Cloths, made according to the said Manner and Ordinance; or if any such Keeper or Aulneger do take after the said Feast, for the King, of any Person, for the sealing or measuring of any Sorts of Cloth, any other Sum of Money than is contained in the Statutes and Ordinances made before this Time, and not repealed; or if any such Keeper or Aulneger, after the said Feast, do refuse to shew his Commission of his Office, to any Person desiring the same upon the sealing or measuring of any such Cloths before rehearsed, and that examined and duly proved, that then he, as often as he shall offend in any of the Premises, shall forfeit the Sum of xx s. the one Half thereof to the King, and the other Half to the Party proving the said Offences therein, by Suit [to be made of before the said Treasurer and Barons, by Bill of Debt in the said Exchequer, in which Bill [like Judgement 7] and Execution shall be had, as is accustomably had and used against other Accomptants in the same Exchequer: And that these Statutes and Ordinances, and other Statutes and Ordinances made before this Time, and not repealed, concerning any of the Premises, shall be contained and specified in every Commission to be made to every such Keeper or Aulneger after the said Feast. Also Whereas before this Time in the Occupations of Cloth-making,

Half-Cloths.

The Lord Treasurer shall make as many Keepers of the Cloth Seal as he will; not being Aliens.

The Account ers of the Seal, and their Reward.

The Penalty

Cloths shall be inserted Aulnager's

inpssed the deposicion witnes and record Rot. Parl. • webbyng

6 therfore to be had

Vol. II.

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Original from PENN STATE Clothiers shall pay their Workfolks ready Money; and shall deliver them Wool according to the Weight.

Workers of Wool shall do their Duty therein lawfully.

The Fuller's Duty in his Occupation.

What Magistrates and others may enquire of and punish Offenders.

the Labourers thereof have been driven to take a great Part of their Wages in Pins, Girdles, and other unprofitable Wares, under such Price [that it did not extend to, and also have delivered to them Wools to be wrought by [very 1] excessive Weight, [whereby both Men and Women have been discouraged 3] of such Labour; Therefore it is ordained and established by the Authority aforesaid, That every Man and Woman being Cloth-makers, from the said Feast of Saint Peter, shall pay to the Carders, Spinsters, and all [such other 1] Labourers in any Part of the said Trade, lawful Money for all their lawful Wages, and Payment of the same; and also shall deliver Wools to be wrought according to the [faithful Delivery 5] and due Weight thereof; upon Pain of Forfeiture to the same Labourer of the Treble of his said Wages so [not paid,6] as often as the said Cloth-maker doth refuse to pay, in the said Manner and Form, to any such Labourer put by him to Occupation in any of the said Parts of Cloth-making; and also to forfeit to the same Labourer, for every [Delivery 7] of excessive and unlawful Weight to him committed to be wrought, vj d. for every Default. Also It is ordained [and established] by the Authority aforesaid, That every Carder, Spinster, Weaver, Fuller, Shearman, and Dyer, shall duly perform his Duty in his Occupation, upon Pain to yield to the Party grieved in this Behalf his Double Damages; and that every Fuller, from the said Feast of Saint Peter, in his Craft and Occupation of fulling, [rowing, or tayseling 8] of Cloth, shall exercise and use Taysels and no Cards, deceitfully impairing the same Cloth, upon Pain to yield to the Party grieved his Double Damages. And that every Justice of Peace for the Time being, of every County of this Realm, throughout [the same County,9] out of Cities, Boroughs, and Towns where any Mayor, Master, [Warden,10] Bailiff or Bailiffs is or be, and every Mayor [where there is no Master,"] and every Master where there is no Mayor, and every Bailiff or Bailiffs where there is no Mayor nor Master, and every Portreve where no Mayor, Master, Bailiff nor Bailiffs, is or be, of every City, Borough, and Town within every such County aforesaid, and every Constable of Hundred, where any Constable of Hundred is, out of every City, Borough, and Town, where any Mayor, Master, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or Portreves, is or be, and every Steward keeping or holding Wapentake or Leet of any Person out of City, Borough, or Town, where no Mayor, Master, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or Portreves is or be, shall have Power and Authority, by this Ordinance, to hear and determine the Complaints of every such Cloth-maker and Labourer, as well for Non-payment of the said Labourers' Wages, as of the said Forfeiture and Damages, by due Examination of the Parties in this Behalf; and thereupon, for Non-payment of the said Duties and Forfeitures, and for the said Damages, to commit the Offenders in this Behalf to the next Gaol within the same County, there to remain till the said Duties Forfeitures and Damages be fully paid to the said Labourer or Cloth-maker: And also that every of the said Justices of Peace, Mayor, Master, [Warden,10] Bailiff or Bailiffs, Portreve, and Steward of Wapentake and Leet, upon the Information or Complaint of any other Person [which is not "] grieved in this Behalf, shall

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les labourers dicelt ount este chacez de prendre g'und part de lour gages en espinges ceinctz & autres enprofitables michandises, desonbz tiel price q nextende pas a lextent de lour loialx gagez, et auxi ount delivez a ceux laines destre ovez p trop excessive pois, quett ad enchase & enchase homes & femes en discorage dautiel labour; Pur ceo ordeignez est & establie p lauctorite suisdit q chun home & feme faisour de draps a le dit fest de Seint Peere paie as cardours, cardoresses, fileresses & toutz autres les laborers dascun membre dicett, loiatt moneie pur tout lour loialx gages & paiement del mesme; & auxi delive laines estre ovez accordant a la foiatt livre & due pois; sur peine de forfeiture a mesme le laborer de treble de sez ditz gages issint nonpaiez, a tauntz foitz come le dit faisour de drap refuse de paier en les manier & fourme, au ascune tiel laborer p luy mis a loccupacion en ascun de les ditz membres del faisance de drap, & auxi de forfeire a mesme le laborer pur chun ti dexcessive & deloial pois a luy delivez destre ovez, vi d. a chun defaute. Et auxi est ordeigne p lauctorite suisdit q chun cardour, cardoresse, fileresse, tistour, fullour, tondour de drap & tinctour face duement son labour en sa occupacion, sur peine de rendre a la partie endamagez en cett partie doubles damages; et q chun fullour de le dit fest de Seint Peere, en sa arte & occupacion de fuller & scalpier ou tezeiler de drap, exccise & use teizels & nutts cardes, mesme le drap deceivablement enpeirant, sur peine de rendre a la partie endamage doublez damagez. Et o chun Justice de Peas pur le temps esteant de chun Countee de cest roialme, p tut le Countee hors des Citees Burghs & Villes lou Maire, Maister, Gardein, Baillif ou Baillifs est ou sont, et chun Mair lou Mair est, & chun Maister lou nult Mair est, chun Baillif ou Baillifs lou nutt Maire ne Maister est, chun Portrefe lou nutt Maire Maister Baillif ou Baillifs est ou sont, de chun Citie Burgh & Ville deinz chun tiel Countee av'ntdit, et chun Conestable de Hundred, lou Conestable de Hundred est, hors de chun Citee Burgh & Ville lou ascun Maire Maister Baillif ou Baillifs ou Portrefes est ou sont, et chun Seneschaff gardant ou teign'nt Wapentak ou Lete, dascune psone hors de Citee Burgh ou Ville lou nutt Maire Maister Baillif ou Baillifs ou Portrefes est ou sont, ait & aient poair & auctorite p cest Orden'nce doier & Pminer les compleintes de chun tiel faisour de drap & laborer; sibien pur nonpaiement de les ditz gages des ditz laborers, come de les ditz forfaiture & damages, p due examinacion de les parties en celt partie; et sur ceo pur nonpaiement de les ditz duetees & forfaitures, & pur les ditz damages, de cometter les trespassours en cell parte al pschein Gaole deinz mesme le Countee, illeoqes a dem'er tange les ditz duetees forfaitures & damages soient a le dit laborer ou faisour de drap duement paiez: Et auxi q chun de les ditz Justices de Peas, Maire Maister Gardein Baillif ou Baillifs Portrefe & Seneschaff de Wapentak & Lete, sur lenformacion ou compleint dascune autre psone q nest greve en cest part, aiet poair p

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la dit auctorite deinz sa Jurisdiccion, de faire venir dev'nt luy la partie envs quelle lenformacion ou compleint Bra fait pur lencontrefeisure a cest orden nce, et ceux dexaminer en & sur la matier conteignuz en mesme lenformacion ou compleint; et sil trove p examinacion ou autres duez pves la partie en ceo coupable ou defectif, qadonqes mesme la partie, si sovent & pur chun foitz come il est issint trove coupable ou defective, forface au Roy, ou a tiel psone ou psones q ou queux est ou sont entitle ou entitlez davoir fines ou amciamentes pur offenses faitz deinz leur jurisdiction iijs. iiijd. Et q chun de les ditz Justices de peas & autre Officer av ntdit deinz sa jurisdiccion, sur chun del dite enformacion ou compleint, aient plein poair de fere autiel pcesse, envs la partie sur quelle ascune tiel enformacion ou compleint come dev'nt est recitee Bra fait, de luy faire venir psonalment, devent luy, sur ceo destre examinez, sicome Justices de Peas ount sur enformacion ou compleint fait a ceux pur suertie de peas, s'unz ascun fee ou regard destre pris ou eue, p ascun de les ditz Justices ou ascun autre Officer, en celf parte, pur lexecucion de leur offices en cell parte. Auxi ordeignez est & establie p lauctorite suisdit q tout mane drap lanuz fait en ascune autre region, en cest Roialme amesnez & mys a vend deins ascune part del mesme le roialme apres le dit fest de Seint Peer, soit forfait au Roy; Forsprisez draps fait en Gales & Irlond, & Draps prises p ascun des lieges du Roy sur le mere, s'unz fraude ou male engyne. Et p lauctorite suisdit ordeignez est & establie q ascun autre Acte ou Orden nes faitz en cest psent Parlement, concn ntz la faisance de drap ou ascuns de les Pmissez contrariez ou nient accord'untz a cest Act soit & soient voidez & de nutt effect.

Item q come les nobles pgenitours nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy, p g'und & mature advis & divs Actes du plement en long temps passez, ordeignerent & stablierent ung Staple destre a Caleis, a lentent q toutz les leines & pealx lanutz & autres michandises de cest Roialme, appellez mchandises de la Staple, queux sroient eskippez, de passer hors de cest roialme, Proient cariez au dit Staple & a nuft autre lieu; & tancome y fuist issint usez Caleis estoit en g'und suertee, & cest tre come es les Comoditees dicett en gaund pspite; jusques ore tarde, q p estaunges & sinistrez moiens plusours & divsez licences des lains & pealx lanutz ount este g'untez & executez, sibien en le noune du Roy come autrement, & ount passez en les parties doutre le mere, as autres lieux q au dit Staple, & venduz a mesmes les psones queux furent accustumez de venir au dit Staple dachater leines & pealx lanutz illeoqes; et auxi divses psones ount g'undement usez deskipper laines & pealx lanutz hors de cest roialme, ascuns covtement p [nuyt,'] & ascuns ovtement p force, s'unz paier ent au Roy Custume ou Subsidie, & ceux carier as autres lieux q au dit Staple, & eux ount venduz as psones accustumez dachater laines & pealx lanutz au dit Staple; p queux nonduez moiens g'undes damages & enconveniences ount accruez au nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy, & cest son Roialme & a la Saufgarde de sa dite Ville & Marches illeoqes: 1 On an Erasure.

have Power by the said Authority within his Jurisdiction, to cause the Party to come before him, against whom such Information or Complaint shall be made, for [offending '] this Ordinance, and to examine him in and upon the Matter contained in the same Information or Complaint; and if the Party, by Examination or Fine to the other due Proof, be found (1) guilty or defective, that then the same Party, as often and for every Time that he is so found guilty or defective, shall forfeit to the King, or to such Person or Persons which is or be entitled' to have Fines or Amerciaments for Offences done within their Jurisdiction, iij s. iv d. And that every of the said Justices of Peace, and other Officer aforesaid, within his Jurisdiction, upon every of the said Informations or Complaints, shall have full Power to make such Process against the Party, upon whom any such Information or Complaint as before is rehearsed shall be made, to cause him personally to appear before him thereupon to be examined, as Justices of Peace have upon Information or Complaint made to them for Surety of Peace, without any Fee or Reward to be taken or had by any of the said Justices, or any other Officer [in this Party, 3] for the Execution of their Offices in that Behalf. Also It is ordained and established by the Authority aforesaid, That all manner of Woolen Cloths made in any other [Region, 1] brought into this Realm [of England,] and set to Sale within any Part of this Realm [of England,] after the said Feast of Saint Peter, shall be forfeit to our said Sovereign Lord the King; Except Cloths made in Wales and Ireland, and Cloths taken by any of the King's liege People upon the Sea, without Fraud or Collusion. And by the Authority aforesaid, It is ordained and established, That any other Act or [Ordinance 5] made in this present Parliament, concerning Cloth-making or any of the Premises, contrary or not according to this Act, shall be void and of none Effect.

ITEM, Whereas the King's noble Progenitors, by great [Deliberation and o] Advice, and divers Acts of Parliament in (7) Times past, did ordain and establish a Staple to be at Calais, to the Intent that all the Wools and Woolfels, and other Merchandises of this Realm, called Merchandises of the Staple, which should be shipped to pass out of this Realm, should be carried to the said Staple, and to none other Place; and [in the Time that *] it was so used, Calais was in great Surety, and this Land, as to the Commodities of the same, in great Prosperity; till now of late that by strange and sinister Means, many and divers Licences of Wools and Woolfels have been granted and executed, as well in the King's Name as otherwise, and have passed into the Parts beyond the Sea, to other Places than to the said Staple, and sold to the same Persons, which were accustomed to come to the said Staple to buy Wools and Woolfels (9); and also divers Persons have much used to ship Wools and Woolfels out of this Realm, some privily by Night, and some openly by Force,10] without paying therefore to the King any Custom or Subsidy, and carry the same to other Places than to the said Staple, and have sold them to such Persons as were accustomed to buy Wools and Woolfels at the said Staple; by which undue Means, great Damage and Inconvenience hath grown to our said Sovereign Lord the King and this his Realm, and to the Safeguard of the said Town and Marches of the same :

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What Process awarded by Justices of Offenders,

No foreign Cloths shall be brought

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II. Merchandises exported to the Staple

Wools, &c. shall be shipped at particular Ports only;

The Shippers shall find Surety that the same go to Calais;

and bring a Certificate thereof from the Customer there into the Exchequer;

Penalty on the Customer at Calais not delivering such Certificate;

On Shippers and others offending against this A&.

The Mayor of the Staple at Calais may bring Suits.

Trial and Pro-

Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, by the Advice, Assent, Request, and Authority aforesaid, doth grant, ordain, and establish, That (1) Wools and Woolfels, Shorling and Morling, that shall be shipped to pass out of this Realm, after the Feast of Easter, which shall be in the Year of our Lord M.CCCC.LXV. shall be shipped at the Towns of such Ports wherein the King hath his Beam, his Weights, and Collectors of the Custom to serve and deliver the [Merchants 1]; that is to say, at the Towns of Poole, Southampton, Chichester, Sandwich, London, Ipswich, Boston, Hull, Lynn and in none other Place, Creek, nor Port; the Wools and Woolfels, to be shipped in Galleys and Carraks, and in none other Vessel, to pass out of this Realm [by3] the Streits of Marrocke, foreprised and except: And that by the same Authority, every Person that so shall ship or cause to be shipped out of this Realm, any Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling, after the said Feast, upon the shipping of them, and before that they pass out of any of the said Towns, where they shall be shipped, shall find sufficient Surety to the King, and to the Collectors of his Custom there for the Time being, that the same Wools, Woolfels, Shorling and Morling, shall pass to Calais, and to none other Place, without Fraud or Collusion: And also by the same Authority It is ordained, That every Person which so shall ship Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling to Calais, shall bring within Twelve Months next following (4) such shipping into the King's Exchequer, there to be entered of Record, a Certificate [of 3] him, which is or for the Time shall be called the King's Customer, at the [Port 6] there, testifying the coming of all such Ships with Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling to Calais: Also It is ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That if the same Customer at the [Port 6] do not deliver to the Merchant, bringing such Wools Woolfels Shorling or Morling to Calais, a due Certificate after the Form of this Act, within viij Days after due Request to him thereof made, he shall forfeit to the Owner of the said Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling, at [any?] Time that he shall refuse to make and deliver such Certificate C. li: And if he which so shall ship Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling, to be had to Calais, do not bring into the King's Exchequer the Certificate, as above is recited, and there offer the same in open Court before the Treasurer and Barons of the same Exchequer for the Time being, to be entered of Record within the said Twelve Months, or if any Person do contrary to the said Ordinance, he shall forfeit all such Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling so shipped contrary to the said Ordinance, whereof he bringeth not (*) [a o] Certificate as before is recited, or the Value thereof; the one Half to be employed to the Expences of the King's House, and the other Half to such Person as shall sue for the same in this Behalf, being Mayor of the King's Staple at Calais at the Time of such Suit confmenced; and that he in this Case may sue an Action of Debt of such Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling so forfeit, or of the Value thereof at his Election against such Person or Persons, which so shall do contrary to this said Ordinance; the said Action to be taken, and every Issue therein joined, to be tried in the County,

Si nre dit f le Roy les pmisses considerez p les ditz advis assent request & auctorite, ad g'unte ordeigne & establie, q toutz laines pealx lanutz, Shorlyng & Morlyng queux front eskippez de passer hors de cest roialme, apres le fest de Paske qi sra en lan de nre f' Mille CCCClxv. soient eskippez a les Villes de tielx Portes es queux le Roy ad son Beme, sez poises & Collectours de Custume, a suir & deliver les mchauntes; cestassavoir a les Villes de Pole, Suthampton, Chechestre, Sandewice, London, Ippeswyche, Boston, Hull, Lynne, & en null autre lieu Creke ou Port; les laines & pealx lanutz destre eskippez en Galeis & carrakes, & en nutt autre vesseau, de passer hors de cest roialme p mye les Streites de Marrok forsprises : et q p mesme lauctorite chune psone q issint eskippera ou ferra deskipper hors de cest Roialme ascuns laines, pealx lanutz Shorlyng ou Morlyng apres le dit fest, sur leskippeson diceux & avent qils passent hors dascun de les ditz villes lou ils sront eskippez, trove suffisant suertee au Roy & a les Collectours de sa Custume illeoques pur le temps esteantz, q mesmes les laines, pealx lanutz, Shorlyng & Morlyng passeront au Caleis & a null autre lieu s'unz fraude ou collusion: et auxi p mesme lauctorite ordeignez est, q chune psone q issint eskippera laines pealx lanutz, Shorlyng ou Morlyng al Caleis, amesne dein'z xij mois pscheins ensuantz apres tiel eskipson, en leschequer du Roy, illeoqes destre entrez de Record, (') [de'] celluy qest ou pur le temps sra appellez le Custumer du Roy al port illeoques, testmoignant le venue de toutz tielx niefs ovesq laines, pealx lanutz, Shorlyng ou Morlyng a Caleis. Et auxi ordeignez est p la dite auctorite q si mesme le Custumer al Port ne delive mye, a le mch'unt amesn'nt laines pealx lanuz Shorlyng ou Morlyng a Caleis, due ctificat apres le fourme de cest Act, deinz viij jours aps due request de ceo a luy fait, forface a le possessour de les ditz laines pealx lanutz Shorlyng ou Morlyng, au chun temps qil refusera de faire & liver autiel ctificat, Cent livres : et sil qi issint eskippera laines pealx lanuz Shorlyng ou Morlyng destre euez a Caleis, namesne pas en leschequer du Roy le ctificat come desuis est recitee, & illeoges ceo en ovt Court offre dev'nt les Tresorer & Barons du Roy de mesme leschequer pur le temps esteantz, destre entrez de Record deinz les xij mois, ou si ascune psone [face contrarie 1] a la dite orden'nce, gil forface toutz tielx laines, pealx lanutz, Shorlyng ou Morlyng issint eskippez cont'rie a la dit Ordenance, dount ils namesne pas eins le ctificat come devant est recitee, ou le value ent ; lune moite destre emploiez a lexpenses del hostiel du Roy, & lautre moite a tiel psone q suera pur ceo en cest parte, estant Maire de la Staple du Roy au Caleis al temps de tiel sute comence; et qil en cest cas poet suer accion de dette de les ditz laines, pealx lanuz, Shorlyng ou Morlyng, issint forfaitz, ou de le value ent a sa eleccion, envs tiel psone ou psones qe ou quelles issint ferra ou ferront le cont'rie de dite orden'nce; la dite accion destre pris & chun issue en icell joynez destre triez en le Countee,

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² This Word is written on an Erasure.

³ Interlined on the Roll.

lou les ditz laines, pealx lanutx, Shorlyng ou Morling sront eskippez; forsprise q si ascun issue soit pris en la dit accion sur loffrant de la dit ctificat, qil soit trie en le Countee lou la dite Court deschequer pur le temps Bra; et q mesme le pcesse soit & gise en autiel accion, come est et gist en action de dette a la cõe ley; et q nult essoine ne pteccion gise ou soit alloue ou adjugge pur le defend'unt en tiel accion; et q tout soit le pleintif en tiel accion soit discharge de son dit office de Maire, pend'unt mesme laccion, qil poet mainteigner & suer la dite sute, la dite discharge nient obstant. Purveu toutz foitz q si ascuns laines, pealx lanutz, Shorlyng ou Morlyng en la dite forme destre eskippez, soient prisez oveq enemies sur le mere, ou illeoques periz ou pduz p enfortune, & tiel perisment pruise ou pde soit trove ou pve devent les Tresorer & Barons du Roy pur le temps esteantz, p examinacion des psones ou psone qe ou quelles issint eskippera ou eskipperont tielx laines pealx lanuz Shorlyng ou Morlyng, ou lour executours ou ij credibles psones jurez, ou autres resonables teismoignes & proves teismoign ntez mesmes les laines pealx lanuz Shorlyng ou Morlyng issint pduz prisez ou periz; q nulle psone, pur nulles tielx paines lealx lanuz Shorlyng ou Morlyng ensi pduz prisez ou periz, soit endamage ou en ascun mane Pjudise p cest act. Purveu auxi q les laines pealx lanuz Shorlyng ou Morlyng tancsolement de la cressance entre les eaues de Tese & Twede Northumberlond Cumberlond Westmlond, Leveschee de Durham Richemondshire & Northaldertonshire, puissent estre eskippez en le Port de Noef Chastell sur Tyne, de passer a leur libtee, cest Act nient obstant.

Itm pur ceo qil est entendue & conue p' ctein, q divses psones p eux mesmes leur factours & sv'ntz achatent & coillent laines & pealx lanuz sibien Shorlyng come Morlyng del creissance de les Countees Devwik Nichott & Notyngh'm, & ceux cariount al Port & Ville de Noef Chastett, & illeoqes mesnies les laines & pealx lanuz, come laines & pealx lanuz del croiss'unce del Pais entre les eaues de Tese & Twede & de Northumberlond, Cumberlond, Westmilond Richemondshire, Northaldertonshire & Leveschee de Durham. & p colour ent, eskippent & causent destre eskippez & cariez as lieux doutre le mere, autres q a la Staple de Caleis; p qoi nre dit f le Roy est g'undement deceu de sez custume & subsidie, encontre les statutes en tiel cas purvuez, a g'und damage du Roy & de cest son Roialme & de sez subgiettz diceft : Si nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy p ladvis & assent des ditz f's & Cõez & p la dite auctorite voet & ordeignet, q nulle psone eskippe ou face destre eskippez a les ditz Portz & Ville, ascuns laines ou pealx lanuz Shorlyng ou Morlyng del cressance dascune Countee ou pais, autres q del cressance del pais entre les ditz Eaues, ou dascun de les ditz Countees de Northumberlond Cumberlond Westmlond Richemondshire, Northaldertonshire, ou del dit Eveschee; et si ascune psone eskippe ou face destre eskippez al dit Ville ou Port, ascuns laines pealx lanuz Shorlyng ou Morlyng del creissance dascun Countee ou pais, autre

where such Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling shall be shipped; except that if any Issue be taken in the said Action upon the Offer of the said Certificate, that then it shall be tried in the County where the said Court of Exchequer for the Time shall be; and that the same Process be and lie in such Action as is and lieth in an Action of Debt at the Common Law; and that no Essoin nor Protection lie or be allowed or [adjudged 1] for the Defendant in such Action; and that though the Plaintiff in such Action be discharged of his said Office of Mayor, hanging the same Action, he [shall 1] maintain and pursue the said Suit, notwithstanding the same Discharge. Provided always, That if any Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling, to be shipped in the Form aforesaid, be taken with Enemies upon the Sea, or else there perished or lost by Misfortune, and such (1) Perishing, Taking, or Loss be found and proved before the Treasurer and the Barons of the King for the Time being, by Examination of the Persons or Person, which so shall ship such Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling, or their Executors or Two credible Persons sworn, or other reasonable Witnesses and Proofs, testifying the same Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling so lost, taken, or perished; that no Person for any such (3) Woolfels, Shorling or Morling, so lost, taken, or perished, shall be grieved or otherwise prejudiced by this Act. Provided also, That the Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling, only of the growing between the Waters of Teese and Tweed, Northumberland, Cumberland, Westmorland, the Bishoprick of Durham, Richmondshire, and Northaldertonshire, may be shipped in the Port of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, to pass at their Liberty, this Act notwithstanding.

ITEM, Because it is [perceived'] and certainly known, that divers Persons [for 5] themselves, their Factors and Servants, do buy and gather Wools and Woolfels, as well Shorling as Morling, of the growing of the Counties of York, Lincoln, and Nottingham, and carry the same to the Port and Town of Newcastle, and there the same Wools and Woolfels, as Wools and Woolfels of the growing of the Country [beyond 6] the Waters of Teese and Tweed, and of [any of the said Counties of] Northumberland, Cumberland, Westmorland, Richmondshire, Northaldertonshire, and the Bishoprick of Durham, and by colour thereof, do ship and cause to be shipped and carried into Places beyond the Sea, other than to the Staple of Calais; whereby our said Sovereign Lord the King is greatly deceived of his Custom and Subsidy, against the Statutes in such Case provided, to the great Damage of the King and of this his Realm, and of his Subjects of the same: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords and Commons, and by the said Authority will and ordaineth, That no Person shall ship or cause to be shipped, at the said Port and Town, any Wools or Woolfels, Morling or Shorling, of the growing of any County or Country, other than of the growing of the Country [beyond 6] the said Waters, or of any of the said Counties of Northumberland, Cumberland, Westmorland, Richmondshire, Northaldertonshire, or of the said Bishoprick [of Durham]; and if any Person ship or cause to be shipped, at the said Town or Port, any Wools, Woolfels, Shorling or Morling, of the growing of any County or Country, other

Proviso for Captures and other Perils at Sea.

All Wools grown in the Northern Counties may be shipped at Newcastle.

III. Fraudulent shipping of Wools at Newcastle.

No Wools, &c. shall be shipped at Newcastle, but of the Growth of certain Northern Counties.

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Penalty;

Action for the same;

Trial and Process therein;

IV.
No Person shall buy or bargain for Wools of certain Counties unshorn, for a certain Period.

Unless therewith he make Cloth or Yarn within the Realm.

Penalty.

than [the said Countries'] betwixt the same Waters, or of the said Counties of Northumberland, Cumberland, Westmorland, Richmondshire, Northaldertonshire, or of the said Bishoprick [of Durham], to be carried to any Place beyond the Sea, other than to the said Staple of Calais, he shall forfeit the Double (1) Value of the same Wools and Woolfels so shipped, and not grown betwixt the said Waters, nor in none of the said Counties of Northumberland, Cumberland, Westmorland, Richmondshire, Northaldertonshire, or in the said Bishoprick [of Durham]; Whereof our Sovereign Lord the King shall have the one Half, and he that will sue in this Party the other Half; and that as well the King, as he that will sue for the same in this Behalf, shall have his Recovery by an Action of Debt, the said Action to be taken, and every Issue therein joined to be tried, in the [said] County of York, and not in the said Town, nor in none of the said Counties of Northumberland, Cumberland, Westmorland, (1) Richmondshire, Northaldertonshire, or [in 1] the said Bishoprick, and like Process to be had in the same Action, as is commonly used in an Action of Debt; and that the Defendant in this Case have no Advantage by any Essoin or Protection, nor be admitted to wage his Law.

ITEM, Whereas by subtil Bargains made in buying of Wools, before that the Sheep that bear the same be shorn, the Cloth-makers of this Realm can well nigh find none to be sold, to the great Grief of (5) them which have been accustomed to have their Living by the mean of making of Cloth: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords, and at the Request of the said Commons, and by the Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That no Person by himself or any other, shall buy or bargain, from the xviij Day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord M.CCCC.lxiiii. any Wools then [not shorn, 6] or take Promise of Bargain of any Wools then [not shorn, 6] of the growing of Berkshire, Oxfordshire, Gloucestershire, Shropshire, Herefordshire, Worcestershire, Wiltshire, Somersetshire, Dorsetshire, Hampshire, Essex, (7) Cambridgeshire, Norfolk, Suffolk, Kent, Surry, and Sussex, or [of any of the same, 87 till the Feast of Saint Bartholomew then next ensuing; or buy any Wools, or take Promise of Bargain of any Wools, which shall grow in any of the same Counties, the Year then next ensuing the said Feast, before the same Feast then next following; or in like Manner buy any Wools or take Promise of Bargain of any Wools, which shall grow in any of the said Counties the Year then next ensuing the same Feast, till the same Feast then next following, which Feast shall be in the Year of our Lord M. CCCC. lxvii.; but only such Persons, which of the said Wools shall make or do to be made Yarn or Cloth within this Realm; upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Double Value of all the Wools bought or to be bought, bargained or taken by Promise of Bargain, against this Ordinance; the one Half to be had to the King's Use, and the other Half to the Use of him that will sue in this Behalf; and that every Person that will sue in this Behalf shall have an Action of Debt of the same Forfeiture, and like Process in the same Action,

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q de la pais entre mesmes les eaues ou de les ditz Countees de Northumberland, Cumberland, Westrilond Richemondshire, Northaldertonshire ou de le dit Eveschee, destre cariez au ascun lieu doutre le mere, autre q al dite Staple de Caleis, forface le double de le Praie value de mesmes les laines & pealx lanutz issint eskippez, & nient cruez entre les ditz eaues ne en nuff de les ditz Countees de Northumberlond, Cumberlond, Westmlond, Richemondshire, Northaldertonshire, ou en le dit Eveschee; dount nre dit f' le Roy davoir lune moite et celuy qi voille suer en cest parte lautre moite; et q sibien le Roy come celuy qi voille suer en cest partie aiet son recove p accion de dette, la dite accion destre prise & chun issue en ceo destre joyne, soit trie en le Countee Devwik, & non pas en la dite Ville ne en ascun de les ditz Counteez de Northumberlond, Cumberlond, Westmlond, ne dascun visne des ditz Richemondshire, Northaldertonshire ou de le dit Eveschee; & semble pcesse destre eue en mesme laccion sicome est coement use en accion de dette; Et q le defend unt en cest cas aiet nuff av ntage p ascune essoine ou pteccion, ne ne soit admis de gager sa ley.

Itm q come p subtielx bargeins faitz en achater des laines dev'nt q les berbizes q ceo portent soient tonduz. les faisours de draps de cest roialme bien pres nulles a venders trove poiont, a grand dolour de toutz ceux qi ount este accustumez davoir leur vivre p le moien de faisance de drap: Si nre dit f' le Roy de ladvis & assent des ditz f's & a la request des ditz Coez & p lauctorite suisdit ad ordeigne & establie, q nulle psone p luy mesme, ou ascun autre, achate ou bargeine a le xviij jour de Marche qi Bra en lan de nre f' Mille CCCC lxiiij ascuns laines adonqes nient tonduz, ou preigne pmes du Bargein dascuns laines donges nient tonduz, del creissance de Berkeshire Oxenfordshire, Gloucestreshire, Shropshire, Herefordshire, Wurcestreshire, Wilteshire, Somsetshire, Dorsetshire, Hampshire, Essex, Hertf, Cambrigge, Norff, Suff, Kent Surr & Sussex ou ascuns de ceux, jusqes le fest de Seint Bartilmewe donqe pschein ensuant; ou achate ascuns laines ou preigne pmes du Bargeine dascuns laines queux accresteront en ascuns de mesmes les Countees lan pscheine ensuant le dit fest, dev'nt mesme le fest adonge pschein ensuant; ou en semble mane achate ascuns laines ou preigne pmes de bargeine dascuns laines queux accresteront en ascun de les ditz Countees lan delors pscheine ensuant mesme le feste, tange mesme le fest alors pschein ensuant qi fest sra en lan de nre f' Mille CCCC lxvij; mes solement tielx psones quelles de les ditz laines ferront ou facent estre fait file ou drap deinz cest roialme; sur peine del forfaiture de le double value de toutz les laines achatez ou achaters ou a bargainers ou prisez p pmes de bargeine, en cont'rie de cest orden'nce; lune moite ent destre eue al oeps du Roy & lautre moite ent al oeps celluy qi voile suer en cest parte; et q chun psone q suer voet en cest partie aiet accion de dette, de la dite forfaiture, & autiell pcesse en mesme laccion come est

7 Hertford

M. 4.

Ordinance of

the Duke of

Burgundy, prohibiting

Admission of English

eue en accion de dette; et q nult essoine ou preccion soit allouable pur le défend une en celt accion, Ne q le dit defend'unt en icelt soit admis de gager sa ley.

Ifm pur taunt q ctein declaracion & orden nce en fourme del statute a toutz jours dendurer & james a repeller, & pclamacions dicett, nadgaires furent faitz p le Duc de Burgoigne, en les parties de Brabant, Holond & Zeland & autres ses f'ies, q de :el temps enavent tout mans draps lanuz & file lanuz faitz & ovez en le roialme Dengletre fuissent bannuz hors de les Pres le dit Duc, cestassavoir, Burgoyn, Lotryk, Brabant & Leneburgh, Flaundres, Artois, Henawede, Holand, Zeland, Namier, le Markeship de Seint Empere, Frizeland, Malynes, les tres doutre le Ryver del Mase, & genalment hors de toutz ses autres tres & seignuries; Issint q apres la dit pclamacion null tiel drap ou file sroiet amesnez, venduz destributz illeoqes, et si apres cell temps ascun tiel drap ou file sroiet illeoges trove, q ceo sroiet arse, come chose bannez, oveq cteins autres estroites punisshementes en mesmes les pclamacions & orden*nce especifiez; dount p tout semblance les faisours de draps lanuz deinz cest roialme come tistours, fullours, tinctours, peigneresses, cardours, cardouresses & fileresses, & autres psones exèceantz la dite faisance de drap, & auxi les achatours & vendours dicett, Proient destitutz des occupacions & devenuz tant udifs le quel les pvoqueroit a pecchie & mavais vie q Dieu defende: Nre dit f' le Roy les Pmissez considerez ad, p ladvis assent request & auctorite suisditz ordeigne & establie, q nutt deinzein de cest roialme ne ascun marchant estraunge, de le fest de la Purificacion de nre Dame q sra en lan de nre f' Mille CCCC lxiiij solonc laccomputacion del esglice Dengletre, amesne convoie ou carie, ou cause prive ou apert destre amesnez convoiez ou cariez en cest Roialme Gales ou Irlond, ascuns mans michandises ou biens del cressance ovaigne ou fesance de les tres & parties de Burgoigne, Lotryk, Brabant, Leneburgh, Flaundres, Artois, Henaude, Holand, Zeland, Namier, le Markeship de Seint Empere, Frizeland, Malynes, les tres doutre la River de la Mase, ou dascuns autres tres ou f'ies queux le dit Duc tient ou occupier ou dascun diceux : Ne q ascun tiel deinzein ou mich unt estraunge vende ou uttre en ascune parte du dit roialme Gales ou Irlond a le dit fest, ascuns tielx michandises ou biens, autres q tielx queux ount este achatez devant le dit fest en ascun de les ditz parties; toutz mans vitailles forsprisez; Et auxi forsprisez biens & mchandises prisez p ascuns lieges du Roy sur le mere, s'unz fraude covine ou male engyne; sur peine del forfeiture de les ditz biens & mchandises issint amesnez ou ensi venduz & achates apres le dit fest, cestassavoir lune moite ent au nre dit f' le Roy & lautre moite ent a celluy gi primement seisera mesmes les biens & mchandises, en quconqes mains qils soient trovez; jusqes au temps q due continuelt reformacion soiet eue & fait p le dit Duc de les ditz declaracion & orden nce de bannesshement, en tiel manle, q tout manle drap

as is had in an Action of Debt; and that no Essoin, [Protection, nor Wager of Law be allowed for the Defendant in this Action.']

ITEM, Forasmuch as a certain Declaration and Ordinance, in Form of a Statute, evermore to endure, and never to be repealed, and Proclamations of the same were late made by the Duke of Burgundy in the Parts of Brabant, Holland, and Zealand, and other [Seigniories,*] that from that Time forth all manner Woolen Cloths Brabant, &c. and Woolen Yarn made and wrought in the Realm of England should be banished out of the Lands of the said Duke; that is to say, Burgundy, Lotrike, Brabant, and [Luneburgh,] Flanders, Artois, Henault, Holland, Zealand, Namur, the [Marquiship 1] of the Holy Empire, Friesland, Malynes, the Lands beyond the River of Maese, and generally out of all his other Lands and Seigniories; So that after the said Proclamation, no such Cloth or Yarn should be [bought, 3] sold, or distributed there, and if after [the same 6] Time any such Cloth or Yarn should be there found, that the same should be burnt as a Thing [banned,] with certain other strait Punishments specified in the same Proclamations and Ordinance; whereby, by all Likelihood, the Makers of Woolen Cloths within this Realm of England, as Weavers, Fullers, Dyers, [Spinners,] Carders, and [Winders of Yarn, 9] and other Persons exercising the said Cloth-making, and also the Buyers and Sellers of the same, should be destitute of Occupations, and become so idle, that it should provoke them to Sin and evil Life, which God defend: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, the Premises considered, hath by the Advice, Assent, Request, and Authority aforesaid, ordained and stablished, That no Denizen of this Realm, [nor no Merchant of the Liege of England, shall bring or convey, nor privily or apertly do "o to be brought, conveyed, or carried into this Realm [of England,] Wales, or Ireland, any manner Merchandises or Goods of the growing, workmanship, or making of the Lands and Parts of Burgundy, Lotrike, Brabant, [Luneburgh, 1] Flanders, Artois, Henault, Holland, Zealand, Namur, the [Marquiship.] of the Holy Empire, Friesland, Malynes, the Lands beyond the River of the Maese, or of any [Lands or Seigniories "] which the said Duke doth hold or occupy, or of any of them: Nor that any such Denizen or Merchant Stranger sell or utter in any Part of this Realm, Wales, or Ireland, from the said Feast, any such Merchandises or Goods, other than such which have been bought before the said Feast, in any of the said Parts; except all manner of Victuals, and also except Goods and Merchandises taken by any of the King's liege People upon the Sea, without Fraud, Covin, or Male Engine; upon Pain of Forfeiture of the said Goods and Merchandises so brought, or so sold and bought after the said Feast, that is to say, the one Half thereof to the King, and the other Half thereof to him that first shall seise the same Goods and Merchandises, in whose Hands soever they be found; till the Time that due continual Reformation be had and made by the said Duke of the said Declaration and Ordinance

Importation chandizes, except Provisions, from the Countries of the Duke of Burgundy prohibited until English Cloths shall

Countries.

of Banishing, in such wise that all manner of Woolen or pteccion be allowable for the Defendaunt in that accion, nor that the seid Defendaunt nu. 52. therin be admitted to wage his lawe. · Markeship a his Lordships 3 Leneburgh

6 that • brought * Kempsters * Spynners 10 nor eny marchaunt Straunger, from the fest of the Purification of our Lady that shall be in the yere of oure Lord M' CCCC lxiiij, after the computacion of the Chirche of Englond, bring convey

or cary, or cause openly or prively

11 other landes or lordships

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Rot. Parl.

nu. 53.

Forfeiture of all the Merchandises so imported.

Proclamation of this Ordinance.

Venue in Suit for Seizure of such Merchandises.

Mayors, &c. may regulate the Price of the said Merchandises, to be sold during the Restriction on their Importation.

[to be'] brought and accepted [in'] the aforesaid Parts of Burgundy, Lotrike, Brabant, [Luneburgh,3] Artois, Henault, Holland, Zealand, Namur, the [Marquiship 1] of the Holy Empire, Friesland, Malynes, the Lands beyond the Water of the Maese, and all other Lands and Seigniories of the said Duke, and [in 1] every of them; there to be uttered, sold, expended, used, worn, and distributed, at the Election of the Owner of the same or his Factor in this Behalf; [there'] without Impeachment of the said Duke, or any other his Officer in any of the said Lands and Parts, to be carried and conveyed [to 1] any other Part, at the Election of the said Owner or his Factor, as freely as they were brought carried or conveyed, before the Proclamations of the said Declaration and Ordinance made by the said Duke: And also he hath ordained by the said Authority, That all manner Merchants Strangers, having any such manner of Merchandises or Goods of the said growing, workmanship, or making, being [shipped in any Vessel in any Part of this Realm of England, Wales, or Ireland, 6] and not put to Land, or if any such Merchandises or Goods be put to Land in any Part of the said Realm of England, after the said Feast, that all such Merchandises and Goods be utterly voided out of this Realm [of England,] Wales, and Ireland, within Forty Days next after the Proclamation made upon this Ordinance within the City of London; upon Pain of Forfeiture of the said Goods and Merchandises, the one Half thereof to the King, and the other Half to him that shall first seise any such Goods or Merchandises. And that open Proclamation of this Ordinance be made before the Eighteenth Day of March, which shall be in the said Year of our Lord M. CCCC. lxiiii. within the City of London, and other Places necessary and convenient: And if it happen any Suit or Action to be taken and sued by the Occasion of any-such [Seisin,7] wherein any Issue concerning this Ordinance shall be taken, that the said Issue be triable and tried in the County, and of the Venue, where the said [Seisin 5] shall be had, and in none other Place. And Because it is greatly doubted, that during the said Restraint [of the said Goods] and Merchandises made and grown in the aforesaid Lands of the said Duke of Burgundy, being in this Realm, or to be brought into the same, and within the same to be put to Sale, by the Sellers of them should be exalted and put at an excessive Price, which should turn to the great Damage of the (9) People of this Realm; It is therefore ordained by the said Authority, That during the said Restraint, every Mayor, Bailiff, and other Chief Governor of every City Borough and Town, and the Governors of every Fair and Market, out of City Borough and Town, within this Realm, upon Complaint to be made to any of them by any of the King's liege People, of such enhancing and putting of excessive Price, shall have Authority and Power within their Jurisdiction, by due Search Examination and Proof had in this Behalf, to make such Direction and Reformation, as by the Advice of Two discreet Men of every such City, Borough, or Town, thereto to be appointed by every Mayor, Bailiff, or other Chief Governor aforesaid, after their Conscience and Discretions, in Satisfaction and reasonable Amends 3 Leneburgh a into · Markeship And there and fro thens

Cloth and Woolen Yarn made, and to be made within

the Realm of England, Wales, and Ireland, may come

de laine & file de laine, faitz & affairez deins le Roialme Dengletre Gales & Irlond, poient venir estre amesnez & acceptez en les avantditz parties de Burgoigne, Lotrik, Brabant, Leneburgh, Artois, Henaude, Holand, Zeland, Namier, le Marqueship de Seint Empere, Frizeland, Malynes, les Pres doutre leaue de la Mase. & toutz autres tres & f'ies le dit Duc & en chun diceux; illeoqes destre utterez venduz expenduz usez wered & destributz, al eleccion del possessour dicett ou son factour en cett partie, & illeoqes & de dela s'unz empechement de le dit Duc ou ascun autre son officer en ascun de les ditz tres & parties a cariers & convoiers al ascune autre partie al eleccion le dit possessour ou factour, si franchement come ceux furent amesnez cariez ou convoiez devent les pelamacions de les ditz declaracion & orden nce p le dit Duc faitz: et auxi ad ordeigne p le dit auctorite q toutz man's michauntz est unges, aiantz ascuns tielx mans mchandises, ou biens de la dite cressance, ovaigne ou fesaunce, esteantz en ascun vesseau en nutte part de ceste roialme Gales ou Irlond eneskippez & nient misez a tre, ou si ascuns tielx michandises ou biens soient misez a tre, en ascune part le dit roialme, apres le dit fest, q toutz tielx michandises & biens soient toutoutrement voidez hors de cest Roialme Gales & Irlond, deinz xl. jours pscheins apres la pclamacion fait sur cest orden'nce deinz la Citee de Loundres; sur peine del forfeiture de les ditz biens & mchandises lune moite dent au Roy & lautre moite a celluy qi primement seisera ascuns tielx biens ou mchandises. Et a ovt pclamacion de cest ordeign'nce soit fait, dev'nt le xviije jour de Marche qi sra en lan de nre fr desuis especifie, deinz la Citee de Loundres & autres lieux necessaries & convenientz : et sil aviendra ascun sute ou accion estre prise & pursue p cause dascune tiel seisine, en quell ascun issue concnant cest orden'nce sra pris, q le dit issue soit triable & triez en le Countee & del visne lou le dit seisine Bra eue, & en nutt autre lieu. Et pur ceo qil est g'undement doutee, q la dit restreint durant, les biens & mchandises faitz & accruez en les aventditz tres de le dit Duc de Burgoigne, en cest Roialme esteantz ou en icett amesners & deinz ceo destre mis a vende, p les vendours diceux sroient exaltez & posez a tres excessive price, quel tourneroit al grevous damage de le cõe people de cest roialme; Pur ceo ordeignez est p la dite auctorite, q la dite restreint durant, chun Maire Baillif & autre chief Govnour de chun Citee Burgh & Ville, & les Govnours de chun feire & mchee hors de Citee Burgh & Ville deinz cest roialme, sur compleint affaire al ascun deux p ascun des lieges le Roi de tiel exaltacion & posicion dexcessive price, aiet & aient auctorite & poair deinz lour jurisdiccion de faire, p due serche examinacion & pve eue en celt partie, autiel direccion & reformacion come p ladvis de deux homes discretes de chun tiel Citee Burgh ou Ville, p chun Maire Baillif ou autre chief Govnour avantdit a ceo a nommers, solonge leur conciences & discrecions en la satisfaccion & reisnable amendes

de la partie ensi compleign'nt, verra resonable; et cest orden'nce dendurer al voluntie & pleasir du Roy. Purveu toutz foitz q ne cest act, ne ascun autre acte statut ou ordenence fait ou affaire en cest psent parlement, face ascun damage pjudice ou derogacion as march untz dalmaigne, eiantz la meason appellez cõement Guyldhalla Teutonicoz en la Citee de Loundres, queux mch'untz ore sont deinz cest Roialme, ou ascuns parties desoubz lobeis unce du Roy, ou q en apres front ou repaireront en le mesme, de ou en ascuns f'unchises fredomes libtees Immunitees ou ascune autre chose, p les pgenitours du Roy g'untez p leur fres patentz as mch'untes dalmaigne, eiantz la dite meason appellez coement Guyldhalla Teutonicoz en la dite Citee de Loundres, ne des ascuns g'untes ou confirmacions en ascun mane p nre dit f' le Roy faitz p sez sevalx fres patentz as march untz dalmaigne, eiantz la dit meason appellez coement Guyldhalla Teutonicoz en la Citee de Loundres, p quelconqes nouns ils soient nomez ou appellez; et q toutz les ditz tres patentz soient en tout tiel force effect & vigour, & availlablez a les mich untz eiantz le dit meason appellez coement Guildhalla Teutonicoz en la Citee de Loundres, sicome les furent dev'nt la fesure dicest act ou ascun autre act statute ou orden'nce fait ou affaire en cest psent parlement.

Itm nre dit f' le Roy en remembrant q lou p estatut fait en le parlement tenuz en lan quinte del Henry (1) nadgaires en fait & nient de droit Roy Dengletre, ordeigne fuist & establie, p auctorite de mesme le parlement entre autres choses, q toutz les Custums (') en toutz portz de cest roialme, preignont sufficiaunt suierte pur toutz mans des michandises amesnez p march untz aliens & est unges ven ntz & repairauntz es ditz portz, [a lentent & fyn3] q la money prise pur les ditz mchaundises Proiet emploiez sur les comoditees du Roialme, savent lour costages resonables; come en le dit estatut est contenuz pluis au plein; et q p cause les ditz mchauntz est'unges nount mie conistunce des sufficiantz psonez en cest Roialme les quelles voillent estre obligez pur ceux, souvent foitz ils tiel suerte al entent aventdit trover ne puissent ne sceuent; et auxi p cause q les ditz Custums & Controllours nuff man de poair ne auctorite ount, apres lemploiement pfourmez & faitz, de faire rebailler de les ditz suerties a les ditz mchauntz; pur ceo les ditz michauntz meulx vouloient a departer, & en apres nient repairer en cest dit Roialme oveq, ascuns michandisez, q ascuns tielx suerties a trov, au g'und anientisment de les custumes & subsidies du Roy en sez ditz portz s'unz ceo q due remedie soit pur ceo purveu: Le Roy p assent des ditz f's & Coez & p la suisdit auctorite ad ordeigne & establie, q toutz foitz enapres les Custumers & Countrollours pur le temps esteantz preignent suertie p leur discrecion de les ditz mchauntz soul ou de ceux & autres p' le dit emploiement davoir. Et q les ditz Custums & Countrollours en chun port

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of the Party so complaining shall seem reasonable; and this Ordinance to endure at the King's (') Pleasure. Provided always, That (1) this Act, nor none other Act, Statute, nor Ordinance, made or to be made in this present Parliament, shall do no Damage, Prejudice, nor Derogation to the Merchants of Almayne, having the House commonly called Guildhalla Teutonicorum, in the City of London, which Merchants now be within this Realm [of England,] or in any Parts under the King's Obeisance, or which hereafter shall be or repair into the same, of or in any Franchises, Freedoms, Liberties, Immunities, or any other Thing granted by the King's Progenitors, by their Letters Patents, to Merchants of Almayne, having the said House commonly called Guildhalla Teutonicorum, in the said City of London; nor of any Grants or Confirmations in any wise made by our said Sovereign Lord the King by his several Letters Patents to Merchants of Almayne, having the said House commonly called Guildhalla Teutonicorum, in the City of London, by whatsoever Names they be named or called; and that all the said Letters Patents be in all such Force Effect and Strength, and available to the Merchants having the said House called (3) Guildhalla Teutonicorum in the [said] City of London, as they were before the making of this Act; [This Act *] or any other Act, Statute, or Ordinance made or to be made in this present Parliament [notwithstanding '].

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord the King remembering that where by the Statute made in the Parliament holden in the Fifth Year of Henry the Fourth, late in Deed and not of Right King of England, It was ordained and established by Authority of the same Parliament amongst other Things, That all the Customers and Comptrollers in all Ports of this Realm, should take sufficient Surety for all manner Merchandises brought by Merchants Aliens and Strangers, coming and repairing to the said Ports, to the Intent that the Money taken for the said Merchandises should be employed upon the Commodities of this Realm, saving their reasonable Costs; as in the same Statute is contained more at the full; And that because the said Merchants Strangers have not Knowledge of sufficient Persons within this Realm, which [shall] be bound for them, [so that 67 they cannot oftentimes find such Surety to the Intent aforesaid; and also because that the said Customers and Comptrollers have no manner of Power nor Authority after the Employment performed and made, to [rebail] the said Sureties to the said Merchants; wherefore the said Merchants would rather depart, and hereafter not to repair into this Realm with any Merchandises, than to find any such Sureties, [in Diminution *] of the King's Customs and Subsidies in his said Ports, unless due Remedy be therefore provided: The King, by the Assent of the said Lords and Commons, and by the Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That at all Times from henceforth the Customers and Comptrollers for the Time being, shall take Surety by their Discretion of the said Merchants alone, or of them and other, for the said Employment to be had. And that the said Customers and Comptrollers in every Port

Continuance of this Act.

Saving for Merchants of the Hanse.

VI.
Recital of the
Stat. 5 H.IV.
chap. 9. as to
Security from
Alien-Merchants for
the Purchase
of English
Commodities.

Customers, &c. may take Security from the Merchants only, or with others, and upon the Conditions performed, may redeliver the Securities.

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Wille and nouther a comonly nu. 53. Resp.

wille make relyve of to the grete anyentesyng Rot. Parl.

Rot. Parl.

nu. 53. Resp.
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et Contrerollours } Stat. 5 Hen. IV. c. 9.

Continuance of this Act.

VII.
No Shoemaker in
London and
Three Miles
round, shall
make Shoes
with Pikes
exceeding the
Length of
Two Inches;

nor work on Sundays, or certain other Holidays.

Penalty;

Saving for the Privileges of the Dean and Chapter of the Chapel of St. Martin's le Grand of London. of this Realm, at all Times hereafter, after the Employment had by the said Merchants, may deliver to the said Merchants all such Sureties, which they did take of them or any of them for the said Employment; and that of and for the same they and every of them be discharged against the King. This Statute (') to endure till the next Parliament (').

ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King, by the 'dvice of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Prayer of the said Commons in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, hath ordained and stablished, That no Person Cordwainer or Cobler within the City of London, or within Three Miles [of 3] any Part of the same City, [be he 1] within Franchises or without, (5) do to be made after the Feast of Easter, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand four hundred sixty-five, any Shoes, Galoches, or [Huseaus 6] with any [Pike or Poleyn,7] that shall pass the Length (8) of Two Inches, which shall be judged by the Wardens or Governors of the same Mystery within the said City, and Three Miles [of 3] every Part of the same; or upon any Sunday in the Year, or in the Feasts of the Nativity or Ascension of our Lord, or in the Feast of Corpus Christi, shall sell or command or do to be sold any Shoes, [Huseaus,6] or Galoches; or upon any Sunday, or any of the said Feasts, shall set or put upon the Feet or Legs of any Person, any Shoes, [Huseaus, 6] or Galoches, upon Pain of Forfeiture and Loss of xx s. Sterling, as often and when any Person shall do the contrary of this Ordinance, or any Part of the same; Whereof vjs. viijd. shall be had to the King's Use, and vj s. viij d. to the Use of the Governors of the Mystery of Cordwainers, and [the other] vi s. viii d. Residue of the said xx s. to the Use of him that shall find, discover, and prove the breaking of this Ordinance; and that every Person that will sue for the said Forfeiture, shall have an Action of Debt (9) by Writ or Plaint at his Election, and such Process and Execution (10) in the same as is had in an Action of Debt; and that the Defendant in the same Action be not admitted to wage his Law. Provided always, That (") this A&, nor none other A&, Ordinance, or Statute, made or to be made in this present Parliament, shall extend to the Damage or Prejudice, nor in any wise be prejudicial or hurtful to the Dean for the time being of the King's free Chapel of Saint Martin's le Grand of London, or to the Dean and Chapter for the time being of the same Chapel, nor to any Person or Persons for the time [abiding or dwelling "] within the same Chapel, or within any Place or Places in Saint Martin's Lane in London, or within any other Place or Places within the Precinct, Fee, or Franchise of the said Dean, or of the said Dean and Chapter; nor to any of the Rights, Privileges, Liberties, Franchises, Immunities, or other Thing by the King, or by any of his Progenitors, Predecessors, or Possessors of the [Realm, Estate,13] and Crown of England, to the Dean and Chapter of the said Chapel, and their Successors jointly or severally in any manner granted, c. in any manner heretofore appertaining: And also provided, (14) That the Dean of the said Chapel, and the Dean and Chapter of the same Chapel, shall have hold and enjoy fully,

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de cest Roialme, a toutz foitz enapres puis lemploiement euez p les ditz mch'untz, puissent deliver a les ditz mch'untz toutz tielx suertiez quelx pristrent de ceux ou ascun deux pur lemploiement av'ntdit; & de ceo & pur ceo q ceux & chun deux soient dischargez env's le Roy: cest estatut & orden pce dendurer jusqes au pschein parlement a tenir.

Itm nre dit f' le Roy p ladvis & assent des ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & al prier de les ditz Coes en le dit parlement assemblez & p lauctorite dicett ad ordeignez & establie, q nutte psone Cordewaner ou Cobeler deinz la Cite de Loundres, ou dedeinz trois leukes en ascun part de mesme la Citee qi qil soit, deinz fraunchises ou dehors, face ou face estre fait apres le fest del Pasque qi sra en lan de nre f' Mille CCCC lxv. ascuns solers galoges ou husens oven ascun pike ou poleine q passera la longeur ou mesure de deux poutz, queux sront adjuggez solonge les Gardeins ou Govnours de mesme la mestier deinz la dite Citee & trois leukes en chun part dicell; ou sur ascun dymenche en lan, ou en les festes de la Nativite ou Ascension de nre f', ou en le fest del Corporis Xpi, vende ou comaunde ou face a vender ascuns solers husens ou galoges; ou sur ascun dymenche ou ascun de les ditz festes mette ou pose sur pees ou jambes dascuny ascuns solers husens ou galoges, sur peine del forfeiture & pde de xx s. st'linges, si sovent & quant ascune tiel psone ferra contrarie de cest orden nce ou ascune part dicett, dount vj s. viij d. Front euez al oeps du Roy, & vj s. viij d. ent al oeps des Govnours de la mestier de les Cordewaners, & vj s. viij d. residuez de les ditz xx s. al oeps de celluy qi trova descova & provera lenfraccion de cest orden'nce; Et q chune psone q suer voet pur la dite forfaiture aient accion de dette de ceo p brief ou p pleint a sa eleccion, & autiel pcesse & execucion soient euez en icelt come est en accion de dette; Et q le Defend'unt en mesme laccion ne soit admis de gager sa ley. Purveu toutz foitz q ne cest act ne null autre act ordenence ou statuit fait ou affaire en cest psent parlement, extende a le damage ou pjudice, ne en ascun mane soiet damageous ou Pjudiciatt a le Dean pur le temps esteant de la franc Chapell du Roy de Seint Martyn g'unt de Loundres, ou a les Dean & Chapitre pur temps esteantz de mesme la Chapett, ne au ascune psone ou psones pur temps dem'ant pmainant ou esteant ou dem'antz pmainantz ou esteantz deinz mesme la Chapett, ou dedeinz ascun lieu ou lieux en Seint Martyns Lane en Loundres, ou dedeinz ascun autre lieu ou lieux deinz le pcyncte fee ou fraunchise del dit Dean, ou de les ditz Dean & Chapitre; ne au ascun de les droitures, privileges, libtees, f'unchises, immunities ou autre chose p le Roy, ou p ascun de sez pgenitours pdecessours ou possessours del roiatt estate & Corone Dengletre, a les Dean & Chapitre de la dite Chapelt & lour successours jointment ou sevalment en ascun mane g'untez, ou en ascun mane p cy dev'nt appten'ntz : et auxi purveu & g'unte q le Dean del dite Chapett, & les Dean & Chapitre mesme la Chapett, aient teignent & enjoient pleinement,

franchement quitment & effectousment toutz les ditz droitures privileges, libtees, founchises, immunities & tout autre chose, en fourme desuisdit as eux g'untez, p quelconqe noun ou nouns ils soient nomez ou appellez, jointment ou sevalment, es ascuns tres ou escripte sur ceo faitz; ascun act orden nce statuit fait ou affaire ou autre matier ou chose cont'rie nient contristeant.

Item nre dit Vaigne f' le Roy, appris p grevous compleint fait en le dit parlement p les homes de la mestier des Horners enfraunchisez en la Citee de Loundres, coment les gentz des tres estraunges ount venuz en cest ?re & en divses parties dicett, & ount achatez p les mains de lour gardes hostes & guydes le gaund & chief stuffe des cornes Englois nient ovez, des Tanners & Bochers, & les amesnerent doutre le mere, & les illeoqes emploierent en divses ovaignes, au g'unde damage de cest tre & en finalt pjudice de le g'und nombre des homes de la dite mestier pur toutz jours; ad p assent des ditz f's & a la supplicacion des ditz Cõez & p lauctorite suisdit, ordeigne establie & enacte, q a le fest del Pasqe qi sra en lan de nre f' Mille CCCC lxv. nutt make est unge ou alien p luy mesme, ou p ascun autre, achate ascuns cornes Englois nient ovez, des Tanners Bochers ou dascuns autres psones coillez, ou creissantz deinz la dit Citee & xxiiij leukes en chun part de mesme la Citee, pscheins adjoign'ntz: et q nuff Englois ou autre psone qconqe, vende ascuns cornes Englois nient ovez, al ascun estraunge, ou les face maunder outre le mere, issint q les ditz Horners voillent achater les ditz cornes de semble price de qi ils sont al temps del faisance de cest ordenence, sur peine del forfaiture de toutz tielx cornes issint achatez venduz ou maundez; et q les Gardeins de la dit mestier pur le temps esteantz, p la dit auctorite aient plein poair de sercher tout mane de Ware spectant a leur dit mestier, ove ou a over en toutz lieux deinz la dit Citee de Loundres & xxiiii leukes en chun part pschein adjoign'nt a mesme la Citee, & deinz les Feires de Stirbrigge & Ely, en qi mains les poient estre trovez: Et sils p lour serche trovent ascun tiel Ware ou Stuff, en ascun lieu deinz la dite Citee de Loundres & xxiiij leukes en chun part pscheine adjoign*nt mesme la Citee, ou deinz les feires de Stirbrigge & Ely, en qeconqes mains ils soient a venders qest defectif & nient sufficient, qil bien lise a ceux de prendre mesmes les ware & stuff & les amesner dev'nt le Maire de la dite Citee de Loundres, le Maire ou Baillifs de les avantditz Feires pur le temps esteantz, et ceo issint illeoqes pve defectif destre forfaitz, lune moite ent au Roi & lautre moite ent a les ditz Gardeins destre demeanez a leur pleasir. Purveu toutz foitz q apres homes de la dite mestier deinz cest tre ount prisez hors & eslieux tielx & tauntz cornes come a leur mestier bosoignent, q donqes lisera a ceux & chun deux & toutz autres psones de cest roialme Dengletre, toutz les cornes refusez queux ne nt mie ables a occupiers en lour mestier, de vender & deliver al ascun man est unge ou autre psone, pur les maunder ou carier doutre le mere ou aillours qiqe lour plerra.

freely, quietly, and effectually all the said Rights, Privileges, Liberties, Franchises, Immunities, and every other Thing to them granted in [manner and] form aforesaid, by whatsoever Name or Names they be named or called jointly or severally in any Letters or Writing thereupon made; any Act, Ordinance, or Statute made or to be made, or other Matter or Thing contrary notwithstanding.

OUR Sovereign Lord the King, perceiving by grievous Complaint made in this Parliament by [Men of Occupation '] of Horners, enfranchised in the City of London, how that People of strange Lands hath come into this Land and into divers Parts thereof, and hath [bought] by the Hands of their (3) Hosts and Guides, the great and chief Stuff of English Horns unwrought, of Tanners and Butchers, and carried the same over the Sea, and there employed the same in divers Works, to the great Damage of this Land, and [to the final Prejudice 1] of the great Number of Men being of the same [Occupation 5;] hath, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords, and at the Request of the said Commons, and by the Authority aforesaid, ordained, established, and enacted, That from the Feast of Easter, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God M. CCCC.LXV. no manner Stranger or Alien, by himself, or by any other, shall buy any English Horns unwrought, of Tanners, Butchers, or of any other Persons, gathered or growing within the said City, and xxiiij Miles on every Side of the said City next adjoining: And that no Englishman nor other Person, (6) sell any English Horns unwrought to any Stranger, or cause them to be sent over the Sea; so that the said Horners will buy the said Horns at like Price as they be at the Time of the making of this Act, upon Pain of Forfeiture of all such Horns so bought, sold, or sent; And that the Wardens Wardens of the said [Mistery 7] for the Time being, by the said Authority, shall have full Power to search all empowered manner of Ware pertaining to their [Mistery,*] wrought or to be wrought in all Places within the said City of London, and xxiiij Miles on every Side next adjoining to the same City, and within the Fairs of Sturbridge and Ely, in whose Hands they may be found: And if they, by their Search, find any such Ware or Stuff in any Place within the said City of London, and xxiiii Miles (9) next adjoining to the same City, or within the Fairs of Sturbridge and Ely, in whose Hands soever they be [to sell "] that is defective and insufficient, it shall be lawful to them to take the same Ware and Stuff, and bring it before the Mayor of the said City of London, the Mayor or Bailiffs of the foresaid Fairs for the Time being, and the same there being proved defective, to be forfeited, the one Half thereof to Four Sovereign Lord] the King, and the other Half to the said Wardens, to be [ordered "] at their Pleasure. Provided always, That after that Men of the said [Occupation?] within this Land, have taken out and chosen such and as many Horns as shall be needful to their [Occupation 7] that then it shall be lawful to them, and every of them, and all other Persons of this Realm of England, to sell and deliver all the [Horns refused,"] which be not able to be occupied in their [Mistery,7] to any manner Stranger or other Person, to send or carry beyond the Sea, or elsewhere, as shall please them.

VIII. not buy up the English Horns Miles thereof.

the men of the Craft * bought up 3 Gardes 4 utter undoyng 6 whatsoev he Craft, for evermore Rot. Parl. 7 Craft 9 in evy part * seid Craft nu. 56. to be sold refuse hornes 11 demeaned

IX. Recital of Stat. 4 H. V. Stat. 2. c. 3. against the making Pattens of Aspe;

ITEM, The [Company of the Mystery '] of Patten-

recited Act;

The Pattenmakers may make Pattens of such Part of Aspe as is not fit for Arrows.

Penalty on them for using any other Part of Aspe.

Makers of the City of London, piteously complaining, shewed in the Parliament, of the grievous Hurts, Losses, and Damages, which other Persons in Times past of the same [Occupation 1] now dead, and they, long Time have borne and sustained, and [hereafter be likely 3] to bear and sustain, by reason of a Statute made in the Time of Henry the Fifth, late King of England in Deed [and 1] not of Right, by Authority of [this 3] Parliament holden in the Fourth Year of his Reign; by which Statute It was ordained and established, That the Pattenmakers within the Realm of England from that Time forth, should make no Pattens nor Clogs of the Timber called Asp, upon Pain to pay to the King Cs. [for every Default 6]; and that every Person, which would sue for the King should have the one Half of the Pain so forfeit; so that the Fletchers throughout the Realm, might sell their [Shafts 7] at more easy and reasonable Price than they were wont to sell; as in the said Statute more fully is contained: And though also that the said Asp Timber be the best and lightest Timber, thereof to make Pattens and Clogs, and most easy for the wearing of all Estates, Gentiles, and other People, of any Timber that groweth; and before the making of the said Statute the said Patten-makers were as free, and at as great Liberty to buy all manner of Asp Timber, and thereof to make Pattens and Clogs, as [they were at the same Time, 8] and at all Times have been, and yet be all manner People of the Crafts and Occupations of Turners, Carpenters, Woodmongers, and Colemakers, which do occupy, expend, and waste yearly in their Occupations a great Quantity of all manner Timber of Asp, as well such Asp Timber as would serve to make [Shafts 7] thereof, as that that would not serve for the same, and no Restraint is made for them or any of them to the contrary; and very much Asp Timber there is, which will in no wise serve the Fletchers to make thereof [Shafts,7] which is as sufficient, able, and convenient to be made in Pattens and Clogs, as is the Remnant of the said Timber to be made in [Shafts 7]; and the said Patten-makers durst not occupy any Part of the said Timber, nor one nor other, for Fear of Forfeiture of the said Pain contained in the said Statute, which is great Damage to the said Patten-makers, and none Advantage to the said Fletchers, and the common People throughout the Realm thereby greatly [diseased 9]: Wherefore our Sovereign Lord the King considering the Premises, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons, (10) hath ordained that from henceforth at all Times it shall be lawful to the Patten Makers of this Realm, to make Pattens of such (") Timber of Asp, that is not apt, sufficient, nor convenient to be made into [Shafts,7] and that for the common Weal; And that as often as any Patten-maker, after the Feast of Easter, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God M. CCCC. LXV. shall make any Pattens or Clogs of such Part of Asp Timber, which shall be able and sufficient to be made into [Shafts, 7] he shall forfeit for every Time Forty Shillings, the one Half thereof to the King, and the other Half to him that will sue in this Behalf.

1 Feliship of the Crafte e Craft 7 drede hem hereaf? but his at evy tyme that the seid Patynmakers make eny patyns or clogges of the seid Tymbre,
Arrowes at that tyme were Rot. Parl. nu. 57. 10 and by auctorite of the same 9 uneased 11 parte of

Item la compaignie de la mestiere des Paten makers de Citee de Loundres piteousment compleign'nt, monstreient en le dit parlement de les grevous leedes pdes & damages, q autres psones en temps passe de mesme la mestiere ore mortz, & ils de long temps, ount portez & susteignuz & decy enapres de porter & susteigner creignent, p force dune statute fait en le temps de Henry le quint, nadgaires Roy Dengletre en fait & nient de droit, p auctorite de son parlement tenuz en lan de son reigne quart; p quelt statuit ordeigne fuist & establie q les Patenmakers deinz le Roialme Dengletre de cell temps enavent ne ferroient pateines ne clogges de mahereme appellez Aspe, sur peine de paier au Roy C s. a chescun foitz q les ditz Patenmakers fount ascuns pateins ou clogges du dit mahereme, et q chun q voet suer pur le Roy eit lune moite de la peine issint forfait; pensi q les Flecchers pmye le roialme vendent leur seetes a pluis ease & resonable price, qils ne soloient vendre; come en le dit estatuit est conteignuz pluis a plein: et coment auxi le dit mahereme de Aspe, est le pluis meillour & pluis legier mahereme dent a faire pateins & clogges, & pluis aisie pur le were de toutz astates gentilx & toutz autres gentz dascun mahereme q croit, & devent la faisure du dit estatuit les ditz Patenmakers furent si francs & a tanc large libtie dachatier tout mane de mahereme daspe, & a faire ent pateins & clogges, sicome a cett temps & a toutz temps ount estez & encore sont tout mane de people, des artes & occupacions des Turnours, Carpenters Woodemongers & Charboners, qi occupient expendent & guastent annuelment en leur occupacions g'unt quantite de tout mane de mahereme daspe, sibien tiel mahereme daspe, q sver voet a faire ent seetes, come le q sver ne voet a icett, & nutt restreint est fait pur ceux ou ascun deux en le contrie; & trop mult mahereme daspe y est, q en nutt mane sver ne voet as Flecchers de faire ent seetes, quelle est si sufficient & able & accord unt destre fait en pateins & clogges, come est le reman'nt du dit mahereme estre fait es seetes; et les ditz Patenmakers ne nosent doccupier ascun part du dit mahereme, ne une nautre, p' pour del forfeiture du dite peine conteignuz en le dit estatuit, queff est g'und damage a les ditz Patenmakers & nuff availe a les ditz Flecchers, & le coe people p mye le Roialme g'undement pent diseasez: Purqoy nre dit sovaigne & le Roy, les pmissez considerez p ladvis & assent des ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & a la prier des ditz Cõez, & p la suisdit auctorite, ad ordeigne q a toutz foitz en apres bien lise a les Patenmakers de cest roialme de faire pateins de tiel part de mahereme de Aspe q nest apt sufficient ne accord unt destre faitz en setes, & ceo pur le coe bien; et q au tauntz de foitz q ascun Patenmaker apres le fest del Pasque q sra en lan de nre f' Mille CCCC lxv. ferra ascuns pateins ou clogges, de tiel part del mahereme de Aspe, quelle Bra able & sufficient destre faitz en setes, forface a chun foitz xl s. lune moite ent au Roy & lautre moite ent a celluy qi suer voet en cell partie. giqu lour plerra.

Itm q come le noble Roy Edward le tierce pgenitour nre sovaigne f' le Roy qorest, apres le Conquest del ville de Caleis, en son parlement tenuz en lan de son reigne ix', ordeigna en relief & comfort de la ville de Dovorr une des villes de Cynk portes en le Countee de Kent, q nutt mich unt, pelrine, ne nutt autre psone ou psones, cheval ou beste, preigneroit ascun passage envs la ville de Caleis, a nuff port ou lieu deinz le Countee de Kent mes soulement a le port de la dite ville de Dovorr; et auxi q nutt mchaunt, pelrine, ne nuff autre psone ou psones, chival ou beste, veigneroit de Caleis au null port en Kent forsoulement al dit port de la dite ville de Dovorr, forsprisez souldeours & march untes ven ntz & alantz ove leur niefs frettez ove mch'undises, s'unz ceo qil fuist p comaundement du Roy, ou autrement qils furent enchacez ou artez de Pndre ascun autre lieu ou port p tempest: Auxi ordeigne fuit & establie p auctorite dune autre parlement, tenuz en le treszime an du Roy Richard le second, q tout passage Proiet garde al dite Ville de Dovorr en les mane & fourme avant reciteez, & en nult autre lieu deinz mesme le Countee du Kent, sicome illoeqes ad este use & accustume, p reason de les Pmissez jusqes ore tarde, cestes nient contristeantz, divses pelrins mchauntz & autres psones queux ne sont mye Souldeours, ove chivaux & autres bestes, de puisne temps ount coement usez de prendre lour passage envs la dite Ville de Caleis as divsez lieux & portes en mesme le Countee de Kent, & de veigner a Caleis en Kent as divsez portes & lieux en ycett autres q en le dit port de Dovorr, contrarie a les g'untes & orden'nces av'ntditz, au g'und damage enpovisshement & desolacion de mesme la Ville, & Visemblement p continuance destre cause de jupardie ou pde mesme la Ville le Chastell illeoqes & la pais adjoign nt : Nre dit f' le Roy les Pmissez considerez, & coment la dite Ville est site en lextreme lieu de cest Roialme pschein a sez enemyes, & ad nutt moien de comfort ne relefe mes soulement p le moien de le dit passage, ad ordeigne establie & enacte, p ladvis assent & auctorite suisditz, q nutt pelrine, mchaunt, ne nutt autre psone ou psones, chival ou beste, forprisez souldeours & nich untz ove leur mchandises en les mane & fourme avant recitez, de cy enavant preigne ou preignent leur passage a nutt lieu ou port deinz le dit Countee de Kent, mes soulement al dit Port de la dite ville de Dovorre, sils sufficient passage & eskipson illeoqes poient avoir: et auxi q nutt pelrine, mich unt, ne nutte autre psone ou psones, chival ou beste, veigne de Caleis en nult port ou autre lieu deinz le dit Countee de Kent, forsq soulement al dit port de la dite ville de Dovorr, forprisez souldeours & marchauntz ove leur michandises, saunz ceo qils aient & monstrent comaundement du Roy en escripte ensi a faire, ou qils soient compellez & enchacez al ascun autre lieu ou port p sodein tempest: et q chun psone de quelle estate degre ou condicion qil soit, qe voluntierment face le cont'rie de cest acte ou orden'nce, forface, p' chun temps qil ensi facet v marcz; nre f' le Roy davoir une lune moite ent, destre emploiez sur la repacion du Chasteff de Dovorre,

ITEM, Whereas the noble King Edward the Third, Progenitor of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, after the Conquest of the Town of Calais, in his Parliament holden in the Ninth Year of his Reign, in Relief and Comfort of the Town of Dover, one of the Towns of the Five Ports in the County of Kent, did ordain that no Merchant, Pilgrim, nor none other Person or Persons, Horse or Beast, should take any Passage towards the Town of Calais, from any Port or Place within the County of Kent, but only from the Port of the said Town of Dover; and also that no Merchant, Pilgrim, nor none other Person or Persons, Horse or Beast, should come from Calais into any Port in Kent, but only to the said Port of the Town of Dover, except Soldiers and Merchants coming and going with their Ships freighted with Merchandises, unless it were by the King's Commandment, or otherwise that they were driven or compelled to take some other Place or Port by Tempest: Also it was ordained and established by the Authority of another Parliament holden in the xiij Year of [the noble] King Richard the Second, [after the Conquest,] That all Passage should be kept at the said Town of Dover in the Manner and Form before rehearsed, and in none other Place within the said County of Kent; [as there hath been used and accustomed by reason of the Premises, till now late, that' notwithstanding, divers Pilgrims, Merchants, and other Persons, which be no Soldiers, with Horses and other Beasts, of late Time have used commonly to take their Passage towards the said Town of Calais, at divers Places and Ports in the same County of Kent; and to come from Calais into Kent at divers Ports and Places in the same, other than in the said Port of Dover, contrary to the Grants and Ordinances aforesaid, to the great Damage, Impoverishment, and Desolation of the same Town, and likely by Continuance to be the Cause of Jeopardy or Loss of the same Town, the Castle (') and the Country adjoining: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, the Premises considered, and how the said Town is set in the uttermost Part of this Realm next to his Enemies, and hath no mean of Comfort nor Relief, but only by mean of the said Passage, hath ordained established and enacted, by the Advice Assent and Authority aforesaid, That no Pilgrim, Merchant, nor none other Person or Persons, Horse or Beast, except Soldiers and Merchants with their Merchandises, in the Manner and Form before recited, shall from henceforth take their Passage at none other Place or Port within the said County of Kent, but only at the said Port [or 3] Town of Dover, if they may there have sufficient Passage and Shipping: And also that no Pilgrim, Merchant, nor none other Person or Persons, Horse or Beast, shall come from Calais [to 1] any Port or other Place within the said County of Kent, but only to the said Port of the said Town of Dover, except Soldiers and Merchants with their Merchandises, unless they have and shew the King's Commandment in Writing so to do, or else be compelled and driven to some other Place or Port by sudden Tempest: And that every Person, of what Estate, Degree, or Condition he be, which voluntarily doth [against '] this Act or Ordinance, shall forfeit for every Time that he so doth, Five Marks; Our Sovereign Lord the King to have the one Half, to be employed upon the Reparation of the Castle of Dover,

X. Recital of St. 9 E. III. stat. 2. c. 8;

Penalty on Masters of Ships,

and Statute
13 Ric. II.
st. 1. c. 20;
touching the
Passage of
Persons
between
Dover and
Calais.

None but Soldiers, and Merchants with Merchandises, shall take Passage to Calais, but from Dover;

nor land from Calais, but at Dover;

unless with the King's Command, or by Stress of Weather. Penalty against Offenders.

Chastell de Dovorre,

used and accustumed by reason of the pmisses, into late days passed; And this
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there
into the contary of

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5 0

Wich passage fro thens herto hath be there

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Action for Penalty.

Process therein.

Penalty on Masters of Ships.

I. Deceits

practised in making

Worsteds in Norwich

and Norfolk.

by the surveying of the Constable or his Lieutenant there, [the other Half to that Person or Persons of the said Town or Castle, being a Freeman of the said Town of Dover, that will commence or sue an Action thereof against the Offender']; And that every Person or Persons of the said Town or Castle, Freeman of the said Town of Dover, may in his own Name, have (1) against every Person that willingly [offendeth this Statute, 3] a general Action of Debt of the said Sum of Five Marks, and declare especially upon the same Act or Ordinance; And that Process of Outlawry and all other Processes and Determination shall be had in the said Action, as is had and used in other general Actions of Debt: And also the Master of every Ship or Vessel, which willingly contrary to this A& (4) doth convey to any Place or Places any Pilgrim, Merchant, or other Person or Persons, Horse or Beast, shall likewise forfeit at every Time that he so doth, Five Marks, in the Manner and Form aforesaid to be sued, had, recovered, levied, and employed.

' and what psone or psones of the said Towne and Castell beyng freman of the seid Town of Dovori, that wolle commence or sue an accion therof ayenst the seid Offendour, to have the other moite; a hereafter of doth the contary of this Act or Ordenance or Ordenance

p le surveu del Constable ou son lieuten'nt illeoges, et quelle psone ou psones de la dite Ville ou Chastett esteant franc home de la dite (1) de Dovorre, q voet comencer ou suer accion ent, encountre le dit offendour, lautre moitee; et q chune psone ou psones de la dit Ville ou Chastell francs homes du dit Ville de Dovorr en son ppre noune, poet ou poient av enapres envs chune psone q voluntierment facet le cont ne de cest acte ou orden'nce, genall accion de dette de la dite some de v marcz, & declarer specialment sur mesme lacte ou orden nce; et q pcesse dutlagarie & toutz autrez pcesses & det minacion soient euez en la dite accion come est eue & use en autres genalx actions de dette: et auxi le Maister de chun nief ou vaisseau qi voluntierment, en cont'rie de cest acte ou orden'nce, convoie al ascun lieu ou lieux ascun pelrine, inchaunt, ou autre psone ou psones, chival ou best, forface ensemblement a chun temps qil ensi facet v marcz, en les mane & fourme avantditz destre suez euez recovez levez & emploiez.

Ville Printed Copies.

Anno 7° EDWARDI, IV. A.D. 1467.*

IN THE SEVENTH YEAR.

A T the Parliament holden at Westminster, the Third Day of June, the Seventh Year of the Reign of King Edward the Fourth, after the Conquest, Our said Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of his Commons, in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same Parliament, hath ordained and established certain Statutes and Ordinances in Manner and Form following.

FIRST, Whereas there be as well within the City of Norwich, as elsewhere within the County of Norfolk, divers Persons which do make untrue Wares of all Manner of Worsteds, not being of the Assises in Length nor in Breadth, nor of good Stuff and right making as they ought to be, and of old Time were accustomed, and the Sleyes and Yarn pertaining to the same [not well'] made and wrought, in great Deceit as well of Denizens as of Strangers inhabiting or repairing into this Realm, which have used and do use to buy such Merchandises, trusting that they were within as they seemed without, where indeed it is contrary;

untruely Rot. Parl. nu. 19.

Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. VI. m. 3, 2.

a° vii°.

A U Parlement tenuz a Westñi, la tierce jour de June en lan du reigne du Roy Edward le quart puis le conquest septisme, mesme nre f' le Roy del advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la request de sez Coez en le dit parlement assembleez & p lauctorite de mesme le parlement, ad ordeigne & establie cteins statutz & orden nces en mane & fourme ensuantz.

Primement q lou y sont sibien deinz la Citee de Norwyce, come aillours deinz le Countee de Norff, divses psones queux fount [wares '] meins vrois dez toutz mans des Worstedes, nient esteantz des assises en longeur ne laieur, ne de bone stuff & droiturell feisure, sicome ils estre deivent & furent dauncien temps accustumez, & les sleies & file a ycell spectantz nient droitment faitz & ovez, en g'und deceite sibien des deinszeins come destraunges enhabitauntz ou repairantz en cest roialme, queux ount usez & usent dachatier tielx mchandises, confiantz qil sroiet dedeinz come y monstre de hors lou de vite il est cont'rie;

Interlined on the Roll.

In Margine Rotuli.

^{*} The Parliament Roll 7 & 8 Edw. IV. contains the Proceedings of both those Years in an uninterrupted Series; from 3 June 7 Edw. IV. A. D. 1467, until 12 May 8 Edw. IV. A. D. 1468.

& lou q Worstedes en temps passe furent bealment & loialment ovez & ples unt mchandise, & gundement desirez & aymez en les parties dela le mere; ore p cause qils sont de noun droit feisure & de noun droit stuff, ils sont reportz & appellez subtile & noundroit mchandise & de petit reputacion, au g'und damage nre dit f' le Roy & g'und pjudice de son foial people ; Si nre dit f' le Roy, de lassent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la request de ses Cõez en le dit parlement esteantz & p auctorite de mesme le parlement, pur le bien de tout son people & en ppetualt amendement de les ditz Worstedes, & destruccion de toutz manez deceites estre faitz & ovez es Worstedes p eux qi les ovent & les moiens dicett, ad ordeigne & establie q homes du dit Art deinz la dite Citee aient poair chun an, le lunedie pschein apres le fest de Pentecost, de eslier quatres Gardeins deinz la dite Citee de mesme larte; Et auxi q lartificers de mesme lart semblablement dehors la Citee, cest assavoir deinz le Countee de Norff, aient poair chun an au mesme le jour de eslier quatres Gardeins dedeinz & du dit Countee de mesme lart; et les avantditz Gardeins en les ditz Countee & Citee de ven devent le Maire du dit Citee p' le temps esteant, sur le lunedie pschein apres le fest del Corpus Xpi adonqes pschein ensuant, & illeoqes destre jurrez dev'nt le Maire de la dite Citee, & le Seneschaft del Duchie de Lancastre deinz le dit Countee pur le temps esteant, sil aveigne luy deinz la dite Citee adonqes estre Psent, ou autrement devent le Maire tancsoulement le dit Seneschaff lors esteant absent: Et q toutz les ditz Gardeins sibien deinz la dite Citee come dehors, ou autrement la greindre part deux, desoubz cest fourme avantdit recitee esluz & jurrez, aient plein poair pur lan adonqes pschein ensuant de surveer lartifice de les ditz artificers, & qils facent & ovent bien & droitment & de bone stuff; & de faire & ordeigner autielx rules & orden nces deinz la dit art, si sovent come il semblera as eux bosoignable ou necessarie, a lamendement de les ditz Worstedes & Art; et q autielx rules & orden'nces p eux ensi faitz & ordeignez destre p les ditz artificers obeiez & gardez, ou autrement quatres de les ditz Gardeins, ceux de les ditz Artificers qu ascuns de leur ditz rules & orden nces enfreinent ou facent le contrie, appellantz as eux vj de les pluis discretes de les ditz Artificers deinz la dite Citee, & vj de les mesmes Artificers deinz le dit Countee, p la discrecion du dit Maire ou Seneschaff ou dune deux puneront. Et q chun pece de Worstede soit pursuant p mye la pece de leall feisure bone & convenient Stuff, et qils teignent les longeur & laeur sicome lassise soleoit estre dauncien temps droitement accustumee; cest assavoir Beddes del pluis g'und assise en longeur xiiij aulnes largement & en laeur iiij aulnes largement; & Beddes del mesne assise xij aulnes en longeur & en laeur iij aulnes; & Beddes de pluis petit assise x aulnes en longeur & en laeur ij aulnes & di; & draps appellez Monkes clothes, xij aulnes en longeur au meins & v quarters en laeur;

And whereas the Worsteds in Times past were [lawfully wrought, and Merchandise well liked, '] and greatly desired and esteemed in the Parts beyond the Sea, now because they be [of no right making, nor good Stuff,'] they be reported and called subtle and unlawful Merchandise, and of little Reputation, to the great Damage of (3) our said Lord the King, and great Prejudice of his faithful People; Our said Lord the King, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of his Commons being in the said Parliament and by the Authority of the said Parliament, for the Wealth of all his People, and the perpetual Amendment of the said Worsteds, and [eschewing and avoiding 1] all Manner of Deceits to be done and wrought in Worsteds, by them that work the same, and the Means thereof, hath ordained and established, That Men of the said Craft within the said City shall have Power every Year, the Monday next after the Feast of Pentecost, to choose Four Wardens within the said City of the same Craft; and also that Artificers of the same Craft likewise out of the City, that is to say, within the County of Norfolk, shall have Power every Year at the same Day to choose Four Wardens within and of the said County, of the same Craft: And the who shall be aforesaid Wardens in the said County and City, to come before the Mayor of the said City for the Time being, upon the Monday next after the Feast of Corpus Christi then next following, and [then 5] to be sworn before the Mayor of the said City, and the Steward of the Duchy of Lancaster, within the said County for the Time being, if it happen him within the said County then to be present, or else before the Mayor only, the said Steward then being absent: And that all the Power of the said Wardens, as well within the said City as without, or else the greatest Part of them, under this Form before recited chosen and sworn, shall have full Power for the Year then next following, to survey the Workmanship of the said Artificers, and that they make and work [rightfully and well, o] and of good Stuff; and to (7) ordain such Rules and Ordinances within the said Craft as often as it shall seem (*) needful or necessary for the Amendment of the said Worsteds and Craft; and that such Rules and Ordinances so made and ordained by them, shall be obeyed and kept by the said Artificers; Or otherwise Four of the said Wardens, calling and to punish to them Six of the most discreet of the said Artificers within the said City, and Six of the same Artificers within the said County, by the Discretion of the said Mayor and Steward, or One of them, shall punish such of the said Artificers which breaketh, or doth contrary to any of their said Rules and Ordinances. And that every Piece of Worsted shall be pursuing The Length [through 9] the Piece of lawful making, good and convenient Stuff; and that they shall hold the Length and Breadth as the Assise was wont to be of old Time rightfully accustomed; that is to say, Beds of the greatest Assise Fourteen Yards largely in Length, and Four Yards largely in Breadth; and Beds of the [mean 10] Assise, Twelve Yards in Length, and Three Yards in Breadth; and Beds of the least Assise, Ten Yards in Length, and [Five Quarters"] in Breadth; and Cloths called Monks Cloths, Twelve Yards in Length at the least, and Five Quarters in Breadth;

Worsted Wardens in Norwich,

sworn before and Steward

said Wardens

Offenders.

of Pieces of

faire true wrought and pleasaunt mchaundise the Custumes of

of untrue Stuffe 5 there

4 destruccion of 7 make and wele and truly

9 thorowe out * to theym 11 ij yerdes and di 10 myddell

Ket. Part. пи. 19.

Wardens may seize defective Cloths.

The Mayor, Steward, &c. may enquire of, hear, and determine Offences.

The said Mayor, or Steward, and Twelve Artificers shall inquire of the Eight Wardens.

Punishment of the said Wardens, if defective in their Duties or Work;

Wardens may search in Norwich, Norfolk, Suffolk, and Cambridge.

Defective Goods shall be forfeit.

Every Man shall set his proper Mark upon his Worsteds.

and Cloths called Chanon Cloths of the one Assise, Six Yards in Length, and Two Yards in Breadth, and of the other Assise Five Yards [in Length,'] and Seven Quarters in Breadth; and Double Motleys Seven Yards in Length, and Five Quarters in Breadth; and single Motleys Six Yards in Length, and Five Quarters in Breadth; and double Worsted Ten Yards in Length and Five Quarters in Breadth; and the Half double Worsted Six Yards in Length, and Five Quarters in Breadth; and [the Roll of'] Worsted Thirty Yards in Length, and Half a Yard in Breadth; and that no Lambs Wool be put in any of the said Worsteds: And that the Wardens of the said Craft, and every of them, for the Time being, shall have Power and Authority to seise all such Cloths and Stuff so being defective; and that the said Mayor and Steward, and every of them, by Twelve (3) of the discreet Artificers of the said City and County, shall have Power at all Times to inquire, hear, and determine of all such as do against the said Ordinances within the said City or County: And moreover, in eschewing all such Deceits and Falshoods which might happen to be wrought and done in the said Craft by the Eight Wardens aforesaid, [or '] betwixt themselves only, or in counselling of the false Workmanship of other of the said Artificers in the said City and County, that the Mayor of the said City for the Time being, and the said Steward, or One of them, at such Time as he shall think convenient, shall call before him the said Twelve Artificers, or the greatest Part of them, and charge them to be sworn to make rightful Search, as well in the Stuff as in all the [working 5] of the Worsted by the said Eight Wardens hereafter to be wrought and made. And that the said Wardens so found defective either in Execution of their Office in Search of all other of the same Artificers within the said City and County, or else in their own Stuff or Workmanship, shall be corrected by the said Mayor or Steward, in such Form as other Offenders of the same Craft ought of Right to be corrected. And that the said Wardens, and every of them, in every Part of the said City of Norwich, and elsewhere in the Counties of Norfolk, Suffolk, and Cambridge, at all Times convenient, shall have Power to search all Manner of Worsteds, and the Stuff of them, as well within the Looms, as out of the Looms, wrought within the said City of Norwich, or County of Norfolk; and if any Man, before the said Mayor or Steward, or either of them, be thereof found defective, by their Discretion he shall be corrected, and the Worsted and Stuff, found in [Manner and] Form aforesaid defective, shall be forfeit; the one Half of such Forfeiture found in the said City of Norwich, to be to the Mayor of the same City, and found in any other Place, to the Mayor or Bailiffs of the Cities, Boroughs, and Towns, or to the chief Lords of the Fee, of and in such Places as (6) shall happen any such Worsteds and Stuff by the said Wardens, or by any of them, by any Cause aforesaid, to be found defective or forfeitable; and the other Half to the Wardens of the said Craft for the Time being: And that no Man of the said Craft make any Worsted, Junless he put his proper Mark fixed or woven upon the same,7] by the Ordinance of the said Wardens, or else the said Worsted shall be forfeit to our said Lord the King.

omitted 2 rolled 3 men 4 outher 5 werkmanship 6 it 7 withoute he sette theruppon his owen woven 8 nu. 19.

& draps appellez Chanon clothes dune assise vj aulnes en longeur & ij aulnes en laeur, & de lautre assise v aulnes & vij quart's en laeur; et double motleis, vij aulnes en longeur & v quart's en laeur; & sengle motleis vj aulnes en longeur & v quart's en laeur; & double Worstede x aulnes en longeur & v quart's en laeur; et di double Worstede vj aulnes en longeur & v quart's en laeur; et rolle Worstede xxx aulnes en longeur & di aulne en laeur; et q ne soit mise en nuff de les ditz Worstedes ascune laine dagnett: et q les Gardeins del mesme lart & chun diceux pur le temps esteantz avont & ava poair & auctorite de seiser toutz tielx draps & stuffs issint esteantz defectifs; et q les ditz Maire & Seneschaff & chun deux, p xij homes de les discretes artificers de les ditz Citee & Countee, avont poair a toutz temps denquerrer oier & rminer de toutz ceux qi fount encontre la dite orden'nce deinz la dite Citee ou Countee: et enoutre q en eschuer dautielx deceites & faulxcete, queux aveigner puissent estre ovez & faitz en la dite art p les viij Gardeins avantditz, ou entre eux mesmes tancsoulement ou en counseil de faulx artifice dautres de les ditz artificers en les ditz Citee & Countee, q le Maire de la dite Citee pur le temps esteant & le dit Seneschaff ou ung deux, au tiel temps come luy quide pluis bosoignable, ferra appeller dev'nt luy les ditz xij artificers ou la greindre part deux, & ceux charger destre jurrez de faire droiturett serche, sibien en le stuff come en tout lartifice de Worstede p les ditz viij Gardeins enapres estre ovez & faitz; et q les ditz Gardeins issint trovez defectifs, ou en execucion de lour office en serche de toutz autres de mesmes les artifics deinz les ditz Citee & Countee, ou en lour ppre stuff ou artifice, sront correctz p mesme le Maire ou Seneschaft, en tiel fourme sicome autres trespassours mesme lart duissent de droit estre correctez. Et q les ditz Gardeins & chun deux, en chun part de la dite Citee de Norwyce & aillours en les Countees de Norff Suff & Cantebr, au toutz temps covenablez, avont & ava poair de sercher tout man des Wurstedes & le stuff diceux, sibien dedeins lomes come dehors lomes ovez deinz la Citee de Norwice ou Countee de Norff; et si ascun home dev'nt le dit Maire ou Seneschaft ou ascun deux soit ent trove defectif, p leur discrecion soit correcte, et le Wurstede & stuff trovez en fourme avantdit defectifs soient forfaitez; lune moite dautiel forfaiture trove en la dite Citee de Norwice au Maire de mesme la Citee, & trove aillours a le Maire ou Baillifs des Citees Burghs & Villes, ou as chiefs f's del fee, de & en tielx lieux come il aviendra autielx Worstedes & stuff p les ditz Gardeins ou p ascun deux p ascune cause avantdit defectifs ou forfetables estre trovez, et lautre moitee a les Gardeins de la dite art pur le temps esteantz: et q nuff home de la dite art face ascun Wurstede s'unz ceo qil mette sur ceo son ppre signe tistez ou entexez, p orden'nce de les ditz Gardeins, ou autrement cell worstede destre forfait a nre dit f' le Roy.

M. 2.

Et outre ceo pur la pleine reformacion de les deceites & faulxcete desuis recite p lauctorite avantdit ordeignez est & enacte q les ditz viij Gardeins le dit lunedie pschein apres Corpus Xpi annuelment encontinent apres Iour charge desuis recite, devant les ditz Maire & Seneschaft ou ung deux receu, assigneront encontinent une ctein lieu ou deux deinz la dite Citee, & cteins jours p septmaigne, & une autre ctaine lieu ou deux ou plusours sils quident bosoignable en le dit Countee de Norff, & cteins jours p septmaigne pur lan adonqes pschein ensuant, a lentent q chun pece de Wurstede q en cell an Bra mys a vend, soit apporte devent les Gardeins de la dite art p' le temps esteantz, al une de mesmes les lieux issint p eux assignez, a lentent q auxibien les Artificers des Wurstedes come les ditz Gardeins savoir puissent en ctein le lieu lou ditz Wurstedes puissent duement & droitement estre serchez. Et si les ditz Gardeins trovent les ditz Wurstedes p lour sche bien & loialment faitz, q lors p les ditz Gardeins ou p une deux, sanz fine ou fee, illeoqes soit mys sur ceo tiel signe ou token, issint q toutz achatours bien savoir puissent qil est sufficialment & droitment schee & ovee; et q le dit sche extende sibien a le stuff dicett come a la sufficient faisure: et tielx quelx ills trovent defectifs, q le Maire de la dite Citee & Seneschaff de le dit Duchie, ou une deux pur le temps esteantz, p assent p les ditz Gardeins & xij Artifics avont [ou ava'] poair p cest Acte de mettre en icelt tiel correccion come p eux semblera resonable; et q pur chun pece de Wurstede venduz nient signez en fourme aventdit, q le prim vendour dicett forface le price del pece issint p luy vendue, a nre dit f' le Roy; et q toutz orden'nces actes & g'untes faitz ou affairez en pjudice ou contrarie de les Pmisses concnantz Wurstedes soient voidez & de null effect: et q toutz Maires Viscontes & Baillifs & toutz autres Officers soient entendauntz aidantz & supportantz, a les ditz Gardeins en lour serches, si sovent come ceux ou ascun deux sront ou sra p les ditz Gardeins ou p ascun diceux resonablement requis.

Itm monstre fuit a nre dit f' le Roy en le dit parlement, p les enhabitantz & residentz de les Hundredes de Liston Tavistoke & Roweburgh deinz le Countee de Devoine, q come en la darrein parlement comencez a Westm le xxixe jour Dapril lan de son reigne tierce, & p divses progacions & adjornamentes jusqes le xxje jour de Januarie lan de son reigne quart continuez, entre autres ordeigne fuist p auctorite mesme le parlement, q nulle psone q ferroiet ou ferroiet estre fait ascun drap lanuz au vend, a le fest de Seint Peer appellez ladvincle delors pschein ensuant, ne mettoit en ou desuis mesme le drap, ne en la laine dont le dit drap Proiet fait, ascuns flokkes en ascun mane, sur peine de forfeiture mesme le drap en quel ascuns autielx flokkes sroient misez ou mixtez, come p la dite orden*nce pluis pleinement appiert; p quelt orden*nce les ditz enhabitantz esteantz deinz les ditz Hundredes furent semblables estre defaitz, p cause qils ount continuelment usez, de temps q null memoire est, de comixtre & mettre flokkes en le drap illeoges fait de laine cressant deinz mesmes les Hundredes, s'unz Interlined on the Roll.

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Moreover, for the full Reformation of the Deceits and Falshood above rehearsed, by Authority aforesaid, It is ordained and enacted, That the said Eight Wardens, the said Monday next after Corpus Christi yearly, incontinently after their Charge above recited before the said Mayor and Steward, or One of them (') shall assign incontinently a certain Place, or Two, within the said City, and certain Days [by the Week,1] and another certain Place, or Two, or more, if they think it necessary, in the said County of Norfolk, and certain Days [by the Week2] for the Year then next following, to the Intent that every Piece of Worsted, which in the same Year shall be [set3] to Sale, shall be brought before the Wardens of the said Craft for the Time being, [to1] One of the said Places so by them assigned, to the Intent that as well the Artificers of Worsteds, [and 5] the said Wardens, may certainly know the Place where the said Worsteds may duly and rightfully be searched. And if the said Wardens find the said Worsteds by their Search well and lawfully made, that then such a Mark or Token shall be set by the said Wardens, or by One of them, without Fine or Fee, upon the same, so that all Buyers may well know [which Piece is 6] sufficiently and rightfully searched and wrought; and that the said Search shall extend as well to the Stuff of the same, as to the sufficient making: And such as they shall find defective, that the Mayor of the said City, and Steward of the said Dutchy, or One of them for the time being, by the Assent of the said Wardens and Twelve Artificers, shall have Power by this Act to [set 1] therein such Correction as to them shall seem reasonable; and for every Piece of Worsted sold, not marked after the Form aforesaid, That the first Seller thereof shall forfeit the Price of the Piece so by him sold, to our said Lord the King; and that all Ordinances, Acts, and Grants made or to be made in Prejudice, or contrary to the Premises concerning Worsteds, be void and of none Effect: And that all Mayors, Sheriffs, and Bailiffs, and all other Officers, shall be attending, aiding, and supporting to the said Wardens in their Searches, as often as they or any of them shall be by the said Wardens, or any of

them, reasonably required. ITEM, It was shewed to our said Lord the King in the said Parliament, by the Inhabitants and Residents of the Hundreds of Lyston, Tavistock, and Rowburgh, within the County of Devon, That Whereas in the last Parliament begun at Westminster the Nine-and-twentieth Day of April, the Third Year of his Reign, and by divers Prorogations and Adjournments continued till the xxi of January, in the Fourth Year of his Reign, amongst other Things It was ordained by Authority of the same Parliament, That no Person which should make (7) any Woolen Cloth to sell, from the Feast called Saint Peter ad vincula then next following, should put in or upon the same Cloth, nor [in 8] the Wool whereof the said Cloth [shall 9] be made, any Flocks in any wise, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Cloth, wherein any (10) Flocks should be put or mixt, as by the said Ordinance more plainly appeareth; by which Ordinance The injurious thesaid Inhabitants being within the said Hundreds, were likely to be undone, for that they have continually used, from the Time whereof is no Memory, to mix and put Flocks [in 8] the Cloth made there, of Devonshire; the Wool growing within the same Hundreds, without

1 rescevved Rot Parl. 2 wekely put 6 that it is 1 25 7 or doo to be made 9 shuld

Certain Days and Places shall be assigned by Wardens for their Search.

Wardens shall Worsteds properly made;

And correct such as are defective.

All Officers

Recital of Stat 4 E IV. c. 1. concern-

Inhabitants of the said Hundreds may put Flocks in the Cloths made of the Wool growing there.

Cloth there to sell, by reason of the [Grossness'] and Stubbornness of the said Wool; for the same Wool is not put in Clothing, nor in Cloth in any (1) Part of this Realm; So that our said Lord the King by the said Ordinance shall lose his Customs, Aulnage, and all other Profits (3) pertaining and belonging to him of the said Cloth made in the said Hundreds, and the Inhabitants aforesaid for ever shall be utterly impoverished, and like to be undone, unless a Reformation be had in the Premises. Our said Lord the King, the Premises considered, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, hath ordained, That all the said Inhabitants and Residents in any Places within the same Three Hundreds, may make, and cause to be made, all manner of Woolen Cloth of the said Wool, and [to the same 1] lawfully put, and cause to be put, such Quantity of Flocks as shall be needful and profitable to the Maker and Owner of the same Cloth; and that all the Cloths after such Form to be made with Flocks, within the said Three Hundreds and every of them, may be bought and sold at all Times, without any Impeaching or Damage of any Person, and without forfeiting any of the said Cloths, notwithstanding the said Ordinance above rehearsed,

which Flocks they might not, nor could make any

III.
Woolen Yarn
and Cloths
not fulled
shall not be
exported;

ITEM, It was shewed in the said Parliament by the Commons, That Whereas in divers Parts within this Realm, Merchants as well Strangers as Denizens, have daily used to buy Woolen Yarn by the Pounds and other Weights, in divers Markets and Fairs, whereof Cloth should be made, and likewise to buy raw Cloths [not fulled, 5] and the same Yarn and raw Cloth so [not fulled,3 did carry beyond the Sea, for all which Yarn and [Cloths unfulled,6] our Lord the King did take no manner Custom, Aulnage, nor any other Profit or Avail; where if the said Yarn were woven, and the said Cloths [fulled7] within this Realm, the King should have the Custom and [Advantage *] for the same, and Weavers and Fullers of the said Realm should be well occupied; for Default whereof the King's liege People be greatly hurt and impoverished, and Strangers thereby the better occupied and enriched: Wherefore our said Lord the King, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons in the said Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same Parliament hath ordained and established, That no Person, Denizen or Stranger, from the Feast Day of the Assumption, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God M.CCCC.LXVIII. shall carry, or cause to be carried, into any Parts beyond the Sea, any Woolen Yarn [or Cloth not fulled,9] but that the Woolen Yarn which shall be made after the same Feast Day in this Realm, shall be woven in the same Realm, and also all Cloth therein made after the said Feast Day shall be (10) fulled, and fully wrought within the said Realm, before [that it "] be had and carried out of this Realm, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the very Value of all such Yarn unwoven, and Cloth [not fulled 3] had or carried out of this Realm; the one Half of the same Forfeiture to be

but shall be woven and fulled within the Realm, under Pain of Forfeiture.

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quelx flokkes ils ne poiont ne savont feere ascun drap illeoqes a vend, p cause del grossure & stoburnesse de mesme laine; qar la dite laine nest pas mys en drapeur ne en drap en ascun part de cest Roialme; Issint q nre dit f' le Roy pdera p la dite orden nce sez Custumes aulnage & toutz autres pfites a luy en cell part pteign'ntz & regard'untz, del dit draps fait en les ditz Hundredes, et les enhabitantz avantditz pur toutz jours toutoutrement Proient empovisshez & semblablez destre destroiez, si non q reformacion soit eue en les Pmisses: Nre dit f' le Roy les pmisses considerez ad ordeigne p advis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & les Coenz en le dit parlement assemblez & p auctorite del mesme, q toutz les ditz enhabitantz & residentz es ascuns lieux deinz les ditz trois Hundredes puissent faire, & fere estre faitz, tout mane drap lanuz du dite laine, & en icell licitement mettre & fere estre mys tiel quantite des flokkes come Bra bosoignable & pfitable al feisour & possessour mesme le drap; et q toutz les draps en tiel fourme ove flokkes estre faitz, deinz les ditz trois Hundredes & chun deux, puissent estre achatez & venduz a toutz temps s'unz ascun empeschement ou damage dascune psone, & s'unz forfaiture dascun de les ditz draps, la dite orden nce desuis rehersee nient contristeant.

Itm monstre fuist en le dit parlement p les Coez, q come en divses parties deinz cest roialme de jour en autre estoit use p mchantes, sibien est ungez come deinszeins, dachater file lanuez p les livres & autres poises es divses michies & feires, dont drap sroiet fait, & semblablement dachater draps crudes nient fullez, & mesmez le file & drap crude si nient fulle cariont oultre le meere; pur toutz queux file & draps nient fullez, nre dit f' le Roy nulle mane custume aulnage ne nutt autre pfit ne availle prist; lou si le dit file fuisset tiste & le dit draps fullez deinz le roialme, le Roy avoit la custume & aulnage pur les mesmes, & Textours & Fullours le dit roialme Proient bien occupiez; pur defaute de qoy les lieges nre dit f' le Roy sont g'undement endamagez & empovisshez & estinges pent le mieulx occupiez & enrichez: Si ad nre dit f' le Roy, de lassent des f's espuelx & tempelx en le dit parlement assembleez & a la request des ditz Coez & p auctorite de mesme le plement, ordeigne & establie q nulle psone deinszein ou est'nge, a le fest de lassumpsion qi sra en lan nre f' Dieu Mille CCCC lxviii carie ou face destre cariez as ascuns parties dela le mere ascun file lanuz ne drap nient fullez; mes q le file lanuz affaire puis mesme le fest en cest Roialme soit texez en icelt; et auxi tout drap en icelt fait apres le dit fest soit fullez & pleinement ovez deinz le dit roialme, dev'nt q ascun dicett soit eue & carie hors de cest roialme; sur peine de forfaiture de le Vray value de tout tiel file nient texe & drap nient fulle, euez ou cariez hors de cest roialme; la moite de mesme la forfaiture

destre levez al oeps nre dit f' le Roy, & lautre moite de ceo a luy ou ceux qi espiera ou espieront, ou ferra ou ferront prove dascun tiel file nient texe, ou drap nient fulle, puis le dit fest estre cariez a ascun lieu doutre la mere.

Itm de ladvis assent & auctorite suisditz ordeignez est, q̃ chun g'unt relese confirmacion & restitucion faitz & g'untez p le Roy, en fee simple ou fee taille, au ascune psone ou psones depuis le quart jour de Marche lan de son reigne prim, dascun Maner ou Maners tres ou tentes ove lour appurten ncez, es queux la dite psone ou psones, dev'nt le temps de chun tiel g'unt relese confirmacion ou restitucion a luy ou ceux ensi fait, avoiet ou avoient en ou a les mesmes droit ou title, soit & soient dautiel force & effect, come ils furent dev'nt le comencement du dit parlement; ascun act fait ou affaire en mesme le plement nient contristeant.

Itm p ladvis assent & auctorite suisditz ordeignez est, q toutz Pres tentes enheritementz & autres possessions queux le prim jour de Marche pschein devant le quart jour de Marche lan prim nre dit f' le Roy, furent tenuz p feaulte & rent ou autres svices, dascune psone ou psones nient atteint ou atteintz, les queux Pres tentz enheritamentz ou autres possessions, le quart jour de Marche en le prim an du reigne du Roy, ou ascun temps depuis, devenoient en les mains du Roy ou possession, p reason dascun atteindre de treason, & depuis passoient de Roy p ascuns de sez fres patentz au ascune pone ou psones, ou decy en apres passeront de Roy p ascunes sez fres patentz au ascune psone ou psones, q mesme la psone & psones & chun deux, & chun leur heir & heirs assigne & assignez successour & successours, aient pceivent & preignent tielx rent & rentz, quelle & quelles de mesmes les Pres tentes enheritamentes ou autres possessions ou ascuns deux, esteantz es les mains dascune autre psone ou psones q du Roy, sicome au ascune de ceux fuist & furent duez, & dusissent estre duez, si les ditz atteindres nussent mie estez euez: et q bien lise a les ditz psone & psones nient atteintz, & a chun deux & a chun le lour heir & heires assigne & assignez successour & successours, en les mesmes tres tentes enheritamentes & possessions, esteantz en les mains dascune autre psone ou psones q du Roy, pur le dit rent ou rentes a destreigner, soubz tielx man & fourme, come ceux & chun deux povoient avoir fait, si mesmes les atteindres nussent mie estez euez: et cest orden nce soit en sa force, le prim jour du dit parlement.

levied to the King's Use, and the other Half thereof to him or them that espieth or maketh Proof of any such unwoven Yarn, or Cloth [not fulled,'] after the said Feast Day, to be carried to any Place beyond the Sea.

ITEM, By the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, It is ordained, That every Grant, Release, Confirmation, and Restitution made and granted by the King in Fee Simple or Fee Tail, to any Person or Persons after the Fourth Day of March, the First Year of his Reign, of any Manor or Manors, Lands or Tenements with their Appurtenances, whereunto the said Person or Persons before the Time of every such Grant, Release, Confirmation, or Restitution to him or them so made, had in or to the same Right or Title, shall be of such Force and Effect as they were before the Beginning of the said Parliament; any Act made or to be made in the same Parliament notwithstanding.

ITEM, By the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, It is ordained, That all Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, and other Possessions, which the First Day of March, next before the Fourth Day of March, the First Year of the King's Reign, were holden by Fealty and Rent, or other Services of any Person or Persons not attainted; which Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, or other Possessions the Fourth Day of March, the First Year of the King's Reign, or any Time after, came into the King's Hands or Possession, by reason of any Attainder of Treason, and after passed from the King by any of his Letters Patents, to any Person or Persons, or hereafter shall pass from the King by any of his Letters Patents to any Person or Persons; that the same Person or Persons, and every of them, and every their Heir and Heirs, Assignee and Assignees, Successor and Successors, shall have perceive and take such Rent and Rents, as to any of them were due, and [ought to be 1] due of the same Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, or other Possessions, or any of them, being in the Hands of any other Person or Persons than of the King, [as if 1] the said Attainders had not been had: And that it shall be lawful to [every '] Person or Persons not attainted, and to every of them, and to every of their Heir and Heirs. Assignee and Assignees, Successor and Successors, in the same Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, or other Possessions, being in the Hands of any other Person or Persons than of the King, for the said Rent or Rents to distrain, after such Manner and Form as they and every of them might have done, if the same Attainders had not been had: And this [Act 3] to be in his Force the First Day of this said Parliament.

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IV.
Exception
from Act of
Resumption,
for Grants of
Lands, &c.
made by the
King since
March 4th.
I Edw. IV.

[See Rot. Parl. 7 & 8 E. IV. nu. 8. mem. 4.]

V.
Persons, not attainted, of whom any Lands, coming to the King by Attainder and granted out by him, were holden by Rent and Fealty, may receive and distrain for the said Rent.

Anno 8° EDWARDI, IV. A.D.1468.

IN THE EIGHTH YEAR.

OUR Lord the King, Edward the Fourth after the Conquest, at his Parliament [holden'] at Westminster, the Third Day of June, the Seventh Year of his Reign, and by divers Prorogations and Adjournments continued till the Twelfth Day of May, the Eighth Year of his Reign; the same Twelfth Day, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Request of the Commons, in the said Parliament assembled, hath [made, 2] ordained, and established divers Statutes and Ordinances in the Form following.

I.
Deficiencies
in making of
Broad set
Cloths and
Streit set
Cloths, in
Norfolk,
Suffolk,
and Essex;

FIRST, Because it was shewed in the said Parliament, by the Commons there being, concerning the Clothmakers and Inhabitants within the [County 3] of Norfolk, Suffolk, and Essex, That Whereas (4) long Time past there hath been [a good common Usage 5] within the same Counties, by the Clothmakers there, that divers Woolen Cloths (6) called Broad Set Cloths, and other called Streit set Cloths, that is to say, the said Broad Set Cloths, every Cloth to contain, after [their 7] sufficient Workmanship thereto required, ready to Sale, xxviij Yards and xxviij Inches in Length by the Crest, and in Breadth Seven Quarters within the Lists, directly from one End of the Cloth to the other End of the same; and every Cloth of the said Broad Set Cloths so made ready to Sale to weigh xxxviij. Pound at the least or more; And the said Cloths called Streit Set Cloths to contain, after [their] sufficient and rightful Workmanship thereto required ready to Sale, in Length xiiij Yards and xiiij Inches measured by the List, and in Breadth iij Quarters and di. Quarter of a Yard within the Lists directly from one End to the other; and every Cloth of the said Streit Set Cloths so made ready for Sale, to weigh ix li. and di. at the least or more; Whereby the said Clothmakers and Inhabitants in the said Counties did greatly prosper, and had great Profit and good Utterance of the said Cloths and the King greatly increased in his Customs (*) [till o] now of late many and divers of the Inhabitants and Clothmakers within the said Counties, by subtil Imagination, [Craft, and Collusion did and now do make "] Cloths there, naming some of them Broad Set Cloths, and some of them Streit Set Cloths; the which so named Broad Set Cloths, the Cloth passeth not the Length of xxvj Yards, and some less, and in Breadth no more but Six Quarters and some less, and in Weight not above xxviij Pounds and some less; and the said Cloths called Streit Set Cloths, (") the Cloth passeth not the Length of xij. Yards, and some less, and (12) in Breadth but Half a Yard and Half a Quarter of a Yard, and some less, and in Weight not over Seven Pounds, and some less: By reason of which Deceits, as well in the

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Ex Rot. Stat. in Turr. Lond. VI. m. 2, 1.

Nre f' le Roy Edward puis le Conquest quart, a son parlement comencez a Westin le tierce jour de June lan de son reigne septisme, & p divses progacions & adjornamentes jusqes le xije jour de May lan de son reigne oept continuez, mesme le xije jour de ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la special request des Coez en mesme le parlement assemblez, ad fait ordeigner & establier divses statutes & ordenences en la fourme quesuit.

Primement pur ceo q monstre fuist en le dit parlement p les Cõez esteantz en icell, de par les feisours de draps & enhabitantz deinz les Countees de Norff, Suff & Essex, q come p long temps passe il y ad este la ung bone publique usee deinz mesmes les Countees, p feisours de draps illeoqes, divses draps lanuz appellez brode set clothes & les autres appellez streit set clothes, cest assavoir, les ditz brode set clothes, chun drap de conteigner apres tout sufficial ovaigne a icell requis prest a vend, xxviij aulnes & xxviij pousez en longeur p le crest, & en laieur vij quarters deinz les listes, directement del ung fine du dit drap jusqes a lautre fine diceff; et chun drap de les ditz brode set clothes ensi fait pst au vend de poiser xxxviij ti. au meins ou pluis; et les ditz draps appellez Streite sette clothes de conteigner, apres tout sufficial & droit ovaigne a icell requis pstz au vend, en longeur xiiij aulnes & xiiij pousez mesurez p la list, & en laeur trois quarters & di quarter daulne deinz les listes, directement del une fine al autre fine; et chun drap de les ditz streit set clothes ensi fait pst au vend de poiser ix fi. & di au meins ou pluis; p qoy les ditz feisours de draps & enhabitantz en les ditz Countees g'undement prosperoient, & avoient g'und pfit & boon utterance de les ditz draps, & le Roy g'undement encrece en sez custumes & devoirs diceux; coment q jatarde, plusours & divses de les enhabitantz & feisours de draps deinz les ditz Countees, p subtiel ymaginacion artes & malx engines fount divses drapes illeoqes, nomantz ascuns deux brode set clothes & ascuns deux streit set clothes, les queux ensi nomez brode set clothes, le drap ne passe mie la longeur de xxvj aulnes & ascuns meins, & nient en laeur mes vj quarters & ascuns meins, & en poise nient oultre xxviij fi. & ascuns meins; et les ditz drapes nomez streit set clothes, des queux streit set clothes le drap ne passe mie la longeur de xij aulnes & ascuns meins, & nient en laeur mes di aulne & di quarter daulne & ascuns meins, & en poise nient oultre vij fi. & ascuns meins: p cause des quelles deceites, sibien en

non droit ovaigne come en defaute del longeur laeure & poise, les ditz feisours de draps, & enhabitantes deinz les ditz trois Countees, ne ount pas ne avoir puissent utterance ou passage en les parties est'unges, ne davoir pfit de les ditz draps en man avantdit faitz, p cause de non droit feisure suisdit, au g'und damage & defesance des foialx feisours de draps enhabitantes deinz les ditz Countees, & g'und damage au Roy de sez custumes & devoirs en celt partie: Nre dit & le Roy les Pmisses considerez, de ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & al prier de sez Coez en le dit parlement esteantz & p auctorite del mesme, ad ordeigne & establie, q toutz les ditz drapes appellez brode set clothes et streit set clothes, & chun diceux queux Front faitz deinz ascun de les ditz Countees, de prim jour daust qi Bra en lan nre f' Dieu Mille CCCC. lxviij. soient droitment faitz en la fourme ensuant, cest assavoir ; chun de les ditz drapes appellez brode set clothes, apres tout man sufficient parfit & droit ovaigne fait, purement scure, pleinement seche, & prest au vend, conteigne en longeur xxviij aulnes & xxviij pousez, mesurez p la creste, & en laeur vij quarters deinz les listes, directement a ung fine du dit drap jusqes lautre fine de luy mesme; et chun de les ditz brode set clothes, apres toutz les ditz sufficient & parfit ovaigne pure scurement pleine secher & fait pst au vend, poise xxxviij ti. au meins. Et auxi q chun de les ditz drapes appellez streit sette clothes, queux sront faitz en ascun des ditz Countees puis le dit prim jour daust, apres tout man sufficient parfit & droit ovaigne fait, purement scure, & pleinement seche & pst au vend, conteigne en longeur xiiij aulnes & xiiij pousez mesurez p la liste, & en laeur trois quarts & di quarter daulne deinz les listes, directement del ung fine del streit set cloth jusqes al autre fine de luy mesme; et chun de les ditz streit set clothes, apres toutz ditz sufficient & parfit ovaigne pure scurement pleine secher & fait pst au vend, poise ix ti. & dī au meins: et q̃ toutz les ditz drapes appellez brode set clothes & streit set clothes, qi sront faitz deinz ascun de les ditz Countees puis le dit prim jour daust, de droit & parfit ovaigne accordant a cest orden'nce, soient ensealez p laulnageour ou sealour du Roy, oveq les seeles de Subsidie & Aulnage deinz chun des ditz Countees pur ceo ordeignez empressez en cere. Et q nulle psone ne psones puis le dit prim jour daust offre ne offrent ne met ne mettent au vend, ascun des ditz draps appellez brode set clothes ou streit set clothes, nient gardants pleine longeur pois ou laeur, ou nemie purement scure ou pleinement seche, accordant a cest ordenence; sur peine de forfaiture diceff, lune moite de ceo au Roy & lautre moite de ceo al partie q espiera & le seisera; et q nulle psone ne psones, puis le dit prini jour daust, tache pakke ne carie ascun de les ditz draps, appellez brode set clothes ne streit set clothes, hors dascun de les ditz Countees,

undue Workmanship as in Default of Length, Breadth, and Weight, the said Clothmakers and Inhabitants within the said Three Counties, have not, nor may have Utterance (') into strange Parts, nor have Profit of the said Cloths made after the Form aforesaid, because of the not due making aforesaid, to the great Damage and undoing of the [faithful 1] Clothmakers inhabiting within the said Counties, and great Damage to the King of his Customs and Devoirs in this Behalf: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, the Premises considered, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of his Commons being in the said Parliament, and by the Authority of the same, hath ordained and established, That all the said Cloths called Broad Set Cloths, and Streit Set Cloths, and every of them, which shall be made within any of the said Counties after the First Day of August, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God One thousand four hundred threescore and eight, shall be rightfully made in the Form ensuing, that is to say; every of the said Cloths called Broad Set Cloths [after they be sufficiently, perfectly, and rightfully3 made, clean scoured, [fully searched, 1] and ready to Sale, shall contain in Length xxviij Yards and xxviij Inches, measured by the Crest, and in Breadth Seven Quarters within the Lists, directly from one End of the said Cloth unto the other (5); and every of the said Broad Set Cloths after all the said sufficient and perfect Workmanship, clean scouring, and full [searching, and made ready to Sale shall weigh Thirty-eight Pounds at the least. And also that every of the said (7) Streit Set Cloths, which shall be made in any of the said Counties after the said First Day of August, after all manner sufficient perfect and [right*] Workmanship [clean scouring, and full Search, o and ready to Sale, shall contain in Length Fourteen Yards and Fourteen Inches, measured by the List, and in Breadth Three Quarters and Half a Quarter of a Yard within the Lists directly from one End (10) to the other (5); and every of the said Streit Set Cloths after all the said sufficient and perfect Workmanship, clean scouring, and full [searching, 6] and made ready to Sale, shall weigh Nine Pounds and a Half at the least: And that all the said Cloths called Broad Set Cloths and Streit Set Cloths, which shall be made within any of the said Counties after the said First Day of August, of [right 8] and perfect Workmanship, according to this Ordinance, shall be sealed by the King's Aulnager or Sealer, with the Seals of the Subsidy and Aulnage within every of the said Counties therefore ordained printed in Wax. And that no Per- Forfeiture son or Persons after the said First Day of August, shall offer nor put to Sale any of the said Cloths called made; Broad Set Cloths or Streit Set Cloths, not keeping the full Length, Weight, or Breadth, or not clean scoured or [fully searched 1] according to this Ordinance, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same, the one Half thereof to the Use of our said Sovereign Lord the King, and the other Half thereof to the Party that shall espy and seise the same; and that no Person or Persons after the or not sealed. said First Day of August, [shall tach,"] pack, or carry any of the said Cloths, called Broad Set Cloths, nor Streit Set Cloths, out of any of the said Counties,

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VOL. II.

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Original from PENN STATE

M. I.

Penalty on Aulnager, &c.

[unless the same be'] sealed by the King's Aulnager or Sealer, after the Manner above ordained by this Ordinance, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same, (1) the one Half thereof to the King, and the other Half to the Party which shall espy and seise the same. And if any Aulnager, or any of his Deputies within any of the said Counties, shall seal any of the said Set Cloths, not containing the same Length, Breadth, and Weight aforesaid, that then he shall forfeit for every (3) Broad Cloth so (4) sealed Six Shillings Eight-pence, and for every of the Streit Set Cloths so (4) sealed xx d. the one Half [of the same Forfeiture to be paid to the Use of our said Sovereign Lord 5] the King, and the other Half to him that will sue for the same by Action of Debt, by Writ or Bill in any of the Kings Courts, at his Election that will sue in this Behalf; and in the same Action to recover over and beside the said Forfeiture, such Costs and Damages as be commonly used in an Action of Debt sued at the Common Law.

II.
Former Laws
against
giving
Liveries
confirmed.

ITEM, Our Sovereign Lord the King, remembring that [where in Times past 6] divers Statutes have been made for the Punishment of such Persons which give or receive Liveries, with divers Pains and Forfeitures comprised therein, and that yet divers Persons in great Number, having no Dread of the said Pains and Forfeitures, do daily offend against the Form of the same; by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and [at the Prayer 7] of the Commons of this Realm, being in the said Parliament, and by Authority of the same, hath ordained and established, that all Statutes and Ordinances made before this Time, against any Persons for giving or receiving of Liveries [and Badges,8] shall be fully observed and kept. And moreover, that no Person, of what [Estate,7] Degree, or Condition that he be, by himself or any other for him, from the Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God M.CCCC.LXVIII. shall give any such Livery or [Badge,9] or retain any Person other than his menial Servant, Officer, or Man learned in the one Law or the other, by any Writing, Oath, or Promise; and if any do the contrary, that then he shall run in Pain and Forfeiture for every such Livery or [Badge,9] [giving 10] a Cs. and the Retainer or [Taker"] of such Oath, Writing, or Promise, or [Retainer "] by Indenture, for every such [retaining or taking 13] of any such Oath or Promise, or retaining by Indenture, shall incur the Pain and Forfeiture of one Hundred Shillings for every Month that any [such 7] Person is so retained with him, by Oath, Writing, Indenture, or Promise; and also that every Person so retained by Writing, Indenture, Oath, or Promise, for every such Month [that "] he is so retained, shall forfeit and lose One Hundred Shillings. And Moreover the King, by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and established, That as well before the King in his Bench, as before the Justices of the Common [Place,'5] Justices of Peace in their (16) Sessions, Justices of Oyer and Terminer, and Gaol Delivery, the King's Justices in his Counties Palatine of Lancaster and Chester for the Time being, in every of those the King's Courts aforesaid, before them or any of them, and in [the Regalty 17] and Court of the Archbishop of York in Hexhamshire before [the 18] Justices there, and in the

Penalty for offending;

No Person

shall give such Livery

or Sign, or retain other than his

Menials or

Counsellor.

against Person

In what Courts Suit may be brought.

en man come est desuis ordeignez p cest orden nce; sur peine de forfaiture dicett, cest assavoir lune moite de ceo au Roy, et lautre moite al partie q espiera & ceo seisera. Et si ascun Aulnageour, ou ascun de sez deputees deinz ascun de les ditz Countees, enseale ascun de les ditz set clothes, nient conteign'nt mesmes les longeur laeur & pois av'ntditz, q lors il forface p' chun del dit brode set cloth ensi densealer, vj s. viij d, et pur chun de les ditz streite set clothes ensi densealer xx d; lune moite de ceo au Roy & lautre moite a celluy qi pur ceo suer voet en cest partie, p accion de dette p brief ou bille, en ascun des Courtes du Roy, al eleccion celuy qi suer voet; & en mesme laccion a recover oultre la dit forfaiture tielx costes & damages come sont usuelment usez en accion du dette pursuez al cõe ley. Itm nre f' le Roy remembrant q pcy dev'nt divses estatuitz pur punicion dautielx psones quelles donent ou resceivent Lives, oveq, divses peines & forfaitures en

ains q soit seale p laulnageour ou sealour du Roy,

iceux comprisez, ont este faitz, et q encore divses psones en g'und nombre, nient aiantz paour de les peines ne forfaitures, journelment offendent encontre la fourme diceux, ad p ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & remporelx & de les Cõez de cest Roialme en son dit parlement esteantz, & p lauctorite dicett ordeigne & establie, q toutz statutes & orden nces devent cest temps faitz, encountre ascuns psones pur donacion ou recepcion des lives & signes, soient pleinement observez & gardez. Et outre ceo q nulle psone de quelle estate degre ou condicion qil soit p soy mesme ou ascun autre pur luy a le fest del Nativite Seint John Baptist qi Bra en lan nre f' Dieu Mille CCCC ixviij done ascun tiel live ou signe, ou reteigne ascune psone, autre q son menialt svant Officer ou home appris en lune ley ou lautre, p ascun escript srement ou pmes; et si ascun face le conterie, q lors il encourge peine & forfaiture pur chun autiel livee ou signe donez, C s. et le reteignour ou acceptour dautiel Brement escript ou pmes ou Reteignour p endenture, pur chun autiel reteign'nce ou acceptance dascun tiel Brement ou pmes, ou reteign nce p endenture, encourge peine & forfeiture de Cs. pur chun moys q ascune psone est ensi reteignez oveq luy p grement escript endenture ou pmes; et auxi q chun psone, ensi reteignez, p escript endenture frement ou pmes, pur chun autiel moys pur quel il est ensi reteignez forface & pde Cs: et pluis avant le Roy de ladvis assent & auctorite suisditz, ad ordeigne & establie, q sibien devent le Roy en son Banc come dev'nt les Justices del coen Banc, Justices du peas en lour coen sessions, Justices doier & Pminer & gaole deliver, les Justices du Roy en sez Countees Palatyne de Lancastre & Chestre, pur le temps esteantz en chun les Courtes roialx avantditz devant eux ou ascun deux, & en le Regalie, & Court del Archevesq. Devwyk, en Hexamshire, devant les Justices illeoqes, et

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en la Court del Evesque de Duresme, en les Countees Palatines de Duresme dev'nt sez Justices illeoges, chune psone q suer ou pleindre voet, envs ascune psone ou psones offendant ou faisant offendantz ou faisantz encountre la fourme de cest orden'nce ou ascune autre de les Pmisses, soit admis, p discrecion de les Juges en chun diceux Courtes de doner enformacion pur le Roy en ycett, dascun de les pmisses, deinz la jurisdiccion de chun de les ditz Courtes fait ou comis; et chun tiel enfourmor, sil voile, soit admis de pursuer pur le Roy & luy mesme accions on accion en icelt, sur le mesme, p enformacion a doner ou affaire en ascune de les Courtes aventditz, envs tantz tielx offendours p ou en ung bille ou enformacion a nomers, come il voet qi ensi enfourmet; et cett enformacion ensi donee, estoise & soit en lieu du bille ou brief originalt; et q sur le mesme tout autiel pcesse soit eue & fait come est eue ou fait sur brief originatt, de trespas fait encountre la peas du Roy. Et q si ascun de les Offendours soit psent en ascun de les ditz Courtes, celluy p comaundement de chun de les Juges en mesmes les Courtes soit mesne & mis a respondre a tiel bille ou billes p autiel enformacion p sement primement affaire sur un livre p lenfourmo', dev'nt ascun de les ditz Juges sa compleint estre droit; s'unz ascun autre ou pluis oultre pcesse en icelt; et q mesmes les Juges & chun deux, en chune de les ditz Courtes aient poair en lour sevatt jurisdiccion dexaminer toutz psones defendantz, & chun diceux, sur chun tiel enformacion, & dadjuger luy ou ceux convicte ou atteinte, convictez ou atteintz, sibien p tiel examinacion ou autrement p triall come le case requirra solono, la discrecion de les Juges; et auxi soient chargez & soit charge p jugement en icett, al psone pleign'nt ou enfourmo' en celt partie, de toutz costes en icelt euez, p discrecion de les Juges ou Juge en ycett; et auxi mesme la partie pleign'nt davoir la moite de toutz forfaitures avantditz, & le Roy davoir lautre moitee; et tout tiel execucion destre eue pur lenfourmour en icelt come est eue, ou duisset estre eue, es recovez du dette ou trespas a sa pleasir; et q nulle essoine ne pteccion soit alloue, sur ascun tiel enformacion; et q nuft Viscont ou Coroner retourne sur ascune psone sufficient defendant en ascun sute founduz en ascun de les Pmisses retornez sufficient, ascuns meindres issues, q xx s. al prim jour de distresse, & al seconde jour xxx s. & au tierce jour xl s. et ensi au chun jour apres pluis p x s. en issues; Et si ascun Viscont ou Coroner face de ceo le contrie, q lors il forface pur chun tiel reto'ne, encountre la fourme av'ntdit fait, xxs: et auxi p ladvis assent & auctorite suisditz ordeignez est, q en chun Citee Burgh Ville & Port cesty roialme corporez, es queux les Maire Viscontz Viscont Baillif ou Baillifs, ou autre chief Officer dautiel Citee Burgh Ville ou Port, ount ou ad poair doier & Pminer plees psonelx, mesmes les Maire, Viscontz, Viscont, Baillif ou Baillifs ou chief Officer, en Court dev'nt eux ou ascun deux tenuz, deinz ascun tiel Citee Burgh Ville ou Port, aient & aiet tout semblable & tiel auctorite de resceiver tiel enformacion come doier & Pminer, sibien p examinacion come p triall p lour discrecion, toutz choses concnantz les Pmissez faitz p ou as enhabitantes deinz la jurisdiccion

Court of the Bishop of Durham in the County Palatine of Durham, before [the '] Justices there, every Person that will sue or complain against any Person or Persons offending or doing against the Form of this Ordinance, or any other of the Premises, shall be admitted by the Discretion of the Judges in every of the said Courts, to give Information for the King therein, of any of the Premises, within the Jurisdiction of every of the said Courts done or committed; and every such Informer, if he will, shall be admitted to sue for the King and himself, Actions or Action (1) upon the same, by Information to be given or made in any of the said Courts, against as many such Offenders (3) in one Bill or Information to be named, as liketh him which so informeth; and [this 4] Information so given shall stand and be instead of a Bill or original Writ; and that thereupon all such Process shall be had and made, as is had or made upon an original Writ of Trespass done against the King's Peace. And that if any of the Offenders be present in any of the said Courts, he by the Commandment of every of the Judges in the same Courts, shall be brought and put to answer to such Bill or Bills by such Information by an Oath first to be made upon a Book by the Informer before any of the said Judges [that his Complaint is rightful 3] without any other or further Process therein; And that the same Judges and every of them, in every of the said Courts, shall have Power in their several Jurisdictions to examine all Persons Defendants, and every of them, upon every such Information, and to judge him or them convicted or attainted, as well by such Examination as by Trial, as the Case requireth, after the Discretion the Judges; and also shall be charged by the Judgement in the same to the Person Complainant or Informer in [this+] Behalf, of all the Costs had in the same, by the Discretion of the Judges or Judge in the same; and also the same Party Complainant to have the one Half of (7) the said Forfeitures, and the King (8) the other Half; and all such Execution to be had for the Informer [in this Behalf,9] as is had, or ought to be had in Recoveries of Debt or Trespass, at his Pleasure; and that no Essoin nor Protection be allowed upon any such Information; and that no Sheriff nor Coroner return upon any [Defendant, being a Person sufficient,10] in any Suit grounded upon any of the Premises, returned sufficient, any less Issues than Twenty Shillings at the First Day of the Distress, and at the Second Day Thirty Shillings, and at the Third Day Forty Shillings, and so at every Day after, more by Ten Shillings in Issues; and if any Sheriff or Coroner do the contrary. that then he shall forfeit for every such Return against the Form aforesaid (") Twenty Shillings: And also by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, It is ordained, That in every City, Borough, Town, and Port of this Realm corporate, wherein the Mayor, Sheriffs, Sheriff, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or other chief Officer of such City Borough Town or Port have (13) Power to hear and determine Pleas personal, the same Mayor, Sheriffs, Sheriff, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or chief Officer, in the Court holden before them or any of them, within any such City Borough Town or Port, shall have all like and such Authority to receive such Information, as to hear and determine, as well by Examination as by Trial, by their Discretion, all Things done concerning the Premises, by or to the inhabitants

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Process in

Proceedings therein.

Mayor and Chief Officers of Cities, &c. may hear and determine Offences.

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9 theryu 11 made All Retainings contrary to this Act, shall be void.

Proviso for Grantees of Forfeitures in Cities, &c.

Exception for Counsel given, though not by a Lawyer.

No Exigend within the Counties Palatine, or in Durham.

Exception, from this Act of particular Occasion.

Court, and to [make'] and to put this Ordinance in Execution, in like [Manner and] Form as is above ordained; and that [our Sovereign Lord] the King shall have the one Half of the Forfeiture, and the Informer therein, and the Mayor, Sheriffs, Sheriff, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or chief Officer of such City Borough Town or Port, to have the other Half, equally to be divided betwixt them; whereof the Part pertaining to the Mayor, Sheriffs, Sheriff, Bailiffs, Bailiff or chief Officer, shall be applied to the Use of such City Borough Town or Port: And that all [Retainings,'] and every [Retaining 3] by Indenture or other Writing, Oath, or Promise of any Person, made before the said Feast, other than to be Menial Servant or Officer, or of his Council, or for lawful Service done or to be done, shall be from the said Feast utterly void and of no Force nor Effect. Also it is ordained [and established] by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, That [our Sovereign Lord] the King, shall have the one Half of all the said Pains and Forfeitures in Manner and Form before ordained; except in Cities, Boroughs, Towns, and [divers] other Places, where any Person or Persons have by reason of their Privileges, Liberties, Franchises, or Grants, like Forfeitures and Pains, and that every such Person or Persons shall have the Half of the said Forfeitures and Pains made by this Act, according to their (4) Privileges, Liberties, Franchises and Grants as the King should have, if the said Privileges, Liberties, Franchises, and Grants had not been had, granted, nor made. Provided always, That this Art extend not, nor be prejudicial to any Gift, Grant, or Confirmation made or to be made of any Fee, Annuity, Pension, Rent, Lands, or Tenements, by the King or any other Person or Persons, to any Person or Persons for their Council given or to be given, and their lawful Service done or to be done, (5) and for none other unlawful Cause, nor (6) none other unlawful Intent, although that the Person or Persons to whom such Gift, Grant, or Confirmation is or shall be made, be not learned in the one Law nor in the other; And it is ordained by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, That every such Gift, Grant, or Confirmation shall be of like Force and Effect, and as good, effectual, and available as they and every of them [were7] if this Act had not been made. And by the said Authority it is ordained, That no Exigend shall be awarded by any of the Justices for the Time being, within the said Counties Palatine of Lancaster and Chester, or either of them, or in the said Bishoprick of Durham, against any Person or Persons, (8) upon any Information, Suit, or Process to be made by Force of this Ordinance [and Statute; and if any Exigend be awarded, or any Outlawry [thereupon9] pronounced, in any Information Suit or Process to be made by virtue of this Ordinance, as before is said, that then such Outlawry shall be utterly void and of no [Force nor] Effect, without any Suit by Writ of Error, or otherwise. Provided also, That this Ordinance do not extend to any Livery given or to be given at the King's or Queen's Coronation, or at the Stallation of an Archbishop or Bishop, or Erection, Creation, or Marriage of any Lord or Lady of Estate, or at the Creation of Knights of the Bath, or at the Commencement of any Clerk in any University, or at the Creation of Sergeants in the Law, or to [give 10] by any Guild, Fraternity, or Mystery corporate, or by the Mayor and Sheriffs [of the City] of London, or any other Mayor, Sheriff, or other chief Officer of any

doo Resceyvers reteyner seid or for their Counseill yeven or to be yeven or laufull reterior doon or to be doon by, yn, or sheryn be yevyn

dicett Court, & a fere & mettre cest orden'nce en execucion en semblable fourme come il est desuis ordeigne; et q le Roy aiet la moite del forfaiture, et lenfourmour en icett & les Maire Viscontz Viscont Baillifs Baillif ou chief Officer dautiel Citee Burgh Ville ou Port lautre moite, owelment entre eux estre devisez; dont la part pteign'nt a les Maire Viscontz Viscont Baillifs Baillif ou chief officer destre appliez al oeps dautiel Citee Burgh Ville ou Port : et q toutz reteindres & chun reteindre, p endenture ou autre escript srement ou pmes dascune psone, dev'nt le dit fest fait autre q destre menialt svant ou Officer ou de son counseill ou pur loiatt svice fait ou affaire, soient & soit a mesme le fest voidez & de nutt force neffect. Et ordeignez est p ladvis assent & auctorite suisditz, q le Roy aiet la moite de toutz les ditz peines & forfaitures es man & fourme avent ordeignez, forsprise es Citees Burghs Villes & autres lieux lou ascune psone ou psones ad ou ont, p reason de leur privilege libtees f unchises ou guntes, semblables forfaitures & peines; et q chune tiel psone & psones aiet & aient la moite des ditz forfaitures & peines faitz p cest act, accordant a leur ditz privileges libtees franchises & g'untes, come le Roy arroiet, si les ditz privileges libtees franchises & g'untes ne fuissent mie euez g'untez ne faitz. Purveue toutz foitz q cest act nextende pas ne ne soit Pjudiciatt au ascun don g'unt ou confirmacion, fait ou affaire, dascun fee annuitee pension rent tres ou tentes p le Roy ou ascune autre psone ou psones (1) pur lour Counseitt done ou a doner & leur loiatt svice fait ou affaire, & pur nuft autre cause desloiatt ne a nuft autre entent desloiaff; tout soit q la psone ou psones a quel ou quelles autiel don g'unt ou confirmacion est ou sra fait ne soit ou soient appris ou apprisez en lune ley nen lautre; Et ordeignez est p ladvis assent & auctorite suisditz, q chun autiel don g'unt & confirmacion soient de semblables force & effect & si bons effectuelx & availlables come ceux & chun deux fuissent, si cest act neusset este fait. Et p la dite auctorite ordeignez est q null exigend soit agarde, p ascun de les Justices pur le temps esteantz deinz les ditz Countees Palatin de Lancastre & Chestre ou lautre diceux, ou en le dit Eveuschee de Duresme, envs ascune psone ou psones, p, en, ou sur ascun enformacion sute ou pcesse affaire p force de cest orden'nce; et si ascun exigend soit agarde, ou ascune utlagarie sur ceo pnouncee, en ascune enformacion sute ou pcesse affaire p vtue de cest orden'nce come dev'nt est dit, q lors autiel utlagarie soit tout outrement voide & de null effect, s'unz ascun sute p brief derrour ou autrement. Purveue auxi q cest orden'nce nextende pas au ascune live done ou a doner au Coronacion du Roy ou Roigne, ou a lastallacion del Archevesqe ou Evesqe, ou ereccion creacion ou mariage dascun f' ou Dame destate, ou au creacion des Chevaliers de la Bathe, ou au ascun comencement dascun Clerk en ascun Univsite, ou au creacion des Sergeantz de ley, ou a doner p ascun Gilde Fratnite ou mestiere corporez, ou p le Maire ou Viscontz de Loundres, ou ascun Maire ou Viscont ou

1 au ascun psone ou personez Printed Copies.

autre chief Officer dacune Citee Burgh Ville ou Port de cest Roialme, pur le temps esteant ou esteantz, durant cell temps & pur lour office ou occupacion executant; Ne as ascunes signes ou livez a doners en la defence du Roy & de cest Roialme; Ne as Constable & Marschaff ne a ascun deux, pur ascun signe live ou token p eux a doner as ascuns actes darmes affairez deinz cest Roialme; Ne as ascuns de les Gardeins de les Marches envs Escoce, pur ascun live signe ou token p ceux a doner de Trent envs le North a tiel temps tancsoulement come sra necessarie de lever people, p' la defence de les ditz Marches ou dascun deux.

Itm monstre fuist p les ditz Cõez en le dit parlement de par les franc ten'ntes dem'antz dedeinz le Countee de Middelsex, deinz quel Countee annuelment sont plusours accions suez & trials p xij homes euez, q sont dedeinz plusours autres Countees de cest Roialme, causez p reseancie de toutz Courtes du Roy tenuz & dem'antz au Westm, deinz le dit Countee, issint q en chescun accion jointz al issue en le dit Countee, ascuns de les ditz franc ten'ntes sont empanellez a lour g'unt vexacion; et ensement outre les sessions de peas tenuz deinz le dit Countee, mesmes les franc tenantes chescun temps p inquisicions en le Banc le Roy & sur delivance des prisones illeoqes, & p accions sur patentz & tailles suez en leschequer du Roy, & as Viscontz & autres accomptantz lour deputees & attornees surmisez estre monstrez, & issues sur ceo jointz & prisez, empanellez en icell, ils sont emportunement vexez grevez & empovisshez; et q pluis damage est qunt ils sont empanellez en divses accions psonelx, & les venire fac & heas corpora retournez, delaie p default ou essoin al partie pleign'nt ou defendant est alloue la ley accordant; et mesq ascun de les empanellez adonqe voudroit apparoier, enqore la Jurr ne gra demaunde, mes toutz lour defaultes s'unz demaunder soit il amciament ou issues issint sur eux retournez sront entrez, esteant null default en iceux, qi est encontre reason: Nre dit f' le Roy les pmisees considerez, de ladvis des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la request de sez Coens en le dit parlement esteantz & p auctorite del mesme, ad ordeigne, q chun Jurr a le fest del benoit Trinite pschein ven nt denpaneller & a retourner dedeinz la dit Countee de Middelsex en ascun de les ditz Courtes, al chun quart jour de retourne diceff soit demaundez & appellez, et q tantz psones empanellez en ascun diceux come apparont a cell jour q leure apparence soit recorde, & la entre p la Court, & ne soient amciez ne pdent ascuns issues celle jour en icell sute: et ordeignez est p la dit auctorite, q la default essoin & chune autre delaie, dascune psone pleign'nt ou defend'unt en ascun tiel accion psonel, p la ley cydevant usez, p cest ordenance ne soient Pjudicez ne tollez en ascun man, mes estre adjuggez adjournez & allouez, en si ample & large fourme sicome ils furent devent la faisure de cest ordenence; cest orden nce nient contristeant.

Itm q come en lan du reigne du Roy Edward le tierce, pgenitour nre Sovaigne f' le Roy qorest, xiiij', estoit ordeignez q nutt Viscont demoergeroit en son office, outre un an; et en lan mesme le pgenitour nre dit f' le Roy xlij', fuisset ordeignez q null Viscont

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City, Borough, Town, or Port of this Realm [of England,] for the Time being, during that Time, and for executing their Office or Occupation; Nor to any [Badges'] or Liveries to be given in Defence of the King and of this Realm [of England;] Nor to the Constable and Marshal, nor to any of them [for giving any Badge, Livery, or Token for any such Feat 1] of Arms to be done within this Realm; Nor to any Wardens of the Marches toward Scotland for any Livery, [Badge,] or Token [of *] them to be given from Trent Northward, at such Time only as shall be necessary to levy People for Defence of the said Marches, or any of them.

ITEM, It was shewed by the said Commons in the said Parliament, on the Behalf of the Freeholders dwelling within the County of Middlesex, within which County there be yearly [many] Actions sued, and Trials had by Twelve Men, [which 6] be within many other Counties of this Realm, [in regard of 7] the Resiance of all the King's Courts holden and remaining at Westminster within the said County, so that in every Action [brought to an Issue 1] in the said County some of the said Freeholders be impanelled, to their great Vexation; and [further 9] the Sessions of Peace holden within the said County, by Inquisitions in the King's Bench, and upon the Deliverance of [Prisoners 'o] there, and by Actions upon Patents and [Tails"] sued in the King's Exchequer, and to Sheriffs and other Accountants, their Deputies and Attornies, [Surmises"] be shewed, and Issues thereupon joined and taken, the same [Tenants always13] impanelled thereupon, be importunately vexed, grieved, and impoverished; and, which more Hurt is, when they be impanelled upon divers Actions personal, and the Venire facias and Habeas corpora returned, Delay by Default or Essoin is by the Law allowed to the Party Plaintiff or Defendant; and though [some '4] of them which be impanelled (") would appear, yet the Jury [should not be demanded,16] but all their Defaults without [demanding,"] be it Amerciaments or Issues so upon them returned, shall be entred, no Default being in them, which is against Reason: Our said Lord the King, the Premises considered, by the Advice of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of his Commons in the said Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, hath ordained, that every Juror from the Feast of the blessed Trinity next coming, that shall be impanelled and returned within the said County of Middlesex, in any of the said Courts, in any of the said Actions, at every Fourth Day of the Return thereof shall be demanded and called; and that [all 18] Persons impanelled in any of [those Courts that do appear at the same Day,19] their Appearance shall be recorded, and there entred by the Court, and they shall not be amerced, nor lose any Issues [the same "] Day in that Suit : And it is ordained by the same Authority, that the Default, Essoin, and every other Delay of any Person, Plaintiff or Defendant, in any such Action personal by the Law heretofore used, by this Ordinance shall not be prejudiced nor taken away in any manner, but to be adjudged, adjourned, and allowed in as ample and large Form, as they were before the making of this [Statute,"] this Ordinance "] notwithstanding.

ITEM, Whereas in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of King Edward the Third, Progenitor of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, it was ordained, That no Sheriff should abide in his Office over a Year; and in the Two-and-fortieth Year of the Reign of the same c. 9. and King Edward the Third, it was ordained, that no Sheriff,

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joyned to issue also ov 11 taillez 12 surmytted to 13 Freholders every tyme Rot Parl. 18 alsmany 20 that 15 then 16 shall not be called пи. 37. 19 the same as shall appere at that day,

III. Charges and Troubles of Freeholders of Middlesex, being Jurors ;

grinst the reited

In Actions Middlesex, the Jurors shall be called Fourth Day.

Saving for

14 Edw. 111.

23 H.VI. c.g. against the holding over the Office of Sheriff, &c.

nor Under Sheriff, nor Sheriff's Clerk, should abide in his Office over a Year; which Ordinances amongst other in the Twenty-third Year of the Reign of the [late] pretensed King [in Deed, and not of Right,] Henry the Sixth, in full Parliament were rehearsed, and by Authority of the same, It was ordained, that if any Sheriff, Under Sheriff, or Sheriff's Clerk, other than in the same Ordinance was excepted, should occupy the Office of Sheriff, Under Sheriff, or Sheriff's Clerk, contrary to any of the said Ordinances, that then he that so should occupy, should forfeit the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds; and that every Pardon from thenceforth to be made of such Forfeiture of the said Sum, should be void and not available; and that every liege Man that would sue for the same Sum forfeit, against him or them which so should forfeit, should be received and admitted to sue an Action of Debt in his own Name; the King to have the one Half of that which should be recovered by the said Action, and he or they that so would sue, to have the other Half thereof; as in the said Ordinance made the said Twenty-third Year, doth more fully appear: contrary to which Ordinances divers Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, and Sheriff's Clerks, of divers Counties of this Realm, in the First, Second, and Third Years (') of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King that now is, then being in this Realm great Trouble, and Peace then not fully established, did occupy over a Year, some of them by a great Space over a Year, and some by [a less, 1] caused in divers Parts of this Realm by the said Trouble, and in some Parts because that none other Sheriff was ordained by long Space after the Year past: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of his Commons in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, hath ordained and stablished, That no manner Person being Sheriff, Under Sheriff, or Sheriff's Clerk of any County of this Realm, the First, Second, or Third Year of his Reign, or any Time or Space within [the same,3] for the Occupation of the Office of Sheriff, Under Sheriff, or Sheriff's Clerk, in the Three Years, or any Part or Space [within the same, or of the same, or any of the same, above a Year, although their said Occupation were against the Ordinances before recited, (5) nor none of them be damnified, nor in anywise hurt by any Action, Pain, or Forfeiture in the same Ordinances or any of them comprised, at the Suit of our said Sovereign Lord the King, nor at the Suit of any of his liege People; but that the same Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, and Sheriff's Clerks, and every of them, of and for every Action, Pain, and Forfeiture [pursued or to be pursued,6] levied, or forfeited of them or any of them, by our said Sovereign Lord the King or any of his liege People, for their [occupying 7] of the said Three Years, or any Space or Time within the same, be quit and discharged for ever by this Act; the said Ordinances, or any of them made before this Time notwithstanding. Yet nevertheless the same Ordinances, and every of them, shall remain in their Strength and Force against all Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, and Sheriff's Clerks, for their Occupation of all other [Years,] than the said Three Years as aforesaid, as the same Ordinances [were 8] before this Act made.

The same Statutes shall remain in force as to other Years

Offenders against the

recited

Statutes,

in the Years

1, 2, and 3 Edw. IV. indemnified

against all Penalties.

3 theym of the begynnyng 1 lesse space within theym, or of theym or any of theym,
be, sued or to be sued, Rot. Parl. be, nu. 38.

8 didden 7 occupacion

ordenances, q lors il qi ensi occupieroit forfaceroit la some de CC fi. et q chune pdon en temps de lors avenir affaire dautiel forfaiture du dit some Proiet voide, & nient vaillable; Et q chun liege home qi suer voudroit pur la dit some forfaite, encontre luy ou ceux qi ensi forfaccit ou forfaceroient, sroiet receu & admis de suer accion de dette en son ppre noun; le Roy davoir lune moite de ceo q fuisset recovez p la dite accion, et celuy ou ceux qi ou queux ensi suer voudroiet ou voudroient davoir ent lautre moite; sicome en la dite orden'nce le dit an xxiije fait pluis pleinement appiert : cont'rie as quelles orden'nces divses Viscontes Suthviscontes & Clerkes de Viscontes des divses Countees cesty Roialme, en les ans prim seconde & tierce del comencement du reigne nre dit f' le Roy quorest, lors estant en cest Roialme gaund trouble, & peas adonqes nient pleinement establie, occupierent outre un an, ascuns deux p g'und space outre un an, ascuns p meindres space, causez, en divses parties cesty Roialme p la dit trouble, & es ascuns parties p ceo q ascun autre Viscont p longe temps puis lan passe ne fuist ordeigne: Nre dit f' le Roy de ladvis & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx, & a la request de sez Cõez en le dit parlement assemblez & p auctorite dicett ad ordeigne & establie, q nulle mane psone esteant Viscont Southviscont ou Clerk de Viscont dascun Countee cesty Roialme, le prim seconde ou tierce an de son reigne ou ascun temps ou space deinz iceux, pur loccupacion de loffice du Viscont Southviscont ou Clerk du Viscont, en les trois ans ou ascune part ou space dedeinz iceux, ou diceux ou ascun diceux, outre un an, mesq lour dite occupaccion fuist encontre les ordenances avant recitez, soit nascune deux soit lesuz nen ascun man endamagez p ascune accion peine ou forfaiture es mesmes les ordenences ou ascun deux comprise, al sute nre dit f' le Roy ne al sute dascun sez lieges; mes q mesmes les Viscontes Southviscontes & Clerkes des Viscontes & chun deux, de & pur chune accion peine & forfaiture, pursuez ou a pursuers levers ou forfairs de ceux ou ascun deux, p nre dit f' le Roy ou ascun de sez ditz lieges, pur lour occupacion des avantditz trois ans ou ascun space ou temps deinz les mesmes, soient quitez & dischargez, pur toutz jours p cest act; les aventditz ordenences ou ascun deux devent cest temps faitz nient contristeantz. Nepurquunt mesmes les ordenences & chun deux, de remaigner en leur vigoure & force, encontre toutz Viscontz Southviscontes & Clerkes des Viscontes, pur leur occupacion de toutz autres q les suisditz trois ans come desuis est dit. sicome les orden'nces firent dev'nt cest act fait.

ne Suthviscont ne Clerk de Viscont dem'eroit en son

office outre un an; les quelles ordeninces entre autres,

lan xxiije du reigne del Ptense Roy Henry le sisme

en plein parlement furent recitez, & p auctorite del

mesme estoit ordeignez, q si ascun Viscont Suthviscont

ou Clerk de Viscont, autre q en mesme lorden nce

fuist exceptez, occupieroit office du Viscont Suthviscont

ou Clerk de Viscont, a conterie dascune de les suisditz

End of the last Statute Roll in the Tower of London.

Anno 12° EDWARDI, IV. A.D.1472.*

Incipiunt Statuta apud Westm' edita, anno duodecimo.

HERE BEGIN THE STATUTES MADE AT WESTMINSTER, IN THE TWELFTH YEAR.

Ex Lib. Scac. Westm. XI.+

U plement tenuz a Westîń le vje jour Doctobr A lan du reigne du Roy Edward le quart puis le conquest, xije, mesme nre dit f' le Roy al honour de Dieu & pur le bien de luy & de son Roialme, del advys & assent des f's espuelx & temporelx & a la requeste de sez Cões en mesme le dit plement assemblez, & p auctorite de mesme le dit plement ad fait ordeignez & establier cteinz estatuitz & ordeign*nces en la fo'me q ensuist.

Primement pur ceo q p estatuit fait a Westin en lan du reigne du Roy Henry, jadys en fait & nient de droit Roy Denglet appellez le Roy Henry le vje puis la conquest, xxiij, estoit ordeigne q null Viscount occupieroit son office de Viscount oustier un an sur peyne de CC fi. except cteins psons en mesme lestatuit exceptz, come en ycell est pluis pleynement especifiez; divsez & plusours dez liegez du Roy ont estez grevousment endam & gaundement delaiez de lour suitez & pcessez chune an en le 2me appellez Michel 2me, come pur lour accons briefs & Pceptz destre retournez deinz mesme le tme aps le vje jo du mois de Novembr, pur ceo q lez frez patentz du Roy p lez quels ascune tiel Viscount est fait portent date pluis coement le vie jour de Novembr, & coement q il soit q novels Viscountz soient annuelment esleux en lendemayn dez toutz almes de lez queux novelx Viscountz issint eslieux [en lendemayn dez toutz almez de lez quelx novelx Viscountz issint eslieux '] & appointez divsez de eux ount refusez, & divsez de ceux nount mye ewez lour patentz ne Pignez lour sement jesquez long temps apres le fine del dit Michell Pme, pur quoy plusours liegez & subgietz du Roy sount g'undement endam & delaiez de lour (') pcessez & pceptz q Srount retournablez en lez Courtz du Roi as lez jours del reto'ne deinz mesme aps le vje jour de Novembr, cestassavoir as lez jours del retourne appellez Crastino Martini, Octabis Martini, & Quindena Martini, p cause q lez veelez Viscountz nosent ne voillent padre sur eux de retourner ascune bre ou pcept aps lan

An erroneous Repetition.

T the Parliament holden at Westminster the Sixth A Day of October, in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Edward, the Fourth after the Conquest; Our said Sovereign Lord the King, to the Honour of God, and for the Weal of him and of his Realm, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of his Commons, in the same Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same Parliament, hath [ordained, made,'] and established certain Statutes and Ordinances in Form following.

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FIRST, Whereas by a Statute made at Westminster Recital of in the Twenty-third Year of the Reign of King Henry, the Statute late in Deed and not of Right King of England, called King Henry the Sixth (1) It was ordained, That no Sheriff should occupy his Office of Sheriff above a Year, upon Pain of Two Hundred Pounds, except certain Persons in the said Statute excepted; as in the same is more plainly specified; divers and many of the King's liege People have been grievously indamaged, and greatly delayed of their Suits and Processes every Year, in the Term called Michaelmas Term, as for their Actions, Writs, and Precepts to be returned within the same Term, after the Sixth Day of the Month of November, [because that 3] the King's Letters Patents whereby any (4) Sheriff is made, do most commonly bear Date the Sixth Day of November; and [though it so be 3] that new Sheriffs be yearly chosen the Morrow after the Feast Day of All Souls, of which new Sheriffs so chosen and appointed, divers of them have refused, and divers of them have not had their Patents, nor taken their Oath, until long Time after the End of the said Michaelmas Term; by reason whereof divers of the King's liege People and Subjects be greatly indamaged and delayed of their Suits, Processes, and Precepts, which should be returnable in the King's Courts at the Days of Return within the same Term, after the Sixth Day of November; that is to say, at the Days of Return called Crastino Martini, Octabis Martini, and Quindena Martini, because that the old Sheriffs durst not, nor would not take upon them to return any Writ or Precept after the Year

1 caused to be ordained

after the conqueste

5 forasmoche as

Rot. Parl. nu. 45.

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^{*} Parliament was continued by divers Prorogations and Adjournments, from 6 October 12 Edw. IV. A. D. 1472. to 14 March 15 Edw. IV. A. D. 1474-5. The Petitions, on which this Statute 12 Edw. IV. was framed, are entered in English on Memb. 7. of the Parliament-Roll 14 Edw. IV. nu. 45. to nu. 53.

⁺ The French Text of these Statutes from hence to the End of 22 Edw. IV. was not inserted in any Printed Collection of the tatutes at Large after Pynson's [circ. 1497], until Cay's [1758]: In that, and subsequent Printed Copies, the French Text of all those Statutes is stated to be taken from MS. Cott. Nero C. I.; but, on examination, that Manuscript appears incorrect in many particulars in which it is printed, as correct, by Cay and subsequent Editors. A more perfect Copy is found in the Petyt Manuscript Nu. 8. in the Inner Temple Library. The Corrections in the Notes are from both these Manuscripts; and, in their default, from the Old Printed Copies; of which the earliest by Maclinia [circ. 1482] is, in the Statutes of these Years, much the most accurate.

Sheriffs, before having their Writ of Discharge, may return Writs, during Michaelmas Term.

Four
Bowstaves
shall be
imported, for
every Ton of
Merchandize,
imported by
Aliens from
certain
Countries.

Bowstaves imported shall be surveyed, searched, and marked.

that his Patent did bear Date, for Fear of the Penalty contained in the aforesaid Statute, to the great Loss, as well to the King of that which should grow to him by reason of the said [Process'] as to his liege People, by Delays which they thereby sustain; It is ordained by Authority of the foresaid Parliament, That if any Sheriff of any County do execute or return any Writ, Precept, or Warrant in any of the Courts of the King, within the said Term called Michaelmas Term, after the Sixth Day of November, and before any. Writ of Discharge delivered to him of his [occupying 2 of Sheriffwick, he shall not be damnified by Force of the said Statute, nor charged of the Penalty aforesaid, although that he hath occupied the Office of Sheriff [after any 3] of the said Days of Return called Crastino Martini, Octabis Martini, or Quindena Martini.

ITEM, Because that our Sovereign Lord the King, by a Petition delivered to him in the said Parliament, by the Commons of the same, hath perceived that great Scarcity of Bow-staves is now in this (4) Realm, and the Bow-staves that be in the (5) Realm be sold at an excessive Price, whereby the Exercise of Archery is greatly discontinued, and almost lost; Our said Lord the King considering the Premises, by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and established (6) That every Merchant Stranger, and every or any of their Factors, Attornies, or Servants, which at any Time after the Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel next coming, shall bring, send, or convey into this Land any Merchandise in Carrack, Galley, or Ship [of 7] the City or Country of Venice, or [of 8] other City, Town, or Country, from whence any such Bow-staves have been before this Time brought, sent, or conveyed into this Land, at every Time of their bringing, sending, or conveying of any such Merchandises into this Realm, shall bring, send, or convey into this Realm, with the said Merchandises, in the same Carrack, Galley, or Ship, wherein any such Merchandises shall be hereafter brought, sent, or conveyed, for every [Tun Weight 9] of such Merchandises which hereafter shall be contained in every Carrack, Galley, or Ship, Four Bow-staves, upon Pain of Forfeiture to the King for every Default of bringing of every such Bow-staff, vj s. viij d. And also the said Bow-staves so brought, sent, or conveyed by the said Merchants, their Factors Attornies or Servants, into this Realm, shall be searched and surveyed by the Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, or chief Governors of such Cities or Towns within this Realm, where any such Carrack, Galley, or Ship shall hereafter come to safe Port; and the said Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, or chief Governors shall assign Two Men most expert, to search the said Staves, and the said Two Men to be sworn by the said Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, or chief Governors, (10) that they shall truly and indifferently mark the said Staves that be not good nor sufficient, according to the Manner as such Staves in Times past were wont to be marked, to the Intent that all the King's liege People may have Knowledge of them without Fraud.

q̃ son patent port date, pur paour del peyne en le avantdit estatuit conteignuz, a grand pde si bien a Roy de ceo q̃ luy accresteroit p reason de lez ditz pcessez, come a son liege people p delaiez qils ount p ycell: Sy est il ordeignez p lauctorite du dit plement, q̃ si ascune Viscount dascun Countee execute ou reto'ne ascune br pcept ou warant, en ascuns dez Courtz du Roy, deinz le dit reappellez Michell re, aps le vje jour de Novembr & devant ascune br de discharge deliver a luy de sa occupacion de Viscount, ne soit endamage p force du dit estatuit, ne del peyne avantdit soit charge, tout soit il q̃ celluy ad occupie loffice de Viscount p lan, quant pur ascuns de lez ditz jours de retourne appellez Crastino Martini, Octabis Martini, ou Quindena Martini.

Item pur ceo q nre f' le Roi, p lun peticion a luy baille en le dit plement p lez Cões dicelle, ad entendue q grand escarcite de Bowestavez est ore en cest son Roialme, & ceux Bowestavez q sount en mesme le Roialme sont venduz a trop excessive price, pount le fete darcherie est g'undement discontinuez & bien p's pduz; mesme nre f' le Roi lez p'missez considerant, del advys assent & auctorite suisditz ad ordeigne & establie & enacte, q chune marchaunt est*unger & chune ou ascun de lour factours [actours '] ou serv'ntz, q al ascun temps aps la feste de Seint Michell larchaungell pschein veign'nt amesneront envoierot ou convoierount en cest Pre ascun marchaundise, en Carrike Galoie ou nief de la Citee ou Pays de Venice, ou del ascun aut Citee Ville ou Pays de quele ascuns tielx Bowestaves devant cest temps ount este amesnez envoiez ou convoiez en cest tre, a chune temps de lour amesnaunce envoiance ou convoiance dez tielx marchaundisez en cest Roialme, amesnent envoient ou convoie' en mesme le Roialme, ovesqz lez ditz march'undisez en mesme Carrik Galee ou Nief en quele ascuns tielx marchaundisez srount amesnez envoiez ou convoiez en aps, pur chune pois de toneance dautiel marchaundise q en aps sra conteignuz en chune Carrik Galoie ou Nief, quatre Bowestaves, sur payne de forfaitur au Roy pur deffaulte damesnance de chune autiel Bowestave vj s. viij d. Et auxi les ditz Bowestaves, ensy amesners envoiers ou convoiers p lez ditz marchauntz lour factours attourneys ou servauntz en ceste Roialme, soient serchez & surveiez p lez Mairs Viscountz Baillifs ou chief Govno's dautielx Citeez ou Villez deinz cest dit Roialme, p la ou ascune tiel Carrike Galee ou Nief aviendra en aps de fair s port salu; Et lez ditz Mairs Viscountz Baillifs ou chief Govno's dassigner deux homez exptez, de Scher lez ditz Stavez, & lez ditz deux homes estre jurrez p lez ditz Mairs Viscount Baillif ou chief Govnours, al entent q ils ferrount signer Vraiement & indifferentment lez ditz Staves nient esteantz bonez ne sufficeantz, en tiel maner come en temps passe autielx Staves solent estre signez, al entent q tout liege poeple de nre dit f' le Roy puissent aver conisaunce diceux saunz fraude.

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iij.

Item come en le plement tenuz en le tierce an du reigne nre dit es soveraigne f' le Roy lez Coes de mesme le Roialme Denglet g'unteront a luy pur la defence de mesme le Roialme Denglet & en espeal pur le sauf garde & custodie del mear un Subsidie nosmez ou appellez Tonage a pcever ou resceiver en maner & fourme ensuantz; s. iij s. de chun Toneawe de vine venant en cest son Roialme, & de chune Toneau de vyne douce veign'nt en mesme le Roialme Dengt p ascune marchaund alien sibien p lez marchauntz de Hansze & Almaigne come dascun autre march unt estraunge, iij s. oustre les ditz iij s. av nt guntez, davoir & pceiv annuelment le dit subside a le primer jour de Marche lan nre f' M.CCCC lxiiij. pur I'me de sa vie naturell: Et oustre ceo lez ditz Cões p assent desuisditz g'unterount a Roy pur la saufgarde & custodie del mear un aut Subside appellez Poundage cest adire de tout maner dez marchaundisez, de chune Merchant Deinzen ou Alien sibien dez marchantz del Hansze & Dalmaigne come dascune autre Marchaunt Alien, cariez hors de ceste son dit Roialme ou amesnez en le mesme p voie de marchaundise, del value de chune xx s. xij d. except estaigne, de quele lez marchauntz estaungez de paier pur Subsidie del value de chune xx s. ij s. & lez march untz Deinzens xij d. & toutz maner marchaundise de chune march unt Deinzen destre valuez solong ceo q ils costerent al primer achate p lour sementz ou de lour serv'untz achatours de lez ditz marchaundisez en lour absence, ou p lour trez lez quels mesmez lez marchauntz ount dautiel achate de lour faitours & en null aut maner; draps lanutz quele conqz faitz & ovez deinz cest Roiat Dengt p ascune marchaunt Deinzen nient neez alien, destre cariez hors de mesme le Roialme deinz le temps de cell graunt, toutz man's lainz pealx lanutz & quirs issauntz hors de mesme & chune maner de blee floure [& tout mane de blee floure'] & tout maner pessoñ fresh bestall & vine en cest Roialme ven'nt, svoise & tout maner vitaill issant hors de cest dit Roialme pur le vitailment du vill de Caleis & de lez marchez illeosquez desouth lobeisaunce du Roy, hors du cest g'unt toutz foitz exceptz; Davoir & pceiver annuelment le dit Subsidie de Poundage a le dit primer jour de Marche enavent duraunt s vie naturell; come en le gaint ent fait pluis largement est conteignuz : Le Roy entend'unt le graund disceit a luy fait en retraiher & conceler de sez ditz duitez, & enter aut's q plusours & divsez march untz est ungez & Deinzeins usent damesner en cest Roialme Draps de or Draps dargent Bawedekyns Veleuette Damaskez Satens Sarcenetz & Tarterons Chamelettis & aut's Draps de soie & dore & soie esteauntz de graund value p voie de marchaundise as lez ptiez de la le mear, & p subtile & fraudelentz moiens mesmez lez marchaundisez a Pre convoient nient paiantz en lez verraie custumez ou Subsidiez ent duez solonq, la fourme del dit acte, ne mesmez lez marchauntz est'ungez nenploient mye

An erroneous Repetition.

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ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament holden in the Third Year of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King, the Commons of the same Realm of England granted to him for the Defence of the same Realm, and especially for the Safeguard and Custody of the Sea, a Subsidy called Tunnage, to perceive and receive in Manner and Form following; that is to say, Three Shillings of every Tun of Wine coming into this (') Realm; and of every Tun of sweet Wine coming into this Realm of England by any Merchant Alien, as well by the Merchants of Hanse and Almain, as of any other Merchant Stranger, Three Shillings, over and above the said Three Shillings before granted; to have and perceive the said Subsidy yearly from the First Day of March in the Year of our Lord God M. CCCC. LXIV. for Term of his natural Life: And Moreover the said Commons, by the Assent aforesaid granted to the King for the safeguard and keeping of the Sea, another Subsidy called Poundage, that is to say, of all manner Merchandises of every Merchant Denizen and Alien, as well of the Merchants of Hanse and Almain, as of any other Merchant Alien, carried out of this (1) said Realm, or brought into the same by Way of Merchandize, of the Value of every xx s. xijd. except Tin, whereof the Merchant Strangers to pay for Subsidy of the Value of every xx s. ij s, and the Merchants Denizens xij d; And all manner Merchandizes of every Merchant Denizen to be valued according as they did cost at the first buying by their Oaths, or Oaths of their Servants Buyers of the said Merchandizes in their Absence, or by their Letters, which the same Merchants have of such buying of their Factors, and in none other Manner; All manner woollen Cloths, made and wrought within this Realm of England by any Merchant Denizen, not being an Alien born, to be carried out of the same Realm within the Time of [this 1] Grant, All manner Wools Woolfels and Leather going out of the same, and all and every manner of Corn, Flour, and all manner of fresh Fish [bestayle 1] and Wine coming into this Realm, (*) and all manner Victual going out of this Realm for the victualling of the Town of Calais, and the Marches of the same under the King's Obeisance, out of [this '] Grant always excepted: To have and perceive yearly the said Subsidy of Poundage from the said first Day of March (5) during his natural Life, as in the Grant thereof made more largely is contained: The King perceiving the great Deceipt done to him, in Deceits in withdrawing and concealing of [the '] said Duties, and amongst other Things that many and divers Merchants Strangers and Denizens do use to bring into this Realm. Cloth of Gold, Cloth of Silver, Bawdkin, Velvet, Damask, Satin, Sarcenet, Tartaron, Chamlets, and other Cloths of Silk [and Gold, and of Silk 6] being of great Value by Way of Merchandise from the Parts beyond the Sea; and by subtle and fraudulent Means convey the same Merchandizes to the Land, not paying (7) the very Customs or Subsidies thereof due after the Form of the said Act; nor the same Merchants Strangers do not employ

III. Recital of the Subsidies of Tonnage and granted to his Life : [See Rot. Parl.

his that Bestall forward Rot. Parl.
corses of silk & gold & sylk [on an Erasure] nu. 46.

Foreign Cloths of Gold, Velvets, Satins, &c. examined and sealed by the Collectors, at the Port of Entry, &c;

upon Pain of

Collectors

shall seal the

same without Delay, and without Fee.

Penalty 208.

the Value of their said Merchandizes upon the Commodities of this Realm, to the great [Damage'] of the King and of this His Realm; And although the said Subsidy was granted to [him'] especially for the keeping of the Sea, Yet by Reason of the said Deceipts withdrawing and concealing of the said Duties from the King, which should and ought to come of the aforesaid Subsidy, the Profit thereof coming to the King is so diminished and impaired that it attaineth not, nor hereafter is like to attain, to any like Sum as it hath done in Times past, nor sufficeth not nor in Time to come is like to suffice [and sustain 3] the King's necessary and requisite Charges for the Keeping of the Sea, for the Surety of the King and of this (4) Realm, and for the sure Passage of Merchandises into this Realm and out [of this Realm, 3] unless that a convenient and sure Remedy be provided to expel and remove the said Deceits: Therefore our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Assent of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the said Commons in this (4) Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, hath ordained, established, and enacted, That from the Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist next coming, no Merchant Denizen or Stranger shall [set or suffer 6] any Cloth of Gold, of Silver, Bawdkin, Velvet, Damask, Satin, Tartaron, or Chamlet, nor none other Cloth of Silk, nor any Corse of Silk and Gold, nor of Silk, of the making of any of the Parts beyond the Sea to [sell,7] before that the Collectors of the Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage and the Comptroller of the same in the Port where such Merchandise [is set 8] upon Land, have surveyed and measured the same; and have sealed every Piece thereof in the one End thereof with [the Seal or Mark 97 especially to be ordained for the same, whereof the same Collectors have the one Part, and the same Comptroller have the other Part severally in their Custody; And if any such Cloth of Gold, of Silver, Bawdkin, Velvet, Damask, Satin, Sarcenet, Tartaron, Chamlet, and Cloth of Silk and [of Gold,10] be any Time hereafter set to Sale not sealed, or not having such Seal thereupon, that then he which setteth such Merchandize to Sale, shall forfeit the same Merchandize or the Value thereof, whereof Two Parts shall be to the King, and the Third Part to the Finder. Also it is ordained by the same Authority, that the Collectors of the same Subsidy and the said Comptroller shall at all Times requisite be ready to seal such Merchandise, and [to seal the same"] at all Times when they be required without [Delay "] or taking any Thing for the same in any wise, upon Pain of Forfeiture to the Owner thereof Twenty Shillings for every of the said Collectors and Comptrollers at any Time that they refuse to seal such Merchandise after such Request made, or take any Thing for the sealing of any such Merchandise. Also it is ordained by the Authority aforesaid, that all manner of such Cloths of Gold, of Silver, Bawdkin, Velvet, Damask, Satin, Sarcenet, Tartaron, Chamlet, and every other Cloth of Silk, Corse of Gold and Silk now being within this Realm, and after the

hurt and pjudice * the Kyng 4 his 5 to bere 5 therof Rot. Parl. 6 put or offre 7 sale 8 bee laied

10 corses

19 any delaye, tariying

le value de lour tielx march undisez sur lez comoditez du cest Roialme, a graund damage & Djudice du Roy & de cest son Roialme; & comment soit il le dit Subsidie fuist g'untez au Roy en especiale pur la gard du mear, unquore a cause de lez ditz desceitz retraiher & conceler au Roy de lez ditz Duetiez, queux viendroient ou venir deusent de Subsidie avantdit, le pfit ent pvenant au Roy est ensi anientisez & empairez q il nateigne pas nen aps [en'] semblable dateigner a ascuñ some semblable [dateigner a ascune some semblable 2] come il ad fait en temps passez, ne suffic ne en temps ven't est semblable de suffier & susteigner le charge requise & necessarie au Roi pur la garde du mear, pur la suertie du Roy & cestuy son Roialme, & sur passage des march'undisez en mesme le Roialme & hors dicell, sinon q convenient & sure remedie soit purveu pur expeller & toller les ditz disceitz: Purceo nre dit f le Roy, del assent dez ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & lez ditz Cões en cest son plement assemblez & p lauctorite dicell, ad ordeigne & establie & enacte, q a la feste de la Nativite de Seint John Baptist pchein veignant, null marchaunt Deinzen ou Estaunge met ou [soeffr] ascuns mans draps dor dargent Bawedekyn Veluet Damaske Sateyn Tarteron Chamelet, ne ascuns aut's Draps de soie, ne ascune Corse de soie & dore ne de soie, del faisaunce dascuns partiez de la le mear, a vende, devant q lez Collectours del Subsidie de Tonage & Poundage & Countroller dicell, en le Port desuis le quele mesme le marchaundise soit mise a Pre. ount survieu & mesure le mesme, & ount ensele chescune pece dicell en lune fyn de ceo ovesq le Seale ou [Soule*] specialment pur ceo destre ordeignez, dount lez mesmez Collectours ount lune part & mesme le Countrollour ad lautre part en lour garde sevalment; & si ascune dautiel Drap dor dargent, Bawdekyns Veleuettez Damaskez Sateins Sarcenette Tartons Chamelette & Draps de soie & Corsez, soient ascune temps en aps mise a vende ensi nient ensealez ou neiantz tiel Seal sur ycell marchaundise ensy mise a vendre, q lors [a luy 5] q mist mesme le marchaundise a vende forface ycell mchaundise ou le value ent; le Roy destre respoignez de deux ptiez ent & le trover dicell de la tierce ptie. Et auxi ordeignez est p la dit auctorite q lez Collectours de mesme la Subsidie, & le dit Countrollour, soient a tout temps requisit prestiez denseler tiel marchaundise, & yceux ensealent en queleconq, temps si soient requisez, saunz delaie tardance ou chose pur ceo Pondre en ascum maner, sur payne de forfaitur a le possessour dicell xx s. pur chune de lez Collectours (6) Countrollo's a ascune temps q ils refusent ensi densealer autielx marchaundisez aps tiel requeste fait, ou pignent ascune chose pur lensealer dascun tiel marchaundise. Et auxint il est ordeignez p lauctorite suisdit q toutz man's dez tielx Draps dor dargent de Bawdekyn Veluet Damask Saten Sarcenet Tarteron Chamelet & chune autre Drap de soie, Corse dore & soie ore esteantz deinz cest Roialme, & apres la feste de Seint Michell

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a Seale or Seales

11 enseale theym

пи. 46.

¹ est MS. Pet. offre Printed Copies.

² An erroneous Repetition. Seals MS. Pet.

larcaungell pcheinemt aveignir offrez a vend, soient ensealez ovesq les ditz (') avent mesme la feste sur la peyne dev'unt especifie. Auxi come en le g'unt du dit Subsidie il est expssez q si ascun concelement soit trove en lez marchauntz en paiement pur les ditz duitez, q ceux pur autiel concelement paient t'untsoulement double Subsidie saunz aut pde ou forfaitur en ceo, come en mesme lacte est pluis pleynement conteignuz: Le Roy considerant q a cause de cell ordeign*nč march*untz ne criegnent luy defrauder de son duite del dit Subsidie [enav*nt 1] q ils null chose forfacent en cell ptie, mez p'ceo soulement paier double Subsidie, p ladvys & auctorite suisditz [ordeigne est & establie 3] q mesme lestatuit en cell ptie soit voidez [en cell ptie '] & de null force; & q si ascuns march undisez amesnez as les ptiez de la le mear, ou estre cariez hors du cest Roiat, dount le Subsidie est ou Bra due ou regarde au Roy estre paiez en aps soient (5) mysez en ascuns vessell a carier oustier la mear le Subsidie ent due nient paiez as les Collectours dicell ou pur ycell ovesqz eux nient accordez, q lors mesme le march undise ou le value ent soit forfait au Roy. Auxint pur ceo a divsez march untz est ungez & aut's meinfoitz [sont pakkez 6] en la Citee de Loundrez & aut's lieux divsez Draps lanutz ascuns engraynez ascuns semigrainez & aut's Draps nient graynez, & ceux ensy pakkez fount carier p tre a Loundrez & aut's lieux as aut's Portz come a Sondewiche Southampton & aut's Portz, lou lez Custumers pur le temps esteantz saunz [due pakker⁷] ou vieu dautielx Draps, sur lenformacion del march unt font custumer tielx Draps come pur course Draps, p quele le Roy est g'undement deceu & endamage de sez dueteez de ceo, si bien en le finesse dautielx Draps come en le noun coignisaunce del nombre dez Draps ensi pakkez; pur ceo le Roy del advys & assent suisditz & p mesme lauctorite ordina establist & enacte q (*) chune port deinz cest Roialme Denglet, en la quele ascuns Draps lanutz srount pakkez, aps le prim jour de May pcheinement veign'nt destre cariez oustier la mear, soient survieuez & pakkez [aps le primer jour de May, 9] en la psence dez Coillours ou Collectours de les avantditz Custumez & Subsidiez de cell port pur le temps esteantz; & q toutz Custumez & Subsidiez diceux Draps duez & regardantz au Roy soient paiez & contentez as mesmez les Collectours lou les ditz Draps sount ensi pakkez, ou sufficient suerte pur ceo soit a eux trove, pdevant q ceux draps soient cariez hors du dit port a ascune autre port ou lieu, sur payne de forfaitur des toutz mesmez lez draps ou le value diceux destre ewez del possessour ent; & si ascuns Draps lanutz destre cariez oustier la mear soient pakkez en ascune aut maner ou south ascune aut fourme, q lors il soit [seisible 10] as lez Collectours de le port lou ceux ensi sount pakkez ou amesnez pakkez [ou"] fair depakker illeosques les pakkez & les fardels, & surveier toutz les draps en ycell,

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Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel next coming, offered to [sell,'] shall be sealed with the said Seals before the said Feast, upon the Pain before specified. Also Whereas it is expressed in the said Grant of the said Subsidy, that if any Concealment be found in the Merchants in the Payment of the said Duties, that they for such Concealment shall pay only Double Subsidy, without other Pain or Forfeiture therein, as in the same act is more fully contained: The King, considering that [notwithstanding the same '] Ordinance, Merchants [do not regard 3] to defraud him of his Duty of the said Subsidy, in as much as they do nothing forfeit in that Behalf, but only pay Double Subsidy (4); by the Advice Assent and Authority aforesaid hath ordained and established, That the same Statute in this Behalf be void, and of no Strength; and (5) if any Merchandizes, [which be to be brought to 6] the Parts beyond the Sea, or to be carried out of this Realm, whereof the Subsidy is or shall be due or pertaining to the King, (7) [be hereafter shipped 8] to be carried beyond the Sea, the Collectors of the said Subsidy not paid, or without Agreement with the Collectors of the said Subsidy for the same, that then the said Merchandizes or the Value thereof, shall be forfeit to the King. Also Whereas divers Merchants Strangers and other oftentimes, in the City of London and in other Places, have packed divers Woollen Cloths, some in Grain, some [ungrained 9] and other Cloths not grained, and the same so packed cause to be carried by Land from London and other Places to other Ports, as to Sandwich, Southampton and other Ports, whereas the Customers for the Time being without [due packing 10] or Sight of such Cloths, upon the Information of the Merchants do custom such Cloths, as for coarse Cloths, whereby the King is greatly deceived (") of his Duties thereof, as well in the Fineness of such Cloths, as in the not knowing of the Number of the Cloths so packed: Therefore the King by the Advice and Assent aforesaid, and by the same Authority doth ordain establish and enact, That in every Port within this Realm of England, wherein any woollen Cloths shall be packed after the first Day of May next coming ("), in the Presence of the Collectors of the aforesaid Customs and Subsidies, of the same Port for the Time being, (") that all Customs and Subsidies, due and pertaining to the King for the said Cloths, shall be paid and contented to the same Collectors, where the said Cloths be so packed, or else sufficient Surety shall be thereof to them found, before that the same Cloths be carried from the said Port to any other Port or Place, upon Pain of Forfeiture of all the same Cloths, or the Value thereof, to be had of the Owner of the same; and if any woollen Cloths to be carried over the Sea, be packed in any other Manner, or under any other Form, that then [the Collectors of the Port where they be so packed or brought to be packed, shall seize and there unpack all the said 4] Packs and Fardels, and survey all the Cloths therein,

therfore
therfore
thereof
ther

Concealment of Duties;

All Goods not paying the Subsidy shall be forfeited.

Exportation of Cloths;

they shall be packed in the Presence of a Collector;

and all Customs be paid, or Surety given for the same;

Upon Pain of

Collectors may unpack Fardels of Cloths improperly packed. Penalty for Default in Officers.

Collectors shall be chargeable for their Receipts.

Cockets shall be made.

Proviso for particular Letters Patent.

IV.
Edward
Prince of
Wales may
give his
Livery and
Sign, notwithstanding
any former
Statute.

so that our Sovereign Lord the King may be truely answered of his Duty in this Behalf, without any Fraud or Deceit. And if any Customer or Comptroller of any Port or Place be negligent or slack in unpacking of the said Cloths, or surveying of them in the Form aforesaid, that then and so often every such Customer and Comptroller for every such Default shall forfeit to our Sovereign Lord the King Twenty Shillings for every such Cloth Moreover It is ordained by the Advice [and Assent '] aforesaid, That every of the said Collectors receiving any Custom or Subsidy for any of the said Cloths or Surety for the same, shall be thereof charged and chargeable to our Sovereign Lord the King upon his or their Account; And that the same Collector or Collectors shall from Time to Time make a Cocket or Cockets of all such Cloths, directed to the Collectors of the Port where the same Cloths shall be shipped, witnessing their Number, and that he or they have received the Customs and Subsidies of the same Cloths, or Surety for the same; by which Cocket or Cockets the said Collectors [or the Receivers of them, 1] shall be [thereof3] discharged against our Sovereign Lord the King, and all other, of all the same Customs and Subsidies. Provided always, that this Act and Ordinance be not prejudicial nor in any wise hurtful to any Person or Persons in (*) or for any Letters Patents made by the King our Sovereign Lord of any Grant of Licence to ship and carry out of this Realm of England any Woollen Cloths or other Merchandizes specified in any of the said Letters Patents, (5) to retain the Customs and Subsidies (6) in their own Hands, or in the Hands of any of them. And that the same Letters Patents be to the same Person or Persons and every of them good and effectual, after the Tenor of the same Letters Patents and every of them, this Act and Ordinance notwithstanding; by whatsoever Name or Names any of the said Person or Persons be named or called in any of the said Letters Patents.

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering that Princes the first begotten Sons to the Kings of England, have been at their Liberties to give their Livery and Signs at their Pleasure, and that divers Statutes against Givers [and Takers 7] of Liveries and Signs, as well in the Time of his noble Reign, as in the Time of his Progenitors and Predecessors have been made; and that by force of [any *] of the said Statutes his dear beloved first begotten Son Edward Prince of Wales, Duke of Cornwall, and Earl of Chester, is as well as any other Person restrained of giving such Liveries and Signs: Our Sovereign Lord the King, (9) willing that his said first begotten Son the Prince be at his Liberty, in [receiving 10] any Person and giving his Signs and Liveries, in as large Form as any Prince first begotten Son of any of his noble Progenitors or Predecessors in Times past hath been, [hath"] ordained and established by Authority of the said Parliament, That the said Prince shall be at his Liberty to retain and to give his honourable Livery and Sign at his Pleasure,

assent and auctorite
receyvyng it [or them]
to
to
takers and receyvers
also
located auctorite
therby

si q nre Pssoveraigne f' le Roy poient estre Vitablement respoignez de son duete en cell ptie saunz ascun fraude ou desceit: Et si ascune Custumer ou Countroller dascune lieu ou port soit necligent ou remisse en noun pakkur dez Draps, ou surveiaunce deux en la fourme desuisdit, q lors & si sovent chune tiel Custumer & Countrollour pur chune tiel default forface a nre f' le Roy xx s. pur chune tiel Drap. Et oustre ceo ordeignez est p ladvys assent & auctorite suisditz, q chune de lez ditz Collectours resceivant ascune Custume ou Subsidie pur ascune de lez ditz Draps, ou suerte pur le mesme, soit charg & chargeable a nre f le Roy ent sur son ou lour accompt. Et q mesme le Collectour ou Collectours facent ou face de temps en temps cokett ou cokette dez toutz tielx Draps, direct ou directz as lez Collectours de le port lou mesmez les Draps srount eskippez, tesmoign°ntz le noumbre diceux & q celluy ou ceux ad ou ount resceux le Custums & Subsidiez dez mesmez lez Draps, ou Suertie pur ceo; [q̃ le quele le] cokette ou cokettez mesmez les Collectours le ou lez rescevantz Srount dischargez perent encountre [q̃ 1] Sovaigne € le Roy & toutz aut's dez toutz mesmez lez custumez & subsidiez. Purveu toutz foitz q cest acte & ordeign*nč ne soient damageous ne en null mane Pjudicial a ascune psone ou psonez, en au ou pur ascuns fres patentz, faitz p le Roy nre Sovaigne &, dascune graunt de licence deskipper & carier hors de cest Roialme Denglet ascuns Draps lanutz ou autre mchaundise en ascuns de lez ditz frez patentz especifiez, & de reteign lez custumez & subsidiez en lour ppre mayns ou en lez mayns dascuns diceux. Et q mesmez lez frez patentz soiet al dit psone ou psonez & chune de eux bonez & effectuelx solonqz la tenours dez mesmez lez frez patentz [soient al dit psone ou psonez & chune de eux bonez & effectuelx solonque lez teno's dez mesmez lez frez patentz 3] & chune deux, ceste act & ordeignaunč nientcontristeantz; p queleconq noun ou nounz ascune de lez pson ou psonez soit nosmez ou appelle en ascuns de lez ditz trez patentz.

Item nre dit f le Roy considerant q [Prince la] fitz primer engendrez as Roys Denglet, ount estee a lour liberteez de doner lour liveis & signez a lour pleasur, & q divsez estatuitz encountre Dono's & Resceyvo's dez livais & signez, sibien en le temps de [le 5] noble reigne come en le temps de sez noblez pgenito's & pdecessours ount estee faitz, & q p force dascuns de lez ditz estatuitz son 'ts chier primier engendrez fitz Edward Prince de Galez Duk de Cornewall & Count de Chester est auxi bien come ascune autre psone restreinez de donacion dautielx liveis & signez: Nre Sovaigne f' le Roy auxi voillant q son dit fitz primer engendrez le Prince sroit a sa libtie en reteinant ascune psone & [dem'ant 6] sez signez & liveis, en si large fourme come ascune Prince primer engendrez fitz dascuns de sez noblez pgenitours ou pdecessours en temps passe ad este. Si este ordeignez & establiez p auctorite du dit plement q [la7] dit Prince Bra a sa liberte de reteigner & doner son honorable Liverey & Signe a son pleasur.

p le quelle n i Princes les Ms. Pet.

⁵ An erroneous Repetition.

Et q les psonez ensy reteignez ou as quels tielx liveis ou signez sount ou Frount donez puissent estre reteignez & receivent & usent mesme la livey & signe, saunz ascune distourbaunce empediment ou empeschement peyne contempt ou forfaitur dascune penaltie comprise en ascune de lez estatuitz avantditz; lez ditz estatuitz ou ascun penaltie en ascune diceux conteignuz nient contristeantz; Ne q lez ditz estatuitz en ascune manle extendent al ascun reteign*ne affair p le dit Prince ou donacion Pignaunce ou receivance dascun livey ou signe de mesme la Prince.

Item nre dit Sovaigne € le Roy remembraunt come devent cest temps es divsez estatuitz ent auts chosez ordeignez soit & enacte, q toutz man's layns & pealx lanutz & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng cresceauntz deinz ascune ptie de cest Roialme & Galez, laynez & pealx lanutz appellez Shorlyng et Morlyng cresceantz deinz ascune ptie en lez Counteez de Westmlond Cumberlond & Northumberlond & del croissaunce del Eveschie de Durham entre lez euez de Tyne & Tease & dez Counteez de Richemondshire & Northallerton Shire exceptz, & exceptz laynez deskippers envs le West en Galez [en'] Carrakez destre eskippez & cariez hors de cest Roiat, Proient convoiez al estaple de Caleys & a nutt aut lieu, sur payne de forfaitur de lez ditz layns pealx lanutz (1) pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng, come en mesmez lestatuitz pluis pleynement appiert; nientmayns lez ditz ordeign*ncez & estatuitz nient contrisceantz ou obst'unt, g'und multitude des layns (3) & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng, cressauntz in Yorkeswolde (*) en lez Counteez de Nicoll Notyngham & Derby & aut's Counteez de cest Roiat Dengt, desouth le colour dexcepcion avent recite, en lez mesmez Northpartiez sount cariez hors de cest Roiat Denglet en Flaundrez Holand Zealand Brabant & aut's ptiez de la le mear, p ount nient soulement ensuist g'und decaie dez Custumez & Subsidiez de nre f' le Roy mez auxi le anientisment del price dez layns pealx lanutz & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng cressantz deinz cest Roialme, al damage univsall & empovishment de mesme: Sur quoy del advys assent & auctorite desuisditz est enactez ordeignez & establiez [toutz q̃ s] lainz pealx lanutz & pealx appellez Shorlyng (6) cressantz deinz cest Roialme, aut's q devant exceptz, destre eskippez & convoiez hors de ceste Roialme soient convoiez a lestaple de Caleis & a nuff aut lieu; & q toutz auts laynez & pealx lanutz & pealx [lanutz 7] appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng, cressantz & esteantz deinz lez ditz Counteez de Westmland Cumberland & Northumberlond Leveschie Richemond & Allerton, destre cariez hors de cest Roial Dengl soient eskippez a Novell Chastell sur Tyne taunt soulement, & dilloquez destre convoiez a Caleis ou a Noyell Middelburgh en Flaundrez, illeosquez destre staplez & uttez & a nuff lieu auter; & si ascune home attempt & face le contrarie & sur ceo soit duement convict, q lors il estoise & soit de semblable condicion come home atteint de felonye solono, la cours de la cõie ley, & encourge en semblable [maner & 1] peyne & forfaitur come il ensy atteint pur ceo ferroit.

pealx lanus Ms. Pet. i q tota 6 6 & morling

And that the Persons so retained, or to whom such Liveries or Signs be or shall be given, may be retained and receive [and wear '] the same Livery and Sign, without Trouble, Impediment, or Impeachment, Pain, Contempt, or Forfeiture of any Penalty contained in any of the said Statutes; the said Statutes or any [Thing in 1] them comprised notwithstanding; nor that the said Statutes in any Manner shall extend to any retaining to be made by the said Prince [in] giving, taking, or [retaining*] of any Livery or Sign of the same Prince.

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord the King, remembering that where before this Time in divers Statutes amongst other things It is ordained and enacted, That all manner Wools and Woolfels, and Fells called Shorling and Morling, growing within any Part of this Realm and Wales, (5) Wools and Woolfels (6) Shorling and Morling growing in any Part within the Counties of Westmoreland, Cumberland, Northumberland, [in 7] the Bishoprick of Durham, betwixt the Waters of Tine and Tees, and of the Counties of [Richmondshire and Northaldertonshire 8] (9) except Wools to be shipped towards the West in Gallies and Carracks, to be shipped and carried out of this Realm, shall be conveyed to the Staple of Calais, and to none other Place, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the said Wools, Woolfels, and Fells called Shorling and Morling, as in the same Statutes doth more fully appear; Nevertheless, the said Ordinances and Statutes notwithstanding, a great Multitude of Wools and Woolfels (10) called Morling and Shorling, growing in Yorkswold, (9) in the Counties of Lincoln, Nottingham, and Derby, and other Counties of this Realm of England, under the Colour of the Exception before recited, in the same North Parts be carried out of this Realm into Flanders, Holland, Zealand, Brabant, and other Parts beyond the Sea, whereby ensueth not only great Decay of the Customs and Subsidies of our Sovereign Lord the King, but also the Destruction of the Price of Wools, Woolfels, and Fells called Shorling and Morling, growing within this Realm, to the universal Damage and Impoverishing of the same: Whereupon by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, It is enacted, ordained, and stablished, That all the Wools, Woolfels, and Fells called Shorling and Morling, growing within this Realm, other than before excepted, to be shipped and conveyed out of this Realm, shall be conveyed to the Staple of Calais, and to none other Place; And that all other Wools, Woolfels, and Fells called Shorling and Morling, growing and being within the said Counties of Westmoreland, Cumberland, Northumberland, the Bishoprick, [Richmond and Alderton, 8] to be carried out of this Realm of England, shall be shipped at Newcastle upon Tyne only; and from thence to be conveyed to Calais, or to New Middleburgh in Flanders, there to be stapled and uttered, and [at "] none other Place; And if any Man attempt and do the contrary, and thereupon be duly convict, that then he shall stand and be of like Condition as a Man attainted of Felony, after the Course of the Common Law, and shall incur like Pain and Forfeiture as he so attainted for the same should do.

* penalte in any of ? Rot. Parl. § nu. 50. * receyvyng 6 & fell called s Except Rot. Parl. 7 and of the growyng of * Richemond and Allerton

s or

10 and fell

Recital of the Statutes See Statuter 3 Ed. IV. c.1. 4 Ed. IV.c. 3.

> All Wools shall be exported to the Staple at Calais;

Except Northern shipped at Newcastle.

deemed guilty of Felony.

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Saving of the King's Prerogative to grant Licences.

VI. Recital of Statutes relating to Sewers: 6 H.VI. c. 5;

18 H.VI.

Also it is ordained by the same Assent and Authority, That all Wools and Woolfels, and Fells called Morling and Shorling, growing or being in any Country of this Realm or (1) Wales, or in the Marches of the same, other than before excepted, to be carried out of this Realm, shall be conveyed to the said Staple of Calais, and to none other Place, upon the same Pain and Forfeiture; the Prerogative of our Sovereign Lord the King to grant any Licence to the contrary except: This Act to begin and take Effect at the Feast of Saint Michael, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God M. CCCC. LXXIV. and to endure by the Space of Five Years only.

ITEM, Whereas in the Parliament of Henry the Sixth, late in Deed and not of Right King of England. holden at Westminster the Sixth Year of his Reign, the great Damages and Losses considered, which [have chanced by the great rising '] of Waters in divers Parts of this Realm, and [more 3] greater Damages had likely come, if Remedy in this Behalf had not been the more speedily provided; It was ordained and enacted by Authority of the same Parliament, that for Ten Years then next following, several Commissions of Sewers should be made to divers Persons, by the Chancellor of England for the time being to be named in all Parts of the same Realm, where need should be after the Form and Tenor of a Commission especified in the same Act: 8 H.VI.c.3; And after in the Parliament of the same Henry (4) late King, holden at Westminster, in the Eighth Year of his Reign, because that the Commissioners, named in the said Commissions, had not full Power nor Authority to do perform and execute Things comprised in the said Commissions, It was ordained enacted and established by Authority of the same Parliament, That all such Commissioners should have full Power to make ordain and execute Statutes and Ordinances and other Things [to be done 5] after the Effect and Purport of the said Commissions: And after the said Ten Years passed, in the Parliament of the said late [King Henry,6] holden at Westminster in the xviij Year of his Reign, It was (7) ordained enacted and established, by Authority of the same Parliament, That for Ten Years then next following, several Commissions of Sewers should be made to divers Persons, by the Chancellor of England for the Time being to be named in all Parts of the said Realm of England, where Need should be, after the (8) Form and Effect of the said Commission, contained in the said Act made the said vj. Year; and that such Commissioners should have Power to make ordain and execute Statutes and Ordinances, and other Things [to be done 5] after the Effect and Purport of the 23 H.VI.c.8. said Commissions: And after the said Ten Years past, in the Parliament of the said late [King, as afore is said,6] holden at Westminster the xxiij. Year of his Reign, It was ordained, enacted, and stablished by Authority of the same Parliament, That for xv. Years then next following, the Chancellor of England for the Time being, should have Power to make out of the Chancery Commissions of Sewers under the great Seal, in such Form as was granted to be made by the said Act made in the said Sixth Year; as in the said Acts more fully is contained: By which Commissions (9) in the Form aforesaid. many great Mischiefs done and had in divers Parts of the said Realm of England by [rising of the said Waters10]

> ' in Rot. Parl. nu. 51. then were by thencresse 3 many * as is before rehersed 5 doo Rot. Parl. as is before said Kyng 7 also * said " and auctorite yeven to the said Commission's encresse of Water nu. 52.

Et auxi [ordeignez'] de mesme ladvyce & auctorite q toutz lainz pealx lanutz & pealx appellez Morlyng & Shorlyng, cresceantz ou esteantz en ascun pais de cest Roialme ou en Galez ou en lez marchez illeosquez, aut's q dev'nt exceptz, destre cariez hors de cest Roialme soient convoiez al dit estaple de Caleis & a nult aut lieu, sur mesme la peyne & forfaitur; le Progative de nre f' le Roi de g'untier ascune licence a contrarie excepte; ceste acte a comenser & prendre effect a la feste de Seint Michell q Bra en lan nre f' Dieu M1 CCCC lxxiiij & endurer p le space de cynk ans taunt soulement.

Item q come en le plement de Henry le vje nadgairs en fait & nient de droit Roy Dengfet tenuz a Westin lan de son reigne vje, considerez lez geundez dam & pdez queux lors aviendront p lez creteins del eawe en divsez ptiez de cest Roiat, & plusours greindrez dami vaysemblablement eussent venuz si remedie en cell ptie ne eusset [estre²] hastiement purvieu, fuist ordeigne & graunte p lauctorite de mesme le plement, q pur x. ans adonqs pschein ensuantz sevalx Comissions dez Sewers Proient faitz as divsez psonez p le Chaunceller Dengt pur le temps esteant a nosmers en toutz ptiez en dit Roialme lou mestier sroit, solong, la fourme & tenour dun Comission en le dit act [especie 3]; & puis en le plement le dit Henry come dev'nt est recite nadgairs Roy tenuz a Westin le Oeptisme an de son reigne, a cause q lez Comissions nosmez en lez ditz Comissions, navoient pleyn poiar ne auctorite de fair pfourmer & executer chosez comprisez en lez ditz Comissions, estoit ordeignez enacte & establie p auctorite de mesme le plement q toutz tielx (4) avoient pleyn poiar pur fair ordeigner & executer estatuitz & ordeign ncez & aut's chosez affair solongz leffect & p'port dez ditz Comissions: Et aps lez x. ans passez en le plement du dit nadgairs Roy come devent est dit tenuz a Westin lan de son reigne xviij estoit auxi ordeigne enacte & establie p auctorite de mesme le parlement q pur x. ans adonqs pscheins ensuantz sevalx Comissions dez Sewers Front faitz as divses psonez p le Chaunceller Denglet pur le temps esteant a nosmers en toutz ptiez du dit Roialme Denglet're lou maister sroit, solong lez ditz fourme & effect du dit Comission conteignuz en le dit act fait le dit vje an, & q tieux Comissioners avoient poiar dordeigner & executer estatuitz & ordeign*ncez & aut's chosez affairez solong leffect & purport de lez ditz Comissions: et puis lez ditz x. ans passez, en le plement du dit nadgairs Roi come devant est dit tenuz a Westm lan de son reigne xxiij, estoit ordeigne enacte & establie p lauctorite de mesme le plement, q pur quinze ans adonquez pscheinz ensuantz le Chaunceller Dengt pur le temps esteantz arroit poiar de fair hors del Chauncie Dengt Comissions dez Sewers south le graund seal, en tiel fourme come fuist g'unte destre fait p le dit act fait le dit an vje; come en lez ditz actz pluis pleynement est conteignuz : p quell Cōmissions (5) en la dit fourme plusours gaundez meschiefs es divsez ptiez du dit Roialme Dengt faitz & euez p

ordines est 4 comissions 3 especifie & auctote dones a les ditz comission

vij.

creteins del eawe furent necessariement redressez refourmez & amendez: ore il est ainsi q ore tarde en divsez ptiez de cest dit Roiat ('), si bien en lez Countees de Kent & Sussex come aillours deinz mesme le Roialme Dengt, & auxi deinz lez boundez dez marchez de Caleis Guysnez & Hamez, p cretence del eawe divsez Prez & teñtz en graund quantite sount suroundez & destroiez, & plusours g*undez semblablez meschiefs (1) pur defaulte [& auctorite 3] sount visemblablemt deinz brief temps de chier, si bien en decrece & destruccion del vivre livelode de seint Esglise, coe des aut's de liege poeple nre Pssovaigne f' le Roy du dit Roialme Dengt & de lez ditz marchez, & anientisment diceux, sinon remedie en cest partie hastiement soit purvieu: Nre dit f' le Roy lez pmissez considerant p ladvys & assent dez ditz &'s espuelx & temporelx & a la requeste dez ditz Cões & p auctorite del dit plement ad ordeigne enacte & establie, q pur quinze ans pscheins ensuantz sevalx Comissions dez Sewers soient faitz es divsez psonez p le Chaunceller Denglet pur le temps esteantz a nosmers en toutz ptiez en cest Roiat Dengt & de lez devant dit marchez lou mestier est ou sra, solong, la fourme & effecte du dit Comission conteignuz en le dit acte faite le dit [vje.4] Et oustre ceo ad ordeigne & establie p mesme lauctorite q toutz tielx Comissioners aient pleyn poiar de fair ordeigner & executer estatuitz & ordeign*ncez & aut's chosez affairs solong, leffect & purport dez mesmez lez Comissions.

Item come per laudable estatuit de Magna Carta ent aut's est ordeigne q toutz kidelx p Thamese & Medewey & p tout le Roialme Dengt Proient oustiez sinon p lez coostez del mear (5) quele estatuit fuist fait pur gaund bien de tout cest Pre, en oustant [dez streitur6] dez toutz Rivs, ensi q lez niefs & bateulx arreient en yceux lour fraunk & large passage, & auxi en salvacion de tout Frie de pesson pcrees en lez mesmez; sur quele Magna Carta g'und sentence & apostolike dexcomengemit p graund noumbre dez Evesquez encountre lez fractours diceff estoit pnuncie & mesme la sentence quatre foitz en lan [appteignent7] est declarez a la ley de seinte Eglise accordaunt; Et en affermance du dit estatuit de Magna Carta divses estatuitz depuis ount estez faitz & ordeignez, ent queux en un plement tenuz lan prim del usurpe reigne du Roy Henry le quart estoit recite q en lan xxve. du Roy Edward le tierce, pgenitour nre dit f' le Roy qorest, p' ceo q lez coes passagez dez niefs & bateux en lez gaundez Rivs Dengt furent si sovent foitz distourbez p lever des gortez molyns estankez estakez & kideux (*) queux furent levez & misez en temps le Roi E. fitz le Roy Henry & depuis en tielx Ryvs, p queux lez Niefs & bateux furent distourbez qils ne puissent passer come ils soloient, Proient oustez & nettement abatuz saunz estre relevez; & q briefs Proient sur ceo maundez as Viscountz dez lieux

Dengt MSS. Cott. & Pet. & & damages Printed Copies. dauctote Ms. Pet.

were necessarily redressed, reformed, and amended; Now so it is, that now of late in divers Parts of this Realm of England, as well in the Counties of Kent and Sussex, as in other Places within the same Realm of England, and also within the Bounds of the Marches of Calais, Guynes, and Hammes, by [rising'] of Water, divers Lands and Tenements in great Quantity be [drowned 1] and destroyed; and [many great 1] Mischiefs (4) be very likely within short Time to fall, as well in the Decrease [of the Sustenance and 3] Livelyhood of Holy Church, as of other the King's liege People of his said Realm of England, and of the said Marches, and utter undoing of them, if Remedy in this Behalf be not the more speedily provided: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons, and by Authority of the said Parliament, hath ordained enacted and established, That for fifteen Years next ensuing, several Commissions of Sewers shall be made to divers Persons, by the Chancellor of England for the Time being to be named, in all Parts of this Realm of England, and of the aforesaid Marches, where Need is or shall be, after the Form and Effect of the said Commission contained in the said Act made the said Sixth Year. And moreover he hath ordained and stablished by the same Authority, that all such Commissioners have full Power to make ordain and execute Statutes and Ordinances and other Things [to be done 6] after the Effect and Purport of the same Commissions.

ITEM, Whereas by the laudable Statute of Magna Carta, amongst other Things it is contained, That all Kedels by Thamise and Medway, and throughout the Realm of England, should be [taking away, saving by the Sea Banks,7] which Statute was made for the great Wealth of all this Land, in avoiding the Straitness of all Rivers, so that Ships and Boats might have in them their large and free Passage, and also in [Safeguard *] of all the Fry of Fish spawned within the same; upon which Magna Carta, [the great Sentence and apostololick Curse⁹] by a great Number of Bishops was pronounced against the Breakers of the same, and the same Sentence is Four Times in the Year openly declared, according to the Law of Holy Church; and in Affirmance of the said Statute of the Great Charter, divers Statutes have been [after 10] made and ordained; amongst 1 H.IV.c.12. which, in a Parliament holden in the First Year of the usurped Reign of King Henry the Fourth, it was recited, That in the Twenty-fifth Year of King Edward the Third, Progenitor of our Lord the King that now is, because that the common Passages of Ships and Boats in the great Rivers of England were oftentimes disturbed by levying of Wears, Mills, Millstanks, Stakes, and Kedels, to the great Damage of the People, It was ordained and established, That all such Wears, Mills, Millstanks, Stakes, and Kedels, which were levied and set up in the Time of King Edward, Son of King Henry, and after, in such Rivers, whereby the Ships and Boats were disturbed that they could not pass as they were wont, should be taken away, and (") broken down, [never to be set up again "]; and that Writs should be thereupon sent to the Sheriffs of such Places

surrounded moo grete like Rot. Parl. 1 encresse for lak of auctorite nu. 52. and destruccion of the 6 to doo 7 put dowen but by the coostes of the See a grete Sentence Appostelik Rot. Parl. savyng of excomengement nu. 53. 11 clene 18 withoute rearyng ayen

For Fifteen Years next ensuing, Commissions of Sewers may be granted, after the Form of 6 H.VI.c.5.

Recital of Magna Carta relating to Wears, &c.

and MS. Cott. insert erroneous Repetitions of several preceding words .- MS. Pet. and the oldest Printed Copies agree with the Text as printed above.

⁷ appertement MS. Pet. 6 le streiture MS. Pet. * en graund damage du people, accord fuist & establies q tota tielx gorces molyns estankes estakes & kideux MS. Pet.

where need should be, to survey and inquire, and [the same to execute, and '] that Justices should be thereto assigned at all Times [when Need requireth; 1] And after (3) grievous Complaint, [both of great Men, and of the Commons thereupon 1] made in the Parliament of 45 E.III.c. 2. the said King Edward the Third, in the Five and fortieth Year of his Reign, shewing by their Petition, that the said Statute was not duly executed nor observed according to the [Form and] Effect thereof, It was accorded and established, That the same Statute in that Point should be holden and kept according to [the Tenor 5] of the same; [adjoined 6] thereto, that if any such Annoyance [be done, that the same 7] be broken down by due Process contained in the said Statute, and that he which [again doth levy 8] such Annoyances, and be thereof duly attainted, [shall 9] run in the Pain of an C. Marks to our Lord the King, to be levied by the Estreats of the Exchequer; the same Law [shall 9] be holden of Annoyance made by the enhansing of [the said 10] Wears, Mills, Millstanks, Stakes, and Kedels, as by new levying, as in the said Statutes more plainly appeareth; and then at the Request of the said Commons, shewing by their Petition, that the common Passages of Ships and Boats in the great Rivers of England, and also Meadows and Pastures, and [arable Lands "] adjoining to the said Rivers, were greatly disturbed, drowned, wasted, and destroyed by the outragious enhansing and straiting of Wears, Mills, Millstanks, Stakes, and Kedels, in old Time made and levied before the Time of the said King Edward, Son to [the said] King Henry, whereby great Loss and Damage often ensued to the People of the Realm, and daily would ensue, if Remedy were not provided; Wherefore it was ordained and enacted by the Assent of the said Parliament, holden the First Year of the said pretensed King Henry the Fourth, That the said Statutes in all their Articles should be observed, firmly kept, and duly executed; adjoining thereto, that Commissions should be made in due Form to sufficient Persons to be Justices in every County of England, where Need should be, to survey and keep the Waters and great Rivers there, and to correct and amend the Faults, and to make due Execution by the said Statutes, according to the Effect of the same, as well by their Survey, Advice, and Discretion, as by Inquests to be taken thereof within Franchise and without, (12) when Need shall be, and to hear and determine all those Things aforesaid; and moreover to survey the Wears, Mills Millstanks Stakes and Kedels in old Time made, and levied before the said Time of King Edward, Son to King Henry; and such as they find too much enhansed or straited, to correct, break down, and amend in the Manner and Form aforesaid; Saving always a reasonable Substance of the same Wears, Mills, Millstanks, Stakes, Kedels, so in old Time made and levied. And if any such Annoyances of Wears, Mills, Millstanks, Stakes, and Kedels, in [letting13] of the Passages and [straiting 14] in old Time made and levied, be judged or considered by the said Justices to be broken down or amended, he that hath the Freehold of the same shall do Execution thereof at his own Costs, within Half a Year after [Knowledge given to him, 15]

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ou mestier sroit de surveier & enquerer & de fair ent execucion, Et auxi q Justic Proient s' ceo assignez as toutz lez foitz q il busoigniroit. Et aps [sur ceo '] grevous compleint dez g'undez & dez Cões fait en le plement du dit Roy E. le tierce lan de son reigne [xxve 2], compleign ntz p lour peticon q le dit estatuit nestoit pas duement executz ne gardez solono, leffect dicell, accordez fuist & establiez q le dit estatuit en cell point Proit tenuz & gardez solonq, leffect dicett; ajoustant a ycell q si ascun tiel anusaunc [fuissent soit 3] sroit abatuz p due pces conteignuz en le dit estatuit, & celluy q ferroit relever le dit anus unce & de ceo duement atteint encourgoit la peyne de C. m'rc devs nre f' le Roy, a levers p lez estreitez del Eschequer; [p4] mesme la ley Proit tenuz danusaunc fait p le enhauncer de lez ditz gorcez molyns estankez estakez & kideux come p novel lever, come en lez ditz estatuitz pluis pleinement appiert; Et lors a la requeste dez ditz Cões monstrantz p lour peticon q lez cões passagez dez Niefs & bateux en lez g'undes ryvs Dengt, Et auxint prees & pasturez & Prez semez adjoignantz as ditz ryvs furent gaundement distourbez surroundez gastez & destruitz, p lez outrageous enhaunser & estraitur dez gorcez molyns estankez estakez & kideux, auncienment faitz & levez devent le temps du dit Roy E. fitz au Roy Henry, dount gaundez dam & pdez sovent [faitz ou 5] foitz eussent aveignuz au poeple du Roialme [aviendrent & 6] de jour en autre si remedie ne feusset ent mise; accordez est & establie del assent du dit plement tenuz lan primer du dit ptense Roy Henry quart, q lez ditz estatuitz soient en toutz lour articlez tenuz & fermement gardez & duement executez; adjoustant a ycell q Comissions soient faitz en due fourme as sufficeantz psonez destre Justicez en chune Countee Denglet ou busoigne Bra, de surveier & garder lez eawez & g*undez Ryvers illeosquez & lez defautez corriger & amender & due execucion fair p lez ditz estatuitz, solonq, leffecte dicett, si bien p lour survieu advys & discrecion come p lez enquestez ent appndrerz deinz fraunchise & dehors, cy & quant busoigne sra, & doier & Pminer lez chosez suisditz, & oustre ceo de surveier dez gorcez molyns estankez estakez & kideux auncienment faitz & levez [devez 5] devent le dit temps du Roy E. fitz au Roy Henry, & ceux qils trovent trop enhauncez ou estraitez de lez corriger abater & amender en lez maner & fourme desuisditz; sav*nt toutz foitz resonable substaunce de lez gortz molyns estankes estakez & kideux suisditz issint auncienment faitz & levez; & si ascun tiel anusaunce dez gortz molyns estankez estakez & kideux, en destourbaunce de lez passagez & estraiturez auncienment faitz & levez, soient adjugez ou considerez p lez ditz Justič destre abatuz ou amendez, cestuy q ad frankteñt dicett ferra ent execucion de sez costagez deinz un di an aps notificacion a luy [doit] affair

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sur payne de forfaitur de C. m⁴rc, a paiers a nre f' le Roy p estretez en leschequer; & celluy q lez face relever enhauncer ou estreiter encountre la dit jugement & de ceo duement convicte encourge la peyne de C. m'rc, a paiers a nre f' le Roy p estretez en leschequer suisdit. come en mesmez lez estatuitz pluis pleynement appiert : encountre quele Magna Carta & touz lez estatuitz avantditz en divsez ptiez de cest Roialme Denglet en destruccion de pesson come avant dit [en divsez ptiez de cest Roiat Dengt av nt dit] est, & en destourbaunce de lez passagez de lez niefs bargez batuz & aut's vessaulx, divsez & plusours [gentz 1] fishgarthez molyns milledammez estankez de molyns lokkez hebbyngwerez estakez kideux hekkez flodegatez & divsez aut's disto bauncez de jour en autre sount faitz levez enhauncez & enlargez a graund damage nre f' le Roy & de sez foialx liegez: Nre dit f' le Roy lez pmissez graciousment consideraunt del advys & assent dez ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & a la requeste dez ditz Cões en cest plemt assemblez & p auctorite suisdit, ad ordeigne & establie, q le dit estatuit de Magna Carta & toutz auts estatuitz lez pmissez concnantz soient duement observez & gardez; adjoustant a ycell si aps la feste Seint Michell q sra en lan nre f' Dieu M'CCCC lxxv. [ascun psone ou psonez 3] p agarde rule ou jugement dascuns de lez ditz Comissions, accorda' al av'ntdit estatuit le dit (4) primer du dit Roy Henry le quart fait assignez, il soit trove q ascuns tielx gorcez fishgarthez molyns milledammez estankez de molyns lokkez hebbyngwerez estakez kideux hekkez ou flodegates sont faitz levez enhauncez [estreiez 5] ou enlargez encountre mesme lestatuit, lez offendo's en cell ptie contrarie a lav'ntdit agarde rule & jugement duement p Scir fac, a le viscount ou viscountz dautiel Countee ou Counteez ou tielx gorcez fishgarthez molyns milledammez & aut's anusauncez ou empedimentz ou destourbauncez avant rehercez sront trovez faitz euez enh'uncez estreitez & enlargez directe, soient duement garnis p le dit Viscount ou Southviscount, & dedeinz trois mois pscheins aps le dit garnissement fait as lez pprez costagez & chargez duement & pleinement namendent pas ou oustent avoident la dit faisur lev enhaunser estraitur ou enlargement defectif, come avent est dit, en le dit estatuit en lan prim suisdit especifie, q lors celluy ou ceux en cell ptie defectif forface ou forfacent a nre f' le Roy pur chune defaulte C m'rc, p transcript a deliver en le dit Eschequer en le maner & fourme come en mesme lestatuit pluis pleynement est conteignuz : & oustier si le dit offendour ou son heir ou heir eassigne ou assignez ou ascun de eux face ou facent differer ou continuer mesme le default contrarie as lez agardz rule & jugement dez Comission's avantditz, q celluy ou ceux ensy faisant differant ou continuant le dit default (6) estoit & dem'e nient corecte ou nient amende ou nient refourme C. m'rc, lune moite ent a nre Sovaigne f' le Roy & lautre moite ent a ascune de sez liegez q en cell ptie

upon Pain of Forfeiture of an Hundred Marks, to be paid to our Lord the King by Estreats in the Exchequer; and he that [doth levy them again, enhanse, or strait them '] contrary to the said Judgement, and thereof be duly convict, shall run in Pain of an Hundred Marks, to be paid to our Lord the King by Estreats in the Exchequer aforesaid, as in the same Statutes more fully appeareth: Contrary to which Great Charter, and all the Statutes aforesaid, in divers Parts of this Realm of England, both in the destroying of the Fish, as afore is said, and in Disturbance of the Passages of Ships, Barges, Boats, and other Vessels, [by divers and many People, divers '] Fishgarths, Mills, Milldams, Millstanks, Locks, Ebbing-Wears, Stakes, Kedels, Hecks, Floodgates, and divers other Disturbances, be daily [enhanced, levied, 3] and enlarged, to the great Damage of our Lord the King, and of his faithful Lieges: Our said Lord the King graciously considering the Premises, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the said Commons, in this Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, hath ordained and established, That the said Statute of the Great Charter, and all other Statutes concerning the Premises, shall be duly observed and kept; [adjoined thereto, 4] That if after the Feast of Saint Michael, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God M.CCCC.LXXV. (5) by the Award, Rule, or Judgement of any of the said Commissioners, assigned according to the said Statute made in the said First Year of [King Henry of the Fourth, it be found that any such Wears, Fishgarths, Mills, Milldams, Millstanks, Locks, Ebbing-Wears, Stakes, Kedels, Hecks or Floodgates, be made, levied, enhanced, straited or enlarged, against the same Statute, the Offenders in this Behalf contrary to the foresaid Award, Rule and Judgement, [being duely warned by the Sheriff or Sheriffs, by Scire facias directed to the Sheriff or Sheriffs of such County or Counties where such Wears, Fishgarths, Mills, Mills, dams, Millstanks, and other Noyances, Disturbances, or Impediments be, 7] and within Three Months next after the said [Garnishment *] made, [they do not duly and wholly amend, break down, and avoid 9] the said making, levying, enhansing, straiting, or enlarging, being defective as afore is said in the said Statute [made in the said First Year, "] that then he or they being defective in this Behalf, shall forfeit to our Lord the King (") an Hundred Marks, [to be paid by Estreats in "] the Exchequer, in Manner and Form as in the same Statute more fully is contained: Moreover, if the said Offender, or his Heir or Heirs, Assignee or Assignces, or any of them, [do defer 13] or continue the same Default, contrary to the Award, Rule and Judgement of the Commissioners aforesaid, that he or they so [doing,14] deferring or continuing the said Default, shall forfeit for every Month after the said Three Months ended, that the same Default [shall remain, and be not corrected, amended, nor reformed, '5] an C. Marks, the one Half thereof to our Lord the King, and the other Half to any of his liege People which in this Behalf

Continuance, standing said Statutes, of Fishgarths,

Confirmation pulling down of Wears.

Penalty against Offenders not performing the Award of Commissioners under the 1 H.IV.c.12;

Penalty against Offenders, and their Heirs or Nuisances

Rot. Parl.

theym maketh to be reised ayen or enhaunsed streited odyvers and many Weeres made, reised, enhaunsed addyng therunto any psone or psones [but these Words seem perfluous] the said Henry

superfluous]
7 duely by Scire fac to the Shireff or Shirefs of such Shire or Shires, where such Weeres Fisshgarthes Milles Milledames and other nus uncez and ympedymentes afore renersed made reised exalted streyted or enlarged, direct,

duely be warned of the said Shiref or Shirefs, 9 at his ppre coste and 8 warnyng charge duely and fully amende not or avoide

10 in the said first yere specified,

11 for evy defaute

19 by tanscript therof to be delivered into

14 makyng 13 make deferre

15 resteth & abideth uncorrected or not amended or not refourmed

¹ An erroneous Interpolation. e gorcez MS. Pet.

These Words seem superfluous; but agree with Rot. Parl.

s estreitez MS. Pet.

⁶ forface ou forfacent pur chun mois apres lez ditz iij mois passez q m le deffaute MS. Pet.

viij.

Penalty against other Persons, not being Heirs or Assigns.

will sue for the same, by Action of Debt (1) to be conceived by original Writ, without (1) Fine to be made or taken for the same in the (3) Chancery; in which Action, like Process, Rule, Judgement and Execution shall be [allowed, 1] had and made, as is used in other Actions of Debt pursued at the common Law by Writ; and that [the 1] Defendant in any such Action be not admitted to do or wage his Law; nor that any Protection, or Essoin of the King's Service [be allowed for the Defendant in the same Writ.5] Moreover, It is ordained and established by the same Authority, That if any Person or Persons, other than such against whom such Award, Rule or Judgement were made and had, (6) being Heir or Assignee [to them, or any of them, 7] do presume to occupy or continue any such Wears, Fishgarths, Mills, Milldams, Millstanks, Locks, Ebbing-Wears, Stakes, Kedels, Hecks, Floodgates, or other Disturbances or Impediments, as afore is said, he or they so presuming to occupy or continue, shall forfeit at every Default, for every Month, as is afore said, an C. Marks, the one Half (1) to our Lord the King, and the other Half to him of the King's liege People that will in this Behalf sue, by Action of Debt thereupon to be conceived, without paying any Fine for the same, as is aforesaid; in which Action like Process, Rule, Judgement and Execution shall be used and made, as in all other Actions of Debt pursued at the Common Law by Writ is used; and that [the 1] Defendant in any such Action shall not be admitted nor in any wise received to wage or do his Law; nor any manner Protection or Essoin of the King's Service be for such Defendant in any wise allowed.

VIII.
Recital of
Franchises of
Cities, &c.
for the
Survey of
Victuallers;
and Patents
obtained
contrary
thereto.

ITEM, Whereas the Governors, that is to say, Mayors, Bailiffs, (8) and other like Governors of every City, Borough and Town of Substance within this Realm of England, for the most Part have Courts of Leets, and Views of Frankpledge, holden yearly within the same Cities, Boroughs and Towns, and surveying of all Victuallers there, and Correction and Punishment of the Offenders and Breakers of the Assise of the same, to be presented and amerced if any Default be found in the said Courts, or by their surveying, which by reason ought not to be contraried, nor the Victuallers there by the Law [ought to be surcharged 9] or oppressed; [as 10] now of late divers Persons daily intending (") their singular Avail and Profit to oppress the said Victuallers, and to [enter and break the Liberty of "] divers Places in this Realm having Franchises, and surveying of all Victuallers, and Correction of the same, have purchased Letters Patents of our said Sovereign Lord the King, to be Surveyors and Correctors of such Victuallers, within divers Cities Boroughs, and other Places of this Realm of England, as of Ale, Beer, Wine, and other such Victuals, by which Pretence and unlawful Office they do commit divers and many Extortions and Oppressions amongst the King's liege People, taking of them unlawfully divers great Fines and Ransoms, to the great Damage of the King's liege People, and also [wrongful 13] Derogation of the Liberties and Franchises of divers of the said Cities, Boroughs, and Towns:

pursuer voiet p accion de dette ent a conceiver p brief original saunz ascune fyne ent fair ou apprendre en la Court de la Chauncie, en quele accion autiel pcesse rule jugement & execucion soient allowez ewez & faitz come en aut's accions de dette p'suez a la coe ley per brief est usez, & q ascune defend unt en ascune tiel accion ne soit admise de gager ou fair sa ley, Ne q ascune pteccion ou essoine de svice nre Sovaigne f' le Roy pur ascune tiel [bre '] def soit en ascune maner allowe. Et en oustre ad ordeigne & establie p mesme lauctorite q si ascune psone ou psonez auts ou aut q tiel ou tielx encountre quele ou quelx autiel agard rule ou jugement estoit faite & ewe, nient esteant ou esteantz heir ou assigne a y cell ou yceux, psume ou psument doccupier ou continuer ascuns (1) gorcez fishgarthez molyns milledammez estankez de molyns lokkez hebbyngwerez estakez kideux hekkez flodeyatez ou aut's distourbaunces ou impedimentz come dev'nt est dit, celluy ou ceux ensi psumant ou psumantz doccupier ou continuer, forfait ou forfacent a chune defaulte pur chune mois come est dit devaunt C. merc, le moite ent a nre f' le Roy & lautre moite a celluy de lez liegez nre f' le Roi q en cell ptie p'suer voiet p accion de dette sur ceo destre consceu, saunz fyn pur ceo paiant come dev'nt est dit; en quele accion autiel pcesse rule jugement & execucion soient usez & faitz come en toutz autrez accions de dette p'suez a la cõie ley p bre est usez, & q ascune defend'unt en tiel accion ne soit resceu ne admise en ascune maner de gager ou fair sa ley, Ne q ascune autre maner pteccion ou essoine de noble svice de nre f' le Roy pur ascun tiel defend*unt soit ascunement allowe.

Item q come lez Govnours, s. Mairs Baillifs (3) & aut's Govnours semblablez de chune Citee Burgh & Vitt de substaunce deinz cest Roiat Dengt, pur greindre ptie ount Courtz dez letez et vieuz de frankplegge annuelment tenuz deinz mesmez lez Citeez Burghs & Villez, & survieu dez toutz Vitaillers illeosquez & correccion & punicion de lez enfractours & mesfaisours de lassise dez mesmez, a psenters & amciers si ascune default soit trovee en lez ditz Courtz ou p lour survieu, quele p reason ne doit estre contrariez, ne lez Vitaillers illeosquez p la ley ne doient mye estre surchargez ou oppssez; come ore tarde journelment divsez psonez entendantz pur lour singuler availl & pfit doppresser lez ditz Vitaillers dentierrumper divsez lieux deinz cest Roialme Dengt eiauntz fraunchisez & survieu dez toutz Vitaillers & correccion diceux, ount purchacez frez patentz nre dit Sovaigne fr le Roi destre surveiours & correctours dautielx Vitaillers deinz divsez Citeez Burghs & auts lieux de cest Roiat Dengt, come de se'voise bere vine & dautielx aut's vitaillez, p quett ptense & desloial office ils [sount 1] plusours & divsez extorcons & oppssions entre le liege poeple nre f' le Roy, pignantz de ceux disloialment divsez gaundez finez & raunsons a gaund damage de mesme le poeple nre f' le Roy & auxi g'und derogacion de lez liberteez & f'unchisez de lez divsez de lez avantditz Citeez Burgas & Villez;

therof any Courte of omitted.
for any such Defendaunt in any wise be allowed.

Rot. Parl.

nu. 53.

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Nre f' le Roy lez Pmissez considerant p ladvys & assent dez &'s espuelx & temporelx & a la requeste dez Cões en la dit plemt assemblez, & p auctorite de mesme le plement, ad ordeigne & establie, q toutz lez frez patentz g'untez p luy al ascune psone ou psonez dascune office du sercheaunce ou surveiance de vine servoice [soere '] ou ascun aut vitaill soient tout oustrement voidez & de nuff effect. Et q null psone autre q tielx Govnours avent rehercez ou aurs entitlez p point de Chre, a la feste de Pasq. pschein veign'nt, p colour dautielx frez patentz ensi pursuez ou en ap's a pursuers come devant est dit, use ou exccise ascune tiel Office, sur payne de forfaitur a chune default xl ti. lune moite ent a nre f' le Roy al oeps de son hostiell t'unt soulement destre appliez, lautre moite ent a celluy q en cell parte pur ceo suer voet p accion de dette; en quele semblable pcesse rule & demeane soient ewez sicome usuelment sont usez en auts accions de dette a la côie ley; Et q le defendaunt en ascun autiel accion ne soit resceuz ne admise a sa ley; ne q ascune pteccion ou essoin de svice nre Pssovaigne f' le Roi (*) ascune maner soit allowez.

Item q come p un ordeign nc fait a Westm lan du Roy E. le tierce pgenitour nre dit f' le Roi xlijde, ent aut's estoit ordeignez q nult Eschetour sroit fait sil navoit xx fi. de Pre au meyns ou pluis en fee, & q ils ferroient lour officez en lour pprez psonez, Et si autre groit il serroit ouste; la quell ordeign'nce solonq, la veraie entent del mesme nest mye observe, a graunde damage dez plusours gentz de cest Roialme Dengle?, p cause q divsez psonez insufficientez & de legier conscience annuelment sount faitz Eschetours es divsez [psonez 3] de cest Roiat Dengt, queux sovent foitz mittent lour officez deschetrie au ferme as aut's psonez g'undez extorciono's & oppressours du poeple, lez mesmez Eschetours Pignauntz de lez ditz psonez autiel some de money come entre eux poiet estre agreez, & suerte destre dischargez [& suerte destre dischargez 1 sur lour accompt & destre [gastez 5] indempnez encountre nre Pssovaigne f' le Roy & toutz aut's psonez; quels psons ensi pignantz le dit office deschetrie disloialment p noun due mane a ferme obligent ceux mesmes destre extorcioners & offendours du poeple, lou de launcien temps p le gouvement du Roiat Dengt Eschetours & lour deputeez sroient & doient estre de bon sufficiencie & bien disposez psonez & droiturelx si bien a nre f' le Roy come a son poeple, lou en cestz jours paucez tielx psonez sount faitz Escheto's ne lour deputeez; Si est ordeigne p lauctorite de cest psent plement q nutt Eschetour affair aps la Nativite nre f' q sra en lan nre f' Dieu M' CCCC lxxiij Pigne sur luy loffice deschetour, ne mesme loffice occupie p luy mesme ne p ascune autre psone, sinon le dit Eschetour ou autre psone ou psonez a son oeps ait ou aient le temps q il Bra eslieux Eschetour Prez tentz ou

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* An erroneous Repetition.

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Our said Lord the King, the premises considering, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons, in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same Parliament, hath ordained and established, That all Letters Patents granted by him to any Person or Persons of any Office of searching or surveying of Wine, Ale, Beer, or any other Victual, shall be utterly void, and of none Effect. And that no Person, other than such Governors before rehearsed, or other intitled by Point of Charter, from the Feast of Easter next coming, by colour of such Letters Patents so [obtained, or after to be obtained,'] as before is said, shall use or exercise any such Office, upon Pain of Forfeiture for every Default xl li. the one Half thereof to our Lord the King, to be employed only to the Use of his House, the other Half (') to him that in this Behalf will sue for the same by Action of Debt, wherein like Process, Rule, and Proceeding shall be had, as is commonly used in other Actions of Debt at the common Law; and that the Defendant in any such Action shall not be received nor admitted to his Law; nor that any Protection or Essoin of the King's Service be in

any wise allowed. ITEM, Whereas by an Ordinance made at Westminster, the Forty-second Year of the Reign of King Edward the Third, Progenitor of our said Lord the King that now is, amongst other things It was ordained, That none should be made Escheator, unless he had xx li. of Land at the least, or more, in Fee, and that they should do their Offices in their proper Persons, and if any other [be, he shall be out 3]; which Ordinance according to the true [Meaning thereof 1] is not observed, to the great Damage of divers People of this Realm of England, because that many Persons insufficient, and of [evil 5] Conscience, be yearly made Escheators in divers Parts of this Realm of England, which often do set their Office of Escheatorship to ferm [to other great Men, Extortioners and Oppressers 6] of the People, the same Escheators taking of the said Persons such Sum of Money as betwixt them [may 7] be agreed, and Surety to be discharged upon their Account, and to be saved harmless against our Sovereign Lord the King and all other Persons; which Persons so unlawfully taking the said Office of Escheatorship, by an undue Manner to ferm, [do enforce themselves 8] to be Extortioners and [Offenders to 9] the People; where of old Time, by the Government of the Realm of England, Escheators and their Deputies should be, and ought to be good, sufficient, and well disposed Persons, and [rightful, 10] as well to our Lord the King, as to his People; where at this Day few such Persons be made Escheators, or their Deputies: It is therefore ordained by Authority of this present Parliament, That no Escheator to be made after the Feast of the Nativity of our Lord, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God One thousand four hundred and seventy-three, shall take upon him the Office of Escheator, nor occupy the same Office by himself nor by any other, unless the said Escheator, or other Person or Persons to his Use, have at the Time that he shall be chosen Escheator, Lands Tenements or

All Letters
Patents
granted to
any Persons
for searching
or surveying
of Victuals,
shall be void.

Penalty on Persons acting under such Grants, other than Governors of Cities, &c.

> IX. Recital of the Statute 42 Edw. III. chapter 5.

Pendity.

Escheators shall have zo l. Land or Rent in the County.

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No Escheator shall let his Office to ferm, or make any Deputy, but for whom he will answer.

Penalty.

Rent [to his Use,'] in Fee-Simple, Fee-Tail, or for Term of Life, of the yearly Value of xx li. lying and being within the same County or Counties whereof he shall be made Escheator; nor that any such Escheator to be chosen after the said Feast shall in any wise sell nor set to ferm the said Office of Escheatorship, nor make any Deputy or Deputies, but such for whom he will answer, at his Peril; the Name or Names of the said Deputy or Deputies to be certified by the same Escheator, by his Letters Patents, to the Treasurer and Barons of the King's Exchequer for the Time being, within Twenty Days after such Deputation (1); and that no such Deputy or Deputies take upon him or them to occupy in the Office of Escheatorship, unless such Escheator have Lands Tenements or Rent, to the aforesaid yearly Value, in Manner and Form as is aforesaid. And if any Person or Persons after the said Feast do contrary to the Premises, or any of them, he shall forfeit for every Default xl li. the one Half thereof to our Sovereign Lord the King, to be employed to the Use of his honourable House, the other Half to [every 3] of the King's liege People, which will therefore sue by Action of Debt, wherein like Process, Rule, Judgement, (1) Costs, and Damages shall be nad and awarded, as is used in other Actions of Debt usually [pursued 5] by Writ at the common Law; [and that no waging of Law, Protection, nor Essoin be in any wise allowed in the same to the Defendant. 67 And (7) the Justices of Peace in every Place [corporate,8] and the Justices of Peace, in every other Place having Justices of Peace within [them,9] shall have Power to (10) hear and determine every such Forfeiture, upon Presentment thereof [had "] before them in their Sessions; in which Presentment like Process shall be had, as is used upon Indictments of Trespass done with Force and Arms against the King's Peace. Provided always, That this Act do not extend to any Person or Persons made or to be made Escheator of any City, Borough, or Town Patents of the Grant of our Sovereign Lord the King,

Saving for Right of Cities, &c. to appoint Escheators.

Justices of

Peace may

inquire of

Offences.

and punish

of this Realm of England, having Authority [to make or to be"] Escheator within themselves, by Letters or of any of his Noble Progenitors or Predecessors. 1 omitted 2 to be made s sued 4 execucion and that the Defendaunt in any such accion be not admytted to his lawe, nor any pteccion nor Rot. Parl. essoyn in any wise theryn be allowed. nu. 49. 7 that the Justices of peas in evy Shire of this Reame, and 8 corporat shire 10 enquere 9 theymselfe 11 omitted 18 to have make or be

rent en fee simple fee taill ou tme de vie (1) annuel value de xx fi. gisauntz & esteauntz deinz mesme le Counte ou Counteez dunt il serra fait Eschetour; ne q ascune tiel Escheto' aps la dit (1) estre esluz vende ne mette a ferme la dit office descheterie en ascune maner, ne face ascun deputee ou deputez forsq tiel ou tielx [q pur 3] ou queux il voet respoundre a son pill, le noun ou nouns du dit depute ou deputez destre ctefie p mesme leschetour, p sez frez patentz, au Tresorer & Barouns del Eschequer nre f' le Roy pur le temps esteantz deinz xx. jours aps tiel deputacon affair; Et q nutt tiel deputee ou deputeez Pigne ou Pignent sur luy ou ceux doccupier en loffice descheterie, sinon tiel Eschetour ait trez ou tentz ou rent a lavantdit annuel value en lez maner & fourme come est avantdit. Et si ascune psone ou psonez aps mesme la feste face ou facent contrarie de lez Pmissez ou ascune de eux, forface ou forfacent a chune default xl ti. lune moite ent a nre Sovaigne f' le Roi, al oeps de s honourable hostiel destre appliee, lautre moite a [chune 1] dez liegez nre Sovaigne f' q pur ceo voiet suer p accion [de temps 5] en quell semblable pcesse rule jugement (6) costez & dam soient ewez & agardez come il est usee en auts accions de dette usuelment usez p bre a la coie ley; & q le defend unt en ascune tiel accion ne soit admise a s ley ne ascun pteccion ne essoin en ascune mane en ycell soit allowe. Et (') lez Justič du peas en chune lieu corporet [convicte, 8] Et q lez Justic du peas en chune aul lieu aia" Justic de peas [en chune autre lieu eiantz Justi? de peas 9] deinz yceux, aient poiar denquerer oier et Pmier chune autiel forfaitur, sur Psentement ent devent eux en lour sessions; en quell [psentent 10] semblable pcesse soit ewe come est usez sur lez enditementz de Tspas faitz ove force & armez encountre la peas de nre f' le Roy. Purveu toutz foitz q cest acte nextende pas al ascune psone ou psonez fait ou affair estre faitz Eschetour dascune Citee Burgh ou Ville de ceste Roialme Dengt [aver "] auctorite davoir fair ou estre Escheatour deinz eux mesmez p trez patentz du g'unt nre Sovaigne f' le Roy ou de ascun de sez noblez pgenitours ou pdecessours.

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Anno 14° EDWARDI, IV. A.D. 1474-5.

Incipiunt Statuta apud Westm' edita anno quarto-decimo.

HERE BEGIN THE STATUTES MADE AT WESTMINSTER, IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR.

Ex Lib. Scace. Westm. XI.

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NOSTRE & le Roy Edward le quart a son par-lement somonez & comencez a Westm le vj jour Doctobr lan de son reigne (') xiiije continuez, p ladvys & assent dez f's espuelx & temporelx & p lez Cões en le dit plement le dit xxiije jour assemblez, & p aucto" de mesme le plement, voet & gaunte & p ladvys de mesme ad ordeigne & enacte; q toutz tielx psonez & chune diceux q p la grace de Dieu passerount oustre la mear ovesq, nre dit Pssovaigne & le Roy en son viage roiall & noble svice & dem'ent en son noble dit svice p lour [p lour noble 1] atto'neys & deputeez ou ascune de eux, ou p latto'ney ou depute dascun diceux, entrerent & Pnderent & entrer puissent & Pndre possession & pfit de et en toutz Hono's Chastels Manoirs Prez tentz rentz advowsons hereditamentz & possessions q a eux sount descenduz, ou al ascun de eux en aps descenderount remainderount revterount ou deviendrerount p ascun moyen aps la mort dascune de lour auncestrez, ou ascun au? pson ou psonez en ascune autre fourme p la cours de la ley de cest Pre, durant la dit viage, Si ascune part soit tenuz de nre Sovaigne & le Roy (1) desouth son graund seal pur lour dit entre possession prise dez issuez & pfitz dicell saunz fyne ou fee a nre f' le Roy a paier pur icell [pur tiel appaier 1]. Et si ascune office soit ent trovez en aps, donquez ceux & chune deux davoir especial livies & live desouth le graund seal nre Sovaigne & le Roy, saunz fee ou fyne a paier purceo a nre Sovaigne f' le Roy, dentrer & Pndrer possession en & de lez Honours, Chastels & aut's lez Pmissez, chune psone accord'unt a s droit & title; & tieux davoir & enjoier ovesq lez issuez & pfitz dez mesmez

1 xij & p divsez progacons (*) le xxiij jour de Januar lan de son reigne * omitted.

2 Et sur ceo davoir le pdon de nre sovaigne fr le Roi

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OUR Lord the King, Edward the Fourth, at his Parliament summoned and begun at Westminster the Sixth Day of October, in the Twelfth Year of his Reign, and continued by [Prorogation '] till the Three and twentieth Day of January, in the Fourteenth Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and by the Commons, in the said Parliament, the said Twenty-third Day assembled, and by Authority of the same Parliament, willeth and granteth, and by the Advice of the same, hath ordained and enacted;

All Persons

who shall go with the King in his Service into

France, shall have Licence

to enter and

have Livery

descended to

the King, without Fine.

of Lands,

them and

holden of

THAT all such Persons, and every of them, which by the Grace of God shall pass over the Sea with our said Sovereign Lord the King in his Voyage royal and noble Service, and shall abide in his (1) noble Service, by their Attornies and Deputies, or any of them, or by the Attorney or Deputy of any of them, shall enter and take, and may enter and take, Possession and Profit of and in all Honours, Castles, Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Advowsons, Hereditaments, and Possessions, which be to them descended, or to any of them hereafter shall descend, remain, revert, or by any mean shall come, after the Death of any of their Ancestors, or any (3) Person or Persons in any other Form by the Course of the Law of [the 1] Land, during the said Voyage, if any [Parcel's] be holden of our Sovereign Lord the King, [by b] their said Entry, [Possessions, 7] taking of the Issues and Profits of the same, without Fine or Fee to be paid to our Sovereign Lord the King for the same. And if any Office be thereof found hereafter, then they and every of them to have especial Liveries and Livery under the great Seal of our Sovereign Lord the King, without Fee or Fine to be paid for the same to our Sovereign Lord the King, to enter and take Possession in and of the Honours, Castles, and other the Premises, every Person according to his Right and Title; and the same to have and enjoy with the Issues and Profits of the same

Vol. II.

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[•] The Petitions on which this Statute was framed are entered in English on Memb. 2, 1. of the Parliament Roll 14 Edw. IV. nu. 57. to nu. 60. As to the Text and its Corrections, See the Note to the Statute 12 Edw. IV. ante, page 431.

Such Persons shall have Licences to make Feoffments to the Use of their Wills.

If such
Persons die
abroad, their
Heirs within
Age, their
Feoffees shall
have their
Estates,
though the
Feoffment
was by
Collusion;

Except as to Lands of the King's own Grant.

The King's Grantees may grant for the Duration of their own Interests.

[of their Title grown to them and every of them,'] without any other Livery, Petition, or Pursuit of the Law to be made in that Behalf to our Sovereign Lord the King; and that during the same Time of the Voyage, and they abiding in the King's noble Service, as afore is said, no manner Process to be made in any of the Counties of our Sovereign Lord the King against any of the said Persons, for any Homage, Fealty, and other corporal Service, which may not be done but in their proper (2) Persons, for any Honours, Castles, Seigniories, Manors, Lands, Tenements, and other Hereditaments and Possessions, which they or any Person or Persons to their Use have or hereafter shall have, during the said Voyage and being in the King's noble Service as afore is said; but that all such Process shall cease during the said Voyage and Service; And they and every of them so passing in the said Voyage royal, as afore is said, and the Feoffees to the Use of every of them may have (3) Licence under the King's great Seal, without Fee or Fine [to be paid for '] Feoffments, Alienations, and Grants of the Honours, Castles, Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Services, Annuities, and other Hereditaments and Possessions with their Appurtenances, to such Persons whom them shall please, and the same Persons to receive the same Honours, Castles, and other the Premises, of what manner Estate them shall please, to the Intent that they may thereof make their [Will for Payment of their 3] Charges and other Things. And if it happen any of the said Persons, which so shall pass and abide in the said Voyage and Service of our said Sovereign Lord the King as afore is said, to die during the said Time and in the said Service, his Heir being within Age, that then all manner Persons, having any manner Estate by way of Feoffment or otherwise, to the Use of the same Person or Persons so dying, in any Honours, Castles, and other the Premises with their Appurtenances, to the Use and Performance of the Will of the said Person which doth so decease, shall have the same without any Interruption of our Sovereign Lord the King, or any of his Officers or Ministers, by reason of any Office thereof to be found, although the said Feoffments, Estate, or Alienation were made or had by Collusion or otherwise intituling our Sovevereign Lord the King; except such Manors, Lands, and Tenements, which any Person or Persons, passing or going with the King in this (6) Voyage Royal as afore is said, [or 1] by the Grant or Gift of our redoubted Sovereign Lord the King in any Manner; and that they and every of them having and obtaining the same Manors, Lands, and Tenements, may by the Authority aforesaid make Estate of the same said Manors Lands or Tenements [in any manner 8] Parcel of the same Manors Lands and Tenements to other Persons, in Fee or otherwise, to their own Use, in performing of their Wills, as before is said; the same Estate or Estates so to be made, to be good and effectual, as long as the said Grants, [and Gift,9] thereof made or to be made by our said Sovereign Lord the King to them or any of them, shall stand and be in their Force and Effect, and not determined nor revertable to our said Sovereign Lord the King or his noble Heirs.

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de lour (1) title as eux & chune de eux devenuz, saunz ascun auter live peticion ou p'suite de la ley en cell ptie a nre f' le Roi affair; & q mesme le temps du viage durant, & ils dem'antz en le noble svice de nre Sovaigne f' le Roy come est avent dit, nutt mane pcesse destre fait, en ascune de lez Counteez nre so-Vaigne f' le Roi, encountre ascuns de lez ditz psons pur ascune homage fealte & aut corporel svice, queux ne puissent estre faitz sinon en lour ppre pson ou psonez, pur ascuns Honours Chastelx Seign'ies Manoirs Prez teñtz & autres enheritementz & possessions q ceux, ou ascune psone ou psonez a lour oeps, ount ou ad ou en aps ava ou avount durant la dit viage & esteantz en le noble svice de nre f' le Roy come est avantdit; mez q tout tiel peesse cessera durantz la dit viage & svice; & ceux & chune deux ensi passantz en la dit viage roial come est avantdit, & lez feffez al use de chune de eux, puissent avoir & aient licence desouth le g'und seal de nre f' le Roi, saunz fee ou fyn a luy [del '] paiez, de fair feffementz alienacions & gauntez de lez Hono's Chastels Manoirs trez tentz rentz svices annuiteez, & aut's enhereditamentz & possessions ove lour app'teignancez, as tielx psonez queux lour plerra, & yceux psonez de resceiver mesmez lez Hono's Chastell & aut's lez Pmissez de quele maner estate lour plerra, al entent q ceux ent puissent fair lour volunte pur paiement de lour (3) chargez & aut's chosez. Et sil avient ascuns de lez ditz psonez, q ensi passera & dem'a en lez ditz viage & svice de nre sovaigne f' le Roy come est aventdit, a morier durant le dit temps & en la dit vice, son heir esteant deinz age, q lors toutz mans psonez, eiauntz ascune maner estate p voie de feffement ou autment al oeps de mesme la psone ou psonez ensi moriant espassaunt ou moriantz ou Pspassantz, en ascuns Honours Chastell & aut's lez pmissez ove lour app'teign'ncez, al oeps & pfourmance de la volunte ou [valoir 1] de la dit psone q ensi decesse, lez aient saunz ascun intrupcion de nre sovaigne f' le Roi ou ascuns de sez Officers ou ministrez, p reason dascun Office de ceo estre trovez, tout soit ceo mesq lez ditz feffementz astate ou ascun alienacion [suerent 5] faitz ou ewez p collusion ou auterment entitlant nre Sovaigne f' le Roi; forsprisez tielx manoirs Prez & teñtz queux ascun psone ou psonez passantez ou [alamaes 6] ovesq nre es Sovaigne f' le Roy en cest son viage roiall come avent est dit [ou] p le graunt ou don de nre t's doute f' le Roy en ascune maner; Et q ceux & auxi chescune de eux, aiauntz & opteignantz mesmez lez avantditz manoirs Prez & tentz, puissent p mesme lauctorite desuitdit fair estate dez les mesmez aventdit manoirs trez ou tentz [en *] ascune mane pcell diceux manoirs trez & tentz as aut's psones en fee ou autment a lour oeps dene, en pfourmance de lour voiloirs ou volunteez come ycy dev*nt est (9); lez mesmez estate ou estatez ensi affair ou affairez destre bonez & effcuelx auxi longement tanq come lez avantditz gauntez ou donez, p nre dit Ps-sovaigne f' le Roy as eux ou ascun de eux ent faitz ou affairs, estoient & soient en lour force & effect & nient dermiez nauxint revtiblez a nre Psdoute f' le Roy ou [de 'e] sez noblez heirs.

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Et oustre ceo mesme nre & le Roy ad ordeigne & establie & enacte p assent [& assent '] dez &'s espuelx & temporelx & lez Coes en mesme le dit plement esteant, Si ascune de lez av'ntditz psone ou psonez, ensi passauntz & auxi dem'auntz ovesq nre sovaigne I' le Roy en sez ditz vicez & viage roiall come cye devent est dit, a morir ou t'spasser, mesme son heir esteant deinz age, ore ou en aps teign'nt ou opteign'nt ascuns Prez ou tentz de nre f' le Roy p service de Chivaler, sez ditz feffez & auxint sez executours adonqs aient & enjoient le garde & mariage de mesme le heir, ovesq. (*) le garde dez mesmez lez manoirs trez & tentz ensi tenuz, durant le nounage de mesme le heir, al oeps de mesme la psone ensi [decessent³] ou rspassaunt, Et ovesq ceo de pfourmer tout son voillant & voluntee; Et oustre ceo mesme nre t'ssovaigne f' le Roi g'unta p sez tres patentez le garde & le mariage de mesme le heir, & dez toutz lez Manoirs trez & tentz lez queux nre resovaigne f' le Roy doit avoir p reason dicell, as mesmez lez feffez ou executo's de mesme la psone ou psonez ensi trespassauntz ou moriauntez, ou as tielx de eux q pur ceo p'suer voillant al use de mesme la psone ou psonez ensi Pspassauntz ou moriauntz, come dev'nt est dit, saunz ascune fyne ou fee a nre tressovaigne f' le Roy pur ceo destre paiez: sauvez toutz foitz a chune psone ou psonez & lour heirs & successours, aut's q nre tssovaigne f' le Roy & sez heirs & executo's, toutz lour droit title progatif & intesse q ceux ount ou poient avoir en ascun de lez Pmissez, come cest av'ntdit acte jamez ne eust este fait ou ppetre; forspris corporel svice come est av ntdit, quele corporel svice ne poiet estre fait sinon en lour pprez psonez come cy dev'nt est dit. Et si ascune doubte ou question surde ou aveigne en ascune mane, en lez ent pretacions ou [constuccons] de lez pointz ou articlez desuisditz ou ascun de eux, adonquez mesme nre f' le Roy voet & g'unte p mesme lauctorite desuisdit, q lez f's espuelx & temporelx, & aut's de son Counsaill cye esteantz en sa absence, aient playne poiar & auctorite pur discusser & metter en ceo cas due remedie & redresse solong lour bon discrecion & advyce accordant a la foial entent dez mesmez lez articlez & pointz av ntditz (5) psonez ensi esteauntz (6) en la dit service & viage roial de nre Sovaigne f' le Roi depdela le mear. Purveu toutz foitz q cest av'ntdit act ou ordeign'nc, ou ascun chose comphendez & continuez en ycell, ne soit mye pjudiciall ou damageous en ascun maner (7) ou psonez dez liegez nre dit f' le Roy, mez soit executorie t'unt soulemt encountre nre & le Roy & sez noblez heirs.

Item nre dit rssovaigne f' le Roy, rememb'unt qil fuist ordeigne enacte & establie p auctorite du plement tenuz a Westin le second jour de May en lan noefisme du reigne du noble Roy Henry le quint, nadgairs en fait & nient de droit Roy du noble Roialme Dengt come cye en aps ensuist.-Item p lou le prise de lez assisez genalment ad longeñit cesse pmye tout cest Roialme Dengt p cause dune estatuit & ordeign nc fait

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And moreover, Our said Sovereign Lord the King hath The Feoffees ordained stablished and enacted, by the Assent (') of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons being in the same Parliament, That if it happen any of the aforesaid (2) Persons so passing and abiding with our said Sovereign Lord the King in his said Service and Voyage royal as afore is said, to die, his Heir being within Age, now or hereafter holding or obtaining any Lands or Tenements of our Sovereign Lord the King by Knights Service, his said Feoffees and also his Executors, (3) shall have and enjoy the Ward and Marriage, (4) with the Ward of the same Manors, Lands and Tenements so holden, during the Non-age of the same Heir, to the Use of the same Person so dying, and with the same to perform all his Will; And moreover the same our Sovereign Lord the King shall grant by his Letters Patents the Ward and Marriage of the same Heir, and of all the Manors, Lands and Tenements, which the King ought to have by reason of the same, to the same Feoffees or Executors of the same Person or Persons so dying, or to such of them, which for the same will sue, to the Use of the same Person or Persons so dying as afore is said, without Fine or Fee to the King for the same to be paid: Saved always to every Person or Persons, and to their Heirs and Successors, other than our Sovereign Lord the King and his Heirs [and Executors, 3] all their Right, Title, Prerogative and Interest which they have or may have in any of the Premises, as if this aforesaid Act had never been made; except Corporal Service, as afore is said, which Corporal Service may not be done but in their proper Persons as afore is said. And if any Doubt or Question rise or happen in any manner in the Interpretations or Constructions of the Points or Articles aforesaid, or any of them, then the same our Sovereign Lord the King will and granteth by the same Authority aforesaid, That the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and The Council other of his Council, being here in his Absence, shall have full Power and Authority to discuss and set in this Case a due Remedy and Redress, by their good Discretion and Advice, according to the [faithful Intent 6] of the same Articles and Points, [concerning 7] the said Persons so [dying *] in the said Service and Voyage Royal of our Sovereign Lord the King beyond the Sea. Provided always, That this Act or Ordinance, or any Thing comprehended or contained in the same, shall not be in any manner prejudicial or hurtful to any of the King's liege People; but shall be executory only against our Sovereign Lord the King and his noble Heirs.

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord the King, remembring that it was ordained, enacted and stablished, by Authority of the Parliament holden at Westminster the Second Day of May, in the ix. Year of the Reign of the noble King Henry the V. late in Deed and not of Right King of this noble Realm of England, as hereafter followeth: "Item, Whereas the taking of Assises generally hath long ceased throughout all this Realm of England, because of a Statute and Ordinance made by our said

Knight's Service, shall have the Ward of their

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mine Disputes

II. Recital of St. Protections King's Wars.

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Vords " lage de mesme le heir here erroneously repeated in Lib. Scacc. & MS. Cott.—But in MS. Pet. and the Oldest Printed Copies the Text is correct.

decessaunt MS. Pet. constructions MS. Cott.

pr le bon & pfit de mesmez lez avantditz MS. Pet. ou moriantz MSS. Cott. & Pet.

Person or 1 and Advice

then of the same heire omitted. Rot. Parl. true meaning for the wele and pfite of nu. 57.

The same Law shall be of avail for

such as now

shall pass over the Sea with the

King.

Sovereign Lord the King, at his Second Passage towards the Parts of Normandy, and by his Council, Our said Sovereign Lord considering the great Troubles and Damages, which divers of his liege People have had and sustained by the same ceasing, hath straitly commanded and commandeth, That his Justices shall hold the Assises through all this Realm of England in the Manner used and accustomed. And for to eschew the Disherisons of the same Persons, which now be passed and shall pass in this Voyage Royal of the King, whom God speed, and also of the Persons which be abiding in the Service of our Sovereign Lord the King in the Parts of Normandy and of France, It is ordained and provided, That in every Protection, with the Clause of Volumus to be made for every of the same Persons, in the Clause of the Exception contained in the same, Omission shall be made of these Words, Assise nove disseisine; and that all such Protections be allowable for them, and every of them, in all the Courts of our Sovereign Lord the King and elsewhere where such Protection is set forth for any such Person, in all Pleas of Assise, as well of Novel Disseisin as of Fresh Force, without any Difficulty. Provided always, That the Judgements to be given from henceforth in such Assises, arraigned or to be arraigned, shall not be prejudicial to any of the said Persons so abiding in the King's noble Service beyond the Sea, as afore is said, which have any Thing in Reversion or in Remainder in such Lands or Tenements, whereof such Assises be or shall be arraigned, if they that have in Reversion or Remainder in such Lands and Tenements be not named in the same Assises, but that they be against them all void. And this Ordinance shall endure till the Parliament, which shall be first holden after the next Return of our Sovereign Lord the King into this Realm of England. And if this Ordinance, touching the said Persons so abiding in the King's Service beyond the Sea, and also touching the said Persons which have passed and shall pass in the said Voyage, be not sufficient for the Ease and Surety of them, It is accorded and assented, That the Lords of the King's Council for the Time being, shall have full Power by Authority of this Parliament, to set, ordain, and provide sufficient Remedy for the Ease and Surety of all the said Persons, as for them and every of them to the said Lords shall seem available and expedient in the Case, according to their good Advice and Discretions:" Our Sovereign Lord the King will and hath ordained, enacted, and established, by [the Advice and Assent of '] the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That the same Order and the same Law comprised in the said Statute and Ordinance, shall be now observed and kept, and shall be as available for all Manner of Persons, which now shall pass over the Sea with our Sovereign Lord the King in this (*) Voyage Royal, and there shall abide in his said noble Service, as they were for such Persons, which did pass over the Sea with the said late King, and there did abide in his (3) noble Service.

1 hym and * his Rot. Parl. nu. 58.

p nre l'ssovaigne f' le Roy [& '] sa seconde passage Vs lez ptiez de Normandie & p son Counsaill, nre Pssovaigne f' le Roy considerauntz le graund diseasez & dam lez queux plusours de sez liegez ount ewez & auxint susteignuz p mye cell cesser ad [straitemt'] comaund [& comaunde] q sez Justic teignent lez assisez p mye tout cell Roialme Dengt p le maner [use & 3] accustume. Et pur eviter lez dishitauncez dez mesmez lez psonez lez queux sount passez ore & passeront en mesme cest viage roiall de nre Sovaigne f' le Roy, q Dieu lesploit, Et auxi de lez psonez q sont dem'rauntz en le svice de nre l'ssovaigne f' le Roi en lez ptiez de Normandie & de Fraunce, ordeignez est & purvieux q en chune pteccion ove le clause [de 1] volum9 affair pur le queleconq dez mesmez lez psonez soit en le clause dexcepcion conteignuz en ycell omission dez cestz paroff, assise nove disseïe, & q toutz (1) pteccions soient allowablez pur ceux & chune de eux en toutz lez [Counteez 1] de nre sovaigne f' le Roy & aillours [en 3] tielx pteccon soit mise avent pur ascune tiel psone, en toutz lez pleez dassisez sibien de novel disseisine come de fressh force saunz ascun difficulte: Purveu toutz foitz q lez jugementz a renders desore enavant [ou o] tielx assisez arannez ou arranners ne sount mye pjudicielx as ascuns de lez ditz psonez, issint dem'auntz en le noble vice de nre f' le Roy pdela le mear come devent est dit, q ount ascun chose en revcion ou en remaindre en tielx Prez ou tentz dount tielx assisez sont ou Brount arrannez, si ils q ount (7) revcion ou en remaindr en tielx Prez ou tentz ne soient nosmez en mesmez lez assisez, mez q ils soient envs eux tout voidez: Et durera cest ordeign'ne tanq al plement q sra prim ment tenuz puis la revenue pschein de nre sovaigne f' le Roy en son Roialme Denglet. Et si cest ordeign'nc touchant lez ditz psonez issint dem'antz en le svice de nre f' le Roy depdela le mear, Et auxi touchantz lez ditz psonez q ount passez & passerount en la dit viage, ne soit mye sufficeant pur la ease & suerte de eux, accordez est & assentuz q lez f's du Counsaill nre Sovaigne f' le Roi pur le temps esteantz aient pleyn poiar p auctorite de cest plement de metter ordeigner & p'voier sufficient remedie, pur la ease & suerte de l's toutz mesmez lez psonez come pur eux & chune deux semblera as ditz f's vaillablez & expedient en le case, solonq, lour bon advyce et discrecion : Voiet ordeigne enacte & establie p luy & lez f's espuelx et temporelx & lez Coes [de 6] cest psent plement assemblez & p auctorite dicell plement, q mesme lorder & mesme la ley, comprisez en le dit estatuit & ordeign'nč, soient ore observez & gardez & soient si availlablez pur toutz mans de lez psonez q ore passerount oustier la mear ovesq nre Sovaigne f' le Roy en cest son viage roiall, & illeosquez demurront en son dit noble service, come furent pur tielx psonez quels passoient oustier la mear ovesq le dit nadgairs Roy & illeosquez dem'roient en son dit noble service.

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Et q toutz tielx psonez, quelx ore passerount oustier la mear ovesq le dit nre Sovaigne f' le Roi, aient & enjoient en chune pointz toutz mans avantagez come lez ditz psonez, issint passantz oustier la mear ovesq, lez ditz nadgairs nre f' le Roi, avoient eurent ou puissent avoir ewe p reason du dit estatuit. Purveu toutz foitz q lez avantdit psonez, issint passauntz oustier la mear ovesq nre Pssovigne f' le Roy, aient nutt onfice ou aventage de cest psent act, dascun entre fait p eux ou p ascun de eux en ascuns manoirs Prez tentz & auts enheritementz depuis le primer jour de ceste psent plement, somonez & comencez a Westii ; cell acte & ordeign'nc dendurer tang, al pschein plement q Sra primment tenuz puis le pschein venue de nre f' le Roy en Engt: purveu auxi q lez ditz psonez issint passauntz oustier la mear ovesq, nre f' le Roy aient nult benefice ou avantage de ou p ceste psent act, dascun entre fait ewe ou fait depuis le primer jour de cest Deent plement; ou estre fait ewe ou fait [depuis ou estre fait 1] al ascun temps en aps p lez ditz psonez lour attorneis ou deputez, ou ascun de eux, es ascuns manoirs trez tentz & aut's enheritementz ou ascuns auts [manoirs 1] possessions; & cest act & ordeign no dendurer tang, al plement q sra primerme' tenuz aps le pschein revenue de nre f' le Roy en son noble Roialme Dengt.

Item nre dit f' le Roi le xxv. jour de Fever en lan de son reigne xiiije remembra q en cest psent plement il avoit ordeigne & establie, p lassent de lez &'s espuelx & temporelx & lez Coes assemblez en le dit pleme', un ctein act en la fo'me qensuist.—Nre €' le Roy rememb'unt q come dev'nt cest temps es divsez statuits ent's aut's chosez ordeigne soit & enacte, q toutz man's layns & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng cressauntz deinz ascun ptie de cest Roiat Denglet ou Galez, exceptz lainez & pealx lanutz & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng cressauntz en lez Counteez de Westmand Cumberland & Northumberlond (') de la croessure del Eveschie de Durham entre lez eawez de Tyne & Teese & de lez Counteez de Richemondshire & Aldertonshire, Et exceptz laynez deskippers envs le West en Galez ou Carrakez, destre eskippez & cariez hors de cest Roialme Dengt Proient convoiez al estaple de Caleis & a nutt aut lieu sur payn de forfaitur de lez ditz lainz pealx lanuz & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng, come en mesmez lez estatuitz pluis pleynement appiert; jalemayns lez ditz estatuitz & ordeign'ncez nient contristeantz graund multitude de lez laynez & pealx lanutz & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng, cressauntz in Yorkeswolde (*) en lez Counteez de Nicoll & Notingham & Derby & en auts Counteez du cest Roiat Dengt, south le colour dexcepcion avent recite en mesmez lez Northpartiez sont cariez hors de cest Roiat Dengt en Flaundrez Holand Zeland Braband & auts divsez ptiez de la le mear, pount nient soulement ensuist graund decaie de lez custumez & subsidiez de nre Pssovaigne f' le Roy, mez auxi lanientesment & enusement del price de lez lainz pealy lanute

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And that all such Persons which now shall pass over the Sea with our said Sovereign Lord the King, shall have and enjoy in every Point all manner Advantages, as the said Persons so passing over the Sea with the said late King had, should have, or might have had, by reason of the said Statute. Provided always, That the said Persons so passing over the Sea with our said Sovereign Lord the King, shall have no Benefit nor Advantage of this present Act, of any Entry made by them or any of them in any Manors, Lands, Tenements, and other Hereditaments after the First Day of this present Parliament, summoned and begun at Westminster; This Act and Ordinance to endure till the next Parliament which shall be first holden after the next coming of our Sovereign Lord the King into England: Provided also, That the said Persons so passing over the Sea with our said Sovereign Lord the King, have nor enjoy no Benefit nor Advantage of or by this present Act, of any Entry [made or had '] after the First Day of this present Parliament, or to be [made or had'] at any Time hereafter by the said Persons, their Attornies or Deputies, or any of them, in any Manors, Lands, Tenements, and other Hereditaments, or any other [Manors and 1] Possessions; And this Act and Ordinance to endure till the Parliament, which shall be first holden after the next coming again of our Sovereign Lord the King into his

noble Realm of England. OUR Sovereign Lord the King, the xxv. Day of February, in the xiiij. Year of his Reign, [remembring] that in this present Parliament he had ordained and established, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons assembled in the said Parliament, a certain Act in Manner and Form as followeth. " Our Sovereign Lord the King remembring, that where before this Time in divers Statutes amongst other Things It is ordained and enacted, 'That all manner Wools and Fells called Shorling and Morling, growing within any Part of this Realm of England or Wales, except Wools and Woolfels, (4) called Shorling and Morling growing in the Counties of Westmoreland, Cumberland, and Northumberland, and of the growing of the Bishoprick of Durham, betwixt the Waters of Tyne and Teese, and of the Counties of Richmond and Allerton, and except Wools to be shipped towards the West in Gallies or Carracks, to be shipped and carried out of this Realm of England, shall be conveyed to the Staple of Calais, and to none other Place, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the said Wools and Woolfels, and Fells called Shorling and Morling, as in the same Statutes doth more fully appear; Nevertheless, the said Statutes and Ordinances notwithstanding, a great Multitude of Wools and Woolfels, and Fells called Shorling and Morling growing in Yorkswold (5) in the Counties of Lincoln, Nottingham, and Derby, and in other Counties of this Realm of England, under the Colour of the Exception before recited, in the same North Parts be carried out of this Realm of England into Flanders, Holland, Zealand, Brabant, and other divers Parts beyond the Sea, whereby ensueth not only great Decay of the King's Customs and Subsidies, but also destruction and diminishing of the Price of Wools, Woolfels,

Rot. Parl. nu. 58.

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Provisoe as to Entries made since this Parliament begun.

Continuance of this Act.

III.
Recital of
the Tenor of
the Statute
12 E.IV. c.5.
as to the
Export of
Wools.

Vol. II.

5 Y

Confirmation of recited

Act of 12 E. IV. c.5;

except that Barowe in

Brabant is

of Middle-

burgh in Flanders.

named instead

and Fells called Shorling and Morling, growing within this Realm, to the universal Damage and impoverishing of the same: Our Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, hath enacted, ordained, and established, That all the Wools, Woolfels, and Fells called Shorlyng and Morlyng, growing within this Realm, other than before excepted, to be shipped and conveyed out of this Realm, shall be conveyed to the Staple of Calais, and to none other Place; And that all Wools, Woolfels, and Fells called Shorling and Morling, growing and being within the said Counties of Westmorland, Cumberland, and Northumberland, the Bishoprick, Richmond, and Allerton, to be carried out of this Realm, shall be shipped at Newcastle upon Tyne, only, and from thence to be conveyed to Calais, or to New Middleburgh in Flanders, there to be stapled and uttered, and to none other Place. And if any Man attempt and do contrary, and thereupon be duly convict, that then he shall stand and be of like Condition as a Man attainted of any Felony, after the Course of the Common Law, and shall incur like Pain and Forfeiture as he so attainted for the same should do: Also by the same Advice and Authority it is ordained, That all Wools, Woolfels, and Fells called Shorling and Morling, growing or being in any Country within this Realm or in Wales, or in the Marches of the same, other than before excepted, to be carried out of this Realm, shall be conveyed to the said Staple of Calais, and to none other Place, upon the same Pain and Forfeiture; the King's Prerogative to grant any Licence to the contrary excepted; this Act to begin to take Effect at the Feast of Saint Michael, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God M.CCCC.LXXIV. and to endure by the Space of Five Years only:" Which Act our Sovereign Lord the King will, ordaineth, and establisheth, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons of this Land, in this present Parliament assembled, to be in full Strength and Effect in every Point thereof: Saving only, where it is by the same [Statute '] ordained, That all Wools, Woolfels, and Fells called Shorling and Morling, growing and being within the said Counties of Westmoreland, Cumberland, Northumberland, the Bishoprick, Richmondshire, and [Northaldertonshire,'] to be carried out of this Realm, shall be shipped at Newcastle upon Tyne only, and there to be conveyed to Calais, or to New Middleburgh in Flanders, there to be stapled and uttered, and [at 3] none other Place, the said Act for so much shall be void; and that in the Stead of those Words, [it shall be 1] as hereafter followeth: It is ordained by the same Authority, That all Wools, Woolfels, and Fells called Shorling and Morling, growing and being within the said Counties of Westmoreland, Cumberland, Northumberland, the Bishoprick (5) Richmondshire, and [Northaldertonshire,2] to be carried out of this Realm, shall be shipped at Newcastle upon Tyne only, and from thence to be carried to Calais, or to the Town of [Berwick 6] in Brabant, or to any other certain Place at the King's Pleasure to be named, there to be stapled and uttered, and [at3] none other Place.

a Allerton Rot. Parl. it stond of Durham 6 Barowe

& pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng cressauntz deinz cest Roialme, a univsal damage & lempovishment del mesme: Nre f' le Roi del advyce assent & auctorite desuisditz ad enacte ordeigne & establie q toutz lainz & pealx lanutz & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng cressauntz deinz cest Roiat, aut's q dev'nt exceptz, destre eskippez & convoiez hors du cest Roialme l'aul's q̃ devant exceptz destre eskippez & convoiez hors du cest Roiat'] soient convoiez al estaple de Caleis & a null aut lieu; Et q toutz lainz & pealx lanutz & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng, cressantz & esteauntz deinz lez ditz Counteez de Westmlond Cumberlond & Northumblond Leveschie Richemond & Alderton, destre caricz hors de cest Roiat soient eskippez a Novel Chastell sur (1) t'unt soulement, & [illeosquez 3] soient convoiez a Caleis ou a Novell Middelburgh en Flaundrez illeosquez estre staplez & utfrez, & a null auf lieu; Et si ascun home attempt & fait le contrarie, & sur ceo soit duement convictz, q lors il estoise & soit de semblable condicion come home atteint dascune felonye solong, la cours de la cõie ley & encourge semblable peyne & forfaitur come il ensy atteint p' ceo ferroit : Et auxi de mesme ladvys & auctorite ordeignez est q toutz lainz pealx lanutz & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng, cresseauntz ou esteauntz en ascune pays deinz cest Roiat ou en Galez ou lez Marchez illeosquez, aut's q dev'nt exceptez, destre cariez hors du cest Roialme, soient convoiez al dit estaple de Caleis & a null au? lieu, sur mesme la peyne & forfaitur, le Progatif du Roy de g'untier ascun licenc a contrarie except : Ceste act a comenser de Pndre effect a la feste de Seint Michell q Bra en lan nre f' Dieu M' CCCC lxxiiije & enduerer p le space de cynk ans t'untsoulement:le quele acte nre f' le Roy voet ordeigner & establier ovesq, lassent dez f's espuelx & temporelx & lez Cões de cest tre, en cest plement assemblez, estre en pleyne vigour & force en chune point de ceo: Savez soulement lou il est p mesme lacte ordeigne q toutz lainz (4) & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng, cressauntz & esteauntz deinz lez ditz Counteez de Westmlond Cumberlond Northumberlond Eveschie Richemondshire & Aldertonshire, destre cariez hors du cest Roiat Dengt soient eskippez a Novell Chastell sur Tyne t'unt soulement, & [illeosquez 3] estre convoiez a Caleis ou a Novell [Chastell ou 5] Middelburgh en Flaundrez, la estre staplez & uttez & a null aut lieu, le dit acte soit pur t'unt voide; Et q en le lieu de ceux parolx estoise come ensuist: Il est ordeigne p mesme lauctorite q toutz lainz & pealx lanutz & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng, cresseauntz & esteauntz deinz lez ditz Counteez de Westmlond Cumberlond Northumberlond Eveschie de Durham Richemondshire & Aldertonshir, destre cariez hors de cest Roialme, soient eskippez a Novell Chastell sur Tyne tuntsoulement, & [illeosquez,3] soient cariez a Caleis ou a la vitt de [Berwyk 6] en Brabant, ou a aut lieu en cteigne, a la pleasure nre Sovaigne f' le Roy destre nosmez, la estre staplez & villez & a nuff aut lieu.

An erroneous repetition.

MS. Pet.

⁹ Tyne 3 dilloques

^{* &}amp; pealx lanuz

⁶ Barewe

iiij.

Et auxi ordeigne est p lassent & auctorite desuisdit q en case [nre f' le Roy lou '] ordeigne q lez ditz lainez & pealx lanutz, & pealx appellez Shorlyng & Morlyng, de la cresseur ou cressaunce de lez Counteez & Eveschie avantditz, estre [establez 2] en ascun aut lieu oustier la mear q a Caleys ou [Berwik 1] avantdit, q donquez le lieu p nre f' le Roy ensy a nosmers soit ctifie & publie p ovt pclamacon en lez Counteez Devwik Northumberlond Cumberlond Westmond Leveschie de Duresme & la vitt de Novell Chastell; & q chune de lez Subgietz de nre f' le Roi, aps tiel pclamacion fait & aps trois mois puis mesme la pclamacion passez, soit tenuz [doier 1] & carier lez ditz lainz & pealx launtz as lez ditz lieux p nre f' le Roi a nosmers, & en la dit pclamacion expssez, sur la peyne avent limite.

Item pur ceo q plusours & gaundez offencez & attemptatez ount ore tarde estre comys & ppetrez, encountre lez amistiez & lez liegez faitz ent nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy & Princez est'ungez, & encountre lez saufconduitz & licencez nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy, & encountre lez leiez & estatuitz pdevant faitz pur le punishment dez tielx offendours en cell ptie, a g'und desclaunder nre dit Sovaigne €' le Roy & univsal damage de tout cest Roiat Dengt; le Roy pur ceo del advys & assent de lez f's espuelx & temporelx & Coes en cest plement assemblez & p lauctorite de mesme le plement ad ordeigne enacte & establie, q toutz estaruitz & ordeign ncez dev nt le quart jour de Marche en lan prim de son reigne faitz, p auctorite dascune plement nient repellez, encountre lez rumpo's ou offendours dez amisteez treiewez liegez & saufconduitz av ntditz, estoient & soient en pleyne force & effect. Et q chune dez mesmez lez estatuitz & ordeign ncez soit mise en due execucion en toutz chosez, dev'nt le Juge ou Jugez psone ou psonez ordeignez p mesme lez estatuitz ou ordeign'ncez ou ascune de eux, accordaunt as lez tenours & effectz de chune mesmez lez estatuitz & ordeign*ncez; ascun g*unt ou confirmacion p act du plement ou autment use ou custume fait ewe ou usez al contrarie nient contristeaunt. Purveu toutz foitz q ceste acte nextende pas al ascune act ou ordeign'nce fait pur la punicion dautielx offendours en lan second de Henry quint nadgairs en fait & nient de droit [en Engletre.57

> Barew MS. Pat. estaplez * daler 5 roy dengleterre.

Dirland & succes bear, to mise on prisidents on lead Rolat, quele a longement duscon niene sonicione

* The Peritons on which this Statute was framed are entered, in Emphale on the Parliament Roll of this Year, no. 27, to no. 37 except on go, which is for Explanation of State 3 Edw. UV. 2. 5. respecting Apparel, but was move printed as print of the State. As in the Text and its Corrections, See the State to 12 Edw. IV. and page 431.

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Also It is ordained by the Assent and Authority aforesaid, That in case where our Sovereign Lord the King ordaineth, that the said Wools and Woolfels, (') called Shorling and Morling, of the Growing of the Counties and Bishoprick aforesaid, to be stapled in any other Place beyond the Sea than at Calais or [Berwick'] aforesaid, that then the Place so to be named by the King, shall be certified and published by open Proclamation in the Counties of York, Northumberland, Cumberland, Westmoreland, the Bishoprick of Durham, and the Town of Newcastle; and that every of the Subjects of our Sovereign Lord the King, after such Proclamation made, and after Three Months after the said Proclamation passed, shall be bound [to have 3] and carry the said Wools and Woolfels to the said Places, to be named by our Sovereign Lord the King, and expressed in the said Proclamation, upon the Pain

ITEM, Whereas divers and great Offences and Attempts have now of late been done and committed [against 1] the Amities and Leagues made betwixt our said Sovereign Lord the King, and strange Princes, (5) [against 1] the Safe-conducts and Licences of our said Leagues, &c. Sovereign Lord the King, and against the Laws and Statutes heretofore made for the Punishment of such Offenders in that Behalf, to the great Slander of our said Sovereign Lord the King, and the [general Hindrance 6] of all this Realm of England; the King therefore, by Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal. and the Commons, in this Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same Parliament, hath ordained, enacted, and established, That all Statutes and Ordinances made before the Fourth Day of March, in the First Year of his Reign, by Authority of any Parliament, not repealed, against the Breakers or Offenders of Amities, Truces, Leagues, and Safe-conducts aforesaid, [be and shall be] in their full Force and Effect: And that every of the same Statutes and Ordinances be put in due Execution in all Things, before the Judge or Judges, Person or Persons ordained by the same Statutes or Ordinances, or any of them, according to the Tenors and Effects of every of the same Statutes and Ordinances; any Grant or Confirmation by Act of Parliament or otherwise, Use or Custom, made had or used to the contrary, notwithstanding. Provided always, that Except of 2 Hen. V. this Act extend not to any Act or Ordinance made for the Punishment of such Offenders in the Second Year of Henry the Fifth, late in Deed and not of Right, King of England.

Barowe Rot. Parl. nu. 60. 1 and felles contrary to and univsall hur stond and be Rot. Parl. nu. 59.

and and other Piaces, and per [in Prements] in this

The King another Place for Calais, or Barowe.

IV. Confirmation of all Statutes not repealed, against the Breakers of

Anno 17° EDWARDI, IV. A.D.1477-8.

Incipiunt Statuta apud Westm' edita, Anno decimo septimo.

HERE BEGIN THE STATUTES MADE AT WESTMINSTER, IN THE SEVENTEENTH YEAR.

OUR Lord King Edward, the Fourth after the Conquest, at his Parliament holden at Westminster, the Sixteenth Day of January, in the Seventeenth Year of his Reign, to the Honour of God, and for the Weal of him and his Realm, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Instance and Request of the Commons, in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same Parliament, hath made to be ordained and established divers Ordinances and Statutes in Form following.

I. Lecital of St. 9 Ed.III. st. 2. c. 2;

FIRST, Whereas in a Statute made the Ninth Year of King Edward the Third, noble Progenitor to our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, It was ordained, That no false Money counterfeit to the Sterling, should be brought into this Realm, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Money; Saving that all manner of People of every Realm might bring to the Exchange as Bullion, all manner good Money of Silver, of whatsoever Value 2 H.IV. c. 6. it were, and there to receive covenable Exchange: And Whereas in the Second Year of the pretensed Reign of King Henry the Fourth, for the great Deceit which then was in the Money of Gold and Silver in Flanders and Scotland, [which commonly did run, and Payments made'] in divers Parts of this Realm of England, to the great Damage of our Sovereign Lord the King, and of his People, amongst other it was ordained, That all the Money of Gold and Silver of the Coin of Flanders. and of all other Lands and Countries beyond the Sea, and also of the Land of Scotland, should be voided out of the Realm of England, or put to the Coin or Bullion within the same Realm, before the Feast of Christmas then next following, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same; Which Ordinances were made because that the same Moneys [expended 1] and suffered to run in Payment within this Realm were deceitful; And now so it is, that of late, and at these Days counterfeit and false Money [of such Countries allayed, 3] as Groats (4) and Pence made in Ireland, in Part like to the Groats, [Half Groats, 1] and Pence of this Realm, in such a great Multitude be daily brought into this Realm out of Ireland and other Places, and put [in Payments 5] in this Realm, which if it should long endure, it should not only

> 1 then comenly rennyng in payment dispensed in poys [weight] fynes and alay Rot. Parl. pens of twoo pens in payment Rot. 27.

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm. XI.

Et mar ordeigne est y laneau & authorite demistit q est care l'ave y le Roy lou " l'ordeigne E lex dita lainez & pears hours, & peaks appelles shorlyng & Morlyng,

3-47 M 14-15.

NOSTRE f' le Roy Edward, puis la conquest quart, a son plement tenuz a Westm le xvje jour de Januar lan de son reigne dis & septisme, al honour de Dieu & pur la bien de luy & de son Roialme, del advys & assent dez f's espuelx & temporelx, & a la instaunce & requeste dez Cõez en le dit plement assemblez, & p auctorite de mesme le plement, ad fait ordeigner & establier divsez ordeign*ncez & estatuitz en la fourme q ensuist.

Primement q come en un estatuit fait lan ixe du reigne du Roy Edward le tierce, le noble pgenitour a nr̃e dit f' le Roy q̃orest, estoit ordeigne q̃ null faux monoie countfet a stlyng Proit port en cest Roialme sur payn del forfaitur del money; sauf q toutz gentz en queleconq Roiał puissent porter a leschaungez come bullion tout maner de bon monoie dargent, de qconq, value q fuisse, & illeosquez resceiver covenablez eschaungez: Et come en lans cde [en '] la Ptense roigne du Roy Henry le quart, pur le gaund disceit q lors estoit en la monoie dor & dargent de Flaundrez & Descoce, q courge coement [& paiement 1] faitz es divsez ptiez de cest Roialme Dengt, a graund damage de nre Sovaigne f' le Roi & de son poeple, enter aurs estoit ordeigne, q tout la monoie dor & dargent de la coigne de Flaunders & dez toutz auts frez & pays de pdela le mear, & auxi de la Pre Descoce Proit voidez hors du Roialme Dengt, ou mise a la coigne ou bullion deinz mesme le Roialme Denglet, devent la feste de Nowelll ore pschein ensuant, sur payn de forfaitur dicell; lez quett ordeign'ncez furent faitz a cause q mesmez lez monoiez despensez & admise de currer en paiement deinz cest Roiat fuerent disceivablez; Et ore il est q nadgairs & as cestz jours countrefait & faux monoie en [pays fineshe 3] & allaie, si come grossez (4) & deniers en Irland en parte semblable as lez grossez dī grossez & deniers de cest Roialme, en si gaund multitude sont journelment apportez en cest Roialme hors Dirland & autres lieux, & mise en paiementz en cest Roiat, quele si longement dureroit nient soulement

3 pois finesse

² es paiementez 4 dēi grossez

MS. Pet.

The Petitions on which this Statute was framed are entered, in English, on the Parliament Roll of this Year, nu. 27. to nu. 33. except nu. 30. which is for Explanation of Stat. 3 Edw. IV. c. 5. respecting Apparel, but was never printed as part of the Statute of this Year .- As to the Text and its Corrections, See the Note to 12 Edw. IV. ante page 431.

destrueroit la bon monoie de cest Roialme, mez auxi causeroit la bon money dargent du cest Roiat fait deinz le mesme destre t'nslatez & turnez en la dit countrefait & faux monoie fait en Irland et auts lieux, Et auxi causeroit graund parte du plate dargent destre portez hors du cest Roiat & estre coignez en le dit faux & countrefait monoie; Pur quoy il est del assent request & auctorite desuisditz ordeignez, q aps la feste de Pasq pschein veign*nt nutt dez mesmez lez monoiez Dirland courge en paiement deinz cest Roial Galez (1) ou lez marchez dicell; ne q nuff psone ap's la dit feste mette ascun dez mesmez lez monoiez, ne le mesme resceive en ascune paiement, deinz cest Roiat Galez Calois ou lez marchez dicell [en'] ascune part diceux, sur payne de forfaitur de mesme la monoie ensi estre mise ou resceux pur ou en paiement, mesme la money issint forfait destre seisez p ascun dez liegez nre f' le Roy en trois ptiez destre [dimisez,3] dount [ou4] part ensi forfait destre approvez al oeps del hostiel nre f' le Roi, lautre part ent a celluy ou ceux q ou queux tiel forfaitur trova & pvera ou trovount ou pverount, dev'nt ascuns Justič du peas dascune Countee deinz cest Roiat ou tiel forfaitur aviendra, ou devent Mair Baillifs Visc ou aut's chiefs Govnours du Citee Burgh ou Vill corporez, ou dedeinz ascuns dez Cynk Portz deinz cest Roiat Dengt, ou a Caleis devant t Tresorer [Dengt 5] & Countrollour illeosquez, si semblable forfaitur chiet ou veigne ou aveigne; & tout la residue de mesme la forfaitur soit a le Mair Visc Baillif ou aut chief Govno' de Citee Burgh ou Vitt corporez [en 1] ascune de lez Cynk Portz lou tiel forfaitur sra trove ou pve, al oeps de mesme la Citee Burgh Viff ou Port, destre appliez as tielx deux queux ount ascuns forfaiturez p ascune loial graunt ou auctorite du dit plement nre Sovaigne f' le Roy; Et sils nutt maner de forfaitur ensi ount, lors mesme le tierce parte le residue soit appliez a eux q ensi ascun forfaitur ount deinz mesme la Citee Burgh ou Vill corporez, ou ascuns de lez av ntditz Cynk Portz p semblable auctorite ou autment; & lentier forfaitur destre trovez & pvez a Caleis ou as lez marchez dicell soit t'unt soule. ment a nre Sovaigne f' le Roy; & (6) tiel forfaitur aveigne, destre trovez & pvez en ascun Vitt ou aut Village nient corporez, icel residue de le aventdit forfaitur soit al chief f' de fee de mesme la Vitt ou Village, al oeps mesme le f' estre appliez; & si variaunce chiet enter ascune Trovour affirmant encountre ascun psone tiel forfaitur destre issint q mesme la monoie forfait ne poiet estre seisez saunz accion p le dit trovour estre suez, q lors mesme le trovour sil voiet pursuer & pver le dit forfaitur, ou en s defaulte ascun aut pson q voiet suer & pver tiel forfaitur, soit a ceo resceux et aiet en cell ptie accion de dette, ou a la côie ley a sa eleccion ou autment dev'nt lez Justic du peas del Counte hors del Citee ou Vill corporez lou tiel forfaitur aviendra; Et si il aveigne en Citee Vill ou Burgh corporez lors dev'nt le Mair Viscount ou Baillifs, ou aut chief Govnour illeosquez, p bille ou p billez en cell ptie, en quele accion de dette a p'suers a la coie ley semblable pcesse jugement & execucion soient [a lez?] come est usez en

divisez \ MS Pet. · Caleis 7 ewcz be erroneously inserted. 6 The word si seems to be wanting here.

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destroy the good Money of this Realm, but also should cause the good Money of Silver of this Realm made within the same, to be translated and turned into the said false and counterfeit Money made in Ireland and other Places, and also should cause a great Part of the Plate of Silver to be carried out of this Realm, and to be coined [with'] the said false and counterfeit Money; Wherefore by the Assent, Request, and Authority aforesaid, It is ordained, That after the Feast of Easter next coming, none of the same [Money 2] of Ireland shall run in Payment within this Realm, Wales, Calais, or the Marches of the same; nor that no Person after the said Feast put any of the same Monies, nor the same receive in any Payment within this Realm, Wales, Calais, or the Marches of the same, or any Part of the same, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Money so put or received for or in Payment; the same Money so forfeit to be seised by any of the King's liege People, and in Three Parts to be divided, whereof one Part so forfeit shall be applied to the Use of the King's House, another Part thereof to him or them which shall find and prove the same Forfeiture, before any Justices of Peace of any County within this Realm where any such Forfeiture shall happen, or before the Mayor, Bailiffs, Sheriffs, or other chief Governors of City, Borough, or Town Corporate, or within any of the Five Ports within this Realm of England, or at Calais, before the Treasurer and Comptroller there, if like Forfeiture fall or happen; and all the Residue of the same Forfeiture shall be to the Mayor, (3) Bailiff, or other chief Governor of the City, Borough, or Town Corporate, or any of the Five Ports where such Forfeiture shall be found, [to be applied 1 to the Use of the same City, Borough, Town, or Port, (5) to such of them which have any Forfeitures by any lawful Grant or Authority of the said Parliament of our Sovereign Lord the King; and if they have no manner such Forfeiture, then the same Third Part Residue shall be applied to them which have [such 6] Forfeiture within the same City, Borough, or Town Corporate, or any of the said Five Ports by like Authority or otherwise; And the whole Forfeiture to be found and proved at Calais, or at the Marches of the same, shall be only to our Sovereign Lord the King; And if such Forfeiture happen to be found and proved in any Town or other Village not corporate, the same Residue of the said Forfeiture shall be to the chief Lord of the Fee of the same Town (7) to be applied to the Use of the same Lord; And if Variance do fall betwixt any Finder, affirming against any other Person such Forfeiture to be, so that the same Money forfeit may not be seised without Action by the said Finder to be sued, that then the same Finder, if he will [pursue *] and prove the said Forfeiture, or in his Default any other Person who will sue and prove such Forfeiture, shall be thereto received, and have an Action of Debt in this Behalf, [or 9] at the common Law, at his Election, or at common otherwise before the Justices of Peace of the County, fore Justices out of the City or Town Corporate where such For- of the Peace. feiture shall happen; and if it happen in City, Borough, or Town Corporate, then before the Mayor, Sheriff, or Bailiffs, or other chief Governor there, by Bill or Bills in this Behalf, in which Action of Debt to be [pursued10] at the common Law, like Process, Judgement, and Execution shall be, (") as is used in other

3 Shiref 4 moneys R.t. Parl. to be applied, and proved suc or Village 11 had 10 sucd

No Irish Money shall run in Pay ment in Eng-land or Wales, upon Pain of Forfeiture thereof.

Apportion-Forfeitures.

Process, Judgement, and Execution in Actions for Penalties.

Actions of Debt there [to be pursued']; and in such Bill or Bills to be [pursued'] before the Justices of Peace, or before any of the said [Mayor, Sheriff, or 1] Bailiffs, or other chief Governors aforesaid, [the Process3] before Appearance [shall be had 1] by Attachment by the Body infinite, and after [Judgement⁵] by Fieri facias, Capias ad satisfaciendum, or Elegit, at the Election of the Pursuer in this Behalf; the Pursuer, which so doth recover, to retain his Part aforesaid of the said Forfeiture pertaining to him in his own Hands to his own Use; and the Part pertaining to the King to be delivered to the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Bailiff or Bailiffs, in the King's Exchequer to be accountable, of such County or Place corporate, where such Recovery shall be had, by Writing indented in this Behalf to be made, to be employed to the Use of our Sovereign Lord the King as is aforesaid; and the Residue of the said Forfeitures recovered, to be delivered to any of the said Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, or other chief Governors corporate, (6) as afore is said (7) to be applied in the Manner and Form before specified. And if any such Forfeitures be found and proved in any Town or Village not corporate, the same to be delivered to the said Lord of the Fee, to be applied to his Use. And Whereas by the Statute made in the Second Year of the pretensed Reign of the late King Henry the Sixth, it was ordained amongst other, That no Gold nor Silver should be carried out of this Realm, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Value [of the same, 8] and that he which [espieth the same, 9] and thereof [giveth Knowledge "] to the Council or Treasurer of England, should have the Fourth Part of such Forfeiture; [Ransom and Fine"] of the English Prisoners taken beyond the Sea, and the Money which Soldiers [shall 12] carry with them for their reasonable Costs, with other Things in the same Statute comprised, excepted: Contrary to which Statute and Ordinance, and divers other Ordinances touching the same before this made, the Money of Gold and Silver, and Vessel and Plate of Gold and Silver of this Land, as Merchandises is (13) carried and sent out of this Realm, as well by the Denizens as Aliens, to the great impoverishing of the same Realm, and final Destruction of the Treasure of the same Realm, if hasty Remedy be not provided: It is ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person from the Feast of Easter shall carry nor [do"] to be carried out of this Realm or Wales (15) any manner of Money of the Coin of this Realm, nor (16) of the Coin of any other Realms, Lands, or Seigniories, nor no Plate, Vessel, Mass, Bullion, nor Jewels of Gold [wrought or unwrought,"] or of Silver, without the King's Licence; except such Persons as be dispensed within the foresaid Statute made the Second Year of the said King Henry the Sixth, and in other divers Statutes; upon Pain of Felony, and to be adjudged and reputed as a Felon, the same Felony to be heard and determined in like Manner and Form, and before such Person or Persons, as other Felonies be commonly heard and determined within this Realm. And Whereas in the Statute made in the Ninth Year of King Edward the Third, (18) amongst other things, It was ordained, That the Sterling Halfpenny or Farthing

Felony to export Coin or Plate, &c. without the King's Licence.

Recital of St.

2 H.VI. c. 6.

Except by Persons dispensed in St. 2 H. VI. and other Statutes.

Recital of St. 9 E. III. st. 2. c. 3;

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auts accons de dette illeosquez a p'suers; (') dev'nt lez Justič du peas ou devent ascun de lez ditz Mair Viscountz Baillifs ou aut's chiefs Govno's aventditz, pces en ceo devent apparaunce soit fait p attachement p corps infinite, et aps recove pur execucion p fieri fac capias ad satisfaciend ou elegit ad eleccion del p'suer en cell ptie; le p'suour q ensi recova de reteign sa pte av ntdit du dit forfaitur a luy regard unt en sez pprez mayns a son ppre oeps; & la ptie a nre f' le Roy regardaunt destre delivez a Viscount ou Viscountz Baillif ou Baillifs, en leschequer nre f' le Roy destre accomtablez, de tiel Countee ou lieu corporez lou tiel recove Bra ewe, p escript endentez en cell ptie estre faitz, al oeps nre f' le Roy come est av'ntdit a emploier; [Si *] le residue dez ditz forfaiturez recovez destre delivez al ascuns dez av ntditz Mairs Viscountz Baillifs ou auts chiefs Govnours corporez come est avantdit pteignantz destre appliez en le maner & fourme devant especifiez. Et si ascuns tielx forfaiturez soient trovez & pvez en ascun vitt ou village nient corporez destre delivez al dit f' del fee a son oeps destre appliez. Et come p lestatuit fait en lan second del Ptense Roy Henry le vje, estoit ordeignez ent auts q null ore nargent groit emptez hors de cest Roiat sur payn de forfaitur del value de some dicell, & q il q ceo espieroit ensi estre fait & de ceo [Froit 3] notice al Counseil ou a Tresorer Dengt avoit le quarte parte de tiel forfaitur; raunsons (4) finance dez prisoners englois prisez de la le mear, & la money quele Souldeours apporteront ovesq eux pur lours resonablez costez, ovesq aut's chosez en mesme lestatuit comprisez, exceptz: contrarie de quele estatuit & ordeign nc, & divsez auts ordeign'ncez touchantz le mesme pdevant faitz, la monoie dor & dargent, & vessell & plate dor & dargent, de cest Pre sicome marchaundise sount portez cariez & envoiez hors du cest Roialme, si bien p lez Deinzeins come Aliens, a g'und empovishment de mesme le Roiat, & al final destruccion del Tresorie del mesme le Roiat si hastye remedie ne soit ordeignez: si est ordeigne p lauctorite aventdit q null psone a la feste de Pasq, carie ne face estre cariez hors de cest Roiat ou Galez, a nutt part del mesme, ascune maner de monoie de coigne du ceste Roiat, ne monoie del coigne dascuns auts Roialmez trez ou seignuriez, null plate vessel masse bullion ne Juaux dor ovez ou nient ovez ou dargent saunz licence du Roy, sinon tielx psons come sont dispenduz deinz lavantdit estatuit fait lan second suisdit du dit Roy Henry le vje, & en aut's divsez estatuitz; sur peyne de felonye & destre ajuggez & reputez come feloun, mesme le felonye (5) oier & t'mier en semblable mane & fourme & dev'nt tielx psonez ou psone come autrez feloniez usuelment sount oiez & tminez deinz cest Roiat. Et come en lestatuit fait lan ixe du reigne del Roy E. le tierce, pgenitour a nre f' le Roy qorest, ent aut's estoit ordeignez q lesterlyng mail ou ferlyng

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ne Proit founduz pur vessell nautre chose [avoir] p Orpheour ou autre, sur payn de forfaitur de la money foundue: Et q le Orpheour ou autre q ensy le founda Proit commaundez al prison & illeosquez a dem'er tang il avoit rendue au Roi la moite de ceo quele avoit ensy foundue, nient contristeant chre ou fraunchise g'untez a contrarie; le quele estatuit fuist conferme p le Roy Richard le seconde en son plement tenuz en lan de son reigne xvije; & lors ent auts chosez estoiet ordeignez q null grote ne di grote sroit foundue p null psone pur vessett nautre chose ent affair sur la peyne avantdit: contrarie as quels estatuitz lez ditz monoiez dargent & monoiez dor cestuy Roiat p Orpheo's & aut's psonez sont journelment founduz pur vesself & aut's chosez ent affair; issint q p ycell cause & p la dit emptance del monoie de cest Roiat (1) p le gaund quantite dor batuz pur ymagerie & tielx chosez semblablez, & p gast dore en suisorrer en divsez maners p Orpheours [Countrollours 3] & aut's artifics, la monoie de cest Roialmeest g'und ement anientise, a la damage univsatt mesme le Roialme: pur ceo il est ordeignez p la dit auctorite, q null Orpheour nautre psone a le suisdit feste de Pasq found ne [dette 1] deinz cest Roiat Galez Caleis ou lez marchez dicell, ascun monoie dor ou dargent nient freint, sufficeant de currer en paiemt, ne p ascun occasion de voluptuosite de anientiser la money cestuy Roiał frape ou [derumre 5] ascun monoie dor ou dargent de cest Roiał ablez de currer en paiement, pur fair ascun vessell ou ascune chose de ceo, ou a suisorer ascune chose ovesq ceo; [q ne 6] ascune Orpheour nautre psone deinz cestuy Roiat Gales Caleis ou les marchez dicell, a la dit feste de Pasq, suisorre ascun maner vessell Basons Pottez Cuppez Nottez ou Saltsellers dargent; ornamente dez Esglisez stuffe pur Chivalers faitz ou affairez & apparaill necessair estre suisorez pur chune tiel psone dispense p lestatuit darraie, fait en lan nre dit f' le Roy tierce, & en lordinaune dapparett fait en cest plement, exceptz; sur payne de forfair le value de la monoie ensi founduz batuz ou voluntierment frapez ou disrumpez, ou le value de vessett basins pottez cuppez nootez ou saltselers dargent ou autre chose suisorez, ou le chose en quell ascun tiel suisorrer Bra, exceptz devant exceptz; le tierce ptie de chune tiel forfaitur destre appliez al oeps del honorable hostiell del Roy lautre [moite ou?] ptie ent al oeps celluy ou ceux q tiel forfaitur troverount & pverount trova & pva, en maner come est av'ntdit en larticle del monoie Dirland; le residue [en 8] la dit forfaitur destre a le Mair Viscountz Baillifs ou aut chiefs Govno's du Citee Burgh ou Ville corporez, ou ascuns de lez Cynk Portz, lou tiel forfaitur gra trove & pve, al oeps mesme la Citee Burgh Vill ou Port appliers. Et q lentier forfaitur estre trovez & pvez a Caleis ou lez marchez dicett destre t'unt soulement a nre dit f' le Roy; Et si ascune tiel forfaitur aveigne destre trove & pve en ascun Vill ou Village nient corporez, mesme la residue soit a le chief & del fee mesme la Vitt ou Village al use mesme le f' appliers : [la 9] trovour de

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should not be molten for Vessel, nor other Thing (') by Goldsmith or other, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Money molten; and that the Goldsmith or other that so [doth melt, shall be 1] commanded to Prison, and there to remain till he [hath 1] yielded to the King the one Half of that he [hath 3] so molten, notwithstanding any Charter or Franchise granted to the contrary; which Statute was confirmed by King Richard the Second, in his Parliament holden the xvii. Year of his Reign; and then, amongst other, It was ordained, That no Groat or Half Groat should be molten by no Person for Vessel, nor other Thing thereof to be made, upon the Pain aforesaid: Contrary to which Statutes the said Monies of Silver and Monies of Gold of this Realm, by Goldsmiths and other Persons are daily molten for Vessel and other Things thereof to be made; so that by [the same 1] Cause, and by the said [carrying of Money 5] of this Realm, and by the great Quantity of Gold beaten for Imagery and such like (6) and by the wasting of Gold in gilding in divers manners by Goldsmiths, Cutlers, and other Artificers, the Money of this Realm is greatly diminished, to the universal Damage of this Realm: Therefore it is ordained by the said Authority, That no Goldsmith nor other Person, from the said Feast of Easter, shall melt or beat within this Realm, Wales, Calais, or the Marches of the same, any Money of Gold or Silver, not broken, sufficient to run in Payment, nor by any Occasion of [Sensuality to minish, bow, or break the Money 7] of this Realm, able to run in Payment, for to make any Vessel or other Thing thereof, nor to gild any Thing with the same; nor that any Goldsmith nor other Person within this Realm, Wales, Calais, or the Marches of the same, from the said Feast of Easter, shall gild any manner Vessel, Basons, Pots, Cups, [Nuts,8] or Saltsellars of Silver; Ornaments of Churches, Stuff for Knights made or to be made, and Apparel necessary to be gilt for every such Person dispensed by the Statute of Array, made in the Third Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, and in the Ordinance of Apparel made in this present Parliament, excepted; upon Pain to forfeit the Value of the Money so molten, beaten, or voluntarily bowed or broken, or the Value of the Vessel, Basons, Pots, Cups, [Nuts,9] or Saltsellars of Silver, or other Thing gilt, or the Thing in which any such Gilding shall be, except before excepted; the Third Part of every such Forfeiture to be applied to the Use of the King's Honourable House; [the other 10] Part thereof to the Use of him or them which shall find and prove the same Forfeiture, in the Manner as afore is said, in the Article of Money of Ireland; the Residue of the said Forfeiture to be to the Mayor, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, or other chief Governors of the City, Borough, or Town Corporate, or any of the Five Ports, where such Forfeiture shall be found and proved, to be applied to the Use of the same City, Borough, Town, or Port. And that the whole Forfeiture to be found and proved at Calais, or the Marches of the same, be only to our Sovereign Lord the King; And if any such Forfeiture happen to be found and proved in any Town or Village not corporate, the same Residue shall be to the chief Lord of the Fee of the same Town or Village to be applied to the Use of the same Lord: the Finder of the same

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Rot. Parl.

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17 R. II. c.1.

No Person shall melt any Money of Gold or Silver sufficient to run in Payment;

nor gild any Vessels, &c. of Silver.

Exceptions.

3 E. IV. c. 5:

Rot. Parl. 17 E.IV. nu. 30. Forfeiture of Value of the Money, &c.

Apportionment of the Forfeitures. Forfeitures recoverable as those in respect of Irish Money.

Recital of St. 2 Hen.VI.

chapter 17.

his Default any other Person which will pursue and prove such Forfeiture, shall be thereto received, and have in this Behalf an Action of Debt, [or 1] at the common Law at his Election, or (') before the Justices of Peace of the same County out of the City or Town Corporate, where such Forfeiture shall happen; and if it happen in City, Borough, or Town Corporate, then before the Mayor, Sheriff or Sheriffs, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or other chief Governor there, by Bill or Bills in that Behalf, in which Action of Debt, and in the said Bill or Bills to be pursued, like Disposition, Demean, [Behaviour, receiving 3] Judgement, and Execution in that Behalf shall be had, according as in the aforesaid Article concerning Money of Ireland is contained; any Charter, Grant, Corporation, or Act made to the contrary notwithstanding. And Whereas in the Parliament holden the Second Year of the usurped Reign of Henry the Sixth, late in Deed and not of Right King of England, amongst other, It was ordained, That no Goldsmith nor Worker of Silver within the City of London, should sell any Thing wrought of Silver, unless it (1) be as fine as the Sterling, except that that needeth solder in the making, which [shall 1] be allowed according as the solder [shall +] be necessary to be wrought in the same; and that no Goldsmith nor Jeweller, nor other Man that [worketh 3] Harness of Silver, put any of the same to Sale in the same City, before [it be 6] touched with the Touch of the Leopard's Head, that which may reasonably bear the same Touch, and also with a Mark or Sign of the Worker of the same, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Double; and that the Mark or Sign of every Goldsmith [shall 7] be committed to the Wardens of the same Mystery; and if it may be found that the Keeper of the Touch aforesaid, do touch any such Harness with the Leopard's Head, [which is not *] as fine in Allay as the Sterling, that then the Keeper of the Touch, for every Thing so proved not so good in Allay as the Sterling, forfeit the Double Value to our Sovereign Lord the King and to the Party; which Statute is daily broken by the Goldsmiths and other Workers of Silver, inhabiting as well in the City of London as elsewhere within this Realm and Wales; and our Sovereign Lord the King in Effect nothing answered of any Forfeiture comprised in the same Statute; albeit that the King's liege People, daily buying Things wrought by the said Goldsmiths or Workers as fine Gold or fine Silver, supposing it [to be the same,9] where in Deed it is not so, be grievously deceived, because that the said Touch of the Leopard's Head is oftentimes set to such Things, by the said Keeper of the said Touch of London and other Places, [as though the Thing were fine, and not defective; "] and oftentimes the Sign of the Worker of the same is not set thereto according to the Statute aforesaid, nor the Action given in the same Statute [is no perfect Remedy to the Persons grieved in this Behalf 1]: It is ordained by Authority of this present Parliament, for the better Execution of the said Statute, and for to eschew the Deceit daily done by the said Goldsmiths and Workers of Gold and Silver in the said City of London and elsewhere, within this Realm

Forfeiture, if he will pursue and prove the same, or in

Gold and Silver wrought and sold shall be of a certain Fineness.

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mesme la forfaitour sil voil p'suer & pver ceo, ou en son default ascun autre psone q tiel forfaitur p'suer & pver voet soit a ceo resceu, & aiet en cell ptie accion de dette, ou de la cõie ley a sa eleccion, ou aurment devent lez Justic de peas de mesme le Countee hors del Citee ou Vitt corporez lou tiel forfaitur aviendra; Et si aveigne en Citee Burgh ou Vitt corporez lors devant le Mair Viscont ou Viscountz Baillif ou Baillifs ou autre chief Governour illeosquez, p bille ou billez en cell ptie, en quell accion de dette & en la dit bill ou billez a pursuers semblable disposicion demeane avoir reteign'nce jugenit & execucion en cell ptie (') ewez, accordauntz come en lavantdit article concnaunt monoie Dirland est comprise; ascune chre g'unte corporacion ou acte fait a le contrarie nient obst'unt. Et come en le plement tenuz en lan seconde del usurpe reigne Henry le vje, jadys en fait & nient en (1) Roy Denglet, ent auts estoit ordeignez, q nutt Orpheour ne ovour dargent deinz la Citee de Loundrez vende ascuñ chose ove dargent, sil ne soit auxi fyne come lesterlyng, forspris ceo q busoigne soudure en le faisaunc, le quele sroit allowe solong ceo q le soudour [en la faisaunce le quele 3] Proit necessarie pur estre ovee en ycell; Et q nutt Orpheour ne Juellour, naut home q ovoit harneis dargent, mette ascun dicell a vender deinz la dit Citee, devant ceo q soit touche ovesq, le touche de teste de libard, ceo q puisse resonablement porter mesme le touche, & auxi ove un merke ou signe del ovour dicell, sur payn de la forfaitur de la double; & q le merke ou signe de chune Orpheour 'sroit comise as lez Gardeinz de mesme la mestier; et sil poiet [le 1] trove q le Gardeyn de la touche suisdit touche ascune tiel harneys ovesq, le teste de libard (5) ne soit auxi fyne en alaie come est ling, q adonqs le Gardeyn de la touche, pur chune chose ensy pvez nient si bone en alaie come lesterlyng, forface le double value a nre f' le Roy & a la ptie; le quele estatuit est rumpuz de jour en autre p lez Orpheours & aut's ovours dargent, enhabitantz si bien en la Citee de Loundrez come aillours deinz cest Roiat & Galez; Et nre f' le Roy en effect nutt chose responduz dascun forfetur en mesme lestatuit comprise; tout soit ceo q lez liegez nie f' le Roy, journelment achat untz chosez overez p lez ditz Orpheours ou ovours come fyn ore ou fyne argent, supposantz le ensy estre, lou en fait il nest pas ensi, sount grevousment deceuz, p cause q la dit touche du teste de libard sovent foitz est mise as tielx chosez (6) le dit Gardeyn du dit touche de Loundrez & aut's lieuz, si come la chose [noun 7] pas fyne mez defectif, & sovent foitz le signe del ovour dicell nest myse a ceo accord'unt al estatuit avantdit, ne laccon (8) en mesme lestatuit as psonez endañí en cest ptie nest pas pfit remedie: Si ordeigne est p lauctorite de cest dit psent plement pur meliour execucion de le dit estatuit, & pur eschuer le disceit de jour en autre faitz p lez ditz Orpheours & ovours dor & dargent en lav ntdit Citee de Loundrez & aillours

⁶ The word per seems to be wanting here.
7 nest Printed Copies: no MS. Pet,—but there seems to be an Omission here in the several MSS. and in all the Printed Copies.
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deinz mesme cest Roiał & Galez, q null Orpheour nautre ovour dor & dargent, ou lautre [deinz '] mesmez lez metaillez, a la dit feste de Pasq, ove vende ou mette a vende ascun mane de base ore south le fynez de xviij carettez, ou autment appellez crates, ne nutt argent mez q soit auxi fyne coe lesterlyng, forspris tiel chose q require soudo' en la fesaunc dicell quele soit allowe accordant a la soudour necessarie a la faisaunce dicell, sur payn de forfetur de double value [ascune 1] tiel ore ou argent overez ou venduz a la contrarie. Ne q nutt Orpheour Juellour nautre ovour de harnesse dargent mette null chose harneys dargent plate ne Juell dargent a vende a la dit feste de Pasq, deinz la dit Citee de Loundrez, ou dedeinz deux leukez de Loundrez, avant qil soit touche ovesq une touche de teste de libard corone tiel q poiet porter mesme la touche, & auxi ovesq un marke ou signe del ovour dicel ensi ovez deinz Loundrez ou deux leukez del mesme, sur la peyn del forfaitur de la double value dascun autiel argent overez & venduz a le contrarie. Et q le marke ou signe de chune Orpheour soit [tenuz'] as lez Gardeinz de mesme le mestier; Et sil poet estre trovez q le dit Gardeyn de la touche de teste de libard corone av ntdit, touche ou merke ascune tiel harneyse ovesq, le teste de libard sil ne soit auxi fyn en alaie come lesterlyng, lors le dit Gardeyn de la dit touche pur chune chose pve nient de si bon alaie come la dit esterlyng, forface la some de la double value, mesmez lez forfaiturez & laut diceux destre [dimisez 1] en deux ptiez lune moite ent a la use del hostiel nre dit f' le Roi appliers, & lautre moite ent a la ptie greve en cell ptie, [ou le 5] ptie endamage en cell ptie ou en son default [a 6] ascune aut psone q p'suer & pver voiet tiel forfaitur soit a ceo resceu, & ait en cell ptie accion de dette ou a la coie ley a sa eleccion, ou autment devant lez Justic du peas del Countee hors du Citee ou Vitt corporez lou tiel forfaitur aviendra, si bien pur le Roy come pur luy mesme a p'suer; Et si aveigne en Citee Burgh ou Vitt corporez lors devent le Mair Viscont ou Visco Baillif ou Baillifs ou aut chief Govnour illeosquez p bille ou billez en cell ptie; en la queff accion de dette & en la bille ou en lez billez a p'suers semblable disposición demeane avoir jugement & execucion en cell ptie soient ewez, accordauntz come en le aventdit article concnent monoie Dirlond est comprise, ascun chre g'unt corporacion ou act fait a contrarie nient obst'unt. Et p cause q sount divsez Orpheours & aut's ovours dor & dargent aliens & est'ungez enhabitantz en la Citee de Loundrez, & aut's lieux la environ, & ovount lour ovaignez en lieuz privez & privilegez, & aloignent ceux & ne voillent estre Schez p lez Gardeinz de lez suisditz Orpheours de Loundrez pur le temps esteantz, ne estre obeisantez & govnez p eux; pur ceo est ordeigne p cest ordeign në q a la dit feste de Pasq, chune tiel alien & estraunge Orpheour & ovour dor & dargent, enhabitez ou enhabiters en la dit Citee de Loundrez & aut's lieux deinz deux leukez de mesme la Citee soit obeisant & rule p lez ditz Gardeinz del dit art dez Orpheours, en toutz chosez loialx

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and Wales, that no Goldsmith nor other Worker of Gold and Silver, or either of the same Metals, from the said Feast of Easter, shall work, sell, or [set '] to sale any manner base Gold under the Fineness of xviij. Carats otherwise called Crates, nor no Silver unless it be as fine as the Sterling, except such Thing as requireth Solder in making of the same, which shall be allowed according to the Solder necessary to the making of the same, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Double Value of any such Gold or Silver wrought or sold to the contrary. Nor that no Goldsmith, Jeweller, nor other Worker of Harness of Silver, [shall set no Harness of Silver Plate, nor Jewel of Silver to sell,'] from the said Feast of Easter, within the said City of London, or within Two Miles of London, before it be touched with a Touch of the Leopard's Head crowned, such as may bear the same Touch, and also with a Mark or Sign of the Worker of the same so wrought within [the City of 3 London, or Two Miles of the same, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Double Value of any such Silver wrought and sold to the contrary. And that the Mark or Sign of every Goldsmith be [committed 1] to the Wardens of the same Mystery; and if it may be found that the said [Keeper 3] of the Touch of the Leopard's Head crowned, aforesaid, do mark or touch any such Harness with the Leopard's Head, if it be not as fine in Allay as the Sterling, then the said [Keeper 5] of the said Touch, for every Thing proved not of as good Allay as the (6) Sterling, shall forfeit the (7) Double Value; the same Forfeitures (*) to be divided into Two Parts, the one Half (9) to be applied to the Use of the King's House, and the other Half thereof to the Party grieved [or hurt, in this Behalf,10] or in his Default, any other Person which will [pursue "] and prove such Forfeiture, shall be thereto received, and have in this Behalf an Action of Debt, [or"] at the common Law at his Election, or (13) before the Justices of Peace of the County out of City or Town Corporate where such Forfciture shall happen, [to pursue "] as well for the King as for himself; and if it happen in City, Borough, or Town Corporate, then before the Mayor, Sheriff or Sheriffs, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or other chief Governor there, by Bill or Bills in this Behalf; in which Action of Debt, and in the Bill or Bills to be sued, like Disposition, Demean, [Behaviour,'5] Judgement, and Execution in [this Party "] shall be had, according as in the said Article concerning the Money of Ireland is comprised, any Charter, Grant, Corporation, or A& made to the contrary notwithstanding. And because there be divers Goldsmiths and other Workers of Gold and Silver, Aliens and Strangers inhabiting in the City of London, and other Places nigh there about, working their Works in [secret Places, and privileged,17] and [eloin the same, 18] and will not be searched by the Wardens of the said Goldsmiths of London for the Time being, nor will not be obedient and governed by them; therefore it is [hereby "] ordained, That from the said Feast of Easter, every such Alien and Stranger Goldsmith and Worker of Gold and Silver, inhabiting or to inhabit in the said City of London, and other Places within Two Miles of the same City, shall be obedient and ruled by the said Wardens of the said (2") Goldsmiths,

Things
wrought of
Silver shall
be marked
with the
Leopard's
Head, and the
Workmen's
Mai k, within
London, and
Two Miles
thereof.

Penalty on the Keeper of the Touch.

Apportionment of Forfeitures;

Recovery thereof. as of those in respect of Irish Money, under this Act.

> Aliens being Goldsmiths shall be liable to Search by Wardens of Goldsmiths:

put nothyng harneysed of sylv plate, nor vessel 4 knowen 7 some of the 6 said Wardeyn o therof * and either of theym Rot. Parl. o in that behalf; The partie hurt in that behalf n sue 13 elles 12 either 15 behavyng 14 to be sued 16 that behalf 17 pryvat and pryvileged places 18 estraungen theym 19 by this ordenance 40 Crafte of

Vol. II.

6 A

Aliens shall inhabit in the open Streets.

Goldsmiths'
Company
shall be
responsible
for the
Warden of
the Touch.

Recital of St. 5 H. IV. chapter 9.

All Alien Merchants shall employ their Money in this Realm, and prove the doing so.

Stuff of Gold and Silver by them wrought to be searched and [marked'] after the Rule of the said City, upon Pain to be punished in Manner and Form as Goldsmiths and Workers of Gold and Silver of England, inhabiting within the said City, by the Rules of the said Craft of Goldsmiths ought to be ruled: So always that the said Aliens and Strangers be [not a] evil entreated, nor otherwise charged by any manner Imposition, other than the said English Goldsmiths be, shall be, and ought to be. And for the better surveying of the said Aliens and Strangers, in Time to come to be had, It is ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That the same Aliens and Strangers, Goldsmiths and Workers of Gold and Silver, inhabiting within the said City, and every of them, from the Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel next coming, shall inhabit them in the open Streets of the said City, and where [better and more open shewing 3] is of their Craft. And It is ordained by the said Authority, That if the aforesaid (4) Keeper of the said Touch (5) or Worker of Harness or other Thing of Gold or Silver not made of the said Fineness, do touch or mark the same Harness or other Thing as fine and able, that then for Non-sufficiency of the said Keeper and Worker, [the Persons of 6] the said Craft of Goldsmiths of the said City of London, by whatsoever Name or Names they be corporate (7) shall be chargeable and charged of the said Forfeitures by like Action or Actions of Debt as is aforesaid in like Manner and Form as immediately before is specified. And Whereas in the Fifth Year of the pretensed Reign of Henry the Fourth, for the better keeping of Gold and Silver within this Realm, and for the Utterance of the Commodities of the same Realm, It was ordained amongst other, That Merchants Strangers and Aliens should sell their Merchandises brought (*) within a Quarter of a Year after their coming into the same, and that the Money received in this Realm should be employed upon the Commodities of this Land upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Money; contrary to which Ordinance, the same Merchants and many other Persons do convey and carry daily [the same Money 9] by them received, out of the (10) Realm, to the great diminishing of the same Money, and do not employ the same in Substance upon the Commodities of this Realm, whereby the King's Custom and Subsidy (") be greatly decayed: It is therefore ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That every Merchant Alien, and every Victualler and other Stranger, not being Denizen, which shall resort into any Place or Port of this Realm or Wales, after the said Feast of Easter, shall duly employ all the Money to be received by him within any Part of the same Realm or Wales, upon Merchandises or other Commodities of this Realm, or without any Fraud he shall put the same in due Payment to the King's liege People within this Realm; the same Employment or Payment duly to be proved by the Merchant Alien, Victualler, or other Stranger, before his departing out of the same Port, by Writing [to "] such Merchant or Merchants, to whom the said Merchant Alien, Victualler, or other Stranger hath employed or paid his Money

in all Things lawful and reasonable, and suffer the

signed sin no wyse
best and moost opyn shewe Gardeyn and
of the Libardis hede
to answere of the forseid forfeiture, the psones
corporat, or
or called sin this Reame
the money of this Reame
of mchandise so of duetie to be employed

& resonablez, & soeffre le stuffe dor & dargent p eux ovez estre serchez & signez solonq, la rule du dit Citee, sur payne destre puniez es maner & fourme come Orpheours & ovours dor & dargent Denglet, deinz la Citee enhabitez p lez rulez du dit arte dez Orpheours duissent estre rulez; issint toutz jours q lez ditz aliens & est'ungez en nult maner soient malement entretez, ne autment chargez p ascun imposicion autre q lez suisditz engloisez Orpheours sount & srount & doient estre. Et pur meliour survieu de lez ditz aliens & est'ungez en aps estre ewe, Il est ordeigne p auctorite desuisdit q mesmez lez aliens & est'ungez, Orpheours & Ovours door ou dargent enhabitez deinz la dit Citee, & chune deux, a la feste de Seint Michell Larcaungell pschein aveigner eux [enhabitant ou '] lez ovtez [rulez '] du dit Cite lou mieux & pluis ovt monstraunce est de lour arte. Et il est ordeigne p la suisdit auctorite q si lavantdit Gardeyn & keper del av ntdit touche de teste de libard, ou ovour de harneys ou autre chose dor ou dargent nient de le finesse avantdit fait, touche ou merche mesme le harneisse & aut chose come [come 3] fyne & able, adonquez pur noun sufficiante du dit Gardeyn & Ovour de respoundre du dit forfaitur lez psonez (1) ou le dit art dez Orpheours de la dit Citee de Loundrez, p qconq, noun ou nouns ils soient corporez ou nomez, soient chargeablez & chargez dez ditz forfaiturez p semblable accion ou accions de dette, come est avantdit en semblablez maner & fourme come immediat devant especifiez. Et q come en lan quint del Ptense Roigne Henry le quart, pur meliour garde door & dargent deinz cest Roiał, & pur la uttaunce dez comoditeez de mesme le Roiat estoit ordeigne en? auts, q march untz aliens & est ungez vendroient lour march undisez apportez (5), deinz un quart dun an aps lour venue en ycell, & q la monoie resceus en cest Roiat Proit emploie sur lez comoditeez de cest tre sur payn de forfaitur de mesme le monoie; contrarie a quell ordeign ne mesmez lez march untz & plusours autrez psonez emptent & cariount de jour en autre la monoie du cest Roiat, p eux resceux, hors de meșme le Roialme, a g'und anientisment mesme la monoie, & en substaunce (6) nemploient pas sur lez comoditeez cestuy Roiał, p quele custume & subsidie du Roy de march undise ensi de droit (7) emploiez sount g"undement decaiez: Il est pur ceo ordeignez p lauctorite av ntdit, q chune march unt alien & chune vitailler & aut estaunge nient esteaunt Deinzein q resortera en ascune lieu ou Port du cest Roiat ou Galez aps laventdit feste de Pasq, duement emploie tout la monoie p luy estre resceux deinz ascune part du cest Roiaf ou Galez sur march'undisez ou aut's comoditeez de cest Roiat, ou saunce ascune fraude [mitte 8] ceo il en due paiement as liegez du Roy deinz cest Roialme; mesme lemploiement ou paiement duemt approver p le march'unt alien vitailler ou auter est'unge, av'nt son deptier hors de mesme le Port, p escript [a9] tiel march unt ou march untz a q ou queux le dit march unt alien vitailler ou aut est'unge ad emploie ou paie son monoie

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enhabitent en 'rues' MS. Pet.
deinz le dit realme 'a rues' MS. Pet.
An erroneous Repetition.
corpores 'ceo' Printed Copies.
The MSS. and Printed Copies agree in this Reading.
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p luy resceux pur sez march'undisez amesnez en cest tre, tesmoigñ [p'] luy ad ensi fait, ou p tielx pvez come semblera resonable al Custumer ou Countrollour mesme le Port, & Mair Baillif ou aut chief Govnour dascun tiel Citee Burgh ou Vill ou tiel Port Bra, sur payn de forfaitur dez toutz sez biens esteantz deinz cest Roiał & davoir emprisonemt dun an; savant toutz jours a chune tiel march unt vitailler & est unge sez resonablez costagez p le surveu del dit chief Govnour ou [Govnour 1] del Port ou lieu ou tiel marchaunt [vitaillers 3] ou est'unge arrivera; mesme la forfaitur destre demesne juge depte & en semblable mane & fourme p semblablez [accons 1] pcesse & execucion come est limitez dautrez forfaiturez en cest act avant declarez. Et p cause q plusours forfaiturez touchantz lez avantditz estatuitz avant cest temps faitz, [& dev*nt ount eschue 5] la dit feste de Pasq, per semblable eschier voillent, p psonez nient doutantz doffender & rumper le leie, [quele 6] psonez doient p reason estre punitz en discorag aut's en aps doffender; il est pur ceo ordeignez p lauctorite av'ntdit q lez Justic de peas de chune Countie & aut lieu lou Justic de peas sount aient poiar & auctorite doier & miner toutz man's defaultz & forfaiturez touchauntz chune dez Pmissez ewez ou faitz (7) devant la feste de Pasq pschein veign'nt estre ewez ou faitz, encountre la fourme dascun estatuit avant cest temps ent faitz; mesme lez forfayturez & chune de eux destre jugez demeasnez & deptez en semblable maner & fourme p semblable accion pcesse & execucion come est avant limitez & declarez de & pur lez suisditz forfaiturez av'nt rehercez en ceste psente acte & ordeign'nc. Purvieu toutz foitz q cest acte nextende pas al ascune embassatour ou aut estaunge venuz ou aveniers en cest Roiat, ou a passer hors de mesme, p licence du Roy come pur ascun monoie dor & dargent plate ou vessell ou Joiall, ou ascun honourment dargent ou ore condn'nt sa psone amesnez p luy en cest Roiat; ou au ascun ambassatour du Roy herauld Purcevant ou messenger q passera hors du cest Roialme oustier la mear p licence du Roy; ou a ascune march unt alant oustier la mear dachatre ascune vine a mesner en cest Roiat, come pur carier ovesq luy t'untsoulement un petit [case 1] appellez un taster ou shewer pur vine. Purveu auxi q cest act nextende pas al ascune dez enhitauntz deinzeins ou est'ungez a venir & aler [en °] & de la vitt de Caleis & marchez dicett, ne as dem'antz & [adjournantz 10] del mesme, pur ascun monoie p eux ou ascun deux destre convoiez ou cariez as ascuns lieux ou pays hors del dit ville & marchez, aut q la monoie de cest Roiat ou monoie daut's pays apportez hors du cest Roialme: & q pur due notice avoir as [lieux"] du Roy en cest partie [trez "] de pclamacon desouth la seal du Roy sur cest ordeign'nc soient faitz a chune Countie du cest Roialme & autrez lieux necessariez en tout bon hast; cest ordeign no dendurer a la dit feste de Pasq tanq au fyn de sept ans adonquez pscheinz ensuantz. Purveu auxi q cest acte come pur la part dascun forfaitur en ceo conteignuz quele au Roi poiet pteiner, nextende pas a de ne pur ascune tiel part de

e gouvnours ıã $\begin{cases} \text{nauntz} \end{cases} MS. Pet.$ " lieges viteller Printed Copies. . The MSS. and Printed Copies agree in this Reading. ou seems wanting in the MSS. and Printed Copies.

by him received for his Merchandises brought into this Land, witnessing that he hath so done; or by such Proofs as shall seem reasonable to the Customer or Comptroller of the same Port, and Mayor, Bailiff, or other chief Governor of any [such '] City, Borough, or Town, where such Port shall be, upon Pain of Forfciture of all his Goods being within this Realm, and to have One Year's Imprisonment; Saving always to every such Merchant, Victualler, and Stranger, his reasonable Costs by the Oversight of the said chief Governor (1) of the Port or Place where such Merchant, Victualler, or Stranger shall arrive; the same Forfeiture to be demeaned, judged, and departed, in like Manner and Form, by like [Actions,3] Process, and Execution, as is limited of other Forfeitures in this Act before declared. And because that many Forfeitures touching the aforesaid Statutes made before this Time have fallen [before the said Feast of Easter, and by Likelihood will more fall 1 by Persons not doubting to offend and break the Law, which Persons ought by reason to be punished in discouraging of other hereafter to offend; It is (5) ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That the Justices of Peace of each County, and other Place where Justices of Peace are, shall have (6) Power to hear and determine all manner Defaults and Forfeitures touching every of the Premises had or done (7) before the Feast of Easter next ensuing to be had and done, against the Form of any Statute before this Time thereof made; the same Forfeitures, and every of them, to be judged, demeaned, and departed in like Manner and Form by like Action, Process, and Execution, as before is limited and declared, of and for the said Forfeitures before rehearsed in this present Act and Ordinance. Provided always, That this Act extend not to any Ambassador or other Stranger come or to come into this Realm, or to pass out of the same by the King's Licence, as for any Money of Gold and Silver, Plate, or Vessel, or Jewel, or any [Ornament 8] of Silver or Gold concerning his Person, brought by him into this Realm; or to any Ambassador of the King, Herald, Pursuivant, or Messenger, which shall pass out of this Realm beyond the Sea, by the King's Licence; or to any Merchant going over the Sea to buy any Wine to be brought into this Realin, as for [to carry 9] with him only a little [Cup 10] called a Taster (") for Wine. Provided also, That this Act extend not to any of the Inhabitants, Denizens, or Strangers, to come [or go to and fro 13] the Town of Calais, and the Marches of the same, nor to the Dwellers and Sojourners of the same, for any Money by them or any of them to be conveyed or carried to any Places or [Country"] out of the said Town and Marches, other than the Money of this Realm, or Money of other Countries carried out of this Realm: And to the Intent that due Notice may be hereof had to the King's liege People in this Behalf, [Letters14] of Proclamation under the King's Seal upon this Ordinance shall be made [to15] every County of this Realm and other Places necessary in all good haste; this Ordinance to endure from the said Feast of Easter till the End of Seven Years then next following. Provided also, That this Act, as for the Part of any Forfeiture contained in the same, which may pertain to the King, shall not extend [to give him 16] any Franchises.

Goods, and Imprison-

Recovery of

Forfeitures before Easter may be recovered before Justices of

Provisoes as to exporting Gold and Ambassa-

Proclamation of this Act.

for certain Franchises

Provisoes

such Part of [such '] Forfeiture to be had [or made '] within the Principality of Wales, the Duchy of Cornwall, nor the Earldom and Counties Palatines of Chester and Flint, nor any of them. Also It is ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That the (3) noble and excellent Prince Edward, the King's first-begotten Son, Prince of Wales, Duke of Cornwall, and Earl of Chester, shall have, perceive, and enjoy, (4) and to his Heirs, Princes of Wales, Dukes of Cornwall, and Earls of Chester, being first-begotten Sons of the [King 5] of England, all and every such Part of Forfeitures, which shall be [made or forfeit 6] within the said Principality, Duchy, Earldom, Counties Palatines, or any Parcel of any of them, in as ample and large Form as the King [ought 7] or may have such Part of Forfeiture in any other Place by reason of any Act made in this Parliament; any Act (8) made or to be made in this present Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided also, That this Act, for the Division or Partition of any Forfeiture therein contained, shall not extend to or for any Forfeiture to be had [or made 1] within the Liberties or Franchises of William Bishop of Durham; And It is ordained by the said Authority, That William Bishop of Durham, and his Successors Bishops of Durham, shall have all such Partitions and Forfeitures, which shall happen within the said Liberties and Franchises, in as [ample and'] large Form as the King should or ought to have in any other Place by virtue of this Act. Provided always, That (9) this Act nor none other Liberties and Act (10) or Statute made or to be made in this present Parliament, shall extend to (") be prejudicial or hurtful to the Abbot of the Monastery of Saint Peter of Westminster for the Time being, or to the Abbot and Convent of the same Monastery for the Time being, nor to any Person (12) for the Time dwelling, resiant, or being within the same Monastery, or within any Place (13) pertaining to the same Monastery, or within any (14) Place (13) within the Precinct, Fee, or Franchise of the said Abbot, or of the said Convent, nor to any of the Rights, Privileges, Liberties, Franchises, Immunities, or other Thing [granted 15] by the King or by any of his Progenitors, Predecessors, or Possessors of the Royal Estate and Crown of England, to the Abbot and Convent of the said Monastery, and their Successors, jointly or severally (16) in any Manner heretofore pertaining: Provided also, That the Abbot of the said Monastery, and Convent of the said Monastery and their Successors, shall have, hold, and enjoy [freely 17] and effectually, all the said Rights, Liberties, Privileges, Franchises, Immunities, and all other Thing in Form aforesaid to them granted, by whatsoever Name or Names they be named or called jointly or severally in any Letters or Writing thereupon made, any Act [or Ordinance 18] made or to be made [in 19] other [Manner 20] or Thing contrary notwithstanding. Provided always, That (9) this Act, nor none other Act, Ordinance, or Statute made or to be made in this Parliament, (") shall be in any wise prejudicial or hurtful to the Dean for the Time being, of the King's free Chapel of Saint Martin's le Grand, in London, nor to the Dean and Chapter for the Time being, of the same Chapel,

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1 omitted.
                    * made or doon
                                  5 Kynges
3 right
                    4 to hym
                    7 shall
o forfeted
                                 10 Ordenance
* or Ordenance
                    9 neither
11 the hurte or pjudice, nor in any wyse
                                                  Rot. Parl.
19 or psones
                   15 or places 14 other
                                                   nu. 27.
                   16 in any wyse gaunted, or
15 omitted.
17 hooly freely quietly
                           19 or
18 Ordenance, Statute,
*1 extend to the hurt or pjudice, nor
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tiel forfaitur destre ewe ou fait deinz la Principalite de Galez Duchie de Cornewall Erldom & Counteez Palatines de Cestre & Flynt ne ascune de eux. Et [ordeignez '] p lauctote suisdit q le l's noble & excellent Prince E. fitz le primer engendrez du Roy Prince de Galez Duc de Cornewall & Count de Cestre aiet pceve & enjoie, (1) & a sez heirs Princes de Galez Ducs de Cornewall & [Count 3] de Cestre esteantz primez fitz engendrez du Roy Dengt, tout & chune tiel part dez forfaiturez quellez grount faitz ou forfaitz deinz lez avantditz principalite Duchie Erldom Counteez Palatyns ou ascun pcell dascune de eux, en si ample & large forme come le Roi doit ou poiet avoir tiel part de forfaitur en ascun aut lieu, p reason dascun act [lieu p reason 1] en cest psent plement fait, ascune act ou ordeign ne au contrarie fait ou affair en cest psent plement nient obstaunt. Purvieu auxi q cest act pur la division ou pticion dascun forfaitur en ceo conteignuz, nextend pas a ou pur ascun forfaitur destre ewe ou fait deinz lez liberteez ou f'unchisez William Levesq de Duresme; [ordeignez est & 5] p la dit auctorite [p6] William Levesq de Duresme & sez successours Evesquez de Duresme aient toutz tielx [pteccions 7] & forfaiturez quels aviendront deinz lez ditz liberteez & fraunchisez, en sy large fourme (*) le Roy ava ou doit aver en ascune auter lieu p vertue de ceste psent act. Purveu toutz foitz q ne cest acte, ne null aut acte ordeign no ou estatuit fait ou affair en cest psent plement, extende al damage ou pjudice ne en ascun maner soit damageous ou pjudicial a le Abbot del Monastie de Seint Petre de Westm pur le temps esteant, [ne 9] ascune psone ou psonez pur le temps esteantz dem'rauntz ou resceauntz deinz mesme la Monastie ou deinz ascune lieu ou lieux pteign*ntz al dit Monastie ou dedeinz (10) aut lieu ou lieux deinz la p'cincte fee ou f'unchise del dit Abbot ou del dit Covent, ne al ascun dez droitez privilegez liberteez f'unchisez immuniteez ou aut chose p le Roy ou p ascune de sez pgenito's Pdecessours ou possessours del roial estate & corone Denglet a Abbot & Covent du dit Monastie & lo's successours jointment ou sevalment (") en ascune maner cy dev'nt appteign ntz. Et auxi purveu q le Abbot du dit Monastie & le Covent mesme le Monastie & lour successours aient teignent & enjoient entierment fraunchement quiettement & effectuousment toutz lez ditz droitz droiturez privilegez liberteez fraunchisez immuniteez & tout auter chose en fourme suisdit as eux g'untez, p qconq noun ou nouns ils soient nosmez ou appellez jointement ou sevalment en ascuns frez ou escript sur ceo faitz; ascune act ou ordeign no estatuit fait ou estre fait [en'2] aut [maner'3] ou chose contrarie nient contristeant. Purveu toutz jours q ne cest act ne null aut act ordeign'nc ou estatuit fait ou affair en cest plement extende al dam ou pjudice ne en ascune maner soit endamageous ou pjudycial al Dean pur le temps esteant del frank Chapell de Roy de Seint Martyn le graund de Loundrez, ne as Dean ["] & Chapitre pur le temps esteant de mesme le Chapell,

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4 omitted.
   ordines est
                        3 Countes
                                          7 pticions
  5 Et ordines est
                       ou a labbot & covet m le MS. Pet.
  8 come
monastie pur le temps esteant ne au
                                       15 matier
  10 ascun
                     12 ou
  a luy seems wanting in the MSS. and Printed Copies.
 11 Some words are wanting here in the MSS. and Printed Copies.
14 An erroneous Repetition from the word 'Dean' preceding is inserted in this place in Lib. Scace.
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ne a ascune pson ou psonez pur le temps dem'antz resceantz ou esteantz deinz mesme le chapell ou dedeinz ascune lieu ou lieux (1) deinz la pcinct fee ou funchise del dit Dean ou dez ditz Dean [ou dez ditz Dean 2] & Chapitre; Ne al ascun dez ditz droitez privilegez liberteez f'unchisez immuniteez ou aut chose p le Roy ou p ascun de sez pgenitours p decessours ou possessours de Roiat estate [Corone & 3] Denglet as Dean & Chapitre del dit Chapell & lour successours jointement ou sevalment en ascune mane g'untez ou en ascune mane [g'untez '] cy dev'nt appteign'ntz. Et auxi purveu q le Dean del dit Chapell & (4) Dean & Chapitre de mesme le Chapell [avoient 5] teignent & enjoient entirement f'unchement quiettemt & effectuousment toutz lez [droiturez 6] privilegez liberteez fraunchisez immuniteez & tout autre chose en fourme suisdit a eux g'untez p qconq noun ou nounz il soient nosmez ou appellez jointement ou sevalment en ascuns fres ou escript sur ceo faitz, ascune acte ordeign no estatuit fait ou estre fait [en aut maner 7] ou chose contrarie nient contristeaunt.

Item q come divsez Feirez sount tenuz & gardez en cest Roialme, ascuns p Pscripcion allowez dev'nt Justič en Eir, & ascuns p g'unt nre f' le Roy q orest, & ascuns p g'unt de sez noblez pgenito's & p'decessours; Et a [ascune ou 1] chune dez mesmez lez feirez est de droit appteignant un Court de Peepowdrez a ministrer en ceo due Justič en cell ptie; enquele Court il y ad toutz jours este accustume q chune psone ven'nt as tielx feirrez arroit loial remedie dez toutz mans contractz Pspassez coven*ntz dettez & aut's fetez ou autrement faitz ou comis deinz ascuns de lez mesmez feirez, durant le temps mesme le feir & deinz la jurisdiccion del mesme, & destre triez p march untz esteauntz al mesme le feire; quels courtez es cestz jours sont misusez p Seneschaft South Seneschaft Baillifs Comissariez & aut's ministrez teignantz & govnantz lez ditz Courtez dez ditz feirez, pur lour singuler pfit tenantz plee p plaintez si bien dez contractez dettez rspassez & autrez fetez faitz & comise hors le temps dez ditz feirez ou la jurisdiccion del mesme, dount en verite ils ount nuff jurisdiccion, surmittantz lez contractez dettez 'tspassez coven'ntz ou aut's fetez estre faitz deinz le temps dez Feirez ou deinz la jurisdiccion de lez mesmez Feirez lou en veritee ils ensi ne feussent; Et ascuns foitz sur [planttez seinctez 8] p ymaginacion de malvais disposez poeplez a troubler ceux as queux ils portent male volunte, a cele entent, q ils arroient pur lucre favorablez enquestez dez venantz as ditz Feirez lou ils Pignount lour accions, & pount plusours venantz as ditz Feirez sont grevousment vexez & troublez p accons [seinctz9] & auxi p accons dez dettez tspassez fetez & contractz faitz & comys hors del temps dez ditz Feirez ou jurisdiccions del mesme, contrarie (10) equite & bon conscience; pount lez f's dez ditz Feirez pdent g'undez (") p noun venue dez divsez march'untz a lour feirez, q p cell cause ceux absteinount, & auxi lez Cões pur cell cause sount [pur "] servez de tiel stuffe & marchaundise quellez autment viendrount as ditz feirez: Nre dit & le Roi lez pmissez considerez del advyce & assent dez ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & a la requeste dez Cões en le dit plement assemblez & p

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MS. Corone

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nor to any Person or Persons for the Time dwelling, resiant, or being within the same Chapel, or within any Place or Places (1) within the Precinct, Fee, or Franchise of the said Dean or (1) Dean and Chapter; nor to any of the [said 3] Rights, Privileges, Liberties, Franchises, Immunities, or other Thing by the King, or by any of his Progenitors, Predecessors, or Possessors of the Royal Estate and Crown of England, to the Dean and Chapter of the said Chapel, and their Successors jointly or severally, in any manner granted, or in any manner heretofore pertaining. And also Provided, That the Dean of the said Chapel, and the Dean and Chapter of the said Chapel, have, hold, and enjoy entirely, freely, (4) and effectually, all the (5) Rights, Privileges, Liberties, Franchises, Immunities, and all other Thing in Form aforesaid, to them granted, by whatsoever Name or Names they be named or called, jointly or severally in any Letters or Writing thereupon made; any Act, Ordinance, or Statute made or to be made [in any other Manner 6 or Thing contrary notwithstanding.

ITEM, Whereas divers Fairs be holden and kept in this Realm, some by Prescription allowed before Justices in Eyre, and some by the Grant of our Lord the King that now is, and some by the Grant of his (7) Progenitors and Predecessors; and to every of the same Fairs is of Right pertaining a Court of Pypowders, to minister in the same due Justice in this Behalf; in which Court it hath been all times accustomed, that every Person coming to the said Fairs, should have lawful Remedy of all manner of Contracts, Trespasses, Covenants, Debts, and other Deeds (8) made or done within any of the same Fairs, during the Time of the same Fairs, and within the Jurisdiction of the same, and to be tried by Merchants being [of9] the same Fair; which Courts at this Day be misused by Stewards, Under Stewards, Bailiffs, [Commissioners,10] and other Ministers holding and governing the said Courts of the said Fairs, for their private Profit, holding Plea by Plaints, as well of Contracts, Debts, Trespasses, and other [Feats done and committed"] out of the Time of the said Fairs, or the Jurisdiction of the same, whereof in Truth they have no Jurisdiction, surmising the [same"] Debts, Trespasses, Covenants, or other Deeds to be done within the Time of the Fairs, or within the Jurisdiction of the same Fairs, where in Truth they were not so; and sometime [by the Device of evil disposed People several Suits be feigned, and "] trouble them to whom they bear evil Will, to the Intent that they for Lucre may have favourable Inquests of those that come to the said Fairs, where they take their Actions, and [whereas "] divers Persons coming to the same Fairs, be grievously vexed and troubled by feigned Actions, and also by Actions of Debt, Trespasses, Deeds, and Contracts made and [committed 15] out of the Time of the said Fairs, or Jurisdiction of the same, contrary to Equity and good Conscience; whereby the Lords of the same Fairs do lose great Profit by the not coming of divers Merchants to their Fairs, which by this Occasion do abstain, and also the Commons [be unserved 16] of such Stuff and Merchandise which otherwise would come to the same Fairs: Our said Lord the King, considering the Premises, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons, in the said Parliament

in Seynt Martyn's Lane in London, or within any other place or places

omitted. * quietely * said * or other matier

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nu. 28.

II. Abuse of Courts of Piepowder at Fairs;

Vol. II.

6 B

In Courts of Piepowder the Plaintiff shall be sworn that the Contract was made in the Time and Jurisdiction

The Defendant shall not be concluded, but may plead and tender an Issue thereon.

If it be so tried, or the Plaintiff refuse to swear, Defendant shall be quit.

The Penalty on a Steward proceeding in a Court of Piepowder this Act.

Proclamation

Continuance of this Act.

Proviso for the Bishop of Durham.

III. Mischief of certain unlawful Games.

Whosoever shall allow any of the said Games in his House, or other Place, shall be Three Years imprisoned, and

assembled, and by the Authority of the same, hath ordained and established, That from the First Day of May next ensuing, no Steward, Under-Steward, Bailiff, Commissary, nor other Minister of any such Courts of Pypowders, shall hold Plea upon any Action at the Suit of any Person or Persons, unless the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or his or their Attorney, in the Presence of the Defendant or Defendants, (') do swear upon the holy Evangelists, upon the Declaration, that the Contract (2) or other Deed contained in the said Declaration, was made or [committed 3] within the [Fair, and within the Time 4] of the said Fair, where he taketh his Action, and within the Bounds and Jurisdiction of the same Fair. And although the said Plaintiff or Plaintiffs by their Oath do affirm the same, yet nevertheless the said Defendant or Defendants shall not be concluded [by the same, 5] but may answer and plead to the Action, or in Abatement of the Plaints, and to profer an Issue that the same Contract, Trespass, or other Deed contained in such Declaration, whereupon the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs do declare, was not [committed nor done within the Time of the Fair, and Jurisdiction of the same,6] but out of the Time of the Fair, or at other Places out of the Jurisdiction of the same Fair, according to the Truth in this Behalf. And if it be so tried, or that the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or their Attornies, do refuse to take the Oaths in the Form aforesaid, that then the Defendant or Defendants shall be quite dismissed and discharged in that Behalf out of the same Court; the Party Plaintiff to take his Remedy at Common Law, or other Place convenient, as shall to him seem good, notwithstanding this Ordinance. And that every Steward, Under-Steward, Bailiff, Commissary, or other Minister, holding, ruling, or governing any of the said Courts, that doth the contrary of this Ordinance, shall forfeit for every Default in that Behalf, an Hundred Shillings, the one Half (7) to be to our Lord the King, and the other Half (7) to him that will in this Behalf pursue his Action upon this Ordinance, by Action of Debt in his own Name: And that Writs of Proclamation be in all good Haste directed to every Sheriff of every County of England, to cause this Ordinance to be proclaimed in every Fair within his County, as well within Franchise as without: This Act to endure from the said First Day of May until the First Day of the next Parliament. Provided always, That this Act, nor any Thing comprised in the same Act, be hurtful or prejudicial to William now Bishop of Durham, nor to his Successors, within the Liberty and Franchise of the Bishoprick of Durham.

ITEM, Whereas by the Laws of this Land no Person should use any unlawful [Games, 8] as [Dice, Coits, Tennis,9] and such like [Games,8] but that every Person strong and able of Body should use his Bow, because that the Defence of this Land [was "] much by Archers, contrary to which Laws the [Games *] aforesaid and many new imagined [Games,8] called Closh, Kailes, Half Bowl, Hand-in and Hand-out, and Queckboard be daily used in divers Parts of this Land, as well by Persons of good Reputation, as of small having, [and such evil disposed Persons that doubt not to offend God in not observing their holy Days, nor in breaking the Laws of the Land "] to their own Impoverishment, and by their ungracious Procurement and encouraging, [do bring other to such Games,"] till they be utterly

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sire it trespas
                                                       Rot. Parl.
                   * feyre tyme
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offende God in not kepyng dyvine service in Hali-dayes, nor the breche of the lawes of this lond, Rot. Parl. inducen other in such Pleys

lauctorite del mesme ad ordeigne & establie, q al primer jour del May pschein veign'nt null Seneschall South Seneschall Bailliff Comissarie ne autre Ministre dautiels Courtez de Pepowdrez teigne plee sur ascun accion al suite dascune psone ou psonez, sinon ou le pleintif ou pleintifs ou son (1) lour attourney en psence del defend unt ou defend untz (1) face sement sur la seinte Ev'ngtie sur le declaracion q le contract (3) ou aut feet conteignuz en mesme le declaracion [q le contract 1] fuist fait ou comise deinz la feire temps del dit feire lou celluy pigne sa accion, & dedeinz lez boundez & jurisdiccion de mesme la feire. Et mesqz le dit pleintif ou pleintifs p lour sement afferme le mesme ne pur qu'nt q le dit defend'unt ou defend'untz ne soit ou soient concludez p ceo, mez ceux [soient 5] respounder & pleder al accion ou en abatement dez pleinte, & de tender issue q mesme le contracte l'spasse ou aut feet conteinuz en tiel declaracion, sur quoy le pleintif ou pleintifs declare ou declarent, ne fuist commise ne fait dedeinz le temps de la feire & jurisdiccion del dit feire, mez hors le temps de la feire, ou as autrez lieux hors de la jurisdiccion [6] de mesme la feire solong la verite en cell ptie. Et sil soit ensi triez, ou q le pleintif ou pleintifs refuse ou refusent ou lour attorneys de fair lez sementz en fourme avent dit, q dongs le defend unt ou defend untz soit ou soient quitez dismissez & dischargez en cell ptie hors dicell Court, le ptie pleintif de pndre [sur] av ntage a la coie ley ou aut lieu convenient come luy semble bon, cest ordeign*nč nient contristeant. Et q chune Seneschall South Seneschall Baillif Comissarie ou autre Ministre teignant ruelant ou govn'nt ascuns dez ditz Courtz, q face le contrarie du cest ordeign'nc, forfacera pur chune default en cell ptie Cs. lune moite ent a nre f' le Roy & lautre moite ent a celluy q en cell ptie pursuera sa accion sur cest ordeign*nč p accion de dette en son ppre noun: Et q brs de pclamacion soient entout [son harde 8] directz a chune Viscount de chune Countee Denglet', de fair cest ordeign'nce estre pclaymez en chune feir deinz son Countee, si bien deinz fraunchise come dehors: cest act dendurer a le prim jour de May avantdit tanqz al primer jour de plement (9) ensuera. Purveu toutz foitz q ceste acte ne null chose comprise en mesme lacte soit damageous ou pjudiciall a William ore Evesq, de Durham ne sez Successours deinz lez liberte & f'unchise del Eveschie de Dureham.

Item q come solonqz les leiez de cest Pre null psone useroit ascuns disloialx Juez come dise coistez [pelotez au & p 10] tielx semblablez Juez mez q chune psone potent & able en corps useroit son arke p cause q la defence de cest re estoise meult p archers, contrarie as quell loiez les ditz Jeuez & divsez novelx ymaginez Jeuez appellez Cloishe Kaylez [halfkewle"] Hondyn & Hondoute & Quekeborde de jour en autre sount usez [&"] divsez ptiez de cest tre, sibn p psonez de bon reputacion come de petit avoir, nient solong Dieu divinment disposez tielx q ne doubtent doffender Dieu en noun observant divine (13) es jou's festivalx ne le rupture dez loiez de cest tre, a lour ppre empovichment, & p lour engracious pourement & corage mesnent aut's en tielx Jewez, tanqz ils soient

appears here in Lib. Scacc.

ou MS. Pet.

² Some words seem wanting here in the MSS. and Printed Copies.

tans Printed Copies. 4 omitted. ⁵ poient ⁹ q̃ pschinemēt * bon hast

[&]quot; halfbowle MS. Pet. 10 pelettes au p [pied] & 6 An erroneous repetition of the preceding words from del dit faire

tout oustrement destroiez & empovishez de lour biens, a pnicious ensample as pluso's dez liegez du Roy si tielx empfitablez Juez srount longemt soeffrez dendurer, p cause q p le moien dicell divsez & plusours murdrez robiez & auts feloniez es heynouse sovent foitz soient comisez & faitz es divsez ptiez de cest tre a t's graund inquietaunc & trouble dez plusours dez bons disposez dez liegez du Roy & emptable pde de lour biens, lez queux jeuours en lour ditz mesfaitz journielment sont supportez & fautiez p Govnours & occupiours dez divsez mesez tentez Gardeinz & aut's lieux es quels ils usent & occupiount lour ditz engracions & nient comendablez Jeuez: Nre f le Roy en consideracion dez pmissez del advys dez f's espuelx & temporelx & Cões en le dit plement assemblez & p auctorite diceff, ad ordeigne q a la feste de Pasq, pschein veign'nt null psone, occupiour ou govnour dascun meason tent jardin ou aut lieu deinz cest Roiat voluntierment soeffre ascun pson doccupier ou jeuer ascuns dez ditz jeuez appellez Closshe Keylez Halfbowle Handyn & Handoute ou Qwekeborde ou ascun de eux, deinz ascuns de lour suisditz measons tentez gardeinz ou ascun aut lieu, sur la peyn davoir lemprisonement p trois ans & de forfair & pdre a chune default xx li. le moite ent a nre f' le Roy al oeps de son honorable hostiell dapplier, en toutz tielx lieux lou tiel forfaitur aviendra descheier, auts q lou ascun psone doit avoir forfaitur dez biens dez felouns & fugitivez p ascun loial graunt auctorite de plement ou aurment. Et il est ordeigne p la dit auctorite q toutz tielx psonez lours heirs & successours q doient avoir ascuns ['] tielx forfaiturez en ceux lieux avount tout tiel moite q sra en apres forfait p ascuns dez Pmissez; & lautre moite ent a celluy ou ceuz q ou queux en cell ptie p'suer voiet ou voillent p accion de dette a la coie ley en cell ptie; [1] en quele accion semblable pcesse trial jugement costez dam & execucion soient ewez si come est usee en aut's accions illeosquez p'suez. Et q null psone a la dit feste de Pasq usee ou jeue as lez ditz jewez appellez Cloissh Kaillez Halfboule Handyn Handoute & Quekeborde ou ascune deux, sur payn demprisonement de deux ans & de forfaire a chune default x. fi. la moite ent a nre fr le Roy al oeps de son honorabell hostiell dapplier, en toutz tielx lieux lou tiel forfaitur aviendra descheer, aut's q lou ascun pson doit av forfaitur des biens dez felouns fugitivez p ascun loiall graunt auctorite du plement ou auc ment; Et il est ordeigne p la dit auctoritie q toutz tielx psonez lour heirs & succesours q doient avoir ascuns tielx forfaiturez en ceux lieus avount tout tiel moite q sra en aps forfait p ascuns dez pmissez; Et lautre moite ent a celluy ou ceux q ou queux (3) cell ptie p'suer voiet ou voillent p accion de dette a p'suer en semblable maner & fourme estre euez triez rulez & demeasnez si come est avent dit.

Item pur ceo q es divsez ptiez du cest Roialme g'undez dam ount estee & de jour en autre sount & p semblaunce en temps aveignir [greinous 1] accreseer voillent, pur defaulte de Praie sesonable & sufficiant fesur whityng & anelyng de tewle appellez pleintile, autment nosmez thaktile roftile ou crestile cornertile & guttertile fait & affair deinz cest Roialme: Nre f' le Roy lez Pmissez considerez pur univsal bien de son dit Roialme ad p ladvys & assent dez f's espuelx

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An erroneous Repetition is here inserted from the Words tielx psonez preceding

* An erroneous Repetition is here inserted from the Lib. Scace. Word prsuer preceding greinours MS. Pet.

undone and impoverished of their Goods, to the pernicious Example of divers of the King's liege People, if such unprofitable [Games '] should be suffered long to continue, because that by the means thereof divers and many Murders, Robberies, and other [heinous Felonies 1] be oftentimes committed and done in divers Parts of this Realm, to the (3) great inquieting and trouble of many good and well-disposed Persons, and [the importune 1 Loss of their Goods; which [Plays 5] in their said Offences be daily supported and favoured by the Governors and Occupiers of divers Houses, Tenements, Gardens, and other Places where they use and occupy their said ungracious and incommendable [Games']: Our Sovereign Lord the King, in Consideration of the Premises, by the Advice of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in the said Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, hath ordained, That after the Feast of Easter next coming no Person, Occupier nor Governor of any House, Tenement, Garden, or other Place within this Realm, shall willingly suffer any Person to occupy or play any of the said [Games '] called Klosh Kailes Half-bowl, Handin and Hand-out, or Queckboard, or any of them, within any of their said Houses, Tenements, Gardens, or any other Place, upon Pain to have Imprisonment of Three Years, and to forfeit and lose for every Offence xx li.; the one Half thereof to our Sovereign Lord Apportionthe King, to be applied to the Use of his [House,6] in all such Places where such Forfeiture shall happen to fall, other than where any Person ought to have the Forfeiture of the Goods of Felons and Fugitives, by any lawful Grant, Authority of Parliament, or otherwise; And It is ordained by the said Authority, That all such Persons, their Heirs and Successors, which ought to have any such Forfeitures in any such Places shall have all such Half as shall be hereafter forfeit by any of the Premises; and the other Half thereof to him or them that in this Behalf will sue by Action of Debt at the Common Law; in which Action like Process, Trial, Judgment, Costs, Damages, and Execution shall be had as is used in other Actions there sued. And that no Person from the said Feast of Easter shall use (7) the said Games called Closh, Kailes, Half-bowl, Hand-in Hand-out, and Queckboard, (8) upon Pain of Two Years Imprisonment, and to forfeit for every Default, Ten Pounds; the one Half thereof to our Sovereign Lord the King, to be applied to the Use of his [House, 6] in all Places where such Forfeiture shall happen to fall, other than where any Person ought to have the Forfeiture of the Goods of Felons and Fugitives, by any lawful Grant, Authority of Parliament, or otherwise; And it is ordained by the said Authority, That all such Persons, their Heirs and Successors, which ought to have any such Forfeitures in such Places shall have all such Half that shall be hereafter forfeit by any of the Premises; and the other Half thereof to him or them that in this Behalf will sue by Action of Debt (9) in like Manner and Form to be had, tried, ruled, and ordered as is aforesaid.

ITEM, Whereas in divers Parts of this Realm great Damage hath been and daily is, and by likelihood in time to come will much increase, for Default of true, seasonable, and sufficient making, whiting, and anealing of Tile, called Plain Tile, otherwise called Thaktile, Roof-tile, or Crest-tile, Corner-tile, and Gutter-tile, made and to be made within this Realm: Our Lord the King, the Premises considered, for the general Profit of his said Realm, by the Advice (10) of the Lords Spiritual

² Felonyes full heynous 1 Pleys * ymportable s full • Pleyers 6 honorable houshold 8 or eny of theym 9 to be sued 7 or pleye at 10 and assent Rot. Parl. nu. 31.

Penalties.

shall play at such Games, shall be imprisoned Two Years,

and forfeit Apportion-Penalties.

IV.

Tiles shall be well made.

The Preparation of Earth for the making of Tiles, and the several Lengths, Breadths, and Thickness of them.

Penalty for selling defective Tiles.

Recovery of Penalties.

Costs of Suit.

Justices of the Peace may inquire of, hear, and determine all these Offences;

And fine

and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons, in the said Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, hath ordained and established, That all and every Person or Persons which hereafter shall use the Occupation of making of any such Tile as before is said, shall make it good, seasonable, [able and sufficient, and well'] whited and anealed; And that the Earth whereof any such Tile shall be made, shall be digged and [cast up 2] before the First Day of November next before that [they 3] shall be made, and that the same Earth be stirred and turned before the First Day of February then next following the same digging and [casting up,4] and not wrought before the First Day of March (5) next following; And that the same Earth before it be put to making of Tile, be truly wrought and tried from Stones; and also that the Veins called (6) Malm or Marle, and Chalk, lying commonly in the Ground near to the [Land 7] convenient to make Tile of, (8) after the digging of the said Earth whereof any such Tile shall be made, shall be well, lawfully and truly severed and cast from the said Earth whereof any such Tile shall be made. And that every such plain Tile so to be made, shall contain in Length Ten Inches and Half, and in Breadth Six Inches and a Quarter of an Inch, and in Thickness Half an Inch and Half a Quarter (9) at the least. And that every such Roof-tile or Crest-tile so to be made, shall contain in Length Thirteen Inches, and in Thickness Half an Inch and [Half a Quarter 10] at the least, with convenient Deepness according. And that every Gutter-tile and [Cover tile "] to be made, shall contain in Length Ten Inches and an Half, with convenient Thickness, Breadth, and Deepness according. And if any Person or Persons [set 12] to Sale to any Person or Persons any such Tile above specified, made or to be made contrary to the said Ordinance, then the Seller thereof shall forfeit to the Buyer of the same the Double Value of the same Tile, and besides that, shall make Fine and Ransom to the King at his Will: And that every Person that feeleth himself grieved, and will sue in that Behalf, shall have an Action of Debt against the Offenders, [wherein shall be made and had 13] like Process, Recovery, and Execution, (14) as is or may be at this Day in any other Actions of Debt sued at the Common Law. And that the Plaintiff in every such Action, if it be found with him, may recover against the Defendant in the same Action his reasonable Costs and Expences of his Suit; And that the Defendant in any such Action shall not be admitted to wage his Law, or to have any Essoin nor Protection allowed, nor any Advantage by [fourthing of 15] Essoin or Distress. And also that the Justices of Peace for the Time being, within every County of this Realm, and every of them, shall have full Power to inquire, hear, and determine by their Discretions, as well by Examination or otherwise, the Defaults, Offences, and Trespasses which shall happen to be committed contrary to this Ordinance, as well at the King's Suit, as at the Party's which (16) shall feel himself grieved in that Behalf: And if it be found, or may appear to the said Justices of Peace, or any of them, by Examination or otherwise by their Discretion, that any Person or Persons hath offended contrary to this Ordinance, that then the same Justices before whom it shall (17) be found or appear, shall assess upon the Offender in this Behalf no less Fine than for every Thousand of plain Tile [set 18] to Sale

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1 and able, well sufficiently and throughly
2 cast
3 it
4 castyng
5 then
6 the
7 erth
8 in or
9 of an ynche
10 a quart of an ynche
11 corner tile
12 put
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14 theryn
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18 put
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& temporelx & a la requeste dex Cões en le dit plement assemblez & p auctorite de mesme, ordeigne & establie q toutz & chune psone ou psonez q en aps usera loccupacion de fesure dascun tiel teule come est desuis especifiez (1) face bon sesonable & able bien sufficialment & tout oustrement blanchez & anelez; & q la tre de quele ascune tiel teule gra fait soit foiez & gistez dev'nt le primer jour de Novembr pschein devaunt q ceo sra fait, ['] & q mesme la tre soit sterez & t'nes devent le prim jour de Fever adongs pschein ensuant lez ditz foiantz & gisantz, [ou gistante3] & nient ovez devant le prim jour de Marche adonquez pschein ensuant; Et q la dit tre devant qui soit mise al fesure de [toile 1] soit verament ovez & triez de peers, Et auxi q lez veinez appellez malme ou marle & chalke, gisantz coement en la Pre bien pres a la Pre convenient de fair teule ent [ou en 5] aps la foiaunce de la dit re dount ascune tiel teule serra fait ou affair, soit bien loialment & verament desceverez & gistez de la dit tre dount ascun tiel teule gra fait. [6] Et q chune tiel pleine teule ensi affair conteigne en longieur dys pous & dimy & en laieur vj pous & un quarter dun pous (7) densite di pous & di quarter dun pous au meyns; & q̃ chune tiel [restile 8] ou creste teule ensi affair conteign en longieur [xiiij 9] pous & (10) densite di pous & un quarter au meyns, ovesqz convenient pfundenesse accord. Et q chune guttertile & [coevertile "] affair conteigne en longieur x pous & di pous ovesq convenient densite laet pfundenesse accordant. Et si ascune psone ou psonez mette a vender au ascune psone ou psonez ascuñ tiel teule come desuis especifiez, encountr la dit ordeign'nce fait ou affair, adongs le vendour ent forface a lachatour del mesme le double value de mesme le teule, (11) oustre ceo face fyn & ranson au Roy a sa volunte: & q chune psone q se sente greve & suer voiet en cell ptie ait accion de dette encountre loffendour en cell ptie, & aiet semblablez pcessez recove & execucion en ceo come est ou poiet estre a cest jour en ascuns aut's accons de dette p'suers a la coie ley. Et q le pleintif en chune tiel accion sil soit trove ovesq luy poiet recover encountre le defendaunt en mesme laccion sez resonablez costez & expensez de sa suite; Et q le defendeunt en tiel accion ascune ne soit admise de gager s ley ou davoir ascune essoine ne pteccion allowe, ne ascune aventage p fourchier p essoin (") distresse. Et auxi q lez Justic de peas pur le temps esteantz deinz chune Countie de cest Roiat & chune de eux, aient pleyn poiar denquerer oier [oier 13] & Pmier p lour discrecions sibn p examiacón ou aurment lez defautez offencez & Pspassez q aviendront a fair encountr cest ordeign*no, si bien a la suite du Roy come a la suite de ptie q en aps se senta grevez en cell (14); Et si il soit trove ou poiet apperer as lez ditz Justič de peas ou ascune de eux p examiacion ou autrement p lour discrecion q ascune psone ou psonez ad ou ount offendu ou offenduz contrarie a cest ordeign no q lors mesmez lez Justic devant queux il sra trove ou appierga assessent niet null fyne meinz sur loffendour en cell ptie q pur chune mile de pleyntile teule mise a vende contraire a cest

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1 le
                                       s en ou
s xiij
             3 omitted.
  7 et en
                  * roftile
                                                      MS. Pet.
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  13 ou seems omitted here in the MSS. and Printed Copies.
  14 An erroneous Repetition.
  15 ptie MS. Pet.
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ordeign'nce vs. & chune Cent rooftile vjs. viijd. Et pur chune Cent cornertile ou guttertile ij s. venduz contraire a cest ordeign nce (1) meindre fyne soit pur ceo fait, solonqz la rate dicell p la discrecion dez ditz Justic ou ascuñ deux. Et q les Justic aient pleyne poiar de fair venir dev'nt eux ou ascuns de eux, as ascuns temps & lieu requisitez, tielx & tantz psonez come p lour discrecion ount & avount greindre expience ou coignisance en loccupacion de fesour de teule, de Schier & examier la foiance gistance turnance depture fesur blancheour & anelyng av*ntditz; Et q mesme la psone ou psonez q ou quels ensi Bra ou Brount assigne ou assignez Sercheours aient & aiet pleyn poiar de fair tiel sche; Et q null psone mette null tiel teule a vende dev'nt qil soit serche p lez ditz Sercheours sur peyne de forfaitur de mesme le teule. Et si lez ditz Sercheours ou ascune de eux trove ou trovent q ascune psone ou psonez, exceeant ou exceeantz loccupacion del faisure de teule, offende ou offendent en ycell contrarie a cest ordeign*nce, q lors mesmez lez Sercheours psentent tielx defautez dev'nt lez Justič de Peas a lour pscheyn Sessions; & q chune tiel psentement soit si fort & effectuel en la ley come p psentement de xij homez; & q tielx Sercheours ensi estre ordeignez assignez & deputeez aient de chune tiel faisur de teule pur labour lour de le dit serche pur chun mille pleintile serchez jd; de chune cent Rooftile di denier & chune Cent cornertill & guttertile le ferlyng. Et q mesmez lez Sercheours facent & executent lour effectuell devoir & diligence en cell ptie accordant a cest ordeign*nce sur payne de forfaitur a nre f' le Roy pur chune defaulte en cell ptie x s. Et q lez Justic de Peas aient poiar dexamier enquerer & derminer lez defaultez dez tielx Sercheours en lez Pmissez en semblable fourme come desuis est ordeignez pur lez defaultez de lez faisours de teule: ceste ordeign'nc a comencer de pondre effect a la feste de Seint Michell pschein veign'nt & nient devaunt.

Item come p un act fait en le plement nre dit f' le Roy tenuz a Westm lan de son reigne quart, estoit ordeignez enacte & establiez ent aut's q chune draps lanutz di draps streitez & kerseis de cteyn longieur & laieur en mesme lacte especifiez, esteantz del pfitnes de faisur en la fourme especifie en mesme lacte, Proient a la feste de (1) Pier ladvincle quele fuist en lan nre f' Dieu M'CCCC lxv. sealez ovesq un double printe en plumbe, p le Tresorer Dengle? pur le temps esteant destre avisez & ordeignez, tesmoign*nt estre de vraie longieur & laieur & pfeccion de foial fesure, Et auxi [q p3] lact estoit enactez ordeignez & establiez ent auts, q le Tresorer Dengt pur le temps esteant avoit poiar & auctorite de fair tielx & tantz Gardeinz dez mesmez lez sealez come a luy sembleroit necessarie, issint q null estraunge neez Proit fait ascuns dez mesmez lez Gardeinz; & q chune dez ditz Gardeinz ensi afairez accompt annuelment dez revenuz de lour ditz officez en leschequer ñ f' le Roy, dev'nt le Tresorer Dengt & Barouns illeosquez pur le temps esteantz, monstrantz en lez mesmez accomptz le nombre dez toutz draps di

, { p m MS. Pet. per mesme Printed Copies.

contrary to this Ordinance, v s. and for every Hundred Roof-tile, vi s. viii d. and for every Hundred Cornertile or Gutter-tile, ij s. sold contrary to this Ordinance; and (1) that less Fine be made (3) after the Rate of the same by the Discretion of the said Justices, or any of them. And that the same Justices shall have full Power to call before them or any of them, at any Time and Place requisite, such and so many Persons as by their Discretion have or shall have best Experience or Knowledge in the Occupation of [making of Tile, 1] to search and examine the digging, casting, turning, parting, making, whiting, and anealing aforesaid; and that the same Person or Persons, which so shall be assigned Searchers, shall have full Power to make such search; and that no Person put no such Tile to Sale before that it be searched by the said Searchers, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same Tile. And if the same Searchers, or any of them, do find that any Person or Persons, exercising the Occupation of Tile-making, doth offend (3) contrary to this Ordinance, that then the same Searchers shall present such Defaults before the Justices of Peace at their next Sessions; and that every such Presentment be as strong and effectual in the Law, as [the 6] Presentment of Twelve Men; And that such Searchers so to be ordained, assigned, and deputed, shall have of every such Tile-maker, for [his7] Labour of the said Search, for every Thousand plain Tile searched, j d. for every Hundred Roof-tile, [ob.] and for every Hundred Corner-tile and Gutter-tile, a q. And that the same Searchers shall do and execute their effectual [Industry 9] and Diligence in this Behalf according to this Ordinance, upon Pain of Forfeiture to our Lord the King, for every Default in this Behalf, x s. And that the Justices of Peace shall have Power to examine, inquire, and determine the Faults of such Searchers in the Premises, in like Form as above is ordained for the Defaults of Tile-makers: This Ordinance to begin to take Effect at the Feast of St. Michael next coming, and not before.

ITEM, Whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of our said Lord the King, holden at Westminster in the Fourth Year of his Reign, It was ordained, enacted and established amongst other Things, That all Woolen Cloths, Half Cloths, Streits and Kerseys, of a certain Length and Breadth specified in the same Act, being of the Perfectness of making, [also comprised 10] in the same Act, should be, from the Feast called Saint Peter ad vincula, which was in the Year of our Lord God MCCCCLXV. sealed with a double Print in Lead, to be devised and ordained by the Treasurer of England for the Time being, witnessing [the "] true Length and Breadth, and [lawful making"]; [also 13] by the same Act, it was [ordained 14] amongst other Things, that the Treasurer of England for the Time being, should have Power and Authority to make such and as many Keepers of the same Seals, as [he shall think 15] necessary; so that no Stranger born should be made any of the same Keepers; and that every of the said Keepers so to be made, [shall "] yearly accompt of the Revenues of their said Offices in the King's Exchequer before the Treasurer of England and the Barons there for the Time being, shewing (17) in the same Accounts the Number of all the Cloths, Half Cloths,

Justices may appoint Searchers.

Searchers shall present Offenders.

Justices of

shall inquire

Defaults of

Searchers.

v

Recital of

chapter 1.

St. 4 Ed.IV.

¹ Et si meins soit ensi mise a vender ou venduz contrarie a cest ordineunce ² Seint MS. Pet.

or sold conterior to this or sold conterior to the conterior to the

in the fourme specified

pfiteness of true makyng

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re enacted ordeyned and establisshed

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is And also where

Rot. Parl.

nu. 32.

vj.

Woolen Cloths, Half-Cloths, &c. shall be sealed with Wax at both Ends,

Seal of Lead.

Subsidy and Aulnage of Cloths may be let to ferm upon good Surety.

VI.*
Repeal of
a Parliament
holden 9 [vel
10] Edw.IV.
[49 Hen.VI.]
and of all the
Acts therein
made, and of
all Exemplifications
thereof.

Streits and Kerseys sealed by them, with the Names of the Owners thereof; every of the said Keepers to be rewarded yearly at his said Account for his Labour and Diligence had in this Behalf, at the Receipt of the said Exchequer, by the Discretion of the said Treasurer and Barons, without [Payment] of any Thing in the said Exchequer (2) for the making of his said Account, as in the Act thereof made is more largely contained: The King certainly perceiving, that sithence the making of the same Act, he hath had yearly greater Loss by the Approvements of the Subsidy and Aulnage of Cloths, than he had at any Time before the said Act of Approvement made, for the same and for divers other great Causes moving him, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same Parliament, hath ordained, enacted, and established, That from the Feast of Easter next coming, all the (3) Woolen Cloths, Half Cloths, Streits, and Kerseys, being of good and perfect making Length and Breadth according to the Form of the said Act made in the said Fourth Year, shall be sealed with Wax at both Ends, taking no more for the same both Seals, than before was taken for the sealing of [an 1] whole Cloth, Half Cloth, Streit, or Kersey; except only, that in the City of London, and in the Town of Bristol, [all the Cloths that ought to be sealed, 3] shall be sealed with Lead, as hath been [there 6] accustomed. Moreover, It is ordained, enacted, and established by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Treasurer of England for the Time being, shall have Power and Authority to let to ferm, the Subsidy and Aulnage of Cloths [which ought to be sealed,7] unto Persons willing to have the same to ferm, by sufficient Surety, in the Form as was used and done before the said Statute made in the said Fourth Year; the Fermors to have the one Half of the Forfeiture of all Cloths and Pieces of Cloths to be [set 8] to Sale, not sealed with the said Seals, to their own Use, paying (9) therefore and for the said Subsidy and Aulnage to our Lord the King at his Exchequer, such yearly Sums of Money as shall be agreed betwixt the Treasurer of England and them, and [to be Accomptants 10] to the King of the other Half of the said Forfeiture at the said Exchequer; the said Statute made in the said Fourth Year notwithstanding.

ITEM, Whereas in the most dolorous Absence of our Sovereign Lord the King out of this his Realm, being in the Parts of Holland, and before his (") victorious Regress into the same Realm, in a pretensed Parliament unlawfully and by usurped [Power"] summoned ("3) by the Rebel and Enemy to our Sovereign Lord the King, Henry the Sixth, late in Deed and not of Right King of England, holden in the Palace of Westminster the Twenty-sixth Day of November, the [Ninth 14] Year of our said Sovereign Lord the King that now is, under the coloured Title of the said Henry, the xlix. Year of the Inchoation of his pretensed Reign, and the First Year of the [Readoption 15] of his usurped Power and Estate, divers and many Matters were treated, communed, and [wrought,16] to the Destruction and Disherison of our Sovereign Lord the King, and of his Blood royal, by the Labour and [Exhortation 17] of Persons not fearing

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1 any paiyng
2 in or
3 said
4 oon
5 such Clothes sealeable
6 omitted.
7 sealeable
9 yerely
10 accomptyng
11 moost
12 auctorite
13 and called,
14 ixth [query? erroneously for xth. See Rot. Pat.]
14 Hen.VI. m. 8. nu. 46.
15 readepcion
16 opened,
17 excitacion
18 Rot. Parl.
18 nu. 34.
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draps Streitz & kerseys p eux ensealez, ovesq lez nouns dez possessours diceux, [ascun'] dez mesmez lez Gardeyns estre regardez annuelment a son dit accompt pur sez labour & diligence en cett ptie euez, au receit del dit Eschequer p la discrecion dez ditz Tresorer & Barouns, saunz ascun paiement dascun chose en la dit Eschequer en ou pur la [forfair 3] de s dit accompt come en lacte ent [sount 3] il est conteignuz pluis largement; le Roy cteinement entendant q depuis le fesur mesme lacte il ad ewe annuelment greno's deptez p lez appvementz del subsidie & aulnage dez draps q il avoit al ascune temps devant le dit acte dappvement fait, pur ceo & pur aut's graundez & divsez causez luy moevantz, p assent dez ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & lez Cões en le dit psent plement assemblez & p auctorite de mesme le plement, ad ordeigne enacte & establie, q a la feste de Pasq, pschein veignent toutz lez draps lanuez di draps streitez & kerseiez, esteantz de bon & pfit feisure de longieur & laieur solong, la fourme du dit act fait en le dit an quart, soit ensealez ovesq cere al ambideux finez, ne pluis pignant pur celx ambideux sealez q devent fuist prise pur la sealour dun entier drap di drape streite ou kerseie; forspris tauntsoulement q en la Citee de Loundrez & en la viff de Bristowe tielx draps sealablez soient ensealez ovesq, plumbe come il ad este accustume. Et oustre ceo [ad 1] ordeigne enacte & establie p la dit auctorite q le dit Tresorer Denglet pur le temps esteant aiet poier & auctorite de mitter au ferme le Subsidiez & aulnage dez draps sealablez, as psons voillat avoir ceo a ferme, p sufficient maymprise en fourme come fuist usee & fait devant le dit estatuit fait en dit an quarte, lez fermours davoir t moite del forfaitur dez toutz draps & pecez de draps estre mise a vende nient ensealez ovesq lez ditz sealez a lour ppre usez, en paiaunt annuelment, pur ceo & pur la dit Subsidie & aulnage, a nre fr le Roy a son Eschequer, tielx annuelx somez de monoie come sra accordez enter le Tresorer Dengle? & ceux (5) accomptauntz a nre f' le Roy del aut moite de la dit forfaitur a son dit Eschequer; le dit estat' fait en le dit an quarte nient contristeaunt.

Item q̃ come en le pluis dolorus absence nr̃e f' le Roy hors du ceste son Roialme en lez ptiez de Holand esteaunt, & dev nt son pluis victoriouse regresse en mesme le Realme, en un petense plement disloialment & p poiar usurpe somonez appellez, & p rebelt & enemye nr̃e f' le Roy, Henry le vje nadgairs en fait & nient de droit Roy Dengt, tenuz en Palice de Westri le xxvje jour de Novembr lan novesme nr̃e dit f' le Roy, desouth le title colourez le dit Henry de [lenchacion de son petense Roigne, xlixe & de la readepcion dez usurpez poiar & estate le primer, divsez & plusours [mans ou] matiers feussent treatez communiquez & ovez, a lanientesment & dishitaunce nr̃e dit f' le Roy & de son sank Roial, p le labour & exortacion dez psonez nient creignantz Dieu [voillantz ne se

^{*} In the Old Printed Translations this Chapter was the last in the Statute, and that now numbered VII. was there numbered VI.

vij.

estre south le rule dascun Prince Priene, mez enclinez de sensual appetit davoir entier rule & govnement de cestuy Roialme south lour poiar & Domiacion; quelez coiacions treatez & ovturez remaynentz en escriptez & [auts'] exemplifiez, dount g'undez enconveniencez puissent ensuer, principalment a nre f' le Roy & son sank Roiat q Dieu defend, & as toutz noblez homez a cell temps entendantz entour le Roy, & as toutz auts sez liegez (1) & subgietz, sinoun due remedie soit purveu en cest ptie: Nre dit f' le Roy del assent de lez f's espuelx & temporelx & a la requeste dez Cões en le dit plement assemblez & p auctorite de mesme le plement, pur la suertie de son noble pson son noble issue & lenheritable succession del mesme, & pur la suertie dez toutz f's noblez homez & aut's sez Serv'ntz & subgietz, ad ordeigne enacte & establie, q le dit prense plement ovesq toutz continuancez & circumstauncez sur ceo dependantz soient voidez & de null effect; Et q toutz actez estatuitz ordeign ncez treatez comunicacions convencons & ovturez, en le dit Ptense plement treatez comuniquez accordez ovtez euez, ou p lauctorite de mesme le plement enactez & ordeignez, [ou 1] toutz exemplificacions faitz sur le mesme ou ascune part diceux & chune deux, soient revcez cancellez cassez irritez repellez revoquez & de null force ne effect.

Item q come p estatuit en le darreign plement tenuz a Westfii estoit ordeigne q le veile Viscount, en ceo especifiez, de chune Countee puissent executer & retourner qconq, brief pcept ou warant en ascuns dez Courtz le Roi, deinz le ?me appelle Michell ?me aps le vie jour de Novembr & devent ascune bre de discharge a luy delyvers de s occupación de Viscount, saunz damage grief [peyne ou 3] p mesme lestatuit remembr, come en ycell pluis largement appiert; & pur ceo q lez parols del auctorite donez p la dit acte a le dit veiler Viscount sont trop especialx, & nient assetz genalx pur la coie bien p mesme lact purposez & entenduz; pur ceo il est ordeigne p auctorite de cest Psent plement, q chune veiler Viscount de chune Countee, remembrez en le dit darreigne acte, ait a la sisme jour de Novembr pschein aveignir (4) en an pleyn auctorite & poiar, si bien loialment dexecut & retourner chune brief Pcept ou warant a chune de lez Courtz nre f' le Roy a luy deliv, come chune autre chose a fair & executer q al office de Viscount loialment appteignent, as toutz temps durantz lez ?mez de Seint Michell & de Seint Hillarie, sil ne soit devant cell temps loialment descharge de sa occupacion de Viscot, saunz ascun dam forfaitur ou peyne p cause dicell en ascune mane a susteigner, ascun [arte 5] ordeign no ou pvision p dev'nt au contrarie fait en ascun maner nient obstaunt.

ou peine Ms Pat. 1 ascunz 2 fvantz s acte

God, nor willing to be under the Rule of any earthly Prince, but inclined of sensual Appetite to have the whole Rule and Governance of this Realm under their Power and Domination; which Communications, Treaties, and [Workings'] do remain in Writing, and some exemplified, [whereby many Inconveniencies may 1] ensue (3) to our said Sovereign Lord the King, and his Blood Royal, which God defend, and to all Noblemen attending at [this 1] Time about the King, and all other his [liege People '] and Subjects, unless due Remedy be provided in this Behalf: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons, in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, for the Surety of his noble Person, his noble Issue, and the inheritable Succession of the same, and for the Surety of all the Lords, Noblemen, and other his (6) Servants and Subjects, hath ordained (7) and stablished, That the said pretensed Parliament, within all Continuances and Circumstances depending upon the same, be void and of none Effect: And that all Acts, Statutes, Ordinances, Treaties, Communications, Conventions, and [Workings 1] in the said pretensed Parliament, treated, communed, accorded, [wrought,9] had, or by the Authority of the same Parliament enacted and ordained, and all Exemplifications made upon the same, or any Part of them, and every of them, shall be reversed, cancelled, [void, undone, 10] repealed, revoked, and of no Force nor Effect.

ITEM, Whereas by a Statute in the last Parliament holden at Westminster, It was ordained, That the [old "] Sheriff (12) of every County might execute and return any Writ, Precept, or Warrant in any of the King's Courts within the Term called Michael Term, after the vi. Day of November, and before any Writ of Discharge to him delivered of his [occupying of Sheriff,13] without Hurt, Loss, or Penalty, by the same Statute remembred, as in the same doth more largely appear; And because that the Words of the Authority given by the said Act to the said [old "] Sheriff, be [very "] espepurposed and intended by the same Act: It is therefore Sheriff may return Write, cial, and not general enough for the common wealth, [old"] Sheriff of every County, remembered in the said last Act, [from the Sixth Day of November next to come, shall have 15] full Authority and Power, as well lawfully to execute and return every Writ, Precept, or Warrant, from every of the Courts of the King, delivered to him, as to do and execute every other Thing which to the Office of Sheriff lawfully pertaineth, at all Times during the Terms of Saint Michael, and of Saint Hillary, unless before [the same 16] Time he be lawfully discharged of his Occupation of [Sheriff,"] without [sustaining any Damage, Forfeiture, or Pain, in respect thereof; 18] any Act, Ordinance, or Provision before made to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

1 Overturis a wherof grete inconvenyence myght Rot. Part. pryncipally пи. 34. 5 true liegemen svantes 6 true * Overtures 10 theryn specified 11 Elder 14 to [100] 13 occupacion of Shirefwyk 15 have from the vjth day of Novembr next to come from yere to yere nu. 33. 17 Shirefwyk 16 that 18 any hurte forfeiture or peyne by cause therof

in any wyse to be susteined;

Recital of St. of Writs by

and otherwise execute his Office, during Michaelmas and Hilary Term, if not discharged.

Anno 22° EDWARDI, IV. A.D. 1482-3.

Incipiunt Statuta apud Westm' edita anno vicesimo secundo.

Here begin the Statutes made at Westminster,

In the Twenty-second Year.

OUR Lord the King, Edward the Fourth, at his Parliament holden at Westminster the Twentieth Day of January, in the Two-and-Twentieth Year of his Reign, to the Honour of God, and for the Weal of his People of this his Realm, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of his Commons, in the said Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same Parliament, hath ordained and established certain Statutes and Ordinances in the [Manner and] Form following:

FIRST, Because that our Sovereign Lord the King hath conceived by a Petition made to him by his Commons, that divers Statutes and Ordinances touching the Restraint of the excessive Apparel of the People of his said Realm, were made and ordained, and that for the non-due Execution of the same Statutes, his said Realm was fallen into great Misery and Poverty, and like to fall into more greater, unless [the better Remedy'] be provided: Whereupon our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and stablished, That no manner Person of what Estate, Degree, or Condition that he be, shall wear any Cloth of Gold, or Silk of Purple Colour, but only the King, the Queen, (1) the King's Mother, the King's Children, his Brother and Sisters, upon Pain of Forfeiture for every Default, xx li. And that none under the Estate of a Duke shall wear any Cloth of Gold of Tissue, upon Pain of Forfeiture for every Default xx. Marks. And that no Man under the Estate of a Lord, shall wear plain Cloth of Gold, upon Pain to forfeit for every Default x. Marks; And that no Man under the Degree of a Knight, shall wear any Velvet in their Doublets nor Gowns; And that no Man under the same Degree wear any Damask or Satten in their Gowns, but only Esquires for the King's Body, upon Pain to forfeit for every Default xls; And that no Yeomen of the Crown, nor other Men under the Degree of

then remedy therfore be soner } Ret. Parl. nu. 25.

an Esquire or Gentleman, shall wear in their Doublets Damask or Satten, nor Gowns of Chamlet, upon Pain Ex Lib. Scace. Westm. XI.*

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cere southle rule dayen Printe diene, men enclose

liegen (A) & subjects, innoun dos ren

Nostre f' le Roy Edward le quart, a son plement tenuz a Westñi le vintisme jour de Januar lan de son reigne vintisme second, al honour de Dieu & pur la bien de son poeple cestuy son Roiat, del advys & assent dez f's espuelx et temporelx & a la requeste de sez Coes en le dit plement assemblez & p auctorite de mesme le plement, ad ordeigne & establie cteins estatuitz & ordeign*ncez en la fourme q ensuist.

Primement pur ceo q nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy ad consceu p un peticion a luy fait p sez Cões q div sez statuitz & ordeign*ncez touchantz le [streint '] dexcessive apparaill del poeple de son dit Roialme feussent faitz & ordeignez; Et q pur noun due execucion mesmez lez estatuitz son dit Roialme fuist devenuz en graund miserie & povte, & semblable deschier en pluis g'und sinoun q remedie pur ceo le pluis toste sroit purveu; Sur quoy nie dit f' le Roy p advyce assent & auctorite suisditz ad ordeigne & establie, q null maner psone de quele estate degree ou condicion quil soit, usce ascuns draps door ou soy [ou 1] purpur colour mez soulement le Roy, la Roigne, Madame la Mier de nie dit f' le Roy, lez enfauntz du Roy, son Frere & Soers, sur peyne de forfaitur pur chune default xx fi. Et i null desouth lestate de Duk use ascuns draps door de tissue sur payn de forfair pur chune default xx m're. Et q null home desouth lestate de € use pleyne draps door sur payn de forfair pur chune default x m're; la q [chune] home desouth le degree de Chivaler usee ascun maner velewet en lour purpointez appellez doublette ne robez appellez gownez; Et q null home desouth mesme le degree use ascune Damask ou Sateyn en lour robez mez soulement Esquiers pur le corps du Roy sur payn de forfair pur chune default xls; Et q null mane vadlet del Corone ne autre home desouth degree Desquier ou gentill home use en lour purpointz Damask ou Sateyn, ne robez ou gownez de Chamelet,

restreint de } Ms. Pet.

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Original from PENN STATE

Former Statutes respecting Apparel

What Kind of Apparel Temporal Men of every Degree and Estate are allowed, and what probibited, to wear.

^{*} The Petitions on which this Statute are framed, are entered, in English, on the Parliament Roll of this Year, nu. 25 to 32

As to the Text and its Corrections, See the Note to 12 Edw. IV. ante page 431.

'sur payn de forfair pur chune default xl s. Et q null home desouth lestate [le '] f' use ascune maner dez draps lanutz faitz hors du cest Roialme Denglet Irland Galez & Caleis, ne use ascune maner dez furrez de Sablez sur payn de forfair pur chune default x. fi. Et auxi il est ordeignez & establiez p la dit auctorite q null Serv'nt al husbandrie ne comyne laborer ne Serv'nt al ascune Artificer, hors del Citee ou Burgh, usee en lour vesture ascun drap dount la laiet virge passera en price ij s; Ne q ascun de lez ditz Servauntz ou laborers soeffrent lour femez de user ascune vestur de pluis hault price q est avent limitez a lour Barouns, Ne qils soeffrent ascuns de lour ditz femez de user ou werer ascune [voile 3] appelle coverchief dount le price passera xx d. Ne q ascun de lez ditz Servantz ne laborers usee ascuns chausez dount le paier passera en price xviij d. sur payn de forfair pur chune default xl d. Et oustre ceo il est ordeignez p la dit auctorite q lez Justic de peas en chune Counte Mairs Viscountz Baillifs [Ministrez 3] & aut's chiefs Officers dez Citeez Burghs Villez de Cynk Portz, & aut's villez esteantz en ascune maner corporez deinz cest Roialme, aient poiar & auctorite denquerer oier & mier toutz lez suisditz defautez & forfaiturez & chune de eux, estre faitz ou ewez deinz lour sevalx Jurisdiccions, sibien p enquerr come p due examinacion, & lez matiers & causez lez ditz offencez & forfaiturez concern*ntz a det miners p semblable pcesse & jugement, & en semblable maner & fourme dev'nt atteinder en cell ptie, come est p lez Justic du Peas usuelment usez de [tans 4] fait ove force & armez encountre la peas du Roi, Et puis latteinder semblable execucion; Et si ascune matier touchant ascune de lez ditz offencez soit remoevez, del ascun de lez ditz Justič (3) Mairs ou ascuns aut's Officers dev'nt nosmez, destre ewez dev'nt le Roy en son Bank, q lors lez Justič as pleez devant luy a teniers assignez, aient poiar dagarder tiel pcesse & semblable execucion en cell ptie come dev'nt est limitez. Et ordeignez est p la dit auctorite q toutz lez ditz peynez & forfaiturez, exceptz tielx peynez & forfaiturez [exceptz tielx peynez 6] en & pur lez pmissez queux aviendi estre & accruer deinz la Counte Palatyne de Chestre Exhamshire & Leveschie de Duresme, soient al Roy a emploiers as expensez de son resonable hostiell; Et q tielx peynez & forfaiturez en & pur lez Pmissez deinz le dit Countee Palatyn de Chestre soient a mon f' le Prince; & tielx peynez & forfaiturez en & pur lez Pmissez dedeinz Exhamshire soient al Erchevesq. Devwik & a sez Successours; [7] & tielx peynez & forfaiturez de & pur lez Pmissez dedeinz la dit Eveschie de Duresme al Evesq de Duresme & a sez Successours. Purveu toutz foitz q cest act nextende pas ne soit en ascune maner pjudicial a ou pur ascun feme, forsprise lez femez & serv'ntz dez laborers. Et auxi est ordeigne p lauctorite suisdit q toutz auts ordeign ncez & estatuitz av nt cest temps faitz [& arraie 1] ou apparell soient p lauctorite de [sa 9] Desent plement cassez voidez & de null force ne effect ;

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to forfeit for every Default Forty Shillings. And that no Man under the Estate of a Lord, wear any manner of Woolen Cloth made out of this Realm of England, Ireland, Wales, and Calais, nor wear any Furrs of Sables, upon Pain to forfeit for every Default Ten Pounds. And also It is ordained and stablished by the said Authority, That no Servant of Husbandry nor common Labourer, nor Servant to any Artificer (') out of City or Borough, shall wear in their Cloathing any Cloth, whereof the Broad Yard shall [pass the Price of 1] Two Shillings; nor that any of the said Servants or Labourers shall suffer their Wives to wear any Clothing of higher Price than is before limited to their Husbands; nor they shall not suffer [their 3] Wives [to wear any Reile called a Kerchief, whose Price exceedeth 1 Twenty-pence, nor none of the said Servants or Labourers shall wear any Hosen, whereof the Pair shall [pass 1] Eighteen-pence, upon Pain to forfeit for every Default [Three Shillings four-pence 3]. Moreover, it is ordained, (6) That the Justices of Peace in every County, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Masters, and other chief Officers of Cities, Boroughs, Towns of the Five Ports, and other [Corporate Towns?] with this Realm, shall have Power and Authority to inquire, hear, and determine all the said Defaults and Forfeitures, and every of them, to be [made 8] or had within their several Jurisdictions, as well by Enquiry as by due Examination, and the Matters and Causes concerning the said Offences and Forfeitures to determine by like Process and Judgement, and in like Manner and Form before Attainder in this Behalf, as is [before 9] the Justices of Peace commonly used of Trespass done with Force and Arms against the King's Peace, and after Attainder like Execution. And if any Matter touching any of the said Offences be removed [of 10] any of the said Justices of Peace, Mayors, or any other Officers before named, to be had before the King in his Bench, that then the Justices to the Pleas before [them"] to be holden, assigned, shall have Power to award such Process and like Execution in this Behalf, as before is limited. And It is ordained by the said Authority, That all the said Pains and Forfeitures, except such Pains and Forfeitures in and for the Premisses, which shall happen to be and grow within the County Palatine of Chester, Examshire, and the Bishoprick of Durham, shall be to the King, to be employed to the Expences of his honourable House; And that such Pains and Forfeitures in and for the Premises within the said County Palatine of Chester, shall be to my Lord the Prince; and such Pains and Forfeitures in and for the Premises within Examshire, shall be to the Archbishop of York and to his Successors; and such Pains and Forfeitures in and for the Premises within the said Bishoprick of Durham, shall be to the Bishop of Durham and his Successors. Provided always, That this Act extend not, nor be (") prejudicial to or for any Woman, excepted the Wives [and Servants of 13] Labourers. Also It is ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That all other Ordinances and Statutes before this Time made of Array or Apparel, shall be by the Authority of this present Parliament (") void and of no Force nor Effect;

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Justices of Peace shall have Power to hear and determine Offences.

The King shall have all Forfeitures, except in the County Palatine of Chester, in Exhamshire, and in the Bishoprick of Durham.

This Act shall not extend to Women, except the Wives of Servants and Labourers.

Former Acts repealed.

An erroneous Repetition, from the preceding Words, & tielx peynes, is here inserted in Lib. Scace.

The Length of Gowns and Mantles.

Proviso in Favour of particular Persons.

II.
The Contents
of Vessels of
Salmon,
Herrings, and
Eels; and how
Fish shall be
packed.

Packing of Salmons.

Packing of small Fish called Grills.

The Contents of a Barrel of Herring, &c. which shall be well and fairly packed. And that this Act begin and take Effect after the Feast of the Epiphany next coming, and not before. And It is ordained and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no manner Person under the Estate of a Lord, shall wear from the said Feast any Gown or [Mantle, 1] unless it be of such Length, that, he being upright, it shall cover his privy Members and Buttocks; upon Pain to forfeit to our Sovereign Lord the King at every Default, Twenty Shillings, and like [Examination 1] Process, and Judgement shall be therein had, as in the Premises is ordained. Provided always, That this present A& (3) for Apparel, shall not be prejudicial to the Liberty in wearing of Cloth and Furr, Purple and Cloth of Gold only excepted, of Sir Thomas Montgomery, Sir Thomas Burgh, Sir Thomas Vaughan, Sir John Don, Sir William Parr, Sir Thomas [Deseit legier *] Sir Thomas Bourchier, Sir Thomas Grey, nor of Master Oliver (5), the King's Secretary, nor any of them. And provided also, That the same Act (6) be not prejudicial to Master John Gunthorp, Dean of the King's Chapel; nor to Sir John Elrington, Treasurer of the King's House, nor to any of them, as above.

ITEM, Whereas divers Deceits have been used and done, as well in the Measures of Vessels called Butts, Barrels, and Half Barrels ordained for Salmon, and Barrels, Half Barrels, and Firkins ordained for Herrings, Eels, and other barrelled Fish, as in the Packing in the same Vessels of every of the said Fishes before named, to the great Damage of the King, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and other of the King's faithful Subjects: For Reformation whereof our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained and enacted. That no Merchant Stranger nor Denizen, after the Feast of Saint Michael next coming, shall sell nor [set 7] to Sale any Salmon by Butt, Barrel, Half Barrel, or any other Vessel, before it be seen, except the same Butt do hold and contain Fourscore and Four Gallons, the Barrel Two and forty Gallons, the Half Barrel One and twenty Gallons, well and truly packed; upon Pain of Forfeiture for every Butt, Barrel, and Half Barrel so failing their said Measure, Six Shillings and Eight-pence: Also that no such Merchant being under the King's Obeisance, after the said Feast of Saint Michael, shall sell or put to Sale any manner Salmon by Butt or other Vessel, except it be well and [faithfully 8] packed, that is to say, the great Salmon by itself, without mingling with them any Grills or broken-bellied Salmon: And that all small Fish called Grills, shall be packed by themselves only, without any mingling, upon Pain of Forfeiture and Loss of Six Shillings and Eight-pence for every Butt, Barrel, or Half Barrel mingled, packed, and [set 7] to Sale contrary to this Act; Also that no Merchants nor other Person [set 7] any Herring to sale by Barrel, Half Barrel, or Firkin, except the same Barrel contain Two-and-Thirty Gallons, the Half Barrel and Firkin after the same Rate; and that the same Herring be well, truly, and justly [couched 9] and packed, and that it be of One [Times 10] taking and salting; and that the same Herring be as good and as well packed in the Midst, and in every Part of the same Barrel and other Vessel, as it shall be [in "] the Ends of the same Barrels, and Vessels, upon Pain to forfeit

Cloke execucion of Parlement Rot. Parl. 9 Saintleger King of Aray nu. 25.

put truly letyd Rot. Parl. nu. 26.

Et q ceste acte comence & pigne effect aps la feste [en '] de la Epiphanie pschein veign'nt & nient dev'nt. Et ordeignez est & enactez p lauctorite suisdit q null maner pson desouth lestate [le 2] f' use a le dit feste ascune Robe appelle gowne ou manteau, sinon y soit de tiel longieur come celluy esteant tout droit covera sez privez membrez & crupez ou nagez, sur payn de forfair a nre f' le Roy a chune default xx s. Et semblablez execucion pcesse & jugement soient ewez en ceo come en lez pmissez ordeigne est. Purveu toutz foitz q cest psent act du plement dapparel ne soit Djudiciall a la liberte en usante de drape & furure, purpull et drap dor soulement forsprisez, de Sir Thomas Mongomery, Sir Thomas Burgh, Sir Thomas Vaghan, Sir John Don, Sir William Parre, Sir Thomas Seintlegier, Sir Thomas Burchier, Sir Thomas Greye ne de Maister Oliver Kyng Secretarie du Roy ne dascun deux. Et purveu auxi q mesme lacte dapparell ne soit pjudicial al Maister John Gunthorp Dean de Chapell du Roy, ne a Sir John Elryngton Tresorer del Hostiell du Roy, ne a null de ceux come desuis.

Item q come divsez disceitz ount estee usez & faitz sibien en lez mesurez dez vesseaulx appellez Buttez Barell & dimy Barell ordeignez pur Salmon, & Barellz dymy Barell & firdekyns ordeignez pur Harang anguillez pesson Barellez, cõe en pakkur es lez mesmez vesseaulx de chune de lez pessons avant nosmez, a g'und damage du Roy, lez f's espuelx & Temporelx & aut's foialx subgietz du Roy, pur [lenformacion 3] de quele Nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy del advys & auctorite suisditz ad ordeignez enactez, q null march unt est unge ne deinzeyn apres la feste de Seint Michell pschein veign'nt vende ne mette a vend ascun Salmon p butte Barell dymy Barell ou ascun autre vesseau devant qui soit vieu, sinon mesme le Butte teigne & conteigne quatre vins & quatre galons, le Barell quarant deux galons, Et le demy barell xxj galons, bien & foialment pakkez, sur peyne de forfaitur pur chune Butte Barell & demy Barell ensi failant lour dit mesure vj s. viij d: auxi q null tiel tiel march unt, esteaunt desouth lobeisaunce du Roy, aps la dit feste de Seint Michell vende ou mette a vende ascun maner Salmon p butte ou aut vesseau sinon y soit bien & foialment pakkez; š le graund Salmon p soy mesme saunz mixtur ovesq, icell dascuns grillez ou Salmons rumpez lez ventrez. Et q toutz petitz pessons appellez grillez soient pakkez p soy mesmez soulement saunz ascun mixtur, sur payne de forfaitur & pdicion de vj s. viij d. qur chune butte Barell dimy Barell, contrarie a cest act mixtez pakkez & misez au vend: auxi q null march unt nautre psone mette ascun harank au vend p barell di barell ou firkyn, sinon mesme Barell conteigne xxxij galons, le di Barell & Firkyn solong, mesme la rate; & q mesme le harank soit bien foialment & justement couche & pakke & soit del pruise dune temps & salsure, & q mesme le harange soit si bon & si bien pakkez en le midye & en chune part du dit barell & aut vesseau, come il serra en lez fynez mesmez lez barellez & vesseaulx,

omitted. a de MS. Pet.

sur payn de forfaitur & pdicion de iij s. iiij d. pur chune Barell (1) & firkyn ensi failant lour dit mesure, & auxi sur payn de forfaitur & pdicion de iij s. iiij d. pur chune Barell di Barell & Firkyn de harang contrarie a cest acte sortez couchez ou pakkez: auxi q null tiel march unt ne palingman vende ou mette au vend ascuns anguillez p Barell di Barell ou firkyn, sinon le Barell conteigne xlij galons, le demy barell & Firkyn solong, mesme la rate; ne q ascune tiel marchaunt ne palingman mesceient null ascun galbelton moreys ou decoriez anguillez ovesq bonez anguillez, mez q̃ mesmez (1) soient bien & justement pakkez & venduz p soy mesmez, ne mescent ovesq, lez ditz anguillez ou mette au vende ascuns anguillez rougez, sur payne de forfaitur & pdicion de x s. pur chun Barell (3) & Firkyn ensi failant lour dit mesure; Et auxi sur payn & pdicion de x s. pur chune barelle di Barell & firkyn ensi come est av nt dit mixtez & contrarie a cest acte pakkez ou mise au vende: auxi q null tiel march'unt aps la dit feste vende ou mette au vende ascune pesson Barellez, sinon mesme le pesson soit bon & foialment pakkez, s. laccomptablez pesson vulgarement appellez talefissh p soy mesme, & lez petitz pessons appellez [girles 1] p soy mesmez, s'unz ascuñ mixtur de lez ditz pessons ovesq le grosse pesson, & saunz mixture & pakkur dez [chosez et 5] pessons rompez le ventre ovesq le dit comptable pesson ou petit pesson. Et q ne laccomptable pesson ne petit pesson soit couche double en pakkur. Et q chune pesson [ne petit pesson 6] comptable conteigne en longieur del osse al fyne jesquez al tierce jointe del cowe xxvje poutz au meyns, Et q lez napes de tout tiel pesson barellez ne soient pluis longez q au petit osse q [fet] sur le grosse fyn; Et q losse de chune tiel pesson salee soit prise hors jesquez le [bumble 8] de mesme le pesson; Et q chune tiel pesson soit splatte ou overte base desq, un maniple del cowe, sur payne de forfaitur & pdicion de iij s. iiij d. pur chune barelle de pesson quele enaps serr trovez pakkez sortez mixtez napes couchez double ou nient deossez ne splattez ou overtez accordent a cest act. Et auxi en eschuer de lez coues damagez & desceitz avantditz Nie dit & le Roy ad ordeigne & enacte p le suisdit auctorite q toutz Mairs Baillifs & Govnours dez Citeez Villez Burghs Marchez et toutz aut's lieux de cest son Roialme pur le temps esteantz, lou ils sount Mairs Baillifs ou Govnours, aient poiar & auctorite pur nosmer & eslier discrete & expte psone ou psonez duement de serchier & gaugier toutz tielx vesseaulx come desuis sount rehercez [queux sount rehercez 9] [queux 10] ceux soient foialment pakkez & gardent lour foiall mesure & assise accordantz as lez ordeign ncez suisditz; lune moite dez toutz lez fyns forfeterez & peynez & chune de eux soit a nre f' le Roi, & lauter moite a celluy ou ceux de sez subgiettz q ou queux seiserount ou p'suerount seisera ou pursuera pur le mesme, p accion de dette p bre a la coie ley p bill ou plaint solong, la custume Vitt lou aviendra de la Citee ou

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and lose Three Shillings and four pence for every Barrel, Half Barrel, and Firkin so failing their said Measure; and also upon Pain of Forfeiture and Loss of Three Shillings and four-pence for every Barrel, Half Barrel, and Firkin of Herring, sorted laid or packed contrary to this Act: Also that no such Merchant nor [Palingman '] sell or [set '] to Sale any Eels by Barrel, Half-Barrel, or Firkin, except the same Barrel contain Two-and-forty Gallons, the Half-Barrel and Firkin after the same Rate; nor that any (3) Merchant nor Palingman do mingle any [Gallebetten, starved, or pulled 1] Eels with good Eels, but that the same good Eels be well and justly packed, and sold by themselves; nor that they mingle with the said Eels, or put to Sale any red Eels, upon Pain of Forfeiture and Loss of Ten Shillings for every Barrel, Half-Barrel, and Firkin so failing their Measure; and also upon Pain of Forfeiture and Loss of Ten Shillings for every Barrel, Half-Barrel, and Firkin so mixed, packed, and [set 1] to Sale, as afore is said, contrary to this Act: Also that no such Merchant after the said Feast, sell, or [set a] to Sale any barrelled Fish, except the same Fish be well and [faithfully 5] packed, that is to say, [any countable Fish, commonly called Talefish, by itself,6] and the [same 7] Fish called Grills by themselves, without any Mixture of the said (7) Fishes with the great Fish, and without Mixture and packing of [Chokes, or Fish with broken Bellies 8] with the said Tale Fish, or small Fish; and that neither the Tale Fish, nor small Fish, be laid double in the Packing; and that every Tale Fish contain in Length, from the Bone to the Fin to the Third Joint of the Tail, Six-and-twenty Inches at the least, and that the Napes of all such barrelled Fish shall be no longer than the little Bone that resteth upon the great Fin; and that the Bone of every such Salt Fish shall be taken away to the Navel of the Fish; and that every such Fish be splatted, or opened, down to an Handfull of the Tail, upon Pain of forfeiting and losing of Three Shillings and four-pence for every Barrel of Fish which hereafter shall be found packed, sorted, mixed, naped, laid Double, or not boned, nor splatted, [nor open,9] according to this Act. Also in eschewing the common Losses and Deceits aforesaid, our said Lord the King hath ordained and enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That all Mayors, Bailiffs, and Governors of Cities, [Boroughs, Market Towns, 10] and all other Places of this his Realm, for the Time being, where there be Mayors, Bailiffs, or Governors, shall have Power and Authority to name and choose discreet and expert Person or Persons, [daily"] to search and gauge all such Vessels as above be rehearsed, that they be [faithfully 5] packed, and keep their lawful Measure and Assise according to the Ordinances aforesaid; the one Half of all the said Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties, and every of them, to be to our Lord the King, and the other Half to him or them of his Subjects that shall seise or sue for the same by Action of Debt, by Writ at the Common Law, by Bill or Plaint, according to the Custom of the City or Town where any such

The Contents of a Barrel of Eels, and they shall not be mingled.

Packing of barrelled Fish;

Chief Officers of Cities and Boroughs, empowered to appoint Searchers to search and gauge Vessels of Fish.

Application of Penalties.

Palyng man [Seller of Eels; See Preamble to the AA in Rot. Parl.] put suche galbeton storven or pilled truly the tale fissh by them self small thokes or broken belyed fissh Townes, Burghes, Markette, duly or opened

Saving for Forfeitures in Franchises. Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties shall hereafter happen to fall and be; and that the Defendant in any such Action be not admitted to wage nor do his Law, nor that any Protection, or Essoin of the King's Service for any such Defendants be allowed. Provided always, That this Act be not prejudicial to any Person or Persons having Forfeitures of the Goods of Felons, Fugitives, and condemned Persons. Moreover, It is ordained and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every such Person and Persons shall have and enjoy like Forfeitures of and in every of the Premises within their Franchises, as the King now hath in other Places without.

III.
Former
Restraint on
Import of
certain
Articles of
wrought
Silk;

ITEM, Whereas by a piteous Complaint made in the same Parliament by Men and Women of the [Mystery and Workmanship of Silk '] of the City of London, and [other Cities, Boroughs, and Towns of this Realm 1] It was shewed, how that in the Time of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, a Restraint was made, that certain Things of Silk-Work ready wrought should not be brought into this Realm; after which Restraint expired, so great Multitude of Silks ready wrought as Corses, Ribbands, Laces, [Call Silk,3] and Colein Silk [twined 4] have been brought into this said Realm by Merchants Strangers and other, that all the Workers of the said Mystery of Silk-working, as well Men as Women in the said Realm have been grievously impoverished for Default of Occupation: Our said Sovereign Lord the King in Consideration of the Premises, hath by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, ordained and established, That no Merchant Stranger nor other Person, after the Feast of Easter next coming, shall bring into this Realm of England, to be sold, any Corses, Girdles, Ribbands, Laces, [Call Silk 3] or Colein Silk [twined 4] or wrought, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the same, or of the Value thereof, in whose Hands they shall be found; the one Half of the same Forfeiture to be to our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other Half to him or them of the King's Subjects which shall seise the same, or sue for the same by Action of Debt, by Writ at the Common Law, or by Bill or Plaint after the Custom of the City or Town where such Forfeiture shall hereafter happen to fall or be; and that the Defendant in any such Action be not admitted to wage nor do his Law; nor that any Protection or Essoin in the King's Service be allowed for any such Defendant; this Act to

Application of Penalties.

Such Articles

imported.

IV. Benefits of ITEM, Whereas in the Time of the noble Progenitors of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, and also in the Time of the victorious Reign of our said Sovereign Lord the King that now is, his Subjects within every Part of this Realm have virtuously [occupied and used] shooting with their Bows, whereby and under the Protection of Almighty God, (6) victorious Acts have been done in Defence of this Realm; Now so it is, that the Bowyers in every Part of this Realm do sell their Bows at such a great and excessive Price, that the King's Subjects perfectly disposed to shoot, be not of Power to buy to them Bows, whereby shooting is greatly diminished and left, and unlawful Games be used, contrary to the Statutes and Ordinances thereupon made:

endure for Four Years next following the said Feast

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hole Craft of Silkewerk
all other Citeis Townes Boroghes and
Vilages of this Reame of Englond
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tielx finez forfaiturez ou peynez de chier & estre; Et q̃ le defendaunt en ascun tiel accion ne soit admise de gager ou fair sa ley, ne q̃ ascune pteccion ou essoin de svice le Roy pur ascun tiel defend soit allowez. Purveu toutz foitz q̃ cest act ne soit p̃judicial al ascune psone ou psonez eiant ou eiantz forfaiturez dez biens dez felouns fugitivez & dampnez. Et oustre ceo ordeignez est & enactez p lauctorite avantdit q̃ chune tiel psone [ou '] psonez aient & enjoient semblablez forfaitez de & [chune en a] de lez pmissez dedeinz lours fraunchisez si come le Roy ore ad en aut's lieux dehors.

Item q lou p un piteous compleint fait en le dit plement p homez & femez del mistier del ovaigne de Soy, de la Citee de Loundrez & aut's Citeez Burghs & Villez de cest Roialme Dengt, estoit monstre coment un restreint en le temps du reigne nre dit f' le Roy quorest fuist (3) q cteins chosez de le ovaigne de Soy prest ovez ne groient amesnez en cest Roiat, depuis quele restreint expire si graund [multitu dez 1] soiez pst oves, s. corsez ribanez lacez callez Silke & coleyn silke filez, en cest Roiał p march untz estraungez & auts ount este apportez, q toutz lez ovours del dit mestier de oveigne de Soie, sibien homez come femez, en le dit Roiat ount estez grevousment povishez pur defaulte del occupacion: Nie dit f' le Roy en consideracion de lez pmissez ad p ladvys assent & auctorite suisditz ordeigne & establie, q null march unt est'unge nautre psone, aps la feste del Pasq, pschein veign'nt, amesne en cest Roiat Dengt a venders ascuns corsez ceincturez ribaunez lacez callez sylke (5) filez ou ovez, sur payn de forfaitur dicell ou del value dicell en quellez mayns lez grount trovez, lune moite del dit forfaitur soit a nre Sovaigne f' le Roy, & lautre moite soit a luy ou ceux de sez subgietz q ou queux seisera ou seiserount la mesme, ou p'suerount pur la mesme p accion (6) dette, p brief a la côie ley, p bille ou plaint solong, la custume del Citee ou Ville lou aviendra en aps ascun tiel forfaitur de cheir ou estre; Et q le defendeunt en ascune tiel accion ne soit admise de gager ou de fair sa ley; Ne q ascun pteccion ou essoigne en la vice du Roy pur ascun tiel defendaunt soient allowez; cest act dendurer pur quatre ans pscheinz ensuantz le dit fest de Pasq.

Item q̃ come en le temps dez noblez pgenito's nre dit f' le Roy & auxi en temps du victorious reigne nre dit f' le Roy q̃ or est, sez subgietz deinz chune part cestuy Roialme ount vertuousement occupiez & usez sagittur ovesq, lour arkez, pount & desouth la pteccion Dieu omipotent actez victoriousez ount estez faitz en defence du ceste Roialme, (7) vendent lour arkez a si gaunt & excessive price q̃ lez Subgiettz du Roy dispoisez a sagittur ne sount mye de power dachatier as eux arkez, p quele sagittur est gaundement diminuez ou relinquez & Jewez illicitez sount usez contrarie as statuitz & ordeignancez sur ceo faitz:

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Nie dit sovaigne f' le Roy, consider unt lez Pmissez p ladvys assent & auctorite suisditz ad ordeigne establie & enacte, q a la feste de Pasq pschein veign'nt null fesour dez arkez nautre psone usant de vender ou metter au vende, ou en ap's usera a vender ou metter au vend, ascun long arke ou arkez del taxe appelle ewe, vend ascuns dez mesmez lez arkez a ascune liege psone du Roy oustre le price de iij s. iiij d. un arke & longez (1) de texe desouth le value de mesme la price si come le vendour & lachatour dicell puissent resonablement agreer & accorder; sur payn de forfaitur, de chune long arke del taxe autment [vendent 1] ouster la dit price (1) iij s. iiij d., xx s. lune moite ent a nre sovaigne f' le Roy, & lautre moite au ascune de sez liegez q voiet p'suer & pver la dit forfaitur, p accion ou accions de dette en quele semblable pcesse jugement & execucion serrount ewe come est usualment use en accions de dette p'suez a la cõie ley; Et q null defendaunt en ascune mesme laccion ou accions [+] Bra admise de gager sa ley.

Item monstre fuist en le dit plement p lez Cões dicell coment [hoeures 5] bonette & cappez sibien senglez come doublez solent estre foialment faitz ovez fullez & condensez p force dez [heurez 6] s. ovesq. mayns & pees, & perent lez fesours diceux ount honestement av nt cest temps gainez lour viver & gardez plusours appntisez Servantz & bonez hostielx, jesquez ore tarde q p le subtile ymaginacion, a la destruccion dez labours & susten ne dez plusours homez, tielx hurez bonette & cappez ount este fullez & condensez es molyns fullauntz, & en mesmez lez molyns lez ditz bonette et cappez [ovt] debrusez & desceivablement ovez, & en null maner p le moien dascun molyn puissent estre foialment faitz, au gaund damage de nre dit sovaigne f' le Roy & dez toutz subgietz sez, & a final defeasaunce dez tielx quelx sount fesours dautielx hurez bonette et cappez, saunz ceo q le grace de nre f' le Roi sroit as eux monstre en cest ptie & sur ceo de purveier remedie; Nre dit f' le Roy del assent des f" espuelx & temporelx & a la supplicacion de sez ditz Cões en le dit plement assemblez & p lauctorite (8), ad ordeigne & purveu, q null maner pson qui quill soit aps la feste de Pasq, pschein veign'nt fulle ou condense ou cause destre fullez ou condensez ascuns hurez bonette ou cappez doublez ou senglez en ascune molyn fullant, ou p le moiene dascun molyn fullaunt, sur payn de forfair & pdre xl s. si sovent come il ferra le contrarie a cest act. Et auxi q null pson hurer capper ou autre qconq, ap's la dit feste de Pasq, mette ou cause destre misez ascuns hurez bonette ou cappez doublez ou senglez estre fullez ou condensez au ascun tiel molyn, ou p le moien dascun tiel molyn, ou mette au vende ascuns tielx hurez bonette ou cappez doublez ou senglez lez quellez aps la dit feste grount ensi faitz fullez ou condensez, sur payn de forfair & pder [lez lez huretz 9] bonette & cappez, ensi misez come est avent dit au ascune tiel molyn destre fullez ou condensez ou autrement estre misez au vende contrarie a cest acte, & auxi de forfair & pdre xl. s. si ascune tiel psone sovent

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Our said Sovereign Lord the King, considering the Premises, by the Advice Assent and Authority aforesaid, hath ordained established and enacted, That from the Feast of Easter next coming, no Bowyer nor other Person using to sell or put to Sale, or which hereafter shall use to sell or put to Sale, any Long Bow or Bows of Yew, shall sell any of the same Bows to any of the King's liege People above the Price of Three Shillings four-pence a Bow; and long Bows of Yew under the Value of the same Price, as the Seller and Buyer thereof may reasonably agree and accord; upon Pain to forfeit Penalty, 208. for every Long Bow of Yew otherwise sold above the said Price of Three Shillings and four-pence, Twenty Shillings; the one Half thereof to our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other Half to any of his liege People that will therefore sue, and prove the said Forfeiture by Action or Actions of Debt, wherein like Process, Judgement, and Execution shall be had as is commonly used in Actions of Debt sued at the Common Law; and that no Defendant in any such Action or Actions shall be admitted to wage his Law.

ITEM, It was shewed in the said Parliament, (') how that [Hats, 1] Bonnets, and Caps, as well single as double, were wont to be [faithfully 1] made, wrought, fulled, and thicked [by Men's Strength, 1] that is to say, with Hands and Feet, and thereby the Makers of the same have honestly before this Time gained their Living, and kept many Apprentices, Servants, and good [Houses, 1] till now of late that by subtle Imagination, to the Destruction of the Labours and Sustenance of many Men, such [Hats,'] Bonnets, and Caps have been fulled and thicked in fulling Mills, and in the said Mills the said [Hats 1] (6) and Caps be broken and deceitfully wrought, and in no wise by the mean of any Mill may be [faithfully 3] made, to the great Damage of our Sovereign Lord the King and of all his Subjects, and the final undoing of such which be the Makers of such [Hats, 1] Bonnets, and Caps, unless the Grace of our Sovereign Lord the King should be to them shewed in this Behalf, and thereupon to provide Remedy: Our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Supplication of his said Commons in the said Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, hath ordained and provided, That no manner Person (7) after the Feast of Easter next coming, shall full or thick, or [do 1] to be fulled or thicked any [Hats,2] Bonnets, or Caps, double or single, in any fulling Mill, or by the mean of any fulling Mill, upon Pain to forfeit and to lose xls. as often as he shall do contrary to this Act. And also that no Person [Hat Maker, 9] Capper, or other whatsoever he be, after the said Feast of Easter, shall [set 10] or cause to be [set10] any [Hats,1] Bonnets, or Caps, Double or Single, to be fulled or thicked, [to"] any such Mill or by the mean of any such Mill, or [set "] to Sale any such [Hats, 3] Bonnets, or Caps, Double or Single, which after the said Feast shall be so made, fulled, or thicked, upon Pain to forfeit and lose the [Hats,'] Bonnets, and Caps so [set "] as afore is said to any such Mill to be fulled Articles. or thicked, or [otherwise set to be sold 13] contrary to this Act; and also to forfeit and lose xls. as often

Long-Bows shall not exceed 3 s. 4d.

Application

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Application of Penalties.

as any such Person shall [set '] to fulling or thicking or to Sale any such [Hats'] Bonnets, or Caps contrary to this Act; the one Half of the said Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties, and of every of them, (3) to our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other Half to him or them of the King's Subjects, which shall seise the same or sue for the same by Action of Debt, by Writ at the Common Law, or by Bill or Plaint after the Custom of the City or Town where any such Fines, Forfeitures, or Penalties shall happen (4) to fall or to be; and that the Defendant in any such Action be not admitted to wage or do his Law; nor that any Protection or Essoin in the King's Service shall be for any such Defendant allowed: this Act to endure from the said Feast of Easter till the End of Two Years then next following, and no longer.

VI. Swans in the Hands of Yeomen and Husbandmen;

men;

No one, but a Lord's Son, shall possess Marks or Games of Swans; unless he have Freehold Lands of the yearly Value of Five Marks.

Any Person so qualified may seize the Swans so forfeited.

VII. Woods felled within Forests require to be inclosed more than Three Years;

ITEM, Where as well our said Sovereign Lord the King, as other Lords, Knights, Esquires, and other noble Men of this noble Realm of England, have been heretofore greatly stored of Marks and Games of Swans in divers Parts of this Realm of England, until (5) of late that divers (6) Keepers of Swans have bought or made to them Marks and Games in the Fens and Marshes, and other Places and under Colour of the same; and of Surveying and Search for Swans and Cygnets for their Lords and Masters, have stolen (7) Cygnets, and put upon them their own Mark, by which unlawful Means the Substance of Swans be in the Hands and Possession of Yeomen and Husbandmen, and other [Persons of little Reputation 1: Wherefore it is ordained, established, and enacted by our said Sovereign Lord the King, with the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the special Petition and Request of the Commons, in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the said Parliament, That no Person, of what Estate, Degree, or Condition he be, other than [the Son of our Sovereign Lord the King,9] from the Feast of Saint Michael next coming, shall have or possess any such Mark or Game of his own, or any other to his Use shall have or possess any such Mark or Game, except he have Lands and Tenements of Estate of Freehold to the yearly Value of Five Marks above all yearly Charges. And moreover, That every Person or Persons now having any such Mark or Game, shall sell or give the same (10) betwixt this and the Feast of Saint Michael next coming, to the Use of them to whom they shall be (") sold or given; and if it happen any Person or Persons not having any Possession of Lands or Tenements to the said yearly Value, [or any other, to have or possess Lands to his or their Use,12] to have or possess any such Mark or Game after the said Feast, that then it shall be lawful to any of the King's Subjects, having Lands and Tenements to the said Value, to seise the said Swans as forfeit; whereof the King shall have one Half, and he that [shall seise 13] the other Half.

ITEM, Our said Lord the King, considering that divers Subjects having Wood growing on their own Ground within the Forest of Rokingham, and other Forests and Chases within his Realm of England, or Purlews of the same, which have [cut 147] their said Woods,

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mittera au fullure ou condensure ou au vende ascuns tielx hurez bonett? cappez contrarie a mesme lacte; lune moite de lez ditz finez forfaiturez & penaltiez & de chune de eux destre a nre dit sovaigne f' le Roy, & lautre moite destre a celluy ou ceux de lez subgietz de nre dit sovaigne f' le Roy q ou queux seisera ou seiserount lez mesmez, ou p'suerount pur lez mesmez p accion de dette ou p brief a la coie ley p bille ou plaint solonq, la custume de la Citee ou Ville lou il aviendra en ap's ascuns tielx fines forfaiturez ou penalteez a cheier ou estre; Et q le dit defendaunt en ascun tiel accion ne soit admise de gager ou fair sa ley, Ne q ascun pteccion ou essoin de svice nre t's sovaigne f' le Roy pur ascun tiel defendaunt soit allowe: cest act dendurer a la dit feste de Pasq, jesquez le fyn de deux ans adonqs pscheinz ensuantz & nient pluis longue.

Item pur ceo q si bien nre dit sovaigne f' le Roy, come aut's f's Chivalers Esquiers & autrez noblez homez de cest (1) Roialme Dengt, pcy dev'nt ount este graundement replenisshez dez markez et [Gaynez 1] dez [tignez 3] es divsez pties de cest Roialme Dengt, jesquez ore tarde q divsez Gardeinz dez [tignez 3] ount achatez ou faitz as eux markez & gamez en lez fennez & marishez & aut's lieux, desouth colour dicell & de la surveiance & serche pur lez [tignez & tignettez 4] pur lour [seign iez 5] & maisters ount embleez [tignettez 6] & misez sur eux lour ppre marke q p tielx disloialx moiens la substaunce dez [tignez 3] sont en lez mayns & possession dez vadlette & husbondmen & aut's psonez de nient; pur ceo il est ordeignez establiez & enactez p nre dit sovaigne f' le Roy, del assent de lez ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & a la especial instaunce & requeste de lez Cões en le dit plement assemblez & p auctorite de mesme le plement, q null psone de quele estate degree ou condicion il soit aut q fitz [E. nre es sovaigne f' le Roy] a la feste de Seint Michell pschein veignant, aiet ou possede ascune tiel marke ou [gayne 8] de son ppre, ou ascun aut a son oeps ait ou possede ascune tiel marke ou game [9] sinoun il aiet Prez & teñtz del estate de frank tenur al annuel value de v. marcs oustre toutz lez annuel chargez. Et oustre ceo q chun psone ou psonez eiant ore ou eiauntz ascune tiel marke ou game vende ou done le mesme de ceux, entre cy & la feste de Seint Michell pscheinement veignant al oeps diceux as queux ils ensi srount venduz ou donez. Et sil aveigne ascune psone ou psonez, nient eiaunt ascune possession de lez trez & tentz a le annuel value avantdit, davoir enjoier ou ascunement posseder, ou ascune autre al use ou al oeps diceux ou ascun de eux davoir ou posseder, ascun tiel marke ou game puis la dit feste q lors, [a 10] serra licette au ascun [de sez"] subgietz nre f' le Roy, eiantz Prez & tentz a la dit valuer, de seiser lez ditz cignette ou signez come forfait, dount le Roy ava lune moite & & celluy q cellez seisera lautre moite.

Item nre dit f' de Roy consideraunt q divsez subgietz eiauntz bois cressant en lour ppre soile deinz la Foreste de Rokyngham, & aut forestez chacez dedeinz son Roialme Dengt, ou purleuez dicels, q ount coupez, lour ditz bois, pur ceo q mesmez lez subgietz ne purront

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vi.

vij.

⁷ The several MSS. and Printed Copies agree in this erroneous Reading.

o An erroneous Repetition of the preceding Words from de son ppre, is here inserted in Lib. Scace.

viij.

av'nt cest temps copier nencloser lour dit soile pur saver le germe (1) ad este en temps passez & journelment est destruitez ovesq best? & chatels mesme la foreste chacez & purleuez, a graund damage sibien as lez ditz subgiette come de son Dere Vert & Veneson en lour covtur & autment, au Visemblable, destruccion mesmez lez forestez chacez & purleues, p assent dez ditz f's espuelx & temporelx & lez Coes en le dit plement assemblez & p auctorite dicell ordeigne enacte & establie, q si ascune de sez subgietz eiauntz boys de son ppre cressant en son ppre soile, deinz ascun Foreste chace purlieu del mesme dedeinz son Roialme Denglet, a le primer jour del dit plement face couper ou cause estre coupez mesme le bois ou parte dicell, p la licence du Roy ou de sez heirez en sez forestez chacez ou purlieuz ou saunz licence en la Foreste chase ou purlieu dautre psone, ou face (1) vend de mesme le bois, soit il [recette 3] as mesmez lez subgietz, possessours mesme le soile sur quoy le bois ensi coupes crust, & as auts tielx psonez come mesme le bois aviendra estre venduz, immediat puis le bois ensi coupez a copier & encloiser mesme le soile ovesq sufficeantz [heirs *] ablez de excluder toutz mans bestez & chatels hors mesme le soile pur le salvacion de lour germe, & mesmez lez heiez ensi faitz lez ditz subgietz puissent garder eux continuelment p lespace de sept ans pscheins aps mesme lenclosure, & repairer & susteiner si sovent come busoignera dedeinz mesmez lez sept ans, saunz suer dascune au? licence de luy ou sez heirs ou aut's psonez ou ascuns de lour Officers mesmez lez forestez chacez ou purlieus.

Item nre dit sovaigne f' le Roy pur la suertie de sa ville de Berwyk & lez marchez dicell & davoir mesme la vitt destre enhabite ove graund noumbre de son [Roial 5] foial liege poeple, quele voudroit la habunder & encrecer p repaire de lez marchauntz & march undisez & exersise [ad mesme 6] del assent dez f's espuelx & temporelx & lez Coes en le dit plement assemblez & p auctorite de mesme le plement ordeigne establie & enacte, (7) a la feste de la Nativite de Seint John Baptist pschein veignaunt toutz lez march untz q amesnent & apportent ascun marchaundise hors de Scotland ou lles del mesme, en cest Roialme Dengt ou en Irland ou Galez, primment amesnera mesme le marchaundise a la dit Vitt de Berwik ; Et q null de lez liegez du Roy, nascune au? psone desouth lobeisaunce du Roy, achate ascune marchaundise amesnez hors Descoce & le mesme amesne ou cause destre [amesnuse 8] en cest Roialme Dengt ou ascun autre lieu desouth lobeisaunce du Roy, einz q mesme le marchundise soit achatuz venduz & custums a son dit Ville de Berwyk, forspris a la Citee de Karloil & lez Portez & Crikez pteign'ntz a le Westmarche. Et q null marchaunt deinzein nest unge desouth lobeisaunce du Roy carie ou convoie a vender ascune maner merchaundise, esteaunt dedeinz Englet Irland ou Galez, en Escoise ou Iles diceff queux ne sount pas desouth lobeisaunce le Roy;

de lour bois ensy coupes pluis longue que pur Printed troys ans mesme le germe ascun

young Spring of their Wood so cut, any longer Time than for Three Years, the same young Spring hath been in Times past, and daily is, destroyed with Beasts and Cattle of the same Forest, Chases, and Purlews, to the great Hindrance, as well of his said Subjects, as of his [Deer, Vert, and Venison 1] in their Covert and otherwise [likely to be the 3] Destruction of the same Forests, Chases, and Purlews; by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons, in the said Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, doth ordain establish and enact, That if any of his Subjects, having Wood of his own growing on his own Ground, within any Forest, Chase, or Purlew of the same, within his Realm of England, from the First Day of this Parliament, [shall cut,*] or cause to be [cut 5] the same Wood, or Part thereof, by Licence of the King, or of his Heirs, in his Forests Chases or Purlews, or without Licence in the Forest Chase or Purlew of any other Person, or make any Sale of the same Wood; it shall be lawful to the same Subjects, Owners of the same Ground whereupon the Wood so [cut 5] did grow, and to other such Persons to whom such Wood shall happen to be sold, immediately after the Wood so [cut,3] to [cope1] and inclose the same Ground with sufficient Hedges, able to keep out all Manner of Beasts and Cattle forth of the same Ground, for the preserving of their young Spring; and the same Hedges so made, the said Subjects may keep them continually by the Space of Seven Years next after the same inclosing, and repair and sustain the same as often as shall need within the same Seven Years, without suing of any other Licence of him, or of his Heirs, or other Persons, or any of their Officers

because the same Subjects might not before this time

[cut'] nor inclose their said Ground, to save the

ITEM, Our said Sovereign Lord the King, for the Surety of his Town of Berwick, and the Marches of the same, and to have the same Town to be inhabited with great Number of his faithful liege People, which would there abound and increase by the Repair of Merchants and Merchandise, and exercise of the same, hath by the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same Parliament, ordained enacted and established, That from the Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist next coming, all Merchants which shall carry or bring any Merchandise out of Scotland, or the Isles of the same, into this Realm of England, or into Ireland, or Wales, shall first bring the same Merchandise to the said Town of Berwick; and that none of the King's liege People, nor any other Person under the King's obeysance, shall buy any Merchandise brought out of Scotland, and [carry the same, or cause to be carried of into this Realm of England, or any other Place under the King's Obeysance, [but that 7] the same Merchandise be bought, sold, and customed at his said Town of Berwick; except to the City of Carlisle, and the Ports or Creeks pertaining to the West Marches. And that no manner Merchant, Denizen nor Stranger, under the King's Obeysance, shall carry or convey to sell any manner Merchandise [of *] England, Ireland, or Wales, into Scotland, or the Isles of the same, which be not under the King's Obeysance;

of the same Forests Chases, and Purlews.

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Woods felled in any Forest or Purlieu may be inclosed and kept several Seven Years.

VIII. For Benefit

of Berwick,

Conferention of all the Liberties, Sc of Herwick.

Merchandises brought out of Scotland or the Isles, shall be first brought to Berwick;

Saving for the Beliap of Durbaca

or to Carlisle.

English Merchandises shall not be carried into Scotland;

licette omitted.

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Et q null desouth la ligeaunce ou obeisaunce du Roy

vende ascune maner march undise Denglet Irland

ou Galez [en'] ascuns dez enhabitauntz Descoce ou

Ilez del mesme, [au 2] ascune lieu dedeinz Englet

Irland ou Galez savent tauntsoulement a la dit vitt de

Berwik & Carloill av ntdit. Et q null marchaundise

soit eskippe ne deskippe en ascune Creke naut lieu entre Tynmouth & la dit Vitt de Berwik, mez soule-

ment en le Port ou hable de la dit vitt de Berwyk

[mez soulement en le Port 3]. Et q null maner pson

ou psonez forspris lez Burgeisez & homez enfraun-

chiesez de la dit Vitt de Berwik face ne facent ascun

[Salmon 1] a vendr, dez ascuns Salmons q serrount

prisez en le eawe de Twede. Et q si ascune psone ou

psonez offende ou offendent ou face ou facent ovesque

ascune mane march undise av ntdit contrarie au ascuns

de lez ditz ordeignancez, mesme la psone ou psonez forface & forfacent tout mesme le mchaundise.

Et qil soit licette au ascuns dez liegez du Roy de seiser

tout tiel march undise ensi forfaite ou autment de pur-

suer en son ppre name un accion de dette encountre

mesme la psone ou psonez q ensi forfacera ou forface-

rount, conteign'nt la some del value dez ditz biens, &

en mesme laccion davoir [semblera 5] pcesse jugement

& execucion come [en auts est 6] accions de dette use p la cours dez laiez du Roy; Et q en null dez

mesmez le suitez & accions ascun pteccion ou essoine

de svice le Roy [la 7] soient allowez Ne ascune de-

fendaunt admise de fair sa ley; Et nre f' le Roy davoir sibien lune moite de tout tiel marchaundise

forfaitez & seisez, come lune moite dez toutz tielx

somez de monoie q sra recovez p accion en la suis-

dit fourme a p'suir pur le value dascuns tielx biens

ensi forfaitz, & la psone ou psonez q seisera ou pur-

suera seiserount ou pursuerount en la fo'me desuisdit

davoir lautre moite dicell. Et p la dit auctorite il est

ordeigne & enacte, q lez marchauntz & homez en-

fraunchisez du dit ville puissent del grace nre f' le Roy

[ava a 8] ferme toutz eawez roialx & lieux dez pes-

cheriez dedeinz la dit Ville de Berwik & seignurie del

mesme, paiauntz pur ycell taunt quunt ascune autre

psone voiet fair; & q mesmez lez marchauntz & homez

enfraunchisez & chune de eux puissent decy en avant

avoir occupier & enjoier a ceux lour heir? & successours pur toutz jours (9) liberteez fraunchisez & custumez

quels en ascune temps devent regardoient a la dit Ville.

Et q ils puissent (10) toutz mans biens & marchaun-

disez illeosquez & lez carier a quel lieu Port ou

Portz ils voillent & la discharger lez mesmez & re-

charger ove bleez ou ascun aut vitaill ou marchaun-

dise, & lez mesmez damesner a la dit Ville de Berwik

pur vitelment dicell: Purveu toutz foitz q cest acte ne

null auter acte en le dit plement fait ou affair nex-

tende pas ne en ascun maner soit Pjudiciall a William

Evesq, de Duresme ne a sez successours en ou pur

English Goods shall not be sold to the Scots except at or Carlisle,

Port of Berwick.

Salted Salmon.

Penalty.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

Merchants and Freemen of Berwick shall have to ferm the Royal, and Fishings

Confirmation of all the Liberties,&c. of Berwick.

Saving for the Bishop of Durham. And that none under the King's Ligeance or Obeysance, sell any manner Merchandise of England, Ireland, or Wales, to any of the Inhabitants of Scotland, or the Isles of the same, in any Place within England, Ireland, or Wales, saving only at the said Town of Berwick and Carlisle aforesaid. And that no Merchandise shall be shipped (1) in any Creek or other Place betwixt Tinmouth and the said Town of Berwick, but only in the Port and Haven of the said Town of Berwick; and that no Person or Persons, saving the Burgesses and [Freemen 2] of the said Town of Berwick, [shall cause any Salmon to be sold, which 3] shall be taken in the Water of Tweed. And if any Person or Persons offend, or do with any Merchandise aforesaid, contrary to any of the said Ordinances, the same Person or Persons shall forfeit all the said Merchandise; and that it shall be lawful to any of the King's liege Subjects to seise all such Merchandise so forfeit, or else to sue in his own Name an Action of Debt against the same Person or Persons which so shall forfeit, containing the Sum of the Value of the said Goods; and in the same Action to have like Process, Judgement, and Execution, as is used in other Actions of Debt by the Course of the King's Laws; and that in none of the same Suits and Actions any Protection or Essoin of the King's Service be allowed, nor any Defendant admitted to do his Law; and our Lord the King to have as well the one Half of all such Merchandise forfeited and seised, as the one Half of all such Sums of Money which shall be recovered by Action in the Form aforesaid, [to pursue 1] for the Value of any such Goods so forfeited; and the Person or Persons which shall seise or sue in the Form aforesaid, to have the other Half of the same. And by the said Authority It is ordained and enacted, That the Merchants [and Freemen 5] of the said Town, may of the Grace of our said Lord the King, have to ferm all the Waters Royal and Fishing Places within the said Town of Berwick and [Seigniory 6] of the same, paying for the same as much as any other Person will do; and that the same Merchants and [Freemen 7] and every, of them may from henceforth have, occupy, and enjoy to them, their Heirs and Successors for ever, all Liberties, Franchises, and Customs, which at any Time before pertained to the said Town; and that they may ship all manner Goods and Merchandises there, and carry them to what Place or Places, Port or Ports that they will, and there discharge [and the same Recharge 8] with Corn or any other Victual or Merchandises, and bring the same to the said Town of Berwick for victualling thereof. Provided always, That this Act, nor any other Act made or to be made in the said Parliament, do not extend nor be (9) prejudicial to William Bishop of Durham, nor to his Successors, in or for any manner Thing pertaining or in any wise belonging to him.

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1 ne unshipped
                       e enfraunchesed men
3 make eny salte salmon to sell of eny Salmons,
                       or fraunchessed men
     4 to be sued
                                                Rot. Parl.
6 Lordshippe
                       7 fraunchesed men
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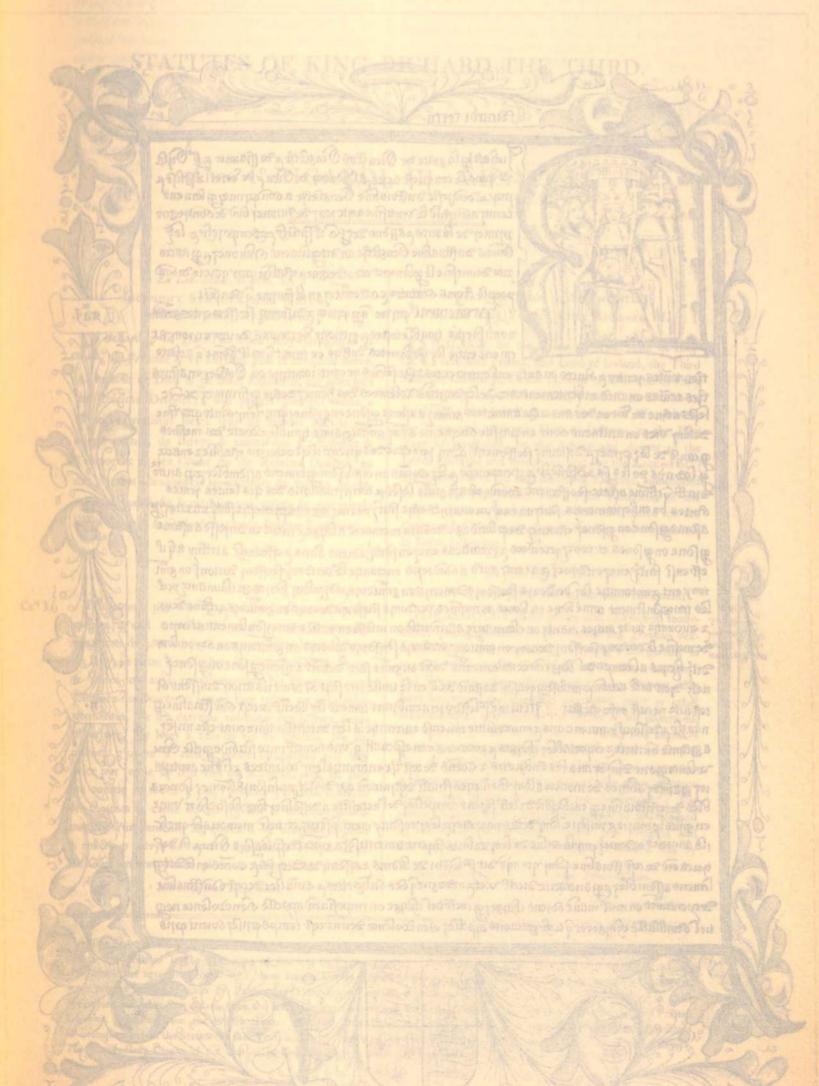
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End of the Statutes of King Edward the Fourth.

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Commencement of the Cutry of Statute 1. Richard III. in the Exchequer Book Mat Westminster.

the bottom of the preceding page } Amapiunt statuta apud Bestin eduta anno primo &



STATUTES OF KING RICHARD THE THIRD.

Anno 1° RICARDI, III. A.D.1483-4.*

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm. XI. INCIPIUNT STATUTA apud WESTM' edita anno primo Ricardi tercii.

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door hedfour danour or graneds an & encounted

is lour being exclained years estimated and

swidt www. go chonop strongs.

R lichard p la grace de Dieu Roy Denglerre & de Fraunce & f' Dirland puis le conquest tierce, Al honour de Dieu & de Seint Esglise & pur coen pfit du Roialme Denglet, a son primer plement tenuz a Westîn le vintisme tierce jour de Janvier lan de son reigne primer, de ladvys & assent dez f's Espuelz & Temporelx & lez Coens du dit Roialme Denglet au dit plement sumonez & p auctorite de mesme le plement ad ordeigne & establie pur quiete de son poeple cteins Statutes & Orden ncez en la fourme q sensuet.

He a descriver four housely & vivie

Cam I.

Primement pur ceo q p privez & disconuz feoffementes g'und nounsuertie trouble costes & grevouz vexacions de jour en jour accruont entre lez subgiettes du Roy, en taunt q null home q achate tres tentes rentes & Prices ou auts enheritementes, Ne femes qe ount jointture ou Dower en ascuns tres tentes ou auts enheritementes, Ne lez darreins volentees dez homez destre pfourmez, Ne leses a Pme de vie ou des ans, Ne annuiteez g'untez a ascune psone ou psonez pur leur svice pur terme de leur vies ou autment, sont en parfite suertie ne saunz g'und [graund '] trouble & doute des mesmes p cause de lez privez & disconuz feoffementz; Pur remedie des queux il est ordeigne establie & enacte p ladvys de les f's Espuelx & Temporelx & lez Cões en cest psent plement assemblez & p aucto"

'An erroneous Repetition,

STATUTES made at WESTMINSTER, In the First Year of KING RICHARD III.

full age of hoole mynde at large and not in threese, to

gramm's und eviete of theyin, and event all other

R ICHARD, by the Grace of God, King of England and France, and Lord of Ireland, the Third after the Conquest, To the Honour of God and of Holy Church, and for the common Weal of his Realm of England, at his first Parliament holden at Westminster the Three-and twentieth Day of January, in the First Year of his Reign, by the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and [at the Request of '] the Commons of the said Realm of England, summoned to the said Parliament, and by the Authority of the same Parliament, hath ordained and established for the Quietness of his People, certain Statutes and Ordinances in Form following.

Ex Rot. Parl. 1 Ric. III.

AN ACT agaynst pryvy and unknowen Feoffement?.

Rot. Parl.

venience of

FOR ASMOCHE as by privey and unknowen feoffe- The Inconmente greate unsuertic trouble costes and grevous vexacions dailly growen among the King's Subgiettis, in mentatoUses. somoche that no man that bieth eny landes tent? rent? and svices or other inheritaments, nor Women that have Joyntoure or Dower in any lande, tente or other inheritamente, nor mennys last Willes to be pfourmed, nor leses (1) the of lyff or of yeres, nor annuites g"unted to eny psonne or psones for their svice (') tme of their life or otherwise, be in pfite suerte nor without greate trouble and dowte of the same by cause of the seid privey and unknowen feoffaments: For remedy wherof, be it ordeigned establisshed and enacted by the advyse of the lordes spualx and tempelx and the Comens in this psent pliament assembled and by

Not in Original. of for Printed Copies.

* The Statute of this Year, in French, was printed, by Maclinia or Caxton, soon after the End of the Session of Parliament; and is also included in the Collection of Statutes by Pynson (1497.) The Text now given from Lib. XI. in the Exchequer at Westminster agrees in general with those Printed Copies. Some of the Acts, as inrolled on the Parliament Roll of this Year, were printed in the Edition by Pulton (1618) and some others in subsequent Printed Collections. These differ, in their Preambles and other Particulars, from the correspondent Chapters of the English Text of the Statute as given in the Old Printed Editions, translated from the French Text. MS. Pet ; MS. Hatt. 10.; MS. Cott. Nero C. I, and other Manuscript Collections of Statutes contain the Statute of this Year in French, agreeing very nearly with the French Text in the Oldest Printed Copies. The Introductory Clause of the Statute in English is given from the Old Printed Translations.

VOL. II.

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All Estates, Feoffments, &c. shall be good against the Sellers, Feoffors, &c. their Heirs, and Persons having or claiming Title to their Use. auctorite of the same, that evy astate feoffement yest relesse gaunte lesis and confirmacions of landys tent? Rente svices or inheritamente made or had, or hereafter to be made or had, by eny psone or psones beyng of full age of hoole mynde at large and not in duresse, to eny psone or psones, and all recouvees and execucions had or made, to be good and effectuell to hym bat it is so made had or yevyn unto, and to all other to his Use, ayenst the Seller feoffor yevor or gaunto therof, and ayenst the Sellers feffours yevours or guntours and his or their heires, claymyng the same onely as heyre or heires to the same Sellers feffours yevours or g'unto's and evyche of theym, and ayenst all other havyng or claymyng eny title or invesse in the same oonly to the use of the same Seller Feoffour yevour or g'untour, Sellers feoffours yevours or g'untours, or his or their seide heires at the tyme of the bargeyn sale coven nt yeft or graunte made; Savyng to evy psone or psones suche right title accion and in esse by reason of any yest in the taill therof made, as they shuld have had if this Acte had not be made.

The Estate of Tenant in Tail saved.

The Evils of a new Impo-sition, called a Benevolence.

II. Rot. Parl.

nu. 18.

AN ACT to free the Subject? from Benevolenc?.

THE King remembryng howe the Comens of this his Roialme by newe and unlawfull Invencions and inordinate Covetise, ageynst the lawe of this roialme, have be put to gret thraldome and importable charges and exaccons, and in especiall by a newe imposicion named a benevolence, wherby dyvse yeres the Subgettes and Comens of this lande agaynst their Willes & fredome have paid greate Somes of Money to their almost utter destruccion; For divse and mony worshipfull men of this roialme by occasion therof were compelled by necessite to breke up their houshold? and to lyff in greate penurie and wrechenesse their dette unpaied and their childeryn unpferred, and suche memorialle as they had ordeigned to be done for the welth of their soules were anentised and anulled, to the greate displeasure of God and to the destruccion of this roialme: Therfore the King woll it be ordeigned, by the advyse and assent of his lord? spuelx & tempelx and the Comens of this psent parliament assembled, and by the auctorite of the same, that his subgiette and the Comynalte of this his Roialme fromhensfurth in nowise be charged by none suche Charge [exaccion'] or imposicion called benevolence, nor by suche lyke charge; And that suche exaccions called benevolences, afore this tyme takyn be take for no example to make suche or any lyke charge of any his seid subgiett? of this Roialme hereafter, but it be dampned and anulled for ever.

The Subjects of this Realm shall not in future be charged with Benevolences, or the like.

111. Rot. Parl. nu. 21.

An AcT for baylyng of psons suspected of Felony.

On Arrests for Suspicion of Felony, every Justice of Peace shall have Power to bail.

FORASMOCHE as dyvs psones ben daily arested and imprisoned for suspecion of felonie, sumtyme of malice and sumtyme of light suspecion, and so kept in prison without baill or maynepris to their greate vexacion and trouble, it be ordeigned and stablisshed by auctorite of this psent pliament, that evy Justice of be peas in evy Shire Citee or Towne, have auctorite

1 Omitted in the French Text and Old Translations.

dicell q chune astate feoffement doon release gount leses & confirmacions des Pres tentes rentes vices ou enheritamentes faitz ou euez ou enapres estre faitz ou euez [ou en apres estre faitz ou euez '] p ascune psone ou psonez, esteantz de plein age de sain memorie a large & nient en duresse, a ascune psone ou psonez, et toutz recovees & execucions euez ou faitz soient bons & effectuelx a celluy a q il est ensi faitz euez ou donez & a toutz auts a son oeps, encountre le vendour feoffour donour ou g'untour ent & encountre lez vendours feoffours donours ou gauntours & sez & lour heires enclaimantz ycelles tanqsoulement come heire ou heires as mesmes vendours feoffours donours ou g'untours & chune deux, & encountre toutz autrez aiantz ou claimantz ascun title ou intesse en ycelles tanq soulement al oeps de mesme le vendour feoffour donour ou g'untour vendours feoffours donours ou g'untours ou sez ou lour ditz heires al temps del bargein vend coven'nt doon ou g'unt fait : Sav'nt a chune psone ou psonez tielx droit title accion & intesse p reason dascun doon en le taille ent fait si come ils avoir duissent si cest acte ne eust mye este fait.

Item nre f' le Roy remembrant coment lez Coens de cest son Roialme p novelx & desloialx invencions & enordinate covetise, encountre la ley de cest Roialme ount este misez a graund svitute & enportablez charges & exaccions, & en especiall p une novell imposicion appelle Benevolence, pont divsez ans lez subgiettes & Coens de cest Pre encountre leur volentees & libite ount paiez graundz somez de moneie a lour bien pres finall destruccion, qar divsez & plusours homez honorables de cest Roialme p encheson dicell furent compellez del necessite a dessolver lour hostielx & vivre en g'und penurie & miserie, lour dettes nonpaiez & leur enfantz nient pferrez et tielx memorialx quelx ils avoient ordeinez pur la salue de lour aulmes furent anientisez, a g'und despleasure Dieu & la destruccion de cest Roialme; Pur qoi nre dit f' le Roi de ladvys & assent des ditz f's (1) & Coens en le dit plement assemblez & p auctorite dicell voet & ordeigne q ses subgiettes & Colaltee de cest son Roialme de cy enavant en null mane soient chargez p null tiel charge ou imposicion appelle Benevolence, ne p tiel semblable chargee, & q tielx exaccions appellez Benevolence dev'nt cest temps prisez soient pris pur null example de faire tiel ou ascune semblable charge dascuns sez ditz subgiettes de cest Roialme enapres, mes soit il dampne & adnulle pur toutz jours.

Item pur ceo q divsez psonez de jour en autre sont arestuz & emprisonez pur suspecion de felonie, ascun foitz de malice & ascun foitz de legier suspecion, et ensi gardez en prison saunz baille ou mainprice a leur graund vexacion & trouble, Il est ordeigne & establie p aucto" de cest p'sent plement, q chune Justice del peas en chune Countee Citee ou Ville aiet aucto'

An erroneous Repetition.

2 espuels & tempels MS. Pet.

iij.



& poiar p sa ou leur discrecion de lesser tielx prisoners & psones ensi arestuz en baille ou mainprice en semblable forme si come mesmes lez prisoners & psones ent furent enditez de recorde dev*nt mesmes les Justices en lour Session; Et q Justices de peas aient auctorite denquerrer en leur Sessions de toutz mans eschapez de chune psone arestuz & enprisonez pur felonie; & q null Viscount ne Eschetour Baillif de Fraunchise ne ascune autre psone preigne ou sease lez biens dascune psone arestuz (') devant q mesme la psone ensi arestuz & enprisonez soit convict ou atteint dautiel felonie accordount a la leie, ou autrement mesmes les biens autre maner lealment forfaitz, sur peine de forfeire le double value de les biens ensi prisez a celluy q est issint endamagez en cell partie p accion de dette en cell partie destre pursue p semblable pcesse Jugement & execucion come est usuelment usee en autres accions de dette pursuez al coen leye; et q null essoin ou pteccion soit allouez en ascun tiel accion, Ne q le defendaunt en ascune tiel accion soit admis de gager ou feere sa leye.

Item pur ceo q divs g'undez enconviencez & pjuries de jour en autre aveignent en divsez Countees Dengletre p faulx vdites donez es enquisicions & enquerrez devant Viscountes en lour Tournes p psones de null substance ne de avoir nient creignianz Dieu ne reproeve du mound, p encheson de qoi divsez & plusours lieges du Roy des divsez pties Denglet p excitement & peurement de leur malvaiz aymers sont enjuriousment enditez, & autres q de droit dusent estre enditez p tielx excitement & pcurement moltfoitz sont esparez, cont'rie al coen droit & boon conscience; En eschuer de qoi Il est ordeignez p nre dit f' le Roy de ladvys des ditz f's & Coens en le dit parlement assemblez & p auctorite del mesme, q null Baillif ne autre Officer decy enav*nt reto'ne ou enpanelle ascune tiel psone en ascune Countie Dengletre destre prise ou mys en ou sur ascune tiel enquerre en ascun de les ditz Tournes mez tielx quelx sont de bon noune & fame & aiantz Pres & tentes de fraunk tenure deinz mesmes lez Countees al annuel value de xx s. au meyns ou autrement tres & tentes tenuz p Custume de maner vulgarment appellez Copihold deinz les ditz Countees al annuell value de xxvj s. viij d. oustre toutz charges au meyns. Et si ascun Baillif ou autre Officer deinz lez ditz Countees en apres retourne ou enpanelle ascune psone contrarie a icest, celluy pdera pur chune psone qil ensy enpanellet ou retournet nient esteant de la sufficiente come est aventdit a tauntz de foitz come il ensi offende xl s. et le dit Viscount autres xl s. lune moite ent al Roy nre Sovaigne f' laut' moite ent a tielx quelx suer voilent en cell partie, et q chune home qi suer voet pur le mesme aiet leur sevalx accions de dette ent al coen ley si bien encountre le dit Viscount come le dit Baillif et q tiel & semble pcesse soit euez & usez en chune de mesmes les accions come est eue & use es autres accions al coen ley et q null pteccion ne essoin soit alloue en le mesme; Et q chune tiel enditement dev'nt ascun Viscount en son Tourne autrement pris soit voide & de null effect; Cest acte de prendre effect a le primer jour du dit psent parlement & nient devant.

ou enpisonez MS. Pet.

and power by his or their discrecion to lete suche prisoners and psones so arested in baill or maynpryse, in like fourme as though the same prisoners or psones were indited therof of record afore the same Justicez in their Cession; And that Justice of peas have auctorite to enquere in their Cessions of all maner eschapes of evy psone arested and imprisoned for felonye; and that no Shireff nor Eschetour Baillif of Franchise nor eny other psone take or sease the goodes of eny psone arested [for suspecion of felonie'] afore that be same psone so arested and imprisoned be convycte or atteint of suche felonye accordyng to the Lawe, or ellys the same goodes otherwise lawfully forfeited, uppon peyne to forfeit the dowbull Value of the goodes so takyn, to hym that is so hurt in that behalf, by accion of Dette in that partie to be sued by like pcesse Jugement and execucion as is usuelly used in other accions of Dette sued at the Comen lawe; and that non esson or pteccion be allowed in any suche accion, nor that the Defendaunt in eny suche accion be admitted to wage or doo his lawe.

AN ACT for retornynge of sufficient Jurors.

FOR ASMOCHE as divse greate inconvenienceez and pjuries daily happen in divse Shires of England, by untrue verditeez yevyn in Inquisicions and enquerrez afore Shireffz in their To'nez by psones of noo substaunce ne havur not dredyng God nor worldez shame, by reason wherof divse and mony of the Kynge liege of divse parties of Englond, by excitacion and pcuryng of their evill Willers be wrongfully endited, and other that aught of right to be endited by suche excitation and pcuring ofte tymes be spared, cont"ry to the comyn right and to good consciens; in eschewyng wherof be it ordeigned by the Kyng oure Sovaigne Lorde, by thadvyce of the Lordes spuelx and tempelx and comens of this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that no Balieff nor other officer fromhensforth retorn or enpanell eny suche psone in any Shire of Englond to be takyn (1) in or uppon any suche Inquere in any of the seid To'nez but suche as be of good name and fame, and havinge londez and tente of frehold withyn the same Shirez to the yerely value of xx s. at the leste, or ellys londes and tent? holdyn by Custume of manere comynly called Copy holde withyn the seid Shirez to the yerely value of xxvj s. viij d. over all charges at the leste. And if any Bailly or other offic within the seid Counteez hereaft retourne or enpanell eny psone cont'ry herunto, he to lese for evy psone that he so empanelith or retourned not beyng of the sufficiente as is aforeseid as ofte as he so offendeth xls. and the seid Shireffe other xls. the oon halff therof to the Kyng oure Sovaigne Lorde, the other halff therof to suche as will sue in that behalf; and that evy man that will sue for the same have their sevals accions of dette therof at the comyn lawe as well avenst the seid Shireff as the seid Bailly, and that suche and like poesse be hadde and used in evy of the same accion or accions as be had and used in other accions of dette at the Comen lawe, and that no preccion ne esson be alowed in the same; And that evy suche in- Indictment: ditement afore any Shireff in his To'ne otherwise takyn be voide and of noon effecte. This Acte to take effecte fro be void. the first day of this psent parliament and not afore.

or imprisoned Old Printed Translations.

Justices in Seffions may inquire of Escapes of Persons im-prisoned for Felony. The Goods of Persons imprisoned for Felony shall not be seized before Conviction.

Penalty, Double Value thereof.

> Rot. Parl. nu. 22.

Qualification of Jurors

Penalty on

V. Rot. Parl. nu. 23.

Lands whereof the King is enfeoffed, jointly with others, to Uses, shall vest in his Co-feoffees; An Act touching Feofim' made to the Kynge to the use of others.

THE King callyng to his blessed remembraunce the greate hurte trouble and charge that might ensue to his liege people by reason of divs feoffement? and states made to hym and to other psones jointly afore he was Kyng, of londes tent? and other hereditament? to the use and behooff of other psones & not to his use, and for to avoide suche hurtes trouble and charges that myght come to thoo psones to whose use suche feoffement? and estates was made, of his blessed disposicion & mere mocion woll by thadvise of his Lordes Spuelx and Tempelx and the Coens in this Psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that it be ordeyned establisshed and enacte, that suche possession right title and intesse as is or appreyneth to hym, of or in any londes tente or other hereditamente, by reason of any suche feoffement or state made to hym and to other joyntly, to the use and behouff of any other psone or psones and not to his use, veste & be by the said auctorite holy in the other psone or psones with hym so enfeoffed or [had 1] joint estate, to the same use and effecte for which they were so enfeoffed or hadde estate, in like wise as [thought'] he had never be enfeoffed nor hadd estate with the same other psone or psones. And over this be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that suche possession right title and intesse of and in any londes and tente or other hereditament? wherof the King is sole seiased by reason of any feoffement or estate made afore he was King, to the use of any other psone or psones, veste and be in suche psone or psones and their heires to whose use he is so therof seased; savyng to evy other psone or psones their right title and in esse in the same.

Lands, whereof he is solely seised to Uses, shall vest in the Cestui que Use.

An Act for tryall of matters in Courte of Pypowder held in fayres.

To the Kyng our Sovain Lord.

Recital of Petition, Rot. Parl. 17 Ed. IV. nu. 28.

VI. Rat. Parl.

nu. 24.

[PRAEN the Comens in this psent pliament assembled, That wher in a statute made in the xvij yere of the reign of King Edward the iiijth hit was ordeigned amonge other, that Where divs feires ben holden and kept in divs placis within this Realme, some by pscripcion alowed afore Justicez in Eire, and some by the gounte of your noble pgenitours & p'decessours, and to evy of the same Feyres is of right pteynyng a Court of Pepowders to mynystre therin due Justice in that partie, in whiche Court it hath ev be accustumed that evy pson comyng to suche feires shulde have lawefull remedy, of all maner contractes trespas covenantes dettes and other dedis (4) made or doon within any of the same feires duryng the tyme of the same feires, within the Jurisdiccion of the same, and to be tried by nichauntes beyng at the same feires, which Courtes in thies daies byn mysused by Stuardes (5) Bailliefs Comissaries and other mynystres holdyng and rulynge the seide Courtes of the seid feires, for their singler pfit holdyng plee by pleyntes, aswell (6) contractes dettes trespas and other dedes done and made out of the tyme of the seid feires or feire and

1 having Old Printed Translations.

erroneously for though -Old Printed Translations read if.

See Note to the French Text.

of otherwyse Under Stewardes Ret. Parl.

Item nre dit f' le Roy appellant a sa benoit remembrance les g'undz damage trouble & charge queux puissent ensuer a son liege poeple p reason des divsez feoffementes & statez faitez a luy & as autres psones joinctement pdevant q celuy fuist Roi, des Pres tentes & autres hereditamentes al oeps & behouf dautres psones & nient a son oeps, et pur eviter tielx damages trouble & chargez quelx purroient venir a les psones al use des queux autielx feoffementes & estates furent faitez, de sa benoit disposicion & mere mocion, p auctorite de son dit plement voet ordeigne & establist q tiel possession droit title & in esse come est ou apperteigne a luy de ou en ascuns Pres tentes ou auts hereditamentes p reson dascun tiel feoffement ou state faite a luy & as autres jointtement, al use & behouf dascune autre psone ou psones & nient a son use, vest & soit p la dit auctorite entierment en lautre psone ou psones ovesq luy ensy enfeoffez, ou aiantz joinct astate a mesme le use & effecte pur quelx ils furent ensi enfeoffez ou avoient astate, en semble mane si come il navoit jammes este enfeoffez ne navoit astate ovesq mesme lautre psone ou psonez. Et outre ceo il est ordeine p la dit auctorite q tiel possession droit title & intesse de & en ascuns tres & tentes ou autres hereditamentes dez quelx le Roy est tantsoulement seasez p reason dascun feoffement ou estate fait avant qil fuist Roy, al use dascun autre psone ou psones vest & soit en tiel psone ou psones & lour heires al use dez queux il est ensi ent seisez; Savant a chune autre psone ou psones leur droit title & intesse en les mesmes,

[Item nre dit f' le Roy p un peticion a luy fait p lez Coens en son dit parlement assemblez ad entenduz q come en le statute fait en le dise septisme an du reigne du Roy Edward le quart entre autres estoit ordeigne & establie ']

Instead of this short Preamble, the Act, as inrolled on the Parliament Roll, commences with a Recital, not entirely exact, of the Preamble to the Petition in Rot. Parl. 17 Edw. IV. nu. 28. whereon the Act 17 Edw. IV. c. 2. was framed. The enacting Part of the Act is also recited from the same Parliament Roll of 17 Edw. IV; the Statute Roll of that Year being probably lost or missing, in the Time of Richard III. See the Statute 17 Edw. IV. and the Notes there. The Old Printed Translations read, nearly in conformity with the French Text, as follows:

"Item, Our Sovereign Lord the King by a Petition made to him by the Commons of this Realm of England, in his said Parliament assembled, hath conceived and understand, that Whereas in a Statute made in the xvij. Year of the Reign of the noble King Edward the Fourth, amongst other things it was ordained, established, and enacted," il briefs de gelumacion troient fait en tout, bon hist e la d'arden pes touchant feires come est avi-enaurerolt jesqes al pechein plement : quelle on m viue a force, a ley descre executorie a le feate le leur heires puissent web 100 deverse entil Court le 1Roys destantement dumines similare overent & selemptimize lieutry of the please on to or come en marine de mature pluis pleimenten appinh

q a la primer jour de May adonqes pschein ven'nt null Seneschall South Seneschall Baillif ne Comissarie ne autre ministre dascuns Courtes des Peepoudrez apperteign*ntz as feires teigne plee sur ascun accion al sute dascune psone ou psones, sinon le pleintif ou pleintifs ou son ou lour Atto'neys en psence del defend unt ou defend untes, si il ou ils ou lour Attournees ceo desiront, facent sement sur le Seintz Evangelies sur la declaracion q le contract Pspasse ou autre feet comprise en mesme le declaracion fuist fait ou comis deinz le feire temps del dit feire lou il preigne sa accion, & dedeinz les boundes & Jurisdiccion de mesme la feire, & mesq le dit pleintif ou pleintifs p leur sment afferme le mesme, q le dit defendeunt ou defendeuntz ne soit ou soient pent conclusez mez q ceux poient respoundre & pleder al accion ou en abatement de les pleintes & de tendre issue, q mesme le contracte trespas ou autre feete comprise en tiel declaracion sur quele le pleintif ou pleyntifs declare ou declarent ne estoit pas faitz ne comis dedeinz le temps del dit feire & Jurisdiccion del dit feire mes hors del temps de la dit feire ou (') autres lieux hors de la jurisdiccion de mesme la feire solonq, la vitee en cell ptie; et sil soit ensi triez ou q le pleintif ou pleintifs ou lour attourneye refusee ou refusent destre jurez en la fourme avantdit, q donqes le defendeunt ou defendeuntz soit ou soient quitez dimissez & deschargez en celle partie hors de celle Court, le partie pleintif de Pndre son aventage al coen ley, ou autre lieu convenient come luy semble boon cest orden'nce nient contristeant; et q chun Seneschall South Seneschall Baillif Comissarie ou autre Ministre tenant ou govnant ascuns de les ditz Courtes qi face le contrarie de cest orden'nce forfacera pur chune defaute en celle partie Cent soutz, lune moite ent a nre f' le Roy et lautre moite ent a celluy q en cell parte voet suer sa accion sur cest orden'nce, p accion de dette en son ppre noun, Jurisdiccion of the same, wherof in trouthe they have no Jurisdiccion, surmittyng the contractes dettes trespas coven ntes or other dedes to be doon within the tyme of the feires and within the Jurisdiccion of the same feires, where in trouth they were not so; And sumtyme uppon feyned playntes by ymaginacion [be'] evill disposed people to trouble theym to whome they owe evyll will, [sume to thentent to make theym to lese their feire, and sume 1] to thentent that they shuld have for lucre, favorable enquestes of comers to the same feires where they take their accions, Wherby moche people comyng to the seide feires be grevously vexed and troubled be feyned accions, and also by accions of dettes trespasses dedes and contractes made and done out of the tyme of the seid feires or Jurisdiccion of the same, contary to equyte & good consciens, wherby the lordes of the seid feires lose greate pfites by noon comynge of divs merchauntes to their feires, which for that [case 3] absteyn theym, and also the comens for that [case 3] ben worse sved of suche stuff and michaundise as els shuld come to the seid feires; Please it therfore youre Highnesse the pmissz concidered, by the advyce and assent of the Lordes Spuelx and Tempelx in this your psent pliament assembled, and by the auctorite of the same, to ordeign and to establisse 1] That from the fyrst daie of May [next comyng s] no Stiward Understyward Bailly Comissarie nor other Mynystre of [suche 6] Courtes of Pepouders (7) hold plee, uppon any accion atte sute of any pson or psones, without the pleyntif or pleyntifs or his or their attorneis in psence of pe defendaunt or defendauntes, if he or they or his or their attorneis desire it, make othe upon the holy Evangelist uppon the declaracion, that the contract trespas or ob' dede comprised in the same declaracion were made or doon w'yn be feire tyme of the seid feire where he taketh his accion, & withyn the boundes and Jurisdiccion of the same feire, and althaugh the seid pleyntif or pleyntifs by their othe afferme the same, that the seid defendaunt or defendaunt? be not concluded therby, but that they may aunswere and plede to the accion or in abatemente of the pleyntes and to tende an issue, that the same contract trespas or other dede, comprised in suche declaracion wheruppon the pleyntif or pleyntifs declaren, was not doon nor made within the feire tyme and Jurisdiccion of the seid feire, but out of the tyme of the feire or at other places out of the Jurisdiccion of the same feyre, after the trouth in that ptie; and if it be so tried, or that the Pleyntif or Pleyntifs or their attorney refusyn to be sworne in the fourme aforeseid, that then the defendant or defendauntes be quyte dismyssed and discharged in that behalff out of that Court, the pty pleyntyf to take his avauntage at the Coen lawe or other place convenient as hym semeth good, this ordin'nce notwithstondyng; And that evy Styward Understyward Baillif Comissarie or other Mynystre, holdyng and rulyng any of the seid Courtes, that doth the cont'ry of this ordinance shall for evy default in that behalf forfeit an C.s. the on half therof to [your Highnes*] and the other half therof to hym that in that pty will sue his accion uppon this ordinance, by accion of dette in his owne name,

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1 as Stat. 17 Edw. IV.

of Rot. Parl. 17 Edw. IV.

Rot. Parl. 17 Edw. IV. omits.

See Note to French Text in preceding Page.

then next following any pertaining to Fairs, should our sovereign Lord the King

vij.

Recited Ordinance 17 Edw. IV. made perpetual. haste directe to evy Shiref of evy Shire of Englond to make this Ordinaunce to be pelaymed in evy [part a] within his Shire, aswell within Fraunchise as without; And that the ordenaunce touching feires as is aforeseid shuld endure to the next pliament; Which ordinaunce is nowe exspired, and for ctayn the seid ordinaunce is full necessarie and requisite to endure for ev, and full pfitable to all the Coens of this Roialme: Be it therfore ordeyned and established be the auctorite of this psent pliament that the forseid ordinance be and stande in vertu and streynght, and a lawe to be executorie from the fest of the Anūciacion of our Lady next comyng ppetually after to endure.

and that Writtes of pclamacion (1) in all goodly

VII. Rot. Parl. nu. 25. Recital of St. 27 Ed. I.

stat. I. c. I.

An Act for pclamacon uppon Fynes levyed.

WHERE it is ordeigned in the tyme of King Edward the fyrst by the Statute de finib3 that notes and fynes to be levied in the Kinges Court afore his Justicez shold be openly and solempny radd and that plees in the measne tyme shulde cease and this to be doon by ij daies in the Weke after the Discrecion of the Justices, as in the same Statute more pleynly apperith; The Kyng consideryng that fynes ought to be of the grettist strengh to avoide strives and debates & be fynall ende and conclusion, Woll it be ordeigned by thadvyse of the Lordes spuelx and tempelx (1) in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that after the Ingrossyng of evy fyne to be levied after the fest of Ester next comyng, in the Kinges Court afore his Justicez of the Comen place, of any londes tent? or other hereditamentes, the same fyne be openly and solemply rad and polaymed in the same Court the same Pme, and in iij times of the yere next following the same Ingrossyng in the same Court at iiij sevall daies in evy ?me; And in the [same 1] tyme that it is so redd and polaymed all plees cesse; And ov that a tenscript of the same fyne be sent by the seid Justices unto be Justices of Assisez of be Shire where the seid londes and tentf ben, they to do rede & pclayme the seid fyne openly and solemply in evy their Cession of Assises to be holde the same yere, if thassises then hold, And all plees be meane tyme to cesse; And also a like tenscript of the seid fyne be sent to the Justices of Peas of the Shire where the said londes and tent? ben, they to do make open and solempe pclamacion of the seid fyne in iiij genall Cessions of Peas to be holden the same yere; the seid Justices of Assises & Justices of Peas to ctifie the same pclamacion to the Justices of the Comen place the secund daie of retourne of the 'tme then next following; after which polamacions doon and certified, the seid fyne to be fynall ende, and conclude aswell pives as estunges to the same [except 5] Wymmen covt other then be parties to the seid fyne, and evy pson then beynge within age in prisone or out of this realme [or 6] not of hole mynde at the tyme of the seid fyne levied; And saving to evy psone or psones such right title clayme and intesse as they have to or in the seid londes tent? and other hereditament? tyme of suche fyne ingrosed; so that they p'sue their

How often Fines shall be proclaimed, in the Court of Common Pleas.

A Transcript of the Fine shall be sent to the Justices of Assise of the County where the Land lieth to be proclaimed there;

and a like Transcript to the Justices of the Peace;

The Justices of Assise, &c. shall certify the Proclamations to the Court of C.P.

Immediate Rights of Strangers saved, if pursued in Time.

1 be made Old Printed Translations.

Fair Rot. Parl. 17 Edw. IV.

and the Commons Old Printed Translations.

* mesne in the Margin of the Roll; in a more modern Hand.

5 Interlined on the Roll.

et q briefs de pclamacion roient fait en tout bon hast directz a chune Viscount de chune Countee Denglet re de feere cest orden nce destre pclamez en chune part deinz son Countee, sibien dedeinz fraunchise come dehors; Et q lorden nce touchant feires come est av nt-dit endureroit jesqes al pschein plement; quelle orden nce est ore expire, et pur certein la dit orden nce est trop necessarie & requisite dendurer pur tot jours & trop pfitable a toutz les Coens de cest Roialme: Il est pur ceo ordeigne & establie p auctorite de ceste psent plement q la suisdite orden nce soit & estoise en vtue & force, & ley destre executorie a le feste de lannunciacion de nre Dame pschein ven nt ppetuelment apres dendurer.

Item come il soit ordeigne en le temps du Roy E. le primer p le statute de finib3 q notes & fines a levers en Court le Roy devant sez Justices Proient ovtement & solempnement lieuez, et q plees en le meane temps cesseroient et ceo estre fait p deux jours en le Sepmaine solong, la discrecion de les Justices, come en mesme le statute pluis pleinement appiert; Nre dit f' le Roy considerant q fines doient estre de la pluis greigno' force davoider estrives & debates & estre finall fine & conclusion, voet & ordeigne p ladvys de les f's Espuelx & Temporelx & les Coens en cest psent plement assemblez & p auctorite del mesme q apres lengrosement de chune fine a lever puis le feste del Paske pschein ven*nt en la Court du Roy dev*nt sez Justices del coen Bank dascuns rrez tenementez ou autres hereditamentes mesme le fine soit ovtement & solempnement lieuez & pclaimez en mesme la Court mesme le Pme, & en trois Pmes del an pschein ensuantz mesme lengrosement en mesme la Court as quatres sevalx jours en chune eme, et en le mesme temps qil est ensi lieu & pclaime toutz pleez cessent; et oultre ceo une transcripte del mesme le fine soit envoiez p lez ditz Justices as Justices dassisez del Countee lou lez ditz Pres & tentz sont, ils de feere lirer & pclaimer le dit fine ovtement & solempnement en chune leur Session dassises a teniers mesme lan, si lassisez adonquez teignent, & toutz plees le meane temps de cesser; & auxi une semble transcripte del dite fine soit envoiez as Justicez de peas del Countee lou les ditz Pres & tentes sont, ils de feere faire ovte & solempne pclamacion del dit fine es quatrez genalx cessions de peax a teniers mesme lan; les ditz Justices Dassises & Justices de peas de ctifier mesme la pclamacion as les Justices del coen Bank le secounde jour de reto'ne del 2me donqes pschein ensuant; apres quell pclamacion fait & ctifie le dit fine destre finall fin, & conclude si bien privez come est'ungez al mesme, forsprisez femmes covtez autres q sont parties a le dit fine, et chune psone donqes estant deinz age en prison ou hors de cest Roialme ou nient de sain memorie al temps de le dit fine levez; Et savant a chune psone ou psones autielx droit title claime & intesse queux ils ount au ou en les ditz tres tentes & autres hereditamentes temps dautiel fine engrose; Issint q ceux

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pursuont lour dit droit title claime ou in lesse p voie daccion ou leal entre deinz cynq ans pscheinz apres la dit pelamacion etefie: Et auxi savant a toutz autres psones tielx accion droit title claime & intesse en ou a les ditz Pres tentes & autres enheritementes queux accresteront remaindront ou descendront ou deviendront as eux puis le dit fine engrose p force dascun doon en le taill ou p ascune autre cause ou mater eue ou fait dev'nt le dit fine levez ; Issint q ceux pignent lour accion ou pursuent lour dit droit & title accord'unt a la leie deinz cynq, ans proscheins apres tielx accion title claime ou intesse as eux accruez descenduz remaignez ou devenuz. Et q les ditz psones & leur heires puissent avoir leur dit accion envs le pnour des pfites de les ditz tres & tentes & autres hereditamentes temps del mesme laccion apprendiers. Et si mesmes les psones, al temps de tielx accion droit & title accruez descenduz remaignez ou devenuz as eux, soient covtz de Baron ou deinz age en prison ou hors de cest Pre ou hors de sain memorie, Il est ordeigne p lauctorite aventdit q leur accions droit & title soient reservez & savez as eux & lour heires jusqes al temps ils veignent & soient a leur plein age hors de prison deinz cest tre descovtz & de sain memorie; Issint qils ou lour heires preignet leur ditz accions ou lour leal entre accordeunt a leur droit & title deinz cynq ans pscheins apres qils veignent & sont a leur pleine age hors de prison deinz cest tre descovtz & de sain memorie, et mesmes accions pursuent ou leur leall entre Pignent ovecq effecte accordaunt a la leie. Et auxi il est ordeignez p lauctorite suisdit q toutz tielx psones quelles sont covtez nient partie al fine et chune psone esteant deinz age en prison ou hors de cest Pre ou hors de sain memorie al temps de lez ditz fines levez & engrosez & p cest act dev'nt forspeisez, aiantz ascun droit ou title ou cause daccion as ascuns de lez ditz Pres tenementz & autres hereditamentes, q ceux ou leur heires preignent leur ditz accions ou leal entre accordaunt a lour droit & title deinz cynq ans pscheins apres qils veignont & soient de plein age hors de prison discovtz deinz cest tre & de sain memoire, & mesmes les accions suont ou leur leal entre preignont & pursuount ovecq, effect accordaunt al la leie; et si ils ne facent & pregnent pas leur accions & entre si come est aventdit q lors ils soient concludez p les ditz fines pur toutz jours en semblable fourme come ceux sont qi sont parties & privez a les dites fines. Et p la dit auctorite il est ordeignez q chescun fine q decy enapres sra levez es ascuns Courtez du Roy, dascuns Maners trez tentes ou autres possessions, solong les mah usage & fourme q fines ount estee levez devant la fesaunce de cest acte soit de semblable force effect & auctorite coo fines ensy levez sont ou furent dev'nt la fesaunce de cest acte, cest act ou ascun autre acte en cest plement fait ou affaire nient contristeant; et q chescune psone soit a sa libtee de lever ascune fine en apres solong son pleasure quelle il voet solong la fourme contenuz & ordeinez en & p cest act ou solong lez man & fourme avent temps usez.

seid right title clayme or intesse by wey of accion or lawfull entre within v. yeres next after the seid pclamacions ctified: And also saving to all other psones such accion right title clayme and in esse in or to the seid londes Tent? & other Hereditament? as shall growe remayne or descende or come to theym, after the seid fyne Ingrosed, by force of any yeft in the taill or by any other cause or matter hadde or made byfore the seid fyne levied; so that they take their accion or p'sue their seid right & title accordyng to the lawe within v. yeres next after such accion right title clayme or intesse to theym accrued, discendid, remayned or come: And that the seid psones and their heirez may have their seid accion ayenst the pno of the pfites of the seid londes & tente and other hereditemente tyme of the same accion to be taken. And if the same psones, at tyme of suche accion right and title accrued discended remayned or come unto theym be covt de baron or within age in prison or oute of this Lande or out of hole mynde, That then be it ordeigned by the auctorite aforeseid that their accions right and title be reserved & savid to theym and their heires, unto the tyme they come and be at their full age out of prison withyn this lande uncovt & of hole mynde; so that they or their heires take their seid accions or their lawfull entre accordyng to their right and title within v. yeres next after that they come and be at their full age, out of prison, within this lande, uncovt, & of hole mynde, And the same accions p'sue or their lawfull entre take with effecte accordynge to the lawe. And also be it An Entry must be made ordeigned, by thauctorite aforeseid, that all suche psones as be covt, not pty to the fyne, and evy psone beyng within age in prison or out of this lande or out of hole mynde, at the tyme of the seid fynes levied & engrosed, and by this seid acte before except, havyng any right or title or cause of accion to any of the seid londes tent? and other hereditament? that they or their heires take their seid accions or lawfull entre accordyng to their right and title, within v. yeres next after they come and be of full age, out of prison, uncovt, within this land, and of hole mynde, and the same accions sue or their lawfull entre take and p'sue with effecte accordyng to the lawe; And if they do and take not their accions & entre as is aforeseid, that then they be concluded by the seid fynes for ev, in like fourme as they ben that be ptyes and p'ves to the seid fynes. And that it be ordeigned by the seid auctorite that evy fyne that herafter shalbe levied in any of the Kynge Courtes of any Mans londes tente or other possessions after the maner use & fo'me be fynes have be levied afore the makyng of this acte, be of like force effect and auctorite as fynes so levied be or were afore the makyng of this acte, this acte or any other acte in this Psent pliament made or to be made notwithstondyng; And that evy psone be at his libte to leve any fyne hereafter after his pleasure whedyr he will after the this Statute, fourme conteyned and ordeigned in and by this acte or heretofore. after the maner and fourme afore tyme used.

The Rights of Strangers, accruing afterwards,

Actions maintainable against the Pernor of The Rights Covert, &c. may be within Five Years after Disabilities are removed.

or an Action

Fines at the Common Law shall be of the same were before this Act.

viij.

VIII. Rot. Parl. nu. 26. An AcT touchinge the order of dyinge and of Woll?

and Clothes.

[' To the King oure Sovaigne Lorde Praien unto youre Highnesse youre true subgiette and Comens in this psent pliament assembled, that where in tyme passed this youre Realme of Englond hath greatly be encresed and riched by the meane of true makyng and drapyng and also of true dying of Wollen Cloth, wherby a greate substaunce of the people of youre seid Realme have ben set on werk and not fallen to Idelnesse as dailly nowe they doo, but therby truly have goten their levyng, It is so nowe most gacious sovaigne lorde that the Wollen clothes which in late daies have be made and yet dailly ben made within this youre realme ben unpfite and deceyvably made and wrought kepyng nother resonable length nor brede; And the same Clothes so as it is aforeseid unpfitly made and deceyvably wrought afterward be put to be shorne and afore be not fully wette; And many of the seid Clothes after they ben fully wette and shorn ben sett uppon Tayntours and drawen out in leyngh and brede, that is to say some of the same Clothes beyng but of the length of xxiiij yerdys ben drawen out into lenght of xxxii yerdis, And in brede from vij quarters unto the brede of ij yerdys, the whiche Clothes so shorn or they be wett or ells drawen in length or in brede as it is aforeseid, after that they receyve any wette they most of werrey necessite shrynk; And also the Clothmakers and other of yo' seid Realme oftyntymes when they make any course Clothes and also the Sellers of suche course Clothes, beyng bare of threde usen for to powder and caste flokkys of fynner Cloth uppon the same course Clothes to thentent to make the same Clothe to appere fyne and good; And also the seid Clothmakers and other put and caste Chalke uppon white Clothes to thentent to make the same Clothes to appere bett' then they ben:

And moreov greate quantite of Wolles ben hadd out of this youre seid Roialme by Straungiers and other in Carake Galeis and Shippes which ben sorted the bett' from the worse barbed and clakked, and therof is made moche lokkys and refuse. of the whiche the refuse in substaunce is lefte within this yewre seid Roialme and therof moche course Cloth is made win the same Realme, and so the fyne Wolles ben hadd out of this your seid Realme by the seid strayngiers and the course Wolles and refuse here lefte, by reason wherof there canne be no substaunce of fyne Drapery made within this your seid Roialme, to the greate losse of youre said Highnesse in youre Custume in paying lesse Custume for the lokkys than for the hole woll yn flese, and also to the greate hurt and dekay of all your seid Realme in enpayryng of the seid Drapery:

Also, most grous Soveigne Lorde, Diers within mony Citeys Burghes and Townes of this your seid Realme of Englond usen to dye greate quantite aswell of fyne Clothes as of course Clothes with Orchell and Corke brought from beyonde the See called Jarecork, the colours made with the which Orchell and Corke ben so diseyvable that the same Colours may in no wise abyde but faden away, to the greate hurt of all theym that were or occupye any suche Cloth so deceyvably died:

Also the seid Diers usen to dye many Clothes of dyvs colours and uppon the lystes of the same Clothes festen and sowe greate Risshes called bull Risshes to thentent to make the same Clothes to

· See Note to the French Text.

['Item en le dit parlement furent mounstrez plusours enconvenientises deceites & deloialtees euez faitz & usez (') en faisaunce de draps; Pur remoeuement des quelles Nr̃e dit f' le Roy de ladvys (') des ditz f's Esp̃uelx & Temporelx & a la request de les Coens en le dit parlement assemblez & p auctorite del mesme ad ordeigne & enacte ']

1_4 See Note 4.

en cest dit realme denglete MS. Pet.

3 & assent MS. Pet.

4 Instead of the long Preamble to this Act as inrolled on the Parliament Roll, and printed in modern Editions of the Statutes, the Old Printed Translations read, nearly in conformity with the French Text, as follows:

"Item, In the said Parliament were shewed divers Inconveniences and Deceits had made and used in the said Realm of England in making of Cloths; For the avoiding whereof our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, hath ordained, established, and

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Original from PENN STATE

Anna Pengle Lee en allen o coure de sent latore cons

q nulle psone faisour de draps nautre vende ne mette a vend, apres le fest de Seint Michell larchangel pschein ven*nt, ascun drap lanuz appellez brode cloth sinon avant mesme le drap soit pleinement enewez; et q chune entier drap lanuz appellez brode cloth quele sra fait apres le dit feste puis qil soit pleinement enewez prest al vend teigne & conteigne en longure xxiiij vges, & a chescun vge une pouz conteignant la laieur dun pouz le home, destre mesurez p la crest de mesme le drap, & en laieur ij vges deinz les listes p tout la longeur del mesme; auxi q chescun demy drap des ditz entiers draps affaires apres le dit feste puis sa pleine enewance pst al vend teigne & conteigne xij Pges en longeure au meins ovesq les poucez desuisditz destre mesurez p la Crest & ij vges en laieur deinz les listes, Issint toutz foitz q mesme le demy drap nexcede la longeur de xvj vges; sur peine del trencheure de lentiere drap en trois pecez & del trencheure de le demy drap en deux peces, et auxi de pdre pur chune entier drap vj s. viij d. et pur chescune demy drap iij s. iiij d. apres le dit fest faitz venduz ou misez al vend nient pleynement enewez ou faitz puis le dit feste nient gard unt leur mesure desuis ordeignez; et si le dit entier drap [drap '] soit pluis longe en mesure q les ditz xxiiij vges & lez poucez desuisditz, et le demy drap del mesme soit pluis longe q xij vges ovecq desuisditz pouces, q lors lachatour de mesme lentiere drap a paier pur taunt qil excede en la mesure de xxiiij vges, et lachatour de le dit demy drap a paier pur taunt qu'nt il excede xij vges, Issint toutz foitz q le dit demye drap ne passe pas la longeur de xvj vges come il est desuisdit : auxi q toutz mans draps appelles streites affaires puis le dit fest apres leur pleyn enewance Pstes destre misez al vend teigne & conteigne en longeure douze vges & les pouces solong, la mesure avantdit, et en laieure une vge deinz lez listes & p tout la longeur del mesme, sur peine del trencheure del dit streite en deux peces et auxi de perdre pur mesme le Streite xx d : auxi q chune drap appellez karsey estre faitz & mys al vend puis le dit feste apres la pleine enewance prest al vend teigne & conteigne en longeure xviij vges & lez

An erroneous Repetition.

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appere of on colowre and the listes of an other coloure wherthurgh the byers of the seid Clothes can ne may unneth understond but that the same Clothes ben died out of Wolle, to the greate hurte of you moost drad Sovaigne Lorde and of all youre true Subgiette which shall were or occupie the same Clothes; and by occasion of the which unperfite and untrewe making dying and deceyvable delyng, merch untes of strange Contrez which hath used to bye Clothes made and died in this your seid Realme unneth derr bye eny of the seid Clothes, to the greate rebuke and dishonoure of the same Realme & hurte of your Highnes & of all youre seid Realme; Wheruppon but if the rather a remedy be p'veid by youre most noble gece of werry likelyhode consequently shall ensue the destruccion of Drapery of all this your seid Realme, which God defende: Please it therfore yo' Highnesse of youre moost habundaunt grace by thassent of the Lordes spuelx and tempelx in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same to ordeigne and enacte'] That no psone Clothmaker nor other selle nor put to sale after the fest of Seint Mycchell tharchaungell next comyng any wollen Cloth called brode Cloth [but if afore the same Cloth be fully wett]; And that evy hole wolen Cloth called brode Cloth, which shall be made after the seid feste after that it be full wett redy to the Sale, hold and conteyn in leenght xxiiij yerdis and to evy yerde an ynche conteynnyng the brede of a manes thombe, to be measured by the Crest of the same Cloth, and in brede ij yerdis within the lystes by all the leynght of the same; Also that evy half Cloth of the seid hole Clothes, to be made after the seid fest, after his full wetyng redy to the Sale, holde & conteygne xij yerdis in leynght at the lest with the ynches aboveseid to be measured by the Creste, and ij yerdis in brede within the listes, so all wey that the same halff cloth excede not be leynght of xvj yerdes; uppon peyne of Penalty. cuttyng of the hole cloth in iij peses and of cuttyng of the half Cloth in ij peces, and also to lose for evy hoole Cloth vjs. viijd. and for every half Cloth iijs. iiijd. after the seid feste made solde or put to Sale not fully wett, or made after the seid fest not kepyng their mesure above ordeigned; And if the seid hole Cloth be lenger in measure than the seid xxiiij yerdes and the ynches aboveseid, and the half Cloth of the same be lenger than xij yerdys with ynches aboveseid, that then the byer of the same hoole Cloth to pay for somuch as it excedeth in the measure of xxiiij yerdes, and the bier of the seid half Cloth to pay (3) so much as it excedith xij yerdes, so alway that the seid half Clothe passe not the lenght of xvj yerdes as it is aboveseid: Also that all maner Clothes called Straytes, to be made The Length after the seid fest, after their full wetyng redy to be put to Sale holde and conteigne in lenght xij yerdes and the ynchys after the measure aforeseid, and in brede a yerde w'yn the listes (*) by all the lenght of the same, uppon peyn of cuttyng of the seid Streite in ij peses, and also to lese for the same Straite xx d: Also that The Length evy Clothe called Carsey, to be made and put to Sale after the seid fest, after the full wetyng redy to the Sale hold and conteyne in leynght xviij yerdes and the

Broad Cloth shall be fully vatered, before it be put to Sale.

The Length and Breadth of Whole

of Straytes.

1 See Note 4 to French Text in preceding Page.

unless the same Cloth be before fully ? Printed + and & Translations. watered

There are many other Variances in the Printed Copies, not justified by the French Text, nor by the Inrollment in Chancery.

Seals of Lead to seal Cloth for every City, Town, and County where Cloth is made.

Aulnagers shall be Persons of Skill and Sufficiency.

Penalty, for Aulnager sealing Cloths not made within his Jurisdiction.

Cloth shall not be drawn out by tentering or otherwise, after the watering.

Penalty.

No deceitful
Thing shall
be put upon
Cloth.

No Chalk shall be put upon white

No shearing of Cloth not being fully watered;

Nor exporting thereof beyond Sea.

ynches as is aforeseid, and in brede a yerde and the naile at the lest within the listes, uppon peyne of cuttyng of the seid Carsey in ij pecis and to lese for the same Carsey iij s. iiij d. all the said forfaitures paynes and losses to renne on the Sellers of the seid Clothes whiche shall be made contrary to this Acte. And that evy of the seid Clothes and half Clothes Straites and Carseis be parfitly and directly made [thrughly from that oon ende to that other: 1 Also that afore the seid fest by [your'] Tresourer of Englond be pvided and ordeigned Seales to be impssed in lede, havyng [youre 3] Armes of Englond on the oon side and on the other syde the Armes signe or tokyn of evy Citee Burgh or Towne within this Realme where (4) Cloth is made, havyng any suche armes signe or tokyn, for a merke and evident tokyn and knowlege of (4) Cloth made within evy suche Citee Burgh and Town of this Realme; and ov that Seales for evy Shire of this Reame for the sealyng of all maner Cloth made within evy Shire, out of the seid Citees Burghes or Townes of the same Shire, havyng on the oon side [your seid armes 3] and on the other side the name of the Shyre therin inprynted. And that the Tresorer of Englond for the tyme beynge depute nor make, from the seid fest, eny psone or psones to be Aulner Sealer or Keper of Seale within any parte of this Reame, but such as be expte in Cloth makyng, and to be of the sufficiante of an Cti. at the lest, tyme of the seid Deputacion; and that no Aulner Seler or kep of any Seale to be pvided as is aforeseid after the seid Fest, seale any of the seid hole Clothes halff Clothes Streites or Kerseys but such as shall be oonly made after the same fest within the Shire Citee Burgh or Towne wherof he shalbe deputed Aulner Seler or kep, uppon peyne to forfeit to [your Highnesse 6] for evy hoole Cloth contarie sealed v. marc, for every halff Cloth xxxiij s. iiij d. for evy Streite xx s. and for evy Kersey x s. Also that no man psone what so ev he be after the seid fest set nor drawe nor cause to be sett or drawen in length or brede within this [youre seid 7] Realme of Englond, any maner of Wollen Cloth, after it be fully wett, by the meane of teynteryng or otherwise, uppon payne of forfaiture of the same Cloth. Also that no man what Condicion so ev he be within the seid Realme, after the seid fest, sett caste or putte uppon any maner Cloth any flokkys or eny other like deceyvable thyng, uppon peyne of xls. for evy Cloth wheruppon any suche psone shall caste any flokkys or other thyng: Also that no Clothmaker nor other psone what so ev he be, after the seid fest, put or ley uppon any white Cloth or Kersey any Chalke, uppon the same payne. Also that no Sherman nor other psone what so ev he be, after the seid fest, shere nor cancell any Cloth within this [youre seid7] Roialme but if the same Cloth be afore fully wette, uppon peyne of forfeiture of xl. s. for evy Cloth as ofte as he so doth: Also that no maner psone, Straungier nor other, send nor convey any Wollen Cloth over the See, after the seid fest, but if the same Cloth be afore fully wett; and after the same Cloth so be fully wette that than in no

throughout from one End to the other.
the the the the throughout from one End to the other.
the throughout from one End to the other.
throughout from one End to the King's Arms
throughout from the End to the End t

pouces come il est desuisdit, & en laeure une vge & le naile au meyns deinz les listes, sur peyne del trencheure del dit karsey en deux peces & de pdre pur mesme le karseie iij s. iiij d. toutz lez avantditz forfaiturez peines & pdes de currer sur les vendours de les ditz draps quels front faitz contrarie a cest acte. Et q chune de les dits draps demy draps Streites & karseyes soit parfitment & direttement fait p my tout del une fine jusquez lautre: auxi q avant le dit fest p le Tresorer Dengletre soient purveuez & ordeignez seales destre enpssez en plumb eiantz les armes du Roy Dengletre en lune coste, & en lautre coste les armes signe ou token de chune Citee Burgh ou Ville deinz cest Roialme lou draps est fait, eiant ascuns tielx armes signe ou token, pur merk & evident token & conisaunce del draps fait deinz chune tiel Citee Burgh & Ville de cest Roialme; et oustre ceo seales pur chune Countee cestuy Roialme pur ensealement de tout mans draps fait deinz chescun Countee, hors de les ditz Citees Burghs ou Villez del mesme le Countee, eiant en lune costee les ditz armes nre f' le Roy et en lautre costee le noun del Countee en ycell enpssez. Et q le Tresorer Dengletre pur le temps esteant depute ne face, a le dit feste, ascune psone ou psones destre aulneour sealour ou gardein de Seale deinz ascun part cestuy Roialme, mez tielx quelx sont expertz en faisance de draps & destre de la sufficialtee de C fi. au meins, temps de la dit deputacion; Et q null aulnour Sealour ou Gardeyn dascun seale destre purveux come est avantdit, apres la dit feste, seale ascune de les ditz entiers draps demy draps Streites ou karseies, mes tielx quelx srount tantsolement faitz apres mesme le feste deinz le Countee Citee Burgh ou Ville de quele il sra deputez aulnour Sealour ou Gardein, sur peine de forfeire au nre f' le Roy pur chune entier drap contrarie sealez v. marcz pur chune demy drap xxxiij š. iiij d. pur chun Streite xx š. et pur chune karseie x s. Auxi q null psone quel qil soit puis le dit fest mette ne traihe, ne cause destre mis ou traihez en longeur ou laieur deinz cest dit Roialme Dengletre, ascun man de draps lanuz, apres qil soit pleinement enewe, p moien del Tenturaunce ou autrement sur payne de forfaitur de mesme le drap. Auxint q null home de quele condicion quil soit deinz le dit Roiat, apres le dit feste, sette gette ou mette sur ascun man draps ascuns flokkes ou ascun autre semble deceivable chose, sur peyn de qarant soulz pur chune drap sur quele ascune tiel psone geta ascuns flokkes ou autre chose: auxi q null feisour de drape nautre psone quele qil soit, puis le dit fest, mette ou gette sur ascun blance drap ou kersey ascun chalke, sur mesme la peine. Auxi q null Tondour nautre psone quele qil soit, puis le dit feste, tonde ne cancelle ascun drap deinz cest dit Roialme, sinon le drap soit avant pleinement enewe, sur peine de forfeitur de xl s. pur chune drape si sovent come il ensi ferra: auxint q null man pson, est'unge nautre, envoie ne convoie ascun drap launz oultre le meere, puis le dit feste, sinon mesme le drap soit avent pleinement enewe; et puis q mesme le drap soit ensi pleinement enewe q lors en null maner soit mis ne

traihe en longeur ne laieur, sur peine de garant soulz pur chune drap contrarie a cest acte convoie ou envoie oultre le meere: auxint q null mane psone deinz cest dit Roialme, puis le dit feste, retaile ascun drap ou draps lanuz lynur nautre sinon y soit avent pleynement enewe, et puis quil soit pleinement enewe en null mane soit mis ne traine en longeur ou laieur, sur peyne de forfeitur mesme le drap ou le value ent, mesme la peine de currer sur le vendour de toutz tielx draps. Auxint nre dit f' le Roy, en eschuer del graund fauxeine & deceipte quelx ount accruez & de jour en autre accruont p le moien des Tentures, ad p lassent & auctorite desuisditz ordeigne & enacte, q null psone quel qil soit garde aiet ou occupie ascuns Tenture ou ascun autre chose en sa ppre meason ou lieu de sa habitacion, p quel drap lanuez poet en ascune maner estre traihe hors en longeur ou laieur, sur peine de xx ti. si sovent come il ensi ferra contrarie a cest acte; mez q toutz Tentures queux decy enapres Front usez ou occupiez, pur equacion del drap tantsoulement apres qil vient de molin & dev'nt il soit roughez & pur null autre cause, sibien deinz la Citee de Loundrez come es aut's Citees Burghs & Villez de cest Roialme soient fichez es lieux ovtz; Et q le Mair de Loundrez pur le temps esteant, & toutz aut's Mairs & Baillifs & autrez Govnours dez Citeez Burghs Villez & Villagez de cest dit Roialme, diligealment surveient q toutz draps queux sront misez sur Tenturez ne soient treihez hors en longeur & laieur autrement q est avant reherce. Auxi q puis le dit fest null est'unge achate ascun laine, quel Bra envoie ou passera p lez streites de Marrok p Galeis Carrakes ou Niefs ou autrez vesseaux, sorte clakke ou barbe, Ne ascune laine de quele lokkes ou refuse era fait; mes q mesme la laine soit come il est tondue & purement enrolle s'unz deceipte, & marchandizable solong, la cress'unce del pays, saunz ascun sorter berder clakker ou lokkes ou refusee ent affaire come il est aventdit, sur peine de forfaiture mesme la laine & le double value ent. Pluis oultre nre dit f' le Roy ad ordeigne & enacte p lauctorite desuisdit, q null Tinctour nautre psone tiencte ou cause estre tinctez deinz cest dit Roialme Dengletre puis le dit fest ascun drap lanuez oveqz Orchell ou Cork appellez Jarecorke, sur payne de forfaiture & pdicion de xl s. pur chune drap qil ou ascuns autre pur luy ou a son use ensy tinctera ou causera estre tinctez; Ne q null man psone quel qil soit puis le dit feste vende ou mette a vend deinz cest dit Roialme Denglerre ascun tiel drap, le quel puis mesme le fest sra tinctez oveqz Orchel ou Cork appellez Jarecork, sur payne de forfaiture mesme le drap ensi tinctez ou mis a vend contrariea cest acte, les peine & pdes de ceo toutz foitz de currer sur le vendour; Forsprise q Cork fait deinz cest Roialme Dengletre poet estre usee [& '] tincture sur laine waidez, et auxi en tincture de tout tiel drap q est fait tantsoulement de laine waidez, Issint q mesmes les laine & drap soient parfitment coittez & maderez; Forsprise auxi q Cork fait en cest dit Roialme poet estre mys sur drap q est parfitment coitte & maderez. Auxi q null Tinctour

en Old Printed Copies.

maner wyse (1) be set or drawen in leynght nor brede, uppon payne of xl.s. for evy Cloth contrary to this Acte conveid or sent over the See : Also that no man No retailing psone within this [youre said 1] Roialme, after the seid feste, retaile any Wollen Cloth or Clothes lynyng or other, but if it be afore fully wette, and after it be fully wett (') in no wise be set nor drawen in lenght or brede uppon payne of forfaiture of the same Cloth or the value therof, the same payne to renne upon the Seller of all such Clothes. [Please it also your noble Grace 3 in eschewyng of the greate untrueth and disceyte the which (*) dailly groweth by the meane of Teyntours, by thassent and auctorite aboveseid [to ordeigne and enacte 17 that no psone, what so ever he be, kepe have or occupye any Taynto' or any other thyng in his owne howse or dwellyng place, wherby Wollen Cloth may in any wise be drawen out in lenght or brede, uppon peyne of xx fi. as ofte as he so doth cont'ry to this acte; but that all Tayntours which hereafter shall be used or occupied, for evenynge of Cloth onely after it cometh from the Mille and before it be roughed & for noon other cause, aswell within the Citee of London as in other Citees Burghes and Townes of this [youre '] Realme, be sette in open places; and that the Maire of London for the tyme beyng, and all other Maires and Bailliefs and other Governours of Citees Burghes Townes and Villages of [your6] said Realme, diligently overse that all Clothes that shalbe sett on Tayntours be not drawen oute in lenght nor brede otherwise than is afore reherced. Also that, after the seid feste, no Straungier by any woll, the whiche shalbe sente or passe thrugh the Streyt? of Marok by Carakes Galeis or Shippes or other Vesselle, sorted clakked or barbed, nor any Woll wherof lokes or refuse shall be made; but that the same Wolle be as it is shorn and clene wounde without disceyte, and michaundizable after the Countrie growyng, without any sortyng berdyng clakkyng or lokes or refuse therof to be made as it is aforeseid, uppon payne of forfaiture of the same Wolle and the double value therof. Firthermor [pleas it yo' noble gace to ordeign and enacte 7] by thauctorite aboveseid, that no Dyer nor other psone die or cause to be dyed within this [youre 1] Realme of Englond, after the seid feste, any Wollen Cloth with Orchell or Cork called Jarecork, uppon Penalty. payne of forfaiture & lesynge of xl. s. for evy Cloth that he or any other for hym or to his use so shall die or cause to be dyed; nor no man psone what so ev he be, after the seid fest, sell or put to sale within the said Realme of Englond any suche Clothe, the whiche after the same feste shalbe dyed w' Orchell or Coorke called Jarecork, uppon payne of forfaitur of the same Cloth so died or put to sale contrary to this Acte, the payne and losse therof all wey to renne uppon the Seller; except that Coork made in this [your '] Realme of Exceptions. Englond may be used in dying uppon Wolle woded, and also in dying of all suche Cloth as is made only of Wolle woded, so that the same Wolle and Clothe be pfitly boyled and madered; Except also that Coork made in [your 6] seid Realine may be put uppon Clothe that is pfitly boiled and madered. Also that no Dyer dye

nor drawing it out after it be watered.

None shall keep a Tenter in his House.

Tenters shall e set in open Places.

What Sort Strangers pass through the Streights

No Cloth shall be dyed with Orchell,

Printed

6 this

i it shall

* hath grown and

hath ordained and enacted

ordained and enacted

2 omitted. 3 Also our said Sovereign Lord the King

7 our said Sovereign Lord the King hath

The Cloth and List shall be dyed with one Colour.

Penalty.

No Cloth so deceitfully dyed shall be put to Sale.

Faulty Cloths seised, shall be brought to the Mayor or other Officer of Cities, &c. to be judged by their Discretion.

Penalties, and the Apportionment thereof.

Cloths, whereunto this Statute extendeth not.

any Cloth within youre said Realme after the said feste, but that the seid Dyer dye the same Clothe and lyste therof with oon colowre, without [festyng '] or sowyng of any bulle Risshes or lyke thynge uppon the listys of the same, uppon payne of forfaiture of xls. for evy Cloth that he so shall dye contrary to this Acte: And that no maner psone what so ev he be, put to sale win the said Realme, after the seid feste, any maner Cloth whiche after the same feste shalbe so deceyvably died, uppon peyne of forfaiture of the same Clothe or the value therof the same forfaiture and payne alwey to renne upon the Seller. Also that if any of [youre seid '] Subgiette or other hereafter shall hapne to sease any Wollen Clothe otherwise made or died than is above said, that then the same [youre 3] Subget or other bryng all the same Cloth or Clothes, so by hym seased, afore the Maier Baillief or other Govnowre of the Citees Burghes Townes or Vilages where it shall hapne any suche Seasure to be made (4) the same Clothe or Clothes, there to be jugged by the Discrecion of the said Maire Baillief or other Govnoure, callyng unto hym or theym suche psones as by his or their Discrecions shalbe thought convenient, wheder the same Cloth be otherwise made wrought or dyed than is according wt the Actes above reherced; And if it be demyd by the said Maire Bailief or other Govnoure, and other psones to theym or to any of theym as it is aforeseid called, the same Clothe to be made or died and putto sale contrary to the Actes abovesaid, That than the same Clothe so seased and by theym jugged as is abovesaid, [egally to be kytte 5] in thre peces in the Psence of the said Maire Baillief or Govnoure, whereof on pte to be delived into theschequyer by hym or theym that so shall sease the same Clothe or Clothes, [to thuse of your Highnesse,6] and the secunde parte therof to be delived to the Seasour of the seid Clothe or Clothes, and the thrid parte therof to be delived to the seid Maire Baillief or [other 3] Gov noure to thuse of the Collete where they or any of theym ben Maire Baillief or Govnoure; [that'] on half of all other fynes forfaitures and penalties aforeseid and of evyche of theym to be [unto youre said Highnesse,8] and [that7] other be to hym or theym of [your 9] Subgiett? the whiche shall sease the same, or sue for the same by accion of Dette by Writte atte Comen Lawe by Bill or Playnte after the Custume of the Citee Towne or Port where it shall hapne hereafter any suche fynes forfaitures or pennalties to fall or be; And that the Defendaunt in any suche Accion be not admitted to wage or do his lawe, nor that any pteccion nor Esson de svice le Rov for any suche Defendaunt be allowed in the same. Provided alwey that this Acte, or any thyng therin conteyned, extende not or be pjudicall of or to the makyng of any Wollen Clothe called Ray, nor of or to eny Cloth made in Whynchestre or Salisbury used to be set and joyned with Ray, a Clothe therof comonly used to be soold at xl. s. or within; nor of or to the makynge of eny Clothe called Vervise otherwise called Plounkette Turkyns or Celestrines wt [broode "] listes; nor to eny Clothes

tincte ascun drape deinz le dit Roialme, puis le dit fest, mesqe le dit Tinctour tincte mesme le drap & list dicell ovecqz une colour, saunz attacher or consuer dascuns bull Russhes ou chose semblable sur les listes del mesme, sur peine de forfeiture de qarant soulz pur chune drap qil ensi tinctera a contrarie a cest acte: Et q null man psone quel qil soit mette a vend deinz le dit Roialme, puis le dit fest, ascuñ man drap qi apres mesme le feste sra ensi deceivablement tinctez, sur pein de forfeiture de mesme le drap ou le value dicell; mesmes les forfaiture & peine toutz foitz de currer sur le vendour. Auxint q si ascun de les Subgiettes du Roy ou autre de cy en apres aviendra de seasir ascun drap lanuz, autrement fait ou tincte q desuis est dit, q lors mesme le Subgiet ou autre amesne tout mesme le drap ou draps, ensi p luy seisiez, devent le Mair Baillifs ou autre Govnour de les Citees Burghs ou Villes ou Villages lou il aviendra ascun tiel seasir estre fait de mesme le drap ou draps, illeoques ajugers p la discrecion de la dit Maire Baillif ou autre Govnour, appellant a luy ou ceux tielx psones come p sa ou leur discrecion semblera convenientez, quelle mesme [mesme '] le drap soit autrement fait ove ou tincte q est accord'unt ovesqz les actes desuis recitez; et sil soit juge p le dit Maire Baillif ou aute Govnour, & autres psones as eux ou au ascun deux come il est aventdit appellez, mesme le drap estre fait ou tincte & mis au vend cont'rie a les actes desuisditz, q lors mesme le drap ensi seisie & p eux juge come il est desuisdit destre trenche en trois peces en la psence de les ditz Maire Baillif ou Govnour, de quele une part destre delive en leschequer p luy ou ceux qi ou queux ensi seisera ou seiseret mesme le drap ou draps, al oeps du Roy, et second part dicell destre delive al seasour du dit drap ou draps, Et la tierce part ent destre delive a le dit Maire Baillif ou Govnour al oeps del Coialtee lou ceux ou ascun de ceux sont ou est Mair Baillif ou Govnour; lune moite de toutz autres fines forfaitures & penaltiees aventditz & de chune deux destre a nre f' le Roy, & q lautre soit a celluy ou ceux de les Subgiettez du Roy qi ou queux seisera ou seiseront les mesmes, ou pursuera ou pursueront pur les mesmes p accion de dette, p brief al coen ley, p bille ou pleint solong, la custome del Citee Ville ou Port lou il aviendra de cy enapres ascuns tielx finez forfaitures ou penalties de cheier ou estre; Et q le defendant en ascune tiel accion ne soit admis de gager ou feere sa leye, Ne q ascune pteccion ou esson de svice le Roy pur ascun tiel defend'unt soit alloue en le mesme. Purveu toutz foitz q cest acte, ou ascun chose en ycell contenuz, nextende pas ne ne soit pjudiciall de ou a la faisure dascun drap lanuz appellez Ray, Ne de ou al ascun drap fait en Wynchestre ou Saresbury, use destre mis & jointez oveqz Ray, le drap ent cõement usee destre venduz a xl s. ou dedeinz; Ne de ou a la faisure dascun drap appelle vervise autrement appelle plounkettes Turkyns ou Celestrines ovegz laises listes; Ne as ascuns draps appellez pakkyngwhitez,

An erroneous Repetition.

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of shall be cut to the King's Use to our Sovereign Lord the King Translations.

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ix.

Ne de ou a la faisure dascuns draps appellez vessees Cogware ou Worstedes; Ne a ou de la faisure dascuns draps appellez Florences oveq. Cremyll listes; Ne de ou a la feisure dascun drap lanuez appellez Sailyngware oveq. cremyl listes laisez listes, ('); Ne de ou a la faisure dascun drap lanuez appellez Bastardes, ne dascuns draps lanuez appellez Kendales ne dascun drap lanue appelle Frizeware, ne al ascun deux, Ne a le faisour ou vendour dascuns deux; Issint que mesmes les draps & chune deux pur lonour du Roy & pfit de cest Roialme soient vaiement duement & parfitment faitz accordaunt a la nature & feisure de chescun de les ditz draps.

Item p' ceo q nre dit f' le Roy p une peticion a luy baille en son dit plement p les Coens Dengletre en ycell esteantz ad conceu & entendu, q come marchauntz est'unges del nacion de Italie, si come Venecians Janueis Florentines Apuleins Ciciliens Lucaners Cateloins & autres de mesme la nacion, en graund nombre sont enhabitez & teignont hostielx si bien deinz la Citee de Loundrez come es aut's Citees & Burghs dedeinz cest Roialme, & preignont Warehouses & Celers (1) deceivablement pakkent meddlent & gardent jesq, al temps q les prices ent soient g'undement enhauncez pur lour greindre lucre, & mesmes les wares & march undisez adonges ils vendont a tout maner poeple si bien deinz les portez as queux ils ameisnont leur ditz wares & mchandises come es aurs divs & plusours lieux deinz le dit Roialme si bien p retaile come autrement, Et auxi achatont en les ditz Portez & autres lieux a leur libtie les comoditees de cest dit Roialme & les vendont arere a lour pleasur deinz le mesme, auxi genalment & franchement come ascune des lieges du Roy fount, & graund part du moneie ent pven'nt nient enploient sur lez comoditees de le dit Roialme mes [le fount le fount'] oultre le meere p exchaunge as divs autres paijs, au graund damage du Roy en pdicion de sez custumez & a g'und povisshement de les ditz Subgiettes des queux ils achateroient les comoditees de cest dit Roialme; Et mesmes les nich untes de Italie & autres michauntes est'ungez sont hostes & Pignont as eux poeple dautres nacions a sojourne oveq eux, & de jour en autre achatont vendont & fount plusours privez & secretz contractes & bergeines ovesq mesme le poeple, a lour graund encreace & pfit & a lenportable damage de les ditz Subgiettes du Roy & auxi cont'rie as divsez Statutes en cell cas purveuz & ordeignez; auxi les ditz marchauntz de Italie achatont es divses lieux deinz le dit Roialme g'und quantite de laine drap lanuz & aut's michandises de les Subgiettez du Roy, & part diceux ils vendont arere a les ditz Subgiettes, & autres deinz le dit Roialme a leur pluis greigno' aventage, et moult des ditz lainez ils deliveront a les drapers de ceo a feere drap solonq lour pleasure;

ou petitez listes MSS. Cott. & Pet.

called Pakkyng whites; nor of or to the makyng of any Clothes called Vessees Cogware or Worstedes; nor to or of the making of any Clothes called Florences with Cremyll listes; nor of or to the makyng of any Wolen Cloth called Saillyng Ware w' Cremyll listes brode listes or small listes; nor of or to the makyng of eny Wollen Clothe called Bastardes; nor of any Wollen Clothes called Kendales; nor of any Cloth called Friseware; nor to eny of theym, nor to the maker or utterer of eny of theym; so that the same Clothes and evy of theym for the King's honour and pfite of this Reame be truely duely and pfitely made accordynge to the nature and makyng of evy of the said Clothes.

An AcT touchinge the Marchaunte of Italy.

[To the King oure Sovaigne Lorde. Praien youre Highnesse your true subgiette and liege people of youre Realme of Englond, that where '] Merchauntes Straungiers of the Nacion of Italie, as Venicians Janueys Florentynes Apuleyns Cicilians Lucaners Cateloyns and other of the same Nacion, in greate Noumbre been enhabited and kepe householdes aswell within [your 3] Citee of London as in other Citees and Burghes w'in this [youre3] Realme, and take Warehouses and Cellers, and therin put their Wares and Merchaundises the whiche they bryng into this [youre '] said Roialme, and theym in their said Warehouses and Cellars deceyvably pak medle and kepe unto the tyme the prices therof been greatly enhaunced for their most lucre, and the same Wares and Merchaundises than selle to all maner people aswell within the portes wherunto they bryng their said Wares and Merchaundise, as in other dyvs and many places generali withyn [youre said 5] Realme as well by Retail as otherwise; And also bye in the said portes and other places at their libte the comoditees of this [youre said] Realme and sell theym agayne at their pleasure within the same Realme, as generaly and frely as any of your said Subgiette doth, and a greate parte of the money commyng therof employ not uppon the Commoditees of this [your said 1] Realme, but make it over the See by exchaunge unto divs other Contreis, to the greate hurt of [youre said Highnes, o] in lesyng of [your o] Custume and to the greate enpoyessyng of [yo' o] seid Subgiett? of whome they shuld bye the Comoditees of [youre said⁵] Realme; And the same Merchauntes of Italie and other Merchaunts Straungiers be Ostes and take unto

theym people of other nacions to sojorne with theym,

and dailly bye and sell and make many pryvy and

secrete Contract and Bargaynes with the same people,

to their greate encrese and availe, and to the Importable

hurt of [youre'] said Subgiett and also contrary to divs

statutes in that case pyided and ordeigned; Also the said Merchaunt? of Italie bye in divse places within this

[youre said 1] Realme greate quantites of Woll wollen

Cloth and other mchaundises of [your 7] subgiette and

part of theym they selle agayne unto [your saide*] Sub-

gett and other within [youre said] Realme to their most

avantage, and moche of the saide Wolles they delyver

unto Clothiers therof to make Clothe after their pleasures;

the King, upon Petition made to him in his said Parliament, by the Commons of England, hath conceived and understanden, that Whereas

the his omitted this the King's the same

IX. Rot. Parl.

The Grievances done by Italian and other Merchants-Strangers, to the King and his Realm;

Vol. II.

6 I

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Printed

Translations

^{* &}amp; en icels mettent lour wares & mchandisez quex ilz amesnont en le dit realme & ceux en lez ditz warehowsez & celers MSS. Pet. Cott. & Hatt.

¹ lez font MS. Pet.

Italian Merchants shall

imported,&c.

in Gross, and employ their

of this Realm.

Money in

sell their

Wares

already

daily resorte and repaire unto [youre said 3] Citee of London and other Citees Burghes and Townes of [your3] said Realme in greate noumbre, and more than they have used to doo in daies passed, and enhabite theym self within [youre3] said Realme with their Wyfes Children and Household, and wilnot take uppon theym any laborious occupacion as Cartyng and Plowynge and other like besynes, but use makyng of Clothe and other handcraftis and easy occupacions, and brynge and convey from the parties of beyonde the See greate substaunce of Wares and Merchaundises unto faires and merkettis and all other places of [youre 1] Realme at their pleasure, and there [they selle 3] aswell by retaille as otherwise as frely as any of [youre said a] Subgiette useth for to do, to the greate hurte and empoyssyng of [youre 1] said subgiett? and in no wise woll suffre nor take any of [youre 1] subgiette to werk with theym, but they onely take in to their svice people born in their owne Countreis, wherby [your*] said subgiett? for lacke of Occupacion fall to Idelnesse and been Theves Beggers Vagabundes and people of vicious lyvyng, to the greate trouble [of your said Highnesse and of all youre said Realme; 6] And whan the Merchauntes and artificers Straungiers above reherced have gotyn within [youre said 1] Realme, by bying and sellyng or by suche easy occupacions and handecraftes greate substans of goodes they departe out of [youre 1] said Roialme unto suche parties of beyonde the See as like theym to doo, with the said substaunce of goodes, and there spende the same goodes oftentymes amonge [yor 1] advsaries and Enemies to the hurt of [you and youre subgiett('] and enpovesshyng of [youre said 1] Realme and the Comens of the same; And thus by the occasion of the Pmisses the substaunce of thenhabitaunt in the said Citees Burghes and Townes in late daies have fallen and dailly falle unto greate povte and dekay, to their lykely undoyng withoute [youre 1] gracious helpe be unto theym shewed in this partie: [*Please it therfore your said highnes, of youre moste noble and habundaunt grace tenderly to consider the pmisses, and theruppon by thadvice and assent of the Lords spuelx and tempelx in this youre psent pliament assembled and by thauctorite of the same, to ordeigne and pvide 3] that all Merchaunts of the nacion of Italie afore reherced not made deinseyn, which have nowe within this [your '] Realme Wares or Merchaundises brought from beyond the See, and before the feste of Ester next comynge shall have, do selle or bartre theym in grose and not by retaile to youre subgiett? before the first daie of Maij that shall be in the yere of oure Lorde God M'CCCC. lxxxv; And the monay comynge of the same Sale before the said fyrst daie of May within the same Porte or Portes where they have arryved, enploy uppon the Comoditees and Merchaundises of this [youre'] Realme, their resonable costes and expences alwey except and deduct; uppon payne of forfaiture of the value aswell of all the said Wares and Merchaundises kept and not solde afore the said first daie of May, or otherwise sold

Moreover [most drad Sovaigne Lorde '] Artifycers and

other Straungiers not born under [youre 1] obeysaunce

of all the said Wares and Merchaundises kept solde afore the said first daie of May, or otherward of this sell the same both of the King and of all his Realm our Sovereign Lord the King and his Subjects

8 Our said Sovereign Lord the King, of his abundant grace, willing against the premises to provide remedy in this behalf, by the advice and assent of his Lords spiritual and temporal, and at the prayer of the Commons in the said Parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, hath ordained established and enacted

Printed
Translations.

Enoultre artificers & autres est'ungez nient neez desoubz lobbeisance du Roy de jour en autre resortent & repairont a la Citee de Loundres & autres Citeez Burghs & Villes del dit Roialme en g'und nombre, & pluis qils a feere soloient es jo's passez, et ceux mesmes enhabitont deinz le dit Roialme ovesq leur femmes enf untes & housholdes ne voillent prendre sur eux ascun laborious occupacion, si come Charetter ou arer & autres semblez bosoignez, meis usent faisure de drap & autres artifices manuelx & easiez occupacions, et amesnont & conveiont a les parties de pdela le meere gaund substance des wares & mchandises as feyres & mchies & toutz autres lieux de cest Roialme a leur pleasure, & les illeosqes vendont si bien p retaille come autrement, si franchement come ascuns de les ditz Subgiettes du Roy usent a feere, a gaund damage & empovisshment de les ditz Subgiettes du Roy, & en nuff maner veulent suffrer ne Pndre ascuns de les Subgiettes du Roy a over ovecq eux, meis ils pignent tantsoulement en leur service gentz neez en leure pprez paiis, pount les ditz Subgiettes du Roy pur defaute doccupación cheiont en ociosite & sont larons menden*ntes vagabondes & gentz de vicious vivre, a gaund pturbacon du Roy & de tout son dit Roialme; & quunt les michauntes & artificers estaungez desuis recitez ount gaignez deinz le dit Roialme, p empcion & vendicion ou p tielx easiez occupacions & artifices manuelx, g'und Substance dez biens, ils alent hors del dit Roialme a tielx parties de la le meere come lo' plerra a feere ovesqz la dit substance des biens, & illeoqes expendont mesmes lez biens sovent foitz entre les advsaries & enemies du Roi, au damage nre dit Sovaign & ses Subgiettes & enpo-Visshement de son dit Roialme & les Coens del mesme. et issint p loccasion de les pmisses la substance des enhabit untez en lez ditz Citees Burghs & Villes ore tard ount cheiez & de jour en autre cheient a g'und povtie & decaie, a leur semblable defeisure sinon le gracious aide du Roy a eux ne fuisset monstre en cest partie: Nie dit f' le Roi de sa noble & haboundaunt grace voilant encountre les Pmisses purvoir de remedie en cest partie, ad de ladvys & assent des ditz f's Espuelx & Temporelx & al prier des ditz Coens en le dit parlement assemblez & p auctorite de mesme le parlement ordeigne & purveu, q toutz marchauntz del nacion de Italie avant recitez nient faitz deinzeins queux ount ore deinz cest Roialme wares ou mchandises amesnez de la le meere, & devent le fest de Pasq, pschein venent avont, facent vendre ou bartre iceux en gros & nient p retaile as Subgiettes du Roy devent le primer jour de May q sra en lan nre f' Dieu M'CCCC lxxxv. et la monoie del mesme le vende pven'nt dev'nt dit prim jour de May deinz mesme le Port ou Portes lou ils arrivoient enploiount sur les comoditees & marchaundises de cest Roialme, leur renablez costes & expenses toutz foitz exceptz & deductez, sur peyne de forfaiture del value si bien de toutz les ditz wares & marchaundises gardez & nient venduz devant le dit primer jour

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emersiont en le dit realme & ceux en lex dix warehowsex

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les fost MS. Per.

de May, ou autrement venduz q est desuis rehersee come de taunt de moneie q'unt ensi sra fait oultre p eschaunge contrarie a ceste acte. Et auxi q toutz les mich'untes de Italie, queux apres le feste del Pasq. pschein ven*nt amesneront ascuns michandises ou wares en cest Roialme Dengletre a venders, vendent ou bartrent lez ditz wares & mchandises en gros & nient p retaile a les subgiettes du Roy, sur peine de forfeiture del value des mesmes lez wares & marchandises (') quells ils come il est av'ntdit amesneront apres le dit feste del Pasq. & barteront & venderont deinz le dit Roialme facent bartre ou vendre les mesmes deinz oept mois pscheins apres leur primer arrivalt en cest dit Roialme en fourme avantdit, et la monoie pvenant de ou p les ditz vendes ou barteringes & chune deux enploient, & ovecq ceo achatent les comoditees ou marchaundises de cest dit Roialme Dengletre deinz les ditz oept mois, en le dit Porte ou Portes lou ils primement arriveront, lour renablez costes & expenses toutz foitz exceptz & deductz, et en null mane de feere ascune tiel moneie oultre p eschaunge; et q les ditz marchauntz leur ditz wares & nichandises remain'ntes nient venduz puis le fine de les ditz viij mois en null mane vendre ne bartre facent deinz le dit Roialme, meis carient & convoient les hors de mesme le Roialme dedeinz deux mois pscheins ensuantz apres les ditz oept mois, si vent & temps [& 1] suffre veulent, et autrement si tost q vent & temps eux suffre veulent [et autrement 3] puis les ditz deux mois, sur peine de forfeiture si bien de taunt de moneie q'unt ensi Bra fait hors de cest dit Roialme p eschaunge, come de lez ditz wares & marchaundises ensy venduz ou bartrez apres le fine de les ditz oept mois, nient cariez ne convoiez hors del dit Roialme en fourme av'ntdit ou le value ent; les forfaitur penaltie & perde de toutz les Pmissez toutz foitz encourgreront & sront sur les ditz marchauntez de Italie feis'untez contrarie a cest acte. Purveu toutz foitz qil sra licite a les ditz michauntes de la nacion de Italie toutz tielx michandises & wares & chune part diceux, les quels apres le Fest del Pasche pschein ven'nt 'sront amesnez au ascun Port ou Portes de cest dit Roialme estre venduz, de convoier mesmes lez marchaundises & wares a leur libtie en ascun autre Port ou Portes ou autre lieu deinz cest dit Roialme, & illeoqes ceux de vendre come il est avantdit, Issint q ils vendent ou bartrent mesmes les marchaundises & wares deinz ceste Roialme dedeinz viij mois pscheins apres lour primer arrivatt au ascun de les ditz Port ou Portes de mesme le Roialme. Et auxi q null marchaunt estraunge de quelle paiis qil soit, soit hoste ou pigne a Sojourne ovesque luy deinz le dit Roialme Dengletre ascun marchaunt estaunge nient esteant de mesme la nacion de quel il est, sur peyne de pdre & forfaire a chune temps qil ensi face xl fi. Et q null marchaunt est'unge soit al hostiell ne sojourne ovecq ascun autre marchaunt est'unge nient de sa nacion ou paiis deinz le dit Roialme sur payne de xl ti.

1 There appears a manifest deficiency in this place, not supplied by any Manuscript or Printed Copy of the French Text.

2 y MS. Pet. 5 omitted MSS. Pet. & Cott. than ys above reherced, as of so moche money as so shall be made over by exchaunge contrary to this acte. And also that all the said Merchauntes of Italie, the They shall whiche after the fest of Ester next comynge shall bryng any Merchaundises or Wares into this [your'] Realme of England to be sold, selle or bartre the said Wares & michaundises in grose and not by retaile unto [youre'] subgiette, uppon payne of forfaiture of the value of the same Wares and mchaundises [otherwise sold than is above reherced; and that the said merchaunt their said Wares and mchaundises 3] whiche they as it is aforesaid shall brynge after the said fest of Ester, [and shall bartre and selle within yo' said Realme,4] do bartre or selle the same within viij monethes next after their first arryvall into this [youre said'] Realme in fourme aforesaid, And the money comynge of or by the said Sales or barterynge and evy of theym enploy, and therewith bye the Comoditees or nichaundises of this said Realme of Englond, within the said viij monethes, in the said Porte or Portes where they shall fyrst arryve, their resonable costes and expenses alwey excepte & deduct, and in no wise to make any suche money over by exchange. And that the saide michaunts their seid Wares and michaundises remaynyng unsold after thende of the said viij monethes in nowise do selle nor bartre within [youre'] said Realme, but cary and convey theym out of the same Realme within two monethes next followinge after the same viij monethes, if Wynde and Weder will suffre it, And elle as sone as Wynd and Wedyr wille serve theym after the said ij monethes, uppon payne of forfaiture as well of so moche money as so shalbe made [out of yo' said Realme³] by exchange, as of the said Wares and michaundises so sold or bartred after thende of the said viij monethes not caried nor conveyed out of [youre⁷] said Realme in fourme aforesaid or the value therof; The forfaiture penaltie and losse of all the Pmisses alwey to renne and be uppon the said mchaunt? of Italie doynge contrary to this Acte. Provided alwey that it shalbe leefull to the said michaunte of the Nacion of Italie, all suche michaundises and Wares and evy part therof, the whiche after the fest of Ester next comyng shalbe brought to any porte or portes of this [youre '] said Realme to be solde, to convey the same michaundises & Wares atte their libte to any other porte or portys or other place within this [youre said'] Realme, and there theym to selle as it is aforesaid; so that they selle or bartre the same michaundises and Wares within this [youre'] Realme within viii monethes next after their first arryvall unto any of the said porte or portes of the same Realme. Also that Merchants no michaunt straungier of what Contrey so ev he be, be Oste or take to sojorne with hym within the said Realme of Englond any michaunt straungier not beyng of the same Nacion that he is of, uppon payne to lese and forfaite at evy tyme that he so doth xl ti. And that no michaunt straungier be at Oste nor sojorne with any op' nichaunt straungier not beyng of his Nacion or Contrey within the said Realme, uppon payne of xl fi.

2 the King's omitted s the to sell or barter, 7 this

in future. Months, and employ their Money in of this Realm.

Two Months

remove their Goods from one Port to

each other,

Printed

Translations.

over These words are omitted in all the Printed Translations, and some words afterwards incorrectly inserted, to supply the manifest deficiency of the sense.

No Italian Merchant shall sell Wool, or Woollen Cloth,bought within the Realm; nor deliver Wool to make Cloth of.

No Alien shall occupy a House with another Alien, or be a Handycraftsman, unless as a Servant to the King's Subjects.

Aliens shall not drape or make Cloth within the Realm.

All Alien Artificers shall sell their Wares in Gross and not by Retail.

Also that none of the said mchaunt of Italie not made Deynseyn shall selle or bartre any Wolle Wollen Clothes or other mchaundise within this [youre'] said Realme, whiche the same michaunte of Italie shall bye within the same Realme; nor that the said mchaunte nor eny other for theym shall delyve any Wolle to any psone to make Clothe of within the same Realme, but have and convey the same Wolle Wollen Clothe and other michaundises ov the See by the Straites of Marrok, uppon payne of forfaiture of the Value of all the Wolle Wollen Clothe and other mchaundises the which so by theym shalbe solde or delyved, in whos handes soev it shalbe founde, the forfaiture therof to renne and be uppon the saide mchaunt straungier. Furthermore that no psone not born under yo' obeisaunce nor made deinsyn, of what nacion or contrey so ev he be, the which shall come into this [yo"] seide Realme of Englond aft the Fest of Est next comyng, takyng uppon hym to be an Artificer or handcraftyman, take nor occupie any house or Chambre and theryn dwell or sojo'ne with any other Straungier not borne under [youre obeisaunce 2] as it is aforeseid, nor excise nor occupie eny man handcrafte or the occupacion of any handcrafty man within this [youre saide '] Realme of Englond; but that all suche psonnes which after the seid Fest of Ester shall come into this [yor saide '] Realme and evy of theym departe unto their owne Contreys agayn, or ells be servaunt? unto suche of [yo'3] subgietts oonly as ben expte and connynge yn suche Fetys Craftys and Werkes as the seid Straungiers can occupie, uppon payne of forfaiture of all their goodes, the whiche shall come and dwelle in this [youre said '] Realme contrary to this Acte, in whose handes so ev they shalbe founde. Also that no psone not borne under [youre] obeisaunce nor made deinseyn beyng an Artificer or handcrafty man, after the said feste of Ester, nor noon other for hym or to his use, drape or make any Clothe or put any Wolle to werke to make Clothe of within the said Realme of Englond, uppon payne of forfaiture of the same Clothe draped or made contrary to this Acte. Also that all psones not borne under [youre 3] obeisaunce beyng artificers and handcraftymen, atte daie of makynge of this Acte dwellynge or enhabited within this [youre'] said Realme, nor noon other suche artificers or handcrafty men whiche hereafter shall be dwellynge or enhabited within the same Realme, be whiche after the fest of the Anunciacion of our Lady next comynge shall use excise or occupie the fete of merchaundises of any maner of Wares within this [youre said '] Realme, selle or bartre the same Wares and mchaundises in grose and not by retaill within the Porte Towne or Place where the same Artificers ben or shall be enhabited or dwellyng, and in noon other place, uppon payne of forfaiture of the value of all the Wares and michaundises solde contrary to this Acte. Also that no psone not borne under [youre3] obeisaunce nowe enhabited dwelling or kepyng howse or Chambre win this [youre said '] Realme and occupyinge any handcrafte or beynge an artificer or handcrafty man, after the Fest of the Anūciacion

omitted the obeisaunce of the King Printed Translations.

Auxi q null de les ditz march untes de Italie nient fait Deinzein vendra ou bartera ascune laine draps lanuez ou aultre marchaundise deinz cest dit Roialme quelles mesmes lez marchauntz de Italie achateront dedeinz mesme le Roialme; Ne q les ditz mchauntes ne ascune autre pur eux deliveront ascune laine au ascun psone de feere drap ent deinz mesme le Roialme, meis aient & convoient mesme la laine drap lanuez & autrez march'undises oultre le meere p les Streites de Marrok, sur peyne de forfeiture del value de tout la laine drap lanuz & autres mchaundises les quelles ensi p eux Bront venduz ou deliverez, en quelconqs mainz ils Brount trovez, la forfaiture dicell de currer & soit sur le dit march unt estraunge. En oultre q null psone nient neez desoubz lobbeisaunce du Roy ne fait Deinszein, de qconq, nacion ou paiis qil soit, le quel viendra en cest Roialme Dengletre puis la feste de Pasche pschein venant, pignant sur luy destre artificer ou handcraftiman, preigne ne occupie ascun meason ou chambre & en ycell demoerge ou sojourne oveq, ascun aute estunge nient neez desoubz lobbeis'unce du Roy come il est avantdit, ne execise ne occupie ascune mane artifice manuell ou loccupacion dascun handcraftyman deinz le dit Roialme Dengletre; meis q toutz tielx psones quelx apres le dit feste de Pasche viendront en cest dit Roialme & chune deux departent & departe a leur ppres paiis arere, ou autment soient svintes a tielx dez Subgiettes du Roy tantsoulement queux sont expertz & Scientz ou Scientificez es tielx feetez artez & ovaignes quelx lez ditz est*ungez savont occupier, sur peine de forfaiture de toux leur biens les queux viendront & demorgeront en cest dit Roialme contrarie a cest acte, en quelxconqes mains ceux sront trovez. Auxi q nulle psone nient neez desoubz lobbeisaunce du Roy nene fait Deinszein, esteant artificer ou handcraftyman, puis le dit feste de Pasche, ne null autre pur luy ou a son use, drape ou face ascun drap ou mette ascune laine a ovaigne de feere drap ent deinz le dit Roialme Dengletre, sur peyne de forfaiture de mesme le drap drapez ou faitz contrarie a cest acte. Auxi q toutz psones nient neez desoubz lobbeisaunce du Roy esteantz artificers & handcraftymen, al jour del faisaunce de cest acte dem'antz ou enhabitez dedeinz cest dit Roialme, ne nulles aut's tielx artificers ou handcraftymen qi enapres sront dem'antz ou enhabitez deinz mesme le Roialme, queux apres le fest del annunciacion de nre Dame pschein ven'nt useront exciceront ou occupieront le feete de mchandise dascuns maners Wares deinz le dit Roialme, vendent ou bartrent mesmes les wares & marchandises en gros & nient p retaile dedeinz le port ville ou lieu lou mesmez lez artificers sount ou grount enhabites ou demurrantz, & en null aut lieu, sur peine de forfaiture del value de toutz lez wares & mchandisez venduz contrarie a cest acte. Auxi q null psone nient nee desoubz lobbeisaunce du Roy ore enhabite dem'ant ou gard'unt meason ou chambre deinz cest dit Roialme, & occupiant ascun artifice manuell ou esteant artificer ou handcraftyman, apres le feste del annunciación de nre Dame

pschein ven'nt pigne ascun apprentise servaunt ou ascune autre persone a over ovecq, luy ou a son use, sinon il soit son fitz ou sa file, autres q al dit fest srount apprentises ou servantes ovecq, luy, sinon mesmes lez apprentises ou servauntes ensi apprenders soient subgiettes du Roy neez; sur payne de forfeiture & pdre pur chune apprentise ou servaunt prisez a contrarie xx fi. la une moite dez toutz les ditz fines forfaitures & penalties & chune de ceux destre a nre f' le Roy, et lautre moite destre a celluy ou ceux le q ou queux seisera ou seiseront les mesmes, ou pursuera ou p'sueront pur les mesmes p accion de dette, p brief al coen leye, p bille ou pleint solong, la custume del Citee ou Ville lou il aviendra en apres ascuns tielx fines forfaiturez ou penalties de cheier & estre, et q le defend'unt en ascun tiel accion ne soit admis de gager ou feere sa ley, Ne ascuns pteccion ou esson de service le Roy pur ascun tiel defend unt soit allouez en le mesme. Purveu toutz foitz q̃ cest acte ou ascune part dicell, ne ascune autre acte fait ou affaire en le dit plement, en null mauer extende ou soit Pjudiciall ascun destourbance damage ou empediment au ascun artificer ou marchaunt estraunge, de quell nacion ou paiis il soit ou sra, de ou pur amesn'nce en cest Roialme ou vendicon p retaille ou autrement dascuns mans livres escriptez ou enpressez, ou pur lenhabitacion deinz le dit Roialme pur mesme lentent, ou au ascun escriven alluminour liour ou enpssour autrement dit imprintour de tielx livres, quelx il ad ou ava a vendre p voie de marchandise, ou pur leur dem'e en mesme le Roialme pur lexcercicion de les ditz occupacions; cest acte ou ascune part dicell nient contristeant.

Item q come en le parlement nadgairs tenuz a Westin le vintisme jour de Januarie lan vintisme second du Roy Edward le quart, estoit ordeigne & establie p auctorite de le dit nadgaires plement, q null marchaunt estraunge naultre, apres le feste de Pasche adonqs pschein ven'nt, amesneroit en ceste Roialme Dengletre destre venduz ascuns corses ceinctures Ribandes laces Calle Silke ou Coleyn silke filez ou ovez, sur peyne de forfeiture dicell ou del value dicell en quelles mains ceux Frount trovez, lune moite del dit forfeiture destre a nre f' le Roy et lautre moite destre a celluy ou ceux de sez subgiettes q ou queux seisera ou seiserount les mesmes, ou pursuera ou pursueront pur les mesmes p acción de dette p brief del coen leye p bille ou pleint solong la custume de la Citee ou Vitt lou il aviendra enapres ascun tiel forfaitur de cheier ou estre, Et q le defend'unt en ascun tiel accion ne soit admis de gager ou feere sa leye, Ne q ascun pteccion ne essoñ en le service de Roy pur ascune tiel defendaunt soit alloue;

of oure Lady next comynge take any apprice svaunt or any other psone to wirke w' hym or to his use, but if he be his sone or his doughtier, other than atte the said fest shalbe Appnif or servaunt with hym, but if the same Appnif or s'vaunt so to be taken ben [youre '] subgiette born; uppon payne to forfaite and lose for evy apprice or s'vaunt taken to the contrary xx fi. That on half of all the said fynes forfaitures and penalties and iche of theym to be [unto youre said highnesse'] and that other half to be unto hym or theym the which shall sease the same or sue for the same by accion of dette, by writte at Comen lawe, by bille or playnte after the Custume of the Citee of Towne where it shall hapne hereafter any suche fynes forfaitures or penalties to fall and be; And that the defendaunt in any suche accion be not admitted to wage or do his lawe, nor that any pteccion or esson de svice le Roy for any suche defendaunt be allowed in the same. Provided alwey that this Acte or any part therof, or any other Acte made or to be made in this psent pliament, in no wise extende or be pjudiciall any lette hurte or impediment to any Artificer or michaunt straungier of what Nacion or Contrey he be or shalbe of, for bryngyng into this Realme, or sellyng by retaill or otherwise, of any man bokes wrytten or imprynted, or for the inhabitynge within the said Realme for the same intent, or to any [writer lympner bynder or imprynter 3] of suche bokes, as he hath or shall have to sell by wey of mchaundise, or for their abode in the same Reame for the execising of the said occupations; this Acte or any parte therof notwithstondyng.

An Act touchinge the bringing in of Silke Lace Ribande, &c.

TO the right wise and discrete Comens in this psent parliament assembled; Moost humbly shewen unto your discrete Wisdoms the Kynges true lieges aswell men as women of the Citee of London and other Citees Townes and places of this Realme of the hole Crafte of Silkewerke, That where '] in the Parliament late holden at Westmi the xx" daie of Januarie the xxij" yere of Kyng Edward the fourth, it was ordeigned and stablisshed by thauctorite of the said late pliament, that no mchaunt straungier, nor other, after the fest of Ester then next comynge, shuld bryng in to this Realme of Englond to be solde eny corses girdelis ribandys laces calle sylk or coleyn silk throwen or wrought, uppon payne of forfaiture therof or of the value therof in whose handes they shalbe found, the one half of the said forfaiture to be unto the Kinge oure said Sovaigne lorde and the other half to be unto hym or theym of his Subgiette the whiche shall sease the same, or sue for the same by accion of Dette, by Writt at Comen Lawe, by bill or playnte after the Custume of the Citee or Towne where it shall happen hereafter eny suche forfaiture to fall or be; And that the Defendaunt in eny such accion be not admitted to wage or do his Lawe, nor that eny pteccion nor Esson in the vice of the King for any suche defendaunt be allowed;

the King's to the King scrivener allumynour reader or printer

Item, Where

Printed
Translations.

Aliens shall take none but Subjects, or their own Children, for

Apportionment of Forfeitures.

This Act shall not extend to Importers of Books, or to any Writer, Limner, Binder, or Printer.

> X. Rot. Parl.

Recital of the Statute 22 E.IV. c. 3. prohibiting certain Articles of Silk to be brought into

Vol. IL.

6 K

xj.

The said Statute 22 E.IV.c. 3. continued for Ten Years. the said Acte to endure for iiij yeres then next ensuynge the said feste of Ester; [That it may please youre said Wisedoms to praie the Kyng oure Sovaigne lorde to ordeigne '] by auctorite of this psent pliament, that the said Acte and Orden nce be and stonde gode vaileable and effectuell unto thende of pe seid iiij yeres, and from thende of the seid iiij yeres unto the ende and time of x. yeres then next ensuynge: [at the revence of God and in the Way of Charite.²]

XI. Rot. Parl. nu. 30. The excessive high Price of Bowstaves;

An AcT touchinge Bowyers.

[TO the full hono'able and discrete Comens in this Psent parliament assembled; Mekely shewen unto youre discrete wisdoms your besechers 3] the Bowyers inhabitant? within Citeez Burghes and Villages of this noble Realme of Englond, occupying Artillary to theym belonging for the sure tuicion and defence of the seid Realme, that where in tymes paste good and hable stuffe of Bowestaves aswell by Englisshe michaunt? as by Straungiers hath ben brought into this said Reame, by the whiche the said inhabitaunts Artillers myght competently lyve upon suche stuff as they than bought of Bowestaves at xl s. the C., or xlvj s. viij d. atte mooste, It is so nowe, that by the [subtile meanes 1] of Lumbardf usynge to divse portes in this Realme [the Crafte of Bowiers aforesaid is sore mynusshed and likly to be uttirly undone, And therby the londe greatly enfebled, to the greate Jeopdie of the same and greate comforte to the Enemyes and advsariez therof: For by the seducious confederacy of the said Lumbard(1] bowestaves ben nowe at so outrageous price, that is to wit at viij fi. the C. where they were wont to be solde but at xl s. and also they wil not suffre any garbelyng of theym to be made, but selle good and bad at so excessyf price togedyr ungarbeled, that by liklyhode within shorte tyme this Realme is like to lacke bothe stuff of Artillary and of Artificers of the same, without a pvision of due remedy in this behalf be the more spedely found and hadde: [5 It may therfore please your discrete Wysdoms to pray the Kinge oure sov'aigne Lorde that he of his grace especiall with thassent of his lordes spuelx and tempelx and Comens in this his psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordeigne establisse and enacte 5] that noon of thoo michaunt? of Venice, nor other that use to repeyre into this [youre '] Reame with mchaundisez of thoo ptiez, brynge nor convey into this said Realme any michandisez, but yf the same michaunt and michaunte bryng with evy Butte of Malvesy and with evy But of Tyre x bowestaves good and hable stuff, upon peyn of forfeyture of xiij s. iiij d. for evy But of the said Wynz so brought and conveid, And not the said nombre of Bowestaves with the same Butt; The oon half of the said forfaiture to [you 6] sovaigne Lorde and the other moite to the partie that will sue therfore. And that no suche bowestaves be sold ungarbelled, and but to suche psone or psonez as be borne and shall be borne under the King? obeysaunce; this Act to begyn to take effect at the fest of Seint Michell next comynge.

Bowstaves shall not be sold ungarbelled; nor to any but Natives.

Ten Bowstaves shall be

brought into

with every

Butt of

Malvesey and Tyre.

Our said Sovereign Lord the King that now is, at the prayer of the said Commons, hath ordained ² omitted
³ Item, It was showed in the said Parlia-

ment by seditious Confederacy Wherefore our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Assent of the said Lords Spiritual & Temporal, at the prayer of the said Commons, in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, hath ordained established

Printed
Translations.

le dit acte dendurer pur quatrez ans adonqes pschein ensuantz le dit feste de Pasche: Nre dit sovaigne f' le Roy quotest al prier de sez ditz Coens ad ordeigne p lauctote de cest psent plement q le dit acte & ordenence soit & estoise boon vaillable & effectuell jesq, le fine de lez ditz quatres ans (') jesq, le fine & me des x ans adonqes pscheins ensuantz.

Item monstre fuist en le dit plement p les Bowiers enhabitauntz deinz les Citees Burghs & Villagez de cest Roialme Denglerre, occupiantz artillarie as eux regardauntz pur la defence de cest Roialme, q come en temps passez bone & able Stuffe de Bowestaves, sibn p marchauntz Engloisez come estraungez, eust estee amesne en le dit Roialme, p quell les ditz enhabitauntz artillers porroient competentment vivre sur tiel Stuff quel ils achatoient de Bowestaves a xl s. le Cent ou a xlvj š. viij đ. au pluis haute; Ore est il ensi q p la seducious confederacie de les Lombardes usantz as divs Portes de cest Roialme les Bowestaves ore sont a si outerageous price, cest assavoir a viij fi. le Cent, lou ils soloient est venduz meis a xl s. et ensement ils suffrer ne voilent ascun garbelment diceux estre fait, meis vendont bons & mals a si excessif price ensemblement nient garbelez, q p semblance en brief temps cest Roialme est semblable de failer si bien de Stuff dartillarie come des artificers del mesme sinon due remedie en cest parte soit pluis hastifment trovee & eue: Nre dit f' le Roy de lassent dez ditz f's Espuelx & Temporelx & a la prier de les Coens en le dit plement assemblez & p auctote del mesme, ad ordeigne establie & enacte q null de lez mchantes de Venice, nautre q use de repairer en cest Roialme ovecq, mchaundisez diceux parties, amesne ne convoie en cest dit Roialme ascuns mchaundisez, sinon mesmes lez mchaunte & mchauntes amesnent ovesq, chune but de Maluesie & ovesq, chune But de Tyre, dix Bowestaves bons & able Stuff, sur peyne de forfeiture de xiij s. iiij d. pur chune But de les ditz vines ensi amesnez & convoiez & nient le dit nombre des Bowestaves ovesq mesme le But; lune moite del dit forfaiture a nre dit fr le Roy & lautre moite al partie q pur ceo suer voet. Et q nulles tielx Bowestaves soient venduz degarbelez, et forsq, a tiel psone ou psones qe ou quels est ou sont & Bra ou Pront neez desoubz lobbeisaunce du Roy: Cest acte de commencer & prendre effect al fest de Seint Michel pschein ven'nt.

Et del fyn de lez ditz quater anz MS. Pet.

xij.

XII. Rot. Parl. nu. 29.

Item monstre fuist en le dit plement p les artificers du dit Roialme Dengletre, sibien de la Citee de Loundrez come daut's Citees Villes Burghs & Villagez mesme le Roialme, cestassavoir Cincturers Fesours des [pountes'] Pinners Bursers Gaunters Cotelers Bladesmythes Blaksmythes Fesours des esperons. Peinctours Batours dor Sellours Lorimers Fusours Feisours des Cardes Hurers Wyremongers Textours Horners Botelmakers & Copersmythes, q come ils soloient en temps passe estre g'undement misez en ovaigne & occupiez en les ditz artes pur la sustenaunc de ceux mesmes leur femmes enfauntes appentises & servantz, & plusours aut's Subgiettes du Roy; Or est il ainsi q p marchauntes estraunges Deinzeins & autres sount amesnez de les parties de la le meare estre venduz deinz le dit Roialme si plusours des Wares, quels porroient estre ovez & forgez p les artificers desuis rehercez, q pent les gentz des pays est*unges lou les av*ntdit wares sont faitz g*undement sont occupiez & encreases, & les ditz artificers trop enpovez & de jour en autre dekeient, & saunz la grace du Roy as eux monstre en cest partie semblez destre destrutz pur defaute doccupacion: Nre dit fr le Roy les Pmisses considerant de ladvice & assent des f's Espuelx & Temporelx & a la prier de sez Coens en le dit plement assemblez & p auctorite dicell ad ordeigne & purveue, q null marchaunt estraunge, apres le Fest del Pasche ore pschein ven'nt, amesne en cest Roialme Dengletre destre venduz ascuns mans ceinctures ne ascuns herneisez ovez pur ceinctures pointes laces de quir Burses Pouches Espinges Gaunces Cotelx hangers forces pur Taillours Forcettes appelles vulgarment Scisors andirons Cobbardes teneils furces pur fue Gredirons Stoklokkes Clefs Hynges & garnettes espurons mirrours depeinctez papiers depeinctez Forcers depeinctez ymages depeinctez draps depeinctez ascun [cebatuz 1] ou arget batuz ovez es papiers pur peinctours Selles Sadeltrees Harnes pur chevaux boces moleins vulgaremet appellez Bittes estriveux Bocles Cheynes clous Dorpetir vulgarmet appellez laton nayles with Iron Shankes Turrettes Chaundelers estantz Chaundelers pend'untz Stoppes p' eaue sacrez vulgarment appellez Holywater Stoppes Chafyng disshes lavours pendauntz aneus p' curteins cardes pur laine, Cardes de Roan forsprises, claspes pur Robes vulgarement appellez (3) forgowenes Bocles p' Solers broches Champnoils vulgareme' appellez belles, forprisez haukes belles, Culiers destain & plumbe Cheines de Wyre sibien de laton come de fer Chaundelers de fer Grates hornes p' lanternes, ou ascuns de les suisditz Wares prestment forgez & ovez appteign*ntz a les artes desuis

pointez) or batuz Ms. Pet.

of the rame, bath or dained, enablished, and enaffed,"

An Act agaynst Straungers Artificers. [To the right wise and discrete Comens in this

present parlement assembled. SHEWETH unto youre greate Wisdoms the King? true Subgiett? and liege people the Artificers in greate nombre of this Royalme of Englond;] aswell of the Citee of London and other Citees Townes Burghes and Villages of this Roialme, that is to say Gurdelers Poyntmakers Pynners Pursers Glovers Cutlers Bladsmythes Blacksmythes Sporiours Goldebeters Peyntours Sadelers Lorymers Founders Cardemakers Hurers Wiremongers Wevers Horners Botelmakers and Copersmythes, that where as they have been wont in tyme passed to be greatly sett on Werke and occupied in these said Craftys for the sustenince of theym self their Wyfes Children Appintices and covenaunt svaunts and many other the Kynges Subgiett? ['and have be wont to be sett awerk and occupacion to their ppur use by the whiche they have pspered and honestly gottyn their lyvyng,] It is so nowe that by michaunts Straungiers deinzens and other ther be brought from the parties of beyonde the See to be solde within this Roialme so many of the said Wares the whiche myght be wrought by the Artificers above reherced, that therby the people of straunge Contreis, where the forceid Wares be made, been huggely occupied encressed and greatly prospere [and dailly encrese by the making of the same, aswell to the pfyte of their Prynces as of theymself; 2] and the Artificers aforesaid of this seid Realme, [the whiche were wont to make the said Wares and gete their lyvyng honestly by the same at all tymes been contributaries with other the King's Subgietts in all Coen Charges in evyche of his Citees Townes Burghes and Villages of this said Realme, 1] ben greatly empovesshed, and dailly dekeyn, ['that they be bothe unhable to bere eny suche ferther charge or to gete their convenient lyvyng; '] And w'out the Kinge good grace [and youre discrete Wisdoms 1] be shewed unto theym in this behalf they be likely in shorte tyme to be utily undon for lake of occupacion: [3Please it therfore yo' said discrete Wisdoms tenderly to considre the Pmisses, to pray the Kynge oure Sovaigne lorde by thadvyse and assent of the lordys spuelx and tempelx in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, for to ordeyne and pvide3] that no michaunt Straungier, after the fest of Ester nowe next comynge, brynge into this Realme of Englond to be sold any man Gurdels nor eny Harnes wrought for Gurdels Poyntes laces lether purses Pouches Pynnes Gloves Knyves Hangers Taillourshires Scisors Andyrons Cobbarde Tongges Fireforkes Gredyrons Stok lokkes keys hynges and garnette Spores peynted glasses paynted Papers paynted forcers paynted ymages paynted Clothes any beten gold or beten silver wrought in papers for Payntours sadels sadeltrees hors harnes [boces*] bittes sterops bokels cheynes laten nayles w' Iron Shankes Turrette stondynge Candelstykes hangyng Candelstike halywater stoppes Chafynge disshes hangynge lavers Curteyn Rynges Cardys for Wolle except Roan Cardes Claspes for Gownes bokels for shoes broches belles except haukes belles spones of Tyn and lede Cheynes of Wire aswell of Laton as of Iron Candelstikk? of Iron [plate 1] grates [hures 1] and lantern hornes, or eny of these forsaid Wares redy made and wrought

1 Item, It was shewed in the same Parliament by the Artificers of the said Realm of England, 2 omitted

Sovereign Lord the King, considerong the premises, by the advice and assent of the Translations. Lords Spiritual and Temporal and at the prayer of the Commons in the said Parliament assembled and by authority of the same, hath ordained and provided botes, boots,

Merchandises shall not be

Penalty.

pteynyng to the Craftes above specified or enyof theym; upon payne of forfaiture of all the Wares and of evy of them so brought in to this Realme to be contrarie to this Acte, or the value of theym, in whose handes they or eny of them shall be founde; the oon half of suche fynes forfeitures and penalties and of yche of theym be unto the King our Sovaine lorde, And that other half to be unto hym or theym of the Kinges Subgiette the whiche shall sease the same, or sue for the same by Accion of Dette, by Writte or bill at coen lawe, by byll or pleynt after the Custume of the Citee or Toune where it shall happen hereafter eny suche fynes forfeitures and penalties to fall and bee; And that the Defendaunt in eny suche accion be not admitted to wage or do his Lawe, nor that eny pteccion or Esson de svice le Roye for eny suche defendaunt be allowed in the

XIII. Ret. Parl. nu. 31.

An Act for the Content? of a Butt of Malmesey.

['TO the Kinge oure Sovaigne Lorde, Shewen unto your highnesse, lamentably compleynyng youre humble Coens of this yo' psent pliament assembled, in the name of theym self and of all your other humble Coens of this youre honorable Realme, that Whereas Buttes of Wyne called Maluesey were wont in greate plentee to be brought in to this youre said Realme to be sold before the xxvij and xxviij yeres of the Reigne of Henry the syxte, late in dede and not of right King of Englond, and also in the same yeres, And than divs of the Buttes hilde in mesuare vijxx galons apece, And divs hilde vjxx xij galons apece, And the leste of theym hilde vjxx vj galons apece, And than a Man might bye and have of the mchaunte strangier seller of the said Malueseys by meane of the seid plentee of theym for 13. or lij s. iiij d. atte the most a butte of suche Wyne, he takinge for his payment therof ij. partes in Wollen cloth wrought in this youre said Realme and the iij. parte in redy money: It is so, Sovaigne lorde, that by the sotell and crafty meanes of such psones Straungiers as have the Sale of suche Wynes the whiche have been made denizeins within this youre seid Realme have caused the Butte of Malueseys latewarde brought into this your seid Realme to be solde for to be sore abregged and mynysshed of the said Mesure so largely, That a Butte of their Malueseyes at this day scantly holdith in measure vxx viij galons; And besides that they knowinge as it semith what quantite of such Wyne may serve yerely to be solde within this youre said Realme, where they were wont to brynge hider yerely greate quantite and plentevously of suche Wyne to be solde after the prices aforeseid, of their craftynesse use to brynge no more hider nowe in late daies but onely as wolle scantly sve this Realme a yere; wherethurgh they have enhaunced the Price of the same Wynes to viij marc a butte, redy money and no Cloth, to the greate enrichyng of theym self and greate disceite losse hurt and damage of you Sovaigne lorde and of all yo' Comens of this your said Realme; in consideracion of whiche hurtes and Damagis aforeseid and for the reformacion of the same, Please it youre highnesse of youre moost bountevous and benygne grace, by thadvise and assent of youre lordes spuelx and tempelx and of youre Comens in this youre psent pliament assembled, for to ordeyngne enacte and establisshe in this youre psent pliament and by auctorite of the same, ']

1 See Note to the French Text.

especifiez ou ascun diceux; sur peyn de forfeitur de tot les Wares & de chune diceux ensi amesnez en cest Roialme destre contrariant a cest acte, ou le value diceux, en quelx mains ceux ou ascun diceux srount trovez; lune moite de tielx fines forfaitures & penaltees & de chune deux soit a nre f' le Roy, & q lautre moite soit a celluy ou ceux dez Subgiettes du Roy q seiseront ou seisera les mesmes ou pursueront ou pursuera pur les mesmes per accion de dette p brief ou bille al coen ley, per bille ou pleint solonq, la custume del Citee ou Ville lou il aviendra enapres ascuns tielx fines forfeitures & penalties de cheier & estre; & q le defendaunt en ascune tiel accion ne soit admis de gager sa ley, Ne q ascun pteccion ou esson de service le Roy pur ascune tiel defendaunt soit alloue en le mesme.

[Item sur grevous compleint fait a nre dit & le Roy en le dit plement p les Coens dicell de defaute des mesures des Buttes de Maluesie & autres vesseaulx des Vines & Oile, mesme nre & le Roy de ladvys & assent des ditz & Espuelx & Temporelx & a la supplicacion de les ditz Coens en le dit plement assemblez & p auctorite del mesme ad ordeigne enacte & establie]

coment, Scienta, andipute Cobbardes tourile factors for the form of the following for the factor of the factors of the factors

¹ Instead of the long Preamble to this Act, as entered on the Parliament Roll, and printed in modern Editions of the Statutes, the Old Printed Translations read, in conformity with

the French Text, as follows:

"Item, upon grevous Complaint made to our Sovereign Lord the King, in the said Parliament, by the Commons of the same, of the Defaults of Measures of Butts of Maluesye and other Vessels of Wines and Oil; Our said Sovereign Lord the King, by the Advice and Assent of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Supplication of the said Commons in the said Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, hath or dained, established, and enacted,"

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à null man marchaunt nautre psone quele qil soit del feste de Seint Michell Larchangell ore pschein ven'nt enavent, amesne ne face estre amesnez en le dit Roialme ascun But de Maluesie destre venduz sinoun il conteigne en mesure au meyns la veil mesure vjxx & vj galons; ne ascuns manis vesseaulx ovesq, ascuns maners Vines quellez qil soient & de qconq paiis qils soient, ne ascuns maners vesseaulx de Oile, sinoun les vesseaulx de celles Vines & Oile, conteignent & teigne lassises & mesures cy ensuantz; cest assavoir chescune Tonell de conteigner xijxx & xij galons, & chescune Pipe de conteigner vj*x & vj galons, & chescune Tercian de conteigner iiijxx & iiij galons, & chescune Hoggeshede de conteigner lxiij galons, & chescune Barell de conteigner xxxj galons & dimy, & chescune Roundelet de conteigner xviij galons & dī, accordaunt al auncien assise & mesure de mesmes lez vesseaulx usez deinz cest Roialme. Et q toutz lez Vesseaulx des Vines & Oile amesnez en le dit Roiat aps le dit Fest destre venduz ne soiet misez au vend aps mesme le Fest tanq, ils soiet bier. & vraiemet gauges p le Gaugeour du Roy ou p son sufficient deputee, sur peine de forfaiture a nre dit f. le Roy de tota tielx Vines & Oile ensi venduz a lencontrarie de cest psent orden nce, ou aultremet del value des mesmes. Et en case q ascun manle psone de quell paiis quil soit de cest temps enavant vende au ascune du liege poeple du Roy p' ascun price assigne en certeyn, ascun Tonell But Pipe Tercian Hoggeshede Barell ou Roundelet dascun maile Vine ou Oile, fautant ascun chose del dit assise ou mesure, q le vendour allouera & rebatera de mesme le price al achato' de tiel Vine ou Oile t'unt de moneie q'unt tiel defaute solono, la rate amountera, sur payn de forfait'e a nre dit f' le Roy le value de to' le Vine & Oile ensi venduz alencont'rie de ceste orden'nce, ascun prive coven nt ou contract fait ou estre fait ente lachato' & vendo' al cont"rie de cest orden nce en null manle contristeant.

Item coe le Clergie del pvince de Cauntburs & Devwik ount devaunt cest temps gauntez as pgenitos nre f' le Roy divs foitz en lour convocacons dismes destre levez de lour biens & possessions, & aps q mesme la g'unt soit ctifie en leschequer du Roy & les nouns de les Collecto's pur le mesme, q'unt les ditz Collecto's apparont dev'nt les Barons de leschequer & entront en leur accompt pur la dit disme, q dongs les ditz Collecto's sovent foitz sount chargez vexez & troubles ovesq, billes misez p autres psonez envs eux, pur autres causes & matiers q pur la dit cause touchaunt le dit accompt, & p occasion del mesme ils sovent foitz cheiont a g'und povissemet, & causet le dit accompt estre deux ou trois ans pendaunt & les dismes nient contentz, a g'und damage nre dit Sovaigne & le Roy & les Collecto's avant. ditz: Il est pur ceo ordeigne & establie p nre dit & le Roy les f's Espuelx & Temporelx & les Coens

that no maner michaunte nor other psone what so ev he be, from the fest of Seynt Mygell tharchaungell of Malvesey, nowe next comynge forthwarth brynge nor make to and Vessels be brought in to this [youre said '] Realme eny Butte of Malvesey to be solde but if it hold in mesure atte the leste [the seid olde mesure of '] vjxx vj. galons, nor eny maner Vesself with any maner Wynes what so ev they be and of what man Contrey so ev they be, nor eny maner Vesselles of Oyle, but if the Vessellis of thoo Wynes and Oyle conteyne and holde thassises and mesures here followynge that is to witt; evy Ton to holde xijxx xij galons; and evy Pipe to hold vjxx and vj galons, and evy Tercian to hold iiijxx and iiij galons, and evy hoggeshed to holde lxiij. galons and evy barett to holde xxxj galons and an half, and evy Rondelet to holde xviij galons and an half, accordyng to thauncient assise and mesure of the same Vesselle used within this [youre said noble '] Realme. And that all the vessellys of Wyne and Oyle brought into this [youre said '] Realme after the seid feste to be solde, be not put to Sale after the same feste till they be well and truely gauged by [your 1] Gaugiour, or by his sufficient Deputee, upon payne of forfaiture unto [you So-Vaigne lorde 3] of all suche Wynes and Oyle so solde to the contrarie of this psent ordenince or ellys of the value of the same. And in case that any man psone of what Contrey so ev he be from this tyme forthward selle, to eny of [youre 1] liege people for eny price assigned in certayn, eny Ton Butte Pype Tercian Hoggeshede Barell or Rondelet of any maner Wyne or Oyle fautynge any thynge of the said Assise or Mesure, that the Seller shall allowe and rebate of the same price, to the byer of suche Wyne or Oyle, as moche Money as suche Defaute by the rate shall amounte unto, uppon payne of forfaiture unto [you 1] Sovaigne lorde (1) the value of all the Wyne and Oyle so solde to the contrary of this Ordenance; eny prive covenante or contracte made or to be made betwene the byer and the seller to the contrary of this Ordenaunce in nowise withstondyng.

An AcT for Dysmes graunted in the pvinces of Canterbury and Yorke.

(5) WHERE the Clarge of the pvynce of Caunt bury and of Yorke haise be fore this tyme graunted to the King? pgenitours at divse tymes in their convocacons Dymes to be levied of thair goodes & possessions, and after the same graunt be chified in to the Kinge Escheker and the names of the Collectours for the same, when the said Collectours apperes before the Barons of the Escheker and entres into thair Accompt for the said Dyme, that the said Collectours are oftyn tymes charged vexed and troubilled with billes putt by other psones agayns theym, for other Causes and maters than for the said Cause touchyng the seid Accompt, and by occasion of the same they fall ofte tymes to greate povyshement, and causes the said Accompt to be ij or iij yere hangyng, and the said Dymes not content, to the greate hurt of oure said Sovaigne Lorde and to the Collectours aforesaid: It is therefore ordeigned and establisshed by the King his lordes spuelx and tempelx and the Comens

a the King's 1 omitted. 5 Item 4 our

the King | Prime | Translations.

XIV. Rot. Parl. nn. 32. Collectors of Exchequer Matters;

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Collectors of Dismes shall not be bound to answer Bills at the Suit of private Persons in the Exchequer, filed by reason of their accounting;

in this Psent pliament assembled, that from henseforth yf any Dyme or Part of a Dyme be graunted by the pyynce of aither of the said Clargez to the King oure Sovaigne lorde or to his heyrez, that after the said ctificate retorned into the Escheker of the said Dyme or part of a Dyme, and the Names of the Collectours for gederynge of the same, that if the said Collectours come by pcesse before the said Barons of the said Escheker and entre into their Accompt, that they shall not be bounde to aunswere bill or billes thar laide agayns theym by reason of the said Entre into their Accompt, for no man of cause but onely for the matier towchyng the said Accompt: Provided alwey that if the said Accomptant be sued in eny other Court by Writt bille or pleynt, that he shall take no privylege of the said Escheker, by reason of the said Accompt, for eny Sute as is afore reherced.

But, if sued in other Courts, they shall take no Privilege of Exchequer.

Rot. Parl.

All Letters

Patent, made

to Elizabeth late Wife of Sir John

Gray, and

Queen of England,

All Persons

discharged,

against the King and

Elizabeth,

in respect of

any Issues or

Profits, &c.

the said

annulled.

calling herself

AN ACTE for adnullinge fres patent(' made to Elizabeth late Wyfe of Sir Jo: Grey.

(') FOR certayn greate causes and consideracons, touchynge aswell the suertie of the moost Roiall psone of the King oure Sovaigne lorde Richard the thrid, as of this his Realme, by thadvyce and assent of the lordes spuelx and tempelx and the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, [It be'] enacted ordeigned and stablisshed, that all fres patent? Stat? Confirmacions and Actis of Parliament of any Castellys Lordshipps Manours landes tent? fermes feefermes fraunchises libtiez or hereditament? what so ev, made at any tyme to Elizabeth late the Wyf of f' John Grey Knyght, and late callyng herself Quene of Englond, by what soev name or names shee be called in the same, bee from the first daye of May last passed forward uttrely voied adnulled and of no force ne effect in the Lawe. And that noon psone or psones be charged, to the Kyng oure said Sovaigne lorde, ne to the said Elizabeth, of or for any Issues proffitte or Revenues of any of the said Lordships Manours Castels Land? Tent? fermes hereditamentes, nor for eny trespasses or medlyng in the same, nor for eny bysuertye by eny psone or psones to hir or to hir use made for the same, afore the said fyrst daie of May last passed; but be therof, ayenst [oure said Sovaigne lorde 3] and the said Elizabeth utterly discharged and acquited for ever.

1 Item 1 Item 2 It is Printed Translations.

en le dit pleme' assemblez, q decy enav'nt si ascun disme ou part del disme soit g'unte p la pvince de chescun de les ditz Clergies au Roy nre dit Sovaigne f' ou a sez heires, q aps le dit ctificat reto'nes en lescheqer p' la disme ou pt de disme, & les nouns de les Collecto's p' collect del mesme, q si les ditz Collecto's veigno' p pcesse devent lez ditz Barons del dit Eschequer & entront en lo' accompt, qils ne sront mye obligez de respondre bille ne billes illeoges mise ou mises envs eux p reason del dit entre en lo' accompt, p' null mane cause mes t'unt soulemet p' la matier touchat la dit accompt : P'veu tots foitz q si le dit accompt'unt soit suez en ascun autre Court p brief bille ou pleint, qil prendra nutt privilege del dit Eschequer p reason du dit accompt pur ascune suite come devant est rehersee.

Item pur certeins gaundes causes & consideracions touchauntz la suertie del treshaulte psone nre Sovaigne f le Roi Richard le tierce, come de cest son Roiat, de ladvice & assent de lez & Espuelx & Temporelx & les Coens en cest psent plemet assemblez & p auctorite del mesme, Il est enacte ordeigne & establie, q toutz tres patentez statez confirmacións & actes du plemet des ascuns Chastelx Seigno'ies Manoirs Pres tentes fermes (') fraunchises libertees ou hereditamentes geconques, faitz au ascune temps a Elizabeth nadgairs fēme de f John Grey Chevaler, & ore & tarde appellant soy mesme Roigne Denglerre, p qcounq noun ou nouns el soit appellez en les mesmes, soient a le primer jour de Maij darrine passez en avent toutoutrement voidez adnullez & de null force ne effect en la ley. Et q null psone ou psones soit charge ou soient charges a nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy, ne au dite Elizabeth, de ou pur ascuns issuez pfitez ou revenuz dascuns de les ditz Seignouries Manoirs Chastelx Pres tentes fermes hereditamentes, ne pur ascun Espas ou entremettance en les mesmes, ne pur ascun bisuertie p ascune psone ou psones a elle ou al use delle fait pur les mesmes, dev'nt le dit primer jour de May darrine passez; mes soit & soient dicell envs nre dit Sovaigne & la dit Elizabeth toutoutrement descharge & acquite deschargez & acquitez pur toutz jours.

fee fermez MSS. Pet. & Cott.

Expliciunt statuta Regis Ricardi tercij.

End of the Statutes of King Richard the Third.

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STATUTES OF KING HENRY THE SEVENTH.

Anno 1º HENRICI, VII. A.D. 1485.

Ex MS. Petyt."

HIC INCIPIUT STATUTA Regis Henrici Septimi anno p'mo edita.

(') ENRY p le grace de Dieu Roy Denglit & de France & f' Dirland au pliament tenuz a Westin le septisme jour de Novembr lan du reigne du Roy Henry le septisme puis le conquest p'mer :

Au plesur de Dieu tout puissant bien publique pspite & suertie dicest realme Denglite a la singler comfort de toutz lez subgett? du Roy del mesme & [de remoevdmēt 1] de loutz ambiguitez & questions, del assent dez f'z espuelx & temporels et a la request dez Coens il est ordeigne establie & enacte p auctote du dit pliamet q lez enheritaunces dez Corones dez Realmes Denglitre & de Fraunce ove toutz Pemynence & dignite roiall a ycest app'ten'nt et toutz autr Fiez au Roy regardant oultre le mere ovesq, lez app'ten'ncez a yceux en ascun maner duez ou pteignantz soient estoient remaignent en le [tres noble] pson nre dit Sovaigne & le Roy Henry le septisme & en lez heir? de son corps loialmet issantz ppetuelment ovesq le grace de Dieu ensy dendurer & en nulls autz.

A Blank left for the Letter H .- Henry MS. Hatt.

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HERE BEGIN THE STATUTES Made in the First Year of King Henry the Seventh.

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HENRY by the Grace of God, King of England and of France, and Lord of Ireland, at the Parliament holden at Westminster the Seventh Day of November, in the First Year of the Reign of King Henry, the Seventh after the Conquest.

Ex Rot. Parl. 1 Hen. VII.

TO the Pleasure of Almyghty God the welthe pspitie and Suertie of this Realme of Englond to the synguler comforth of all the Kyngs Subgette of the same and in avoydyng of all ambiguyties and questions, [Be it 1] ordeyned establisshed and enacted by auctorite of this psent pliament that thenheretaunc of the Corounez of the Realmes of England and of Fraunce, wt all the pemynence and dignytie Roiall to the same pteynyng, and all other Seigniuriez to the Kyng belongyng beyond the See w' thapp'tenaunce therto in any wise due or pteynyng, be rest remayne and abyde in the most Royall pson of oure nowe Sovain Lord King Henry the vijth and in the heires of his body laufully comyng ppetuelly with the Grace of God so to endure & in noon other.

with the Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and at the Request of the Commons, It is

. The Statutes of this First Year, and of the Third Year, of this King's Reign, have hitherto, as far as has been discovered, been printed in English, in all Collections of the Statutes at large: The French Text now printed, of the Statutes of both these Years, is taken from the Petyt Manuscript No. 8. in the Inner Temple Library, compared with and corrected, by the various Readings in the Notes, from the Hatton Manuscript 10. [Catal. MS. Angl. 4135.] in the Bodleian Library.

In Lib. Scacc. Westm. XI. and many other Manuscripts, the Statutes of these Years are entered in English, agreeing with the Old Printed English Copies, and in Form with the French Text as now printed, beginning as in the succeeding Page, 500; The English Text, of all the Acts contained in the Statute, is now printed from the Inrollment on the Roll of Parliament of this Year: Such Variations as occur in Lib. Scace. wherewith the Old Printed Copies in general agree, are inserted in the Notes. The French Text does not contain what are inserted in Lib. Scace. and the Printed Copies, as the concluding Chapters of this and the Third Year; Those Chapters, having heretofore been printed as they appear in Lib. Scace. are now printed from that Source, as part of the Statute, and also from the Inrollment of the correspondent Acts on the Parliament Rolls, in conformity with the Method pursued in the preceding Chapters of each Session.



I. Rot. Parl.

пи. 66.

Demandants

in Formedon shall have

their Action

against the Pernors of Profits of

Lands,

whereof others are

their Use.

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Ex Lib. Scace. Westm. XI.

THE KYNGE our Sovereyn Lorde Henry, the Seventh after the conquest, by the Grace of God Kyng of Englonde and of Fraunce, and Lorde of Irlonde, at his parliament holden at Westmynster the seventh daye of Novembre in the first yere of his reigne; To thonour of God and Holy Chirche, and for the comen profite of the Roialme, by thassent of the Lordes Spirituell and Temporell and the Comens in the said Parliament assembled, and by auctorite of the sayd Parliamente, hath do to be made certein Statutes & ordenaunces in maner & fourme followyng.

Ex Rot. Parl. 1 Hen. VII.

An AcT that the Demaundant in a forme downe shall have his accon agaynst the pner of the pffytte.

(') WHERE dyvers of the Kyngs Subject? havyng cause of accion by formedowne in the Descendr, or els in the remayndr by force of any taill, of and for londes and Tente, ben defrauded and delayed of their seid Accions and oft tymes without remedy, by cause of feffement(made of the same londes and Tent(to psones unknowen, to thentent that the Demaund unts shuld not knowe ayenst whom they shall take their accion, [Be it 3] ordeyned stablisshed and enacted by the Advyce of the Lordes spuelx and tempelle and the Comons in [this psent] parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same, that the Demaundaunt in evy suche cas have his accion ayenst the pno' or pno's of the pfitte of the Londe or Tente demaunded, wherof any psone or psones ben enfeffed to his or their use; And that the same pno' or pno's, named as Tenant or Tenante in the said Accion, have the same Vouchers and there lien theruppon eyde pryer and all other avauntages, as the same pno' or pno's shuld have hadde if they were ten'nt? in dede, or as their feffees shuld have hadde if the same Accion hadde ben conceyved ageyns theym; And if it fortune any psone to decesse, so havyng feffees to the use of hym or of his heires, the seid heire beyng w'in age ayenst whom suche Accion is brought as pno', then the same heire have his age in the said Accion conceyved ayenst hym, and all other avauntages, as if his Auncestre hadde died seised of the seid londes and tente so in demaund. And also [be it'] ordeyned by the seid auctorite that all recoves as shalbe in any of suche accions agayn such pno' or pno's [of the pfitte of the seid londes and tente be of like force and effect agayn such pno' or pno's+] and their heires, and their said feffees and their heires, and the Cofesfees of the seid pno's and their heires, as though the seid pno' or pno's were ten'nt? in dede, or feffes to their use or their heires as is aboveseid, of the frehold of the seid londes and tentes at any tyme of the seid accion used.

In those Actions such have the same Vouchers, &c. as if they were Tenants in Deed, or as their Feoffees would have had, if sued.

Recoveries in such Actions shall have like Force, as if against the Tenants in their Feoffees.

Rot. Parl.

An Acte for Busshopps to punnysh Priesie and other religious men for dishonest lyffe.

(3) FOR the more sure and likly reformacion of Preestis Clerkys and religious men culpable or by their demerites openly noised of incontinent lyvyng in their bodies contrarie to their ordre [Be it'] enacted ordeyned and

Firste that the sayd \ Lib. Scace.

These Words are erroneously omitted from Lib. Scace. XI. and all Printed Copies:—Rast. 1618. and subsequent Editions attempt to supply the Deficiency by an erroneous Insertion of the Words "shall be as good to the Recoverers and their Heirs," before the subsequent Words "as though," &c.

Item Lib. Scace.

Nre & le Roy Henry puis le conquest septisme a son pliamet tenuz a Westin le septisme jour de Novembr lan de son reigne p'mer all honour de Dieu & de Seint Esglice & p' la coen pfit del Realme del asset dez f'z espuels & tempels & coenz esteantz en le dit pliamët et p auctorite de m le pliamet ad fait faire cteinz estatutz & orden ncez en la forme que ensuist.

Primmēt q come divsez subgette du Roy aiantz Cam. pimu. cas daccion p formedon en le descender ou autremêt en le remainder p force dascun taill de & pur trez & tentez, sont defraudez & delaiez de lour dit accons & sovent foitz s'unz remedie, p cas dez feoffementz faitz de mz lez Prez & tentez as psons nient conuz ou disconuz, a lentent q lez ddantz ne dussent conuscer encontr quex ilz ponderont lour accon; Il est ordeigne establie & enacte p ladvise dez seigno'z espuels & tempels & lez coens en le dit pliament assemblez & p auctorite del mesme, q le ddant en chun tiel case aiet sa accon enconter le pno' ou pno'z dez pfits de lez Prez ou tentez demaundez, dez quex ascun psone ou psonez sont enfeffez a son ou lour oeps; Et q mi le pnour ou pno'z, nome ou nomes come tenant ou ten'ntz en la dit accon, aiet ou eient mz lez vouchers & lour lien sur ceo aied praier & toutz autz av ntagez come mi le pnour ou pnours dussent ou dusseint aver ewe sils fuissent tenantz en fait, ou come lour feoffez duissent avoir ewe si m laccon eusset este attempte ou consceu encontre eux; Et sil aveigne ascune pson a decesser ensy aiant (') al use de luy ou de cez heire, le dit heir esteant deinz age encontre quell tiel accon est p'se come pno', donqs mi le heir aiet sa age en la dite accon conceu encontr luy & toutz autz avantagez si come son auncestr eusset moruz seisi de lez dcez Prez & tentez ensy en demaunde. Et auxi il est ordeigne p le dit auctorite, q toutz recovez quels front en ascun de tiels accons encontr tiel pnour ou pnours [de lez pfitz de lez dcez trez & tentez, soient de semblable force & effecte encontre tiel pnour ou pnours 17 & lour heire, & lour deez feffez & lour heire, & lez [enfeffez 3] dez dčez pnours & lour heire, sicome le dit pnour ou pnour? fuisset ou fuissent tenantz en fait ou fessez a lour use ou lour heir? come est desuisdit del funktenur de lez dcez trez & tentez al ascun temps del dit accon usee.

Itm pur la pluis (5) & verisemble reformacion dez Prestres Clerkes & hoes religiousez coupablez ou p lour demites ovtement diffamez del encontinet vivre en lour corps contrarie a lor Ordre, Il est enacte ordeigne &

"The Statutes of this Place Year, and of the Third Year

ij. (*)

1 The Word 'feoffees' appears to be omitted in the MSS.

² The Insertion of these Words, in conformity with the Parliament Roll, affords favorable Evidence of the Authenticity of the French Text of this Statute.—See Note 4 to the English Text.

serroneously for cofeffez.

* Cap. IV. Lib. Scace.

iij.

iiij. (3)

establie del advise & assent dez f'z espuels & tempels & coens en le dit pliament assemblez & p laucto" del mesme, qil soit loiall a toutz erchevesqs & Evesqs, & autr Ordinaries aiantz episcopall jurisdiccon, de punier & chastiser tiels presters Clerk? & hoes religiousez [ceantz'] dedeinz lez boundez de lour jurisdiccon quels sront convictez devant eux, p exaiacion & auter loial proof requisite p le ley del Esglice, de advoutrie fornicacion incest ou auscun auter carnall incontinencie, p comittance de eux agarder all prison illogs a dem'er p tiell temps co' semblera a lour discrecons oveniat p' la qualite & quantite de lour trespas; Et q nul de lez ditz Erchevesqs & autz ordinarez avantditz soient pur ceo (1) tout outremet ent dischges en ascuns de lez causez av'ntdcez p vtue du cest Acte.

Iîm de lavise de lez f'z espuelz & temporels & a la prier dez coens en le dit pliament assemblez & p auctorite dicell il est enacte ordeigne & establie, q nul pteccion soit en aps allowable ne alowe en la co't dev'nt le Mair Constablez & compaigne de Marchantz del Staple au Calays, (*) ne en la Court dev'nt le Mair & cez cofrerez de m la ville de Caleys, ne en ascun auter Court ou Courte deinz m la ville ou marches illeosqs, en ascun accion p'sue ou enaps estre p'sue p ascunz de lez ditz mchantz lo' factorz fv'ntz ou Atto'neys encontre ascunz de lez ditz mchantz lo' factours fv*ntz & Atto'neys.

Itm q come en temps passe divs g'untez ount este faitz p le Roy Edward le iiijte, sibn p cez frez patentz come pactez du pliament, es divsez michantz est'ungez neez dehors cest Realme destre deinzins, p quel ilz ount & enjoient tiels franchesez & libteez come font deinzins neez deinz cest Realme, sibien en abatemet de lour custome quel ilz dussent porter si ilz ne furent nulz deinzins coe en achate & vende de lour michandise, a lo' g'unde availe & lucre, & sovent foitz soeffrent autr est'ungez nient deinzins [de semblablement 1] deskipper & carier g'unde & notable substance de michandise en lour nouns, p le quell lez ditz bnz sont [fraudez 5] de Custome en semblable maner coe ilz fuerent bnz dun Deinzin, lou de droit ilz doient paier custome come bnz destranger, p la quel ils sont g'undement avancez en riches & avoir; & p9 q ilz sont ensy enriches pur le pluis greindre parte ilz conveient lour mz ovesq lour dcez bnz en lour ppre pays, as quex ilz sont nat'elment neez, a la g'unde empovisshemēt du cest Realme, & a la g'unde damage & defraude de Roy en paiemēt de cez custumez :

1 esteantz MS. Hatt.

* Erroneous Omissions here in both MSS.

* Cap. II. Lib. Scace.

deceivablement MS. Hatt. ' francs MS. Hatt.

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establisshed by the Advyse and Assent of the Lordys spuell and tempell and Coens in [this psent '] parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, That it be laufull to all Archebisshops and Bisshops, and othre Ordinaries havyng episcopall jurisdiccon, to punnysshe and chastice such preestis clerkys and religious men beyng within the boundys of their jurisdiccon, as shall be convicte afore theym, by examinacion and other lawfull proeff requisite by the lawe of the Churche, of Avoutrie fornicacion inceste or eny other flesshely incontinency, by comyttyng theym to Warde and prisoun there to abide for suche tyme as shalbe thought to their discrecions convenient for the qualite & quantite of their trespasses; And that noon of the seid Archebisshops Bisshoppis or other Ordinariez aforeseid be therfore chargeable of to or uppon any accion of fals or wrongfull imprisonement, but that they be utterly therof discharged in ony of the Cases aforeseid by Vtue of this Acte.

An Acte that noe pteccon shalbe allowed before the Mayor of the Staple at Callys.

['TO the honorable wise and discrete Comons in this Psent parlement assembled; Please it yo' great Wisdomes to pray the King oure Soveraign lorde that he by thadvyce of the Lordes spuall and tempall and you his Comons in this psent plement assembled and by auctorite of the same, It be'] enacted ordeigned and establisshed that no proteccion be herafter allowable ne allowed in the Courte before the Maire Constables and Felishipp of mich unte of the Staple at Calais, ne in the Courte before the lieuten nt Constables and feliship of mich unt? of the same Staple, ne in the Courte before the Maire and his Brethern of the same Towne of Calais, nor in any other Courte or Courtes win the same Towne or Marchies their, in any accion sued or hereafter to be sued, by eny of the seid michaunt? their Factours svantes or Atto'neis ayenst any of the seid mchaunte their factours svante or Atto'neis.

AN ACTE that Denysons shall paye Custome and Subsidy.

(3) WHERE in tyme past dyvers graunt? have be made by Kyng Edward the iiijth, aswell by his tres patent? as by Acte of parlement, to dyvers Merchaunte Straungers born owt of this realme to be denesyns, wherby they have and rejoice such fredomes and libties as doth denesyns born within this realme, aswell in abatement of their Custome which they shuld bere if they were no Denesyns as in biyng and sellyng of their Merchaundise, to their grete avail and luker, and oft tymes suffre other Straungers not denesyns deceitefully to ship and cary grete and notable substaunce of mchaundise in their names, by the which the seid goodes be freed of Custome in likewise as they were goodys of a Denesyn, where of right they owe to pay Custome as the good? of Straungers, by the whiche they be gretely avaunsed in richesse and havour; and after they be so enriched for the moste parte they convey their self with their seid good? unto their owne Contreys wherin they be naturally born, to the grete impovysshyng of this Realme and to the grete hurt and defraude of the the Kynge Highnesse in payment of his Customes:

1 the said Lib. Scace. ² Item, The Kynge our Sovereyne Lorde, by thadvyse of the Lordes Spirituell & Temporell and at the prayer of the Comens in the said Parliament assembled, and by auctorite of the same, hath Lib. Scacc.

³ Item Lib. Scacc.

Bishops, &c. may punish Priests for Incontinency; by Imprison-

> III. Rot. Parl. пи. 68.

No Protection before the Mayor of the Staple or other Court at Calais, in A ctions etween Merchants.

> Rot. Parl. пи. 69.

11.

Aliens made Aliens' Customs.

Wherfore [be it'] enacted stablisshed and ordeyned by the Advice of the Lordes spuall and temporall and the Comons in [this psent'] parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same, that evy psone made or herafter to be made Denesyn pay for his inchaundise like Custome and Subsidie, as he owght or shuld pay afore that he were made Denesyn, any tres patent? or other ordynaunce by parlement or otherwise contrarie to this made notwithstondyng.

VIII. Rot. Parl. nu. 70.

For the Reparation of the Navy, Wines of Guienne and Gascony shall be imported only in the Ships of Englishmen, AN ACTE agaynst bringing in of Gascoigne Wyne, except in English, Irysh, or Welchmens Ship?.

[3 TO the right wyse and discrete Coens in bis present parlement assembled; Please it youre grete Wisdomes to call to your remembraunce 3] of the grete mynishyng and decaye that hathe ben now of late tyme of [youre 1] Navie win this Reame of Englond, and ydelnesse of the Mariners win the same, by the whiche this noble Reame win short presse of tyme, woute reformacion be had therin, shall not be of habilite and power to defend it self, Wherfore [please it your grete Wisdomes to pray the Kyng oure Sovaine Lord that he by thadvice of his lords spuell and temporell and of you his Comons in this Psent parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same it be 3 enacted ordeyned and establisshed that no man psone of what degre or condicion that he be of, bye nor sell win this seid Reame Irland Wales Caleis or the miches therof or Berwyk, from the fest of Michelmasse next now comyng, eny man Wynes of the growyng of the Duchie of Guyen or of Gascoigne, but such as shall be aventured and brought in an Englisshe, Irisshe or Walshmannys Shippe or Shippes, and the Maryners of the same Englisshe Irissh or Walshemen for the more parte, or men of Caleis or of the Marches of the same; and that upon peyn of forfeiture of the same Wynes so bought or sold contrarie to this Act, the oon half of that forfeiture to be to [the Kyng? grace 6] and that other half to the fynder of that forfeiture: This Act and Ordynaunce to endure betwee this and the begynnyng of the next pliament, savyng allwey to the Kyng [all?] hys progatyve.

V. Rot. Parl. nu. 71.

Tanners.

TO the Kyng oure liege Lord; Praien the Comons in this pent parlement assembled that where Tanners in divsez parties of this [youre?] Reame usen win theym self the mystere of curriyng and blakkyng of lether insufficiently, and also lether insufficiently tanned, and the same lether so insufficiently wrought, aswell in tannyng as in coriyng and blakkyng, they put to sale in divse feires and markettys and other places to grete deceyte and hurte of [youre?] liege people: And also where the was ordeyned and stablisshed at the parlement holdyn at Westmynster the second yere of the reigne of Kyng Henry the vjth among? other, that no Cordewener nor noon other to his use shuld occupie the mistere of a Tanner while he occupied the mistere of a Cordewener

Tanner while he occupied the mistere of a C

1 It is
2 the said
3 Item in the said Parliament it was called to

remembraunce the sayd Comyns, the Kynge our Sovereyne Lord, by the Advyse of the Lordes Spirituell and Temporell, in this sayd present parliamente assembled, and by Auctorite of the same, It is

the Kynge our souereyne lorde omitted. Item the King's

Si il est enacte establie & ordeigne de ladvise dez f'z espuels & tempels & lez coenz en le dit pliamet assemblez et p aucto dicell, q chun pson fait ou en aps estre fait deinzin paie pur cez mchandises semblable custome & subsidie, si come celuy doit au durroit paier devant qil fuist fait deinzin, ascunz tres patentz ou autr ordinance p pliament ou autment a contrarie a cesty fait nient contristeant.

Itm en le pliament aventdit il fuist appell a remembrance le g'unde diminucion & decaie q ad este de temps ore tarde de le Navie deinz cest Realme Denglire, & occiosite ou [odiste 1] de lez marins deinz le m, p le quell le dit Realme dedeinz brief pces de temps s'unz reformacion en ceo ne seroit dabilite & poiar soy m a defender, sur quey all preier de lez coens de ladvise de lez f'z espuels & tempels en le dit pliamet assemblez et p auctote dicell, Il est enacte ordeigne & establie, q null maner pson de quel degree ou condicon q qil soit achate ne vende deinz cest dit Realme Ireland Gales Caleis ou lez Marches de ceo ou Berewik, a la feste de Seint Michell ore pschyn veignat, ascunz mans vines del cressaunce del Duchie de Guyen ou de Gascoine, mez tiels q front aventures & amesnez en nieff ou nieffs dez homez englois irrois ou galois, & lez marin de mz lez homez englois irrois ou galois pur le greinder parte, ou homez de caleis ou de lez marches dicell; & ceo sur peyn de forfeture dez mz lez vines ensy achatez ou venduz contrarie de cest acte, lune moite de cell forfetur destre a nre f' le Roy & lauter moite [a la trouver 3] de cell forfeiture : cest acte & ordinance dendurer penter cy & le comencement de pchin pliament; sav*nt toutz jour? au Roy (*) sa progative.

Itm q come Tanners es divses pties dicest Realme usent deinz soi mz le mestier de coriance & noirance dez quirs insufficialmēt, & auxi quirs insufficialmēt tannez, Et mz lez quirs si insufficialment ovez si bn en tannur come en coriance & noirance [& lo 6] mittent a vend as divsez feires & marches & aut's lieux, a gaunde desceite & damagez dez liege people du Roy: Et auxi come il estoit ordeignez & establie, au pliament tenuz a Westm lan ijde du reigne le Roy Henry le sisme enter auters, q null Cordewaner ne null auter a son use occupieret le mestier de Tanner durant le temps qil occupia la mestier de Cordewaner sur payn

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Cap. VIII. Cap. V. Lib. Scace.

udiste la le trouvour MS. Hatt.
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v. (')

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vj. (5)

de forfetur de chun quire issint p luy ou p ascun auter a son oeps tanne vj s. viij d. Et q chun Tanner duissoit auxi forfaire pur chun quire p luy tanne insufficialment vj s. viij d. sicome en mi lestat pluis pleinemēt appiert; Nre dit Sovaigne le Roy del advise & assent de lez dcez f'z espuels & tempels & a la praier de lez coens en son dit pliamet assemblez & p aucto'e de m le pliamet, en eschuer de tiels deceiptes, ad ordeigne & establie, q le dit ordeign'nce fait en le dit an ijde du Roy Henry le sisme soit & estoise en son pleyn force & vertue & soit mise en due execucion en toutz pointz. Et oustr ceo del advise assent & auctote suisditz ad ordeigne & establie, q null tanner tanq, come il occupie le mestier de Tanner, ne null auter a son oeps, a la fest de lascencion nre f' pschyn venant, use le mestier de Coriour, ne face noir null quire destre mise a vende, sur peyn de forfaiture pur chun quire p le dit Tanner issint coriez vj s. viij d; Et q null Coriour dez quirs pigne sur luy de corier ascun hyde de quir mez tiel quel est sufficialment tanne, sur peyn de pder pur chun hyde issint corie, iii s. iiii d; une part de lez ditz forfaitur & peyns a celuy q ceo trovet & provet ceo, dev'nt ascunz Justicez de peas ou dev'nt Mair Bailiff Viscount ou Viscountz ou autre Chieff Govnour dascun Cite Burgh ou ascun Ville de lez Cynk Portz; Et lauter moite de lez dcez forfaiturez & & peynes hors dez Citeez Boroughz ou lez villez de lez v. portez au Roy nre Sovaigne f'; Savant a chun f' espuel & temporell & as toutz auts liegez du Roy lour franchisez pur ascun chose le mesme concnant; Et dedeinz Citeez Boroughz & Villez de lez dcez vte portez a la coialtie miz lez (1) Boroughz & Villez. Et q null tanner a le dit feste del ascension ne null auter a son oeps mette ascun quir a vende, en ascun feire ou miche ou en ascun auter lieu, forsq, rouge si come il vient del tanne, sur peyn de forfetur de m le quir; & cel forfaiture es tiels lieux come est avent dee trove destre divisez en maner & forme aventdeez. Et auxi q nul Coriour occupie la mestier de tanner tanq come il occupie la mestier dun Coriour, sur peyn de forfaiture pur chun hyde p luy issint tanne ou p ascun auter a son oeps vj s. viij d; la un moite de ceo au Roy nre Sovaigne &', Et lauter moite a ce q voiet suer pur ceo en son ppre noun p accon de dett all coen ley ou p plaint en ascun Citee Burgh or Ville de lez cynk portz av ntdčes. Et q null tanner a le dit fest tanne ascunz peals de [barbiez 1] sur payn de forfaiture de xx d. pur chune peal de barbize issint p luy tannez. Et q lez Justicez de peas en chun Countie, & Mairs & aut's govnours deinz lez dcez Citeez Boroughz & Villez, aient poiar denquerer oier & tier toutz lez dcez defautez, Et de metter cest orden'nce en chun article en due execucion.

under payne of forfeiture for evy Hyde so tanned by hym or by eny other to his use vis. viii d. And that evy Tanner shuld also forfeite for evy hide by hym tanned insufficiently vis. viii d. as in the same Statute more pleynly apereth; [That it may please youre'] noble g'ce by thadvice and assent of the Lordes spuelx and temporelx (1) in this psent parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same parlement, in eschuyng of all such disceites, [to ordeigne and stablisshe3] that the seid orden nce, made in the seid second yere of Kyng Henry the vj, be and stonde in his full force and strengh & be put in due execucion in all pointz. And, ov that, by the seid advice assent and auctorite [to ordeyne and stablissh3] that no Tanner whiles he occupieth the mistere of a Tanner ner noon other to his use, frome the fest of Ascension of oure Lord next comyng, use the mistere of a Coriour nor blak no leder to be put to Sale, under the payne of forfeiture for evy hyde by the seid Tanner so coried vj s. viij d; And that no Coriour of lether take upon hym to cory eny hyde of lether but suche as is afore sufficiently tanned, upon peyne to lese for evy hyde so coried iij s. iiij d. the oon parte of the seid forfeiture and peynes to hym that fyndeth it and proveth it before eny Justice of Peax or before Maire Baillif Shiref (1) or other chief Governour of eny Cite Burgh or any Towne of the v. Porte; and the other half of the same forfeiture and peynez oute of Citees Burghs or the Townes of the said v. Porte to [you Sovaign Lord]; Savyng to evy lord spuell and tempell and all other the Kynges liege people their fraunchises for any thyng concayng the same; and within Citees Burghs and Tounes of the seid v. Porte to the use of the Colalte of the same Citees Burghs and Townes. And that no Tanner from the seid fest of Ascension, nor noon other to his use, put eny lether to sale, in eny feire or market or in eny other place, but rede as it comyth from the tanne, upon peyn of forfeiture of the same lether; and that forfeiture, in suche places as is aforseid founden, to be devyded in man and fourme aforseid. And also that no Coriour occupie the mistere of a Tanner whiles he occupieth the mistere of a Coriour, upon peine of forfeiture for evy hyde by hym so tanned or by eny other to his use vj s. viij d; The oon half therof to [you sovayn Lord 5] and the other half to hym that wyll sue therfore in his owen name, by accion of dett at the coen lawe or by pleynte in eny Cite Burgh or Toune of the v. Portes aforeseid. And that no Tanner fro the seid fest tanne eny Shepes Skynnes upon peyne of forfeiture of xx d. for evy Shepes Skynne so by hym tanned. And that the Justices of Peas in evy Shire, and Maires and other Govnours win the seid Citees Boroughs & Tounes, have power to enquere here and det myn all the seid defaut? and to put this Orden nce in evy article

1 The Kynge our said Sovereigne Lorde, of his

- and at the prayer of his Comens
- 3 hath ordeyned and stablished
- or Shirreffees

in due execucion.

b the Kyng, our Sovereyne Lorde

No Tanner shall be a Currier.

Penalty.

No Currier shall curry any Hides but such as are tanned. Penalty.

No Tanner shall sell other than red Leather.

Penalty.

No Currier shall be a Tanner.

Penalty.

No Tanner shall tan Sheep Skins.

Lib. Scace.

Citeez omitted in both MSS.

berbizes MS. Hatt.

VI. Rot. Parl. nu. 72.

An Acte that certayne psons whin Sanctuary shall not have any accons brought agaynst them.

[TO the Kyng oure Sovayn Lord. Please it your

Highnes'] by the advyse and assent of [youre'] lordes

A Pardon of Murders, Homicides, Trespasses, &c. committed, by the Adherents of the King, against those of Richard Duke of Gloucester;

spuell and tempall and the Comons in this [youre3] psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same [that it be 1] ordeigned establisshed and enacted that all and syngler psonez comyng nowe late with [your 5] Highnez frome beyond the See into thys [youre 3] Roialme takyng [your 3] partie and querell in recovyng and opteignyng of [youre 3] (6) just title and right to this [youre 3] Roialme of Englond; And also that all other suche mane psone or psonez beyng in sentwarie or in hedell for [youre 3] querell and title

aboveseid, and all other psonez beyng in the feld in bateill and fvyng [youre3] gace takyng [youre3] pte and querell ayenst [youre] ennemys ther, be utilie discharged quyte and unpunysshable for ev, by Wey of accion or otherwise by cours of [youre 3] lawes of this [yo'3] Roialme or othirwise, of or for eny man murdre sleyng of men or of takyng or dispoylyng of goodez or eny other trespasez, don by theym or eny of them of or to eny psone or psonez of this [youre] Roialme beyng with [youre 3] enemy Richard late Duc of Glowcestr Usurpo' of this [youre] Roialme ayenst [youre 3] most Roiall psone [youre 3] Baner displayed in the same feld, and in the day of the seid feld: And that for any goodez taken or trespassez doon besidez the day of the feld, by any of the psonnez being w' the King or in Seyntuary or hydell as is aforeseid, from the fest of Assumpcon of our lady last past unto the fest of Seynt Michell then next ensuyng, to eny of the 'svante Councelo's Officers or Ministres of the seid late Duke, non accion be mayntened ne mayntenable ayenst them or any of them w'out the Kinge speciall licence in that behalve opteyned. Provided alwey that this psent acte extend not ne in eny wyse be avaylable

nor to be prejudicial to Persons having the King's Safeguard;

not to extend

to Murders,

&c. of others,

nor to any Disseisins;

nor to the of Thomas Wyndesore. to eny psone or psonez above specified of in or for eny murdre or rape of eny othir [that 7] was don the day of the seid feld, or of eny dissin comytted or done by theim or eny of theim in eny wyse. Provided also that this Acte extende not nor be pjudiciall to any psone or psones, which had the saufgard of the Kyng oure Soveign Lorde genall or speciall, for eny robberyes trespasses or any other injuriez don or comitted to theym or any of theym, aftir the seid saufgard made under his prive seale or signet or other warant sufficient. Provided alwey that this A& ne noon other A& in this p)sent parliament made or to be made be not hurtfull ne pjudiciall unto Elizabeth Wyndesore Wedowe late wyf of Thomas Wyndesore Esquier, Edward Cheseman and & John Cokett, Prest, executours of the testament of the seid Thomas Wyndesore, of or for any robberie trespasse or other offence doon unto the seid Thomas in his lif; but that the seid Elizabeth, Edward and John Cokett may have and pursue accion or accions, ayenst all man psone or psones jointly and sevally, for the seid Robberies Trespasses and offenses and eche of them, by what soevir name or names the seid Thomas Wyndesore the seid Elizabeth Edward Cheseman & John Coket was or be named; This Act or any other Act in this psent pliament made or to be made ascun auter acte en le dit Psent pliament fait ou estre fait nient contristeant.

autz psons esteantz en le champ en batell & svientz au Roy, pign ntez sa partie & quarell encontre cez enemyes illeoquez, soient (1) ousterment dischargez quitez & nient punisshablez pour toutz jourf, p vois daccion ou aut ment p course de ley de cest Realme ou auterment, de ou pur ascun maner murdre ou tuer dez homez, pruise ou despoiler dez bnz, ou ascunz autz trespassez faitez p eux ou ascun de ceux de ou all ascune psone ou psonez cestuy realme, esteant ou esteantz ovesq, son enemye Richard nadgairs Duc de Gloucestr Usurper de cest Realme, encounter la psone du Roy son bannier desplaiez en m le champ & en le jour del dit champ: Et q pur ascunz bnz p'sez ou trespassez faitz, derere le jour del champ, p ascunz de lez psonz eeantz ovesq le Roy ou en Seintuarie ou hidell coe est avantdit, a la fest del assupcion de nre Dame darrein passe tanq all fest de Seint Michell adonqs pschyn ensuant, as ascunz de lez fvantz Counceilours Officers ou Ministrez del dit jadis Duk, null accon soit maintenue ne maintenable encountre ceux ou ascun de eux, s'unz especiall licence du Roy en cell parte opteignez. P'veu tota jo'z q cest psent acte nextende pas ne en ascun maner soit vaillable all ascun psone ou psonez desuis especifiez, de en ou pur ascun murdre ou rape dascun autre q fuist fait le jour del dit champ, ou dascune disseisine comise ou fait p eux ou ascun de eux en ascun maner. P'veu ensemet q ce acte nextende p ne soit pjudiciall a ascun psone ou psonez quel ou quels avoit ou avoient la safgard nre Sovaigne f' le Roy ghall ou speciall, pur ascun robberiez trespassez ou ascuns autz enjuriez faitz ou comys as eux ou ascuns de ceux, aps la dit safgarde faitz desoubz la prive seale ou signett ou auter garrant sufficient. P'veu toutz foitz q ce acte, ne nul auter acte en cest psent pliament fait, ou estre fait, ne soit damageous ne Pjudiciall au Elizabeth Wyndesore vewe, jadis feme du dit Thomas Wyndesore Esquier, Edward Cheseman & Sir John Cokett prester, executo'z del Testamēt du dit Thomas Wyndesore, de ou pur ascun robberie trespas ou aut offence fait all dit Thomas en sa vie; mais q̃ lez ditz Elizabeth Edward & John Cokett puissent avoir & p'suer accion ou accons, encontre toutz maners psone ou psones jointmet ou sevalmet, p' lez dčez robberiez trespassez & offences & chun de eux, p qconq, noune ou nouns le dit Thomas Wyndesore lez dcez Elizabeth Edward Cheseman & John Cokett fuist ou furent ou sont nosme ou nosmez; cest acte ou

Itm de ladvise & assent dez f'z espuels & tempels

& lez coens en la dce pliament assemblez & p aucto-

rite dicell, Il est ordeigne & establie & enacte q toutz

& singulers psons, ven ntz ore tarde ovesq nre Sovaigne

f' le Roy, q ore est, de p de la le meer en cest realme,

pignantz la parte & quarell nre dit Seignio' le Roy en

recovermet & opteignement de son dit juste title &

droit a cest son realme Dengliter, Et auxi q toutz

autz tiel maner psone ou psonez ceantz en seintuarie

ou en hedell pur le quarell & title desuisdcez, & toutz

Cap. VI. Lib. Scace. tout MS. Hatt.

Item by the Kynge our said Sovereyne Lord the his It is the Kynges than Lib. Scace.

" said-See pa. 499.

notwithstondyng.

viij. (')

Jesticon du Roy del úlie les Certions Itm pur ceo q devent cest temps divsez ordinencez & estatuitz ont este faitz, es divsez pliamentz tenuz en cest realme, pur la punisshemet denordinantes & illoialx delealx chaceaunces ou chacers es forestes parkes & garennes deinz le dit realme, quells statuitz & orden'ncez nient contristeant divsez psonez au graunde nombre, ascunz ovesqz visages depeintez ascunz ovesqz visours & autrement disgisez a lentent ilz ne froient cognuz, riotousement & en maner de guerre arraiez ont sovent foitz es jo's tardes chacez, si bn p noet come p jour, es divsez forestes parkes & garennes es divsez lieus du cest realme, & en especiall en lez Countiez du (') Surrey & Sussex, p colour de quell ount ensuez en temps passe graundez & haynousez rebellions insurreccons riotes robberiez murders & aut'z enconveniencez, a la pvocacion & example dez riotousez & malement desposez psones du cest realme en tiel maner doffender; quels ne poient pas estre duement puniz devant cest temps accordaunt a lez ditz statuitz orden ncez & leies du cest realme, p cause lez dcez mesfaisours p reson de lour dčez visages depeintes visours & aut's disgisement ne poient pas estre cognuz: Nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy en consideracion de lez Pmissez de ladvys & assentz de lez f'z espuels & temporels & a la preier de lez Coens en le dce pliamēt assemblez & p auctorite dicell, ad ordeigne establie & enacte, q a chun tiel temps q enformacion serra fait, dascun tiel deloiall enchaceance ou enchacer en apres destre fait, au ascun de Councel le Roy ou ascun de lez Justicez de sa pees del Countie lou ascunz tiels chacers ou chaceaunces frount faitz, dascun psone destre suspecte ent, q donqs y soit loiall all ascun de m le Concell ou Justice du peas au Roy a q tiell enformacion fra fait, de faire un garrant, all Viscount de tiell Countie ou all ascun constable bailiff ou autre officer deinz m le Countie, de prendre & arrester m la psone ou psones de q ou de quex tiell enformacion fra fait, et davoir ce ou ceux devent la faisour del dit garrant ou ascun autre du dit Counceil du dit Roy ou Justicez de Peas de m le Countie; Et q le dit Counseillour du Roy ou Justice de sa peas, devent q ou quex tiell psone ou psones serra ou frount amesnes, p sa discrecion aiet & aient poiar dexaminer luy ou ceux issint [amesnez 1] dev'nt Counseillo' ou Justices, dez ditz chaceaunces chacers et de lez ditz faisours en celle part; Et si mi le psone voluntiermet concele lez dčez chacers ou chaceaunes, ou ascun psone ovesq, luy defectif en ceo, q donqs m le concelement soit encontre chun tiel psone ensy concelant felonie, et mi le felonie destre enquise & del'myn come aul's feloniez deinz cest realme ount usez estre; Et si celuy dong confesse la verite & de tout ceo il fra examine & sciett en cell part, q lors mz lez offensez de chaceauncez ou chacers p luy faitz soient come encountre le Roy

forso, trespas finable, p reason de mi la confession, all

pschyn generall Cessions de Peas a teniers en îi le

AN ACTE agaynst unlawfull hunting in Forest? & Parkf.

TTO the Kyng our Sovaigne Lord; Preyen the Comons in this youre psent parliament assembled that '] Forasmoch as afore this tyme divs orden nce and statute have been made in divse parliamente holden in this [youre'] Roialme for the punnicon of inordynate and unlawfull huntynge in Foreste pkes and Warennes win [youre3] seid Realme, which statute and orden notwistondyng divs psons in grete nombre, som w' paynted faces som w' Viso's and otherwise disgised to thentent they shuld not be knowen, riotously and in man of Werre arraied, have often tymes in late daies hunted, aswell by nyght as by day, in divs Foreste Parkes & Warrenes in divs place of this Royalme, and in espeall in the Counties of Kent Surr and Sussex, by colo' wherof have ensued in tymes past grete and heynous Rebellions insurreccons Rioutte Robberies murdres and other inconvenience, to the provocacion and exsample of riotouse and evyll disposed psons of this Realme in such wise to offende; which offence coude not be duely punysshed afore thys tyme according to the seid Statute Ordennince and lawes of this [youre '] saide Realme, because the seid mysdoers by reason of their seid paynted face viso's and other disgisynge coude not be knowen: [Please it therfore youre moste 1] noble and habundaunt grace in consideracon of the Pmisses by thadvis and assent of the Lorde spuell and tempell [and Comons in this youre Psent '] parliament assembled and by thauctorite of the same, (6) that atte evy such tyme as enformación Offenders shalbe made, of eny such unlaufull huntynge hereaft to be done, to eny of [youre'] Counsell or to eny of the Justices of [youre'] peax of the Countie where eny such huntynge shalbe had, of eny psone to be suspect therof, that then it be laufull to eny of the same counseill or Justices of [yo' 1] peax to whom suche enformacon shalbe made, to make a Warraunt, to the Shirif of such Countie, or to eny Constable Baillif or other Officer win the same Countie, to take and arrest the same psonne or psonnes of whom such enformacon shalbe made, and to have him or theym afore the maker of the seid Warrant or eny other of [your;] seid Counseill or Justices of [youre*] Peax of the same Countie; And that [youre said Counsello' or Justices of youre peas of afore whom such psone or psones shalbe brought, by his discrecon have power to examyn hym or theym so brought afore the seid Counseillour or Justices, of the seid huntynge and of the seid doers in that behalf; And if the same psone Offence, if wilfully concele the said huntyngs or any psone w' hym defective therin, that then the same concelement be, ayenst evy suche psone so concelyng, Felonye, and the same felonye to be enquered of and det myned as othir felonyes win this Realme have used to be; And if he then confesse the trouthe & all that he shalbe if confessed, examyned of and knoweth in that behalf, that then the same offences of huntyngs by hym done be as ayeinst [you 10] Sovayn Lord but trespasse finable, by reason of the same confession, at the next genall Sessions of the Peax to be holden in the same Countie by [youre 7]

VII. Rot. Parl. nu. 74-Mischiefs arising from hunting in Forests, &c. in Disguise.

the King's Council or

Counsellors

finable only.

Lib. Scace.

Vol. II.

6 N

2 omitted. * The Kynge our said Sovereyne Lorde, of his

at the supplicacion of the Comens in the said

6 his

o the said Counseillour or Justyce of Peas

6 hath ordained established and enacted

1 Item

7 the Kynges

10 the Kynge our

¹ Cap. VII. Lib. Scace. &c.

^{*} Kent omitted in both MSS.

³ amesne ou amesnez MS. Hatt.

Rescue of Offenders arrested, Felony.

Persons
convicted of
hunting in
Disguise or
by Night
punishable as
for Felony.

VIII. [See pa. 502.]

> IX. Rot. Parl. nu. 73.

Recital of Statute 22 E. IV. c.3. against importing certain Silk-works.

1 R.III.c.10

The firstmentioned Act continued for Twenty Justices of the same Sessions ther to be sessed; And if eny rescusse or disoubeisaunce be made, to eny psone havyng auctorite to do execucion by eny such Warraunt, by eny psone the which so shuld be arrest, so that thexecucon of the same Warraunt therby be not had, that then the same rescusse and disoubeisaunce be felonye enquerable and dermynable as is aforesaid. And of this it [be'] enacted and established by the said auctorite that if eny psone or psones hereafter be convicted of any such huntyng? w' paynted faces viso'ed or otherwise disgised to thentent they shuld not be knowen, or of unlaufull huntyng in tyme of nyght, that then the same psone or psons so convicted have like punicon as he or thei shuld have, if he or they were convicted of felonye.

An Acte agaynst Marchaunt Straungers for bringing into this Realme Gyrdelle Rybons Lace &c.

['TO the right wise and discrete Coens in this psent pliament assembled, most humbly shewen unto youre grete Wisedoms the Kynge true lieges, aswell men as women, and other Citees Townes and Places of this Reame of the hole craft of Silk Werk, That where in the parliement late holden at Westin the xx" day of January the xxij yere of Kyng Edward the iiijthe it was enacted ordeyned and stablisshed by auctorite of the seid late parliament, upon many and grete consideracons and lamentable complaynte conteyned in the same acte, that no mich unt straunger nor other after the fest of Estern than next comyng, shuld bryng into this Reame of England to be sold eny Corses Gyrdell? Rybandes laces Calle Sylk or Coleyn Sylk throwen or wrought, upon peyne of forfeyture therof or of the value therof in whos hand? they shalbe founde, the oon half of the seid forfeiture to be unto the Kyng oure Sovain lord and that other half to be unto hym or them of his subgette the which shall sease the same, or sue for the same by accion of dette by Writte at Coen lawe by bill or playnt after the custome of the Citee or Toune where it shall happen herafter eny suche forfeyture to fall or be; And that the Defend'unt in eny suche accion be not admytted to wage or doo his lawe, nor that eny protteccion nor essoyne in the 'svice of the Kyng for eny suche defendaunt be allowed; The seid Acte to endure for iiij yeres then next ensuyng the seid fest: the which Acte afterward in the parliament holden by Richard the iijde, late in dede and not of right Kyng of Englond, was graunted and ordeyned to be and stonde good availlable and effectuell unto thende of the seid iiij yeres, and from thende of the same iiij. yeres unto the ende and time of x. yeres thanne next ensuyng; The whiche seid iiij yeres conteyned in the seid first acte shall fynyssh and expire at the fest of Estern the whiche shall be in the yere of oure Lord M' CCCC lxxxvij : [That it may please youre seid Wisedoms to pray the Kyng oure Sovain Lord to ordeyne by auctorite of this psent pliament 3] that the seid acte and orden nce as for the hole braunche of the seid acte and ordynence, as fer as toucheth or concuyth these pmisses, be and stonde good available and effectuall unto thende of the seid iiij yeres, & from thende of the same iiij. yeres unto thende and terme of xxii yeres thanne next ensuyng; Notwithstondyng eny acte ordenance graunt or proviso in this psent parliament made or to be made to eny mich untez straungers or other: [atte revence of God and in wey of charite.47]

is a Item
The Kyng our said Sovereyn Lorde that now is, by auctorite of this his aforesaid Parlement, hath ordeyned omitted.

Countie, p Justicez du Roy de mz lez Cessions illeouq, destre assessez; Et si ascun rescous ou disobeisance soit fait, all ascun psone eiaunt auctote de feer execucion p ascun tiel garrant, (') le quel ensy serra arrest, issint q lexecución de m le garrant p ent ne soit eue, q adonqs m le rescous & desobeisaunce soient felonie enquerablez & defiablez come est aventdee. Et oustre ceo il est enacte & establie p la dit auctote, q si ascun psone ou psonez soit ou soient convicte ou convictez de ascunz chaceauncez ou chacers tiels, ovesqz visages depeintez visours ou autment disgisez a lentent ilz ne frount pas cognuz, ou de delael chacer en temps de noet, q lors m la psone ou psones ensi convictes aiet ou aient semblable punisshemēt come celuy ou ceux arroiet ou arroient si celuy ou ceux fuist ou furent convicte ou convictez de felonie.

Itm monstre fuist en la dit pliament p lez foials lieges du Roy, si bien (1) comme femmes du cest realme, de lentier art ou mestier doveigne du Soy, q come en la pliamet nadgairz tenuz a Westiń lan vintisme sce du Roy E. le iiijie, estoit enacte ordeigne & establie p auctote de le dit nadgairs pliamet, sur plusours & graundes consideracións & lamentablez complaintz contenuz en ni lacte, q null marchant estrange naultre, ap's la fest de pasche adonqs pschyn ven*nt, amesneront en cest realme Denglite destre venduz ascuns corsez ceincturez ribandes laces calles silke ou coleyn silke filez ou ovez, sur peyn de forfaiture dicell ou del value dicell en quellz mayns ceux frount trovez, lune moite del dit forfeture destre a nre f' le Roy & lauter moite destre a celuy ou ceux de cez subjette q ou quex seisera ou seiseront lez mz, ou pursuera ou pursuerount p' lez mz p accon de dett p bre a la coen ley p bill ou plaint solonq, la custome de la Citee ou Ville lou il aviendra en apres ascun tiell forfeture de chier ou estre; Et q le defendant en ascun tiell accon ne soit admys de gager ou faire sa ley, ne q ascun pteccon ne essoin en la fvice du Roy pur ascun tiell defendant soit allowe; le dit acte dendurer pur quatrez anz adonqs pschyn ensuantz le dit fest : le quell acte puis aps, en le pliamēt tenuz p Richard le iij™ nadgars en feet & nient de droit Roy Denglite, estoit g'unte & ordeigne destre & estoier bon vaillable & effectuall tanq all fyn de lez dcez quatres ans, Et del fyne mz lez quats ans taqz all fyn & tmes de [ditz] ans adongs pschyn ensuantz: lez quex ditz quat's anz contenuz en le dit pimer acte finieront & expireront a la fest de pasche q serra en lan Nre f' [M' CCCC lxxvij 1]: Nre dit Sovaigne Seignio' le Roy q ore est, a request de coens avandcez, ad ordeigne p auctote de cest psent pliament, q lez dcez acte & ordin'nce come pur lentier braunche dez ditz acte & ordenance, taunt q'unt ytouche ou concerne cestz pmissez, soient & estoient bons vaillablez & effectuels tangz all fyn de lez dcez quats ans, Et del fyne miz lez quat's ans tanqz all fyne & tme de xx. ans adonqs pschyn ensuantz; nient constristeant ascun acte orden'nce graunt ou pmise, en le dit pliament nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy q ore est, fait ou estre fait as ascuns marchantz est ungez ou aut's.

p ascun psone MS. Hatt. homez omitted in both MSS.
reroneously for 'dix' M'CCCC.lxxxvij. MS. Hatt.

Expliciunt Statuta apud Mestm' edita anno primo Benrici septimi.

ir

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm. XI.

Revocacion of Kyng Richardis Acte ayenst Italiens.

Item, The Kyng our said Soverayne Lord understondyng, by a supplicacion put unto his Highnes in this his said Parliament by the Marchauntes of Italye residente in this hys sayd Reame of Englonde, that where by an Acte of Parlemet made in the Parliament of Richarde late pretendynge hym to be Kynge of Englonde the thirde, holden at Westmynster the firste yere of his reigne, it was ordeyned & provyded that all Marchauntz of the nacion of Italie afore rehersed not made Denizeins, whiche than had or shold have wythin this Reame Wares & Marchandises brought from beyonde the See and byfore the fest of Ester than next ensuyng shold have, shold doo selle or bartre theym in grose and not by retaille to the Kyngis subgettis afore the firste daye of Maye that thenne sholde be in the yere of our Lord God M CCCC lxxxv. and the Money comynge of the sale byfore the said first day, within the same Porte or Portes where they arryved, enploie upon the Comoditees & Marchandises of this Reame, their resonable costes and expenses alwaye excepte and deducted, upon peyne of forfeiture of the Value aswell of all the said Wares and Marchaundisez, kepte & not solde afore the saide firste day, or otherwyse solde than is above sayd, and of soo moche money as sholde be made over by exchaunge contrarie to the said acte; And that all the said Marchauntes of Italye, the whiche after the saide feste of Ester brought ony Marchaundisez or Wares into this Reame to be solde, sholde (') or bartre the same Wares and Marchaundises in grose and not by retaile unto the Kynges Subgettes, upon peyne of forfeiture of the value of the same Wares and Marchaundises otherwyse solde; And that the saide Marchauntes ther sayd Wares and Marchaundises, whiche they sholde bryng after the sayd feste of Ester, sholde doo bartre or selle the same within viij monethes nexte after their first arrival into this Reame in fourme afore saide, and the Money comynge of or by the said sales or bartrynges of theim and every of theim employ, and therwyth bye the Comoditees or Marchaundisez of this Reame of Englond within the said viij monethes, in the same Porte or Portes where they sholde first arryve, their resonable costes and expenses alwaye excepte and deducted; And that they sholde in noo wyse make ony suche money over by exchaunge; And the saide Marchauntes, their saide Wares and Marchaundises remaynynge unsolde, after thende of the saide viij monethes in no wyse shold selle nor bartre within the said Reame, but sholde carye & conveie theym oute of the same Reame wythin ij monethes than next folowynge after the said viij monethes if wynde and wether will serve it, And els as soone as wynde and weder wolde serve hem after the saide two monethes, upon peyne of forfeiture as well of as moche money as shold be made out of this saide Reame by exchainge, as of the saide Wares and Marchaundises soo solde or bartred after thende of the said viij monethes not caried ne conveyed

P mcatoriba Italie.

TO the most Xpen Prince the King of England and of Fraunce and to the right noble Lordes spualx and temporalx in this psent parliament assembled: In moste humble wise besechen youre most noble Grace, the merchauntes of Italie residentz in this youre noble Royalme of Englonde, that where by an Acte of Parliament made in the Parliament of Richard late Ptendyng hym to be King of England the thirde, holden at Westin the first yere of his reigne, it was ordeyned and provyded that all Merchauntes of the nacion of Italie afore rehersyd not made Denyzens, whiche than had or shuld have within this Realme Wares and Merchaundises brought from beyonde the See and before the fest of Ester than next ensuyng shuld have, shulde do selle or bartre theym in grose and not by retaile to the Kinges Subgettes afore the first day of May that then shuld be in the yere of our Lord God M'CCCC lxxxv. and the money comyng of the same Sale before the seid first day, within the same Porte or Portes where thei arryved, employe upon the commoditees and mchaundises of this Realme, their resonable costes and expenses alwey except and deducted, upon peyne of forfaiture of the value as well of all the seid Wares and Merchaundises, kept and not sold afore the seid first day, or otherwise solde than is abovesaid, as of so moche money as shuld be made over by exchaunge contrary to the seid Acte; And that all the seid Merchauntes of Italy the whiche after the seid fest of Ester brought any Merchaundises or Wares into this Reame to be solde, shuld selle or bartre the same Wares and Merchaundises in grose and not by retaile unto the Kinges Subgettes, upon peyne of forfaiture of the value of the same Wares and Merchaundises otherwise solde; And that the seid Merchauntes their seid Wares and Merchaundises, whiche thei shuld bryng after the seid fest of Ester, shuld do bartre or selle the same within viij monethys next after their first arryvall into this Realme in fourme aforesaid, and the Money comyng of or by the seid Sales or Bartrynges of theym and evy of theym employe, and therwith bye the commoditees or merchaundises of this Realme of England within the seid viij monethis, in the same Porte or Portes where they shuld first arryve, their resonable costes and expenses alwey except and deducted; and that thei shuld in no wise make any suche money over by exchaunge; and that the said Merchauntes, their Re exporting seid Wares and Merchaundises remaynyng unsolde, after thende of the seid viij monethys in no wise shuld selle nor bartre within the seid Realme, but shuld carie and conveie theym oute of the same Realme within ij monethes than next folouyng after the seid viij monethes if wynd and weder wold serve it, and els assone as wynde and weder wold serve hem after the seid ij monethes, upon peyne of forfaiture aswell of asmoche money as so shuld be made oute of this said Realme by exchaunge, as of the seid Wares and merchaundises so solde or bartred after thende of the seid viij monethes not caried ne conveied

nu. 20.

Recital of St. 1 Ric. III. e. 9 imposing Penalties as to Sales by Foreign Merchants, and Applica-Produce by

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sell Printed Copies.

[·] See, as to this Chapter, the concluding Part of the Note at the beginning of this Year, ante page 499.

Ex Rot. Parl.

Residence of Foreign Merchants;

R. III. c. 8. Refuse Wool.

1 R. III. c. 9. exporting Wool by Aliens;

The Penalties in the said recited Acts repealed.

oute of this seid Realme in fourme aforeseid or the value thereof, the forfaitures penaltee and losse of all the Pmisses to renne and be upon the seid Merchauntes of Italye doyng contrary to this Acte: And also that no Straunger of what Contrey so ev he were shuld oste or take to sojourne with hym win this Realme of England any Merchaunt Straunger, not beyng of the same nacion that he shuld be of, upon payne to forfaite and lose at evy tyme that he so did, xl fi; And that no Merchaunt Straungier shuld be at Oste ne sojourne with any other Merchaunt Straunger not beyng of his Nacion or Contrey within the seid Realme upon peyne of xl ti: And that no Straunger shulde bye any Wolle, the which shuld be sent or passe thrugh the streites of Marrok by Galeies Carrakes or Shippes or other Vesselles, sorted clakked or barbed, nor any Wolle wherof lokkes or refuse shuld be made, But that the same Wolle shuld be as it was shorne and clene wounde, withoute any sortyng barbyng or clakkyng or lokes or refuse therof to be made as it is aforeseid, upon peyne of forfaiture of the same Wolle and the double value therof; as by the same acte more pleynly may apere: Also that the seid Merchauntes of Italye shuld have and conveye their Wolle Wollen Clothe and alle other their Merchaundises over the Streites of Marrok upon peyne of forfaiture of the same; as by the same Acte pleynly apereth: That it may please yo' Highnesse by thadvyse of youre Lordes spuelx and temporelx and Comons in this present parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same to ordeyne stablisshe and do to be enacted, that the abovesaid forfaitures penalties seisours and accions comprised in the seid actes and everiche of hem, be revoked voide annulled and of no strength against almaner psones; except and refved onely to yo' Highnesse to be at liberte to have and enjoye almaner seisours forfaitures and penaltees in the seid actes specefied; And that it be leeful to youre Highnesse to graunt to youre seid besechers youre tres of saufconduyt and tres patent? surely to be enjoyed, according to the tenours therof, the aboveseid Acte and Actes notwithstondyng, in as ample wise as thogh thei had nev be had

Ex Lib. Scace. Westm.

out of this said Reame in fourme aforesaide or the value therof, the forfeytures penalte and losse of al the premysses to renne and be upon the saide Marchaunts of Italie doyng contrarie to this acte: And also that noo Straunger of what countrey soever he were shold oost or take to sojourne with hym wythin thise Reame of Englonde ony Marchaunt Straunger, not beyng of the same nacion that he sholde be of, upon peyne to forfeite and lose at every tyme that hee so dyde xl fi; And that no Marchaunte Straunger sholde be at ooste ne sojourne with ony other Marchaunt Straunger not beyng of his nacion or contrey within the saide Reame, upon peyne of xl ti: And that noo Straunger shold bye ony Wolle, the whiche shold be sent or passe thrugh the streyttes of Marrok by Galayes or Carekes or Shyppes or other vesselles, sorted clakked or barbed, Nor ony Wolle wherof lockes or refuse sholde be made, but that the same Wolle shold be as it were shorne and clene wounde, wythout ony shortyng barbynge or clakkyng or lokes or refuse therof to be made as it is aforesayd, upon peyne of forfeiture of the same Woll and the double value therof; as by the same acte more playnly may appere: Also that the saide Marchauntz of Italy sholde have and conveye their Wolle Wollen Cloth and all other their Marchandises over the streittes of Marrok upon peyne of forfeiture of the same; (') acte pleynly appereth: The Kynge our said Sovereyne Lorde by thadvyce of the Lordes Spirituell and Temporell and Comens in this present parliamente assembled and by auctorite of the same, hath ordeyned stablished and doo to be enacted, that the abovesaid forfeitures penaltees seisours and accions comprised in the said Actes and everiche of hem, be revoked voide annulled and of noo strengthe agaynst all maner persones; excepte and reserved oonly to the Kyng to be at libertie to have and enjoye all maner seisours forfeites and penaltees in the said actes specified; And that it be liefull to the Kyng to graunt to his saide besechers his lettres of saufconduit and lettres patentes surely to be enjoyed according to the tenours therof, (1) abovesayd acte and actes notwithstondyng, in as ample wyse as though they had never be had nor made.

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Anno 3° HENRICI, VII. A.D. 1487.

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INCIPIUNT STATUTA apud Westin edita anno regni Regis Henrici Septimi post Conqm Angt tercio.

(1) OSTRE Seignior le Roy Henry p la grace de Dieu Roy Dengliter & de Fraunce & f' Dirland le septisme, a son pliament tenuz a Westmi le novesme jour de Novembre lan de son noble reigne tierce, al lhonour de Dieu & de Seint Esglice & pur la coen bien de cest son Realme, del advise & assent de lez Seignio'z espuels & temporels & lez coens en le dit pliament assemblez & p auctote de m le pliament, ad ordeigne & establie certeinz statuitz & orden ncez en maner & fo'me icy ap's ensuantz.

Primermēt nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy remembrant comet p delealx maintenances, donacions dez livez signes & tokyns, & reteindrez p endentures pmises smentes escriptez ou autment, embrasiariez de cez subgette, desloiall demeasner dez Viscountz en faisure dez panels & aut's deloials reto'nez, p pruise dargent p jurrez, p graunds riott? & deleals assemblez, la polacie & bon govnaile de cest realme est bien pres subdue, & p' noun punicion de cestez enconveniencez & p occasion de lez Pmissez null chos poiet estre trove p enquerrie, pount lez loies de la Pre puissent Pnder petit effecte, a lencrece dez murdrez & robberiez pjuries & nounsuerties de toutz vivantez & pdes de lour Pres & biens, a gounde despleisure Dieu tout puissant : Pur ceo il est ordeigne pur le reformacion de lez Pmissez p auctote du dit pliament, q le Chaunceller & Tresorer Denglite pur le temps esteantz & Gardein du du Prive Seall, ou deux de ceux appellant a luy un Evesqz & Seignio' tempell del honorable Counseill du Roy, Et lez deux Chieff Justices du Bank le Roy & coen Bank pur le temps esteantz, ou autz deux Justicez en lour absence, sur bill ou enformacion baille a [la 1] Chaunceler, pur le Roy ou ascun auter, encountre ascun psone pur ascun malveis avoir devant reherce, aient auctorite dappeller devent eux p bre ou p've seall lez dcez mesfaisours & ceux ou autz p lour discrecion p quex la verite poiet estre conuz dexaminer

A Blank for the Letter N .- Nostre MS. Hatt.

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm. XI.

The Seconde Parliament, holden the thirde yere of Kyng Henry the vijthe.

THE Kynge our Sovereyne Lord Henry by the grace of God Kynge of Englonde and of Fraunce and Lord of Irlonde the vij, at his Parliamente holden at Westminster the ix. day of Novembr in the thirde yere of his noble reigne; To the worship of God and holy chirche and for the comen wele of this his Reame, by thadvys and assente of the Lordes Spirituell and Temporell and the Comens in the saide Parliamente assembled, and by auctorite of the same Parliamente, hath ordeyned and established certeyn statutes and ordenaunces in maner and fourme as hereafter ensueth.

Ex Rot. Parl. 3 Hen. VII. P Cama Stellat.

An Acts geving the Court of Starchamber Authority to punnyshe dyvers Mydemeanors.

(') THE Kyng oure (') Soveygn Lord remem- The Evils breth howe by onlawfull maynten ncf gevyng of lyves signes and tokyns and reteyndres by endentur pmyses othes writyng or otherwise, enbraciaries of his subgette, ontrue demeanynge of Shrevys in makyng of panelle and other ontrewe retournes, by takyng of money by jurryes, by greate riotts and unlawfull assemblez, the polacye and good rule of this realme is almost subdued, and for the nowne punyshement of this inconvenience and by occasion of the Pmyssis nothyng or lityll may be founde by enquerry, wherby the Lawes of the lond in execución may take litell effecte, to the encres of murdres robries pjuries and unsuerties of all men lyvyng and losses of their londe and goode, to the greate displeas of Allmyghty God [Be yt therfor] ordyned for reformacion of the pmysses by thauctorite of [this] pliament, That the Chaunceller and Tresorer of Englond for the tyme beyng and Keper of the Kyngs pryvye Seall, or too of theym, callyng to hym a Bisshopp and a tempall Lord of the Kynge most Honorable Councell, and the too chyeff Justices of the Kynge Benche and Comyn Place for the tyme beyng, or other too Justices in ther absence, uppon bill or informacion put to the seid Chaunceller, for the Kyng or any other, ageyn eny psone for eny mysbehavyng afore rehersed, have auctorite to call before theym by Wrytte or Pryvye seall the seid mysdoers, and theym and other by ther discressions to whome the trouthe may be knowen to examyn,

Therefore it is

said Lib. Scace.

Rot. Parl.

arising from Maintenance and other Misdemean-

Jurisdiction over the same, upon Bill or Information, rtain great

. See Note at the beginning of the Statute 1 Henry VII. ante pa. 499.

VOL. II.

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Original from PENN STATE Inquests by Justices of the Peace, to inquire of the Concealment of other Inquests.

and such as they fynd therin defectiff to punyssh theym after their demerite, after the forme and effecte of Statutes therof made, in like man and forme as they shuld and ought to be punysshed if they were therof convycte after the due ordre of the lawe. And ov that [be yt also '] ordygned by thauctorite aforseid, that the Justices of the Peas of evy Shire of this Realme for the tyme beyng may do take by ther discressions an enquest, whereof evy man shall have lands and tent? to the yerly value of xls. at the leest, to enquere of the concelement? of other enquests, taken afore theym and afore other, of such maters and offence as ar to be enquered and psented afore Justices of the Peas, wheroff complaynt shall be made by bill or billes aswell within fraunches as without; and yff eny such concelement be found of any enquest as is afore rehersed had or made within the yere [afore'] the same concelement, evy psone of the same enquest to be amercied for the same concelement? by discression of the same Justicez of the Peas; the seid amciaments to be cessed in playn Sessions.

[II.]*
Rot. Parl.
nu. 21.

AN ACTE agaynst Murderers.

The Causes why Murders becommitted.

(3) THE Kyng remembryng hou murders and sleyng of his subjett? dailly encreace in this land, the occasions wherof ben divs, oon that men in townes where suche murders happ to fall and been doon, will not attach the murderer, where the lawe of the land ys that yf eny man be slayne in the day and the felon not taken, the Townshipp wher the deth or murder is done shalbe arriced; and yf eny man be wounded in pill of deth the ptie that so woundeth shuld be arrested and put in suertie, till pfyte knowlech be had whether he so hurt shuld live or die; and the Crowner upon the viewe of the body dede shuld inquire of hym or theym that had don that deth or murder, of their abbeto's and concento's, and whoo were psent when the deth or murdre was doon, whedir man or woman, and the namez of them that were psent and soo founde to enrolle and ctifie; Which lawe by negligence ys disused, and therby grete boldnes ys goven to sleers and murdrers; and ov this it ys used that within the yere and day after eny deth or murdre had and doon the [felon 1] shuld not be det myned at the Kynge sute, for savyng of the ptie sute, wherin the ptie is oftymes slowe and also aggreed with, and by thend of the yere all ys forgoten, which ys another occasion of murder; And also he that will sue eny appell must sue in ppre psone, which sute ys long and costlowe that yt makyth the ptie appellant wery to sue: For reformación of the Dmysses, the Kyng oure Soveygn Lorde by thassent of the Lorde spuell and tempall and the Comens in [this psent] pliament assemblid and by auctorite of the same, will, that evy Crowner excise and doo his office according to the lawe as ys afore rehersed: and that yf eny man be slayne or murdred, and therof the murderers sleers abbettours mayntenours and confortours

Coroners shall exercise their Office according to Law.

It is after lib. Scace.

3 the saide

& tiels quels ilz trovent en ceo defectifs de punier ceux solonqz lour demeritez, joust la fo'me & effecte dez statuitz ent faitz, en semblable maner & fo'me sicome ilz dusent & doient estre puniez si ilz furent de ceo convictez solonqz la due ordre de la ley. Et oustre ceo il est ordeigne p lauctote av'ntdit, q lez Justicez de peas de chun Countie de cest Realme pur le temps esteantz, puissent faire Pnder p lour discrecion enquest, dount chun home ava Pres ou tentez al annuell value de xl s. au meins, denquerer de lez concelement dau's enquest, p'sez dev'nt eux & dev'nt autz, dez tiels mats & offences quels sont a enquerrerz & Psenters devant Justices du peas, de quell complaint Sra fait p bill ou billes si bn deinz franchis come dehors; Et si ascun tiel concelement soit tove p ascun enquest, come est av'nt reherce, eue ou fait deinz lan ap's m le concelement, chun psone de m lenquest serra amciez p' m la concelement p discrecion mz lez justicez de peas; lez ditz aniciamentz destre assessez en pleyn Sessions.

Itm nre dit f' le Roy remembrant coment murdrez & tuerie de cez subgett? (') en cest tre, dount lez occasions sont divses, un q gentes es villes lou tiels murdrez aviendront eschier & estre faitez ne voillent my attachier le murderour, lou la ley de cest Pre est que si ascun hoe soit tuez en le jour & le felon ne soit my pris, la ville ou la mort ou murder est fait Bra amcie; Et si ascun home soit naufre en pel del mort, la ptie q ensy naufra Broit arrestuz & mise en suertie tang, pfit conusaunce soit ewe quelq, il issint naufrez viveroit ou moreroit, Et [la 3] Corono' sur la vieu del corps mort enquerreroit de luy ou ceux q ou quex ad ou ount fait ou faitz la mort ou murdur, de lour abbetto'z & consento'z, & q furent Psentz q'unt la mort ou murdre fuist fait ou ppetrez, quelq, q home ou fēme, & lez nouns de ceux q furent psentez & issint trove de enroller & certifier; quell ley p negligence est disusee & pent graunde audacite est donez as tuours & murderours; Et oustre ceo il e use q dedeinz lan & jour ap's ascun mort ou murdre ewe & fait, le felonie ne sroit pas det minez al suist le Roy, pur salver la suite la ptie, en quell la ptie est sovent foitz tepiz & auxi agreez, & p fyne del an tout est oubliee quell est un auter occasion de murdre; Et auxi celuy q voiet suer ascun appell coviet suer en ppre psone, quel suite est long & costeouz q il face la ptie appellant lassez a p'suer : Pur reformacion de lez Pmissez, Nr̃e dit Sovaign f' le Roy del assent dez f'z espuels & temporels & lez coens en le dit pliament assemblez & p auctorite dicell, voiet q chun Coroner exccise & face son office accordant a la ley come est avant reherce: Et q si ascun home soit tue ou occiz ou murdrez, & de ceo tuo'z murderours abetto'z mainteno'z

An Omission in both MSS.

e le MS. Hatt.

In all Printed Editions this forms part of Chapter I. In Lib. Scace. it is numbered ij. and intituled 'Ayenst Coronors.'

& comfortotz dicell: rsoient enditez, q niz lez tuo'z Somurderours 1 & toutz autz accessoriez dicel soient farrette 1] & derminez de fi de felonie & murdre, accommendation all suite du Roy dedeinz lan apres mesme la felonie & murdre faitz, & ne targent my dan & jour pur appell de prise pur mi la felonie ou murdre: Et sil aveigne ascun psone nosme come p'nzipall on accessorie destre acquitez pur ascun tiell murdre, all suite le Roy deinz lan & jour, q adonqs mz lez Justicez devent quex il est acquite ne luy soefferent daler a large, mez autri de luy remetter arere a p'son ou aurment de lesser luy au baille, solong, lour discrecion, tanq, lan & jour soient passez; Et sil aveigne q mz lez felouns ou m'derours & accessories soient arrettez ou ascun de eux destre acquitez, ou le p'ncipall du dit felonie ou ascun de eux destre atteintez, la feme ou pchyn heir a celuy issint tue, come requirera, poiet Pnder & avoir lour appell de mi la mort & m'dre, deinz lan & jour ap's la dit felonie & murdre fait, encontre lez psonz issint arrettez & acquittez & toutz autz lour accessoriez, ou encountre lez accessoriez du dit principall ou ascun diceux atteintez, ou encountre lez dcez p'ncipals issint atteintz silz soient en vie & la benefite de son clergie ent devant nient ewe. Et q lez appellantz aient tiels & semblablez aventage si come la dit acquitaill ou atteinder ne soit james estre eue, la dit acquitell nient contristeant. Et oustre ceo q la feme ou heir de psone issint tue ou m'drez, come la case requirera, poiet comencer lour appell en ppre psone, all ascun temps deinz lan aps la felonie fait, dev'nt le Viscount ou Coroners en le Countie lou la dit felonie & murdre furent faitz, ou dev'nt le Roy en son bank ou Justicez de Gaole delivez; Et q lappellauntz en ascun appellez de m'dre ou mort de home, lou batail p la cours del coen ley ne gist pas, facent lour atto'neis & appiergent (1) lez mz en lez dcez appellez, puis aps q lez soiet comencez all fyn del suite & execucion dicels: Et si ascun psone sot tue ou m'drez en le jour, & le murderour eschape nient prise, q le ville lou le dit fait est issint fait soit amciez pur le dit eschape; Et q le dit Coroner aiet auctote denquerrer ent sur le vieu de corps mort ; Et auxi Justicez de peas aient poiar denquerrer de tiels eschapes & lez ctifier devent le Roy en son Bank; Et q aps la felonie trove lez Coroners delivent lour inquisicons, devant lez Justicez de la pschyn gaole deliver en le Countie lou lenquisicon est p'se, mz lez Justicez de pceder encontre tiels murderours silz soient en le gaole, Et autri mz lez Justicez de metter lez ditez Inquisicons devant le Roy en son Bank. Et pur ceo q Coroners ne neussent ne dusent ascun chose avoir p la ley p' lour office affaire, quel sovent foitz ad este loccasion q Corono'z ount este remise en faisant lour office, il est ordeigne q le Coroner aiet p' son fee sur chun enquisicon prise sur la vieu del corps tue xiij s. iiij d. dez bnz & chateux de luy q est tuour & murderour, sil y ad ascunz tonz, & sil nad nulls biens lors le Coroner ava pur son dit fee de tiels amciamentz quells aviendront ascun ville destre

1 arettez MS. Hatt. * per omitted in both MSS.

of the same be endited, that the same sleers and murderers and all other accessariez of the same bee arayned and der myned of the same felonye and murdre, at eny tyme, at the Kyngf sute, within the yere after the same felonye and murder doon, and not tarie the yere and day for eny appelle to be taken for the same felonye or murder: And yf yt happen eny psone, named as pryncipall or accessarie, to be acquited of eny such murdre at the Kynge sute within the yere and day, that f than '] the same Justices afore whome he is acquited shall not suffre hym to goo at large, but eyther to remytte hym ayen to prison or els to lette hym to baille after ther discrecion till the yere and day be passed; and yf yt fortune that the same felons or murdrers and accessaries so arrayned, or eny of theym, to be acquitte, or the principall of the seid felonye or eny of them to be attaynt, the Wyf or next heire to hym soo slayne, as shall require, may take and have theire appelle of the same dethe [or *] murdre, within the yere and day after the same felonye and murdre don, ayenst the seid psones so arrayned and acquite, and all other their accessaries, or ayenst thaccessaries of the seid principall or any of theym so attaynt, or ayenst the seid principalles so attaynted yf they be then on life, and the benyfice of his clargie therof before not hadd. And that thappellauntes have such and like avauntage as yf the seid acquitall or attayndre had nev be hadde, the seid acquittall or attayndre not withstandyng. And ov that the Wyf or [their 3] of the psone so slayne or murdred, as case shall require, may comence their appelle in ppre psone, at eny tyme within the yere after the seid felonye don, before the Shirif and Crowners of the Countie where the seid felony and murdre was don, or before the Kyng in his benche, or Justices of gaole delyver; and thappellantes in eny appeles of Appellants murdre or deth of man, where batell by the cours of the comen lawe lieth not, make their attourneis & appere by the same in the seid appelles after they be comenced to the ende of the sute and execución of the same: And yf eny psone be slayne or murdred in the day, and the murderer escape untaken, that the Township where the seid dede ys so don be arriced for the seid escape; And that the Crowner have auctorite to enquire theroff upon the vewe of the body dede; and also Justices of the Peas have power to enquire of suche eschapis and that to ctifie afore the Kyng in his benche; and that after the felonye founde, the Crowners deliv their inquisicions afore the Justices of the next gaole deliver, in the Shire where the inquisicon ys taken, the same Justicez to pcede ayenst such murderers yf they be in the gaole, and ess the same Justices to put the seid inquisicons afore the Kyng in his bench. And for asmoch as Crowners had not nor ought any thyng to have by the lawe, for their office doyng, which oftymes have been the occasions that Crowners have been remysse in doyng their office, [Be yt 1] ordyned that a Crowner have for his fee upon edy inquisicon taken upon the vewe of the body slayne xiij s. iiij d. of the goodes and catalles of hym that ys sleer and murderer, yf he have eny goodes, and yf he have no goodez, than the Crowner to have for his seid fee, off such and ciaments as shall fortune eny Townshipp to be

&c. may be arraigned and tried within the Year after the Felony done, with-out waiting for Appeal; if acquitted be secured, to answer any Appeal;

which may be notwithstanding any such Acquittal,

except where Battle lieth.

Townships shall be amerced for the Escape of Murderers by Day; Coroners shall enquire thereof; and Justices of the Peace of Escapes. Certifying of such Inquisitions.

Coroner's Fee, on View of the Body. Penalty on Coroner for Neglect;

Justices of the Peace shall certify Recognizances to the Sessions. amced for eschape of such murderer as ys afore seid; and yf eny Crowner be remysse and make not his inquisicons upon the vewe of the body dede, and ctifiet not accordyng as ys afore ordeyned, that the Crowner for evy defawte forfette to the Kyng Cs. And also [be yt'] ordyned by the same auctorite, that evy Justice of Peas within this Realme that shall take eny reconisaunce for the kepyng of peas, that the same Justices do ctifie send or bryng the same reconisaunce at the next Sessions of peace where he ys or hath been Justice, that the partie soo bounde may be called; and yf the partie make defaute the same defaute than ther to be recorded, and the same reconysaunce withe the recorde of the defaute be sent and ctified into the Chauncye, or afore the Kyng in his bench or into the Kyngis Eschequer.

II.
[III.]
Rot. Parl.
nu. 18.
Taking away
Women
against their
Wills,
declared

Felony.

AN ACTE agaynst taking awaye of Women agaynst theire Will?.

(1) WHERE Wymmen aswell [Mayndens 1] as Wydowes and Wyfes havyng substaunce somme in good? moveable, and some in landes and tents, and sume beyng heires apparaunt? unto their auncesters, for the lucre of suche substaunce been oft tymes taken by mysdoers contrie to their Will, and after maried to such mysdoers or to other by their assent, or defoulled, to the greate displesire of God and contrie to the Kynge lawes and dispargement of the seid Women and utter hevynesse and discomforte of their frendes and to the evyll example of all other: [Be yt'] therfor ordeyned establisshed and enacted by oure Soveygn lord the Kyng, by thassent of his Lordes spuell and tempell and the Comens in this psent parliament assemblid and by auctorite of the same, that what psone or psones from hensforth that taketh eny Woman soo ayenst her Will unlawfully, that ys to seye Mayde Wydowe or Wyf, that such takyng pcuryng and abettyng to the same, and also receyvyng wetyngly the same Woman so taken ayenst her Will and knowyng the same, be felonye; And that such mysdoers takers and pcuratours to the same, and receytours knowing the seid offence, in forme aforseid be hensforth reputed and juged as principall felons. Provided alwey that this Acte extend not to eny psone takyng eny Woman onely claymyng her as his Warde or bond Woman.

The Misdoers, Procurers, and Receivers, principal Felons.

Proviso in respect of Wards and Bond-wome

An Act that Justice of Peace may take Bayle.

III. [IV.]

Rot. Parl. (1) Westin to a respecting of Offenders.

IR. III. (2) Westin to and enaction of the part o

(1) WHERE in the parliament late holden at Westin the first yere of Rychard, late in dede and not in ryght Kyng of Englond the third, yt was ordyned and enacted among other dyvs actes that evy Justice of the peas, in evy Shire Cite or Towne, shuld have auctorite and power by his or their discrecion to lett prisoners and psones arrested for light suspección of felony in baill or maynprice; by colour wherof afterwarde, dyvse psones such as wer not maynp'nable ware oftymes leten to baille and maynprise by Justicez of the peas, ayenst the due forme of the Lawe, Wherby many murdrers and felons eschaped to the greate displeasure

' It is ' Item, \ Lib. Scacc.

amcie p' eschape dautiell murderour come est av'ndit; Et si ascun Coroner soit remise & ne face my cez Inquisicons sur le vieu del corps mort, & ceo ne ctifie accordant come av'nt est ordeigne, q lors lez Corons forferount pur ch'un deffaut au Roi C s. Et auxi est ordeigne p m lauctote, q ch'un Justice de peas deinz cest realme, q p'ndera ascun reconisance pur confvacion de peas, face ctifier [amender '] ou amesner m la reconisance a lez pschyn Cessions du peas, lou il est ou ad este Justice du peas, q la ptie lie poet estre appelle; Et si la ptie face defaute m le deffaute illonqs destre recordez, & m le recognisance ovesq la record de m la defaute soit mise & ctifie en la Chauncellarie ou dev'nt le Roy en son banke, ou en leschequer du Roy.

Itm coe femez, si bn pusels come veus & femez mariez, aiantz substancez ascunz en biens moeblez & ascunz en Prez & tentz & ascuns esteantz heire apparantz a lour auncestrez, pur la lucre dautiels substances sont sovent foitz prisez p mesfaisours, contrarie a lour voluntie & apres maries a tiels mesfaisourf ou as auts p lour assent, ou deflorez, au graunde displeasir Dieu & encontre lez leyz du Roy & dispgement de lez dcez femez, & surquidious dolour & descomfort de lour amys, & a malvais example de toutz aurs: Il est pur ceo ordeigne establie & enacte p nre dce Sovaigne f' le Roy de lassent dez f'z espuels & tempels & lez coens en le dit pliament assemblez & p auctote del m, q̃ q̃conq, psone ou psonez de cy en avant q̃ ou quels pigne ou pignent ascune feme ensi encontre sa volunte illealment, cest assavoir pusell veu ou feme marie, q tiels pruise pcurement & abettement all m, & auxi receitement scientment în la feme issint prise encontre s vote, & sacheant le mesme, soit felonie; Et q tiels mesfaisours pignours & pcuro'z a icell, & recettours sacheantz m loffence en fo'me av'ndce, soit de cy enavant reputez & jugez come pincipals felons. Prveu toutz foitz q cest acte nextende pas au ascun psone Pignant ascune feme tantsoulement en claymant come sa garde ou feme villein.

Itm come en [la 1] pliament, nadgairs tenuz a Westm lan p'mer de Richard nadgars en feet & nient du droit Roy Denglite le iije, il estoiet ordeigne & enacte enter autz divsez actez, q chun Justice de peas en chun Countie Cite ou Ville arroit auctorite & poiar, p sa ou lour discrecion, de lesser p'soners & psones arrestez pur legier suspeccion de felonie en baile ou mainp'se; p colour de quell, ap's divsez psones tiels quels ne furent mainpnablez estoient sovent foitz lessez en baille & mainp'se p [Justice 3] du pees, encontre la due fo'me du ley, p quel plusoure felons & m'dro'z eschape fierent au g'unde displeasure

omitted.
Justič

le MS. Hat.

iij.

le Roy & anusaunce de son poeple: Si nre dit So-Paigne f' le Roy ceo considerant, de ladvise assent & auctorite suisdcez ad ordeigne & establie & enacte, q lez Justič de peas en chun Countie Cite ou Ville, ou deux de ceux au meyns dont un soit del quoz, aient auctote & poiar de lesser ascunz tiels pisoners ou psonez mainpnablez p la ley, quex sont emp'sonez deinz lour sevalx Countiez Citee ou Ville, a baille ou mainp'se a lour pschyn gnals Cessions ou all pschyn gaole deli-Ver (') en chun Countie Citee ou Ville, sibien dedeinz franchise come dehors, lou ascunz tiels Gaols sont ou enaps serront; Et q lez dcez Justic de pees ou un de eux, ensi pignantz ascun tiell baille ou mainp'se, face ctifier le m a lour pschyn gnall Cessions de peas, ou all pschyn gaole deliverer dascun tiell Gaoll deinz chun Countie Citee ou Ville, pschynment ensuant aps tiell baille ou mainp'se issint prise; sur peyn de forfeer au Roy pur chun deffaute sur ceo recordez x ti. Et oustre ceo il est enacte p m lauctote q chun vic bailliff de franchise, & chun auter psone aiant auctorite ou poiar de garde de gaols ou dez p'soners de felonie, en semblablez maner & fo'me facent certifier lez nouns de chun tiels p'soner en lour garde, & de chun prisoner as eux comys p' ascun tiell cause, all pschyn gaole deliver en chun Countie ou franchise lou ascun tiell gaole ou gaols est ou sont ou en aps serra ou frount, illeosquez destre kalendres dev'nt lez Justicez del deliverance m le gaole; p quell ils puissent si bn pur le Roy come pur la ptie pceder a feer delivance dez tiels p'soners accordant a la ley; sur peyn de forfeer au Roy p' chun default ent recordez Cs. Et q laventdit acte, donent auctorite & poiar en lez Pmissez au ascun un Justice de peas p luy m, soit en cell pte to' oustremet voied & de null effecte, p auctote de ce pset pliamet.

Iîm q come sovent foitz (1) de done dez biens & chatiaux soient faitz, a lentent pur defrauder lour credito'z de lour dueties, & cell psone ou psonz q ou quels fet ou fount le dit feet de done fue ou fuent a seintuarie ou aut's lieus privileges, & occupiont ou vivont ovesq lez ditz bnz & chateux, lour creditours esteantz nient paies: Il est ordeigne enacte & establie de lassent & aucto" suisdcez, q toutz feetz de done dez bnz & chatieux faitz ou affairs de confiance, all oeps de cell psone ou psones q ou quels feet ou fount m le feet del done, soiet voidez & de null effecte.

mesme le Gaoff 2 feetes

of the Kyng and anoys unce of his lege people: Wherfor the Kyng our Soveyn Lorde consideryng yt, by thadvice and assent of his lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this Psent pleament assemblid and by auctorite of the same [ordyneth establisseth and enacteth '] that the Justices of the peas in evy Shire Cite and Towne, or too of them at the lest wherof on to be of the Quoz, have auctorite and power to lete eny such prisoners or psones maynp'nable by the Lawe, that been imprisoned within their sevall Counties Cite or Towne, to baille or maynprise, unto ther next genall Sessions or unto the next genall gaille delyvere of the same gailles in evy Shire Cite or Towne aswell within Fraunches as without, where eny such gailles been or herafter shall bee; and that the seid Justices of the peas or oon of theym so takyng eny such baill or maynprise do ctifie the same at [the '] next genall Sessions of the peas, or at the next genall gaolez delivaunce of eny suche gaole within evy such Countie Cite or Towne, next following aftir eny such baill or maynprise so taken; uppon payne to forfete unto the Kyng for evy defaute theruppon recorded x fi. And ov that [to be 3] enacted by the same auctorite, that evy Shiref Baillyf of fraunchese, and evy other psone havying auctorite or power of kepyng of gaoles or of prisoners for felonye, in like man and forme do cifie the names of evy such prison in their kepyng, and of evy prisoner unto theym comytted for any such cause, at the next ghall gaole delyver, in eny Countie or Fraunches where eny suche gaole or gaillez been or herafter shall be, ther to be kalendred by fore the Justices of the delyvaunce of the same gaole; wherby they may aswell for the Kyng as for the partie peede to make dely aunce of suche prisoners according to the Lawe; uppon payn to forfette unto the Kyng for evy defaute therof recorded C 3. And that the foreseid Acte yevyng auctorite and power in the Pmisses to eny oon Justice of the peas by hym selfe, be in that behalfe utterly voide and of non effecte, by [the seid 1] auctorite of this psent bail, repealed. pleament.

of the Peace may bail bailable, and shall certify Sessions,

AN ACTE agaynst fraudulent deed? of gyft.

[PRAYEN the Comens in this Psent parliament assembled 5] that where [oftymes 6] ded? of gifte of goodf and catall be made, to thentent to defraude ther creditours of their duties, and that psone or psones that maketh the seid dede of gyfte [goth 7] to seyntwarie or other places p'vyleged, and occupieth and levith with the seid goodis and catalle, theire creditours beyng unpayed, [That yt be 1] ordyned enacted and establisshed by thassent of the lorde spuall and tempall [in this Psent 8] plement assemblid and by auctorite of the same, that all ded? of gyfte of good? and catall?, made or to be made of trust to thuse of that psone or psones that made the same dede of gyfte, be voide and of non effecte.

hath ordeyned establisshed and enacted It is 2 their 6 often tymes 7 goeth and at the requeste of the Comens in the said

Rot. Parl. mu. 20. Deeds of Trust for the Donors,

VOL. II.

6 P

Original from PENN STATE V.
[VI.]
Rot. Parl.

An Acre agaynst Usury and unlawfull Bargaynes.

Certain Bargains by the Name of dry Exchange declared void.

Chancellor of England shall have Jurisdiction to enquire of these Bargains in Cities and Boroughs;

and the Justices of adjoining Counties.

(') FOR SOMOCH as ymportable damages losses and enpovysshyng of this realme ys had, by dampnable bargayns groundyt in usurye, colorde by the name of newe Chevesaunce, cont'rie to the lawe of naturell justis, to the comen hurt of this land and to the greate displesur of God: (') the Kyng for the reformacon therof and of all corrupt and unlefull bargaynes, by the assent of the Lordes Spuell and Tempell and the Comens in this psent parlyament assembled, and by the auctorite of the same, [ordyneth and enacteth 3] that yff herafter eny bargayne [coven*nd *] by bying of eny obligacon or bill or by eny pleg put for suertie or by bill or otherwise, by the name of drye exchaunge or otherwyse, wherby eny cteyn some shall be lost by eny covend or pmys betwyx eny psone or psones, by theym selfe or eny other to their knowleg within this realme, or of eny bargayne or lone wherby eny of the ptes shall lose or paye for eny some cten, that ys to sey for havyng Cti. in money or in michandys or otherwyse, and therfor to pay or to fynd suertie to pay vjxx ti. or more or lesse, in and for eny more or lesse some after eny man rate, that all such bargeyns covendes pmys and suertes therfor made, and all thyng therof dependyng, Penalty 1001. be utterly voide and of none effecte. And ov this [that yt be 5] ordyned by the same auctorite, that yff eny michaundyses oblygacons billes or plate be pmysed to be delyved uppon such corrupt bargayns, and nev delyved, or delyved and had ageyn to hym that ought such michaundises obligacons billes or plate, or knoweth by eny other man by assent agreement (6) knowleg in eny man forme of hym or his factour or broker that such michaundises ought [and ar preve 7] to suche bargayns, that all such bargayns covendes pmysses and all suerties therfor made be utterly voide; and seller and owner bargayner or pmyser of such corrupte bargayns or good? lease for evy such bargayne made by hym or hys factour C ti. and who so ev will sue therfor to have an accion of dette, in which the party shall not wage hys lawe, the Kyng to have the one halfe and he that will sue the oder halfe. And for somoche as theies corrupt bargaynes be most usually hadde within Citees and Burghes, havyng auctorite to trye all maters and causes growen and had within the same Citees and Burghes, and yff eny suche defautes shuld ther be tryed, pjurie by lykelynesse therby shuld growe and lytell of the pmesses to be founde, Therfor [yt be 5] ordeigned by the seid auctorite, that aswell the Chaunceller of Inglond for the tyme beyng, have auctorite and power to examyn all man corrupt bargayns pmyses lones or sales growen and hadde of eny of the Pmysses, and theruppon by hys examinacion to here and det myne the same, and to geve lyke jugement and make lyke execución theroff, as the mater ware tried and founde at the pties sute in any such accion of dette by course of the comen lawe; as the Justices of the peas of any Shire next adjoynyng to eny Cite or Burgh where such deffautes be, of eny of the pmysses, and they to make lyke pcesse ayenst eny man therof indyted afore theym

Itm pur taunt q enportablez damagez pdes & enpovisshement de ce Realme sount euez, p dampnablez bargains founduz en usurie colourez p noun de novell chevesaunce, contrarie a la ley de nat'ell justice, a coen damage du cest re & a graunde displeasure de Dieu: Nre dit Sovaigne fr le Roy, pr la reformacion ent & de toutz corruptez & illicitez bargeins, dell assent & auctorite suisdcez ad ordeigne & enacte, q si en aps ascun bargeine coven nt p achate dascun obligacon ou bill, ou [pur '] ascunz pleggez misez pur suertie ou p bille ou autrement, p (2) sekke eschaunge ou autment, p quell ascun certein some serra pduz p ascun coven'nt ou pmise enter ascun psone ou psones, p ceux mz ou ascun auter a lour conisaunce, dedeinz cest realme, ou del ascun bargaine ou prest p quel ascunz dez pties pdera ou paiera pur ascun some certeine, cestassavoir pur avoir C ti. en money ou en mchandise ou auterment & pr ceo a paier ou a trover suertie a paier vjxx hi. ou pluis ou meins, en & pur ascun greinder ou meinder some solong ascun maner rate, autielx bargains coven ntz pmis & suerties ent faitz & toutz chosez ent dependantz soient tout oustrement voides & de null effecte. Et ouster ceo il est ordeigne p m lauctote, q si ascunz marchandisez obligacons billes ou plate soiet ou soient pmisez destre deliverez sur tiels corruptez bargains, & james deliverez, ou deliverez & euez derere a celuy q dusent tiels marchaundisez obligaçóns billes ou plate, ou sache p ascun auter home p assent agrement coignoisance en ascun maner fo'me de luy ou son factour ou brocour q tiel marchandise doiet & ou prive a tiels bargeins, (') coven ntz pmisez, & toutz suertes pur ceo trovez, soient tout oustment voides, & vendour possessour bargenour ou pmiso' dautiels corruptz bargains ou bnz pde pur chun tiel bargeine fait p luy ou son factour C fi. & qconq q pur ceo p'suera ava accon de dett en quel la ptie ne gaga sa ley, le Roy davoir lun moite & celuy q suer voiet lauter moite. Et p' tant q cestez corruptez bargeins sont pluis usuelmēt euez dedeinz Citeez & Burghs, aiantes auctote de trier toutz matiers & causez accruez & euez deinz mz lez Citees & Burghs, Et si ascuns tiels defautez serroient illeosqs triez pjurie p semblance pent accresteroit, Et petit de lez Pmissez destre trovez, Pur ceo il est ordeigne p la dit auctote, q si bien le Chaunceller Denglite p' le temps esteant aiet auctote & poiar dexaminer toutz mans corruptez bargeins pmises creaunces ou vendez, accrues & euez dascun de lez pmissez, & sur ceo p sa examinacion a oier & Pminer le m, & a doner semblable jugemet & feere semblable execucion ent, si come la matier fuist trie & trove all suite dez ptiez en ascun tiell accon de dett p le course del coen ley; Et q Justicez de peez, dascun Countie pschyn adjoign'nt au ascun Citee ou Burgh lou tiels defautz sont, [eient poiar denquerer 3] dascun de lez pmissez, et ilz de feere semblable peesse encontre ascun home en endite dev'nt

Our sayd sovereyne Lord hath ordeyned and enacted 5 It is o or

and er privee Lib. Scace. On Rot. Parl. and is interlined, or privy Printed Copies. ar is written on an Erasure.

per MS. Hatt.

⁹ Omissions here in both MSS.

³ Interlined in MS. Pet.; MS. Hatt. omits.

eux dascun de lez Pmisses, come ilz ferroient ou durroiet afaire encontre ascun home q estoiet endite dev'nt eux dascun riott ou trespas & le a del miner; Et si ascun home soit trove coulpable devent eux dascun de lez Pmissez, a forfaire lav'ndit peyn de C ti : refv'nt all Esglice, cest punissement nient contristeant, la correccion de lour almes a les leies dicell accordant.

Iîm pur ceo qil ad accrue & de jour en autre accrest g'unde desplesure Dieu & g'unde damage du Roy nre Sovaigne & cest son realme, (') & p' lenordinates chaunges & rechaunges quex de long temps ount este usez & unqor continuez en cest Realme, s'unz aucto'e donez p le Roy a tiel eschaunge & rechaunge; p' remedie de quel plusour? noblez statuitz sount faitz, dont un especiall estatuit en lan vynt cynke le Roy Edward le iijee, et un auter espea estatuit fait en lan quynt du Roy Richard le ijde, ovesq autz divsez statuitz faitz pur mi le remedie, es jours du Roi Henrie le quart Henry le quint & Henry le sisme : Si nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy voiet q toutz tiels statuitz soient mys en due execucion de cy en avent; Et q null home face ascun exchaunge (') ne rechaunge de monoie destre paiez deinz cest tre, forsq, tiels quelq, le Roy deputa a ceo, agarder faire & responder tielx exchaungez & rechaungez, sur le peyn en m lestatuit du Roy Richard contenuz. Et oustre ceo il est ordeigne p nre dit Sovaigne le Roy del assent & auctote suisdcez, q toutz illicites chevesances & usurie soient dampnez, & nulles destre usez, sur peyn del forfaiture del monoie ou biens issint chevisez ou creauncez, m la forfaiture de currer sur le vendour ou creanceour ent. Et auxi pur ceo q divsez Englois broco'z (1) q sont nosmez & assignez doccupier leall brocage, sont encrementours & Bargains faisours de illicitez chevisancez & usurie, & en ascun parte dillicitez exchaunges, au damage nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy & cest son Realme; Pur ceo il est enacte & establie p la dce aucto", q toutz tiels broco's deinz cest son Realme, faisant illealment dascun de lez Pmissez, soient mys a part & james doccupier come brocours, silz puissent estre espiez & trovez es Citees Burghs Villes, p Maiers bailiffz ou ascun de eux ou p lour ministrez lou ascun tiel bargaine est usee; Et q chun brocour q est trove defectif en feisure dilleall brocage forfacera pur chun defaute xx fi. & ava emp'sonemēt de dī an, & en oustre destre puniz p le pilorie ou aurment a lour overt reproef & hunt; le Roy davoir lun moite de chun de lez ditz forfaiturez, & la ptie q suer voiet lauter moite p accon de dett p le coen ley; Et le def en mi laccon ne soit admys a sa ley ne essoin ne pteccon soit pur m le defend allowe.

per omitted in both MSS.

of eny of the pmysses, as they shuld or owe to doo ayenst eny man that were indyted afore theym of eny ryote or trespas, and to dermyne yt; and yff eny man be founde gyltie afore theym of eny of the Pmyses to forfeite the forseid payne of Chi: reservyng to the Church, this punysshement notwithstondyng, the Correccion of their Soulles accordyng to the lawes of the same.

An Acte agaynst Exchaunge and Rechaunge whout the Kynge Lycence.

(') FOR ASMOCH as ther hath growen and daily groweth grete displesur of God, and greate hurte of the Kyng our Soveyn lorde and to this his realm, by and for thenordynat chaunges and rechaunges that have ben of long tyme used and yet contynued in this seid Realme, without auctorite gevon of [the Kynge gode g'ce '] to such chaungyng and rechanging; For remedy wherof many noble Statute [a yene 3] made, Wherof one spall Statute was made in the xxv. yere of Kyng Edwarde the thirde capo xijo; and a oder espall Statute made in the v' yere of Richard the ijde; with oder dyvse Statutes made for the same reamedy in Henr the iiijth Henry the v' and Henry the vj' ys daies: Wherfor [that yt may please the Kyngf gode gece 1] that all None shall such Statutes be putte in due execución fromhensforth; and that no man make any Exchaunge without the Kynge licence, ne make eny exchaunge nor rechaunge of Money to be paide within this land, but only such as the Kyng shall depute therunto to kepe make and answere such Exchaunge and rechaunges, upon the paynes in the same .[Statutes 3] of Kyng Rychard conteyned. And ov that [yt be 6] ordyned by the Kyng oure Soveygn Lorde, by thassent of the lordes spuell and tempell in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that all unlefull Chevysaunce and Usurye be dampned, and none to be used, upon payne of forfeyture of the Value of the Money or goodez so chevysched or lent; the same forfeiture to renne upon the Seller or lener therof. Also for asmoch as dyvse englisch brokers and estraungers brokers which be named and assygnet to occupie lefull brocage, ben ynducers and bargeyne makers of unlefull chevys'unce and usurie, and in som parte of unlefull Exchaungez, to the hurt of our seid Soveygn Lorde and this his seid realme; therfor [be yt 6] enacted and establisshed by the seid auctorite, that all such brokers delyng unlawfully of eny of the Pmysses be putt apte, and nev to occupie as brokers within this his realme, as they may be aspied and founde in Cites Burghes and Townes, by Maires Baillefs or eny of theym or of their minystres where eny such bargenyng ys used; and that evy broker that ys founde defectyf in makyng of unlefull brocage shall forfeit for evy defaute xx ti. and have enprisonement of halfe a yere, and ferther to be punyshed by the pyllory or otherwyse to ther opeyn rebuke and shame; the Kyng to have the one halfe of evy of the seid forfeytours, and the ptye that will sue the other halfe of the same, by accion of Dette by the Comen Lawe; and the Defend unt in the same Accon be not admytted to his lawe, ne essoyne ne pteccyon be for the same Defendaunt allowed.

4 the Kyng ayenst the same

the Kyng our said Soverayne Lord wylle

VI. [VII.] Rot. Parl. nu. 28.

The Growth of inordinate Exchanges exchanges, notwithstanding former Statutes.

See Statutes 25 Edw. III. stat. 5. c. 12: 5 Ric. II. stat. 1. c. 2.

make Exchanges the King's Licence, &c. Statute 5 Ric. II.

Unlawful and Usury shall be

Punishment

Omissions in both MSS. See Rot. Parl.

VII. [VIII.] Rot. Parl nu. 33.

If Goods be brought into one Port, and customed, and then removed into another, a Certificate thereof shall be produced at the latter Port; An Acte agaynst Marchant? carrying of goou? from one Port to an other without a certificat from the Customer where the good? were fyrst entred.

(') THE Kyng oure Soveygn Lorde, by thadvyse and assent of the Lordes spuall and Tempall and the Comens assemblid in this Psent parliament and by auctorite of the same ordyneth and enacteth, That evy mchaunt, aswell denyzen as Straunger, which shall bryng fromhensforth eny man of goodez into any porte within this realme by wey of mchaundise, and ther do entre the seid goodes or michaundyse, in the bokes of the custumers of the seid porte where the same goodes or inchaundise shall first come to, and the Kynges duetes therof to the seid Custums contentid or therfor with theym agreed, and afterwarde that don wolle conveye or carie the same goodes or michaundyses from thens into eny other porte within this seid realme, that then the owner of the seid goodes and michandises, his factor or attorney, shall bryng frome the Custums of the porte where the seid goodes or mchaundises be so entred, a ctificate undre the same Custums sealx, directe to the Custums of the porte wherunto the seid goodis or michandises shalbe conveyed or caried, makyng mencion within the same Etificate aswell of the nature colour lenght and value of all man of michandises so entred, used to be mette with elne or yerde, as of the nature weight content or valure of all man other michandises used to be weyed or [valurered 1]; and that the same ctificate so made be delyved to the seid Custums before the seid goodis or michandises be discharged, so that they may see whether the nature colour lenght valure content or weyght of the same do agree with the seid ctificate, so that the Kyng be not disceyved of his Custumes and Subsidies therof due: and yf any ctificate from hensforth be made by eny Custum of eny porte, wherunto eny such michandises or goodes shalbe first brought unto, and ther in their bokes entred, not makyng mencion accordyng as ys aforeseid, that than the seid Custumer or Custums for their mysbehavyng lese their office and to make fyne with the Kyng for the same at his plesire. And ferthermore yf eny such goodes or michandises or eny peell therof be discharged unpakked, or put to sale, within eny other porte then within the same where they shall be first entred, byfore the seid ctificate be delyved and the same goodes or michandises seen, according as above ys expssed, that then all the seid goodis or michandises be forfeit to the Kyng oure Soveygn Lorde, the one halfe therof to remayne to his [seid gace 3] and the other halfe to hym or them which shall prove eny such goodis or michandises soo forfayted; and that the Custum or Custums, nor no Deputie to any such comen officer to whome such ctyficat shall come, take nothyng for the sight of the same goodis so ctified. Also yt ys ordyned and stablisshed by auctorite aforseid, that no man of marchant denyzen ne straunger do take uppon hym to do entre or cause to be entred, in the bokes of eny Customer of any porte within this realme, eny man of michandises, comyng into this seid realme or goyng out of the same, in any other marchantis name, savyng oonly in the name of the true mchant owner of the same; uppon payne of forfeito' of all such goodis and michandises so entred; and evy of the seid mchauntes which so shall take

Penalty on Customer giving improper Certificate;

Forfeiture of Goods if discharged or put to Sale, before the Certificate delivered.

Merchandises shall be entered in the Custumer's Books in the Name of the true Owner.

Itm nre dit f' le Roy de ladvys assent & auctote suisdcez ad ordeigne & enacte, q chun marchaunt sibien deinzen come est'unge q amesnera de cy enav'nt ascunz maners biens en ascun port deinz cest son realme, p voie ou fet de marchandises, & illec face entrer lez dcez biens ou mchandisez, es lez livers dez Custumers de le dit port lou mz lez bnz ou mchandises pimermēt viendront, & lez dueteez du Roy ent a lez Custumers contentez, ou pur ceo ovesq eux agreez, Et apres ceo fait voiet conveher ou carier mz lez bnz ou mchandisez dilleosqs en ascun auter port deinz le dit realme, q lors le possessour de lez ditz bnz & michandisez, son factour ou atto'ney, amesnera de lez Custumers del port lou lez dcez biens ou mchandisez sount issint entrez un cuificate, desoubz lez seals miz lez Custumers, directez a lez Custumers del port a quell lez dcez bnz ou mchandisez serront conveihez ou cariez, faisaunt mencion dedeinz mi le crificate de tout la nature colour longeour & value de toutz maners de mchandisez issint entrez, usez destre mesurez ovesq, eln ou vge, come del nature pois content ou value de qconq, autz mchandisez usez destre poisez ou valurez; Et q m le ctificat issint fait soit delivere a lez dčez Custumers, av nt lez dčez bnz ou mchandisez soient dischargez, pensi qilz puissent veer quelq la nature colour longeur value content ou pois dez mz accordent ovesq, le dit ctificat, issint q le Roy ne soit deceyve de cez custumez & subsidiez ent duez : Et si ascun crificat de cy enavent soit fait p ascun Custumer dascun port, auquell ascuns tiels michandises ou bienz serra pimment amesnez, & illeoq, en lour livers entrez, nient faisaunt mencion accordant come est avantdit, q lors le dit Custumer ou Custumers p' lour mesfait pde ou pdent lour office & face ou facent fyne ovesq, le Roy pur icell a son pleasur. Et en ouster si ascunz tiels biens ou mchandises ou ascun pcell ent soient ou soit descharges ou depakkez ou mise au vende, deinz ascun auter port q dedeinz le m lou ils Frount p'merment entrez, devant le dit ctificat soit delive & miz lez biens ou michandisez vieuez accordant come desuis est expsse, q adonqs toutz lez dcez biens ou mchandisez soient forfaitz a nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy, lune moite de remeindre a luy, & lauter moite ent de remeinder a luy ou a celuy ou ceux q ou quex pvera ou pveront ascunz tiels bnz ou nichandisez issint forfeitz; Et q le Custumer ou Custumers, ne null depute au ascun coen officer a q ou quex au tiel ctificat viendra, pigne ou pignent nul chos pur le vieu de miz lez biens ensi crifiez. Ensement il est ordeigne & establie p lauctote avandce q nul maner michaunt deinzein ne est'unge pigne sur luy a fair entrer ou cause destre entre, es lez livers dascun Custumer dascun port deinz cest realme, ascun maner de marchandisez, ven'ntz en cest dit realme ou issantz hors del m, en le noun dascun auter michaunt, sauf soulemet en le noun de verraie mchant possessour del m; sur peyn de forfeture de toutz tiels bnz & mchandisez issint entrez; Et chun de lez dcez mchantz q issint pondera

' Item
' valured highnes Lib. Scace.

ix.

sur luy a causer tiel faux entre estre fait davoir emp'sonemet & faire fyn pur ceo au pleasure du Roy. Et q null psone Pigne sur luy destre Custumer Countrollo' ou Sercheour, en ascun port en ascun Citee Burgh ou Ville lou il est coen officer, ne null Depute au ascune coen officer, sur peyn de forfaire pur chun di an, qil issint occupia le dite coen office & office de Custumer Countrollo' ou Sercheo', la some de xl fi. lune moite ent au Roy et lauter moite a ce q voiet suer p' ceo p bre bille ou enformacion.

Itm q come en le pliament le Roy Edwarde le iiijte tenuz a Westm lan de son reigne xvije, il estoit ordeigne entre autz q chun mchant [alen], & chun autre vitailler & aut estaunge nient esteant deinzin, q resorte au ascun lieu ou port deinz cest realme ou Gales aps la feste de pasche alors pschin ensuant, duement emploieroit to' la moneie, p luy destre resceuz deinz ascun port dedeinz cest realme ou Gales, sur lez mchandisez ou autz comoditeez du cest realme, ou autment s'unz fraude mette m la monoie en due paiement dedeinz ce realme, m lemploiement ou paiemet duemet approvers, p le michant vitailler ou auter est'unge (1) ad emploiez ou paiez sa monay p luy resceuz p' lez marchandisez amesnez en cest tre, testimoin'nt q il ad issint fait, ou autment p tiels pves co' semblera resonable a le Custumer ou Countrollour ni la Port, ou al Mair bailiff ou autz chieff Govno'z dascun Citee Burgh ou Ville lou tiel port serra, sur peyn de forfaiture de toutz cez bnz esteantz dedeinz cest realme, & davoir emp'sonement dun an; Savant a chun tiel mchant vitailler & autre estaunge cez resonablez expensez; ovesq certeinz pvisions en icell, come p m lacte pluis largement appiert: Quel acte estoit fait a endurer mez soulement de le dit fest de pasche au fyne de sept anz adonqs pschyn ensuantz; issint q au Psent or & argent resceipz, p michantz aliens & autz vitaillers & est'unges nient esteantz deinzeins, p' mchandisez amesnez en cest tre, nest my emploiez sur lez comoditez du cest (1) mez conveihez & cariez hors du cest realme, au graunde pde au Roy de cez custumez & subsidie & empovissement du cest realme : Il est enacte ordeigne & establie p nre dit Sovaigne Seingnio' le Roy q ore est de ladvise dez f'z espuels & tempels & a la p'er de lez coens en le dit pliament assemblez & p auctorite dicell, q le dit acte fait le dit an xvije del reigne del Roy Edward le iiijie, ovesq, toutz chosez comp'sez en icell touchantz lez pmissez & chun pvision fait en icell, soient bones & effectuels & dendurer pur toutz jours. Auxint il est enacte p la dit aucto" q chun mchant Dirland Jernesey ou Garnesey q amesnent ascun mchandises en cest realme emploiera

uppon hym to cause such untrue entree to be made to have prisonement and make fyne therfor at the Kyngis pleasure. And that no psone take uppon hym to be Custumer Comptroller or Sercher, in any port in any Cite Burgh or Towne where he ys comen Officer, nor no Depute to any such comyn Officer; uppon payne of forfaytour for evy halfe yere, that he so occupieth the seid comyn office and office of Custumership Comtroller or Sercher, the some of xl ti. the oon halfe therof to the Kyng and the other halfe to hym that will sue for yt by Write bill or informacon.

A Common Officer in a City or Town shall not be Customer, Comptroller, or Searcher.

An Act for confirmacon of a Statut made in y' xvijih yere of Edw. the 4th agaynst carrying out of this Realme money for Wares brought into the same.

Rot. Parl. nu. 34. Recital of St. touching Alien

VIII. [IX.]

employing their Money in this Realm.

PRAYEN the Comens in this psent parliament assembled'] that where in the parliament of Kyng Edward the iiijth holden at Westin the xvijth yere of his raigne, yt was ordyned, among other, that evy mchaunt Aleyn and evy other viteler and other estraunger not beyng denyzen that resorte to any place or porte within this realme or Wales, after the fest of Ester then next followyng, shuld duely employe all the money, by hym to be resceived within eny porte within this Realme or Wales, uppon the mchauntedises or other comodities of this realme, or els without fraude putt the same money in due payment within this realme, the same employment or payment duely to be pved by the mchaunt viteler or other estraunger, byfore his departer out of the same porte, by wrytyng fro that michaunt or michauntes to whome the seid michaunte alien viteler or other estraunger have employed or paied his money by hym receved for his michaundises brought into this land, witnessyng that he hath so done, or els by such proves as shall be thought resonable to the Custumer or Comptroller of the same porte, or to the Maier Bailiffe or other chefe Govnour of eny Cite Burgh or Towne wher such port shall be, uppon the payne of forfaitour of all his goodis beyng within this realme, and to have enprisonement of a yere; Savyng to evy such michaunt viteler and other estraunger his resonable costes; with cteyn pvysions in the same, as by the same Acte more at large doth appere; which acte was made to endure but oonely fro the seid fest of Ester to thende of vij yeres then next suyng; so that nowe gold and silver receyved, by michauntes aliens and other vitelers and estraungers not beyng denyzens, for mchaundises brought into this lande, ys not employed upon the comodites of this lond but conveyed and caried out of this realme, to the greate losse to the Kyng of his custume and subsidie, and empovysshyng of this realme: [That yt may be a] enacted ordyned and establisshed by [you 3] oure Soveygn Lorde by thadvyse of the Lordis Spuall and Tempall (4) in [this psent 5] parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that the seid acte made the seid xvijth yere of the raygne of Kyng Edward the iiijth, with all thyngs copryced in the same towchyng the Pmysses, and evy pvysyon made in the same, be goode and effectuell and to endure for ev. Also [be yt'] enacted by the seid auctorite, that evy mchaunt of Irland Gernesey or Garnesey, that bryngeth eny mchaundise into this realme, shall employe like.

Act made perpetual.

Merchants from Ireland, Guernsey,&c. shall do the

a It is 1 Item, 3 the Kynge Lib. Scace. and at the prayer of the Comens h the said

Vol. II.

devant son departer hors de mesme le port, p escript de cell marchaunt ou marchauntes a q MS. Hatt. ou queux le dit Marchaunt alien Viteler ou autre

³ terre omitted in both MSS.

Custumers shall take Surety from Merchants to comply with Provisions.

IX.

[X.] Rot. Parl.

nu. 25.

Recital of

Ordinance

of City of

London, that

no Freemen

of London

shall go to any Fair or

Market with

Merchandises

Wares or

to sell or

barter;

the money received for the same michaundise, his resonable expenses deduct, uppon the comodytees of this londe, or els without fraude put the same money in due payment within this realme, the seid employment or payment to be pved as ys aforeseid, upon payne of forfaiture of the value of the michaundise so brought into this londe. And [that yt be'] ordyned by the seid auctorite that evy Custumer and Comptroller shall take sufficiant suertie, for evy of the seid mchaunt viteler or other estraunger to employe the value of the seid michaundise, or to putt the same money for the seid mchaundises receyved in due payment, his resonable expenses alwey deducte; upon payne of forfaitur of the value of the seid mchaundises, the one halfe of the seid forfaitur to the Kyng, the other halfe to the partie that will sue: this to begyne and take effecte at the fest of Cristemas next comyng.

An Acre that the Cytizens of London maye carry all manner of Wares to forrayne Markette.

[HUMBLIE shewen and prayen unto your Highnes your true and feithfull Comens of this your realme of Englond; That where the Citezennes and fremen of the Cite of London have used out of tyme of mynd to goo carie and lede their mchaundise and Ware unto all feyres and marquettes at their lybtyte out of the seid Cite, now of late tyme the Mayer Aldermen and Citezennes of the seid Cite of London'] have made [and enacted 3] an Ordynaunce within the seid Cite upon a greate payne that no man, that ys freman or Citezein of the seid Cite, shall goo or come at eny feier or marquet out of the seid Cite of London with eny man of Ware or mchaundise to sell or to [bartery *]; to this entent that all byers and mchaundes shuld resorte to the seid Cite of London, to bye their Ware and mchaundise of the seid Citezeins and fremen att London afore seid, by cause of their syngler lucre and avayle: The Mischiefs [which ordy unce, yf yt shuld hold as ys before expssed, shall be to the utter destruction of all other feyers and marquette within this yo' Realme which God defend, for ther be meny feyers for the comen welle of your seid lege people as at Salusbury Brystowe Oxenforth Cambrigge Notyngham Ely Coventre and at many other places, where lordes spuall and tempall Abbotes Prioures Knyghtes Squerys Gentilmen, and your seid Comens of evy Countrey, hath their comen resorte to by and purvey many thynge that be gode and pfytable, as ornaments of holy Church Chaleis bokes vestementes and other ornamentes for holy Church aforseid, and also for howsold, as vytell for the tyme of Lent, and other Stuff as Lynen Cloth wolen Cloth brasse pewter beddyng osmonde Iren Flax and Wax, and many other necessary thynge the which myght not be forborne amonge your seid liege people; but by the seid ordynance evy man wyllyng to by eny of the pmysses shall be coarted to come to the seid Cite of London, to their importable Coostes and Charges, which yf the seid acte shall endure shall growe greate hurte and Pjudice to the Comen wele of

of the said Ordinance;

> Item it was shewed unto the Kyng our said Sovereyn Lorde, by a Peticion put unto him in his that how of late tyme the Mair said Parliament Aldermen and Citezens of the Citee of London

4 Lib. Scace. and Old Printed Copies omit.

la monoie resceupt pur m la michandise, cez resonablez expensez deductez, sur lez comodities de cest tre, ou autment s'unz fraude mette m le money en due paiemet deinz cest realme, le dit emploiemet ou paiemēt destre pvez come est av ndit, sur peyn de forfaiture del value m la michandise issint amesnez en cest tre: Et il est ordeigne p m lauctot, q chun Custumer & Countrollour Pndront sufficient suertie p! chun del ditz mchantz viteler ou est'unge denploier le value del dit mchandise, ou de metter m le money p' lez ditz mchandisez resceuz en due paiement, cez resonablez expensez toutz foitz deductz; sur peyn del forfait'e del value de cez mchandisez, lune moite del dit forfaiture au Roy, lauter moite all ptie q voiet suer : cest acte a comencer & Pnder effecte all feste de Nowell pshyn ven'nt.

Itm y fuist monstre a nie dit Sovaignr f' le Roy p lune peticon a luy baille en le dit plement, q coº jatarde lez Mair Aldermans & Citezeins del Citee de Londrez ount fait un ordin'nce deinz mi la Citee, sur g'unde peyn, q nul home q est hoe enfranchese ou Citezin de la dit Citee passera ou viendra au ascun feire ou market hors de la Citee de Loundrez, ovesq. ascun maner ware ou michandise a vender ou a bartre. a ce entent q toutz achato'z & mchantz resorterent all dit Citee, de chatre lour ware & mchandise de lez deez Citezins & homez enfranchisez de Loundrez avindce, p cause de lour singuler lucre & pfit:

crempals 25% to pler the ten cours on he die plan

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Original from PENN STATE

xj. (')

Nre dit Sovaigne f' le Roy, en consideracon del Damage semblable accresser de & p lez pmissez, del advise assent & auctote suisdcez ad ordeigne establie & enacte, q chun hoe enfranchise & Citezein de la dce Citee de Londrez, q ore est ou en aps serra, poiet conveier carier & passer, ovesq cez ou lour vitaill ware ou mchandise qconq, il fra a sa ou lour libtie, au ascun feire & mkett q luy ou ceux plerra deinz ce realme Denglite; ascun statuite acte ou ordin'nce fait ou affaire dedeinz la dce Citee de Loundrez a le contrarie de lez pmissez niët otristeant; Et q la dit ordin'nce & acte faitez en la dit Citee soient voidez & de nul effecte; Et q nul psone de la dit Citee soit endamage ne pjudicez, en pder de cez libertie & franchisez dedeinz la dit Citee ou autment, p reason ou occasion de adnullacon du dit ordinance & acte ou p! noun obeisance al effecte del m; Et si ascune psone soit Pjudicez en ascun maner p occasion del m, qil q mette ou cause ascune psone a tiel pjudice pde & forfaire au Roy x fi. si sovent come il issint feet; Et celuy q voiet suer p' tiel forfaiture aiet ent accon de Dett encontre tiel offendo', le Roy davoir execucion pur lun moite & celuy q suett lautre moite; Et en autiel accon le defendant ne soit admise de gager sa ley.

Itm lou sovent foitz plaintif ou demandant ou plaintifz ou dd'untz q ount jugement a recover, sont delaies dexecución pur ceo q le defendant ou ten'nt lez defendantz ou ten'ntz, encontre quex jugemēt est renduz ou aut'z q sont liez ou obligez p le dit jugement, p'suont brief ou brieffz derrour de adnuller & revser le dit jugement, a lentent tantesoulemet a delaier execucion de le dit jugement; Il est enacte ordeigne & establie de ladvise assent & auctote suisdcez, q si ascun tiell defendant ou ten'nt defendantz ou ten'ntz, ou si ascun auter q serra obligez p le dit jugemet, p'sue devent execución ewe ascun brief derro' de revser ascun tiel jugemet en delaier dexecucion, q lors si m le jugemēt soit afferme bon en le dit brief derro' & niēt errouse, ou q le dit bre derro' soit [distetiez '] en la defaute de la ptie, ou q psone ou psonez que ou quels pursue ou p'suont brieff ou brieffez derro' soit ou soient nosuez en ycell, q adonqs la dit psone ou psonez encontre quell ou quells le bre derrour est p'suez recova cez costes & damage, pur son delaie & enjurrious vexacion en le me, p discrecion del Justicez devent quex le dit bre derrour est p'suez.

this your Realme, and shall cause meny pnysshous Stryves and Debates bytwen youre seid liege people and be seid Maier Aldermen and Citezens in tyme to come, by the makyng of the seid ordynance, the which ys thought may not contynue and stond with goode Charite the pmysses considred; '] [Wherfore yt may please your seid Highnes most noble and aboundant gace 3], in consideración of the hurt lykely to growe of and by the Pmysses, (1) by the advyse and assent of the lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this Psent pliament assemblid and by auctorite of the same [to ordeygne stablissh and enacte 1] that evy freman and Citezen of the seid Cite of London, that nowe ys or herafter shalbe, may lede carie and goo, with his or their Vetale Ware or michaundise what soev yt be, at his or their lybtie, to evy Feyer and Marquet that shall pleace hym or theym within this [yo's] Realme of Englond; any Statute Acte or Ordynance made or to be made within the seid Cite of London to the contrie of the Pmysses notwithstondyng; And the said Ordynaunce and Acte made in the seid Cyte be yoide and of non effecte; and that no psone of the seid Cite be hurte nor Pjudyced, in losyng of his libtie and fraunches within the seid Cite or other wyse, by reason or occasion of adnullyng and avoydyng of the seid ordynance and Acte, or for non obeyng to theffecte of the same; And yf eny psone be pjudiced in eny wyse by occasion of the same, that he that putteth or causeth eny psone to such pjudice lose and forfette to the Kyng x. fi. as oft as he so doth; And he that will sue for such forfeiture have therfor an accion of Dete ayenst such offender, the Kyng to have execución of the oon halfe, and he that sueth the other halfe; and in such Accion the Defendaunt be not admytted to wage his Lawe.

The Freemen of London may go to Fairs and Markets with Wares, not-withstanding the said Ordinance.

The said Ordinance declared void.

Penalty for prejudicing any one thereby.

> X. [XI.]

An Acte agaynst delaye of execución uppon Writte of Error & to geve Coste.

[PRAYEN the Comens in this psent parliament assemblid,6] that where oftymes playntife or demaundant pleyntifs or demaundant?, that have jugement to recove, be delayd of execucion for that the defendant or tenant, defendauntes or tenauntes, ayenst whome jugement ys gevon, or other that be bounde by the seid jugement, sueth a Writte or Writtes of errour to adnulle and revse the seid jugement, to thentent oonly to delay execución of the seid jugement: [That it may be'] enacted ordined and establisshed by thadvise of the lordis spuall and tempall (8) in [this psent 9] parliament assemblid and by auctorite of the same, that yff eny such defendaunt or tenant defendauntez or tenauntes, or yf eny other that shall be bound by the seid jugement, sue, afore execución hadde, eny Writte of erro' to revse any such jugement, in delaying of execucion, that then yf the same jugement be affermed good in the seid Writte of errour, and not eronious, or that the seid Writte of errour be discontynued in defaute of the partie, or that psone or psones that sueth Writte or Writtes of errour be nonsued in the same, that then the seid psone or psones ayenst whome the seid Writte of Errour is sued, shall recove his costes and damage for his delay and wrongfull vexacion in the same, by the Discretion of the Justice afore whome the said Writte of Errour is sued.

Lib. Scace. & Old Printed Copies omit.

the Kyng our Sovereyn Lord hath

ordeyned stablisshed and enacted item It is and at the Prayer of the Comens of the

the said Lib. Scace.

Costs given in
Error, upon
Affirmance of
Judgement,
or if Writ of
Error be
discontinued,
or non-sued.

¹ This Chapter is repeated in MS. Hatt. as the last Chapter of the Statute.

² discontinueez MS. Hatt.

XI. Rot. Parl. nu. 30.

An Acte that noe Stranger or Denyson shall carry any Wollen Clothes out of this Realme before they be barbed rowed and shorne.

Recital of St. 7 E. IV. c. 3. against exporting Woollen Cloths.

No Provision in the said Statute, that Cloths should be rowed and shorn before Exportation;

Woollen Cloths shall not be exported before they be barbed, rowed, and shorn, under Penalties in Statute 7 E. IV. c. 3.

Provision for certain cheap Cloths.

[BESECHEN full mekely youre grete Wysdomes the pore Comens of this realme as '] Shermen Fullers and other Artyficers, that shuld lyve and obtayne their nedy sustentacon by meane of drapry made and draped within this realme, as well thrughoute all the same realme as within the Cite of London, [discretly to consyder'] that whereas in a Statute made in the vijth yere of the raigne of Kyng Edward the iiijth [whoes soule God assoile 1] among oder yt is conteyned, that no psone denysen ne Straungier shuld carie or do to be caried to eny parties beyonde the See any Wollen yerne nor Cloth unfulled; but that the Wollen yerne to be made in this realme shuld be woven in the same, and also all Clothe in the same made shuld be fulled and fully wrought within this realme, before that eny of the same shuld be had or caried oute of this realme, upon payne off forfeiture of the varrye value of such yerne not woven, and cloth not fulled, had or caried out of this realme; the one halfe of the same forfayture to be leveyd to thuse of the Kyng, and that other halfe of yt to hym or theym that shuld espie or make peffe of eny such yerne not woven or Cloth not fulled caried to eny place beyond the See; [yt is so right honorable Sovayne that for somoche 3] as in the seid Statute of Kyng Edward ther ys no exps mencion made that the seid Clothes shuld be rowed and shorne, afore that they be caried and conveyd out of this realme, wherby the seid pore Comens of the Craftes aforseid myght be sette in laboure and occupacon, therfor the seid Clothes ev sythen into this day have been and dayli arne in grete numbre and plenty caried and conveyed out of this realme, unroweed and unshorne, into the parties beyond the See, aswell by Denyzeins as Straungiers, wherby outlandissh nacions with the same drapry arne sette on laboure and occupación to their greate enryching, and the pore Comens of the Craftes aboveseid thrughoute all this Realme, that of naturall reason as the Kynge true liege men shuld have and optayne their nedy sustentacon and lyvyng by meane of the same drapry, for lake of suche occupación dailly fall in greate numbre to ydylnes and povitie, to ther uttermost destruccon yf yt shuld eny lenger contynue: [* Please yt therfor your seid discrete Wisdomes the Pinysses tenderly considred to pray the Kyng our Soveygn Lorde that by the advyce and assent of the Lordis spuall and tempall in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, yt may be 1] ordyned establisshed and enacted, that no Straungier nor Denyzein carie or make to be caried out of this realme, eny Wollen Clothes, but that they before be barbed rowed and shorne within the same realme, for the releef and settyng on werke of the seid pove Comens, upon the payne and forfeyture lymytted in the seid statute of Kyng Edwarde made upon Clothes caried out of this realme not fulled, to be devyded in man and forme as in the same Statute yt ys conteyned. Provyded alwey that Clothes called Vesseis Rayes Sailyng Clothes, and all other Clothes comenly sold at xls. and undre, be not comprised in this psent Acte. [And this to be done at the revence of God and in wey of charite.2]

Item where in the saide Parliament it was shewed by 3 and forasmoche 2 omitted. The Kyng our saide Sovereyne Lord, the mysses considered, by thadvyse of the Lordes Lib. Scace. Spirituell and Temporell, and at the Prayer of the Comens, in his saide Parliament assembled, and

Itm lou en le dce pliament il fuist monstre p Tondours Fullours & autz artificers, quex viveront & gaignerount lour necessarie sustentacion p measne de draperie fait & draps dedeinz ce realme, si bien p my tout le realme come dedeinz la Citee de Londrez, q come en un estatuit fait en lan septisme le Roy Edward le iiij* enter aut'z il est conteignuz, q null psone deinzein ne est'unge carieroit ou ferroit estre cariez as ascunz ptiez douster la mear ascune file lanus, ou draps nient fullez, mez q la file lanuz affaire en ce realme Proiet texez en le m, Et auxi toutz draps en icell faitz Sroient fullez & pleinement ovez deinz le Realme, dev'nt q ascun dicell froient ewe & cariez du cest realme, s' peyn de forfaitur de la verraie value de tout tiel file niet texe ou drap nient fulle euez ou cariez (1) en ascun lieu doustier la mear; Et p' tant q en le dit statuite du Roy Edward null expsse mencion est fait q lez dcez draps froient roughez & tonduz, avent qilz froient conveihez & cariez hors de cest realme, p quell lez povez Coens de lez artez avaditz puissent estre misez en la labour & occupacón, pur ceo mz lez draps toutz foitz de puis en cest jour ount estez & de jour en autre sount du g'unde nombre cariez & conveihez hors du cest realme, niet rougheez & nient tonduz, a lez ptiez douster la mear, si bien p deinzeins come est unges, pount nacions dautz trez ovesq mi la draperie sont misez en labour & occupacion a lour graunde enricher, Et lez povez coens de lez artz desuisdcez p tout la realme, qui de naturall reason come foials lieges du Roy dusoient avoir & gaigner lour necessarie sustentacion & viver p moienes de m la drapie, pur default dautiel occupacion de jour en auter chieont en g'unde nombre en odiste & povte, a lour finall destruccon sil serroit pluis longement continuz: Nre dce Sovaigne f' le Roy lez Pmissez considerez, del advise assent & auctore desuisdcez ad ordeigne establie & enacte, q null est'unge ne deinzein carie ou face estre caries hors du cest realme ascunz draps lanuez, mez q ceux devant soient barbez roughez & tonduz dedeinz cest realme, pur le reliefment & metter en ovaigne de lez dcez povers coens, sur la peyn & forfaiture limites en le dit estatuit du dit Roy Edward fait dez draps (1) nient fullez, destre dividez au maner & fo'me come il est en m le statuit conteignuz. P'veu toutz foitz q draps (1) Vessees Raies Saylyng clothes, & toutz aut'z draps coement venduz au xl s. & desoubz, (1) soient comp'sez deinz cest p'sent acte.

* disconinueez MS. Hen.

xj.

by Auctorite of the same, hath

An Omission here in both MSS.

An Omission here in both MSS.

appellez MS. Hatt.

xiij.

Itm pur ceo q le g'unde & anen defence de cest realme estoit ou ad este p lez Archers & Sagitto's es arkez longes, quel ore est relinquiz & cheie en decaie pur chiertie & excessiff p'ce dez Arcs lunges; Si est ordeigne & establie del advise assent & auctote desuisdcez, q si ascun psone ou psones aps la fest del purificacon de nre Dame pschyn ven'nt vende ou vendent ascun long arc ouster le price de iij s. iiij d. q lors le vendour ou vendo's dautiel arc forface & forfacent p' chun Arc issint venduz ouster le dit price, xl s. au Roy; et celuy q voiet suer p' le m aiet ent accon de dett envs tiell vendour, ou face ent enformacion en leschequer du Roy, le Roy davoir ent execucion del moite, Et q suet lauter moite; Et q en tiel accon de dett le deffend nava null esson ne pteccon pur luy allowe, et ne soit my admyse de gager sa ley.

xiiij.

in ore I le Roy come a con generale, des coment Itm pur ceo q p quarels, faitz as tiels quels ount este en g'unde auctote office & de Councell ovesq. Roies du cest realme, ad ensue la destruccion dez Roies & le pschyn adnullemet du cest realme, sicome il ad appue evidentmēt quunt compassemēt del mort dez tiels quels furent dez foials subjett? du Roy estoit eue, la destruccion del Prince fuist ymagyne; & p' le greinder ptie il ad venuz & este occasion p envye & malice dez fvantes del hostiell le Roy mz, come jatarde semblable chose estoit semblement davoir ensue; Et pur ceo q la ley du cest Pre est, si actuels feetz ne soient euez nest null remedie pur tiels faux compassemētz ymaginacons & confederacies, euez encontre ascun f' ou ascun du Conseil del Roy, ou ascunz dez g'undez offics du Roy en son hostiel come Seneschall Tresorer Countrollo', & issint gaundes enconveniencez puissent ensuer si tiels malveis demeaners ne serroient estreitmēt puniz, sanz q lactuell feet feusset fait : pur ceo il est ordeigne p nre dit f' le Roy lez f's espuels & tempels & lez coens en le dit pliament assemblez & p auctote dicell, q de cy enavant le Senesshall Tresorer & Controllo' del Hostiell de Roy pur le temps esteantz, ou un de ceux, aient ou aiet plein auctote & poiar denquerrer, p xij pruddez & discretes psones de chekker rolle del honorable Hostiel du Roy, de ascun serv'nt en son hostell jurez Smentez & son noun entre en le chekker rolle de son hostiell quelq, qil soit s. serv'nt en ascun maner office ou roome (') eue & prise, desoubz lestate le seingnio', faisant ascunz confederacies compassemetz conspiracions ymaginacions ovesq ascunz psones ou psone, a destroier ou murdrer le Roy ou ascun f' du cest realme, ou ascun auter psone jure au counseil le Roy, ou le Seneschall Tresorer Countroller del hostiell du Roy, q sil soit trove devant la dit Senall pur le temps esteant p lez deez xij pruddez homez, q ascunz tiels svauntz de Roy

repute MS. Hatt.

AN ACTE agaynst the excessyve price of Longe bowes.

(') FOR as moche as the greate and auncient defense of this realme hath stande by the archers and shoters in long bowes, which ys nowe gretly lefte and fallen in decaye, for the derth and excessyf price of long bowes; [be yt 1] therfor ordyned and establisshed by the Kyng our Soveygn lorde by thadvyce of his Lordes Spuell and Tempell and (1) the Comens in [this psent 1] parliament assembled, and by auctorite of the same, that yf eny psone or psones, after the fest of the Puryficacion of oure Lady next comyng, sell eny long bowe of the price of iij s. iiij d. that then the seller or sellers of such bowe forfeit for evy bowe so sold ov the seid price xl s. to the Kyng; (5) he that will sue for the same have an accion of dette therfor ayenst such Seller, or make información in the Kynge Eschequer therof, the Kyng to have execución of the moyte therof and (6) that sueth the other moyte, and that in such accion of dette the defendaunt have non essoyne nor pteccion for hym alowed, and be not admytted to wage his Lawe.

An Acte that the Steward Treasuror and Controller of the Kynge Howse shall enquire of offence done within the same.

(') FOR SOMOCH as by Quarelles, made to suche as hath been in greate auctorite office and of Councell with Kynge of this roialme, hath ensued the Destruccon of Kyngf and the neer undoyng of this Realme, so as yt hath appered evedently, when compassyng of the deth of such as were of the Kynge true Subgiettis was hadd, the destruccon of the prynce was ymagyned therby; And for the most part yt hath growen and ben occasioned by envy and malice of the Kingf owne howsold Serventes, as nowe late lyke thyng was lykely to have ensued; And for somoche as by the Lawe of this land, yf actuell Dedis be not had, ther ys no remedy for such fals compassynges ymagynasions and confederses, had ageyne any lorde or any of the Kyng? Councell or any of the Kynge greate officers in his howshold, as Styward Tresorer Countroller, and so grete inconvenyence myght ensue if such ungodly demeanyng shuld not be straytly punysshed, or the actuall Dede were done: Therfor [be yt 1] ordyned by the Kyng the Lordes spuell and tempell and the Comens in [this psent 1] parliament assemblid and by auctorite of the same, that frohensforward the Stiwarde Tresorer and Countroller of the Kynge Howse for the tyme beyng, or on of theym, have full auctorite and power to enquer, by xij sadde and discrete psones of the Chekk rolle of the Kyngis homable housold, yf eny sv'unt admytted to be his svaunt in his house, sworn and his name put into the Chekk rolle of his household, what so ev he be svyng in eny man office or rowme reputed hadd and taken, undre the State of a lorde, make any confyderses compassynig? Consperaces ymagynacons with any psone or psons, to destroye or murdre the Kyng, or eny lorde of this realme, or eny other psone sworne to the Kynge Councell, or Styward Tresorer Countroller of the Kynge howse, that yf yt be found, affore the seid Styward for the tyme by the seid xij sadde men, that any such of the Kynge svaunte

Item
Item
It is
assent of the said
and
he
It is
the said

XIII. Rot. Parl. nu. 31.

Price of Long Bows.

Rot. Parl.

Steward, &c.
of the King's
Household
may enquire,
by Twelve
Persons of the
Checque
Roll, of
Conspiracies,
&c. by the
King's
Servante, to
murder the
King or his
Counsellors
or Great
Officers.

Vol. II.

6 R

XV.

Such Offences shall be Felony.

AN ACTE agaynst retayning any of the Kynge tennante.

as ys aboveseid hath confedred compassed conspired or

ymagyned as ys aboveseid, that he so founde by that

enquerry be put theruppon to answer; And the

Styward Tresorer and Countroller or ij of theym have

power to det myne the same matter according to the

Lawe; And yf he putt hym in Tryall, that then yt be

tryed by other xij sadde Men of the same howsold,

and that such mysdoers have no Challenge but for

malyce; And yf such mysdoers be founde gylty, by

confession or otherwyse, that the seid offence be juged

felonye and they to have Jugement and Execucon as

Felons atteynted owe to have by the Comen Lawe.

nu. 25.
Evils arising from the Negligence &c. of the King's Stewards, Bailiffs, Wardens, Keepers, and other Officers, and by unlawful retaining of the King's Tenants.

XII. [XV.] Rot. Parl.

(') THE Kyng remembryng, howe by the negligence and unlawfull demenynge of Stywardes Auditours Resceyvours Surveyours and Baillyfs of his Honours Lordshipps Man's Londes and Tenement (, Constables and Kepers of Castelle, Wardens Maisters of Game and Kepers of his Forestis Chaces Parkes and Warens within this his realme, greate unsuertie hath growen afore this time aswell to his Highnes as to his pgenytours; and howe his tenentes and inhitaunt? of his seid Hono's Lordshippes Man's Londes and Tente dayly been gretely trobled, aswell by the unlawfull reteyners and retinews made aswell by the seid Officers, as suffryng the same ten'ntes and inhitauntes to be unlawfully reteyned with other psones, and how by this unlawfull reteynyng they ben called to unlawfull assembles and ryotts, to ther oft greate charges and jopdyes, wherby they been so ympovysshed that they be not of power to pay to hym their dutyes, and his subgettes ner ther dwellyng been vexid and trobled, and greatly hurt by dyvs charges and unlawfull imposissions; And ov this his Highnes remembreth howe his Wodes, his Verte and Venyson, by the Wardens Maisters of Game, Parkers, Kepers and other Officers of his seid Forestes Chaces Parkes and Warens thorowe out this his realme, ys almost distroyed; and that dyvs and meny psones to whome he hath graunted such offices, in his greate trobles hadde ayenst his trayto's and rebelles, have absented theym frome his gece, conterie to the dutie of their allegeaunce and ayenst all trouthe and kyndnesse: Wherfor the Kyng our Soveygn Lorde will that by thadvyse and assent of the Lorde Spuall and Tempall and the Comens in this [psent] plement assembled and by auctorite of the same, It be ordeyned and enacted, that yff eny Styward Auditour Resceyvor Surveyour or Baillif, that now ys or hereafter shalbe, of eny of the seid Honours Lordshipps Man's Land? and Tente, Constable or Keper of eny his seid Castellis, Warden, Maister of Game, Parker, Keper or eny other Officer of eny his seid Forestes Chaces Parkes or Warens, that nowe ys or hereafter shall be, be unlawfully reteyned with eny psone fromhensforth, or reteyne eny man dwellyng within eny of the seid Honours Lordshippes Man's Londes and Tente, contrie to eny ordyn*nce or acte afore this tyme made, or suffre eny man, dwellyng within the same Honours Lordshipps Man's Londes and Tente, to be unlawfully reteyned with eny other Man or pson, what degree or condicon so ev he be of, and shew yt not to the Kyng within xl.

1 Item } Lib. Scace.

come est desuisdée ount confederes compasses conspirez ou ymagines come est desuisdée, q celuy issint trove p celle enquerre soit mise sur ceo a respounder, & lez Senal Tresprer & Controller, ou deux diceux, aient poiar a derminer m la matier accordant a le ley; Et sil luy mette en triell q lors il soit trie p aurs xij pruddez homez de m lostiell, Et q tiels mesfaisours aient null challenge mez pur malice; & si tiels mesfaisours soient trovez coupablez, p confession ou aurment, q la dit offence soit ajugge felonie, & ils davoir jugement & execucion come felons atteintz deivent avoier p le coen ley.

Itm nre dit f' le Roy, remembrant coment p negligence & illoials demeasners dez Senalz Audito'z Rescevo'z surveiours & bailiffs de cez hono'z seigniories mans terres & tentez, Constablez & Gardeins de Chastels, Gardeins Maisters de Game & Gardeinz de cez Forestes Chaces Pkes & Gareinz dedeinz cest realme, graund nounsuertie ad accrue devant cest temps, si bien a m nre f' le Roy come a cez pgenito'z, & coment cez ten'ntz & enhabitantz de cez dcez hono'z f'ies mans tres & tentez, de jour en autre sont g'undement troublez, si bien p lez illoials reteigners & reteignuz taitz si bien p lez dcez offics, si come sufferauntz miz lez tenantz & enhabitantz destre illoialment reteignuz ovesq aut'z psonz, & co' p cest illoial reteignance ils sont appellez as isloials assemblez & riottes, a lour sovent g'undez jeopdies & charges, p quels ceux sont issint empovissez q ilz ne sont my de poiar a paier lour duities, & cez subgette illeoquez pres comorantz sont vexez & troublez & goundement endamagez p divsez charges & illoials emposicons; Et oustre ceo nre dit €' le Roy remembrat comet son bois son vert & venison, p lez gardeinz & maists de Game Parkers gardeins & autz offics de cez deez forrestez chacez parkes & garreins, p my tout son realme sont bien pres destroiez, Et q divsez & plusoure psonez as quex il ad g'unt tiels offices, en cez graundez troublez euez encontre cez Traito's & Rebelles, ount ceux mz a sa grace absentuz, contrarie all duitie de lour allegeaunce & encontre verite & nature: Si nre dit f' le Roy voiet q p advise & assent de lez dcez f'z espuels & tempels & lez coens en le dce pliamet assemblez & p aucto" dicell, Il soit ordeigne & enacte, q̃ si ascun Seneschall Audito' Resceivo' Surveio' ou bailiff q ore est ou en aps serra, dez ascunz de lez dčez hono'z f'ies maners trez & tentez, Constable ou Gardein dascunz de cez dcez Chastels, Gardein Maister de Game Parker Gardein ou ascun aultre officer dascunz de cez dcez forestes chacez Parkes or Garreins, q ore est ou en aps serra, soit illoialmet reteignuz oveso, ascun psone de cy en avent, ou reteigne ascun ho' dem'rant dedeinz ascunz dez dcez hono'z f'iez mans trez & tentez, contrarie au ascun ordin'nce ou act dev*nt cest temps fait, ou soeffre ascun ho* dem'ant dedeinz lez dcez hono'z f'ies mans Pres & tentes destre illoialmet reteignuz ovesq, ascun auter home ou psone, de quel degre ou condicon qconq, y soit, & ceo ne [mra 1] pas au Roy dedeinz xl. jours

monstre MS. Hatt.

Officers of the King unduely retained, or retaining others, or refusing to attend the King in War, &c. shall forfeit their Offices.

xvj.

pschyn aps il y ad conisance de ceo, & coment & ovesq q celuy e issint reteignuz, ou ascun de lez dcez officers convoie ascunz de lez dčez tenantz enhabitantz ou fermo's au Roy au ascun champ ou assemble ou Route, ault met q p comaundemet du Roy affaire luy tiel fvice quel il serra comanduz, & ceo toutz foitz en la liveie ou signe du Roy, ovesq, un conisance de celuy q ceux ensy convoie p comaundemet du Roy, ou si tiell officer ne veigne pas au Roy en temps de trouble ou guerre quant il a ceo fra comanduz, aiant null resonable excuse a le contrarie, q toutz gauntez a celuy dongs faitez ou euez dascunz de lez ditz offices, p le Roy ou p ascun de cez pgenito'z ou pdecessoure, soient dongs tout oustement voides & de null effect. Et il e ordeigne p m lauctote q si ascun fermo ou ten'nt, dedeinz ascunz de lez dcez hono'z f'ies mans trez & tentez, soiet reteignuz ovesq, ascun psone ou psones, contrarie a lez statuitz, p live signe token seremet endenture ou pmise, ou daler au ascun champ congregación ou assemble en la live signe ou token dascun home, forsq soulemet en la live & signe du Roy de luy sver tanco, soulement ou la il serra comanduz p le Roy, q toutz grauntes & dimisez a luy faitz pur tme dez anz ou a voluntie, dez trez tentes rente ou aut's possessions esteantez peell dascunz de lez dcez hono'z f'ies mans Pres & tentez, soient dongs tout oustrement voidez & de null effect.

Expliciunt Statuta de anno iij. Denrici Septimi.

Ex Lib. Scace. XI.

ITEM, Forasmoche as afore tyme dyverse persones, feoffes of trust and other, which have sued accions or sutes to thuse of other persone or persones, and not to their use ne behove, have be disabled to sue suche accion or sute, and [contynue '] barred in the same, by the reason that tho persones soo suyng ben outlawed of Treason felony or otherwyse atteynted convycted or otherwyse disabled, to theire grete delay and hurte of thos persones to whos use behove and profit the same accion or accions soo were sued or had; It is ordeyned established and enacted by the Kyng our Sovereyn Lord by thassent of the Lordys Spirituell and Temporell and the Comens in this present Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that noo persone or persones, whiche now hathe or hereafter shall have ony accion or sute hangyng to thuse and behove of other persones than of theym selfe, be not from hensforth disabled ne excluded to pursue the same accions or sutes, and execucion of the same to effecte, by ony owtlawry atteindre or conviction; but that thoo persones soo suing may mayntene and pursue the same accions or sutes wyth lawfull execucions of the same; And thos persones to whos use ony suche thynge shall be recovered or had shal mowe have and enjoye the same, the said outlawries atteindres or convyccyons notwythstondyng. This Acte to endure unto the nexte Parliament.

1 sumtyme Rot. Parl.

arrent Alle on which the South was found our new printed from the Test, in conformity with the Plan adopted in the Stateurs of the First and

dayes next after he hath knowlech therof (1) how and with whome he ys so reteyned, or eny of the seid Officers convey eny of the seid Ten*ntes Inhitauntez or Fermours to the Kyng, to eny feld or assemble or rowte, otherwise then by the Kynge comaundment to doo hym such svice as he shall be comaunded, and that alwey in the Kynge lyvy or signe, with a conysaunce of hym that soo convey theym by the Kyng? comaundement, or yf such Officer come not to the Kynge Highnes in tyme of troble or werre, when he therto shall be comaunded, havyng no resonable excuse to the cont'rie, that all grauntes then made or hadde to hym of eny the seid officez, by the Kyng or by eny of the Kyngs pgenytours or pdecesso's, be then utterly voide and of non effecte. And [that yt be'] ordyned by the same auctorite, that Fermors yf eny fermour or ten'nt, within eny of the seid Hono's Lordshipps Maners Lands and Tente be reteyned with eny psone or psones contrie to the Statute, by lyve signe token othe indentur or pmyse, or goo to eny feld gedryng or assemble, in eny mannys lyve sygne or token but only in the Kynge lyve and signe, and to sve hym oonly, or where he shall be comaunded by the Kyng, that all grauntes and lesses, to hym made for time of yeres or at Will, of Lond? Tent? Rent? or other possessions, beyng pcell of eny the seid Hono's Lordshipps Mans Londe and Tente, be then utily voide and of non effecte.

Ex Rot. Parl. 3 Hen. VII.

An Act to enable Feoffes in trust to sue for the benefytt of ye Feffors although they be outlawed.

FOR ASMOCHE as afore tyme dyvse psones feoffees of trust and other, which have sued accions or sutes to the use of other psone or psones and not to their use ne behove, have been disabled to sue such accion or sute and sumtyme barred in the same, by the reason that the psones so suyng be outlawed of treson felonye or otherwise attaynted convycted or otherwise disabled, to the greate delay and hurt of thos psones to whose use behove or proufit the same accion or accions so were sued or had; Yt be ordeigned establisshed and enacted by the Kyng oure soveygn lorde by thassent of the lords spuall and tempall and of the Comens in this psent parliament assemblid and by auctorite of the same, that no psone or psones, whiche nowe hath or herafter shall have any accion or sute hangyng to the use and behofe of other psones then of themselfe, be not from hensforth disabled nexcluded to pursue the same accions or sutes, and execución of the same to theffect, by any outlawrie atteyndre or conviccon; but that the psones so suyng may maynten and pursue the same accions or sutes with lawfull execucions of the same; and thos psones to whose use any such thyng shall be recoved or had shall mowe have and enyoye the same, the seid utlawries attaynders or conviccions notwithstandyng. This Acte to endure unto the next

or Tenants unduely retained, shall

> XVI. Rot. Parl. nu. 22.

Plaintiffs in Suits depending to the Use of others, may continue to and shall have Execution, notwithstanding their Outlawry, Attainder, or Conviction.

* As to this Chapter, see the concluding Part of the Note at the beginning of Stat. 1 Hen. VII. In Lib. Scace, at the Head of this Chapter is written 'Exspiratur.'

Third Yours of Oaks Reign.

Anno 4° HENRICI, VII. A.D. 1488 - 9.*

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm. XI.

Incipiunt Statuta apud Mestm' edita anno quarco henrici Septimi.

To the Worship of God and of all holy Chirche, and for the comen wele and profit of this Reame of Englonde; Our Soverreyn Lord Henry, by the Grace of God Kyng of Englonde and of Fraunce and Lord of Irlonde the vije after the Conqueste, at his Parliament holden at Westmynster the xiije day of Januarye in the fourthe yere of his reigne, by thadvys and assent of the Lordys Spirituell and Temporel and the Comens in the saide parliament assembled, and by auctorite of the same, hath doon to be made ordeyned and stablished diverse Statutes and Ordenaunces in fourme that followeth:

Ex Rot. Parl. 4 Hen. VII.

Rot. Parl.

An Act for the graunting forth of Comyssions for Sewers.

Recital of St. 6 H.VI c. 5; respecting Commissions of Sewers;

8 H.VI c. 3.

giving further Powers;

TO the Kyng oure Soveigne lorde. Preyen the Comens in this youre psent pliament assembled, that where in the pliament of the right noble Prince Henr the vjth late Kyng of Englond holden at Westin the vjth yere of his Raigne, considred the greate Damages and Losses which then were by thencresse of Water in divs parties of this youre Realme, and meny gretter hurtes likely shuld have come yf remedy in that behalfe shuld not hastly have be purveyed, yt was enacted ordeigned and graunted by auctorite of the same pliament, that for x. yeres then next following sevall Comyssions of Sewers shuld be made to dyvs psones, by the Chaunceller of Englond for the tyme beyng to be named in dyvs parties of this your realme, where nede were, after the fourme and tenour of a Comyssion in the seid Acte specified; And afterward in the pliament of the seid late Kyng, holden at Westm the viijth yere of his raigne, by cause the Comyssioners in the seid Comyssions had not playne power ne auctorite to do pfourme and execute thynge comprised

Ex Lib. Scace. Westm. XI.

For Commissions of Sewers.

FIRST, it was shewed by the Comens in the said parlyament assembled, that where in the parliament of the right noble Prince Henry the vj late Kyng of Englond, holden at Westmynster the vje yere of his reigne, [the considered'] grete hurtes and losces whiche then were by thencreace of water in divers parties of this Reame, and many gretter hurtes likly shold have come, yf remedie in that behalfe shold not hastly have be purveyed; It was enacted ordeyned and stablished by auctorite of the same parliament, that for x. yeres than next following several Commissions of Sewers sholde be made to dyvers persones, by the Chaunceller of Englond for the Time beyng to be named in diverse parties of this Reame, where nede were, after the fourme and tenour of a Comission in the said Acte specified; And afterwarde in the parliament of the said late Kyng, holden at Westmynster the viij yere of his reigne, by cause the Comissioners named in the said Comission had not playn power ne auctorite to doo perfourme and execute thinges comprised

he considering the Printed Copies.

The Parliament which began on 13th January 4 Hen. VII. A.D. 1488-9, was on the 23d of February following prorogued to 14th October 5 Hen. VII. A.D. 1480; in which Session were passed the Acts numbered Chap. I. to VII. of the Statute

14th October 5 Hen. VII. A. D. 1489; in which Session were passed the Acts numbered Chap. I. to VII. of the Statute. On the said 14th October the Parliament met and sate until 14th December following, and was then prorogued to 25th January ensuing, 5 Hen. VII. A. D. 1489-90; in which Session were passed the Two Acts numbered Chap. VIII, IX. of the Statute. And on the said 25th January the Parliament met and sate until 27th February then following, 5 Hen. VII. A. D. 1489-90, and was then dissolved; in which Session were passed the Acts numbered Chap. X. to XXIV. of the Statute: The whole of the Statute is always cited as of 4 Hen. VII.

This Statute has always been printed in English; and Entries, agreeing with the Printed Copies, are found in Lib. Scacc. and many other MSS. particularly in the Hatton MS. 10 in the Bodleian Library, in which the Statutes of the First and Third Years of this King's Reign are entered in French: See the Note to the Statute 1 Hen. VII. ante pa. 499. The Petyt MS. referred to in that Note ends with the Statute of the Third Year. This Fourth Year affords the latest Instance of the Statute Roll being made up in the ancient Form. The several Acts on which the Statute was framed are now printed, from the Inrollment thereof on the Parliament Roll of this Year, in conformity with the Plan adopted in the Statutes of the First and Third Years of this Reign.

Cam. I.

Ex Lib. Scace. Westm.

in the said Comission, It was ordained and stablished by thauttorite of the same Parliament, that al suche Comissioners shold have Power to make and execute Statutes and Ordenaunces, after effect and purport of the said Comission: And after the said x. yeres past, in the Parliament of the said late Kyng holden at Westmynster the xviii yere of his reigne, It was also ordeyned enacted and stablished by auctorite of the same Parliament, that for x. yeres than next following severall Comissions of Sewers sholde be made to dyverse persones, by the Chaunceller of Englond for the tyme beyng to be named in all parties of this Reame where nede shold be, after the said fourme and effect of the said Comission conteyned in the said acte made the said vj. yere; And that suche Comissioners shold have Power to ordeyne and execute Statutes and Ordenaunces, and other thynges doo, after theffect and purport of the said Comissions: And afterwarde in the Parliament of the said late Kyng holden at Westmynster the xxiij yere of his reigne, It was also ordeyned enacted and stablished by auctorite of the same Parliament, that for xv. yeres than next following, the Chaunceller of Englond for the tyme beyng shold have Power to make out of the Chauncerie Comissions of Sewers under the grete seal, in suche fourme as it was graunted to be made by the said acte made the (') vj. yere; as in the said acte is more playnly conteyned: And after the said xv. yeres passed, in the Parliament of the noble Prince Edward the Fourth late Kyng of Englond, holden at Westmynster the xij. yere of his reigne, It was also ordeyned enacted and stablished by auctorite of the same Parliament, that for xv. yeres than next following severall Comissions of Sewers sholde be made to dyvers psones, by the Chaunceller of Englond for the tyme beynge to be named, in all parties of this Reame, and also of the Marches of Caleys Guynes and Hammes where nede shold be, after the fourme and effect of the said Comission conteyned in the saide acte made in the said vj yere; And that all suche Comissioners shold have full power to make ordeyne and execute Statutes and Ordenaunces, and other thinges to doo, after theffect and purport of the same Comissions; as in the same acte more pleynly is conteyned: by which Comissions, and auctorite yeven to the said Comissioners in the said fourme, many grete hurtes and inconveniences in diverse parties of this Reame doon and had by encrece of Water were necessariely redressed refourmed ('); It is so now, that late aswel in the Counties of Gloucestre and Somerset as elleswhere in dyverse Parties of thys Reame, And also wythin the boundes of the saide Marches of Caleys Guysnes and Hammes, by thencrease of Waters dyvers londes and tenementes in grete quantite ben surounded and destroied, and many moo grete like hurtes and damages be like within short tyme to fal, aswell to the decreace and destruccion of the livelood of the Kyng our Sovereyn Lord, as of the livelood of the Chirche and of other true liege poeple of thys Reame and of the said Marches, and anientisment of the same, wythout that remedie in that behalf be purveyed and had: The Kyng our said Sovereyn Lord therfore of his moost habundaunt grace, the premisses tenderly considered, by thadvyse and assent of the Lordes Spirituell and Temporell and at the request of the Comens in the said Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same Parliament, hath ordeyned enacted

said Printed Copies.

Ex Rot. Parl.

in the seid Comyssions, yt was ordeigned and establisshed by the auctorite of the same pliament, that all such Comyssioners shuld have full power to make ordeigne and execute Statutes and Ordynaunces, and other thyngis doo, after the effecte and p'porte of the seid Comyssions: And after the seid x. yeres passed, in the pliament of the seid Kyng holden at Westin the xviijth yere of his reigne, yt was also ordeigned enacted and stablisshed by auctorite of the same pliament, that for x. yeres then next following sevall Comyssions of Sewers shuld be made to dyvs psones, by the Chaunceller of Englond for tyme beyng to be named in all pties of this youre Realme where nede shuld bee, after the seid fourme and effecte of the seid Comyssion conteyned in the seid acte made the seid vith yere; and that suche Comyssioners shuld have power to ordeigne and execute Statutes and Ordynaunces, and other thyngs doo, after the effecte and p'porte of the seid Comyssions: And afterward in the pliament of the seid late Kyng holden at Westmi the xxiiji yere of his raigne, yt was also ordeyned enacted and stablisshed by auctorite of the same pliament, that for xv. yeres then next following, the Chaunceller of Englond for the tyme beyng shuld have power to make out of the Chaundy Comyssions of Sewers undre the greate Seale, in such fourme as yt was graunted to be made by the seid Acte made the seid vjth yere; as in the seid Acte ys more playnly conteyned: And after the seid xv. yeres passed, in the pliament of the noble Prynce Edward the iiijth late Kyng of Englond, holden at Westin the xijth yere of his raigne, yt was also ordeggned enacted and establisshed by auctorite of the same pliament, that for xv. yeres then next following sevall Comyssions of Sewers shuld be made to dyvs psones, by the Chaunceller of Englond for the tyme beyng too be namyd, in all pties of this your Realme, And also of youre Marches of Caleis Guysnes and Hammes where need shuld bee, after the fourme and effecte of the seid Comyssion conteyned in the seid Acte made in the seid vjth yere; And that all such Comyssioners shuld have full power to make ordeigne and execute Statutes and ordynaunces, and other thyng? to doo, after theffecte and p'porte of the same Comyssions; as in the same Acte more playnly is conteyned: By which Comyssions, and auctoritie yeven to the seid Comyssioners in the seid fourme, meny greate hurtes and inconvenyences in dyv's pties of this yo' realme doon and had by encresse of Water were necessarily redressed refourmed and amended; yt is so nowe, Soveigne Lorde, that late aswell in youre Countees of Glouč and Soms as elswhere in dyvs pties of this youre Realme, and also within the boundes of youre seid Marchies of Caleis Guysnes and Hammes, by encresse of Waters dyvs londes and tent? in greate quantite been surrounded and destroied, and meny moo greate like hurtes and damages been like within short tyme to fall, aswell to decresse and destruccion of yo' lyvelode, Soveigne Lorde, as of the lyvelode of the Church and of other your true liege people of this youre Realme and of the seid Marchies, and anyentesment of the same, without that remedy in that behalfe be purveied and had: Lyke yt therfor youre Highnesse of yo' moost haboundant g'ce the pmysses tenderly to considre, & by thadvyse and assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall in this your psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same pliament, to ordeying enacte

of Screen
shall be under
for as Years,
according to
the Form of

18 H.VI. c.10; continuing Commissions for 10 Years;

described

23 H.VI.c.8; continuing Commissions for 15 Years;

12 E.IV.c.6. further continuing Commissions for 15 Years;

Such Flores, Arc. shall not, alley Gold on Silver, ut will but to the

Masters of Mines shall the Value the Value according to the Pineses and Parters and pot sell Silve and sell Silve and sell Silve

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Ex Rot. Parl. and establissh, that for xxv^u yeres next comyng sevall

Comyssions of Sewers bee made, to dyvs psones by

the Chaunceller of Englond for the tyme beyng to be

named in all pties of this yo' Realme and of the seid

Marchies where nede ys or shall bee, after the fourme

and effecte of the seid Comyssion conteyned in the seid

Acte made the seid vjth yere. And ov that to ordeyne

and stablissh by the same auctorite, that all such

Comyssioners have full power to make ordeygne and

execute Statutes and Ordyn*nces, and other thynges doo,

after theffecte and p'porte of the same Comyssion.

Commissions of Sewers shall be made for 25 Years, according to the Form of the Statute 6 H.VI. c. 5.

Powers of Commissioners.

> II. Rot. Parl.

Finers and Parters of Gold and Silver, heretofore were subject to the Rules of certain Mints, &c. AN ACTE for fyners of Golde and Sylver.

WHERE AS it was of old tyme and continued tyll now of late yeres, that ther was for the weale of the Kyng and the Realme Fynours and parters of Gold and Silver, by fyre and water, undre a reule and ordre belongyng to the Myntes of London Calice Caunturbury York and Doreh m, and in other places where Myntes were holden, and at the Goldsmyths Hall in London, to fyne and parte all Golde and Sylver belongyng or nedefull for the seid Myntes and Felyship of Goldsmyths, for thademendment of Monyes and plate in the realme, that evy thyng myght be refourmed to the right stondard aswell in Monyes as plate to the lest Coste, for the wele of the Kyng his noble men of the Lond and comyn people; But so it is nowe, that all such fynours and partours of Gold and Sylver by fyre and Water dwellen abrode, in evy place of the Realme out of the rules aforseid, and bye gylt Silver from the Myntes Chaunges and Goldsmyths and parte and fyne yt as is aforeseid, and for the moost parte the Silver so fyned they doo alaie yt in dyvse maners and sell yt at their pleasure, to evy man that will bye it of theym, to make suche Werke as pleasith the byers; therfor men can gete no fyne Sylver when they nede it for their Money, for thademendment of Money and plate as hath been in tymes passed, Wherfor yt causith Money and Plate in dyvse places of the realme to be made wers in fynes then yt shuld be, as apperith evydently in dyvs places, to the great hurt of the Kyng his noble men of the lond and comen people: Wherfor the Kyng oure Soveign lorde by thassent of the lordes spuall and tempell and the Comens in this psent parliament assemblid and by auctorite of the same, hath ordeyned establisshed and enacted that no fyner of Golde and Silver, nor parter of the same by fyre or water, fromhensforth alay no fyne Silver nor Golde, nor none sell in eny other wise ne to eny other parsone or parsones but only to thoffycers of myntes chaunges and Goldsmythes within this Realme, for agmentacion and mendyng of Coyn and plate as is aforeseid: And that the Maisters of Myntes Chaunges and Goldsmyths, for all such fyne Gold or Silver comyng to theym, to answere the valure as it is worth, accordyng as it is nowe and hath been of auncient tyme accustumed after the rate of fynes; Ne that no fynour nor fynours parter nor partours sell to no psone, neither to on ne other, eny man of Sylver into Masse molten and alaid, upon payne of forfeiture of the same, the Kyng therof to have the on halfe and the fynder that can prove it and will sue it in the Kynge Eschequer the other halfe; And if eny fynour or fynours parter or perters of En Lib. Scace. Westm.

and stablished, that for xxv. yeres next comyng severall Comissions of Sewers be made, to dyverse persones by the Chaunceller of Englond for the tyme beyng to be named in all Parties of this his Reame and of the said Marches where nede is or shall be, after the fourme and effecte of the said Comission conteyned in the said acte made in the said [vij.'] yere. And over that hath ordeyned and stablished by the said aucto", that all suche Commissioners have full power to make ordeyne and execute Statutes and Ordenaunces, and other thynges do, after theffect and purport of the same Comission.

Fynours.

ITEM, Where as it was of olde tyme used and contynued tylle now of late yeres, that where ther was for the avayle of the Kyng and the Reame fynours and parters of golde and silver, by fire and water, undre a rule and order belongyng unto the myntes of London Caleys Caunterbery Yorke and Durham, and in other places where myntes were holden, and at the goldsmythis hall in London, to fyne and part all golde and silver belongyng or nedefull for the said myntes and feliship of goldsmythes, for thadmendement of moneys and plate in the Reame, that every thyng myght be refourmed to the righte Standarde aswell in moneys as plate to the leest cost, for the wele of the Kyngis Noblemen of the londe and comen poeple; But soo it is now, that suche Fynours and parters of goold and silver by fyre and water dwellen abrode, in every place of the Reame oute of the rules aforsayd, and bie gilte sylver from the myntes chaunges and goldsmythes and parte and fyne it as is afore said, And for the moost parte the Silver soo fyned they do alay it in dyverse maners and selle it at their pleisur, to every man that wylle bye it of theym, to make suche werkes as pleyseth the byers; Therfore men canne gete noo fyne sylver whan they nede it for their money, for thadmendemente of money and plate as hathe ben in tymes passed, Wherfore it causeth money and plate in diverse places of the Reame to be made werse in fynesse than it sholde be, as it appereth evydently in divers places, to the grete hurt of the Kyngis noble men of the londe and comen poeple: Wherfore the Kyng our sayd Soverayn Lord bi thassent of the Lordys Spirituell and Temporell and Comens in this said Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, hath ordeyned established and enacted that noo fynour of golde and silver, nor parter of the same by fyre or water, from hensforth alaye ne fyne silver nor gold, nor none selle in ony other (') ne to ony persone or persones but oonly to thofficers of myntes chaunges and goldsmythis within this Reame, for augmentacion and amendyng of coigne and plate as afore saide. And that the Maisters of myntes chaunges and Goldsmythes, for all suche fyne golde or silver comyng to theym, to answere the valour as it is worth, acordyng as it is now and hath ben of auncient tyme accustomed after the rate of fynes; Ne that noo fynour nor fynours, parter nor parters selle to no persone, neyther to one ne to other, ony maner of silver in masse molten and alayed, upon peyne of forfeiture of the same, The Kyng therof to have thone halfe and the funder that c prove and wyll sue it in the Kyngis Eschequer thother half; And if ony fynour or fyncurs parter or parters of

wise Printed Copies.

Such Finers, &c. shall not allay Gold or Silver, or sell it but to the Officers of

Mints, &c.

Masters of Mints shall answer for the Value thereof according to the Fineness.

Finers and Parters shall not sell Silver molten into Mass, and allayed.

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Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

golde and sylver eyther by fyre or water alaie or selle ony fyne silver or golde, other wyse than it is ordeyned in this last acte, he or they to lease the valour of the same golde and sylver soo alayed or solde, the Kyng therof to have the one halfe, and the fynder that can prove it and wille sue it in the Kynges Eschequer the other halfe: Also all suche fyne silver as shall be parted and fyned as is afore saide, that it be made soo fyne that it may bere xij. peny weyght of alaye in a pound wight, And yet it be as good as sterlynge and rather better than worse; And that every fynour put his severall marke uppon suche fyne sylver, to bere wytnesse to the same to be true as is aforesayd, upon the payne of the valure founde contrarye to be forfeite, the Kyng therof to have thone half and the fynder that can prove it and will sue it in the Eschequer thother halfe. Also that noo Goldsmyth nor Goldsmythis within this Reame melt or allaye ony fyne silver, to ne for ony werkers or other entent but onely for makyng of amelles for diverse workes of goldsmithrie, and for amendyng of plate to make it as good as sterlinge or better for the comen weale of this Reame; Nor that they sell no fyne silver nor other silver alayed molten in to masse to ony persone or persones whatsoever they be, nor one goldsmyth to another: This ordenaunce to be kept by the goldsmythis in every poynt, upon payn of forfeitur of the same silver or valure therof, The Kyng therof to have the one half and the fynder that can prove it and wyll sue it in the Kyngis Eschequer thother half. Also it is ordeyned by the same auctorite that all lettres patentes and grauntes of Offices, belongyng or perteynynge to the mynte of our Sovereyn Lord the Kyng excercised in the same wyth fees and wages therto belongyng, be fromhensforth voide and of none effect.

Ayenst Bochers.

ITEM, It was shewed by a peticion put to the Kyng our sayd Sovereyn Lord in this said Parliament by hys Subgettes and Paryshens of the parysshe of Seynt Feythes and Saynt Gregories in London, nygh adjoynaunt unto the Cathedrall Chirche of Powlys; That it was soo that grete concourse of peple, aswell of his Roial persone as of other grete Lordes and astates wyth other hys true subgettes often tymes was had unto the said Cathedrall Chirche, and for the moost parte thorugh oute the parisshe aforesaide, the whiche often tymes ben gretly ennoyed and invenemed by corrupt eires, engendred in the said parisshes by occasion of bloode and other fowler thynges, by occasion of the slaughter of bestes and scaldyng of swyne had and doon in the bocherie of Seynt Nicholas Flesshames, whos corrupcion by violence of unclene and putrified waters is borne down

Ex Rot. Parl.

Gold and Silver either by fyre or water alay or sell eny fyne Sylver or Gold, otherwise than yt is ordeyned in this Acte, he or they to lese the valure of the same Gold or Silver so alaied or sold, the Kyng therof to have the on halfe and the fynder that can give yt and will sue yt in the Kynge Exchequer the other half; Also all such fyne Silver as shall be parted and fyned as is aforeseid, that it be made so fyne that yt may bere xij peny Weght of alay in a pownd Weght, and yet be as goode as Sterlyng and rather better then werse; And that evy fyner put his sevall merke upon such fyne Silver, to bere witnes the same to be true as is aforseid, upon the payne of the Valure found contrie to be forfet, the Kyng therof to have the on half and the fynder that can pve it and will sue it in the Kyngf Exchequer the other halfe. Also that no Goldsmyth nor Goldsmyths within this Realme melt and alaie eny fyne Silver, to ne for eny Werkes or other entent but only for makyng of Amelle for dy se Werke of Goldsmythry, and for the admendyng of plate to make yt as good as Sterlyng or better, for the comyn Wele of this Realme; nor that they sell no fyne Silver nor other Sylver alaid molten into Masse to eny psone or parsones what so ev they be, nor one Goldsmyth to anoder: This Ordynaunce to be kept by the Goldsmyths in evy poynt, upon payne of forfaiture of the same Silver or the Valour therof, the Kyng therof to have the on half and the fynder that can prove it and will sue yt in the Kynge Eschequer the other halfe. Also be it ordeyned by the same auctorite that all fres patentes and gauntes of Offices, belonging or parteynyng to the Mynte of our Soveign lord the Kyng or exercised in the same with fees and wagis therto belongyng, be from hensforth voide and of non effect. (')

Silver ought

Finers shall put their Mark upon Silver.

Purposes Silver may be

Silver allayed molten into Mass shall not be sold by Goldsmiths.

Patenta of Offices belonging to the Mint, repealed.

AN ACTE that noe Butcher slea any manner of beast within the Walles of London.

TO our liege Lorde the Kyng and his Lordis Spuall and tempell and to his Comens in this psent pliament assembled; Most humbly besechith y' habundant g'ce yo' pove Subgiet? and oratours parisshens of the parisshes of Seynt Feyths and Seint Gregorys in London, next adjoynaunt unto the Cathedrall Church of Powles; That where as it ys so that the greate Concours of people aswell of yo' moost roiall psone as of other greate Lordes and estatis with other of yo' true Subgiettis is often tymes had into the seid Cathedrall Crirch of Powles. and for the moost parti thorowe out the parisshes aforseid, the which oft tyme is gretly anoyde and invenemd by corrupt eyrs, ingiendrid in the seid parisshes by occacion of blod, and other fouler thynge unto yo' most noble gece not to be named, by reason and occasion of the slaughter of bestes and skaldyng of Swyne had and doon in the bochery of Seynt Nycholas Flesshamles, whos corrupcon by violence of unclene and

III. Rot. Parl. nu. 16.

Mischiefs of killing Cattle within the London;

1 The following Proviso is entered on the Inrollment in Chancery, after the Royal Assent: but is not inserted in any MSS. or Printed Copies of the Statutes of this Year:

" Provided alwey that this Acte nor nothing conteyned therein extend ne be pjudiciall unto Gyles Dawbeney Knyght and Proviso for Bartelmewe Rede of London Goldsmyth, in of or for thoffice of Maister and Wirker of oure moneys according to oure tres patentes to them therof made, but that oure seid fres patentes as to and for the seid office of Maister and Wirker of our Moneis, be and stand goode and effectuell unto seid Giles and Bartelmewe, the seid Acte or eny other made to the contrie notwithstondyng."

the Master

Ex Rot. Parl.

putrified Waters is born down thorowe the seid parisshes, and compassith ij parties of pe palace where youre moost roiall Estate is wount to abide when ye come to the seid Cathedrall Churche for eny acte to be don, to the jupardous abydyng of yo' moost noble psone, and to the ovgreate anoyans of the seid parisshons ther, and of other of your Subgiette and Straungers that passith by the same; complaynt wherof at dyvs and meny Seasons almost by the space of xvj yeres contynually, aswell by the Chanons and Petychanons of the seid Cathedrall Chirch, landlordis there, as also by meny other divs of yo' Subgiett' of right honest behavo', unto dyvs Meires and Aldermen of yo' Cite of London hath be made, and no remedy had ne found: Yt myght please your seid moost habound unt grace both to provyd for the conservacion of yo' seid moost royall psone, as also to succour yo' pove Subgette in this behalve; considryng that in fewe noble Cytes and Townes or non within Krystendome, wher as travelyng men have labred, that the comen Slaughter howse of beestes shuld be kept in any speciall parte within the Walles of the same, lest yt myght ingendre syknes to the destruccion of the people, to ordeyne and establissh by thadvyce and assent of the lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that no bocher nor his svaunt slee no man best within the seid house called the Skaldyng house, or within the walles of London, upon payne to forfeit for evye Oxe xij d. and for evy Cough and evy other best viij d. the oon halfe therof to you Soveign Lord, and be other halfe therof to evy youre lieges that will sue for the same by accyon of dette, and that no pteccion or esson be alowed to eny of the Defendaunt? ayenst whome eny such accion shall be conceyved; and that in the same accion of Dette such peesse be made as in other accions of dette sued at the comyn lawe. And ov this be it ordeyned and enacted by the seid auctorite, that the same ordynaunce acte and lawe extend and be obfved and kept in evy Cite Bourgh and Towne walled within this Realme of Englond, and in the Towne of Cambrigge, the Townes of Berwyk and Karlile only except and forprised. Provided alwey that this psent Acte begyn to take effecte at the fest of Annunciacion of oure Lady next coming and not afore.

This A& shall extend to every City,

&c. except

Carlisle.

Berwick and

Butchers

shall not slaughter

London.

Beasts within the Walls of

IV. Rot. Parl. nu. 17.

Persons
serving the
King in
Brittany shall
have their
Protections,
to be allowed
in the King's
Courts, in
all Pleas of
Assise.

AN ACTE that all Psons serving the Kynge beyound the Sea in Bryttayne may have their pteccon of pfectur & moratur.

THE Kyng oure Soveigne Lorde, for dyvse causes and resonable consideracions hym movyng, by the assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, hath enacted ordeyned and stablysshed, that evy psone of what condicion or degree he be of, beyng or herafter be in oure seid Sovayn lord the Kynge wagis beyonde the See in Brytayn, at his plesire have the pteccion of profectur or moratur cū clausa volum⁹; and in the excepcion of the seid ptexion ther be made omyssion of assises; and that the seid ptexion be allowable in all the Kyngis Courtes, and other courtes where the seid ptexcions shall be pleded or layde, for eny of the

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

thrugh the said parishes, and compasseth two partes of the Palays where the Kynges moost Roiall persone is wonte to abide whan he cometh to the Cathedrall Chirche for ony acte there to be doon, to the Jubardouse abydyng of his moost noble persone and to over grete ennoysaunce of the parisshens there, and of other the Kyngis subgettis and straungers that passe by the same; Compleynte wherof at dyverse and many Seasons almost by the space of xvj yeres contynuelly, aswell by the Chanons and pety chanons of the said Cathedrall Chirche, londlordes there, as also by many other dyverse of the Kyngis subgettes of righte honeste havour, unto diverse Maires and Aldermen of the Citee of London hath be made, And noo remedie had ne founden: That it please our said Soverayn Lord of his habundaunt grace to provyde for the conservacion aswell of his moost Roiall persone, as to socour his pour Subgettes and suppliauntes in this behalfe; Consideryng that in few noble Citees and Townes or none within Cristendome, where as travelyng men have labored, that the comen slaughter hous of bestys sholdebe kept in ony speciall parte within the walles of the same, leest it myght engender Siknesse to the destruccion of the peple; The Kyng our said Sovereyne Lord in consideracion of the premysses, hath by thadvyse and assent of the Lordys Spirituell and Temporell and the Comens in the saide Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, ordeyned and stablished, that no Bocher nor his servaunt slee noo maner beest wythin the said House scalled the Scaldynghouse, or wythin the walles of London, upon peyne to forfeite for every Oxe xij pens, and every kowe and for every other beest viiij d, thone half therof to the Kyng our said Soverayne Lord, and thoder half to every of the Kyngis lieges that wylle sue for the same by accion of dette, And noo proteccion or essoin be alowed to ony of the defendauntz ayenst whom ony suche Accion shall be conceyved; And that in the same accion of dette suche processe be made as in other accions of dette sued at the Comen lawe. And over this it is ordeyned and enacted by the said auctorite that the same ordenaunce acte and lawe extende and be observed and kepte in every Citee Burghe and Towne walled wythin this Reame of Englonde, and in the Towne of Cambridge, the Townes of Berwyk and Carlile oonly except and forprised. Provyded alway that this present acte begyn and take effect at the feste of Annunciacion of our Lady nexte comynge and not afore.

Proteccions for Passers in to Bretayn.

ITEM, The Kyng our said Sovereyn Lorde, for diverse causes and resonable consideracions hym movyng, by thassent of the Lordes Spirituell and Temporell and the Comens in this said present Parleament assembled and by auctorite of the same, hath enacted ordeyned and stablished, that every persone of what condicion or degree he be of, beyng or hereafter be in our said Soverayn Lorde the Kyngis wages beyonde the See in Bretayn, at his pleisur have the proteccion of profecture or moratur cum clausula volumus; And in thexcepcion of the saide proteccion there be made emyssion of assises; And that the saide proteccion be alowable in all the Kyngis Courtes, and other Courtes where the said proteccions shall be pleded or layd, for ony of the

iiij.



En Lib. Scatt. Westm.

said persones, in all pleas and assizes aswell of Novell disseisin as of Fresh force wythout ony dyfficulte: Also it is enacted that the judgements to be geven fromhensforth in suche assize arrained or to be arrayned shall not be prejudical to ony of the saide persones soo beyng in the servyse of our Sovereyn Lord the Kyng in Bretayn as is aforesaid whiche have ony thynge in reversion or remayndre in londes and tenementz wherof suche assize be arrayned, if the name of thos persones whiche ben in the reversion or the remaynder of such londes and tenements be not in the said assise, but that the said jugement be ayenst all theym voide; The said ordenance to endure and be avaylable to every of the said psones as long as he abydeth soo in the Kynges wages; And if this ordenaunce touchyng the said persones so now abidyng or that after this shall abyde in the service of the Kyngis Highnes in Bretayn be not sufficient for thease and suertie of theym, It is agreed and accorded by the same auctorite, that our said Sovereyn Lorde the Kyng and all the Lordis of his Counsaill for the time beyng have ful power in all maner of accions sutes and processes to graunt to every of suche persones proteccion as shall be in their cause available after their discrecion duryng the tyme that they or ony of theym contynue in the said arme of warre; Provyded that this acte be not available to ony persone for ony entre sithen the firste daye of this present Parliament. Also it is enacted that if ony discent of ony londes or tenementes or ony other ryght or hereditamentes be to ony persone or persones beyng wythin this Reame or elles where, that that discent be of noo greater effect to the damages or hurt of the said persones beyng in the Kyngis servyce, as is aforesaid, thenne if the said persones in the Kyngis Servyce so being were wythin the age of xxj yeres.

Also it is ordeyned by the said auctorite, that all suche persones as shall passe over the See in the said viage and every of theym, whiche have londes and tenementz holden of the Kyng or of any other, shall mow lawfully make therof feoffementes and transmutacion of possession by dede or dedes fyne or fynes recovere or recoveres, for the perfourmance of their wylles, wythout ony fyne for the said feoffment or transmutacion of possession therfore to be made in; And that they and every of thaym, their heires and assignies of every of theym be discharged of all suche fynes by the said acte wythoute letters patentes of licence or pardon or other discharge to be had in that behalve. And ferthermore it is also ordeyned and enacted by the said auctorite that if ony of the said Persones soo passynge in the said vyage, whiche holde londes or tenementes of the Kyng or of ony other by Knyghtes servyce or other wyse, wherfore his heyre oweth to be in warde, and fortune in the said viage to decesse beyonde the See, or that any feoffment of the same londes and tenementz be supposed to be made by collusion, their of the owner of the same londes and tenementes beyng wythin age, that thenne the feoffes or executours of suche persone so deceased have the warde and mariage of the heire so beynge wythin age, and of the londes and tenementes soo holden, duryng the nonage of every suche heire, to the perfourmance of the wille of the said persone soo deceased without ony accompt or other thynge therefore

Ex Rat. Parl.

seid psones, in all plees of assise aswell of Novell disseasyn as of fresh force without eny difficultie: Also be it enacted that the Jugementis to be veven from hensfourth in suche assise arained or to be arained shall not be pjudiciall to eny of the seid psons so beyng in the svyce of our soveign lord the kyng in Britayn as is aforeseid, which have eny thyng in revicion or remaynder in londes or tentes wherof such assise be arained, yf the name of those psons which be in the revcion or the remaynder of such londes or tent be not in the seid assise, but that the seid Jugement be ayenst all them voide; the seid ordynaunce to endure and be available to evy of the seid psons as longe as he abydyth so in the kynge wages; and yf this ordyn'nce touchyng the seid psones so nowe abydyng or that after this shall abide in the svice of the kynge Highnes in Brytayn be not sufficient for the ease and suertis of theym, be it aggreed and accorded by the same auctorite, The King that oure soveygne Lord the kyng and the lordis of his counsell for the tyme beyng, have full power in all mail of accions sut? and poesse to graunt to evy of such psones pteccion as shall be in their causes available, after their discression, duryng the tyme that they or eny of theym contynue in the seid arme or warre; Provided that this acte be not available to eny psone for eny entre sen the first day of this psent pliament. Also be it enacted that yf eny dissent of eny londes or tent or eny other right or enheritament be to eny psone or psones beyng within this reame or els wher, that that dissent be of no gretter effect, to the damages or hurt of the seid psones beyng in the kyngs svice as is aforseid, then yf the seid psones in the kyngis svice so beyng were within the age of xxj yeres.

An Acte for the passing and t'nsmutacon of land? without Fyne. (')

ALSO be it ordeigned by the seid auctorite, that all Persons in such psones as shall passe over the See in the seid viage and evyche of theym, which have londe and tente holden of the kyng or of eny other, shall mowe lawfully make therof fieoffment? and t'nsmutacon of possession by dede Use of or dedis fyne or fynes recover or recovers, for the pfourmauns of their willes, without eny fyne for the seid feoffement or t'nsmutacion of possession therfor to be made in; and that they and evy of them their heires and assignes and the heires and assignes of evy of theym be discharged of all such fynes by the said acte without tres patentes of licence or pdon or other discharge to be had in that behalve. And ferthemore be If they die in it also ordeyned and enacted by the seid auctorite that yf eny of the seid psones so passyng in the seid viage, which hold londes or tente of the kyng or of eny other by knyghtis svice or otherwise, wherfor his heire oweth to be in warde, and fortune in the seid viage to discesse by yonde the See, or that eny feoffement of the same lond? and tent? be supposed to be made by collusion, the heier of the owner of the same londes and tent? beyng within age, that then the feoffees or executo's of such psone so decessed have the warde and mariage of the heier so beyng within age, and of the londes and tent? so holden, duryng the noneage of evy such heier, to the pformaunce of the will of the seid psone so decessed without eny accompt or other thyng therfor

1 This has always been printed as Part of Chapter IV.

in Assises shall not be prejudicial to Reversioners or Remainder-Men not

and Council

Limitation of this Act.

A Descent of Lands, &c. shall be of no greater Effect, as to Persons in the King's Service, than if they were Minors.

Rot. Parl.

their Wills without Fine.

Fcoffees or Executors shall have the Ward and Marriage of their Heirs, and Custody of the Lands, ance of their

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Ex Rot. Parl.

Proviso for Wardship of Heir of Feoffor returning.

to be yelden: Provided alwey that yf eny psone or psones reteyned in the seid arme or viage resorte and come agayn yn to this reame discharged of the seid retinue arme and viage, or after the seid viage det myned, that then eny feoffement, made by hym or eny other to his use of eny of the Pmysses, be voide and of noon effecte, to exclud the kyng and his heires or eny other, for the warde and mariage of the heier of eny of theym so comyng into this reame by Vtue of this Acte.

V. Rot. Parl. nu. 19.

All Letters Patent made to Abbots, &c. to be quit of gathering and paying of Dismes, declared void.

An Act to make voide tres patent? made to Abbott? Pryors & others for gathering and paying of

THE kyng oure Soveign Lord remembreth howe aswell his Highnes as dyvs of his pgenytours and pdecessours Kyngis of Englond have made and graunted, uppon feyned suggestions, to dyvs Abbotte Priours Gardens Masters or rulers of other spuall places and to their successours, dyvs and many tres patentes, some of theym to be quyte and discharged of gadryng of dysmes, and sume of theym to be quite and discharged of payment of dismes, and sume of theym to be quyte and discharged aswell of the gadryng of dysmes as of payment of dysmes, by the which evy dysme whan so ev yt be graunted is greatly mynysshed, and other places the more grevously charged with the gadryng of the same, remembreth also the great charges that nowe be in hand, and that the beryng therof must aswell be to the relief of theym that have such fres patentes as to other of his subgiette, hath therfor ordeyned and enacted by auctorite of this pliament, that all the seid fres patentes as for the pmyssez be voide and of noon effecte; by what so ev name or names thoo psones to whome the same tres be made be called or named. (')

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

to be yolden: Provyded alway that if ony persone or persones reteined in the said arme or viage resorte and come ayen in to this Reame, discharged of the retenue armee and viage or after the said viage determyned, that thenne ony feoffement made by hym or ony other to hys use of ony of the premysses be voide and of none effecte to exclude the Kynge and his heires or ony other for the warde and mariage of the heire of ony of theym soo comyng in to this Reame by the vertue of this acte.

ANULLYNG of lettres patentes made to ony Spirituell persone to be quyttee for paymente of dismes or for gaderyng of the same.

ITEM, The Kynge our Soverayn Lord remembreth both aswell his Highnes as divers of his pgenitours and predecessours Kynges of Englond have made and graunted, upon feyned Suggestions, to dyvers Abbottes Priours Gardeyns Maisters or Rulers of other Spirituell places and to their Successours, dyvers and many lettres patentes, some of theym to be quyt and discharged of gadryng of dysmes, and some of theym to be quyt and discharged of payment of dismes, and some of theym to be quyte and discharged aswell of the gadryng of dismes as of payment of dismes, by the whiche every disme whan somever it be graunted it is gretly mynysshed, and other places the more grevously charged with the gadryng of the same, Remembreth also the grete charges that now ben in hande, and that the beryng therof must aswell be to the relefe of theym that hath suche letters patentes as to other of his Subgettes, Hath therefore ordeyned and enacted by auctorite of the saide Parliament, that all the said letters patentes as for the premysses ben voide and of none effect; by what somever names thos persones to whom the letters be made be called or named.

(1) The following Provisoes are entered on the Inrollment, after the Royal Assent to this A&; but are not inserted in any MSS. or Printed Copies of the Statute of this Year :

Proviso for the Dean and Canons of Windsor;

Proviso for Abbot and Monastery of Westminster, in respect of certain Manors;

PROVIDED alwey that this Acte of avoydaunce revocacion or adnullacon of tres patentes, of discharging of payment of dismes, made by us or eny oure pgenitours or pdecessours Kynges of Englond, extend not nor be in eny wise pjudiciall or hurtfull to eny graunt or grauntes made by eny oure pgenytours or pdecessours Kynge of England, by the fres patentes of eny of theym and by us confermed, to the Deane and Chanons of our free Chapell of seynt George wythin oure Castell of Wyndesore and to theire successours, by what so ev name or names they in eny such graunte or grauntes or fres patentes be named or called; but that all such graunte grauntes and fres patentes be and stande in their full force and sterngth; the seid acte or eny thyng therin conteyned notwithstondyng.

Provided alwey that this Acte of adnullacion or voidans of fres patentes, of or for discharge of payment or colleccion of dismes, or eny other acte made or to be made in this psent pliament, be not in eny wise hurtfull ne pjudiciall to the Abbotte of the monastie of Seynt Petir of Westm ne to his Successours, ne to the Abbotte and Covent of the same monastrye ne to their successours, for to ne touchyng eny discharge of payment or dismes quynsym or odir subside, of or by reason of the manours of Byrdebroke in the Countie of Essex, Westerham in the Countie of Kent, Turveston Denham in the Countie of Buk, Knoll in the Countie of Warr, Stevyngton and Ledecombe Rege in the Countie of Berk,

Westbury in the Countie of Wiltes, Northall and Downe Hodford and Cowhous in the Countie of Middelsex, Holme and Langford in the Countie of Bedford, Stokyngchurch in the Countie of Oxford, and Offord Cluny in the Countie of Huntyndon, ne of eny of the same maners ne of to ne touchyng eny fres patentes made to the same Abbot or to eny of his pdecessours, or to the same Abbot and Covent or to eny of their pdecessours, for discharge of dismes or payment of dismes or quynsym or oder subsidie of or by reason of the same Mans or eny of theym; but that the same nowe Abbot and his successours hold the same Mans and evy of theym dyscharged of dismes and of payment of dismes as he and his pdecessours have don in tyme past, the seid acte or eny other acte made or to be made in this psent parliament notwithstondyng.

Provided alwey that this acte of adnullacin or voidance Proviso for of exempcions of payment or colleccion of dismes, ne eny thyng therin conteyned, ne eny acte of adnullacion of voidance of eny letters, ne eny other acte made or to be made in this psent parliament, be not in eny wise hurtfull ne pjudiciall ne in eny wise touche the Deane and Chanons, ne the Deane and College, of the Kyngis free Chapell of Seynt Steven within his Paleis of Westmynster, ne ther successours, by what name or names they been called, ne eny yest graunte exempcion discharge or reles made to them or to eny of ther pdecessors,

the Dean of the Chapel of St. Stephen, Westminster

₹j.

Proviso for

Priors and

Charter-

house ;

Monks of the

Order of the

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

ADNULLYNG of letters patentes of ony Office in the Forest of Inglewode.

ITEM, Forasmoche as thrugh the necligence of Stuardes Foresters and other Kepers wythin the Kyngis Foreste of Inglewode in the Shire of Comberlond, and by myusyng of their Offices, the Dere and Game is distroied and goon, by occasion wherof the said Offyces requyren none actuell exercise; It is therfore ordeyned and enacted by auctorite of this said Parliament, that all letters patentes made by the Kynge our saide Sovereyne Lorde of ony office wythin the saide Forest be, from the first day of this saide Parliament, voide and of none effect.

Ex Rot. Parl.

AN ACTE that the Office of Styward Forester keep of the Forest of Inglewood shalbe voide.

FOR ASMOCH as thorough the negligence of Stiwards Foresters and other kepers within the Kynge Forest of Ingilwode in the Shire of Comberlond, and by mysusyng of theire Offices, the dere and game in the same is destroied and goon, by occasion wherof the seid Offices require non actuell excercisse; Be it therfor ordeyned and enacted by auctorite of this psent pliament, that all tres patentes made by the Kyng oure Soveigne Lorde of eny office within the seid Forest be, from the first day of this psent pliament, voide and of none force ne effecte.

Rot. Parl. nu. 15.

All Letters Patents of Offices within he Forest of Inglewood declared void.

Monastery of St. Nicholas Leeds, in respect of Patent of Edward IV;

Abbot and Monastery of Holderness;

Proviso for Canons of the College of of Leicester;

cessors, of eny discharge exempcion reles or other thyng; but that all grauntez of discharges and relesses of payment and collection of dismes, or of eny other thyng made to theym or to eny of their pdecessours, be as goode and effectuell as it shuld have been yf the seid acte, ne eny other acte made to the hurte or adnullacion therof, had not byn made ne had.

Provyded alwey that this acte of adnullacion or voidance of exempcions and of tres patentes of exempcion of payment or colleccyon of dismes or subsidies, ne eny thyng therin conteyned ne other acte made or to be made in this psent parliament, be not in eny wise hurtfull ne pjudiciall to the Prior of the Chartyrhouse of oure Lorde Jhu of Bethelem of Shene, ne to the same Prior and Monkes of the same place ne to their successours, ne to eny prior of eny house of the Chartirhouse ordir, ne to eny Prior and Monckis of the seid order within this lond of Englond ne to thire successours, ne to the hurt ne avoidaunce of eny fres patentes made to theym or to eny of their pdecessours, of eny discharge or relesse of payment of dismes subsidies taske or eny other thyng, or of eny other thynge; but that all fres patentes made to theym or to eny of their pdecessours, by us or by eny of oure progenytours or pdecessours Kyngis of Englond, be gode and effectuell after the tenor and purport of the same to the seid Prior of the house of oure Lord Jhu of Bethelem of Shene afore specified, and to the monckes of the same place and to their successours, And also to evy Prior and Monckes of the same order of Charterhouse and to ther successours, within this realme of Englond as is afore rehersed, by what name or names they byn called; the seid acle ne any other acte made or to be made in this psent parliament not withstondyng.

Provided alwey that this Acte of adnullacion or voidaunce of exempcions or of fres patentes of exempcions of payment or colleccion of Dismes, ne any thing therin conteyned, ne eny other acte made or to be made in this psent pliament, be not in eny wise hurtfull ne pjudiciall to the Abbesse of the Monasterie of Seynt Savyour and of Seynt Marie the Virgine and Seynt Brigitte of Syon, of the order of Seynt Austyn Seynt Savyours called, ne to her Successessours, ne to the same Abbesse and to the Covent of the same Monastie ne to their Successo's, ne to thabbesse of the Monastie of Syon in the Countie of Middelsex, ne to her and to the Covent of the same Monastie ne to their Successours, by what name or names they ben called, ne in eny wise voide ne hurt eny fres patentes made to the same Abbesse and Covent of the seid Monastery of Seynt Savyour or Monastie of Syon, or to eny of their pdecessours, ne eny discharge relesse or other thyng comprised in eny of the same tres patentes; but that all fres patentes made to theym or to eny of their pdecessours be goode and effectuell to the same nowe Abbesse and Covent and to their successours after the tenor and prport of the same; the seid acte or eny other acte made or to be made in this psent pliament not withstondyng.

Provided alwey that this psent acte and ordynaunce, nor noon other acte statute or ordynaunce genall or spall made or to be made in this psent parliament, extend not nor be hurtfull or in eny wise pjudiciall to the Prior and Covent of the Monastye of oure blessed Lady and Seint Nicholas of Ledes in the County of Kent, nor to their successours, as of to or for the fres patentes of Kyng Edward the iiijth beryng date at Westm the xxj day of Februarie in the xxij yere of his raigne, made by the same late Kyng Edward to the seid Prior and Covent and their Successors, or to or for any graunt relesse or discharge of all dysmes subsidies and other tallagies concernyng the possessions goodes catalles temporalties or spualties of the seid Prior and Covent and their Successours, or eny mater specified or comprised in the seid fres patentes; but that the same fres patentes and all thynge therin specified and comprised be, to the seid Prior and Covent and ther successours, of as great force avauntage and strength in evy thyng as though noon acte or actes had be had ordeyned or made to the adnullacion resumpsion or voidyng of the same fres patentes and gauntes specifyed in the same.

Provyded alweys that this Acte of resumpcion, nor eny other acte or actes made or to be made in this psent parliament, extend not nor in eny wyse be hurtfull or pjudiciall unto thabbott and Covent of the Monastrye of Melsa in Holdernesse in the Countie of York, to or for eny graunte made unto theym or to eny of their pdecessours, by us or eny of oure pgenytours, by eny of oure or of oure seid pgenytours fres patentes, for dyschargyng of subsidies and dismes; but that the seid fres patentes and evy of thym be, unto the seid Abbot and Covent and their successours, as gode effectuell and available as if the seid acte or actes had nev been made.

Provided alwey that nethir this acte of adnullacion or voidaunce of exempcions or of tres patentes of exempcions of colleccion or payment of dysmes, ne eny other acte made or to be made in this psent parliament, be not hurtfull ne in eny wise pjudiciall to the Dean and Chanons of the Colliege of the Newarke of Leycestre ne to their successours, in for or to any graunte or grauntes discharge or discharges confirmacon or confirmacions made to the Dean and Chanons of the seid Colliage, by Kyng Henry the sixte by us or by eny oure pgetours or pdecessours, by eny their fres patentes under eny oure or their great Sealx, by what name or names the same

Proviso for

the Abbess

of Syon, &c.

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Original from PENN STATE

Ex Rot Parl.

Lord Dacre;

Saving for the Except and prided that yt be ordyned by the seid auctorite, that the fres patentes late made by the Kyng to Thomas Lorde Dacre of Maister Foster of the seid forest, stand and be goode and effectuell to the same Thomas after the teno' and effecte of the same fres patentes, the seid Acte not withstondyng.

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

Except and provyded that it be ordeyned by the said auctorite, that the letters patentes late made by the Kyng to Thomas Lord Dacre of thoffyce of Maister Forster of the said Forest, stonde and be goode and effectuell to the same Thomas after the tenour and effecte of the same letters patentes, the said act notwith-

Deane or Chanons be called in the same fres patentes; but that the same tres patentes and evy of theym be as goode effectuell and available to the same Deane and Chanons and to their Successours for ev, in lyke fourme as they shuld have been yf the seid Act had nev been had ne made.

Proviso for the Prior and Church of Lanthony beside Gloucester;

Provyded alwey that this Acte of adnullacion resumpcion revocacion or voidaunce of tres patentes made for discharge of collection of dysmes, or eny other acte made or to be made in this psent Parliament, extend not nor in enywise be pjudiciall or hurtfull to the Prior of the Howse and Chirche of oure blessed lady of Lanthon besyde Gloucestr ne to his successours, ne to the Prior and Covent of the same place ne to their successours, ne to eny of theym, of to or for any tres patentes, made unto theym or eny of theym by Kyng Edward the iiijth beryig date the xviijth day of March the xvth yere of his raign, for the discharge of colleccon of dysmes subsidies or taxe, in eny other diocise or place but only in the diocise of Worcestr, by what name or names the same Prior and Covent or eny of theym be named or called in the same; but that the seid fres patentes be, to the seid Prior and Covent and to their successours and to evy of theym, goode and effectuell after the tenour and purporte of the same; the seid acte of resumpsion or adnullacon or eny other made or to be made in this psent parliament notwithstondyng.

Proviso for Warden and Scholars of the Colleges of our Lady of Winchester in Oxford, and beside Winchester;

Provyded alwey that the acte of adnullacion or voidaunce of fres patentes of exempsion of payment or colleccion of dysmes or subsidies, ne eny thyng therin conteyned, ne eny other acte made or to be made in this pseut pliament, be not in enywise hurtfull ne Pjudiciall to the Warden and Scolers of the Colliege of oure Lady of Wynchester in Oxenford, ne to their Successours, ne to the Warden and Scolers of the Collegge of oure Lady of Wynchester beside Wynchester ne to their successours, ne to the hurt nor avoidaunce of eny fres patentes, made to eny of theym or to the pdecessours of eny of theym, of eny discharge or relees of payment or colleccion of dymes subsidies taske or eny other thyng or of eny other thynges; but that all fres patentes, made to theym sevally or eny of theym, by us or eny of oure pgenytours or pdecessours Kynges of England, be good and effectuell aft the tenour and purport of the same, aswell to the seid Warden and Scolers of the Collegge of our Lady of Wynchester in Oxenford and their successours, as to the seid Warden and Scolars of the Collegge of oure Lady of Winchestre beside Wynchester and their successours, by what name or names they or eny of theym been called, the seid acte ne eny other acte made or to be made in this psent parliament not withstondyng.

Proviso for the Prior and Convent of Ely;

Provyded alwey that this acte of resumpsion adnullacion or voidance of exempcions and of tres patentes of exempcion or payment or collection of dysmes or subsidies, or eny thyng in theym conteyned, ne eny other acte or actes in this psent parliament made or to be made, be not in eny wise hurtfull ne Pjudiciall to the Prior and Covent of Ely ner to ther

successours, ne to the hurt ne adnullacion of eny fres patentes to theym by us made, of dyscharge of levyeng or gathryng of dismes taxes tallagies or eny other subsidies, or eny part of the same, to us our heires or successours by the clergie of this oure Reame of Englond graunted or to be graunted in eny diocise within the seid reame, ne of eny such colleccion be chargeable but only in the diocise of Ely; but that the seid Prior and Covent and their successours be quite and discharged of gathryng levying pceyvyng and receyvyng of all mail dismes taxes tallagges and other subsidies, and evy parte of the same, to us oure heires or successours by the clergie of oure seid reame or otherwise graunted or to be graunted, except only in the seid diocise of Ely, according to the effect and prporte of oure seid fres patentes to the seid prior and covent and ther successours in that behalve made, the seid acte of resumpcion adnullacion or voidaunce, or eny other acte or actis in this psent parliament to the contrarie made or to be made not withstondyng.

Provided alway that this acte of adnullacion of tres patentes Proviso for made for discharge or to be quyet of gedryng of dismes or Abbot of the Monastery of eny other thyng specified in the same act, be not in eny wise Reading; hurtfull ne pjudiciall to thabbot of the monastrie of oure lady of Redyng in the Countie of Berkshire and Covent of the same place, by what names so ev they been called, ne to eny of theym, ne to eny fres patentes made to theym or to eny of ther pdecesso's, or of eny of their comoynz, in the maner or prior of Leomynster in the Counte of Hereford then dwellyng, or after ther to dwell, of colleccon accompte or levying of dismes quotis subsidies charges or of ymposicions whatsoev they be, in the diocese of Hereford by the clergie of the pyynce of Canterbury to eny of the Kyngis pgenytours graunted or to be graunted; but that the same fres patentes be in such force and effecte, and to the same abbot and covent as available, as they shuld have beyn yf this act, ne eny other acte made or to be made in this psent pliament to the hurt or adnullacion therof, had not ben made ne had.

Provyded alwey that this acte of adnullacion or voidaunce Proviso for of exempcions or of tres patentes of exempsions of payment or collection of dismes, ne eny thyng therin conteyned, ne eny other acte made or to be made in this psent pliament, extend not ne in eny wise be hurtfull ne Pjudiciall to the Pryorisse and Covent of our blessed Lady of Pray by the towne of Seynt Albons in the Countie of Hertford, ne to their successours; ne in eny wise voide eny fres patentes or grauntes made to the seid prioresse and covent or to eny their pdecessours, by us or eny of oure pgenytours or Pdecessours Kyngis of this Realme, by what so ev name or names the seid prioresse and Covent or the seid priore be named or called in eny of the seid fres patentes or grauntes; but that the same ires patentes and grauntes, and evy thyng in theym conteyned, stand and be gode and effectuell to the seid nowe Prioresse and Covent and to their successours, according to the tenour of the same fres patentes and grauntes, the seid acte or actes in eny wise notwithstondyng.

vij.

viij.

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

stondyng. Provyded also that this act extende not ne be prejudicial to Henry Erle of Northumbr, of or for ony graunt letters patentes or confirmacion made by the Kyng our Soverayn Lord to the said Erle.

THAT all letters patentes made to Yomen of the Corone and Gromes of the Kyngis Chambre for lacke of their attendance be voyde.

ITEM, Where diverse Yomen of the Corone, and Gromes of the Kyng our Sovereyn Lordys Chambre, have dyvers offices and fees graunted to theym by his lettres patentes, for the consideracion of their attendaunce in the Kyngis service, which doo nor endeavour not theym selfe in yevynge their attendaunce accordyng to their dutye; It is therfore ordeyned establyshed and enacted by thauctorite of the saide Parliament, that if ony of the saide yomen or gromes doo nor yeve not their attendaunce aboute the Kyngis Highnes, accordyng to thordinaunce of his Chambre, that thenne all letters patentes to theym or ony of theym made, or hereafter to ony suche persone or persones to be made, be of no better force ne effect but at the Kyngis pleasure.

Price of Wollen Cloth.

ITEM, For as moche as Drapers and Taylours and other in the Citee of London, and other places wythin this Reame, that usen to sell wollen clothe at retaill by the yerdys, sellen a yerde of cloth at excessive price havynge unresonable lucre, to the grete hurte and enpovershyng of the Kynges liege poeple byers of the same ayenst equyte and good conscience; Wherfore it is ordeyned by the Kyng our Sovereyn Lord by thadvyse of the Lordes Spirituell and Temporell and the Comens in this saide Parliament assembled, And by auctorite of the same, that noo persone selle within this Reame at retaille a brode yerde of wollen clothe of the fyneste makynge Scarlet grayned, (') what colour so ever it be, to ony of the Kyngis Subgettes above the price of xvj shelinges a brede yerde; And a brode yerde of Wollen cloth of ony other Colour out of grayne, or ony maner Russet of the fynest, not above the price of xj Shelinges, upon peyne to forfeite for every suche yerde solde too ony of the Kynges Subgettes above the said price

or other cloth grayned Rot. Parl.

Ex Rot. Parl.

Provided also that this acte extend not ne be pjudiciall to Henry Erle of Northumberlond, of or for eny graunt fres patentes or confirmacion made by the Kyng oure Soveigne Lorde to the seid Erle. (')

For the Earl of Northumberland;

AN ACTE that the Yeomen and Gromes of ye Kinge Chamber geve theire Attendaunce on the Kinge.

VII. Rot. Parl. nu. 13.

WHERE dyvse Yomen of the Corone, and Gromes of the Kyng our Soveign Lord? Chamber, have dyvs offices and fees g'unted to them by his tres patentes, for the consideracion of their Attendauns in the Kynge svice, which doo nor endevo' not them selfe in yevyng their Attendaunce according to their Dutie; Be it therfor establisshed inacted and ordeyned by this psent parliament and by auctorite of the same, that yf eny of the seid yomen or gromes doo nor yeff not their attendaunce aboute the Kynge Highnes, according to the ordyn*nce of his Chambre, that then all fres patentes to theym or eny of theym made, or herafter to eny

Grants to the Crown. &c. in case of their Nonattendance, shall be valid only during the King's Pleasure.

Wollen Cloth.

such parsone or psones to be made, be of no better

force ne effecte but at the Kynge plesire.

VIII. Rot. Parl.

FOR ASMOCHE as Drapers Taillours and othre in the Cite of London, and othre places within this realme, that use to sell Wollen Cloth at retaile by the yerdes, sellen a yerd of Cloth at excessive price havyng unresonable lucre, to the grete hurte and empovysshing of the Kinges liege people byers of the same, ayenst equite and gode conscience; Wherfor be it ordeyned by the King our Soveign Lord by thadvyse of the Lordes spuall and temporall and the Comons in this psent parliament assembled, and by auctorite of the same, that noe psone sell within this realme at retaile a brode yerde of Wollen Cloth of the fynest making scarlet grayned, or grained, or othre cloth grayned what colour soev it be, to eny of the the Broad Kingis subgiettes above the price of xvj s. a brode yerde; And a brode yerde of Wollen Cloth of any othre colour out of grayne, or eny man russet of the fynest, not above the price of xj s. upon peyn to forfeit for evy such yerd sold to eny the Kingis Subgiettis above the seid prises

1 The following Provisoes are entered on the Inrollment, of this A& after the Royal Assent; but are not inserted in any MSS. or Printed Copies of the Statute of this Year,

Proviso for Story ;

Proviso for

William

Walton ;

Provided all wey that this Acte of Adnullacion or resumyng of fres patentes and grauntes of Offices within the Forest of Inglewode in the Countie of Cumberland, extend ne in eny wise be hurtfull or Pjudiciall to Waltier Story, ne to oure graunt and fres patentes to hym made of thoffice of oon of the Foresters of the Northwarde of oure seid Forest, ne to the Wagis and Fees due unto the seid Office; but that oure seid graunte and fres patente stand and be good and effectuell to the seid Waltier accordyng to the tenor and purporte of the same; the seid Acte or eny other Acte made or to be made in this psent pliament in enywise notwistandyng.

Provided alwey that this acte of resumpcion touchyng cten offices within oure forest of Inglewode, nor eny other acte or acte made or to be made in this psent pliament, extend not nor in enywise be hurtfull or pjudiciall to oure graunt and ires patentes made undre oure greate Seale to William Walton, of thoffice of oon of the iiij Foresters of the Overward of oure seid Forest of Ingilwode in oure Countie of Cumbreland, duryng the lyfe of the said William; but that oure seid graunt and fres patentes and all thynge in theym conteyned, after and according to the tenor and effecte of the same, be unto hym good and effectuell and available; the seid act or actes in enywyse notwythstondyng.

Provided alwey that this acte of resumpcion, or eny other acte in this psent pliament made or to be made, extend not ne in eny wise be hurtfull or Pjudiciall unto Richard Brown, of or for any graunt or grauntes to hym made by the Kyng our Soveign Lorde, by his tres patentes, concaying thoffice of on of the Foresters of Inglewode in the Overward ther in the Countie of Comberland, by what so ev name the seid Richard in the seid fres patentes be named or called; but that the same fres patentes be in as good force & strength as if the seid Acte were not made or had.

by tladyste of the lorder spaella & temporeix in

Richard

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Ex Rot. Parl.

xl s. and of evy othre Cloth what colour so ev it be that is under the seid prises, abrode yerde to be sold to the Kingis subgiettes after the rate of the godenesse therof; And he that woll sue for eny suche forfaiture have an accion of dette therof ayenst him that so doth forfeit, In whiche accion non esson ner pteccion be allowable, and the Defendaunt not to be admitted to wage his lawe; The Kyng to have the Execucion of the oon half therof, and the partie that shall sue have the othre half: this ordenaunce to begynne and take effecte from the fest of Seint Thomas thappostell in the yere of oure Lorde God M¹ CCCC lxxxix. And the same Ordenaunce before the same fest within the seid Citie of London to be Pclaymed.

IX. Rot. Parl.

Prices of

Hats and

Caps.

Hattes & Cappes.

PRAYEN the Comens in this Psent parliament assembled, that where afore this tyme it hath bee dailly used and yet is, that cteyn craftymen named Hatmakers and Kapmakers doth sell their hattes and cappes at suche an outrageous price, that where an hatte standeth not theym in xvj d. they woll sell it for iij s. or xl d. and also a Cappe that standith not them in xvj d. they woll sell it for iiij s. or vs; And bicause they knowe well that evy man must occupie theym, they woll sell theym at none esier price, to the grete charge and damages of the Kingis subjettes and ayenst all gode reason and consciens: Wherfor be it ordeyned enacted and establisshed by thadvyce of the lordis spuall and tempell in this psent parliament assembled, and by auctorite of the same, that no hatter nor capper nor othre psone sell nor put to sell any hatte to any of the Kingis Subjettes above the price of xx d. the best, nor any Cappe above the price of ijs. viijd. the best at the moste; And for all the Hattes and Cappes under that value to be sold at such a price as the byer and seller may resonably aggre; uppon peyn of forfeiture for evy hatte or cappe othirwise sold above the price above seid xls; the one moite therof to be to you Soveign Lord and the othre moite to the party that woll sue and pve the seid forfeiture, by accion or by accions of Dette, by Writte at the coen Lawe, by bill or playnte after the custome of Cite or Towne where it shall fortune such forfeitures to be; in the whiche like pcesse juggement and execucion be hadde as is used in accions billes or pleynt? of dette sued after the course of the coen lawe, or custome of Towne or Citee aforeseid; And that the Defend unt in any suche accions billes or pleyntes be not admitted to doo his lawe, nor that eny pteccion or esson therin be allowed: this Ordenaunce to begyn and take effecte from the fest of Seint Thomas thappostell in the yere of our Lord M'CCCC lxxxix. and the same Ordinaunce before the seid fest within the Citie of London to be pclaymed.

X. Rot. Parl.

An Act agaynst bringing into this Realme Wynes in forrayne bottomes.

TO the Kyng oure Soveigne Lorde; Prayen the Comens in this Psent parliament assemblid, that where greate mynysshyng and dekaie hath been nowe of late tyme of the Navie of this realme of Englond, and Idelnes of the maryns within the same, by the which this noble Reame within short presse of tyme without refourmacon be had therin shall not be of habilite ne power to defend it self; Wherfor pleas it your Highnes by thadvyse of the lordes spuellx & temporelx in this

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

xl. shelinges; And of every other Clothe what colour so ever it be that is under the said price, a brode yerde to be solde to the Kyngys subgettes after the Rate of the goodness therof; And he that wyll sue for any suche forfeiture have an accion of dette therof ayenst hym that soo dooth forfeite, In whiche accion none essoyne ne proteccion be allowable, And the Defendant not to be admytted to wage his lawe; The Kyng to have thexecucion of the one halfe therof, And the partie that shall sue have the other halfe: This ordenaunce to begynne and tak effecte from the feaste of Seynte Thomas the Appostell in the yere of our Lorde God M¹CCCC lxxxix. And the same ordenaunce be fore the same feest wythin the said Citee to be proclaymed.

Price of Hattes and Bonettes.

ITEM, That where afore this tyme it hath be dayly used and yet is, That certeyn craftemen named Hatmakers and Capmakers doon selle their hattes and cappes at suche an outerageous price, that wher an hatte stondeth not theym in xvj pens they will sell it for iij shelinges or xl. pens, and also a Cappe that stondeth not theym in xvj pens they wylle selle it for iiij shelinges or v shelinges; And by cause they knowe well that every man must occupie theym, they wille selle theym at none esear price, to the grete charge and damages of the Kynges Subgettes and agaynst all good reason and conscyence: Wherfore it is ordeyned enacted and stablished by the advyse of the Lordys Spirituell and Temporell and at the prayer of the Comens in the said parliament assembled, and by auctorite of the same, that noo hatter nor capper nor other persone selle nor putt to selle ony hatte to ony of the Kyngis subgettes above the price of xx pens the best, nor ony cappe above the price of ij shelinges viijd. the beste at the moost; And for all hattes and cappes under the value to be solde at suche a price as the byer and seller may reasonable agree; upon peyne of forfeitur for every hatte or cappe otherwyse solde above the price above said xl shelinges; The one moite therof to be to the Kynge our Sovereyne Lord and the other moite to the partie that will sue and prove the said forfeiture, by accion or accions of Dette, by writ at the Comen Lawe, by byll or playnt after the custume of Citee or Towne where it shall fortune suche forfeiture to be; in the whiche like processe Jugemente and execucion shall be had as ys used in accions billes or pleyntes of det sued after the cours of the Comen Lawe or Custume of Towne or Cyte afore said; And that the Defendaunt in ony suche accion bylles or pleyntes be not admytted to doo his lawe, nor that any proteccion or essoin therin be alowed: This orden'nce to begynne and take effect fro the feste of Saynt Thomas the Appostle in the yere of our Lord M'CCCC lxxxix And the same ordenance before the same feste wythin the Citee of London be proclaymed.

Of Wyne and Tolowse Woode.

ITEM, That where grete mynysshyng and decaye hath be now of late tyme of the navye of this Reame of Englond, and ydlenes of the mariners wythin the same, by the whiche this noble Reame wythin short processe of tyme wythout reformacion be had therin shall not be of habilite ne power to defend it selfe; Wherfore the Kyng our Sovereyne Lord by thadvyce of the Lordis Spirituell and Temporell and at the praier

ix.

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xj.

Ex Lib. Scace. Westm.

of the Comens in the said Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, hath ordeyned stablisshed and enacted, that no maner of persone of what degree or condicion that he be, convey nor brynge in to this saide Reame Irland Wales Caleis or the Marches therof or Berwyk, from the fest of the Nativite of Saynt John the Baptist that shall be in the yere of our Lord God M'CCCClxxxx, ony maner Wynes of the growyng of the Duchie of Guyen or Gascoigne, or wood called Tolowse Wode, but suche as shall be conveyed aventred and brought in Ship or Shippes whereof our said Soverayn Lord or some of his Subgettes of this Reame of Englond Irlond Wales Calcys or Berwycke ben owners possessours and proprietaries, and the Maister under God and the Maryners of the same shippe or shippes Englysshe Irysshe or Walsshe or men of Berwyk or men of Caleys or of the Marches of the same for the more partie; upon peyne to forfeit the same Wynes and Wood so brought contrarie to this act, the one half therof to the Kyng and other halfe to hym or theym that seasith the same Wyne or Wode. And also hath ordeyned and stablisshed by the said auctorite, that noo persone inhabited with in this Reame, other than marchaunts estraungers, from the said feste of said John freight ne charge within this Reame or Wales, ony shippe or other vessel of ony alien or straunger, with ony maner marchaundize to be caried out of this Reame or Wales or to be brought into the same, if he may have sufficiente freight in shippes or vesselles of the Denizeins of this Reame in the same Porte where he shall make his freight; upon peyne to forfeite the same marchaundises the one halfe therof to the Kyng our Sovereyn Lord, and the other halfe to hym or theym whiche seaseth the same marchaundises. Provyded alwaye that this acte extende not to ony shippe or shippes, havyng ony of the said wares or marchaundises, constreyned by tempest of weder or enmyes to arryve in ony porte or place within this Reame; Soo that the owners of the said wares and marchaundises mak therof noo sale within this Reame, other thenne for vitaille or repayryng of the same shippe or shippes or takelyng therof, which they of necessitie be compelled to make.

An Acte upon byeng of Wolles.

ITEM, For the encrece and mayntenyng of Drapery and makyng of clothe wythin this londe, The Kyng our Sovereyn Lord by the advyse and assente of the Lordys Spirituell and Temporell and the Comens in this presente Parliament assembled, And by auctorite of the same, hath ordeyned establisshed and enacted, that noo maner of persone, by hymselfe or by ony other, bye or bargeyne, from the first day of Marche that shall be in the yere of our Lord God M' CCCClxxxix, ony Wolles thenne unshorne, or take promyse of bargeyne of ony Wolles thenne unshorne [or take promyse of bargeyne of ony Wolles thenne unshorne, or take promyse of bargeyne of ony Wolles thenne unshorne'] of the growyng of Berkshire Oxenfordshire Gloucestreshire Herefordeshire Shropshire Worcestreshire Wilteshire Somersetshire Dorsetshire Hampshire Essex Hertfordshire Cambrigshire Northamtonshire Suff Kent Surrey and Sussex, or ony of theym, afore the feeste of the Assumpcion of our Lady thenne next ensuying;

Erroneous Repetitions.

Ex Rot. Parl.

psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordeyne stablissh and enacte, that no man of psone of what degree or condicion that he be, conveie or bryng into this seid Realme Irlond Wales Caleis or the Marches therof or Berwyk, from the fest of the Nativyte of Seynt John Baptist that shall be in the yere of oure Lorde God - a M' CCCC lxxxx. eny man Wynes of the growyng of the Duchie of Guyen or Gascoigne, or Woode called Tolowse Woede, but suche as shall be conveied aventred and brought in Shippe or Shippes wherof ye Soveign Lorde or some of youre Subgett? of this Reame of England Irland Wales Caleis or Berwik been owners possessours & pprietaries, and The Master the Maister undre God and the maryn's of the same Shippe or Shippes Englissh Irish or Walssh, or men of Berwyk, or men of Caleis or of the Marches of the same, for the more parte; uppon paien to forfeite the same Wynes and Woode so brought cont'rie to this acte, the on halfe therof to yo' Highnes and the other halfe to hym or theym that seasith the same Wyne or Woode. And also to ordeyne and stablisshe by the seid auctorite, that no psone inhited within this realme, other then Marchauntes strangers, from the seid fest of Seynt John, freight nor charge within this Realme or Walis, eny Ship or other Vessell of eny Alyen or Straunger, with eny man Merchaundisez to be caried out of this Realme or Wales or to be brought into the same, yf he may have sufficient freight in Shippes or Vessellez of the deynseyns of this Reame in the same port where he shall make his freight; uppon payne to forfeite the same marchandisez, the oon halfe therof to you Soveign Lorde, and the other halfe to hym or theym which seasith the same marchaundisez. Provided alwey that this acte Exception for Ships extend not to eny Shipp or Shippes, havyng eny of the seid Wares or marchaundisez, constreyned by tempast of Weder or enemyes to arrive in eny porte or place within this youre Reame; so that the owners of the seid warez and merchaundisez make therof no sale within this Realme, otheir then for vitaill or repairing of the same Shipp or Shippes or takelyng therof, which they of necessite be compelled to make.

Tholouse Woade shall only in Ships of England,

Natives shall not freight Aliens' Ships, if English Ships may be had.

by Tempest or Enemies.

XI. Rot. Parl. AN ACTE for the mayntenaunce of Drapery and making nu. 40.

FOR thencres and mayntenyng of Drapery and makyng of Cloth withyn this land, the Kyng oure Soveigne Lord by thadvyse and assent of the Lordis spuell and temporell and of the Comons in this psent parliament assembled, and by auctorite of the same, hath ordeyned establisshed and enacted that no man of pson, by him self or by eny othre, bye or bargeyn, from the first day of Marche that shalbe in the yere of our Lord M'CCCC lxxxix, any wollez then unshorn, or take pmyse of bargeyn of any wolles then unshorne, of the growing of Berkshire Oxenfordshire Gloucestreshire Herefordshire Shropshire Worcestirshire Wilteshire Somsetshire Dorsetshire Hampshire Essex Hertfordshire Cambrigeshire North Suff Kent Surī & Sussex or any of theym, afore the fest of the Assumpcion of our Lady then next ensuying;

of Cloth.

No Person, during Ten Years, shall buy or bargain for any Wool of certain Counties, before the Assumption of our Lady next after the shearing thereof, but

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Ex Rot. Parl.

or bye or bargeyn any Wolles, or take pmyse of bargeyn of any Wolles, that shall growe in any of the same Shires, in any yere or yeres to come aftir the seid fest of the Assumpcion of our Lady, any tyme before the same fest of Assumption of our Lady that shalbe next after the Shering of the same Wolle or Wolles, but onely such psones as of the seid Wolles shall make or doo to be made Yarne or Cloth within this realme; upon peyn of forfeiture of the double value of all the Wolles bought or to be bargeyned or taken by pmyse of bargeyn incont'rie to this ordenaunce; Nor that any michaunt Straunger, by himself or by any othre psone, in any yere to come bye any Wolles before the fest of the purificacion of our Lady next aftir the clipping or sheryng of the same, upon like peyn of forfeiture; the one half of all suche forfeitures to be had to the Kingis use, and the other half therof to thuse of him that woll sue the partie that shall so breke the seid Ordenaunce; And that any psone that woll sue in that partie have an accion of Dette of the seid forfeiture, and suche pces in the same accion to be had as is in an accion of Dette at the coen lawe, or after the custome of the Citie Towne or Burgh where it shall happe to be sued; And that no esson ne pteccion be allowed for the Defendaunt in that accion, nor that the seid Defendaunt theryn be admitted to wage his Lawe. It is also ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that no man of psone beyng sworn to be a wolle pakker, in any wise aftir the seid first day of Marche bye bargeyn or gader any man Wolle for any suche michaunt Straunger within this realme, upon peyne of forfeiture of the same Wolle so bought bargeyned or gadered to thuse of any suche mchaunt Straunger: this ordenaunce to endure from the seid first day of Marche unto the end and tme of x. yeres then next ensuyng.

nor any Merchant Strangers, before the Purification of our Lady, next after the Shearing; upon Pain of Forfeiture of Double Value thereof.

No Sworn Woolpacker shall buy, bargain, or gather Wool for Merchants Strangers.

> XII. Rot. Parl. nu. 41.

Negligence of Justices of the Peace;

Justices of the Peace shall cause the following Proclamation to be made, four Times in a Year, at the Sessions:

AN ACTE for Justice of Peace for the due execucon of theire Comyssions.

THE King our Soveigne Lord considerith that by the negligence and mysdemeanyng favour and othre inordinate Causes of the Justice of Peace in evy Shire of this his Realme, the lawes and ordenaunces made for the politique wele peace and gode rule of the same, and for pfite suertie and restfull living of his Subgiettis of the same, be not duly executed according to the tenour and effecte that they were made and ordeyned for; wherfor his Subgiettis be grevously hurte and out of suertie of their bodies and goodes, to his grete displeasire; for to him is nothing more joyous then to knowe his Subgiettes to live peasibly under his lawes and to increace in Welth and pspite, and to avoide suche enormitees and injuries, so that his seid subgettis may live more restfull undir his peace and lawes to thir increace, he will that it be ordeyned and enacted by thauctorite of this psent parliament, that evy Justice of the peace within evy Shire of this his seid Realme, within the Shire where he is Justice of peace, do cause openly and solemly to be pclaymed yerely iiij tymes in a yere in foure principall Sessions the tenour of this pclamacion to this bill annexed; and that evy Justice of peace beyng Psent at any of the seid Sessions, if they cause not the seid pclamacion to be made in fourme aboveseid, shall forfeit to our seid Soveign Lord at evy tyme xx s.

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

or bye or bargeyne ony Wolles, or take promyse of bargeyn of onye Wolles that shall growe in ony of the same Shires, in ony yere or yeres to come after the said fest of assumption of our Lady, ony tyme before the same feste of Assumpcion of our Lady that shall be next after the sheryng of the same wolle or wolles, But oonly suche persones as of the saide wolles shalle make or doe to be made yerne or cloth wythin this Reame; upon peyne of forfeiture of the double value of all the wolles boughte or to be bargeyned or taken by promyse of bargeyne contrary to this ordenaunce; Nor that ony marchaunt straunger, by hym selfe or by ony other persone, in ony yere to come by ony Wolles before the feste of the Puryficacion of our Lady next after the cleppyng or sheryng of the same, upon like peyne of forfeiture; The one halfe of suche forfeiture to be had to the Kyngis use, And the other halfe therof to the use of hym that wylle sue the partie that soo shall breke the said ordenaunce; And that ony persone that wyll sue in that partie have an accion of dette of the forsayd forfeiture, and suche processe in the same accion to be had as is in an accion of dette at the comen lawe, or after the custome of the Citee Borugh or Towne where it shall hap to be sued; And that noo essoyn ne proteccion be alowed for the Defendaunt in that accion, nor that the saide Defendaunte therin be admytted to wage his lawe. It is also ordeyned by the said auctorite that noo maner persone beynge sworne to be a wolle packer, in ony wyse after the said first day of Marche bie bargeyn (') ony maner wolle for ony suche marchaunt Straunger wythin this Reame; upon peyne of forfeiture of the same wolle soo bought bargeyned or gadered to the use of ony suche Marchaunte Straunger: This ordenince to endure from the said firste daye of Marche unto thende and terme of x. Yeres thenne next ensuyng.

or gader Rot. Parl.

Actus sup pclam.

ITEM, The Kyng our Sovereyn Lord considereth that by the necligence mysdemeanyng favour and other inordinat causes of the Justices of peas in every Shire of this his Reame, the lawes and ordenaunces made for the politique wele peas and good rule of the same, And for the profit suerte and restfull lyvyng of his subgettes of the same, be not duely executed according to the tenour and effecte that they were made and ordeyned for; Wherefore his subgettes ben grevously hurt and out of suretie of their bodies and goodes, to his grete dyspleisure; for to hym is noo thyng is more joyous thenne to knowe his subgettes to live peasible under his lawes and to encrease in welthe and prosperite, And to avoide suche enormytes and injuries, soo that his saide subgettes maye lyve restfull under his peas and lawes to their encreace, He wyll that it be ordeyned and enacted by thauctoritie of this present parliament, that every Justic of peas wythin everi Shire of this his said Reame, wythin the Shire where he is Justice of peas, doo cause openlye and solemply to be proclaymed yerely iiij tymes in a yere in iiij principall Sessions the teno' of this proclamacion to this bill annexed; And that every Justice of peas beyng present at ony of the said Sessions, if they cause not the sayd proclamacion to be made in fourme above sayd, shall forfeyte to our said Soverayn Lorde at every tyme xx Shelinges.

Ex Lib. Scace. Westm.

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De pelamacione facienda.

HENRICUS dei gra &c. The Kyng our Sovereyne Lord considereth how dayly wythin thys Reame his coyne is traytoursly counterfeyted, murdres robberies felonyes ben grevously commytted and doon, and also unlawfull reteyners ydlenesse unlafull pleyes extorcions mysdemenynges of Shirreffes Eschetours, and many other enormytes and unlawfull demenynges daily growyth and incresith within this his Reame, to the grete displeisure of God hurt and enpovershyng of his Subgettes and to the subvercion of the polecye and good governaunce of this his Reame; For by thyse saide enormytees and myschefes his peas is broken, his Subgettes inquieted and impovershed, the housbondrie of this londe decayed, whery the Chirche of Engleind is upholden, the servyce of God contynued, every man therby hathe sustenaunce, every enheritour his rente for his londe: For represshynge and avoydyng of the said myschefes suffyciente lawes and ordenaunces ben made, by auctorite of many and dyverse parliamentes holden wythin this Reame, to the grete coste of the Kyng his Lordys and Comens of the same, And lacketh noo thynge but that the said lawes ben not put in due execucion, whiche lawes ought to be put in due execucion by the Justice of peas in every Shire of this Reame, to whom is Grace hath put and gyven full auctorite soo to doo syth the begynnyng of his reigne; And now it is comen to his knowlege that his Subgettes be litell eased of the saide myschefes by the said Justices, but by many of theym rather hurte than helped, And if his Subgettes complayn to thise Justices of peas of ony wronges doon to theym they have therby no remedye, And the sayd myschefes doo encrease and not subdued; And his Grace considereth that a grete part of the welthe and prosperite of this londe stondeth in that, that his subgettes may live in suertie under his peas in their bodies and goodes, And that the husbandrye of this londe may encrease and be upholden, whyche must be had by due execucion of the said lawes and ordinaunces, chargeth and commaundeth the Justices of the peas of thys hys Shyre to endevour theym to doo execute the tenure of their Comission the said lawes and ordenaunces ordeyned for subduyng of the premysses, as they will stonde in the love and favour of his Grace, and in avoydyng of the peynes that be ordeyned if they doo the contrarie: And over that he chargeth and comaundeth, that every man what degree or condicion that he be of, that lett theym in worde or dede to execute their said auctorites in any maner fourme abovesaid that they shewe it to his Grace; and yf they doo it not and it come to his knowlege by other than by theym, they shall not be in his favour but taken as men out of credence and be put out of Comission for ever. And over this he chargeth and comaundeth all maner of men aswell the poure as the riche, whiche be to hym all one in due mynystracion of Justice, that is hurt or greved in ony thyng that the said Justice of peas may here or determyne or execute in ony wyse, that he soo greved make his complaynt to the Justice of the peas that next dwelleth unto hym or to ony of his felawes and desire a remedye; And yf he thenne have noo remedie, yf it be nygh suche tyme as his Justices of Assises come into that Shire, that thenne he soo greved showe his compleynt Ex Rot. Parl.

Tenor vero pelamacois deo actui annexe sequit' in hec ba.

HENRICUS Dei gra, &c. The Kyng oure Soveigne Lord considerith howe dailly within this Realme his coyne is traiterously counterfetid, murders robberies felonyes ben grevously comitted and done, and also unlawfull reteyners ydelnes unlawfull playes extorcions mysdemeanynge of Shireffe Exchetours, and many othre enormitees and unlawfull demeanynge dailly groweth and increcith within this his Realme, to the grete displeasire of God hurte and impovysshing of his Subgettis and to the subvicion of the polecie and gode govnaunce of this his Realme; for by thies seid enormitees and myscheves his peace is broken, his subgiette troubled and inquieted and impovysshed, the husbondrie of this land decayed, Wherby the Churche of England is upholden, the svice of God continued, evy man therby hath sustynaunce, evy inheritour his rent for his land: For the repssing and avoiding of the seid mischefes sufficient lawes and ordenaunces be made, by auctorite of many and divs parliamentis holden within this Realme, to the grete Coste of the King his Lordis and Comons of the same, and lakkith no thing, but that the seid lawes be not putte in due execucion, whiche lawes ought to be putte in execucion by the Justice of peace in evy Shire of this Realme, to whom his Grace hath putte and goven full auctorite so to doo sith the beginnyng of his Reign; And nowe it is comyn to his Knowleche that his subgiettis be litill eased of the seid myscheves by the seid Justices, but by many of theym rather hurt than helped, And if his Subgiettis compleyn to thies Justices of peace of eny wronges done to theym they have therby no remedy, and the seid mischefes doth increase and not subdued; And his G'ce considereth that a grete parte of the welth and pspite of this his land standeth in that, that his subgettis may life in suertie undir his peace in their bodies and godes, And that the husbandrie of this lande may increase and be upholden, whiche muste be had by due execucion of the seid lawes and ordenaunces, Chargeth and comaundeth all the Justices of peace of this his Shire to indevoir theym to execute the tenour of their Comission the seid Lawes and Ordenaunces ordeyned for subduyng of the Pmisses, as they woll stand in the love and favour of his Goce, and in avoiding of the peynes that be ordeyned if they do the contrarie: And ov that he chargeth and comaundeth, that evy man what degre or condicion that he be of, that lette theym in worde or dede to execute their seid auctorite in any man fourme aboveseid that they shewe it to his grace; And if they do it not and it come to his knowleche by othre than by theym, they shall not be in his favour but taken as men oute of credence and be putte out of the comission for ev. And ov his he chargeth and comaundeth all man of men aswell the pov as the riche, whiche be to him all one in due ministration of Justice, that is hurted or greved in any thing that the seid Justice of peace may

Tenor of the Proclamation

The great Increase of Offences;

Remissness of Justices of the Peace in the Execution of the Laws;

Justices of the Peace charged to execute their Commissions.

Persons
aggrieved
may complain
to the Justices
of the Peace,
and, if not
redressed, to
the Justices
of Assise, and
then to the
King or his

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here or det myne or execute in eny wise, that he so

grevyd mak his Compleint to the Justice of peace that

next dwellith unto him or to any of his felowes and

desire a remedye; And if he then have no remedy, if it

be nygh suche tyme as his Justices of Assises come in to

that Shire, that then he so greved shewe his compleynt

Justices

neglecting to execute the Laws shall be put out of the Commission.

Ex Rot. Parl.

to be same Justices, and if he then have no remedy or if he compleynt be made long after he comyng of he Justices of Assises, then he so greved come to the Kyngis Highnes or to his Chaunceller for the tyme beyng and shewe his grief; and his seid Highnes then shall send for the seid Justices to know the cause why his seid subgiettis be not eased and his lawes executed, wherupon if he fynde any of theym in defaute of executing of his lawes in thies Pmisses according to this his high comaundement, he shall do him so offending to be putte oute of the Comission, and ferther to be punysshed according to his demytes. And ov that his seid Highnes shall not lette for any favour affeccion coste charge nor non othir cause, but that he shall see his lawes to have pleyn and due execucion, and his subgiettis to lyve in suertie of their landes bodies and goodes according to his seid lawes, and the seid myschevons to be avoided, that his seid subgiettis may increace in welth & pspite to the pleasire of God.

XIII. Rot. Parl. nu. 42.

An Acr to take awaye the benefytt of Clergye from certayne psons.

Abuse of Benefit of Clergy;

Clergy shall be allowed but once to Persons not in Orders.

Murderers be marked with M, other Felons with T.

Offender praying Clergy a Second Time shall produce his Letters of Orders, or his Ordinary's Certificate.

> XIV. Rot. Parl. nu. 43.

Grants heretofore made under the Seal of the Earldom of Marche:

WHERE AS upon trust of privilege of the Churche divs psones lettred hath ben the more bold to comitte murdre rape robbery thefte and all othre myschevous dedys, bicause they have ben continuelly admitted to the beneffice of the Clergie as ofte as they did offend in any of the Pmisses: In avoiding of such Psuptuous boldnes, be it enacted ordeyned and stablisshed by thauctorite of this psent parliament, that evy psone not being within orders, whiche onys hath ben admytted to the benefice of his Clergie, eftsonys arayned of eny suche offence, be not admitted to have the benefice or privilege of his Clergie; And that evy suche psone so convicted for murdre, to be marked with a M. upon the brawne of the lefte thumbe, and if he be for eny othre felony, the same psone to be marked with a T. in the same place of the thumbe, and theis markes to be made by the Gaillour openly in the Courte before the Jugge, er that suche psone be delived to the Ordinary. Provided alwey that if any psone at the second tyme of asking his Clergie, bicause he is within orders, hath not than and there redy his tres of his orders or a ctificat of his Ordinary witnessing the same, that than the Justice afore whom he is so arayned shall gyve him a day by his discrecion to bring in his seid fres or ctificat; And if he fayle and bring not in at suche day his seid fres nor ctificat, than the same psone to lose the benefice of his Clergie as he shall doo that is without orders.

Com Marchie.

WHERE afore this in the tyme of Kyng Edward the iiijth, all feoffamentis giftes gauntes dymyses psentementis noiacions releasses warauntes and confirmacions, made to any psone or psones of eny Castelles honours maners landis and tentes or othir hereditamentes or advauntages pcell or pteynyng to therldome of Marche, or pteynyng to eny Maners londes or tentes & othre hereditament? in demesne or revicion parcell or pteynyng to the seid Erledome of Marche, were made and passed

Ex Lib. Scace. Westm.

to the same Justices. And if thenne he have no remedie or if the complaynt be made long afore the comyng of the Justices of Assise, thenne he soo greved come to the Kyngis Hyghnes or to his Chaunceller for the tyme beyng and shew his greef; And his said Highnesse thenne shall sende for the said Justices to know the cause why his said Subgettes be not eased and his lawes executed, whereuppon yf he fynde ony of theym in defawte of executyng of his lawes in thise premysses according to this his highe commaundement, he shall do hym soo offendyng to be put out of the Comission, And ferdermore to be punyshed according to his demerites. And over that his saide Highnesse shall not let for ony favour affeccion cost charge nor none other cause, but that he shall see his lawes to have playne and true execucion, and his Subgettes to live in suertie of their londes bodyes and goodes according to his said lawes, and the said myscheves to be avoyded, that his Subgettes may encrease in welthe and prosperite to the pleisure of God.

Ayenst Theves.

ITEM, Where as upon trust of privylege of the Chirche dyverse persones lettred hath ben the more bolde to commytte Murdre Rape Roberye Theft and all other myschevous dedes, by cause they have ben continuelly amytted to the benefice of the Clergie, as oft as they dyde offende in ony of the premisses: In avoydyng of suche presumptuous boldnes, It is enacted ordeyned and stablished by thauctorite of this present parliament, that every persone not beyng wythin orders, whiche ones hathe be admytted to the benefice of his Clergie, eftsones arayned of ony suche offence, be not admytted to have the benefyce of privilege of his Clergie; And that every persone soo convycted for murder to be marked wyth an M. upon the braun of the lefte thumbe, And if he be for any other felonye, the same persone to be marked with a T. on the same place of the thumbe, and thes markes to be made by the Gaylour openly in the Court before the Juge, or that suche persone be delyvered to Thordynari. Provyded alway yf ony persone at the second tyme of askyng his Clergie, by cause he is wythin orders, hath not there redy his letters of his ordres or a certificat of hys Ordenary wytnessyng the same, That thenne the Justices afore whom he is so arrayned shall gyve hym a daye by hys discrescion to bryng in his saide lettres or certificat; And yf he fayle and bryng not in at suche a daye his saide letters nor certificat, thenne the same persone to lose the benefice of his Clergy as he shall doo that is wythout orders.

Adnullyng of the Seale of therldome of Marche.

ITEM, Where afore in the tyme of Kyng Edwarde the iiije all feoffementes gyftes grauntes dyverse presentementes nomynacions releaces warrauntes and confirmacions, made to ony persone or persones of ony Castelles Honours Manoirs Londes and Tenementes or other Hereditamentes or Avauntages perceli or perteynyng to therldome of Marche, Or perteynyng to ony Maners londes or tenementes or in demesne or reversion percell or perteynynge to the saide Erldom of Marche, were made and passed

xiiij.

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Original from PENN STATE xvj.

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

under a speciall seale named the Seale of the Marches, wherby is growen grete vexacion trouble and dysceite of the subgettes of the Kyng our Sovereyn Lord; Wherfore it is enacted by thauctorite of this present parliament, that all feoffementes gyftes grauntes dymises presentementes nomynacions, and all other wrytynges wherto sealing is requisite to be made, after the feste of the Purificacion of our Lady in the v. yere of the reigne of our Sovereyn Lorde that now is, of any parcell of the saide Erledome, be had done and made by the Kyng our said Sovereyn Lord under under the brode seale of hys Chauncery, as it is used in all other thynges concernynge the Crowne by the cours of the comen Lawe, and by none other Seale.

For the Maire of London.

ITEM, Where the Maire of the Citee of London for the tyme beyng is Conservatour havyng the Conservacie of the Water and Ryver of Thamys, from the brydge of Stanys unto the waters of Yendale and Medewaye, It is so that wythin fewe yeres by tempeste of weder and grete habundance of waters in the saide Ryver of Thamys, dyvers breches issues and crekes have ben and growen out of the said Ryver of Thamys, and by the same dyvers pastures medowes and groundes of dyverse persones ben drowned and overflowen, In whyche breches issues and crekes and grounde drowned the frie and brode of fysshe for the mooste parte restith, and in the same places the said Frye and broode in grete multitude ben dayly taken by the said fyshers there, wyth unlawfull engynes and nettes, for bayte of Elys and Coddys And also for fedyng of their hogges, to thutter destruccion of the sayd frye and broode wythout a remedie the rather provyded be: The Kyng our said Sovereyn Lord by the advyse and assent of the Lordes Spirituell and Temporell and atte the prayer of the sayde Comens in the said parliament assembled and by thauctorite of the same, hath ordeyned established and enacted, that the Maire of London and his Successours Maires for the tyme beyng have the conservacy and rule, and like auctorite in every of the sayd breches issues and crekes and grounde soo drowned and over flowen as ferre as the water ebbeth and flowyth, as towchyng the punycion for using of unlawfull nettis and other unlawfull engynes in fysshyng, lyke as he and his predecessours have had or hath in the same water and ryver of Thamys wythin the bondes afore rehersed, and to doo all other like correccion and punisshement there, concernyng the reformacion and redresse of unlawfull nettes and engines, as he and his predecessours have used and owe to use in the saide ryver of Thamys. [le Roy le veult.]

Provyded alwey that the Mair of London nor his Successours Maires for the tyme beyng have not the Conservacion nor rule ne auctorite, in ony of the saide breches issues crekes and grownedes so drowned and everflowen, wythin the Kyngis grownnd or beyng wythin ony fraunchises of ony persone or persones Spirituell or Temporell, as towchyng the punycion for usyng of unlawfull nettes and other unlawfull engynes in fysshyng, nor to doo ony correccion or punyshment there concernyng the reformacion and redresse of unlawfull nettes and engynes, as the saide Maire and his predecessours have used and owe to use in the said Ryver of Thamys.

Ex Rot. Parl.

undir a speciall seale named the Seale of the Marches, wherby is growen grete vexacion trouble and disceite of the subgiettis of the King our Soveign Lord; Wherfor be it enacted by thauctorite of this Psent All Feoffparliament, that all feoffementis giftes grauntes dymises Desentementis noiacions, and all other writinges wherto sealing is requisite to be made, aftir the fest of the purificacion of our Lady in the vie yere of the reigne of our Soveign Lord that nowe is, of eny parcell of the seid Erledome, be hadde done and made by the Kyng our seid Soveigne Lord undir the brode Seale of his Chauncy, as it is used in all othir thinges concaying the Crowne by the Cours of the coen Lawe, and by none othre seale.

An AcT that the Mayor of London shall have the rule of the Ryver of Thames from Stanes to Yenlade.

PRAYEN your Highnes the Comons in this Psent Jurisdiction parliament assembled, that where the Maire of your Citie of London for the tyme beyng is Conservato' havyng the Conservacie of the Watir and Ryver of Thamys, from the brigge of Stanes unto the Waters of Yenlade and Medeway, It is so that within fewe yeres by tempest of wedir and grete abundaunce of watir in the seid ryver of Thamys, divs breches issues and crekys hath ben and growen out of the seid ryver of Thamys, and by the same divs pastures and medues and groundes of divs psones ben drowned and ovflowen, in whiche breches issues and crekys and grounde drowned the frye and brode of fisshe for the moste partie restith, and in the same places the seid frye and brode in grete multitude ben dailly taken by the fishers there, with unlawfull ingynes and nettis, for baite of Elys and Coddes and also for feding of their hogges, to the utter destruccion of the seid frye and brode without a remedy the rathir be pvided: That it may therfor please your seid highnes by thadvyce and assent of the lordes spuelles and temporells in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordeyn establish and enacte, that the Maire of London and his Successours Maires for the tyme beyng have the conservacie and rule, and like auctorite in evy of the seid breches issues and crekys and grounde so drowned and ov flowen as ferre as the watir ebbeth and floweth, as touching the punnicion for using of unlaufull nettes and othir unlaufull engynes in fisshing, like as he and his pdecessours hath hadde or hath in the same watir and river of Thamys within the boundes afor rehercid, and to do all othir like correccion and punysshement there, concaying the reformacion and redresse of unlawfull nettis and engynes, as he and his Pdecessours have used and owe to use in the seid ry? of Thamys.

(1) Provided alway that the Maire of London nor his Successours Maires for the tyme beyng have not the conservacion nor rule ne auctorite, in any of the seid breches issues crikes and groundes so drowned and ov flowen, within the Kyngis grounde or being within the fraunches of any psone or psones spuall or temporall, as touching the punicion for using of unlaufull nettis and othir unlaufull ingynes in fisshing, nor to do any correccion or punyshment there concnyng the reformacion and redresse of unlaufull nettis and engynes, as the seid Maire and pdecessours have used and owe to use in the said ryv of Thamys.

1 This Provisoe is inserted after the Royal Assent entered on the Roll.

ments, Gifts, of the said Earldom shall

> XV. Rot. Parl. nu. 44.

of the Mayor of London over the River

Breaches. in the River by Means of

Punishment

Provisoe for

Ex Rot. Parl.

An AcT concerninge the Isle of Wight.

XVI. Rot. Parl. nu. 45. Necessity of an English Population of the Isle of Wight;

The Decay thereof from Consolidation of Farms;

No one shall take more Farms than one, in the Isle of Wight, exceeding Ten Marks in Rent;

Persons who have paid Fines for their Farms, or done Repairs thereon, shall be recom-

XVII.

nu. 46.

Lords of Wardship, confirmed.

Rot. Parl. Stat. Marlb. 52 H.III.c.6. against the defrauding

FOR AS MOCHE as it is to the Kyng our Soveign Lordis grete suertie, and also to the suertie of the Realme of Englond, that the Isle of Wight in the Countie of Sutht be wele inhabited with English people, for the defence aswell of his aucien ennemyes of the realme of Fraunce as of othir parties, the whiche Isle is late decayed of people, by reason that many Townes and vilages been lete downe and the feldes dyked and made pastures for bestis and cattalles, And also many dwelling places fermes and fermeholdes have of late tyme ben used to be taken in to oon mannys hold and handes, that of old tyme were wont to be in many sevall psones holdes and handes, and many sevall householdes kepte in theym, and therby moche people multiplied, and the same Isle therby well inhabited, the whiche nowe by thoccacion aforseid is desolate and not inhabited, but occupied with best? and catall, so that if hasty remedy be not pyided that Isle can not be longe kepte and defended, but open and redy to the handes of the Kingis ennemyes, which God forbeed: For remedy wherof be it ordeyned enacted and stablisshed by thadvyse and assent of the Lordis spuelle and temporelle and the Comons in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that from hensforth no man of psone of what estate degre or condicion he is or shalbe, take eny sevall fermes moe than oon, of maners londes tenementis psonages or tythes (') wherof the ferme of theym all togidre shall excede the some of x. m'rc yerely; And if any sevall leeses afore this tyme have been made to eny psone or psones of divs undry fermeholdes ov the seid yerely value of x. marc, then the psone or psones that nowe holde the same to chose oon or moo of the seid fermeholdes at his pleasure, so that the ferme of theym all so chosen be not above the yerely value of x. marč, to holde aftir the fourme of his lees; and the remenaunt, from the fest of Seynt Michell tharcangell whiche shalbe in the yere of our Lord M' CCCC. lxxxx. to cease and be utterly voide, and the occupier and I'mer of theym from thens to be discharged ayenst his lessour of the Rent reservid upon the same lesses; And if eny psone do herafter to the cont'rie of this Acte that then the lessee in that behalf forfeite to the Kyng for evy suche taking x fi. Provided alweyes that they whiche have paid any fynes. or made bildinges or done grete reparacion upon any suche fermes, and be putte fro the same ferme by reason of this Acte, shalbe recompenced for suche bilding or reparacion as right and gode conscience requiren; that recompence to be adjugged by the discrecion of the Capitaigne of the seid Isle for the tyme beyng or his Lieuten nt of the same in his absence.

wythin the said Ile, Lib. Scace. & Printed Copies.

An AcT agaynst fraudulent feoffment? tendinge to defraude the Kinge of his wardes.

WHERE by an estatute made at Marlebrigge it was ordeyned, that whan tenauntes made feoffementis in fraude to make the lordis of the fee to lese their wardis, the lordis shuld have writtis to recov their Wardis ayenst suche feoffees, as in the seid statute amonges othre thinges apperith more pleynly at large; sith the making of whiche statute many ymaginacions have ben hadde and yet ben used, aswell by feoffementes

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

The Ile of Wyght. ITEM, For as moche as it is to the Kyng our Sovereyn Lord grete suerte, and also to the suerte of the Reame of England, that the Ile of Wyght in the Countie of Sutht be well inhabited wyth englysshe peple, for the defense aswell of his auncien enmyes of the Reame of Fraunce as of other parties, The whiche Ile is latly decayed of peple, by reason that mony townes and villages ben lete downe and the feldes diked and made pastures for bestes and catelles, And also many dwellyng places fermes and fermeholdes have of late tyme be used to be taken in to one mannys holde and handes, that of old tyme were wonte to be in many severall persones holdes and handes, and many several housholdes kept in theym, And therby moche poeple multeplied, And the same Ile therby well inhabited, the whiche now by occasion aforsayd is desolate and not inhabited, but occupyed wyth bestes and catelles, So that if hasty remedie be not provyded, that Ile can not be long kept and defended, but open and redy to thandes of the Kyngis enmyes, whiche God forbede: For remedie wherof it is ordeyned enacted and stablished by thadvyce and assent of the Lordes Spirituell and Temporell and the Comens in this present parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that from hensforth noo maner of persone of what estate degree or condicion he is or shall be, take ony severall fermes moo thenne one, of Maners Londes and tenements personages or tithes wythin the said Ile wherof the ferme of theym all togeder shall excede the some of x. marke yerely; and if ony several Leses afore this tyme have ben made to ony persone or ony persones of dyverse sundry fermeholdes over the saide yerely value of x. marke, thenne the persone or persones that now holde the same to chese one or moo of the seid fermeholdes at his pleisur, So that the ferme of theym all so chosen be not above the yerely value of x. marke, to holde after the fourme of his lees; and the remnaunt, from the feste of Saynt Michell tharchangell whiche shall be in the year of our Lord God M' CCCC. lxxxx. to cease and be utterlye voide, and the occupier and termer of theym from thens to be discharged ayenst his lessour of the rente reserved upon the same leeses; And if ony persone doo hereafter the contrarie of this acte, that thenne the leese in that behalfe forfeyt to the Kyng for every suche takyng x li. Provyded alwayes that they whiche have payed ony fynes, or made ony byldyng or done grete reparacion upon ony suche ferme, and be put from the said ferme by reason of this Act, shall be recompensed for suche byldyng or reparacion as right and good conscience requyren; that recompense to be adjuged by the dis-

Wardes.

crecion of the Capitayne of the said Ile for the tyme

beyng or his Lieftenaunt of the same in his absence.

ITEM, Where by an estatute made at Marlebridge It was ordeyned, that whanne tenauntes made feoffementes in fraude to make the Lordes of the fee to lese their Wardes, The Lordes sholde have writtes to recover their Wardes ayenst suche feoffes, as in the saide es amonge other thynges appereth more pleynly atte large; Sith the makyng of whiche estatute many ymagynacions have be had and yet ben used, aswell by feoffementes

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Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

fynes and recoveres as otherwyse, to put Lordes from their wardes of londes holden of theym by Knyghtes service; It is therfor ordeyned establysshed and enacted, by auctorite of the said present Parliament, that the said estatuit of Marleburgh be observed and kept in all maner of thingis after the fourme and effect thereof. And over that it is ordeyned and enacted by the said auctoritee, that if ony persone or persones of what estate degree or condicion he or they be of (1) or here after shall be seised in demeane or in reversion of estate of heritaunce, beyng tenaunt immediat to the Lordis of ony Castelles Maners Londes and Tenementes or other hereditamentes holden by Knyghtes servyce in his or their demeane as of fee, to thuse of ony other persone or persones and of his heires onely, he to whos use he or they be so seised deieth his heire beyng within age, noo wylle by hym declared nor made in his lyf touchyng the premysses or ony of theym, the Lorde of whom suche Castelles Maners Londes Tenementes and Hereditamentes ben holden immediatly, shal have a Writ of ryght of Warde aswell for body as for the londe, as the Lord sholde have had yf the same auncestre had be in possession of that estate soo beyng in use at tyme of his deth, and noo suche state to his use made; And if ony suche heire be of full age at the deth of his auncestre, to pay a releef as his auncestre whos heire he is had be in possession of that estate soo beyng in use at tyme of his deth, and no suche estate to his use made nor had. It is also stablished and enacted by the said auctorite, that suche heire or heires so beyng in warde shal have lyke accion of wast ayenst the said Lordys or ayenst theym in whos warde they so be, as they or ony of theym shold have had, and recovere suche Damages, and suche Penalties to be to the said Lord and Gardeyns as sholde have ben if theyr auncestres had deied therof seised; And over yf ony suche Lord bryng ony suche Writ of ryght of Warde ayenst suche persone or persones, and be barred in the same, that thenne the same defendaunt or defendauntes shall recover damages ayenst the saide pleintifs for their wrongfull vexacion in the same; Provyded alwayes that this acte begyn to take effect of theyres of theym that shall deve after the feste of Ester that shall be in the yere of our Lord God M' CCCC lxxxx.

be Rot. Parl.

FORGYNGE and countrefeytyng of gold and silver of other londes suffred to renne in this Reame is made

ITEM, For as moche as by the Kyngis sufferaunce dyverse coigne of Golde and Silver, whiche be not of the Kyngis proper coigne of Englonde, be currante in payment wythin this Reame, dyvers and many evyll disposed persones, perceyvyng that the forgyng and countrefetyng of suche Coignes is nether felonye nor Treason, presume and take upon theym for their availe and profyte to countrefeyt and forge such coynes; to the grete hurte and prejudice aswell of the Kyng our Sovereyne Lorde as to the hurte of all the Kyngis Subgettes; It is therfore ordeyned and stablished by auctorite of the said Parliament, that the countrefeytyng and forgyng of every suche Coyne be adjuged Treison, as it is of the countrefeytyng of the proper coygne of the Kyng of this Reame.

An erroncous Repetition.

Ex Rot. Parl.

fynes and recovees as othirwise, to put lordis from their wardes of londis holden of theym by Knyghtis svice; Be it therfore ordeyned stablisshed and enacted by thauctorite of this psent parliament, that the seid statute of Marlebrigge be observed and kepte in all man of thinges after the fourme and effecte therof. And ov that be it ordeyned and enacted by the seid auctorite, that if eny psone or psones of what estate degre or condicion he or they be of, be or heraftir shalbe seised in demean or in revicion of estate of enheritunce, beyng tenaunt ymmediat to the lord of any Castellis Maners londes and tenementes or othre hereditamentes holden by Knyghtis svice in his or theire demeane as of fee, to thuse of any othir psone or psones and of his heires onely, he to whose use he or they be so seised dyeth his heire beyng within age, no will by him declared nor made in his lyfe touching the pmisses or any of theym, the lord of whom suche Castelles Maners londes tenementis and hereditamentes be holden ymediatly, shall have a writte of Right of Warde aswell for the body as for the lond, as the lord shuld have hadde if the same auncestre had ben in possession of that estate so beyng in use atte tyme of his deth, and no suche estate to his use made ner hadde; and if any suche heire be of full age atte deth of his Auncestre, to pay a relief as his auncestre whose heir he is hadde ben in possession of that estate so beyng in use atte tyme of his deth, and no suche estate to his use made nor hadde. Be it also stablisshed and enacted by the seid auctorite, that suche heir or heires so beyng in warde shall have like accion of Wast ayenst the seid lordis or ayenst theym in whose Warde they so be, as they or eny of theym shuld have hadde, and recoved, suche damages, and suche penaltees to be to the seid lord and gardeyns as shuld have bene, if their auncestres had dyed therof seised; And ov if eny suche lord bring any suche Writte of The Defendright of Warde ayenst suche psone or psones, and be barred in the same, that then the same defendaunt or defendauntes shall recov damages ayenst the seid pleyntifs for their wrongfull vexacion in the same. Provided alweys that this acte begyn to take effecte of the heires of theym that shall dye aftir the fest of Estre that shalbe in the yere of our Lord God M'CCCC. lxxxx.

Cestui que Use, holding his Lands by Knight's Service, shall be in Ward,

The Heir of

Such Heir shall have an Action of Wasteagainst his Guardian committing

XVIII. Rot. Parl.

An Acte agaynst counterfeting of forrayne Coyne.

FOR as muche as by the Kingis sufferaunce divs coynes of Gold and Silv, whiche be not of the Kingis ppe coyne of Ingland, be currant in payment within this realme, divs and many evill disposed psones, pceyvyng that the forging and countirfeting of suche coynes is neither felony nor treason, Psume and take upon theym for their singuler availe and pfite to countrefete and forge suche coynes; to the grete hurte and pjudice aswell of the Kyng our soveigne lord as to the hurte of all the Kyngis subgettis; Be it therfore ordeyned and stablisshed by thauctorite of this psent parliament, that the countrefeting and forging of evy such coyne be adjugged treason, as it is of the countrefeting of the ppre coyne of the King of this realme.

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Ex Rot. Parl.

AN ACTE agaynst pullyng doun of Tounes.

XIX.
Rot. Parl.
nu. 48.
The Evils
arising from
Waste of
Houses, and
converting
tilled Lands
into Pasture;

Owners of Houses let

to farm, with

Twenty Acres of Land, shall

maintain Houses and

Buildings

On their Default, the

King or other Lord of the

Fee shall receive Half

the Profits,

and apply the same in

repairing such Houses;

but shall not

gain thereby any Freehold.

thereon necessary for Tillage;

THE Kyng our soveign Lord, havyng a singuler plesure above all thinges to avoide such enormitees and myschefes as be hurtfull and pjudiciall to the coen wele of this his londe and his subgettis of the same, remembreth that amonge all othre thinges great inconvenyences daily doth encreace by desolacion and pulling down and wilfull waste of houses and Townes within this his realme, and leyeng to pasture londes whiche custumeably have ben used in tilthe, wherby ydilnes grounde and begynnyng of all myschefes daily doo encreace, for where in some Townes two hundred psones were occupied and lived by their laufull labours, nowe ben there occupied two or three herdemen and the residue fall in ydelnes, the husbondrie whiche is one of the grettest comodities of this realme is gretly decaied, churches destroied, the svice of God withdrawen, the bodies there buried not praied for, the patrone and Curates wronged, the defence of this land ageyn oure ennemyes outwarde febled and impaired; to the great displesure of God, to the subvicion of the polecy and gode rule of this lond, and remedy be not hastely therfor purveied: Wherfor the Kyng our Sovaign Lord by thassent and advise of the lordes spuell and temporell and Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, ordeyneth enacteth and establissheth that no psone, what estate degre or condicion that he be, that hath eny house or houses, that any tyme within iij yeres past hath ben or that nowe is or heraftir shalbe leten to ferme with xx. acres of lond atte lest or more lyeng in tillage or husbondrie, that the owner or owners of evy suche house or houses and jond be bounde to kepe susteigne and maynteyn houses and bilding upon the seid ground and lond, convenient and necessarie for mayntenyng and upholding of the seid tillage and husbondrie; and if eny suche owner or owners of eny suche house or houses and lond take kepe and occupie any suche house or houses and lond in his or their owne handes, that the owner or owners by the seid auctorite be bounde in like wise to kepe and mayntene houses and bildings upon the seid ground and lond, convenient and necessarie for mayntenyng and upholding of the seid tillage and husbondrie: And if any man do contrarie to the Pmisses or any of theym, that than it shalbe laufull to the Kyng, if any suche londes or houses be holden of him ymediatly, or to the lordis of the fees if any suche londes be holden of theym ymediatly, to receive yerly half the value of thissues and pfites of any suche lond, wherof the house or houses ben not so maynteyned and susteyned, and the same halvendele of thissues and pfites to have holde and kepe to his or their owne use, without any thing therfor to be paied or yoven, to such tyme as the same house or houses be sufficiently bilded or repaired ayen and that no man of freehold be in the Kyng, ne in any suche lorde or lordes, by the taking of eny suche pfites of or in any suche londe in no man forme; but oonly the Kyng and the seid lord or lordes have power to take receyve and have thissues and pfites as is aboveseid, and therfore the Kyng, or the seid lord or lordes, to have power to distreyne for the same issues and pfites to be had and preyved by theym in fourme aboveseid by the

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

For kepyng up of houses for husbandrye.

xx.

ITEM, The Kynge our Sovereyne Lorde, havyng a singuler pleisure above all thynge to avoyde suche enormytees and myschevons, as ben hurtfull an prejudiciall to the comon wele of this his londe and his subgettes of the same, Remembreth [Remembreth,'] that amonge all other thynges grete inconveniences dayly do encrease by desolacion and pullyng downe and wylfull wast of houses and townes wythin this hys Reame, and leyng to pasture londes whyche custumably have ben used on tylthe, wherby ydlenesse grounde and begynnyng of all myschevons dayly dooth encrease, For where in some townes too hundred persones were occupyed and lyved by their lawfull labours, now ben there occupyed ij or iij herdemen and the residue fall in ydlenes, the husbondrie whiche is one of the grettest comoditees of this Reame is gretly decayed, Chirches destroied, the servyce of God wythdrawen, the bodies there beried not prayed for, The Patrone and Curates wronged, the defense of this londe ayenst our enmyes outwarde febled and impeyred; to the grete displeisure of God, to the Subvercion of the policie and good rule of this londe, and remedy be not therfore hastlye purveyed; Wherfore the Kyng our sayd Sovereyn Lorde by thadvyse of the Lordes Spirituell and Temporell and the Comens in the said Parliament assembled and by auctoritee of the same, hath ordeyned enacted and stablished that noo persone, what estate degree or condicion that he be, that hath ony hous or houses, that that at ony tyme wythin iij yeres passed hathe ben or that now is or here after shalbe leten for ferme wyth xx acres of londe at leest or more livinge in tillage and husbondrye, that the owner or owners of every suche house or howses and londe be bounde to kepe susteyne and mayntene houses and byldyngs upon the said grounde and londe convenyent and necessarie for mayntenyng and upholdyng of the said tyllage and husbondrye; And yf ony suche owner or owners of ony suche house or houses and londe take kepe and occupie ony suche hous or houses and londe in his or their owne handes, that the said owner or owners by the said auctoritee be bounde in lykewyse to kepe and mayntene houses and byldynges upon the sayd grounde and londe, convenyent and necessary for the mayntenyng and upholdyng of the said tillage and husbondrye: And if ony man doo contrarie to the premysses or ony of theym, that thenne it be liefull to the Kyng, if ony suche londes or houses be holden of hym immediatly, or to the Lordes of the fees if ony suche londes ben holden of theym immediatly, to resceyve yerely halfe the value of thyssues and profytes of ony suche Londes, wherof the house or houses ben not soo mayntened and susteyned, And the same halfendele of thissue and profytes to have holde and kepe to hys or their owen use, wythoute ony thyng therfore to be payed or yeven, to suche tyme as the same house or houses be suffyciently bylded or repayred ayen; And that noo maner of freeholde be in the Kyng, ne in ony suche Lord or Lordes, by the takyng of ony suche profytes of or in ony suche londes in noo maner of fourme; but oonly the Kyng and the said Lord or Lordes have power to take receyve and have the sayd yssues and profytes as is above said, And therfore the Kyng, or the sayd Lord or Lordes, to have power to distreyne for the same issues and profytes to be had and perceyved by theym in fourme above sayd by auctoritee of this presente acte,

1 An erroneous Repetition.

Vos. IL

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xxj.

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm. Accions populers.

ITEM, That where accions populers in dyverse causes have ben ordeyned by many good actes and statutes afor this tyme made, for the reformacion of extorsions maintenaunce oppressions Injuries exaccions and wronges used and comytted wythin this Reame, whiche accions ben verry penall to alle mysdoers and offenders in suche accions condempned, and moche profitable aswell to the Kyng as to every of his Subgettes that theym wyll sue and mayntene, yf the same accions so sued and comenced myght be truly pursued wythout covyn or collusion; But now is soo comenly used wythin this Reame that if ony suche offender, offendyng in causes where of the sayd accions lie, than then the sayd mysdoers or offenders, in eschewyng to lese the said penaltees, wyll cause an accion populer to be comenced ayenst theym by covyn of the pleintif upon that case wherin they have soo offended; Or elles yf ony suche accion populer be comenced ayenst ony suche offender by goode feyth, than the same Offender wyll delay the said accion, other by noon apparance or by traverse, and hangyng the same accion the same offender wyll cause like accion populer to be brought ayenst hym by covyn, for the same cause and offence that the first accion was sued, and than by covyn of the pleintif in that second accion he will be condempned, other by confession feyned triel or relese whiche condempnacion or relese, so had by collusion and covyn pleted by the said offender, shall barre the pleyntif in the accion sued in good feyth; and by thise subtile meanes of collusion and covyn the said good actes and statutes full seldom ben executed ayenst suche offenders, whiche causeth theym to be bolder to offende the Kynge, aswell in brekyng of the said statutes lawes and peas, as in robbyng murdryng exaccions takyng quarelles mayntenyng and the Kyngis pour Subgettes by extorcion and many other unlawfull meanes oppressyng: Therfore the Kyng our sayd Sovereyne Lord in refourmyng of the premysses bi thadvyce and assent of the Lordys Spirituell and Temporell and at the requeste of the said Comens in this saide presente parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, hath ordeyned stablished and enacted, that if ony persone or persones hereafter sue wyth good feyth ony accion populer, and the defendaunt or defendauntes in the same accion plede ony maner of recovere of accion populer in barre of the said accion, or elles that the same defendant or defendauntes plede that he or they before that tyme barred ony suche pleintif or pleyntyfes in ony suche accion populer, that thenne the playntyf or pleyntifs, in ony suche accion taken wyth good feyth, may abarre that the said recovere in the said accion populer was had by covyn, or elles to abarre that the said pleyntif or playntifs was or were barred in the said accion populer by covyn; that than (') afterwarde the saide collusion or covyn soo abarred be lawfully founden, the pleyntif or pleyntifes, in that accion sued wyth good feyth, shall have recovere according to the nature of the accion, and execucion upon the same, In lyke wyse and effecte as though noo suche afore had be had: And over that it is enacted and ordeyned by thauctorite aforsaid, that in every suche accion populer wherin the defendaunt or defendauntes shall be lawfully condempned or atteyned of covyn or collusion as is afore saide, that every of the same defendauntes have emprisonement of ij yere, by processe of Capias and Utlagar to be sued wythin the yere after suche jugement had, Or at ony tyme after, tyll the said Defendaunt or Defendaunts be had and emprisoned as is aforesayd, And that aswell at the Kyngis sute as of every other that will sue in that behalfe;

1 if Rot. Parl.

Ex Rot. Parl.

An Acte agaynst collusions and fayned accons.

To the Kyng oure soveign Lord, Prayens the Comens in this psent parliament assembled; That where accions populers in divs cases have ben ordeigned by many gode actis and statutes afore this tyme made, for the reformacion of extorcions mayntenaunces oppressions injuries exaccons and wronges used and comitted within this your realme, whiche accions be verry penall to all mysdoers and offendours in suche accions condempned, and muche pfitable aswell to your Highnes as to evyche of your subgiettis that theym woll sue and maynteyn, if the same accions so sued and comenced myght be truly pursued without covyne or collusion; but nowe it is so comonly used within this your realme that if eny suche offendour, offending in cases where any of the seid accions lye, than the seid mysdoers or offendours, in eschewing to lese the same penalties, woll cause an accion populer to be comencid ayenst theym by covyne of the pleyntif upon that case wheren they have so offendid; or ellis if eny suche accion populer be comenced ayenst any suche seid offendour by gode feith, then the same offendour woll delaye the seid accion, either by nown apperaunce or by travers, and hanging the same accion the same offendour woll cause like accion populer to be brought ayenst him by covyne, for the same cause and offence that the first accion was sued, and than by covyn of the pleintif in that seconde accion he woll be condempned, either by confession feyned tryell or relesse, whiche condempnacion or relesse, so had by collusion and covyne pleded by the seid offendour, shall barre the pleyntif in the accion sued with gode feith; and so by these subtile meanes of collucion and covyne the seid gode actis and statutes full seldom be executed ayenst suche offendours, which causeth theym to be the bolder to offend your gace, aswell in breking of your seid statutes lawes and pease, as in robbing murdering exaccions taking quarelles mayntenyng and your pov subgiettis by extorcion and many other unlaufull meanes oppressing: Therfor pleasith it your highnes in refourmyng of the pmisses by thadvyse and assent of the lordis spuall and temporall in this your psent parliament assembled and by thauctorite of the same, to ordeyn establish and enacte, that if eny psone or psones heraftir sue with gode feith eny accion populer, and the defendaunt or defendauntes in the same accion plede eny man of recove of accion popular in barre of the seid accion, or ellis that the same defendaunt or defendauntes plede that he or they before that tyme barred eny suche pleyntif or pleyntifs in eny suche accion populer, that than the pleyntif or pleyntifs, in the accion taken with gode feith, may averre that the seid recove in the seid accion populer was had by covyne, or ellis to averre that the seid pleyntif or pleyntifs was or were barred in the seid accion populer by covyne; that than if aftirward the seid collusion or covyne so averred be laufully founden, the pleyntif or pleyntifs, in that accion sued with gode feith, shall have recove according to the nature of the accion, and execucion upon the same, in like wise and effecte as though no such accion afore had ben had: And ov that be it enacted and ordeyned by thauctorite aforseid, that in evy suche accion populer wheryn the defendaunt or defendauntes shalbe laufully condempned or atteynted of covyne or collusion as is aforseid, that evych of the same defendauntes have imprisonement of two yere, by pcesse Two Years. of capias and utlagary to be sued within the yere aftir such juggement had, or at any tyme aftir, till the seid defendaunte or defendauntes be had and imprisoned as is aforseid, And that aswell at the Kyngis sute as of evy othre that woll sue in that behalf;

XX. Rot. Parl. пи. 49-

The Utility

To Plea in bar of Judgevered, or former Bar, in Actions popular, the Plaintiff may reply Covin;

XXII.

Ex Rot. Parl.

No Release of a common Person shall surcease any Action popular or Indictment of the same.

No Covin averrable after Trial of the Merits.

And that no relesse of eny coen psone heraftir to be made to eny suche ptie, where before or aftir eny accion populer or enditement of the same had or comencid or made hanging the same accion, be in eny wise available or effectuell to lette or to surceace the seid accion enditement pcesse or execucion. Provided alway that no pleyntif or pleintyfs be not in eny wise received to averre eny covyne in eny accion populer, where the poynte of the same accion or ellis that covyne or collusion have be ones tried, and laufully founde with the pleyntif or pleyntifs or ayenst theym, by tryall of xij men and not othirwise.

XXI. Rot. Parl. nu. 50.

An Act for y' pservacon of the frye of Fyshe.

To the Kyng our soveigne Lord,

Statutes to preserve the Brood of Sea Fish do not extend to Havens and Creeks;

Orford Haven in County of Suffolk fished with unreasonable Nets.

Such Nets &c. shall not be used under Penalty of Ten Pounds.

Justices of the Peace for Norfolk and Suffolk may inquire of such Nets, and punish Offenders.

PRAYEN your Comyns in this psent parlement assembled; that where divs statutes and ordenaunces for saving and keping of frye and broode of Fish in fresh ryvers of this realme before this tyme have ben made and ordeigned, but for savyng and keping of frye and brood of fissh resorting oute of the See and salt waters into havens and crekys within the seid realme, any ordenaunce genall hath not be purveied ne made; hou be it it were full requisite and pfitable to all the Comyns of this your realme, and spally to your subgiettis and infiitauntes nygh adjoynyng to the Nasse and Haven of Orford in the Countie of Suff, within whiche Nasse and Haven there is yerely grete multitude of Spawn and brood of all man fisshes of the See, and there wold largely increace and multiplie if they myght there convenient tyme be suffred to abide; But nowe it is so that in late dayes for a singuler covetise and lucre in taking of a fewe grete fisshes, cteyn psones have used to sette and ordeyn cteyn botes callid Stall boetes fastened with ankers, havyng with theym suche man of unresonable Nettes and ingynes, that all man frie and brood of fissh in the seid haven multiplied is taken and and destroied, aswell grete fisshes unsesonable as the seid frie and brood to nombre innumable, with the whiche frie and brood the seid psones with parte therof fede their hogges and the residue they put and ley it in grete pittes in the grounde, whiche ellis wold turne to suche pitous infeccion of eire that no psone thidre resorting shuld it abide or suffre; to the great hurte of all your liege people within this your realme and spally to your subgiettis and inhitauntes within the Shires of Norff and Suff, and also causeth grete scarsite of fisshe in that contreis where afore this tyme was wont to be grete plente: Wherfor please it your moste noble grace by thadvyse and assent of the lordes spuall and temporall in this psent parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordeigne stablish and enacte, that all suche stall boetes nettes and ingynes aforseid, from the first day of Avyll that shalbe in the yere of our Lord M'CCCC. lxxxx. be not occupied ner used, for the destroyeng or takyng of eny frie or brood of fissh within the Haven or Nasse aforseid, upon peyn of forfeiture of x. li. at evy tyme that eny psone shall happen to do contrarie to this ordenaunce, the oon half therof to be to your highnes, and the oder half to him that shall happen to fynde the seid forfeiture, and shewe the same by informacion in to your Escheker there to be detmined aftir the cours of the same Court. And ov that be it ordeyned by thauctorite aforseid, that the Justices of peas of the Shires of Norff and Suff for the tyme beyng have auctorite and power to inquere in their seval

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

And that noo release of ony comen persone here after to be made to ony suche partie, wheder before or after ony accion populer or enditment of the same had or comenced or made hangyng the same accion, be in ony wyse available or effectual to let or to surcease the said Accion enditement processe or execucion. Provided alway that noo playntif or playntyfes be in ony wyse received to abarre ony covyn in ony accion populer, where the poynt of the same accion or elles that covyn or collusion have ben ones tried, or lawfully founde wyth the pleyntif or pleyntifs or ayenst theim by tryall of xij men and not otherwyse.

ITEM for kepyng of frye of Fyshe of the See in Orforde haven.

ITEM, Where dyvers statutes and ordenaunces for savynge and kepyng of frye and broode of Fysshe in freshe Ryvers of this Reame before thys tyme have ben made and ordeyned, but for savynge and kepynge of frye and brood of Fysshe resortyng out of the See and Saltwaters in to Havens and Crekes wythin the sayd Reame, ony ordenaunce generall hath not be purveyed ne made; how be it hit were full requysite and profitable to all the Comens of this Reame, and specyalie to the Kinges Subgiets and inhabitantes nygh adjunyng to the Nasse and Haven of Orforde in the Countie of Suffolke, wythin whiche Nasse and Haven there is yerely grete multitude of spawne and broode of all maner Fysshes of the See, And there wolde largely encrease and multiplie yf they myght there convenient tyme be suffred to abyde; But now it is soo that in late dayes for a singuler covetyse and lucre in takyng of a fewe grete Fysshes, certeyne persones have used to set and ordeyne certeyne botes called Stallbotes festened with ankres, havyng wyth theym suche maner unresonable nettes and engynes, that all maner frye and broode of Fysshe in the said haven multeplied is taken and distroied, aswell greet fysshes uncesonable as the said frye and brood to nombre innumerable, Wyth the whiche frye and broode the said persones wyth parte therof fede their hogges, and the residue they put and ley it in grete pyttes in to the grounde, whiche elles wolde torne to such perelous infeccion of eyre that noo persone thider resortyng sholde it abyde or suffre; to the grete hurt of the Kyngis liege poeple wythin this Reame and specially to the Kyngis subgettes and inhabitantes wythin the Shire of Norfolke and Suffolke, And also causeth grete scarcite of Fysshe in that countrees where afore this tyme were wounte to be grete plente: Wherefore the Kyng our sayd Soverayn Lord of his noble grace by the advyce and assent of the Lordys Spirituell and Temporell and at the prayer of the sayd Comons in the saide Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, hathe ordeyned stablished and enacted. that all suche Stalle botes nettes and engynes aforesaid from the first day of Aprill that shall be in the yere of our Lord God M'. CCCC lxxxx. be not occupied nor used for the destroyeng or takyng of ony frye or broode of Fysshe wythin the haven aforesayd, upon peyne of forfeiture of x fi. at every tyme that ony persone shall happen to do contrarye to this ordenaunce, thone half therof to be to the Kyng, and the other halfe to hym that shall happen to fynde the same forfeitur, and shewe the same by Informacion into the Kyngis Eschequer, there to be determyned after the cours of the same Courte. And over that it is ordeyned by the auctorite aforsaid that the Justices of peas of the Shires of Norfolke and Suffolk for the tyme beyng have auctorite and power to enquere in their severall

xxiij.

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

Sessions of al the botes nettes and engynes used or occupyed contrary to this ordenaunce aforesayd, And the offenders therin, befor theym presented, to punyshe as by their discrecion shall be thought lawfull and resonable: This acte and ordenaunce to endure unto the begynyng of the nexte Parliament.

A Bille at the sute of Browderers. ITEM, In the said Parliament it was shewid unto the Kyng our Soverayn Lord by the Wardeyn and feliship of Brouderers in the Citee of London and of every other Citee Towne and Place of this Reame, That where thorough mynysshynge of the weight of Venyce Florence and Jeane golde, and the untrewe packyng, therof aswell the said Brouderers as other the Kynges Subgettes byers of Brouded werkes within this Reame susteyn and bere grete losse hynderaunce and disavauntage; for where in tymes past the pound weight of golde of ony of the Countrees of Venyce Florence and Jeane was wounte to kepe the full wyght of xij unces, And thenne comenly solde at xxxiij shelinges iiijd. or theraboute, the golde packed whiche they now selle for a pounde weight (') not above vij unces, and solde for iij ti sterlinges the packe; And also the bryngers in to thys Reame of the said golde soo desceyvable and untruly packen the said golde, that the threde and colour under the first shew is gretter and courser thenne is shewed in sight, and not acordyng to the outwarde shewe; to thutter enpovershyng of the said Brouderers and also grete charge and disavauntage of the biers of brouded werke as is aforesayd: Wherfore the Kyng our said Sovereyn Lord by the advyce and assente of the Lordys and the Comyns in this present Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, hath ordeyned established and enacted, that noo persone what degree or condicion he be from the fest of Ester that shall be in the yere of our Lord God M1 CCCClxxxx. bryng and put to sale wythin this said Reame, ony golde of Venyce Florence or Jeane as or for a pound weyght, but if the same gold, soo put or offred to sale for a pound weight, conteyn in the weyght fully xij unces; And also that the same golde so packed be in gretnes of threde and colour wrought accordyng to the outwarde shewe therof; upon peyn of forfeitur of the said golde sold or put to sale for a pound weyght not weing fully xij unses, or not wrought in gretnes of threde in colour acordyng to the outwarde shewe, or elles the value therof; thone half of the said forfeiture to be to the Kyng our Sovereyn Lord and the other halfe to hym or theym of his Subgettes that shall sease and prove the same forfeitures, by accions of det at the comen law or by byll or pleynt after the custome of Citee or Towne where shall fortune ony suche forfeitures to fall and be; In whiche accions the defendaunt shall not be admytted to doo his lawe, nor ony essoyn ne proteccion shal be for suche defendaunt alowed; Provyded that this act afore the said feste of Ester wythin the Citee of London be proclaymed: this act and ordenaunce to endure unto the begynnyng of the next Parliament.

weyeth Rot. Parl.

Ex Rot. Parl.

Sessions of all the boetis nettes and ingynes used or occupied contrarie to this acte aforseid, and the offenders therin, before theym psented, to punysh as by their discrecions shalbe thought laufull and resonable: This acte and ordenaunce to endure unto the begynnyng of the next parlement.

An Acte agaynst the deceyptfull waight and working of the golde of Venice Florence & Jeane.

To the King our Soveign Lord,

true liegemen and subgiettis the Wardeyn and feliship of brouderers in your Cite of London and of evy othre Diminution Citie towne and place of this your realme; Where of the Weight thurgh minysshing of the weight of Venyce Florence and Jeane gold, and the untrue packing therof, aswell your Florence, seid liegemen brouderers as othre your subgiettis byers and the unof broudred werk within this realme susteyn and bere true packing grete losses hinderaunce and disavauntage; for where in tymes past the pound weight of gold of eny of the seid Contreis of Venyce Florence and Jeane was wonte to kepe the full weight of xij unces, and then comenly sold at xxxiijs. iiij d. or thereaboute the gold packed whiche they nowe sell for a pounde weight weyeth not above vij unces, and sold for iij li. sterling the pack; And also the bringers into this realme of the seid gold so deceyvably and untruly packe the seid golde, that the threde and colour under the first shewe is gretter and courser than is shewed in sight, and not according to the outward shewe to the utter empoyysshing of the seid brouderers, and also grete charge and disavauntage of the byers of broudred werk as is aforseid: Wherfor it may please your highnes by thadvyse and assent of your lordis spuall and temporall and Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordeyn establish and enacle, that noe psone of what degre or condicion he be from the fest of Ester that shalbe in the yere of oure Lord M' CCCC. lxxxx. bring and put to sale within this seid realme, eny gold of Venyce Florence or Jeane as or for a pounde weight, but if the same gold, so put or offred to sale for a pounde weight, conteyn in weight fully xij unces; and also that the same gold, so packed, be in gretnesse of threde and colour wrought according to the outward shewe therof; upon peyn of forfeiture of the seid gold sold or put to sale for a pounde weight not weyeng fully xij unces, or not wrought in gretnesse of threde and in colour according to the outeward shewe, or ellis the value therof; The one half of the seid forfeitures to be to you soveign lord, and the othre half to him or theym of your subgiettis that woll sease and pve the same forfeitures, by accions of dette at the coen lawe or by bille or ploynt aftir the custome of Cite or Towne where shall fortune any suche forfeitures to falle

XXII. Rot. Parl. nu. 51.

MOOST humbly shewen unto your highnes, youre The Losses

No Person for a Pound Weight of such Gold, differently from the out-Forfeiture.

VOL. II.

6 Z

and be; In whiche accions the defendaunt shall not be

admitted to do his lawe, nor eny esson nor pteccion

shalbe for suche defendaunt allowed: Provided that this

acte afore pe seid fest of Estre withyn the Citie of

London be pclaymed: And youre besechers shall ev

pray to God for the pservacion of youre moste noble

and roiall psone: This acte and ordenaunce to endure

unto the begynnyng of the next parliament.

Ex Rot. Parl.

XXIII. Rot. Parl. nu. 52.

An Acte agaynst carrying awaye of coyne plate vesselle or Jewelle out of this Realme.

Recital of St. 17 E. IV. c. 1. relating to the Exportation of Money, Plate, and Jewels;

PRAYEN the Comons in this Psent parlement as-

sembled, that where in a parlement begon and holden at Westm the xvjth day of January in the xvijth yere of King Edward the iiijth amonges othre it was ordeyned by auctorite of the same parlement, that no psone shuld carie ne make to be caried oute of this realme or Wales from no parte of the same, any man money of the coigne of this realme nor money of the coigne of eny othre realmes landes or lordshippes, nor plate vessell masse bullion nor Juels of gold garnesshed or ungarnesshed or of sylv, without the Kyngis licence, but such psones as ben dispensed with in the Statute made in the second yere of the reigne of your blessed uncle King Henry the vjie and othre divs statutes, upon peyn of felony and to be demed and reputed as a felon, the same felonye to be herd and det mined in like man and fourme and afore suche psone or psones as othre felonyes usuelly were herd and det mined within this realme; as in the same statute made in the seid xvij yere more pleynly doth appere: The whiche statute and ordenaunce was made to endure from the fest of Estre in the xviijth yere of the reigne of the seid Kyng Edward the iiijth unto the ende of vij yeres then next ensuyng; Sithen the whiche vij yeres expired, the gold and sylver of the coygne of this realme hath and dailly is and ben caried and conveied into Flaundres Normandy Bretaign Burdeaux Irlond and othre parties beyond the See, aswell by nichauntes straungers as by deynesins, to the grete impovysshing of all this realme, and gretter is like to be without remedy therfor hastely be pvided: In consideracion wherof it wull please your highnes by thadvyse of the lordes spuall and temporall in this psent parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordeyn stablissh and enacte, that the seid statute made in the seid xvijth yere of King Edward the iiijth be and stonde a Statute gode and effectuell with all the Provisoes in the same, and be observed kepte and putte in due execucion from the fest of the Purificacion of oure Lady that shalbe in the yere of our Lord God M' CCCC lxxxix. and to endure unto the end of xx" yeres next ensuyng. And ov that by the same auctorite it be ordeyned and enacted, that no psone dwelling or infiiting within this realme, from the seid fest of Purificacion pay or delyv wittingly, by way of eschaunge or othirwise, to any inchaunt or other psone straunger borne oute of your obeisaunce, for any michaundises or Wares or in any othre wise, any man peces of gold coigned in this realme or in any other realme, or any plate vessell masse bullion ne Juels of gold wrought or unwrought; upon peyn to forfeite and lose the double some or double value of all suche money of gold coyned plate vessell masse bullion or Juell of gold or sil?, paied delived or exchaunged contarie to this Acte; The oon half of the same forfeiture to be to you soveyn lord, and the other half to eny of your subgiettis that woll seise it or sue for eny suche payment delivaunce or eschaunge made or to be made cont'rie to this Acte; And that it be lefull to evy of your subgiettes in this case to sue for the seid forfeiture by accion of dette, by Writte atte coen lawe, by bill or playnte aftir the custom of the Citie or Town or Port where it shall happen any suche forfeiture to falle and be, or by informacion to be made in the Kingis Escheker; and that no pteccion or esson be allowable in eny such accion or informacion.

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

Carieng of Golde and Silver over the See.

xxiiij.

ITEM, Where in a Parliament begon and holden at Westmynster the xvj day of January in the xvij year of Kyng Edward the iiijthe amonge other it was ordeyned by auctorite of the same Parliament, that noo persone shold carie ne make to be caried out of this Reame or Wales from noo part of the same, ony maner of money of the coigne of this Reame nor money of the coigne of other Reames Londes or Lordships, nor Plate Vessell Masse Bullion nor juelles of golde garneshed or ungarnyshed or of sylver, wythout the Kyngis licence, but suche persones as ben dispensed wyth in the Statute made in the second yere of the reigne of the Kyngis blessed uncle Kyng Henry the vj and other dyvers Statutes made, upon peyne of felonye and to be demed and reputed as a felon, the same felonye to be herde and determyned in lyke maner and fourme and afore suche persones as other felonies usuelly were herde and determyned wythin this Reame; as in the said Statute more pleynly doeth apere: the which statute and ordenaunce was made to endure from the feste of Ester in the xviij yere of the reigne of the said Kyng Edwarde the iiijthe unto the ende of vij yeres thenne next ensuyng; sithen the which vij yeres exspired, the gold and silver of the coigne of this Reame hath and dayly is and ben caried and conveyed into Flaunders Normandie Bretayne Burdeaux Yrlonde and other parties beyonde the See, aswell by marchaunt straungers as by Deniszeins, to the grete enpovershyng of all this Reame, and gretter is like to be wythoute remedie therfore hastly be provyded: The Kyng our Sovereyne Lord the premysses considered by thadvyse of the Lordes Spirituell and Temporell and at the prayer of the Comons in this presente Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, hathordeyned stablished and enacted, that the said Statute made in the said xvij yere of Kyng Edward the iiijthe be and stond a Statute goode and effectuell wyth all the provisions in the same, and be observed kept and put in due execucion from the fest of the Purificacion of our Lady that shall be in the yere of our Lorde God M'CCCC lxxxix. and to endure unto the ende of xx. yere nexte suyng. And over that by the same auctorite it is ordeyned and enacted, that noo persone dwellyng or inhabytyng wythin this Reame, from the said fest of Purificacion paye or delyver wyttyngly, be way of exchaunge or otherwyse, to ony Marchaunt or or other persone Straunger borne out of the Kyngis obeisaunce, for ony marchaundize or wares or in ony othe wyse, ony maner peces of golde coigned in thys Reame or in ony other Reame, or ony Plate Vessell Masse Bullion ne Juelx of golde wrought or unwrought; upon payne to forfeyte and lose the double value of all suche money of golde coygned Plate Vessell Masse Bullion or Juel of golde or silver payed delivered or eschaunged contrarie to this acte; The one halfe of the same forfeiture to be to the Kynge our Soverayne Lord, and the other half to ony of his subgettes that wylle seas it or sue for ony suche paymente deliveraunce or eschaunge made or to be made contrarie to this act; and that it be leful to the Kyngis subgiets in this cause to sue for the said forfeyture by accion of dette, by wrytte at the comen lawe, by bill or pleynt after the custume of that Citee Porte or Towne where it shall happen ony forfeiture to falle and be, by Informacion to be made in the Kyngis Eschequer; And that noo Proteccion nor essoine be allowable in ony suche accion or informacion.

The said

Statute

revived.

pay,or deliver by way of Exchange, to Strangers, any Gold Coin or Plate, Bullion, &c. on Pain of Forfeiture of double Value.

xxv.

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

Nota de finibz.

ITEM, Where it is ordeyned in the tyme of Kyng Edward the first by the Statute de finibz, that notes and fynes to be levyed in the Kyngis Court afore his Justices sholde be openly and solempny redde, And that plees in the meane tyme sholde cease, And this to be done by two dayes in the weke after the discrecion of the Justices; as in the same Statute more pleynly appereth: The Kyng our said Soverayn Lord considereth that fynes ought to be of the grettest strenght to avoyde stryves and debates and to be fynall ende and conclusion, and of suche effecte were taken afore a statute made of noun cleyme, and now is used the contrarie to the unyversall trouble of all the Kyngis subgettes, wylle therfore it be ordeyned by the advyce of the Lordys Spirituell and Temporell and the Comens in the said Parliament assembled, and by auctorite of the same, that after the ingrosyng of every fyne, to be levyed after the feste of Ester that shall be in the yere of our Lord God M1 CCCC lxxxx in the Kyngis Court afore his Justices of the Comen Place, of ony Londes Tenementes or other Hereditamentes, the same fyñ be openly and solempny redde and proclaymed in the same Court, the same terme and in the termes thenne next following the same ingrosyng, in the same Courte att iiij severall dayes in every terme, And in the same tyme that it is soo reed and proclaymed all plees ceasses; and the said Proclamacions soo had and made, the sayd fyne to be fynall ende and conclude as well pryves as estraungers to the same, Except Wymmen covert other than ben parties to the said fyne, And every persone thenne beyng wythin the age of xxj yeres, in prisone, or out of this Reame, or not of hole mynde, at the tyme of the sayd fyne levyed, not parties to suche fyne: And savyng to every persone or persones and to their heires, other the parties in that said fyne, suche righte clamyme and interest as they have to or in the saide londes tenementes or other hereditamentes, tyme of suche fyne ingrosed; Soo that they pursue their title clayme or interesse by way of accion or lawfull entre wythin v. yeres nextafter the said Proclamacions had and made: And also savyng to all other persones, suche accion right title claymee or interesse, in or to the said londes tenements or other inhereditamentes, as first shall growe remayn or descende or come to theym, after the said fyne engroced and proclamacion made, by force of ony yefte in the taille or by ony other cause or matier had and made by fore the sayd fyne levyed; So that they take their accion or pursue their seid ryght and tytle accordyng to the lawe wythin v. yeres next after suche accion right title clayme or interesse to theym accrued descended remayned fallen or come; And that the said persones and their heyres may have thair said accion ayenst the pernour of the pfytes of the said londes and tenementz and other hereditamentes, tyme of the said accion to be taken: And yf the same persones, at tyme of suche accion right and title accrued descended remayned or come unto theym, [by '] covert de Baron, or wythin age, in prisone, or oute of this londe, or not of hole mynde, That thenne it is ordeyned by the saide auctorite, that their accion right and title to be reserved and saved to theym or to their heires, unto the tyme they come and be at their full age of xxj yeres, out of prisone, wythin this londe, uncovert, and of hole mynde; Soo that they or their heires take theyr said accions or their lawfull entree accordyng to their right and title wythin v. yeres Ex Rot. Parl.

AN ACTE for pclamacons to be made uppon Fynes.

WHERE it is ordeyned, in the tyme of King Edward the first by the Statute de finib3, that notes and Fines to be levyed in the Kingis Courte afore his Justices shuld be openly and solemply radde, and that plees in the mean tyme shall ceace, and this to be doon by two dayes in the weke aftir the discrecion of the Justices; as in the same statute more pleynly apperith: The King considering that Fines ought to be of the grettest strength to avoide stryves and debates and to be finall end and conclusion, and of suche effecte were taken afore a statute made of noun clayme, and nowe is used the contrie to the univsall troble of all the Kingis subgiettis, woll therfor it be ordeyned by thadvyse of the Lordis spuall and temporall and Comens in this psent parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same, that aftir the engrocyng of evy Fyne, to be levyed aftir the fest of Ester that shalbe in the yere of our Lord M' CCCC. lxxxx. in the Kingt' Courte afore his Justices of the comen place, of any londes tenementis or other hereditamentes, the same Fyne be openly and solemply redde and polaymed in the same Courte, the same time and in thre times than next following the same ingrocyng, in the same Court at iiij sevall dayes in evy tme, and in the same tyme that it is so radde and pclaymed all plees ceasse; and the seid pclamacions so had and made, the seid Fine to be finall and end conclude aswell privees as estraunges to the same, excepte Women covt othre than be parties to the seid fine, and evy psone then beyng within age of xxj yeres, in prisone, or oute of this realme, or not of hole mynde, at the tyme of the seid Fyne levied, not parties to suche Fyne: And saving to evy psone or psones and to their heires, othre then the parties in the seid Fine, suche right title clayme and int'esse as they have to or in the seid londes tenementes and othre hereditamentes, tyme of suche fyne ingrocid; So that they pursewe their title clayme or intesse by wey of accion or laufull entre within v. yerez nexte aftir the seid pclamacions hadde and made: And also savyng to all othre psones, such accion right title clayme and in esse, in or to the seid londes tenementes or othre hereditamentis, as first shall growe remayne or descend or come to theym, aftir the seid Fyne ingrocid and pelamacion made, bi force of any yefte in the tayle or by eny othre cause or mater had or made before the seid fyne levied; So that they take their accion or pursue their seid right and title according to the lawe, within v. yeres next aftir suche accion right title clayme or intesse to theym acrued descended remayned fallen or come; And that the seid psones and their heires may have their seid accion ayenst the pnour of the pfites of the seid landes and tents and othre hereditamentis, tyme of the seid accion to be taken: And if the same psones, atte tyme of suche accion right and title accrued descended remayned or come unto theym, be covt de baron, or within age, in prisone, or oute of this land, or not of hole mynde, that then be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that their accion right and title be reserved and saved to theym and their heires, unto the tyme they come and be at their full age of xxj yeres, out of prisone, within this land, uncovt and of hole mynde; So that they or their heires take their seid accions, or their laufull entre according to their right and title, within v. yeres

XXIV.
Rot. Parl.
nu. 53.
Recital of the Stat.
de finibus
27 Edw. I.
stat. 1. C. I.

Fines shall be proclaimed in the Common Pleas, in the Term when levied, and in the Three succeeding Terms.

What Persons shall be concluded by Fines so proclaimed.

Saving to others than Parties, of their Right and Interest.

Saving of reversionary and future Actions, Rights, &c.

If under Disability, after Disability removed.

1 be Rot. Parl.

Ex Rot. Parl.

next after they come and be at their full age, oute of prisone, within this land, uncovt, and of hole mynde, and the same pursue or othre laufull entre take according to the lawe. And also be it ordeyned by thauctorite aforseid, that all suche psones as be covt de baron, not partie to the Fyne, and evy psone beyng within age of xxj yeres, in prisone or out of this lond, or not of hole mynd, atte tyme of the seid Fynes levyed and engroced, and by this seid acte afore excepte, havyng any right or title or cause of accion to any of the seid londes and othre enheritamentes, that they or their heires inheritable to the same take their seid accions or lawfull entre according to their right and title within v. yeres next aftir they come and be of full age of xxj yeres, out of prisone, uncovt, within this land, and of hole mynde, and the same accions sue or their laufull entre take and pursue according to the lawe; And if they do and take not their accions and entre as is aforseid, that they and evy of theym, and their heires and the heires of evy of theym, be concluded by the seid Fines for ev in like forme as they been that be parties and prives to the seid Fynes. Savyng to evy psone and psones, not partie nor prive to the seid Fyne, their exception to avoid the same Fyne by that that those that were parties to the Fine, nor any of theym nor noe psone nor psones to their use ne to thuse of any of theym, had nothing in the landes and tenementes comprised in the seid Fyne atte tyme of the seid Fyne levied. And that it be ordeyned by be seid auctorite be evy Fyne that herafter shalbe levied in any of the Kingis Courtes, of any maners londes tenementes and other possessions, aftir the man use and fourme that Fynes have be levied afore the making of this acte, be of like force effecte and auctorite as Fynes so levied be or were afore the makyng of this Acte; this acte or any othre acte in this psent parlement made or to be made notwithstanding: And that every psone be at his libtie to levie eny Fyne heraftir aftir his pleasure, whedre he woll after the fourme con-

teyned and ordeyned in & by this acte, or after the

man and fourme afore tyme used.

Ex Lib. Scacc. Westm.

next after that they come and be at their full age, out of prison, wythin this londe, uncovert, and of hole mynde, And the same accions pursue or other lawfull entree taken according to the lawe. And also it is ordeyned by thauctorite aforsayd, that all suche persones as be covert de Baron, not partye to the fyne, and every persone beyng wythin age of xxj yeres, in prison or oute of this londe, or not of hole mynde, at tyme of the said fynes levyed and engroced, and by thys sayd acte afore excepte, havyng ony right or title or cause of accion to ony of the said londes and other enhabitamentes, that they or their heires inheritable to the same, take their said accions or lawful entre accordyng to their right and title wythin v. yeres next after they come and be of full age of xxj yeres, out of prison, uncovert, within this londe, and of hole mynde, and the same accions sue or their lawfull entre take and pursue accordyng to the lawe; And if they doo and take not their accions and enter as is afore saide, that they and every of theym, and their heires and the heires of every of theym, be concluded by the said fynes for ever in lyke fourme as they ben that be parties or pryves to the said fynes. Savyng to every persone or persones, not partie nor prive to the said fyne, their excepcion to avoide the same fyne by that that thos that were parties to the fyne, nor ony of theym nor noo persone nor persones to their use ne to the use of ony of theym, had noo thynge in the londes and tenementes comprised in the said fyne at the tyme of the said fyne levyed. And it is ordeyned by the said auctorite that every fyne that hereafter shal be levyed in ony of the Kyngis courtz, of any Maners Londes tenementz and other possessions, after the maner use and fourme that fynes ben levied afore the makyng of this acte, be of like force effecte and auctorite as fynes soo levyed be or were afore the makyng of this acte; (') or ony other acte in this said Parliament made or to be made notwythstondyng: And that every persone be at, his liberte to levye ony fyne hereafter after his pleisure, wheder he wylle after the fourme conteyned and ordeyned in and by this acte, or after the maner and fourme afore tyme used.

this Acte Rot. Parl.

End of the Period of making up The Statute Roll.

Disability
shall sue
within Five
Years after
Disability
removed, or
be barred.

Persons under

Exception that the Parties to the Fine had nothing in the Lands.

Saving of

Fines may hereafter be levied, either at common Law or under this Act.

Not their neitre rake they with actions or their lawful

weeks offendants be raisen have power to ensure of the land. Offences and the sentence of translation advantage and your description was subsequently or the Kinger of the barrier to the property of the property of the state of the sta

Anno 7° HENRICI, VII. A. D.1491.

Er Rotulo Parliamenti de anno regni Regis henrici Septimi, septimo.

STATUTES MADE IN THE SESSION OF PARLIAMENT, BEGUN TO BE HOLDEN AT WESTMINSTER, ON MONDAY THE SEVENTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER, IN THE SEVENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF K. HENRY, VII.

CHAPTER L.

An AcT agaynst Captaynes for not paying theire Soldyers their Wages, and agaynst Soldyers going from their Captaynes wthout licence.

FORASMOCHE as yt is notoriously knowen that the King to his gret costes and charges hath sent his Ambassiatours to Charlis his Adverse of France to her his Ambassiatours to Charlis his Advsarie of Fraunce to have had a convenient peas with hym and to have his right without effusyon of xpen blode, which was refusid; Wherfore the King by the gec of God in whoes handes and disposicion restith all Victorie, hath dernyned hym self to passe of the See in to his Realme of Fraunce and to reduce the possession therof by the seid gace to hym and his heires Kinges of Englond according to his rightfull title, wherby he trustith not only to bring this his Realme to the auncien fame and honour, but also to inriche and set in pfite peace and tranquillite his Subgettis of the same, trustyng that therby the more pte of all xpen Realmes shalbe in the more pfite peace and tranquillite and the better disposed to sve God, whiche cannot be done by all liklihode without Batell aswell on the See as in other places beyonde the See, wherin Almyghty God must be Jugge, in whoes defence may and goodnes the King putteth his full trust above all other thynges; hou be yt many times by thinordinat covetise of Capitaynes reteyned with Princes afore this tyme, gret pte of the noumbre of the Souldeours for whom suche Capitaynes have endentid with Princes, at tyme of nede have lakked of their noumbre of Souldiers, wherby gret jubardies have ensued and irrecupable damages there may ensue yf remedy be not therfore forseen and had: Be yt therfor ordeyned by auctorite of this psent Captains retained parliament that if eny Capteyn be reteyned or herafter shalbe to eve the King on the See or beyonde the See in feet of Werre, which have not his or their hool and pfite noumbre of men and Souldeours according as he shalbe reteyned with the King, or yeve not theym their full Wages w'out [abriggement '] as he shall receyve of the King for theym, except for Jakettis for theym that receive land Wages, that is to sey vj s. viij d. for a yoman and xiij s. iiij d. for a Gentilman for an hole yere, he shall for suche defaute forfeite to the King all his goodes and catalles and their bodies to prison. And that evy Capteyn Petycapteyn and all other havyng under theym retynue of any Souldeour or Souldeours atte Kinges Wages shall uppon the peyn aforeseid pay to their retynue of Souldeour or Souldeours and evy of the same, the Wages ratably as is allowed unto theym by the King oure Sovayn Lord or the Tresorer of his Warres wout lessyng or withdrawing of eny pte therof and for as longe tyme as they shall receyve Wages for theym, this payment unto the seid retynues and evy Souldeour of the same of their Capitaynes and Petycapteyns alweyes win vi daies next and ymmediately after that the seid Capteyn Petycapteyn or other shall have received their Wages of the King or of the Tresorer of his Werres or of their Lordes or Maistres. And yf any Souldeour being no Capteyn ymmediatly reteigned with the King, which herafter shalbe in Wages and reteyned or take any prest to eve the King uppon the See, or uppon the londe beyonde the See, depte oute of the Kinges svices wout licence of his Capteyn that suche departyng be taken demed and ajuged felony, and that he so offendyng suffre for the seid offence punysshement and execucion of felony: And for asmoche as his offence stretchith to the hurt and jopdie of the King oure Sovayn Lord, the nobles of the Realme and of all the coen wele therof, that therfor he or they so offendyng enjoye not the benefice of his Clergie.

to serve the King beyond Sea shall have their whole Number of Men, and pay them their full Wages. Punishment for Neglect; Forfeiture of Goods and Captains, &c. shall pay the Wages to Soldiers, without Abatement, and within a certain Time after Receipt.

Soldiers deserting, declared guilty of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

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Vol. II.

7 A

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T.

i

Justices of the Peace may inquire Place of Trial.

III Captains not to be answerable for Deficiencies occasioned by Death or Desertion.

AND that it be ordeyned by the seid auctorite that (') the Justicez of the peas of evy Shire of Englond where eny suche offendours be taken have power to enquere of the seid Offences, and the same to here and det myn as they do and may do of felonyes trespasses and other offence expssid in the Kinges Comyssion to they made, as though the seid Offence were done in the same Shire. And also that the seid deptyng of suche Souldeours and also theyr reteyners if yt be t*versid be tried in the same Shire where they be for suche cause arrested and arreigned.

Provided always that no Capteyn be charged by this acte for lakke of his noumbre reteyned as is above seid whoes Souldeours shall happe to dye or other wise depte not in the defaute of the Capteyn; So that the seid Capteyn if he be at land wages shewe the deptyng or lakkyng of his Souldeour win x. daies after the lakkyng of the seid Souldeour unto the Tresorer of the Werres; Or if the Capteyn be at See Wages, yf he shewe the depting or lacking of the (1) Souldeour so lacking, to the Admyrall of the Navy where he is reteyned, atte next metyng with the seid Admyrall.

Motello Barkamenti de anno regni Elegio Benrici Septimo, deptimo, CHAPTER II. (3)

An Act for dyvers privilege to be graunted to psons being in the Kinge Warrs.

WHERE by the gace of Almyghty God the King oure Sovayn Lord intendeth in his most Royall pson to take his viage Royall in to the [lond 1] of Fraunce ageyn his auncient enmyes of the same Realme, accompanyed in the seid Viage with gret multitude of the most honorable actif psons and true subgett? of this his Realme of Englond, aswell for the defence of his most noble pson as for the defence of theym self and of all the inhitantes win this his seid Realme of Inglond to the high laude fame and preyse of the King oure Sovayn Lord and of all thoes which shall accompany hym in the seid Viage either by see or lond: Wherfor the King oure Sovayn Lord by thadvyce and assent of the lordes spuelx and temporelx and the Comens of this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, enacteth ordeyneth and establissheth that evy pson of what condicion or degre he be of being or herafter shalbe in oure seid Sovayn Lord the Kinges Wages beyonde the See or on the See at his pleso' have the pteccion of pfectur or moratur cum clausa volum9; And that the seid pteccion be allowed in all the Kingf Courtes and other Courtes where the seid pteccions shalbe pleded or leyed for any of the seid psons in all plees; plees of Dowre in the Writte of Dowre unde nichil fiet, quare impedit and assise of darreign psentment except. Provided that this acte be not available to eny pson for any entre syn the first day of this psent parliament.

II.

Persons in the

profectur' or

moratur', cum clausa volumus.

Allowance of

Protection.

King's Service beyond Sea, shall have Protections of

Judgements shall not prejudice them if Reversioners or Remainder-men.

They shall be as Minors, as to Descents.

They may make Attornies.

IV.

They shall have Licences of Alienation, without Fee or Fine, for the Intent of making their Wills. Feoffees to the Use of their Wills shall hold their Lands, after their Death or Return, for limited Terms for Performance of their Wills, &c.

Also be yt enacted that the Jugement? to be yeven frome [thensforth 5] in suche assise arreigned or to be arreigned shall not be pjudiciall to eny of the seid psons, so being in the svice of oure Sovayn Lord the King as is aforeseid, which have any thing in Revsion or remaynder in londes or tentis wherof suche assise be arreigned, yf the name of thoes psons which be in revision or the remaynder of suche londes and tentis be not in the seid Assisse, but that the seid Jugement be ayenst theym all voide.

Also be it enacted that yf any discent of any londes or tentis or any ob' right or inheritament? be to any pson or psons being within this Realme or elswhere, That b' discent be not gretter in effecte to the damages or hurt of the seid psons being in the Kinge svice as is aforeseid, then yf the seid psons in the Kinge svice so being were win thage of xxj yeres.

Also be yt enacted by the same auctorite that evy of the psons passing in the seid viage may by their wrytynge under their Seale make their Attorney to entre into all [thos or] londes and tenement? rentes and svices which to theym be commen by discent reverter or remaynder; And also to do alman of suytes as well sute vice as sute [Riall 7] and to make feoffamentis of londes, and to make gount? of Rentis revisions and svices, and also to attourne and all other thing? to do according to thentent and effect of his Warrant for and in his name as plently and frely as he hymself shuld do, aswell where that the seid Warrant of Attourney is made beyonde the See as on this [half; 8] And yf yt fortune that in the execucion of any Article comprised in the seid Warrant any man will tovers that the seid Warrant is not the dede of hym that is named to be the maker of the seid Warrant, then that issue shalbe tried where the Attourney named in the seid Warrant put the seid Article in execucion; The seid Orden nce to endure and be available to evy of the seid psons as longe as he abideth so in the King? Wages.

BE YT ALSO ordeyned be the same auctorite that they and their feoffes to the use of evy of theym may have and have licence under the Kinge grete Seale wout any fyne or fee by theym to be payed to make feoffementis alienacion and guntf of their honours Castels Maners londes and tentis Rentes evices annuities and other their inhereditamentf and possessions with their appo'tenance according to the right title and intesse that they or any of theym have in the same to suche as shall pleas theym; And the same feoffes to receyve the same hono's Castels and other the pmysses of what man of estate shall pleas theym accordyng to their seid in esse, to that intent that they therof may make their willes for payment of their dettis rentes charges and other thing?. And yf it happe eny suche owno' to whos use the seid feoffement shalbe made to dye duryng the seid viage and in the seid svice being with the King his heire being win age, That all suche feoffes or other suche psons as the same feoffoure or ownor shall depute and assigne, shall have the

¹ all
2 said
4 Realm
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In some Printed Copies this is divided into Two Chapters, and numbered II. and III. Chapter III. beginning at Sect. V.

8 Some Printed Copies read behalfe.

same hono's Castels and other the pmysses with thappo'ten'nc? to the use and pfourmyng of the Wille of the same pson or owno' that so [dissesith,'] ymmediatly frome the deth of the seid pson or owno' so dying during the time of iiij yeres than next ensuyng after his deth; And yf any suche psone come or retorne with the King, that the same feosses or suche psons as the same owner shall depute, shall have the same londes and tentis towardes the pformance of the same (') by iij yeres ymmediatly ensuyng after the same reto'ne; and if eny suche psone so retournyng lyve iij yeres after any suche [turnyng '] or after that the seid iiij yeres afore expssed be expired, that fromthensfourth the same pson his feosses nor executo's nor the same other psons shall take no benefyt nor psite by this acte; but that evy suche feossement frome thensfourth be no lenger in his force strength nor effecte.

And be yt ordeyned by the seid auctorite that the King oure Sovayn Lord have the mariage of the heires being win age of the psons so going with the King in his seid vyage, yf the same pson so going holde of the King any landes be Knyghtes svice tyme of his discease, in like man and fourme as yf this acte had not ben made and in none oder wise, And ov that the pfites of the seid lond duryng the nowne age of any suche heire, after the seid iiij or iij yeres der myned and expired as is aforeseid.

Also be yt enacted by the said auctorite that yf it happen any of the Auncestres of the seid psons so beyng in the Kinges viage to dye holdyng eny londes or tentis or other inhereditament of the King in suche wise as he by the ordre of the coen lawe ought to sue lyve for the same, oute of the Kinges hondes, the seid pson then being in the seid viage and of full age to have licence of the King oure Sovaign Lord to entre by theym or their Attorney into the seid Man's londes and tentis and other inhereditament, and that entre by force of the seid licence be as gode and available to hym and to his heires as though he had sued lyve oute of the Kinge honde of the Pmyssez by cours of the (4) lawe.

Also be yt enacted by the same auctorite that forasmoche as Serjaunt? of Armes that be purposely ordeyned for the psonall attendaunce of the pson of our Sovayn lorde pe King and they to awayte of suche noble psons as shall pleas his Highnes to assigne theym, Therfore yf any Serjaunt of Armes havyng eny fee for the seid office go not with the Kinges gace in this viage of the See havyng no licence of the Kinge Highne under the grete Seale to be oute of the seid Armye, that he forfeite his fee gauntid to him for exersisyng of the seid office.

And that yt be ordeyned by the same auctorite that yf eny psone being seised of eny londes or tentes in fee symple holding of the King in chief be Knightes svice, and make feoffement therof by the King licence as is aforeseid, that the same feoffement be good till the willes of suche pson so goyng with the King be pfourmed, so and under condicion that he dye in svice of the King being beyonde the See.

PROVYDED alwey that the seid feoffement of londes in fee simple be not pjudiciall to theires of suche feffour for any title in taill or to eny other of the Kinge Subgette for any op title to the same before the said feoffement.

Also be yt ordeyned that yf eny pson going ov with the King have covenaunted or shall covenaunt or agree that his son or doughter shall espouse or mary son or doughter of eny pson, that the same coven it or agreement stand good and effectuell ayenst the King and his heires and the King to be excluded of the value of the mariage therof or therfor, though so be any of the same Sonnes or Doughters so to be maried or espoused be win the yeres of consent; So that those espousels be solempnysed in Churche Chapell or Oratory before the King? depting, and so the same pson so going disceas in the King? Svice the King beyond the See.

VI.
Proviso that the
King shall have the
Marriage of Heirs
within Age, and
Profits after the
above Terms
expired.

VII.
Such Persons may
by their Attornies
enter on Lands
descended without
suing Livery.

VIII.
Serjeants at Arms, not attending the King beyond Sea, shall forfeit their Offices.

IX. Feoffments to the Wills of Persons dying in Service shall be performed.

X. Proviso for Heirs in Tail.

Covenants for Marriage of Children by such Persons shall be good against the King.

CHAPTER III.

AN ACTE for Waight and Measures.

To the King oure Sovayn Lord :

RAYEN the Comens in this psent parliament assembled, that where aswell by the Chartre of Magna Carta as by oder divs orden ncf and Statutes made in divse parliament in the tyme of yo' noble pgenitours and Decessours, It hath be ordeyned that oon mesure and one Weight shuld be throughoute all this Realme of Englond, which Weight and Mesure shuld be according to the Standard of yo' Escheker, And that evy Man shuld by and selle by the same and with none oder uppon cteyn peynes and forfeitures lymyted in the seid Statute and Orden nce as in theym more pleynly yt doth appere; Which Statutes and ordening have not in tyme passed ne yet be put in due execucion, Wherfor yo' gace of your most blessid disposicion entendyng reformacion in the Pmissez and that indifferent Justice shuld be had and exercised amonge all yo' Subgette w'in this yo' seid Realme according to theffect of the seid Statute and ordenince, and considering that in divs partes of this yo' seid Realme ther be used mesures and weightes som more large than the seid Standard and som lesse because that the very true mesure of the seid Standard is not to all yo' true lieges verily knowen, at your owne ppre cost and charge have do lette make bothe Weightes and mesures of Brasse according to [the s] very true Standard, Which yt may pleas yo' seid gece by thadvyce and assent of the lordes spuall and temporall in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordeyn stablissh and enact that the seid mesures and weightes of Brasse be delyved to the Citezeins or Burgeises of the chief Cites or Shire Townes or Burghes of evy Shire of this Realme in this parlement nowe being, or to the Chief Officers of evy suche Cites Shire Townes or Burghes where suche Citezens or Burges lak, by Indenture therof to be made betwene the Tresorer of England or Under Tresorer for the tyme being, And the seid Citezens Burgeises or other Chief Officers aforseid so

Measures and Weights of Brass shall be sent to the Chief Officers of every City, Borough, &c.

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Such Officers shall Seal all Weights and Measures; Their Fees;

Penalty for Neglect.

Justices of Peace may hear and determine Defaults. Proclamation shall be made to enforce this Act. theym receiving, saufly to be conveyed to that Cite Towne or Borough that they be of, at the Cost and Charge of the seid Cite Towne or Borough, and to be delyved to the Maire Shiref Baillif or other the Chief Officer of the same, there to rest as your Tresour in the Custodie of the seid Chief Officer of the seid Cite Towne or Borough for the tyme being and of his Successours for ev, to thentent that aswell all mesures and weightes win the seid Cite Towne or Borough as the mesures and weightes win the seid Shire may be correct reformed amended and made according and after the mesure of the seid Standard before the feste of Seynt Mighell tharchangell next comyng. And that the seid Chief Officer for the tyme beyng in evy suche Cite Towne or Borough have for that cause a speciall Marke or Seale, to do marke evy suche Weight and mesure so made to be reformed and brought unto hym wout fraude or delaye. And that he take for his labo' for sealyng of evy Busshell j. d. of evy other mesure ob. of evy C. weight j. d. of evy dī C. ob. and of evy weight under, q, and not above uppon peyn to forfeite for evy tyme that he refusith or dothe the contrie xl. s. the oon half therof to be to you Sovayn Lord and the other half to hym that is greved and will sue in that behalf by accion of Dette to be recoved after the cours of the Coen Lawe, and p' the Defendant in eny suche accion be not receyved to wage his Lawe. And that the Justices of peace in evy Shire of Englond have full auctorite and power to enquere here and det myn the seid defaultes; And ov that, that opyn pclamacion be made in evy Shire of this yo' seid Realme that no man bye ne selle after the seid feste of Seynt Mighell by eny other Weight or mesure than is according to the seid Standard upon suche peynes and forfeitures as is lymyted in the seid Statutes.

CHAPTER IV.

AN ACT that ye challenge called Riens Deyns le gard be noe challenge.

To the King oure Sovayn lord.

Riens deins la garde shall be no good Challenge in any Issue to be tried within London. PRAYEN the Comyns in this psent pliament assembled that where of long tyme used in eny issue to be tried within the Cite of London a chalenge comenly called Riens Deyns le garde hath been admytted for a good chalenge, so that none issue coude be tried in no Warde w'out that there were iiij sufficient psons of lyvelode to the yerely value of xls. above all charges w'in the same Cite, and dwelling or havyng eny lyvelode w'in the same Warde, And it is so nowe, the cause God knoweth why, that there is no Warde or ellis but fewe, and in especiall in plee of lond, that eny pleyntif or demaundaunt canne have sufficient triall in his mater as evydently is knowen for the cause of chalenge aforeseid, for in the most parte of Wardes as now there be none sufficiant, and if any be ther ar none Officers that dare someonde theym, or els if they be someonde they will not appere, their havour is so gret and their afficiament? so litill; That yt pleas yo' most habondaunt g'ce by thadvyce of the lordes spuell and temporell and by the auctorite of this psent parliament to ordeyn for the Coen wele of yo' true subgett? establisshe and enacte that frome hensforth the chalenge comenly callid Riens Deyns le garde be no chalenge but utterly voide and of none effecte: Savyng to evy pson all man of other chalenges what so ev they be according to the lawe.

CHAPTER V.

AN ACTE that Abbottf & Pryors shall paye such quinzime & disme as they ought to paye by an Act in the tyme of King Edw. the Fowerth.

THE King oure Sovain lord remembreth howe aswell his Highnes as divs his pgenitours and pdecessours Kingt of L Englond have made and gauntid aswell uppon feyned suggestions as other wise to dyvers Abbottes Priours Gardeyns Kepers Maisters and Rulers or Sovayns of spuall places and to their successours divs and many grunt? and fres patents that they and their successours and their tenents and svaunts Resceaunts uppon their londes and tentis, and also all londes and tente rente godes and catalles of theym and of their seid tenente and svaunte whatsoed Resceaunt uppon their seid londes and tentis shalbe quyte and discharged of all quinzimes and dismes and other quotes taxes and tallages by the Colalte of this his Realme in any wise gunted or to be guntid, by color of which gaunt and tres patent the [gaunt afore seid nowe in late daies have asked and yet aske deduccions and allowaunc at evy quinzime and disme guntid unto oure seid sovayn lord the King of moche gretter and more excessive sommes of money then hath ben allowed or deducted unto theym by reason of their seid g'unt? tyme passed; Wherethrugh evy quinzime and disme to the King before this tyme gountid and herafter to be gountid is and of liklyhode shalbe gretly mynysshed and lessed, and the pore Comen people of this Realme somoche the more grevosly assessed and charged to the same quinzimez and dismez, Remembreth that the bering and employing therof [most 1] aswell be to the Relief of theym and their seid ten nte fermours and sv nte that have suche gunte and tres patente as to other of his Subgette, hath therfor by thassent and advyse of the lordes spuall and temporell and of the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same pliament, ordeyned enacted and establisshed that the said Abbottes Priours Gardeyns Kepers Maisters and Rulers or Sovayns of spuall places nor none of theym, nor none op whatsoed havyng suche tres or gunte have fromhensforth by reason of the seid tres patent? and gunt? any allowaunce deduccion or acquyteill of eny more or gretter sumes of money at eny suche Quinzime and dysme guntid or herafter to be guntid except only of suche and asmoche sumes of money as hath been deducted and allowed to or for theym or any of theym by reason or

Letters Patent to Spiritual Persons, to be discharged of Dismes and Quinzimes, shall extend no further than in the Time of King Edward IV.

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force of the seid g'unt? and tres patent? in the tyme of King Edward the fourth at suche quinzime and disme to hym gunted and payed; the seid gunte and trez patente or eny acte statute or ordenunce before this tyme in any wise made or ordevned natwistandyng.

PROVVDED alway that this acte or orden nee extende not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurte to any oure gunte or gaunt or tres patent bering date the xij day of Decembr in the first yere of our reign, made unto the Bailliffe Burgeises Men Colaltie and Inhitaunt? of the Towne of Salop called otherwise the Towne of Shrewesbury; but that oure seid gount and gountes and fres patentes and evy thing therin conteyned be and stonde good and effectuell after the tenure and purport of the same; The seid acte and orden nce or any thing therin conteigned notwistonding.

II. Proviso for

CHAPTER VI. Swile on now and on lo has ablow effection anymailment

Conta Scotos.

THE KING oure Sovayn Lord hath had to his gret coste and charge many assembles and commynycacions with the King of Scotte for amyte trewes and peas to be had and obfved betwixe his Highnes and his subgette on the cone part, and the King of Scotte and his Subgette on be other part, but what accorde or agreement so ev be taken and concluded, suche accorde and aggreement for the part of the seid King of Scotte [yt '] is ev under their surest pmyse broken and not kept, For the which it is better to be with theym at opyn werre than under such a feyned peas; Wherfor the King oure Sovayn Lord by thadvyce and assent of the lordes spuelx and temporelx and the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same enacteth, that all Scott dwellyng within this Realme of England and Wales not made or herafter (1) be made denezyn avoyde oute of this Realme within xl. daies after pclamacion made win the Shire where they dwelle, uppon peyn of forfeiture of all their godes and catalles and their bodies to prison. And ov this that ymmediatly after the seid xl. daies serche be made in evy Cite Borough and hundred of Englond and Wales for suche Scotte by the Constables of the same, and yf any may be founde that they and evy of theym be taken and arrested and their godes seased to the Kinge use, and frome the seid Cite Borough or Hundred where they be taken to be by the seid Constables conveyed the next wey toward Scotland unto the next hundred, and there the Constables of the seid next Hundred to resceyve theym and so conveie the seid Scott? the next wey toward Scotlond unto the next Hundred, and so frome Hundred to Hundred till they be brought into Scotlond, in like man and fourme as abjured men for felony be used to be conveyed frome the Seyntwarie wherin they abjure unto the port to theym assigned. And furthermore that it be ordeyned by the seid auctoritie that yf defaulte be in the Constables of eny Cite Borough or Hundred in makyng of due serche after open polamacion made in this behalve, or in any Constables in dewe conveyance of the seid Scottis toward and into Scotlond that they and evy of theym being in suche defaulte forfeite to the King xx"s. Savyng to the Lordes of frauncheys and to evy of theym suche right and intesse as they have in any suche godes and cattalles.

All Scots not made Denizens shall depart the Realm within Forty Days after Proclamation; upon Pain of Forfeiture of all their Goods.

Search for them, &c. by Conftables.

Penalty on Neglect

CHAPTER VII.

An AcT to paye Custome for every butt of Malmesey.

To the Kyng our Soveyn Lord:

PRAIEN the Comens in this pent parliament assembled that where of tyme that no mynd is, yo' Navie hath ben mayntened passing the Streittes of Marrokys and so to different in the comens in this pent parliament assembled that where of tyme that no mynd is, yo' Navie hath ben mayntened passing the Streittes of Marrokys and so to divs portis in those parties to the univsall increace of your seid Navye michaunt? and maryners, and in especiall by ladyng of Malmeseys in the port of Candy which pteyneth to the lordship of Venice; Where nowe the Veniciens within thies ij yere last past have made a statute and ordinaunce for thencreace of the seid lordship of Venice and mayntenaunce of theymself and their Navye & maryners, that noon of your seid Navye nor maryners shuld lade in the seid porte of Candy any Malmeseys to be conveyed in to this youre realme of Englond, without that your seid marchauntis paye a newe custume for evy Butte of Malmesey so laden iiij dokattis of gold, whiche amounteth to xviij s. sterling money ov and above all othre custumes and charges afore that tyme used, which is greate hurte to youre seid besechers without speciall remedy be had by your noble and speciall grace, Please it p for your moste habundant gece by thadvyce and assent of the lordis spuall and tempall and of the Comens in this your psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to enacte & stablissh b' from hensforth the Malmeseys that shalbe brought in to this your realme of Englond by any psone shalbe of full gauge conteynyng vjx and vj galons at the lest in mesure; And if it lacke of the seid gauge, that than the Seller to abate somoche of the price after the rate of the seid content. And that evy michant straunger bringing suche Malmeseys into this Realme shall pay to your grace the custumes of xviijs. for a Butte of Malmesey of and above the custume afore tyme to your grace used to be paied, likewise as they of Venice have sette in Candy uppon youre forseid Subgiettis. And more ov that it be inacted and stablisshed by thauctorite aforsaid from hensforth that no butte or buttes of Malmeseys in vessell Price of Malmesey or in vessels that shalbe brought in to this your seid realme shall be sold above iiij ti. sterling.

A new Duty of Candy, by the Venetians, on Butts of Malmesey;

Butts of Malmesey imported shall contain 126 Gallons.

Aliens shall pay additional Import Duty. per Butt ; # 4.

PROVIDED allwey that this acte extend not to any Englissh man borne touching the newe custume above reherced of xviii s. And that this psent acte endure no leng! than they of Venice shall sette aside the imposicion of the of Act, &c. payment of the iiij Ducates aforseid.

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CHAPTER VIII.

All Letters Patent to Thomas Crofte, of the Rangership of Whichwood Forest, and other Offices, made void.

ORASMUCHE as Thomas Crofte commytted a detestable murdre within the Marches of Wales at the tyme of the beyng of the Kynge our Soveign Lordis late pgresse, and therupon is fledde and hath taken the Sayntuary of Beaudeley; be it ordeyned stablisshed and enacted by the Kyng oure said Soveign Lord by thassent of the Lordys spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctoritie of the same, that all fres patentes yiftes and grauntes made by the Kyng our seid Soveign Lord unto the said Thomas Crofte of thoffice of the Rangership of the Forest of Whichwode in the Countie of Oxon and of evy othre office and offices which he had, aswell within the Realme of Englond as in Wales and the Marches of the same, by what so ev name or names the same Thomas Crofte be named or called in the seid tres patentes yiftes or grauntes, or the same offices or any of theym be named or callid in any suche tres patentes yiftes or grauntes, be from the first day of this psent parliament utterly voide and of no force vtue ne effect.

CHAPTER IX.

Orford.

PRAYEN the Comens in this psent parliament assembled, that where within the Nasse and Haven of Orford in the Countie of Suff there is yerely grete multitude of Spawne and broode of all mail fysshes of the See whiche there shuld naturally and largely increas and multiplie if they myght by space and tyme convenient there be suffred to continue; And where in late dayes for a singuler covetise and lucre in takyng of a fewe grete fisshes, cteyn psones have used to ordeyn and sette cteyn bootes callid Stallbootes festened with ankers havyng with theym suche mail unlefull nettes and ingynes that aswell grete habundaunce of all mail of frie and broode of divs kyndes of fisshe in the said Haven multiplied, as grete fisshes unseosonable have be taken and destroied wt which fisshe and broode so taken the seid psones with greate parte therof have fedde their hogges and the residue therof they buried in grete pittes in the grounde in eschewing of grete infeccions of ayer, whiche hath of long tyme caused grette scarcite and bareynes of fissh in that Countre, to the grete hurte and impovysshing of your people whiche in tymes past had grete plente; Wherfor as well for the grete pfite of your Subgettis and inhitauntes nygh adjoynyng to the said Nasse and Havyn as for the grete pfite and comforte of all youre Subgettis and inflitauntes within the Counties of Norff and Suff by auctorite of your parliament holden at Westm the xiij day of Januarie the iiijth yere of yor most noble reigne, yt was enacted ordeyned and establisshed by auctorite of the same Parliament, that all suche stallebotes nettes and ingynes aforeseid frome the first day of Aprill that was in the yere of oure Lorde God MICCCC Ixxxx. shuld not be occupied nor used for the destroying or taking of any frye or broode of fysshe within the Haven or Nasse aforeseyd uppon peyn of forfeiture of x ii. at evy tyme that any pson shuld happyn to do contrie to that seid ordenance, the one half therof to be to yor Highnes and the oder half to hym that shulde happyn to fynde the seid forfeiture and shewe the same in yor Escheker by informacion there to be delmyned after the cours of the same Court : And ov that yt was ordeyned by auctorite of yo' parliament aforeseid that the Justices of peas of the seid Counties of Norff and Suff for the tyme being, shuld have auctorite and power to inquere in theire sevall Sessions of all the Botes Nettes and Ingynes used and occupied conterie to the seid ordenence, and the offenders therin before theym psented to punyssh as by their discrecions shuld be thought laufull and resonable, And that the seid Acte and Ordenance shuld endure and take effect till the begynnyng of the next parliament ensuyng, as by the same ace more pleynly apperith; by force of which Ace and ordenance the seid stalle Botes Nettes and Ingynes have be hidderto withdrawen and abated and grete plente of fysshe frye and broode of fysshe hathe in this meane tyme gretly be multiplied and encreased to the grete pfite comforte and releef aswell to the people of the seid Counties of Norff and Suff as to the people of many oder Contrees as well apperith by opyn experience, and yet more largely shall encreace by fyrder continuance; And forasmoche as the seid Acte of Parliament was ordeyned, no fyrder to stand in effect then to the first day of this psent parliament; Pleas it therfore yo' most noble Grace by thadvyce and assent of the Lordes spuall and temporall in this psent parliament assemblid and by auctorite of the same, in consideracion of the pmysses to ordeyn establish and enacte, that the seid Acte and orden nce in the seid last Parliament made and ordeyned may alway stand contynewe and endure in plite strenght and effecte.

Recital of Statute 4 Hen. VII. c. 21. whereby Stallboots and unlawful Nets and Engines for the taking of Fish in the Haven of Orford, were prohibited;

Good Effects of the said Act:

The same made perpetual.

CHAPTER X.

[See post C. XXIV. of this Session; Repeal of this A8.]

AN ACTE that noe psons outlawed win the County of Lancaster should forfeyt any of his lande or goode in any other Shire but in the same Shire.

Recital of Statute 20 Hen. VI. c. 2;

To the Kyng oure liege Lord:

PRAYEN the Coens in this psent parliament assembled, that where in the parliament holden at Westm in the xx. yere of the reign of your noble Uncle of blessid memory Kyng Henry the vjte, it was ordeyned by auctorite of the same parliament, that noon of his lieges ayenst whom an exigent shuld be awarded or utlarie pnounced atte sute of the king or atte sute of ptie in any tyme then to come in the Countie of Lancastr, shuld forfeite any of his goodis or catalles londis or tentis in any othre Shire, but onely the goodes or catelles londis and tentis the whiche the psones so outlawed or they ayenst whom suche exigent shuld be awarded in the seid Countie of Lancastr have in the same Countie; And that by reason of any suche outlawry atte sute of the King or atte sute of any othre psone pnounced within the seid Countie of Lancasti, shuld not be barred ne disabled of any mail accion ner to clayme any mail of enheritaunce oute of the same Countie ner disabled to pursewe eny man accion oute of the same Countie, notwithstanding suche

This and the additional Chapters of this Session which follow, are now for the first Time printed. Former printed Collections of the Statutes of this Year ended with Chapter VII.

outlarie ayenst him prounced; Which Statute was ordeyned and made to endure for cteyn yeres: And aftirward in a parlement holden made perpetual by at Redyng in the xxxj yere of the reign of your seid noble Uncle it was thought by the Comens then the seid statute to be right 31 Hen. VI. c. 6; necessarie resonable and pfitable at their speciall request and desire it was ordeyned and stablisshed by auctorite of the same parlement that the forseid statute made the seid xx. yere shuld be in his force and vtue fro thens ppetuelly to endure: but repealed by Yet notwithstanding in a parlement holden at Westm the xxxiij yere of the same King Henry the vjte by suggestion unresonable & sinistre labours of psones not best disposed for their own singuler avauntage it was ordeyned and graunted that the seid Statute at Redyng made shuld be adnulled and voide, to the grete pludice grugge singler hurte and jeopdie of all your seid true lieges and Coens oute of the seid Shire of Lancastr inhiting; Wherfor please it your Highnesse of your moost habundaunt grace for the wele and suertie of your seid Coens that by auctorite of this psent parlement it may be stablisshed ordeyned and enacted, that aswell the seid Statute made the xx. yere aforseid, as the same Statute made at Redyng the seid xxxj yere, be and stand in his full force and effecte fro the first day of Septembr the vj yere of your moost noble reigne ppetuelly to endure; the seid adnullacon in the parlement holden the seid xxxiij yere made notwithstanding; And your seid true Coens shall pray to God for the pservacion of your moost noble

The said Two firstmentioned Statutes made perpetual.

CHAPTER XI.

the Wurship of God; We your Comens by your high commaundement comen to this your Psent Parlement for the Shires Citees and Burghes of this your noble realme, calling to our remembraunce the grete continued zele love and tendirnes whiche your roiall psone hath to defend this your realme and all your subgettis of the same, not eschewing any jeopdie or pill that myght ensue to the same your roiall psone, as right largely on your behalf afore this tyme in this your seid Parlement hath ben opened and shewed unto us, and that ye vily intendyng as we undirstand to aredie your self by all meanes to you possible for that cause, in your moste noble psone to goo depte and passe and to invade upon your and our auncien ennemyes with an Armee roiall to and in the parties outeward ov and beyond the See, to subdue by the myght of God your and our seid auncien ennemyes to the wele of you and pspite of this your realme; So bt your seid Highnes myght have theryn of us your seid Comens lovyng assistence; For the whiche We your seid Comens by thassent of the Lordis spuall and tempall in this your psent parlement assembled graunten by this psent indenture to you our Soveign liege Lord for the necessarie defence of this your said realme, and us your seid true subgettis of the same, ij hoole xymes and xmes To be had paied taken and levied of the movable goodes catalles and othre thinges usuelly to suche xvmes and xmes contributory and chargeable within the Shires Citees Burghes and Townes and othre places of this your seid realme in mail and fourme aforetyme used; Excepte the some of xij M1 ii. therof fully to be deducte that is to sey, vj M1 ii. of either of the said ij hoole xvmes and xmer of the some that a xvme and xme atteyneth unto, in relief comfort and discharge of the pore Townes Citees and Burghes of this your seid Realme wasted desolate or destroied, or ov gretely impovysshed, or ellis to suche xvme and xme overetly charged: The same some of xij M1 ti. of the seid ii hoole xymes and xmes that is to sey sevally for evy of the seid xvmes and xmes vj Mi fi. aftir suche rate as was afore this tyme made to evy Shire, to be divided in suche maner and fourme as in and upon the last graunte unto your Highnes as for oon xvme and xme was had and divided; Excepte also that the laie pepull and inhitauntes within the Shire of the Citie of Lincoln suburbes and pcincle therof, and the laie pepull and inhitauntes within the Town of Grete Yernemuth in the Shire of Norff or either of theym, or eny of theym for the goodes and catelles and othre thinges of theirs being win the seid Shire of the seid Citie of Lincoln the suburbes and pcincte therof, or within the seid Towne of Grete Yernemuth and pcincle therof, to the payment of the seid ij hoole xymez and xmez or eny parte therof in eny wise be not arted nor compellid, but that they and evy of theym in the fourme aboveseid of this graunte and evy parte therof be utterly quite and discharged: Excepte also that the laie pepull and inhitauntes win the Boroughe of Newe Shoreham in the Shire of Sussex nowe gretely wasted by the See, to the payment of the seid ij hoole xvmes and xmes or eny parte therof concaying the movable goodes and Shoreham. catelles or othre thinges of the laie pepull inhitauntes within the seid Burgh of Newe Shorehom beyng, beforce of this graunte be not arted ner compelled, but be therof utterly quite and discharged. Also forseen that this psent graunte extend not ner in any wise be pjudiciall to the Maire Bailifs and Cotaltie ner their Successours of the Towne of Cambrigge, as to or for eny othre charge for eny xvme and xme as is aforseid, but aftir the rate that was sette by an Acte made by auctorite of a Parlement holden in the thirde yere of the reign of King Edward the iiijth that is to sey; xx fi. to the graunte of eny hoole xvme and xme; but that they of eny othre gretter charge than in the seid acte is specified be and stand utterly quite and discharged, this psent graunte notwithstanding; The seid ij hoole xvmes and xmes, the excepcions and deduccions aforseid therupon had, to be paied in man and fourme following that is to sey; the oon hoole xvme and xme to be paied the first day of Aprill next comyng: The othre second hoole xvme and xme to be paied in the fest of Seynt Martyn in Wynter whiche shalbe in the yere of our Lorde God MI CCCC lxxxxij.

AND ov this if your seid Roiall psone goe depte passe and invade upon your and our seid auncien ennemyes with your seid armee roiall to and in the pties of and beyond the See for the causes aforseid, and also if youre seid noble psone or armee there so continue aftir your arryvall in the seid pties beyond the See by the space of viij monethes then next following; We your seid Comens by the seid assent graunten than to you our seid Soveign Lord by this psent indenture for the necessarie defence aboveseid, oon othre hoole xyme and xme ov and beside the seid othre ij xymes and xmes to be had paied taken and levied of the moeyable goodes another Fifteenth catelles and othre thinges usually to suche xvme and xme contributorye and chargeable within the Shires Citees Burghes Townes and and Tenth; othre places of this your seid realme in mahl and fourme afore tyme used; Excepte the some of vj M1 ti. of the seid xyme and xme therof fully to be deducte, that is to sey of the some that the seid xvme and xme atteyneth unto in relief and discharge of the pore Townes Citees and Burghes of this your seid realme wasted desolate or destroyed or ov gretly impovysshed, or ellis to suche xvme and xme ov gretly charged; The same some of vj M1 ti. aftir suche rate as was afore this tyme made to evy Shire to be divided in suche mail and fourme as in and upon the laste graunte unto your Highnes as for oon xvme and xme was had and divided: Except also that the laie pepull and inhitauntes win the Shire of the Citie of Lincoln suburbes and prinche therof, and the laie pepull and inhitauntes within the Towne of Grete Yernemuth in the Shire of Norff, or either of theym or eny of theym for the goodes and catelles and othre thinges of theirs beyng within the seid Shire of the seid Citie of Lincoln the suburbes and pcincte therof, or within the seid Towne of Grete Yernemuth and poincte therof, to the payment of the seid thirde xvme and xme or eny parte therof in eny wise be not arted

A Grant to the King of Two whole enths and Tenths to be levied of moveable Goods and Chattels and other Things usually contributory.

each Fifteenth and Tenth of the Sum of £6,000. to be divided to each Shire in such Manner as on the last Grant.

Exemption of the Lincoln and Great Yarmouth; And of New

The Town of Cambridge shall be charged £20. only;

In the Event of the King passing over and staying Eight Sea, a Grant of

With Deductions.

ner compelled but that they and evy of theym in the fourme aboveseid of this graunte and evy parte therof be utterly quite and discharged: Excepte also that the laie pepull and inhitauntes within the Borough of Newe Shoreham in the Shire of Sussex nowe gretly wasted by the See, to the payment of the seid last xvme and xme or eny parte therof concurring the movable goodes and catelles or othre thinges of the laie pepull inhitauntes within the seid Borough of Newe Shoreham beyng, beforce of this grunte be not arted ner compelled, but be therof utterly quite and discharged: Also forseen that this psente graunte extende not ner in eny wise be pjudiciall to the Maire Baillifs and Collider ner their Successours of the Town of Cambrigge as to or for eny othre charge for eny xvme and xme as is aforseid, but aftir the rate that was sette by an Acte made by auctoritie of a parlement holden in the third yere of the reign of King Edward the fourth, that is to sey, xxti. to the grunte of evy hoole xvme and xme, but that they of eny othre gretter charge than in the seid acte is specified, be and stond utterly quite and discharged; this present grunte notwithstanding; The seid third xvme and xme, condicions excepcions and deduccions aforseid therupon forseen had and pserved, to be paied in mail and fourme following that is to sey, in the fest of Seynt Martyn in Wynter whiche shall be in the yere of oure Lord God M¹CCCC lxxxxiij.

Time of Payment.

No Member of Parliament, &c. shall be a Collector. No Collector of one Fifteenth shall be Collector of

another.

IV.
Collectors shall be quit of Fees in the Exchequer, and shall have usual Allowance on their Accompts.

V.
Members of
Parliament, and
others, taking
Money for the
Appointment of
the Collectors, shall
be committed to
Ward by the
Chancellor.

VI. Knights for the Shires shall certify into Chancery the Names of the Collectors.

VII.
Justices of the
Peace may hear and
determine Complaints against
Collectors for not
allowing proper
Deductions and
Abatements.

And on this be it ordeyned by auctorite of this psent Parlement, that no pson comen by your high comaundement to this your psent parlement for eny Shire Citie Borough Porte or other place of this your realme, Clerkis and Ministres upon the same attending, be in eny wise made Collectour of the seid xymes and xmes or eny pte of theym or eny of theym, but of suche collection be utterly quite and discharged; And that no psone that was Collectour of the last xyme and xme next afore this psent Parlement to your Highnes graunted, be made Collectour of the nexte xyme and xme by this psent indenture graunted, nor be arted or compelled in that behalf to make eny collection of the same, but for their labour by theym before tyme doon, be of the next collection utterly quite and discharged: And also that no Collectour be charged of eny Collection of ij xymes and xmes togiders oon ymmediatly suyng anothre by this psent indenture graunted.

And ferther be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that suche Collectours and evy of theym as shalbe assigned for the Collection of the seid xymes and xmes, upon the making of their accomptes in your Escheker be quite and discharged in the same Escheker for payment of all mail fees and rewardes there to be asked concaying the same accomptes and evy parte therof; And also that the seid Collectours and evy of theym have like allowance upon their accomptes of fees wages and rewardes for their collection of the seid xymes and xmes and in as large mail and fourme as eny Collectour or Collectours of such xymes and xmes have had at eny season in tyme passed.

And also be it ordeyned by thauctorite aforseid, that if eny of the Knightis of eny of the Shires or eny Citezin or Burgeis comen to this psent Parlement or eny othre psone havyng auctorite to name eny Collectours, take eny Money or othre reward for sparing or forberyng to make eny psone or psones Collectour or Collectours for gedering of the seid xvmes and xmes by this acte graunted, that then that sufficiently pved before the Chaunceller of Englond for the tyme beyng by examinacion pves or othrewise, that the same Chaunceller pen shall have auctorite to commytte evy of the seid Knyghtis of the Shire Citezins and Burgeises and evy othre psone havyng the auctorite aforseid so founde in that defaute to Warde, there to remayn aftir the discrecion of the seid Chaunceller and unto the tyme he have satisfied the partie x. tymes so much of his or their receites or rewardes, and ferthir to do by his discrecion unto the tyme that he or they have made fyne to the Kyng for the contempt.

And also be it ordered by the seid auctorite that the seid Knyghtis for every Shire citific into your Chauncy the names of all suche psones as by theym in evy Shire shalbe deputed to be Collectours of the seid first hoole xvme and xme on this side the Oeptas of the fest of Purificacion of our Lady nowe next comyng; And for the othre ij xvme and xme to be citified on this side the Mois of Ester then next following.

And for asmuche as diverse Collectours afore this tyme in cteyn Shires and othre places of this your Realme, have refused and wold not make deduccion and abatement as it was sette had and made according to the graunte therof, but the hoole somes of xvme and xme upon divs Townes and Boroughs lymyted and sette, have levied and rered, to the grete grugge and hurte of the inhitauntes of the seid Townes and othre places, And the somes of suche deduccion and abatement by theym so levied, to theire ppre use in divs places wrongfully have applied; It is therfor by the seld advyse and assent ordeyned that if any of the Collectours for the levie of the seid xvmes and xmes nowe graunted, deputed, refuse to allowe eny deduccion or abatement before tyme allowed and made, and reare more some than in that partie owe to be areared in or upon eny Town or place, that then evy of the Justices of the Peas of the Shire or othre place where suche hurte or wronge shall happe to be doon, at the compleynt of the Constable or other Officer of the seid Town or place in the name of any partie so hurted or wronged have power to here and definine suche compleynt aswell by examinacion as by bille or otherwise, and therin to doo as by him shalbe thought convenient and resonable for the punyshement of the same.

CHAPTER XII.

D Feoffamento Regis.

Intended Departure of the King into France, to War; PORSOMUCHE as it is notoriously knowen hou the Kyng to his grete cost and charge hath sent divs ambassiates to his auncien enemy of Fraunce to have had a pfite peax betwixt theym, Wherby he trusted to have sette his realme in tranquillite and peax whiche was refused, and undre that feyned tretie hath opteyned the Duchie of Britayn and intendeth ferther to annoye othre parties that be with the Kyng in aliaunce, and so by land and water in his mynd to distroie this Realme, trusting by long continuance of Werre to waste and so empovrish this lond that it shall not be in power to defend him; Wherfor for the suertie and defence of this his realme and subgettis of the same, he hath definined himself with the grace of God to take his voiage into his realme of Fraunce, Trusting in God sithen he is thus compelled for the suertie of his seid Realme to reduce his realme of Fraunce to his possession according to his right and title; Yit his Highnes remembreth as a Xpen prince, hou deth is due to evy creature born in this world and the tyme therof uncerteyn, and that evy gode dede here or in anothre World shalbe rewarded, and evy evill dede to be punysshed, entendith to pvyde and ordeyn hou his dettis may be paied, his children unavanced to be prered, dedis of charite and memorialle to be doon for him to the laude and honour of God and for the wele of his soule; And hou be it that by his lawe he may put in feoffement for the pfourmyng of his last Will aswell suche honours castely lordships manours londis tentes and othre his possessions

as he is seised of in the right of his Crowne as othirwise, yit his Highnes semeth most convenient and consonaunt to pserve the possessions of the Crown hoolly and entierly without any sevaunce or decreasing therof, and for thencreasing of the possession of the Croun of England he to his grete charge hath purchased to him and his heires of his body begoten in many grete honnours lordships maners possessions londis and tentes of grete and notable yerely value, as apperith by divs matiers of record, whiche his seid heires Kingis of Englond shall have and enjoye; And for the pfite Execucion stablishment and pfo'myng of his seid last wille, his Highnesse the xx. day of Feverer the vij yere of his reign by thadvyse and assent of the Lordis spuall and tempell and Comons in this Psent parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same, willeth ordeyneth and enacteth that John Archbisshop of Caunterbury Pimate and Chaunceller of all Englond, Thomas Archbisshop of York, Jasper Duc of Bed, Peers Bisshop of Winchestre John Bisshop of Ely, Richard Bisshop of Exon, Edmond Bisshop of Rouchestr, Thomas Erle of Arundell, John Erle of Oxonford, George Erle of Shrowesbury, Thomas Erle of Surrey, John Vicount Welles, John Lord Dynham Tresourer of England Knyght, Giles Lord Daubeney Knyght, William Huse Knyght, Oliver Kyng Clerk, John Cheyne Knyght, Gilbert Talbot Knyght, Thomas Mountgomerey Knyght, Reynold Bray Knyght, John Savage Knyght, James Blount Knyght, Richard Guylford Knyght, Thomas Lovell Knyght and John Rysley Knyght fro the same xx. daye have holde enjoye and possede the honnour castell and Lordship of Lancastr and Clydrow with the membres and appurtenaunces of the same, and all Manours lordships landes tentis, rentis revoions svices possessions and hereditamentes parcell of the Duchie of Lancastr within the Countie of Lancastr with their appurtenaunces and the Countie Palatyne of Lancastr with thapp tenaunces and all libties fraunchises jurisdiccions privileges lawes custumes and all othre thinges to the same Countie Palatine and othre the Pmisses and evy parcell of theym belonging apperteyning or parcell of the same; The honnours castelx lordships and manoirs of Pountfret Tykhul Knaresburgh and Pykeryng with the membres and appurtenaunces, and all manours lordshippes londes tentes rentis revicions and vices parcell of the Duchie of Lancastr in the Counties of York and Notyngham with their appurtenaunces; The honnour castell and lordship and manoir of Tutbury wt thappurtenaunce and all manoirs lordshippes londes tentes rentis revicions and svices parcell of the Duchie of Lancastr in the Counties of Staff and Derby with their appurtenaunces; The Honnour castell lordship and manoir of Bolyngbroke with the membres and appurtenaunces and all othre manoirs lordshippes londes tentes rentis revicions and svices parcell of the Duchie of Lancastr in the Countie of Lincoln with thappurtenaunces: The Lordship and manoirs of Longbenyngton parcell of the Duchie of Lancastr in the Countie of Lincoln with thappurtenaunces, and all castelx lordshippes manoirs londes tentes revoions rentis and svices parcell of the Duchie of Lancastr in the Counties of Norff and Suff with their appurtenaunces to theym and to their heires for ev, to thentent that the same feoffees their heires and the heires of evy of theym, shalbe and stand feoffees for evy pcell of theym to the pfourmyng and executyng of the last Will that his seid Highnes shall make and ordeyn to be doon with the same honnours castellis manoirs londes and tentis and othre pmisses and evy peell of theym.

And that it be ordeyned by the same auctorite that after the same Wille pfourmed and executed, or cllis if his seid Highnes declare and make no Wille concaying the pmisses, that then the seid John Archebisshop of Caunterbury Thomas Archbisshop of York, Jasper Duc of Bedford, Piers Bisshop of Wynchestr, John Bisshop of Ely, Richard Bisshop of Excestr, Edmond Bishop of Rouchestr, Thomas Erle of Arundell, John Erle of Oxonford, George Erle of Shrowesbury, Thomas Erle of Surrey, John Vicount Welles, John Lord Dynham, Giles Lord Daubeney, William Huse, Oliv Kyng, John Cheyne, Gilbert Talbot, Thomas Mountgomery, Reignold Bray, John Savage, James Blount, Richard Guylford, Thomas Lovell, and John Rysley and their heires be and stond seased and feoffed of and in the seid honnours castellis lordshippes manoirs landes tentes and othre the pmisses to the use of his Highnes and his heires.

And be it be ordeyned & stablished by be said advyse assent and auctorite that all the same honnours castelles lordshippez manoirs londes tentes and othre the pmisses with thappurtenaunces stand and be contynue and remayn in the possession of the seid John Archbisshop of Caunterbury Thomas Archebisshop of York, Jasper Duc of Bedford, Piers Bisshop of Wynchestr, John Bisshop of Ely, Richard Bisshop of Excestr, Edmond Bisshop of Rouchestr, Thomas Erle of Arundell, John Erle of Oxonford, George Erle of Shrowesbury, Thomas Erle of Surrey, John Vicount Welles, John Lord Dynham, Giles Lord Daubeney, William Huse, Olivere Kyng, John Cheyne, Gilbt Talbot, Thomas Mountgomery, Reignold Bray, John Savage, James Blount, Richard Guylford, Thomas Lovell, and John Rysley parcell of the seid Duchie of Lancastr and be called reputed and taken parcell therof havyng and usyng all libties fredomes fraunchises pfites comoditees and availles as have been had and used in the same; And that all Officers and Govnours of the seid Duchie stand remayn and abide Officers and Govnours therof havyng suche astate and invesse theryn as they have nowe usyng excising and occupieng their seid offices, with all fees wages pfittes and availles pteynyng and belonging to the same and evy of theym as they did and hadde and myght have had and doon afore the makyng herof; And that all feoffementes astates leesses and dimises grauntes of offices fees annuyties psentacions advousons of the pmisses and evy of theym be made from hensforth during the lyf of our seid Soveign Lord in his owne name by warraunt from his Highnes and undre the seal of his seid Duchie nowe beyng the seal therof as it hath ben used and accustumed in tymes passed.

AND that it be ordeyned by the seid auctorite that the seid John Archebisshop of Caunterbury Thomas Archebisshop of York, Jasper Duc of Bedford, Piers Bishop of Wynchestr, John Bisshop of Ely, Richard Bisshop of Excestr Edmond Bisshop of Rouchestr Thomas Erle of Arundell, John Erle of Oxonford, George Erle of Shrowesbury, Thomas Erle of Surrey, John Vicount Welles, John Lord Dynham, Giles Lord Daubeney, William Husee, Oliver King, John Cheyne, Gilbt Talbot, Thomas Mountgomercy, Reynold Bray, John Savage, James Blount, Richard Guylford, Thomas Lovell and John Rysley and the lengest living of theym, have possede hold and enjoye all the pmisses to theym and their heires to thentent use and behof aboveseid, any leese graunte or othre thing had made or doon of or in the pmisses or eny parte therof by our seid Soveign Lord in his lyf or eny of the seid officers in his name notwithstanding; And that all officers and Governours of and in the same, the tyme of the dyeng of our seid Soveign Lord, stand remayn and abide Officers and Governours according to their title and invesse in theym, And that ymmediatly aftir the decesse of our seid Soveign Lord, all feoffement? astates leeses dimises and grauntes of offices fees annuities psentacions and advousons of the pmisses and edy of theym be made in the names of the same John Archebisshop of Caunterbury, Thomas Archebisshop of York, Jasper Duc of Bedford, Piers Bisshop of Wynchestr, John Bisshop of Ely, Richard Bisshop of Excestr, Edmond Bisshop of Rouchestř, Thomas Erle of Arundell, John Erle of Oxonford, George Erle of Shrowesbury, Thomas Erle of Surrey, John Vicount Welles, John Lord Dynham, Giles Lord Daubeney, William Huse, Oliver King, John Cheyne, Gilbert Talbot, Thomas Mountgomerey, Reynold Bray, John Savage, James Blount, Richard Guylford, Thomas Lovell and John Rysley or the lengest of theym by their warrauntes in their names to the Chaunceller of the seid Duchie for the tyme beyng to undre the sea of the seid Duchie to be sealed, and the same so made under the same seale be gode and effectuell in the Lawe.

The Honour of Lancaster and Clydrow and divers other Lordships, &c. Parcel of the Duchy of Lancaster limited to Feoffees to the Use of the King's Will.

After Performance of the said Will, or if no Will, Feoffees shall be seised to the Use of the King and his Heirs.

The same Premises shall continue to be Parcel of the Duchy of Lancaster.

All Officers and Governors of the Duchy shall remain, with their Fees, &c. Feoffments, Leases, &c. to be made during the King's Life, shall be good.

IV. Assurance to the Feoffees, notwithstanding Leases and Grants.

At the Time of the King's Death Officers shall remain; and Fcoffments, Leases, &c. afterwards shall be made in the Name of the Feoffees.

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V.
Rents and Services shall be payable to the King during his Life, with Wards, Marriages, and Reliefs;
And after his Death to the Feoffees.
The King may levy Arrears.
All Actions shall be in his Name.

And that it be ordeyned by the seid auctorite that the seid feoffees or eny of theym hold of the Kyng by reason of eny honnour lordship manoir landis tentes wherof they by this Acte be infeoffed, or by this Acte is in theym that by this same acte enfeffement the same rentis and svices nor the arrerages of theym be not extincted nor put in suspence but at all tymes paiable and levable to the Kyng during his lyf with all man progatives of Wardes mariages and reliefs and all othre progatives and peminences to the same belonging, in like man and fourme as if the seid acte had not be made ne hadde; And after the Kyngis decesse, the same rentes and svices to be paiable and levable to the seid feoffees or to those psones that shall have intesse therin by reason of the seid last Wille. And that it be laufull to the King to levie all man arreragies to him belonging or beyng due by reason of eny of the pmisses in like maner and fourme as if the seid acte had not been hadde ne made; And that all accions sutes and demaundes to be attained affermed, and sued of and for or by reason of eny of the pmisses be attained taken had and sued in the King our Soveign Lordis name during his lyf, and all tenauntes and defendauntes in the same accions sutes and demaundes be compelled to aunswere in the same as they were and shuld have been before the making of this psent acte; and evy recove so had be as gode and effectuell as if the King were seised of the premisses in his demesne as of fee.

CHAPTER XIII.

P Regina.

Divers Letters
Patents of the King
containing Grants
to the Queen.
confirmed.

WHERE the King our Soveign Lord by his fres patentes under his grete seale bering date at Westmynster the xxvj day of Decembr the third yere of his reign, graunted to our Soveign Lady the Quene by the name of Elizabeth Quene of Inglond, emong othre a Cij fi. xv s. vj d. to be preived and taken of his ferme of the Town of Bristowe with the subarbes and the ptenaunces of the same, and divs othre annuities feefermes castelles honnours lordshippes maners landis tentes rentes possessions and hereditamentes with their appurtenaunces, as in the same fres patentes more pleynly it doth appere; And where the Kyng our seid Soveign Lord by his fres patentes beryng date at Westmynster the xxvj day of December the iijde yere of his reign, undir the seale of his Duchie of Lancastr hath graunted unto our seid Soveign Lady the Quene emonge othre, the lordshippes and maners of Waltham magna Barowe Masshebury Dunmowe Lieghes and Farnham with all their appurtenaunces in the Countie of Essex with othre pfittes possessions and hereditamentes, as in the same tres patentes more pleynly it doth appere: Also the King our Soveign Lord by his tres patentez bering date at Westmynster the first day of Maij the iijde yere of his reign, graunted unto our seid Soveign Soveign Lady the Quene to have the forfeitures of divs and many offences of theym that be intitauntes within the castelles honnours lordshippes maners landes and tentes with othre divs fraunchises and libties, as in the same tres patentes pleynly is expessed. And more the King our Soveign Lord by his fres patentes whiche date is at Westmynster the xxi day of Fevere the vijth yere of his reigne for divs consideracions him moeving as in the seid fres patentes more pleinly it doth appere, graunted to our seid Soveign Lady the Quene the maner of Pymperne with the appurtenaunces and othre castelles hono's lordshippes maners landes and tentes as in the seid fres patentes more clerely is expressed; The King our said Soveign Lord by the advyse and assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent parlement assembled, and by auctorite of the same, ratifieth confermeth and approveth the seid tres patentes and evy thyng comprised within theym and evy of theym, and woll that the seid Elizabeth Quene of Inglond have possede and enjoye all and evy thing comprised in the seid fres patentes and evy of theym according to theffecte and tenour of the same. Saving to evy psone othre than the Kyng our seid Soveign Lord and his heires, and any othre that claymeth by hym or by any othre Kyng of this londe of England, all suche right title infest as they or eny of theym had or myght have hadde before the making of this Acte and as thof this Acte had not ben made.

Saving of Rights.

CHAPTER XIV.

AN ACT to make the some of fyve mark? payable by the Abbas & Covent of Barkinge, to be peell of the Manner of Havering.

The Service of the Abbot, &c. of Barking, in repairing the Paling of Havering Park commuted for Five Marks by Patent 3 Ric. II.

LSO where afore this tyme the Abbas and Convent of Berking were bounde to repaire CCCC lavij perches, evy perche of A xviij fote, of the pale of the parke of Haveryng in the Countie of Essex, which parke is parcell of the Maner of Haveryng aforseid, unto the first day of the moneth of Maii the iijde yere of the reigne of King Richard the seconde; At whiche tyme for divs consideracions the seid King moving, of his speciall grace and for five marke yerely to be paied by the seid Abbas and Convent of Berking and her successours to the Bailly fermour or receivour whiche shulde be for the tyme of the seid Kyng or of his heires of his Maner aforseid; of the whiche v marke the seid Kyng wold asmuche therof as shuld be spent aboute the reparacion and amendement of the pale and closure aforseid yerely as shuld be competent or nedefull to the seid reparacion and amendement, so that if eny thing of the seid v marke ov and above the resonable expenses to be doon aboute the repairing and amending aforseid to remaigne the baillies fermours and receivours to him and his heires therof at the Escheker of the seid King and of his heires yerely aunswere remised and releassed to the seid Abbas and Convent and their successours the charge and custume of the repacion and sustentacion of the seid pale or closure of CCCC lxvij perches aforseid, as in the fres patentes of the seid King Richard bering date at Westin the first day of the moneth of May the thirde yere of his reigne pleynly it apperith. And for asmuche as it is a doubte whedir the seid v marc be parcell of the Maner of Haveryng or a some by the self and no parcell of the seid Maner, in avoiding of be whiche doubte, and to sette it in a certeinte for ev, the King our Soveign Lord by thassent of the Lordis spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same, hath ajuged and dermined and will the seid v marc yerely to be parcell of the seid Maner of Haveryng aforseid.

The said Five Marks declared to be Parcel of the Manorof Havering.

CHAPTER XV.

P Comitissa Richemond & Derb.

To the Kyng our Sovayn Lord.

HUMBLY besechith your Highnes, Margaret Countesse Rychmound and Darby your most lovyng and lowly moder; That Purchase by where Kyng Henry the vjte was seised of the Lordshippes and Maners of Ambursbury and Wynterbourne in the Countie of Cardinal Beaufort Wiltes and of the Maners of Henxstrigge and Charlton Canvile odirwise called Charleton odirwise callid South Charleton in the Countie of Somset in his demeane as of fee, And he so beyng therof seased, by his tres patentes bering date the xxv. day of May Henry VI; the xvij to yere of his reigne graunted the seid lordshippes and maners with all Knyghtis fees advousons libties and fraunchises therto belonging to Henry Beauford than Cardynall and Bisshop of Wynchester and to odir psones and to their heires to thuse of the same Cardynall and of his heires; the whiche graunte was made upon a sale therof and of odir maners londes and tentes by the same Kyng Herry the sext to the same Cardynall for a grete and a notable some of Money by the same Cardynall to the same late King truly content and paied that is to sey, xiij M1. marc, biforce wherof the same Cardynall and othre were therof seised in their demesne as of fee to thuse aboveseid, the whiche odir psones aftirward released to the same Cardinall and to his heires, all their right in the same, and the same Cardinall aftirward decessed, to whom your seid moder Soveign Lord is cosyn and heire that is to sey, Doughter of John Sonne of John brodir of the seid Cardinall, by reason wherof all the forseid lordshippes and Maners of verry right belong and owe to belonge to your seid modir and to hir heires as cosyn and heire to the seid Cardinall in fourme aboveseid and to hir shuld have growen and comen ne had been that oon Alice late Countesse of Salesbury havyng no right ne title to the forseid lordshippes and mans, by colour that she was heire genall to John Mountagu late Erle of Salesbury the whiche was atteynted of High Treason in the tyme of the reign of Kyng Herry the iiij'n and had nev oder title ne possession in the seid lordshippes and maners but onely to hym and to his heires males of his body comyng as pleynly apperith by the fres patentes therof made by King Edward the thirde to William Mountagu fadre to the same John and to the heires males of his body comyng, by the grete helpe and favour, the whiche the same Alice Countesse had of Kyng Edward the iiijth and Richard late Erle of Warrewyk her sonne ayenst all right and conscience, without eny grounde or title of right, laboured an Acte of plement to be made in the first Parlement of the same Kyng Edward the iiijth wherof the tenour ensueth.

WHERE Cteyn psones of evyll riotous and sedicious disposicions joyed in rumor and rebellious novelries adhering to Herry the Tenor of an A& iiijin late in dede and not of right Kyng of Englond aftir his unrightwos unlaufull and detestable usurpacion and intrusion ayenst his feith and ligeaunce upon Kyng Richard the second his rightuous true and naturell liege Lord [traiterously 1] murdred with grete crueltie and orrible violence in an outrageous hedy furey the right noble and worthy Lordis John Mountagu late Erle of Say and Thomas late Lord le Dispenser and odir true subgettis and liegemen of the seid Kyng Richard aftir his decesse continueng their feith and ligeaunce according to their duetie to God and to the lawes and custumes of the realme of England to Edmond Mortymer then Erle of Marche next heire of blode to the same Kyng Richard, and in right aftir his decesse to have succeded as true and rightuous Kyng of the same realme by the seid Lawes and Custumes, and aftirward for that cause and none odir, in a ptensed parlement holden at Westin the second yere of the usurped reigne of the seid Kyng Herry the iiijth long aftir the deth of the seid John and Thomas, a declaracion and jugement of Treason by auctorite of the seid Parlement was yeven ayenst theym and othre in mail and fourme as in an acte therof made in the seid Ptensed Parlement more pleynly apperith; It be ordeyned stablisshed and juged by the Kyng our liege lord by thassent and advyse of the Lordis spuals and tempals and the Comens beyng in this psent parlement (°) and by auctorite of the same, that the seid declaracion jugement and acte be revised repelled and adnulled, and that as well Richard Erle of Warr Anne his Wyf, in hir right as cosyn and heire unto the seid Thomas Lord Dispenser that is to sey, Doughter to Isabell doughter to the same Thomas, uppon and into all the honours castellis lordshippes Maners landes tenementes feefermes rentis revolons annuities offices advousons Knyghtis fees fraunchises Courtes libtees privileges and all othre inheritamentes and possessions with their appurtenaunces whiche were seised by the seid Herry the iiijth or come to his handes by reason or coloure of the seid acte or jugement wherof the seid Thomas late Lord le Spenser or eny othre to his use were at the tyme of his deth seised or possessed of astate of enheritaunce, as Alice Countesse of Salesbury cosyn and heire to the seid John Montagu, that is to sey doughter to Thomas Montagu late Erle of Say sonne to the same John, uppon and into all the honours castels lordshippes maners landes tenementes feefermes rentes revicions annuities offices advousons Knightis fees fraunchises courtees libtees privileges and all othre enheritamentis and possessions with their appurtenaunce whiche by the seid Herry the iiijth [was 3] seised or come to his handes by reason or colour of the same acte or jugement wherof the seid John Montagu or eny othre to his use were at the tyme of his deth seised or possessed of astate of enheritaunce or wherof the same Thomas or eny othre to his use were at the tyme of his deth seised or possessed of enheritaunce sevally, mowe laufully entre aswell upon the Kyngis possession as upon the possession of eny othre psone, and theym have holde enjoye and enherite to theym and to their heires sevally. Savyng to evy psone and psonnes of the Kingis liege people all the right and title that they or eny of theym have or eny of their Auncestres had in any parcell of the seid honours castelles lordshippes maners landes tenementes feefermes rentis revicions annuities offices Knyghtis fees advousons fraunchises courtes libtees privileges and all othre enheritamentes and possessions with their appurtenaunce by the seid Thomas late Lord le Dispenser or by the seid John Montagu or Thomas Montagu or by eny of theym or by eny of their assignees. Savyng also to evy of the Kyngis liege men his title right and entre into his maners londes tenementes or possessions yeven in exchaunge for any of the Pmisses. Savyng also to evy psone havyng Dowere in any parte of the same Pmisses of the possession of the seid Thomas late Lorde le Dispenser John Montagu or Thomas Montagu or eny of theym, their right title and possession of the same Dower, and also the right title and possession of evy of the same pmisses to all the seid psones and to ech one of theym that they or eny of theym had or held the of their lif joynt with the same Thomas John and Thomas or eny of theym tyme of eny of their dethis.

By REASON of whiche Acte and by none other title the seid late Countesse entred into all the forseid lordshippes and maners Entry of the and theym had and occupied ayenst all right and conscience: That in Consideracion of the Pmisses it may please youre Highnesse by the advyse and assent of the Lordys spuals and temporals and Comyns in this Psent parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordeigne enacte and stablisshe that the seid Acte of Parlement made for the seid late Countesse in the seid first Parlement of Kyng Edward the iiijith be in no wise hurtefull ne Pjudiciall to your seid modir ne to her heires touching the Pmisses, And that she entre have and enjoye to her and to her heires all the same lordshippes and maners in suche maner fourme and title as the same Cardynall theym had eny tyme aftir the forseid relesse to him therof made; And that she may entre in to the same as well uppon your possession Soveign Lord as uppon the possession of eny othre without eny othre lyverey or sute therof to be made or had oute Assurance to her, youre handis; any state title or right yeven or ordeyned to the same late Countesse or to her heires by vertue of the same acte, no or the dyeng seised of hir or of hir heires therof or eny parcell therof or of eny othre sith the decesse of the seid Cardynall or eny said Manors. office or offices founde or retourned theruppon notwithstanding.

Seisin of the

Margaret Countess of Richmond Heir to the Cardinal;

Alice Countess of Salisbury Heir-general of John Mountague Earl of Salisbury, who was seised in Tail Male of said Manors.

1 Ed. IV. procured by said Alice, reversing an Act of Attainder of said Earl of Salisbury and Thomas Lord le Despenser, in An. 2 Hen. 1V. [See Rot. Parl. 2 Hen. IV. nu. 30; 1 Edw. IV. nu. 32, 33, 34.]

Countess on those Manors, by reason against Right. The said Act shall

1 tirannyously Rot. Parl. 1 Edw. IV.

2 assembled Rot. Parl. 1 Edw. IV.

³ were

CHAPTER XVI.

P Comite Surr.

To the Kyng our Soveyn Lord;

Recital of Act 1 H. VII. whereby John late Duke of Norfolk, and Thomas Earl of Surrey, were attainted of Treason (with others.)

[See Rot. Parl. 1 H. VII.]

The said Act made void as to them;

Restitution of the said Earl of Surrey to all Rights, Honours, Castles, &c.

The said Earl may enter thereon without Suit or Livery.

Release to the King and others of Issues and Profits taken before this Parliament.

Saving of Rights.

Grants by Letters Patent of the King confirmed.

THE said Earl shall have all Reversions and Services, &c. reserved by such Letters Patent; and may distrain for Rents.

IV.
After Expiration
of Interests granted,
or upon Purchase
thereof, the said
Earl may enter as
before.

N the moste humble wise besechith your Highnes your true and humble Subjet Thomas Erle of Surrey, That where in the parlement holden at Westin the vijth day of Novembr in the first yere of youre moost noble reigne, it was enacted ordeyned demed and declared amonge othre, that John Duke of Norff fadre to the seid Thomas whose heire he is, by the name of John late Duke of Norff, and your seid subgiet by the name of Thomas Erle of Surrey, amonge othre for Cteyn consideracions in the same acte conteyned, shuld stond and be convicted and atteynted of High Treason and disabled and forjuged of all honour estate dignite and peminence, and the names of the same, and forfeite to you Soveign Lord all castelles maners lordshippes hundredes fraunchises libties privelagies advousons noiacions psentacions londes tentes rentis svices revicions porcions avauntagies pencions rightes hereditamentis goodes catalles and dettes wherof they or any of theym or eny othre to their use or to thuse of any of theym were seised or possessed the xxj day of August in the furst yere of your moost noble reign or any tyme aftir, within this your realme of England Irelond Wales or Cales or in the marches therof in fee simple fee taile or for the of lyfe or lives as more at large in the same acte may appere: That it wold please your Highnes of your especial grace and blessed disposicion by the advyce and assent of your Lordes spuell and temporell and the Comens in this present parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordeyn establissh and enacte that the seid acte, and all actes of atteyndre and forfeiture hadde or made in the seid parlement holden at Westin the seid furst yere of your moost noble reigne ayenst the seid late Duke, and ayenst your seid subgiet and evy of theym by what name or names soed they or any of theym be named in the same acte or actes of atteyndre, be aswell ayenst the seid late Duke as ayenst youre seid subgiet their heires & assignees & the heires of evy of theym voide and of no force strength ne effecte; And that your seid subgiet as well for his own enheritaunce rightes and possessions as for thenheritaunce rightes and possessions of the seid late Duke his fadre whose heire he is, be restored to all rightes honours castelles lordshippes townshippes maners londes tentes revicions Svices possessions and all other hereditamentes whiche late were the seid late Duke or any othre psone to his use wherunto your seid subgiet is or at any tyme sith the decesse of the seid late Duke was or shuld have byn enheretid or enheritable if the same acte or actes of atteyndre hadde nev be had ner made, and to all othre rightes castelles honours lordshippes townshippes maners londes tentes rentes revicions svices possessions and all othre enheritamentes whiche the seid late Duke and your seid subgiet and evy of theym by reason of the seid Acte or Actes of atteyndre forfeited, the seid acte or actes of atteyndre made notwithstanding; And that the seid acte or actes of atteyndre be not in any wise hurtefull or Pjudiciall to the seid late Duke ne to his heires ne to your seid Subgiet ne to his heires ner to any psone or psones at any tyme feoffee or feoffees to their use or to thuse of any of theym, but be ayenst theym and evy of them utterly voide and of no force strength ne effecte; And that your seid subgiet and his heires and all feoffee or feoffees to his use or to thuse of the seid late Duke may have suche avauntage in evy thing and be in as gode condicion in the lawe and to entre have and enjoye the pmisses and evy parte therof as if the seid acte or actes of atteyndre hadde nev be hadde ne made. And that your seid subgiet and his heires may laufully entre into all the Pmisses and to evy parcell of theym aswell upon you Soveyn Lord as upon evy othre psone, any discent or any othre cause happened or fallen sith the seid acte or actes of atteyndre made, or any cause othre ben by his own dede notw'standing: And that thentre season and possession of your seid Subgiet and of his heires into all the Pmisses and evy parte of theym by this acte hadde or to him restored be gode and laufull to your seid Subgiet and his heires without any man sute for the same or for any parcell therof to be made oute of your handes by peticion lyve or othre wise aftir the course of your lawes, and be of as gode strength and effecte in the lawe as if your seid subgiett hadde the same castelles lordshippes maners londes tentes and othre pmisses in due fourme sued by peticion or by due and laufull lyve or ob wise oute of your handes according to your lawes, and as if the same acte or actes of atteyndre hadde nev be had ne made; hou be it the same castelle lordshippes maners londes tentes and othre pmisses or any parcell therof were or be holden of you or of any of your noble pgenitours Kingis of Englond in chief or othrewise; And that if you Soveyn Lord or any othre psone the whiche afore the furst day of this psent parlemennt hath taken any issues or pfites of any castelles maners londes tentes and othre pmisses or any parcell therof wherunto your seid Subgiet is by this acte restored, or hath intermedled with theym or with any parcell of theym or hath taken any goodes or catalles of the seid late Duke or of your seid Subgiet afore the xiij day of January the iiijth yere of your moost noble reign or if any suche issues and pfites goodes or catalles have come to the handes of you Soveyn Lord, or of any othre psone or psones, that you Soveygn Lord and evy othre psone or psones be not in any wise charged ne chargeable sued vexed troubled for the same but be utterly therof quite and discharged for ev. Savyng to evy of the Kyngis liege people suche right title invesse and possession as they or any of theym bath in any of the maners londes tentes and othre hereditamentes afore reherced.

And that it be ordeyned by the seid auctorite that evy psone or psones havyng or occupieng any parcell of the forseid maners londes tentes and obr pmisses, or havyng any annuyties or rentes oute of the same, or oute of any parcell therof by vtue or by meane of your tres patentes, shall have and enjoye the same maners londes tentes rentes and othre pmisses specified in the seid tres patentes according to the tenour of the same, this genall acte of restitucion notwithstanding.

And that it be ordeyned by the same auctorite that your seid subgiet from the fest of Seynt Michell tharcangell last past, have to him and to his heires all revicions and services of all maners londes tentes or other hereditamentes reserved by or uppon the same tres patentes, and all revicions and svices of the same maners londes tentes rentes or other hereditamentes whiche now be in the King by reason of the same tres patentes or othrewise and all rentes and svices reserved by or uppon the same fres patentes beyng in you Soveyn Lord; And that it be lauful to your seid Subgiet and to his heires to distreyn to his own use for the same rentes reserved by or upon any suche tres patentes for none payment of the same rent at the dayes limited in the seid tres patentes.

And firthermore be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that if the Estate or invesse of any psone or psones havyng any parcell of the londes and tentes rentes annuyties and othre pmisses or any parcell of they me comprised in any of the same tres patentes as is aforseid is or shalbe detemped cessid expired voide or voided; Or if any psone or psones havyng any Estate of enheritaunce frehold or invesse by your tres patentes as is aforseid in any parcell of the same maners londes tentes or other pmisses, make estate bargeyn sale or gyfte to your seid subgiet or to his heires in fee simple or othrewise of any londes tentes rentes or other thinges comprised in any of the seid tres patentes, that immediatly aftir the defininacion cessing expiring or voidaunce of the seid estates or invesse or aftir the seid estate bargeyn sale or gifte so made, the seid tres patentes therof fro that tyme be utterly voide.

And that then your seid Subgiet and his heires be imediatly demed in possession of all that wherof thestate or invesse of suche psone or psones be detrained expired or voided or estate bargeyn sale or gifte is or shall be so made of and in like possession and estate as he or they shuld have be if the seid acte or actes of atteindre or any tres patentes therof made, hadde nev be had ne made, without any mail sute for the same or for any parcell therof to be made oute of your handes by peticion lyve or othrewise aftir the course of your lawes, and of as grete strength and effecte in the lawe as if your seid Subgiet had the same castelles lordshippes maners londes tentes revicions or rentes upon any suche tres patentes reserved, and all othre premisses in due fourme sued by peticion or by due and laufull lyve or othrewise oute of your handes according to your lawes, and as if the same acte or actes of atterndre ne any of theym ner any tres patentes therof, hadde new be hadde ne made; hou be it the same Castelles lordshippes maners londes tentes rentes and othre pmisses or any parcell therof were or be holden of you or of your noble pgenitours Kinges of England in Chief or othrewise.

And of this it be enacted by the same auctorite, that all mail of grauntes and offices hadde or made by writing by the seid Erle of Surrey to John Erle of Oxinford, Rauff Sheldon Knyght and to William Okeley yoman and to evy of theym sith the fest of the nativite of our Lord, the iiijth yere of your noble reigne, be gode and effectuell; this acte of restitucion notwithstanding.

said Earl.

And that it be ordeyned by the seid auctorite that the forseid acte of restitucion extend not to be hurtfull or pjudiciall to Sir William Stanley Knyght of to or for any of the pmisses.

VI. Proviso for Sir William Stanley.

And that it be further ordeyned by the seid auctorite that this said acte of restitucion extend not to any castelles maners londes tentes rentes annuities or othre hereditamentes to the seid late Duke or to your seid subgiet or to any of theym late by Kyng Richard the iiide yevyn and graunted but onely to the creacion of your seid subgiet into the Erle of Surrey and his name of Erle by reason of the same creacion and to the annuitie to him and to his heires males of his body begoten graunted for sustentacion therof.

Act shall not extend to Grants by K. Richard III.

AND also be it ordeyned by the same austorite that this Acte of restitucion extend not to any Maners londes and tentes or othre hereditamentes wherunto any psone or psones othre than your seid subgiet is or be restored by any acte or actes of Parlement had or made at any tyme betwene the xxj day of August the furst yere of your most noble reigne and the fest of Seynt Michell last past. And that the seid Acte of restitucion in no wise extend to ne touche the warde ne mariage of Henry Erle of Essex, ne to the warde ne custodie of any castelles lordshippes Maners londes and tentes or othre hereditamentes of the seid Henry ne any of his Auncestres in any wise forfeited by the seid acte or actes of Atteyndre, but that be said Erle of Surrey be therof and of evy of theym and of all accions touchyng the same excluded in suche man and fourme as he shuld have ben if the seid acte of Atteyndre were still in force and this psent acte of restitucion were not hadde ne made.

VIII. Other Limitations of this Act.

AND that it be ordeyned by the seid auctorite that this Acte of Restitucion extend not ne in any wise stretche to or for the Maner of Ketilbeigh in the Shire of Suff, ner to or for the Maner of Siselond in the Shire of Norff ne to any parcell therof by what soe? name or names the seid Maners or either of theym be named or called.

Exception for Manors of Ketelbeigh and Siselond.

And that it be orderned by the seid auctorite that the appointment agreement accorde and particion hadde and made betwixt the seid late Duke of Norff and William Marques Berkeley then called William Erle of Notyngham of any Maners londes tentis rentes revicions services possessions or hereditamentes and othre pmisses and of evy parcell of theym, stond and be gode and effectuell in the Lawe ageyn and betwixt theym and evy of theym and the heires of evy of theym and ayenst all their feoffees of trust and the heires of evy of theym.

X. Appointment, &c. between the late Duke of Norfolk and William
Marquis Berkeley
shall stand good.

AND that it be enacted by the seid auctorite that all fynes feoffementes grauntes and recuvees levied had or made to the Kyng or to any othre to his use by or ageyn the seid Marques or by or ageyn any feoffee to his use be gode and effectuell to the King and his heires aftir the tenur and effecte of the same ageyn all othre psones claymyng any thing comprised or conteyned in the seid fynes feoffementes grauntes or recovers by the seid Marques or by any othre feoffee or feoffees to thuse of the seid Marques and ageyn the seid Erle of Surrey and his heires.

Fines, &c. had by the King against confirmed.

PROVIDED allwey that neither this acte of restitucion ne any othre acte or actes made or to be made in this psent Parlement be not in any wise pjudiciall nor hurtfull to any astate right title incesse or possession whiche Elizabeth Duchesse of Norfolk or any psone or psones to her use hath or oweth to have in any castelles maners landes tenementes rentes avices fees annuitics avousons patronages possessions or enheritamentes by reason or in the name of any Dower or Joyntour to hir assigned appoynted willed or graunted by acte of Parlement or othrewise ne to any parcell of the same. Provided also that the seid acte of restitucion ne any othre acte or actes made or to be made in this psent Parlement be not pjudiciall to any astate right title invesse or possession whiche the seid Duchesse or any psone or psones to hir use hath or oweth to have in any castelles maners landes tenementes rentes svices fees annuities avousons patronages possessions or inheritamentes in fee ferme or for 2me of her lyf 2me of yeres or othrewise by any gifte or graunte to hir by us therof by any our fres patentes made; ne to any estate right title intesse or possession whiche the seid Duchesse or any psone or psone to hir use nowe hath or occupieth or oweth to have or occupie or to hir belongith or apter eth in any castelles maners landes tenementes rentes brices fees annuities avousons pronagez possessions or inheritamentes by reason of any wille by John Duke of Norfolk late her husbond made. And that neither this acte of restitucion ne any othre acte or actes afore reherced, in no wise be pjudiciall ne hurtfull to the seid Duchesse in for or to any of the seid Castelles maners landes tentes and othre pmisses or any parte therof, but that the same Duchesse have and enjoye all the seid castelles maners possessions enheritamentes and othre pmisses and evy parte prof according to suche title and invesse as she or any othre to hir use or by hir nowe hath or oweth to have in the same; the seid acte of restitucion or any othre Acte or Actes in this psent parlement made or to be made in anywise notwithstanding, in as gode and available wise as the same Duchesse or any othre to hir use shuld might or ought have had or done if this acte of restitucion had new be had ne made.

Proviso for Elizabeth Duchess

PROVIDED allwey that this acte nor noon othre acte made nor to be made in this psent parlement be not pjudiciall nor hurtefull to Anne Marquisses Berkeley for time of hir lif in of for or to any astate right title possession or intesse whiche the seid Anne or any othre psone or psones to her use hath or ought to have by fynes feoffementes grauntes recovees willes or othrewise of any Berkeley. lies maners londes tentes possessions or inhereditamentes whiche were to the seid Marques or any othre psone or psones to his use, othre than be conteyned or comprised in any of the seid fines feoffementes grauntes or recovees, And that neither the

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seid acte ne noon othre acte made or to be made in this psent Parlement be not pjudiciall nor hurtefull to the same Anne in for or to any right title or intesse of Dower which she hath or may have in any castelles maners londes tentes possessions and enhereditamentes wherof the seid Marques was seased of astate of enheritaunce aftir thespouselx between him and the seid Anne.

XIV. Saving for Thomas Earl of Derby and Edward Viscount Lisle, and John Lisle his Son.

SAVYNG to Thomas Erle of Derby and to his heires and to all feoffees to his use, suche right title entre possession and intesse as they or any of theym had in the pmisses or any parcell therof any tyme before pe begynnyng of this psent Parlement or any tyme sith. Savyng to Edward Viscount Lisle & to his heirez & to John Lisle his son, son & heir of Elizabeth late Wif to pe same Viscount & to his heirez & to the right heirez of pe same Elizabeth & to all feoffeez to thuse of pe same Viscount or John, such right title entre possession & intesse as they or any of theym had in pe pmisses or in any parcell therof at any tyme before the begynnyng of this psent parlement or eny tyme sith, if any right or title be in theym or any of theym.

CHAPTER XVII. P Vič Welles & Uxe ejus.

To the King our Soveign Lord.

Assurance to John Viscount Welles and Cecili his Wife of certain Manors, &c. restored to the said Viscount, by Act of Restitution, 1 Hen. VII.

[See Rot. Parl. sub. an. 1 H. VII.]

In the moste huble wise shewith unto yor Highnes yor Oratours John Viscount Welles and Dame Cecill his Wyf; that where upon collacion of the mariage betwix the seid Viscount and the seid Dame Cecill, it was pmised that the seid Viscounte shuld make or cause to be made a sufficient sewre and laufull astate of all the Castelles lordshippes Maners londes and tentes revolute and othre hereditamentes, wherunto the same Viscounte by an acte of restitucion made in your parlement holden at Westin the furst yere of your reigne was restored, to be had to the seid Viscounte, and Dame Cecill nowe his wyfe and to the heires of the body of the seid Viscounte laufully begoten, And on this that the same Dame Cecill shall not be empeched of waste; whiche astate is not made, and nowe Soveign Lorde it is soo that the seid Viscounte is appointed to attend upon your Grace in your viage royall into the parties beyond the See; That it may please your Highnes for the pfourmyng of the seid astate and in exchewyl of the grete charges and costes that shuld be, to cause the seid astate to be made sure, to ordeigne enacte and establisshe by thadvyse of the Lordis spuall and temporall and the Comons in this psent parlement assembled, and by auctorite of the same, that the seid Viscounte and Dame Cecill shall from hensforth have holde and enjoye all the said castelles lordshippes maners londes and tentes and othre the pmisses to they mand to the heires of the body of the seid Viscounte laufully begoten, And that the seid Dame Cecill shall not be empeched of waste.

II. General Saving.

SAVYNG to evy psone other than the heires of the seid Viscounte and the feoffees of the same Viscounte and their heires, suche right title and invest as they nowe have or ought to have if this acte had not be made.

CHAPTER XVIII.

₽ Dño la Warre.

To the Kyng our Soveign Lord.

In moste humble wyse besechith your Highnes your true liegeman Thomas West Knyght Lorde de la Warre; That where your seid Suppliaunt was laufully seased of the Maner of Swynesheved with thappurtenaunces in youre Countie of Lincoln in his demesne as of fee, to the whiche, thadvouson of the Churche of the same Town then was appending, till Richard the iijde late in dede and not in right Kyng of Englond of his cruell and tyrannous disposicion with force and manasse caused your seid Suppliaunt by fyne lifte in his Court before his Justices of his coen benche at Westm in the Utas of Seynt Trinite the furst yere of his reign to knowlege an acre of lond then parcell of the seid Maner and thadvouson aforseid to be the right of the seid Ptendyyd Kyng as them whiche the same late Ptended Kyng had of the gifte of your seid suppliant, And them remised and quite claymed for him and his heires unto the seid late ptended Kyng and his heires, with a warantie as in the same fyne the tenour wherof is to this peticion annexed more pleynly is conteyned, to the utter disheriteson of your seid Suppliant, but if your speciall grace be shewid to him in this behalf; Please it your Highnes the Pmisses gracious to considre, and that by your Highnes by thassent of your Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordeigne establish and enacte that be seid fyne and the recorde therof and all that is conteyned theryn be from the xij day of February next comyng adnulled and utterly voide, and of no force ne effecte; And that it be lefull unto your seid Suppliant to entre into the seid acre of lond in the seid fyne specified, aswell upon the possession of you Soveigne Lord as of any othre psone, And the same acre and the advouson aforseid to have holde possede and enjoye in such man and fourme and by suche right and title as they or any of theym shuld or myght had doon if the seid fyne had nev be lifte ne the seid knowlege had nev be made. Savyng to evy psone othre than to your Highnes and your heires and the seid Richard late Ptended Kyng and his heires, suche right title and intesse as they or any of theym have or at any tyme had in the pmisses, And your seid Suppliant shall pray to Allmyghty God for the pservacion of your moste noble and roiall estate.

Reversal of a Fine levied by Thomas Lord De la Warre to the late King Richard III.

Tenor of the said Fine. Tenor vo cedule pace sequit sub hiis vbis. Hec est finalis concordia fca in Cur Dñi Regis apud Westm in Octabis Sce Trinitatis anno regnoz Rici Regis Angt & Franc cii a conquestu primo, coram Thoma Bryan Rico Neel Johe Catesby & Humfro Starky Justic & aliis Dñi Regis fidelib; tunc ibidem psentib;, inc ipm Dñm Regem quer, et Thomam West milite Dñm de la Warre deforc, de una acra tre parcell mahii de Swynesheved cum ptiñ ac de advocaco ecctie ejusdem ville unde plitum convencois sum fuit inc eos in eadem Cur; scitt que pace de com pace de advocaco ecctie ejusdem ville unde plitum convencois sum fuit inc eos in eadem Cur; scitt que pace de com pace

CHAPTER XIX.

P Pore Ecclie Xpi Cantuar.

To the Kyng oure Soveign Lord.

'N the moste humble wise besechith your Highnes William Priour of Cristchurche of Caunterbury of your noble fundacion that Grant by Letters where late Kyng Edward the fourthe by his fres patentes beryng date at Westim the v. day of Decembr the first yere of his reigne graunted the Lordship and Maner of Paunfeld wt thappurtentness, the whiche was a Priour Aliene by the name of the Maner of Paunfeld othrewise callid the Priory of Paunfeld with all londes tentes medowes pastures wodes rentes and svices to the same maner pteynyng in the Countie of Essex and the Citie of London to Griseld, the whiche was wyfe of John Hynde thelder Squier to have and hold to hir and to hir heires and assignees of the same late Kyng and his heires for evmore by the svice of a redde rose yerely at the fest of the nativite of Seynt John the Baptist to the same late Kyng and his heires for all man svices to be yolden as in the same fres patentes more pleynly apperith; by vtue of the wiche fres patentes the same Griseld was therof seised in hir demesne as of fee; the whiche Griseld so beyng therof seised bargeyned and sold the same maner othrewise callid the Priory of Paunfeld to the moste Revend fadre in God Thomas late Cardynall and Archebisshop of Caunterbury for a grete some of Money by him to hir paied; And therupon the same Griseld at the noiacion and desire of the same late Cardynall therof enfeoffed Laurence late Bisshopp of Duram, Thomas nowe Archebisshop of Yorke John Wyngfeld Knyght, Thomas Wynterbourne Clerk, John Clerke late oon of the Barons of the Escheker of the seid late King Edward the iiijth John Brunston Squyer Alexander Wode and William Duraunt to have to theym and to their heires in fee to thuse of the same late Cardynall and of his heires, the whiche late Cardynall consideryng that the seid Maner and Lordship of olde tyme was a Priour Aliene and lyvelode of be churche, willed and ordeyned the seid Maner with thappurtenaunces to be yoven by the seid late Bisshop of Durham and his seid cofeoffees to the seid Prior of Cristchurche & to his successours in fee for evmore to kepe a dayly masse and yerely an obite and to doo cteyn almes and othre observaunces and prayers in the seid Priory for him and his soule and all cristen soules for evenore, as in the same ordinaunce of the seid late Cardynall more pleynly apperith; And so the seid late Bisshop of Duram and his seid cofeoffees of the seid Maner with thappurtenaunces by the licence of the seid late Kyng Edward, infeoffed the seid Priour to have to him and to his successours according to the same ordinaunce, by tue wherof the same Priour was therof seised in his demesne as of fee in the right of the seid Churche; But for asmuch as there was an acte of resumpcion in the Parlement of the seid Edward late Kyng holden at Westin the vj day of Octobr the xijth yere of his reigne, hit to take effecte from the fest of Seynt Thomas thappostill in the yere of our Lord God M1. CCCC lxxiij the whiche was the xiijth yere of the reigne of the seid late King Edward, to the whiche there was made a genall proviso for all Religious Houses, and the seid feoffement made to your seid Suppliant was meane betwene the seid vi day of Octobr and the seid fest of Seynt Thomas thappostill whiche the seid late Cardynall and your seid Suppliaunt trusted shuld have ben gode and sufficient where it is not, bicause the seid Proviso hath relacion to the seid vj day of Octobr the whiche was before the same feoffement and therfor by that acte of resumpcion is there poesse made in your Escheker ayenst him to aunswere the pfites of the seid maner to your Highnes, and so therby shuld the seid devoute ordinaunce of the seid Cardynall be utterly voide and adnulled, onlesse yt please youre Highnes to have specyall tendirnesse and consideracion therunto. That it may please your Highnes by thadvyse and assent of the Lordes spuelx and temporelx and Comyns in this Parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same, to enacte ordeigne and stablissh that the seid fres patentes of the forseid late King Edward be fro the tyme of the makyng of theym as gode and effectuell in the Lawe and of like force and effecte as if none acte of resumpcion genial ne speciall ne obt acte of parlement had ben made ne had in the tyme of the reigne of the seid Edward late Kyng ne any tyme aftir to the hurte or adnullacion of be same fres patentes. And that the seid Priour your Suppliaunt may have and enjoye to him and his successours the seid Maner and lordship otherwise callid the Priory of Paunfeld; And the seid Priour and his successours to be quite and discharged ayenst you Soveign Lord and your heires and successours of and for all issues and pfites afore this tyme received or heraftir to be received of the seid maner othirwise callid the Priory of Paunfeld, without accompte or any othre thing to your Highnes or your heires or successors therfor yelding. Savyng to evy psone othre than you Soveign Lord suche right title and invesse in the seid Maner and Lordship with thappurtenaunces as he myght or shuld have had if this acte new had be made.

Patent 5 Dec. 1 Edw. IV. of the Manor of Paunfeld

Sale thereof by Griseld to the late Cardinal and Archbishop of Canterbury;

Gift thereof by the Priory of Christ

Act of Resumption [See Rot. Parl.

The said Letters Ed. IV. confirmed Assurance of the said Manor to the Priory of Christ

CHAPTER XX.

P Thoma Lovell Milite.

THERE by an acte of Plement made in the Parlement of Edward the iiijth late Kyng of Engloud holden at Westin the iiijth day of Novembr in the first yere of his reigne, it was ordeyned establisshed, that Thomas late Lord Roos whiche ought his feithfull alliegeaunce and true svice to the moste blessid and moste noble cristen Prince King Henry the view shuld be by the name of Thomas Lord Roos unabled for ev from thensforth to have holde enherite or enjoye any name of Dignite estate or Peminence within Englond Ireland Wales or Caleis or in the Marches therof, and that his heires shuld be unabled to have or clayme by him any suche name estate or Pemynence; And that the same Thomas shuld be convicted and atteynted of High treason and shuld forfeite to the seid Edward late Kyng and to his heires all castelles maners lordshippes londes tentes rentis, svices, fees, advousons hereditamentes and possessions with their appurtenaunces whiche he or any psone or psones to his use or behove had the iiijth day of March the seid furst yere or to the whiche the seid Thomas or any other psone or psones feoffes to his use had the same day laufull cause of entre within Englond Irelond Wales or Caleis or the marches theref oute of the libtie of the Bisshop of Dureham as in the acte more pleynly it is conteyned; And also where by an othre acte of Parlement made in the Parlement of the King our Soveigne Lord that nowe is, holden at Westin the vijth day of Novembr in the first yere of his reigne it was ordeyned and establisshed that the seid acte and all othre actes of attayner and forfeiture made or had in the tyme of the said Edward late King ageynst the seid Thomas late Lord Roos or his heires or to the hurte or losse of him or of his heires or any feoffee or feoffees to his use shuld be ageynst the same Thomas and his heires and all othre psones feoffees to his use of him or of his heires at the makyng of the same or any tyme sith, utterly voide adnulled and of non force ne effecte; And that Edmond Son and heire of the seid

Thomas late Lord Roos; I Edw. IV. 1 E. IV. nu. 27.]

Reversal of said Attainder, and Son Edmond. [See Rot. Parl. 1 H. VII. nu. 39.] Except that the King should hold his Lands during Pleasure.

The said Edmond not of Discretion.

Thomas Lovell Knight shall have the Governance of said Edmund, and said Casties, &c.

And enter upon same after the Death of Edmund.

Rent to the King.

After the Death of said Thomas Lovell the King shall have the Issues and Profits.

III. Saving of Rights.

IV. This Act shall extend only to Hereditaments restored by Act of Restitution.

V.
Assurance to
Richard Roos of a
Rent of £40. for
his Life.

Power of Entry and Distress.

Penalties upon said Rent in Arrear.

Power of Entry and Distress for said Penalties.

VI.
Assurance to
Elizabeth Duchess
of Norfolk of a
Rent of £40.

Thomas late Lord Roos and his heires shuld be restored enhabled and have all suche name dignite estate Peminence, and inherit have holde occupie and enjoye all Castelles maners lordshippes londes tentes rentis revcions services advousons and othre possessions and hereditamentes aswell forfaited by the seid acte or actes or any of theym as all othre what so ev they be in suche maner and fourme and in as large and available wise as the seid Edmond shuld or myght have had or doon if the seid acte or actes of atteyner or any of theym had nev be had ner made, and that evy of the same acte ne actes ne any of theym ne any fres patentes made by reason or occasion of the same, shuld be in any wise hurtefull or pjudiciall to the seid Edmond ne to his heires or assignees ne to any feoffee to his use touchyng the Pmisses ne any parcell therof, but shuld be ayenst theym and evy of theym utterly voide; And that the same Edmond and his heires and all feoffees to his use shuld have suche avauntage in evy thing and shuld be in as gode case as if the seid acte or actes ne any of theym had nev be made. And where by the same auctorite it was in the same Parlement of the Kyng our Soveigne Lord that nowe is, ordeyned and enacted that the same King our Soveign Lord shuld have poeive and enjoye all thissues and pfites of all suche lordshippes maners londes and tentes and othre hereditamente to the seid Edmond by the seid acte restored from the seid ix day of Octobr during his pleasire, the same acte of restitucion in any wise notwithstanding as more pleynly is conteyned in the same acte: The King our Soveign Lord that now is, for so muche that the seid Edmond is not of sufficient discrecion to gyde himself and his lyvelode, nor able to eve his Highnes aftir his duetie and for divse othre great consideracions and causes resonable; Willeth and by thauctorite of this psent parlement enacteth ordeyneth and establissheth that Thomas Lovell Knyght have the guydyng and govnaunce of the seid Edmond from the fest of Seynt John Baptist in the second yere of the reigne of our seid Soveigne Lord aswell of the seid Edmond as of all the seid castelles lordshippes londes tentes rentes services fees advousons hereditamentes and possessions with their appurtenances to the seid Edmond as is afore rehercid restored, and of all othre castelles maners lordshippes londes tentes rentis revicions services fees advousons hereditamentes and possessions in lawe or in consciens descendid to the seid Edmond, And that he seid Thomas Lovell ymmediatly aftir the decesse of the seid Edmond shall mowe enter into all the seid Castelles Maners Lordshippes Londes tentes revicions services advousons hereditamentes and possessions with their appurtenances, and the same have holde and enjoye with all issues and pfites of the same to his owne use during the lyfe of the seid Thomas Lovell whether any inquisicions be therof or of any parcell thereof had taken and retourned or not had taken ne returned without travers peticion or othre sute in any wise to be had or made, Yelding yerely therfor out of the same to our seid Soveigne Lord and to his heires from the seid fest of Seynt John the Baptiste during the lyfe of the seid Thomas, Seven hundred marc at the festes of Cristmes and Nativite of Seynt John Baptiste by even porcions, without any accompte exaccion demaunde or any othre thing to be had or yolden to the King or his heyres of by or ayenst the seid Thomas Lovell and his heyres executors or administratours by reason or cause of any of the pmisses othir than the seid vij hundred marc only; the seid acte of restitucion or the seid acte that the Kyng our Soveign Lord that nowe is shull have peeyve and enjoye all thissues and pfites of all suche Castelles Maners Lordshippes lond tente rentis vices fees revicions advousons hereditamentes and possessions with their appurtenaunces to the seid Edmond by the same acte of restitucion restored duryng his pleasire or any othre acte in the seid Parliament holden at Westm the seid vij day of Novembr or any tyme afore notwithstandyng.

And it be ordered by the seid auctorite that if the seid Thomas Lovell dye lyving our seid Soveign Lord, that then aftir the decesse of the seid Thomas Lovell, our seid Soveign Lord shall have preive and enjoye to his owne use all thissues and pfites of all the seid Castelles Maners Lordshippes londes tentes and othir hereditamentes with their appurtenaunces during his pleasure in like mail and fourme as it was ordered upon the acte of restitution aforseid.

SAVYNG evy othre psone suche right title and incesse of in or to the pmisses and evy parte therof as they or any of theym nowe shulde or ought to have had if this acte had not ben had ne made.

PROVIDED always that this pent acte shall extend only to all suche Castelles Maners londes tentes revicions and other hereditamentes whiche were restored or comprised, or that the seid acte of restitucion in any wise myght extend to at be tyme of makyng of the same, and not to any othre Castelles Maners londes tentes revicions, nor to othre hereditamentes herafter to discend revert remayn or to come in any wise.

And ferthermore it is enacted ordeyned and establisshed by the seid auctorite that Richard Roos Squier shall from hensforth peasibly have possede preive and enjoye to him and his assignees for time of his lyfe, a yerely rent of xl fi. goyng oute of the Maners of Holt and Cley Hakford Withwell, Houghton Watton and Wodehous within the Countie of Norff the Maner of Brenbradfeld in the Countie of Suff, the whiche Maners beth of the inheritaunce of Edmond Lord Roos to be payed yerely to the same Richard and his assignees ame of lyfe of the same Richard, at the festis of the Nativite of Seynt John the Baptiste, and the Nativite of our Lord God by even Porcions; And if & as often as it shall happen the seid annuall rent or any parcell therof eny tyme during the seid 2me to be behynd and unpayd in part or in all at any of the seid festis, that then and so often it shalbe laufull to the seid Richard and his assignees to entre into the seid Mans of Holt Cley Hacford Withwell Houghton Watton and Wodehous in the seid Countie of Norff and in the Maner of Brenbradfeld in the Countie of Suff and evy parcell of theym and there to distreyn and the distres so taken to dryve lede chace and bere awey imparke and reteigne unto the tyme that the same Richard or his assignees of the seid yerely rent and evy parcell therof with all tharreragies of the same, be fully satisfied content and payed. And if and as often as it shall happen the seid yerely rent or eny parcell therof eny tyme duryng the seid time to behynd and unpaied at any of the festis aboveseid and by he space of a moneth next ensuying eny of the same festis, that then and so often the seid Richard and his assignees shall have v ii. in the name of a payn; And ov that if and as often as it shall fortune the seid yerely rent or eny parcell therof at eny tyme duryng the seid time to be behynd and unpayd at any of the seid festis by the space of ij monethes next ensuying any of the seid festis, that then and so often the forseid Richard and his assignees shall have other vii. in name of a payne ov and beside the forseid first payn of v ti. And that it shalbe laufull to the seid Richard and his assignees as often as it shall fortune the seid paynes or any of theym in fourme aforseid to be due, to enter into all the seid Maners and evy parcell of theym and there to distreyn aswell for the seid paymentes as for the seid arreragies of the seid rent, and the distres so taken to dryve lede and chace bere awey impark and withholde unto the tyme that the seid Richard and his assignees as well of the same paynes and evy parcell therof as of all tharreragies of the seid rent be fully satisfied content and payed.

And also be it enacted by thauctorite aboveseid that Elizabeth Duches of Norff and her assignes from hensforth shall peasibly have possede poeive and enjoye to them and their assignees an annuell rent of xl ti. goyng oute of all the seid Maners with their appurtenaunces to be payd yerely to the seid Duches and her Assignees and Executours of the seid Duches at the festis of the Nativite of Seynt John the Baptiste and the Nativite of our Lord God by even porcions unto the tyme that the same Duches or her

assignees or thexecutours of the same Duches be fully paied and have received of the same annuell rent D C. Marc for and to thuse of the mariage of Mary and Elizabeth dought to the forseid Richard Roos and of the lengest lyvs of them, And in the same D C. Mare to be rated and apporcioned betwix the seid Mary and Elizabeth by the discrecion of the seid Duches and her Executours. And if and as often as it shall happen the same annuall rent or any parcell therof at any tyme to be behynd and unpayd to the seid Duches her executours or assignees in parte or in all at any of the seid festis, that then and so often it shalbe laufull to the same Duches her assignees and executours of the seid Duches to enter into all the seid Maners with their appurtenaunces and evy parcell of them and there to distreyn and the distres so take to lede dryve enchace and bere awey imparke and reteigne unto the tyme that the same Duches her assignees and Executours of the seid Duches of the seid yerely rent in fourme aforseid to them granted and evy parcell therof and with all arreragies of the same, be fully satisfied content and payed; And if and as often as it shall happen the seid annuall rent to the seid Duches in fourme aforseid graunted or any parcell therof any tyme to be behynde and unpayde at any of the seid festis and by the space of a moneth next ensuyng any of the same festis, that then and so often the seid Duches her assignees or executours of the same Duches shall have v ti. in be name of a peyne; And ov that if and as often as it shall fortune the same yerely rent or any parcell therof any tyme to be behynd and unpayed at eny of be seid festis, and by the space of ij monethes next ensuyng any of the seid festis, that then so often the forseid Duches her assignees and executours of pe same Duches shall have other v fi. in the name of an othre peyne, And that it shalbe laufull to the seid Duches the assignees or executours of pe same Duches as often as it shall fortune the same peynes or any of theym in fourme aforseid to be due to enter in all the seid Maners and evy parcell therof and there to distreyn aswell for the same paynes as for the seid annual rent and arreragies of the same, and the same distresse so taken to drive lede enchace bere awey imparke and reteigne unto the tyme that the same Duches and the assignees or executours of the seid Duchesse aswell of the seid annuell rentis as of the peynes and evy parcell therof be fully satisfied content and payed. Provided alwey that if the forseid Mary and Elizabeth dye unmaryed before the seid D C. Mare be in fourme forseid fully paied and content, that then from thensforth the payment of the seid annuall rent in fourme aforseid graunted to the seid Duches and this psent graunte therof to be voide.

Power of Entry

Penalties upon said

and Distress for

VIII. Thomas Burgh, Knight.

SAYYNG to Edward Duke of Bokyngham son to Henry late Duke of Bokyngham son to Margarete Countes of Stafford doughter to Alianore late Duches of Somset Robt Spencer Knyght and Alianore his Wyf Countesse of Wilteshire an othre of the doughters of the seid Duches Mary Countesse Ryvers doughter to Elizabeth an othre doughter of the seid Duches, Thomas Burgh Knyght and Edward Burgh Knyght son to Margarete an othre of the doughters of the seid Duches William Paston Squier Agneys Paston Elizabeth Paston doughters of Anne an othre of the doughters of the seid Duches and Richard Frye Squier and Jane his Wyfe an othre dought of the same Duches and to the heires of evy of theym and to evy othre psone or psones feoffed or seased to thuse of theym or any of theym in any of the Pmisses, all suche right title invesse cleyme and possession in lawe or conscience as they or any of theym or any othre to thuse of theym or any of theym have or owe to have in any of the pmisses in like maner and fourme as they or any of theym shuld or owe to have if this acte had not be had ne made.

PROVIDED alwaie that this Acte nor none othre acte heraftir to be made in this psent parlement extend not nor be prejudiciall or hurtfull to Thomas Burgh Knyght in of or for any Stiwardshippes offices fees wages or annuities by Dame Philip Roos or by any feoffe or feoffees to hir use to him graunted for time of his lyfe within the Shire of Lincoln, but that the same Thomas Burgh have occupie poeive and enjoye the seid Stiwardshippes offices fees wages and annuities and evy of theym for time of his lyfe according unto the graunte or grauntes made by the same Dame Philip or by the seid feoffee or feoffees to the seid Thomas Burgh made in and of the premisses or any of theym in as large and available man and fourme as he might or shuld have had or doon if this acte had nev be hadde or made.

CHAPTER XXI.

P Hugone Johnson & Johanna uxe ejus.

To the Kyng our Soveign Lord.

UMBLY besechen your Highnes Hugh Johnson and Johane his Wyfe Sistir and heire of William Brampton of Burford; That where at a Parlement holden at Westin the vij day of Novembr the first yere of your moste noble reigne it was by advyse and assent of the Lordes spuall and temporall and the Comens in that Beent Parlement assembled and by thauctorite of the same, enacted stablished ordeyned demed and declared that the seid William Brampton of Burford with othre shuld stond and be convicte and atteynte of High Treason and disabled and forjuged of almail of honour estate dignite and Peminence and the names of the same and forfeite to you our seid Soveign Lord and to your heires all Castelles Maners Lordshippes Hundredis Fraunchises libties privileges advousons noiacions psentacions londes tentis rentis vices revcions porcions annuities pencions rightes inheritaunces goodis catellis and dettis wherof they or eny othre to their use or to thuse of any of theym were seased possessid the xxjth day of August, the seid first yere of your moste noble reigne or eny tyme aftir within the realme of Inglond Irelond Wales or Caleis or in the marches therof in fee simple fee taill or I'me of lyfe or lyfes; That it may like your gracious Highnes of your grete mey and pitie by thassent of the Lorde spuall and temporall and the Comens in this psent Parlement assembled and by thauctorite of the same, to establisshe and enacte, that the seid acte of conviccion and atteyndre be utterly voide and of noon effecte ageynst the seid William Brampton and his heires and evy of theym, And that the seid Johanne and hir heires may and shall have enherite possede and enjoye to hir and hir heires and assignees all suche londes tentes rentis svices revicions rightis and hereditamentes whiche were the seid William Brampton or to eny other to his use at the tyme of the seid acte of atteynder in suche man and fourme as though none atteyndour nor conviccion had ben hadde ageynst the seid William. Savyng alwey to evy psone and psones their heires and assignees suche right title and intesse as they have or hadde afore the seid acte of Teyndour.

enjoys all meth contra due and or right to they are respaying afters the making of this Adle to they me of the plainess dury of the type that the same finitive remaying and shide in the processor at materials Souvereigne Lord or his belief a And if my of the

Attainder of William Brampton, [See Rot. Parl. sub. an. 1 Hen. VII.]

Reversal of the said Attainder; Restitution of Johanne Sister of

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CHAPTER XXII.

Convictio Johis Hayes.

Recital of a treasonable Letter received and concealed by John Hayes. Most drad Soveign Lord.

OR ASMOCH as oon John Hayes late of Tiberton in the Countie of Devonshire Gentilman the xxvj day of the moneth of Novembr last passed at Winchestr in the Countie of the Southt receyved of oon William Warde of Topisham a writing sent from oon John Taillour your rebell and traitour being in Normandy in the service of your auncien enemye of Fraunce, the tenoure of whiche writing heraftir foloweth; Right revend and worshipfull Sir y hertely recomaunde me unto you, praying you to take to your remembraunce the wordes we spake to guyders in Seynt Petir Chirch of Excestr and at the blak Freres when ye were at your brekefast and y made myn erand unto you for seyng of evydence Sir, ye shall undirstand that the Kyngis Grace of Fraunce by thadvyce and assent of his counsell woll aide and supporte your Maisters son to his right and all his lovers and servante and take theym as his frendys bothe by lond and by watir. And all they may well be assured savely to come into Fraunce both bodyes and goodes and suche as have no goodes they may come heder and be releved if they be knowen fortune men to be quarell, and ov that he woll geve help of his own subgiettis with shippes gold and silv to come into England and with such nombre as shall be thought by you and othre youre masters sonnes frendis necessarie and behofull for his helpe and socour, and they to be redy and land at such tyme and place as ye with othre shall appoynt, and prore I pray you shewe this matier unto suche as ye knowe well woll geve their gode counsell and assistence to the same, And if ye may bring the answer of the mynde heryn your self or ellis send it by Thomas Gale of Dertemouth and ye may speke with him by the same token that he and y comyned toguyder of matiers touching your maisters sonne in Stokingham Park when Sir John Halwell hunted theryn, and be you not aferde to shewe all your mynde unto hym for he is trusty in this matier. Sir ye muste come yourself or send him or ellis send Maister John Atte Will whom ye well trust and y also if ys aunswere for him or ellis ye may send John Aleyne of Pole whom ye trust and y also, or John Affright servant to my Lady Warwyk or any othre trusty body of your knowlege; I pray you make laboure unto my Lady Warwyk to write to the King of Fraunce and to suche of his Counsell as she is best accounted with, and that doon she and ye and all othre of our partie shall have all thingis necessarie as is afore rehercid; And if therto any man of gretter name that thinketh he may owe more goode here then at home, he may suerly come hedir and welcome, And yit it nedith not to send hedir any grete nombre for here shalbe ynough redy furnisshed of all thinges and the King and his Counsell sey they woll aske nothing in recompence, but to do it for the wrong he dyd in making Henr Kyng of Englond and for the goode will he oweth to the sonne of youre maister for they be ner of kyn. Sir ye remembre that the token between you and me is that such as y shall send unto you shall take you by the thombe as I dyde when ye and I wente up oute of the Cloister into Seynt Petirs Chirche and by that token ye shuld be assured of all thinges and fere nothing and so ensure ye all youre frendis and myne, Sir ye shall here by othre frendis Sir the convenable tyme of helpe is come and therfor nowe endevoir youre self and put to your hand and spare no cost for there shalbe helpe in thre parties oute of royalme but here is the place most metely for you and where ye shall lak nothing. The berer herof shall shewe you more to whome y pray you gyf credence. Writen at Roan in Normandye the av. day of Septembr by your olde accountaunce John Taillour the elder. After the resceyte of whiche writing and credence theruppon made and opened, the seid John unfeithfully and untruly suffred the bringer of the seid writing to goo at his plesure without any arrest or trouble to him therfor made and also caste the seid writing in the fire and conseled all the matier and shewed it not to your Highnes nor to any of your Counsell unto the tyme that the seid John aftir he was taken pror and arrested; All whiche matiers afore rehercid is by the seid John Hayes in substaunce confessed and knowleged: Be it therfor ordeyned by the advyse of the Lordes spuall and temporall and Comens in this psent parlement assembled and by auctorite of the same that the seid John Hayes be convicted and atteynted of mesprision by hym commytted and doon avenst the Kynge moost royall psone of and for his unlaufull demeaning and concelement in the pmisses afore reherced, And that he by the same auctorite forfeite therfore all his goodes, And ov that his body to abyde in prisone therfor unto the tyme he have made fyne and raunsom for the same.

Attainder of the said John Hayes for Misprision of Treason, &c.

II. Grants of Offices to him shall become void.

III.
To extend only
to Offices granted
by the King, or
his Mother, or the
Bishop of Exeter.

AND of this it be ordered by the seid auctorite that all tres patentes and grauntes of offices fees and annuyties incident to evy of the same Offices or for the excise use or occupacion of the same unto the seid John Hayes made and graunted aswell by the Kyng as by eny othre psone be utterly voide and of noon effecte.

PROVIDED alwayes that this acte of forfeiture extend not nor stretche to the forfaiture of any office fees or annuyties graunted or made to the seid John Hays othre than offices fees and annuyties by us to him graunted or by oure derrest Lady Moder, or elles graunted unto him by the right revend fader in God Maister Piers Courteney somtyme Bisshop of Excestre or by any othre heretoforn Bisshop there and confermed by the Chapiltre of the Cathedrall Churche of the same.

CHAPTER XXIII.

Attincta Robti Chambleyn Mit.

Attainder of Sir Robert Chamberleyn, and Richard White, Gent. of Treason, and Forfeiture thereon. FOR ASMUCHE as Sir Robt Chamberleyn late of Berking in the Shire of Essex Knyght and Richard White late of Thorp beside Billingforde in the Shire of Norff Gentilman the xxiiij day of Auguste, and the seid Sir Robt the xvij day of January the vjth yere of the reigne of oure Soveign Lord the Kyng that nowe is, at Berking aforesaid traitrousely ymagened and compassed the dethe and destruccion of oure seid Souvereign Lord, and also the subvercion of all this Roialme than and there traitrously levyed guerre ayen our seid Souvereigne Lorde and adhered theym traitrously to Charles the Frenche Kyng auncient ennemye to our seid Souvereigne Lord and this Roialme ayen their duetie and ligeaunce; Be it therfore ordeyned and enacted by auctorite of this psent Parliament that the seid Robert and Richard stonde and be atteynted of High Treason and forfaite all Manoirs landes tenementes rentes revicions and all othre hereditamentes that they or either of theym or eny othre to their use or to the use of either of theym hadde at any of the seid dayes, of astate of fee simple or fee tayll in Englond or Wales.

Saving for Rents out of forfeited Manors; and Services. And also it is ordered by the seid auctorite that evy of the Kyngis liege people their successours heires and assignees have and enjoye all mail rentis due and of right to theym pteynyng afore the makyng of this Acte to theym of any of the pmisses duryng the tyme that the same pmisses remayne and abide in the possession of oure seid Souvereigne Lord or his heires; And if any of the pmisses heraftir be graunted by the Kyng or eny of his heires by tree patentes to any psone for time of lyfe in fee simple or fee

tayll, that then thoo psones so seised holde the same Manoirs landes and op Pmisses of suche psones their heires and successours oonly and by the same svices as the same Manoirs landes and tenementes and othre Pmisses were and shuld have been holden and charged with afore the making of this Acte, Homage of tenauntes for Pme of lyf oonly except.

And also be it ordeyned and established by the seid advyse assent and auctorite that if any of the seid psonnes by this acte atteynted have made any astate feoffement or discontinuance of any landes tenementes rentis possessions and othre hereditamentis wherof they bee or any of they were seised or possessid in the right of any of their Wyfes at the tyme of suche estate feoffementes or discontinuaunces made to any psone or psone in any wise, that the seid landes tenementes rentes possessions and hereditamentes be not comprised in this Acte but uttirly be excepte and forprised oute of the same; And that the right and title of evy of the seid Wyfes of and in all suche landes tenementes rentis possessions and othre hereditamentes, be and reste in evy of the seid Wyfes and they to be at their accions and recouvees of the same and evy parcell therof according to the cours of the coen lawe of Englond; this Acte or any othre acte or ordinaunce in this psent parliament made or to be made notwithstanding; And also that it be laufull to evy of the seid Wyfes and Women and to evy of their heires by this Acte not atteynted, to entre in to the seid Manours landes tenementes rentes possessions and othre enhereditamentes into whoos possession soev they be seised to come as wele uppon the possession of the Kyng our Soveigne Lord as uppon the possession of any othre psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted and theym and evy of theym holde and enjoye to theym and to their heires by this Acte not atteynted according to their title and interest in the same.

III. Saving for Lands held in Right of their Wives.

And moreov be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that evy of the wyse of evy of the seid psonnes nowe livyng by this Acte atteynted or unhabled and evy suche Woman suche as was the wyse of any of the seid psonnes now ded, by this acte atteynted or unhabled, frely enjoye have and possesse aftir the deth of her husbond, all hir owne inheritaunce to hir and to hir heires othre than be atteynted or unhabled by this Acte, and all Castelles Lordshippes Manoirs landes tenementes and othre the pmisses wherof she the seid xxiiij day of August and the seid xvij day of January in any wise was seised or possessed in her owne right state or possession or jointly with her said husband or with any othre psone or psones or with any psone or psones were seised to thuse of any of the seid Women or to thuse of any of the seid Women and hir said husbande aftir fourme and Maner and in like wise as they or any of theym, and intitled in the same the seid xxiiij day of August and the seid xvij day of January. And that during the seid Estate it be not seisible nor seised by this acte into the Kyngis handes, ner the Kyng to be aunswered of any issues or pfites of eny parcell therof the same Estate during; And that it be lefull to evy of the seid Wyses and Women and evy of their heires by this acte not atteynted nor unhabled and to evy psone or psones seised to the use of any of the seid Women or to thuse of any of the same Women hir seid husbandis and their heires to entre into the same Castelles Manoirs Lordshippes and othre the pmisses and evy of theym into whose possession so ev they be seised or come aswell uppon the possession of the Kyng as upon the possession of evy othre psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted ner unhabled and theym and evy of theym holde and enjoye to hir and to hir heires by this acte not atteynted ner unhabled according to hir or their title right and invest in the same.

IV. Saving for the Wives for their own Inheritances.

SAVENG to evy psone and their heires other than suche psones as been by this Acte attended and their heires and the heires of evy of theym and evy psone claymyng by the seid psonnes soo attended or their heires or any of theym of or in any of permisses, suche right title accion entree and interesse in or of the premisses and evy of theym as they shuld have hadde if this acte hadde not be made.

V. General Saving.

PROVYDED alway that this Acte of Atteyndre or forfeiture or any othre acte made or to be made in this psent Parliament in any wise extend not to or for the Maner of Chambers in Eppyng with thappurtenances in the Countie of Essex, nor to or for the revicion of the same, nor to or for any londes or tenementes in Eppyng aforseid with their appurtenances.

Proviso as to Lands in Epping.

CHAPTER XXIV.

An Act for the County Palentyne of Lancaster.

To the Kyng our Sovayn Lord.

THERE the Countie of Lancastre is and of long tyme hath byn a Countie Palyntyne made and ordeyned for grete consideracion, and win the same hath byn had and used jurisdiccion roiall and all thynge to a Countie Palyntyne belonging in the dayes of the noble pgenito's of our Sovayn Lord the King unto the begynnyng of this Psent Parliament that the Knyghtis of Shire and othre noble psonnes of the same Countie beyng absent, an acte was made at the sute of a pticuler psonne for his particuler cause and ayenst the coen wele of all oh to abregge the same jurisdiction as touching psonnes dwelling out of the seid Countie utlawed uppon peesse made in the same Countie for matiers and causes doon in the same, the whiche psonnes hou be it they were duly utlawed shuld not forfeite their goodes the whiche they had oute of the same Countie by the effecte of the same Acte; The whiche Acte was not onely conterie to the seid jurisdiccion of long tyme there used, and hurtefull to the inhabitauntes of the same Countie and all othre the whiche had true cause of accion for murdres robberies trespasses obligacions contractis and ob laufull causes done within be same Countie by dwellers w'out, but also in lettyng of Justice and laufull remedy to theym whiche had laufull cause of suche accions and by reason of the same acte were lefte wout laufull remedy in that behalf; It be therfore by the advyce and assent of the Lordis spuals and temporals and Comyns in this Psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same the viij day of February the vijth yere of the reigne of our seid Soveign Lord enacted ordeyned and stablisshed that the seid acte and all actis of Plement made in this psent parlement touching the seid Countie Palyntyne or eny parte of the jurisdiccion therof or made to the abreggement of eny parte of the same jurisdiccion or touching eny forfeiture or losse of goodes the whiche or shuld growe or happen by reason of eny presse or exigend made or to be made within the same Countie be utterly voide and of no force ne effecte; And that the same Countie Palyntyne and all the jurisdiccion prof be in evy poynt touching all poesse forfeitures and op thinges as large and of like force & effecte as it was the day next before be furst day of be psent Parliament and as if the seid acte had not byn made.

Chapter X. of this Session respecting Forfeitures of Persons outlawed in Lancashire, repealed.

this land or without, any thing shuld loose

couly and by the same wines as the same Manoire lenders and tenementer and other printed were and shuld have been holden

trail, that then thee passes as saired holds the arms Maneirs landes and off philoses of suche passes their hours

Anno 11º HENRICI, VII. A.D.1495.

Er Rotulo Parliamenti de anno regni Regis henrici Septimi, undecimo.

STATUTES MADE IN THE SESSION OF PARLIAMENT, BEGUN TO BE HOLDEN AT WESTMINSTER, ON WEDNESDAY THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER, IN THE ELEVENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF K. HENRY, VII.

CHAPTER I.

AN ACTE that noe pson going wth the Kinge to the Warres shalbe attaynt of treason.

THE King oure Soveign Lord calling to his remembraunce the duetie of alliegeaunce of his subgettis of this his

Realme, and that they by reason of the same are bounden to eve ther Prince and Soveign Lord for the tyme beyng in his Werres for the defence of hym and the lande ageynst evy rebellion power and myght reared ayenst hym, and with hym to entre and abide in svyce in batell if the case so requyre; And that for the same svice what fortune ev fall by chaunce in the same bataile ayenst the mynde and weell of the Prince, as in this lande somtyme passed hath been seen, That it is not resonable but ayenst all lawes reason and gode conscience that the seid subgettis going with their soveign Lord in Werres attending upon hym in his psone or being in other places by his comaundement within this land or without, any thing shuld loose or forfeite for doyng their true dutie and service of alliegeaunce: It be therfor ordeyned enacted and establisshed by the Kyng oure soveign Lorde by advise and assent of the lordes spuall and tempall and Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that from hensfourth no man of psone ne psones whatsoed he or they be, that attend upon the King and Soveign Lord of this lande for the tyme being in his psone and do him true and feithfull svice of alliegeaunce in the same, or be in other places by his comaundement, in his Werres within this lande or w'out, that for the same dede and true ['gvice '] of alliegeaunce he or they be in no wise convycte or atteynt of high treason ne of other offences for that cause by acte of Parliament or otherwise by any presse of lawe, wherby he or any of theym shall [mowe 1] forfeit life landes tenementes rentis possessions hereditamentis godes catelles or eny other thingis, but to be for that dede and service utterly discharged of any vexacion trouble or losse; And if any acte or actis or other presse of the lawe hereafter therupon for the same happen to be made cont'ry to this ordynaunce, that then that acte or actes or other pcesses of the lawe whatsoev they shall be, stande and be utterly voide.

King for the Time being, in War, shall not be attainted of Treason, &c.

Proviso.

Provided always that no psone ne psones shall take any benefite or avauntage by this acte which shall hereafter declyne from his or their seid alliegeaunce.

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s [or may]-Modern Printed Copies read lose or

CHAPTER II.

An Acte agaynst vacabounds and beggers.

OR ASMOCHE as the Kyngis g'ce moost entierly desireth amonges all erthly thingis the pspite and restfulnes of For moderating this his land and his subgettis of the same to [leve'] quietly and [surefully and to the plesure of God and according to his lawes, willing and alweiss of his pitie intending to reduce theym therunto by softer meanes then by such extreme rigour therfor p'veied in a Statute made in the tyme of King Richard the second, considering also the great charges that shuld growe to his subgettis for bringing of vagabondes to the Gaoles according to the same Statute and the long abiding of theym therin, wherby by likelehede many of theym shuld lose their lives, In [modring 3] of the seid estatute his highnes wull by thauctorite of this psent parliament it be ordeyned and enacted, that where suche mysdoers shuld be by examinacion comytted to the coen gaole ther to remayne as is aforseid, that the [Shiref 1] Maires Baillifs High Constables and Pety Constables and all other Govners and Officers of Citees Burghes Townes Townshipps Villages and other placis, within iij daies after this acte pclamed, make due serch, and take or cause to be taken all suche vagaboundes idell and suspecte psones lyvyng suspeciously, and theym so taken to sette in stokkes, ther to remayne by the space of iij daies and iij nyghtes and ther to have noon other sustenaunce but brede and water; and after the seid iij daies and iij nyghtes to be had oute and set at large and then to be comaunded to avoide the Towen; And if eftsones he be taken in suche defaute in the same Town or Township then he to be sette in the like wise in Stokkis by the space of vi daies with like diete as is before reherced; and if eny psone or psones geve eny other mete or drinke to the seid mysdoers being in stokkes in fourme aforseid, or the same prisoners favour in their mysdoyng, that then they forfeite for evy tyme so doing xij d.

And also it is ordeyned by the seid auctorite that all man of beggers not able to werke, within vj wekis next after pclamacion made of this acte, goe rest and abide in [his 3] hundred where he last dwelled, or ther where he is best knowen or born, ther to remayne or abide without begging out of the said Hundred, upon payne to be punysshed as is beforeseid And that no man be excused by that he is a Clerke of on Unyvite or of other, without he shewe the fres of the Chaunceller of the Unyvsite from whens he seith he comyth, nor none other calling himself a Souldeour Shipman or travelyngman without he bringe a fre from his Captayn or from the Town where he landed, and that he then to be comaunded to go the [steight 6] high wey into his Country.

AND of this it is orderned by thauctorite aboveseid that if any Shiref or other Officer afore reherced execute not the Pmisses as is above seid of evy vagabounde heremyte or begger able to labre, or clerk pilgryme or shipman, as ofte as eny suche comyth in his sight or that he hath therof knowlege within the Towne where he hath auctorite rule or govnaunce, that as often as eny suche of the seid mysdoers abiding ther by the space of a day depten unexamyned and unpunysshed as is aboveseid, for evy mysdoer so depted he to lose xx d. And that the lord of evy lete within this realme and the Shiref in his Tourne have auctoritie to enquyre therof in his Lete and Tourne and the lord of the lete to have for evy defaute founde as is aboveseid xxd; And the Shiref to enquyre in his Tourne of suche escapes within the jurisdiccion of his Tourne and to have xx d. for evy such defaute founde in his Tourne; And that the penaltie lymytted by this ordynaunce to be forfeited by any officer or any other psone for noun punysshement of Vagaboundes and other mysruled psones within evy Cite where Maire and Aldermen be, that the pfite of evy suche penaltie be unto the Alderman of [evy] Warde where suche forfeiture is had or made to his owne use and pfite.

AND also it is ordeyned and enacted by the seid auctorite that it shalbe laufull to evy man intitled to have the seid penaltie to distreyne for it, in like wise as the lorde of any lete may do for amciamentis and fynes had and assessed in the same lete.

And ferthermore it is ordeyned and enacted by the seid auctorite that noon apprentice ne svaunt of husbondry laborer ner svaunt artificer pley at the Tables from the xth day of January next comyng but onely for mete and drinke, ner at the Tenys Closshe Dise Cardes Bowles nor any other unlaufull game in no wise out of Cristmas, and in Cristmas to pley oonly in the dwelling house of his maister or where the maister of any the seid syauntes is psent, upon peyne of imprisonement by the space of a day in the Stokkis openly; And that the housholder where disyng carding tenys pleiyng bowles Clossh or any other unlawfull game afore reherced shalbe used, otherwise then is afore reherced, and that laufully be psented before Justices of Peas the Maire Shiref in his Tourne or Stuard in his lete, or by examynacion had afore the seid Justices of peas, that pees be made upon the same as upon endytment of trespas ayenst the Kingis peas and that the seid mysdoer be admytted to no fyne undre the some of vjs. viij d. And that it be laufull to ij of the Justices of the peas wherof on shalbe of the Quoz win their auctorite to rejecte and put awey comen ale selling in Tounes and places where they shall thinke convenyent, and to take suertie of the keps of ale houses of their gode behaving by the discrecion of the seid Justices, and in the same to be avysed and aggreed at the tyme of their Sessions.

PROVIDED always that dymynucion of punysshment of vagaboundes and beggers aforseid may and shalbe had for women greate with child, and men and women in extreme sikenes by him that [hat 8] auctorite to do be seid punysshmentis, this acte not withstanding. albeid aniavod sugo while all of guidrous thought to surface and eith middle

St. 7 Ric. II. c. 5.

Vagabonds shall be et in the Stocks Three Days and sent away, and on returning shall be set in the Stocks for Six Days, &c.

Beggars shall be sent to their several Places of Abode, Certificates of Scholars, Soldiers,

III. Penalties on Officers not executing this

recoverable by Distress.

No Apprentice, Servant, &c. shall play at certain Games except at

Justices of Peace may punish Keepers of Houses for dicing, &c.

and regulate Ale

Proviso for Women with Child, &c.

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CHAPTER III.

An Acte agaynst unlawfull Assemblyes and other offence contrary to former Statute.

The Presentment and Punishment of certain Offences prevented by Corruption, &c. of Jurors:

THE KING oure Soveign Lorde calling to his remembraunce that many gode statutis and ordinaunces be made for be punysshement of riottis unlaweful assemblees reteyndours and gevyng and receyvyng of lyvees signees and tokyns unlaufully, extorcions maynten ncf ymbracery excessive taking of wagis contrary to the Statutes of laborers and artificers, the use of unlaufull games ynordynat apparaill and many other greate enormytees and offences which be comytted and done dailly contrye to the goode statutes, for many and dyvs behouful consideracions sevally made and ordeyned, to the high displeasire of all myghty god and the greate lette of the comen (1) Weell of this londe, notwithstanding that genally by the Justices of the Peas in evy shire within this reame in the open Sessions is geven in charge to enquyre of many offences comytted contry to dyvs of the seid statutes, and dyvs enquestes therupon ther streitly sworne and charged before the seid Justices to enquyre of the Pmysses, and therin to Psent the treuth, whiche are letted to be founde by imbracery maynten nce corrupcion and favour, by occasion wherof the seid Statutes be (2) nor can not be put in due execucion; For reformacion wherof for so moche that before this tyme the seid offences extorcions contempts and other the Pmissis myght not ner as yet may be convenyently punysshed by the due ordre of the lawe, except it were first founde and psented by the verdite of xij men therto duly sworn, whiche for the causes afore reherced will not fynde nor (3) Psent the treuth: Wherfor be it by thadvyse and assent of the lordes spuall and temporall and the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same enacted ordeyned and establisshed, that from hensfourth aswell the Justices of Assise in the open Sessions to be holden afore them [and evy of theym '] as the Justices of the Peas in evy Countie of the seid realme, uppon informacion for the King tofore them to be made, have full power and auctorite by their discrecion to here and det myne all offences and contemptis comitted and doon by any psone or parsones ayenst pe fourme ordynaunce and effecte of any Statute made and not repellid. And that the seid Justices uppon the seid informacion have full power and auctorite to awarde and make like pces ayenst the seid offenders and evy of theym as they shuld or myght make ayenst suche psone or psones as be psented and indited before theym of trespas doon contry to the Kingis peace; And the seid offender & offenders duly to punysshe according to the p'porte fourme and effecte of the seid Statutes.

Justices of Assise and of the Peace empowered to hear and determine and to punish Offences, upon Information without Indictment.

II.
Costs against the
Informer, on
Acquittal of the
Parties.

Act shall not extend to Treason, Murder, or Felony; nor to Offences out of their Shires.
Saving of Liberties.

AND also be it enacted bi the seid auctorite that the psone which shall geve be seid informacion for the King shall by the discrecion of the seid Justices content and paye, to the seid psone or psones ayenst whom the seid informacion shalbe so geven, his resonable costes and damages in that behalfe susteyned, if it be tried or founde ayenst hym that so gevith or maketh any suche informacion.

PROVIDED alwey that any suche informacion extend not to treason murdre or felony, ner to any other offence wherfor any psone shall lose life or membr, ner to lese by nor uppon the same informacion any londes tent? goodes ner catalles to be party making the same informacion. Provided also that the seid informacion shall not extend to any psone dwelling in an otheir shire than there as the seid informacion shalbe geven or made. Savyng to evy psone and psones Citees and Townes all ther libties and franchises to they and evy of they of right belonging and apperteyning.

CHAPTER IV.

AN ACTE for Wayght? and Measures.

Former Laws as to Weights and Measures not observed.

PRAIEN the Comens in this Psent parliament assembled, that where divs actes statutes and ordinaunces in the tymes of the noble pgenitours and Odecessours of ours, nows Sapaign Land the Tributes and ordinaunces in the tymes of the noble pgenitours and pdecessours of oure nowe Soveign Lord the King have be made that oon mesure and oon weight shuld be used thurghoute this noble reame, And also that in evy Cite Burgh and Towne within the same realme, upon cteyn and sevall paynes in the seid Statutes and Ordinaunces limytted, shuld be coen balaunce with coen weightis and coen mesures marked according to the Estandard of the Eschequer, by the which and other like balauncez weightis and mesures marked according to the seid Estandard all men shuld bie and sell, in avoiding of all fraude and discorde in that behalfe to be used; which actis statutes and ordinaunces have not be obsved and kepte, as nowe in this pent parliament it hath be openly by dive prones of dive pties of this realme remembred, to the great hurte and vexacion of dyvs and many of the Kingis subgettis of this his realme; for remedy wherof be it of [youre haboundant gece and charge 3] oure moost gecious Soveign Lord by thassent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and by the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same enacted and establisshed, that unto the Knyghtis and Citesyns of evy Shire and Citie assembled in this Psent parliament, Barons of the v. portes and Eteyn Burgeises of Burgh Townes, [or 1] they depte from this psent parliament, be delived oon of evy weight and mesure, which nowe oure Soveign Lord hath caused to be made of Brasse for the coen Wele of all his Subgettis and lieges within this his realme of Englond according to the King oure Soveign lordis standard of his Estchequer, of weight and mesure as they be in the Eschequer of our seid Soveign Lord; And that the seid Knightis Citezens and Burgeises, to whome the seid weightis and mesures shalbe delived as is afore seid, suerly convey or cause the same to be conveyed on this halfe the fest of Ester next comyng by the seid Citezens to their Citees, and by the seid Knightis unto suche

Burgh or Toune corporate or market Towne within the Shire for which they be elected as is specified and conteined

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Standard Weights and Measures shall be sent to every City, &c. by their Members of Parliament.

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yet omitted.

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in a cedule unto this Psent bill annexed, ther to remayne for ev in the keping of the Maire Bailli or other hed officer for the tyme being of the same Citie Burgh or Toun as the Kingis standard of weight and mesure. And b' thinhitauntes of all Citees Burghs and Market Tounes within evy of the seid Shires shall, on this halfe the fest of the Nativite of Seynt John Baptist next comyng, make or cause to be made comen mesures and weightis according to the weightis and mesures aboveseid, to remayne within the same Cities Burghs and Market Townnes and evy of theym. And the same weightis and mesures to be vewed examyned printed signed and marked by the Maire Bailly or other hede officer in whose possession the aforseid standard shall remayne; And that evy of thaforseid Maire Baily or hed officer havyng the seid weightes and mesures signed and printed [as is aforseid have auctorite and power to make signe and printe undre the signe and printe for the same with a fre H. crowned to be printed to signe and printe '] like weightis and mesures unto evy the Kinges lieges and subgeites duly requiring the same; Taking for marking of evy busshell jd. And that from the seid fest of the Nativite of Seint John Baptist noe marchaunt ne other psone ne psones within eny Citie or Market Toun bye ne sell with any weight or mesure excepte it be marked signed or printed in man and fourme aforseid, ne any other psone or psones out of the seid Cities Burghs and Market Townes except it be like and egall with the seid standard. And that evy psone aswell without Cities Burghs and Market Tounes as within bie and sell with a busshell sealed signed or marked after the fourme aforeseid and in noon otherwise. And that all the Maires Baillifs and all other hed officers of evy Citie Burgh or Market Town shall cause, twise in the yere or oftener as they shall thinke necessary, all weightis and mesures within the seid Citeis Burghs and Market Townes to be brought afore theym and to be dewly vewed and examyned, and such as they shall upon the seid examynacion finde defectif imediatli to be broken and brent, and the pti or parties which in that behalf hath offended and be founde defectif shall forfeite for the first time vj s. viij d. pe forfeiture therof to be unto the seid Maire Bailli or any other havyng jurisdiccion and correccion in that behalf; and at the secund tyme the seid offender like wise to forfait xiij s. iiij d. and at the iijde tyme like wise to forfeite xx s. and for ferther punysshment to be sette upon the pillory to thensample of other. And that ij Justices of the Peas wherof oon shalbe of the Quoz have auctorite aswell by examynacion as by enquerry to here and determyn the defautes of the seid Maires Bailles or other hed officers in that behalf, and also of all biers and sellers doing contary to this psent acte and ordinaunce and to set fyne and mercement upon the offenders by their discrecion; and the seid weightes and mesures so found defectif to be forfeit and brent.

&c. from those so

Punishment of

BE it also enacted that ther be but only viij busshelles rased and streken to the quarter of Corne, and xiiij lb. to the Corn and Wool.

BE it also ordeyned bi auctorite aboveseid that the Justices of Peas aboveseid have auctorite to make like pces ayenst Process for all psones founden as is aboveseid defectif, and for suche fynes and amciamentis as upon them shalbe cessid, as if Penalties. they were endited afore them for breking of the Kingis peas; And [that where *] by other Statutes and Ordinaunces [See Statutes afore lymytted it is ordeyned that evy Citie Burgh and Toun that hath a Constable shuld have coen weightis and 11 Hen. VI. c. 5; mesures sealed, upon penalties in the same limytted, that [thike'] penalties in that behalf extende not to any Toun which is no Citie Burgh nor Market Toun.

PROVIDED alwey that this Acte shall not extend nor be pjudiciall to any psone selling or byeng by war mesure Water-Measure. within the Ship borde; And that it be by auctorite aboveseid enacted, the pmysses or any other ordinaunce tofore made notwithstonding, that the seid Watermesure within the Ship borde shall onely conteyn v. pekkis after the seid standard rased and streken.

PROVIDED also that thaxamynacion of defautes aboveseid and punysshment to the offenders of evy offence comitted Offences in the herafter within eny of the seid v. portes, shall be had doon and admynystred by be Lorde Warden of the seid v. portes Cinque Ports. or by his lieutenaunt of the same for the tyme beyng and by none other, the premysses notw'standing.

PROVIDED always that this Acte of weightis and mesures extend not nor be in any wise hurtfull or pjudiciall to the Weights of Tin in Prince win the Duchie of Cornewall for any weightis apperteynyng and belonging to the Cunage of Tynne within the Cornwall, &c. Counties of Cornewall and Devonshire; but that all such weightis be used ordered demeaned and corrected as it hath ben used and ascustumed before this tyme, the seid acte and ordynaunce notwithstonding.

THE NAMES of Tounes lymitted for the sauf custodie of weightes and mesures, according to the Kingis Standard, for the Shires following as pticularly apperith.

Towns, &c. having Standard Weights and Measures.

Westint the Toune of Appulby.	Leyce the Toune of Leycestre.
Northumbr - the Toune of Neucastell.	Warr the Citie of Coventre.
Cumbr the Citie of Carliol.	Rotef the Toun of Uppyngham.
Lance - the Toune of Lancastr.	Norht the Toune of Northampton.
Ebox the Citie of Yorke.	Bed the Toun of Bedford.
Lincoln the Citie of Lincoln.	Buk the Toune of Bukyngham.
Derb - the Toune of Derby.	Cantebr - the Toune of Cambrige.
Notyngh - the Toun of Notingham.	Hunt the Towne of Huntingdon.

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Norff	so Hilled	1.	the Citie of Norwich.
Suff	ne aly	-	the Toun of Seint Edmondes Bury.
Essex	ofted o	d.	the Toun of Chelmesford.
Hertf	10004		the Toune of Hertford.
Mida	V=5		In Westmynster.
Kanč	Dell -		the Toun of Maideston.
Surr	all other	1/4	the Toun of Guldeford.
Sussex	woe b		the Toun of Lewes.
Oxoñ	TO THE	970	the Toun of Oxford.
Berk	Marine .	-	the Toun of Reding.
Salop	within t		the Toun of Shrewisbury.
Staff	not bear		the Toun of Stafford.
Heref			the Citie of Hereford.
Glouč	in State	-	the Toun of Gloucestr.

- the Citie of Worcetur. Wygorn the Citie of Newe Salysbury. Sutht - the Citie of Wynchestre. Soms the Toun of Ilchestre. Dorš the Toun of Dorchestre. the Citie of Excestre. the Toun of Lostudyell. the same Citie. London Bristoll the same Toun. the Castell of Doverr. Quinq, Portus Civitas Coventr the same Citie. - the same Toun. the same Citie.

CHAPTER V.

AN ACTE for the pullinge downe of Weares and Engyns.

Mischief of Wears, &c. within the Haven of Southampton.

Such Wears, &c.

may be abated by

any one.

Penalties on resisting such Abatement; on making Wears, &c. there.

Continuance of this A&.

POR ASMUCHE as the Portys Havens Ryvs Crekis and aryvell of Shippis, within this realme of England and the Coostes of the same, be nowe of late greatly anoied hurte and dekaied, and in especiall the porte and haven of Suthampton, the which before this tyme hath been the grettest haven succour and receite aswell for marchauntes and shippes of this realme of Englond as of Carrykis Galeyes and other Shippes and marchauntes of other regions and Cuntreles ther arrying and resorting, to the pfite of oure Soveign Lord the King the greate encreace of the marchauntes of this lond and the comen wele and comforte of all the Contrey therto adjoynyng, the which is now lately greatly decayed and is like shortly more to decaie by reason and occasion of divs and many Weares and other Engynes for fisshing ther made levyed fixed and had, bitwen a cteyn place in the seid Haven called Calshord and another place in be seid Haven called Redbrigge directly, so that by reason of the seid Weares and Engynes within fewe yeres no Ship of greate burdon shall mowe come or arive in the seid Haven without due and hasty remedy be purveied in this behalfe: For remedy wherof and for the comen weel of this realme of Englond and thencreace of the marchauntes of the same, the King oure Soveign Lorde by thassent of his lordes spuall and tempall and the comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same ordeyneth establith and enacteth, that it be lawefull to evy man to abate plucke up and take awey all and evy of the said Weares and Engynes and evy of them at all tymes at their pleasire being in the seid Haven betwene the seid places called Calshord and Redbrigge directly without troble lette or vexacion of any man; And that no Man lette troble vexe hurte or sue the plukkers up and takers awey of the seid weares and engynes or any of them uppon payne of forfaiture of xl t. of evy of theym that so lettith trobleth sueth vexeth or hurteth; and that if any psone or psones from hensfourth make levye fixe or sette any Weares or Engynes for fisshing stone tymbre or erth in the seid Haven directly bytwen the seid places than he or they that so doo shall forfeite an Ch; the on halffe of either of the seid sumes to be to the King oure Soveign Lord and that other halfe to hym or theym that will sue in that behalfe by accion of dette playnt or bill or informacon in the Kingis Eschequer; and that the defendaunt in such accion playnt bill or informacion be not essoyned nor any ptection be allowed for him nor be admytted to wage his lawe in that behalfe: and this acte to endure the space of xxii yeres nowe next ensuying.

CHAPTER VI.

An Acte for the payment of Custumes for wollen Cloth transported.

Recital of Statute 12 Edw. IV. c. 3. as to paying Customs on Woollen Cloth exported:

Such Custom shall be paid at the Port of Exportation. HERE AS in the parliament holden at Westin the xijth yere of the raign of King Edwarde the iiijth late King of Englond, amonge other thingis it was ordeyned establisshed and enacted, that where any Wolen Clothes were or shuld be packed in any porte within this realme of Englond, and then to be carried from thems to any Porte within this realme to be carried ov the See, that then the same Clothes so to be packed and caried shuld be packed in the pense of the Custumers and Countrollers of the porte where the same Clothes shuld be so packed, and pat the custumes and subsidies of the seid Clothes due to the King shuld be paied and content unto the collectours of the custome within the same Poorte, as in the seid acte pleynly appereth; whiche Acte for divs and many causes and consideracions is thought hurtfull and pjudiciall aswell unto the King oure soveign lord as to the marchauntes: In consideracion wherof be it ordyned establisshed and enacted by the King oure Soveign Lord by thassent of the lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens of this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that from hensfourth the custome and subsidie of all Wolen Clothes to be shipped or caried ov the See, where so ev they be packed, shall be paied to the Custumers of the Poorte or Portes where any such Clothes shalbe lade or shipped, or to their Deputes; this Acte or any other Acte here before made to the contra notwithstonding.

they be comytted to pron ther to remays and

CHAPTER VII.

An Acte agaynst ryotts and unlawfull assemblyes.

PRAYEN the Comens of this youre land in this psent parliament assembled, That where for the greate suertie rest peas and tonquillite of your seid Comens true liegemen and subgettis in hited in this youre realme, dyv's and many gode statutes actes and ordynaunces have ben made in tymes past ordeyned and establisshed to subdue and punyssh riottes for the unlaufull reysing and leding of [youre'] people, riottes routis and other unlaufull assemblees, wherby many evyll dedis jopdies pilles feere and drede to your subgettis have growen, and theruppon greate penalties sette upon the seid riotto's and offenders, as in dy's remembred statutes actes and ordynaunces in the daies of youre noble pgenytours at sevall tymes made ordeyned and pvyded more at large doth and may appere; Yet the same actez notwithstonding some psones not dreding God their Soveign lorde ne the punysshment of the lawes made and had in this behalfe ofte tymes aswell, by colour of suche offices as they have obteyined as Receyvours Stuardes and Bailiffis of Lordships and other offices as by prevy reteyndours by othe pmysse covenaunt and otherwise and claymyng also dutie of ther tenauntes and svauntes, where none suche dutie is, to goe with theym when such assemble rioute or route shalbe, And after the same divs of the seid svauntes and psones ofte tymes retret and absent them selfe by the agrement covyne and counsell of their seid Maisters and of the seid principall riottours, so that they may not be taken ne brought to answere to the lawe as the lawes requyre, And if eny enditements be had it shalbe made upon suche psones as so retret and absent theymself and nothing founden ayeynst the seid principalles riottours, in disceite and fraude of the seid gode statutes actes and ordynaunces therof made, to the great corage boldnesse and comforte of the seid evyll doers, moost daunger jeopdie and parell of youre seid well disposed subgettis, and to the worst example that therby may ensue if hasty remedy therin be not pvided: It may therfor pleas youre Highnes of youre most lovyng disposicion that ye bere and owe to the comen wele of this youre land, and to the great suertie of youre subgettis of the same, by thadvyse of the lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same to do ordeyne enacte and establissh, that what so ev psone or psones win this youre realme, of what estate degree or condicion he be, that hereafter unlaufully reyse assemble or lede youre people within this youre realme, without youre comaundement or auctorite of youre lawes, and comitte any riotte that then if the pty greved or any other psone in the Kingis behalf complayn to the Justices of be Peas within the countie where such riotte is doon, or to any of them havyng auctorite to enquyre of the same where suche riotte and unlawfull assemble shalbe made, by bill conteynyng the riotte and the circumstaunce of the same, and of what toun shire mystere or condicion evy of the psones ayenst whom the same compleynt be made is dwelling, or els if the seid riottours be endited therof, then therupon the seid Justices and evy of theym have auctorite and pouer, in the next geniall sessions of the Peas within the same Countie to be holden after the compleynt so to theym made or inditement therof hadde afore the same [Justice, 1] to do make pelamacion that the seid maister or maisters principall or principallis leder or leders that unlaufully cause the seid people to gedre or rise, that they appere psonelly at the next genall sessions of the peas after be seid pclamacion so made, and evy other psone or psones that were psent and attendaunt upon hym or theym by his or their comaundement pcuring or assent conteyned in the seid pclamacion at the seid riotte route and assemble, and evy of theym, psonalli to appere at the seid next sessions of the Peas next after the seid polamacion to be holden within the seid countie; at whiche day if the seid maister or maisters principall or principalles leder or leders or any other of the forseid offenders appere, then he or they be put to answere therunto if it seme to the seid Justices resonable, and be put to sufficient baill by reconisaunce before the seid Justices to appere psonelly from Sessions to Sessions unto tyme that the compleynt be discussed, And if he or they refuse so to doo then he or they be comitted to Warde ther to remayne till they will; and if eny of the psones ayenst whom such compleynt or inditement is had or made dwell in any other countie [then] in the same Countie where suche riotte rout and assemble is made, that then the Justices, to or afore whome the same compleynt or inditment is had or made, do send a transcripte of the same compleynt or inditment to some Justices of the Peas in the Countie where such psone is dwelling, desiring hym to cause pclamacion to be made in the next gendall Sessions of the Peas in that Countie to be holden, that the same psone or psones appere at the next [gehlall 1] Sessions of the Peas in the Shire where the seid riotte is don next after the same polamacion to be holden; and if the same psone or psones dwelling in a foren shire appere, then like order to be hadde for hym or theym so appering as is afore specified for and to theym that be dwelling in the seid Shire where the seid riotte is supposed to be doon or made; And if the same psone or psones or any of theym ayenst whom such pclamacion is made in the Countie where the seid riot is supposed to be doon, and they be dwelling at the tyme of the same polamacion making in the same Countie, make defaute and appere not atte seid geh'all Sessions to hym or theym lymytted in the seid pclamacion, and eftsones after that make defaute and appere not at the next geniall Sessions after that, so that like pclamacion be made as is aforeseid, And if any of the seid riottours ayenst whom polamacion is made in a foren Shire where they be dwelling make defaute at the day and place in the seid pclamacion to theym lymytted, then he or they, in whether of the seid Shires they dwell that so make defaute, to stand and be adjugged and convicte upon the same defaultis of the seid riotte and unlaufull assemble, as if he or they were therof convicte by the due ordre of the lawe; without he or they can make suche laufull excuse as the seid Justices shall think resonable by ther discrecion and therupon such pees to be awarded ayenst theym as is accustomed upon condempnacions of trespas in youre Comen Benche at the sute of the Party: And that the seid Justices of Peas have auctorite and power to here and det myn the reherced causes aswell upon bill before theym as by enditementes, and upon the same bill or inditementis to peede and determin the same by enquestes according to the course of the comen lawe, and the ptye therby and therupon to stande convict as pfitely as if they ware therupon convicte by due pees of the lawe; and if the seid maister or maisters principall or principalles leder or leders, or any

as to Riots, &c.

Riots, Routs, &c. Servants, &c.

On Complaint or Indictment of riotous Assemblies.

Justices shall make against the Principals or Leaders, to appear

Process against Offenders out of the County.

Offenders making Default in Appearance shall

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Vol. II.

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Punishment of Offenders by Imprisonment and Fine.

II.
Offenders convicted shall be bound to keep the Peace.

Justices shall certify heinous Riots to the King and Council for Punishment.

IV. Costs to Parties grieved by false Complaints. other afore reherced offender, be convicte upon the pmysses then he or they be comytted to p'son ther to remayn and abide without baill or maynprise, by suche tyme and space as shalbe thought resonable by the discretion of the seid Justices; and then [or'] he or they depte out of prisone to pay their fyne cessed after the discretion of the seid Justices, his or their haveours and offences considered.

AND that it be enacted by the seid auctor te that, by the discrecion of the seid Justices and as ther be nede, evy of the seid maister or masters principall or principallis leder or leders and other the seid offenders so convicte be bounde to the Kingis peace from thensforth, in such some or somes of money as shalbe considered by the seid Justices and the seid suertie, to stande by discrecion of the seid Justices.

And if it be so that the seid riotte and unlaufull assemble be committed with the nombre of xl. parsones or above, or with lesse nombre then xl. and that by the discrecion of the seid Justices it be thought haynous, that then if the seid maister or maisters principall or principalles leder or leders that have appered and so thereof be convicte, that then they remayn in prisone unto tyme they have founde sufficient suertie to appere afore the King and his Councell at a cteyn day by the seid Justices to be lymytted; at the which day or afore the keper of the (2) Rollis of the seid Recordis shall do to be sent undre his seale the seid hole record of the conviction to the King oure Soveign lorde and his councell, to thentent that his Highnes and his councell may awarde suche ymprisonement and fynes of the seid Maister or Maisters principall or principallis leder or leders as by his Highnes and by his seid councell shalbe thought convenyent.

AND if the ptie compleynant as is aforeseid can not pve the mater of his seid bill to be true, then he to pay resonable costes and damages of the ptie vexed, as shalbe thought resonable by the discretion of the same Justices, and they to make ayenst the same compleynaunt, not pvyng the mater of his seid bill to be true, suche pces ayenst hym for the seid costes and damages as is afore lymytted ayenst the seid riottours convicte of the seid riotte for the payment of their seid fynes: And if the seid compleynaunt or compleynauntes have not sufficient wherof to restore the ptie and pties so vexed or trobled in fourme aforeseid, that then he ymmediatly be comytted to the coen Gaole by the seid Justices ther to remayn the space and tyme as shalbe thought bi the seid Justices convenyent and resonable. And that this Acte to endure but unto the next parliament.

CHAPTER VIII.

AN ACTE agaynst Usurye.

Recital of Statute 3 Hen. VII. c. 5; for Restraint of Usury;

Obscurity of the said Act;

Persons lending Money on Usury;

Or selling Goods and buying the same again for less Money;

Or lending Money on receiving Profit from Lands, &c.;

shall forfeit Half the Money so lent,

St. 3 Hen. VII. c. 5. repealed. Saving of Spiritual Jurisdiction.

DRAIEN the Comens in this pent parliament assembled, that where in the parliament holden at Westin the iijde yere of youre moost noble raygn, it was enacted ordyned and stablisshed, that of for and upon bargeynes grounded in usury, colored by the meanes of newe cheves unce or eschaunge, contry to the lawe of naturall justice, to the great displesire of god and of oure seid Soveign lorde and the comen hurte of this his londe, that cteyn punysshmentis and penaltees shuld ren upon the offenders in that behalffe, as in the seid acte more at large is conteined; which acte was and is so obscure derke and diffuse that the true entent of the makers therof cannot pfitely be undrestond: Wherfor and for the playn explanacion and declaracion of Usurye and of penaltees to be hereafter executed upon the offendours in the same, The Kyng our Soveign lord by thassent and advice of the lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by the auctorite of the same, ordevneth enacteth and establissheth, that all man of psone or psones [lenyng3] money to and for a tyme, taking for the same lone any thing more besides or above the money lente by wey of contracte of covenaunte at the tyme of the same lone, Savyng laufull penaltees for nounpament of the same money lent; and that all man of psone and psones which hereafter sell eny goodes catelles or michaundises to eny psone or psones being in necessite, and the seller hym self or by his broker or factour in that behalf ageyn bye the same godes catelles or michaundises, of the same psone to whom they were solde, being in necessite, of his broker or factour in that behalffe, within iij monethes after they be sold for a lesse some of money then they were sold for, knowing the same goodes so bought agen afore by the same bier or biers to be sold after the fourme aforeseid; And that evy psone and psones lenyng or taking any money to eny psone or psones to a cteyn tyme, and takith londes tenementes or any heredytamentis or other bondes for [suertie pfite and sure repayment 1] of his or their money lent at the tyme assigned without any condicion or aventure, and also at the tyme of the same lone or taking of the seid money covenaunteth appoynteth or contracteth covenaunten appoynten or contracten that he or they that so [lene s] or take money shall have the revenues and pfites of the londes tenementis or hereditamentis of him that so borough or taketh money by a cteyn tyme; that then evy psone herafter upon any of the pmysses convicted forfeite the moite of the value in money of the seid money goodes catelles michaundises as is aboveseid so solde or lente, after such value as they be sold or lent for after any fourm aforseid; wherof the King shall have the oon moite of the same forfeiture and the ptie that will sue the other moite, and if no man will sue then the King to have the hole; and this sute for the seid penaltie and forfeiture to be aswell at the Kingis sute as at any other that woll sue by informacion in any of the Kingis Courtes of recorde and such pees to be had in the same as is used in other accions of dette at the comen lawe in the same courtes; Provided alwey that in the Courtes of Chaundye and Eschequer they shall make suche pces as hath be used afore tyme in informacions afore theym comenced, wherin the defendaunt shall not wage his lawe ner pteccion ne assoyne de vice le Roy in the same alouable. And that the same acte and ordinaunce made the seid iijde yere and all thing therin conteined be from hensforth utterly voide and of none effecte: Reservyng alwey to the spuall jurisdiccion their lawefull punysshmentis in evy case of Usurie.

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CHAPTER IX. A side of a committee of the committee of the

And char the lutties of the Pers of the cold Stire of Northernbroked for the true Cornerability and

AN ACTE to make the Lordshipp of North Tyndall & South Tyndall to be within the County of Northumbland.

OR ASMOCHE as the inhitauntes and dwellers within the Lordship and Boundes of North Tyndale and South Excesses in North Tyndale, not only in their owne psones, but also oftentymes accompanyed and confedred with Scottis auncient enemyes to this realme, have at many seasons in tyme paste comitted and doone, and yet dailly and nyghtly comytte and doo, greate and haynous murdres treasons robberies felonyes depdacions riottes and other greate trespaces upon the King our Soveign Lordes true and feithfull liege people and subgettes inhiters and dwellers within the Shires of Northumbreland Cumberland & Westmilond Examshire the Busshoprike of Durham and in a parte of Yorkeshire; whiche treasons murdres robberies felonyes and other the Pmisses have not in tyme past in any man of fourme be punysshed after the ordre and course of the coen lawe, by reason of suche fraunchise as was used within the same while it was in the possession of any other Lorde or Lordes then oure Soveign Lordis, and thus for lacke of punysshement of the seid treasons murdres robberies felonyes and other the Pmisses, the Kingis true and feithfull liege people and subgettis inhiters and dwellers with in the Shires and places before reherced cannot be in any man of suertie of their bodies or goodes, nether yet lye in their own houses, but either to be murdred or taken or caried in to Scotland and their raunsomed to ther great destruccion of body and goodes and utter emporysshing for ev, onlesse due and hasty remedy be had and founde in the Pmysses: In consideracion wherof the King oure seid Soveign Lord for verray zele and gracious faver that he berith to the comen weel of this his realme, not willing his true and feithfull liege people and subgettis to faill of remedy in the Pmysses, hath ordeyned establisshed and enacted by thassent of his lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens of the same his realme in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that the seid lordship and boundes of North and South Tyndale nowe being in his handes, and all londes and tenementes within the same in whose possession so ev they be and evy parte therof, stande and be, from hensforth gildable and pte of the Shire of Northumbreland aforseid, and noe fraunchise ne fraunchised, but that all man of the Kingis Writtis shall renne, and all his officers aswell [the'] Warden or Wardens of the Est and Middell Marches of England towardes Scotland their lyeuten nte or lieutenauntes, the Justices of Peas Shiref Eschetour Coroners Baillies and all other Officers and their deputies and evy of theym, of and within the Countie of Northumbreland aforseid, and all their Warantes and Deeptis shalbe obeied, and of as greate auctorite in the lawe by reason of this acte within the seid lordship and boundes of North and South Tyndale and in evy pte therof, as in any other pte of the seid Shire of Northumbreland.

and South Tyndale

The Lordship and and South Tyndale and Part of the Shire of Northumberland, and all Writs shall run there, &c.

And ov this that noe psone or psones of what estate degree or condicion he or they be of, that nowe hath or that hereafter shall have auctorite or power, in his or their owne right or any other mannys, to dymytte or lette to ferme for yere or yeres the of life or at will any londes or tenementis within the lordship and boundes of North and South Tyndale aforseid, lette or dymytte to ferme, for yere or yeres t'me of lif or at will, any londes or tentes within the except the Lessee lordship and boundes aforseid, but that the lessee or lessees, before he or they take or occupie biforce of any suche leas any suche londes and tenementes, fynde goode and suffycient suertie, at the lest two psones havyng londs and teñtis within the seid Shire of Northumbrelond not being within the seid lordship and boundes of North and South Tyndale, to the full yerly value of xls. ov and above all man charges and reprises, by reconysaunce to the King oure seid Soveign Lord in xx ti. before two at the lest of the Justices of Peas of the seid Shire of Northumbrelond for the tyme being, wherof on shalbe of the Quos, upon this condicion, that if the seid lessee or lesses, within viij daies warnyng to theym or any of theym psonally or openly at his or their owne house or in his or their parisshe church yeven by any of the seid Justices of the Peas, the Shiref of the seid Countie of Northumbreland, or Wardeyn of the Est and Middell Marchees for ayenst Scotlond or his lieutenaunte, psonally appere not before the same Justices of the peas wardeyn or lieutenaunte at any Session or Sessions gaole delyve Wardeyn courte, at suche place and day within the seid Shire of Northumbreland, or day or daies of trieux where soev it shall fortune theym to be assigned, and as they or any of theym shalbe therunto as before is reherced warned, there and then to answere all such treasons felonyes murdres and trespaces, or attemptates contary to the treux from hensforth by them or any of theym to be doon, that then the seid some of xx fi. shalbe forfeite the one halfe therof to the King oure seid Soveign Lord and the ob' halfe to him or theym that woll sue therfor; yevyng therof to the Justices bifore whom the reconysaunce is or shalbe taken, aft [thexaminacon 1] therof be had, of his seid pte so recoved xls.; and that the seid Justices of peas afore whom the Proceedings upon seid reconisaunce is or shalbe taken as before is reherced, and all other Justices of the peas within the seid Shire of Northumbreland for the tyme being, shall by reason of this seid acte have full auctorite to enquyre therof and to take Desentmentis and informacions therupon, and to awarde pees and execucion of and for the same some upon any Desentment or informacion made theron, in lyke and as ample fourme as the Kingis Justices of his benche shall or may doo of or for any reconysaunce taken before theym forfeite for the keping of the Kinges peas; and if any psone or psones after the fest of Ester next comyng take upon hym or theym to lette or dymytte, as byfore is reherced, any londes or tenementes within the seid lordship or bounde of North and South Tyndale, where noe suche suertie is before had per Acre, &c. and founde as before is reherced, than that psone and psones that so letis or dymyttes shall by this same acte for evy acre of grounde and evy mese and mancion or dwelling place within the lordship and boundes aforseid by him or theym so letten or dymytte forfeite xls. the on half to the King and the other to hym or theym that woll sue therfor.

None shall lease Lands within the Bounds of North and South Tyndale, enter into Recognisance with Two Sureties to appear and answer to all Accusations of Treason, &c.

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Jurisdiction of Justices;

Leases void.
Penalty on Persons
holding Land
contrary to this
Act, Imprisonment.

And that the Justices of the Peas of the seid Shire of Northumbrelond for the tyme beyng shall have like auctortie in all thing? concorny this forfaiture, as bi this Acte and Ordynance is geven to theym in the Reconvence afore expessed; and that all man of leasses dymyssions made or to be made of any londes or tenements within the seid lordship and boundes of North and South Tyndale, for the which noe such suertie shalbe hadde and founde at the seid fest of Ester and so fourth as tofore is reherced, be and stand from thensforth ward voide and of noon effecte. And if eny psone or psones, of what estate degree or condicion he or they be of, take upon hym or theym after the seid fest of Ester to entre occupie dwell hold or intite any londes tenementes or grounde within the seid lordship and boundes of North and South Tyndale, not being his owne enheritaunce [in fee symple or '] in fee taille, without laufull or sufficient auctorite and sufficient suertie by hym or them founde as before is reherced, excepte he be a lorde spuall or tempall of this realme, that he and they so doyng have ymprisonement by the space of a yere without baill or maynprise and so to contynewe till he have founde sufficient suertie to the King by reconvesaunce afore the Justices of the Peas of the seid Countie to be of goode beryng ayenst the King and all his liege people.

CHAPTER X.

₽ Benevolencia.

Benevolences granted to the King; Part thereof being paid, and Part remaining unpaid;

Proclamation shall be made for Payment in Three Months of such Benevolences as remain unpaid, to

Power of Recovery in Case of Default of Payment;

Commissioners, &c.

to be appointed.

or of Death;

Commissioners shall account for all Money received by them;

On Penalty of Imprisonment.

DRAYEN the Comens in this psent parliament assembled, that where dyes and manye of your subgettes sevally graunted to your Highnes dit's somes of money of their free willes and benevolence for the defence of this youre realme, towardes the charge and great expenses that youre Highnes susteyned and bere for the seid defence aswell in youre seid viage roiall in the pties of Fraunce beyond the See as on this side in for and aboute the same, which viage youre seid Highnes toke upon you in youre moost roiall psone to the greate jeopdie and labre of the same, aswell for the seid defence of this youre seid realme as for the suertie pfite wele and comodite of us all youre true liegemen and subgettis inhabited in the same, of which somes of money dyv's youre seid subgettes full lovyngly have made to you true payment according to ther grauntes, and other many sevell somes of money by divs youre subgettis to you in that ptie graunted as yet remayn not content ne paied, pte wherof rest in the handes of the seid grauntours and parte in the handes of the Comyssioners Collectours and Receyvours in that partie assigned for the levye rering and keping of the same, which is not onely to the damage loosse and hurte of your seid Highnes, but also to the murmore grugge and myscontenting of such youre seid subgettes as have made their seid paymentes in that behalfe, wherfor it may pleas youre seid Highness that by thadvyse and assent of youre lordis spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordevne enacte and establissh, that pclamacon be made in evy Shire Toun and Hundred within this youre realme that evy psone and psones which have not content and paied the somes of money by theym graunted to youre Highnes for the cause remembred [that *] suche comyssioners Collectours Resceyvours or other psones deputed to receyve the same, that they doo make payment therof within iij monethis next after the seid pclamacion made, to the seid Comissioners Collectours Receyvours or other psones that hereafter shalbe therunto deputed or assigned by youre Highnes by youre fres patentes undre youre greate seale in like wise to be pclamed; and that the seid Comyssioners have auctorite and power to make pces to take evy suche psone or psones as so shall make defaute of payment by his body, and the same to comytte to the comen gaole ther to remayn and abide without baille or maymprise unto the tyme he hath paid his seid duties or els fynde sufficient suertie for the payment of the same to the seid Comyssioners aggreable; and if any suche psone that hath not made payment of his seid dutie graunted be deceassed that then the goodes and catalles of hym deceassed being in the handes of his executours or admynystratours not admynystred be charged and chargeable to the seid payment. And that the seid Comyssioners have like auctorite and power to do ordeyne and awarde pees for the levye of the same, as the Barons of the Kingis Eschequer do and may doo for the Kingis duties resting afore them of recorde in the seid Eschequer. And the seid Comyssioners Collectours or Receyvours afore this tyme therunto deputed or that herafter for and to the same shalbe deputed, havyng and takyng the recepte of the same youre money or any peell therof, be sevally countable for the porcions by theym sevally received, before your Tresourer of your Warres that was by you assigned in your seid viage roiall, or any other psone or psones that hereafter by youre Highnes shalbe therunto deputed and assigned, of and for all such somes of money as they sevally have received or shall receive or that sevally shall come to ther handes, before suche auditours as by youre Highnes shalbe assigned in that partie: And if any of the seid Comyssioners Collectours or Receyvours come not to make ther accomptis at suche day and place as shall be lymytted in youre prive seale to theym directed in that ptie, that then upon cificat of the delyve of the seid Writtis or prive seales, made by hym that the same delived, upon his othe unto the Chaunceller of Englond for the tyme beyng, the seid Chaunceller for the same tyme being have auctorite and power to make Comyssions undre youre great seale to eteyn psones by his discrecion to be lymytted and chosen, to take the bodies of the seid psones that so shall make defaute and theym to comytte to Warde, onless then he make before pe seid Tresorer or Comyssioners suche excuse as to theym shall seme resonable, ther to remayn till they have made their accomptes of and for the Pmisses, and satisfied content and paied the dutie by theym due upon their seid accomptes unto youre seid Thesorer of youre werres, or to such other psone or psones to youre use as youre G'ce shall depute and assigne in that partie to receyve the same.

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AND of this be it enacted by the seid auctorite that if any travers fortune to be, between the seid Comyssioners afore this tyme assigned to receive the Kingis seid Duties Collectours and the seid grantours of and for paying and not paying receiving or not receiving of the seid some or somes of money or any parte therof, that then if the seid grauntours shewe acquietaunce writynges billes or billettis wherby it may appere afore the Comyssioners herafter to be assigned (') the seid Comyssioners or Collectours afore this tyme assigned in fourme reherced have received the some or somes of money or any pte therof that shall be in travers, or that the seid Grauntours offre to bring ij witnesses or moo that woll witnesse and testefie the seid payment, or that any grauntour or grauntours denye the graunte of any suche some or somes of money or any parte therof of theym demaunded, that therupon the seid Comyssioners hereafter to be assigned have auctorite and power to here the hole mater evydencez writing? witnesses and pves concenting the seid travers and denyeng of the seid [grauntees,'] and then to charge and discharge evy of the seid psones by their discrecions as they shall seme best; and the same charge or discharge to bynde and discharge evy of the seid pries ayenst the Kingis Highnes as if it weare adjuged before the Auditours assigned by dewe origynall in any of the Kinges Courtes of Recorde bytwene ptie and ptie in accion of accomptes, or ellis that the King weare playntif in the seid accion of accompte.

II. Commissioners shell determine Disputes as to Payments, &c.

Allowance to Receivers.

BE it also ordeyned by the seid auctorite that the seid Comyssioners hereafter to be assigned by the Kinges Highnes shall by their discrecion, upon their accompte and full payment made of all somes of money by theym received or to be received by any Collectours or Receyvours of the seid somes of benevolence [shall by their discresions 1] allowe unto the seid Receivours and Collectours such their resonable costes and rewardes, as they for the gedring of the seid somes have susteyned.

IV.

PROVIDED alwey that this Acte shall not extende to charge any heire of any man that hath afore tyme graunted any some of money by wey of his benevolence.

CHAPTER XI.

An Acte agaynst such Sherers of Worstede as have not byn apprentises to that Trade.

PRAYEN the Comens in this pent pliament assembled, that where the Citie of Norwich which is an auncient Citie is greatly decaied, the espiall cause where is for acrowship and the citie of Norwich which is an auncient Citie is greatly decaied, the espiall cause wherof is, for asmuche as ther is a Statute made at Westin in the vijit yere of the reign of King Henr the iiijth conteynyng amonge other thinges that no man nor woman shall putte their son or doghter to be apprentise within any Citie or Toun within this Realme, but if they have londes or rentis to the value of xx s. at the lest by the yere and that to be testified undre the seales of ij Justices of the Peas where the seid Childe was borne; by force of which Statute many and divs greate vexacions trobles and losses have be doon to the Citezens of the seid Citie, aswell for the receyvyng of their owne Children as other to be their apprentices, wherby the moost substanciall craftez in the seid Citie called Worstede Wevers and Clothiers, by whiche craftes the wele of the seid Citie hath & shuld be mayntened supported and contynued among other dyvs craftes ther used, be greatly decayed, by reason wherof the yong people of the seid Citie be growen to ydelnes vices and other divs mysgovnaunces, and if no remedy herin be had it is like to be the utter destruccion of the seid Citie; wherfor please it youre Highnes of youre moost benygne gece in consideracion of the Pmysses by thassent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comons in this Psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same to enacte ordeyne and establish that the seid Citezens and evy of theym for ever from hensfourth shalbe at their libties to receyve and to take to their apprentises the son or doughter of any psone or psones which woll putt their seid sonnes or doughters to be apprentises in the seid Citie the Statute forseid and the peynes in the same conteyned notwithstonding. And that they and evy of theym for ev from hensforth shalbe forprised and excepted oute of evy punysshment and hurte contayned in po seid Statute.

Mischief to Norwich, from St. 7 Hen IV. c.17. respecting Apprentices.

Citizens of Norwich may take any Apprentice without Regard to that Act.

II. Custom in Norwich as to apprenticing Shearers of Worsted:

MOREOV where in the seid Citie in tyme past hath of longe tyme be used that ther shuld no man take upon hym to shere Worstedes, called ten yerdes Stamyns ne any other Worstedis, but if he had be apprentise to thoccupacion of shering of Worstedis by the space of vij yeres, so that he myght have the knowlege and cunyng in that crafte, hou be it nowe of late many and divs psones aswell aliens strangiers as other forens not dwelling nor infitted have within youre seid Citie by supportacion and maynten nce of dyvs psones inhitauntes in the seid Citie for their singler lucre take uppon theym thoccupacion of shering of Worstedes and Stamyns which have not the sight ner connyng in that occupacion ner have be apprentice to the same, by whom greate hurtes and divs losses have be for defaute of cunnyng by kuttyng and otherwise of the seid Worstedes, to the owners and ob' youre subgettis in this youre Realme, infamye also and slaunder aswell to the occupacions of Worstedis and Worsted Shermen as to the Marchauntis which putte theym so hurte and kutte in the sheryng to sale, and if redy remedy be not had in theis pmysses and reformacion, both the seid occupacion of Worsted making and also of Worsted shering which god forbede is likely to be distroied, for lacke of goode polesy and ordre; Wherfor it may pleas youre Highnes by the auctorite aforseid for the comen wele of youre marchauntes and other youre subgettis of this youre Realme and for the conservacion and susteynyng of the seid occupacion of Worstedis and Worsted shering to enacte ordeyn and establissh, that from hesfourth no man shall take uppon hym to shere worstedis within the seid Citie but if he hath be apprentise to the seid occupacion of Worstede shering by the space of vij yeres, or such as the maisters of the seid occupacion within the seid Cite for the tyme being

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1 that
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None shall shear Worsteds in Norwich unless he hath been Apprentice thereto, &c. Persons not being Shearmen shall not employ Shearmen.

Power to Wardens, &c. to search, &c.

approvyng their connyng with thadvyce of the Maire for the tyme beyng woll admytte. And they that take upon theym the contrie, and the mayntenours of him or theym so mysdoing as afore is seid, eche of theym to forfeite tor evy defaute xx s. half to you groous and Soveign Lorde and half to the seid Maire and Maisters of the seid occupacion of Worsted shering for that tyme being: And that no man inhitant in the seid Citie, Citezen or other beyng noe Sherman kepe any Sherman of Worstedis within his house after the fest of Ester next comyng undre the payne of xl s. as ofte as he be in defaute in the same the on halfe to be emploied to you oure Soveign Lord and the other halfe to the seid Maire and Maisters of the seid occupation of shering of Worsted have free serch of the seid crafte of Worsted shering in evy place aswell within the dwelling places of Shermen diers and Calenderars of the same Worstedis and other inhitauntes in the seid Citie and precyncle of the same; And if any Citezen or inhitaunte of the seid Citie denye the seid wardeyns of Worsted shering due serch or doo contrie to this pyysion and ordynaunce shall forfeite the some of xl s. for evy defaute, the moite therof to you Soveign Lorde and the other moite to the forseid Maire and Maisters of the seid occupacion, the seid paynes to be levyed after the fourm and ordynaunce purveied for the correccion of the crafte and occupacion of Worsted wevers within the seid Citie.

III. Ordinances of Shearmen to be approved by the Mayor, &c.

PROVIDED alwey that the seid occupacion of Worstede shering shall make or do to be made none ordynaunce concentrate the seid occupacion amonge they me selfe but suche as the Maire for that tyme beying with his brethern Aldermen shall thinke necessary and plitable to the weale of the Kingis Subgettis.

CHAPTER XII.

An Acte to admytt such psons as are poore to sue in formâ paupis.

Writs may be sued by poor Persons without any Payment;

PRAYEN the Comons in this pent parliament assembled that where the King oure Soveign Lord of his most gracious disposicion willeth and entendith indiffrent Justice to be had and mynystred according to his comon gracious disposicion willeth and entendith indiffrent Justice to be had and mynystred according to his comen lawes to all his true subgettis aswell to pour as riche, which pour subgettis be not of abilite ne pouer to sue according to the laues of this lond for the redresse of injuries and wronges to theym dailly doon, aswell concaying their psones their enheritaunce as other causes, for remedy wherof in the behalf of the pour psones of this lond not able to sue for their remedy after the course of the comen Lawe; Be it ordeyned and enacted by youre Highnes and by the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that evy pour psone or psones which have & herafter shall have cause of accion or accions ayenst any psone or psones within the realme shall have, by the discrecion of the Chaunceller of this realme, for the tyme being writte or writtes originall and writtes of Sub pena according to the nature of their causes, therfor nothing paieng to youre Highnes for the seales of the same, nor to any psone for the making of the same writte & writtes to be hereafter sued. And that the seid Chaunceller for the same tyme being shall assigne suche of the Clerkis whiche shall doo and use the making and writing of the same writtes to write the same redy to be sealed, and also lerned Councell and attorneyes for the same, without any rewarde taking therfor: And after the seid writte or writtes be retorned, if it be afore the King in his Benche, the Justices ther shall assigne to the same pour psone or psones Councell lerned by their discrecions which shall geve their Councelles nothing taking for the same, and in like wise the same Justices shall appoynte attorney and attorneies for the same pour psone and psones and all other officers requisite and necessarie to be hadde for the spede of the seid sutes to be hadde and made which shall doo their duties without any rewardes for their Councelles helpe and besynes in the same; and the same lawe and ordre shalbe observed and kepte of all suche suytes to be made afore the Kingis Justices of his comen place and Barons of his Eschequer and all other Justices in Courtes of Recorde where any suche suetis shall be.

and Counsel and Attorneys assigned to them.

CHAPTER XIII.

An Acte agaynst transportinge of Horses and Mares beyounde ye Seas.

Evil of exporting Horses and Mares:

FOR AS MOCHE as many horsess and maeres of the brede of this land nowe of late have been caried and conveyed out of the same into the parties of beyonde the See, which causeth not only the smaller nombre of goode horses to be within this realme for the defence thereof, but also the greate and good plentie of the same to be in the seid parties of beyonde the See that in tymes past were wounte to be within this land, And over that, the price of every of they me to be greatly enhanced here to the losse and noisunce of all the Kingis Subgettis within the same; For remedy where of it be ordyned enacted and established by the King oure Soveign Lorde by thadvyse of his Lordes spuall and tempall and Comons in this pesent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that from hensfourth no mand of pasone ne pasones cary or convey any Horse out of this land without the Kinges speciall licence upon payne of forfeiture of the same; or any mare above the value of vjs. viij d. without per Kingis speciall licence upon the seid payne of forfeiture of the same mare the owner therof or his deputie receyvyng for the same mare vjs. viij d. at the tyme of the seasire upon the said forfaiture or ellis it to be not forfaite, and at the tyme of pe seasure of the seid mare or mares they shall be preised by the [seid '] Officers of the Toun where any suche mare is taken and ther openly to be sold to the best price and the

No Horse shall be exported without Licence; nor any Mare above 6s. 8 d. price;

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halfendele of the ov price of her beyng above vjs. viijd. to be to the King and thoder halfe to hym that so seiseth, and the Kingis pte therof to be delived to the Custumer of the seid porte. And that no man of psone ne psones hereafter carie or conveye any mare or mares out this lond, except evy of the seid mares so caried be of thage of nor under Three iij yeres at the lest and not ov the price of vis. viijd. payeng to the King for evy of theym not above the value of vj s. viijd. so to be caried or conveyed in the same porte suche custumes as hath been for mares to fore used; and that for evy mare of more value herafter by the Kingis licence after the fourme aforseid conveyed or caried beyond the Duty of Customs See, the owner therof or his deputie assignee or waunt shall pay vis. viiid. for the custume of the same before it be shipped undre the payne of forfeiture of evy mare so shipped [or '] they be custumed.

AND of that be it enacted that if eny psone at the porte woll geve for any of the Mares so to be caried vijs. that Any one may buy it be lefull to him so gevyng and paieng the seid vijs. to take the seid mare if she be not afore taken by the Kingis officer ner the Kinges licence be not in the behalf aforseid for the same mare to be caried obteyned.

PROVYDED alway that it shall be lefull to evy psone or psones beyng devnezens herafter to cary horse beyond the See, the Kinges licence in that behalf not obteyned, for their owne uses, not intending at the tyme of the shipping of the same nor then fully purposed to sell hym, and that entent to be knowen by the othe of hym that shall doo shippe the same horse taken before the Custumer or Shercheour of the same porte, this Acte notwithstanding.

III.

CHAPTER XIV.

AN ACTE that all Straungers [and '] Denysons shall paye Custome.

WHERE the King oure Soveign Lorde is greatly disceyved in his Customes and Subsidies by mchauntis straungers suche as the King oure Soveign Lord hath graunted by his fres patentes to be Deynesyns and to pay non other coustomes ne subsidies for ther marchaundise inward and outward but as a Deynsyne, undre colour wherof they custome not all only their owne michaundise undre the fourm aforseid, but also they colorably enter into the custumers bokes the merchaundise of other Straungers, calling and seieng the seid godes of other marchauntes to be the godes of theym so made Deynesyns, to the greate losse and defraude to the King our Soveign Lord: Wherfor be it enacted by the King oure Soveign Lord the Lordis spuall and tepall and the Comons in this Psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that all Marchauntes Straungers and other that be made Deynesyns by the Kinges fres patentes or otherwise paye frohensfourth such Customes and Subsidies for their goodes and marchaundise inwarde and outward as they shuld have paied if suche fres patentes and grauntes had nev to theym be made.

CHAPTER XV.

AN ACTE agaynst Shreiffe and Undershreife.

WHEREAS greate extorcion is yerely used and had within dyvs Counties within this Realme of England by the subtile and untrue demeanour of Shirefs Undershirefs Shire Clerkis or any other officers holding or keping the Countes in the name of a Shiref, that is to sey if any man afferme a playnt before the Shireffes in the Counties [the said Shirefs Undershirefs or his Shire Clerke 3] [or before any other of the seid officers 4] wull entre or cause to be enterd into ther bokes in the same plaintifs name dyvs and many playntes both of Dette trespas & covenaunte at ther pleasire, and unknowing to the seid Playntif in whose name the seid playntes be affermed, to thentent that if the defendaunt appere not at evy shire day or courte hangyng be same playntes he shall lose for his defaute made at evy playnte iii d. where dyvs tymes by covyne bytwene the seid Shirefs Undershirefs Shire Clerkis and the other forseid officers, the seid Defendauntes beyng new attached somoned nor warned according to the due fourme of the comen Lawe; Wherfor the same parties so putte in sute have noe knowlege of any suche Suyte had ageyne theym; And ov that the same Shirefs Undershirefs (5) Shire Clerkis woll cause dyvs playntes to be taken in the names of suche psones that ar not in pleyn lyf, where the seid Defendaunte shall have like losse as is before reherced, so that by the unlaufull demeanour of the seid Shriffes Undershirefs, Shire Clerkis for the tyme beyng, and the baillifs of the hundredes by their defaute and negligence in their offices and covyne bytwene the seid Shirefs Undershirefs Shire Clerkis and other of the forseid Officers causeth the amciamentis to be in on yere after the Bokes be ingroced to amounte to greate and inportunable somes of Money, which somes of Money be yerly levyed of the pouer Comons in the seid Counties by the seid Shirefs Undershirefs and Shire Clerkis and other ther deputies beyng of noon substaunce nether of haveour, which deputies taketh and levyeth more by extorcion than is conteyned in ther Estrettis to the expesse pillage and empovysshing of the seid Comons; be it therfor enacted ordyned and establisshed by the King oure Soveign Lorde and by thassent of the Lordis spuall and tempall and the Comons in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same,

Sheriffs, &c. by deceitful Plaints in

¹ ere 3 and

a made } Printed Copies.

Printed Copies transpose these Sentences.

Plaints in the County Court shall be entered only by Plaintiffs in Person, or by Attorney; and only one Plaint for one Cause.

Penalty 40 s.

II. Justices of Peace may convict, and certify Conviction into the Exchequer.

III. Defendants shall be summoned by Bailiffs of Hundreds.

Penalty 40 s.

Sheriffs shall be estreated by View of Two Justices;

to be appointed at each Michaelmas Session.

Process against Sheriffs by such Justices.

that noe Shirefs Undershirefs (1) Shire Clerkis herafter nether any psone in their names nor by ther comaundement shall take and entre noe playntes in to their bokis in no mannys name onlesse the ptie playntif be in his ppre psone psent in the Courtes or els by a sufficient Attorney or Deputie that is knowen to be of goode name and disposicion, and that the same ptie playntif shall fynde plegges to pursue his seid playnt such psones as ar knowen [their in that Counties 1] and that the partye playntif shall have but on playnte for oon trespasse or contracte. And if the seid Shirefs Undershirefs Shire Clerkis take and entre or cause to be entred any moe playntes than the playntif supposeth he hath cause of accion ageyne the Defendaunt, that then the seid Shirefs Undershirefs Shire Clerkis that doth entre or cause to be enterd any suche playntes contrye to the seid pyysion and ordynaunce shall forfeite for evy defaute xls. the on halfe therof to be had to thuse of oure seid Soveign Lorde the King and the other pte to hym or theym that woll sue and pve the same mater by accion of dette or informacion in the Eschequer.

AND of that the Justices of Peas in the same Counties and evy of theym shall have auctorite upon coplayn made by the partie so unlaufully greved to examyne the seid Shirefs Undershirefs or Shire Clerkis and Playntifs and if the seid Justices of Peas or on of theym fynde by their examynacion defaute in the seid Shirefs Undershirefs or Shire Clerkis in entring of the seid playntes disceitfully for his or their avauntage as is before reherced contarye to this psent acte, that then the seid Shirefs Undershirefs and Shire Clerkis shall be convycte and atteynt of the same Offence without ferther enquerre or examynacion and that he shall forfeite upon the same examinacion xls. to thuse of oure Soveign Lord the King for evy defaute and the seid Justices of peas that so shall take thexamynacion shall ctifie the same examynacion within a quarter of a yere into the Kingis Eschequer upon the payne of xls.

And ferthermore that the seid Shirefs and Undershirefs and Shire Clerkis make or cause to be made a sufficient Peepte to the Baillifs of the Hundredes to attach somone or warne the defendauntes that ar so in suyte to appere and answere to the seid pleyntes: And if there be any defaute in the said Baillies of the Hundredis in warnyng of the Defendauntes to appere and answere to the seid Playntes comenced ageyne theym in their Courtes or in executing their seid office, that then the same Baillyfs shall forfeite for evy defaute unto oure Soveign Lorde the King xls. and to be atteynte and convycte therof by lyke examynacion of the Justices of peace or evy of theym as before is reherced; and that the same Shireffes Undershireffes Shire Clerkis and their deputies for the tyme being shall make noon estrettis to levye the seid [Shires 3] amciamentis untill suche tyme that ij Justices of peas wherof on shalbe of the Quoz have had the viewe and ovsight of ther bokes, and that the Estrettis be endented betwixte the seid Justices of peas and the seid Shirefs and Undershirefs and sealed with their seales the on pte to remayne with the seid Justices and the other pte with the seid Shirefs or Undershirefs to thentent to understond if any disceite be or untrue demeanour in theym in making of their bokes; and that those psones (*) shall be gederers of the same amerciamentes as baillifs or other officers be sworne by the seid Justices that they take no more money then is forfeite and conteyned in the estretes sealed with their seales of the seid Justices of Peas upon the same peyne of forfaiture as before is reherced therof, the same gaderers to be convycte by examynacion of the Justices of Peas or on of theym as before is reherced: Provided alwey that the seid Justices of peas shalbe appoynted and named at the genall Sessions after the fest of Seynt Michell tharchaungell by hym that is Custos Rotuloz of the seid Counties or els by the eldest of the Quoz in his absens, to have the ovigint and countrollement of the seid Shirefs and Undershirefs and Shire Clerkis and other of the seid Officers and of the seid Shirefs and ciamentis: And the seid Justices of Peas upon suggestion or informacion of the partie so greved shall make the like pces in an accion of trespas ayenst the seid Shirefs Undershirefs or Shere Clerkis and other the forseid officers mysdemeanyng as before is reherced for to appere before them to answer to the seid suggestion or informacion.

CHAPTER XVI.

Villa Cales.

Grants by King Edward III. on the Conquest of Calais, for watching the Town, &c.

WHERE King Edward the iij e upon the wynnyng of the Townn of Caleis establisshed and made divs goode Statutes Ordinaunces and Lawes within the same Toune for the sure and sauf keping of the same and therupon for the same entent gave divs tent? and feier places bilded ther, to divs lordes and noble men then of his armye frely to theym and their heires without any rent or charges yelding for the same, save only the fynding of cteyn Watchis lymyted to evy of the seid places for the sure keping of the same Toun, to thentent spialli that the seid Watches by the seid Lordes and honerable men shuld the better and more sure and fermely be kepte and mayntenyd; and so it is nowe that the owners of the Pmysses consider not their seid charges ne doth not bere the seid Watches by theym due as is aforeseid, by meane wherof the Burgyses of the seid Toun for the suertie of the same have been many yeres and yet nyghtly beth sore charged, to their great ymportable losse which they canne nor may contynue and susteyn without the King oure Soveign Lorde pvyde for the relief of the same Toune: For the remedy wherof the King oure Soveign Lorde by thadvyse of the Lordis spuall and tempall and the Comens of this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, ordeyneth and enacteth that who that hath eny freeholde within the Toun of Caleis out of the whiche any yerely charge is going for the sure keping of the seid Townne for watche or otherwise that hereafter ceasses in doyng of the seid charge by the space of an yere and a day that then the seid frehold be seised into the Kingis handis he to have it to hym

³ Sheriffs

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and his heires, and during the tyme it be in the handis of the Kinges Highnes, the Tresorer of Caleis take the pfites therof to the Kinges use and beare the Charges yerely goyng out of the seid freeholde towardes the seid keping of the seid Toun, as before that tyme it was accustumed to beare, if the seid free holde woll bere the seid charge; And in like wise be charged the Kinges Comitees or his patentees for the kepyng of the seid Toun as afore is seid, And for defaute of the doyng of the same by the space of a yere and a day the seid tentis eftsones to be seaseid as is aforeseid; and so from tyme to tyme as ofte as the seid Charge is not contente ne paied by the seid Tyme and during the tyme [of '] the seid tentis be in the handes of the Kingis Highnes, And if the seid Tresorer of Caleis pay not the seid charge within a yere and a day, that then the seid Tresourer forfeite the doble value of the same to the Kingis Highnes, if the revenues be able to fynde the seid Watche.

guarding Calais, shall be forfeited to the King, on the Holder neglecting such Charge for a Year

CHAPTER XVII.

maliefour purpose r Wherfore is be suitabed and carableabed by the King ours

An Acr agaynst taking of Feasaunt? & Partridge.

TEM, For asmoch as divs psones havyng litill substaunce to lyve upon use, many tymes aswell by nettes snares and 1 other engynes to take and destroye fesauntes and partriches upon the Lordships Mans Londes and Tentis of divs owners and possessioners of the same, without licence concent or aggreement of the same owners or possessioners, by the which the same owners and possessioners lose not only their pleasire and disporte that they their frendes and grauntes shuld have aboute the hauking huntyng and taking of the same, but also they lose the pfite and avail that by the occasion shuld growe to their household, to the grete hurte of all lordes and Gentilmen and other havyng any greate livelode within this realme: Wherfor it is ordeyned and enacted by auctorite of this psent parliament that it shall not be lefull to any psone, of what condicion he be, to take or cause to be taken any fesauntes or ptriches, by nettes snares or other engynes oute of his owne Waren upon the freeholde of any other psone, without thassent aggrement and speciall lycence of the owner or possessioner of the same, upon payne of forfeiture of x ii. the on halfe therof to be to the ptie that woll sue for the same by accion of dette or by bill or otherwise, and the other halfe therof to the owner or possessioner of the seid grounde upon the whiche the seid feasauntes and partriches be so taken.

None shall take Partridges on the Eflate of another. without his Assent Penalty 10 l.

Also it is orderned by the seid auctorite that no man of psone, of what condicion or degree he be, take or cause to be taken, be it upon his owne grounde or any other mannys, the eggis of any faucon gossehauke laners or swannes oute of the neste upon payne of ymprisonement of a yere and a day and fyne [atte '] Kingis will the one halfe therof to the King and the other halfe to the owner of the grounde where the eggis were so taken; and that Justices of the peas have auctorite by this psent acte to here and determine suche mater aswell by inquisicion as informacion

Eggs of Hawks or [See sect. 5.]

Also it is orderned by the seid auctorite that no man from the fest of Pasche next comyng beare any Hauke of the None shall bear brede of Englond callid Nyesse gossehauke tassell laner lanerette or fawcon upon payne of forfeiture of his Hauke to the King and the seid Hauke to be at the Kinges pleasire; and that all suche psones that bringe any Niesse Hauke or Haukes from any of the pties beyonde the See bringe a ctificat undre the Custumers Seale of the Porte where he firste landed withe the seid hauke or haukes, or if he come owte of Scotland then undre the seale of the Wardeyne or [his'] lyeutenaunte of that Marche that he cometh thurgh, testifieng that the same hauke or haukes be of the parties beyonde the See or of Scotland, upon the same payne; And that psone that bringeth any suche hawke or haukes to the King shall have a resonable rewarde of the King or ellis the same hauke or haukis for his labour.

III. certain English Hawks: Bringing foreign

ALSO it is ordyned by the same auctorite that no man take any Eyre, Gossehauke Tassell or laner or lanerettis in their Waren or Woodes or in any other place, nor purposly drive them oute of their covtes accustumed to brede in, to cause them to goo to other covers to brede, nor slee the for eny hurt by the doon but suffre the to passe att their libties, upon payn of x ii. the on half therof to the ptie that woll sue for the same by accion of dette (3) examynacion before the Justices of the peas, informacion or otherwise, and the other half to the Kyng.

Penalty on taking, illing, or driving

PROVYDED alway that the moite of the forfaiture aboveseid geven to the owner of the grounde for taking of Swannes eggis be unto the owner of the seid Swannes, and not to the owner of the grounde.

Forfeiture to Owners of Swans. [See Sea. 2.]

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CHAPTER XVIII.

AN ACTE that the Master of the Rolle and other Offycers of the Chauncery shall not goe to the Warrs.

Duty of Subjects to serve in War; HERE AS evy subgette by the dutie of his Alleigeaunce is bounden to sve and assiste his Prince and Soveign Lorde at all Seasons when nede shall requyre, and most specially suche psones as have by hym pmocion or avauncement, as grauntes and giftes of offices fees & annuyties, which owe and verily be bounden of reason to gif their attendaunce upon his roiall psone to defend the same, when he shall fortune to goo in his psone in Werres for the defence of the Realme or ageynst his rebelles and ennemyes for the subduyng and repressing of theym and their malicious purpose: Wherfor it be enacted and established by the King oure Soveign Lorde by thadvise of his Lordis spuall and tempall and the Comons in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that if any psone or psones, being within this Realme of Englond or Wales, havyng suche offices fees or annuytees by any of his reherced giftes and grauntes, doo not geve ther attendaunce upon hym when he shall fortune to goo in Werres in his psone, in their psones, as their seid dutie bindeth theym; that then they and evy of theym makyng therof defaute, the Kingis speciall licence not had or ellis he have such unfayned siknes letting or diseas that he may not in his psone come to do his psonell attendaunce and svice after the fourme aforeseid and that duly pved, that then evy such psone or psones forfeite and lose their seid offices fees and annuytees and to stande voide at the Kingis pleasire; any acte ordynaunce or statute to the contrie afore this tyme had or made in any wise notwithstonding.

neglecting to attend him in War, shall forfeit such Offices, &c.

II. Exemptions;

Rolls, Judges, &c.

Persons, having

Offices, &c. by

Grant of the King,

PROVIDED that this acte extend not to noo spuall psone Maister of Rolles ne to noe other officer and clerkes of pe Chauncye Justices of either Benches Barons of the Kingis Eschequer and other Officers and Clerkes of the seid places the Kyngis Attorneis and Solicitour and the Sergeauntes at the Lawe.

III.
Officers at Berwick
and Carlisle:
Clerk of the

Council.

PROVIDED alwey that this Acte shall not extende to any psones havyng any suche offices of the Kingis Highnes, and being in (') svice within his Townes and Fortallices of Berwike and Carlile; ne to the Clerk of the Kingis Councell for the tyme being.

CHAPTER XIX.

AN ACTE agaynst Upholsters.

Abuses in the stuffing of Featherbeds, &c.

O the right worshipfull Comons in this psent Parliament assembled, sheweth unto youre discrete Wisdomes the Wardeyns of the Feliship of the Crafte of [Upholders 2] within the Citie of London; That where as divs psones within the Realme of Englond oute of the seid Citie maketh and doth to be made unlaufull and fals Wares and Marchaundises, to the grete rebuke and disclaunder of the seid Crafte and also greate jopdie losse and disceite to the Kingis Subgettis, Wherfor ther is noe sufficient remedy purveied, for so moch as the same Wardeynes have noe power nor auctorite to make due serch of suche fals disceyvable Wares and Marchaundises putte to sale oute of the seid Citie, as they have power and auctorite within the same Cite, as in federbeddes bolsters and pillows made of ij man of corrupte stuffes, that is to sey of scalded feders and drie pulled feders to gedre and of flokkis and feders togidre, which is contagious for mannys body to lye on; and also in quyltes [mattres 3] and cussions stuffed with horse here, fen downe, neetis here, deris here, and gotis here, which is wrought in lyme fattes, and by the hete of mannys body the savour and taste is so abhomynable and contagious that many of the Kingis Subgettis therby been destroied, which disceytfull making of the forseid corrupte and unlaufull stuffe is to the great losse and empovysshing of the Kingis liege people, and also greate rebuke and disclaunder to the seid Crafte of Upholders: Therfor it may pleas the Kingis Highnes and by thadvyse of his lordes spuall and tempall and his Comons in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to establissh ordeyne and enacte, that from hensfourth noe psone ne psons shall make utter ne putte to sale, in feiers ner in markettis within this his seid realme, any federbeddes bolsters or pillowes, excepte they be stuffed w' oone man of stuffe that is to sey, with drie pulled feders or ellis clene downe allone, and with no scalded fethers nor fen downe nor none other unlawfull and corrupte stuffes as is afore reherced, but utterly to be dampned for ev; excepte if any psone or psones for ther owne ppre use in their howses make or do to be made any of the forseid corrupte and unlawfull Stuffe and Wares, so they be not offred to be solde in feiers nor markettis, upon payne of forfeiture; And also in like wise Quyltes Mattrasses and Cusshons be stuffed with one mail of Stuffe, that is to sey with clene wolle or clene flockes alone and with none suche unlaufull Stuff afore reherced, upon payne of losse and forfaiture of all suche unlawfull Wares and Marchaundises.

None shall stuff Beds, &c. with improper Feathers, &c. on Pain of Forfeiture.

> his matresses

· Upholsters } Printed Copies.

CHAPTER XX.

An Acre agaynst Recoveryes and Discontinuance made by Tenante in Dower.

OR certeyn resonable Consideracions be it ordeyned enacted and establisshed by the King oure Soveign Lorde and by thassent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that if any Woman which hath had or herafter shall have any astate in Dower or for time of life or in taill jointly with her husbond, or only to her selfe or to her use, in any Man's Londes Tentis or other Hereditament of thenheritaunce or purchase of her husbond, or geven to the seid husbond and wif in taill or for Time of lyfe by any of the Auncestours of the seid husband, or by any other psone seased to thuse of the seid husbond or of his Auncesters, and have or shall hereafter beyng sole or with any other after taken husbond, discontynued or discontynue aliened releassed or confermed aliene releas or conferme with Warantie, or by covyne suffred or suffre any Recove of the same, ageyne theym or any of them or any other seased to their use or to thuse of either of theym after the fourme aforseid, that all suche recoveez [discontynuance'] alienacions releasses confirmacions and waranties so had and made, and from hensfourth to be had and made, be utterly voide and of none effecte. And that it shall be lefull to evy psone and psones to whome the intest title or henheritaunce, after the deceas of the seid Women, of the seid Maners Londes and Tentis or other Hereditamentis beyng discontynued aliened or suffred to be recoved, after the first day of Decembr nexte comyng in pe fourme aforesaid, shuld apperteyne, to entre into all and evy of the pmysses, and peasible to possede and enjoye the same, in suche man and fourme as he or they shuld have doon if noon such discontynuaunce warantie ner recove had be had ner made.

Discontinuance. becoming Sole, or declared void; and the Reversioners

AND of this be it ordeyned and enacted by the seid auctorite that if any of the seid husbandis and Women, or any other seased or that shalbe seased to thuse of theym of the astate afore specified, after the seid first day of Decembr do make or cause to be made or suffre any such discontynuaunce alienacions waranties or recovees in fourme aforeseid, that than it shalbe lefull to the psone or psones, to whom the seid Man's Landes and Tentis shuld or ought to belonge after the deceas of the seid Woman to entre into the same and theym to possede and enjoye, according to such title and intest as they shuld have had in the same, if the same [Woman 1] had ben ded, noe discontynuance warantie ner recove hadde, as ayenst the seid husbond during his lif, if the seid discontynuaunce alienacion waranties and recovers be herafter had by or ayenst the same husbondis and women during the coviture and espousell betwixte them: Provided alwey that the seid Women after the deceas of their seid husbandis maye reentre into the same Manes Londes and Tenementes and theym to enjoye according to their first astate in the same.

On Alienation of such Estates by a Woman, and her after-taken Husband, Reversioner may enter during the Life of the Husband; but the Woman may re-enter after his

AND of this be it ordeyned and enacted by the seid auctorite that if the seid Women at the tyme of suche Discontynuaunce Alienacions Recovees Waranties, after the seid first day of Decembr in forme aforseid to be hadde and made of any of the Pmysses be sole, that then shee shalbe barred and excluded of her tytle and enterest in the same from thensfourth: And that the psone and psones to whom the title interest and possession of the same shuld belonge after the deceasse of the seid Women shall ymmediatly after the seid discontynuaunce alienacions waranties and recovees enter into the same Man's Londes Tentes and other Hereditamentis and theym to possede and enjoye according to his or their title in the sam

such Women Sole shall bar them and Reversioners

PROVIDED also that this Acte extend not to avoide any recove discontynuaunce or Warantie after the fourme aforseid afore this tyme had made or suffred, but only where the seid husbond and Woman or either of theym nowe beyng a lyve or any other to their use nowe have entrees and title to the seid Man's Londes Tentis or other Hereditamentes alyened discontynued or suffred to be recoved after the fourme aforseid, and therof nowe taking thissues and pfites or any other psone or psones to ther use.

Proviso for Alienations before this A&

PROVIDED also that this Acte extende not to any suche recove or discontynuance to be had where the heires next inheritable to the seid Woman, or he or they that next after the deth of the same Woman shuld have of astate of Alienations with inheritaunce (1) the same Mans Londes or Tenementes be assentyng or aggreable to the same recovees where the same Reversioners. assent and aggrement be of recorde or inrolled.

PROVIDED also that it shall be lefull to evy suche Woman, beyng sole or maried after the deth of her first husbonde, to geve sell or make discontynuance of any suche Londes t'me of her life oonly, after the course and use of the Comen Lawe before the making of this psent Acte.

Proviso for Alienations by such Women, for their

CHAPTER XXI.

An AcT agaynst Perjurye.

Qualification of Jurors in the Courts of London:

HERE AS pjurye is muche and custumably used within the Citie of London amonges such psones as passen and ben impanelled upon issues joyned betwene ptie and ptie in the Courtes of the same Citie, to the greate displesire of Allmyghty God and also to the disheritaunce and manyfold wronges of the Kingis Subgettis, for asmoche as there is impanelled in the same enquestes psones of litill substaunce discrecion and reputacion, and also none atteint ne other sufficient punysshement is for suche pjured psones before this tyme purveyed and ordeyned within the same Citie, Therfor it may pleas the Kinges Highnes by thadvice and assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comons in this psent Parliament assembled and by the auctorite of the same, to establissh ordeyne and enacte, that noe psone ne psones hereafter be impanelled somond or sworne in any Jury or enquestis in Courtes within the same Citie, excepte he be of Londes Tentis or godes and Catalles to the value of xl. marc; And that no pson nor psones hereafter be impanelled somond nor sworn in any Jurie or Enquest in any Courte within the seid Citie for Londes or Teñtis, or accion psonell wherin the Dette or Damages amounteth to the some of xl. marc or above, excepte he be in londes tentis good? or catalles to the value of C. marc; and the same mater and cause allegged by any of the seid parties by wey of Chalenge and so founden, shalbe admytted and taken in evy of the same Courtes as principall chalenge. And that evy suche psone hereafter to be ympanelled or somoned to appere in any Jurie or Inquest, before any of the seid Jugges of the same Citie, making defaute atte first Somons lose and forfaite in issues xij d. and atte ij de. defaute ijs. and so at evy suche defaute after that, the issues and penalties to be dobled; and all suche issues lost in the Maires Courte shall be forfeited levyed and preyved to thuse and behoufe of the Maire and Covaltie of the seid Citie; And all such issues lost in the Shirefs Courte or Courtes shall be forfeited levyed and preyved to thuse of the Shirefs of the same Citie for the tyme beyng towarde their fee ferme.

Forfeitures of Issues, upon Jurors not appearing.

Attaint may be sued, upon false Verdicts in London, by Bill in the Court of Hustings.
The Election, Qualification, and Summoning of the Jurors in such Attaints;

Tales for Default of such Jurors;

All Pleas in such Attaints shall be tried in London;

No Challenge for Insufficiency.

III.
Judgement upon such Attaints, against Defendant and Jurors, where the Verdict is found false.

IV.
Although the
Verdict complained
of be found true,
the Jury in Attaint
may enquire of
Corruption in the
Jurors giving such
Verdict:

And also be it enacted by like auctorite that the partie greved by any untrue or fals Verdite hereafter to be geven in any of the Courtes of the seid Citie, shall and may have and sue atteynt by bill in the Hustynges of London holden for Comen Plees before the Maire and Aldermen of the same Citie for the tyme being: And therupon a Pcepte to be awarded and made by the same Maire to evy Alderman of the seid Citie or his Depute in his absence to Psent and Etifie the names of iiij indifferent and discrete psones of goode fame and evy of theym of substaunce of C ti. or more Citezens of the same Citie dwelling in his Warde, to the Maire and Aldermen of the seid Citie for the tyme being at the Hustinges of Coen Plees within the same Citie then next ensuyng to be holden, of which psones so psented and ctified the seid Maire and vj Aldermen or moo holding the same Courte of Hustynges shall take name and ympanell xlviij by their discrecions thought moost able sufficient and indifferent; And the Maire and his Successours Maires of the seid Citie shall do to be somond the seid xlviij psones so by the seid Maire and Aldermen named and ympanelled, and also the Jurrours of the petty Jury and the ptie and pties named as tenauntes or defendauntes in the seid bill of Atteynt, to appere before the Maire and Aldermen of the same Citie at the Hustinges of Comen Plees than next to be holden in the same Citie; And if the same Atteynt then or any other tyme happen to remayne untaken for or by defaute of Jurrours by chalenge or otherwise, that upon evy tales graunted the seid Maire and Aldermen shall impanell the seid psones which were ctified by the seid Aldermen or their Deputies and omytted oute of the seid panell, or put therin other psone or psons being Citezens of the seid Citie and of the Substaunce of C ti. or more: And also that all Plee and Plees to be allegged or pleded by or for the tenaunte or defendaunte tenauntes or defendauntes or by any of the Jurrours of the petite Jurie in the same Atteynte, and triable by any Jury or Inquest, shall be tried within the same Citie and by thenquestes of the same and in none other place ne Countie. And that none of the seid petite Jury ne other parties named in any suche bille of Atteynte shall or may have any Chalenge to tharray or to any psone or poll therin being ympanelled for lacke of sufficiens of goodes or of londes.

Over that be it pvided and enacted that the juggement in any suche atteynte shall not extende to any Londes or Tentes ne to other punysshment of the petite Jury, ne other pees to be in the same Atteynt than is lymytted and appoynted in this pent Acte; and if the xxiiij psones of the seid xlviij psones sworne in the same Atteynt fynde that the Jurrours named in the petite Jurye have made and yeven an untrue Verdite that then the Juggement shall (') ageynst the partie defendant in the same atteynt as is used in atteynt sued by writte atte Comen Lawe; and ferther more the juggement in the same Atteynt shalbe ageyne the petite Jurye, that evy of the Jurrours of the same petite Jurie shall forfeite and lose xx fi. or more by the discrecion of the Maire and Aldermen of the seid Citie, keping the same hustynges or any other hustinges of Comen Plees, to suche use and behof as other issues and penaltees ben forfeited and loste in any accion or playnt comenced before the Maire and Aldermen of the same Citie, and his body to be ymprisoned, ther to remayne without baill or maynprise vj monethes, or lesse by the discrecion of the Maire and Aldermen of the same Citie for the tyme being, and to bee disabled for ev to be sworne in any Jurie before any tempall Jugge.

AND of that be it enacted by the same auctorite that if it be founden by the graunde Jurie in the same Atteynt that the petite Jury haven geven a true Verdite, that then the graunde Jurie shall have auctorite and power to enquire if any of the petit Jury toke or preyved any Some of Money, or other rewarde or pmyse of Money or other rewarde, of theym named defendauntes or tenauntes in the same Atteynt, or [if] any other psone or psones by the Comaundement covyne or assent of any of theym, to or for thentent of ther Verdite givyng, wherupon the same Atteynt is grounded;

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. So also all Printed Copies read: The Sense seems to require of'.

and after any suche corrupcion by the seid graund Jury (') founden that then the Jurour or Jurours of the seid petit Jurie Their Punishment. that is founden so defectif in taking and preyvyng any Somes of Money or other rewarde or pmysse of rewarde shall lose forfeite and pay to the playntif or playntifs named in the seid Atteynt x times the value of that some or other rewarde so taken preyved or pmysed in fourme above seid, and [to a] suffre ymprisonement without baile or maynprise vj monethis or lesse by the discrecion of the seid Maire and Aldermen and [to a] be disabled for ev to be sworn in any Jury before any tempall Jugge.

V. Punishment of

And of that be it enacted that suche defendaunt or tenaunt defendauntes or tenauntes in the same Atteynt shall lose forfeite and pay, to suche use and behof as other penaltees ben forfeited within the same Citie, x tymes the value of that some of Money or other Rewarde by hym or theym so yoven to any of the seid petit Jurie; And the same Defendaunt or tenaunt defendauntes or tenauntes [to '] be ymprisoned ther to remayne without baill or maynprise during vj monethes or lesse by the discrecion of the seid Maire and Aldermen: And if any dettes damages or costes be recoved in any accion wherupon suche Atteynt is grounded, and by the same Atteynt [that 1] it be founde that the petit Jurie have geven a false Serement, that [than 1] for the recove and restitucion of the same dette damages and costis the pleyntif or pleyntifs in evy Attente shall and may have and sue an Accion of Dett ayenst the same defendaunte or tenaunt by Writte Bill or Playnte in evy of the Kinges Courtes wherin the same defendaunt or tenaunte and evy of theym shall not be receyved to do his lawe.

Attaint having corrupted the Jury, whose Verdict is complained of. Restitution of the Debt,&c. recovered by a false Verdict.

And ov that be it enacted that if any playntif or playntifs in any suche Atteynt comenced before the seid Maire and Aldermen, upon any Recorde remayning within the same Citie [and 3] therin be nonsute, or if the first Serement therin be affermed, that then he or they shall have ymprisonement and make fyne by the discrecion of the Maire and Aldermen of the seid Citie for the tyme beyng and that fyne to be and goo to the Maire and Coialte of the seid Citie: And if ther be ij or mo playntifs in any suche Atteynt ordeyned by this estatute and any of theym die or be nonsuyte the other by this Acte shall be enabled to sue for the peeding in the same Atteynt; and notwithstonding the deth of the defendaunt or tenaunt defendauntes or tenauntes or of any of the petit Jury named in the same Atteynt, so that ther be too of the same petye Jury on lyve, the same Attent shall not abate.

Fine on Plaintiff in Attaint, being nonsuited, &c.

And also be it ordeyned by the same auctorite that if any of the Jurours of the seid graunde Jury impanelled and somoned in fourme aforseid at the Somons make defaute, so that the Atteynt remayneth to be taken for defaute of Jurours, that then evy of the same Jurours so making defaute lose and forfeite for the first default xl s. and at the ijde default v fi. and at evy defaute after that x fi : And like poesse to be made and sued ther ayenst the graunde Jury and be petite Jury, and the ptie and pties as is to be made and sued in Atteynt sued at the Comen Lawe, and that the same presse be retornable at evy Hustinges of Coen Plees; and that the Atteynt remayne not to be taken after the first Somons retourned for or by the defaute of the defendaunte or tenaunte defendauntis or tenauntes or of any of the pety Jury named in the same Atteynt by this Acte ordeyned; And that the seid issues or penaltees forfeited by any of the (5) graunde Jury be forfeite levyed and preyved to thuse of the Maire and Colaltie of the seid Citie, and that noe pteccion nor essoyn be allowed in this Atteynt by this Acte purveyed.

No Abatement in Attaint by Death of Parties, Jury, &c.

VII.

Penalty on Jurors in Attaint for

Non-Appearance. All Process as at Common Law, &c.

PROVIDED alwey that upon all Atteyntes hereafter to be comenced within the seid Citie upon any Recorde wherin the triall and enquest was by half tonge, that the seid Maire and Aldermen shall ympanell pe graundez Jurye in the same Atteynt the tone halfe of Straungers of goode fame and of the Substaunce of goodes to the value of an C ti. and more [inhityng 6] within the same Citie at large, and the residue of the same graunde Jury to be of the like value and substaunce of goodes ympannelled of Citezins as is aforseid.

VIII. Attaint per medietatem lingue where the first where the firs Trial was so.

AND of this be it enacted by the seid auctorite that none acte of Attente of the Petit Jury made in this Psent pliament, nor nothing therin conteyned other then this pent Acte, nor none other penaltie or punysshment in any other Acte then is afore conteyned in this pent Acte, be hurtfull nor extend to any Jury or inquest herafter to be taken before any Jugge of and within the same Citie.

Other Acts respecting Attaints

CHAPTER XXII.

AN ACT for Servante Wages.

THERE dy's estatutes before this (7) have ben made and ordeyned for Servauntes of Husbondry and also for Laborers and Artificers, by divs and many roiall and noble pgenitours unto oure Soveign Lorde the King nowe beyng, and in especiall a statute made by the right noble cristen Prince of blessed memory King Henr the vj uncle unto oure seid Soveign Lorde the xxiij yere of his raign; which notwithstonding, greate and many defautes dailly encreace reste and contynue amongeste labores and artificers, sume be cause the seid estatutes be not executed, and some be cause the remedy by the seid estatutes is not verray pfite nor yevyth cteyn ne hasty remedy; So that dailly by their subtill ymagynacion in defraude of the seid estatutes many of the King oure Soveign Lordis subgettis ben hurte disceyved lette and indamaged in their bilding and husbondry: Be it therfor establisshed enacted and ordeyned by auctorite of this pent parliament, First that noe bailly of Husbondry shall take for his Wagis by the yere above [xxvjs.*] viij d. and for his clothing v s. with mete and drinke; No chief hyne or a Carter or chief Shepeherd above xx s. by the yere and for his clothing v s. with mete and drinke; Noe conten svaunt of husbondry above xvi s. viii d.

Insufficiency of St. 23 H.VI. c. 12. and other Statutes

Wages of Servants in Husbandry.

Vol. II.

7 K

^{1 18} s said

⁶ inhabiting

omitted. 7 tyme

Wages of Artificers, &c.

Shipwrights;

by the yere and for his clothing iiij s. with mete and drinke; Noe Woman svaunt above x s. by the yere and for her clothing iiijs. with mete and drinke; No child within thage of xiiij yeres above vjs. viijd. by the yere and for his clothing [iij s.'] with mete and drinke; And that no Artificer ne Laborer herafter named take no more ne gretter wagis then in this estatute is lymytted, upon the payne assessed aswell unto the taker as to the yever; that is to sey, a Freemason maister Carpenter Rough Mason Brickleyer maister Tyler Plommer Glasier Kerver nor Joyner from Ester unto Michelmas evy of theis artificers aforseid vi d. by the day without mete or drinke, and with mete and drinke iiii d. and fro Michelmas unto Ester v d. without mete or drink, and with mete and drinke iij d: And that the Wagis of a Shipwright from the fest of Candlemas to the fest of Seynt Michell tharcaungell shall not excede the fourme ensuying; that is to sey, a maister Ship Carpynter taking the charge of the werke havyng men undre hym by the day v d. with mete and drinke, and without mete and drinke vij d; an other Ship Carpynter called an Hewer by the day iiij d. with mete and drinke, and without mete and drinke vjd; an able clyncher by the day [iij d.2] with mete and drinke, and without mete and drinke vd; An holder by the day [ij d.3] with mete and drinke, and without mete and drinke iiij d; A maister Calker by the day iiij d. with mete and drinke, and without mete and drinke vj d; An other meane Calker by the day iij d. with mete and drinke, and with out mete and drink vd; A Calker laboring by the tyde for as longe tyme as he may labour above the Water and beneth the Water shall not excede for his wages for evy tyde iiij d. with mete and drinke: and from the fest of Michelmas to Candelmas the wages of a Maister Shipwright by the day iiij d. with mete and drinke, and without mete and drink vj d; An Hewer by the day iij d. with mete and drinke, and without mete and drinke vd; An able Clyncher by the day iid. ob. with mete and drinke, and without mete and drinke iii d. ob; An holder by the day j d. ob. with mete and drinke, and without mete and drynke ii d; A Maister Calker by the day iij d. with mete and drinke, and without mete and drinke v d; An other meane Caulker by the day ij d. ob. with mete and drinke, and without mete and drinke iiij d. ob.

Less Wages where usual; Master Masons and Carpenters;

Artificers compellable to serve, &c.

On Pain of Imprisonment.

III.
Wages of
Labourers, &c. not
before specified;

Harvesters;

Half-Days and Holidays; Penalty on Servants in Husbandry, &c. refusing to serve, &c.

20 s. recoverable before Justices of the Peace:

IV. Hours of Work and Meals for Artificers, &c.

Summer Half-Year.

BE it also enacted that in suche Shires and Contreis that where it hath be and is nowe used to geve lesse wages that in thes Shires and Contreis they shall so gif, and the taker of wages be compelled according as they have lesse used to take; this Acte notwithstonding. And that the maister Mason and maister Carpenter whiche shall take the charge of the werke havyng undre any of theym vj men shall have vij d. without mete and drinke, and v d. by the day with mete and drinke. And that evy psone and artificer specified in this estatute being not reteyned in any svice for any werke be compelled to serve evy other psone for suche wagis as in this estatute before is lymytted. And that no artificer reteyned in svyce to werke, with the Kingis Highnes or any psone, depte not fro his seid Highnes or from the seid other psone till suche tyme as the werke be fynysshed, (4) if the psone so reteynyng the artificer so longe woll have hym and pay his wagis upon payne of ymprisonement of any psone so deptyng, by the space of a moneth, and to make fyne of xx s. Alweies pvyded and forseen that if the same artificer be desired unto the Kinges svyce and werke that then he may lawfully depte, so that he entre and be in the Kinges svice and werke.

And it is ferther ordyned by the seid auctorite that evy other laborer and artificer not afore named shall take from Ester till Michelmas for evy day that he so laboreth, excepte the seasone of harvyst, iiij d. without mete or drinke, and ij d. with mete and drinke; and from Michelmas to Ester iij d. without mete or drinke and j d. ob. with mete and drinke. And in the seid tyme of harvest evy moweer shall take by the day iiij d. with mete and drinke, and without mete or drinke vj d; A Reper and Carter evy of theym iij d. by the day with mete and drinke, and without mete or drinke vd; A Woman Laborer and other Laborers evy of theym ij d. ob. by the day with mete and drinke and without mete or drinke iiij d. ob. And that noe artificer nor laborer working [but 5] the half day take no wagis but for the half day, and nothing for pe [halyday 6]: And if any bailly of husbondry hyne Carter Shepeherd comen servaunt [Woman servaunte 7] or Child servaunt above specified, not reteyned in any svyce or werke, refuse to serve according to this ordynaunce above specified, then the same psone to be comytted to Warde by the Constable or other hed officer, within the Citie Toun or Village where the ptie so refusing is, atte complent of hym that will reteyne such Servaunte. ther to remayne till he have founde suertie to sve according to the seid ordynaunce: Furthermore if any artificer or laborer beying not reteyned in any svice or werke refuse to serve after the rate of this estatute, or take gretter or more wages then herin is lymytted for the same artificers and laborers, or if any artificer or laborer take wages for the hole day where he werketh but the half day, that then evy artificer and laborer offending in any of the forseid articles forfeite for evy defaute as often as they offende xx s. and they to be convicted for evy suche defaute by Dsentment afore the Justices of Peas in the Sessions according to the comen Lawe, or by examynacion of the same Justices in the same Sessions, or by examynacion of ij Justices of the Peas out of the Sessions in any place within the Shire wher they ben Justices and where such defaute shalbe made, and that the seid forfeiture of xx s. be levyed of their londes godez and catalles so offending.

And ferthermore where divs artificers and laborers reteyned to werke and serve waste moch part of the day and deserve not their wagis, sume tyme in late comyng unto their werke, erly departing therfro, longe sitting at ther brekfast at their dyner and nonemete, and long tyme of sleping at after none, to the losse and hurte of such psones as the seid artificers and laborers be reteyned with in svice; It is therfor established enacted and ordyned by auctorite aforseid that evy artificer and laborer be at his werke, betwen the myddes of the moneth of March and the myddes of the moneith of Septembr, before v. of the Clocke in the mornyng, And that he have but half an houre for his brekefast, and an houre and an half for his dyner at such tyme as he hath season for slepe to hym appoynted by this estatute, and at such tyme as is herin appoynted that he shall not slepe then he to have but an houre for his dyner and half an houre for his nonemete; and that he departe not from his werke, betwene the myddes of the seid monethes of

7 8

iiij s.

² ij d. 6 whole day

³ iij d.

⁴ accomplished or made an end Printed Copies.

March and Septembr, till betwene vij and viij of the clocke in the evenyng; And if they or any of theym offende in Deductions from any of theis articles that then their defautes be marked by hym or his Deputie that shall pay their wages, and atte Hours mis-spent. [wokes '] end ther wages to be abated for such rate of tyme as they have offended cont rie to this estatute: And that fro the myddes of Septembr to the myddes of Marche evy artificer and laborer be at ther werke in the springing of Winter Half-Year, the day and depte not till nyght of the same day: And that the seid artificers and laborers slepe not by day but only Sleeping Times. from the myddes of the moneth of May unto the myddell of the moneth of August.

AND also it is enacted by the seid auctorite that noe psone from hensfourth yeve no more wagis to any bailly of Penalty on Masters husbondry hyne Shepeherd or other afore named, ner to any artificer or laborer in this estatute specified, then in the giving higher same statute is lymytted and assigned; upon payne of forfeiture for evy such defaute xls. and that the party so enacted; 40 s. offending be convicted therof afore the Justices of Peas aswell by Psentment in the Sessions as by examynacion of ij Justices of peas oute of the Sessions in like wise as is afore reherced of laborers and artificers.

Also it is establysshed by the seid auctorite that if any artificers or laborers reteyned in Svyce with any psone for bilding or repacion, make or cause to be made any assemble to assaute harme or hurte any psone assigned to comptroll and ovsee theym in their werking, that he or they so offendyng have ymprisonement for a yere without letting to baill or maynprise, and ferther to make fyne at the Kingis will. This Acte to begyn and take effecte at Seynt Gregory Commencement Day next comyng; and in the meane tyme the same to be pclamed in evy gode Citie Burgh and Toun of this realme.

CHAPTER XXIII.

AN ACTE agaynst Marchaunt Straungers for sellyng of Samon or other fyshe.

WHERE AS at a parliament holden at Westin the xxijii yere of the rayne of King Edward the iiijih amongest Recital of the other thingis it was enacted ordeyned and establisshed, that no Marchaunt Straunger nor Denysyn after the fest 22 Edw. IV. c. 2. of Seynt Michell tharchaungell than next comyng shuld sell nor put to sale any samon by butte barell half barell or relating to Contents of Vessels, &c. for any other vessell afor it shuld be seen, but if the same butte shuld holde and conteygne iiiix iiij galons, the barell packing of barrelled xlij" galons, the di barell xxj" galons, well and truely packed, upon payne of forfeiture for evy butte barell and di barell so lacking ther seid mesure vj s. viij d: Also that noe such Marchaunte beyng undre the seid Kingis obeisaunce after the seid feste of Seynt Michell shuld sell nor put to sale any man Salmon, by butte barell or other vessell, but if it shuld be well and truly packed, that is to sey, the greate Salmon by it self without medeling of any Grilles or broken belied Salmon with the same, and that all small fisshe called Grilles shuld be packed by theym self only without any medlyng, upon payne of forfeyture and losyng of vjs. viij d. for evy butte barell or di barell contry to the seid acte medled packed and put to sale: Also that no such Marchaunt nor other psone shuld put any Hering to sale by barell, di barell or firkin, but if the same barell conteyn xxxij" galons, the half barell and firkin after the same rate, and that the same herynges shuld be wele truly and justly leyed and packed, and shuld be of on tyme taking and salting; And that the same Hering shuld be as goode and aswell packed in the myddes and in evy parte of the same barell and other vessell as it shuld be at any of the endes of the same barell and vessell, upon payne of forfeiture of losyng of iij s. iiij d. for evy barell half barell and firkyn so lacking their seid mesure, and also upon payne of forfeiture and losing of iij s. iiij d. for evy barell halfe barell and firkyn of hering contarie to the seid acte sorted leied or packed: Also bt noe such Marchaunte nor paling man shuld sell nor put to sale any Elys by barell halfe barell or firkyn but if the barell shuld conteyne xlij" galons, the half barell and firken after the same rate, nor that any such Marchaunt nor paling man shuld medill any galf bitton storven or pilled Elys with gode Elis, but that the same gode Elis shuld be well and justly packed and sold by theym selfe, nor shuld medill with the seid Elis nor put to sale any redde Ele, upon payne of forfaiture and losyng of x s. for evy barell half barell and firkyn so lacking their seid mesure, and upon payne of losyng of x s. for evy barell half barell and firkyn so as is aforseid medlid and contrary to the seid Acte packed or put to sale: Also that noe Marchaunt after the seid fest shuld sell nor put to sale any barelled fissh, but if the same fisshe shuld be well and truly packed, that is to sey, the tale fissh by theym selfe and the small fissh called Gulles by them self, without any medling of the seid small fissh with the great fisshe and without medling and packing of Thokys or broken belied fisshe with the seid tale fisshe or small fisshe, and that neither the tale fisshe ner small fisshe shuld be leied double in packing, and that evy tale fysshe shuld conteyne in length from the bone of the fyn to the iije joynte of the taille xxvj" ynches at the leste, and that the napes of all such barelled fisshe shuld be no longer then the littell boone that sitteth upon the greate fyne: And that the bone of evy suche saltfisshe shuld be taken awey unto the Navell of the same fisshe, and that evy suche fisshe shuld be splatted downe to an handfull of the taille, upon payne of forfeyture and losyng of iij s. iiij d. for evy barell of fisshe which from thensfourth shuld be founden packed sorted and medled napid leyed double or not boened nor splatted according to the seid acte: And also in escheuyng of the Appointing of comen hurtes and disceytes above reherced the seid late King ordeyned and enacted by the seid auctorite, that all Maires Searchers and Gaugers Baillies and Governours of Cities Tounes Burghs Markettis and all other places of this realme for the tyme beyng, where of Casks, &c. they shuld be Maires Baillifs and Govnours, shuld have power and auctorite to name and chose a discrete and expte psone or psones duly to serche and gauge all suche vessels as be above reherced that they shuld be truly packed and kepe their true mesure and assise according to the ordynaunce above seid: as in the forseid acte therof made more pleynly apperith:

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No Fees specified for Gaugers, &c.

Recited A& confirmed.

And for asmuche, as in the seid acte is no center appropried howe myche evy suche gauger packer and sercher shuld take for his labour in executyng of their seid office, they be their owne Jugges and at their plesures take for the same gauging packing and serching by wey of extorcion suche greate sumes of money as theym liketh, wherby the Kingis true subgettis ar greatly ympovesshed and wronged: That it myght therfor pleace the Kingis Highnes by thadvyse of his lordis spuall and tempall and the Comens in this pent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same to conferme ratific and establisshe the seid acte and evy thing therin comprised.

II. Fees of Gaugers, Packers, and Searchers ascertained.

rs, and ners ained.

Penalty on said Officers for Neglect, &c. Loss of Office, and Imprisonment.

Fees payable only upon actual Search, &c.

Commencement of Act.

AND ov that by the same auctorite to ordeyne and establissh, that evy suche Gauger Packer and Sercher take no more for gauging of a barell Samon barell hering barell fisshe barell Elys halfe barell and firkyn, for evy pece so gawged but a ferthing, and for his labour for serching and packing if it be nede of a barell samon from hede to hede jd. and for his labour for bonyng napyng and packing of a barell fisshe if it be nede jd. and for his labour in serching and packing of a barell hering from hede to hede if it be nedefull ij d. and for serching and packing of evy barell of Elys ij d. And for serching and packing of evy half barell of herring from hede to hede j d. and for evy half barell Elis serching and packing jd. and for serching and packing of evy firkyn of hering if it be nedfull ob. And ov that that all and evy suche Gauger Serchier and Packer that mysbehaveth or offendith in any thing concurring the seid offices of gawgier sercher and packer contrie to this acte, and so proved before any of the seid Maires Baillies or Govnours of any Citie Toun Burgh Markette or any other place within this realme where he or they so be Gawgiers Packers or Serchiers Gawgier Packer or Sercher, shall lose and forfeite his seid Office and the same from thensfourth no longer to enjoye, any leasse graunte or grauntes therof made notwithstonding, and for ferther punysshment to have and suffre yprisonmente by the space of xl. daies without baill or maynprise: Provided alwey that the seid Sercher and Packer or any of theym shall nothyng receyve of the seid fees by colour of their office, but only for suche buttes barelles halfe barellis and firkins as by theym shall herafter be sufficiently serched and packed and be not afore sufficiently packed: This Psent Acte to begynne and take effecte atte the fest of Ester next commyng and not before.

CHAPTER XXIV.

AN ACTE for Writte of Attaynt to be brought agaynst Jurors for untrue Verdicte.

Perjury in Verdicts; F

On Verdicts, for 40 l. and upwards, Party grieved shall have Writ of Attaint, against the Jurors and the Party benefited;

Process therein; Qualification of Attaint Jury;

Default of Appearance of Party, &c.; Assignment of Perjury in the Verdict; Plea of the Jurors;

Trial of the Issue; Plea of the Party;

Penalty on Jurors attainted 20 l. each, and Fine, &c.

Infamy; Restoration of Party damnified;

THE King oure Soveign Lord of his mooste godely and gracious disposicion calling to his remembraunce howe I that pjurie in this londe is in manyfolde causes by unresonable meanes detestably used, to the disheritaunce and great damage of many and greate nombre of his subgettis well disposed, and to the moste high displesure of all myghty God, the goode statutes ageynst all officers havyng retourne of Writtes and their Deputies making panelles parcially for rewardes to theym geven, ageynst unlawfull mayntenours ymbrasours and Jurrours, and ageynst Jurrours untruly gevyng ther verdite, notwithstanding: For reformacion of the same by the King oure Soveign Lord and the lordis spuall and tempall and the Comens in this Psent parliament assembled and by auctoritie of the same, be it enacted ordeyne and establisshed, that upon evy untrue verdite herafter geven betwixt parte and partie, in any suyte playnte or demaunde before Justices of recorde where the thing in demaunde and verdite therupon geven extendith to the value of xl ii. and concneth not the jopdie of mannys lyfe, the partie greved by the same verdyte shall have a writte of Atteynt ageinst evy psone herafter so gevyng an untrue verdite and evy of theym, and ageynste the partie which shall have Jugement upon the same verdite; and that in the same atteynte there shalbe awarded ageynst the petite Jurie the pty and the graund Jury som and resom and distres infynyte; which graunde Jury shall be of like nombre as the graund Jury is nowe in atteynte; and evy of theym that shall passe in the same shall have londes and tenementis to the value of xx" marc by the yere of freeholde oute of auncien demeane; and upon the distresse, which shalbe delyved of recorde upon the same, open pclamacion to be made in the Courte ther where the distres shall be awarded, more then xv. daies afore the retourne of the same distresse, and evy suche distresse shalbe made upon the londe of evy of the seid graunde Jury as in other distresses is and hath be used; and if the seid partie defendaunte or the petite Jurrours or any of theym appere not uppon the distresse, then the graund Jury to be taken ageynst them and evy of theym that shall so make defaute; and if any of the seid pety Jury appere, then the party compleynaunt in that behalf shall assigne the false serement of the first verdite untruly geven, wherunto they of the petite Jury shall have none aunswere, if they be the same psones and the writte processe retourne and assignement good and laufull, excepte that the demaundaunt or playntif in the same Atteynt hath afore be nonsute or discontynued his suyte of any attent taken for the same verdite, or hath for the same verdite in a writte of Atteynte had juggement ayenst the seid petite Jury, but only that they made true verdite; which issue shalbe tried by xxiiiji of the seid graunde Jury; and the partie shall plede that they gave true verdite or any other matier which shalbe a sufficient barre of the seid atteynte; and that plee notwithstonding the graund Jury to be taken without delaye to enquyre wheder the firste Jurie gave true verdite or noe; and if they fynde that the seid pety Jury gave an untrue verdite, then evy of the seid petit Jury to forfeite xx li. wherof the one halfe shall be to the King oure Soveign Lorde and thoder halfe to the parte that sueth; And ov that that evy of the seid pety Jury shall sevally make fyne and raunsome by the discrecion of the Justices before whome the seid false serement shalbe founde after their sevall offences defautes and sufficience of evy of the seid petie Jury; And after that that those of the seid petie Jury so atteynted shall new after be of any credence nor their ooth accepted in any Courte. And if such plee as the partie pledith which is a barre of the seid atteynt be founde or demed ayenste hym that so pledeth, then the partie that so sueth shall have Jugement to be restored to that he loste with his resonable costes and damages;

Forseen always that any outelawry in any accion or cause psonell, or excomengement pleded or alleged in the partie playntif or demaundaunt, shall be taken but as a voide plee and to that he shall not be putte to aunswere; and that in all thafforseid pees suche day shalbe geven as is in a Writte of Dower, and none essoyne or proteccion to lye nor to be allowed in the same. And if the seid graunde Jury appere not upon the first distresse had agaynst theym so that the Jurye for their defaute do remayne, he that makith defaute shall forfeite to the King xx s. and upon the seconde distrese xl s. and after making defaute for evy suche defaute v ti. and like penaltees and forfeitures to be ageynst theym and evy of them that shalbe named in the tales as is afore expessed ageynst evy of the seid graunde Jury aforseid; and that for and by the deth of the party or any of the seid petit Jurye the seid Atteynt shall not abate nor be deferred ageynste the remenant, as longe as ij of the seid petite Jury be alyve.

AND if herafter any fals verdite be geven in any accion sute or demaunde afore any Justice of recorde of any thing psonell as dette trespace and other like which shalbe undre the value of xl fi. that then the partye greved shall have atteynt with such proces and plees as is afore reherced, and delayes to be taken awey as before is remembred; excepte that in this case of atteynt evy psone of the graunde Jury that may dispende v. mare by yere of free holde out of auncien demeane or is worth a C merc of godes and catalles, shalbe able to passe in the same atteynt; and if the pety Jurie bee atteynted that then they shall in this case of Atteynt evy of theym forfeite but v ti. wherof oon halfe shalbe to the King and the other halfe to the partie after the fourme afore reherced, And over that to make fyne and raunsome by the discrecion of the Justices as is aforseid.

AND iffe ther be not psones of suche sufficiencie within the Shire where any of the seid atteyntes shalbe taken as may passe in the same, be it ordeyned by the auctorite aboveseid, that then the tales shalbe awarded into the Shire nexte adjoyning by the discrecion of the Justices afore whom the same atterntes shalbe taken, which shall be warned to appere upon like peynes as is aforseid and enabled to passe in the seid atteyntes as if they were dwelling in the Shire where the same atteynt shalbe taken.

And that the same lawes accion and remedy ordeyned by this pent acte be kepte for and to all theym that shalbe greved by suche untrue verdites of any enheritaunce in discent revicion or remaynder, or of any freehold in revicion or remaynder. And if be partie in atteynte gevyn by this acte be none suyte or the same discontynue that then the same partie so nonsuyte or so discontynuyng the seid atteynt make fyne and raunsome by the discrecion of the Justices afore whom the same atteynt shalbe taken and depending. And that all atteyntes herafter to be taken shalbe taken afore the King in his Benche or afore the Justices of the Comen place, and [in none'] other Courtes; And that Nisi prius shalbe graunted by discrecion of the Justices upon the distres; and evy of the seid petite Jury may appere and aunswere by attourney in the seid atteynt: And that the moyte of the seid forfeiture of the petite Jury shalbe levyed to thuse of oure Soveign Lorde by Capias ad satisfaciend or fieri fac or Elegit or by accion of dette, ayenst evy psone of the pety Jury so forfeiting and ageynst his executours and admynistratours having then sufficient goodes of their seid testato' not admynystred; and thodre moite shall by like pees be levyed to thuse of the party that sueth any atteynt gevyn by this acte, ageynst evy of the seid peti Jury and his executours or admynistratours havyng then sufficiencie of goodes as is aforseid not admynystred. And that Juggement of restitucion to the party greved suyng this [atteynt 1] and execucion of the same to be hadde, and like juggement for the party defendaunt or tenaunt to be discharged of restitucion as afore this pent acte in case of a graunde atteinte hath be used.

BE it also ordyned and enacted by auctorite aboveseid that in evy writte of atteynt hereafter to be taken by or upon this acte, the whiche shalbe suche as other Writtis of atteynt be, and after the Teste of the same Writte, shalbe written theis wordes in latyn, P statutum Anno undecimo Henr septimi editum.

Be it also ordeyned and enacted by the same auctorite that all panells herafter to be retourned, which be not at the suyte of any partie, that shall be made and putte in afore any Justice of Gaole delyve or Justices of peas in their opyn Sessions to enquire for the King, shall herafter be refourmed by addicions and taking oute of names of psones by discrecion of the same Justices before whom suche panell shalbe retourned; and that the same Justices shall herafter comaunde the Shiref or his minystres in his absence to putte other psones in the same panell by their discrecions; And that panell so herafter to be made to be gode and lawfull. This Acte to endure onely to the next parliament.

Plaintiff allowed; No Essoin, &c. Penalty on the Jurors in Attaint not appearing; No Abatement by Death, &c.

II. Attaints upon Verdicts under 401.

Award of Tales into adjoining Shire.

IV. Act extended to Verdicts in Cases of Land, &c. Fine upon the Party nonsuited in Attaint. be brought only in K. B. or C. P. Nisi Prius. Appearance by Forfeitures.

Judgement of Restitution, &c.

Writs shall purport to be by this Statute.

VI. Panels returned by the Sheriff to inquire for the King, shall be re-formed by the

Continuance of A &.

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An Acte agaynst Piury unlawfull mayntenaunce and corrupcon in officers.

THE King oure Soveign Lorde, wele understonding the haynous and detestable pjuries dailly comytted within this Laws against realme in enquestes and Juries, taken aswell betwixt his Highnes and other his subgettis, and partie and ptie, as in enquestis of office, to the high displeasire of Allmyghty God and letting of admynystracion of Justice, the whiche pjurie growith by unlaufull reteynders mayntenaunce embrasyng champtie and corrupcion of goode aswell of the Shirefs as of other officers, notwithstonding any lawes before this tyme made for the punysshment of suche offedours: Wherfor the King oure seid Soveign Lorde by thadvyse and assent of his lordes spuall and tempall and of the Comons in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same enactith establissheth willeth and comaundeth, that all the seid lawes be duely put in execucion.

be put in force.

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II.
Justices shall
review and reform
Panels, in Inquests.

And it be ordered by the seid auctorite that the Justices of the Peas within this Realme, in any inquestis of office before theym or any of theym to be taken, admitte nor take any panell of such inquestis to be retourned afore them, but if the same panell be first seen before theym, and they to refourne it by their discrecion if cause be; and that evy panell otherwyse received be voide and of none effects.

III.
Party grieved, or others, may complain, by Bill, of Perjury on Inquests, by unlawful Maintenance, &c.

Finding Surety to pay Costs, &c.

Complaint shall be certified to the Lord Chancellor, and Parties punished at Discretion of him and others.

IV. Fine on Nonsuit.

V. Verdicts shall remain good until reversed by Writ of Error, &c.

VI. Punishment of Perjury in Chancery, &c.

Commencement and Continuance of Act.

And ferthermore be it enacted by the seid auctorite, as for any pjurie comytted by any inquestes bytweene the King and partie, (') partie and partie, wherupon juggement is herafter geven, that the ptie greved, or any other that woll complayne of any unlawfull mayntenaunce ymbrasyng corrupcion of any officers wherby the seid pjurie was enduced, and of pjury by the seid inquestes comytted, may compleyne bi bill to be Psented afore the Justice or Justices by whom juggement shall be geven, which Justice or Justices shalbe bounde to receive it, so that the compleynaunt psent the same bill before the same Justice or Justice within vj daies after the juggement yeven, and fynde sufficient suertie before the same Justice or Justices by his or their discrecion to be admytted, that will bynde theym by reconysaunce or otherwise in such some or somes of money as shalbe lymytted by the discrecion of the same Justice or Justices to the sevall parties upon whom he shall complayne, upon condicion that if the partie complaynaunte pve not sufficiently the mater of his compleynt to be true, that then the seid compleynaunte to pay suche costes and damages to the sevall parties greved and at such tyme as shalbe considred and awarded by the discrecion of the seid psones that have power by this psent acte to examyne the same: And that the seid Justice or Justices, after the receyte of the seid bill of compleynt in fourme reherced, chifie the seid bill under his or their seale or seales unto the Chaunceller of Englond for the tyme being, and then the same Chaunceller shall cause by writte at the suyte and costes of the party complaynaunt all suche psone or psones, ayenst whome the seid coplaynte is so made, to come afore the same Chaunceller and Tresorer of England the chief Justices of either Benche and the Clerke of the Rolles for the tyme beyng; which shall have full power and auctorite by this pent acte by their discrecion to examyne all such peone or peones appering before theym, of all thinges comprised in the bill of compleynt, and to punysshe all and evy suche psone or psones as by that examynacion shalbe founde offender or offenders, aswell of pjury as other, after their seid discrecion.

AND ov that be it enacted that if the partie compleynaunt pursue not or pve not his bill of compleyn then he to yeld to evy psone by hym wrongfully vexid his costes and damages and make fyne to the King, after the discrecion of theym before whom thexamynacion is so hadde.

And it is ferther ordeyned that this acte extende not to the anyntisement nether undoyng of the verdite and juggement yeven, but that the seid voite and juggement stonde in his strength to the tyme it be undone or avoided by writte of errour or atteynt or otherwise, after suche ordre as the comen lawe was afore the tyme of making of this statute, this pent acte notwithstonding.

And of that be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that if pjury bee comytted by pres in the Kinges Courte of the Chauncery or before the Kinges honorable Councell or els where, that then the forenamed Chaunceller upon a bill to hym putte with like suertie as is afore reherced, make like proces to call in the supposed pjured psones afore the seid Chaunceller Tresorer Justices and Clerke of the Rolles, and they to have power to here and examyn the seid psones, and if the seid psones of the pjury or other mysbehavyng before reherced so be convycted, that then they to be punysshed undre like fourme as is afore reherced. Provided alwey that this acte begynne to take his effecte at the fest of the Nativyte of oure Lord next comyng; and noe lenger to endure but unto the next parliament.

CHAPTER XXVI.

An AcT that Shreiff shall retorne sufficient Jurors.

Recital of Stat.

1 Ric. III. c. 4, as
to Qualifications of
Jurors in the Tornes
of Sheriffs;

Inconvenience. thereof in Shires of Southampton, Surrey, and Sussex;

The Qualification of Jurors in those Shires reduced.

PRAYEN the Comons in this Psent Parliament assemblid, that where it was established and enacted the first yere of the raign of King Richard the iijrd late in dede and not of right King of Englond, that no Bailly nor other officer shuld retourne in any panell in any Shirefs Tourne or lawday any psone but suche as be of gode name and fame and have londes and tentis of freeholde within the same Countie where they be intitaunte of the yerly value of xx s. at lest, or ellis londis and tentis holden by the custome of the Maner called Copiholde within the seid Countie of the yerely value of xxvj s. viij d. ov all charges at lest, as in the seid Statute more pleynly it appereth; And that all inditementis & Psentment? taken afore any Shiref in his Tourne otherwise be voide and of none effecte: By reason of whiche Statute many Shirefs of the Counties of Sutht Surr and Sussex, intending truly, have loste the profite of many of his or their tournes, and many greate nusances and offences not psented nor the offendour and trespassours in the same punysshed, to the greate hurte of the inhabitauntes of the same, for within some hundres ther, ther be not so many peones of suche landis and tentis dwellyng out of fraunchises, and thogh they ware of that havoir they wold not appere for the losse of ii d. or iiij d. at the day of the Tourne, whiche small amciament is of olde tyme used, wherby the Kingis seid Courtes in dyvs partes of the seid Countees be loste: In consideracion wherof it may be stablisshed and enacted by thadvyse and assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the seid Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctoritie of the same, that it shalbe lefull to evy Shiref of any of the seid Counties to ympanell and somone xxiiijit laufull men of such infitauntes within the pcincte of evy of his or their Tournes as owe suyte to the same Tourne or Tournes, and wherof evy of the seid xxiiij" men have londes and tentis of freehold to the yerely value of x s. ov all charges, or londes and tentis of Copiholde to the yerely value of xiij s. iiij d. ov all charges, within any of the seid Counties where suche Tourn or Tournes is or be to be kepte, and so many theire to appere at the day of the Tourn before the seid Shiref Undershiref or Clerke to enquyre of the Articles of the seid Tourn.

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And that evy of the seid xxiiiju men so beyng ympanelled and somond, not appering, be amerced in the seid Shirefs Tourne or Tournes for not doyng of their suyte to the same xij d. Provided alwey that if ther be xij of the seid inhitauntes so ympanelled within the pcincte of evy Tourn appere, so that in evy Tourne ther be a lawfull Jury of theym sworne, that then all the remen'nte of them so ympanelled that make defaute be not amced for that defaute but only for their suyte, and as it was lawfully used afore the making of the seid Statute.

AND of that be it enacted that after due and lawfull somons had of the inhitauntes as is aforseid, if that ther appere not xij men in evy of the seid Shirefs Tournes of the seid inhitauntes havyng londes and tentes of the yerly value of x s. or xiij s. iiij d. as is aboveseid, and if ther be not xxiiiju suche inhitauntes which may be ympanelled and somond in man and fourme aboveseid in any of the seid Tournes, that then it shalbe lefull to evy Shiref Undreshiref Clerke Bailly or op minystre to charge and swere eny other psone or psones in any of the seid Shirefs Tournes, where suche none sufficiente and defaute of inhitauntes and apparaunce is had, suche as be of goode name and fame, and the best by his or their discrecion that appere afore hym or theym, and noon officer nor servaunte to the seid Shirefs Undershirefs Clerkis Baillies or Mynistres: And that all inditementis and psentementis, other then felony, so taken concaying the seid Shirefs Turnes be good and effectuell notwithstonding the seid Acte made in the first yere of King Richard aforseid. And that the seid Shirefs Undershirefs Clerkis nor Baillies of any of the seid Counties nor noon of theym doing according to this psent Acte forfeite any thing or be in any wise pjudised for doyng any thing contrarie to the seid Statute made in the first yere of the seid King Richard: And that evy Shiref Undershiref Clerke Bailli or Minystre that do cont'ry to this ordynaunce in any poynte, forfeite the some of Cs. at evy tyme that they or any of theym doo the contry of the same in any poynte of the same: Savyng to evy psone and psones their lawfull libties and fraunchises and tenauntes and inhitauntes of the same. This acte to endure unto the next parlyament.

II. For Deficiency of qualified Jurors, others may be

(except for Felony) by such Jurors declared valid. Sheriffs, &c. Penalty for Neglect of this Act, 100 s. Saving.

Continuance of A&.

CHAPTER XXVII.

An AcT agaynst unlawfull & deceyptfull makinge of Fustyans.

PREIEN the Comens in this pent parliament assembled, that where as Fustians brought from the parties of beyonde the See unshorne into this Realme, have and be and shuld be the mooste pfitable cloth for doblettis and for other wering Clothes greatly used amonge the comen people of this realme, and lengest have endured of any thing that hath comyn into this same Realme from the seid parties as to that entent, wherof the cause hath been that such fustians afore this tyme have been truly wrought and shorne with the brode Sheare and with noon other instrument or other disceitfull meane occupied upon the same; Nowe so it is that divs psones by subtile and undue sleightis and meanes have disceyvablye ymagyned and contrived instrumentes of Iron, wyth the which Irons in the most highest and secrete places of their houses they strike and drawe the seid Irons ov the seid fustians unshorne, by meanes wherof they [pull '] of both the noppe and the coton of the same Fustians, and breke comenly both the grounde and thredis in sunder, and afterwarde by crafty sliking they make the same Fustions to appere to the comen people fyne hole and sounde; and also they reise up the cotton of suche Fustians and then take a light candell and sette in the Fustyan brennyng, which sengieth and brenneth away the cotton of the same fustyan from the toone end to that other down to the herd thredes, in stede of shering, and after that put them in colour and so subtelly dresse them that their fauls werkes cannot be aspied, without it be by Werkmen Sherers of such fustians or by the werers of the same; and so by suche subtilties where as fustians, made in dobelettis or put to any other use, were wonte and myght endure the space of ij yeres or more woll not endure nowe hool by the space of iiij monethes scarcely, to the great hurte of the poy Comens and servyng men of this Realme, to the great damage losse and disceite of the Kingis true subgettis biers and werers of such fustian: For remedy wherof be it enacted ordeyned and establishhed by the King oure Soveign Lorde and the Lordes spuall and tempall and Comons in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that none such Iron or instrumentes ner any other untrue subtile meane or sleight be from hensfourth used upon any fustian within this Realme, but only by the brode shere, upon forfaiture of xx s. to be levyed for evy defaut of every suche psone or psones herafter offending, and usyng any such disceyvable instrumentis or sleightis as afore is seid, the tone halfe of the seid forfeitures to be to the Kyng oure Soveign Lorde and that other halfe to hym or theym that woll sue for the same forfeitures by accion of dette bill or informacion in any of the Kingis Courtes of Recorde where the same may be determyned after the course of the comen Lawe; And that the defendaunt in suche behalf in noo wise bee admytted to wage his lawe nor that any pteccion or essoyn be in the same allowable.

Unlawful Devices practised upon foreign Fustians.

using any thing except Shears in dressing such

AND ov this be it ordeyned bi the seid auctorite that the Maire and Wardeyns of Shermen of the Citie of London for the tyme beyng have auctorite to entre and serch the werkemanship of all man psones occupieng the brode shere aswell fustians as cloth; and the execucion of this psent Acte to be aswell of deynesyns as of forens and straungers.

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This and the Chapters of this Nession which follow are now for the Viral Time printed as Part of the Statutes of the Year

CHAPTER XXVIII.

P Rege.

The King entitled by Act of Attainder to the Property of K. Richard III. [See Rot. Parl. sub an. 1 H. VII.]

No Office found thereof;

Certain Manors,&c. declared vested in the King, from the Day of the Death of K. Richard III;

although no Office be found thereof.

II. General Saving.

III. Proviso for Grants of the Premises,&c. by the King.

THERE in the parliament holden at Westminster the vij. day of Novembr the first yere of the raign of oure Soveign Lorde the King that now is, his Highnes was and is entitled to have to hym and his heires, all the Castellis Mans Lordshippes Hundredis Fraunchises Libties Privileges and Advowsons Noiacons Psentacions Landis Tentis Rentis Services Revercions Porcions Annuyties Rightis Pensions Hereditamentis Goodes Catelles and Dettis, wherof Richard late Duke of Duke of Glouc otherwise called King Richard the iijde or any other to his use were seased or possessed within the Realme of Englond Ireland Walis and Cales or in the Marches therof in fee symple fee taile or Ime of lyf or lyves; as in an acte in the seid parliament made, more pleynly apperith: Of the which Castellis Manoris Lordshippes Hundredis Fraunchises Libties Privileges Advousons Noiacons Psentacions Londes Teñtis Rentis Services Revercions Porcions Annuyties Rightis Pencions Hereditamentis Goodes Catallis and Dettis noe office yet is founden for the Kingis Highnes; It is therfor ordeyned established and enacted by oure seid Soveign Lord the King by thassent of the Lordis spuall and tempall and the Comens of this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that the Castellis Lordshippes Manoris and Hundredis of Shrefhuton Midlam Richemond Bernard otherwise called Bernerde Castell, the Manoris of Raskell Sutton Elvyngton and Rise, the Castelle and Manoris of Pereth Soureby Quenyshames Gamlesby, the forest of Inglewode and the Parke of Plumpton, with Knightis fees, advousons, the Castell Manoir and Lordship of Caster in the Countie of Lincoln with all other Hamelettis Membres and Appurtenences peell belonging or parteynyng to the Emysses or to any of theym with their appurtenences, of the which the seid King Richard to his own use or any other to thuse of the seid King Richard were seasied the day of his deth, be in the King oure Soveign Lord, and the possession of the pmysses be adjuged in hym from the day of the deth of the seid King Richard; hou be it ther be none office founde of be same, as surely as if offices therof had ben laufully founde by course of the Comen Lawe and duly retorned in the Kingis Courte of Recorde.

SAVYNG to evy psone or psones, other then the seid King Richard and his heires and such as cleyme any thing in any of the pmysses to thuse of the seid King Richard and his heires, all such right title and laufull interest as they or any of theym have in the pmysses or in any parte of the same, this psent acte notwithstonding.

PROVIDED alwey that this acte be not hurtfull nor pjudiciall to any graunt or gantes made by the King oure Soveign Lorde of and for any of the pmysses, ne to any graunte or grauntes made by the King oure Soveign Lord by his tres patentes to any psone or psones of any Offices Fees Wages or Annuyties gaunted oute of the pmisses; but that the same tres patentes and all thingis in they m and evy of they m conteyned, be to they m goode and effectuell after the tenour proporte and effecte of the same tres patentes as if this acte had nev ben hadde ne made.

CHAPTER XXIX.

PRege: An Acte of Resumpcon.

Evils, from improvident Grants of the Crown Lands;

Resumption by the Crown of certain Lands, &c. granted by K. Edw. III. and Ric. II. to Edmund of Langley Duke of York.

FOR ASMOCHE as by many and sundry giftes afore this tyme by dyvs of the Kingis pgenitours late Kinges of England, to dyvs psones of Castellis Manoris Landis Tentis and other Hereditamentis whiche they held in the right and as parcell of the Corone of this land, the same right is therby greatly dymynsshed, wherby the Kyngis Highnes may not so well beare and support his honour astate and dignyte as other Princes Kingis of this lande have doon in tymes past, which is not onely to his damage and hurte, but also to the greate pill of all this lande for the defaulte of the same; For remedy wherof, and for the more suertie to be had and contynued aswell for mayentenance of his seid roiall astate as for the defence of all his liege people and subgettis inhabited within this his seid Realme, that it may pleas his Highnes by thadvyce and assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and Comens in this Psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordeyne enacte and establish that all the Castellis Honours Lordshippes Manours Londes Tentis Rentis svices and Hereditamentis hereafter following, which were graunted by Edward the iijde and Richarde the ijde late Kingis of Englond at sondry tymes to Edmond of Langeley late Duke of Yorke, pcell therof to have to him and to his heires malis of his body comyng, and pcell therof to hym time of his life, as by their sevall grauntes resting of Recorde more pleynly apperith, be resumed and taken into the handis and possession of oure seid Soveign Lorde; To have and to holde to him and to his heires as peell and in the right of his seid Corone, that is to sey, the Castell Manour and Toune of Staunforde with thappatenances, the Maner and Toun of Grantham with thappatenaunce membres hamlettis Knightis fees advousons of Churches Abbeis Priories Hospitals Chapelle Hundredees Wapentakes Fisshyng places forestes chaces parkes woodes warennes feyres markettis libties free customes eschetis and services aswell of free tenauntes as of bond, with all other thingis to the seid Castelles Manours and Tounes belonging in the Countie of Lincoln, the Castelles and Manoirs of Fodringey with the membres called Nasyngton Yearwell and Suthwike in the Countie of Norht, The Manoris of Fasterne Wotton Wyntborn Tokkenham Compton Basset Somerforde Keynes with the advouson of the Church of the same Manour, Chellworth Sevenhampton with the Hundredes of Heyworth and Kirkelade, with all the Membres of the same manours fees advousons of Chirches as of other Benefices what so ev they be, eschetis parkes milles with all libties and fraunchises with all other pfites and comodites to the same apperteyning in the Countie of Wiltes, The Manour of Berton Bristoll with thapp'tenance with the hundrede of Berton Bristoll with all app'tennauncez in the Countie of Essex, the Manour of Hichyn with thapp'tenauncez with the parkis wodes milles rentis and all other thinges to the seid Manoir apperteynyng, and the Manoir of Ansty with thapp tenancez in the Countie of Hertf, the Manour of Wendover with eschetis Knightis fees and other svices and advowson of Churches and Chapelles with all other pfites libties and comodities to the same Manoir belonging with viewe of fraunciplegge within the purcynct of the seid Manoir in the Countie of Buk, and the honour Toune feier and market of Reileigh with the pfites of the herbage of the Parke of Reileigh, The Manours of Tunderle Estwode the Castell and Lordship of Hadley with thapp tenances and a Moore or Wagesse in the Countie of Essex, The Castellis Manoris Townes and Lordshippes of Conyngesborough Sandhale Hattefeld Wakefeld Thorne Fisshelake Holmefrith Sourby with pkes warennes

This and the Chapters of this Session which follow are now for the First Time printed as Part of the Statutes of the Year:
 Former printed Collections of the Statutes of this Year ended with Chapter XXVII.

chaces markettis membris and all other their apprenencez in the Countie of Yorke, and vj tentes in Broughton and Charleton besides Tetbury in the Countie of Glouc, that is to sey, membres of the Manour of Fasterne in the Countie of Wiltes, And a cotage liji acres of lande xj acres of medowe in Homeldon magna, xlij acres of londe ij acres of medowe in Rihale with thapp'tenaunces in the Countie of Rutt, all offices of Stewardes Constables Baillifs Porters Forsters and Parkers and all other offices to the seid Castelles Townes Manoris Landes Teñtis Parkes and all other possessions aforseid apperteynyng, an annuyte of C fi. to be preyved of thissues of the Countie of Yorke by the handes of the Shiref of the same Countie for the tyme beyng; And of an Annuyte of CCCC fi. to be preyved yerely of the Custume and Subsidie of Wolles Lether and of Woll felles in the Porte of the Towne of Kingeston upon Hull by the handes of the Custumer for the tyme beyng.

AND of that be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that all the seid giftes and grauntis made unto the seid Edmond, by any of the The said Grants seid late Kinges, of the pmyesss or of any peell therof to the seid Edmond in fourme aforseid, stand and be from the fest of Seynt repealed. Michell tharchangell last past repelled adnulled voide and of noe force ne effecte in the lawe; any of the seid grauntes or giftes of the seid Kinges or any other acte or actis of Parliamentes therof made to the conterie afore this tyme in any wise notwithstonding.

AND over this be it enacted by the seid auctorite that all the seid Honours Castelles Tounes Manours Landis Tentis Rentis Revicions Prices Knightis fees Advousons Membres Hundredes Forestes Parkes Chaces Warennes Viewe of Fraunchiplegge Eschetis Libties Fraunchises offices annuytes and all other the pmysses and evy pcell therof, be in the King oure Soveign Lorde as pcell and in the right of his Corone, as they were afore any of the seid giftes or grauntes made of the same by vertue of this Acte, without suyng or fyndyng of any office or offices of any of the pmysses, as if their weer offices therof duely founden and retourned into any of the Kinges Courtes of Recorde after the due ordre of the Lawe; Excepte and alwey pvided that the Quene be in no wise hurted or Pjudiced by this acte of suche astates which to her afore this tyme were graunted of any of the Pmysses by oure seid Soveign Lorde by his fres patentes or to her lymytted graunted auctorised or confermed by an nother acte for her made in this psent Parliament; but that the same astates to her graunted by the seid tres patentes or to her lymytted graunted, auctorised or confermed by the seid acte and all thinges in the seid fres patentes and acte conteyned, be to her goode effectuell and advaillable after the tenour p'porte lymytacion graunte and confirmacion in the seid fres patentes and acte, this acte in any wise notw'standing; And that all fres patentes made by the King oure Soveign Lord to any psone or psones of the pmysses and of evy pcell therof, and of all offices fees and annuyties of in and upon or goyng oute of the same and of evy pcell therof, be to evy of the seid patentees as goode and effectuell in the lawe as if this acte had never been hadde ne made.

SAYYNG to evy psone and psones, other then the seid Edmond of Langeley and his heires males and all other psone and psones any thyng claymyng or havyng of in or oute any of the pmysses by the seid Edmond or his heires males, suche right title clayme and intesse as they or any of theym have or had or shuld or myght have hadde in any of the mysses if this psent acte had new ben hadde ne made: Savyng also to evy psone and psones havyng any thyng of or in the pmysses by exchaunge or by occasion of exchaunge made by the seid Edmond or by any of his heires as exchaunge or recompence, whiche exchaunge or recompence is nowe gode and effectuell, suche right title clayme and interesse as they had have or myght have hadde by reason of the same exchaunge or recompence if this psent acte had nev ben hadde ne made.

PROVIDED alway that this acte ne any other acte or actis made or to be made in this psent Parliament extend not in any wise to any landes tentes rentes revicions svices possessions or hereditamentes in Suthwike in the Counte of North other then were yeven or graunted to the seid Edmond Langley, ne to any londes tentes revicions svices possessions or hereditamentes in Suthwik aforseid yeven or gaunted by the seid Edmond or any of his heirs to any psone or psones by wey of exchaunge; and that this acte ne any other acte or actes made or to be made in this Psent Parliament be not in any wise Pjudiciall or hurtfull to William Lynne ne to any other psone to or for any londes tentis rentes revercions svices possessions or hereditamentes in Suthwik aforeseid other then were yeven or graunted to the seid Edmond; ne to or for any londes tentis rentes revicions svices possessions or hereditamentis in Suthwike aforseid yeven or graunted to the seid Edmond which the seid Edmond or any of his heires hath sithen that yeven or graunted to any other psone or psones by wey of Exchaunge.

CHAPTER XXX.

P Rege: Horne.

WHERE AS for many greate and haynous treasons comytted and done by Gervys Horne late of Appuldere in the Countie of Kent Squyer, for the which he by equytie and due ordre of justice aught to have been convycted and atteynted of High Treason, and he and his heires for ever disabled and disherited of all their Manours landis rentis revicions and svices with their app'tenaunces, and that to be forfeite to oure Soveign Lord the King, the which notwithstanding at the greate instaunce of the moost revend fadre in God John Cardynall Archebisshop of Cauntbury and Chaunceller of Englond, and of Sir Richard Guldeford Knyght Countroller of the King oure Soveign Lordis most honerable household, and at the most humble request of the friendis and kynnesmen of the seid Gervys by diligent contynuaunce therof made to oure seid Soveign Lorde, he of his tendre pitie and most haboundaunt gace is contented and willeth that the seid atteyndre and dishabling of the seid Gervys and his blod, be remytted and unpunysshed for the pmysses: Wherfor Wiffam Horne son and heire to the seid Gerrys and all the kynnesmen and frendes of the seid Gerveis humbly prayen that by thassent and aggrement of the Lordis spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, it be establisshed ordeyned and enacted that oure seid Soveign Lorde the King have and enyoje all the Mano's londes tentis rentis revicions and svices and other hereditamentis whatsoed they bee that weere the seid Gerveis the day of his decease from the fest of the Nativite of oure Lord next comyng after the begynnyng of this psent Parliament, unto the tyme that the seid William Horne son and heire of the seid Gerveis which William is nowe at the seid fest of the Natyvyte of oure Lorde of thage of xiij yeres shall accomplisshe and come or nygh accomplissh and come to thage of xxiiij yeres, and the dy and mariage of the same Willm Horne, as thogh he were laufull warde to oure seid Soveign Lorde by thordre of and so from heire to heire duryng the seid tyme; And if the same William Horne deceasse before he accomplissh and come to thage

III. Such Lands, &c. resumed shall vest in the Crown with out Office found.

Exemption for the Queen; and Estates confirmed to her by Chapter XXXII. of this Session;

and for Grants by K. Henry VII.

General Saving

Saving Exchanges.

Proviso as to ands in Suthwick. Northamptonshire.

Certain Treasons

Remittal of such

The Lands, &c. of said G. Horne, and Wardship of his King for a certain Period of Years.

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of xxiiij yeres, yet oure seid Soveign Lord shall have and envoie all the seid Manours londis tentis and other pmysses unto the tyme the seid William Horne shuld have accomplisshed his full age of xxiiij yeres if he had naturally lyved unto the same age; and in like wise that evy psone or psones to whome it shall pleas oure seid Soveign Lord the King to comytte and graunte the pmysses shall have possede and envoie the same duryng all the same tyme without empechement of Waste excepte in housyng and in the grovys called Butneys Grove Churche Grove and Chapell Grove.

II. Saving of Dower, &c. to Joyes, Wife of the said Gervys. Provided alweys that this acte ner any other acte made or to be made in this psent Parliament extend not ner be in any wise pjudiciall or hurtfull to Joyes late Wif to the seid Gerveis, or to any psone or psones being seaseid or feoffee or feoffees to her use, of or in any manours londes tentis revicions and svices which the same Joies hath or ought to have for or in the name of joynture or dowre for the of her lyf, or that any other psone or psones hath or have or ought to have or be seased of or to her use by reason of joyntour or dower after the decease of the seid Gerveis or otherwise.

III. General Saving.

SAVYNG to evy other psone or psones other than the heires of the seid Gervys such right title entre and intesse and possession to and in the pmysses and evy pcell therof as they or any of theym have or had or myght have hadde at eny tyme before the first day of this psent Parliament, &c.

IV.
Saving of Rents
and Services of
Manors;
and Distress
for the same.

SAVYNG also to evy psone of whome the seid manours londes and other pmysses or any parcell therof be holden, and to evy other psone havyng any rent oute of the same, all such rentes and vices out of the seid manours londes and other pmysses or of any pcell therof due and accustomed to them or in any wise belonging to theym or to any of theym: And it is enacted by the seid auctorite that all and evy of the seid psones of whom the pmysses or any pcell therof be holden and evy other psone havyng any rent out of the pmisses or any pcell therof shall and may laufully distreyn in the same manoris londes and tentis and otheir the pmysses for the seid rentis and shall make therfor avowre upon the seid Willia Horne or his next beires for suche as be or shalbe tenauntes of the seid manoris londis and tentis and other pmysses or of any pcell of theym, and in all other thinges shall do for suyte of the same rentis as they shuld have done if that this acte had not be made ner had.

V. The Heir, &c. may enter at his Age of 24 Years, without suing Livery, &c.

AND it is enacted by the seid auctoritie that the seid William Horne, ymediatly after that he comyth to the age of xxiiiji yeres, or the heires of the seid William (1) happen to decease or he come to the same age, shall at suche tyme as the seid William Horne comyth to the seid age of xxiiiji yeres, or shuld have accomplished his seid age of xxiiiji yeres if he so longe hadde naturally lyved, entre in the seid manoris londes and tentis and other pmysses whiche oure seid Soveign Lord shall have by reason of this psent acte and evy pcell of theym, aswell upon the possession of oure seid Soveign Lord as of any psone or psones, to have and enyoie to hym and his heires with thissues and pfites therof, without any pvyng of his age or lyverey sueng oute of the handes of oure seid Soveign Lorde after the course of his Chauncery or otherwise, the pmysses notwithstanding.

CHAPTER XXXI.

P Rege. An Acte that all graunt? made of y [Manno] of Woodstock be voide.

Improvident Grants of the Crown out of the Manor of Woodstock;

All such Grants

WHERE afore this tyme, upon feyned surmyse and the trouth of the mater therof not pfitely examyned, hath ben made tres patentes and grauntes by the Kingis Highnes of dyvs pfites beyng pcell or charge of and to the Lordship Manoir and Hundred of Wodstok, to the great anyntissement of the value of thissues and pfites of the seid Lordship Manoir and Hundred which the King hath assigned to thexpences of his moost honorable household, which assignent may not nowe be borne, the seid grauntes and fres patentes being in their force; wherfor be it enacted by the King oure Soveign Lorde by thadvice of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that all grauntes and fres patentes of rentis revenues annuytes issues and pfites of in and out of the seid Lordship Manoir and Hundred of Wodstok and the Office of Countroller of the same made by the Kyngis Highnes to any psone or psones afore this tyme, be from the fest of Seynt Michell tharchaungell last past repelled adnulled voide and of noe force strength ne effecte in the lawe.

II. Proviso for A. Fettiplace, Esq. Keeper of Cornbury Park. Provided alwey that this Acte of Resumpcion nor noone other acte or actis in this psent parliament made or to be made extend not, ner in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull to Anthony Fetyplace Squier, in for or to any graunte or grauntis yeft or yiftis had or made by the Kinges tres patentes to the same Anthony of thoffice of Keper of the Parke of Cornbury within the Countie of Oxenford, but that the same graunte or grauntes yifte or yiftes by the seid tres patentes and evy thyng in the same conteyned and expssed stande remayne and be of full strength effectuell and as available to the seid Anthony according to the purporte effecte and tenour of the same or of any of them as they and evy of theym shuld have been if the seid acte had not be made: the seid acte or any other conteyned in the same or any other acte or actis in this psent Parliament made or to be made notwithstondyng.

1 The Words " if the seid William" appear to be omitted.

Read Manor.

CHAPTER XXXII.

P Regina: An Acte for the Quenes Joynture.

OR ASMOCHE as the King oure Soveign Lord by his fres patentes whose date is at Westin the xxj day of February the vijth yere of the raigne of oure seid Soveign Lord for cteyn consideracions in the same fres conteyned amonge other graunted to oure Soveign Lady be Quene for her Dower the Manoir of Pymperne Gussech Bownd Tarrent Goundevyle with thappytenancez in the Countie of Dors, and the Hundrede of Pymperne with thapp tenaunces in the same Countie of Dors, the Forest of Exmore Rach and Myndipp with all and singuler their app tenaunces in the Countie of Devonshire and Son's the Burgh of Warham the Lordshippes or Manoris of Knolle Stuple and Criche the Lordship or Manoir of Wike the Lordship or Manoir of Waymouth the Lordship or Manoir of Portland the Lordship or Manoir of Helwell the Hundred of Roughborow Bussheme and Hasellore, the Lordship or Manour of Marshewode the Lordship or Manoir of Odcombe, the Lordship or Manoir of Milverton, the Burgh of Milverton, the Castle of Brigewater with the Lordship or Manoir of Heygrove, and the Burgh of Brigewater with all and singler their apprenaunces in the Countie of Sonis, the Lordship or Manour of Sevynhampton with thapprenauncez, the Lordship or Manu of Hiworth the Lordship or Manour of Crikelade, the Lordshippis or Manoris of Chelworth and Olde Wotton the Lordship or Manoir of Tokenham, the Lordship or Manoir of Wynterburne, the Lordship or Manoir of Compton, the Lordship or Manour of Somerford Caynes, the Burgh of Wotton, the Parke and the Pasture of Fasterne with all and evy their app'tenaunces in the Countie of Wiltes, the Lordship or Manoir of Newbery the Lordship or Manoir of Wokefeld, the Lordship or Manoir of Stratfeld Mortymer with all and synguler thapp tenauncez in the Countie of Berk the fee farme of the Toun of Andever the Lordshippes or Manoris of Hoke Mortymer and Worthymortymer with thapp'tenaunces in the County of Sutht, the Lordship or Manoir of Lychelade, the Lordship or Manour of Berdesley the Lordship or Manoir of Brymmesfeld, the Lordship or Manoir or Mussarder, the Office of the Bailliship of Bislegh, the Lordship or Manoir of Chorleton and Doughton the Lordship or Manoir of Wynston, the Lordship or Manoir of Bislech with all and singuler thapp tenaunces in the Countie of Glouc, the Lordship or Manoir of Mawardyne, the Lordship or Manoir of Marcle with all & singuler app'tenaunces in the Countie of Hereford, the Manoir or Lordship of Brymmesgrove, the Lordship or Manoir of Norton, the Lordship or Manoir of Odynglay, the Lordship or Manoir of Cliston and the fee ferme of the Toun of Wiche with all and synguler thapp'tenaunces in the Countie of Worcestr, the Lordship or Manoir and Honnour of Barkhamsted and Langley with all and singuler their app'tenaunces in the Countie of Hertf and the Manoir of Kyngeslane, to have to her for the of her lyf ymmediatly after the decesse of Cecill then Duchesse of Yorke without accompte or any other thing therof to be yelden or done as in the same fres patentes more pleynly is conteyned; And where also as oure seid Soveign Lorde by his seid fres patentes graunted unto the seid Quene the Lordshippes or Manoris of Nassyngton and Yerwell, the Lordship or Manoir of Upton with all and singuler app'tenaunces in the Countie of Norhi, the Lordship or Manoir of Depyng, the Lordship or Manoir of Staunford, the Lordship or Manoir of Grauntham, the Lordship or Manoir of Kelby with and synguler their app'tenauncis in the Countie of Lincoln, the Burgh of Clare with all and synguler app'tenaunces in the Countie of Suff Essex Norff Hertf and Cantebr and Midd, the Lordship or Manoir of Erbury, the Lordship or Manoir of Hondon with all and singuler app'tenaunces in the Countie of Suff, the Lordship or Manoir of Clarethall, the Lordship or Manoir of Bardefeld, the Burgh of Bardefeld, the Lordship or Manour of Thaxsted, the Burgh of Thaxsted the Office of Feodarie in the Countie of Essex with all and singuler thappurtenaunces in the Countie of Essex, the Lordship or Manoir of Sudbery the Office of feodarie with all and synguler apprenaunces in the Countie of Suff, the Lordship or Manour of Leyham, the Lordship or Manoir of Woodehall withe all and singler apprenauncez in the Countie of Essex thosfice of feodarie in the Countie of Norff thosfice of Baillief of Cant and Hunt, the Lordship of Lachillay with all and singuler their app'tenaunces in the County of Essex, the Lordship or Manoir of Walsyngham Gret, the Lordship or Manoir of Walsyngham Litell, the Lordship or Manoir of Bircham with all and syngler appstenaunces in the Countie of Norff, the Lordship or Manoir of Ansty, the Lordship or Manoir of Staundon with all and singuler appurtenaunces in the Counties of Hertf and Hunt, the Lordship or Manoir of Depford Strond, the Lordship or Manour of Suthfrith with all and singuler appurtenaunces in the Countie of Kent the feeferme of Chechestre, the Lordship or Manour of Drayton, the Lordship or Manour of Shir with all and singuler appurtenaunces in the Countie of Sussex, the Lordship or Manour of Erith, the Lordship or Manour of Shilyngolde, the Lordship or Manoir of Tonge with all and singuler apprtenences in the Countie of Kent, the Lordship or Manoir of Purbright with all and synguler appurtenaunces in the Countie of Sussex, the Lordship or Manoir of Kingesdon, the Lordship or Manoir of Swannescombe the recepte of the pense of Warde of the Castell of Rochestre with all and singuler their apprenaunces in the Countie of Kent, the Lordship or Manoir of Whaddon the Lordship or Manoir of Claydon with all thapp'tenaunces in the Countie of Buk the Lordship and Manoir of Fynmere with thappurtenaunces in the Countie of Oxon the Lordship or Manoir of Bierton the Burgh of Wendover and the Lordship or Manoir of Wendover for ev with all and evy their appurtenaunces in the Countie of Bult and the Lordship or Maner of Hychen with all and singuler appurtenauncis in the Countie of Hertf, To have and to holde all and evy the same Lordships Manoris Burghs offices fees offices of Bailliwikes fefermes and receptes of Penses to the same Elizabeth Quene of Englond for time of her life after the deth of oure seid Soveign Lorde and after the deth of the seid Cecill Duchesse of Yorke without any accompte or any other thing to the seid Kyng yeldyng or paieng; The same our Soveign Lord having cteyn knowlech that the seid late Duchesse dyed in the moneth of June nowe last past: Be it therfor by thadvyse and assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and Comons in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same parliament enacted ordyned and establisshed, that the same Quene have to her Ime of her lyf, all and evy the seid Mano's and Lordshipis of Pymperne Gussech Bown Tarrent Goundevyle with the appurtenaunces in the Countie of Dors and the Hundrede of Pymperne with thappurtenaunces in the same Countie of Dors, the Forest of Exmore Rach and Myndip with all and syngler their app'tenaunces in the Countie of Devonshire and Som's the Burgh of Warham the Lordshippis or Manoris of Knolle Stuple and Criche the Lordship or Manoir of Wyke the Lordship or Manoir of Weymouth the Lordship or Manoir of Portland the Lordship or Manoir of Holwell the Hundrede of Roughborow Bussheme and Hasellore the Lordship or Manoir of Marshewode the Lordship or Manoir of Odcombe the Lordship or Manoir of Mylverton the Burgh of Mylverton the Castell of Brugewater with the Lordship or Manoir of Heygrove and the Burgh of Brugewater with all and singuler their app'tenaunces in the Countie of Som's the Lordship or Manoir of Sevynhampton with thapp tenaunces the Lordship or Manoir of Hyworth be Lordship or Manoir of Crikelade the Lordshippis or Manoris of Chelworth and Olde Wotton the Lordship or Manour of Tokenham the Lordship or Manoir of Wynterburne the Lordship or Manoir of Compton the Lordship or Manoir of Somerford Caynes the Burgh of Wotton the Parke and the Pasture of Fasterne with all and evy their appurtenauncez in the Countie of Wiltes the Lordship or Manoir of Newbery the Lordship or Manoir of Wokefeld the Lordship or Manoir of Stratfeld Mortymer with all and singuler thappurtenaunces in the Countie of Berk, the feeferme of the Towne of Andever the Lordshippis or Manoris of Hoke Mortymer and Worthymortymer with thapp'tenances

Recital of Letters Patent, dated 21 Feb. 7 Hen.VII. granting to the Queen, for her Dower, certain Manore, &c. after the Decease of Cecil Duchess of Vork.

and certain other Manors, &c. after the Death of the King, and the Decease of the said Duchess;

From what Time the Receivers, &c., shall account to the Queen.

Decease of the

The Queen shall have the first mentioned Manors, &c. for her Life; in the Countie of Sutht the Lordship or Manoir of Lichlade the Lordship or Manour of Bardesley the Lordship or Manoir of Brymmesfeld, the Lordship or Manoir of Mussarder the Office of the Baillyship of Bislegh the Lordship or Manoir of Charleton and Doughton the Lordship or Manoir of Bislegh with all and singuler thappurtenaunces in the Countie of Glouc the Lordship or Manoir of Mawardyne, the Lordship or Manoir of Marcle with all and singuler thappurtenaunces in the Countie of Hereford the Manoir or Lordship of Brymmesgrove the Lordship or Manoir of Norton the Lordship or Manoir of Odynglay the Lordship or Manoir of Cliston and the feeferme of the Toune of Wiche with all and singuler thapp'tenances in the Countie of Worcestr the Lordship or Man of Berkhampsted and Langley with all and singuler their appurtenaunces in the Countie of Hertford and the Manoir of Kyngeslane, with all other and singuler the pmysses by what soev name or names they be called or knowen or by what so ever name any of theym is called or knowen in the Kinges Eschequer and elswhere, And from hensfourth have all the giftis and grauntes of offices of or within or touchyng the same Manoris londes or tentis and evy pcell of theym; and into the same Lordshippis Manoris Burghes londes tentis and othir Imysses and evy peell therof may entre and full seasyn and possession therof after the fourme and effecte of the seid fres patentes take by vertue of the seid fres patentes without suyng of any Writte or Writtes or office or offices to be founde or lyve or ouster le mayn to be sued or had in that behalfe; And that the same Quene by reason of such entree and possession by her so had and taken by the same oure Soveign Lorde or any his mynystres be not impeched vexed or in any wise greved; but that the seid entre be to the same Quene of as good efficacie and effecte in the lawe as shuld a goode lyvy oustre le mayn or any other suyte of the pmysses oute of the handes of the same oure Soveign Lord after the lawe & custome of the Realme of Englond, all and evy other thing concurrant that in that ptie were requisite hadde and requyred and by the same Quene pursued and [as of evy thing that 1] the same oure Soveign Lorde in that ptie pteynyng were fully satisfied and contented.

and may enter upon and hold the same without Office found, or suing Livery, Ouster le Main, &c.

II.
The Queen shall have all Knight's Fees, Advowsons, and other Profits appertaining to such Manors, &c.

And the Honour of Berkhampstead,&c.

III. From what Time the Receivers, &c. shall account to the Queen.

IV.
The other Manors, &c. assured to the Queen.

And for that in the seid tres patentes noe mencion is made of any Knyghtis fees advowsons of any Churches Priories Chaunteryes Prebendes Hospitalles nor of other Benefices of the Churche nor of any libties fraunchises feyres markettis parkis viewes of frauncheplege courtes letis, nor of othir pfutes to the seid Lordshippes Manoris Burghes Forestis and other the pmysses or any pcell therof pfeynyng and belonging, the full entent of oure seid Soveign Lord was and yet is that the same Quene by his tres patentes shuld have had all and evy thadvousons Knyghtis fees libties feyres markettis viewe of fraunceplegis Courtis letis and all other pfites to the pmysses or any pcell of theym or any of theym pteynyng or belonging; Be it therfor enacted ordeyned and stablished by thadvyce and assent aforseid and by thauctorite of this psent parliament that the same Quene shall have for the of her life all and evy Knyghtis fees advowsons of Churches Priories Chaunteryes Prebendes Hospitallis and other benefices of the Church what so ever they be, and all and evy man libties fraunchises feires markettis viewe of fraunchipleg Courtes Letis and all other pfites and comoditees what so ev they be to the seid Lordshippis Manoris Burghes and other the pmysses or to any pcell therof pteynyng or belonging or pcell, or the which to the same or any pcell tyme of the makyng of the seid tres patentes were pteynyng or belonging; And also the Honour of Berkhampsted with thapp ten nces and thoffice of the Bailliwike of the hundred of Bisley in the Countie of Glouc like man and fourme as thogh they had ben in the seid tres patentes specified, without accompte or other thing for the same to oure Soveign Lorde to be yelden or done.

And of that by the same auctorite be it enacted ordyned and stablished that the same Quene have poeyve and envoie all maner of rentes issues and pfites of all and evy of the pmysses fro the fest of thannunciacion of oure Lady last passed growen and comen, aswell by the handis of sevall Eschetours in sevall Counties in which the seid pmysses or any poell therefore, as by the handis of Receyvours Baillies fermours or other occupiers of the same, and evy poell therefore, without accompte or any other thing thereof to the King oure Soveign Lorde made or doone and that evy of theym of suche man rentis issues and pfites to the seid Quene paied and to be paied ayenste the same oure Soveign Lord be acquite and discharged.

Also be it ordeyned and enacted that the same Quene have and enyoie all the seid Lordshipps and Manoris of Nassyngton and Yerwell the Lordship or Manoir of Upton with all and singuler app tenaunces in the Countie of Norht the Lordship or Manoir of Depyng the Lordship or Manoir of Staunford the Lordship or Manoir of Grauntham the Lordship or Manoir of Kelby with all and singuler thapp tenances in the Countie of Lincoln, the Burgh of Clere with all and singuler thapp tenances in the Counties of Suff Essex Norff Hertf and Cantebr the Lordship or Manoir of Erbury the Lordship or Manoir of Houden with all and singuler thapp tenaunces in the Countie of Suff the Lordship or Manoir of Clarethall the Lordship or Manoir of Berdefeld the Burgh of Berdefeld the Lordship or Manoir of Thaxstede the Burgh of Thaxsted the office of feodary in the Countie of Essex with all and singuler thappurtenaunces in the Countie of Essex, the Lordship or Manoir of Sudbury, the office of feodarie with all and singuler thapp tenaunces in the Countie of Suff the Lordship or Maner of Leyham the Lordship or Maner of Woodehall with all and singuler thapp tenaunces in the Countie of Essex the Office of feedary in the Countie of Norff the Office of Baillif of Cantebr and Hunt the Lordship of Lachillay with all and singuler thapp tenaunces in the Countie of Essex the Lordship or Manoir of Walsyngham Greate the Lordship or Manoir of Walsyngham Lytill the Lordship or Manoir of Bircham with all and singuler appurtenaunces in the Countie of Norff the Lordship or Manoir of Ansty the Lordship or Manoir of Staundon with all and singuler appurtenaunces in the Counties of Hertford and Hunt the Lordship or Manoir of Depford Strond the Lordship or Manoir of Southfrith wt all and singuler appurtenaunces in the Countie of Kent the feeferme of Chechestre the Lordship or Manoir of Drayton the Lordship or Man of Shire with all and singuler appurtenaunces in the Countie of Sussex the Lordship or Manoir of Erith the Lordship or Manoir of Shilyngold the Lordship or Manoir of Tonge with all and singuler appurtenaunces in the Countie of Kent the Lordship or Manoir of Purbright with all and singuler apppurtenaunces in the Countie of Sussex the Lordship or Manoir of Kyngesdon the Lordship or Manoir of Swannescombe the recepte of the pense of Warde of the Castell of Rochestr with all and singuler ther appurtenaunces in the Countie of Kent the Lordship or Manoir of Whaddon the Lordship or Manoir of Claydon with all and singuler thappurtenaunces in the Countie of Buk the Lordship or Manoir of Fynmer with thapp'tenaunces in the Countie of Oxon the Lordship or Manoir of Bierton the Burgh of Wendover and the Lordship or Manoir of Wendover Foreyn with all and evy their apprenauncez in the Countie of Buk, and the Lordship or Manour of Hichen with all and singular app'tenaunces in the Countie of Hertford; To have and to holde all and evy of the same Lordshippis Manoris Burghes Offices fees offic of bailliwike fee fermes and receptes of pense, with all and singuler the pmysses by what so ev name or names they be called or knowen or by what so ev name any of theym is called or knowen in the Kingis Eschequer or elswhere, to the same Elizabeth Quene of England for time of her life ymmediatly after the deth of oure seid Soveign

opeds drive many remains W less remains! Read s as if every thing to deleval advantable to sewall add to sewall advantable of

Lorde with all Knyghtis fees advousons of Cherches Priories Chaunties phendis Hospitallis and other benefices of the Church what so ever the be, and all and every fraunchises feires markettis viewez of fraunchiplege Courtes letis and other pfites and comodities what so every they be, to the same Lordshippis, Manoris Burghes and other pmysses and every pcell therof pteynyng or belonging; And also the which to the same or any pcell therof, tyme of the making of the seid fres patentes were pteynyng or belonging; And also the Honour of Clare the Honour of Stambourne with thapp'tenaunces in the Counties of Suff Essex Norff Hertf Cantebrand Midd, in lyke man and fourme as thogh they had been in the seid fres patentes specified, to have to her time of her lyf ymmediatly after the decesse of ours seid Soveign Lord: And that the same Quene into the same Honours Lordshippis Manoris Burghes Londes Tentis Libties and fraunchises and other pmyssis and every pcell therof, may entre and full seasyn and possession therof after the fourme and effecte of this psent Acte take, by vtue of the same fres patentes without sueng of any Writte or Writtes or office or offices to be founde, lyve ouster le mayne to be sued or hadde in that behalfe without any accompte or any other thing to the seid King or his heires yelding paieng or doing for the same.

Provided always that this Acte extend not ner be pjudiciall to any man psone or psones claymyng by the Kingis or Quenys tres patentes any parte of the pmysses, ne in to and for any grauntes of fees and annuytees goyng out of the same, ne of offices in and of the pmysses, but that the same grauntes of fees annuytees and offices be good effectuell and available to all and evy of the seid Patentees, after the tenour purporte fourme and effecte conteyned in the same tres patentes as if this Acte had nev be made nor hadde.

SAVYNG to evy psone and psones and bodies corporate other then oure seid Soveign Lord the Kyng and his heires and the heires of Richard some tyme Duke of Yorke and their heires, all such right title clayme intesse accionz and entreez as they have or myght have hadde in any of the pmysses or any parte therof, as if this Acte had nev be hadde ne made; And also savyng unto Gyles Dawbeney Knyght Lord Dawbeney and to his heires and to the seid Gyles and to his heires masles of his body, all such right title accion possession entree and interesses as he or they or any of theym have or may have in the Manoir of Heygrove, and in the Burgh of Briggewater or in any other of the pmysses by reason of any Acte made in this psent Parliament or otherwise, this Acte notwithstanding.

PROVIDED alwey that this psent acte or any thing therin conteyned be not to John Huddilston Knyght or to Giles Brigges Squyer or to either of thaym, in or for any graunte or grauntis of office or offices, in no wise pjudiciall, but that the seid graunte or grauntes be to theym and evy of theym beneficiall goode of suche effecte and strength, as if this psent acte had nev be hadde nor made. Provided alwey that this psent Acte of Parliament for oure Soveign Lady the Quene nor none other acte made or herafter in this psent Parliament to be made, be not in any wise pjudiciall nor hurtfull to David Philip, Esquyer for the body of oure Soveign Lord the Kyng, in any offyce to hym gevyn and graunted in any of the pmysses or to any fees or annuytees to the seid Davyd graunted oute of the pmysses or any pcell of the same.

With all Knights Fees, Advowsons, and other Profits.

And also the Honour of Clare,

immediately on the King's Death, without suing of Livery, &c.

V. Proviso for Grantees of the King or Queen.

VI. General Saving.

Saving for Gyles Lord Dawbeney.

VII.

Provisoes for
Sir J. Huddilston,
Giles Briggs, Esq.

David Philip, Esq.

CHAPTER XXXIII.

P Principe Wall: An Acte for the making voide of dyvers leases & office win the Principality of Wales, &c.

To the discrete Coiens in this Psent Parliament assembled:

WHERE in dyvs Castelle Manoris Lordshippis Landes and Tentis with their appurtenaunces, as well in the Principalite of Southwales Northwales and in the Countie Palatyne of Chestre and Flynt, as in dyvs other Castelles Manoris Lordshippis Landes and Tentis in the Marches of Wales and in the Counties of Hereford and Salop, peelles of therldome of Marche, and nowe being in the Princes handis by the Kyngis graunte duryng his pleasure, dyvs leesses of Manoirs londes and tentis peell of the Pmysses hath be made for the of lyfe lyffes or the of yeres undirneth the seales in those parties of old tyme used and accustumed, and upon the same leesses muche leesse rent reserved unto the King and Prynce, then the seid Lordshippes Manoris londis and tentis myght resonably be sette for, to their great hurte and damage; Be it therfor ordyned established & enacted by auctorite of this Parliament, that all such leasses from the fest of Seynt Michell tharchaungell next comyng be utterly voide and of none effecte.

And also be it enacted by the same auctorite, that all leases herafter to be made to eny psone or psones for the of life liffes or time of yeres, by the Prince in or of any of the Lordshippes Manoris londes and tentes peelles of the seid Erledome of Marche, while they be in his handis as is aboveseid, be goode and effectuell to any suche psone or psones to whom they shalbe so made.

And on that be it ordeyned and enacted by auctorite aforscid that all grauntes of offices graunted or made of or within any Castell Manoir londes tente and their appurtenaunces parcelles of the Principalite of Wales, Duchie of Cornewall, therledome of Chesti and Flynt, or peell of therledome of Marche, within the Marchies or in the Counties of Hereford and Salop, nowe beyng in the Princis Handis, wherin due excess is not necessarie nor nedefull, And all grauntes of offices within any of the physses which weare none offices the first yere of Kyng Edward the iiijth. And also all grauntes of offices beyng of old tyme accomptauntes within the seid Principalite and Countie Palatyne of Chesti and Flynt, be utterly voide and of noone effecte: Provided alwey that if any psone or psones which nowe have to ferme any of the seid Lordshipps Manoris londis or tentis, woll geve so muche for they as any other psone or psones woll geve for theym, he or they shall have prerement in the takyng of the same ferme, which he or they nowe have and holde befor any other, fynding sufficient suertie for the same.

Provided alwey that this Acte of resumpcion pvision or ordynaunce made in this psent Parliament, nor noon other acte ner actis made, or herafter to be made in the same, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto Thomas Salesbury of the Lordship of Denbiegh Squier, of or to the fermes of Kilford and Rigol graunted to hym by our tres patentes with the twoo Cornemylles which he hath by pclamacion and the Courtrolles within the Lordship of Denbiegh, and also of thoffice of Shirif of the Countye of Flynt, to the seid Thomas graunted by my Lord Princes tres patentes during his graceux pleasure, but that all and evy of the seid tres patentes and leasse of the seid Cornemylles and all thingis in theym conteyned, stand and be effectuell to the seid Thomas, the seid Acte or Actis pvision ordynaunce or resumpcion notwistonding.

Leases heretofore made of Lands now in the Hands of the Prince of Wales, declared void.

II.
Future Leases
by the Prince, of
Lands Part of the
Earldom of March,
declared valid.

III. Grants of Offices, &c. by the Prince declared void;

with Preference of Renewal to the present Grantees, &c.

IV. Proviso for Thomas Salesbury, for certain Farms in Denbigh.

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Original from PENN STATE



V. Proviso for W.G. Ap Robyn, Sheriff of Caernarvon. PROVIDED alwey that this Acte of Resumpcion ne any other Acte made or to be made in this psent pliament, extend not nor in any wise be pjudicall or hurtfull in to or for any graunt or grauntes made by the Kinge our Soveign Lord, by his tres patentes undre any of his seales, to William Griffith ap Robyn, of the office of Shiref of the Countie of Carnarvan in North Wales, but that the seid fres patentes and evy thinge therin conteyned, be goode and effectuell to the seid William after the tenour and purporte of the same, the seid acte or any other acte notwithstonding.

VI. Proviso for Richard Young, Woodward of Caernaryon.

PROVIDED always that this Acte of Resumpcion or any other acte or actis made in this psent Parliament, extend not nor in any wise be hurtfull or pjudiciall to or for any graunte or free patentes made by the Kyng oure Soveign Lord, to Richard Yong of thoffice of Woodward within the Countie of Caernarvan, to have and occupie the seid Office to the seid Richard for time of his life, with all man pfites comoditees and avauntages to the seid office belonging; but that the same graunte & free patentes be and stand goode and effectuell to the seid Richard after the tenour and purport of the same, this psent acte or any other acte made in this psent Parliament in any wise notwithstanding.

VII. Proviso for William Trefry, Comptroller of the Cunage.

PROVIDED alwey that this Acte of Resumpcion nor noon other Acte made or to be made in this psent Parliament, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto oure evaunt William Trefry gentilman huissher of oure Chambre, to of or for oure graunte made unto hym by oure tres patentes undre oure greate seale, of thoffice of Countroller of the Cunage of oure Counties of Cornwall and Devon, but that the same oure graunte and evy thing prin conteyned be and stand unto oure seid evaunt good effectuell and available, pe seid acte or acte in any wise notwistonding.

VIII. Proviso for the Marques Dorset. PROVIDED alwey that the seid Acte of Resumpcion nor noone other Acte in this psent Parliament, made or to be made extend not ne in any wise be pjudiciall to Thomas Marques Dorset, for any office to hym by my Lord Prince yeven by his free patentes; but that he shall have holde and envoie the same in like man and fourme as he shuld or myght doo as though this psent Acte were never had ner made; this acte or any other acte made or to be made in this psent Parliament notwithstanding.

IX. Proviso for John Edwards, Bailiff of Bewdley. PROVYDED alwey that this Acte of Resumpcion nor any othir acte or actis made or to be made in this psent Parliament extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto oure grauntes and sevall tres patentes made unto John Edwardis of thofficis of Baillif of Bewdeley and of Keper of the Parke and of the Manoir or Loge there, but that oure seid grauntes and tres patentes and evy thing in they conteyned after and according to the tenour and effect of the same, be unto the seid John Edwardis good and effectuell, the seid acte or actis in any wise notwithstanding.

X.
Proviso for
John Monkeley,
Collector of
Customs in
Cornwall, &c.

PROVYDED always that this Acte of Resumpcion nor any other acte or actis made or to be made in this pent Parliament, extend nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto oure graunte and tres patentes made to John Monkeley, Yoman of oure Crown of and for thosfice called the Havenership and of Collectour of oure Custumes within oure Countie of Cornewale, and in oure Porte of Plymouth in oure Countie of Devon, but that oure seid graunte and tres patentes and evy thing in they conteyned, after and according to the tenour and effecte of the same, be unto the seid John Monkeley goode and effectuell, the seid Acte or Actis in any wise notwithstanding.

XI. Proviso for J. ap M. ap J. Lloyd, Serjeant of the Peace, &c. in Denbigh. PROVIDED alwey that this Acte of Resumpcion in this psent Parliament made, or any other actis herafter to be made, extend not ne in any wise be pjudiciall unto John ap Med ap Jenen Lloid, as touching the offices of Sergeauntship of the Pese and the Amobship within oure Lordship of Denbigh in Northwales in the Erldome of oure Marches, by us late to hym graunted be oure tres patentes, but that he have and envoie the seid offices and evyche of them according to oure seid grauntes, be what some ev name in oure seid tres patentes the seid John be named or called, the seid acte or actes in any wise notwithstanding.

XII. Proviso for John Fowler, Constable of Ludlow Castle. PROVIDED alwey that this acte nor none other acte or actis in this psent Parliament made or to be made, extend not ne in any wise be prejudyciall ne hurtfull to John Fouler, in for or to any graunte or grauntes yeft or yeftes had or made by the Kingis tres patentes undre any of his seales or tres of Placardys made to the same John, of thoffice of Constablisship of the Castell of Ludlowe within the Countie of Salop, but that the same graunte or grauntes yefte or yeftes by the seid tres patentes or tres of Placardis and evy thing in the same conteyned and expssed, stand remayne and be of full strength effectuell and as available to the seid John Fouler according to the purporte effecte and tenour of the same, or of any of theym, as they and evy of theym shuld have been if the seid acte had not be made, the seid acte or any other thing conteyned in the same, or any other acte or actis in this psent Parliament made or to be made notwithstanding.

XIII. Proviso for Annuity to Ran. Brereton. Provided alwey that this pent Acte of Resumpcion or adnullacion, nor noon other acte made or to be made in this pent Parliament, extend not nor in any wise be hurtfull or pjudiciall to any graunte or grauntes or free patentes made by the King oure Soveign Lord unto Ranulph Brereton Squier, of an Annuytie of x. fi. yerly to be had and provided of thissues and pfuytes of the Lordship of Denbigh, nor of the office of Receyvourship of the Lordship of Denbigh aforseid, with the fees and wagis therto belonging, but that the seid grauntes and free patentes stand and be gode and available to the seid Ranulph according to the tenour and provided in this pent of the same; this pent or any other acte, made in any wise notwithstanding.

XIV. Proviso for Lease to J. Hanley. Provided alwey that this Acte of Resumpcion nor any other Acte or Actis in this psent parliament made or to be made extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto John Hanley Squyer, oon of the Marshallis of oure Hall, to of or for any graunte or grauntes by the King oure Soveign Lord, by his tres patentes made to the seid John of the leese and ferme called Barnesland in the County of Salop pcell off therldome of the Marche, or of any thing conteyned in the seid tres patentes, but the same tres patentes be as goode and available to the seid John Hanley, and stand in strength and vertue as they shuld have doone, and been, if this Acte of Resumpcion or any other Acte in this psent Parliament made or to be made had not ben had or made.

XV. Proviso for Robert Henbury, Clerk of the Mills in Chester. PROVIDED alwey that this Acte of Resumpcion be not hurtfull nor in any wise pjudiciall unto Robt Henbury, of in or for thoffice of Clerke of Die Milles of Chestre, aswell of the Greyne Milles as the Malte Milles within the Countie of the same, but that oure tres patentes therof made and by us graunted, be gode and available unto the seid Robt according to theffecte of the same, this Acte of Resumpcion or any other Acte made or to be made in this psent parliament notwithstonding. Et in pvisione pfati Robti Henbury talit subscriptum est; The seid Robt ys contented to take but a grote a day.

PROVIDED alway that this Acte of Resumpcion be not hurtfull nor in any wise Pjudiciall unto Thomas Colbrond, of in or for thoffice of Portership of the Castell of Beeston within the Countie of Chestr, but that oure fres patentes therof made and by us granted, be good and available unto the seid Thomas, according to theffecte of the same, this seid acte of Resumpcion or any other acte made or to made in this psent parlyament notwithstanding.

PROVIDED alway that this Acte of Resumpcion nor any other Acte made or to be made in this psent parliament, extend not nor in any wise be hurtfull or pjudiciall in to of or for any graunte or lesse made by the Kyng oure Soveign Lord by his tres patentes of dimission undre any of his seales to Rauf Birkhened for the of yeres, of the frythes of the comottis of Nanconwey and Dynllane within the Countie of Caern in North Wales, with all other bonde Townes and Towne and fraunchise of Nevyn in the seid tres patentes conteyned; yelding therfor yerely as large rent as the seid Rauf or any other psone or psones occupieng the same or any pte of theym, at any tyme in the daies of King Edward the iiijth late King of this Realme, or any tyme sith therfore paied, but that the seid grauntes and tres patentes and evy thing therin conteyned, be goode and effectuell to the seid Rauf after the tenour and purporte of the seid fres patentes of Dimission, the seid Acte or any other Acte made in this Psent parliament notwithstandyng.

PROVIDED alway that this Acte of Resumpcion or any acte or actis made or to be made in this Psent parliament, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto John Lawton, in to of or for any graunte or grauntes or fres patentes made unto hym by the Kyng oure Soveign Lord, of thoffice of Comptrollership of all plees fynes amciamentis redempcions and of all other thinges before the Justice of Northwales or his Lieutenant ther, aswell in daies of Counties as Sessions ther to be holden, And also of all charges, of the Chambrelayn ther aswell of receptes rentis fermes reconysaunces fynes and all other pfuytes their, as lydyes costes and expenses their nedefull to be don; but that it be ordeyned and establisshed by the seid parliament that the seid graunte and fres patentes and evy thing comprised in the same, stand and be good and available unto the seid John Lawton, according to the tenour and purporte of the same, the seid acte or any other acte or actis made or to be made to the contery in any wise notwithstanding.

PROVIDED alway that this Acte of Resumpcion or any otheir acte or actes made or to be made in this Psent parliament, extend not nor in any wise be Pjudiciall or hurtfull unto oure graunte and fres patentes by us yeven to Thomas Heven, of and for the keping of the Parke of Pembrige with the outwoodes called the Northwode in oure Countie of Herf, but that oure seid graunt and fres patentes and evy thing in theym conteyned, after and according to the tenour of the same, be unto hym goode and effectuell, the seid acte or actis in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided alwey that this psent acte of Resumpcion or Adnullacion ne noo other acte made or to be made in this psent Parliament, extend not nor in any wise be hurtfull or pjudiciall to any graunt or grauntis or fres patentes made by the Kyng oure Soveign Lord, or els by the Prince his Son, unto Edward ap Edenevet and John Whithe, of the office Wodwardship of Myryonythshire nor also of the office of kepyng of the Parke of Maylewyg in Dynbyegh Londe in Norwalis, with the Herbage and Pownage of the same, and all the fees therto belonging, and that the seid grauntes and tres patentes stande and be goode and available to the seid Edward and John, according to the tenour and purpose of the same, this psent acte or any odir made in any wise notwithstandyng.

PROVIDED alway that this Acte of Resumpcion or any other Acte or Actis made in this Psent parliament, extend not nor in any wise be Pjudiciall or hurtfull unto Nicholas Manley, in to of or for any graunt or grauntis made unto hym of the Office of Parkership of the litell Parke of Denbiegh, by the King oure Soveign Lord, but that the seid graunte and grauntis and evy of theym be goode and available unto the seid Nycholas, any Acte or Actis made to the contrarie in any wise notwithstandyng.

PROVIDED alway that this Acte of Resumpcion or any other Acte made or to be made in this Psent pliament, extend not ner be of enny thing Pjudiciall nor hurtfull in enny wise, unto Thomas Erle of Derby and George Stanley Knyght Lord Straunge, ne to other of theym ne to their heires ne to the heires of other of theym.

PROVIDED alweys that this psent Acte of Resumpcion or Adnullacion, nor noone other Acte made or to be made in this psent parliament, extend not nor in any wise be hurtfull or Pjudiciall to Sir John Dawne Knyght or to his heires, of to or for any title right graunt or graunt? or tres patentes made to the seid Sir John or to any of his auncestres by the King oure Soveign Lord or any of his pgenytours Kingis of Englond, of thoffice of Maister Forster of the Forestis of Mare and Mondrem and thoffice of Bailliwike of the same Forestis, with such pfettis and custumes as hath been of old tyme to the seid offices and evych of theym belongyng, which oute of tyme of mynde hath been his enheritaunce in the Countie Palatine of Chestr, but that suche title right graunt or grauntis or tres patentes, stand and be goode and available to the seid Sir John and to his heires, according to the purporte and tenour of the same, this psent Acte or any other Acte made notwistanding.

PROVIDED always that this Acte or Actis of Resumpcion or any other Acte or Actes made or to be made in this psent parliament, extend not ner in any wise be hurtfull or pjudiciall unto oure graunte and tres patentes made unto Res ap Ltn ap Hulkyn Squyer, concaying the Office of Shiref of oure Countie of Anglesley, but that oure seid graunt and fres patentes and all thingis in theym conteyned after and according to the tenour and effecte of the same, be unto hym goode effectuell ferme stable and availlable, the seid Acte or Actis in any man wise notwistanding.

PROVIDED alway that this Acte of Resumpcion or any other Acte or Actis made or to be made in this Psent parliament, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto Sir Rice ap Thomas Knyght, of and for any of oure grauntes and tres patentes to hym made of the Chambeleynship of Suthwales and the Captainship of the Castell of Aberwstoyth.

PROVIDED alway that this Acte of Resumpcion nor any other Acte or Actes made or to be made in this psent parliament, extend not nor in any wise be pudiciall or hurtfull unto oure servaunt Henr Ley Yoman of oure Crone, of and for oure gounts and fres patentes made to hym of the kepyng of our Parkis of Hellysbury and Lanteglis in oure Countie of Cornewall, but that the same oure graunte and fres patentes and evy thing in theym conteyned, after and according to theffecte of the same, stand and bee unto the seid Henr Ley goode and effectuell, the acte or actis in any wise notwithstanding.

PROVIDED alway that this acte of Resumpcion nor any other Acte made or to be made in this psent parliament, extend not ner in any wise be fjudiciall or hurtfull unto Rauf Bryne to or for any graunte or grauntis by the King oure Soveign Lord by his fres patentes made to the same Rauff, of thoffice of Porter of the Castell of Rutland in Flyntshire within Northwales, or of any other thyng Rutland Castle.

XVI. Proviso for T. Colbrond, Porter of Beeston Castle.

XVII. Proviso for R. Birkhened Lessee of the Friths of Nanconway and Dynllane.

XVIII. John Lawton, Comptroller North Wales.

XIX. Proviso for Thomas Heven, Keeper of Pembridge Park.

XX. Proviso for the Woodwards of Merioneth, and Park Keepers of Malewyg.

XXI. Nic. Manley, Parker of Denbigh Little Park.

XXII. Proviso for Earl of Derby and Lord Strange.

XXIII. Proviso for Sir John Dawn, hereditary Master Forester of the Forests of Mare and Mondrem, in Cheshire.

XXIV. Proviso for R. ap L. ap Hulkyn, Sheriff of Anglesey.

XXV. Proviso for Sir Rice ap Thomas, Chamberlain of South Wales, &c.

XXVI. Proviso for Henry Ley, Keeper of the Parks of Hellysbury and Lanteglis.

XXVII. Proviso for Ralph Bryne, in the seid fres patentes conteyned, but that the same fres patentes be as goode and available to the seid Rauf, and stande in the same vertue strength and effecte, as they shuld have done if this acte of Resumpcion or any other acte in this psent parliament made or to be made, had not been had or made.

XXVIII.
Proviso for
Thomas Ferrour,
Master Forester
of Snowdon
Forest.

XXIX.
Proviso for
Piers Stanley,
Escheator and
Sheriff of
Merioneth.

XXX.
Proviso for the
Grantees of the
Amobreship and
Reglorships of
Caernarvon,
Anglesea, and
Merioneth.

XXXI.
Proviso for
Edw. Courteney
Earl of Devon,
Constable of the
Castle of
Rastormell, &c.

PROVIDED alwey that this Acte of Resumpcion or any other Acte made or to be made in this psent parliament, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull in to or for any graunte or grauntes made by the King oure Soveign Lord by his tres patentes undre any of his seales, to Thomas Ferrour, of thoffice of Maister Forster of the Forest of Snodon in Northwales, but that the seid tres patentes and evy thing therin conteyned be good and effectuell to the seid Thomas after the tenour and poporte of the same, the seid acte or any other acte notwithstanding.

PROVIDED alwey that this Acte of Resumpcion or any other acte made or to be made in this psent parliament, be not hurtfull nor in any wise pjudiciall unto Piers Stanley, of in or for thoffices of Eschetoure of the Counte of Meryon and Shiref of the same Countie, but that oure tres patentes therof made and by us graunted, be goode and available unto the seid Piers, according to theffecte of the same, this seid acte of Resumpcion or any other Acte made or to be made in this psent parliament notwithstandyng.

Provided alwey that this Acte of Resumpcion ne any other Acte made or to be made in this pent parliament, extend not nor in anywise be hurtfull in to or for any graunt or grauntes made by the Kyng oure Soveign Lord, by his sevall tres patentes undre any of his seales, to Piers Egerton, of thamobreship of the Counties of Caernervan and Anglesey with Reglorships and Raglorships of thadvoures of the same Counties, and to Vrian Brireton of the Amobreship of the Countie of Meryonneth with the Reglorships and Raglorships of the advoures of the same Countie, but that the seid tres patentes and evy thing therin conteyned, be gode and effectuell to the seid Piers and Vrian and either of theym after the tenour and proof of the same, the seid Act or any other Acte notwithstandyng.

Provided alwey that this pent Acte of Resumption touching the grauntis of Officis graunted or made of or within any Castell Manoris Londis Tentis and their appurtenaunces, peell of the Principalite of Wales Duchie of Cornewall the Erledome of Chester and Flynt, extend not ner in anywise be pudiciall ne hurtfull to Edward Courteney Erle of Devon of or for the officis of Constabill of the Castell of Rostormell in the Countie of Cornwall and the keping of the Parke of Rostormell aforseid, but be forprised and except out of the same, And that the seid Edward have and envoie the seid officis in like man and fourm as he myght have don yf this Acte had ner be had nor made.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

P eodem. An Acte for the assuering of certayne land? to the Prynce of Wales.

Recital of Tenor of Act 22 Edw. IV. for an Exchange between the then Prince of Wales, and the Earl of Huntingdon, of certain Castles, Manors, &c. in Somerset and Dorsetshire, parcel of the Duchy of Cornwall, for Lands near the Black Mountain in South Wales given by K. Edw. IV. to the Earl of Pembroke, Father of the said Earl of Huntingdon.

[See Rot. Parl. 24 E. IV. nu. 12.]

WHERE in the Parlyament holden at Westin, the xxti day of January the xxijth yere of the raigne of the King Edward the iiijth it was ordeyned established and enacted by auctorite of the same parliament, that where the moost dere furst begoten son of the same late King Prince of Wales Duke of Cornwall Erle of Chestr March and Penbroke, was then seased in his demeane as of fee as peell of his Duchie of Cornwall, of the Townes Lordshippes and Manoirs of Stoke undir Hampden Molton Faucöbrigge Shipton Malet Stratton upon the fosse Inglescombe Welton and Midsomer Norton Widcombe Westharpetre Faryngton Gurnay Laverton and Corymalet in the Countie of Soms, and Ryme in the Countie of Dors, with their membres and apprenaunces; And where William than Erle of Huntyngdon, son and heire of William Herbert Knyght late Erle of Penbroke, was then seased in his demeane as of fee taylee, by reason of a yeft made by the same late King by his fres patentes bering date the iijde day of February the first yere of his raign, made to the seid William the fadre, by the name of William Herberte Knyght and to the heires of his body laufully begoton, of divs Castelles Townes Lordshippes and other heredytamentis in Suthwales by west the Blacke Mowntene, that is to witte, of the Castell Towne and Lordship of Penbroke the Hundred and Lordship of Castell Mertayn, the Lordship of Seynt Florence the Lordship and Forest of Coydragh the Castell Lordship and Toun of Teneby the Lordship and Bailliwike of West Pembroke and Est Pembroke the Bailliwike of Denglody Rous and Kemys and halfe the passage of Burton the Castell Toun and Lordship of Gilgarran the Lordshippes and Manoris of Emelyn Memordyne Diffimbrian and the Forest of Kenendryn the Castell Lordship and Town of Lanstephan the Lordship and Manoir of Penryn and Laveray the Lordshippes and Manoris of Esterlow Trene Clynton and Seynt Clere the Manoir and Lordship of Walwenescastell with their membres and app'tenaunces; And forasmoche as cteyn appoyntementes and aggrementis bytwene the seid late Prince and the seid late Erle of Huntyngdon, of and for an eschaunge to be had of the Pmysses before that tyme made, in the high psence of the said late Kyng, aswell by hassent and aggrement of his Highnes and of the right Excellent Princesse E. then Quene of Englond and of other noble lordes of their blode and Councell, and by thadvyce of the right honerable Councell of the seid late Prince, and also by thassent and aggreement of the seid Erle of Huntyngdon his Kynnesmen frendis and Councell, For the reformacion of the weale publique restfull gou naunce and ministracion of Justice in the seid pties of Southwales then to be had, and for the contentacion and satisfaccion of great and notable somes of money gevyn by the seid Erle of Huntyngdon unto be seid Prince, myght not then for divs causes be laufully and surely putte in pfite execucion but by auctorite of Parliament; THERFOR the seid late Kyng by thadvice and assent of the Lordis spuall and tempall and the Comons in the parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, enacted ordeyned and established amonge other, that the seid Prince have hold occupie and enyoie to hym and to the furst begoten sonnes of hym and of hys heires Kinges of Englond, and Dukes of the seid Duchie in the realme of Englond hereditably to succede, the forseid Castell Town and Lordship of Pembroke the Hundred and Lordship of Castell Merten the Lordship of Saynt Florence the Lordship and Forest of Caydragh the Castell Lordship and Town of Teneby the Lordship and Bailliwike of West Pembroke and Est Pembroke the Bailliwike of Donglodye Rous and Kemys and half the passage of Burton the Castell Town and Lordship of Gilgarran the Lordshippis and Manoris of Emelyn Memordyne Diffymbrian and the forest of Kenendryn the Castell Lordship and Town of Lanstephan the Lordship and Manoir of Penryn and Laverey the Lordshippes & Manoris of Esterlawe Clynton and Seyntclere the Manoir or Lordship of Walwenecastell with their membres and apprenauncis and with the jurisdiccions roials fraunchises libties sessions great and petite Courtes Counties Hamelettes viewes of fraunkplege cantredis comotes hundredes faires markettis parkes pondes chaces warennes Knyghtis fees svices rentis advousons of Abbeyes Priories Hospitales Churches Chapelles Chaunteries and other benefices of Holy Churche to the seid Castelles Lordshippes Manoris and other pmysses or any of theym belongyng and apperteynyng, with wreke of the Sea and all other forfaitures pfites comodities and availles to the seid Castelles

Lordshippes Manoris and other the Pmysses or to any of theym belonging or apperteyning with thissues pfites and revenues therof, fro the fest of thannunciacion of oure Lady the Virgyne the xix. yere of the raign of the seid late Kyng E. the iiijth, unto the tyme of the making of the seid acte, and that all the same Castelles Lordshippes Manoris Landes Teñtis and Hereditamentis shuld frohensforth be annexed to the seid Duchie and from hensfourth peell of the same, And also it was then ordeyned enacted and establisshed by thau ctorite of the same parliament, that for the further pfourmyng of the seid appoyntementis and aggrementis, that the seid than Erle of Huntyngdon have holde occupie and enyoie to hym and to hys heires of his body laufully begoten, and for defaute of such issue the remayndre therof to the heires of the body of the seid William Herbert late. Erle of Penbroke his fadre laufully begoten, the seid Tounes Lordshippes and Manoris of Stoke undir Hampden Melton Fauconbrig Shipton Malet Stratton upon the fosse Inglescombe Welton and Midsomer Norton Widcombe Westharpetre Faryngdon Gournay and Laverton in the Countie of Soms, and Ryme in the Countie of Dors with their membres and appurtenauncis, and annuell rent of xxiij fi. viij s. v d. going oute of the said Manoir of Cory Malet in the Countie of Soms, paiable at the festis of Ester and Seynt Michell tharchaungell yerly by even porcions, with all Hamelettis membres libtics courtis viewis of fraunkpleg letys hundredis faires markettis parkes pondes warennys knyghtis fees svices rentes advousons of Abbeies priories hospitalles churches chapelles chaunlies and all ob benefices of Holy Church, to the same Lordshippes Townes and Manoris of Stoke undir Hampden Melton Fauconbrige Shipton Malet Stratton upon the fosse Inglescombe Welton and Midsomer Norton Widcombe Westharpetre Faringdon Gurnay Laverton and Ryme or to any theym belongyng, with all forfeitures pfites comodities and availles to the same or to any of theym in any wise pteynyng or belonging, with issues pfites revenues therof fro the forseid fest of thannunciacion of oure Lady, unto the seid xxu day of January; And that all the same Townes Lordshippes Manoris Londis Tentis and Hereditamentes shuld be from hensforth sepat seved and disanexed from the Duchie of Cornwall duryng the seid state by the same psent acte therof made, and as longe as any heire of the seid late Erle of Huntyngdon is bodye laufully begoton, or any heire of the seid late Erle of Pembrokes bodye laufully begoten, be or endure, any acte of Parlyament or other thing before the seid xx11 day of January made or hadde notwithstanding; And that as oft as after it shall happe the seid rent of xxiij ti. viij s. v d. to be behynde in parte or in the hole unpaied by the space of viij wokes after any day of payment therof, so ofte it shalbe lefull to the seid late Erle of Huntyngdon and his seid heires and to the heires of the seid late Erle of Pembrokes body lawfully begoton, in the seid Manoir of Cory Malet to distrayn and distresse (1) their taken to reteyne unto the tyme the same rent so being behynde to them be fully content and paied. And ov that it was ordeyned enacted and stablisshed by the same auctorite, that either of the seid late Prynce and late Erle of Huntyngdon, shuld be quyet and discharged ayenst other, of and for all man occupacion and intermedlyng before the seid xx11 day doon in the pmysses or any pcell therof, and of and for takyng of any pfities of the same, that the same late Erle shuld be quyte and discharged avenst the seid late Prince of all dettis accomptes & demaundes the which weare by hym to the seid late Prince due, before the vjth day of the Moneith of July the xix. yere of the raign of the seid late Kyng. And ov that the seid late King graunted enacted ordeyned and establisshed for hym and for his heires by the same auctorite, that the pmysses and evy of theym shuld be observed and kepte ayenst hym and his heires in evy thing according to the tenour purporte and effecte of that psente acte and evy thing therin conteyned; Savyng to evy of the liege people of the same late King, other then the seid late Prince and his heires, and the same late Erle of Huntyngdon and his seid heires, and the seid heires of the late seid Erle of Pembroke, and all other psones havyng any thing in the Pmysses or any pcell therof, to thuse of the same late Prynce or of the same late Erle, suche right title and interesse as they or any of theym had then in the pmysses or any peell of the same, as more at large by the same acte is conteyned; And for so moche as the noble Lord Jasp Duke of Bedford is lawfully restored and seised, of all the seid Castelles Townes Lordshippis and thodre hereditamentis in Suthwales, by West the Blacke Mounteyn, so that the moost noble Prynce Arthur the Kingis furst begoten son Prince of Walis Duke of Cornwall Erle of Chestre and Flynt, hath neither the seid Castelles Townes Lordshippes and the other Hereditamentis in South Wales by West the Blacke Mounteyn, nor yet hath the seid Manoris Londis and Tentis in the Counties of Son's and Dors, which is cont'ry to all reason and conscience; Be it therfor by thassent of the (a) spualle and tempalle and Coens of this pseut parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, ordeyned established and enacted that the same Acte of parliament made the seid xxijti yere of King Edward the iiijith and all other Actes made in the same parliament touching the mater aboveseid, be voide and of noo force ne effecte; And that Arthur the Kingis furst begoten son Prince of Wales Duke of Cornwall and Erle of Chestre, have all the seid Castelles Manoris Londes and Tentis in the Counties of Son's and Dors, in like man and fourme and like estate and effecte as Prynce E. the furst begoton son of King Henr the vje or Edward the first begoten son of King E. the iiijth had and none otherwise; And that the same Manoris Londes and Tentis in the Counties of Soms and Dors, be revived and reannexed to the seid Duchie of Cornwall with all libties Progatyves and fraunchises in the same, in like wise and in as ample man and fourme as if the seid Acte of Parliament made the seid xxijth yere had nev be had ne made.

AND also that it be ordeyned by the same auctorite that the King oure Soveign Lorde have take and possible annuytes revenues and other issues and plites with their apprenaunces of the seid Manoris Londes and Tentis in the Counties of Son's and Dors during the Kingis pleasire.

SAVYNG to evy psone or psones suche offices fees wagis and annuytes apperteynyng to the same, which require actuall excise and occupacion not accomptable.

Provided alwey that this Acte nor none other acte or actis in this psent parliament made or to be made, extend not ne in any wise be pjudiciall ne hurtfull to George Erle of Shrewesbury, in for or to any graunte or graunte yefte or yeft? had or made by the King oure Soveign Lord to the same George by his free patentes undre his seale of therledome of the Marche, of the offices of the Constableship and Portership of the Castelles of Radnour and Wigmore, and of the office of the Stiwardship of the Lordship and Manoir of Radnour, of the Lordship and Manoir of Wigmore, or the Lordship and Manoir of Melenneth of the Lordship and Manoir of Ewerthreneon of the Lordship and Manoir of Preston and Prestons landes of the Lordship and Manoir of Norton of the Lordship and Manour of Gattley of the Lordship & Manoir of Knyghton of the office of the pke of Wigmore; also of the office of the Maistership of the leder of the Dere of the pke of Okeley; and also of the office of the Maistership of the leder of the Dere of the Chaces of Moktre and Bringwode in the March of Wales; the which Castelles Lordshippes Manoris and other the pmysses be pcell of therledome of Marche, or of any of theym; but that the same graunte or grauntes yefte or yeftes and evy of theym and evy thing in the same conteyed and expssed, stande remayne and be of full strength, and as effectuell and available to the seid George, according to the propret effecte and tenour of the same graunte or grauntes yefte or yeftes and evy of theym shuld have been if the seid Acte or Actes had nev be had nor made; the seid acte or actis or any other thing conteyned in the same notwithstanding.

the words ' and the distress' appear to be wanting.

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e ' Lords' appears to be omitted.

Jasper Duke of Bedford restored to the Castles, &c. assured to the Prince by the recited A&, whereby the Exchange is become invalid:

Recited A&

Arthur Prince of Wales shall have all the Castles, &c. conveyed from the Prince of Wales by the said Act, and which shall be re-annexed to the Duchy of Cornwall.

II. The King shall have the Profits during Pleasure.

III. Saving of Offices.

IV.
Proviso for George
Earl of Shrewsbury
for Constableship
of the Castles of
Radnor and
Wigmore, &c.

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CHAPTER XXXV.

₽ Duce Eboy.

Dignity and Offices of the King's Second Son the Duke of York.

On Decease of Jasper Duke of Bedford, the Estates granted to him by King Hen. VI. and VII. shall pass to the said Duke of York, as if they had been granted for the Duke of Bedford's Life only.

II.
On the Duke of
York's becoming
Heir Apparent the
Estates shall vest
in the King in Fee,

Such Part of the said Estates as belonged to the Duchy of Lancaster in the Time of K. Henry VI. shall vest in the King and not in the Duke of York.

IV. Other Parts of the said Estates shall in like manner vest in the King.

How Leases and Grants of Offices may be made by the Duke of York, during his Minority.

VI. General Saving.

VII. Proviso for Waste and Grants by Jasper Duke of Bedford.

VIII. Proviso for forfeited Estates of Sir W. Berkeley.

IX. Proviso for Lord Bergavenny. THE Kyngis Gace calling to his remembraunce the state dignyte and pemynence that he hath sette and geven unto his secund begoten son Henry Duke of Yorke, when he created hym Duke, deputed to hym than and sithen offices of charge, as office of Erle Marchall of this his Realme, his Lyeutenaunte of Ireland and Gardeyn of the Est West and Middell Marches, and of the Synke Portes, for mayntenaunce supportacion relief and susteynyng where, to hym behoveth necessarily to have londes tentis rentes possessions and hereditamentis; Wherfor his Highnes by thadvyce of his lordes espuelle and tempelle and the Comens in this psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, ordeyneth enacteth and stablissheth, that ymmediatly after the decesse of his dere Uncle Jasper Duke of Bedford, that all suche Castelles Honours Manoris Lordshippes Hundredis Fraunchises libties privileges advousons nonacions psentacions Knightis fees tentis rentes syyces revercions porcions annuytes feefermes pencions and other Londes possessions and heredytamentis what so ever they be, which he hath or had and were to hym graunted aswell by his seid Highnes as by his moost gracious Uncle and progenitour Kyng Henry the vige late Kyng of this lande, remayne and passe into his seid second begoten son Henry Duke of Yorke, to have to hym and to his heires males of his body begoten ymmediatly after the decesse of the seid Jasper, as if the same Jasper had hadde onely astate of the pmysses or of any parte therof, but for time of his life, any of the seid tres patentes had not been expssed ne geven to hym no more ne larger astate of the same, but only for time of his life, any of the seid tres patentes grauntes of his Highnes or of the seid late King Henry the vige to hym therof made, or any other acte or actis of Parliament therupon afore this tyme to or for the seid Jasper in that ptie had or made in any wise notwithstanding.

And over this be it enacted and established by the seid auctorite that if it shall so fortune that the seid Henry Duke of Yorke hereafter at any tyme during the Kyngis life to be his next heire apparant, which God forbede, that then all the pmysses passed into the seid Henry Duke of Yorke by this acte, from thensfourth be in the King as fee symple; and the seid Henry Duke of Yorke from thens thereof to be utterly advoided and excluded as if this Acte had nev ben made ne had.

Provided always that the seid Henry Duke of Yorke have noe possession title ner in est by this Acte, of nor in any suche Manoris londes and tentis rentes revercions vices Knyghtis fees feefermes advousons possessions and heredytamentis that were peell of the Duchie of Lancastre any tyme of the raign of the seid Kyng Henry the vjte, but that all suche & the same Manoris londes tentis reversions vices Knyghtis fees feefermes advousons possessions and hereditamentis with their apprenaunces be in the Kyng oure Soveign Lord ymmediatly after the decesse of the seid Jasper, as peell of his seid Duchie; in lyke wise and in the same man fourme and condicion as they weare in the handes and possession of the seid late Kyng Henry the vjte afore the seid grauntes theref made to the seid Jasper, any tyme of his seid raign.

Provided also that the seid Henry Duke of Yorke have noe possession title ne intest by this acte of ne in the Manoris and Lordshippes of Billowe Birkland Roumewode Owseland Fulwoode Maunsfeld Lyndeby in Shirewode Bolsover Horseley Horeston Bollesyn and the Manour Lordship and Town of Clippeston in Shirewode with thapp tenances in the Counties of Notyngh and Derby, and the Castell and Manoir of Moresyend with thapp tenances in the Counte of Norht, ne of ne in any londes tentes medowes lesues pastures rentis revolons svices Castelles Woodes Parkes Patronages psentacions no includes advousons free Chapelles Chaunties Knightis fees libties priveleges fraunchises or any other possessions or hereditamentis we thair appurtenaunces what so ever they be, in Billowe Birkland Roumewode Owselond Fullwode Maunsfeld Lyndeby Bolsover Horseley Clippeston Horeston and Bollesyn in the seid Counties of Notyngh and Derby, Moresyend Westpury and Yardeley besydes Moresyend in the seid Countie of Norht, but that they and evy pcell therof be in the Kyng oure Soveign Lord ymmediatly after the decesse of be seid Jasper, as they were in the handis and possession of the seid late Kyng Henry the vjie afore the seid grauntes therof to the seid Jasper made or any tyme after, duryng his seid raigne, and as if this psent acte had nev ben hadde ne made.

AND over this be it enacted by the seid auctorite that the seid Henry Duke of Yorke be enabled to make leesses and grauntes of offices and fees of in out and upon evy possession that shall mowe come or growe to his handes and possession during his noneage, as if he were of full age, so that the same leesses & grauntes be made by thassent and advyse of the Kyngis Highnes, of the Chaunceller of the seid Duke for the tyme beyng, and iij of his other Councellers that also shalbe to hym by the Kyngis Grace assigned duryng his seid nonage; and that in the seid grauntes and leesses be sette written and appere the signe manuell of oure seid Soveign Lord and signe manuelles of evy of the seid iiij Councellours, Except that the Kingis Highnes gyf to the seid Duke his licence otherwise in that ptie.

Savyng to evy psone and psones, other then the King oure Soveign Lorde and his heires, my Lord Prince and his heires, and the seid Duke of Bedford and his heires, or any other claymyng of his possession or by hym, such accions entrees right title clayme and interest as they or any of theym hadde or myght have had in the pmysses or any of theym if this acte had new been hadde ne made.

Provided always that by this acte the seid Jasper be not charged of Wastes doon or herafter to be doon in any of the pmysses during his life; ne that any graunte or gifte by the seid Jasper by his tres patentes to any psone or psones made of or in any of the pmysses, be by this Acte not adnulled nor empayred during the lif of the said Jasper.

Provided always that this Acte extend not in any wise to any Castelles Manoris londes and tentis rentis vices nor to any other hereditament?, which some tyme weare Sir William Berkeley Knyght, or any other psone or psones to his use, forfeited by any Acte of Parliament holden the first yere of the raign of the Kyng that nowe is.

PROVIDED alwey that this acte nor any other acte made or to be made in this psent pliament, be in any wise pjudiciall or hurtfull to George Nevile Knyght Lorde Bergevenny nor to his heires, nor in any wise touch nor extend to the hurte pjudice nor disherison of the seid George or of his heires, nor to his right title possession or in est of or in any Lordshipps Castells Manores londis tentes or advousons or of any other inhereditamentis what soed they be or any pcell therof; but that the seid George and his heires may at all tymes have enjoye possede clayme aske demaunde and inherite all the pmysses and edy pcell therof in such fourm and in such wise as he or they or any of theym myght or shuld have doon or had at any tyme before the begynnyng of this psent Parliament, or as he or they or any of theym myght or shuld have doon or had, if the seid acte or actis or any of theym had nev be made nor had, this act nor any other Acte made or to be made in any wise notwithstandyng.

PROVIDED alweies that noon acte or actis made or to be made in this psent Parliament, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull to Robt Johnys, to or for any grauntis to hym made for any offices or fees by the Kyng oure Soveign Lordis tres patentes, to the seid Robt by what name or names he is called in any of the seid grauntis; but that be same tres patentes and evy thing in theym conteyned be goode and available to the seid Robt and to stond in full power and effecte, the acte notwithstanding.

X. Proviso for Robert Johnys.

(1) Provided alwey that this acte aforseid extend not to the Castell Maner Lordship Towneship and Cantrede of Buelt in Walis, ne to any londis tentis or other hereditament in the same, ne to any rent or annuyte graunted out of the same Lordship by any tres patentes made by King Henry the vjte to Jasper Duke of Bedford then Erle of Penbroke, what estate so ever he hath by the same tres patentes; but that it be enacted by auctorite of this psent Parliament, that the seid Castell Man Lordship Tounship and Cantrede be ymmediatly after the decesse of Jasper Duke of Bedf in the King oure Soveign Lord and his heires for ever.

XI.
Act not to extend
to the Castles, &c.
of Buelt, or any
Rent out of the
same, which shall
vest in the King.

AND also be it enacted by auctorite of the same pent Parliament, that such tres patentes as oure seid Soveign Lord the Kyng hath made to Arthure his furst begoten son, Prince of Wales Duke of Cornwall and Erle of Chestre, of an annuytie or an annuall rent of Cxiij th. vj s. viij d. going out of the seid Castell Man Lordship Tounship and Cantrede or the fee ferme of Buelt, after the decesse of the seid Jasper Duke of Bed, be goode and sufficient in the Lawe, and the same Prince to have and envoie after the decesse of the seid Duke the same annuall rent, according to the tonour of his seid tres patentes, this acte notwithstonding.

XII. Annuity granted to the Prince of Wales declared valid.

AND of this be it enacted by the auctorite of the same present Parliament, that all tres patentes made to Jasper Duke of Bedford by King Henry the vjte of any annuyte or annuell rent of Cxiij ti. vj s. viij d. going out of the seid Castell Math Lordship Tounship or Cantrede, be after the deth of the seid Duke utterly voide and of noon effecte.

XIII.
Annuity granted to
Duke of Bedford
by K. Hen. VI;
declared void.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

₽ Ducissa Bed.

WHERE in the Parliament holden at Westin the vijth day of Novembr the first yere of the raign of oure Soveign Lord the King that nowe ys, it was enacted amonges other thinges, that Karyne then and nowe Ducheis of Bedford, Wif of Jasper Duke of Bedford, and late Wif of Herry late Duke of Bukyngham, shuld entre have and envoie from the fest of Seynt Michell tharcangell then laste passed for time of her lyf, aswell in full recompence of lordshippes manoris londes tentes & hereditamentis of the yerely value of M mare ordeyned to her by the last Will of the same late Duke in the name of her joynter, as in full recompens of all Dower to her belongyng, of all the castelles manoris lordshipps londes tentes and hedytamentis, the which were of the seid Duke of Bukyngham, the Manoir and Burgh of Thorby otherwise called Thornbury and dyys other manoris londis tentis and hereditamentis in the same acte specified; In which acte it was pvyded, that if the then and nowe Duke of Bukyngham or his heires, or the seid Duches, at the full age of the same nowe Duke or of his heires, disagree to be seid acte or jointer or dower theyn lymyted by the same, that then eiche of theym as so shall disagree shuld be atte fre lybtie to cleyme and have his right title and infesse in the manoris londes and hereditamentis then expssed in the seid Acte and evy pcell therof, in such fourme and effecte as he shuld or myght if the same acte had not ben had or made, and from that tyme shuld not be in any wise excluded ne hurte by reason of the same acte, as in the same acte more pleynly apperith of recorde; nevthelesse for as muche as by the seid pviso upon the seid acte greate unctente and troble myght herafter growe bytwyne the seid Duches and the seid nowe Duke and his heires, at the full age of the same Duke or of his heires, by reason of disagrement of the same Duches or of the seid Duke or of his heires, It is therfor enacted and establisshed by the Kyng oure Soveign Lord by thassent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comons in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same Parliament, that the seid Duchesse have hold and envoie for the of her lyf all manoris londes tentes and hereditamentes to her appoynted in the seid acte made in the seid vij day of Novembr the seid furst yere, in full recompence of all manoris londis tentis and hereditamentis to her belonging by the seid last Will, or by reason of her seid Dower ayenst the seid nowe Duke and his heires, and without in upcion of the same Duke and his heires; and shalbe excluded of all other manoris londes tentes or hereditamentis that were to her apperteynyng or belongyng by reason of the said last Will or by reason of her seid Dower; and in likewise that the seid nowe Duke and his heires be excluded of evy of the manoris londes tentes and hereditamentis appoynted to the seid Duchesse by the seid acte duryng the lif of the same Duches; any disagreement or disassent by the seid Duches or the seid nowe Duke or his heires hereafter to be had or made notwithstandyng.

Recital of Acts
I Hen. VII. for
assuring Lands to
the Duchess of
Bedford, as Relict
of the Duke of
Buckingham.
[See Rot. Parl.
I H. VII. nu. 11.]

Power to her and the young Duke of Buckingham to disagree to the said Act on his coming of Age.

To avoid the Inconvenience of such Disagreement, the Duchess shall hold the Estates assigned to her by the said Acts for her Life, &c.

SAVYNG to evy of the Kyngis liege people other then the seid Duches and the seid nowe Duke and his heires, and suche as cleyme any thing in the pmysses or in any peell therof to thuse of the seid Duches, or of the seid nowe Duke or of his heires, suche right title and interesse as they or any of theym have or shuld have hadde in the pmysses or any peell of the same, if this Acte had nev be had ne made.

II. General Saving.

III. Saving for Devisees and Creditors of the late Duke.

Savence to evy of the Kingis liege people, other then the seid Duches and the seid nowe Duke and his heires, and suche as cleyme any thing in the pmysses or in any peell therof, to the only use and behove of the seid Duches or of the seid nowe Duke or his heires, And also saveng to evy suche psone as any thing claymeth or ought to have, in any londes tentis rentes seven or other hereditamentes, which were the seid late Duke the fadre, to thuse or pfourmance of or for the last Will of the seid Duke the fadre, and to all such psone or psones which be enfeoffed or seised or any thing hath in theym or any of theym, to thentente to pay some or sumes of Money to any psone or psones for the dette of seid Duke the fadre, or be bounde in any bonde for the seid Duke the fadre, And that their cleyme title right interest entre and possession in all the pmysses and in evy part therof, be as goode effectuell and available as this acte, ne noone other acte in this psent parliament had nev be hadde ne made.

The Three following Provisoes are entered as a separate Act on the Roll in Chancery.

IV. Saving for John Edwards, Keeper of Bewdley Park. Provided alweis that this acte of resumpcion peticion or restitucion made or to be made in this psent Parliament, nor any other acte or actes made or to be made in the same, extend not nor in eny wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto any graunte or grauntes and tres patentes made by us to John Edwardes Yeoman of owre Crowne, of and for thoffices of baillif of Bewdeley and kepyng of the park and manoir or logge there, with two meses lyeng in Bewdeley aforseid with their app'tenaunces, and all otheir pfuties comoditees emolumentes and availes to the same apperteynyng, within oure Erledome of March, but that oure seid grauntes and evy thyng in theym conteyned after and according to the tenour of the same, be unto hym goode and effectuell, the seid acte or actis in any wise notwithstonding.

CHAPTER XXXVII.

D feoffamento fco p Marchionem Dors.

Recital of Recoveries suffered of certain Estates according to the Covenants of certain Indentures between the King and the Marquis of Dorset; 4 June, 7 Hen.VII.

To the King oure Soveign Lorde. In the moost humble wise besechith youre Highnes, your true subgettes Thomas Marquis Dors and Cecill his Wif; That where according to the covenauntes and aggreementes conteyned and specified in indentures made bytwen youre Highnes on the on ptie, and the seid Merquis on the other ptie, beryng date the iiijth day of June the vijth yere of youre moost noble raygn, and inrolled in your Courte of the Chauncy of recorde, recovees were had of dyvs manoris londes and tentis of thenheritaunce of the seid Marquis and Cecill and either of them, by the moost revend fader in God John nowe Cardenall, then and yet Archebisshop of Caunterbury Thomas Archebisshop of York John Busshop of Ely Richard then Bisshopp of Bathe nowe Bisshop of Derham John Erle of Oxon Thomas Erle of Arundell George Erle of Shrowesbury Thomas Erle of Derby William Courteney Knyght Reynold Bray Knyght Thomas Lovell Knyght and Thomas Grenefeld Squier, by divs and sevall writtis of entre in t post to divs uses and ententes in the same indenturis conteyned & specified; by reason wherof the seid Cardynall Archebisshop of Yorke Bisshoppes Erles William Courteney Reynold Thomas Lovell and Thomas Grenefeld were and yet stond and be seased therof to the same uses and ententes; and where it was also aggreed by the seid indentures that in the next Parliament then next to be holden, the seid Marquis shuld assent and labour that it shuld be ordeyned and enacted, that the said astates recovers and thententes therupon reherced and declared in the same indentures, if the seid merquis were then in lyfe, shuld be by authorite of the same Parliament ratified and confermed, and that in the same Parliament the same Marquis shuld labre and assent that it shuld be enacted that all other manoirs londes and tentis and revicions to the seid Marquis and Cecill his Wif joyntly or sevally belonging, wherof they the tyme of the seid endentures were seised or any other to their use or to thuse of any of theym, in the Countie of Lancastr or elliswhere in England, wherof suche estates or recovers shuld then fortune not to be made, that lyke estate and suertie shuld be made in fee symple to the seid psones then lyvyng according to thententes afore reherced of thop manoris londes and tentes and thoder pmysses in the same indentures not excepted ne forprised. And that by the same auctorite and in the same Parliament shuld also be enacted, that yf the seid Marquis during his life offend not youre Highnes ne youre heires of youre bodye in suche fourme as is conteyned in the seid indentures, that then ymmedyatly after his decesse, the seid recovees estates and suerties of the seid manoris londes tentes and revicions and thodre pmysses and thententes therupon declared as if aforesaid, shuld be utily voide and of noon effecte, And that the same manoris londes and other pmysses wherof the seid estates recovers suerties and actis shuld be had, shuld from thensfourth stand and be in the same condicion of henheritaunce as they shuld have been yf the seid estates recovers suerties and actes had not be had ne made. Savyng only for the pfourmaunce of the last Willes of the seid Marquis and Cecill and evy of theym in the man and fourme as in the same indentures more pleynly apperith; Please it therfor youre Highnes in consideracion of the Pmysses by the assent of the Lordis spuall and tempall and the Comens in this Psent Parliament assemblid and by auctorite of the same, to ordeyne and enacte that all the seid recovees had by the seid Cardynall Archebisshop of Yorke Bisshoppes Erles William Courteney Reynold Thomas Lovell and Thomas Grenefeld of the seid manoris londes and tentes and other pmysses and ey of theym and ey parcell of them, and their astates titles and intest of and in the same and ey pcell therof, and thententes declared in the seid indentures upon the same, Be by auctorite of this psent Parliament ratified and confermed, And that they have all the manoris londes and tentes and thoder pmysses conteyned in their seid recovees and evy of theym, to theym and to their heires to thuses and intentes conteyned and specified in the seid indentures.

Those Recoveries confirmed.

II. Certain Estates vested in the Trustees named in the said Indentures.

III.

If the Marquis offend not the King, by Treason, &c. during his Life, the Reversions shall become void, &c.

IV. General Saving. And on that that, it be ordered and enacted by the seid auctorite, that the seid Cardynall Archebisshop of Yorke Bisshoppes Erles William Courteney Reynold Thomas Lovell and Thomas Grenefeld have to they and to their heires in fee symple, all other manoris londes tentes and revolutions to the seid Marquis and Cecill his Wif joyntly and sevally belonging, the tyme of the making of the seid indentures, whereof they then were seised or any other to their use or to thuse of any of theym, in the seid Countie of Lancastre or elswhere in Englong; Excepte suche manoris londes and tentis rentes revolutions and svices as be excepted and forprised in the seid indentures, to the same use and ententes as they have the seid other Man londes and tentis and other pmysses.

And also that it be enacted by the seid auctorite of this psent Parliament, that if the seid Marquis during his life offend not youre Highnes ne the heires of youre body in any of the poyntes and articles of treson mesprision or concelementes of treason specified in the seid indentures, that then ymmediatly after the decesse of the seid Marquis, all the seid recovers astates and suerties of the seid Manoris Londes Tentes Revisions and other pmysses and thententes in the seid indentures declared and specified, be utily voide and of non effecte, And that the seid Manoris Londis Tentes and other pmysses wherof the seid astates recovers suerties and this acte is or to be had or made, shall from thensfourth stond and be in the same condicion of enhitaunce as they shuld have ben if the seid astates recovers and suerties, and this acte had not be had ne made. Savyng only for the pfourmaunce of the last Willes of the seid Marquis and Cecill and of either of theym as afore is seid.

SAVYNG always to evyche of the Kingis liege people other the pe seid Marquis and his seid Wife, their heires and the heires of either of theym, and suche psones as clayme by theym or to their uses or to thuse of any of theym, suche title in est right possession and clayme as they or any of theym have and shuld have if this acte had never be hadde ne made.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

P Comite Oxoñ.

(1) To the right discrete Comons in this psent parliament assembled.

WHERE Elizabeth Countesse of Oxenford decessed, Moder to John nowe Erle of Oxenford whose heire he is, and divs psones feoffees to her use, of and in divs Manoris Londs Tentis and other Hereditamentis with their apprenaunces of her enheritaunce, weer by Richard late in dede and not of right King of Englond, while he was Duke of Gloucetir, of his inordynate coveryse and ungodely disposicion, for the true and feithfull alliegeaunge and svice the whiche aswell she, as John late Erle of Oxenford her husbond, as the seid nowe Erle then not at his libtie, owed and did to the moste blessid and cristen Prince King Henry the vim, enforsed by greate threttis and heynous manasse of losse of lyfe and by imprisonement, to doo and make suche estates releasses confirmacions and other thinges to the seid late Duke and other to his use, as the seid late Duke and his councell wold advyse; In consideracion wherof at a parliament holden at Westin the vijit day of Novembr the first yere of the raign of the King our Soveign Lorde that now is, it was ordeyned and stablisshed by auctorite of the same parliament amonge other thingis, that all states releasses confirmacions and other thingis don and made or suffred to be don or made by the seid Countesse, or by any feoffee or feoffees at any tyme to her use, of any Castellis Manoris Londes Tentis or Hereditamentis to the seid Duke of Gloucetyr or any other to his use, shuld be utily voide and of noe force ne effecte, as in the same acte is expssed more at large; And hou be it that then it was and yet ye pleynly and notoriusly knowen by great parte of this Realme, that suche states releasses confirmacions and other thingis as weare made by the seid Countes and her seid feoffees, of her enheritaunce to the seid Duke, were made by compulcion cohercion and emprisonement as is before seid, yet ther was noe mencion made of recorde of any witnesse or pve therof, the which myght remayne herafter to the ppetuell evidence and knowlege of the same; Therfor their be comen at thynstaunce and desire of the seid Erle into this psent parliament, divs Worshipfull and credeble psones that is to sey, James Tyrell Knyght, John Risley Knyght, William Dunstall, William Paston, John Power Esquiers, and Herry Robson gentilman, whiche testyfie and witnesse, that the seid estates releasses confirmacions and other thinges were made aswell by the seid Countesse as by her seid feoffees, by compulcion cohercion and ymprisonement and other jeoberdies and daungers put to theym in that behalfe; In Consideracion of all which by advyse and assent of the Lordes spuell and tempall and the Comons in this psent parliament assembled and by thauctorite of the same, it be enacted ordeyned and established that the forseid acte made in the forseid parliament holden the forseid vijth day of Novembr the forseid first yere, be ratified confermed and in full strength and vertue; and all astates releasees confirmacions and other thinges made by the seid Countesse or any other feoffee or feoffes to her use, be utily voide and of no force ne effecte; And also that all states releasses titles possessions and discentes made growen or had, after the forseid states releasses confirmacions and other thingis made by the seid Countesse, or any feoffe or feoffees to her use, of or in any pte of the pmysses, and before the forseid acte made in the seid parliament holden the seid vijith day of Novembr be voide and of noe force ne effecte, and be not to the seid nowe Erle nor his heires hurtfull ne pjudiciall.

SAVYNG to evy of the Kinge liege people, other then such whose title therof or any parte therof had begynnyng after the seid states releasses confirmacions and other thinge made by the seid Countesse, or her seid feoffees, to the seid Duke or any other to his use, and before the seid Acte made in the seid parliament holden the seid vijth day, such right title and intesse as they or any of them have or myght have had, if this acte were not made ne hadde.

WE Jamys Tyrell John Risley Knyghtis William Dunstall William Paston John Power Esquiers and Herry Robson gentilman and evy of us, seyen and depose as wee woll answere before God upon oure conscience, that all astates releasses and confirmacions and other thingis made aswell by Elizabeth Countesse of Oxenford late moder to John Erle of Oxenford that nowe is, as by all her feoffees seised to her use, of and in all suche Castelles Manoris Lordshippes Londes and Tentes Rentes vice and other hereditamentis, which were of her enheritaunce, to Richard late Duke of Glouc and to evy other psone or psones by hym named and assigned, were by cohercion compulcion and other jopdies and daungiers put to the seid Countesse and her seid feoffees in that behalfe, by the seid late Duke. Subscripcio Testiu. Rysley Sir J. Jamys Tyrell. William Paston. John Power. Henry Robson. Also I. William Tunstall depose, as I will aunswere before God after my conscience, that the seid Countesse and her feoffees was compelled as is aforseid.

CHAPTER XXXIX.

P Comite Suff.

To the King oure Soveign Lord. In the moste humble wise shewith unto youre Highnes, youre true and feithfull subgette and liegeman Edmond de la Pole Knight, son and heire of John late Duke of Suff; That where it hath pleassed your Gee that Eteyn appointment agreement and indentures of covenauntes bytwixte youre Highnes on the on party and youre seid Subgette on the other partie, were made, wherof the tenour hereafter followeth; This indenture made the xxvj day of the moneth of Fevyere the viijth yere of the raign of oure Soveign Lord King Henry the vijth, bitwixte the same oure Soveign Lord on the on partie and Edmond de la Pole Knight, son and heire of John late Duke of Suff on the other partie, Witnesseth that where by auctorite of Parliament John late Erle of Lincoln, elder son and heire apparant of the seid late Duke and brother to the seid Edmond, whose heire the seid Edmond was and is, was atteynt of High treason and by the same auctorite, forfeited all lordshippes manoris londes

Conveyances made to Richard III. while Duke of York by the Countess of Oxford, by Duress.

Such Conveyances avoided by an Act 1 Hen. VII. [See Rot. Parl. 1 Hen. VII. nu. 8.]

No Record of such Duress. Evidence thereof in this present Parliament.

Recited A& 1 Hen. VII. confirmed.

Conveyances and Descents under them declared void.

General Saving.

Schedule of the Testimony of Witnesses.

Tenor of an Indenture between the King and Edmund de la Pole, Knight, Son and Heir of John late Duke of Suffolk, 26 Feb. 8 Hen. VII.

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¹ The following is the Form of the Introductory Form which precedes this Act on the Roll in Chancery:

[&]quot;Item quedam billa ad modum actus confca cum Cedula eidem annexa, manib; ctos testiu subscripta, exhibita est Dño Regi, in parliamento pdo p Coitatem pdoam, ex parte Johis Comitis Oxon, in hec vba." The Assent is as to a Public Act, "Le Roy le vuelt."

Reciting the Attainder of John Ear! of Lincoln, eldest Son of the said Duke.

Agreement by the King, that the said Edmund, for his Fidelity, shall have certain Estates by Inheritance, as if there had not been any such Attainder;

paying to the King 5,000 l. by certain annual Instalments.

Feoffment of certain Estates to be made for securing such Payments.

Certain Manors,&c. to be vested in the King absolutely;

including the Earl's House in London. See § 3. post.

The said Edmund to surrender his Dukedom, and to become only Earl of Suffolk.

An Act of Parliament to be obtained.

Proviso for Jointure of Elizabeth Duchess of Suffolk, and for Debts of the late Duke; and for Ratification of recited

Estates confirmed to the said Edmund by this Act accordingly.

Feoffment.

tentes rentis revicions and other hereditamentis, which the seid late Erle or any other to his use had and were seased of astate of enheritaunce the ixth day of March next afore the seid acte made, to be to oure seid Soveign Lord and his heires, as by the seid acte more at large it doth appere: Yet oure seid Soveign Lord in consideracion of the true and diligent svice doon to his Highnes by the same Edmond, and hou he is comen of noble discent, and entendith to contynewe his seid svice, and hou also he humble with diligence by hym self and his frendes hath sued to oure seid Soveign Lord, and desired his Gace to be to hym in this, goode and gacious Soveign Lord; For that and other consideracions moevyng his Highnes, his Grace is benyngly aggreed that the seid Edmond and the heires of the seid late Duke, shall have to theym according to suche title of inheritaunce as they shuld have had, if the seid acte of atteyndre had nev be hadde ne made, the manoris londes and tentes herafter expressed, that is to sey, The manoris londes and tentes in Kyngeston upon Hulle Mitton and all londes in Mitton the manoir of Flaxflete Beaugham Gresthorp with the membres the honour of Eye in the Countie of Lincoln the Manoirs of Blyghburgh Westwode Appulby Stradbrook Stuberoft Frostenden Cretyng Seynt Olive Wyngfeld Oldwyngfeld Veylys in Fresyngfeld Sylcham Stratford the-honour of Eye with the membres in Suff the hundredes of Hertismer and Stowe the Manoris of Thorndon Combes Virleys Cotton Hempnales Hawle Beneale Huntyngfeld Swannys the annuytie of Orford of xx ti. Mundevylys Nedgyng Saxmondham Aylyshamburgh Estruston Cossey Claxton Helughton Langham Bedham Westhorp Wynerston Levystoft Westlete Southlete Northlete and Estlete Gorleston Stratford beside Benehale Causton Kirdeston Saxlyngham Segeford Hognorton Swerford Hanewell Kedelyngton Thorp Newenam Courteney Lewkenore Aston Torold Bokelond Hauteford Ewehelm with the membres Karsington West Compton Walsham Watlyffeld Cotton Breseworth Mutford Stocton Norton undre Hampden Filberdis Warlham with thoffice of the Forest of Wolmere Turnours Langley with the thapptenences and all londes and tenementes in any of the townes and places aforsed with thapprenaunces, Payeng to suche as the Kingis Highnes shall appoynte, to thuse of oure seid Soveign Lord in consideracion of the seid acte, and of such title and intesse as to his Highnes myght or aught to have have growen by reason of the same acte, v M1. li. hou be it that asmoche money and a gretter some, rightwisly by his lawes shuld apperteyne to his Gace for fynes for alienacions of many and divs of the same manoris without licence, the issues and pfytes for the pmer season of all the same and value of mariage of the seid Edmond, if the seid acte of atteynder had nev be made ne hadde; whiche alienacions issues and pfites and value of mariage, the King is aggreed to pdon; the seid v M1. fi. to be payed in the fourme following that is to sey, evy yere duryng the lyfe of Elizabeth Duchesse of Suff CC ti. at the festis of thadvyncle of Seynt Peter, and the Purificacion of oure Lady by even Porcions, And if the seid Duches die afore the seid v M1. ti. be paied, then the seid Edmond to pay yerely after her decesse CCCC fi. at the same festis by evyn porcions, till the some of the seid v Mi. fi. be satisfied and paied; And if the same some of CC ti. or CCCC yerely as the case shall require, be byhynde and not paied or any parte therof at the daies above lymytted, that then and as ofte, the seid Edmond shall pay for evy tyme so lackyng of his seid payment Lii. in name of peyne ov and beside the somes aforseid to be paied; And for suertie of payment aswell of the seid some of v M1. ti. after the fourme aforseid as of the Penaltie of L fi. as ofte as it shall happe to be due, The Manoris of Hognorton Swerford Hainwell Kydlington with Thorp Newenam Courteney Lewkenore Aston Torold Buklond Hawteford Nedging Huntynfeld Beneale Cotton Hempnales Thorndon Virleys Swannes shall be put in feoffement to John Archebisshop of Caunterbury Richard Busshop of Bath and Welles Olyv Busshop of Excetur Robt Willughby Knyght Lord Broke Gyles Lord Dawbeney Knyght Sir Reynold Bray Knight Thomas Lovell Knyght Jamys Hobart Richard Emson and Andrewe Dymmok, to have to theym and their heires to thuse and entent that the paymentes and evy of theym and of be seid peynes if any be forfeyted, shall be by the seid Edmond or his heires truly made and hadde: And in defaulte of payment of the seid somes of money at the daies above lymytted, or the Penalte therof, than that some being behynd and the penalte therof, to be levyed and reared by suche Officers as the Kingis Grace or the seid feoffees shall name or depute, unto the tyme that the seid some and peynes being behynde af? any of the daies of payment above lymytted be fully satisfied and content of the revenues of the same. And also it is aggreed that the Manoris of Westgrenewich the Manoris of Hailesdon Drayton Tolthorp Bakton next Bromholme with the annuyte of xx ii. the Hundred of Shropham the Manoir of Hurtes the Manoir of Grymeston the Manoris of Blykkyng Ketilberston Dagworth Sorelles Hawes in Alderton the Manoris of Garsington Fiefeld with the membres Long Wetyngham Birfeld Stratley the Manoir of Gastyngthorp Revenysbery and the chief place sette in the Citie of London in the Parissh of Seynt Laurence Pulteney, with all meses and tentes late belonging to the seid Erle in the Citie aforseid, the Manoir of Hatfeld Peverell Termyns the Manoris of Donyngton with the membres serjantie the Manoir of Southwold Datyngton Askote with the appurtenaunces, and all Londes & Tentes in Westgrenewich Haylesdon Drayton Telthorp Bakton juxta Bromeholme Hurtes Grymeston Blykeling Ketilberston Dagworth Sorellys Hawes in Alderton Garsyngton Fiefeld Longwetyngham Birfeld Stratley Gastyngthorp Ravenysbery Hatfeld Pevell Termyns Donyngton Sarjantie Soutwold Datyngton Askote with thapp tenaunces shall reste remayne and contynewe with the King our Soveign Lord and his heires for ev. And ov that in consideracion that by the seid Acte of Atteyndre, the yerely revenues of the inheritaunce and possession of the seid Edmond and of his heires and the heires of the seid late Duke be amynysshed, so that nowe he hath not yerely revenues to maynteyn honorably and convenyently the astate of a Duke, therfor the seid Edmond humbly desireth the Kynges Highnes and is aggreed, that he shall surrendre to the Kyng his astate of Duke, And that hereafter he shalbe accepte and taken as Erle of Suff after such a tate of inheritaunce as his auncetours were afore the astate of Duke by the Kingis Progenytours or Pdecessours to any of the seid auncetours graunted, with annuytie graunted for the creacion of thastate of Erle. And ov that it is aggreed by theis psentes that an Acte of Parliament be made in the next parliament, aswell for the suertie of oure seid Soveign Lord, as for the suertie of the seid Edmond and his heires of the seid late Duke and their heires, according to thies aggrementis and the true meanyng and intent of the same. Provided alwey that the seid Elizabeth be not pjudised nor in upted of any Manoris Londis and Tentes which she hath or ought to have as her joyntour of any of the pmysses; Provided also that this aggreement be not pjudiciall nor hurtfull to or for suche astate as is made for paymentis of the dette of the seid late Duke, of any Manoris Londes and Tentes appoynted and assigned to the seid Edmond. And ferthermore it is aggreed, that all suche psones as be feoffees in and of the Manoris Londes and Tentis assigned to be putte in feoffement as is aforseid, shall reatifie and conferme the astate of the seid Archebisshop and other his cofeoffees in the same, And that the seid Edmond shall require theym to soo doo: Yeven enterchaungeably aswell under the seale of oure seid Soveign Lord, as the seale of the seid Edmond the yere and day aboveseid;

That it may therefor please youre Highnes of your moost habundant Grace that according to the intent and true meaning of the covenauntes in the seid indentur specified, it may be inacted ordered and stablished by thassent of youre Lordes spuall and tempall and Comyns in this pent pliament assembled and by the auctorite of the same, that youre seid subgette and his heires according to suche title of enheritaunce as he shuld have hadde if the seid acte of Atternore had nev be had ne made, have the Manoris londes and tentis following, that is to sey; the Manoris londes and tentis in Kyngeston upon Hull Mitton and all londes in Mitton, the Manoris of Flaxflete Beaugham Gresthorp with the Membres, the honour of Eye in the Countie of Lincoln, the

Manoris of Blighburgh Westwode Appulby Stradbrook Stuberoft Frostenden Cretyng Seynt Olive Wyngfeld Olde Wyngfeld Veyles in Fresyngfeld Syleham Stratford the honour of Eye with the membres in Suff the hundred of Hertismere and Stowe, the Manoris of Thorndon Combes Virleys Cotton Hemphales Hawle Beneale Huntyngfeld Swannys the annuyte of Orford of xx hi. Mundeviles Nedgyng Saxmondham Aylyshamburgh Est Ruston Gossey Claxton Heloughton Langham Bedham Westhorp Wyverston Lovestost Westlete Southlete Northlete and Estlete Gorleston Stratford beside Benhale Causton Kerdeston Saxlyngham Segeford Hogenorton Swerford Hanewell Kedelyngton Thorp Newenam Courteney Lewkenore Aston Thorold Bokeland Hautford Euhelm with the membres Carsyngton West Compton Walsham Watlysfeld Cotton Breseworth Mutford Stokton Norton undir Hampden Filberdis Warlham with pooffice of the Forest of Wolmere Turnours Langley with thapp'tenaunces, and all Londes and tentes in any of the Townes and places aforseid with thapp'tenaunces.

AND where the seid Manoris of Hogenorton Swerford Hainwell Kydlyngton with Thorp Newenam Courteney Lewkenore Aston Torolde Bukland Hauteford Nedgyng Huntyngfeld Beneale Cotton Hemphales Thorndon Virleys Swannes, be put in feoffement to John Cardynall and Archebisshop of Caunterbury Richard nowe Busshop of Dorham and late Busshop of Bath and Wellis Olyv Busshop of Excetour Robt Willughby Knyght Lorde Broke Gyles Lord Dawbeney Knyght Sir Reynold Bray Knyght Thomas Lovell Knyght Jamys Hubert Richard Emson Andrewe Demok, to have to theym and their heires to thuse and intent that the seid fyve M'. ti. and the seid Penaltie of L. ti. as oft as it shuld happe to be due, shuld be paied to the King in the man and fourme and at dayes in the seid indentures specified; Be it proor ordeyned and established by the seid auctorite that the seid John Cardynall and Archebusshop of Caunterbury Richard Busshop of Dorham Oliver Busshop of Excetour Robt Willoughby Knyght Lord Broke Gyles Lord Dawbeney Knyght Sir Reynold Bray Knyght Thomas Lovell Knyght Jamys Hubert Richard Emson and Andrewe Demok, be and stand feoffees of all the same Manoris of Hogenorton Swerford Hainewell Kidlyngton with Thorp Newenam Courteney Lewkenore Aston Torold Bokelond Hauteford Nedgyng Huntyngfeld Beneale Cotton Hempnales Thorndon Virleis and Swannys to thuse of the seid Edmond and his heires, and to thentent that the paymente of the seid fyve M'. ti. and evy poell therof and the seid peynes if any be forfeited, shalbe by the seid Edmond or his heires truly made kepte and hadde, and in the defaute of payment of the seid somes of money at the daies in the seid indentur lymytted or the penaltie therof, then that some beyng behynd and the penalte therof to be levyed and reared by suche officers as the Kingis Grace or the seid feoffees shall name or depute, unto the tyme that the seid some and paynes beyng behynde after any of the daies of Payment above lymytted be fully satisfied and content of the revenues of the same; And ymmediatly after the seid v M1. ti. and the seid penaltie of L. ti. if any suche shall happe to be due, be truly paied and content of and for any of the pmysses, that then the same feoffees shalbe and stonde feoffees of the same Manoris londis and tentes to thuse of the seid Edmond and of his heires, according to suche tytle of inheritaunce as he shuld have had, if the seid acte of Atteynder had nev be had ne made.

AND where by the same indenture it is covenaunted that the King shuld have to hym and to his heires, the chief place of the seid Edmond sette in Citie of London, in the Parissh of Seynt Laurence Pultney, with all meses and tentes late belonging to the seid Erle in the Citie aforseid, yet the King of his blessed disposicion, is assentid that the seid Edmond shall have the same chief place with all meses and tentes late belonging to the seid Erle in the Citie aforseid; Be it therfor enacted by the seid auctorite that the seid Edmond have to hym and his heires the same chief place meses and tentes according to suche title of inheritaunce, as he shuld have had the same, if the seid acte of Atteyndre nor the seid indentur had nev be hadde ne made.

And for so moche as the seid Edmond hath humbly desired the King that he shall surrendre to the King the astate, and name of Duke of Suff, for divs resonable consideracions in the seid indenture specified, Be it therfor enacted by thuctorite aforseid, that the seid Edmond nor non of his heires, nor none of the heires of the seid John late Duke, be reputed named called ne taken from hensfourth as Dukes of Suff, but the same name and astate of Duke in them and evy of theym cease for ev; And that the seid Edmond, and his heires after hym, be accepted and taken as Erle of Suff only, after suche astate of inheritaunce as his Auncetours were afore the astate of Duke or other creacion by the Kingis pgenitours or pdecessours to any of the seid Auncetours graunted with annuyte oonly graunted for the creacion of thastate of Erle.

BE it also ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that the seid Edmond his heires and executours and all feoffee and feoffees to his use, of and in any of the seid Manoris londes tentis and other pmysses to the seid Edmond by this acte assigned, their heires and executours, be quite and discharged ayenst the King and his heires, of and for all fynes for alienacions of any of the pmysses without licence made, and of and for thissues and pfites for the Premer season of the same Honours Manoris londis tentis and other pmissez, and for the value of mariage of the seid Edmond: And that by the same auctorite the seid Edmond and his heires have inherite and possede, and may entre into all the seid Manoris londis and tentis and other pmysses to the seid Edmond or to otheir to his use by this acte lymytted assigned and appoynted as is aforseid, and have thissues and pfites of the same, from the tyme of the deth of the seid Duke after theffecte and true entent of this seid indentur and this acte, as they or any of theym shuld have had, or myght have don if the seid acte of Atteyndre had nev be made ne hadde, without any lyve suyng, of theym or of any pte of theym out of the handes of youre Highnes and of youre heires, by peticion lyve or any other wise after the course of youre lawes; and that the seid acte of Atteyndre made ayenst the seid late Erle of Lincoln concurring the pmysses to the seid Edmond or to other to his use lymyted assigned or appoynted as is aforseid, or to any pte of theym, be voide and of none effecte and be not in any wise pjudiciall nor hurtfull to the seid Edmond ner to his heires; And that all tres patentes made of the same pmysses or any part of theym to any psone sith the seid acte of Atteyndre, be from the date of the seid indentur voide and of none effecte.

And also that it be ordeyned establisshid and enacted by thauctorite aforseid, that youre Highnes shall have to you and youre heires the Manoris and Lordshippes of Westgrenewich the Manoris of Heylesden Drayton Tolthorp Bakton next Bromeholme with the annuyte of xx fi. the hundred of Shropham the Manoris of Hurtes Grymston Biklyng Ketylberston Dagworth Sorell Howes the Manoris of Garsyngton Fyefeld with the membris Long Wetyngham Biffeld Stratley the Manoir of Gassynthorp otherwise called the Netherhall in Gestynthorp Ravenesbury with all their app'tenaunces, the Manoir of Hatfeld Peverell Termyns the Manoir of Donyngton with the membris Serjanty of the Manoir of Southwold Dadyngton and Ascote with their appurtenaunces and all londes and tentes in Westgrenewich Haylysdon Drayton Tolthorp Bakton beside Bromeholme Hurtys Grymston Blykeling Ketylberston Dagworth Sorell Howes Garsyngton Fyefeld Long Wetyngham Birfeld Stratley Gestyngthorp op wise called the Netherhall in Gestyngthorp Ravenesbury Hatfeld Peverell Termyns Donyngton Saryainty Southwold Dadington and Ascote with thapp'tenaunces and thissues and prites of the same from the tyme of the decease of the seid Duke, without interupcion or cleyme of the seid Edmond or of his heires, or of any of the heires of the seid late Duke.

Confirmation of Feoffments for securing Payment of the said 5,000 l. to the King.

The Earl's House in London restored to him by the King.

The Title of Duke of Suffolk in the said Edmund shall cease, and he and his Heirs shall be only Earls of Suffolk,

Release to the said Edmund, of all Fines for Alienation, Primer Seisin, &c. of Estates vested in him.

He may enter on such Estates without suing Livery, &c.

Recited Act of Attainder, and Grants thereunder, declared void as to such Estates.

VI. Certain Manors,&c. vested in the King. VII.
Proviso for the
Jointure of the
Duchess.

VIII.
Proviso for the
Debts of the late

IX. Ratification of recited Feoffment as by former Feoffees.

X. Proviso for Rents, Customs, and Services.

XI. Proviso for Grants by the King.

XII. General Saving.

XIII. Saving for Rights of the Crown.

XIV. Proviso for Symon Digby, Esq.

XV. Proviso for Margaret Countess of Lincoln.

XVI. Proviso for Sir G. Talbot.

XVII. Proviso for Ol. St. John, Esq.

XVIII. Proviso for John Fligh.

XIX. Proviso for Sir Richard Pole.

PROVIDED always that this acte or any part therof, in any wise be not pjudiciall or hurtfull to Elizabeth Duchesse of Suff mother to youre seid subgette, of and for any of the seid Manoris londis and tentis in the seid acte specified or any pte of theym, which she hath or ought to have for her joyntour and Dower.

PROVIDED also that this acte or any thing conteyned in the same be not pjudiciall nor hurtfull to or for such astate as is made for the paymentis of the dettis of the seid late Duke of any Manoris londis and tentis above assigned to the seid Edmond.

And where in the seid indenture it is aggreed, that all suche psones as be feoffees in and of the seid Manoris londis and tentis put in feoffement to the seid Cardynall and to other as is aforeseid, shuld ratifie and conferme the astate of the seid Cardynall and other his cofeoffees in the same, Be it therfor by the seid auctorite ordeyned and established that the astate of the same Cardynall and other his cofeoffees, of and in the same Manoris londe and tentis, be as goode and effectuell as though the seid old feoffees if any suche be, had ratified and confermed the astate of the seid Cardynall and his cofeoffees therin.

PROVIDED alwey that this acte in any wise be not Pjudiciall nor hurtfull to any psone or psones ne to their heires, of or for any man rentis customs or svices which they have or clayme out of any of the pmysses, but that they and evy of they have possede and enjoie all such rentis customes and svices ayenst all other then the King, and ayenst hym rentis without any other svice to they and their heires or otherwise, according to their right and title in the same; this acte in any wise notwithstonding.

Provided also that all ires patentes of any the pmysses made by the Kyng to any psone and psones be to theym and evy of theym of like strength and effecte as if this acte had nev ben made ne had.

SAVYNG to evy psone or psones, other then youre seid Highnes and youre heires, and the seid Edmond and his heires, and the heires of the seid late Duke, and all psones havyng any thing of the pmysses to thuse of the seid Edmond and his heires, or of the heires of the seid late Duke, all their right title accion possession entre and intest which they have in the pmysses or in any pte of theym.

SAVYNG also to the Kyng and his heires, Kingis, such right title and infest as they ought to have in the pmysses, other then by reason of the seid atteyndre, Wardship of the seid Edmond pmer season of all the seid pmysses assigned to the seid Edmond after the deth of the seid Duke, and fynes for alienacions made of the same without licence and other pmysses in the seid indentur specified, as if the seid acte of atteyndre had nev be had ne made.

Also be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that all fres patentes made by oure Soveign Lord the King, to Symon Dygby Esquyer and to the heires males of his body comyng, of all Manoris Londes Tentes and all other Heredytamentes, be good and effectuell to the seid Symon and his heires, according to the estates in the same fres patentes specified; any Acte in this psent parliament to the conterie made or to be made notwithstonding. Savyng to evy psone or psones other then youre seid Highnes and your heires, and the seid Edmond and his heires, and the heires of the seid late Duke, & all psones havyng any thyng in any of the pmysses to thuse of the seid Edmond and his heires, or of the heires of the seid late Duke, all ther right title accion possession entre and interest whiche they have in the pmysses or in any parte of theym.

PROVIDED alwey that this Acte or any other acte made or to be made in this psent parliament extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull to Margrete Countesse of Lincoln, late the Wife of John, late Erle of Lincoln, nor to any other havyng any intest title right or possession to thuse of the seid Margarete of in and for any Manoris Lordshippes Londes Tentes Rentis Revicions svices and advousons with ther app'tenances, or of any of theym for the of lyf of the seid Margarete, and that she and any other so seased to heir use, be not excluded by this acte to have occupie possede and enjoye duryng her life all the pmysses and evy of theym, in like man and fourme as she or they or any of theym shuld or myght have doon if this acte or actis hadde never be hadde or made.

Provided alwey that this acte extend nat, ne be pjudiciall ne hurtfull to Gilbert Talbot Knyght and his heires males, of or for any graunte made by the King oure Soveign Lord by his tres patentes to the seid Gilbert and to the heires males of his body begoton, of the Manoir of Birfeld otherwise called Byrfeld Abbot, ne of the Avouson of the Churche of the same Manoir, ne of any appurtenaunces of the same in the Countie of Berk, ne of any thing in the same tres patentes conteyned; but that the same tres patentes and all thing? therein conteyned, be to the seid Gilbert and his heires males of his body begoten as gode effectuell and available as thogh this acte, ne any other acte made in this psent parliament had nev be had ne made.

Provided always that this pent acte no any other acte or actis made or to be made in this pent parliament, extend not no be in any wise pjudiciall or hurtfull unto Olyver Seynt John Esquyer his heires or assignes, to or for any gyfte or graunte made by our seid Soveign Lorde by his fres patentes or otherwise, unto the seid Olyvere, of the seid Manoris of Estgrenewiche Hatfeld Peverell and Turmyns with thapp tenaunces, no the Manour and Lordship of Depforde with thapp tenaunces in the Counte of Kent, no to any of theym, by what so ev name or names the same Olyver or the seid Manoris or Lordshippes or any of theym be named or called in the same, but that all fres patentes made by our seid Soveign Lord to the seid Olyver of any of the pmysses, stond and be gode to hym and his heires according to the tenour purporte entent and effecte of the same fres patentes and evy of theym, &c.

Provided alwey that this acte of restitucion resumpcion or adnullacion nor any thing conteyned in the same, nor none other acte or actis made or to be made in this psent Parliament extend not nor in any wise be hurtfull or pjudiciall unto John Fligh Yoman of the Kingis Robes, to his heires, to of or for any graunte or grauntes or tres patentes made by oure Sovaign Lord the King to the seid John and his heires, of any meses gardeyns lond or tentis with their apprenaunces within the Countie of Kent, or any of the pmysses late belonging to John late Erle of Lincoln; but that the same tres patentes graunte or grauntes be as good and as availlable to the seid John Fligh and to his heires, as thei weare or shuld have ben if this acte of restitucion resumpcion or adnullacion or any other acte or actis made or to be made in this psent parliament, had not be hadde or made.

Provided alweies that this acte or any other acte to be made in this psent parliament, extend not nor be pjudiciall to any grauntes or free patentes made by the Kyng oure Soveign Lord, to Sir Richard Pole Knyght in and of the Manoris of Fiffehede and Witenam with the Londe Tente and Rentis to the same belonging, with other their apprenaunces, beyng of late belonging to John therle of Lincoln; but that the same gounte made, be gode and effectuell, any Ordynaunces acte or statute made to the contorne notwithstonding.

Provided alway that this psent Acte of Restitucyon Resumpcion voiding or Adnullacion nor any thing contenued in the same, nor none other Acte or Actes made or to be made in this psent parliament, extend not nor in any wise be hurtfull or Pjudiciall to William Smyth, Page of the Kinge Robis, to of or for any graunte or grauntes or fres patentes made by the King oure Soveign Lorde to the seid William, of any Meses Londis or Tente with thapp'tenaunces in the Parissh of Seynt Austyns beside Paulis in the Citie of London, late belonging to John late Erle of Lincoln, but that the same fres patentes graunte or grauntes be as goode and as available to the seid William Smyth, as they weare or shuld have been if this Acte of Restitucion voiding or adnullacion, or any other Acte or Actis made or to be made in this psent parliament, had ne be had or made.

William Smyth.

CHAPTER XL.

P Comite Surr.

To the Right honorable and discrete Comons in this psent Parliament assembled.

UMBLY besechich youre honorable and discrete Wysedoms, Thomas Erle of Surr; That where oon Thomas Charles Squier was seised in his demeane as of fee, of the Manour of Ketilbergh otherwise called Ketilbarowe with thapp tenaunces, lx. meses vj C. acres of land xl. acres of medowe CC. acres of pasture xl. acres of Wood xl fi. rent and the rent of L. capons with thapp'tenaunces in Ketilbergh Eston Asshe Rendlesham Eyke Bromeswell Wandesdon Chiselford Buttleigh Boyton Towton Southbourne Testale Blaxhale Marleford Gleinham Swystlynge Craneford Perham and Framlyngham, and of the Advousons of the Churches of Ketilbergh and Eston with thapp'tenaunces in the Countie of Suff, and of the Manoir of Sysland with thapp'tenaunces and v C. acres of land xl. acres of medowe CCC. acres of pasture xx. acres of Woode and vj fi. xiij s. iiij d. of rent, with thapp tenaunces in Syslond Lodone Thurton Hardelee Chategrave Norton Thurneton Hekynham Mondam and Thwayte, and of thavouson of the Church of Thwayte with thapp tenaunces in the Countie of Norff; And so thereof seaseid, for goode and resonable recompences, bargeyned and sold the seid Manoris Londis and Tentes and other Pmysses to John Moubray late Duke of Norff, and for suertie and sure pfourmaunce wherof, the seid late Duke by thassent and pfite aggrement of the seid Thomas Charles, recoved the seid Manoris Londes and Tente and Pmysses ayenst the seid Thomas Charles, by force of which recovee the seid late Duke entred into the seid Manoris Londes and Tentes and other Pmysses and therof was seaseid in his demeane as of fee, by force of the recovers aforseid, and he so beyng therof seased, the seid Thomas Charles and Elizabeth his Wife, by fyne released and quyte claymed, fro theym and the heires of the seid Thomas, all the seid Manoris Londes and Tentes and other Pmysses with thapp'tenaunces to the seid late Duke and his heires for ev; And ov that the same Thomas Charles and Elizabeth nowe decessed, by the seid fyne graunted for theym and the heires of the seid Elizabeth, that they shuld waraunt to the seid Duke and his heires, the seid Manoris Londes and Tentes and other the Pmysses agenst George, Abbot of Westm and his successours for ev: And after that, the seid Duke died, after whose deth the seid Manoris Londis and Tentis and other the Imysses, descended to John Howard late Duke of Norff and to William Barkeley late Erle of Notyngham, as cousyns and heires to the seid late Duke, that is to say; the seid John Howard son of Margrete Doughter of Thomas fader of John fader of John fader of the seid John Moubray, and to the seid Erle of Notyngham, son of Anne, another of the Doughters of the scid Thomas fader of John fader of John fader of the seid John Moubray; by force wherof the seid John Howard late Duke of Norff and the seid William Erle of Notyngham, entred into the seid Manoris Londes and Tentes and other Pmysses amonge many other Manoris Londes and Tentes, and therof weare seaseid in their Demeane as of fee; and after that, ptycion was made betwene the seid John Howard and the seid Erle, of all thenheritaunces to theym as is aforeseid, descendid from the seid John Moubray late Duke of Norff; by which particion the seid Manoris Londis and Teñtis and other the Pmysses comprised in the seid recovees and fyne amonges other Castelles Manoris Londes and Tentes, were allotted to the purpartie and particion therof of the seid John Howard late Duke of Norff, by force wherof he entred into the same and therof was seised in his demeane as of fee; and after that died, after whos deth, the right of the seid Manoris Londe and Tefitis comprised in the seid recovers and fyne descended and ought to descend to Thomas Erle of Surī, as son and heire of the seid John Howard late Duke of Norff; And after that, in the parliament holden at Westin the vijth day of Novembr, in the first yere of the raign of oure Soveign Lord the King that nowe is, and by auctorite of the same parliament, the seid John Howard late Duke of Norff and the seid Thomas Erle of Surrey, for divs consideracions were atteynted of High Treason and therby forfeited to the King oure seid Soveign Lord all their enheritaunces, The seid Thomas Erle of Surrey so being atteynted and at that tyme in prisone in the Tower of London by the Kingis High comaundement, oon Edmond Clere and Elizabeth his Wife, on of the doughters and heires of the seid Thomas Charles, and Margye Marchall wedowe another of the doughters and heires of the seid Thomas Charles, by synystre and untrue surmyses, shewing that the seid Thomas Charles upon untrue surmyses made ayenst hym to King Edward the iiijth was put in prisone in the Tower of London, and that he myght not be suffred to depte from thense, to suche tyme as he for his delyvaunce out of prisone and savyng of his lyf in that behalfe, wold graunte and aggree to depte from the seid Manoris with thapp'tenaunces and to make and cause to be made, such astates and evydences and suffre such recovees therof for suertye of the seid late Duke as shuld be advysed by his Councell, and that by occasion therof the seid Thomas Charles suffred the seid recovers of the seid Manoris with thapp'tenaunces by the names of the seid Manoris Londes and Tentis, and other Pmysses sevally specified and comprised in the seid recovers and fyne, upon which untrue and feyned surmyse by the labour of the seid Edmond Clere and Elizabeth and Margye Marchall, it was ordeyned and enacted in the seid parliament holden in the seid first yere of oure seid Soveign Lord, that all the seid recoverees and juggementis had by the same and evy of theym, ayenst the seid Thomas Charles and his heires amonges other, shuld be utily voide, and that the same recovees and juggementis nor any of theym, nor any Knowlege yefte or graunte concurring the seid Manoris with thapp'tenaunces or any peell therof, nor any other thing made or done by the seid Thomas Charlys to the seid John Moubray late Duke of Norff nor to any other, by fyne recover relesse or otherwise, afore the tyme of the same acte, or any dieng seased by any psone of the same Manoris or any parcell therof sith the seid recovees hadde, shuld be in noo wise hurtfull nor Pjudiciall to the seid Edmond Elizabeth and Margy nor to the heires of the same Elizabeth and Margy nor any of theym, nor to any at any tyme feoffed to thuse of the same Thomas Charlys touchyng the same Manoris or any pcell therof, but shuld be agenst theym and evy of theym utterly voide and of noe force strength ne effecte, as in the same acte more pleynly apperith; where in trouth the seid Thomas Charles was new in prisone nor so compelled to suffree the seid recovees nor any other thing to do or cause Duress;

certain Estates:

his Conveyance thereof to John Mowbray Duke of Norfolk; Recovery;

and Fine by Charles and his Wife;

Warranty against the Abbot of Westminster.

Death of the said Duke, and Descent of the said Estates and others to John Howard Duke of Norfolk and W. Barkley E. of Partition of the them; whereby Charles's Estates became the said John Howard Duke of Norfolk. Descent thereof to his Son and Heir, Thomas Earl of Surrey ; Attainder in Parliament, I Hen. VII. of Earl for Treason. See Rot. Parl sub. an. t H. VII.]

The Earl being in Prison, Reversal by Act of the same Parliament, by the Co-heiresses of said Charles, of the Conveyance made by him to John Mowbray Duke of Norfolk, as obtained by Duress. [See Rot. Parl. 1 Hen. VII. nu. 25.]

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to be done by compulcion, but all that he suffred and did or caused to be done to the seid John Moubray late Duke, was of and

Ouster of the Earl from the said Estates by said last-recited Act.

The said Act repealed, and the Conveyance by Charlesto Mowbray Duke of Norfolk confirmed.

II. Savings for previous Rights of the Heirs of Charles; of E. Wyngfeld;

and of Elizabeth Duchess of Norfolk.

III. Acquittal for Mesne Profits.

IV.
Proviso for
Henry Winslowe,
as Grantee of
the King.

In performance of a Covenant in the Marriage of Thomas Lord Howard, Son and Heir of Thomas Earl of Surrey, with the Queen's Sister Anne;

An Annuity of £120. assured to the Earl for his Life out of the Fee-farm of Norwich, &c.

Contingencies whereon said Annuity shall cease. by the free will of the seid Thomas Charles, and for sufficient and resonable recompences in that behalfe to hym made; And so it ys, that all that notwithstanding, by occasion of the seid untrue and feyned surmyses, and by reason of the seid acte therupon had and made, wherunto the seid Erle at that tyme beyng in prisone having noo knowlech therof, myght not, nor thogh he had had knowlech tharof durst not, make any answere therto, the same Erle is excluded to have or enjoye the seid Manoris Londis Tentis or other pmysses comprised in the seid recoves and fyne or any parcell therof, contents to all ryght and gode conscience; In tendre consideracion wherof, the seid Erle besechith that it may be established ordeyned and enacted by auctoritie of this psent parliament, that the seid acte, and all other actis wherby the seid recoves and fyne be admulled and made voide, be fromhensforth revoked repelid voide and of no force ne effecte; And that the seid recoves and fyne and all other thyng done or caused to be done by the seid Thomas Charles, to the seid John Moubray late Duke of Norff, or any other to his use, be from hensfourth as gode and of like force and effecte to the seid Erle of Surrey and his heires as they shuld or myght have be if the seid acte therof made in the seid furste yere or any other actis to the content therof had nev be hadde nor made, And that the seid Erle may laufully entree into all the seid Manoris Londis Tentis and other pmysses comprised in the seid recoves & fyne and to have and enjoye the same to hym and to his heires; the seid acte in the first yere made, or any other acte to the contents therof made, or any dieng seased of any psone or psones sith the seid acte in the first yere made, or any other acte to the contents therof made, or any dieng seased of any psone or psones sith the seid acte in the first yere made, in any wise notwithstanding.

SAYING to the seid Edmond Elizabeth and Margy and their heires, all such right and title as they or any of theym hath or oweth to have in any of the pmissez, other then by the seid acte made in the seid first yere by this psent acte repeled and revoked; Savyng also to Elizabeth Wyngfeld wedowe and Sir John Wyngfeld Knyght, son of the same Elizabeth and to either of theym, and to their heires and to the heires of either of theym, and also to the heires of Sir John Wyngfeld Knyght late Husbond to the seid Elizabeth, all suche right title and intesse as they or any of theym or any other to their use or to thuse of any of theym, had or myght have had, in or to any of the pmysses before the vij day of Novembr in be first yere of oure Soveign Lordis raigne aforseid; And savyng also to Elizabeth Duchesse of Norff, all suche right title and interesse as the seid Duches or any other psone or psones to her use hath in any of the pmysses.

Provided always that noe prone nor prones be punysshed nor charged ne chargeable ayenst or to the King, the seid Erle or any other prone or prones, of or for any occupation or other demeaning or for taking of any pfite, of or in any of the seid Manoris Londes Tentes or Hereditamentes or any parte of theym, growen had or come after the seid vij day of Novembr the first yere of our seid Soveign Lord, unto the xx¹¹ day of Decembr nowe next ensuyng, but be theref clerely discharged.

Provided always that this acte of enhablement and restitucion of Thomas Erle of Surrey nor noe thing conteyned in the same, nor non other acte or actis in this pent parliament made or to be made, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto Henry Wynslowe or to his heires males of his body laufully begoton, to of or for any graunte or grauntes by the Kyng oure Soveign Lord by his tres patentes made unto the seid Henry and to the heires males of his body laufully begoten, by what name or namys the same Henry Wynslowe is called in the same, of any Castelles Manoris Londis Tentis Revercions Advousons Annuyties Offices fees or of any thing conteyned in the seid tres patentes, but that the same tres patentes be as goode and as available to the same Henry and to the heires malis of his body laufully begoten, and stand in the same vertue strength and effecte ayenst the seid Thomas Erle of Surrey and his heires, as they shuld have been if this acte of Restitucion or any other Acte in this pent parliament made or to be made, had not be had or made.

CHAPTER XLI.

P Comite Surr.

WHERE afore this tyme, it was covenaunted by Endenture made by thassent of oure Soveign Lord the King, between the excellent Princesse Elizabeth Quene of Englond and of Fraunce, and Thomas Erle of Surrey, for a mariage to be had and solempnised betwene Thomas Lord Howard son and heire apparant of the seid Erle, and Anne Suster to the seid Quene, which mariage is nowe had and solempnised, that the seid Erle amonges other thingis in the same endenture specified, shuld have for the of his life Cxx ti. yerely oute of Manoris Londes or Tentes or otherwise to be assigned to the same Erle; with a pviso in the same indenture, that if Elizabeth nowe Duches of Norff or the seid Anne nowe Wife to the same Thomas Lord Howard decesse, that then from pensfourth the seid annuities shuld cesse; Therfor at the desire of the seid Quene and Erle for thaccomplisshment therof, it is enacted establisshed and ordeyned by the King oure seid Soveign Lord, and by thassent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that the seid Erle shall have peeyve possede and enjoye to hym for the of his lyfe Cxx ti. yerly in fourme following; that is to sey, xx ti. yerely of the fee ferme of the Citie of Norwich, xl ti. yerely of thabbot and Covent of the Monasty of Bury Seynt Edmond in the Countie of Suff of their fee ferme of the Towne of Bury in the seid Countie, and xl fi. yerly of the fee ferme of the Towne of Ipeswhych in the seid Countie of Suff and xx fi. residue of the seid Cxx fi. yerly of the Maire and Burgeises of the Towne of Cambrigge in the Countie of Cantebrigge, as pcell of their fee ferme at the daies and tymes used and accustumed for the payment therof, any graunte or assignement made to the contrary notwithstandyng: And that due allowaunce yerely of the seid Cxx hi. in fourme aforseid be paied, be had and made from tyme to tyme during the lyfe of the seid Erle by the Tresorer and Barons of the Kyngis Eschequer by reason of this psent acte, without any Writte Warrant or other comaundement to be had or made in that behalfe. Provided alwey that if the seid Duchesse or Anne decesse, that from frothensfourth the intesse of the seid Erle in the seid fee fermes cesse, And if the seid Thomas Lord Howard decesse, and the seid Anne depteth from the seid Erle, that ymmediatly after her departur, the paymentis of the seid Cxx ii. to cesse and no ferther to contynue nor endure.

to be done by compulsion, but all that he

CHAPTER XLII.

D feoffamento fco p Comitem Surr.

THEREAS Thomas Erle of Surrey, by his Dede beryng date the xxt day of Octobr the xj. yere of the raign of oure Soveign Lord King Henry the vijth, and sealed with the seale of his armys, hath yeven and graunted unto the right myghty Prynce Henry Duke of Yorke Edward Duke of Bulk Richard Busshop of Dirham Thomas Marquis Dor's Edmond Erle of Suff George Erle of Shrowesbury Henry Erle of Essex Richard Gray Son and heire apparent of therle of Kente George Stanley Lorde Strawnge Sir Reynold Bray Knyght & Thomas Lovell Knyght, his Lordship and Manoir of Lopham wt thapptenaunces in the Countie of Norff, the Lordship and Manoir of Willyngton with thapp'tenaunces in the Countie of Bed, the Lordship and Manoir of Pyrtewell with thapp'tenaunces in the Countie of Essex, the Lordship and Manoir of Stoke by Chichestr with thapp'tenaunces in the Countie of Sussex, to have to theym and to their heires to thuse and behofe of the same Erle of Surrey all the while he liveth, and after his decesse to thuse of Thomas Lord Howard and Anne his Wife and the heires of the seid Thomas Lord Howarde; And whereas the same Erle of Surrey by the same dede hath graunted to the seid Henry Duke of Yorke and his other cofeoffees aforseid, that whereas Elizabeth Duches of Norff hath and holdeth for time of heir lyf of thenheritaunce of the seid Erle of Surrey, the Manoris and Lordshippes of Hanworth Litill Framlyngham Syseland Dykelburgh and the hundred of Landisshe with thapptenaunces in the Countie of Norff, the Lordship and Manoir of Erles Stooneham with thapprenaunces in the Countie of Suff, that the seid Manoris after the deth of the seid Duches shall remayne to the seid Henry Duke of Yorke Edward Duke of Bukyngham Richard Busshop of Durham Thomas Marquis Dor's Edmond Erle of Suff George Erle of Shrewesbury Henry Erle of Essex, Richard Gray, son and heire apparent of therle of Kent George Stanley Lorde Strawnge Sir Reynold Bray Knyght and Thomas Lovell Knyght, to theym and to their heires in fee to thuse and behofe of Thomas Lord Howard and Anne his Wif, for the of their lyfes, and after their decesse to thuse of the seid Thomas Erle of Surr and his heires, with a Clause of Warantise according to be seid dede; Be it therfor enacted ordeyned & stablisshed by thassent of the Lordis spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that the seid dede be unto the seid Henry Duke of Yorke Edward Duke of Buk Richard Busshop of Durham Thomas Marques Dors Edmond Erle of Suff George Erle of Shrewesbury Henry Erle of Essex Richard Gray son and heire apparent of therle of Kent George Stanley Lord Strawnge Sir Reynold Bray Knyght and Thomas Lovell Knyght and their heires, gode effectuell and available in all thingis after and according to the tenour fourme and effecte of the same dede; Albe it that no lyve ne season be delyved to theym neither to none of theym of the pmysses with thapprenaunces neither of any parte therof, nor none attournement had of the seid Elizabeth Duchesse of Norff tenaunt for time of her lyfe, neither of non other of the free tenauntes of the seid Manoris by force of be seid Dede feoffement and graunte nor otherwise, And that the seid Henry Duke of Yorke Edward Duke of Buk Richard Busshop of Durham Thomas Marquis Dors Edmond Erle of Suff George Erle of Shrewesbury Henry Erle of Essex Richard Gray son and heire apparent of Therle of Kent George Stanley Lord Strawnge Sir Reynold Bray Knyght and Thomas Lovell Knyght have and hold aswell the seid Manoris of Lopham with thapp'tenaunces in the Countie of Norff, the Lordship and Manoir of Willyngton with thapp tenances in the Countie of Bed, the Lordship and Manoir of Pyrtewell with the app'tenaunces in the Countie of Essex, the Lordship and Manour of Stoke by Chichestr with thapp'tenaunces in the Countie of Sussex, as the revercion of the Manoris of Hanworth Lytil Framlyngham Syseland Dykelburgh and the hundred of Landisshe with thapp tenaunces in the Countie of Norff, the Lordship and Manoir of Erles Stooneham with thapp tenaunces in the Countie of Suff, to theym and to their heires to thusez and behoffes aboveseid.

certain Estates Thomas Earl 20 Oct. 1 1 Hen. VII.

Estates after the Duchess of Norfolk, to other

Feoffment declared

And the Feoffees Estates to the Uses thereby

Provided alway that this acte ne any thing therin conteyned shall not extend, ne in any wise be pjudiciall to any psone or psones havyng any of the pmissez, by any graunte made by John late Duke of Norff somtyme husbonde of the seid Duchesse, or by the seid Duchesse or by the seid Erle; nor that this acte shall extende nor be Pjudiciall to or for any graunte by the seid late Duke Duchesse or Erle made to any psone or psones of any office to be exceised of or in any the pmisses, or of any fee rent or annuitie of or in the same, or goyng out therof or any pte prof.

II. Proviso for Grants Norfolk, &c.

PROVIDED also that this acte ner any article therin conteyned ne any other acte or actis made or to be made in this psent Parliament, be not in any wise pudiciall ner hurtfull to any estate right title interesse or possession which the seid Elizabeth Duchesse of Norff, or any other psone or psones to her use, hath or oueth to have in the forseid Manoire of Lopham with the appurtenaunces or any other of the pmysses, but that the same Duchesse have and enjoye the seid Manoir and all other pmysses and evy parte therof, according to such title and interesse as she or any other to her use or by her nowe hath or oweth to have in the same, the seid acte or any article therin conteyned, or any other acte or actis in this psent Parliament made or to be made in any wise notwithstanding, in as gode and available wise as the same Duchesse or any other to her use ought to have had if this acte had

III. Proviso for the Duchess of Norfolk's Right in the Manor of

SAVYNG to evy psone and psones, other then the seid Erle and his heires and feoffees to his use or behofe, all suche right title clayme possession entree and interest of in and to all the pmysses and edy parte therof as they have or shuld have had if this acte had nev be had ne made.

CHAPTER XLIIL

D feoffamento fco p Comitem Devoñ.

WHEREAS Edward Courteney Erle of Devonshire, by his dede bering date the iijde day of Novembr and sealed with his seale Feoffment of of armys, hath yeven and graunted to the right high and myghty Prince Henry Duke of Yorke Edward Duke of Buk Richard Busshop of Durham Thomas Marquis Dors Edmond Erle of Suff George Erle of Shrewesbury Henry Erle of Essex of Devonshire to Richard Grey son and heire apparent to therle of Kent George Stanley Lord Strawnge Sir Reynold Bray Knyght and Sir Thomas certain Uses, Lovell Knight, his Manoris and Lordshippes of Aylesbere Norton Dawny Bailesford Stutcombe Bokeland Tryll and Whitwell with 3 Nov. 11 H. VII. all other his londes and tenementis in Aylesbere Norton Dawny Bailesford Stutcombe Bokeland Tryll and Whitwell with ther app'tenances in the Countie of Devon, and his Manoris of Capland and Pyryton with all his other londes and tentes in Capeland

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and Pyryton with their apprenaunces in the Countie of Som's, And also hath yeven and graunted his Manoris of Colyton with the hundrede of Colyton Coliford and the Borough of Colyford the Manoir of Whitford and Mausbery and all other the Londes and tentes in Coliton Coliford Whitforde & Mousbery with their apprenaunces in the seid Countie of Dovon; To have and to hold to the seid Henry Duke of Yorke and to his Cofeoffees and their heires, to dyvs uses and intentes in a cedule to the same dede annexed which is this, that is to sey; that the seid Henry Duke of Yorke and his cofeoffees aforseid in the seid Dede named, shall stond and be seised of the seid Manor of Coliton and the hundred of Coliton Coliford the Burgh of Coliford Whitford and Mousbery, with all thoder londes and tentes in Coliton Coliford Whitford and Mousbery to thuse of the seid Edward Courteney Erle of Devon for the of his life wout empechment of Wast, the remayner of the same to thuse of William Courteney, son and heire apparent of the same Erle, and of Karyne Wif to the same William, and on of the Doughters of King Edward the iiijth and of his heires males of the same William lawfully begoten, And for defaute of suche issue to thuse of the heires males of the body of the seid Edward Erle of Devon, the revicion of the same to the Kyng oure Soveign Lord and to his heires for lacke of such issue to belong; Provided alway that all grauntes of usuell offices within the seid Manoris and hundredis by the seid Erle to be made and graunted during his life, with such fees as nowe be their used, shalbe and stand effectuell in such maner and fourme as the same Erle shall graunt and assigne the same, so that the seid Erle graunte noe gretter fees for thuse of the same offices, but such at this tyme be usuell; And also that all the Leases of evy peell of the londes and tentis aforseid peell of the seid Manoris and Hundrede as well by copy of Courte Rolles in the seid Erlis Courtis to be holden, as by writing to be made by the seid Erle, shalbe gode and effectuell to the psone and psones to whome any such leasses shalbe so made, if they will do their svyces accustumed and pay their rentis therupon to be reserved, after the decesse of the seid Erle, to the seid William and Karyne and heires Males of the seid William, so that the seid Erle upon his seid leasses to be made, do resve asmuch rentis and other duties as be nowe usuall to be paied; but if ther shall fortune a resonable consideracion or consideracions to be upon the making of the seid leasses for lessyng of the same, and of all the residue of the seid Manoris londes and tentes, the seid feoffees to stand therof seised to thuse of the seid William Courteney and Kalyne his Wife and of the heires males of the body of the seid William begoten, and for lacke of such issue to thuse of the heires males of the seid Edward? body begoten, and for lacke of such heires to thuse of the Kyng oure Soveign Lord and his heires for ev; Be it therfor enacted ordyned and stablisshed by the Lordis spuall and tempall and Comens in this psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that the same dede be to the seid Henry Duke of Yorke and other his Cofeoffees goode effectuell and available in all thingis, to such uses and ententes as in the seid Cedule is conteyned, after and according to the tenour fourme and effecte of the same dede and cedule; Albeit that noe lyve ne season be delyved to theym ne to noon of them of the pmysses with ther app'tenaunce, neither of no parte therof, nor non att'nement had of the free tenauntes, by force of the seid dede of feoffement nor otherwise; And that the seid Henry Duke of Yorke and the seid Cofeoffees, have and holde aswell the seid Manoris of Aylesbere Norton Dawny Bailesford Stutcombe Bokelond Tryll and Whitwell with apprenances in the Counties of Devon and Soms to theym and their heires, to thuses and behoves aboveseid; Savyng to evy psone and psones other then the seid Erle of Devon and his heires, such ryght title and intest as any of theym had or myght have had in the pmysses or any of theym if this acte had nev be hadde ne made.

Recited Feoffment declared valid without Livery of Seisin or Attornment, &c. and the Feoffees shall hold the said Estates accordingly.

General Saving.

CHAPTER XLIV.

P Comite Kyldare.

Attainder of Ger. Fitzgerard Earl of Kildare, in the Irish Parliament held at Drogheda, 10 Hen. VII.

Recited A& of Attainder, and all others, reversed.

The Earl restored to his Dignity and Ability of Inheritance;

and enabled to enter on his Estates, &c. as if no such Attainder had taken place.

IN moost humble wise shewith unto youre Highnes, youre true and feithfull subgett Gerard Fitz Gerard late Erle of Kyldare, in youre lond and Lordship of Irland, That where in the Parliament holden at Dradath in youre seid land and Lordship of Irland, the furst day of Decembr in the xth yere of youre moost noble raign and from the same day and place by dyvs progacions and adjornamentis contynued and adjorned to dyvs other daies and places, youre seid besecher amonge other psones was by auctorite of the same Parlyament convicted and atteynted of high treason, and also forfeyted unto youre Highnes, all Castelles Lordshipps Manoris londis and tentis as by the same more pleynly appereth; Please it therfor youre Highnes of youre haboundaunt gace and tedir pitie by thadvyse and assent of youre Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comons in this psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to orderne establissh and enacte that the forseid acte of Atteyndre and forfeiture made in the seid Parliament and evy acte of atteyndre or forfeiture had or made in any Parliament in youre seid lond or Lordship of Irland, ayenst youre seid besecher, by what so ev name or names he be named or called in the same acte or actis, be utterly voide and of no force ne effecte, and be in no wise pjudiciall or hurtfull unto hym ne his heires, ne to any feoffee or feoffees to his use or their heires; And that youre seid besecher be by the same auctorite enhabled and restored to his name estate dignite and peminence that he had or was of the first day of the seid Parliament, and also be restored and enhabled to enherite have hold possede and enjoye all Castelles Lordshippes Manoris Towneshippes Townes Honours londis tentis rentis revicions svices fermes Knyghtis fees advousons possessions & hereditamentis with thapp'tenaunces, in suche man fourme astate and condicion and in as ample and available wise as he shuld or myght have had or doon, if he had new been convicted ne atteynted, And that it be lawful to youre seid besecher and his heires and to all other psones that be or weare feoffees to his use and edy of theym, to entre into all Castellis Lordshippis Manoris Townes Touneshippes honours londes tentis revicions svices fee fermes Knyghtis fees advousons possessions and hereditamentis and evy pcell of theym with thappurtenaunces, forfeited to youre seid Highnes by the seid acte of Atteyndre, or by any Act of Parliament which come or ought to have comen to the handis of youre Highnes in any wise biforce or reason of the seid Atteyndre, or any acte or actis of Atteyndre or forfeiture, aswell upon the possession of you Soveign Lord as of any other psone or psones, and theym to have holde possede and enjoye in lyke mahl and fourme state and condicion and in as ample and available wise as they or any of theym shuld or myght have had or doon, if youre seid besecher had nev bee convicted ne atteynted of treason, ne any acte of atteyndre or forfeiture ayenst hym had or made, without sute therof or of any pcell therof out of youre seid Highnes handes, by peticion lyve or otherwise after the course of youre lawes.

Any Grants of such

And also that it be ordeyned establisshed and enacted by the seid auctorite that all patentes confirmacions and grauntes made to Estates by the King any psone or psones by youre Highnes or youre Deputie or Deputies of youre seid londe or Lordship of Irland, after the forseid Atteynder, of the same Castelles Manoris Lordshippes and other pmysses or any pcell of theym, be utily voide and of noe force strength ne effecte.

SAVYNG to evy of youre liege people and their heires and evy of theym, such accion right interest entre clayme and title, as they or any of theym had, in any of the forseid Castelles Manoris londis and tenementes and all other Pmissez or any peell of theym, as if this Acte of adnullacion or restitucion had nev he had ne made.

General Saving.

Provided always that no psone nor psones bee vexid trobled nor in noo wise charged, of or for thoccupacion of the seid Castelles Lordshippes Manoris londes tentes and other Pmysses or any of theym, nor for the takyng rescevyng or medelyng of or with the revenues issues and pfites of the same, frome the tyme of the seid Atteyndre, unto the fest of the purificacion of oure Lady nex cômyng.

mesne Profits.

PROVIDED also that this Acte extend not to any Castelles Lordshippes Manoris londes or tentis or any other hereditamentes which be or come into the Kingis handes, by reason of any Acte of resompcion made or had in the seid land of Irland.

Proviso for any A& of Resumption in Ireland.

PROVIDED alway that this acte of enhablement and restitucion of Gerard Fitz Gerard Erle of Kyldare, or any other acte made or to be made in this psent Parliament, extend not to any Manoris Lordshippes londes tentes revecions svices fermes fee fermes Knyghtis fees annuytees pencions porcions tythes oblacions obvencions advousons fraunchises libties possessions or hereditamentis spuall or tempall, at any tyme apperteynyng or belongyng to the Hospitall House or Priorye of Kylmaynan in Irland, or to thospitall of Seint John Jerlm in Irland, or to any other psone that after Jamys Kething shalbe Priour Sovayn or Govnour of the seid Hospitall House or Prioury of Kylmaynan, or of the seid Hospitall of Seynt John Jim in Irland, or to any of their successours, but be excepte and forprised oute of this psent acte and be not pjudiciall nor hurtfull to any of theym in any maner wise.

Proviso for the Hospital of Kilmaynan.

CHAPTER XLV.

P Prioratu de Kilmaynan.

THE King oure Soveign Lorde, havyng tendre zele and love unto the great Lord and Maister of Throdys, and to his notable religion, at the praier and humble supplicacion of John Kendall, Priour of Thospitall of Seynt John Ji'hm within this his Realme of England, on the behalfe of the seid great Lord and Maister of Throds made unto his Gace, notwithstanding that James Kethyng late Priour of thospitall of Seynt John Jim in Irland, or late Priour of the House or Priory of Kylmaynan in Irland, hath comytted and doon ayenst his Highnes great treasons and other offences, Wherfor by the lawe of this his Realme, the seid James Kething shuld forfeite to his Highnes all the Manoris Lordshippes londes tentes rentis revolons svices fermes fee fermes Knyghtis fees annuities pencions porcions tithes oblacions obvencions advousons fraunchises libties goodes and catalles, and all man possessions and hereditamentis spuall and tempall belonging to the seid Hospitall of Seynt John Jrim in Irland, or to the howse or priory of Kylmaynan in Irland, and according to the same is named in the bill of Atteyndre putte to the Comons in this psent Parliament; For theies causes and consideracions afore rehercid, his Highnes woll that it be ordeyned establisshed and enacted by auctorite of this Parliament, that the forseid Manoris Lordshippes londes tentes godes catail and all other the pmysses and evy part and parcell of theym belonging, in any man wise and condicion to the seid Hospitall of Kylmaynan in Irland, by what name so ev the seid Hospitall be called, be not forfeited to oure forseid Soveign Lord ne to his heires, ne that oure seid Soveign Lord ne his heires, have or shall have any title or intesse in theym or in any parte or pcell of theym, by reason of any acte of Atteyndre of the seid James Kething made or to be made in this psent Parliament, by what name or names he be called, but that the forseid Manoris Lordshipps londes tentis godes catail and other the Pmysses, be and contynue in the seid Hospitall of Seynt John Jerlm in Irland, and in the howse or Prioury of Kylmaynan in Irland, in the same man and fourme as they shuld have done if this acte of Atteyndre & forfeitur aforseid had nev ben had nor made.

On the Prayer St. John of Jerusalem in England, the the Priory of Ireland, shall not be forfeited by the Attainder of the Prior in this Treason. [See post, Cap. LXIV.]

CHAPTER XLVI.

D Custodia Vic Beaumont.

THERE in the Parliament holden at Westin, the ix. day of Novembr the iijde yere of the reigne of oure Soveign Lord the King, it was ordeyned established and enactid, for divs gode consideracions in the seid acte conteyned, that oure seid Soveign Lord or such as his Gace shuld depute, shuld have the rule disposicion and guyding of all the lyvelode and inherytaunce of William Viscount Beaumont, wherunto the seid Viscount was restored by an acte of Restitucion for hym made in the Parliament holden at Westin, the first yere of oure seid Soveign Lordis raigne, during the life of the seid Viscounte, and hat the seid Viscount by all the same tyme shuld have none auctorite to gyf ne graunte any parte of the same, to any psone withoute thassent and aggrement of oure seid Soveign Lord, or thassent and agrement of such as his Gece shuld depute, whiles the seid Viscount was in he keping of oure seid Soveign Lord, or of such as his Gace shuld depute, to have the rule of the seid lyvehode or enheritaunce; Which acte was not certayne undre that fourme the Kingis lycence shuld passe in that partie, ne hou the psone of the seid Viscount shuld be kepte ordred guyded and demeaned, but left at large, And therby myght folowe suche demeanure which weare not to the Kingis Honour ne to the worship of this land, considring he is a psone descended of the noble blode of this lande; Wherfor it be by auctorite of this psent Parliament ordeyned enacted and stablisshed, that the King oure Soveign Lord or such as he hath or shall depute and assigne, take and have the demeanyng rule kepyng and govnaunce during the lyf of the seid Viscounte, well of the Viscount's Person aswell of the psone of the seid Viscount, as of his seid lyvelode and enheritaunce to be applied aswell to his sustentacion and as his Estate vested exhebicion of the seid Viscount, as paymentis of his dettis and otherwise as shalbe thought to the Kyng oure Soveign Lord and to his Appointees: such as he hath or shall depute and assigne in that behalfe necessary and behovefull; And that the seid Viscount have none auctorite ne power, to geve graunte charge or aliene any part of his said lyvelode or inheritaunce during his seid life, without the Kingis licence therupon had undre his greate seale, and if any Alienacion gifte graunte or charge by hym hath ben made without the Presentation to

Recital of an A& 3 Hen. VII. granting to the King the Custody of the Estate of the Viscount Beaumont, an Ideot, restored to such Estate by an Act of 1 Hen. VII. [See Rot. Parl. 3 Hen. VII. nu. 6; 1 Hen. VII. nu. 7.]

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Benefices) or hereafter to be made by the said Viscount without Licence under the Great Seal.

II. Grants by the King as valid as upon Office found.

III. Proviso for Viscount Wells. Kingis licence undre his greate seale in that parte obteyned, sithen the seid acte made the seid iijde yere of his teigne, Excepte psentacions to Churches Chapelles & Chaunties, that then that alienacion gifte graunte or charge to stande and be utterly voide & of none effecte, excepte before excepte, And that no psone be hereafter vexed ne hurte by the seid Viscount his Executours ne any other psone claymyng to his use any parte of the seid lyvelode or inheritaunce, for any occupacion or intendeling by reasone of this acte, or sithen the seid acte made the seid iijde yere of the King oure Soveign Lordis raign.

And over this be it enacted and established by the seid auctorite, that all grauntes to be made by oure seid Soveign Lord by his tres patentes, of such possession title and intest as is to hym lymytted and assigned by this psent acte of the pmysses, or of any pte therof, be as gode and of the like force and effecte as if all the same title interest and possession were founde by due and laufull offices retourned and remaynyng of recorde in his Chauncery, and so had and don by the space of a moneth before any such graunte made.

PROVYDED alwey that this pent acte ne none other made or to be made in this pent Parliament, extend not ne in any wise be hurtfull ne pjudiciall unto John Viscount Vellys, to or for any gifte or graunte made unto hym by William Viscount Beaumont, by his tres patentes, of or for an annuytie of xxx^{ti} ii. by yere oute of Barton upon Humbre, ne to none office comprised in the seid tres, but that the same tres and evy thing therin conteyned be and abide in their full strength and effecte, and as available unto the seid Viscount Wellys as thogh this pent acte had never be made.

CHAPTER XLVII.

P Dño Dudley.

To the King oure Soveign Lord.

Grant of the King 12 March, I Hen. VII. to John Lord Dudley of certain Manors Attainder of Sir W. Berkeley in the Parliament of that Year ; [See Rot. Parl. sub an. 1 Hen. VII.] Attempt in this Parliament by Sir W. Berkley to reverse the said Attainders; Alledged former Grant of such forfeited Estates, to Jasper Duke of Bedford; But Possession by Lord Dudley and his Heir without any Claim by the said Duke of Bedford. Any such Grant to the said Duke of Bedford declared void. The Grant to the said Lord Dudley confirmed to Edw Lord Dudley his Grandson and Heir. Except as to Warranty.

II. General Saving of Rights; and of Rents, Services, and Customs.

IN moste humble wise besechith youre Highnes, your true and feithfull Subget Edward Dudley Knyght Lord Dudley; That where youre Highnes for the some of M1 marke paied to you Soveign Lord by John late Lord Dudley Grauntfadre to youre seid Suppliant whose heire he is, that is to sey, Son of Edmond, son of the same late Lord Dudley, by your tres patentes bering date the xijth day of March the first yere of youre moost noble raign, graunted to the same late Lord Dudley the Lordshippes and Manoris of Northfeld and Weley with their apprenaunces in the Countie of Worcetur, to be had to the same late Lord and to the heires males of his body comyng, as in the same tres patentes more pleynly apperith, the right of which Manoris and Lordshipps belonged to you Soveign Lord, by reason of the atteynder and forfeiture of Sir William Berkeley Knyght, the which by an Acte made in youre Parliament holden at Westin the vijth day of Novembr the first yere of your raign, was atteynted of High Treason: And it is soo most gracious Soveign Lord than the same Sir William Barkley laboreth nowe in this psent Parliament, to adnulle the same acte of atteyndre and to be restored to all such mathis lordshippes londes tentes and other hereditamentes as he forfeited to your Highnes by the seid acte, wherby if he so shuld be, the seid Manoris and Lordshippes shuld be taken fro youre seid suppliant notwithstanding the purchase therof by his seid Grauntfader in fourme aboveseid; And ov this Soveign Lord it is seid that youre Grace by other former fres patentes had graunted the seid manoris amonges many other thingis, to Jasper Duke of Bedford your Uncle, the which Manoris were not knowen to the seid late Lord Dudley to be copised in any fres patentes made to the same Duke, at the tyme of the making of the seid fres patentes to the seid late Lord Dudley, And by reason therof the same late Lord Dudley and youre seid Suppliant have contynually ben seised and taken the pfites therof fro the date of the seid fres patentes made to the seid late Lord Dudley, by vtue of the same graunte, hidirto without any ptence or clayme made therto by the seid Duke; Wherfor in consideracion of the Pmysses be it enacted ordeyned and establisshed by the Kyng oure Soveign Lord by thassent of the Lordis spuell and tempall and the Comons in this psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that the seid graunte made by you Soveign Lord to the seid Duke of Bedford as touching the seid Manoris of Northfeld and Weley oonely, be voide, and that the seid graunt of the seid Manoris or Lordshippes of Northfeld and Weley made by you Soveign Lord to the seid John late Lord Dudley and to his heires males of his body comyng, be goode effectuell and available in the Lawe to youre seid Suppliant, and to his heires males of the body of the said late Lord Dudley comyng, from the date of the same tres patentes after the tenour and prorte of the same; Excepte only that you Soveign Lord ne youre heires, be not bounden to warant the seid Manoris or any pcell therof by reason of any warantye comprised in the same fres patentes, any former fres patentes made by you Soveign Lord to the seid Jasper Duke of Bedford, of the seid Manoris or any peell therof, or any acte in this psent Parliament made or to be made of avoiding or adnulling of any Acte of atteyndre or forfeiture of the seid Sir William Berkeley Knyght, had ayenst the same Sir William in the seid Parliament holden the seid vijth day, or any acte of restytucion or restoryng of the same William Berkeley Knyght, or any psone or psones claymyng the pmysses or any peell therof to thuse and behofe of the same Sir William Berkeley Knyght, or any other acte in this psent Parliament made or to be made notwithstondyng.

SAYYNG to evy of the Kingis liege people and their heires, other then you Soveign Lord and youre heires, Henry Duke of Yorke and his heires, the seid Jasper Duke of Bedford and his heires, Sir William Berkeley Knyght and his heires, and such other psones and their heires that claymeth or ptendith any title to the pmysses or any pcell therof, by you Soveign Lord or theym or any of theym or to thuse of any of theym, such right title and intest as any of theym have in or to the pmysses or any pcell therof, or myght have had if this acte had nev ben hadde nor made; and savyng to you Soveign Lord and to youre heires, all rentis svices and customes of the seid Mahoris and of evy pcell therof, as be therof due and accustumed.

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CHAPTER XLVIII.

P Dño Souche & Seymour.

To the King oure Soveign Lord.

IN most humble wise besechith your Highnes, your true and feithfull subgiet and liegeman John Zouche Knyght Lord Zouche and Seymour; That where in the Parliament holden at Westm the vijth day of Novembr the first yere of youre moost noble raign, it was enacted established ordeyned demed and declared by auctorite of Parliament, that youre seid Oratour by the Name of John Lord Zouche, shuld stand and be convicted and atteynted of High treason dishabled and forjugged of all honour astate dignyte and Peminens & the names of the same, and forfeite to you Soveign Lord and to your heires all Castells Manoris Lordshippes Hundredis fraunchises libties privileges advousons noiacions Psentacions londis and tentis rentis revcions and svices, porcions annuites pencions rightis and all other hereditamentis godes catelles and dettis, wherof he or any other psone or psones to his use, was or were seised or possessed the xxjuday of August in the first yere of youre most noble raign or any tyme after, within this youre Realme of England Irland Wales or Caleis or in the Marches therof, in fee symple fee taill or for time of life or lyfes as more at large in the same acte amonges other may appere: Please in youre Highnes of your most habundant gace, for so much as youre seid Oratour sith the deth of King Richard iijde nev offended your Gace, but ev to the utemost of his power fro that tyme hiderto hath ben true and obedient to youre Highnes in his alligeaunce and in all other thingis that becometh to yor seid subgiet of dutie to do to you most drad and soveign liege Lord, and will do during his lyfe; That may pleas youre Highnes of youre moste especiall and abundant gace and blessed disposicion by the advyse and assent of the Lordis spuall and tempall and Comons in this psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that it be ordeyned establisshed and enacted, that the same acte of atteyndre and all othre actis of atteynder had ayenst youre seid Oratour in the seid Parliament, by what name or names he be called in the same, be voide of noe force ne effecte, and that youre Oratour be restored to his name dignite and Pemynence, and to all Castelles Maneris Lordshippes londis tentis rentis revolons svices advousons feires markettis warennes libties fraunchises viewis frankpleg hundredis and all other rightis and hereditamentis what so ev they be, in England Irland Wales Caleis and Marches of the same, wherof he or any other psone or psones were seised in his or their Demeane as of fee, fee taill gehall or speciall or any other astate what so ev it be, the seid xxj" day of August or any tyme sith, and to all othir manoris londes tentis rentes revolons svices rightis and hereditamentis what so ev they be, whiche have fallen descended comyn and growen, or shuld have fallen descended comyn or growen to youre seid Orator, if the seid acte of atteyndre had nev be made nor had; and that it be lefull to youre seid Oratour his heires and to his feoffees without any lyde or any other sute to be had out of youre handis or oute of youre Courte of Chauncery to entre into all and evy of the seid Lordshipps Manoris Londis and tentis and other Pmisses and evy pcell of theym, aswell upon the possession of you Soveign Lord, as upon the possession of any other psone or psones, any discent or any other cause sith the seid atteyndre had other than it be his owne dede notwithstandyng; Hou be it the same Castelles Manoris Lordshippes londes and tentis or any of the pmysses be holden of yor Highnes in Chief as of youre Crowne or otherwise, And that youre seid Oratour his heires and feoffees have hold and enjoye all the seid Castelles Manoris Londes and other pmissez to theym and to their heires, in like man and fourme and in as ample man, as if the seid acte of atteyndre had nev ben had nor made; and that all fres patentes made to any psone or psones of any of the seid Castellis Manoris londis or tentis or other pmysses made by you Soveign Lord, be voide and of noe force ne effecte; And that evy psone the which before the furst day of this psent Pliament hath taken any issues and pfites of any of the Pmyses, wherunto youre seid Oratour by this Psent acte is restored, be ayenst youre seid Oratour his heires and executours therof quyte and discharged. Savyng to evy of the Kyngis liege people such right title and intesse as they clayme in the same, other General Saving. theyn by reason of the seid atteyndre, or by any tres patentes made sith the seid atteyndre.

Also that it be ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that all fres patentes made by the Kyng oure Soveign Lord to Sir Reynold Bray Knyght, bering date the xxviijt day of Juyn the vijth yere of the raign, of his raigne, touching grauntes of libties fraunchises viewe of frauncipleg goodes catalles of felons fugitif outlawed convicte and dampned psones and of all other libties and fraunchises in all such manoris londes and tentis in the seid fres patentes specified, be goode and effectuell after the p'porte and effecte of the same fres patentes, the seid acte of restitucion notwithstanding.

PROVIDED alway that this acte of restitucion extend not nor be effectuall, to the feeferme and rentis of xvj fi. by yere going out of the Town of Briggewater in the Countie of Soms, ne to be Manz and Lordshipz of Heigrove Wyncaulton Northebarowe Southebarowe and Mersshe in be Parissh of Wyncaulton with the apprenaunce, nor to any Londe or tentis rentes revicions or svices or other heredytamentis with thapp'tenaunces, in Briggewater Northeborowe Southebarowe Heigrove Wyncaulton and Mersshe in the seid Countie of Soms, as long as Gyles Daubeney Knyght Lord Daubeney is on lyve, and aslonge as he hath or may have heires malis of his body comyng: And the King willeth and concentith it be enacted by the seid auctorite, and also his Highnes by thassent and advise of his lordis spuall and tempall and the Comons in this psent Pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, ordeyneth establisseth and enacteth, that the seid Gyles Daubeney Knyght Lord Daubeney entre have holde enjoie and possede, the seid feeferme and rent of xvj hi. by yere, goyng oute of the seid Toune of Briggewater in the seid Countie of Soms, and the Manoris and Lordshippes of Heygrove Wyncaulton Northebarowe Southebarowe and Mersshe in the seid Countie of Som's and in evy parte therof; and also all other londes and tentes rentis revicions svices and all other hereditamentis with their apprenaunses, in Briggewater Northebarowe Southebarowe Heygrove Wyncaulton and Mersshe in the Countie of Som's, which weare John Lord Zouche or any psone or psones to his use or behofe, the xxjii day of August next before the seid Acte of atteyndre or any tyme after, unto the making of the same acte of atteyndre, to hym and to his heires males of his body comyng, the seid acte of restitucion or any other acte or actis made or to be made to the conterie notwithstanding: And if the same Gyles Dawbeney Knight Lord Daubeney, die without heires male of his body comyng, that then the seid feeferme and rentis of xvj ti. by yere goyng oute of the seid Toun of Briggewater in the seid Countie of Son's, and the Manoris and Lordshippes of Heygrove Wyncaulton Northebarowe Southebarowe and Mersshe in the scid Counte of Sonis and evy parte therof, shall goo and remayne to the seid John Zouche Knyght and to his heires; To have and to hold the same by lyke wice and of suche psones in like mail and fourme and of like astate force and condicion, as they shuld do or have doon if the seid acte of atteindre had nev be had ne made.

Also be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that ymediatly after thestate of any psone or psones, that hath or holdeth any of the seid Manoris londis tente rentis revolons svices annuites or other hereditamentis, by reason of any fres patentes made by the King oure Soveign Lord, do ceasse be voide adnullid or detmyned, or if any such psone die without heire male of his body lawfully begoten, or if any of the said psones their heires or assignes do bargeyne sell or releasse or make astate of any of the seid Manoris londis and tentis and other pmysses in any of the seid fres patentes specified, to the seid John Zouche Knyght or to his heires, that ymediatly after the sessing advoiding adnullyng or delmynacion of any such estate or dieng without heire male of their bodies the Attainder.

Attainder of John Seymour, by an Act 1 Hen. VII. sub an. 1 Hen. VII.]

The said John Lord Zouche, &c. restored to his Dignityand Estates.

And may enter suing Livery, &c.

Grants thereout by the King declared void. Acquittal for mesne Profits.

Proviso for Sir Reynold Bray.

Proviso for a Fee-farm Rent from Bridgewater, &c. and certain
Manors, &c. during
the life of Lord
Dawbeney, and the
Heirs of his Body.

King's Grants shall the same as before

begoten as is aforseid, or ymediatly after any such bargeyn sale releasse or state so made, the same John Zouche Knyght Lord Zouche and his heires, shall have all the seid Marris londis tentis and other pmisses in evy such tres patentes specified, wherof pestate is or shalbe so cessid avoided adnulled or dermyned, or after the deth of any such psones without heire male of his body begoten, or wherof any such bargeyne sale relesse or state shalbe made, in lyke marrie & fourme and like estate, as if the seid acte of Atteyndre had new be had ne made, and as if no pviso in this Acte were had made nor specified.

V. Proviso for Sir Robert Cheyny. Provided alweies that this acte of Enhabelement and Restitucion of John Lord Zouche, nor nothing conteyned in the same, nor no other Acte or Acte in the psent parliament made or to be made, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto Sir Robt Cheyny Knyght or to the heires males of his body laufully begoten, to of or for any graunte or grauntis by the King oure Soveign Lord by his tres patentes made, unto the seid Sir Robt and to the heires males of his body lawfully begoten, by what name or names the same Sir Robt Cheyny is callid in the same, of any Castellis Manoris Landes Tentes Rentis Revoions Advousons Annuities Offices Fees or any other thing conteined in the seid tres patentes, but that the same tres patentes be as gode and as available to the same Sir Robt and to the heires males of his body laufully begoten, as they shuld have been if this Acte of Restitucion or any other Acte or Actis in this psent parliament made or to be made, had not be had or made.

VI. Proviso for Sir Thomas Lovell.

Provided alwey that this Acte of Enhablement and Restitucion of John Lord Zouche, nor note thing conteyned in the same, nor none other Acte or Actis in this psent parliament made or to be made, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto Sir Thomas Lovell Knyght and to the heires males of his body lawfully begoten, to of or for any graunte or grauntes by the King oure Soveign Lord by his tres patentes made unto the seid Sir Thomas Lovell, sole, or joyntly with eny other psone or psones and to the heires males of his or their bodyes laufully begoten, by what name or names the same Sir Thomas Lovell is, or they be called in the same, of any Castellis manoris landys tentis rentis revolons advousons annuities offices Knyghtis fees, or of any other thing conteyned in the seid tres patentes, but that the same tres patentes be as gode and available to the same Sir Thomas Lovell and to the heires males of the body of the seid Sir Thomas Lovell laufully begoten, as they shuld have been if this Acte of Restitucion or any other Acte in this psent parliament made or to be made, had not ben had or made.

VII. Proviso for Sir Robert Wylughby of Broke. Provided alwey that this Acte of Enhablement and Restitucion of John Lorde Zouche, ner nothing conteyned in the same, nor none other Acte or Actis in this psent parliament made or to be made, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto Robt Wylughby of Broke Knyght or to the heires males of his body laufully begoten, to of or for any graunte or grauntes by the King oure Soveign Lord by his tres patentes made, unto the seid Robt and to theires males of his body laufully begoten by what name or names the same Robt ys called in the same, of any Castellis Manoris londis tentis revicions advousons annuitees offices Knyghtis fees or of any other thing conteyned in the seid tres patentes, but that the same tres patentes be as gode and advailable to the seid Robt Wylughby and to theires masles of his body laufully begoten, and stand in the same vertue strength and effecte ayenst the seid John Lord Zouche and his heires, as they shuld have ben if this acte of restitucion or any other Acte in this psent parliament made or to be made had not ben or made.

VIII. Proviso for Sir W. Wilughby. PROVIDED alwey that this Acte of Enhablement and Restitucion of John Lord Zouche, nor nothing conteyned in the same, nor non other act or actis in this psent parliament made or to be made, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto William Wilughby Knyght, or to theires masles of his body laufully begoten, to of or for any graunte or grauntes by the King oure Soveign Lord by his fres patentes made unto the seid William, and to theires masles of his body laufully begoten, by what name or names the same William is called in the same, of any Castelles Manoris Londes Tentis Revicions Advousons Annuities offices Knightis fees or of any other thing conteyned in the seid fres patentes, but that the same fres patentes be as gode and advailable to the seid William and to theires masles of his (1) laufully begoten and stand in be same true strength and effecte agenst the seid John Lord Zouche and his heires, as they shuld have been if this Acte of Restitucion or eny other Acte in this psent parliament made or to be made hadde not been hadd or made.

IX. Proviso for Sir John Treffry. Provided alwey that this acte of Enhablement and restitucion of John Lord Zouche ner nothing conteyned in the same, nor none other acte or actes in this pent pliament made or to be made, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto Sir John Treffry Knight or to the heires masles of his body laufully begoten, of or for any graunte or grauntes by the Kinge our Soveign Lord by his tree patentes made, unto the seid John and to theires masles of his body laufully begoten, by what name or names the same John is callid in the same, of any Castels Maners landis tentis revicions advousons annuities offices Knightis fees or of any other thing conteyned in the seid free patentis, but that the same free patentes be as gode and availlable to the seid John Treffry and to theires masles of his body laufully begoten, and stand in the same vitue strength and effecte ayenst the seid Lord Zouche and his heires, as they shuld have been if this acte of Restitucion or any other Acte in this pent pliament made or to be made, had not been had or made.

Y. Proviso for the Viscount Wells.

Provided alwey that this Acte of Enhablement and Restitucion of John Lord Zouche, ner nothing contayned in the same, ner noo other acte or actes in this pent parliament made or to be made, extend not ner in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto John Vicount Wellys, or to theires males of his body laufully begoten, to of or for any graunte or grauntes by the King our Soveign Lord by his fres patentes made unto the seid John Vicounte Wellys, and to the heires males of his body laufully begoten, by what name or names the same John Vicounte Wellys is callid in the same, of any Castels Mans landis tentis revicions advousons annuities offices fees or of any opr thing conteyned in the seid fres patentis, but that the same fres patentes be as gode and available to the same John Vicounte Wellys and to theires males of his body laufully begoten, as they shuld have been if this acte of restitucion or any other acte in this pent pliament made or to be made, had not been hadde or made.

XI. Proviso for Sir John Cheyney. PROVIDED alweys that this acte of Enhablement and Restitucion of John Lord Zouche, ner nothing conteyned in the same, ner noe other acte or actis in this psent parliament made or to be made, extend not ner in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull, unto Sir John Cheyney Knight, or to theires males of his body laufully begoten, to of or for any graunte or grauntes by the Kinge our Soveign Lord by his tres patentes, made unto the seid Sir John Cheyney and to theires males of his body laufully begoten, by what name or names the same Sir John Cheyney is called in the same, of any Castels maners landes tentes rentis revicions avousons annuities offices fees or any other thing conteyned in the seid tres patentes, but that the same tres patentes be as gode and as availabled to the same Sir John and to theires males of his body laufully begoten, as they shuld have been if this acte of Restitucion or any other acte or actes in this psent pliament made or to be made, had not be hadde or made.

whose winds to show sound received grant 1 The Word ' body' appears to be wanting here. the grant gainers out with a state of the land

Provided always that this acte of enhablement and restitucion of John Lord Zouche nor any thinge conteyned in the same, or any other acte or actes in this pent pliament made or to be made, extend not, nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull unto Piers Eggecombe Knight, son and heire of Richard Eggecombe Knight decessed, and to theires males of the body of the seid Richard lawfully begoten or any of theym, to of or for any graunte or grauntes by the Kinge our Soveign Lord by his tres patentis made unto the seid Richard, and to theires males of his body laufully begoten, by what name or names the same Richard is callid in the same tres patentes, of any Castels manours landis tentis revicions advousons annuities offices Knightis fees or of any other thing in the seid tres patentes conteyned, but that the seid tres patentis be as gode and available to the seid Piers, and to theires males of the body of the seid Richard laufully begoten, as they shuld have been if this acte of restitucion or any other acte in this psent pliament made or to be made had not ben hadde or made.

XII. Proviso for Sir P. Eggecombe Son and Heir of Sir R. Eggecombe

Provided always that this Acte of enhablement and restitucion of John Lord Zouche, ner nothing conteyned in the same, nor noe other acte or actes in this pent pliament made or to be made, extend not ner in eny wise be hurtfull or pjudiciall unto Sir John Risley Knight, or to theires males of his body laufully begoten, to of or for any graunte or grauntes by the King our Soveign Lord by his tres patentes, made unto the seid Sir John and to theires males of his body laufully begoten, by what name or names the same Sir John is callid in the same, of any castels manoirs landes tentis revicions advousons annuities offices fees or any other thing conteyned in the seid tres patentes, but that the same tres patentes be as gode and as available to the same Sir John and to theires males of his body laufully begoten, as they shuld have been, if this acte of restitucion or any other acte or actes in this psent pliament made or to be made, had not be hadde or made.

XIII. Proviso for Sir John Risley.

Provided alwey that this acte of enhablement and restitucion of John Lord Zouche, ner nothing conteyned in the same, nor noe other acte or actis in this psent pliament made or to be made, extend not nor in any wise be hurtfull or pjudiciall unto John Savage Esquier, son and heire of Sir John Savage the younger Knight or to theires males of his body laufully begoten, to of or for any graunte or grauntes by pe Kinge our Soveign Lord by his fres patentes made unto the seid John Savage Knight, and to theires males of his body laufully begoten, by what name or names the seid Sir John is callid in the same, of any castels maners landes tentis rentis revicions advousons annuities offices fees or any other thyng conteyned in the seid fres patentis, but that this same fres patentes be as gode and as availlable to the seid John Savage Esquier son and heire of the seid John Savage the yonger Knight, and to the heires males of his body laufully begoten, as they shuld have been if this acte of restitucion or any other acte or actes in this psent pliament made or to be made, had not be hadde or made.

Proviso for John Savage, Esq. Son and Heir of Sir John Savage.

XIV.

PROVIDED alwey that this acte of enhablement and restitucion of John Lord Zouche, nor nothing conteyned in the same, nor none other acte or actes in this psent pliament made or to be made, extend not nor in any wise be pjudiciall or hurtfull, to unto David Philip Squier or to the heires males of his body laufully begoten, of or for any graunte or grauntes by the King our Soveign Lord by his tres patentes made unto the seid David and to the heires males of his body laufully begoten, by what name or names the same David is callid in the same, of any Castels Mans landes tentis revicions and svices or of any other thing conteyned in the seid tres patentes; but that the same tres patentes be as gode and availlable to the seid David Philip and to the heires males of his body laufully begoten, and stand in the same vue strength and effecte ayenst the seid John Lord Zouche and his heires, as they shuld have ben if the seid acte of restitucion or any other acte in this psent pliament made or to be made, had not ben hadde or made.

XV. Proviso for David Philip'.

CHAPTER XLIX.

P Rico Guldeford Milite.

THE Kinge oure Soveign Lorde for Eteyn consideracions him moeving, by thadvyce and assent of the Lordis spuall and tempall and Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, enacteth orderneth and establisheth, that all the Lordshippes Manoris landes tentis advousons possessions and hereditamentis, the whiche Sir Richard Guldeford Knight hath to his own use, or any other hath to thuse of the same Richard, of astate of inheritaunce of the nature and tenure of Gavelkynd in the Countie of Kent, bee from hensforth for evmore discharged and in no wise be of the nature of Gavelkynde ne deptad ne deptable amonges heires males, but be of the nature of other landes and tentis at the comen Lawe, descendable and discend to the heires att Comen Lawe for evmore, in suche man and fourme as if they were not ne had not been of the nature ne tenure of Gavelkynde.

The Estate of Sir R. Guldeford in Kent, shall be disgavelled and become descendible as at common Law.

CHAPTER L.

P Witto Berkley Mit.

To the Kinge oure Soveign Lord.

In the moost humble wise besechith your Highnes, your feithfull subgette and true liegeman William Barkeley late of Weley in the Countie of Worcestr Knight; That where by an acte of Attayndre made in your pliament holden att Westr the vijth day of Novembr in the first yere of your moost noble reign, it was enacted established ordeyned demed and declared amonges other thingis, that your seid suppliant amonges other for cteyn consideracions in the same conteyned, shuld stand and be convicte and atteynte of High treason, and forfeite to you Soveign Lord and to your heires all Castels Lordships Manoirs hundredes fraunchises libties prileges avousons noiacions psentacions landes tentis rentis svices revicions annuities porcions pencions rightes hereditamentis godes catalles and dettis, wherof he or any other to his use was seised and possessed the xxii day of August the forseid first yere or any tyme aftir, within the Realme of Englond Irland Wales or Caleis or in the Marches therof, in fee simple fee taille time of lyf or lyffes, as in the same acte more pleynly is conteyned: That it may please your Highnes of your especiall grace and blessid disposicion, by thadvyce and assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and Comons in this psent pliament assembled, and by auctorite of the same, to enacte ordeyn and establisshe, that the seid acte and all actis of atteyndre and forfeiture, made or had in the forseid pliament

Attainder of Sir W. Barkley by an Act 1 Hen. VII. [See Rot. Parl. sub an. 1 Hen. VII.]

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Recited A& repealed as to the said Sir W. Barkley.

holden the seid first yere, or in any other pliament sithen that tyme holden ayenst your seid suppliant or his heires, by what so ever name or names he be callid in the same, or to the hurt losse and disablyng or pjudice of your seid suppliant or of his heires, or any feoffe or feoffes to thuse of your seid suppliannt, or to thuse of any of his auncestres whos heire of blode he att tyme of making of the same acte or any tyme sith was, be uttirly voide adnulled repelled and of noe force ne effecte, And that the same actis ne any of theym be not in eny wise pjudiciall or hurtfull to your seid suppliannt ne to his heires, ne to any psone att any tyme feoffee to his use touching the pmisses or any pcell therof, but be ayenst theym and evy of theym uttirly voide; and that your seid suppliannt and his heires and all feoffees to his use, may have such avauntage in evy thing and be in as gode case and condicion in the Lawe, and entre have and enjoye the pmysses and evy parte therof, as if the seid acte or actes ne any of theym hadde nev ben hadde ne made.

Exception for Grants of the King, to Jasper Duke of Bedford, &c.

EXCEPT it be pvided and enacted by the seid auctorite, that all tres patentes made by your Highnes to that noble Prince Jasper Duke of Bedford your Uncle of the pmisses, therof be as gode and effectuell in the Lawe after tenure purportes of the same, as if this acte of adnullacion and restitucion had not been made ne hadde. And also that it be ordered by the seid auctorite that ymmediatly after the seid Duc of Bedford be ded without issue male of his body begoten, that the Kinge our Soveign Lord have and enjoye the of his lyfe, all Castells Manoirs Lordships londes tentes rentis revoions svices advousons Knightees fees libties fraunchises and all other hereditamentis that been comprised in the seid fres patentes to the seid Duc made, whiche by the seid acte of atteyndre were or be forfeited.

III. Grants by the King 21 Feb. 4 Hen.VII. of certain Estates to said Sir William declared void. Also be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that all fres patentes beryng date att Westin xxjt day of February the iiijth yere of the reign of the Kinge that nowe is, made by the King our Soveign Lord to the seid William Berkeley, of cteyn Manoirs landes and tentis in the same fres patentes specified, to be had to the seid William and to his heires ymmediatly after the deth of the seid Duc without heires male of his body begoten, be voide and of noe force ne effecte.

After the death of the Duke of Bedford without Heirs of his Body, and the Decease of the King, Sir William shall have the Estates specified in the said Grants.

And that it be ordered by the seid auctorite, that the seid Sir William and his heires and all feoffee and feoffees to their use, and their heires, ymmediatly after the deth of the seid Duc without heires males of his body begoten, and aftir the decesse of the King our Soveign Lord, have and enjoye all the seid Castels manoirs landis tentis and other hereditamentis by the seid Acte of atteyndre forfeited, and in the seid fres patentes specified, in like man and fourme and of like astate and condicion and to like use, as if the seid Acte of atteyndre nor any other acte made in eny other parliament sith the seid first yere of the reigne of the Kinge that nowe is holden, had nev be had ne made; and may laufully entre into the same aswell upon the possession of your heires Soveign Lord, and successours Kingis, as upon the possession of eny other psone, without any office therof to be sued or found or eny lyve therof to be had or sued oute of the handis of your heires or successours Kinges, by Petycion lyve ouster le mayn or otherwise.

V. Proviso for case of Conveyance of said Estates to Sir William, by the King and the Duke.

And that it be ordered by the seid auctorite that if the seid Duc of Bedford by thassent of the King undir his grete seale, or if the Kinge aftir the deth of the seid Duc without heires male of his body begoten, make astate of his or their intest of the pmysses or of any pte therof, to the seid William Barkeley and to his heires or to the heires of the same William and to their heires, that ymmediatly aftir the same astate therof so made, the same William and his heires may laufully entre and have the same maners landes and tentes wherof astate shalbe so made, in like man and fourme of like astate and condicion as if the seid acte of atteyndre had new be had nor made; And if this acte wherby the King shuld have the pmysses in fourme aforseid had new be had ne made.

VI. Proviso for Grant by the King to John Lord Dudley.

PROVIDED alwey that all fres patentes made by the King our Soveign Lord to John Dudley Knight late Lord Dudley, and to the heires males of his body comyng, of and for the Manoirs of Northfeld and Weley with their appurtenaunces in the Countie of Worce, be gode and effectuell. And that it be enacted by the seid auctorite, that Edward nowe Lord Dudley and the heires males of the body of the seid late Lord Dudley, have possede and enjoye the seid Manoirs with their appurtenaunces, according to the tenure and purport of the seid fres patentes, this acte of restitucion or adnullyng of the seid acte of atteyndre and forfeiture in any wise notwithstanding.

CHAPTER LI.

P Johe Shaa.

To the honorable and discrete Coens in this psent pliament assembled.

Recital of Will of Sir Edmund Shaa Mayor & Alderman of London.

IN full humble wise besechith and shewith unto youre grete Wisedoms, John Shaa, That where Sir Edmond Shaa Knight late Maire and Alderman of London nowe decessed, by his last Will among? other thingis willed and declared, that Julian his wife ymmediatly after his decesse shuld have and enjoye to her and to her assignes, all his Manoris landis and tentis rentis and svises with their appurtenaunces, whiche he then had purchaced within the Realme of Englond, without empechement of waste; She theryn doyng noe voluntarie waste ne destruccion, the same Manoris landes tentis revicions and svices with their appurtenaunces at that tyme, and tyme of his decesse stondyng in feoffees handes to his use, and that all his feoffees therof shuld suffre hir so to doo, and that they shuld be and abide feoffees therof to hir use and behofe during all hir lyfe, And that aftir her deceas, Hugh son of the seid Sir Edmond shuld have all the seid Manoris londes tentes rentis and svices with their appurtenauncis, undir this fourme, that is to sey; The Manoirs of Ardarn Hall and Horndon Hous to him and to his heires males of his body laufully begoten, And for lacke of suche issue male of his body laufully begoten, then the remaynder of the same two Manoirs with appurtenaunces to be to your seid Oratour and to the heires males of his body laufully begoten, and for lacke of suche issue male of his body laufully begoten, then the remaynder of the same two Maners to the right heires of the seid Sir Edmond for evmore, And that the seid Hugh shuld have all the other landes and tentis rentis and svices of the seid Sir Edmond whatsoes hat they then were with their appurtenaunces to hym and to his heires for evmore; And that the seid feoffees of the seid Sir Edmond aftir the decesse of his seid Wyfe, shuld make astates sufficient in the lawe of and in all his Manoirs londes tentes rentis revolons and svices aforseid with the appurtenauncis, when they shuld be resonably required therunto according to his entent above declared, and in none otherwise, ner in none other fourme, as in the same last Will redy to be shewed more pleynly apperith. And after that, the seid Sir Edmond decessed, after whos decesse the seid Juliane late his wife had and enjoyed to her and hir assignees, all the seid Manoirs landes tentis rentis and svices purtenaunces duryng hir lyfe; And all the seid feoffes of and in all the seid Mans landes tentis rentis and svices with thappurtenaunces, suffred hir so to doo, and the seid Hugh aftir the deth of the seid Sir Edmond, decessed without heire male of his

His Death, &c.

body begoten, And the seid Juliane aftir is also decessed, so that nowe the seid Manoirs of Ardarn Hall and Horndon Hous apperteign and of righte belonge to your seid Oratour, to have and to hold to him and to theires males of his body begoten, And for lacke of suche issue the remaynder therof to be to the right heires of the seid Sir Edmond; by reason wherof your seid Oratour sith the deces of the seid Juliane hath had and occupied and yette hath and occupieth the seid Manoirs of Ardarn Hall and Horndon Hous according to the last wille of the seid Sir Edmond; Nevthelesse so it is, that the evydences concurring the same Maners with thappurtenaunces & in especiall a Dede wherof astate was therof made to the seid feoffees, ben embeselled by meanes of ill disposed psones to your seid Oratour unknowen, So that your seid Oratour hath not ne can have knowlege of the names of the seid feoffes, that shuld execute and make a tate therof, according to the seid laste Wille of the seid Sir Edmond, and for lacke therof your seid Oratour can not have nor cause astate to be made to hym of the seid two Manoirs of Ardarn Hall and Horndon Hous with their appurtenaunces, according to the seid last wille of the seid Sir Edmond, whiche myght nereaftir cause great division and debate to be hadde betwene your seid Oratour and his heires males of his body, and theym that wold wrongfully clayme the same contrarye to the seid last wille of the seid Sir Edmond, which shuld be ayenst Right and Conscience; It may be therfore ordeyned stablisshed and enacted by your grete wisdoms, by thassent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and by auctorite of this psent pliament, that your seid Oratour may have holde and enjoye the seid Manoirs of Arndarn Hall and Horndon Hous with thappurtenaunces to him and to theires males of his body laufully begoten, according to the seid last wille of the seid Sir Edmond ageynst the seid feoffees and their heires and all other psones and their heires, havyng claymyng or ptendyng any thing therin or any pcell therof tyme of the decesse of the seid Sir Edmond, to thuse of the same Sir Edmond and of his heires, and also ayenst the heires of the same Sir Edmond and their heires.

Certain Estates devised by his Will have come to

The Deeds lost, so that Conveyance cannot be made to him by the Trustees under the Will.

The said John Shaa shall hold such Estates according to the said Will.

theym any of Title.

SAVYNG to the same heires of the same Sir Edmond and their heires, all suche right title and intest as they have in the same Manoirs for lacke of issue male of the body of the seid John laufully begoten as is afore reherced; and savyng also to they any other title that they maye clayme otherwise then by the seid Sir Edmond; and youre seid Oratour shall continually pray to God for your psperous astates.

CHAPTER LIL

P Decano Sči Pauli.

MOOST humbly besechith your Highnes, your humble suppliaunt William Worstley Clerk, Dean of the Cathedrall Churche of Poules in London; That where your seid Suppliant by due auctorite of your Lawes by his true confession upon due original before your Jugges of Oyer and deemyner by your moost high auctorite assigned, was atteynted of High Treason the xiiijth day of Novembr the xth yere of yor moost noble reign, and by the same execucion awarded, as it apperith pleynly of Recorde; And where moost drad Soveign Lord it pleased your Highnes of your moost habundaunt grace, by your moost gacious tres patentes undir your great seale, to prone your seid Suppliaunt of the same, as by your seid fres patentes of Record more pleynly it doth appere; It is so moost gracious Soveign Lord that your seid Suppliaunt, by reason of the same Atteyndre is disabled to have any accion auncetrell or any accion reall to him due or belongyng before the seid Atteyndre; Please it your Highnes of your moost habundaunt grace by thassent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to enacte ordeyn and establisshe that the seid William be restored in name and blode able and enhabled to sue all man of accions auncetrell and all accions reall, And that the same William, may entre into all the Manoirs landis tentis revicions possessions and hereditamentis whiche to him discended remayned or revted or hereaftir may or shall descend remayn or revte, And into all Manoris landes tentis revelons and svices wherof he was sole seised, or he with other psones were joyntly seised, or that he or any other psone or psones had or were seised of to his use, of any astate of enheritaunce att the tyme of the seid treason done or any tyme sithen, to entre and theym and eyy of theym have holde possede and enjoye in like fourme and in as ample and availlable wise, as he or they or any of theym shuld or myght have doon if he had nev comitted any treason, ne had ben atteynted of treason. And also that the seid William have possede and enjoye all the landes and tentis that he held solely or joyntly with other by copy of Courte Rolle or otherwise aftir the custome of any Mah, tyme of the seid treason comitted and doon or any tyme sith, and to entre into the same and theym and evy of theym to have holde possede and enjoye aftir the Custome of evy suche Manoir by the rentis Prices and customes to the Lordes of the same Manoirs therof due and belongyng, in as ample and availlable wise as he or they myght or shuld have doon if he had nev comitted any treason, ne had been atteynted of treason; And also that the seid William have and enjoye all the fermes and benefices that he or any other to his use had tyme of the seid treason doon or aftir; the seid Atteyndre notwithstanding.

Recital that
William Worstley
Dean of St. Paul's,
was attainted of
High Treason, on
his Confession;
but pardoned
by the King;
yet remains disabled
to sue real Actions;
the said William
Worstley restored,
and enabled to sue
real Actions, and

and also Copyhold Lands after the Custom of the Manors;

enter into and hold Lands, &c.

and all Farms and Benefices.

II. General Saving of Rights and Mesne Profits.

SAYYNG to evy psone and psones, other then the Kinge our Soveign Lord, all such right title and infest as they or any of theym have, or their Auncesto's or pdecessours had att the tyme of the seid treason comitted. Provided alwey that the seid William by this Acte shall not have ne take any avauntage of issues pffettis or revenues of eny Manoirs londes tentis free copy or custumary holde fermes or benefices, before the day of the date of the seid pdon, ne of any goodes or calles by him forfeited, by reason of the seid atteyndre.

Arninder of William Carloy by to Art v Ben-VII. [Sa Rit. Parl. subsect Hes.P.H.]

IN the moon lumble wise besechish your Highers, your feithfull subget and true liegemen George Catysby, son and heirs of blode of William Catisby Squier, That where by an order of atterprise made in your plantest holden at Weath the vije day of Movembre the first yets of your moons noble seign, it was enabled orderned and catablished another things, that the seid William Catysby amonges other for Greyn consideracions in the same after specified, shold etanle and be convicte and attern of High Treason and Sorfeit unto you Sofeign Lord all Catels Lordshifts Mah hundredle franchesses liberties privileges advousous nesseums penetrum tonies testes roots hive reviews notions and denies, where he can other to his one, was secred or possessed that xaj day of August the seid first year or any tyme aft, within the Rentree of england triand Waleis or Calvis or the Marches thereof, in the symple fee table or fine of lyf, as in the same afte more playing

CHAPTER LIII.

P Th Middelton.

To the King our Soveign Lord.

Attainder of Sir Rob. Middleton by an A& 1 H.VII. [See Rot. Parl. sub an. 1 Hen. VII.]

The said Act repealed as to the said Sir Robert and his Heirs, &c.

and T. Middleton, his Son and Heir, restored to his Estates forfeited by the said Attainder,

and may enter thereon without suing of Livery,&c.

but none shall be answerable for the mesne Profits.

II. General Saving.

Act to extend only to Hereditary Estates.

IN the mooste humble wise shewith unto your Highnes, your faithfull subget and true liegeman Thomas Middilton, son and heire unto Robt Middilton Knight late decessed; That where in the pliament holden att Westm the vijth day of Novembr the first yere of your moost noble reign, by thauctorite of the same pliament it was enacted stablisshed and ordeyned, that the seid Robt emongis other shuld stand and be convicted and atteynt of High Treason disabled and forjuged of all man of honour astate and dignite and pemynence, and the names of the same, and forfeite to you Soveign Lord and to your heires, all Castels Manoirs Lordships Hundredis Fraunches Libties Privileges Advousons Noiacions Psentacions landes and tentis svices revisions porcions annuitees pencions rightis hereditamentis goodees catallis and dettis wherof he or any other to his use were seased or possessed the xxu day of August in the seid first yere of your moost noble reign within the realme of Englond Irland Wales or Caleis or in the Marches therof in fee symple fee taill or time of lyf or lyves as by the same acte emonges other thinges more pleynly apperith: Please it therfore your Highnes of your moost noble and habundaunt gace; In Consideracion of the true and feithfull svice and aligeaunce that the seid Robt owed and dyde unto your Grace contynually from your moost victorius opteynyng agayns Richard, late in dede and not in right King of Englond, att all tymes during his lyf, and also of the true and feithfull svice whiche your Suppliant hath doon unto your Gace and dailly intendith to doo, and also for that he hath v. brethern and v. susters the eldest of the seid susters being undir the age of xv. yeres left unto his charges withouten any other socour, and also that the seid Robt was of small possessions of londes and tentis or other hereditamentis; By thadvyce and assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Coens in be you psent pliament assembled, and by the auctorite of the same, to enacte establish and ordeyne, that the seid Acte and evy thing conteyned in the same Acte, and all other Actes of Atteyndre and forfeiture made in the same pliament, or in any other parliament holdene in the tyme of you moost drede Soveign Lord, ayenst the seid Robt and his heires and their feoffe or feoffees to his or their use, of any of the forseid londes and tentis and other pmysses, be ayenst the seid Robt and his heires and their aforseid feoffe or feoffees and evy of theym, voide and adnulled and of none effecte, and that your seid suppliaunt and his heires have holde enhite and enjoye all Castels Mans Lordships londes tentis rentis svises fees advousons and all other hereditamentis, aswell forfeited by the seid Acte or Actes or any of theym, as all other whatsoever it be, in such man and fourme like astate and in as large and available wise as your seid Suppliaunt shuld or might have had or doon if the seid Acte or Actes made ayenst the seid Robt had never been had made ne ordeyned, and that the seid Acte ne Actes ne eny of theym, ne any fres patentis made sith the seid Acte or by reason or occasion of the same be not in eny wise hurtfull ne pjudiciall to your seid Suppliaunt ne to his heires ne to his aforseid feoffee or feoffes ne to eny of theym, touching the pmysses or any pcell therof, but be ayenst theym and evy theym and the heires of evy of theym utely voide; And that your seid suppliaunt and his heires, may have all maner suetis entres benefices claymes and avauntages in evy thing and be in as good case and condicion as if the seid Acte or Actes or any of theym had nev be made had ne ordeyned; and that the entre seison and possession of your seid Suppliaunt and his heires and of his aforseid feoffee or feoffes, as well upon your possession as upon the possession of eny other, into all the aforseid Castels Lordships Mans londes tentis evices fees advousons and all man of hereditamentis with thappurtenaunces and to evy pte therof, be good and laufull ferme and stable to your seid Suppliaunt and to his heires feoffe or feoffees to his use, without any other suete for the same or of any pcell therof to be had or made oute of your handys, by peticion lyve ouster le mayn or otherwise after the cours of your lawes, and of as grete strength force and effect in your lawes, as if your seid suppliaunt his feoffee or feoffes had the same Castels Lordships Mans londes tentis and other the pmysses in due fourme sued by petycion, or by due lyve or otherwise out of your handes according to your lawes, and if the seid Acte or Actes or any of theym had new be made; hou be it the same Castels Mans lordshippes londes tentis rentis with other Pmysses or any pcell therof, were or be holden of you or of eny of your noble pgenitours Kinges of England, in Chief or otherwise; and that noo man of psone the whiche that before the first day of this psent pliament, bath taken any issues or pfettis of any of the seid Castels Lordships londes tentis or other pmysses or any parcell therof, or therwith entmedlede to your use or by vertu of your fres patentes therof made, or otherwise by your Comaundement, be in any wise sued troubled or vexed for eny suche takyng of pfettis or intendlyng before the same day by your seid Suppliaunt his heires or executours, ne be any other to the use of theym, but be therof ayenst theym or evy of theym utily quite and discharged for ev.

SAVYNG to evy of your liege people and their heires, and the heires of evy of theym, suche accions right title and laufull invest as they or eny of theym had in eny of the aforseid Castels Mans lordships londes tentis and other pmysses or any peell therof, the tyme of the seid atteyndre or any tyme sith, other then by the meanes of any tres patentes made sith the seid actee or actes; And provided allweys that this psent acte of restitucion extend not to restore the seid Thomas Middilton to eny landes tentis or hereditamentis other then suche as his aforseid fader had of his owne inheritaunce or other to his use, and whiche come or were left unto his seid fadre by or from eny of the Auncesters of his seid fadre whos heire he in his lyf was, and your seid Subget shall ev pray to God for the longe continuance of your moost noble and roiall astate.

CHAPTER LIV.

P Georgio Catysby.

Attainder of William Catisby by an Act 1 Hen.VII. [See Rot. Parl. sub an. 1 Hen.VII.] In the moost humble wise besechith your Highnes, your feithfull subget and true liegeman George Catysby, son and heire of blode of William Catisby Squier, That where by an acte of atteyndre made in your pliament holden at Westm the vijth day of Novembre the first yere of your moost noble reign, it was enacted ordeyned and established amonges other thingis, that the seid William Catysby amonges other for cteyn consideracions in the same acte specified, shuld stande and be convicte and atteynt of High Treason and forfeit unto you Soveign Lord all Castels Lordships Man hundredis frauncheses liberties privileges advousons noiacions psentacions londes tentis rentis svices revicions porcions annuities pencions rightis hereditamentis goodes catalls and dettis, wherof he or eny other to his use, was seased or possessede the xxjth day of August the seid first yere or any tyme aft, within the Realme of England Irland Waleis or Caleis or in the Marches therof, in fee symple fee taile or time of lyf, as in the same acte more pleyply

is conteyned; Please it your Highnes of your especiall grace and blessid disposicion, by thadvyse and assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comons in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to enacte ordeyn and establissh, that the seid acte and all actes of atteyndre and forfeiture made in the forseid pliament holden the seid first yere of your reign, ayenst the seid William Catysby by what soed name he be called in the same, be as ayenst him and his heires oonly, utily voide adnulled repelled and of noo force ne effecte; and that the same ne any thing therin conteyned be any wise pjudiciall ne hurtfull to your seid suppliaunt, ne to his heires ne to eny psone or psones att eny tyme enfeoffed or seased in the pmysses or any pcell therof, to the use and behove of the seid William Catysby or your seid suppliaunt, but be ayenst theym and evy of theym utterly voide: And that your seid Suppliaunt and his heires and all the seid psone or psones enfeoffed or seased in the pmysses or any pcell therof, to the use and behove of the seid William Catysby or your seid suppliaunt and theire heires, have suche right and avauntage in evy thing and be in as good case and condicion in the lawe to entre have and enjoye all the pmysses and evy part therof, as if the seid acte or actes ne any of theym hadde nev ben hadde ne made, without any lyvey or other sute therof or any pcell therof out of your handes, or eny writte of diem clausit extremu or inquisicions or eny other sute or pcesse to be made or hadde in that behalf.

PROVIDED alwey that all fres patent? by your Highnes made to eny psone or psones of the pmysses or of any pt therof, nowe beyng in strength and force, or that were in strength and force the xijth day of Octobr last past, stonde and be goode and effectuell in the lawe after the tenures and pourtis of the same, as if this acte of adnullacion and restitucion had not been made ne hadde.

AND of this by the seid auctorite be it enacted ordeyned and establisshed, that if any of the seid psones to whom eny fres patentes be made of eny part of the pmysses or their heires or assignees, hereaftir in laufull wise enfeoffeffe your seid Suppliaunt or eny of his heires or eny other to his use in fee, or to him or any of theym make a state or relees of their right and title in or of any of the Castels Lordships Mands londes tentis or hereditamentis or any pt therof, wherunto the same psone soo making suche feoffement state or relees is entitled by the same fres patentes, or by meane of any of the same fres patentes, that then evy of the same fres patentes wherein the same Castels Lordships Maners londes tentis or hereditamentis wherof suche feoffement state or relees shall soo be made shalbe comprised, shall, touching all that of the whiche that feoffement state or relees shalbe soo made, be conly from the tyme of the making therof voide and of noo force ne effecte; And that noe fyne be made to you Soveign Lord ne to your heires for any suche feoffement state or relees, and that your seid suppliaunt and all Shirefs Eschetours and all other psones be discharged of all issues pfettis and revenues taken levied and preeyved of the pmysses, before this psent pliament.

And that it be enacted by the seid auctorite, that ymmediatly after the advoidance of evy or eny of the seid fres patentes, by meane of any feoffement state making or relees as is aboveseid, or determinations of the states comprised in the same or in any of theym, by deth without heires male or eny other wise, It be lefull to the seid George or to his heires, and to theym whiche were feoffes thereof to the use of the seid William Catysby or George the tyme of the atteyndre, to entre have and enjoye all that, that is comprysed in the same fres so voided or wherof the state or states shalbe so determined, in such maner and fourme as he or his heires or feoffees to his use shuld or myght have doon by reason of this acte of restitucion, if noo suche fres patentes hadde been made ne had; Except oonly for thissues pfettis and revenues therin in the meane tyme taken and pceyved, wherof he ne any other to his use shall in nowise take any pfette ne have any accion for the same.

AND of this be it enacted orderned and establisshed by the seid Auctorite, that John Bisshop of Elye Richard Emson and John Spenser, have holde and occupie from the fest of Seynt Michell tharchaungell last past unto thende and Ime of vij yeres then next following, as tenauntis for Ime of yeres, All suche Maners londes tentis revicions Prices advousons possessions and other Hereditamentis peell of the Pmysses nowe being in the Kinges handes or possession, and not graunted by him by his tres patentes to eny psone or psones, nowe being in their strength and force or that were in strength and force the xijith day of Octobr last past, or wherof nowe the King takith or owe to take the pfettis, or shuld or myght doo if true and laufull office were therof founden and reto'ned according to his right and title in the same, aftir the due cours of his lawes, And that the Kinge have and poeyve during his pleasure out of the same peells of the pmysses, from the fest of Seynt Michell tharchaungell last past, a rent and annuell some of an C fi. yerely to be paied to the Tresorer of his Chambre for the tyme being, or to suche other psone or psones as his Highnes shall assigne and depute in that ptie, at the fest of the Purificacion of our Lady Seynt Marie by thandes of the tenauntes fermours and ocupiours therof for the tyme beyng, the first payment therof to begyne att the fest of the Purificacion of our Lady Seynt Marie, whiche shall be in the yere of our Lord God a M'. CCCC lxxxxvj. And that the Kingis fres under his pryve seale or his signet testifieng the payment of the seid annuell some of Money and yerely rent, directed to the Tresorer and Barons of his Eschequier for the tyme being, be and shalbe sufficient discharge for the paiers and payment thereof att all tymes; And discharge also aswell for the seid Mahs londes tentis revelons svices advousons possessions and other Hereditamentis as for all the seid tenauntes fermours and occupiers of the same Shirefs and other the Kingis Officers for the tyme beyng, and for ceassing and dischargyng of all pcesses to be awarded and directed out of the seid Court for the King in that behalf, And that the seid Bisshop Richard and John have good and sure titles occupacion and intest in the pmysses duryng the seid time of vij yeres.

SAVYNG to evy psone and psones other then the King and his patentees and their heires males above reherced, and suche other as shall clayme by theym or of their possession, all suche right titles claymes entrees and accions as they or eny of theym have or myght have had in or to eny of the pmysses, as if this Acte had nev been hadde ner made.

The said A& annulled, as to the said W. Catisby and his Heirs;

and Geo. Catisby, his Son and Heir, restored to his Estates forfeited by the said Attainder, and may enter without suing Livery, &c.

II. Proviso for Grants by the King.

III.
Proviso for
Conveyance by the
Grantees to the said
Geo. Catisby;

without Fine to the King. Discharge for mesne Profits.

IV. Entry given to said Geo. Catisby under such Conveyances, &c. as before such Grants;

Except as to mesne Profits.

The Bishop of Ely, and others, shall hold all Lands now in the King's Hands, for Seven Years, to secure an Annuity of £100. for that Term, payable to the King.

VI. General Saving



CHAPTER LV.

P Simone Dygby Armigo.

Confirmation to Simon Digby of certain Grants to him by the King, out of the forfeited Estates of Lord Lovell and Sir Simon Montfort, as if Offices were duely found, &c. THE Kinge for dyvs consideracions his Highnes movyng, by thassent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and Coens in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, ordeyneth establisshith and enactith, that suche graunte or grauntes as he by his tres patentes shall make to Symon Digby Squier before the fest of Cristemas next comyng, and to his heires males of his body begoten, of an annuel rent of twenty markes yerely out of the Man of Bedale in the Countie of Yorke, whiche Man came or oweth to come to his handis by thattendre and forfeiture of Fraunces Viscount Lovell, And also that suche graunte or grauntes by his tres patentes as he shall make to the seid Symon and to his seid heires males of his body, of the Man of Colshil in the Countie of Warr, with thadvousons of Churches or Chapelles Knightis fees feires markettis and all other pfettis libties and comodites to the same Man belongyng, whiche maner of Colshill advousons Knightis fees and other the pmisses to the same Maner belongyng, came or oweth to come to the handes of the Kinge by atterndre and forfeiture of Symon Mountfort Knight, shall be as good effectuell and available to the seid Symon Digby aftir theffect of the seid tres patentes and evy of theym, as if the seid Maner and other the pmysses had be in the Kingis handes att the tyme of the seid graunte or grauntes by the same tres patentes, and as if offices had duely be had and founden of the same Man and other pmysses, and retourned in to the Chauncye and there remayned of record a moneth afore the same graunte or grauntes. Savyng to evy psone and psones other then the seid Viscount Lovell and his heires, and the seid Symon Mountford and his heires, all suche Right title entre and invest in the pmysses or eny of theym, as they or any of theym have or shuld have had, if this acte had nev be hadde ne made.

CHAPTER LVI.

P Rico Ratclyff.

To the King our Soveign Lord.

Attainder of Sir Ric. Ratcliff, by an Act 1 H.VII, [See Rot. Parl. sub an. 1 Hen. VII.]

Circumstances of the said Sir Richard as a younger Brother, &c.

The said Act repealed as to the said Sir Richard and his Heirs;

and Richard his Son and Heir enabled to take all Reversions, &c. by Inheritance.

Act not to extend to Lands given to Sir Richard by King Ric. III. nor to avoid Grants of the present King.

IN the moost humble wise sheweth unto your Highnes, your feithfull subget and true liegeman Richard Ratclyff, son and heire unto Richard Ratclyff Knight deceased; That where in the pliament holden at Westin the vij day of Novembr the first yere of your moost noble reign, by the auctorite of the same pliament it was enacted establisshed and ordeyned, that the seid Richard Ratclyff Knight emongis other shuld stand and be convicted and atteynt of High treason, and disabled and forjuged of alman of Honour astate and dignitee and Pemynence and the names of the same, and forfeit to you Soveign Lord and to your heires all Castels Mans Lordships hundred fraunches libties Pveleges advousons noiacions Psentacions londes tentis rentis vices porcions annuitees pencions rightis hereditamentis goodis catallis and dettis, whereof he or eny other to his use was seased or possessed the xxj day of August in the seid first yere of your moost noble reign, within the realme of Englond Irland Wales or Cales or in the Marches therof, in fee sympill fee taile or time of lyf or lyfes, as by the same acte emongis other thinges more pleynly apperith; Please it therfore your Highnes of your moost noble and habundant grace, In consideracion of the true and feithfull Price that your seid Suppliaunt intendith to doo unto your Highnes, And also that the seid Richard Ratclyf Knight was a yonger brother and had twoo elder brethern whiche be both lyffyng, and either of theym hath many childern, and sume of the same childer maried; and also that the seid Richard Ratclyff Knyght had noo landes by discent ne otherwise, except by the gyft of Richard late in dede and not in right Kinge of England, to the whiche the vere owners be now restored by dyvs actes made in the aforseid pliament holden the aforseid first Yere of your moost noble reign, By advice and assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this Psent pliament assembled and by the auctorite of the same, to enacte establissh and ordeyn that the seid acte of atteyndre and evy thing conteyned in the same acte, and all other actes of atteyndre and forfeiture made in the same pliament, holden in the tyme of you moost drade Soveign Lord ayenst the seid Richard Ratclyff Knight and his heires, be ayenst the seid Richard Ratclyff and his heires, and evy of theym voide and adnulled and of noon effecte; And that your seid Suppliaunt and his heires be inheritable unto the seid Richard Ratclyff Knight, and have holde enhite and enjoye all revicions remaynders and hereditamentis forfeited by the seid acte or actes or any of theym, in suche man and fourme lyke astate and in as large available wise as your seid Suppliaunt shuld or myght have had or doon, if the seid acte or actes made ayenst the seid Richard Ratclyff Knight, had nev been had made ne ordeyned; And that the seid acte ne actes ne eny of theym be not in any wise hurtfull ne pjudiciall to your seid Suppliaunt ne to his heires ne to eny of theym, but be ayenst theym and evy of theym and the heires of evy of theym utterly voide, and that your seid Suppliaunt and his heires may have all man suetis entres benefice claymes and avauntages in evy thing, And be in as good case and condicion, as if the seid acte or actes or eny of theym had nev been made hadde ne ordeyned.

PROVIDED alweys that this psent acte estend not to or for any of the aforseid londes and tentis whiche the seid Richard Ratclyff Knight had of the gyft of the forseid Richard late Kenge of Englande, ne to any Part therof, ne to undo eny yor tres patentes made unto eny psone or psones of eny landes tentis rentis or other hereditamentis, wherof the seid Richard Ratclyff Knight was seased the tyme of his deth, but that the seid tres patentes and evy of theym, be good and effectuell aftir the purport of the same; And your seid subget shall ev pay to God for the pservacion of your moost noble and roiall astate.

CHAPTER LVII.

P Clemente Skelton.

To the Kinge our Soveign Lord.

In the most humble wise besechith your Highnes, your true Subget Clement Skelton Gentilman, That where in your pliament Attainder of holden att Westm the ixth day of Novembr in the third yere of your moost gracious reign, It was enacted by auctorite of the an Act a Hen. seid pliament, that the seid Clement Skelton amonges other psones, shuld be reputed juged and taken as a traytour and convicte and atteent of High treason, and that all Honours Castels Lordshipps Mails Hundredis londes and tentis with their appurtenaunces advousons Knightis fees fermes remaynders revisions libties letes jurisdiccions fraunchises and other Hereditamentis goodes and catalles, whiche the seid Clement or any other to his use had or was possessed of, of any astate of enheritaunce the iiijth day of Juyn than last past, shuld be forfeited to your Highnes, to have and enjoye to your Grace and your heires for ev; Please it your Highnes of your moost habundant grace, by thadvyce and assent of the Lordes spuelx and temporalx and the Coens in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, considering that your seid Suppliaunt is as sorowfull and repentant as any creature may be of all that that he hath doon to the displeasure of your Highnes, contrary to the duetie of his aliegeaunce, And that he is and ev shall be psevantly your true liegeman and moost obeisaunt Subget, to ordeyn and establish that the seid Acte or Actes made in the seid pliament holden att Westm the seid ixth day of Novembr, yenst the seid Clement, by what name or names so ev he be named or called in the same Acte or Actes, be voide and of no force ne effect ayenst the seid Clement and his heires and his feoffees to his use, in or by reason of any of the pmysses; And that the same Clement and his heires have pursue possede enherite clayme and enjoye all Honours Castels Lordships Maners hundredis londes and tentis with their appurtenaunces advousons Knightes fees fermes remaynders revisions libties letis jurisdiccons fraunchises and other hereditamentis, goodes and catalles, in like man and fourme as he and his heires shuld have doon or have had, if the same acte or actes nev had be made ayenst the seid Clement, and the seid feoffees to his use, And that the same Acte or Actes in no wise be pjudiciall or hurt to the same Clement nor his heires, And that by the seid auctorite the same Clement and his heires have hold possed clayme and enjoye, all Castels Maners londes tentes and hereditamentis and other pmysses, whiche came to your handes or ought to have comen by reason of the seid Acte or Actes made ayenst the seid Clement and the seid feoffees to his use, and into theym to entre in like mah and fourme and of like astate and condicion have possede clayme and enjoye, as he shuld have had them if the same Acte or Actes had nev be made ayenst the seid Clement and the seid feoffees to his use, without suyng theym or any of theym out of your handes by peticion lyve or otherwise aftir the cours of your Lawes.

SAVYNG to evy of your liege people and their heires and evy of theym, suche accion right title and laufull intest as they or any of theym had the seid iiijih day of Juin, or any tyme sith, other then by the meane of your fres patentes made sith the same iiijih daie; And that all fres patentes made by your Highnes to eny psone or psones of eny of the mysses that came to your handes by reason of the same Acte or Actes made ayenst the seid Clement. be voide and of none effect from the first day of this be void.

And that it be orderned by the same auctorite, that noo psone nor psones that have afore the first day of this psent parliament and after the seid iiijth day of Juin, any issues or pfettis of any of the pmysses, or taken any of his goodes and catalles, be not enpeached nor chargeable to the seid Clement and his heires, ne to eny other feoffee or feoffees to the use of the seid Clement, by wey of accion or otherwise, And also the feoffees to the use of the same Clement oonly for of and in the pmysses whiche the same feoffes had to the use of the seid Clement the seid iiijth day or any tyme sith, and your seid Suppliaunt shall pay to God for the Pservacion of your moost noble and roiall astate.

CHAPTER LVIII.

P Hered Willi Waynsforde.

N the moost humble wise besechith your moost noble Grace, John Tychebourne, oon of the cosyns and heires of William Attainder of Weynsford late of London Esquier, that is to sey, son of Johanne oon of the Susters of the seid William, Thomas Lowth and Anne his Wife another of the Cosyns and heires of the seid William, that is to sey, doughter of Alice another of the Susters and heires of the same William; That where by an Acte of pliament made in the pliament of Edward the iiijth late Kinge of Englond, holden at Westfi the iiijth day of Novembr in the first yere of his reign, for the true and feithfull allegiaunce and svice the whiche the seid William owed and dede to the moost famous and blissid Prince Henry the sixt, late Kinge of England your Uncle Soveign Lord, It was ordeyned and declared, that the seid William Weynsford amonge other psones shuld stond and be convicted and atteynted of High treason, and forfeite to the seid Edward late Kinge and to his heires, all Castels Maths Landes Lordships tentis vices fees advousons hereditamentis and possessions with their appurtenaunces, whiche he had of Estate of enheritaunce or eny other to his use, hadde the iiij'h day of Marche then last past, or into the whiche the same William or any other psone or psones feoffees to his use or behof, hadde the same iiijth daye of Marche laufull cause of entre, within England Irland Wales or Cales or in the Marches therof oute of the libtie of the Bisshopriche of Durham, as in the same Acte more pleynly apperith: It may please your Highnes of your moost noble and habundant grace, in consideracion of the pmysses, by thadvyce and assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens of this your psent pliament assembled and by the auctorite of the same, to ordeyn establisshe and enacte, that the seid Acte and all Actes of Atteyndre and forfeiture made or hadde in the seid pliament or in any other pliament, holden in the tyme The said Act of the seid Edward late King ayenst the seid William Weynsford, be ayenst the same William his heires and evy of his feoffees to his use and to their heires, voide and adnulled and of noo force ne of effecte; And that the same William and his heires and the feoffes to his use and their heires, and the seid John Tychebourne and the heires of the same John and Thomas Lowth and Anne in hir right and the heires of the same Anne be restored and enhabled to enherite entre have holde and possede enjoye, all Lordships Man's londes tentis rentis revolons svices fees advousons and other possessions and hereditamentis, aswell forfeited by the seid Acte or Actes as all other what so ev they be, in suche maner and fourme and in as large and as available wise, as they or any of theym shuld or myght have had or doon, if the seid acte or actes of Atteyndre or forfeiture ne any of theym had new be had ne made, the same

declared void as to the said Skelton, and he restored to

General Saving except of Rights under the King's

Wm. Weynsford, by an Act 1 E.IV. [See Rot. Parl.

All Grants of such Estates by Kings Edw. IV. Ric. III. or Hen. VII. and all Inquests of Office, &c. thereof, declared void;

And also all Releases of the said W.Weynsford;

The Heirs of the said W. Weynsford may enter without suing of Livery, &c.

and without
accounting for
Issues or Profits,
&c. to the King.

Acquittal by the said Heirs of all mesne Profits.

II.
Act restrained to
Parties mentioned,
&c.

III. General Saving. Actes ne any of theym notwithstandyng; And that all fres patentes therof and any pcell therof made by the seid King Edward, or by Richard the iijde late in dede and not in right Kinge of Englande, or by your Highnes, And also all inquisicions and offices had or taken of the pmysses or any peell therof, sith the seid atteyndre and forfeiture, be utely voide and of noo force ne effecte; And that the seid acte ne actes ne any of theym ne any tres patentes hadde or made, ne any inquisicion possession ne office had or taken by reason or occasion of the pmysses or any of the pmysses, be not in any wise hurtfull ne pjudiciall to the seid William ne to his heires, ner to the seid John ne to the seid Thomas and Anne in the right of the seid Anne, ne to the heires of the same John and Anne ne any of theym, ne to eny att eny tyme feoffee or feoffes aforseid or any of theym touchyng the pmisses or any parcell therof, but be ayenst theym and evy of theym utily voide and of noo force ne effecte, And that noo relees feoffement or confirmacion made by the seid William of the pmysses or any peell therof aftir the forseid acte or actes of Atteyndre, being in povice mysery and wrechednes by reason of the same acte or actes, be not in eny wise hurtfull ne pjudiciall to the seid William ne to his heires, ner to the seid John ner to the seid Thomas and Anne in the right of the same Anne, but ayenst theym and evy of theym be utterly voide and of no force ne effecte, And that the seid John and the seid Thomas and Anne in the right of the same, and the heires of the same John and Anne, and all ohr psones att any tyme feoffes to the use of theym or any of theym, may have suche avauntage in evy thing touching the Pmysses, and be in as good case as if the seid acte or actes or any of theym had nev be hadde ne made, and the entre season and possession of theym into the forseid Lordships Mauers londes tentis revicions advousons and other pmysses and evy part thereof, be good laufull and effectuall to theym without any other sute of the same, or of any pcell therof to be made out of your handes Soveign Lord, by peticion lyve or otherwise aftir the cours of your Lawes, and of as grete strength force and effecte in your Lawes, as if your seid suppliauntes had the same Lordships Maners landes tentis revicions advousons and other pmysses in due fourme sued, by peticion or by due and laufull lyvey or otherwise oute of your handes, according to your lauees, and as if the same acte or actes ne any of theym had nev been hadde ne made, and as if it were duely content to you, of all that to you belongeth or shuld belonge in that behalf, hou be it the same Lordships Maners landes tentis revisions advousons and other the pmysses or any peell therof, were or be holden of you Soveign Lord or of any of your pgenitours Kinges of England, in chief or otherwise; And that neither the seid John Thomas and Anne ner any of theym ner the heires of the seid John and Anne, ner the seid Lordships Maners Londes and tentis ner other of the pmysses or any part therof, be in any wise charged or chargeable ayenst your Highnes, for any issues or pfettis of the same, or any pcell of the same, or of or for any issues amcymentis or other sumes of Money due to your seid Highnes, by any late tenaunt or tenauntes occupier or occupiers of the same, or of any pcell of the same, for any man cause afore the seid first daie of this Psent parliament, but be utterly therof ayenst your seid Highnes acquite and discharged for ev; And that noo man psone the whiche before the first day of this psent pliament, hath taken any issues or pfettis of the forseid Lordships Maners landes and tentis and other the pmysses or of eny parcell therof, or therwith intended to the use or by the comaundement of the seid Edward late King, or of Richard late in dede and not in right King of England the iijde, or by meane of any tres patentes made by either of theym or by you Soveign Lord to eny psone or psones, be in eny wise sued vexed or troubled for any suche taking of pfettes or intermedlyng after the same iiijth day of Marche, and before the first day of this your psent pliament, by your seid Suppliauntes ne any of the heires or executours of the seid William ne any of theym, ne by any other to the use of any of theym, but be therof ayenst theym and evy of theym utterly quyte and discharged.

PROVIDED alwey that no psone ne psones atteynted nor their heires, take have or enjoie any avauntage pfette or benefice by this psent acte, but oonly your seid Suppliauntes and their heires aforseid, and also the feoffes to the use of the seid William and his heires oonly, And for and in suche Castels Maners londes lordships tentis pvices fees advousons hereditamentis and possessions with their appurtenaunces, which the same feoffees only had to the use of the seid William and his heires the seid iiijth day of Marche or any tyme sithen.

SAVYNG to evy of your liege people, suche right title and intest as they or any of theym had in the pmysses or any peell therof, before the seid atteynders or eny tyme sith, other then by the seid acte or actes or tres patentes by reason therof made. And your seid Suppliauntes shall dailly pay to God for the pservacion of your roiall astate.

CHAPTER LIX.

P Johe Slyngesby.

To the Kinge our Soveign Lorde.

Recital of Outlawry of John Slyngesby, on Indictment for Treason in 4 Hen. VII;

And also on an Appeal of Murder in 2 Hen. VII;

IN the moost humble wise besechith your Highnes, your humble subget and true liegeman John Slyngesby the elder; That whereas afore cteyn your Justices and Comyssioners to enquere of High treasons and other causes assigned in the iiijith yere of your most noble reign at York, youre seid subget was indited of High treason for cteyn causes and consideracions afore your seid Justices, psented and retourned afore Your Highnes in your benche att Westin, upon whiche by pcesses made your seid subget is outlawed and an utlarie into him therupon pulged; And also gracious Soveign Lord so it is, that aboute the fest of Seynt Bartilmewe thappostle in the secund yere of your most noble reign by nyght tyme, oon John Walcheford then being a Seyntuarie man of Rypon, in the Company of other Sentuarie men of the same place, And of other myschevous and evyll disposed psones to the nombre of lx, intendyng burgularie and feloniously to have broken the hous of your seid Subget, and to have robbed murdred and killed hym, he then beyng in Goddes peas and yours Soveign Lord in his bed att Northscodeley, made assaute into your seid subget, shotyng arrowes and other griefis doing unto your seid subget, ayenst whiche myschevous and ill disposed psones beyng in their seid felonyous entent and purpos, your seid subget with his menyall svauntes to the nounbre of viij psones and no moo, God helpyng, made defence, shotyng arrowes att theym, and with an arrowe oute of the seid hous fortuned the seid John Walcheford to be streken, whereof he died, upon whiche oon Agnes that was the wyfe of the same John Walcheford hath sued appell agaynst oon John Slyngesby then the yonger Son of your seid subget as principall, And agaynst your seid Subget as accessarie, for the deth of the seid John Walcheford hir husbond, wherupon presse contynued till the seid John Slyngesby his yonger Son as principall was outlawed, and afore any outlarge was pmulged into your seid subget of or upon the same appell, the seid Agnes toke to husbond oon William Leke att Northallerton, wherby hir appell abated, nevpelesse presse contynued agaynst your seid subget, wherupon an utlagarie aftir that the same Agnes had taken the seid William Leke to Husbond, was into your seid subget pmulged, And for so muche as the same utlagarie is arronious, And also for that you gracious Soveign Lord of your espeiall gace have ploned you seid subget all treasons murders felonies and

other offences agaynst your peas doon or comytted by your seid subget, afore the xxij day of Novembr in the xth yere of your moost noble reign, That it woll please your Highnes of your more especiall grace and blissed dispocion, by the advyce and assent of your Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comens in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to ordeyn establish and enacte that the seid inditement of High treason and also the seid appell, and also all presses hadde made or sued or hereaftir to be sued, of or uppon the seid inditement of high treason att youre sute Soveign Lord, and of or upon the seid appell att the sute of the seid Agnes for the deth of the seid John Walcheford late hir husbond agaynst your seid subgette by what name soed he be called in the same inditement or appell, be voide and of no force strength nor effecte; and that all other inditementis psentimentis and inquisicions taken afore any of your Coroners of your Countie of York Justices of Peas Justices of gaole delyver within the Westrithing the Estrithing or the Northrithing of yor seid Countie, or within your Citie of Yorke, or afore any obr your Justices by your speciall Comyssion, assigned to enquere of for or upon all and evy treasons murders felonies or other offences agaynst your peas doon or comitted by your seid subget, by what name so he be callid, afore the xxiji day of Novembr in the xth yere of your moost noble reign, and all presses therupon had made or sued or hereaftir to be had made or sued at your sute Soveign Lord, be voide and of no force strength nor effect: And that all utlagaries into your seid subget by what name so he be named or callid, pmulged of or upon the seid inditement of high treason or of or upon the seid appell, or of or upon eny of the seid inditementis psentementis or inquisicions taken afore any Coroners or Justices as is afore reherced and evy of theym, be also voide and of noo force strength nor effecte; And that your seid subget forfeit not any man goodes catalles londes or tentis or other hereditamentis by reason of any suche utlagarie into him pulged of or upon eny the Pmysses, And that the seid inditement of high treason nor the seid appell nor any of the seid other inditementis psentementis or inquisicions, nor yet any utlagarie therupon or of any of theym into your seid subget pmulged, by what name or names soed your seid subget be in this or any of theym named, be hurtfull nor in any wise pjudiciall to your seid subget nor his heires, nor to any psone or psones att eny tyme feoffe or feoffes to his use, but be ayenst theym and evy of theym voide and of no force strength nor effecte.

AND by the same auctorite it may be ordeyned established and enacted, that your seid subget be inabled to have enjoye and possede all and evy his enheritaunces, aswell by him purchaced as to hym discended, or that hereaftir shall discend, aftir and by the deth of eny his Auncestres whereto he att eny tyme was or nowe is inheritable, in as large maner and fourme as though the seid utlagaries or eny of theym had nev be hadde pulged nor executed, And that your seid subget and his heires and all feoffee and feoffees to his use may have suche avauntage in evy thing and be in as gode condicion in the lawe, as if the seid utlagaries into your seid subget of or upon the pmysses or eny of theym pmulged, had nev be had nor pmulged, And as if the seid inditement of high treason nor appell nor the seid other inditementis psentmentis nor inquisicions had nev be inquired of psented had made or psued; and that this acte be as good effectuall and available in the lawe to your seid subget and his heires, as if the said utlagaries and evy of theym were revised by meane of errour aftir the due order of your Lawes, and as if your seid subget were arreyned and laufully acquite of the seid treason and murdres and felonies conteyned in the seid appell, and of thother felonies murdres and treasons in eny of the seid inditementis psentementis and inquisicions specified or conteyned, by verdict according to the due order of your seid lawes.

The King's Pardon to him of all Treasons, Murders, &c. committed before 22 Nov. 10 Hen. VII;

The said Indictment and Appeal against him declared void; as also all other Indictments and Inquisitions against him for Offences previous to said 22 Nov. 10 H.VII. as also all Outlawries thereon;

and no Forfeiture shall be incurred thereby;

No such Indictment, &c. shall prejudice him or his Heirs.

The said John Slyngesby enabled to inherit, &c.

as if Outlawries

CHAPTER LX.

P Hugone Mayne.

To the Kinge our Soveign Lord.

N full humble wise shewith unto your Highnes, your true subget and dailly Oratour Hugh Mayne, eldest son of John Mayne late of Abyngdon in the shire of Berk; That where the seid John Mayne in your pliament holden att Westm the xiijth day of the moneth of January the iiijth yere of your moost noble reign, and by longe tyme proged, It was inacted amonges other thingis, that the seid John shuld be atteynted of High treason, and by the same Acte it was enacted, that the same John Mayne shuld forfeit to your Highnes all his londes and tentis and other hereditamentis whiche he had of astate of fee symple fee taile in remayuder or in revision or otherwise, the first day of Decembr the seid iiijth yere of your reign, And so it is gracious Soveign Lord that the seid John Mayne in his lyf discontinued dyds londes and tentis whiche were intailed to him and to his Auncestres wherin your Highnes hath noon in lest by the seid acte, nor your seid subget can not sue for theym aftir the ordre of your lawes, bicause of the seid acte; Please it therfore your Highnes of your moost habundant grace, to establisshe and enacte by thassent of your Lordes spuall and tempall and the Comons in this psent pliament assembled, that the said Hugh Mayne be enabled to enherite as heire to the seid John Mayne all suche Londes and tentis and other hereditamentis whiche were entailed to the seid John Mayne or to eny of his Auncestres, afore the as Heir of said seid atteyndre, And that the seid Hugh also be enhabled to pursue for the recove of the same londes by fourme doon or otherwise, J. Mayne, and to suche Londes and tentis and other hereditamentis whiche were entailed to the seid John Mayne or to eny of his Auncestres, afore the And in the same to convey as heire to the seid John Mayne and other his Auncestres; And that he be also enhabled to pursue for the evydence concurring any suche Londes by accion of detynue or otherwise as he shuld have done if the seid Acte of atteyndre had not been made.

Attainder of John Mayne, by an Act 4 Hen. VII. [See Rot. Parl. 4 Hen. VII. nu. 38.]

Hugh Mayne enabled to inherit sue for Recovery of entailed Estates.

PROVIDED alway that this Psent acte of Parliament for our Soveign Lord the Kyng, nor noon op acte made or hereaftir in this Psent to be made, be not Pjudiciall in any wise ner hurtfull to David Phillip, Esquier for the Body of our Soveign Lord the Kyng, in David Phillip. any Office to hym graunted and gevyn in any of the Pmisses, or to any fees or annuities to the seid David graunted out of the premisses or any pcell of be same.

Vol. II.

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CHAPTER LXL

P Berwik & Carliol.

Importance of guarding the Towns and Castles of Berwick and Carlisle. second dispectate, by the advect and sevent of your Lorder

Approvers or Surveyors, to be appointed by the King, of the Castles, Manors, &c. late the Duke of York's, may remove the Farmers, Officers, &c. and appoint other Officers, and let the Farms;

Receivers to be appointed of the said Revenues, shall apply a certain Portion to the Officers of Berwick Castle,

Certain other Sums to be paid for the said Castle by the Collectors of the Customs at Newcastle; and at Hull; for which the Officers of the Castle shall account in the Exchequer;

Such sums, if applied to other Uses, not to be allowed to the Parties accounting.

II. General Saving.

III.
Proviso for
Emblements
of the Tenants.

Approvers or Surveyors to be in like Manner appointed by the King of the Castle and Manors of Penrith, &c. and a certain Portion thereof applied for keeping the Town and Castle of Carlisle.

V. General Saving.

VI. Proviso for Emblements.

VII. Proviso for Sir J Musgrave and T. Musgrave.

FOR ASMUCH as the King our Soveign Lord conceyvyth well, that the sure kepyng of the Townes and Castels of Berwyk and Carlell is a greate defence ageyn the Scottis, and a grete wele suertie and ease to all this Realme, and in especiall to the North parties of the same; Therfore for the good and sure keping of the seid Towenes and Castels, Be it enacte by the King our Soveign Lord by thadvyce of the Lordes spuell and tempall and the Comens of this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that such psone or psons as the Kingis Highnes shall appoynt to be apprower or approwers or Surveyer or Surveyers of the Castels Lordshippes and Man's of Shrefhuton Middilham Richemond Bernard otherwise called Bernardis Castell Cotyngham Sandall Hatfild Conysborough Wakefeld Raskell Sutton Elvyngton Esyngwold Huby Doncostre Hoton Panell and Chesterfeld with the membres and appurtenences of theym and evy of theym belonging, with all their Mahs Lordships landys and tentis whiche late were of the inhitaunce of Richard late Duke of York yn the Countie of York, the fisshyng tolle and ferme of the Towne and Marchies of Berwyke with thappurtenauncis, shall have full power and auctorite to discharge and put out all fermers and officers accomptauntis of evy pte or peell of any of the seid Lordships and evy of the premisses, whiche they or any of theym holdith for time of lift time of yeres or att wille, and to make nue Officers there, and also to lette and demyse fermes ther for the time of vij yere and undir; and suche psone or psones as our seid Soveign Lordis Highnes shall assigne to resseyve thissues and pfettis of the seid revenues yerely from the fest of Michelmas laste paste during his pleasure, to suche psone or psones as the Kingis Highnes will assigne to receive the wages and fees for the sauf keping of the seid Towne and Castell of Berwyk, shall pay and content the sume of xix C. viij ti. xiij s. iiij d. in the festis of Ester and Michelmesse, by evyn Porcions of the first revenues and pfettis of the seid Lordships and other pmysses aftir all ordinary charges deducte: and the Collectours of the Custome and subsidie in and of the Towne and Porte of Newe Castell upon Tyne for the tyme being, shall yerely from the fest of Mighelmas laste paste content and pay to the seid Officers of the Towne and Castell of Berwyk of the furst revenues of the custome and subsidie of the seid Porte, att the seid festis of Ester and Mighelmas by evyn porcions during the Kingis pleasure, the some of ij C. xxxv ti. aftir all ordinary Charges deducte; And the Collectors of the Custome and Subsidie of the Towne and Port of Hull for the tyme being, shall yerely fro the fest of Mighelmas laste paste content to the seid officers of be Towne & Castell of Berwyk of be first revenues of be custume & subsidie of the said porte at the be feste of Est & Mighelmas by even porcions be custume & subsidie of woll & wool fell, except during be pleasure of be Kynge Highnes, CC iiij xx ti. after all ordenary charges deducte: of all the whiche somes fermes issues and pfettis aforseid or for asmuche therof as the officers of the seid Towne and Castell aforseid shall therof receyve, the seid Officers of the seid Towne of Berwyk shall yerely make accompt afore the Barons of the Kingis Eschequier or afore suche auditours as the Kinge will assign, And if the seid receyvour of the said Manor of Shrefhuton or of any of the pmysses, or eny other fermour Bailly or officer of the same, make payment to any other use hereafter to any psone other then ordinary paymentis, savyng only to the seid Officers of Berwyk; and if the seid Collectour or Customer of the Custome and Subsidie of the Towne and Port of Newe Castell, afore the some of ij C. xxxv fi. be paid, And if the Collectours or Custom's for the tyme being hereaftir of the Towne and Port of Hull, afore the sume of CC. iiij == ti. be paide, make payment of eny of the issues and revenues of the seid Pmissed Townes and Portes, to eny other psone other then for their ordenary Charges, that the paier of any of the seid somes and of the fermes pfette issues and revenues of eny of the pmysses, have noon allowance therof, And yet the seid payment to stonde and be sufficient discharge for our Soveign Lord ayenst hym that shall so receyve it.

SAVENG to every of the Kingis liege people, suche righte title and laufull entest as they or eny of theym have in any of the pmysses, other then fermours and accountantis in likewise as if this acte hadde not byn made.

Also be it ordeigned by the seid auctorite that all fermours tenantis and occupiers of the pmysses and evy pte thereof, have suche Inblementis and Cornys as be sowyn theruppon, paying their resonable rentis and fermes for the same.

Also be it enacte by the same auctorite that suche psones or psones as the Kingis Highnes shall appoynt, to be apprower or approwers Surveyer or Surveyers of the Castell and Mans of Penrethe Soureby Quenshames Gamlesby the Forest of Inglewood and the pke of Plumton and of the Membres and Appurtenauncis of theym and evy of theym belongyng, shall have full power and auctorite to putte out all fermours and officers accomptant? of evy parte or pcell of any of the seid Lordships or evy of the pmysses, the whiche they or any of theym holdith for time of lyf time of yeres or att will, and to make newe officers there, and also to lete and demyse fermys there for the time of vij yere and undir; and suche psone or psones as our said Soveign Lorde Highnes shall assigne to receive the issues and pffettis of the seid revenues yerely, from the fest of Mighelmas laste paste during his pleasure, to suche psone or psones as his Highnes will assigne, to receive the Wages and fees for the sauf keping of the Castell and Towne of Carlell, shall pay and content the some of CCCvj marke in the festis of Ester and Mighelmas by evyn porcions, of the furst revenues and pfettis of the seid Castels and Mans of Penrethe and other the pmysses, aftir all ordynary charges of old tyme used deducte; of all the whiche sumes fermys issues and pfettis aforseid, or for asmuche therof as the Officers of the seid Towne and Castell of Carlell aforseid shall therof receyve, the seid Officers of the seid Towne and Castell of Carlell shall yerely make accounte afore the Barons of the Kingis Eschequier, or afore suche Auditours as the King will assigne, And if the seid receyvour of the seid Castell and Mah's of Penrethe or of any of the Imysses, or any other fermour Bailly or Officer of the same, make payment to any other use hereaftir to eny psone other then ordynary paymentis, savyng only to the seid officers of the seid Towne and Castell of Carlell, that the paier of eny of the seid somes of the fermes pfettis issues and revenues of eny of the Pmysses, have none allowaunce thereof, And yet the seid payment to stonde and be sufficient Discharge for our Soveign Lord ayenst him that shall so receyve it.

SAVENG to evy of the Kingis liege people suche right title and laufull intest as they or any of theym have in any of the Pmisses, other then fermours and officers accountantis, in likewise as if this acte had not been made.

Also be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that all fermours tenauntis and occupiers of the pmysses and evy pte therof have suche inblementis and cornys as be sowyn therupon, paying their resonable rentis and fermys for the same.

Provided always that this acte or any other Acte in this pliament made or to be made, be not in any wise pjudiciall or hurtfull to Sir John Musgrave Knyght, and Thomas Musgrave his soon or either of theym, for any graunt or grauntis heretofore made to theym or either of theym for the Custodie of the Castell called

Bewcastell within the Countie of Cumbr, the kepyng of Plumpton Parke within the same Countie, and an annuyte of xx ti. in Soreby in the forsaid Countie, but that the same graunt or grauntis be unto theym and either of theym advaillable good and effectuous, the seid acte or actes notwithstandyng.

Provided always that this acte noon other acte made or to be made in the same pliament, extend not ner be pjudiciall unto oure trusty and right welbeloved Knyght and Counseillour Sir William Tyler, of in or for any office or offices fee or fees ferme or fermes graunte or grauntes by us unto hym gevyng or graunted, by our fres patentes by whatsoed name he be called in the same, but that he may enjoye occupie and execise thaym and evy of theym, according to theffect and tenour of our seid patentis and grauntis, any acte or statute made to the contarye notwithstandyng.

Sir Wm. Tyler.

CHAPTER LXII.

Assignacio expens Hospicii Regis.

TEM, Where by an Acte in a parliament holdyn at Westin, the vij day of Novembr the first yere of the reign of the King our Recital of an Act Soveign Lord that nowe is, for dyvs consideracions in the seid acte specified, It was ordeyned and established, that all and sevall sumes of Money in the seid specified assigned lymyted and annoted shuld be yerely taken receyved and applied toward the payment and contentyng of thexpenses of the Kingis moost honorable Houshold, by assignementis sevally to be made by the Tresorer of England for the tyme being, to the Tresorer of the Kingis Houshold for the tyme being, of the Receyvours fermours occupiours Customs or Collectours of the Man's landis tentis customes subsidies and other thingis in the seid Ace expssed, whiche sume in all amounted to the sume of xiiij M1 ti. as in the seid Acte more pleynly is conteyned; and for as muche as dyvs and many of the seid somes of Money specified and lymyted in the seid acte, can not ne may in any wise be levyed hadde nor preyved to thentent aboveseid, as our seid Soveign Lord the King hath Eteynly conceyved and undirstanden, whiche sumes so wantyng his Grace doth do to be contented out of his Coffers: Wherfore and for other Consideracions his Highnes moving, our seid Soveign Lord the King willith and ordeyneth by be auctorite of this psent pliament, that the seid acte and all maters therin hadde comprised and specified, Recited Act stande and be from the first day of Octobr last past utily voide adnulled and of noo force nor effect; And to thentent that the repealed. Kinge pool liege people and true subjettis, may be truly contented and paied for their goodis and catallis taken and hereaftir to be taken, for thexpenses of his seid moost honorable houshold, and for the grete tendirnes and effeccion whiche his Grace berith to the relief and socour of his seid poul people in this behalf, willith ordeyneth and establissheth by the advyce and assent of the Lordis spuall and tempall and his seid Coens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same pliament, that all and sevall The several Sums sumes of Money hereaftir ensuyng in writyng specified lymyted and annoted, be yerely taken receyved and applied towardis the payment and contentyng of the seid expenses, and therof assigmentis sevally to be made by the Tresourer of England for the tyme being, in due and sufficient fourme att the receipt of the Kingis Eschequier, unto the Tresourer of the Kinge houshold for the tyme beyng, or unto the Cofferer of the seid Houshold for the tyme being, if noo suche Tresorer be, of the Receyvours Occupiours Customs or Collectours or other psones chargeable, of the Mans landis tentis customes subsidies and other thingis hereaftir Exchequer, to the following, That is to sey;

1 Hen. VII. nu. 31.]

Treasurer or Cofferer of the Household.

Furst of the genall Receyvour of the Duchie of Lancastr - M' M' CCCiij fi. xiiij s. v d. ob. Item of the Receyvours of the landis and tentis sumetyme the Erle of Salisbury landis and other, within the Shires and Counties of Warr Oxon Glouc Worcestr Herford Stafford Northampton Suth Wiltes Dors and other within the Realme of England - D CCCC fi. Item of the Subsidie of iij s. the Tonne and xij d. of the pounde in the Port of London, by the handis of the Collectours and Customers of the same for the tyme beyng - Mie Mie DCCClxxij ti. vj s. viij d. Item of the petie Custume in the seid Port of London by the handis of the Collectours and Customs of the same petie Custome for the tyme being - D xvj fi. xiij s. iiij d. Item of the Chief Buttler of England - Cti. Item of the fermour of Ulnage in the Citie of Coventr and Counties of Warr and Leycestr xxiij ti. iiij s. iiij d. Item of the fermour of Ulnage of the Counties of Norff Suff Essex Hertf Cant Hunt & at to some the in select brade R to seed and the self noon. Ity fi. iiij s. xj d.com Item of the Customes and Subsid in the Port of Suthampton, by the handys of the Collectours - Mie Mie Clavj fi. xiij s. iiij d. or Custumers for the tyme beyng Bristoll .- Item of the Custome and Subsidie in the Port of Bristowe by the Handis of the Collectours and Customers of the same for the tyme DC fi. Item of the fermour of the Subsid and Ulnage in the Countie of Bristolle xxvij fi. xiij s. iiij d. Item of the landis and tentis late the Duke of Buk, of the Receyvour Genall deputed by the King for the tyme being, of the Lordships in Holdernes D fi. in the Countie of Stafford CC fi. and in the Lordships of Brekenok CCC fi. Sm in all the hole Ebos .- Item of the Burgeses of the Toune of Scardeburgh of the fee fermes with the feferme of the Mah of Walgrave, by thandis of the Burgeses Shiref Bails or other occupiours for the tyme beyng Not.-Item of the fermour or occupiour of the Mah or Lordship of Edyngstowe with the ptinentis in the Countie of Not, by the thandis of the fermour Receyvour or other - xij fi. xiij s. iiij d. Item of the Burgeses of the Toune of Radford of be feferme of their Toune, by the handis of be Burgeses Baillif or other Item of the heires of William Eland of the Baillyship of the Honor of Pevell in the Counties of Not and Derby, by the handys of the fermour receyvour or other - ix ti. vj s. viij d.

No

Item of the heires of Hugh Nevile of the ferme of Arnall by the handis of 1p fermour receyvor or other occupiour Item of the Men of the Toune and Mañs of Derlington and Bagunhull of the fermes of the same Mañs by the handis of Men Bailly or other occupiour for the tyrne being lem of the Shirries of the Toune of Nergyahm for the fee ferme of the same lime of the fermour and occupiour of the Maß of Bulwell [1] to the Counties of Herford & Salop Item of the fermour of Unage in the Countie of Marche within the Counties of Herford & Salop Item of the fermour of Unage in the Countie of Wigorii, Herford & Salop Item of the fermour of Unage in the Countie of Marche within the Countie of the Citezian soil Wynchestur of the ferferme of the Towne by the hands of the Citezian soil Wynchestur of the ferferme of the Towne by the hands of the citezian soil Wynchestur of the ferme of the Hundred of Kottlegate Holford and Convent of Wynchestonehe of the fermor receyvor or op P Item of Thabbot and Convent of Gloucett of the ferme of the Maß of Burton and Amazirworth with the Kingis stemes there, by the handis of the basic of the same of the Countie of Glouc, by the handis of the same Abbot Item of the Davision and Saladi in the Ports of Excessi and Derrmouth, by the hands of the Counties of Gloucett of p' infermes there, by p' handed of the Collections and Custonis of the same of the Counties of Sould and Dur? Item of the Custone and Saladi in the Ports of Pole in the Countie of Down Item of the Custone and Saladi in the Ports of Pole in the Countie of Down Item of the Custone and Saladi in the Ports of Pole in the Countie of Down Item of the Custone and Saladi in the Ports of Pole in the Countie of Down Item of the Custone and Saladi in the Ports of Pole in the Countie of Down Item of the Custone and Saladi in the Ports of Pole in the Countie of Down Item of the Custone and Saladi in the Ports of Pole in the Countie of Down Item of the Custone and Saladi in the Ports of Pole in the Countie of Down Item of the Custone and Saladi		
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other C xxxiij ti. vj s. viij o		the Concess of the Con-
	other	C xxxiij ti. vj s. viij d.

Kanč-(continued.)		
Item of the Citezins of the Citie of Rochester of the fee ferme of the seid Citie, by the	lo. 6 C. A midt. lo slarese ad abare.	greenway this with
	xii fi.d belonguised up siftered	-Questo motorila ni
Item of Thabbot Priour and Convent of Seynt Austyns of Cantbury and their successours,	and on the Manufacture of the state of	
	info integrated in property of	The said Bussiew
of the ferme of vacacions of the seid Abbey, by the handis of the seid Abbot Por		
& Convent and their successours	xxxiij fi. vj s. viij d.	Transposterated that
Item of the Custome and Subsidie in the Port of Saundwich, by thandis of the Collectours		Received Getalahi
and Customers for the tyme beyng	lxvj ti. xiij s. iiij d.	
Item of the fermour of Ulnage in the Countie of Kent	xx ti. occupied Building best oderes	
London & MiddItem of the Citezins in London and Countie of Midd, by thandis of the		.11
	CC lx fi.	Pendty on paying
Item of the fermes or issues of the Man or Lordship of Kenyngton otherwise called	the said to Aus to instructe out of	net gons bassons
		haveing PA
Coldkenyngton with the ptinentis in the Countie of Midd, by thandis of the fermour	being ad of min vd monde been	3
Receyvour or other occupiour for the tyme	xx fi.	
Item of the Meyre and Collate of the Citie of London of the fee ferme Ripe Regine of	omyrace, before the somes above	
London, by the handis of the Maire Shirefs Citezins and other for the tyme beyng -	I fi. to have her between as	
Item of the fermour of Ulnage in the Citie of London	xxvj fi. xiij s. iiij d.	Martin Martin Martin
Essex.—Item of the Men of Colchestur of the ferme of the Towne, by the handis of men	apparatuants for the Kingle Ha	this A.G.
baillif or other for the tyme being	xxxv fi.	
Item of the Citezins of the Citie of Norwich aswell of the fee fermes of their Towne as		angum piga ann
of rentis augmented by the Citezins Shirefs Bailes or other occupiours there, for the	as yet be not content as paird, as	former Adt.
	CE discount	mu
old od to tyme being the relative teach seath with the Lawrends shrafter of ad to Se		Libraritha sone
SuffItem of the Burgeses of Gippwiche of the ferme of their Towne by thandis of be	has were od method blodeneth	to the President
Burgeses Baillif or oh		deliver Tellica
BuxItem of the fermers or occupiours of the Lordship and landis of Creslo in the Countie		Officers way retain.
of Buk for the tyme being	the empson and ely oli xxx	their Pela
Oxon, &c Item of the fermour of Ulnage in the Counties of Oxon and Berk	xxvij ti. v s. viij d.	Property and Title
Item of Thabbot and Convent of Oseney of the half ij Watir Milnes undir the Castell of		against MC rinters.
Oxoñ with the Mede called the Kingis Mede and half the fysshing of the Watir		1
called Temise, by thandis of the same Abbot and Convent for the tyme being	Sawing to all and evy suche	String for certain
	holden art Westin the vije day t	Patentage.
Item of the ferme and issues of the Mans of Wodstok Hanburgh Wotton & Stonefeld		
of the Hundr of Wotton with the ptinentis in the Countie of Oxon, by thandis of the	observation of the state of the	
the state of the s	xl fi.	
Item of the heires of Thomas Langley of the Censu of the forest of Cornbury, by the	the british And Contraction and to state on	
handis of the fermour Receyvour or other	vij fi. jedi vewie sacryon i	Daniel Co.
NorhtItem of the fermour of Ulnage in the Countie of Northampton	xiij fi. vjs. viijd.	
Item of the ferme rent due at Castelward of Northampton of the fee of Chokis in the	by was or otherwise, of such la	
Counties of Northhampton, Bedford Bux Lincoln & Leicest' by thande of fermo'		19
	xj fi.	Province for the
Item of the ferme of all Afftis wastis purpresture and minutez of the peelles of the forest	Some places in the state of the same, as	Juiges, &c.
within the Kingis forest between Stamford Briggis and Oxon, by thandis of the	theym or any of them for their fo	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	as they shall have lad ye the	
fermour receyvour or obroccupiour	lij ti.	
Item of the ferme of the hbage & pannage of Brigstok aswell in the Kingis pke as in the	Party to be the the set	
out woode called Brigstok baile, by thandis of the fermour receyvour baillif or other	he speciality design Edout	George Berlant
occupiour	viij ti. vj s. viij d.	
Item of the heires of Eustace of Burneby and Mold his wyf of the ferme of a Mese xvj yerdis		
lande xvj acres of medowe & xix s. rent in Watford, by thandis of be fermour receyvour	as a local about an animomoral	
other afte in baillif or ohr	xx fi.	
Item of the Burgeses of the Towne of Northampton of the ferme of their Towne, by	man to something writing some har sanda	
	xxx fi.	A Proposition
Item of the heires of Simon the son of Robt Daventri of the ferme of the Manour of	standill or this the from the Grant	AUGUST TOTAL
	xv fi.	
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Item of the ferme or issues of the Manour of Gedyngton with the ptin, by thandis of the	sided of the dynamic line for	
fermour receyvour or other	xxiij ti. w avyadr to we but	
Item of the heires of William Latemer of the ferme of the Manour of Corby, by thandis	or any thing conteyned in the s	
of the fermour Baillif or other	x ti.	
Item of the ferme or issues of the Towne Man or Lordship of Brigstok with the ptinentis,		
by thandis of the Fermour Receyvour or other for the tyme	xi ti.	
Item of Laurence of Preston of the ferme of the Man of Gretton, by the handis of the		
Baillif Receyvour or other	xxy fi.	
Item of the Men and holders of the Toune of Kingesthorp of the ferme of the same		
	14:	
Towne, by thandis of the fermour receyvour or other	1 fi.	
Item of the ferme and issues of the Manour of Kingiscas with the ptinentis, by thandis	T.P.	
of the fermour receyvour or other occupiour for the tyme being	TOR ASMUCH II LITE	adol to mossyr?
Whiche somes before writen, woll amounte to the sume of xiij Mie lix fi. ix s. xj d. And if any of the	A American and complete	Earl of Lincoln,
winche somes before writen, won amounte to the sume of XIII M" IIX II, IX S. XI G. And M any of the	ic pillysses be otherwise named o	ivilanomer of the

Whiche somes before writen, woll amounte to the same of xiij Mie lix ti. ix s. xj d. And if any of the pmysses be otherwise named or writen in this Acte, then they be in the Kingis Eschequere of recorde or othir places, as tailes or billes of theym for sure discharge amended.

Misnomer of the Premises may be amended. of the pties may not sufficiently be received and allowed, that then they according to the Bookis therof, the seid tailes and assignment is be sufficiently made, And if the somes of money above reherced or any peell of theym may not be paied or levyed of Deficiency shall be the pmysses, that than the Tresourer of England for the tyme being, of asmuche as shall faile therof, make payment or sufficient Revenues. assignement to the seid Tresourer of Hushold for the tyme beyng, or to the Cofferer of the seid Houshold for the tyme beyng,

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Assignments under this Act preferred to all other Grants.

Exception.

Particular Receivers shall pay to the Receiver General.

II. Penalty on paying any Sums previous to those by this Act assigned.

Commencement of this Act.

Proviso for Tallies not paid under former Act.

III.
Sums shall be paid to the Treasurer or Cofferer who shall deliver Tallies.
Officers may retain their Fees.
Payments valid

IV. Saving for certain Patentees.

against all Grantees.

V. Proviso for the Duke of Buckingham.

VI. Proviso for the Judges, &c.

VII. Proviso for George Earl of Shrewsbury.

VIII. Proviso for Thomas Marquis Dorset.

Treasons of John Earl of Lincoln.

Francis late Lord

and others were

attainted by an Act of 3 H.VII. from which Lord

Lovell is alleged

Lovell, and others, for which the Earl

if noe suche Tresourer be, toward thexpences of the seid Houshold, of other revenues of the Kingis; And that all assignementis to be made by vertue of this Acte of the seid sumes of money in fourme aforseid limyted and annoted, and of any other sumes of Money hereaftir to be appointed by the Tresourer of England for the tyme being, towardis thexpenses of the seid Houshold and evy peell of theym, be plerred afore all other gaunte and assignmentis made or to be made by the Kingis tres patentis or otherwise, of any sumes of money to be hadde of the pmysses: so alwey that all suche assignmentis and appoyntmentis be made where noo patent ner eny psone havyng entres shalbe therby excluded of his enteres nor right, And that noo pticuler Receyvour pay any money of his receipt, but oonly to the genall Receyvoure handis of the same Lordship for the tyme being, other then the fees and wagis due and accustomed to ministres execising aboute the pmisses and other charges, afore the seid sumes before specified and named be paied to the seid genall Receyvour.

And also it is ordeigned enacted and establisshed by the auctorite aboveseid, that if any psone or psones charged or chargeable to the payment of eny of the sumes aboveseid by vertue of this acte, hereaftir doo pay or content eny sume or sumes of money of eny of the pmysses, to eny other psone or psones by vertue of the Kingis fres patentis or otherwise of any of the pmysses, before that the seid somes by him to be paied assigned and lymyted to the expenses of the seid Houshold, be fully contented and paied in fourme aboveseid, that then he or they doo forfeite and lose the some of xx hi. as oft as he or they do make eny suche paiement of any of the pmysses, before the somes aboveseid assigned to be paied by him or theym to thexpences of the seid Houshold in fourme aboveseid be contented and paied, the oon half of the seid forfeiture to be to the Kinge and the other half to him or theym of the Kingis Officers of the Kingis House woll sue for the same, by writte bille or informacion to thuse of the seid Houshold; This psent acte of appoyntment for the Kingis Houshold to comence and take effecte the first day of Octobr last past before the begynning of this psent pliament; provided that suche tailes and assignmentis as be made and appoynted to be paied for the seid Houshold, the whiche as yet be not content ne paied, stande and be in their force notwithstandyng this seid acte.

It is also establesshed and enacted by the auctorite aboveseid that the sumes aboveseid shalbe paied to the Tresorer of the Kingis Houshold if there be any, and if there be none, to the Cofferer of the same, and to noon other psone ne psones, delyveng to the payer at the tyme of his payment a sufficient taile or tailes for his discharge of that payment; and that all Customs and Countrollers of eny the pmysses, shall reteyn in their handis suche fees and annuities as to they of right belonge for executyng their seid Office, the pmysses and evy of they notwithstandyng; and that the furst paiementis made to thuse of the Kingis moost honorable Houshold aforseid aftir the fourme aforseid, shalbe a sufficient discharge for the payer ayenst all psonnes havyng tres patentis and all psones demaundyng eny sume of Money of or in eny the pmysses.

SAYYNG to all and evy suche psone or psones having envires patentis of env of the pmysses made to theym, before the pliament holden att Westm the vijth day of Novembr the furst yere of our seid Soveign Lordis reign, and therby claymyng envirence of money of or in env of the pmysses or env pcell of theym, all suche right demaunde title and intest as they or any of theym have by reason of the same, so that the seid Houshold be content and paied of the first paymentis before any of theym to whom env suche graunte is made, yif their remayne sufficient for the contentacion of the seid patentis.

PROVIDED always that this acte be not hurtfull ne pjudiciall to Edward nowe Duke of Bukkyngham son and heire of Henry late Duke of Buk ne to his heires, of in and for atteyning and having oute of the handis of our Soveign Lord or his heires by lyve or otherwise, of such landis and tentis of the inheritaunce of the seid Duke as be named and specified in this psent Acte.

Provided alwey that this psent acte extend not ne in any wise be hurtfull or pjudiciall to the Justicis of the Kingis Benche, and Coen place, Justicis of Assise, the Kingis Sergauntis, ne to his Attorney ne to any of theym, to or for any payment to be made to theym or any of them for their fees and wagis, but that they and evy of theym have and enjoye suche Payment for their fees and wagis, as they shuld have had yf the seid acte had nev be made.

PROVIDED alwey that this acte nor noon other acte in this psent pliament made or to be made, extend not ne in any wise be hurtful ne pjudiciall to George Erle of Shrewesbury, touching any annuitee graunted to eny of his Auncestres, in for or uppon the creasion of Erle of any of theym, but that the same graunte or gauntis and evy thing in theym conteyned and expressed, stande remayne and be of full strength effectuell and as available to the seid George according to the proof effect and tenure of the same, as they and evy of theym shuld have been if the seid acte had not ben made; the seid acte or any other thing conteyned in the same, or any opr acte or actes in this psent pliament made or to be made notwithstandyng.

PROVIDED alwey that this acte nor noon other acte in this psent pliament made or to be made, extend not ne in any wise be hurtfull ne pjudiciall to Thomas Marques Dorset, touching any annuite graunted to the seid Marques, in for or uppon the creacion of him into Marquis Dors, but that the same graunte or grauntis and evy thing in theym conteyned and expssed, stand remayne and be of full strength and as effectuell and available to the seid Thomas according to the proporte effecte and tenure of the same, as they and evy of theym were or shuld have been if the seid acte or actez ne any of theym had not been had ne made; the seid acte or any thing conteyned in the same, or any other acte or actis in this psent pliament made or to be made notwithstandyng.

CHAPTER LXIIL

Actus conviccois Francisci nup Vic Lovell.

FOR ASMUCH as John late Erle of Lincoln Fraunces Lovell late Lord Lovell and divs other with theym, traytorously ymagynyng and compassyng the deth and destruccion of our Soveign Lord the King, assembled theym self with other evell disposed pepull to the numbre of v M¹. psones, at Stoke in the Countie of Notyngham the xxti day of Junij the ijde yere of the reign of our seid Soveign Lord the Kinge that nowe is, And then and there for the pformauns of their cursed myschevous and wreched purpose, in pleyne feld at the same Stoke in the seid Countie with theire Baners displayed contary to their alligeaunce, ayenst the King our and their naturall Soveign Lord levied and rered Warre, and made Bataill ayenst him, for which traitorous and unnaturall dede the seid John Erle of Lincoln with divs other, then and there traiterously offendyng, were late by auctorite of pliament

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in a pliament holden at Westin the iijde yere of the reigne of the King our Soveign Lord that now is, demed convict and atteynt of High Treason, in the which Acte of Atteyndre the seid Francis Lovell was ignorauntly lefte oute and omitted, to the moost plious ensample of other being of suche traiterous myndes; Wherfore be it ordeyned enacted and establesshed, by the Lordis spualle and tempalle and the Comens in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that the seid Fraunces stonde and be demed adjuged convicte and atteynt of High Treason for his reherced traytorous dede, and forfeite to the Kinge our Soveign Lord all honours Castels Mans Lordships Hundredis Frauncheses libties pvilegis advousons noiacions psentacions Knightis fees landis tentis rentis vicis revisions remaynders porcions annuites pencions rightis possessions and other hereditamentis, in England Ireland Wales Cales or Marches of the same, wherof he or eny other psone or psones to his use, were seased of astate of inhitauns the xxt1 day of Junij the secund yere of the reign of the King our Soveign Lord, or into whiche he or any of theym hadde laufull cause of entre the seid xxt1 day of Juny or any tyme aftir, And that all other honours Castels Mah's Lordships Hundredis Frauncheses libties p'velegis advousons noiacions Psentacions Knightis fees landis tentis rentis revisions remaynders svicis porcions annuites pencions rightis possessions and other hereditamentis, that to the seid Fraunces or his heires shuld or might have growen descended remayned or revted aftir and by the Deth of any of his Auncestris (1) as if he hadde not doon ne comitted the seid heighnous treasone, and that the seid Fraunces or his heires were in pleyne lyf when the seid descent remaynder or revture shall mowe fall or growe, and to theym or any of theym shuld or myght have doon if this psent Acte ne noon other Acte of Atteynder ageynst hym hadde nev ben hadde ne made.

SAYYNG to evy psone and psones and theire heires, other then the seid Fraunces and his heires, and suche other psone and psones and their heires that have any thing in the pmysses to the use of the seid Fraunces or his heires, and suche psones to whome any of the pmysses shuld discend remayne or revte, suche right title clayme accion entree or invest in of and upon the pmysses and evy pt therof, as they hadde shuld or might have hadde yf this Acte hadde new ben hadde ne made.

PROVIDED alwey that all tres patentis made by the Kingis Highnes to eny psone or psones of the Pmisses or of eny pt therof, or of any annuitees or office gaunted by his tres patentis to eny psone or psones out of the same, that nowe be in strength and force or that were in strength and force the xijth day of Octobr last past, stand and be good and effectuell in the Lawe after the tenures and purportis of the same, this psent Acte in any wise notwithstandyng.

PROVIDED also that by this Acte the King have no suche right and title of any of the pmysses, that be or hereaftir shall descend remayn or revite from any Auncestour or Cosyn of the seid Fraunces, whiche right and title be or shalbe in the seid Auncestour or Cosyn oonly in accion, tyme of his or their decesses, wherof their entres att the tyme of the same decesses shall be tolled and taken away by the Course of the Lawe of this Land.

Be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that evy of the seid Kingis liege people their successours heires and assignes, have and enjoye all mail rentis due and of right to theym their Auncettours or pdecessours belonging, afore the making of this acte of enjoy the pmysses, duryng the tyme that the same pmysses remayne and abide in the possession of our seid Soveign Lord or his heires; and if any of the pmysses hereaftir be graunted by the King or enjoy of his heires by tres patentis, or that it be graunted by acte of Parliament or otherwise, to any psone or psones for time of lyf in fee symple or in fee taile, that then thoos psones so seased, hold the same Mails Londis and tentis or other pmysses of the King and his heires for defense of the land, And also of suche psones their heires and successours and by the same svice, as the same Mails landis and tentis and other pmisses were or shuld have been holden and charged with, and that they may distrayne for the same rentis and svices, and have all other laufull remedy for recovy or noonpayment or noon doyng of the same, as they or any of theym might have had before the making of this psent acte, homage of tenauntis for time of lyf oonly except.

Provided always that this acte of atteyndre, ne any other acte or actes made or hereafter to be made in this psent pliament, extend not ne be noo wise pjudiciall ne hurtfull to Anne Viscountes Lovell, late Wiffe of the seid Fraunces late Viscount Lovell, to or for any astate made of any of the pmysses to the seid late Viscount and the seid Anne, ne to any other psone or psones to or for any astate made of eny of the pmysses by the seid late Viscount or any other to thuse of the seid Anne, but that the same Anne or suche other psone or psones to whom any suche astate or astates hath ben made to thuse of the same Anne of any of the pmysses, have and enjoye such pt of the pmysses as any suche astate hath ben made of, as they shuld have doon yf this acte or any other acte in this psent Parliament, had never be had ne made.

PROVIDED alwey that this acte nor any other acte in this psent Parliament made or to be made, extende not nor be in eny wise hurtfull or pjudiciall to Thomas Ormond Knight, otherwise called Thomas Erle of Ormond nor to his heires, to or for any Castels Touneships Lordships Mands landis tentis revisions svicis advousons Chauncies liberties fraunchises or other hereditamentis what so ev they be, wherunto the seid Thomas was restored in the Parliament holden att Westm the vijth day of Novembr the first yere of the reign of our Soveign Lord the Kinge that nowe is, by whatsoev name or names he be named in the same acte.

PROVIDED alway that this acte extend not nor be pjudiciall unto Sir Thomas Lovell Knight, of or to any graunte or grauntes to him made by the Kinge, of any office or offices in any of the pmysses, but that the same graunt and grauntis be and stande to the seid Sir Thomas by whatsoed name or names he be called in the same, good and effectuell, the seid acte notwithstandyng.

to have been ignorantly omitted. [See Rot. Parl. 3 Hen. VII. nu.15.]

The said Francis declared convicted, and attainted of Treason, and shall forfeit all his Lands, &c. from 20 June 2 Hen. VII.

II. General Saving.

III. Proviso for Grants by the King.

IV. Proviso for Titles in Action.

V. Proviso for Rents and Services.

Proviso for Ann Viscountess Lovell, Widow of the said Francis.

VII.
Proviso for Thomas
Earl of Ormond,
as to Lands
restored to him.
[Sce Rot. Parl.
1 Hen VII. nu. 27.]

VIII.
Proviso for
Sir Thos, Lovell.

¹ There appears an Omission of some Sentence in this Place, which renders this Clause unintelligible.

CHAPTER LXIV.

Actus conviccois ctaz psonaz.

Conviction and Attainder for Treason of Wm. Stanley, Simon Mountfort, Will. Dawbeney, and Rob. Ratclif, whereby Estates held for their Use did not become forfeit,

Treasons of Sir Gilb. Debenham and Sir H. Savage in assisting Piers Warbeck, whereupon they were indicted, and having fled were outlawed and attainted by Process of Law;

Estates held for their Use, not forfeited. Treasons of Sir J. Ratcliff of Fitzwater, Wm Barley, and Thos. Brampton, whereof they stand indicted.

Landing of the said Piers Warbeck at Deal, where he treasonably levied War against the King; where were present Sir George Nevill, John Heyron, and divers other Persons here named.

The Prior of Kilmaynan, [See Chapter XLIV. § 6. and Chapter XLV. of this Session.] All the Persons before named declared to be convict, adjudged, and attainted of High Treason; and shall forfeit all Lands whereof they were seised, or others to their Use, in Fee Simple, Fee Tail, or for Life; at the Time of their Treasons committed, &c.

WHERE William Stanley late of the Towne of Westin in the Countie of Midd Knight, otherwise called William Stanley late of the parisshe of Seynt Martyn in the feld besides Charyng Crosse in the same County Knight, Symond Mountfort late of Colshull in the Countie of Warwyke Knight, William Dawbeney late of London Gentilman, Robt Ratclif late of London Squier, for Eteyn treasons ymagened and compased traiterously, to the destruccion of the moost roiall psone of the King oure Soveign Lord and subvision of this his realme, before his Justices and Comissioners in sevall Oyers and Dermyners by him in that ptie assigned, aswell in the Citie of London as in the Shire of Midd, by due ordre and poesse of the lawe were for dyvs sondry treasons by theym sevally comytted and don convict and atteynted of High treason, as in the sevall recordis therof more pleynly apperith; by the which atteyndours the seid psones atteynted, forfaited not ne myght forfeit, any Mah's landis tentis possessions ne hereditamente wheref other psones were seased to their sevall uses; And where also Gilbert Debenham late of the Toune of Westin in the Countie of Midd Knight, and Humfrey Savage late of the Towne of Westm in the seid Countie Knight, as fals traytrous and Rebelles of the King our Soveign Lord, the xth of Fevere the viijth yere of his moost noble reign att Westm aforseid, falsly and traiterously ymagened confedered and compassed the deth and distruccion of our seid Soveign Lord and Subvision of this his Realme, and to accomplisshe and pfourme the same fals purpose, the same Gilbert and Humfrey knowing oon Piers Warbek enemye of our seid Soveign Lord (1) and other his rebelles beyng beyonde the see, adherentis to the same Piers, to levie Werre ageynst our seid Soveign Lord, receyved at Westm aforeseid message by Eteyn psones from the seid Pers and other his seid adherentis, and to the same entent sent Message agayn oute of this realme to the seid Pers and to his seid adherentis, that the seid Gilbert within shorte tyme aftir wold come to the same Pers and to his seid adhererentis beyonde the See, and take his ptie ageynst our seid Soveign Lord in leveyng were ageynst him, and come into Englond with the seid Pers and his seid adherentis, falsely and traiterously to his power to helpe to depose and put downe oure seid Soveign Lord; and that the seid Humfrey Savage for the more relief and helpe of the seid Pers and his adherentis in that behalf, shuld abide stille in this realme unto the comyng of the same Piers and his seid adherentis, and theym then and ther with all his myght and power wold helpe and assiste to helpe to execute all the pmysses, and so the seid Gilbert and Humfrey the seid xth day att Westm aforseid, traiterously were adherentes helping councelling and comfortyng to the seid Piers and his adherentes, enemyes to our seid Soveign Lord, to levie Werre ayenst hym, Wheruppon they were and yet stande and be indited of High treason; and for that they wold not theruppon appere to be justified aftir the Lawes of this land but fledde to Seyntwaries, processe was awarded ageynst theym till they were outlawed, and so they stande and yet remayn and be therupon outlawed and atteynted by the presse of the Lawe, of and upon the seid treason, by the which also Atteyndour the seid Gilbert and Humfrey so atteynted, forfaited not ne myght forfeite any Mans landis tentis possessions ne hereditamentis wherof other psons were seased to their sevall uses; And where also John Ratclif of Attilborough in the Countie of Norff Knight, otherwise called John Ratclif Fitzwater of Attilborough in the Countie of Norff Knight, otherwise called John Ratcliff of Fitzwater late of Attylborough in the Countie of Norff Knight, William Barley late of Albury in the Countie of Hertf Squier, and Thomas Brampton late of the same Toune in the same Countie Gentilman, falsely and traiterously conspyred and ymagyned the deth and distruccion of the King our Soveign Lord and the Subvision of this his realme of Englond, and the same our seid Soveign Lord, by Werres ageynst him in this his seid Realme of Englond to be levied reared and made ageynst him, of his Corone and Regallie entended to deprive depose and put down; and to execute and pfourme the seid myschevous purpose actis and traiterouse Dedis, the seid John Ratclyf William Barley and Thomas Brampton att sevall tymes were to the seid Pers confederatis assentes assistyng adherentis favouryng and helpyng, wherof they be sevally indited, as in the seid sevall inditementis more pleynly apperith; Whiche inditementis were hadde upon true mater sufficiently and openly shewed and declared upon the takyng of the seid inditementis in that behalf; And where also that the seid Pers Warbek of late from the pties of beyonde the See with gret multitude of people of the Kingis rebellis ennemyes and traytours, in Shippes with all abilimentis of Werre necessarie for the same, into this his realme of England entendyng to aryve att Deele in the Countie of Kent, and then and there grete ptie of the Kingis seid enemyes Rebelle and traitours with him then accompaned, that is to sey the iijde day of Julij the xth yere of the reign of our seid Soveign Lord, entred and landed at Deele aforseid, and there and then traiterously reared and levied batell and werre in pleyne feld ageynst our seid Soveign Lord, with baners displayed and with Armours Defensives, as Jakkes Salettis Brigandynes Bowes Billes Haubertis Curesses Gonnes Speres Marespikis Crosbowes and other enhabilmentis of Werres, compassyng the deth and destruccion of our seid Soveign Lord, and the subvicion of this his Realme, where then and there were dyvs of the psones folloung psent, and dyvse other of the same psones afore that tyme to thise false and traiterous purpose to the seid Pers and other of the Kingis seid enemyes rebellis and traitours with him accompanyed were adherentis assistencis confederatis favourers gydantis helpers socourers and comfortis; that is to sey, George Neville late of London Knight otherwise called George Nevile bastard, comenly called Bastard sone to Sir Thomas Nevile, John Heyron late of London michaunt Richard Harleston late of London Knight, Edward Assheley late of Cales Gentilman, Richard Williamson late of Yorke marchaunt, Roger Wodehouse late of Copyndale in the Countie of Chest Gentilman, John Stapulton late of Scalleby in the Countie of Cumberland Yoman, John Braundeswell late of Grantham in the Countie of Lincoln Marchaunt, John Brampton late of Albury in the Countie of Hertf Squier, James Kething late Priour of the House and Hospitall of the Priory of Kylmaynan in Irland, Thomas Holand late of London Gentilman, Edward Skelton late of Westin in the Countie of Midd Gentilman, John Taylour late of Excesti in the Countie of Devon Marchaunt, and Edmonde Wode late of Cales Marchaunt; In Consideracion whereof it be ordeyned enacted and establisshed by thadvyce and assent of the Lordis spuallis and tempals and the Comens in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that evy of the seid William Stanley Symond Mountfort William Dawbeney Robt Ratclif Gilbert Debenham Humfrey Savage John Ratclyf William Barley John Brampton Thomas Brampton George Neville John Heyron Richard Harleston Edward Asshley Richard Williamson Roger Wodehouse John Stapulton John Braundeswell James late Priour of Kylmaynan Thomas Holand Edward Skelton John Taillour and Edmond Wode by what so ever name or names they or any of theym be named or called, stonde and be convicte adjuged and atteynt of High treason, and that ey of the seid William Stanley Symond Mountfort William Daubeney Robt Ratclif Gilbert Debenham Humfrey Savage John Ratclif William Barley and Thomas Brampton forfeite to the King our seid Soveign Lord and his heires, all Honours Castels Man's Lordships Hundredis frauncheses libties privilegis advousons

There appears to be some Omission here; query read, "to the intent to incite the said Piers Warbeck enemy of our said Sovereign Lord."

notacions Psentacions Knightis fees landis tentis rentis svicis revisions remaynders porcions annuitees pencions rightis possessions hereditamentis goodis catallis and dettis wherof they or any other to their uses or to the use of eny of theym, were seased or possessed the sevall daies of their sevall treasons comytted and doon specified in the seid inditementis or any tyme aftir, within the Realme of England Irland Wales Cales or in the Marches of the same, in fee symple fee taile or time of lyf or liffes or into whiche any of theym had then or any tyme aftir laufull cause of entree, within England Irland Wales Cales or in the Marches of the same; And ov that, evy of the seid George Neville John Heyron Richard Harleston Edward Assheley Richard Williamson Roger Wodehouse John Stapulton John Braundeswell John Brampton James late Prior of Kylmaynan Thomas Holand Edward Skelton John Taylour Edmond Woode, forfeit to the King our seid Soveign Lord and his heires all Honours Castels Mars Lordships Hundredis frauncheses libties privilege advousons notacions psentacions Knightis fees landis tentis rentis svicis revisions remaynders porcions annuitees pencions rightis possessions hereditamentis goodis catallis and dettis wherof they or eny other to their uses or to the use of eny of theym were seased or possessed the xx¹¹ day of Aprile the viij¹⁴ yere of our seid Soveign Lordis reign within the Realme of England Irland Wales Cales or in the Marches of the same in fee symple fee taile or time of lyf or liffe or into whiche any of theym hadde then or any tyme aftir laufull cause of entree within England Irland Wales Cales or in the Marches of the same.

Savence to evy psone and psones and their heires, other then suche psones and their heires as been by this acte atternted, and suche other psone and psones and their heires havyng or claymyng any pt of the pmysses to their uses or to the use of eny of their heires, suche right title clayme accion entree and invest in of and upon the pmysses and evy part therof, as they hadde shuld or might have hadde if this Acte hadde new ben hadde ne made.

And also be it ordeyned and established by the seid advyse assent and auctorite, that if any of the seid psones by this Acte atteynted have made any astate feffement or dyscontynuaunce of eny landis tentis rentis possessions and other hereditamentis wherof they be or any of they were seased or possessed in the right of eny of their Wifes, att the tyme of suche astate feoffementis or discontynuauncis made to eny psone or psones in any wise, that the seid landis tentis rentis possessions and hereditamentis be not comprised in this Acte but utterly be excepted and forprised oute of the same; and that the right and title of evy of the seid wifes of and in all suche landis tentis rentis possessions and other enheritamentis be and rest in evy of the seid Wifis, and they to be att their accions and recoves of the same and evy pcell thereof according to the cours of the coen Lawe of Englond, this Acte or any other Acte or Ordenaunce in this psent parliament made or to be made notwithstanding; And also that it be lefull to evy of the seid Wifes and Women and to evy of their heires by this Acte not atteynted, to entre into the same Mans landis tentis rentis possessions and other enheritamentis into whose possession so ev they be seased or come, aswell upon the possession of the King our Soveign Lord as upon the possession of eny other psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted, and they and evy of they holde and enjoye to they mand to their heires by this Acte not atteynted, accordyng to their title and invest in the same.

And also be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that evy of the Kingis liege people their successours heires and assignes have and enjoye all man rentis due and of right to theym belongyng afore the making of this acte, to theym of eny of the pmysses during the tyme that the same pmisses remayne and abide in the possession of our seid Soveign Lord or his heires, And if any of the pmysses hereaftir be graunted by the King or eny of his heires by free patentes to eny psone for time of lyf in fee symple or fee taile, that then those psones so seased hold the same Mans londis and tentis or other pmysses of the Kinge and his heires for defence of the Land, and also of suche psones their heires and successours and by the same svice as the same Mans landis and tentis and other pmysses were and shuld have ben holden and charged with afore the making of this psent acte, Homage of tenauntes for time of lyf oonly except.

SAVYNG to evy psone and their heires other then suche psones as ben by this Act atteynted and their heires or eny of theym of or in eny of pmysses, suche right title accion or intest in or of the pmysses as they shuld have had if this Acte had nev be made.

AND also be it ordeyned by the seid advise assent and auctorite, that all Castels Mails Lordships Townes Towneshippes Honours Landis Teñtis Rentis svices Fee fermes Annuites Knightis fees Advousons Revisions Remaynders and other Hereditamete with their appurtenauncis, of whiche eny psone or psones afore named, by this psent Acte atteynted, were seased or had eny astate title right intest or possession sole by him or theym self, or joyntly with oder the day of their sevall inditementis or atteyndours to thuse pfite or behofe of any psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted ner unabled, be not forfeited ner forfeitable in cny wise to the Kyng ner his heires nor be seasible into his handis by this psent ace, but utterly be except and forprised oute of the same Ace, And that all suche astate right title intest and possession whiche any of the seid psone or psones by this Acte atteynted had the day of their sevall inditementis or atteyndours aboveseid, in eny of the seid Castels Mails Lordshippes Townes Towneships Honours landis tentis rentis svises fee fermes annuitees Knightis fees advousons revisions remaynders and other enhereditamentis with their appurtenauncis, to thuse pfite or behove of eny psone or psones by this acte not atteynted nor unabled, growe come and be to evy of the same psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted nor unabled and to their heires, And in the same psone or psones and their beires be vested, and they therin be entitled in suche wise man & fourme of astate right title & possession and if be said psone or psones by this Act atteynted had be naturally dede & not atteynted nor unhabiled, and that it be lefull to evy psone or psones beying jointly seased or possessed with any of the psones by this Acte attented or unhabled the forseid day of their sevall inditementis or atteyndours to his or their owne use or to thuse of eny other psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted nor unabled into the same Castels Man's Lordships and other the pmysses to entre, into whos possession so ev they be seased or come aswell upon the Kingis possession as upon the possession of eny other psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted nor unabled, and theym have and enjoye as if the seid psone or psones as is aforseid by this Acte atteynted or unabled, had ben naturally dede and not atteynted or unabled.

SAVYNG also to evy psone and psones and their heires other then suche psones as ben by this Acte atteynted and their heires, of or in eny of the pmysses, suche right title accion entre and entest in or of the pmysses and evy of they as they shuld have had if this Acte new hadde be made.

And moreov be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that evy of the Wifes of evy of the seid psones nowe living by this Acte attended or unabled, and evy suche Woman suche as was the Wife of eny of the seid psones nowe dede, by this Acte attended or unabled, frely enjoye have and possede aftir the deth of hir husbond all her own enheritance to her and to her heires other then ben attended or unabled by this Acte; And all Castels Lordships Mans landis tentis and other the pmysses wherof she any day of the sevall inditements or attended or unabled in any wise was seased or possessed in hir owne right state or possession, or jontly with her

Forfeitures by Nevill and others from 20 April, 8 Henry VII.

II. General Saving.

Saving for any Feoffments of Lands holden by Persons attainted, in right of their Wives.

IV. Saving for Rents and Services.

V. General Saving thereon.

VI. Saving for Estates holden to the Use of any Persons not hereby attainted.

VII. General Saving thereon.

VIII.
Saving for the separate Inheritance of the Wives of any of the Persons hereby attainted.

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seid Husbond or with eny other psone or psones, or of whiche eny psone or psones were seased to the use of eny of the seid Women or to thuse of eny of the seid Women and her seid husbondis, after the fourme and man and in like astate as they or any of they were entitled in the same any day of the sevall inditementis or atteyndours aforseid; and that duryng the seid astate it be not seisible ne seased by this Acte into the Kingis handis, nor the King to be aunswered of eny issues or pfitis of eny pcell therof the same state duryng; And that it be lefull to evy of the seid Wifes and Women and evy of their heires by this Acte not atteynted nor unabled and to evy psone or psones seased to thuse of eny of the seid Women, or to thuse of eny of the seid Women and hir seid husbondis and their heires, to entre into the same Castels Mans Lordships and other the pmysses and evy of theym into whos possession so ever they be seased or come, as well upon the possession of the King as upon the possession of evy other psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted ner unabled, and they and evy of they holde and enjoye to his and her heires by this acte not atteynted nor unabled according to hir or their title right or invest in the same.

IX. General Saving thereon.

SAVYNG to evy psone and their heires other then suche psones as ben by this Acte atteynted and their heires, and the heires of evy of theym and evy psone claymyng by the seid psones so atteynted or their heires or eny of theym, of or in eny of the pmysses, suche right title accion entre and intest in or of the pmysses and evy of theym as they shuld have had if this Acte had not be made.

X. Saving for Conveyances by way of Mortgage or Security.

And also be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that all Maners landis tentis revisions possessions and ob enheritamentis of the whiche any psone or psones aforenamed by this psent acte atteynted or unabled were seased or had eny astate title right invest or possession sole by theym self or jontly with other, or with any other psone or psones to thuse of eny of theym the day of their sevall indictmentis or atteyndours, in eny man morgage or in or for suertie of eny some or somes of Money to be paied by any feoffement graunt or astate made to theym or eny of theym aforseid atteynted or unabled, or to eny psone or psones to eny of their use by any psone or psones not atteynted nor unabled, the same some or sumes of Money truly paied and contented or prevved and had of thissues phtis and revenues of the seid Mans landis tentis revisions possessions and other enheritamentis or of eny of theym according to theffecte and true entent of the forseid feoffement graunt or astate, be not forfeited ner forfeitable in eny wise to the King nor to his heires ner seisible nor seased into eny of their handis by this psent Acte, but utterly be excepted and forprised oute of the same, Hou be it that noon expsse mencion be made in the seid feoffement graunte or astate of the seid morgage or of payment of eny some or somes of Money; And that it be lefull to evy psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted or unabled, or to eny other psone whiche psone or psones or eny of their auncestres to whom they or any of theym be next heires or heire made any of the seid feffementis gauntes or astate to eny of the seid psone or psones afore atteynted or unabled or to eny other psone or psones to eny of their use, in or of eny of the seid Man's landis tentis revisions possessions and enheritamentis to entre into the same into whose possession so ev they be seased or come aswell upon the possession of the King our Soveign Lord as upon the possession of eny other psone or psones, and theym have and enjoye according to their right title and possession, as if the seid Acte of Atteyndre or unablyng nev hadde be made nor hadde.

XI. General Saving thereon.

SAVENCE to evy psone and their heires other then suche psones as ben by this Acte atternted and their heires and the heires of evy of theym, and evy psone claymyng by the seid psones so atternted or their heires or eny of theym, of and in eny of the pmysses suche right title accion entre and intest in or of the pmysses and evy of theym as they shulde have hadde if this Acte new had be made.

XII.
Inquests of Office
may be traversed, by
Parties interested
in Lands not
belonging to the
Persons attainted;
and the Owners
shall be restored
accordingly.

Also by the seid auctorite be it ordeyned, that where before as well dyvs Eschetours of dyvs Shires of the Realme as before other psones by Comyssions assigned, dyvse officis and inquisicions dailly be founden and taken aftir suche atteynders as is aforeseid, and other atteynders had and made, that suche psones atteynted and other to their use were seased of cteyn Mans landis tentis rentis revisions svicis possessions and other enheritamentis beyng and pteynyng rightfully to dyvse the Kingis true lieges, and not to any suche psone so atteynt, ner to eny other to his use, wherthurgh suche Mans landis tentis revisions remaynders svicis possessions and other enheritamentis aforesaid often tymes been seased into the Kingis handis and his seid true lieges therof put oute and fro the possession therof amoved to the utlest impovysshyng of the Kingis true lieges, that fro the day of the sevall inditementis or atteyndours afforseid evy of his lieges by any man offices or inquisicions founde or taken greved put oute or holden oute of possession or otherwise hurt by reason or colour of this Acte, be att all tymes hereafter within the moneth next after the retourne or puttyng in of any suche offices or inquisicions into eny of the Kingis Courtis receyved and admytted to his travers touching evy suche office or inquisicion, or els shewe his right and title therin in voidyng the seid office or inquisicion in evy place as eny suche office or inquisicion shalbe retourned rest or remayne, And upon the same travers tended or title shewed, the same psone or psones the same trads tendyng or title shewyng, to have the same Man's landis and tentis revisions remaynders svicis possessions and enheritamentis wherof suche travs shalbe tended or title shewed to ferme by the Kingis tres patentis or otherwise, as to the partie in that behalf shalbe necessarie and behovefull upon suertie therfore to be founden, aftir the fourme upon travers in the Kingis Chauncie tended used, the partie tendyng suche travers or title shewyng the mater therof for hym founde, be restored to his possession in that behalf with the issues and pfettis of the same from the tyme of suche office or inquisicion founde taken or hadde, And the Kingis handis therof ut'lly be amoved without ferther or other suyte in that ptie to be had or made in eny wise.

XIII.
Proviso for the
Prior of Saint John
of Jerusalem, for
Eight Acres of
Meadow in Roydon.

PROVIDED alwey that this Acte of Atteynder and forfeiture ne any other Acte made or to be made in this psent pliament, be not in any wise hurtfull ne pjudiciall to John Kendall Prior of the Hospitall of Seynt John of Jerm in Englond nor to his Successours Priours of the same, to or touchyng viij acres of medowe with thappurtenaunces in Roydon in the Countie of Essex called Millese lyeng betwene the lond of John Ratclyff Lord Fitzwalter there, called Halle Lesewe of the Est ptie and the Kingis High wey ledyng from the Towne of Roydon aforseid unto the Towne of Stansted of the West ptie, and the runnyng watir there called the Clere watir betwene the Countie of Essex and the Countie of Hertford of the North ptie, and the tentis with the Curtelages of Thomas Dowde and Richard Bulle of the South ptie, but that the seid Priour and his Successours have suche right and title and entre unto the seid viij acres of Medowe aswell upon the possession of you Soveign Lord and of your heires Kingis, as upon the possession of evy other psone according to suche right and title as he hath or shuld have had in the same viij acres if this Acte of Atteyndre had nev been had or made.

XIV. Proviso for Lord Dynham for Manors of Burnham and Dunmowe, &c.

Provided alwey that this Acte of Atteyndre ne none other Acte made or to be made in this pent pliament, extend not nor be in any wise hurtfull or pjudiciall to John Dynham Knight Lord Dynham, of or for the Mans of Burneham and Dunmowe with their appurtenauncis, ne of or for the advouson of the Chirche of the Priory of Dunmowe in the Countie of Essex nor to any of theym, duryng the lyf naturall of the seid Lord Dynham, but that all suche right title entre and infest as the seid Lord Dynham

hath in the seid Mans of Burneham & Dunmowe, and also in the seid Advouson of the Priory of Dunmowe and in evy of theym, be to the seid Lord Dynham for Ime of his lyf as good and availlable, and also of lyke force, as this Acte of Atteyndre ne noon other acte hadde nev ben had nor made.

PROVIDED alway that this Acte of Atteyndre and forfeiture ne any other acte made or to be made in this psent pliament, be not in any wise hurtfull ne pjudiciall to Henry Scrop Esquier and Alice his wife, doughter and heire to Thomas late Lord Scrop Knight ner to his heires, to or touching if acres of medowe with thappurtenauncis called Mille Acres being in Colchestr in the Countie of Meadow in Essex, betwixt the Ryver that rennyth fro Lexden Parke to the Mille called Scrops Mille on the on ptie, and the medowe of John Colchester. Ratclif of Fitz Watir late of Attilburgh in the Countie of Norff Knight on the other ptie, and the on hede abbuttith upon the seid Parke and the other hede upon the Alderker late the seid Lord Scrop, but that the seid Henry and Alice and the heires of the seid Alice, suche right title and entre into the seid ij acres of medowe aswell upon the possession of you Soveign Lord and of your heires Kingis, as upon the possession of any other psone according to suche right and title as they have, or shuld have had in the same if acres if this acte of Atteyndre had nev be had nor made.

PROVIDED alwey that this acte made or to be made in this psent pliament, be not pjudiciall ner hurtfull unto Sir Roger Coton Proviso for Knight of any graunte or gift made unto him by the Kinge our Soveign Lord, of any Landes and tentis late belonging unto William & Roger Cotton. Barley Squier, but that the seid Sir Roger may have occupie and enjoye the seid Landes and tentis according to the seid graunt, this seid acte or any other notwithstandyng. The Physics HIDM OHIDM OU HIDMINISHING OHIDM

Lord Scrope for

THAUKAL TO TACH STREET TO CHAPTER LIV. THE WASTER WITH THE MENIGONES OF

SSIPH OF PARLIAMENT BEGUN TOLBENA

AN ACTE concerninge the Peace between the Kinge of England & Kinge of Fraunce.

R EX Universe, &c. sattm. Cum in feder pacis & amiciciar capitulis intention ac illustrissimi Pricipis fris & Consangunei nri The Peace of Estaples made carissimi Regis Karoli France, Ambassiatores Oratores Procuratores Comissarios & Nuncios, p nob & ipo fre Consanguineoq, nro carissimo atq regnis patriis duiis & subditis ac vasallis utriusq nrm, die Pcia mensis Novembr Anno Dñi Millimo quadringentesimo nonagesimo scdo, apud Stapulas supa mare conventis initis pculsis & conclusis, atq sexto die ejusdem mensis Novembr extunc px sequeñ p nos, et sexto die mensis Decembr extunc px sequeñ p dem Consanguineu nim, juratis, necnon deo sexto die Novembr niis ac suis tris patentibs confirmatoriis nros noibs ppriis utriusq nrm manibs subscripcoe supinde munitis & roboratis, fuit int ceta conventum concordatum & conclusum, qd nos deusq Consanguineus ne infra duodecim menses extunc pe sequen, omia paca fedes pacis & amicicias capitula sic p nos & eundem Consanguineu nim confirmata jurata ac patentibs utriusq nim tris subscripcoibsq & sigillis ut pfert' munita & roborata, p tres status utriusq regnos Angt & Franc rite debiteq convocatos, vidett p Prelatos & Clerum Nobiles & Coitatem copdem regnos auctoritate Parliamentos nios ratificari approbari & confirmari facemo, put in ipis tris plenius apparere polit; Cuma postea nos & dcus frat ac Consanguineus nr carissim aiadvtentes qd hujusmodi triu statuu utriusq regni convocacio & congregacio infra pacos duodecim menses ob ctas causas & consideracces obstantes comode fieri non potint, im tminu absq. aliqua innovaçõe derogaçõe seu dissoluçõe cujusvis all'ius fedes pacis & amicicias capituli in Pfatis tris contenti, sed ipis capitulis & eos quoît in suis robore vigoreo, nichilominus mansuris, mutuo nro assensu paril & consensu uso, ad pximas hujusmodi triu statuu congregacões quas nos & ipe Consanguineus nr ob alia nra & sua regnozve nroz aut suoz negocia, statuerimus seu fieri ordinarem, plongavim distulim atq progavim; Ita tamen qd hujusmodi triu statuu utriusq pdcos regnos congregacio infra trienmi tunc px sequen fieret; put in tris patentiby nris & ipius fris ac Consanguinei nri sup hujusmodi progacione confectis plenius liquet & continet. Nos pera capitula deos fedes pacis & amicicias necnon omia & singula convencões appunctuamenta & conclusiones int ion frem & Consaguineu nim ut mittit inita & confirmata, quantum in nob fuit & ad nos attinet, observare pimplere ac inviolabilit put in Pfatis fris specificant' tenere volentes, de avisamento assensu & consensu Dños tam spualiu qom temporaliu, & Coitatis hujus regni nri Angt in psenti Parliamento nro existenciu & auctoritate ejusdem Parliamenti, duximo approband ratificand & confirmand; quas quidem fras tenor sequit & est talis; Henricus, &c. Nos autem fras pacas ac omia & singula capitula convences paccoes appunctuamenta juramenta obligacoes omiaq alia in eisdem tris contenta & specificata, p not & hered nris quantum in not est, auctoritate psentis Parliamenti nii quarto decimo die Octobr jam px ptil apud Westm inchoati & tunc tenti, de avisamento & assensu Dños spualiu & temporaliu ac Cottatis regni nri Angt in eodem parliamento existenciu, acceptamo approbamo necnon tenore psenciu ratificamº & confirmamº, ipaq, capitula paccoes convencoes appunctuamenta juramenta omiaq, alia in eisdem tris contenta & specificata p tres status regni nii, rite & debite convocatos, videlt p platos & Clerum Nobiles & Coitates ejusdem regni, acceptari approbari ratificari & confirmari fecim9.

3-14 Nov. 1492, between the Kings France, confirmed by King Hen.VII. in Parliament, according to the Stipulationsthereof.

our seid position Land; And the stanche in the seid-Statutes for shortness of tyme two making of shearts have

train Selvern Lord by the dynamics of the Lordier officed and temporals and the Come in this phents Bulliament asserts and by suctories of the same ensured and enablesheet, that all suche sitis as serre wants absented dustre Parliament the whiche shold economic but to the Parliament that peat following, stand good and affectively importion

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The following Introduction is prefixed to this Act upon the Roll in Chancery: "Item quedam ratificacio acceptacio approbacio & confirmacio treuge in dem Dem Regem et Consanguineu suu Francie inite, edita est in Parliamento pdeo; cujus tenor cum responsione fact eidem sequit' & est talis."—At the End is the Royal Assent "Le Roy le vuelt."

Anno 12º HENRICI, VII. A.D.1496-7.

Er Rotulo Parliamenti de anno regni Regis henrici Septimi, duodecimo.

STATUTES MADE IN THE SESSION OF PARLIAMENT, BEGUN TO BE HOLDEN AT WESTMINSTER, ON MONDAY THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF K. HENRY, VII.

CHAPTER I.

AN ACTE for taking of Prentises to make Worsted? in the County of Norff.

To the Kinge our Soveign Lord:

PRAYEN your Comens in this pent Parliament assembled, that where the coen Weale and pruyte of your infitiauntes within your Countie of North have in the counties of North have in the cou inhitauntes within your Countie of Norff have in tyme passed be, by the due occupacion of makyng of Worstedys Sayes and Stamyns, whiche occupacion nowe is like to decaye for assmuche as thoccupiers of the same may not have any apprentice, but if his fadre may despend londes or rentis to the value of xx s. by yere, of whiche abilite can fewe or noone be had to be apprentice; Soe that for lacke of Apprentices the said occupacion is like to be sette aparte and in tyme to come to be uttirly distroied, whiche shuld be the losse of the coen Wele of your seid Countie, and thempovysshyng of thenhitauntes of the same; That it may like your Highnes of your moost benigne grace, in Consideracion of the Pmysses, by thassent of your Lordis spuall and temporall and of the Comens in this Psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, be enacted ordeyned and establisshed, that evy psone of thafforseid occupacion within your Countie of Norff, the whiche the iiij Wardeyns of the seid occupacion within your forseid Countie yerely chosen shall enhable to kepe apprentice, shall by this psent acte be att libtie to take and kepe att all tymes oone or too apprenticis any psone or psones hereaftir put to thafforseid occupacion, Soe that he passe not twoe att ones att the moost; And in like wise hereaftir evy psone shall be at libtie to putte any apprentice to thafforseid occupacion; any Acte or ordenaunce afore made to the contrarie notwithstandyng.

Worsted Makers of Norfolk may take any Persons to be Apprentices to them, &c.

CHAPTER II.

An Acte for confirmación of dyvers Statute formerly made agaynst ryotte pjurye and other offence.

All Acts made in 11 Hen. VII. to continue to this Parliament, continued to the next Parliament.

WHERE in the laste Parliament holden at Westin the xiiijth day of the moneth of Octobr the xjth yere of the reigne of Kinge Henry the vijth, dyvs good and phtable statutes, aswell for the reformacion of great and heynous ryottis, as pjurie and other divs offenses and mysbehavynges, were made, whiche Statutes have noo longer contynuaunce to be effectuall but to this Psent Parliament begon the xvjth day of January the xijth yere of the reigne of our seid Soveign Lord; And for asmuche as the seid Statutes for shortnes of tyme syn the making of theym have not be putte in execucion, wherby the effecte of the same as yet may not be pfitely knowen, Therefore the Kinge our Soveign Lord by thadvyse of the Lordis spuall and temporall and the Coens in this psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, enactith ordeyneth and establissheth, that all suche actis as were made the seid laste Parliament the whiche shuld contynue but to the Parliament then next following, stand good and effectuell from the making of the same, unto the next Parliament to endure.

CHAPTER III.

AN ACTE for the making voide of a Statut conclining Artificers & poore Laborers.

OR dyvs and many resonable consideracions and causes the Kingis Highnes moeving, and for the coen Welth of All Acts made the pouer Artificers as free masons carpenters and othre psones necessarie and convenient for the reparacions in 11 Hen. VII. and bildinges and other Laborers and svauntis of husbondrye; be it by thadvise of the Lordes spuall and temporall Artificers, &c. and Coens in this Psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, ordeyned establisshed and enacted that all actis of Parliament made in the Parliament holden att Westin the xiiijth day of Octobr the xjth yere of the Kinge that now is, touching onely the wagis of Artificers Laborers and Svauntes of Husbondrie and evy of theym, be from hensforth voide and of noo force ne effecte.

AND THE REST OF CHAPTER IV. of sould red to some To show I to draw the

AN ACTE for the making of Wollen Clothes.

PRAYEN the Comens in this pent Parliament assembled, that where in the Parliament holden atte Westim the xxiijih day of January the first yere of the reign of Richard the thirde, late in dede and not in right Kinge of Englonde, an acte was made conceying the makinge and drapping of Wollen Clothes; For asmoche as the seid acte is in suche fourme that the Clothier doyng his true diligence cannot observe the same without ofte and many tymes offending ageynst the seid acte, in whiche be so streite and grete penalties and forfeitures ageynst the seid Clothiers, the avauntage and pfuytte wherof is geven and lymyte by the seid acte aswell to othre psones as to the Kingis Highnes for evy defaute in the seid acte lymyted, whiche the Clothier cannot eschewe, Soe that the more parte of Clothiers within this Realme can ne dare use theymself in making and draping of Wollen Clothes as they have doon in tyme passed, by reason wherof your poo Subjettis in greate nounbre, whiche before tyme have had by Cloth making theire occupacion and living be nowe like to falle into great povte and idelnes wherof many great [inconveniens'] shuld and may ensue; Wherfore be it enacted by the seid auctorite that the Kinge our Soveign Lord nor any other psone take any avauntage or pfuyte of any penaltees or forfeitures, by the seid acte made the seid xxiijth day of January given lymyted or assigned, for any Clothe made or to be made afore the begynnyng of the next Parliament.

regulating the making of Woollen

be enforced under

CHAPTER V.

An Act for Wayght? and Measures.

WHERE AS afore this tyme the Kinge our Soveign Lord intending the coen wele of his people, and to avoide Recital of Stat. the great disceite of Weightis and Mesures longe tyme used within this his Realme contrarie to thestatute of Magna Carta and othre estatutes therof made by divs of his noble pgenitours, att his great charge and coste did doo make weightis and mesures of brasse according to olde standardes therof remaynyng in his Tresorye; and for that that oone weight and oone mesure shuld be used thrugh oute this his Realme, in avoiding of all fraude and discorde in that behalf, it was att the last parliament holden the xiiijth day of Octobr in the xjth yere of our seid Soveign Lordis reigne ordeyned that the seid mesures and weightis shuld be delyved to the Knyghtes and Citezins of evy Shire and Citie assembled in the same Parliament, Barons of the v. portes and cteyn Burgeises of Burgh Townes, surely by theym to be conveyed to cteyn Cities Burghs and Townes specified in a Cedule unto the same acte annexed there to remayne for ev, to thentent in the same acte more largely declared; whiche weightis and mesures upon more diligent examynacion had synz the making of the seid estatute been pved defective and not made according to the old lawes and statutes therof ordeyned within the seid realme; Wherfore the Kinge our Soveign Lord by thassent of his Lordis spuall and temporall and Comens in this Psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, ordevneth establissheth and enacteth, that the mesure of the busshell conteyn viij galons of whete, and that evy galon conteyn viij th. of whete of troi weight, and evy th. conteyne xij unces of troy weight, and evy unce conteyn xx sterlinges, and evy sterling be of the weight of xxxij cornes of whete that grewe in the myddes of the Eare of the whete according to the old Lawes of this Land. And that it pleaseth the Kingis Highnes to make a standard of a busshell and a galon aftir the seid assise to remayne in his seid Tresory for ev; and from hensforth the seid newe busshels and galons lately sent forthe be not used nor occupied for noe mesures, but that they be sent agayn unto the Kingis receipte by the fest of Whitsontide next comyng, att the costis and chargis of the seid Cities Burghs and Townes havyng the seid Busshels and galons in kepyng, upon payn of x fi. to be forfeited to the Kinge; the same busshels and galons so sent ageyne into Measures sent under recited Act shall the Kingis receipte to be broken, and with the stuffe and metall of the same busshels and galons othre newe busshels and galons by thadvyse of the Tresorer and undir Tresorer of Englond for the tyme being before the fest of all Seyntis several Cities, &c. next comyng to be made, and sised according to the seid busshell and galon whichie by this psent acte is ordeyned to be newe made and to remayn in the seid Tresory, att the costis and charges of the same Cities Burghs and Townes; and Measures according to such new

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that evy Citie Burgh and Towene within this Realme, whiche nowe have or shuld have hadde by reason of the seid acte made in the seid xjth yere any of the seid newe busshell or galon, doe convey and carie, before the fest of Seynt Andrewe next comyng into evy of the same Citie Burgh and Towen, a busshell and galon newely to be made as is aforseid att the costes and charges of the same Citie Burgh and Towne there to remayn; and all other busshels galons and mesures, whiche be to be made aftir the fourme by this acte ordeyned, be marked and ordred after the fourme and effecte of the seid acte made the seid xj yere; and in the meane season to use suche busshels and galons as hath been used last afore the comyng downe of the seid newe busshels and galons and before the making of the seid statute in the seid xjth yere: And that all penalties in the first acte exposed be of noon effecte unto the fest of Candilmasse whiche shall be in the yere of our Lord God M¹ CCCC lxxxxvij, and after the same fest the same acte made in the seid xjth yere to stand in full strength, with his penalties uppon the seid busshels and galons newe to be made, as it shuld have doon upon the seid newe busshels and galons made afore the making of this penalties, if this acte hadde not be made.

Penalties under recited Act applied to this Act, after Candlemas 1497.

II. All former Bushels, &c. shall be broken.

AND that it be ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that aftir the seid newe busshels and galons be made according to this per acte, that all other busshels and galons of brasse remayning as well in the seid Tresorye as in all other places of Englond be before the fest of Cristmas next coming dampned and broken, upon payn of xx ti. to be levyed upon evy Citie Burgh or Towne or any other place having the keping of the coen mesures, that kepe still any other busshell or galon unbroken and not dampned of brasse, than is ordeyned to be made by this pent acte.

CHAPTER VI.

Merchauntis Adventurers.

Petition of the Merchants-Adventurers, dwelling out of London;

Ordinance of Merchants Adventurers of London, imposing Fines on Persons dealing at Foreign

First Pretext of such Fines;

increase, Abuse, and ill Effects of such Fines;

O the discrete Comens in this [Psent '] Parliament assembled; shewith unto your [discrete '] Wisedomes the Marchauntes Adventurers inhabite and dwelling in divs pties of this Realme of Englond oute of the Citie of London, that where they have their free passage resorte cours and recours with their goodis wares and michandises into divs costis and parties beyond the See, aswell into Spayne Portyngale Britaign Irland Normandye Fraunce Civile Venyce Danske Estland Friselond, and other divs and many places regions and contres being in leage and amytic with the Kinge our Soveign Lord, there to bye and sell and make their exchaunges with their seid godes wares and marchaundises according to the lawe and custume used in evy of the seid regions and places, And there evy psone frely to use theym self to his moost avauntage, withoute exaccion fyne imposicion or contribucion to be had or taken of theym or of eny of theym to for or by any Englisshe psone or psones; And in semblable wise they before this tyme have hadde used and of right owen to have and use theire free passage resorte and recours in to the costes of Flaunders Holand Seland Braband and other places therto nygh adjoynyng undir the obeisaunce of the Archeduke of Burgoyn, In whiche places the univsall martes be comenly kepte and holden iiij tymes in the yere, to whiche martis all Englisshe men and dyvs other nacions in tyme passed have used to resorte, there to sell and uttre the comoditees of their Contreies and frely to bye ageyn suche thinges as semed theym moost necessarie and expedient for their pfite and the weale of the Contrey and parties that they be come from; till nowe of late that by the feliship of the Mercers and othre marchauntes and adventurers, dwellyng and being free within the Citie of London, by confederacie made amonge theym self of their uncharitable and inordinate covetise for their singuler pfite and lucre, contrarie to evy Englissheman? libtie and to the libtie of the seid Marte there, whiche is that evy psone of what nacion that he be of shuld have their free libtie there to bye sell and make the comutacions with the wares godes and marchaundises att theire pleasure, have, contrarie to all lawe reason charite right and conscience, amonges theym self, to the Pjudice of all Englishmen, made an Ordinaunce and Constitucion, that is to sey, that noe Englishman resortyng to the seid Martes shall neither bye ne sell any godes wares or marchaundises there, excepte he first componde and make fyne with the seid feliship marchauntes of London and their seid confederatis att their pleasure, upon payn of forfeiture to the seid feliship Marchauntes of London and to their seid Confederatis of suche marchandises godes or wares so by him bought or sold there; whiche fyne imposicion and exaccion, at the begynnyng when it was first taken, was demaunded by colour of a fraternite of Seynt Thomas of Caunterbury, att whiche tyme the seid fyne was but the value of halfe a olde noble sterling, and soe by colour of suche feyned holynesse it hath be suffred to be taken for a fewe yeris passid, and aftirward it was encreaced to Cs. Flemmysh; and nowe it is soe that the seid feliship and Marchauntes of London take of evy English man or yonge michaunte beyng there att his first comyng xx fi. sterling for a fyne, to suffre him to bye and sell his owen ppre goodes wares and marchaundises that he hath there: By occasion wherof all marchauntis, not beyng of the seid feliship and confederacie, withdraw theym self from the seid Martis; wherby the wollen Clothe of this Realme, which is oon of the great comoditees of the same, by making wherof the Kingis true Subjettis be put in occupacion, and the pow pepull have moste univsally their leving, and also other divs comodities of divse and sevall parties of this same Realme, is not sold ne uttered as it hath be in tyme passed, but for lacke of utteraunce of the same in divse parties whare suche clothes be made, they be conveied to London where they be sold ferre undir the price that they be worthe, and that they coste to the makers of the same, and at some tyme they be lente to longe daies and the money therof att divs tymes new paied; And ov that the comodities and michaundises of that parties, whiche the seid feliship marchauntis of London and othre their confederatis bryng into this lande, is so solde to your seid complaynant? and othre

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the Kinges true subjette, att so dere and high exceding price that the bier of the same can not lyve therupon; by reason wherof all the Cities Townes and Burghs of this Realme in effecte be falle into great povitie ruyne and decaye, and as nowe in maner they be withoute hope of comforte or relief, and the Kingis Customes and Subsidies and the Navie of the land greatly decreased and mynysshed, and dailly they be like more and more to decaye, if due reformacion be not had in this behalf; Be it therfore enactid by the Kinge our Soveign Lord by thadvyse and assent of the Lordis spuall and temporall and of the Comens in this present pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, That evy Englisshman, beyng the Kingis true liegeman, from hensforth have free passage resorte cours and recourse into the seid coostis of Flaunders Holand Seland Braband, and othre places therto nygh adjoynyng undir thobeisaunce of the seid Archeduke, to the Martes there hereaftir to be holden, w' his or their michaundises goodes and wares, there to bye and sell and make their eschaunges frely at his or theire pleasure, withoute exaccion fyne imposicion extorcion or contribucion to be hadde levied taken or preyyed of theym or of any of theym to for or by any English psone or psones, to his or their owne use, or to the use of the seid fraternite or feliship, or of any other like, excepte onely x marc sterling: And that noo psone Englissh as is afore reherced hereaftir take, to his own use or to thuse of the seid fraternite or feliship there, of any other Englissh psone of what estate degre or condicion that he be of, soe alwey that he be the Kinge our Soveign Lordis true liegeman, any fyne exaccion imposicion or contribucion for his libtie or fredome to bye and sell any goodes wares or michaundises in or at any of the seid Martes, more or above the some of x marc sterling oonly; upon payn of forfeiture to our seid Soveign Lord for evy tyme that he dothe the contrarie of this acte xx fi. and also to forfeite to the partie greved in this behalf x tymes so moche as he contrarie to this psent acte takith of hym; and that the seid parties so greved shall have in this behalf an accion of dette for the seid forfeiture of x tymes in any of the King? Courtes within this Realme by wrytte playnte bill or informacion, and suche pcesse to be made in the same as is or ought to be made in or upon an accion of dette att (') coen lawe, and the triall therof to be had in suche Shire Citie Towne or place, where the seid accion is comenced or sued, and that the defendaunt in any such accion be not admytted to wage his lawe, nor that noon esson or pteccion be for suche defendaunt admytted or allowed in that behalf.

Englishmen may resort to the Marte in Flanders, &c. and deal there, without any exceeding Ten

Penalty £20. to the King, and Ten Times the Sum

CHAPTER VII.

An Acte to make some offence petty treason.

THERE abhominable and wilfull purpensed murders be, by the Lawes of God and of naturall reason, forbeden Attainder of and ar to be eschewed, yet nat the lesse many and divs unresonable and detestable psones lacking grace wilfully comitte murdre, to the high displeasure of God and contrarie to all the Lawes abovesaid, and morely ayenst their naturall and oblieged dutie wilfully comytte purpensed murdre, in sleyng their Maister or their immediat Soveign undir whome he or they be or owe obedience, in trust to eschewe the parell and execucion of the lawe by the benefite of their clergie; In hoope wherof, of late on James Grame late of London Yoman wilfully assentid and purpensed the murdre of oon Richard Tracy Gentilman, then his maister, by hym and his purpensed assent the ix. day of February last past att Brentwode in the Countie of Essex murdred and slayne, to the right pilous ensample of othre ill disposed; Wherfore, and in avoiding of like myscheves to ensewe, by the assent of the Lordes spuall and temporall and the Comens in this Psent plement assembled and by auctorite of the same, Be it enacted that the seid James Grame, for the murdre of the seid Richard Tracy his late Maister, be atteynted of the seid murdre as a felon that hath offendid in pety treason; and that the same James for the same murder shalbe drawen and hanged, in suche maner and fourme as by the Lawe of this Lande hath been used in suche cases as psones being noo clerkis doyng like murdre have or owe to be punysshed; any privilege of his clergie nor his demaunde of the same notwithstanding.

Also be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that if any laie psone hereaftir purpensidly murder their Lord Maister or Soveign immediate, that they hereaftir be not admytted to their Clergie; and aftir conviccion or atteynder of any suche psone, soe hereaftir offending, had aftir the Course of the Lawe, that the same psone be putte in execucion as though he were noe Clerk.

Lay Persons murdering their Masters, shall not have Benefit of Clergy.

CHAPTER VIII. (1)

D feoffamento p Regem fco.

THE Kynge oure Soveign Lord by thassent of the Lordis spuall and temporall and the Comens of this Beent parliament assembled Trustees named and by thauctorite of the same, enactith ordeyneth and estableth that the moste Revend fathirs in God, John Cardinall and Archebisshop of Caunterbury and Thomas Archebisshop of Yorke, and the Revend fathirs in God Thomas Bisshop of Wynchester John Bisshop of Ely Richard Bisshop of Durha Edmod Bisshop of Hereford Oliv Bisshop of Bathe & Wellis Thomas Bisshop of London, Edward Duke of Bukyngham Thomas Erle of Arundell Henry Erle of Northumbreland John Erle of Oxenford Thomas Erle of Derby George Erle of Shrouesbury Thomas Erle of Surrey John Viscounte Wellys John Denham Tresourer of Englond

This and the Chapters immediately following, are now for the first Time printed, as Part of the Statute of this Session: Former Printed Collections of the Statute ended with Chapter VII.

Giles Lord Daubeney Robt Lord Broke John Fyneux Chief Justice John Cheyny Knight Richard Gylford Knight Gilbert Talbot Knight Reynold Bray Knyght Thomas Lovell Knyght John Rysley Knyght William Sandis Knyght Charlis Somerset Knyght James Tyrell Knyght Thomas Wode Jugge Robt Rede Jugge Thomas Kebyll Sergeant and John Mordaunt Sergeant, have holde and be plenarly possessed and seased to theym and their heires of the Manoirs of [Stourton] and Kenfare in the Countie of Staff the Manoir of Reminham in the Countie of Berk the Manoirs of Bydford and Brome in the Countie of Warr the Manoir of Wolverhampton in the Countie of Staff the Manoir of Upton Lovell in the Countie of Wiltes the Manoir of Estwykam in the Countie of Kent the Manoir of Herdiscotte in the Countie of Berk and of the Manoir of Evyngton in the Countie of Leyc, to thuse of the Kyng oure Soveign Lord Kyng Henry the vijth and his heires, he to do ordeyn and dispose or bequeth the seid Manoirs and evy parte of theym by wille testament or othrewise at his pleasure, whan and as ofte as it shall please his Highnes.

II. General Saving.

SAVYNG to evy of the Kyngis people suche right title and infest as they or any of theym hath in the Pmisses or any therof.

CHAPTER IX.

₽ Regina.

Recital of the King's Letters Patents dated 21 Feb. 7 H. VII. granting certain Estates to the Queen for her Dower:

Assurance of the said Estates to the Queen, by Act 11 Hen.VII. c. 32;

Recited Letters Patents and Act void, through the Misnomer, &c. of Shires and Places;

The Queen shall hold certain Estates specified from Lady-Day 10 Hen VII. for her Life.

Recited Letters
Patents and Act
declared valid, as if
the Shires, &c. had
been rightly named;
as to said Estates,
all Knight's Fees,

Certain Estates assured to the Queen after the King's Death.

IV. General Saving.

THE Kyng our Soveign Lord, calling to his remembraunce that his Highnes by his fres patentes beryng date at Westmynster the xxjth day of February the vij yere of his reigne, gave and graunted unto his moste dere wyfe Elizabeth Quene of Englond the Burgh of Warham the Lordships or Manoirs of Knoll Stuple and Criche the Lordship or Manoir of Wyke the Lordship or Manoir of Waymouth the Lordship or Manoir of Porteland the Lordship or Manoir of Helwell the Hundred of Roughborowe Bussheme and Hasellore the Lordship or Manoire of Marsshewode in the Countie of Son's, and also the Lordship or Manoir of Kyngeslane in the Countie of Hertf, To have the seid Burgh Lordshippes Manoirs landes and tentis, amonge other landes divse Burghes Manoirs landes and tentis and other hereditamentis, to the same Quene for time of her lyfe for hir Dower aftir the decesse of Cecill then Duchesse of Yorke, and also the Manoirs of Leigham and Woodehall in the Countie of Essex aftir the decesse of oure seid Soveign Lord if she soe long fortune to be in lief; as by the same tres patentes more pleynly doth appere; And where aftir in the parliament holden at Westmynster the xiiijth day of Octobr in the xjth yere of the reigne of oure seid Soveign Lord hadde, it was enacted ordeyned and establisshed by auctorite of the same parliament, amonge othre thinges, that the seid Quene shuld have for the of hir lyfe the seid Burgh of Warham the Lordshippes and Manoirs of Knoll Stuple and Criche pe Lordship or Manoir of Wyke the Lordship or Manoir of Weymouth the Lordship or Manoir of Porteland the Lordship or Manoir of Helwell the Hundred of Roughborough Bussheme and Hasellore the Lordship or Manoir of Marsshewode in the Countie of Som's and the Lordship or Manoir of Kyngeslane in the Countie of Hertf and also the Manoirs of Leigham and Woodehall in the Countie of Essex, and all and evy Knyghtis fees advousons of Chirches Priouries Chauntries phendes Hospitalles and othre benefices of Churches what so ev they be, and all and evy man libties fraunchises feires markettis vieu of Frankeplegge Courtes Letys and all othre pfuytes and comodities what so ev they be, to the seid Lordshippes Manoris Burghs and othre the Pmisses and to all othre the Pmisses in the seid Acte specified or to any parcell therof pteynyng or belongyng, as by the same Acte more pleynly it dothe appere; whiche tres patentes and Acte, concaying the seid Burghs Manoirs landes and tentis Knyghtis fees Advousons and all othre Hereditamentis afore rehercid, be voide and of none effecte, for as moche as the seid Burgh of Warham, the Lordshippes and Manoirs of Knoll and Criche Wyke Waymouth Porteland Helwell and Marsshewode and the seid Hundred ben in the Countie of Dors where in the seid fres patentes and Acte they ben rehercid to be in the Countie of Som's, And as for any suche Lordship and Manoir of Stuple there is none suche to his Highnesse belonging within the seid Shire of Sonis, but there is a Lordship or Manoir of Stucle which is within the seid Countie of Dors, And the seid Lordship and Manoir of Kyngeslane is within the Countie of Hereford and not within the Countie of Hertf, and the seid Manoirs of Leigham and Wodehalle be in the Countie of Suff and not in the Countie of Essex: Wherfor his Highnes willith that by thadvyce and assent of the Lordis spuall and temporall and the Comyns in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, it be enacted ordeyned and establisshed, that his seid moste dere wyfe Elizabeth Quene of England have and holde, from the fest of thannunciacion of oure Lady Seynt Marie the xth yere of his reign during hir lyfe, the Burgh of Warham the Lordshippes and Manoirs of Knoll Stucle and Criche the Lordship and Manoir of Wyke, the Lordeshipp and Manoir of Waymouth the Lordship and Manoir of Helwell, the Hundred of Roughborough Bussheme and Hasellore the Lordship or Manoir of Marsshewoode in the Countie of Dors, the Lordship or Manoir of Kyngeslane in be Countie of Hereford, with all Knyghtis fees advousons of Churches Chauntries phendes Hospitals and othre benefices of Churches what so ev they be, and all and evy man libties fraunchises faires markettis vieu of frankplegge courtis letys and all other pfuytes and comoditees and hereditamentis, what so ev they be, to the seid Burghs Lordshippes Manoirs and othre the pmisses joyntely or sevally pteynyng or belongyng or of any pcell of theym.

And also by the seid auctorite be it enacted that the seid fres patentes and Acte, and all warauntes for suertie of the same afore made, be as goode & effectuell in the Lawe to the seid Quene during hir lyfe, in like man and fourme as though evy of the seid Shires and all othre Wordes theren mystaken had be well taken, according to the true intent of ours seid Soveign Lord in the same, And also that the seid Quene shall have and holde duryng hir lyfe all Knyghtis fees and othre possessions and hereditamentis within all the Burgh Lordshippes Manoirs and othre the pmisses in this psent Acte, and also in the same fres patentes and Acte aforseid and evy of theym conteyned.

And also that it be ordered by the seid auctorite that the seid Quene shall have and holde during hir lyfe aftir the decesse of oure seid Soveign Lord the Kyng, the Lordshippes and Manoirs of Leigham and Woodehalle in the Countie of Suff, with all Knyghtis fees Advousons of Churches and other benefices of Churches what so ever they be, with all other libties faires markettis vieu of frankplegge Courtes letis and all other pfuytes and comodities to the seid Lordshippes and Manoirs and every of they mpteynyng or belongyng.

SAVYNG to evy of the Kyngis liege people, othre then the Kyng and his heires, suche right title and intesse as they or any of theym have in the premisses or any parcell of theym, this Acte notwithstanding.

Storton O.

former Printed Collections of the Sextute ended with Outree VII.

CHAPTER X.

P Comite Surr.

To the Kyng oure Soveign Lord ;

THERE afore this tyme it was covenaunted, by indenture made by thassent of youre Highres betwere the Excellent Princesse Elizabeth Quene of Englond and of Fraunce and Thomas Erle of Surrey, for a mariage then to be had and solempnised betwene Thomas Lord Howard son and heire apparaunt to the seid Erle, and Anne Suster to the seid Quene, which mariage is had and solempnised, that the same Erle amonge othre thyriges in the same indenture specified shuld have for the of his lyfe Cxx ti. oute of Manoirs londes and tenementis or othirwise to be assigned to the same Erle, with a Proviso in the same indentures that if Elizabeth nowe Duchesse of Norff or the seid Anne nowe Wyfe to the same Thomas Lord Howard decessed, that then from thensforth the seid annuitie shuld cesse, Wheruppon at the seid Quene and Erle desires for the accomplishement therof, an Acte of parliament was made at your last parliament holden at Westmynster the xiiijth day of Octobr the xith yere of youre moste noble reigne, wherby it was enacted by auctorite of the same parliament that the seid Erle shuld have poeive possede and enjoye to him for the of his lyfe C xx fi. yerely in fourme following, that is to sey; xx fi. yerely of the feeferme of the Citie of Norwiche; al ti. yerely of the Abbot and Convent of the Monasty of Bury Seynt Edmond in youre Countie of Suff for their feeferme of the Towne of Bury in the seid Countie of Suff; and xl ti. yerely of the feeferme of the Town of Ippeswiche in youre seid Countie of Suff; and xx ti. residue of the seid Cxx ti. yerely of the Maire and Burgeises of the Towne of Cambrigge in youre Countie of Cambrige as parcell of their feeferme at the daies and tymes used and accustumed; as by the seid Acte more pleynly doth appere of record; which Acte as touching the seid xl fi. yerely of the seid Abbot and Convent of Bury Seynt Edmond for their fee ferme of the Towne of Bury was and is clerely void, for asmuche as there is not ne then was any suche feeferme of the same Towne of Bury as is expressed in the seid Acte: And in consideracion therof and also for asmuche as the seid Quene is of verrey wille and mynde that the same Erle shall be truly and fully contented and paied of the seid Cxx fi. yerely during his lyfe, according to the seid aggrementis made betwene theym for the seid mariage, therfor at the speciall desire of the seid Quene, be it ordeyned establisshed and enacted by your Highnes and the Lordis spuell and temporell and the Comyns in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that the seid Erle have possede and enjoye to him for tme of his lyfe the seid xx ti yerely of the seid feeferme of the seid Towne of Norwiche, and the seid xl ti. yerely of the seid feeferme of the seid Towne of Ippeswich, and the seid xx ti. yerely of the Maire and Burgeises of the seid Towne of Cambrige, as pte of their feeferme, according to the tenour fourme and effecte of the seid Acte made in youre seid last parliament.

AND also be it ordeyned establisshed and enacted by the seid auctorite of this psent parliament, that the seid Erle have peeive possede and enjoye to him for time of his lyfe the seid xl fi. yerely of Thabbot Priour and Convent of the seid Monasty of Bury Seynt Edmond in the seid Countie of Suff, and of their Successours, for the custodie of the same Abbey and of all the temporalties of the same, at the daies and tymes used and accustumed for the payment therof; in full recompence and satisfaccion of the seid Cxx ti. yerely; any graunte or assignement made or to be made to the contrarie notwithstanding; and that due allowaunce and discharge yerely be hadde and made from tyme to tyme in your Escheker before the Barons of the same of the seid xx ti. yerely of the seid feeferme of the seid Citie of Norwiche and of the seid xl fi. yerely of the seid feeferme of the seid Towne of Ippeswiche and of the seid xx ti. yerely of the seid Maire and Burgeises of the seid Towne of Cambrige as parte of their fee ferme, and also of the seid xl fi. yerely of the seid Abbot Priour and Convent of Bury Seynt Edmond and their Successours, for the custodie of the same Abbey and the temporalties of the same, and of evy parcell of the pmisses, by the acquitaunces of the seid Erle or of his Attourney for the tyme beyng in that behalf made or to be made, without any peticion writte waraunte or othre comaundement theruppon at any tyme to be hadde or made in any wise in that behalf.

PROVIDED alway that if the seid Duchesse or Anne decesse that then fromthensforth the invesse of the seid Erle in the same xl fi. yerely of the seid Abbot Priour and Convent of Bury Seynt Edmond and of their Successours, for the custodie of the seid Abbey and the temporalties of the same, and also of all othre premisses afore rehercid, cesse and be voide and of none effecte; and if the seid Thomas Lord Howard decesse, and that the seid Anne departe from the seid Erle, that ymmediatly aftir hir departure the paymentis of the seid Cxx fi. to cesse and noe further ne lenger to continue ne endure.

The said Annuity made payable to the Earl from certain Fee Farm by Act 11 H.VII.

Fee Farm from the Abbey of Bury St. Edmund's, as for the Town of

The other Fee Farms assured to recited Act.

II. £40. per Annum assured to the Earl from the Abbot, Bury, for the Custody of the Abbey, &c.

All in Recompence of recited Annuitys the Exchequer.

Proviso as to

CHAPTER XI.

P Guidone Sapcote.

To the Kyng oure Sovereign Lord;

MOSTE humble besechith youre Highnesse your true liegeman and subgiette Guy Sapcote son to William Sapcote late of Thornehaugh in youre Countie of Norht, that where in youre Parliamant holden at Westmynster the vijth day of Novembre the first yere of youre noble reigne, by auctorite of the same Parliament, it was enacted established ordeyned demed and declared that the seid William fadre to your seid Suppliaunt, nowe dede, amonge othre psones by the name of William Sapcote of Hunt shuld stande and be convicte and atteynted of High treason, and disabled and forjuged of all maner honour estate dignite and Peminence, and the names of the same, and also shuld forfeite unto your Highnesse and youre heires all his Castelles Manoirs Lordshippes Hundredis fraunchises libties privilegies advousons noiacions presentacions londes tenementis rentis services porcions annuities pencions rightis hereditamentis goodes catalles and dettis, wherof he or any othre to his use were seased or possessid the xxin day of August the first yere of youre gracious reigne or any tyme aftir, within the Realme of England Ireland Wales Calcis or within the Marches therof in fee symple fee taill or Ime of lyfe or lyfes; as in the Acte therof made, it is conteyned at large; Pleasith it your seid Highnesse of youre moste habundaunt grace by thadvyce and assent of youre Lordis spuall and temporall and of the Comens of this youre present parliament assembled and by the auctorite of the same, to ordern establish and enacte in this The said Act youre Psent parliament and by thauctorite of the same, that the seid Acte Ordenaunce and Declaracion of conviction atteyndre forjugger and forfeiture, and all othre actis made in your seid Parliament holden at Westin the seid vijth day of Novembre ayenst the seid William, by what name or names so ev he be named or callid in the same Acte or Actis be repelled adnulled voide and of no

See Rot. Parl.

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restored in Blood, and enabled to enter on his Inheritance without suing of Livery, &c.

Guy, Son and Heir force ne effecte ayenst the seid William his heires and feoffees into his use, in or by reason of any of the premisses; And that your of the said William, seid Supplicant Guye and his baires have a property of the said William, seid Supplicant Guye and his baires have a property of the said William. seid Suppliaunt Guye and his heires have pursewe possede enherite and clayme all the Manoirs Lordshippes Londes Tentis Possessions Hereditamentis and all othre thinges, and the same to have and enjoye in like maner and fourme as the seid William fader to the seid Guye and his heires shuld have done & hadde or enjoyed if the seid Acte or Actis nev had been made ayenst the seid William and his seid feoffees to his use; And that the seid Acte or Actis be in noe wise Pjudiciall derogacion nor hurte to the seid Guy youre Suppliaunte nor to his heires, nor to the seid feoffees of the seid William fader to the seid Guy, of in to for or by the premisses or any of theym; and that by the same auctorite the seid Guy and his heires be heires of blode to every of his Auncestres, and have and holde enherite clayme pceyve and possede all Manoirs Lordshippes Londis Tenementis Possessions Hereditamentis and all othre thinges with their appurtenaunces and the same enjoye, whiche came or ought to have comyn to youre handis of possession by reason and force of the seid Acte or Actis made ayenst the seid William; And that the seid Guy and his heires, into theym and every of theym entre, and theym have enherite pceive and possede, and the same Guy, in like maner fourme and condicion as they shuld or myght have doon or enjoyed, if the seid Acte or Actis new hadde be made ayenst the seid William his heires and feoffees to his use, without suyng of theym or any of theym oute of youre handis or possession by peticion lyve or othirwise aftir the course of youre Lawes.

II. Assurance of certain Estates to David Philip and his Wife.

AND of that, the Kyng oure Sovereigne Lord by thassent of his Lordis spuall and temporall and Comens in this present parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, ordeyneth stablissheth and enactith, that David Philip squier for [his 1] body and Anne his Wyfe, have possede and enjoye to the same David and Anne the Manoirs of Thornehaugh Syberton Walmesford Stibyngton Sibiston in the Counties of Norht and Hunt; To have and to holde all the seid Manoirs with their appurtenaunces and othre Londes Tenementis Medowes Pastures Closures Woodis Rentis and Revercions Coens Waters Fisshynges and other Hereditamentis in the seid Thornehaugh Siberton Sibiston Stibyngton and Walmesford aforseid for the of lyfe of the seid David without empechement of Wast, and aftir the decesse of the seid David to remayne to the seid Anne and to the heires of hir body begoten, and for defaute of suche issue to remayne to the right heires of the same Anne for ev.

III. General Saving.

Grants of the King not to prejudice the said Guy.

Acquittal for Mesne Profits.

SAVYNG to evy of youre lieges and their heires and evy of theym suche accions right title entre and laufull intesse in the premisses as they or any of theym hadde in the same the seid xxjth day of August or any tyme sithen, othre then by youre fres patentes made by youre Highnesse to any psone or psones of any of the premisses sithen the seid Acte or Actis made; and that all fres patentes made to any psone or psones by you Soveign Lord of the premisses or any of theym, be in no wise prejudice or hurte to the seid Guy nor to his heires nor to the seid feoffees, but be utterly voide and of noe force ne effecte from the seid xxjth day of August.

AND be it ordeyned by the auctorite aforseid that noe psone nor psones the whiche have taken afore the first day of this youre parliament, and aftir the seid xxjth day of August, any issues or pfuytes of or in any of the Pmisses, be therof chargeable to the heires of the seid William nor feoffees to his use by wey of accion or othirwise: And youre seid Suppliaunte shall pray to God for the preservacion of youre roiall astate longe to endure.

CHAPTER XIL (')

AN ACTE for Fyftenthes and Tenthes.

To the Kyng oure Soveign Lorde.

Breach of Truce, &c. by the King of Scots;

against his Allegiance to the King; Preparation for War against Scotland.

Grant of Two whole Fifteenths and Tenths, of Personalty usually chargeable.

Exceptions £12,000. for

TE your humble subgettis in this your psent parliament assembled, well knowing that a Treux and Abstynence of Warre bytwene youre Highnes on the on partie and the Kyng of Scottes on the other ptye was concluded to have endured duryng cten yeres yet not expired, whiche to be prourmed the seid Kyng of Scottes bounde hym by his writing sealed with his great Seale and subscribed with his owne hande, and also in the worde of a Kyng pmysed to kepe the same, which notwithstondyng the same Kyng of Scottis, not fearyng Almyghty God in breking his seid pmys ner weiyng his Honour in the same, contrary therunto of late in his owne psone with a greate Armye with many and dyvse Habylmentis of Warre entred and invaded this youre moost noble realme, and therin hath don greate hurte aswell in murdryng of youre liege people and true subgettis Men Wymen and Childeren, as in brennyng of Villages brekyng doune of Pyles and other fortalices in the same ptyes, amonge many other myschevous and cruell dedes, not only to the High displeasure of Almyghty God greate dishonour and shame of the seid Kyng of Scottis, but also conterye to his alliegeaunce, for asmyche as he ought of dutie to be homyger and holde of you Soveign Lorde his seid realme as his pgenytours have done afore: For due reformación of which aforseid cruell and myschevous dedes, and for oure necessarie defence, youre Highnes hath pvyden ppaired and addressed aswell by Londe as by See great and myghty armees; and also for the tendre love and zele that youre Highnes berith for the defence of this youre realme not escheuyng any jopdie or pell that myght ensue to youre moste roiall psone, entende of youre noble corage to aredie youre selfe by all meanes possible with odre greate armyes for the reformacion and defence aforseid, in all goodly hast to subdue and anoye, by the myght and helpe of Allmyghty God, the seid Kynge of Scottis and his realme, to the honour and wele of you Soveign Lord and the assuraunce of this your realme, So that yo' Highnes myght have lovyng assistence and aide of youre seid subgettis towarde youre greate charges in that behalfe; In Consideracion wherof we youre seid Comens by thassent of the Lordes spuall and temporall in this youre psent parliament assembled, graunten by this psent Indenture to you oure Soveign Lorde, for the necessary defence of this youre seid realme, and us youre seid true subgettis of the same, too hoole xvmes and xmes, to be had paied taken and levyed of the movable goodes catellis and other thyngis usually to such xvmes and xmes contributorye and [charcheable 3] within the Shires Citees Boroughes and Tounes and other places of this yo' seid realme in maner and fourme afortyme used; Except the some of xij M' ii. therof fully to be deduct, that is to sey, vj M' ii. of either of the seid too hoole xvmes and xmes of the some that a xvme and xme atteyryth unto, in relief comfort and discharge of the power Tounes Citees and Boroughes of this youre seid realme wasted desolate or distroied or overeatly ympovysshed, or ellis to suche xvme and xme overeatly charged, The same some of xij Miti. of the seid too hoole xvmes and xmes that is to sey, sevally for evy of the seid xvmes and xmes vj M1 ti. after suche rate as was afore this tyme made to evy Shire, to be divided in such man and fourme as in and uppon the laste gaunte unto youre Highnes as for on hoole

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¹ yot O. on an Erasure.

^a The Originals of this and the subsequent Act are tacked together at the Parliament Office.

s chargeable O.

xyme and xme was had and divided; Except also the laye people and initiauntis within the Shire of the Citie of Lincoln suberbes and princte therof, and the laie people and inhitauntes within the Toune of Greate Jernemuthe in the Shire of Norff or eithir of theym, or eny of theym, for the goodes and catalles and othir thinges of theirs beyng within the seid Shire of the Citie of Lincoln the suberbes and pcincte therof, or within the Toune of Jernemuth and pcincte therof, to the payment of the seid too hole xymes and xmes or any pte bof in eny wise be not arted ner compellid, but that they and evy of theym in the fourme aboveseid of this gunte and evy pte therof be utily quyte and discharged; Excepte also that the laie people and inflitauntes within the Borough of Newe Shoreham in the Shire of Sussex nowe greatly wasted by the See, to the payment of the seid too hole xvmes and xmes or eny pte therof condnyng the moveable goodes and catellis or other thinges of the said laie people inhitauntes within the seid Borough of Newe Shoreham being by force of this gaunte be nat arted ner compellid, but be therof utily quyte and discharged; Also forseen that this psent gounte extend not ner in eny wise be pjudiciall to the Maire Baillyfs and Collate ner ther successours of the Towne of Cambrige, as to or for any other Charge for any xvme and xme as is aforseid, but after suche rate as was set by an Acte made by auctorite of a plement holden in the iijde yere of the raigne of Kyng Edward the iiijth that is to sey, xx h. to be graunte of evy hoole xyme and xme but that they of any other gretter charge than in the seid Acte ys specified be and stonde ut'lly quyte and discharged, this psent graunte of xvmes and xmes natwithstonding; The seid too hoole xvmes and xmes, the excepcions and deduccions Times of Payment. aforseid therupon had, to be paied in man and fourme follouyng, that is to sey, the oon hoole xyme & xme to be paied the laste day of May next comyng and the other secunde hoole xyme and xme to be paied the viijth day of the Moneyth of November then next followeng.

AND of this be it ordeyned by auctorite of this psent Parliament that no psone comen by youre high comaundement to this Psent Parliament for eny Shire Citee Burgh Porte or other place, and Clerkis uppon the same Parliament attending, be in eny wise made Collectour of the seid xymes and xmes or eny pte of theym, but of suche Colleccion in evy man be utterly quyte and discharged. And also that no Collectour nowe to be chosen be charged ferther then to the Collection of on of the seid too xymes and xmes by this Acte graunted.

AND ferther be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that suche Collectours and evy of theym as shalbe assigned for the Collection of the seid xymes and xmes upon the making of ther accomptis in youre Eschequer [by 1] quyte and discharged in the same Eschequer for payment of all man fees and rewardes ther to be askyd concaying the same accompte and evy pte therof; And also that the seid Collectours and evy of theym have like allowance upon ther accomptis of fees wagis and rewardis for their colleccon of evy of the seid xymes and xmes in as large man and fourme as eny Collectour or Collectours of xymes and xmes have had at eny seasone in tyme passed.

AND forasmyche as dyvers Collectours afore tyme in cteyn Shires and other places of this your Realme have refused and wold not make deduccion and abatement as it was set had and made according to the gounte therof, but the hoole somes of xyme and xme uppon dyvs Tounes and Burghs lymytted and set have levyed and reared, to the great grugge and hurte of the inhitauntes of the seid Tounes and other places, and the somes of suche deduccion and abatement by theym so levyed to ther ppre use in dyre placis wrongfully have applied, it is therfor by the seid advyse and assent ordeyned that yf any of the Collectours deputed for the levy of the seid xymes and xmes nowe graunted, refuse to allowe any deduccion or abatement befortyme allowed and made, and reare more some than in that ptie owe to be areared in or upon any Toun or place, that then evy of the Justices of Peas of the Shire or other place where suche hurte or wronge shall happe to be don, at the complaynte of the Constable or other officer of the seid Toune or place in the name of any party so hurted or wronged, have power to here and detmyne such Complaynt aswell by examynacion as by Bill or otherwise, and therin to do as by hym shalbe thought convenyent and resonable for the punysshement of the same.

PROVIDED alwey that yf the Kyng oure Soveign Lorde in his moste roiall psone with such armee as ys appoynted to goo and attende uppon his Highnes, or in his absence for causes resonable the Kyngis Lieutenaunt with the same armye, go nat in the same viage roiall, and a pfite peas bytwene the Kyng and this his Realme of Englond and the seid Realme of Scotland be taken had concluded and contynue, that than the seid xvme and xme payable the seid viij day of Novembr be not had payed nor levyed; but that the seid Lordes Comens and Collectours be therof quyte and discharged : And yf the Kyng oure Soveign Lorde in his moste roiall In case of a Truce, psone with the same armye, or for causes resonable the Kyngis Lyeutenant with the same armye, goo nat in the same viage roiall, and abstynence of werre treux and peas for a tyme, bytwene the Kyng oure Sovaign Lorde and this his Realme of Englond and the seid Realme of Scotland, be taken, that then the levyeng and payment of the seid xvme and xme paiable the seid viijte day of Novembr, be fore the same tyme of abstynence of werre and peas for a tyme, put in suspence and not levable nor paied.

AND of this that it be ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that if after the seid pfite peas be had and concluded, or after suche abstynens of Warre, treux and peas for a tyme be had and made, and after that yf Warre be reared levyed and polaymed betwene the seid realmes, that then the seid xvme and xme paiable the seid viijte day of Novembr shalbe, at a resonable day by the Kyng to be appoynted, sessed levyed and paied for maytenance of the same Werre in like man and fourme as by the acte afore reherced is more at large expssed. Provided also that the laste [halfe of the seid xvme and xme a] be not sessed before the feste of the assumpcon of oure Lady next comyng, but that it be sessed by the fest of Seynt Michell tharchangell next suyng, ner levyable by the Collectours therof before the xv. day of Octobr next comyng; And that the names of the Collectours of the seid last xvme and xme be ctified into the Kyngis Eschequer by the firste day of Octobr next following the day of this psent Acte.

City of Lincoln and Town of Great Yarmouth.

New Shoreham.

Corporation of Cambridge. [See Rot. Parl. 3 E. IV. nu. 8, 11.]

11. No Member of Parliament to be a Collector. Separate Collectors for each Tenth and Fifteenth.

Collectors not chargeable with Fees on passing their Accounts. Allowance to Collectors.

Remedy against Collectors refusing to make Deductions required by this

In case of a Peace with Scotland, the Second Tenth and such Tenth and Fifteenth shall be

Assessment thereof.

1 So in Original.—Read " be

2 hole xyme & xme O.

CHAPTER XIII.

An Act for a Subsidie to be graunted to the Kinge, and for dischardg of some psons from payment thereof.

Recital of the Grants of Two Fifteenths and Tenths by Chapter XII. of this Session:

Insufficiency thereof:

Grant of an Aid and Subsidy, equal to Two Fifteenths and Tenths, without any Deduction, except £12,000. How the said Subsidy shall be ordered, assessed, and levied.

What Persons shall be chargeable to the said Subsidy.

Subsidy shall be assessed by Justices of Peace and other Persons named in the Schedule to this Act.

They shall appoint Collectors of the First Half of the said Subsidy;

who shall collect and levy the same, by Distress, &c.

II.
Tenants may retain
Payments made by
them for their
Landlords, &c.

III.
No Member of
Parliament shall be
a Collector, &c.

WHERE the Comens in this psent plement assembled, of theire feythfull and lovyng myndes to the Kyng oure Soveign Lorde and for their necessarye defence ayenste the cruell malyce of the Scottis, have geven and graunten to his Highnes by their indenture ii hole xvmes and xmes to be had taken paied and levyed in suche wise as by the gaunte of the same more at large doth appere, towarde and for mayntenaunce and supportación of suche great arrayes as the Kynges Highnes of his great pvidence hath addressed and spared aswell by se as by lande for the necessary defence of this noble Realme; And for asmyche as the graunt of the seid too xvmes and xmes doth not suffise nor extende to the behoufull chargis and expencis for the fornysshyng and contynuaunce of the same armyes, Therfor it be ordeyned establisshed and enacted by auctorite of this psent parliament, that the Kyngis Highnes towarde the accomplisshment and mayntenance of the armyes aforseid, and urgent causes concuyng the same, shall have an aide and subsidie of as greate and large somes of money as the seid too xvmes and xmes, if any exemptions or discharges by acte of plement or otherwise had not be had ne made, shuld have amounted unto, the abatementis and deduccons of xij M1 fi. therof abatid and allowed, the on halfe of the same aide and subsidie to be paied to youre Highnes in youre Eschequer by the Collectours to be assigned by the laste day of Maye next comyng, and the other halfe therof to be paied by the viijth day of Novembr next ensuyng, to be ordered assessed and levyed after the fourme following, that is to sey; evy shire chargeable with the seid xvmes and xmes shall pay like somes of money to the seid Aide and Subsidie as they by the seid too xvmes and xmes shuld have be charged with, if any exempcon or oder discharge had not be had ne made to any place or Tounes within the same Shire not accomptable by theym selfe in the Eschequer for xvmes and xmes, and that the same tounes and places being within the same Shire exempted or discharged of payment to suche xvmes and xmes not therfor by theym selfe accomptable in the seid Eschequer be chargeable with the seid Shires in eide of the same, the sevall deduccons of the hole some of evy Shire of the seid xij M1 li. to be allowed and abated, and all Citees Boroughes and Tounes not contributory ner chargeable to any xvmes and xmes with Shires, and accomptable by themself in the seid Eschequer for any qinsym and dysme, shalbe charged to the seid aide and subsidie with like and asmyche somes of Money as theire too xvmes and xmes shuld have amounted unto, if non exempcon ner other discharge had nat be to them had ne made, ther sevall deduccons of the seid xij M1 fi. to be abated and alloued; and that to the payment of the seid aide and subsidie evy psone and psones havyng londes or tentes or other hereditamentis or possessions in landis or tentis in fee symple fee taill frehold at Will aft the Custome of the Maner Warde execucon or auncien demeane within eny of the seid Shires Citees Burghes or Tounes, to the yerely value of xxtis. above all charges, wherof they or any of theym be seased or possessed or any psone or psones to the use of theym or eny of theym and nat therof chargeable with spuall dysmes, or eny psone or psones havyng goodes or catallis to their ppre use to be value of x. marke and above, for the same shalbe chargeable to the seid aide and subsidie, and none other psone of lesse substaunce in lande or goodes: Whiche aide and subsidie to be levyed in the seid Shires shalbe ordred and assessed by the discrecion of the Justices of peas of the Shires dwellyng in the same Shires, with other psones whose names appere in a cedule herto annexed or vj of theym at lest, calling to theym oder discrete psones dwelling within the seid Shires such as they shall thinke necessary which shall geve to theym ther advyses and assistence for the execucion of the pmysses; and in evy of the seid Citees and Boroughes, for the levying of such somes as they be chargeable with for the seid aide and subsidie, to be ordred and assessed by the Maires Justices of peace Shirefs Baillefs or other hed Officers of the same Citees or Boroughes with suche oder psones whose names appere in a Cedule herto annexed or iiij of theym att lest, calling to theym other discrete psones dwelling within the seid Citees Tounes and Boroughs as they shall thinke necessary, which shall geve to them their advises and assistence for the execucion of (1) pmysses; And that all psones be charged and bounde by the seid ordring and assessing according to theffecte of the same: And the seid somes for the seid aide and subsidie, in fourme aforseid ordrid and assessed, aswell the seid orderours and assessours in the seid Shires or vj of theym at lest, as in the seid Citees and Boroughs or iiij of theym at lest, shall name Collectours for the levye of the same aide and subsidie, and ctifie undre their seales the names of the seid Collectours for the first halfe of the seid aide and subsidie into the Kingis Eschequer byfore the morowe after the feste of the ascencion of oure Lorde next comyng, and that the Collectours to be named and assigned to gadre and levye the seid aide and subsidie, shall have full auctorite & power after viij dayes next ensuying the seid assessing, to levy and gadre the same, and for nounpayment therof to distreyne take and appreyse indifferently and sell asmych of the gocdez or catallis of evy psone within the Shires Citees or Boroughes where they shalbe Collectours, as shall see for the payment of suche some or sumes of money which evy of theym shalbe ordred and assessed to pay, not chargyng eny psone but only for the some uppon hym assessed, and for nounpayment of eny some of Money ordred and asseste in fourme aforseid on eny psone that it shalbe lefull to the seid Collectours to distreyne take appreyse indifferently and sell asmyche of the goodes and catalles, of the fermers and tenauntis of any of the same psones so assessed not paying, as shall serve for the payment of suche somes of Money as shall upon be seid psones for nat making payment be ordred and assessid, as ferre as the rent or ferme of the seid fermour or tenant shall sevally extende unto for halfe a yere and nat ferther; And that no psone or psones be distreyned, or his goodes or catalles taken for any some upon hym ordred and assessed, but after suche rate and in suche Tounes Citees Boroughes and placis where his londes or his goodes be, for which he is assessed; also that the seid sessours in ey Shire or vj of theym at lest, and that the Sessours and ordrers in evy of the seid Citees and Boroughes specified in the seid Cedule or iiij of theym at leste, shall by writyng indented undre their sealis delyver to the Collectours of the seid aide and subsidie within viij dayes next after the seid

And over that yt is ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that if the goodes or catalles of eny fermour or tenent of any psone assessed to pay to this aide and subsidie be taken distreyned or sold by the Collectours of the seid aide and subsidie for nounpayment of the same psones so assessed, that then suche fermour and tenaunt and their executours heiers and deputies shall retayne in his and their handes, upon the next payment and paymentis for ev, as myche money as he or they shalbe endamaged or hurte for the seid nonepayment.

assessing the names and somes of evy psone which they shalbe appoynted and lymyted to gader by the seid writyng.

AND of this be it ordyned by auctorite of this psent parliament, that no psone comen by youre high comaundment to this psent plement for any Shire Citee Burghe Porte or other place, or any of the seid Justices of Peas or oder psones in the seid Cedule namyd, and Clerkys upon the same Parliament attendyng, be in any wise made Collectour of the said aide and subsidie or eny parte therof, but of such collection in evy man be utterly quyte and discharged; And also that no Collectour nowe to be chosyn be charged ferther then to the collection of halfe the seid aide and subsidie by this psent acte graunted.

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AND ferther be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that such Collectours and evy of theym as shalbe assigned for the Collector of the seid aide and subsidie, upon the makyng of their accomptes in youre Eschequer be quyte and discharged in the same Eschequer for payment of all man of fees and rewardes ther to be asked concaying the same accompte and evy pte therof; And also that the seid Collectours and evy of theym have like allowaunce upon ther accomptis of fees waiges and rewardes for ther Collecton of evy of the seid half aide and subsidie, in as large man and fourme as any Collectour or Collectours of xvmes and xmes have had at any season in tymes passed.

IV. No Fees on p Accounts of Collectors Allowance to Collectors.

AND of this be it enacted by the seid auctorite that if any rescue be made upon any Collectour, and then the same Collectour namyd or to be namyd ctyfie to any of the Justices of Peas within eny suche Shire Cite Burghe or Toune where any psone make suche rescue of any distres to be takyn by suche Collectour or Collectours or their Servauntes or assignes for any cause aforseid, that then ymediatly upon the same ctificat the same Justice of Peas or any other Justice of Peas within the same Shire have power to comytte hym or theym that makyth suche rescues to Warde, or to make a capias to take suche psone or psones makyng suche rescues and to comytte theym to prison ther to remayne without baill or maynp'se by the discrecion of the seid Justice; And that the seid Justices and evy of theym have pouer without delaye to here and delmyne the seid offence aswell by pfe examynacon as oderwise: And if eny such psone be convicted therof then he to remayne in prison till the money for the which the seid distresse was taken be fully content and paide, and ferther till he or they so convycted have made fyne for ther offenses in this behalfe by the discrecons of the seid Justices.

V. Punishment of ersons rescuing Distresses, &c.

And also be it enacted by the seid auctorite that if any psone so assessed or to be assessed pay not according to the seid cesseng, and the seid Collectours can nat fynd any sufficient distresse for the payment of suche some of Money to be sessid and levyed upon any such psone after the fourme aforseid, and pclamacion therof made by the same Collectours in the next Market Toune therto adjoynyng in the seid Countie, And then yf the same Collectours cifie into the Kyngis Eschequer that no suche sufficient distresse can be founde for the payment of the same some of Money, that then the same psone shall pay unto the Kyng the doble some of the same Money so upon hym assessed not paied within xv. dayes next after the seid citificat made, and the Collectours of the Payment of the same some of Money then to be discharged.

Penalty in Default of Distress; Double the Sum due.

VI.

BE it also enacted that the Collectours to be assigned for the Countie of Sutat, nat dwellyng within the Isle of Wight, be not charged ner chargeable for the Colleccon of any xvme or xme aide or subsidie aforseid or hereafter to be graunted, which shalbe payable assessed or to be levyed within the seid Ile, but that they be therof from hensfourth for ev discharged. And that suche Collectours as shall hereafter be assigned for the seid Countie of Sutht, dwelling within the Ile of Wight, be not charged ne chargeable for any xyme & xme aide or subsidie aforseid or hereafter to be graunted which shalbe payable assessed or to be levyed within the seid Countie oute of the seid Ile of Wight, but that they that dwell within the seid Ile shalbe therof utily fromhensfourth discharged for ever.

VII. Proviso for Hampshire and Isle of Wight.

BE it also enacted by the auctorite aforseid that all Constables within this Reame shall favour helpe and assiste the seid Collectours for the Colleccon of the same within the Cite hundred Burghe Toune or Village where any of theym shalbe Constable.

VIII. Constables shall assist Collectors.

PROVIDED alwey that the Maire Baillifs and [other 1] of evy Burghe Corporat wherof thenhitauntes have not used to be charged to make collection of eny genall xvme & xme oute of the seid Boroughes, that thenhitauntes within the same Boroughs be not charged to the Colleccon of eny some or somes to be assessid after the forme aboveseid oute of the seid Boroughs, and that they within theym selfe shall make colleccon of suche somes of money as shalbe assessed within their jurisdiccion to be levyed, and the same somes of money to dely be to the Collectours to be namyd as is above seid for that Shire where they have ther beyng.

Proviso for Corporate Towns chargeable within

PROVIDED also that no psone nor psones be assessed ne charged by graunt of the seid aide and subsidie for any goodes or catalles in any other place then ther as he or they dwellyth; Excepte that evy psone and psones be charged to the same aide and subsidie for ther quycke catell where the same quycke catell ys couchant and levaunt and for their Corne where the same Corne grewe and remayneth in the Berne Garner or in Stackis; and that evy psone or psones that hath or holdith eny house or place wherin he of they or any psone for hym or theym usith to by or sell eny goodes or catallis at retaile pay to the seid aide and subsidie after the rate aboveseid ther as he or they so retailyth.

Persons to be charged where dwelling, &c.

PROVIDED also that no psone spuall ne straynger alien be chargeable ner chargid for ther goodes and catallis to the seid aide and subsidie but for such goodes and catallis as they be chargeable with to the xvmes and xmes.

XI. Proviso fur Spiritual Persons and Aliens. XII. Exemptions for Victuals, Horses, Household

PROVIDED also that all suche goodes as any Lorde or other psone Seculer hath conceyng vitaill to be expended in their houses, horses & harneis to be employed in the Warre, and all other goodes and implementis of Houshold to be used in their Houses, and utensilies of the same, wherby he or they take no gayne ner wynnyng, be nat comprised ne chargeable to the seid aide and subsidie.

Furniture, &c. XIII. Exemption for the Queen.

PROVIDED also that oure Sovayne Lady the Quene be nat charged ner chargeable by this psent Ace of or for the seid aide and subsidie, for any londes or tentis or other hereditamentis goodis or catallis wherof oure seid Soveign Lady ys seased or possessid to her owne use, or wherof any other psone or psones is seased or possessed to thuse of oure seid Soveign Lady.

XIV. In case of a Peace the last Half of the said Subsidy shall not be levied:

PROVYDED alway that yf the Kyng our Soveign Lorde in his moste roiall psone, with such armee as is appoynted to goo and attende upon his Highnes, or in his absence for causes resonable the Kyngis Lyeutenaunt with the same armye, go not in the same viage roiall, and a pfite peas betwene the Kyng and this his Realme of Englond and the seid Realme of Scotland be taken had concluded and contynue, that then the seid aide and subsidie paiable the seid viijte day of Novembr be nat had paied nor levyed, but that the seid Lordes Comens and Collectours be therof quyte and discharged; And if the Kyng oure Soveign Lorde in his moste roiall psone with the same armee, or for causis resonable the Kingis Lyeutenant with the same armee, go nat in the same viage roiall, and abstinence of warre treux and peax for a tyme bytwene the Kyng oure Soveign Lorde and this his Realme of Englond and the seid realme of Scotland be taken, that then the levying and payment of the seid aide and subsidie payable the seid viij day of Novembr be for the same tyme of abstynence of Warre and peas for a tyme put in suspence and not levable nor paied.

In case of a Truce it shall be suspended.

And over this that it be ordeyned by the seid auctorite that if after the seid plite peas be had and concluded, or after suche abstynence of Warre, Trux and Peax for a tyme be had and made, and after that yf Warre be reared levyed and polaymed bytwene the seid realmes, that then the seid aide and subsidie payable the seid viij day of Novembr shalbe, at a resonable day by the Kyng to be appoynted, sessed levyed and paied for mayntenaunce of the same, warre in lyke man and forme as by the acte afore reherced is more at large expssed.

On Renewal of War such last Half of the Subsidy shall be levied.

PROVIDED also that the laste half of the seid aide and subsidic be not cessed before the feste of the Assumpcon of oure Lady next Proviso for comyng, but that it be sessed by the fest of Seynt Michell (a) next ensuyng, nor levable by the Collectours therof byfore the xv. Assessments. day of Octobr next comyng; and that the names of the Collectours of the same last halfe aide and subsidie be citified into the Kingis Eschequer by the first day of Octobr next folloung the day of this psent Acte.

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XVII.
Exemption for the
Universities, and
the Colleges of
Eton and
Winchester.

(1) PROVIDED alwey that no londis nor tentis nor other hereditament is nor possessions, mortised appropried or belonging to any College in any of the Univisitees of Oxenford or Cambrigge or to the College of oure blessed Lady of Eton or to the College of oure blessed Lady of Wynchest beside Wynchester, or any goodes or catallis of the seid Colliges or to any of theym belonging, be charged or chargeable to for or with the seid Aide and Subsidie or with any peell therof; but that the seid Collegis and evych of theym by whatsoev name or names they or any of theym be callid or named be utily discharged and acquyted of the seid aide and subsidie this psent acte or any other acte or actes made or to be made concapying (2) notwithstonding.

(3) Persones appoynted to be Comyssioners for the Shires undrewriten & with Justices of be peas to be associat.

Derb.

Johes Knyveton Johes Ormond Ričus Knyveton Johes Fitzherbert de Norbury

Staff.

Humfrus Persall Armiğ Ričus Wrattysley Armiğ Humfrus Swynerton Thomas Wells

Salop.

Ričus Laken Miles Thomas Mitton Armiğ Thomas Acton Armiğ Lodowicus Eyton Armiğ

Beđ.

Georgius Gascoign Armiğ Thomas Waunton Armiğ Wilts Ernys Gentilman Wilts Leventhorp

Hunf.

Johes Horwode
Johes Tyse
Cristoferus Brenen
Robtus Arnold.

Surř.

Matheus Broun Miles Johes Gunter Johes Skynner Henr Saundre

Oxoñ.

Wifts Harcourt Armig Johes Cottysmore Armig Thomas Osbaston Ar Wifts Elmys

Berk.

Ricus Fetypace Thomas Essex Wills Fetypace. Johes Denton

Soms.

Johes Speke Miles Johes Siddynham de Orchard Ričus Vouell Johes Staunton

Dors.

Rogus Neuburgh Henr Strangwys Johes Cokare Thomas Husy

Sutht.

Ričus Wallop Armiğ Robtus White Ar Robtus Bulkeley Armiğ Johes Skyllyng sen Armiğ Villa Salop.

Rogus Thornes
Wills Colle
Laurencius Hosyer.
Hugo Walker

Devises.

Johes Cley Ričus Lymbury Jacobus Potter Ričus Cuffe

Insula Vecta.

Johes Dawtry Armig

Civitas Bathe.

Laurencius Leche Rob Batyn Wifts Tyler Johes Cokkis

Colcestr.

Ričus Haynes Ričus Barker Thomas Cristynmas Johes Bretton

Villa Derb.

Johes Clavour Ričus Colyer Thomas Oxley Johes Bryde

Villa Notyngh*m. Ričus Andrewe

Johes Seylyok Johes Cost Johes Hawet

Notyngh'm.

Thomas Meryng
Thomas Leyke
Johes Seynt Andrewe
Wills Blyton

Lyndesey.

Johes Sheffeld Wiffs Copuldyke Johes Sampull Ričus Quadryng

Kestayn.

Ricus Thymolby Thomas Rawsse de Douseby Edmundus Brissh de Hougham Gilbertus Hüse de Grauntham

Holland.

Thomas Robynson de Fossedyke jum Johes Robynson de Boston sent Johes Chircheyerd de Holbech Nichus Lee de Swynshede Civitas Norwici.

Robtus Thorp Henr Wylton Johes Pynchemore Robtus Burgh

Villa Glouč.

Thomas Myll Armig Witts Trye Armig Witts Hanshawe Thomas Lane

Villa Scarburgh.

Johes Percy Petrus Percy junior Johes Fyche Laurencius Harison

Hereford Est.

Johes Breynton
Thomas Draper
Johes Walle
Rogus Gibbys

Johes Eston

Devon.
Johes Courteney de Mollond
Johes Tremayne senior
Wifts Strode

Villa Huntyngdon.
Wills Swetnam
Robtus Newell
Wills Clerke Draper
Johes Fletwell

Norhi.

Thomas Cheyny Ričus Knyghtley Robtus Wittelbury Rogus Wake

Villa Northampton.

Henr Umfrey Thomas Derby Robtus Shefford Johes Dyssy

Leyc.
Johes Turvyll Armig
Thomas Hesilrig Armig
Thomas Stoke Armig
Thomas Nevill Armig

Rotet.

Wills Sheffeld Ricus Flower Johes Calcot Mauricius Berkeley

Wigorñ.

Johes Welshe Robtus Morgan Johes Middilmore Johes Wesshebourn

In the Margin of the Roll opposite the Entry of this Proviso, is written, Pvisio fca p Dmm Regem.' The Original Proviso is contained in a separate Schedule annexed to the Original Act.

The Names of these Commissioners are not annexed to the Original Act.

Wiltes.

Cristoforus Tropynell Johes Ernley Johes Gawen Georgius Chaderton

Glouč.

Waltus Denys Mit Egidius Brigge Ar Witts Cassy Armig Jones Jones

Suff.

Robtus Crane
Johes Garneys
Johes Glymham
Thomas Baldrey.

Dorš. (1)

Rogus Neuburgh Mil Hen Strangwys Johes Oskare Thomas Hucy.

Ludlowe.

Waltus Morton Johes Lane Wiffs Grene Wiffs Cheyne

Civitas Eboy.

Wifts Berker Baker Johes Pette Glasier Wifts Stapilton Miles Wifts Feirefax

Hertf

Johes Boteler
Robtus Neuporte
Johes Lenthorp
Thomas Pyreon

Warr.

Edwardus Ralegh Mit Wills Harwell Armiğ Robtus Fulwode Ričus Palmer

Sussex.

Johes Palmer Wifts Bower Thomas Wellys Johes Jeffrey

Cantebr.

Wifts Cheyne Ricus Stutfeld David Orell Thomas Tanfild

Cornub.

Johes Arundell Ar Ricus Flammak Ar Johes Trevenour Thomas Eresy

Lancastř.

Edmundus Trafford Mit Johes Talbot Mit Thomas Laurence Ar Thomas Hesketh Ar Buk.

Johes Langston Thomas Hawtre Ricus Blont Johes Pyget

Villa Oxoñ.

Johes Hed David Dyer Thomas Skowe Johes Gossages

Lenn Epi.

Jones Palmer Jones Gryndell Thomas Thursby Witts Amflussh

Heref.

Johes Deveux Mit
Johes Lyngen Mit
Waltus Barkevyle Ar
Ricus Grenewey Ar

Villa Bed.

Thomas Hanchiche Johes Goold Rogus Goold Walfus Luke

Essex.

Robtus Tyrell Armiğ

Tendryng senior Ař

Humfřus Tyrell Armiğ

Josselyn Auditor

Civitas Wygorn.

Wilts Yoly Johes Payne Ricus Hosyer Wilts Lane

London.

Ricus Pontesbury mce
Johes Paynter Grocer
Laurencius Ailmer Drap
Phus Payne Fishmong
Thomas Exmewe Goldsmyth
Jacobus Wilford Taillor
Thomas Billesdon Habdassher
Thomas Masset Skynfil

Midd.

Edwardus Cheseman Johes Elryngton Johes Thorbury Johes Goodeyere

Villa Bristoll.

Johes Haukes
Johes Esterfeld
Nichus Broun
Johes Walsshe Marchat

Civitas Nove Sap.
Robtus Souche
Ričus Bartilmewe

Thomas Coke Wiffs Webbe

Norff.

Johes Berney de Redam Robtus Barnerd Wills Gurney Stamford in Kesteven.

Robtus Crane Johes Wynter Nichus Edward Robtus Martyndale

Kyngeston sup Hull.

Thomas Wyclyff
Thomas Cok
Nichus Portyngton
Jones Wadyngham sen

Grantham & Stoke.

Thomas Hall
Johes Kerby
Simon Leveret
Augustinus Porter

Villa Sutht.

Johes Dautrey
Thomas Thomas
Cristoforus Ambros
Petrus Sprynge

Kanč

Henr Horne Walfus Culpeper Johes Pecche Thomas Kempe

Civitas Coventr.

Thomas Bayly Ricus Lee Johes Wigston Robtus Grene

Civitas Cantuar.

Johes Colman
Witts Rose
Thomas Sare
Henr Swerder

Gippewich.

Thomas Drayle
Wifts Baker
Ričus Baily
Ričus Haxwade

Bruggenorth.

Jones Whittell Hugo Rowlone Thomas Weston Jones Prene

Suthwerke.

Robtus Weltden
Johes Mathewe
Thomas Motton
Wiffs Arnold
Wiffs Purfote
David Chapman
Thomas Hoore
Wiffs Braunche
Wiffs Arnold
Robtus Burnham
Ričus Godeman

Marleburgh.

Robtus Froste Robtus Somerfeld Johes Stodham Thomas Sive

1 A Repetition.

Anno 19° HENRICI, VII. A.D.1503-4.

Kyngeston sup Hull.

specificantifical or to any of theyer halled to be and

UM algordes Mario II

Ex Rotulo Parliamenti de anno regni Regis henrici Septimi, decimo nono.

STATUTES MADE IN THE SESSION OF PARLIAMENT, BEGUN TO BE HOLDEN AT WESTMINSTER, ON THURSDAY THE TWENTY-FIFTH DAY OF JANUARY, IN THE NINETEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF K. HENRY, VII.

Ricus Grenoway Al

CHAPTER I.

P attendencia Dño Regi facienda in Guerris.

Recital of Statute 11 Hen. VII. c. 18. as to attending the King in War, by Persons holding Offices;

Omission in recited Act, as to Persons holding Lands, &c.

Where Persons who have Grants of Lands, &c. from the King, neglect to attend him in War, such Grants shall become void, and at the King's Pleasure.

II. Proviso for their Wages during such Attendance.

WHER in the plement holden at Westmynstre the xj yere of the Kyng our Sovaigne Lord? Reign, for goode resonable [causes & 1] consideracons in an Acte in the seid plement conteyned it was ordeyned by the same, that all psone & psones being wythin this Realme of Englande or Wayles, havyng offices fees or annuyties of the Kingf gyftes & grauntes and dide not geve ther attendaunce upon the Kynge Highnesse when he shulde fortune to goo in Warres in his psone, in their psones as their duetie byndythe them in that behaulfe, that then they and evy of them making therof defaulte, the Kinge speciall licens not hade, or els the seid psone or psones havyng suche unfeyned Sykenese lettyng or disease, that he or they after due prove of the same shulde forfeyt & lese ther seid offices fees & annuyties & the same to stonde voyde at the Kinge pleasour, as in the same acte more at large it is conteyned: And for asmoche as divers & meny psones havyng of the Kynge gyftes & grauntes many Honours Castelles Lordeshippes Maners landes tent? & other possessions & hereditament?, by reason wherof they ar more bounden to give ther attendaunce upon the King? moste royall psone in his seid Warres then other rehersed psones havyng but fees offices & annuyties for terme of lyffe, aswell for the defence of his moste Roiall psone as for the defence of this his Realme, which was at that tyme by overseght omitted & lefte ow of the seid Acte: Be it therfore enacted ordeyned & establisshed by thadvyse of the Lordes spuelle & temporelles & the Comens in this psent plement assembled and by auctorite of the same, that evy psone or psones havyng or occupying or that hereafter shall have or occupie eny Honoures Castelles Lordeshippes Maners landes tentes & other possessions & hereditament? by reason & vertue of the Lettres patentes of the King ou' Sovaign Lorde that nowe is, nowe geven graunted & made or herafter to be geven graunted & made by ou' seid Sovaigne Lorde, & geve nott ther dayly attendaunce in ther psones uppon his Highnesse when he shall fortune to goo in Werres, win this his Realme or els wher, for eny urgent & resonable causes in his psone for the honour or suretie of the same his psone & the defence of this his Realme & ayenste his enymyes or rebelles win the same Realme [or wythout '] for the repressyng & subduyng of them and there maliciouse purpose, and well & truely according to the duetie of ther allegiaunce serve the King in his seid Jorney and veyage & to gyve ther attendaunce uppon his Grace in the same & not to depte wythoute his speciall licens in writyng undre the Kynge sygne manuell & signet or undre his grett seall or pryve seale, or els till after gen'all pclamacion be made that they shall depte, or els the seid psone or psones havyng suche unfeyned sekenes lettyng or desease that he or they may not in ther psones come to do ther psonall attendaunce & fvice & p' duely pved, that then all suche Letters Patentes gyftes & grauntes and all thing? in them conteyned be utterly from thensforthe adnulled voyde & of none effecte & at the King? pleasour.

PROVYDED that all suche psones so gevyng attendaunce shall have the King? wayges frome the tyme of comyng frome his House towarde the King when they come to the King, & frome the Kyng home ageyne at the tyme of their deptyng, after the rate of xx^{ty} myles for a Day, & whiles they be wyth the Kyng? Grace to have also the King? Wayges.

O. omits.

o Interlined in the Original Act.

Provyded also that this Acte extende not to no spuell psone, nor to the Maister of the Rolles, ne to none other Officer & Clerke of the Chauncrie Justice of either Benche Barons of the Kinge Eschequyer & other Officers & Clerke of the said playces, the Kynge Atto'neys & Sollicitour & the Sergiauntes at Law, nor to the Clerke of the Kinge Counsell for the tyme beyng, nore to eny psone beyng above the age of lx. yeres, nor to eny psone being wythin the Age of xxj yeres, nor to eny graunte or patent of eny Warde or Idiot or Custodie of the same, nor to no heyres females enherited by reason of eny suche graunte.

III.
Exemptions;
Spiritual Persons,
Master of the Rolls
&c.

PROVYDED also that it extende not to any patentes nor landes or tenent comprised in the same, the whiche patentes make mencion that eny graunte is made by the Kyng of suche landes for cteyne some or somes of Money conteyned in the same letters patentes.

IV.
Proviso for Grants
on pecuniary
Consideration.

good of stool In tenderities are nouse that CHAPTER III. it show stinds seeing regul main inchembrookless

before the Justice of Anciel or distinct of the peace in their Corners that

D Custuma Arcuū ad tempus pdonand.

To the Kyng our Sovaigne Lorde;

PLEAS it yo' Highnesse for as moche as by longe tyme paste fewe sufficient Bowestaffes have ben brought into this yo' Realme, for skarcenesse wherof aswell the Artilery of the same is almoste decayed as the facultie of Bowyers almoste distroyed, notw'standyng many good statutes herebefore made for bringyng of Bowestaffes in to this yo' Realme, that to geve corage to Marchaunt? to bryng into this yo' Realme in tyme comyng good bowestaffes, more plentiously to thencrece of Archers & of the Artilery of the same then they have ben accustomed to bryng in tymes paste, that it may please yo' seid Highnesse of yo' moste speciall & habundaunt Grace by thadvyse & assent of yo' Lordes spuall & temporall & of the Comens in this psent plement assembled and by auctoritie of the same, that it may be ordined enacted & established, that no Custome be payd after the makyng of this Acte for eny sufficient Bowestaffe or Bowestaffes conteyning the lengeth of syx fote & a halfe or above, that shalbe brought into this yo' realme by eny mechaunte straunger or other between this & the next plement; but that all maner mechaunt? for bryngyng into this yo' realme of eny sufficiaunt Bowestaffes of the length of syx fote & a halfe or above be discharged of all Customes for the same Bowestaffes duryng the seid tyme.

Good Bow-staves may be imported without paying any Custom; until

house standard houses but revote off of some CHAPTER WIII. The only and done lorder gurginous han proposition

D falsis Verdictis puniend.

THE King oure Sovaigne Lorde remembryng that at his plement holden at Westin the xiiijin day of Octobre in the xjin yere of his reigne amonge other thing? yt was ordeyned & enacted, that uppon evy untrue verdite to be geven win this his Realme betwene ptie & ptie in eny suyte playnte or demaunde before Justice or Justices of Recorde wher the thyng in demaunde extendyth to the value of xl fi. not concurring the jeopdye of mannys lyffe, the partie greved by the seid untrue verdett shall have a writte of Atteynt ageynste evy psone gevyng an untrew verdite, and agaynste the ptie whiche hathe jugement uppon the same, whiche goode statute than was made to endure unto the plement than next folowyng, as in the same Statute playnly appereth; And at the next pliament holden at Westin the xvj day of Januarie in the xijth yere of his reigne, the same good Statute was ordeyned to contynewe unto the fyrste day of this psent plement begonne the xxv. day of Januarye, and for asmoche as the same Statute is moche necessarie to be contynued for the punysshment of the horryble vice of Pjury: Therfore our seid Souvaign Lorde willyth by thadvyse of his Lord? spuell & temporell wyth thassent of his Comens in this his psent plement assembled and by the auctoritie of the same, hit be ordeyned & enacted that the seid goode & necessarie statute and evy thyng therin conteyned be & stonde good and effectuall for to continewe and endure unto the next plement.

St. 11 H. VII. c. 24. respecting Attaints;

St. 12 H VII c. 2.

further continued until the next

CHAPTER IV.

D Balistis non exercitand.

THE King oure Sovaigne Lorde consyderyng ryght well that in the tyme of his moste noble pgenito's shotyng in Longe Bowes hathe ben moche used in this his Realme, wherby Honour & Victorie hathe ben goten ageyne utwarde enymyes & the Realme gretly defended and moche more drede amonge all Cristen Princes by reasone of the same, whiche shotyng is now greatly dekayed in this Realme, for asmoche as nowe of late the Kingé Subjecté of the same gretly delyte them selfe and take pleasour in usyng of Crosebowes, wherby grett distruccion of the Kingé Deer aswell in Forresté Chases as in Parkes dayly is hadde & doone, and shotyng in Longe Bowes lytyll or nothyng used & lykelye in shorte space to be loste & utterly dekayed, to the great hurte & enfebelyng of this Realme & to the cumforth of oure owtewarde enymyes yf remedie be nott therfore in dewe tyme purveyd; Wherfore oure seid Sovaigne Lorde willyng that his Subgiecté in this his Realme shall use there longe bowes after the lawdeable custome used in

Advantages of Long-Bows

Mischiefs of Cross Bows:

Vol. II.

8 C

Original from PENN STATE



None shall shoot with a Cross-Bow, unless for Defence of his House, other than a Lord, or Person having 200 Marks Freehold per Annum;

Penalty, Forfeiture of Bow, which may be seized, &c.

and 40 s. per Day.

Qualified Persons shall not allow their Servants to shoot with their Cross-Bows.

tyme of his moste noble pgenyto's, to the greatt honoure strenght & defence of this Realme, be thadvyse of his Lord? spuell & temporell & the Comens in this psent plement assembled & be audtorite of the same, hathe ordeyned & enacted, that after the fest of Ester next comyng no psone win this Realme, wythow the Kynge speciall licens undre his placarde signed & sealede wyth his pryve seale or signett, shall occupie or shote in eny Crosebowe, but yf he shote ow of a howse for the lawefull defens of the same, excepte he be a Lorde or that he or other psones to his use have land? & tent? of Freeholde to the yerelie value of Too hundred Marke ov all charges; uppon the payne to forfett the same Crosebowe wt all the apparell therto belongyng to any psone that wyll sease & take the same; And that it shalbe lefull to eny psone that seeth any other psone shotyng in eny Crosebowe contrie to this ordinaunce to sease the same Crosebowe w' all thapparell therto belongyng to ther oon use, so that he that so shall sease eny suche Crosebowe, at the nexte Assises or Sessions of the Peace geve open evydence ageynste hym that so shotethe; and that the Justices of Assise & Justices of the Peace at ther Cessions be auctoritie of this Acte shall have full power & auctoritie to enquere yf eny psone or psones doo contrie to the ordinaunces of this estatute; And yf it be psented be vdite of xij men before the Justice of Assise or Justice of the peace in their Cessions that eny psone or psones have done contrie to the seid ordinances then lyke peesse shalbe made theruppon as shalbe made uppon an enditement of Riott or trespasse; And suche psone or psones as shalbe therof convicted shalbe forfett to the Kyng for evy day so usyng his Crosebowe contrie to this (') Acte xls. by force of this estatute; And yf that conviction be hadde be reasone of the yeveng of evydence of eny psone seasyng eny Crosebowe in fourme aforeseid, then the seid Justices shall awarde to the same psone so gevyng evydens x s. of the same xl s. by there discresion to be levyed be fieri fac at the sute of the same ptie or ell? to be payd when the residue of the same xls. shalbe payd to the Kyng. And yf eny of the seid Lordes' or psones havyng lond? or tent? to the value of CC. mark? suffer eny of ther go untes knowynglye to shote we their Crosebowe otherwysse than to assaye his Lorde or Maistre ys bowe or to unbende the same, then that Lorde or psone frome thensforthe to [lesse *] the libtie of usyng of eny Crosebowe; And forwyth shall discharge that sv'unte ow' of his svice, or els that Lorde or psone to forfett x li. for evy suche tyme that eny of his sveuntes so shotethe in eny Crosebowe.

CHAPTER V.

P Reformaçõe Pecunias.

THE King our Soveign Lord seyng evydently that his Coyne, and specially of Sylver, is sore ympeyred as well by

Impairing of the Coin of the Realm;

Gold Coin of full Weight shall pass for its nominal Value;

Silver Groats and Two-pences shall pass, although cracked;

Silver Pennies shall pass current;

Except Spurpennies, which shall pass for Half-pence. Penalty on Persons refusing to take such Coins, Imprisonment, &c.

And also it is ordeyned by the seid auctorite that alman of grotes and half grotis or pens of too pens, aswell Englisshe Coyne as Coyne of other Landis, clippid or otherwyse emperyd or mynysshed except resonable weryng, shall not goe nor be in any wyse curraunt for payment win this Realme but utily to be refused and forsaken in payment fromhensforth; And that notw'stondyng it shalbe lefull to eny pson havyng any such grotes or pens of too pens clypped or mynysshed to bring the same to the Kyng? Mynt ther to be chaunged af? the Custome of the same Mynt or convert the same into Plate Bullyon or otherwise sell or employ to his most pfite and avauntage win this Realme; any other Acte or Actes to to the cont'ry in any wyse notwistondyng. And in eschewyng and avoydyng of such clippyng in tyme to come,

accept and take the same payment, and he so refusing the same to be ferther punysshed for the seid refusyng by the

clippyng therof as counterfettyng of the same and by bryngyng into this Realme of the Coyne of Irelond, by occasion wherof gret rumour and variaunce dayly incresith amongis his subjettis for takyng & refusyng of the same, for cessyng and pacefiyng wherof and for the univsall weele of this his Realme by the advyse and assent of his Lordis spuall and temporall and the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by the auctorite of the same, hath ordevned establisshed and enacted that all man of Gold of the Coynes of a Soveyn Halfe Soveyn Riall half Ryall and the iiijth parte of a Ryall, thangell and half Angell and evy of theym beyng gold hole and weight shall go and be curraunt in payment through all this his Realme for the some that they were coyned for; and also that as well alman grotys of Englysshe Coyne and of other Coyne of other landys nowe curraunt in this Realme for grotes or for foure pens, beyng sylver and not clypped mynesshed or otherwyse empeyred except ronable weryng, albeit they be crakked, as all man half grotes or pens of too pens of Englyssh Coyne or of Coyne of other landys nowe curraunt in this Realme for half grotes or for too pens, not clippid mynysshed or otherwise empeyred beyng sylv, howe be it they be crakked, shall in lyke wise goe and be curraunt thorough all the seid Realme for the some as they were coyned for: And ov that that alman of Pens beyng sylv and havyng the prynt of the Kynges Coyne shall have cours and be curraunt for payment, aswell to hym in all hys receiptis as to all hys receivours, and to all other Lordes spuall and temporall and their receivours and to all other win this his Realme wout any maner refusell or cont diccion, except only pens beryng spurres or the molet bytwixt the barres of the Crosse; and those pens so beryng the prynt of the Spurre or the Molet to have cours for half pens only and not above: And if eny psone hereaft refuse any Coyne afore rehersed to take it in payment aft the effecte and tenure of this Acte, that than he that so refusith hit shalbe compelled, by the Meir Shiref Baillif Constable or other Chief Officer or Govnour of the Toun or Place wher any such payment shalbe refusid, to accept and take the seid payment, and furthermore to be ymprisoned or otherwise punysshed by the discression of the seid Meir Shiref Baylyf Constable or other Chief Officer or Govnour afore rehersed; And if the seid Mayre Shiref Baylyf Constable or other Chief Officer or Govnour refuse to take any such Coyne in payment as is above rehersed, that than he so refusing the seid payment to be compelled, by the Justices of the Peas of the same Countie where such payment shalbe so refusid, to

II. Groats, &c. clipped shall not pass current :

1 Psent O.

a lese O.

discression of the same Justice.

The Kyng our Sovayn Lord by thadvyce of his Counseill hath causid to be made newe Coynes of grotes and pens of New Coinage of too pens, And that evy pese of the same Coynes shall have a sercle aboute the utt parte therof, and also that alman gold hereafter to be coyned win this Realme shall have the hole scripture about evy pece of the same gold Inscription. w'out lakkyng any pte therof, to thentent that his subjettis hereaft may have pfite Knowlege by that serche or scripture when the same Coynes be clyppyd or appayred,

AND also it is enacted by the seid auctorite that if the Warden and Countroller of the Kynge [mynte] hereaft duly execute not ther offices in serchyng the same Coynes, and see that it be made pfite in forme aforeseid before it passe Mint shall examine from the seid Mynt, that than the same Warden and Countroller shall forfeit their seid office and make fyne for the same at the Kynge pleasur.

III. Warden, &c. of the

Moreov it is inacted by the seid auctorite that no man of pson shall carye nor convey nor cause to be caried or conveyed out of this Realme any bulleyn plate or coyne of gold or of Silver into Irelande, ov and above the some of vj s. viij d. nor convey any suche bullyon plate or coigne into any Ship bote or other Vessell to the same intent, uppon peyne of forfeitur of the seid bulloyn plate or coyne and have imprisonment and make fyne and raunson at the Kyng? will; And in lyke wyse that no man pson bryng nor convey nor cause to be brought nor conveyed any man of Coyne of gold or silv above the some of iij s. iiij d. of the coyne of Ireland into this Realme, uppon peyn of forfeitur of all the same coyne above the seid some of iij s. iiij d. so brought into this Realme, and to have imprisonment and to make fyne and raunson at the Kynge pleasure; And that it shalbe lefull to evy of the Kynge Subjette to take and sease all suche money of the coigne of Ireland herafter to be brought or conveyed into this Realme ov and above the seid some of iijs. iiijd. and to bryng it to the Kynge mynt there to leve the same to the Kynge use; And evy psone that so shall bryng any such Irysshe money to the seid Mynte shall have the Value of the on half of all such Irysshe Money by hym so brought to the seid Mynt at the same tyme delyved to hym to his owne use by the Maist of the Mynt for

None shall export Bullion, Plate, or to Ireland above the Amount of 6s. 8d. nor from Ireland to England above 3 s. 4 d.

CHAPTER VI.

D Pewtrers Walkyng.

"UMBLY and lamentably shewen and complayn unto your most habundaunt goce your humble Subjects the Evil Practices of Pewetrers and Brasiers of yo' Citees of London and York, and of all other place of this your Realme, That itinerant Pewterers and Braziers; Whereas many simple and evil disposed psons of this your Realme of Engeland, using the said Crafts, daily go about this your Reame from Village from Towne and from Howse to Howse, aswell in Woddes and Foreste and in other place to bye Peweter and brasse, and that knowing theves and other pikars, that steale aswell Peauter and brasse belonging to yo' Highnes and undre yo' mark and to the Lorde spuell and temporell as to other yo' Subjecte of this your Realme. [byyng 3] such stolen vessell unto theym in such hyde place to sell, and it sell for litill or nought and abought they bryng it to pryve place or into Corners of Citees or Townes and ther sell much part of hit to straungs, the which carys it of the See by stelth; Also the seid psons so goyng abowte, and dyts others usyng the seid Craftys, use to make newe Vessell and myxith gode metell and badd togider and make it nought and sell theym for gode stuff wher in dede the stuff and metell therof is nought worth the fourth parte that it is sold for, to the greate hurte deseit and losses of your Subject?; Also dyv's psons usyng the seid Craft? have deceivable and untrewe Beames and Scales that one of theym wold stand even with xij Hi. weight at one end ayenst a quarter of a Hi. at the other end, to the synguler avotage of theym self and greate deseite and losse of your seid Subject byers and sellers with theym: For reformacion of the Pmysses it wold please your Highnes of your most habundaunt gee with thadvise of yo' Lorde spuall and tempall and the Comons in this pent pliament assembled by thauctorite of the same to enacte and stablissh, that no pson nor None shall sell psons usyng the seid Craftez of Peweterers and Braseers from hensforth shall sell or chaunge eny Peweter or brasse newe or old at eny place or places within this your Realme, but only in opyn fayres or markette or in their owne duellyng Houses. Houses, but if they be desired by the seid byers of such Ware, uppon payne of forfeicture to our Soveigne Lord the Kyng for evy such defaut x fi.

Also that by the same auctorite it may be enacted and establisshed that no pson nor psons, of what condicion or degre so ev he or they be of, from hensforth within the seid Citees of London and Yorke or without, either cast or werk eny pewel vessell or brasse at eny place or placys w'yn this your Realme, but that it be as gode fyne metall as is the peweter and brasse caste & wroughte aft the pfite goodnes of the same withyn the Cite of London, and by the Statute of the same owght to be, uppon payne of forfeicture of all such Peuter and brasse so cast and wrought of worsse peauter or brasse then ought to be wrought in the same Citees, That oon half of evy such forfeicture to be to thuse of your Highnes, and that other half to the use of the fynders therof. Provided alwey that this forfeicture in no wise stretche ne extend to brasse or peauter beyng in the possion of eny pson other then the werkers of the same, or such as have the same to sell and beyng of the Craft? Maisterye.

Pewter and Brass Ware for Sale shall be every where as

mynt O.

beyng O .- bring Printed Copies.

To the Kyng our Sovein Lord, and to the noble Lords spual & tempal and Comens in this psent pliament assembled O.

Assise and marking of hollow Wares of Pewter Ley-Metal. Also that it may be [by '] the same auctorite be enacted and established, that no make of pson ne psons of what degree or condicion soed he or they be of from hensforth make no holowe wares of Peauter, that is to say Saltes and Potte that is made of Peweter called Ley Metell, but that it may be aff the Assise of Peauter Ley Metell wrought within the Cite of London; and that the makers of such wares shall marke the same Wares with sevall marke of their owne to pe entent that the [markers a] of such wares shall avowe the same Wares by they as is aboveseid to be wrought, and that all and evy of such wares not sufficiently made and wrought and not marked in fourme aboveseid, founden in the possession of the same maker or seller, to be forfeited, And if the same Ware be sold the seid maker to forfeicte the value of the same Waare so unlawefully wrought and sold, the oon half of the seid Waares or the moytie of the value therof to be to the use of your Highnes and the other half to be to the use of the fynder or fynders or Serchers therof.

IV.
Penalty on
Pewterers, &c.
using false Beams
or Weights;
20 Shillings;

or, in Default, Stocks and Pillory Also that it may be the same auctorite be enacted and established, that if eny pson or psons heraft usyng bying and sellyng of Peweter or brasse that heraft occupie any deceyvable or fals Beames or weighter of the seid Waares, that evy suche pson or psons usyng and occupying such deceyvable and untrewe Beames or weighter to forfeite xx s. the on half to the Kyng and the other half to the ptie that therfor shall sewe by accion of dette, And that in the seid accion no pteccion nor essoyn shalbe allowed: And also the seid ptie, so offendyng shall forfeicte his beame to hym that shall sease it; and if the seid offender or offendours be not sufficient to pay the seid some or somes by theym so forfeited, that then it shalbe lawefull to the Mayres Baylifs, and other hede officers of such place or plact wher eny such offendours shalbe founde, to put theym into the Stokke and theym so to kepe till the next Market day next adjoynyng, and in that market place to put theym in the Pillory all the market tyme.

V. For appointing Searchers of Pewter and Brass.

And furthermore that it be lawefull by the seid auctorite that the Maister and Wardens of the seid crafte of Pewetrers within evy Cite and Borowe of this Realme wher such Wardens ar, and wher no such Wardens ar the hed or Gouvnour of the same Citee or Borough, to appoynt ceen psons most expte in knowlege of the same to make serch within the seid Citees and Boroughes wher they duell: And ov this the Justicez of Peas within evy Shire at their genall Sessions holden at Mighelmas shall assigne and appoynt too ctayn psons havyng experiens therin to make serche in the pmysses in evy part of that Shire, aswell within the fraunches as withoute savyng in Citees or Boroughs where Serchers be appoynted by the hedde or Gouvnours of the same: And that of all such unlawefull Peweter or Brasse as the seid Sercho's shall fynde, the oon halfe to the use of your Gee and the other half to the seid Serchours; and that in the defaulte of the seid Maisters and Wardeyns of the seid Occupacions not serchyng in fourme as is aforseid, and wherby that eny such unlawefull metell is caste or made or unlawefull weighte used, that then it shalbe lawefull to eny pson or psons havyng sufficient connyng and knowlege in the seid occupacions, by ovsight of the Mayrez Baillifs or hed offices of the seid Citees and Boroughs, to serche all the seid place and to put the seid auctorite and acte in execucion in fourme aforeseid.

VI. Continuance of this Act.

PROVYDED allwey that this Psent acte contynue and endure till the next Parliament and no lenger.

CHAPTER VII.

D privatis & illicitis statutis non faciend.

Recital of Stat. 15 Hen. VI. c. 6. against unlawful Statutes made by Corporations;

PRAYEN the Comens in this pent plement assembled, That wher in a plement holden at Westin the xv. yere of the reigne of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free best of the second of the blessed King Herry the with free blessed King Herry the with the second of the blessed King Herry the with the second of the blessed King Herry the with the second of the blessed King Herry the with the second of the blessed King Herry the with the second of the blessed King Herry the with the second of the blessed King Herry the with the second of the blessed King Herry the with the second of the blessed King Herry the with the second of the blessed King Herry the with the second of the blessed King Herry the second of the blessed Kin the reigne of the blessed King Herry the vjth, for that, that Maister Wardens & people of Guyldes frat nytees, and other companyes corporate dwellyng in divs pties of the Realme, often tymes by colour of rule & gouvnaunce to them graunted and confermed by Chartours & letters patent? of divers King?, made amonge them selfe meny unlawefull & unresonable ordinaunces aswell in pricis of weyres as other thing? for ther owne singler pfite & to the comen hurte & damage of the people; It was enacted that ther shulde fromethensforth no such Maister Wardens nor Companyes make nor use none ordinances in disheritaunce or diminucon of the Progatyffe of the King nor of other, nor ayenst the comen pfite of the people, nor none other Ordinaunce of charge make & use, but yf it wer fyrst discussed & approved be good & resonable advyse by the Justices of the Peace or the cheffe gov nours of Cities, & before theym entered of Recorde, & that uppon payne to lose & forfett the force & the effecte of all the Articles in ther seid letters patent? & Chartours conteyned concaying the same, and ov that to lose & paye x fi. to the King for evy ordinaunce that eny of them made or use to the conterie, & this ordinaunce to endure at the Kinge pleasour; as in the same Acte yt appereth; whiche acte is nowe expired & syth the expiryng of the same, divs & meny ordinaunces have ben made be meny & divers private Bodys Corporate win Cities Townes & Boroughes contrie to the King Progatyfe his Lawes & of the Comon weyll of his Subgiects: Be it therfor ordeyned established & enacted by the Kyng our Sovaigne Lorde by the advice of the Lorde spuell & temporell & of the Comens in this psent pliament assembled & by auctoritie of the same, that no Maisters Wardens & felishippes of Craftes or mysters, nor eny of them, nor eny rulers of guyldes or frat nities, take uppon them to make eny actes or ordinaunces, ne to execute eny actes or ordinaunces be them

here afore made, in disheritaunce or diminucon of the Progatyffe of the King, nor of other, nor ageynste the comen

Expired;

Corporations shall not make or enforce any Ordinances, without the Approbation of the Chancellor, &c.

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pfite of the people, but yf the same actes or ordinaunces be examyned & approved by the Chaunceller Tresorer of Englonde & cheffe Justices of ether Benche, or thre of them; or before bothe the Justices of Assises in ther cyrcuyte or pgresse in that Shyre wher suche actes or ordinaunces be made, uppon the peyne of forfeytoure of xl fi. for evy tyme that they doo the contrie.

AND of that it is enacted that none of the same bodies Corporate take uppon theym to make eny actes or ordinaunces to restreyne eny psone or psones to sue to the Kynge Highnesse or to eny of his Courtes, for due remedie to be hade in ther causes, ne putte ne execute eny penaltie or punishment uppon eny of them for eny suche sute to be made, uppon peyn of forfeyture of xl ti. for evy tyme that they doo the contrie.

AND this Acte to begynne & take effecte at the fest of Penthecost next comyng & fromethensforthe.

II. No Order by Corporations to restrain Suits in the King's Courts.

III.
Commencement
of A&.

CHAPTER VIII.

D Scavagio non recipiendo de Subditis.

RAYEN the Coens in this yo' Psent Parliament assembled, that where the Marchauntes and inhabitauntes of dyvse Cities Burghs and Townes win this Realme, and aswell dyvs tenauntes of our seid Sovayn Lord the Kyng as of other, that have be gountes made by the noble pgenitours and pdecessours of our seid Sovayn Lord aswell unto theym by such name or names as they or eny of theym be corporat, as by gountes made unto dyvs Lordis bothe spuell and temporell and by Pscripcion, that they ther tenaunt? [resident? and inhitaunt? '] win ther sevall Lordships Burghs and Townes, shuld be quite & discharged of dyvs and many Costomes, as of Tolles and odir exaccions demaunded and asked by dyv's Meires Shireffe Bailiffe and other Officers of dyv's Cities Burghs and Townes w'in this Realme, for their singler lucre, of Marchaunt? Denysyns and of the Kyng? true Subjettis borne dwellyng and [infitted 3] w'in this realme cont ry to their seid privilege, and [latly 1] more and oderwyse than in tymes passed have distreyned levyed and taken of theym a cteyn Costome called Skavage, oderwyse called Shewage, to ther gret charge and trouble, which Skavage was new used to be taken nor levyed but only of Marchaunt? Straungers: Be it therfore ordeyned establisshed and enacted by the Kyng our Soveyn Lord and by the assent of the Lordis spuell & temporell and the Coens in this psent Parliament assembled and by the auctorite of the same, That if eny Meir Shiref Bailly or oder officer in any Cite Burgh or Toun win this Realme, distreyne take or levey any Costome called Skavage otherwyse callid Shewage of any Marchaunt Denysyn, or of any oder of the Kynge subjettis Denysyns, of or for any man of Marchaundise to our Sovayn Lord the Kyng before truly customede, that is brought or conveyed by Lond or by Water to be uttred and sold in any Cite Burgh and Toun in this Lond, or if that any Meir Shiref Bailly or odir Officer in any Cite Burgh and Toun for nonpayment of the seid Skavage lette or disturbe any Marchaunt, or any oder pson or psone, beyng denysyns, to sell and utt their michandise by theym brought into any Citee Burgh or Townes, that then evy Meyr Shiref Baylly or oder Officer distreynyng leveyng or taking any such Skavage, or oderwyse offendyng in any thyng cont'ry to this psent acte, shall forfette for evy tyme he so offendyth xx ii. the on moyte therof to our Sovayn Lord the King and the oder moyte therof to the ptie in that behalf grevyd, or to any oder that furst sueth in that ptie by accion of dette in any Shire win this Realme to be suyd, And that the defendauntis in any such accion be not admytted to wage or do their Lawe, nor any pteccion ne essoign for any such defend unto be alowed in the same.

(3) PROVIDED alway that the Meir Shereffe and Comynalte of the Cite of London and evy of theym shall have and take all such somes of Money for the seid Skavage, and of evy pson Denizeins, as by our Soveyn Lord the Kyng and his honorable Counseill shalbe dermyned to be the right and title of the Meir and Shirfe and Comynalte of the seid Cite of London or any of theym, this Acte in any wyse notwistondyng.

The Duty called Scavage or Shewage payable anciently only by Aliens;

Penalty on Mayors, &c. levying such Duty from Denisens, £20.

II.
Proviso for the
City of London

CHAPTER IX.

D Pcessib3 sup accoib3 specialib3 faciend.

FORASMOCHE as before this tyme ther hathe ben grette delayes in accions of the case, that hathe ben sued aswell before the King in his Benche as in his Courte of his comon Benche, by cause of whiche delayes meny psones have ben putt frome ther remedye; Be it therfore ordeyned enacted & stablisshed by the Kyng oure Sovaigne Lorde by thadvyse & assent of his Lord? spuell & temporell & of the Comens in this psent plement assembled and by auctoritie of the same, that lyke pcesse be hade hereafter in accions uppon the case, asswell sued and hangyng as to be sued in eny of the seid Courtes, as is in accons of trespas or dett.

Like Proces shall be had in Actions on the Case, as in Trespass or Debt.

1 To the Kyng our Sovein Lord; O.

· lately O.

s ressyaunte and inhabytaunte O.

3 inhabite O.

Pandur D.

In a separate Schedule annexed to the Original Act.

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Original from PENN STATE



CHAPTER X.

D voluntariis & negligentib3 escapiis.

Sheriffs shall have the keeping of all common Gaols;

Except Gaols held in Fee, &c.

All Patents to the contrary declared void.

II. Escapes suffered;

Several Fines on Sheriffs, &c. for negligent Escapes of Prisoners, according to their several Offences.

Saving of Rights for Escapes and Fines.

Penalty for negligent Escapes of Prisoners arrested, and not sent to Gaol.

III. Grants of Sinecure Offices declared void.

Continuance of Penalties.

IV. Proviso for King's Bench and Marshalsca Prisons.

V. Proviso for the Earl of Devon, Constable of Restormell Castle, in Cornwall. BE it ordeyned establisshed and enacted by the Kyng our Soveigne Lord by the advyce and assent of his Lorde spuell and temporell and the Comons in this pent Parliament assembled, and by auctorite of the same, that every Shiref, within evy Countie withyn this Realme of Engelond, have the Custody rule kepyng and charge from the xv of Pasche next comyng of every of the Kynge Comon Gaoles Prisones and prisons in the same, in every of the seid Counties wher he is Shiref, duryng the tyme of his Office; Except all Gaoles where eny pson or psons spuell or temporell or body corporate have the kepyng of astate of enheritatunce or by succession; and from the same xv of Pasche next comyng that all tres patente made to eny pson or psons for time of lyf or lyves or for time of yeres, of the kepyng of the seid Gaoles and of eny Constableship of eny Castell where eny such coen Gaole is, by the Kyng our Soveigne Lorde or eny other Kynge of this Land, and evy thyng in the seid tres patente conteyned be from hensforth repealed adnulled voide and of no force ne effecte in the Lawe; And that evy such Shirif from the seid xv of [Passhe] be charged and chargeable with the seid Gaoles Prisones and the Prisoners remayning in the same.

AND of that where dyvs and many psons, for tresons murdre robbies and other felonyes byfore this tyme have ben taken, some for suspeccion of the same ded? and some uppon inditement?, and therapon brought to the same Gaoles and prisones, and sometyme remaynyng in the kepyng of the psons that so arested theym for the seid causes, and by coloure of negligence subtilly and craftely and often tymes for favour mede affeccion or corrupcion suffred the seid offenders to escape, as if it had bene by negligence, to the overt and expesse ympedyment of Justice and execucion of the Kynge Lawes orderyd for the punycion and punysshment of such offendours; And when such escapys have ben founden byfore the Justicez havyng auctorite to enquire therof, and therapon the pties convicted, other els yeld theym self to make fyne for the same, small fynes have been used to be sette in those causes, to the litill drede and fere and greate enboldyng of the seid offendours and mysdoers, by meane wherof greate and erraunt [felonyes and neynouse murdrers oftentymes have by negligence escaped, so that neither they ne the kepers of theym from when the escaped hitherto have not be punysshed according to their demytes: Be it therfor enacted orderned and establi shed by the seid auctorite of this psent pliament, that for evy negligent escape herafter from eny Shiref havyng the kepyng of any gaole, or from eny Constable of Castell or other being keper of eny gaoles wher such prisoners accustumably have and shalbe kepte, of psons indicted of High treason being in their kepyng, that no lesse fyne be sette ne made for evy such escape then C marke and more by the discression of the Justice that shall assesse such fynes; and for evy pson escapyng being in their kepyng for suspeccion of High treason no less fyne be sette ne made then xl ti; and for evy escape of psons endicted of murder or petit treason xx fi. at the lest and more by the discression of the Justice that shall assesse such fynes; And for evy escape of psons suspected of murder or petit treason x ti. or more by the discression of the Justicez that shall assesse suche fynes; And for evy psone escapyng being in their kepyng endicted of Felony, other then murder or treason, x ti. and for evy pson suspected of Felony, other then murdre or treason as is aforeseid, to forfeicte for evy suche escape C s. or more by the discression of the Justicez aft the made and quantite of their offenses and demytes; Savyng to evy pson or psones their heires and their Successours, such sufficient and lawefull right and title to any such escapes and fynes for the same or to be quyte of such escapes or of eny other escapes as they have or ought to have at the tyme of makyng of this acte, this acte or eny clause conteyned in the same in eny thing notw'standyng: And if eny pson heraft have eny prisonere in his kepyng arested for suspeccion of felony treason or murder, and that pson that so is arested escape by negligent kepyng byfore that he be brought to the Gaole, that that pson from whom he so escapith shall forfeicte, for evy pson that so doth escape, such fynes as shalbe sette by the discression of the Justice that shall have auctorite to assesse such fynes as the case shall require, and the same forfeicture to goo to theym that be entitleed to have such forfeicturez at the tyme of makyng of this acte.

And more be it enacted and ordeyned by the seid auctorite that all offices of Constablez of Castellez Fortelessez or other places, and all other officez within this Realme of Engelond or Walys not requyryng actuel excesse in any of the same officez by theym to whom such gount or office is made or graunted or by their depute or deputies, graunted by the Kyng our Soveigne Lord that now is to eny pson or psons for time of lyf or lyves [in] the tres patents of the same, shalbe from the fest of Pasche next comyng utterly repealed adnulled voide and of no force ne effecte in the Lawe. And this acte as concaying the penalties aforeseid and evy of theym to endure to the next pliament and no lenger.

(4) PROVYDED alwey that neither the Shirif of the Countie of Surrey for the tyme beyng, nor eny other Shirif, have any rule custody or gouvnaunce of the Gaoles of Kynge Benche and Marchalsie or of either of theym, by reason or by auctorite of the seid acte; but that Sir Thomas Brandon Knyght and f John Dygby Knyght and either of theym have and enyoye the Custody and kepyng of the same Gaoles according to their sevall gount to theym made, this acte notwithstandyng.

PROVYDED alwey that the seid acte of resumpcion or eny article therin conteyned extend not nor be in eny wise hurtfull or pjudiciall to Edward Courteney Erle of Devon, for the avoidyng and repellyng of eny trez patent? or gunte to hym made by the Kyng our Soveigne Lord, of and for the Constableship of the Castell of Restormell otherwise called Restormyn in the Countie of Cornewall; but that such trez patent? or graunte of the same office be of as grete force strength and effecte and to the seid Erle as available as they shuld or myght have ben if the [seicte 3] acte of Resumpcion had nev ben had ne made.

Pasche O.

² Fellons Printed Copies.

^{» &}amp; O.

⁴ The following Provisoes are in four separate Schedules annexed to the Original Act.

PROVYDED alway that this Acte of Resumpcion, or any other Acte made or to be made in this Deent pliament, extend not ne in eny wise be hurtfull or pjudiciall to eny man graunte made by the Kyng our Soveigne Lorde by his trez John Morgan, patent? to John Morgan, of or for the Parkership of the Park of Carlyon with the pfitt? of the same within the Lordship for the Parkership of Uske in South Wales; but that the seid frez patent? and evy thyng in theym conteyned be fromhensfurth gode and effectuall to the seid John according to the tenor and purport of the same, the forseid Acte or Acte in eny wise notwithstandyng.

(1) PROVYDED alwey that this Acte of Resumpcon, nor eny other Acte or Actes of Resumpcon or repelying or avoydyng of eny your frez patentes in this psent plement made or to be made, extende nott nor be pjudiciall to oure trusty & welbeloved svaunt Henry Wyat late Clerke of our Juelx, as of to and for oure frez patentes to hym and to Thomas Fitzwiffm late decessed by us made & graunted the iiijth day of Aprill in the vth yere of oure reigne, amonge other of the offices of Constable & Porter of oure Castell of Conysborowe in o' Countie of Yorke, To have occupie and execuse for terme of their lyffe & of eyther of them ovlyvyng, nor to eny wage fees pffette & comodities to the same offices or either of them belongyng to be preyved; nor also as of to & for the Office of Constableshipp of ou' Castell of Tykhill, pcell of oure Duchie of Lancastr in oure seid Countie of Yorke, and of the office of Porter or Portershipp of the same Castle to hym by oure fres patentez undre the seale of oure Duchie of Lancas? bering date the xxv. day of June in the xv. yere of oure reign graunted duryng oure pleasour, nor to or of eny fees or wage to or for the same in eny wysse belonging to be preyved; nor ov that of to or for the office of Warner or Warnershipp of oure Waren of Methewolde in oure Countie of Norff peell of ou' seid Duchie of Lancastr, to hym by us by oure letters patentez undre the seale of oure seid Duchie graunted for terme of his lyffe, nor to or for eny Wagys & Fees to the same office pteynyng, or for the same yerely to be preyved or hadde in eny maner wyse; but that evy of the seid tres patentez & all thing? in them and evy of them conteyned be good and effectuall to hym in all thing? according to the fourme p'porte and effecte of the same tres patentez & of either of them; this Acte notwythstondyng.

Conysborough and Tykhill Castles, and Warnership of

D Laquiis & retib3 venanciū.

OR ASMUCH as it is wele undrestand and knowen that the grettest destruction of Reed Deere and Falowe win Destruction of the Realme in tyme past hath ben and yet is with Nette called Deere haves and Bukstallys and stalkyng with Deers by means of beest, to the greate displeasure of our Soveigne Lorde the Kyng and all the Lorde and other noble mene within this his Realme havyng forest? chaces or park? in their possession rule or kepyng, so that if the seid nett? or stalkyng shuld unlawefully be used and occupied in tyme comyng, as they have ben in tyme past, the most pte of the forest? chaces and park? of this Realme shuld be therwith destroied; Be it therfor established and enacted by the Lord? spuell and temporell and the Comons in this psent pliament assembled and by the auctorite of the same, that eny pson or Penalty on keeping psons spuell or temporell, havyng no Park Chace nor Forest of their owne, kepe nor cause to be kepte eny Nette called Buck-stalla or Deere Hayes or Bukstallys, by the space of a moneth next aft polamacion of this Acte made, uppon payne of forfeicte stalking at Deer for evy moneth that he or they so kepe or cause to be kepte the same Nette Hayes or Bukstalles x ti; and that no pson from hensforth stauke nor cause eny other pson to stalke with eny boussh or bestys to eny Deere, being in eny Parke Chace or Forest or withoute, but if it be withyn his owne Ground Chace Forest or Parke, without licence of the owner maist of the Game or keper of the same Ground Chace Forest or Park, uppon payne of forfeicure for every tyme that he or they so stalkith x ii. And furthermore that no pson ne psons without his owne ground sley take or cause to Penalty on taking be taken by meane of crafte or engigne eny Herons, withoute it be with hawkyng or with a long Bowe, uppon payne 6 s. 8 d. of forfeicture for evy Heron taken or slayne, vj s. viij d. And that no pson nor psons, wout his or their owne Ground, or young Herons take eny yong Herons out of the nest without licence of the owner of the Ground where the seid Nest is, uppon payn from the Nest, 10 s. of forfeicture for evy Heron so taken oute of the Neste x s. And that evy man that wille may & shall be admytted to Recovery and sue for evy of the seid forfeictures by accion of dette, and lyke presse to be had and made therin as is in other accions of Penalties. of dette at the makyng of this Acte, And that the defendaunt be not admytted to tende nor do his Lawe in eny such accion, nor eny essoyn nor pteccion to be allowed for the defendaunt in the same: And that ij Justice of Peax in their Sessions shall have auctorite to call byfore theym any pson suspected of the pmysses, and by their discrecions to examyn theym in the pmysses, and if by their examynacion the [ptes 1] so examyned be found in defaute contary to the pmysses, then that pson so found in defaute to be comytted to prison till he have found suertie for paymente of the same forfetours to the Kyng; and that those Justice that so examyn theym shall have the xth parte of evy such forfeicture for their labour in that behalf.

the Maire and Alderson of the Cite

tyme being shall have full power and

as is afore relaceed beyong within the p

¹ The following Proviso, which is omitted in all Printed Copies of the Statutes previous to Cay's Edition, is on a Rider tacked to the Inrollment in Chancery, and signed " Ex p me R. Hatton." It is inserted in one of the Schedules annexed to the Original Act. g pties O.

CHAPTER XII.

D validis mendicantib3 repellend.

For moderating the Provisions of Stat. 7 Ric. II. c. 5.

Vagabonds shall be set in the Stocks a Day and a Night, and then sent to the Place of their Birth or last Residence:

Returning, shall be see in the Stocks for Three Days and Nights.

II.
Beggars not able to
work shall be sent
to their Place of
Birth, &c.

None shall harbour

Certificates of Scholars, Soldiers, Sailors, &c.

III.
Penalties upon
Officers neglecting
to execute this Act.

IV. Penalties may be recovered by Distress.

V. Chancellor and Judges may enquire into Neglect of Sheriffs, &c. in Counties.

VI. Like Power to the Steward, &c. of the King's Household;

FOR ASMUCH as the Kynge Gee most interely desirith amonge all erthely thynge the pspite and restfulnes of this his land and his subject? of the same, to leve quietly and suerly to the pleasure of God and accordyng to his Lawes, willyng alwey of his petie and intendyng to reduce theym therunto, by softer meanes then by extreme rigour, therfor purveid in a Statute made in the tyme of Kyng Richard the secound, consideryng also the grete charge that shall growe to his Subject? for bringyng of vacabound? to the Gaoles according to the same Statute, His Highnes will by auctorite of this his psent pliament it be ordyned and enacted, that where suche Mysdoers shuld be by examynacion comytted to the comen Gaole ther to remayn as is aforseid, that the Shirifs Maires Bayles High Constables and Pete Constables, and all other Gouvnours and Offics of Citees Borowes and Townes Townshippes Village and other place, within iij days aft this Acte polaymed, make dewe serche and take or cause to be taken all such vagabunde idell people and suspecte psons lyvyng suspeciously, and theym so taken to sette in Stokkys there to remayne by the space of oon day and oon nyght, and ther to have noon other sustynaunce but bred and water; and after the seid day and nyght passed to be had out and sette at large, and then to avoid the Towne or Place wher they be take into such Cite Towne Place or Hundred wher they were borne, or elle to the place wher they last made their Abode by the space of iij yeres, and that as hastely as they conveniently may, and ther to remayne and abide; and if eftsones they be taken in such defaute in the same Towne or Townshippes then to be sette lykewise in Stokkes by the space of iij dayes and thre nyght?, with lyke diete as is afore reherced; and if eny pson or psons yeve eny other mete or drynk to the seid mysdoers being in Stokke in fourme aforseid, or the same prisoners favour in their myssedoyng or theym resseyve or harbour ov oon nyght, that then they forfeicle for evy tyme so doing xij d.

And also it is ordeigned by the seid auctorite, that all man of beggers not able to werk, within vj weke next aft pelamacion made by this Acte, goo rest and abide in his Cite Towne or Hundred wher they were borne, or els to the place where they last made their abode the space of iij yeres, ther to remayne or abide without beggyng owte of the seid Cite Towne Hundred or Place uppon payne to be punysshed as is aforseid; and that no man herboure nor kepe eny suche begger in his hous ov oon nyght uppon the same payn; and that no man be excused by that he is a Clerk of an Universite from whens he saith he comyth without a lett of the Vicechaunceller of the Universite from whens he comyth, nor noon callyng hymself a Sowedyer Shipman or T'velyngman wout he bryng a lett from his Capitayne or from the Towne wher he landid, and that he then be comaunded to go the streight high wey into his Countrie; and if he depte not accordyng to such Comaundement in that behalf to hym gyven that then he to be taken reputed and punysshed as a vagabond; and that he that harbour eny such pson shall forfeicte for evy oon such pson that he herberth ove oon nyght xij d.

And that the Lord of evy lete within this Realme and the Shirif in his Tourne have auctorite to enquire thereof, and of all the seid defaute and mysdemeanours in his Lete and Tourne, and the Lord of the Lete to have for evy defaute founde as is aboveseid the forfeictures above lymyted, and the Shirif to enquere in his Tourne of such escapes withyn the jurisdiccion of his Tourne, and to have iij s. iiij d. for evy such defaute found in his Tourne; And that the penaltie lymeted by this Ordyn'nce to be forfeicte by eny Officer or eny other pson for noon punysshment of Vacabounde and other myseruled psons, w'yn evy Cite where Maire and Aldermen been, that the pfite of every such Penaltie be unto the Aldermen of every Ward where such forfeicture is had or made to his owne use and pfite.

And also it is ordeigned and enacted by the seid auctorite, that it shalbe laweful to evy man intiteled to have the seid penaltie to distreyn for it lykewise as the Lord of eny Lete may doo for amciament and fynes had and assessed in the same Lete.

And of this be it enacted by the seid auctorite, that the Chaunceler of Englond or Keper of the Kynge greate seale the Treasorer of Engelond the ij Chief Jugges the Chief Baron of the Kynge Eschequier for the tyme beyng, and also the Justices of Assise within their Circuyte, and evy of theym, shall have, within the Shire or Shires wher they or eny of theym shall fortune to be, full power and auctorite to call byfore theym and evy of theym the Shirif Maires Constables and all other Officers, of or within the same Shire or Shires, which hath power to put this Statute in execucion, and theym and evy of theym to examine of the Execucion of this Statute; and if it can be founden by such examinacion that the seid offices or eny of theym be defectly in dewe execucion therof, that then the said officers and evy of theym so founden defective shall have and suffre lyke payne and punysshment as if the seid Officer or Officer had bene therof dewely convicted by the dewe presse and course of the Kynge Lawes.

AND of this be it enacted, that the Steward Tresorer and Controller of the Kyng? most honorable houshold for the tyme being shall have full power and auctorite to examyn correcte and punyssh as is aforeseid all such Offices as is afore reherced beyng within the Pcyntte and libte of the Verge; Also the Maire and Aldermen of the Cite

of London, that is to say, evy Alderman win his Ward and the Maire throughowte the hole Citee, shall have lyke and to the Mayor power and auctoritie to examyn correcte and punyssh the seid offenders, within the same Cite and libties of the same London. being, in mane and fourme aboveseid.

AND furthermore it is ordeigned and enacted by the same auctorite, that noon Apprentice ne svaunt at husbondry laborer ne svaunt artificer play at the Tables, from the fest of Easter next comyng, ne at the Tenys Closshe dyse card? boweles nor eny other unlawefull gamys, in no wise oute of the xij days of Cristmas, and then to play only in the duelling house of his Maist or wher the Maist of eny of the seid svaunt? be psent, upon payn of imprisonement by the space of a day in the Stokke opynly: And that the Housholder where dysyng cardyng Tenys playng Bowelys Closse or eny other unlawefull game afore reherced shalbe used, otherwise than is afore reherced, and that lawefully be psented byfore Justice of the Peax the Maire Shirif in his Tourne or Steward in his lete or by examinacion had afore the seid Justice of Peax, that peesse be made uppon the same as uppon inditement of trespas ayenst the Kynge peax; And that the seid mysdoer be admytted to no fyne undre the some of vj s. viij d. And that it be lawefull to ij of the [Justice '] of Peace wherof con shalbe of the Quoz, within their auctorite to rejecte and put awey comen Ale sellyng in Townes and place wher they shall thynk convenient, and to take suerties of the Kepers of Ale Howses of their gode behaving by the discression of the seid Justice, and in the same to be advysed and agreed at the tyme of their Sessions

No Apprentice, Servant, &c. shall play at certain Games, except at Christmas, &c.

Justices of Peace may punish Keepers of Houses where and may regulate

PROVIDED alwey that deminucion of punysshment of Vacabunde and Beggers aforeseid may and shalbe had for Proviso for Women Women grete with Child, and Men and Women in grete siknes, and psons being impotent, and above the age of lx yeres, with Child, aged Persons, &c. by the discression of hym that hath auctorite to doo the seid punysshment?, this Acte notwithstanding.

FURTHERMORE be it enacted by the seid auctorite that the Justice of the Peace or ij of theym at the lest within their Shires, and evy Maire Shereff and Baily within their Citees Townes and Boroughes, shall have full power and auctorite to make iiij tymes in the yere, that is to say, evy Quar? ons or ofter as by their discression shalbe thought necessary throughowte all their Shire, a dewe and a diligent & a secrete serche, and if they or eny of them cane fynde by the reason of the seid serch eny of the seid mysruled psons the seid mysruled psons so founden to have lyke punysshment and correccion as is aforeseid.

CHAPTER XIII.

D Riotis repremend.

THERE AS in the pliament holden at Westin the Tuysday the morowe next aft' All Soules the xiijih yere of the Recital of Stat. reigne of Kyng Henry the fourth, among other thing? it was enacted ordeyned and establisshed, that if eny riot assemble or route of people ayenst the Lawe were made in eny pte of the Realme that the Justice of the Peax iij or ij of theym at the lest, and the Shiriff or Undreshirif of the Countie where such riote assemble or route shuld be don aft the same statute, shuld come with the power of the Shire if nede should be to arrest theym and theym shuld arrest, and the same Justic? and Shirif or Undreshirif shuld have power to record that that they shuld fynde so doon in their psence agenst the Lawe; And that by the record of the same Justice and Shirif or Undreshiryf the same trespassours and mysdoers shuld be convicte in manie and fourme as it is conteyned in the Statute of forcible Entres, with dyvs and many other articles touching and concaying the Pmisses; as in the same statute made the seid xiij yere more playnly at large it apperith, Which statute is thought gode and necessary: Wherfore by the advyse and assent of the Lorde spuell and temporell and of the Comons in this psent pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, be it ordeyned establisshed and enacted that the seid Acte made the seid xiij yere of Kyng Henry the iiijth concayng riotte assembles or Routte of people, and all and evy article and articles comprised in the same, and also all other estatute by fore this tyme made concnyng the punysshement of riottours, at the tyme of the makyng of this Acte being in force, from hensforth stande in their forces and be duly put in execucion af? the tenures and p'portes of the same.

AND for asmuch as in the seid estatute made in the seid xiij yere, it is not expessed of whate sufficientie the Jurrours empanelled shuld be, or whate issuez they shuld lose if they appere not, nor no mencion therin made of eny punysshment of the manteno's and embracers of the Jurriours that shall so be empanelled shuld have for their mysdemeanour if eny be, It is therfor further enacted by the seid auctorite in this Psent pliament, that if eny riotte routte or unlawefull assemble be comytted and don at eny tyme aft the first day of May next comyng w'yn this Realme of Engelond, that the Shirif havyng a Deepte directe unto hym shall reto'ne xxiiij psons duellyng within the Shire wher such riout routte or unlawefull assemble shalbe so comytted and doon, wherof evy of theym shall have lond? and tent? within the same Shire to the yerely value of xx s. of chart lond or freehold, or xxv js. viij d. of Copyhold, or of both, ove and above all charge, to enquere of the seid riotte route or unlawefull assemble; and he shall retourne upon every pson so by hym empanelled in issues at the first day xx s. and at the secound day xl s. if they appere not and be sworne to enquire of the Pmisses at the first day; and if defaute be in the Shirif or Undershirif for retornyng of other psons not being of the seid sufficientie, or retourne not issues in fourme aforeseid, that then the seid Shirif shall forfeicte to our Soveigne Lord the Kyng for either defaute therin xx fi. And if the seid riotte route or unlawefull assemble be not founde by the seid Jurry, by In case of Default reason of eny maynten ncez or embracy of the seid Jurrours, then the same Justicez and the Shirif or Undreshirif, over

Return of Issues, on Default of their for Neglect;

of Verdict, by

Justices O.

Vol. II.

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Original from PENN STATE Maintenance, &c. the Justices, &c. shall, in their Certificate, specify the Names of the Offenders:

Penalty on Justices for Neglect.

Penalty on Maintainours, &c. and above all such cificate that they must and be bound to make according to the seid Statute made the seid xiijth yere, shall in the same cificate cificate cificate cificate of the mayntenours and embraco'z in that behalve, if eny be, with their mysdemeanour that they knowe; uppon payne of every of the seid Justice and Shirif or Undreshirif to forfeit xx ii. if the same Justice and Shirif or Undreshirif have no resonable excuse for non cificate so made shalbe of lyke force and effecte in the Lawe as if the made conteyned in the same were duely found by the verdyte of xij men, and evy pson duely gived to be a mayntenour or embraceor in the same shall forfeicte to our seid Soveigne Lord xx ii. and aswell the same mayntenor as the embraceours shalbe comitted to ward, there to remayne by the discression of the Justice.

CHAPTER XIV. D Retentionib; illicitis.

All Acts against unlawful Retainers shall be put in Execution. THE King our Soveigne Lord callith to his remembraunce that where before this tyme dyvs Statutes, for punysshment of such psones that gyf or receive lyves, or that reteyne eny pson or psones or be reteyned w' any pson or psons, w' dyvs peynes and forfeituris in the same Statutes comprised, have be made and establysshed, and that notwistondyng dyvs psons have takyn uppon theym some to gyf and some to receive lyves and to reteyne and be reteyned contrary to the fourme of the seid estatutes, and lityll or nothing is or hath be doon for the punysshment of the offendours in that behalf, Wherfore our Soveyne Lord the Kyng by the advyse of the Lordis spuall and temporall and of [his'] Comens of his Realme in this parliament beyng and by the auctorite of the same, hath ordeyned stablysshed and enacted, that all his statutes and ordinaunces afore this tyme made ayenst such as make unlaufull reteynours and such as so be reteyned, or that gif or receive lyve, be pleynly observed and kept and put in due execucion.

II.
Penalty on giving or taking Livery, or retaining or being retained otherwise than as a household Servant, £5. per Month.

AND of that our seid Sovayn Lord the Kyng ordeyneth stablyssheth and enacteth by the seid auctorite, that no pson of what astate or degre or condicion he be, by hym self or any other for hym by his comaundment or agreement or assent, prevely or opynly yeve any lyve or signe or reteyne eny pson other than suche as he giffeth houshold wages unto w'out fraude or colour, or that he be his manuell svaunt or his Officer or Man lerned in the one Lawe or in the other, by any wrytyng oth pmyse lyve signe bagge token, or in any other man wyse unlaufully reteign; and if eny do the contary that than he ren and fall in the peyne and forfeitur for evy such lyve and signe bagge or token Cs. and the taker and acceptour of evy such lyve bagge token or signe to forfeite and pay for evy such lyve and signe bagge or token so accepted Cs, and for evy moneth that he usith or kepith such lyve or signe bagge or token aft that he hath taken or accepted the same to forfeit and pay Cs. and evy pson that by oth writing or pmesse or in any otherwise unlaufully reteign prevyly or openly, and also evy such pson that so is reteyned, to forfeit and pay for evy such tyme Cs. and aswell evy pson that so reteyneth as evy pson that is so reteyned to forfeit and pay for evy moneth that such [reteynours] is contynued Cs. And that evy pson that before the making of this Acte by lyve signe token writing bagge oth pmyse or otherwyse unlaufully hath reteyned eny pson, and by reason therof is reteyned at the tyme of makyng of this Acte cont'ry to the pmysses, that aswell evy of theym that kepith any pson so in reteynor as evy pson that so is and contynueth so reteyned shall forfeit to the Kyng for evy moneth, from the fest undir writtyn, that such reteigno' is contynued Cs.

Penalty on Persons causing themselves to be retained, 40 s. per Day.

And also it is ordeyned and enacted that no pson of what a state (3) condicion he be, from the same fest, name or cause hymself to be named svaunt or reteyned to or w' any pson, or by or cause to be bought or were any gowne as a lyve gowne signe or token of the sute or lyve of eny pson, or any bagge token or signe of any pson, uppon peyn of forfeitur for evy day and tyme that he doth xls. and also to have ymprisonment by the discression of the Juges or psons afore whom he shalbe therof convycted, and that w'out bayle or maynprise.

Justices of Peace at their General Session shall make Inquiry, on the Oath of a Jury, of all Offences in unlawful Retaining, &c.

AND of this be it ordeyned and enacted by the seid auctorite that the Justices of the Peas win evy Shire of England shall, at evy of their genall Sessions, that is to sey, iiij tymes in the yere at the lest, make or cause to be made to the Shiref of the same Shire a warant or Pcept to retorne before theym a panell of xxiiiji psones evy on of theym to have londis [and '] tent to the yerely value of v ti. or xl s. at the lest, by the discression of the Justices, and the Shiref to retorne evy one of theym at xx s. in issues at the lest, of the which psons an enquest sworne shall amongis other articles specially be charged to enquere of all such unlaufull reteynours and unlaufull demenying afore rehersid, had w'in any pte of the same Shire, as fer as the Comission wherby the seid Justices setteth streccheth; and aft' the same Jur be sworne that the seid Justices shall charge and comaunde the chief Constables of the Hundrede and Constables of evy Towne, and also the Baylyffes of the Hundredis which apperyn at the same Sessions, to gif evydence uppon ther othes to the same Jure of all and evy thyng towchyng this Acte; and [of'] the chief Constable of the Hundred or Baylle of the same Hundred, evy of theym for the Hundred wherof he is Officer, and the Constables of the Townes for evy Township that they be Constable of, counceyle and gif not trewe and pleyne evydence to their knowlege of all such reteynours cont'ry to the Pmysses as ben win the Pcynkte of his or their seid offices, than evy of the seid baillyffes or Constables or Bayle of the seid Hundred to forfeite to the Kyng our Sovayn Lorde for evy pson so conseylled vis. viii d. and to have ymprisonment by the discression of the seid Justices w'out bayle or maynprise; And that the Justices shall gyf day to the seid Jure if it be thought to theym expedient till the next genall Sessions, or shorter by their discression, to gyf their Pdite, and that the same Justices shall and may take the same vdit by [pcell and 6] sevall tymes and as often as any thyng shalbe founden by theym for the Kyng; And if the seid Jur so sworne do not fynde all such unlaufull reteynours

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and unlaufull demeanours, and pent all such psones as cont'ry to this Acte be reteyned win the same Shire and win the Pcyncte of their Comyssion as is aforeseid by lyve signe or token oth writing or pmese, or otherwyse unlaufully reteign as is aforeseid or that name theym self to be svaunt of any other pson, and of the reteynours of the same, and whereof they or any of theym have knowlege or credible evydence giffen, that than evy Justice of Peas w'in the same Shire dwellyng beyng their at the Sessions havyng than in dede any pson reteyned contry to the seid acte, and evy of the seid psons so ympaneld and theruppon sworne, and the Shiref which the seid psons ympaneld and then indede havyng any pson reteyned cont'ry to the seid acte, evy of theym that is to sey, evy man for his owne defaute and non otherwyse, shall forfeite to our Sovayn Lorde x fi. at evy time that such (') Jur be sworne.

AND of this he it enacted by the seid auctorite, that the Justices of the Peace at their opyn Sessyons shall have full Power and auctorite to cause all such psons, as they shall thynke to be suspect of any reteynour contry to this acte, to come afore theym or ij of theym wherof on shalbe of the quoz at such tyme and place as they shall thynk convenient and theym to examen of all such reteynours contry to this acte, or otherwyse name theymself to be svaunt to any pson or of other mysbehavyng contry to this acte by the discrescion of the seid Justices, And the seid Justices by whom the examynacion is had shall uppon payne of evy of theym of C ii. the next I'me next following the same examynacion etefye before the Kyng in his Benche the names aswell of all the psons that before theym by examynacion shalbe founden reteyned, or that before theym be founden to do any thyng contry to this acte, as the names of all psons that by that examynacion shalbe accused to be reteynours or to do cont"ry to the same Acte, and that ctificat to be made of the lyke effect and strength ayenst all theym so examened and by that examinacion founde in defaute as though they were convycted therof by (1) due order of the Kyng? Lawes, And that the same ctificat to be of lyke effecte and strength ayenst theym that by that [examynacions 3] shalbe accused to be reteynours or to have don in any thyng cont ry to the seid Acte as an Indightment had ayenst theym of Reteynours.

Moreov the Kyng our Soveigne Lord by the advyce assent and auctorite aforeseid, hath ordeyned stablisshed and enacted, that evy pson that will sue or compleyne before the Chaunceller of Englond or the keper of the Kynge gret seale in the Sterre Chamber, or before the Kyng in his Benche, or before the Kyng and his Counseill attendyng uppon his most roiall pson whersoev he be, so that ther be iij of the same Counseill at the lest of the which two shalbe Lordes spuall or temporall, ayenst any pson or psons offendyng or doyng ayenst the fourme of this ordinaunce or any other of the Pmysses, be admytted by their discression to gyf informacion, and evy such infourmour so admitted shalbe receyved to sue uppon the seid matt' by informacion, and that he be receyved and amitted to gyf such informacion or informacions before the seid Chaunceller or Keper of the Seale in the Sterre Chambir or before the Kyng in his Benche or before the Kyng and his Counseill aforeseid ayenst as mony such offenders as the pson that so shall informe will or shall name; And that uppon the same all suche psons be callid by writ subpena prevy seale or otherwyse, And the seid Chaunceller or keper of the Seale the Kyng in his Benche or the seid Counseill to have power to examen all psons defendauntes and evy of theym, aswell by oth as oderwyse, and to adjuge hym or theym convycte or atteynt aswell by such examynacion as otherwyse in such penalties as is aforeseid as the case shall require; And also shall charge by jugement in the same such pson or psons so convicte or atteynt to the pson playntyf or infourmour in all costis therin had, by the discression of hym or theym before whome he shalbe so atteynted or convycted; And also the same ptie pleyntif or infourmour shall have such resonable reward of that that by his compleynt shall growe to the Kyng as shalbe thought resonable by the discression of the seid Chaunceller or keper of the gret seale Justices or Counseill.

AND also it is enacted by the seid auctorite that the seid Chaunceller or keper of the gret Seale Justice or Counseill have full auctorite and power, by this Statute, to do send by writ subpena prevy seale warant or otherwyse by ther discression for any pson or psons offendyng or doyng contry to the pmysses, wout any sute or informacion made or put before them or any of theym, and the same pson or psons to examyn by oth or otherwyse by their discressions, and to adjugge all such psons as shalbe founden gylte in the pmysses by vdit confession examynacion pves or otherwyse, in the seid forfeitours and paynes as the case shall require, as though they were condempned therin aft the course of the coen Lawe, and to comyt such offendours to Warde and to award execucion accordyng.

And also it is ordered and established by the seid auctorite, that if eny pson or psons be examined of or uppon any of the pmysses, upon any such informacion as is aforseid before the seid Chaunceller or keper of the gret seale, Kyng in his Benche, his Counseill, or w'out informacion, and denye the same, or if the seid Chaunceller Keper of the gret Seale or the Kyng in his Benche or Counseill do send for any such pson or psons and theym or any of theym examen uppon the Pmysses, And than he or they so examyned denye his Offence in that behalf, and if aft that tyme any such pson or psons so denyeng be founden gylte or convycted or atteynted, by vdit or examynacion as is aforeseid or otherwyse, of any thyng doon or attempted contary to the fourme of this ordinaunce that is by hym before denyed, that than he or they forfeit lose and pay the seid peynes and forfeituris as the Case shall require for his or their offence in that behalf; And ov that the same pson and psons to forfeit and pay to the King ov and above that the moite of the same forfeitours and paynes, and also to have imprisonment by the discression of the seid Chaunceller Justices or Counsell for his Denyer in that behalf; and that almah of writynge or indenturis bytwene eny pson herebefore made, wherby any pson is reteyned contary to this Acte, that indentur or writing as towchyng any such reteynder onely and no ferther be voyde and of non effect: This Acte to take his effect and begynnyng for such reteynours and offences and other Commencement Mysdemeanours as shalbe doon had or made contry to the forme of this acte aft the fest of Pentecost next comyng onely, and the same acte to contynue and endure duryng the lyfe of our seid Soveyn Lord the Kyng that nowe is and no lenger.

Justices in Sessions shall examine all Persons suspected of Offences against this Act, and certify accordingly to the King's Bench, &c. Penalty £100.

VI. Offenders may be proceeded against in the Star Chamber, or King's Bench, or before the Council, upon Information against

VII. Proceedings may be had against Offenders, without

VIII. Punishment of Persons denying if found guilty.

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IX.
Offenders, punished under this A&, freed from all other Penalties.

PROVIDED alway and by the seid auctorite be it enacted, that if hit shall fortune hereaf? any pson or psons to be ponysshed for any article or cause conteyned in this psent Acte, that than such pson or psons be from thensforth, for that mat? or cause only that he is so ponysshed for, clerely discharged and acquyted of all peynes and forfeitures, the which he or they for that mat? or cause only shuld have susteyned or suffred by the reason or occasion of any other act or actes before this tyme had ordeyned or made.

X. Proviso for Soldiers retained under the King's Licence.

Provided also that this Act extend not to the ponysshement of any pson or psons, the which by the viue of the Kynge plagart or writyng signed w' his hand and sealed w' his prevy seale or Signet, shall take appoynt or indent w' any psons to do and to be in a redynes to do the Kyng svice in Warre, or otherwyse at his comaundment, so that [thoo 1] that shall have such plagard or writyng for their pte use not by that reteynour svice attendaunce or any otherwyse the pson or psons that they shall take apoynt or indent w', nor the psons that so do indent to do the Kyng svice use not they meself for their partie in doyng svice or gevyng attendaunce to they that shall have auctorite by reason of the Kynge writyng to take appoynt or indent w' they m, in any thyng confinyng the seid acte otherwise than shalbe comprised in the same the Kynge plakard or writyng, and that plakerd or writyng to endure duryng the Kynge pleasur and no lenger.

XI.
Proviso for
Serjeants at Law,
Mourning at
Funerals, Liveries
of Corporations,
and Tenants of
Monasteries.

Provided also that this acte extend not to any lyve to be giffyn by any sjaunt? at the Lawe at ther makyng or creacion, or to be giffyn by any executour? at the interement of any pson for any morning array, or to be giffyn by any Gilde Frat nite or Crafte corporate, or by the Meir and Shireff? of the Cite of London, or by any other Meir or Shiref or Chief Officers of any Cite Borowe Towne or Port of this Realme of Englonde, duryng their tyme of his office and by reason of the same, or to be geven by any Abbot or Prior of or other Chief Heed or Govnour or Officer of any Monastie Abbey or Priore or other places Corpat, giffyn to ther Fermo's or tenaunt? or otherwyse, accordyng as it hath ben used and accustumed in the same Monastie Abbey or Priore.

CHAPTER XV.

D execucoib3 cont' feoffatos faciend.

Evils arising from Feoffments to Uses;

PRAYEN the Comons in this psent Plement assenbled, that wher divs & meny psones be defrauded of ther execucion, aswell of & uppon recognisaunce statute of the Statute of t execucion, aswell of & uppon recognisaunce statute of the Staple Statute michaunte to them made as of ther dette & damages recoved in accion of dette trespas or other accions, and in like wyse the Lord? of whom eny landes & tent? be holden in socage of ther releffes, and sometyme of ther heriott?, be reason that he so being bounde or condempned, and also he that of ryght ought to be very tenaunte to the Lorde of whome suche Londes & tent? be holde, causeth be fyne feoffament recovey or otherwyse divs psones to be seased of the seid land? tent? & other hereditament? onely to his use, he takyng the pfett? of the same, to the grete hurte disceyte and defraude of all the King? true liege people win this his Realme yf remedie be nott therfore purveyd: In consideracion wherof be it ordeyned establisshed & enacted by the King our Sovaigne Lorde by thassent of his Lordes spuall & temporall & the Comens in this psent plement assembled & by auctoritie of the same, that from hensforthe it shalbe laufull to evy Shereff or other Officer, to whom eny writte or pcepte is or shalbe directe, at sute of eny psone or psone to have execucion of eny landes tent? or other hereditament? ageyne eny psone or psones of for & uppon eny condempnacion, estatute inchaunt, estatute of the Staple, or recognisaunce, hereafter to be made or hadde, to doo make & deliver execucion, unto the ptie in that behalfe suyng, of all suche Londes & tente as eny other psone or psones be in any mann wyse seased or hereafter shalbe seased, to the onely use of hym ageyn whom execucion is so sued, lyke as the seid Shereff or other officer myght or ought to have done yf the seid ptie ageyne whome execucion hereafter shall so be sued, hade be sole seased of the seid landes & tento of suche estate as they be so seased of to his use at tyme of

The Lands of Cestuy que Use made liable to Executions on Judgments, &c. against him.

AND ov that be it ordeyned by the seid auctoritie that the Lordes of whom eny suche landes or tent? be holden in Socage shall fromehensforthe, after the deth of hym to whos use eny psone or psones as is aforeseid be seased, and no wille therof declared, have his relefe heriot and all other duetes, lyke as the seid Lorde ought or myght have hadde yf he hade died seased of the same.

II. Relief and Heriot for such Lands, on the Death of Cestuy que Use.

PROVYDED allwey that evy suche psone, ageynst whom execucion is or shalbe hadde of landes & tente soo beyng in possession of other psones to his use, may have all suche avauntages in the Lawe, ageyne hym or them that so have execucion of the landes tentes aforeseid, as he myght or shulde have hadde if he hade be soole seased of the seid landes & tente at tyme of the seid execucion sued.

Cestuy que Use shall have all Advantages as if sole seised.

AND of that be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that yf eny bondeman purches eny landes or tent in fee symple fee taile or for terme of lyfe or terme of yeres, & causeth estate to be made to divs psones to his use, or takythe estate to hymselfe & to divs other joyntly w' hym and to his use and behofe, that it shalbe laufull to the Lorde of eny suche bondeman to entre duryng the same use into the seid landes & tent & evy pcell therof so purchased by his bondeman, in lyke maner & forme as he myght have doon yf the seid Bondeman hade onely be seased of the seid landes & tent in fee or otherwysse.

IV.

If Cestuy que Use
be a Bondman, his
Lord may enter
upon the Land
during his Use.

the seid execution sued.

15 00 a

CHAPTER XVI.

D reformacone Turnoz Vic in Com Suth Surr & Sussex.

PRAYEN the Comens in this pent plement assembled, that where it was established & enacted in the fyrste yere of the reigne of Kyng Richarde the thyrde, late in dede and not of ryght Kyng of Englonde, that no Bayly nor other officer shulde returne in eny Panell in eny Shereffes Torne or laweday eny psone but suche as ben of good name & fame & have landes & tent? of freholde win the same Countie wher they ben inhibitaunt of the yerely value of xx s. at the lest, or elles lond? & tent? holdyne by the Custome of the Maner called Copyholde win the seid Countie of the yerely value of xxvj s. & viij d. over all Charges at the leste, as in the same Statute more playnlye yt apperethe; And that all inditement? & Deentment? taken afore eny Shereffe in his Towrne otherwysse be voyde & of non effecte; be reason of whiche Statute meny Shereffe of the Counties of Suth Suri & Sussex intendyng truely have loste the pfytte of his or ther Tournes, and many grett nuysances & offenses not Psented nor the offendo's and trespasours in the same punisshed, to the grett hurte of thynhabitaunt? of the same, for win some hundred? ther, Ther ben nott so many psones of suche Londes & Tente dwellyng ow of Frauncheses, And though they were of that havyour they wolde not appere for the losse of ij d. or iiij d. at the daye of the Torne, whiche smale amciament? is of olde tyme used, wherby the Kinge seid Courtes in divs pties of the seid Counties ben loste: In consideracion wherof it was establisshed and enacted in a parlement holden at Westin the iiijth day of Octobr in the xjth yere of the reign of o' Sovaigne Lorde Kyng Henr the vijth that it shulde be lefull to evy Shereffe of eny of the seid Counties to enpanell & sumon xxiiij lawefull men of inhitaunt? win the pcyncle of evy of his or ther Tournes as owe Sute to the same Turne or Turnes, and wherof evy of the seid xxiiij men have landes & teiit? of freeholde to the yerely value of x s. ov all charges, or londes & tente of Copyholde to the yerely value of xiijs. iiij d. ov all charges, win eny of the seid Counties wher suche Torne or Tornes is or be to be kepte, and so many ther to appere at the daye of the Towrne before the seid Shereffe Undershereff or Clerke to enquere of the articles of the seid Tourne, And that evy of the seid xxiiij men so beyng enpanelled & sumoned, not apperyng, be amcede in the seid Shereffes Tourne or Tournes for nott doyng ther sute to the same, xij d. Provyded alwey that yf ther be xij of the seid inhitaunt? so enpanelled win the Pcyncte of evy Tourne appere, so that in evy Tourne be a lawfull Jurye of them sworne, that then all the remnaunte of them so enpanelde that make defaute be nott amced for that defaute, but onely for ther sute and as it was lawefully usede afore the makyng of the seid Statute; And ov that be it enacted that after due & lawfull sumons hade of the inhitaunt? as is aforeseid, yf ther appere nott xij men, in evy of the seid Shereffes Tournes of the seid [inhibitaunt['] havyng lond[& tent[of the yerely value of x s. or xiij s. iii] d. as is aboveseid, and yf ther be not xxiiij suche inhitaunt whiche may be enpanelled & sumoned in maner & forme aboveseid in eny of the seid Turnes, that then it shalbe lefull to evy Shereffe Under Shereffe Clerke Bayly or other Ministre to charge & swere eny other psone or psones in eny of the seid Shreff? Tournes, wher suche none sufficient & defawte of inhitaunt? and apparaunce ys hadde, suche as be of good name and fame, and the best by his or ther discression that appere afore hym or them and none officer nor fvaunt to the seid Shereff Undershereffes Clerke nor Baillyffes or Ministers. And that all enditement? & Psentment?, other than felonye, so taken concryng the seid Shreff? Tournes be good and effectuall, notwythstondyng the seid Acte made in the fyrste yere of King Richarde aforeseid, and that the Shereffes Undershereffes Clerke nor Baillyffes of eny of the seid Counties nor none of them, doying according to this psent Acte, forfett eny thyng or be in eny wysse prejudised for doyng eny thyng contrarye to the seid Statute made in the fyrste yere of the seid Kyng Richarde; And that evy Shereffe Undershereffe Clerk Bayly or Mynystre that doo cont'rie to this ordinaunce in eny poynte, forfite the some of Cs. at evy tyme that they or eny of them doo the cont'rie of the same in eny poynt of p' same; Savyng to evy psone and psones ther lawfull libties and franchises & ten'nte and inhitaunte of the same; This Acte to endure unto the next plement.

AND forasmoche as before the makyng of the same Acte aswell divs Shereffes as other inhitaunt? of the seid Recited Act Counties of Suth Surr & Sussex were grettly hurted & Pjudised, and hereafter in lyke forme shalbe, onlesse that yt may be enacted in this psent plement that the seid Acte made the seid xjth yere of ou' seid Sovaigne Lord? reigne may endure & fromthensforth be good & effectuell & stonde in force, as by the teno' & purporte of the same Acte more playnely may appere: In consideracon wherof that it may be establisshed & by auctoritie of this psent plement enacted that the same Acte may fromehensforthe be good & effectuell & stand in force in evy thing after the tenour & effecte of the same; and this Acte to endure to the next plement.

Tenor of the Stat. 11 Hen. VII. c. 26. amending Statute as to Qualifications of Jurors upon Sheriffs' Tornes, in the Shires of outhampton,

11 Hen. VII. c. 26.

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CHAPTER XVII.

D Worsted Sherers.

Usages of the Sheermen's Crafts in Norwich;

on Suggestion of Worsted Shearers, as a separate Craft, certain Provisions made in the Statute 11 Hen.VII c. 11. § 2, 3. as to the Craft of Worstedshearing;

Proceedings, since recited Act, prejudicial to the general Craft of Sheermen;

recited Provisions repealed.

II. St. 11 H.VII. c.11. confirmed in all other Respects.

PRAYEN the Comens in this pent parlement assembled, That wheras the Citie of Norwyche is an auncient Citie & in the same Citie w'ow' tyme of mynde amonge other Craftes hathe ben used a cteyne Crafte called Sheremanes Crafte, and thartificers of the same have alwey used by the same tyme to shere aswell Wurstedes Stamyns Fustyans as all other Wolleyn Clothe, and all apprentyses of the same Crafte have be taken & bounden to Sheremannes Crafte onely, & by reason therof they have hadde & enjoyed ther libtyes & fredome in ther occupacion by the name of Sheremannys Crafte genally, & none otherwysse, and they have evy yere used win the seid Citie to be chosen and sworne too Wardens of the same Crafte and all defawetes by the seid Wardens in ther Crafte, founden to be psented before the Mayre of the seid Citie for the tyme beyng, and the offenders in that behalfe to be punysshed according to the Custome of the same Citie; tyll nowe of late tyme divs psones, for ther owne singler pfite contrie to the comen weale of the seid Citie, feynyng to have a Crafte of Worstede sheryng sepat frome the seid Crafte of Sheremannys Crafte, surmytted a Byll in the plement holden at Westin the xiiijth day of Octobr the xjth yere of the reign of our Sovaigne Lorde the Kyng that nowe ys, [be'] force of whiche Ptended Byll it was in the seid pliament enacted & ordeyned. that fromethensforthe no man shulde take uppon hym to shere Worsted? wythin the seid Citie but yf he hadde be apprentice to the seid occupacion of Worsted sheryng by the space of vij yeres, or suche other as the Maisters of the seid occupacion wythin the seid Citie for the tyme beyng approvyng ther connyng, w' thadvyce of the Mayre for the tyme beyng in the seid Citie, wyll admytte; And ferthermore in thende of the seid Acte, it was provyded that the seid Occupation of Worsted sheryng shall nott make nor doo to be made eny ordinaunce conceying the seid occupation among them selfe, but suche as the Mayre of the seid Citie for the tyme beyng wyth his brethern Aldermen shall thinke necessarie and pfitable for the weale of the Kinge subgiecte; as more playnly in the seid Acte among other thinge dother appere; It is so that syth the makyng of the seid Acte, by colour of the same, the Worsted Sheremen wythin the seid Citie wythin them selfe wythowte thadvyce or consent of the Mayre of the seid Citie have chosen Wardens of Worsted sheryng, & sepated the same Ptended Crafte from thafforeseid Crafte called Sheremannes Crafte, contrie to the libties & good Customes of the seid Citie in tyme passed used & approved; and ov that the seid Prended Wardens wyth ther companye to them confedered divse meny tymes assemble and make ordinaunces among them selfe, contrie to the comen Weale of the seid Citie (') w'owte eny advyse of the Mayre of the seid Citie, intendyng to bryng the Shering of Worstedes into fewe mennys handes & to enhaunce the price of Sheryng of Worstedys at their pleasore; in so myche that they will nott admitte to Sheryng of Worstedes but cteyn psones, wher meny other wythin the seid Citie be as pfite & have as grett connyng in the seid sheryng of Worstedes as they that the seid Ptended Wardens dayly do suffer to shere have, & will not admitte eny man to the sheryng of Worstedes though he have sufficient connyng therin wythowte he wyll compowne wyth them & make grett & importable fynes, [be'] force wherof divs & meny of the Sheremen lately inhitaunts of the seid Citie be depted ow of the same Citie into the Contre, and so divers & meny howeses wythin the seid Citie be now unoccupyed & decayed, & dayly more ar lyke to be, to the grete desolacon of the seid Citie and also to thempovshing of the michaunte byers of the seid Worstedes wythin the same Citie, wherby the grete wele & prospitie of the seid Citie stondyth & thenhabitaunt? of the same supported: In consideracon of all whiche pmisses it may pleas the King our Sovaigne Lorde, of his moste habundaunte grace & for the grett zele his Grace hathe to the univsall wele of his Subgiect? in this his Realme, by thadvyse & assent of the Lordes spuell & temporell & of the Comens in this plement assembled & by auctoritie of the same, to ordeyn establisshe & enacte, that thatforseid Acte made the seid xiiijth day of Octobr the xjth yere aforeseid, in evy thing towching & concuyng the seid Worstede sheryng or the seid Ptended Crafte of Worsted sheryng onely, be utterly voyde repeled adnulled & of no force ne effecte.

PROVYDED alwey that the residue of thafforeseid Acte, concenning the settyng or puttyng takyng or reseyvyng of apprentices for all the Citizens & inhabitaunt? wythin the seid Citie of Norwyche, may stonde in his full strenght & effecte, in suche forme as in the seid Acte is expressed & conteyned; this psent Acte notwythstondyng.

CHAPTER XVIII.

D Fluvio Sabrini.

Free Navigation of the River Severn, interrupted by Foresters of Deane; PRAYEN the Comens in this Psent Parliament assembled, that where tyme out of mynde Marchauntes Vitellers, and all other yo' liege people of this yo' Realme at ther pleasur, have had and used fre course and passage thorowe and uppon yo' ryver and water of Severn win this yo' Realme, w' Shippes Trowes Botes and all other ther Vessels to carye and convey their Marchaundises Vitalles and other goodes from Toun to Toun and from place to place, w'out interrupcion trouble vexacion let or disturbaunce, and w'out eny thyng therfore paying or gevyng, untill late tyme that dyvs Marchauntis and other of this yo' Realme of Englond were by dyvs and Eteyn mysruled psones [inhited] n the Forest of Deane and other places to the seid Ryver adjoynyng, wrongfully letted vexed and interrupted; Wheruppon for the sure and pesable passage and course upon the seid Water and Ryver of all the Kyngt liege people to be had and contynued, dyvs actes and lawes were made and pvyded, and in espiciall on in the ixth yere of the reign of the most blest and famous in memorye yo' uncle Kyng Henre the vjth, by the which acte it was establisshed ordeyned and pvyded

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that all yo' liege people and evy of theym shuld have ther comen and free passage uppon yo' seid Ryver and Water, w' their Trowes botes and other Vessells from Brystowe Gloucestre Worcestre and oder places w'out let interrupcion or [dyner,'] and if eny of yo' liege people or subjettis were of their seid Course and passage letted or disturbed that they shuld have accions of trespas ayenst the offenders in that behalfe; And the pmysses notwistondyng dyvs psones late and nowe beyng yo' Officers, of and in yo' Cite of Worcestre or Towne of Gloucestre and oder places adjoynyng to yo' seid Ryver and Water, will not suffer eny Bote Trowe or oder Vessell to passe thorough and uppon yo' seid Ryver and Water w'out dy's imposicions, by theym theruppon set and by theym levyed gadered and reyred uppon the Marchauntis and owners of the seid goodis and marchaundises by the seid Ryver and Water passyng, in manyfest contempt of yo' seid lawes and breche of yo' laudabill custome afore tyme remembred; Please it therfor yo' Highnesse, the Pmysses considered, by the advyse and assent of the Lordes spuell and temporell and the Comens in this psent Parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same to ordeigne establisshe and enacte, that what so ev psone or psones, what astate degree or condicion he or they be of, that hereaft take eny imposicion of eny of the Kynge liege people for Trowe Bote or any oder Vessell for eny goodes or marchaundises caried or conveyed in and uppon the seid Ryver and Water of Severn, or lette vex or in upte eny Botes-Trowes or other Vessels so passyng by the seid Ryver and Water for eny such imposicion or oderwyse ayenst yo' Lawes, that evy such psone and psones so doyng and offendyng shall forfeit to the Kyng our Soveyn Lord for evy such offense xx ti. and for evy such some or somes so forfeit, the ptie greved and all oder psones that wyll sue for the same forfeitur shall have and sue an accion populer of dette aswell to and for the use of our Soveyn Lord the Kyng as to the use of hym that shall so sue for it in his owne name; And that our Soveyn Lord the Kyng have twoo ptes of the seid some so forfeited and the ptie that so shall sue for the same have the thrid pte therof; and the ptie defendaunt in evy such accion shall not be receyved to wage his lawe, and also be outed of all delatoryes in the same accion as pteccions esson and other; And if it fortune the pties in any such accion to defend or plede to eny issue for eny offence doon or comitted cont'ry to the pmysses, triable in the Cite of Worcestre or the libties of the same, then the same issue to be tried by xij men w'in the Counte of Worcestre not dwellyng ne havyng eny landis w'in the same Citee ne Subberbes of the same; and if the pties aforesaid in eny suche accion defend and plede to an issue for eny offence done or comitted contry to the Pmysses triable in the Shire of the Towne of Gloucestre or in the Counte of Gloucestre, the same issue to be tryed by xij men of and in the Counte of Gloucestre therto adjoynyng, not havyng eny londis ne dwellyng w'in the same Shire of the Town of Gloucestre.

(2) PROVIDED alway that this Acte or any thyng in the same conteyned or specefied in any wyse extend not nor be Pjudiciall or hurtfull, to any pson or psons havyng eny londis or medes adjoynyng to the seid Streyme or Water of Severn, to take of evy pson or psons goyng uppon his or their seid londis or medes and halyng or drawyng eny such Trowe Bote or Vessell resonable recompense and satisfaccion for such hurtes and offenses as he or they havyng such londis or medes adjoynyng to the seid Streme or Water shall susteyne by reason of eny such goyng or drawyng of any such Trow Bote or Vessell.

PROVIDED also that if eny pson or psones spuall or temporall or any body corporate come before the Lordis of the Kynge honorable Counseill in the Sterre Chamber at Westin, at any tyme hereaft before the fest of the ascension of our Lord that shalbe in be yere of oure Lorde Gode a thousand fyve hundred and fyve, and there make eny sufficiant pfe and laufull title, of their owne offer or by oder meanes byfore the same fest, to have eny man of Dute or imposicion of and for any man Bote Trowe or other Vessell aforseid, or for any michaundises or goodes in any of the same caried and conveyed in and uppon the seid Ryver & Water of Syvern, and the same pfe and title by the seid Counseill admitted and decreed, before the same fest, to be good and avayleable to the partie or pties that suen for the same, that then fromhensforth aft' suche pfe and title shewed, and so by the seid Counseill admytted and by theym before the same fest decreed to be good, those psons havyng such laufull title may and shall have, from the tyme of that decre made, alman suche Duetyes of evy of the Kynge lege people so cariyng or conveying any Bote Trowe or other Vessell in and upon the seid Water of Severn, according to their title and right so gived and decreed aft the man and fourme of the same title and decre; this psent acte or any thyng therin conteyned in any wyse notwistondyng.

o Hen. VI. c. 5. for preventing such Interruption;

Impositions by Officers of Worcester and Gloucester;

Persons taking Impositions for Trows, Boats or Vessels passing on the Severn;

£20; recoverable by Action popular,

Trials for Offences in Worcester or Gloucester shall be by Juries of the Counties at large.

Damages to Owners of Lands by Towing Paths, &c.

III. Proviso for Duties, &c. whereto Titles shall be proved in the Star Chamber,

CHAPTER XIX.

D Coriariis Frumitorib3 et Alotariis.

SHEWEN unto yo' most noble G'ce and gret wysdoms yo' pour Comens and Subjettis of this yo' Realme, that where Recital of Statute a Parliament holden at Westin in the seconde yere of the reign of Kyng Henr the vjth it was ordeyned amonge that Cordwainers other, that no Cordewayner nor non oder to his use shuld occupy the mystere of a Tanner whils he occupyed the mystere of a Cordewayner, undir the payne of forfeitur of evy Hyde so tanned by theym or any oder to their use vi s. viii d; Also where it is ordeigned at a Parliament holden at Westin the first yere of the reign of Kyng Henr the vijih our Sovayn Lord the Kyng that nowe is, that no Tanner whils he used or occupied the Mystere of a Tanner nor non oder to his use shulde occupy the Mystere of a Coryour, ne blake no hyde upon peyne of forfeitur of evy hyde by hym so corryed vj s. viijd; And that no corryour of Leyther take uppon hym to cory any hyde of Leyther but such as afore be sufficiantly tanned upon payne to lose for evy hyde so coryed iij s. iiij d; And whereas non acte nor statute No Act to prevent is pyyded as yet but that the Coryour of Leyther may unpunysshed occupy the mystere of Cordewayner, and in lyke

that Cordwainers should not be T'anners ;

St. 1 H.VII. c. 5. that Tanners should

Curriers from being

¹ denyer O.

The following Provisoes are annexed to the original Act in two separate Schedules.

wyse the Cordewayner the mystere of Coryour, by reason wherof many & dyvs Cordewayners of Cities and Burghs win this seid Realme have used and doon dayly use the Crafte of Coryours in their houses at their pleasure, wout env ovseying or controllying of any other Crafte or of any of the Kynge Officers, so that some tyme for lak of connyng and some tyme for their owne spede and lucre they suffer their ledder to passe untruly coryed; and also wher many Tanners put their hydes and ledder to sale before they be sufficiantly dryed, so that the byers of the same can not knowe whedder the ledder be sufficiantly tanned and barked, to the gret hurt and deceyte aswell of all the pouer Comens win the seid Cities and Burghs as of the Kynge liege people win the hole Realme: Please it therfore yo' Highnesse and gret wysdoms to provide by the auctorite of this psent Parliament for due remedy in this behalf, that no man of Crafte of Cordewans or Shomakers nor non other to his use, in Cite or Burgh Toun win this Realme, shall in tyme to come use ne occupy the mystere or crafte of Coriours, while he usith the Crafte of Cordewayners, uppon peyn of forfeitur of vis. viii d. for evy hyde so coryed and wrought wherof iij s. iiii d. to our Sovaign Lord the Kyng and other iii s. iiii d. to such psone or psones that first fynde and shewe it; and in semblable wyse that no man of the Crafte of Coryours nor non other to his use, win Cite or Burgh of this seid Realme, shall from hensforth use ne occupye the mystere of a Cordewayner [whill '] he occupieth the Crafte of Coriours, uppon lyke peyn as is next above reherced: And also that no Tanner nor Barker put no man of hyde nor Lether to sale before the same hyde and lether be sufficiantly dried uppon peyne of forfeitur for evy such hyde so put to sale vj s. viij d. wherof iij s. iiij d. to our Sovayn Lord the Kyng, and

No Cordwainers shall be Curriers within Cities, &c.

nor any Curriers be Cordwainers.

Tanners shall not sell Leather until sufficiently dried.

CHAPTER XX.

the other iij s. iiij d. to suche psone or psons as first fynde and shewe the same.

D břib3 Erroz repremend.

Recital of Statute 3 Hen.VII. c. 11. giving Costs on Writs of Error; PRAYEN the Comens in this psent plement assembled, that wher at a plement holden at Westin in the therde yere of the reigne of oure Sovaign Lorde the King that now ys, by the advyce of the Lordes spuall and temporell & of the Comens in the same plement assembled and by the auctoritie of the same it was ordined & establisshed, among other thinge, that yf eny defendaunte or tenent defendauntes or tenente, or eny other that shalbe bounde by eny jugement, sue afore execucion hadde, eny writte of erro' to reverse eny suche jugement in delaying of execucion of the ptie, that then yf the same jugement be affermed goode in the seid writte of Erro' & nott erroneus, or that the seid Writte of Error be discontynued in the defaute of the ptie, or that psone or psones that such the writte or writtes of Error be nonsued in the same, that then the seid psone or psones ageynst whom the seid Writte of Error is so sued shall recove his coste & damages, for his delay & wrongfull vexacon in the same, by discrecion of the Justice afore whome the seid Writte of Error' is sued; Whiche Acte & Ordinaunces, hath nott ben as yett duely putt in execucion, by reason where of aswell playntifes as demandaunted in diversacions by them sued, syn the makyng of the seid Estatute, have ben often tymes delayed of ther execucion to ther great & inportnable hurte losse & charge: Wherfore the King ou' Souvaigne Lorde by thadvice of the Lordes spuell & temporell & the Comens in this psent plement assembled & by auctoritie of the same, ordeyneth establissheth & enacteth, that the seid Acte made the thirde yere of his reigne concentring the pmisses be good & effectuall, and that fromehensforthe hit be duely putt in execucion.

Recited Act not yet enforced;

The said Act confirmed, and shall be put in Execution.

CHAPTER XXL

For Sylkewomen.

Importation of certain Manufactures of wrought Silk prohibited:

Other Silks, wrought or raw, allowed:

Time allowed for Sale of Stock in Hand. BE it establisshed ordeyned & enacted by auctoritie of this psent plement, that no man of psone fromehensforthe bring or cause to be brought into this Realme of Englonde to be solde, eny maner of Sylke, wrought by hyt selfe or w' eny other stuffe in eny place ow' of this Realme, in Ribandes laces gyrdyll? Corses Calles Corses of tissues or poyntes, uppon payne of forfeyture of all the same Ribandes laces gyrdyll? Corses Calles Corses of tissues & poyntes & evy of them in whos handes so ever they be founde, or the value of the same, the one moytey of the seid forfeyture to oure Sovaigne Lorde the Kyng & the other moytey therof to eny of the King? subgiect? that wyll sease the same, the whiche to doo it shalbe lefull to evy of the King? subgiect? at all tymes; And that it shalbe lawefull to evy psone aswell straunger as other to bryng into this Realme fromehensforthe all other maner of Sylkes, aswell wrought as rawe or unwrought, to sell at hys pleasour, eny acte or actes of plement herbefore to the contrie made in any wysse notwythstondyng; And that it shalbe lefull to all psones that have eny suche Ribaundes Laces Gyrdill? Corses Calles Corses of tissues or poyntes wrought beyond the See, bowght & brought into this lande by the King? licens & be to be solde, to make sale of the same & evy pte therof & to have licens & libite therto tyll the feste of Penthecost that shalbe in the yere of our Lorde M' v C & v.

while O.

eriginal Act in two separate Schedules.

CHAPTER XXII. (')

D Attornatis & fcorib3 Villa Cales.

LSO wher at a parliament holden in the iiijth yere of the reigne of our Soveigne Lorde Kyng Henry the vijth, It was ordeyned enacted and establisshed by the auctorite of the same parliament that noon inhitaunt nor Burges of the Toune of Calys or Marches of the same, then beyng or at any tyme therafter to be byfore the vjth day of Aprell the yere of our Lord God M' iiij C. iiijx viij. shuld be Factour or Attourney withyn the seid Towne of Calys or Marches of the same, to or for eny Marchaunt of the Staple ther then duellyng within this Reame of Engeland or that after that shuld duelle, to bye or selle for theym or eny of theym any Wolles Wolfelles or other michaundises of the seid Staple, but such as shuld be vy menyall and mere svaunt or prenticez unto Marchaunt then duellers or that aft that shuld duelle within this Realme of Engeland or by theym sent or to be sent unto the seid Staple; By reason of which ordyn'nce acte and estatute many then inhitaunt? of the seid Towne, byfore that tyme gettyng their lyvyng and kepyng within the same Towne oneste Housholdes, by the gayne and av ntage that they had of the dealyng and occupying as Factours and Attournez within the same Towne, for other michaunt? of the Staple duellyng in the pties of this Realme, ar nowe depted oute of the seid Towne, and the Towne therby sore decayde, and the seid inhitaunt? mchaunt? lesseyng the Kynge genall privylege in that behalve: Be it therfor by thauctoritie of this Psent pliament ordeyned and enacted that the acte and ordyn'nce aboveseid be fromhensforth utterly adnulled voyde and of noon effecte.

Recital of a A& 4 Hen. VII. respecting Wool Factors at Calais; See Rot. Parl. 3 Hen. VII. nu. 14.]

Evil of recited Act or Provision;

The same repealed.

CHAPTER XXIII.

For be Stillyard.

E it ordeyned establisshed enacted & provided, by the Kyng our Sovaign Lorde by thadvyse of his Lordes spuell & No Acts relating temporall and the Comens of the same in this psent plement assembled, for michaunte of the Hanse in Almaigne having the House in the Citie of London comenly called Gwilde halda Theotonicoz, that by the auctoritie of this seid plement, every Acte Statute or Ordinaunce, Actes Statutes or ordinaunces, heretofore made concuying Achaunte Achaundises or other Wares, extend nott to the Pjudice hurte or charge of the seid mchaunt? of the Hanse, contrie to there auncient libties privilege free usages & customes of olde tyme graunted to the seid michaunte of the Hanse, aswell by the Kinge noble pgenitours & ratified and confermed by the Kinge grace, as by auctoritie of divse pliamente, but that all suche Acte Statute & Ordinaunce Actes Statut? & Ordinaunces, soo made or to be made in derogacon of ther seid libties Pvileges free usages & custumes, stande & be as ageynst the seid michaunt? & ther successours & evy of them voide repeled annynctisshed & of none effecte; eny Acte Statute or Ordinaunce, Acte Statute or Ordinaunces, to the contrie made or to be made notwytstondyng.

Merchants or Merchandises, shall

(*) PROVIDED allwey that this Acte or eny thyng therin conteyned extende nott or be in eny wysse Pjudiciall or hurtfull to the Mayre Shireffes Citizens or Comynaltie of the Citie of London or eny of them, or the successours of eny of City of London. them, of or for eny intesse libties pryvelege fraunchesis or other thing to them or eny of them geven or graunted by the Kinge moste noble pgenytours or Pdecessours Kinges of this Realme, or by auctoritie of pliament or other wysse; this psent Acte or eny thing therin conteyned notwythstondyng.

New Proffees

CHAPTER XXIV.

D Turnis Vic apud Cicestr & Lewes vicissim tenend.

N consideracon that the Shire Courte of & for the Shyre of Sussex ys holde kepte in the Citie of Chichestre, whiche is in the extreme ptie of the same Shyre, the same Shyre beyng lxx myles in lengthe, by reasone wherof divs & meny of the Kynge Subgiecte inhabityng that Shire ar sometymes owtelawed & some tymes lose great somes of Money in that Courte or they have knowlege therof to ther utter undowyng, Be it therfor enacted by the auctoritie of this Psent plement that, frome the Monthe of Easter next comyng, the Shyre Courte for that Shyre shalbe holden & kepte one tyme at Chichestre aforseid, and the next tyme at the borowe of Lewes, whiche Borowe is in the middes of that Shyre and so to be kepte althis vicibs for ev; and eny Shyre Courte holden to the contrye hereof & all thinge therin doon to be voyde.

The Shire Court for Sussex shall Chichester and Lewes, alternately.

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¹ This Chapter, which has been always printed as Part of the Statute of this Session, is entered as a separate Act on the Inrollment in Chancery, but is contained in a Schedule annexed to the Original Act in the Parliament Office, which is now printed as Chapter XXVII. of this Session. See post, page 667-669.

^{*} In a separate Schedule annexed to the Original Act.

CHAPTER XXV.

D Feoffamento p Regem fco.

Recital of Stat.
7 Hen.VII. c. 12.
§ 1, 2. for limiting
Estates to Feoffees,
to the Use of the
King's Will;

WHERAS in the plement holden at Westm the xx'y day of Feverere the vijth yere of the Kinge out Sovaigne Lorde reigne, hys Highnesse for the pfite execution stablisshment & pformyng of hys laste Will [be 1] thadvyse of his Lorde spuelle and temporalle & the Comens in the said pliament assembled & be auctoritie of the same, ordeyned & enacted that John then Archebisshop of Cantbury Primat & Chauncellour of all Englonde Thomas then Archibisshop of Yorke, and Jasper then Duke of Bedforde, & other wt them named in the same Acte, shulde frome the same xxty day of Feverere have holde enjoye & possede the Honours Castelle & Lordshypp of Launcestr & Clydrowe wt the membres and appurtenances of the same, & all Maners Lordshippes Landes Tente Rente Revisions svices Possessions & Hereditamente peell of the Duchie of Launcastre win the Countie of Launcastre wt ther appurtenences, and the Countie Palantyne of Launcastr wt the appurtenences, and all libties fraunchesys jurisdiccons privelege lawes customes & all other thinge in the same Countie Palatyne & other the Pmisses & evy pcell of them belongyng & apperteynyng or peell of the same, the Honores Castelles Lordshippes & Maners of Pountfrett Tykhull Knaresburgh and Pikeryng wt the membres & appurtenances, & all Maners Lordeshippes Landes Tente Revisions & Prices peell of the Duchie of Launcastr in the Counties of Yorke & Notingham wt ther appurtenances, the Honour Castell Lordeshipp & Maner of Tutburie wt thapprenances, & all Maners Lordeshippes Landes Tente Revisions & évices peell of the Duchie of Launcastr in the Counties of Stafforde & Derby wt ther apprtenances, the Honor Castyll Lordshipp & Maner of Bolyngbroke wt the membres & apprtenances, & all other Maners Lordeshippes Tente Rente Revisions & tvyces peell of the seid Duchie of Launcastre in the Countie of Lincoln wt the appurtenences, The Lordeshippes & Maners of Longbenyngton pcell of the Duchie of Lancastr in the Countie of Lincoln wt the appurtenences, & all Castelles Lordshippes Maners Londes Tente Revsions Rente & fvices peell of the Duchie of Launcastr in the Counties of Norff & Suff wt ther appurtenences, to them & to ther heires for ev, to thentent that the same feoffes ther heyres & the heires of evy of them shulde be & stonde feoffes of the pmisses & of evy peell of them to the pformyng & executyng of the laste wyll that his seid Highnesse shuld make & ordeyne to be doon wt the same Honoures Castelles Maners Landes & Tente & other the Pmisses & evy pcell of them undre cteyne forme wt divers ordinaunces auctorities pvisions ordres & entente in the same Acte lymitted expressed specified ordeyned & declared; And ov that it was ordeyned by the same auctoritie that after the same wyll were pformed & executed, or els yf his seid Highnesse declarede and made no wyll conenyng the pmisses, that then the seid John then Archibisshop of Cantburye Thomas then Archibisshop of Yorke, Jasper then Duke of Bedforde, & other w' them named in the seid Acte and ther heires shulde be & stonde seased & feoffed of & in the seid Honours Castelles Lordeshippes Maners Landes Tente & other the Pmisses to thuse of his Highnesse & hys heires for ev; as in the same Acte more at large it is conteyned: And for asmoche as divers & the gretest nombre of the seid psones namede in the same Acte sythe the making of the same be deceased, & the casualtie of this worlde is suche & lyfe as unctayne to suche as survyve as was to them now depted, And for that it is syttyng to the Kynge honor & requisyte for the better & more sure pformaunce & execution of his seid wyll, to renewe & encrease a more nombre of honorable psonage to have joint & as full & playne & large auctoritie & power wt the said psones rehersed overlyvyng, & to be wt them adjoyned in the pmisses & evy pte therof, as the said psones deceased hade; Be it therfore enacted ordeyned & established by thadvyse of the Lordes spuall & temporell & the Comens in this psent pliament assembled & by auctoritie of the same, That Wiffm nowe Archiebisshop of Canebury Primate & Chauncellour of all Englonde, Thomas Archiebisshop of Yorke, Edwarde Duke of Bukyngham, Richarde now Bysshopp of Wynchestre, William now Bisshopp of Dureham, Wiffm Bisshopp of Lincoln, Edmonde Bysshope of Salesbury Gefferey Bysshopp of Chestr John Abbote of Westmynstre Charles Lorde Herbert John Fyneux Knyght Thomas Frowyke Knyght Gefferey Symeon Clerke Wiffm Barons Clerke Thomas Routhall Clerke Edwarde Ponynge Knyght Henr Vernon Knyght John Mordaunt James Huberte Richard Emson Humfrey Conyngesby & John Kyngesmyll sjauntes at the lawe, stande and be seased, jointly wt the seid psones survyvyng, of and in all the Castelles Maners Lordeshippes landes tente revisions frices possessions & hereditamente wt other Pmisses before remembered, & to be & stonde in lyke estate auctoritie & power & undre lyke maner forme & condicion of the pmisses & evy pte of them & to the same uses & ententes, as the seid psones now beyng dede hadde shulde or myght have hade in the pmisses & evy parte thereof yf they hade continued in playne lyffe, and as yf the seid psones now newe named hade hade a joint astate & hade be jointly named wt the seid Survivours in the seid Acte wt the psones that now survyve.

Decease of several of the said Feoffees;

New Feoffees

Such Feoffees shall be seised, jointly with the Survivors of the former Feoffees, to the Uses of the recited Act.

II.
Succeeding
Archbishops, &c.
shall become
Feoffees, in the
Stead of their
Predecessors.

And over this it be enactede ordeyned & established by the same auctoritie, that what tyme & whensoever that the seid Willm Archiebisshop of Cantbury Thomas Archiebisshop of Yorke Richarde Bysshope of Wynchestre Willm Bisshop of Dureham & Edmonde Bysshop of Salesbury, or eny of them, hereafter shall fortune to deceas, or any of ther Sees to be voyed be eny other ways, that then they that soo shall succede them or eny of them in the seid Sees & Bisshopprikkes, & evy of them & ther successours & the successours of evy of them, shall have successivelye for ev, lyke auctoritie & power to doo ordre execute and pforme the Kinge seid Wyll & evy ptie therof, jointly wt the other that shall survyve, as the same selfe Bisshoppes shulde ought or myght do into and for the same yf they contynued in playne lyffe, and as yf the seid psones that so shall succede hade ther playne possessions in ther seid Sees & Bysshopprikes at this psent tyme & were well and pfitely named in this psent Acte.

[•] This and the Chapters immediately following are now for the first time printed as part of the Statute of this Session:

Former Printed Collections of the Statute ended with Chapter XXIV.

CHAPTER XXVI.

WHERAS it hathe pleased Allmyghty Gode to calle the Kynge derrest sone Henr Duke of Yorke to be nowe the Kinge heire Succession of the apparaunt & Prince of Wales Duke of Cornewall & Erle of Chestre, be reason wherof he hathe grett and notable possessions, Wherfore it is for hym convenient to leve and be discharged of the seid name of Duke of Yorke dignytie and Pemynens therof, and of all suche annuytes fees offices & other possessions and hereditamente by the Kinge Highnesse to hym geven & graunted before the firste day of this psent plement : Be it therfore enacted ordeyned and established by thadvyse & assent of the Lorde spuell & temporall & the Comens in this psent plement assembled & be auctorite of the same, That the seid Ereccion & Creacion to the Kinge seid sone made to hym as to the Duke of Yo'ke, and all hys estate dignytie & Pemynens be reason of the same, and the annuytie to hym graunted by the King our Souvaigne Lorde of for & uppon the same creacion, and the landes tente possessions hereditamente offices or other thinge whatsoever they be to hym heretofore geven & graunted by the Kinge letters patentes acte of pliament or otherwysse be fromehensforthe utily voyde & of none effecte; any grauntes made by the Kyng our Souvaigne Lorde or env actes of pliament heretofore made of & for the same or eny pte or pcell therof to the contarie in env wyse nottwythstondyng.

His Creation as and all Grants of Annuity, Lands, &c. to him as such, declared void. [See the Statute 11 H. VII. c. 35.]

CHAPTER XXVII.

Composicio in Regem & Stapulam.

THE King our Souvaigne Lorde, for the Weale of hym & of this hys Realme, conservacion and suertie of hys Towne & Castell For Preservation of of Calays and Marches therof, the continuance of hys estaple of the same, and for the suertie of contentacion & payment of the yerely wages fees and rewardes of the Capytayne the Kinge Lieutenant and Souldyours of the seid Towne of Calays, & Towre of Ruysbanke Castelles of Guysnes and Hammes in the Marches there for the tyme beyng, and for the fees & rewardes of the Custumers & Comptroller of the great Custume win the porte of London, and for sufficient conduyt to be hade for sure conveyaunce of the Marchaundises to the seid Staple at Cales, and for payment of the fees & rewardes of the King (Juges Sergeauntes & Attorney; By thadvyse and assent of the Lordes spuell & temporall & of the Comens in this Realme of Englonde in this psent plement assembled by auctoritie of the same, Hathe graunted ordeyned enacted & establysshede, to the Mayre Constables & Felashipp of Marchauntes of the seid Estaple at Cales & ther Successours for the tyme beyng & evy of them, for the terme of xvj yeres from the vj day of Aprill whiche shall be in the yere of our Lorde Gode a thousand fyve hundreth & foure, almah custumes & subsidies of ther wolles & wolle felles & felles called Shorlyng & Morlyng & evy of them, to be shipped owt of the seid Realme to the seid Staple at Cales duryng [the 1] terme, w'out eny thing therof or therfore to be yolden or payde to the Kyng or hys heyres or to the Custumers or Collectours of the Custume & Subsyde for the tyme beyng in eny Porte or Portes whithin this Realme otherwyse than hereafter is expressed; The Kinge duetie called the devours or Custume of Calays excepte. Also that the seid Mayre Counstables and felaship of Marchauntes of the seid Staple have pceyve & reteyne all Custumes & Subsidies of Wolles & Wollfelles & Felles called Shorlyng and Morlyng, of all othre psones to be shipped to the seid Staple, w'ow' eny thing therof or therfore to be payde or yolden to the King or his heyres or to the Custumers or Collectoures of the Custumes & Subsidies for the tyme beying or eny other psone or psones, excepte before excepte; by endentures to be made of all suche reteyndres receyvynge & pceyvynge frome tyme to tyme betwyxte the seid Mayre Constables & Felysship of Marchaunte of the seid Staple & ther successours, or betwene iiij, iij, or ij suche sufficient psones havyng therto sufficient auctoritie of the same Maire Constables & Felisshipp of Marchauntes of the seid Staple & their Successours as they shall aunswer fore, in evy Porte or Portes wherin eny suche shippynge shall be made, & the Customers & Collectours of the Custumes & Subsidies in the seid Portes or eny of them for the tyme being: And that x M1 xxij fi iiij s. viij d. of the same somes of Money so comyng or groweing yerely duryng the same terme of xvj yeres to be payde unto the Tresorer of the seid Towne of Cales for the tyme beyng, yf the seid Wayges Fees & Rewardes attayne to the seid some of x M1 xxij fi. iiij s. viij d. And yf the seid Wages Fees & rewardes attayne to a lesse some then to x M1 xxij ti. iiij s. viij d. in eny yere of the seid xvj yeres, that then in that yere the same Mayre Constables & Felisshipp of Marchaunte pay that same lesse some to the seid Tresorar for the tyme beyng, to thentent to be imployde by the same Tresorer yerely duryng the seid terme, for & uppon the payment of the wayges fees & rewardes of the Capiteine or the King? lieutenant or other lieutenant? & souldiours of the seid Towne Castell of Calays Towne of Ruysbanke and also of the Castelles of Guisnes & Hammes in the seid Marchies for the tyme beyng, [be 8] endentures to be made betwene the same Treasorer for the tyme beyng & the seid Maire Constables & Felysshipp of Marchaunte & ther Successoures, & by the same Indentures the seid Maire Constables & Felasshypp of Marchaunte and ther Successours to be quytt & discharged of all Somes of Money that shalbe comprised win the seid endenturs; And the residue of the seid x M1 xxij fi. iiij s. viij d. sterlyng, not paid to the seid [Treasour 3] nor comprised win the forseid endentures, to be aunswerde by the seid Maire Constables & Felisshyp & there successours uppon ther accompte unto the King our Souvaigne Lorde or to hys assignes in lawefull money of Englonde at hys Eschequyer at Westmynstre, or els in other place unto suche psones as it shall please the same ou Sovaigne Lorde for to appoynte to hys use. And that C fi. of the same Custumes & Subsidies so comyng or growyng to be applyed contented & payde yerely duryng the seid terme for & uppon the payment of the fees & rewardes of the Custumers & Comptroller for the tyme beyng of the greate Custume & Subsidie of Wolles & Woll Felles w'in the Porte of London, ov & above the seid x M1 xxij ti. iiij s. viij d.

Grant to the Mayor, &c. of the Staple, of the Customs Duties on Wool there, for the Term of 16 Years.

£10,022. 48. 8d. thereof to be paid Calais, for the Wages, &c. of the Officers and

£100. to the Custumers, &c. of Wools at London.

II. Convoy shall be provided by the King for Goods sent to the said Staple;

Also it is enacted ordeyned and established [be s] the same auctoritie, that duryng the seid terme of xvj yeres & unto the tyme the seid Maire Constables & Felyshipp & evy of them be holly & fully content & paid of all the somes aforeseid, that at such tyme as the same Maire Constables & Felashipp of michaunte, or eny of them or their Successoures, wyll shippe or doo shippe theire goode & marchaundises unto the seid Towne of Calays, be yt [be a] one or too tymes in edy of the seid yeres yf eny suche shippynge be, that then the King out Souvaigne Lorde or his Tresorer of Englonde for the tyme beyng pourvey & ordeyne sufficient & sure conduyt for sure conveyaunce of there seid marchaundises to the seid Staple; [And yf the Kyng nor his seid Tresorer of Englonde for the tyme beyng after due notice geven of any suche shippynge p'vey ne ordeyne none suche sufficient ne sure conducte for sure conveyaunce of the seid Marchaundises to the seid Staple, 1] Then the Maire Constables & Felysship of Marchauntes aforseid for the tyme beyng have & reteyne in the handes of them & evy of them of the seid Custumes & Subsidies, ov & above the seid x M' xxij fi. iiij s. viij d.

that O. by O. Tresorer O. Interlined in the Original Act.

or the Expence thereof may be retained by the Mayor, &c. of the Staple.

III. 1,000 Marks to be paid to the Judges, &c.

IV.
Deficiency of one
Year shall be
supplied by the
succeeding Year.

V.
After the said Term of 16 Years, the Mayor, &c. of the Staple may retain the Customs, till any Deficiency is supplied.

VI.
The Mayor, &c.
of the Staple shall
yearly account to
the King for the
Amount of Customs,
beyond the Sums
applicable as
aforesaid.

VII. 3 s. 4 d. per Pound of One-third of the Soldiers Wages shall be deducted and accounted for-

VIII.
Mayor of the
Staple, &c.
chargeable only
with the Customs
on Wool, &c.

by yere, and ov & above the seid C fi. yerely for the fees & rewardes of the Custumers & Comptroller of the Custumes & Subsidies off wolles & wolle felles win the Porte of London, all suche & so many somes of Money as by them shallo resonably expended & enploiede, by the ovsyght advyse & assente of the forseid Tresorer of Englonde [at 1] the tyme beyng, uppon the seid conduyte or conduytes in evy or eny of the forseid yeres.

Also it is ordeyned enacted & establisshed by the seid auctoritie that the seid Maire Constables & Felashipp of michauntes and there successours yerley, duryng the seid terme of xvj yeres, have peeve & reteyne in the handes of them & evy of them, of the seid Customes and Subsidies so comyng or growyng or to come or growe, M1 marke to be payde unto the Kynge Juges Sergeauntes & Attorney & to evy of them for the tyme beyng for there wayges fees & rewardes ov & above the forseid ordynarie wages Custumers & Comptrollers fees and ov and above the conduyte money afore specified; and yf the Customes & subsidies aforeseid, to be hade peeyved or reteyned in eny of the seid xvj yeres, atteyne nott to the some of M1 marke, ov and above the foreseide ordinarie wages fees & rewardes & conduyte money afore specified, that then by the seid auctoritie, the same Mayre Constables & Felisshipp of michaunte, & ther successours & evy of them, have peeyve & reteyne of the seid Custumes & subsidies all that some & evy pte therof, that then shall come or growe of the same Custumes and subsidies win that some of M1 marke, the same lesse some to be employed towarde the contentacion & payment of the seid Wages Fees & Rewayrdes of the forseid Juges Sergeauntes & Attorney for the tyme beyng.

Also it is enacted ordeyned & established by the seid auctoritie, that if the Maire Constables & Felaship of mchauntes aforeseid & there successoures have nott received preved nor reteyned of the seid Custumes & Subsidies in eny of the seid xvj yeres the hole some of x M xxij fi. iiij s. viij d. and the some of C fi. for the fees & rewarde of the Custumers & Comptroller win the Porte of London, & the somes to be expended applyed & employed yerely during the seid xvj yeres for & uppon sufficient & sure conduyteng of ther Wolles and Woll felles shorlyng & morlyng, And also the Mi mke yerely duryng the seid terme for the fees & rewardes of the Kinge Juges Sergauntes & Attorney for the tyme beyng, that then by the seid auctoritie the forseid Mayre Constables & Felashipp of mchaunte, & ther successours or eny of them, have preve & reteyne of the Customes & Subsidies comyng & growyng or to come & growe in the other yere or yeres of the seid xvj yeres, asmoche & all suche somes of Money as shall want or lake of the forseid sommes of x Mi xxij fi. iiij s. viij d. the C fi. for the fees & rewardes of the Custumers & Comptroller win the Porte of London, the conduyt money afore specified, the Mi marke for the fees & rewardes of the Kinge Juges Sergeauntes and Attorney, & evy parte therof.

Also it is enacted ordeyned & establisshed by the seid auctoritie that if the seid Maire Constables & Felashipp of michauntes or eny of them, win the forseid terme of xvj yeres have not preved ne reteyned all & evy of the somes aforeseid, that then the Maire Constables & Felaship aforeseid & evy of them have preve & reteyne in the handes of them & evy of them in the yere or yeres then next folowing, all suche somes of Money as they then shall lake or wante of the foreseid some of x Mi xxij fi. iiij s. viij d. for the Waiges Fees & Rewardes of the Capitayne the Kinge Lieutenant & Souldiours aforeseid, the seid C fi. for the fees & rewardes of the Custumers & Comptroller of the greate Custume & Subsidie wythin the Porte of London, the conduyt money afore specified, the Mi marke for the fees & rewayrdes of the Kinge Juges Sergiaunte & Attourney as afore is seid, of all Customes & Subsidies of Wolles & Woollfelles & felles called shorlyng and morlyng of theyres & evy of them then to be shipped to the seid Staple, and also of all Custumes & Subsidies of Wolles & Wollefelles & Felles called shorelyng & morlyng of all other psones and evy of them shipped or to be shipped to the seid Staple, by endentures theruppon to be made of all suche receptes reteyndres & prevyinge frome tyme to tyme betwyxte the seid Mayre Constables & Felashipp of michauntes & ther successours or eny of them, or ther factoures and attorneys, and the seid Custumers & Collectours for the tyme beyng or eny of them, unto the tyme the same Maire Constables & Felashipp of michaunte & there successoures or eny of them have fully hade reteyned & preved of the seid Custumes & Subsidies asmoche as they then shall lake unpaid of the foreseid sommes within the seid terme of xvj yeres.

Also it is enacted ordeyned and established by the seid auctoritie, that the same Maire Constables & Felaship of mchaunt? & there successours, aunswere and yelde accompt to the King ou' seid Souvaigne Lorde at his Eschequyer, of all somes of Money comyng [and '] growyng or to come or growe of the seid Custumes & Subsidies by them or eny of them or eny other to be hade poeyved or reteyned, ov the sommes of Money of the seid x M' xxij hi. iiij s. viij d. by yere ordined to be applied uppon payment of the seid wayges fees & rewardes as above is seid; and ov & above the sommes of Money to be had poeyved & reteyned in forme aboveseid by the seid Mayre Constables & Felaship of mchaunt? & ther successours or eny of them for the fees & rewayrdes of the Custumers and Comptroller of Wolles & Woll felles w'in the Porte of London, the condupt Money, and ov & above the M' marke yerely duryng the seid terme for the wayges fees & rewayrdes of the King? Juges Sergauntes & Attorney, in forme ensuyng, that is to say; to begyn & fynysshe in evy seconde yere of the same yeres the seid accompt for the yere poedent, and so successyvely duryng the same yeres to begyn and ende theyr accompt of the reteyndres and receptes comyng & growyng of the seid Custumes & Subsidies in the yere subsequent for the yere poedent; and all suche somes of money as shalbe founde due uppon thaccompt of the seid Maire Constables & Felaship of mchaunt? to be payde unto the King ou Souvaign Lorde in sterlyng money of Englonde.

And wher the Capytayne Lieutenant & Souldiours of the seid Towne Castelles & Marches have received afore this tyme the therde pte of theyr wayges in vytale onely and that they for ctayne causes have agreyd to have and poeyve the said therde parte in redye money and nott in vitayles, It is ordeyned by the seid auctoritie that xld. of evy hi. of the same therde parte during the seid terme of xvj yeres to be deducted and abated ow of the wayges fees & rewayrdes of the same Capitayne Lieutenant & Souldiours & evy of them so therof to be payde in redye money, and that the Maire Constables & Felishipp aforeseid and there successours duryng the seid terme of xvj yeres shall aunswere the Kinge Grace in there accompte of the seid xld. of evy suche hi. of the seid Waiges fees & rewayrdes of the seid Capitayne Lieutenant and Souldiours Artificers Pencioners & Feodaryes of the seid Town of Caleys & Castell there & Towre of Ruysbanke, and also the Kinge Castelles of Guysnes & Hammes & Marches of the same by occasion of this Acte.

Also it is ordeyned enacted & establisshed by the seid auctoritie that neither the said Maire Constables & Felyship of michaunter ne ther successours ne eny of them, by vitue of this Acte ne by any other Acte made or to be made in this psent plement, be charged [& a] chargeable with or of any other or mo somes of Money coming or growing or to come or growe of the Customes & Subsidies above seid, or eny of them or of eny other, but onely we the some & sommes of Money that shall come or growe of the Customes & subsidies of the Wolles & Woll felles shortlyng & mortyng. Provided allievy that the seid Maire Constables & Felaship of michauntes shall pay yerely the seid x M1 xxij fi. iiij s. viij d. the C fi. the M1 marke, and conduste money in maner before expressed.

for O.

or O.

And for asmoche as the sales of the seid mchaundises of the staple ys received onely money in golde or silver, whiche hathe no cours wythin this realme nor cannot come to the prouffete of the Kynge realme nor of the marchaunte owners of the seid golde & money, wythout exchange & rechange made in the landes beyonde the See, whiche exchange & rechaunge yf they any make shulde be unto them [be 1] divs other statute to excessively grevous & penall, It is ordeyned & enacted that for eny suche exchaunge maide or to be made by the seid Maire Constables & Felaship of mchaunte or eny of them, for evy tyme of the seid xvj yeres contains to the estatute they or eny of them be not hurted vexed impleted empeched nor empechable.

And furthermore it is ordeyned enacted & establisshede by the seid auctoritie that the Staple whiche is nowe at Calays shall not be removed from the seid terms of xvj yeres; nor after that unto such tyme as the Mayre Constables & Felaship of mechanic of the seid Staple at Calays be fully satisfyed & paid as above is seid of all the forseid sommes; And yf the seid Staple happen for eny man cause to be removed conterie hereunto that from that tyme the seid Maire Constables & Felaship of mechanic ne eny of them be charged or chargeable to the payment of eny of the seid waiges fees & rewayrdes in any wyse.

Also it is enacted ordeyned & establisshed by the seid auctoritie, that no mchaunt nowe beyng of oure seid staple or hereafter to be, bere eny voyce ne have eny saynge in eny Courte or Courtes hereafter to be holde wythin oure seid Staple afore the Maire Constables and felaship of mchaunte of the seid Staple, ne in eny Courte or Courtes that hereafter shalbe holde afore the Lieutenant Constables and Felaship of mchauntes of the same, ne in eny Courte or Courtes, that there shalbe holde afore the Lieutenant Constable & Felaship of mchaunte of the seid Staple, but suche as at that tyme shall have Wolles & Wollfelles or other mchaundyse in the seid Staple wythin the Towne of Calays of his owne ppre mchaundyse, or suche as at that tyme shalbe factoures or Attourneys to or for eny mchaunt or marchaunte then dwellyng wythin this Realme of Englonde, at that tyme havyng wythin the seid Towne of Calays the rule & guydyng of his maisters goode and marchaundyse, or suche as at that tyme shall bere charge wythin the seid Staple for hym selfe or for his Maister, uppon peyne to forfait at evy tyme that he so shall doo or sey xx ii. the one halfe therof to the King oure Sovaigne Lorde, and the other halfe to the fynder or prover of the same; the Kynge Lieutenant and other of his Counsell ther for the tyme beyng onely except. (2*)

CHAPTER XXVIII.

D restituçõe faciend ctis psonis p Dnm Regem.

THE King out Sovaigne Lorde, considering that divs & meny psones, wherof some of them & some of their Auncestres were & be atteynted of High treason for divs offenses by them comitted & doon ayenst ther naturalle duetie of their allegiaunce, make & have made instaunte & diligente pursuyte in ther most humble wyse to his Highnesse of his mcy & pitie to have the seyd atteyndours revsed & the same psones so atteynted to be sevally restored, that is to say Humfrey Stafforde sone of Humfrey Stafford Esquyer John Baynton sonne of Robert Baynton late of Fallesdon in the Countie of Wiltes Robert Ratclyff sone to John Ratclyff Knyght late Lorde Fylzwater Thomas Mountforde sonne & heyre to Simon Mountford Knyght Thomas Wyndham sonne to John Wyndeham Knyght Thomas Tyrrell sonne to James Tyrell Knyght John Charleton sonne to Richarde Charleton Knyght Charles Clyfforde sonne and heyre to Jane sustre & heyre to Thomas Courteney late Erle of Devonshyre John Malory of Lychebarowe in the Countie of Northampton Gentilman; The Kinge Highnes of his espiall grace mcy & petie, beyng sory for eny suche untrougth and fall of eny of his subgiecte in such case, is therfor enclyned to here & spede resonably the seid peticioners, so yf ther were convenyent tyme & space in this psent pliament, as yt is nott for the great & weyghtye maters concnyng the comen weale of this lande treated in the same, And that the seid pliament draweth so near to the ende, and that after the same his Highnes is not mynded for the eas of his subgiect w'ow' grett necessarye & urgent causes of longe tyme to calle & somone a newe pliament, by whiche longe tracte of tyme the seid sueters & peticioners were & shulde be disconforted & in dispayre of expedicion of ther suet? peticions & causes, onelesse convenient remydie for them were purveyde in this behaulfe: Wherfore and in consideracion of the pmisses the Kynge Highnesse is aggreed & contented that it be enacted by the Lord? spuell? & temporell? & the Comens in this psent plement assembled & by auctoritie of the same, that the Kinge Highnesse, fromehensforthe duryng his lyffe, shall have playne & full auctoritie & power by his letters patent under his grett seall, to reverse annull repele and avoyde all the atteyndours of the seid psones & evy of them and the heyres of evy of them, And of all other psones & the heyres of suche psones & evy of them as hathe be atteynted of High treason by acte of plement or [be 1] the comen Lawe, at eny tyme fro the xxij day of August the fyrste yere of his most noble reigne to the fyrste day of this psent plement; And also of all psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psones atteinted in & by this psent pliament; and also of all other psent pliament in the psent plin of treason at eny tyme duryng the reigne of King Richard the therd aswell [be 1] the cowrs & ordre of the comen lawes as by auctoritie of plement or otherwyse: And furthermore the King? Grace by his letters patentes undre his seid grett seal to have full auctoritie & power to restore the same psones so atteynted and ther heyres & evy of them, & [so 3] to enhable them in name bloode & inheritaunce as yf the seid atteyndours or eny of them hade new be hade ne made; and that the seid tres patent? rehersyng the seid revsall repelle adnullacion & advoydaunce of this seid Acte of Atteyndours or eny of them, & the restitucions & enhablement of the seid psones or eny of them, & thenheritaunce conteyned in eny of the Kinge seid fres patente at eny tyme hereafter to be made according to the effecte of this acte, be as good effectuall and advaylable in the Lawe to evy of the same psones to whome they shalbe made accordyng to the effecte tenour purport? graunt? & wordes in the same so made accordyng to the effecte of this acte, as yf the same maters worde tenoures & purporte, conteyned in eny of the seid fres patentes so made, were fully inacted establisshed & auctorysed by auctorite of pliament.

PROVYDED alwey that all psones that have or holden eny honours Castelles Lordeshippes Maners londes tente fees offices annuities feermes Rent charges libties fraunches or other Hereditamente or possessions, by the Kinge tres patente pryvey seall placarde or Billes assygned, in fee simple fee taille or for terme of lyffe or yeres or at wyll, or by tres patente made by King Edwarde the iiijth, shall have holde & enjoye to them ther heyres & assignes, ayenst suche psones as so hereafter shalbe restored & ther heyres & assignes and ayenst all other to ther use and ayenst noon other psones, all the same honours Castelles Mans Lordshippes lande tente fees offices rente & other pmisses, after the forme tenour & effecte of the same tres patentes pryve seall placard or billys assigned, as yf this Acte or eny suche restitucion to them hade, hade new ben hade or made.

IX.
Exchange and
Re-exchange of
Money allowed to
the Mayor, &c.
of the Staple.

X.
The Staple shall not be removed from Calais during the said Term of 16 Years.

XI. What Merchants shall have Voice in the Courts of the Staple.

vel origina?

Petitions of certain Persons for the Reversal of the Attainders of themselves or their Ancestors;

Time required to reverse the same in this Parliament;

The King may, during his Life, reverse the Attainders of the said Persons, and of any other Persons attainted during his own Reign, or that of Richard III, and pardon all Forfeitures, and restore the Heirs, by his Letters Patents, which shall be as valid as Acts of Parliament.

II. Proviso for Grantees by Letters Patent o King Edw. IV.



¹ by O.

³ O. omits.

⁹ A Schedule, annexed to the Original Act, is entered, as a separate Act, on the Involument in Chancery: It has always been printed as Chapter XXII. of this Session: See the Note to that Chapter, ante, page 665.

CHAPTER XXIX.

P Monastio Sči Salvatoris de Syon.

Recital of the King's Letters Patents, dated 16 July 17 H.VII. granting to the Abbess and Convent of the Monastery of Syon an Acre of Land in Olney, with the Advowson of the Church, &c.

Proviso for Endowment of the Vicarage;

without Inquest of Office, &c.

and without Account, &c.

The said Letters Patent confirmed as if recited and enacted at large.

II.
Certain Indentures, if made before
24 March ensuing, shall be as valid as an Act of
Parliament, &c.

O the King our Souvaigne Lorde & the Lorde spuelle & temporelle & the Comens in this psent plement; Moste humbly besecheth yo' Highnesse yo' dayly Oratrices the Abbaysse & the Covent of the Monasty of ou' Savyoure & of the Seinte our blessed Lady Mary Vyrgyn and Brigitte of Syon of the order of Seynt Austeyn called Seint Savyour, that wher yor Highnesse by yor letters patent? under yor grett seall, beryng date the xvj day of Julij the xvij yere of yor moste noble reigne, of the speciall devocion & affeccion the whiche ye hade & bare to Seynt Savyour or Lorde Jhu Criste & the blessed and glorious vyrgyne Marye hys moder & Seynt Byrgytte, in whos honor the Monastye of Syon besyde Brayneford in the County of Midd of the order of Saynt Austens called Saint Savyo' ys founded, and for other consideracions yo' Highnesse movyng, of yo' speciall grace graunted for yow & your heyres to the seid Abbesse & Covent of the Monastry aforseyd an acre of londe pcell of your Maner of Olney with the appurtenance, wyth the advouson of the Churche of Olney wt the Chapell of Weston and porcion of Emmton, and wyth all ther Londes & tente & other ther appurtenance wher so ev they be wythin the Countie of Bukyngham, to have & to holde to the seid Abbasse & Covent & to ther Successoures, of yor Highnesse and of yor heyres in free & ppetuall Almes; And moreov yor Highnesse of your speciall grace graunted to the same Abbesse & Covent that they of yor Highnesse myght receive take & holde the forseid acre of londe wt the appurtenance [& 1] advouson of the Churche Chapell & Porcion aforeseid wyth all the Teth lande & tente and possessions pfette & ther Emolumente whatsoed they be, & other Pmisses to the same apperteyning, and the same to appropre & so appryate in ppyr use to holde to the same Abbasse and Covent in free purre & ppetuall Almes; the Statute of lande & tente nott to be putt into Mortemeyn notwythstondyng; Pvyded allwey that the Vicare of the seid Churche sufficiently were endowed, & that a computent sume of Money after the discrecion of the Ordynarye were ordeyned and assigned, of the pfete & frutes of the same Churche by the foreseid Abbesse and Covent and ther successours, yerely to be payde & distrybuted amongeste the poure pochens of the pyche Churche aforeseid, after the forme of the Statute therof made & pvyded; and that wythow eny enquisicion or enquisicons by reasone of eny of yor writte or of yor heyres or eny of them, or of eny of yor writt or of yor heyres or eny of them of ad quod dampnu, or of eny other yor comaundement or of eny of yor heyres what so ev they be in that pte to be taken & to be made or pursued, and w'ow' eny of your letters patentes or comaundemente or of eny of yor heyres aforeseid in that behalfe to be opteyned, and w'ow' fine and fee to yo' Highnesse in yo' hamper to the use of youe or your heyres to be payde what so ev they be; Also wythowt eny ferme accompt or arreragis of accompt therfore, or eny man pfyte to your Highnesse or your heyres to be hade payd for the pmisses or eny of the pmisses, notwithstondyng that the expresse mencion of the very yerely value or eny other value or certenty of the pmisses or of eny of them be not expressed; And also notwistondyng that the foreseid Churche or Chapell be of yor owne patronage, and notwythstondyng eny statute acte ordinaunce psysion or restreynt afore sesons to the contrie made ordeyned or pyyded, or eny other thing cause or matter what so ev hit be; not wyllyng the foreseid Abbesse & Covent & their successours by your Highnesse or yo' heyres aforseid Justice Exchetours Shryffes Baylyffes or eny yo' Mynysters, or of yo' foreseid heyres what so ev they be, to be occasioned hurted or in eny thyng to be greved for the pmisses; as by the same fres patente more playly yt dothe appere: In consideracion wherof that it may please your Highnesse by thassent of yot Lorde spuelle & temporelle & the Comens in this psent plement assembled, to stablyssh ordeyne & enacte that the seid letters patente may stonde in full strengt and effect, and evy thing comprised in the same, & to be of suche force & effecte as thoughe the same letters patent? & evy thyng therin comprised were entrede of Recorde worde [be 2] worde in this psent plement & so enacted; And that the same letters & evy thinge in the same conteyned for an Acte of pliament hereafter to be taken.

And of that by the same au croitie to stablysshe & enacte, that yf yt happen yo' Highnesse, at eny tyme duryng this psent plement or eny tyme before the xxiiij day of Marche next comyng, to covenaunte graunte or agreement to make wt the seid Abbesse & Covent, by endentures between your Highnesse & the seid Abbesse and Covent concentrying the seid Acre of londe & the advouson of the seid Churche, And also concentrying all those landes & tent whiche by yo' seid Highnesse late were & yet be encloyed of newe with a Pale, and wythin the seid Pale conteyning by estymacion in circuite by the said pale ix Mt DC. xlij fote, and also xxt fote of londe wythout the same Pale next adjoyning to the same Pale, the same xxt fote onely to begine & streche frome the gate entryng into the seid Closure of the West pte, and so goyng towarde the South, and then turning to a Ryvere called the Thamyse otherwise called the Temmesse toward the Est, for a necessarie & a comen High Wey from the seid gate to the passage of the seid Ryver of Thamyse, win the pisshes of Istelworth and Twykkenham in the Countie of Midd, and wherof the seid Abbas & Covent shall by theire dede under theire coem seall enfeffe the most Revent fader in Gode William Archiebisshop of Caunterbury & other to the use of yo' seid Highnesse afore the seid xxiiijt day of Marche next comyng, that all those endentures & all graunt covenaunt & agreement & evy thing comprised win the same endentures shall stonde & be as an Acte of this psent plement, & be of lyke force & effecte as yf the same endentures and evy thing comprised in the same were entrede in this the same psent pliament worde [be a] worde & in the rolles of the seid plement remayning of Recorde; and they shall pray to Gode for the pfvacion of yo' moste noble and roiall Estate.

(3) Indentura in Regem & Syon.

Indenture referred to by the preceding Act:

Recital of the King's Grant 16 July an 17. to the Abbess, &c. of Sion, of Lands and Advowson, &c. This Indenture made the thretene day of Marche in the nynetene yere of the reigne of our Souvaigne Lorde King Henry the Seventh, between the same our Souvaigne Lorde the Kyng on the oon partie, and Elizabeth Abbas & the Convent of the Monastery of our Savyour and of the Seynt our blessed Lady Marie Vyrgyn and Brigitte of Syon of the Ordre of Seynt Austen called Seynt Savyour on the other partie, Wytnesseth that whereas oure Souvaigne Lorde the Kyng by his letters patent? beryng date the syxtene day of July in the seventene yere of his moste noble reigne hath geven and graunted undre his greate seale to the seid Abbas and Convent and there Successoures an Acre of londe lieng in a furlong next to the East syde of the psonage Close of Olney, and the same furlong abuttyng uppon the Ryver and Water ageynste the South beyng pcell of the Maner of Olney, and the advouson of the Churche of Olney in Olney in the Countie of Buk, And also the Chapell of Weston & the porcion of Emerton in the same Countie

1 the C

e by O.

3 This Indenture is not preserved at the Parliament Office.

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wythe all the tithes oblacions obvencions emolument (and all other advantages pfites & other appurtenances belonging to the same Churche Chapell advouson & porcion or eny of them. And wher also the seid Kyng oure Souvaigne Lorde hath caused to be Covenant by the Churche Chapell advouson & porcion or eny of them. And wher also the seid Kyng out bouring to be bouring to be a to their King for discharging the Successours as surely as it hathe ben advysed by the lerned Counsell of the seid Abbas or of her Successours to have to them & ther Advowson, &c. Successours for ev; Our seid Souvaigne Lorde covenaunteth & graunteth to the seid Abbas & Convent & ther Successours that the from Tenths, &c. same Abbas & Convent & ther Successours shalbe discharged of all dismes quindismes subsidies and all other taxes exaccions and charches for all the pmisses & evy of them lykewyse as other ther benefices & possessions or eny of them be discharged in there hondes & possession; and in Recompence therof the seid Abbas and Convent covenaunten & graunten by thes psent that oure Covenant in Souvaigne Lorde shall have occupye possede & enjoye in the maner & fourme as hereafter shalbe declared in thies endentures, all Recompence by the Abbess, &c. those londes & tenente whiche by our seid Souvaigne Lorde late were & yet be encloyed of newe wyth a Pale & wythin the same that the King shall Pale conteyning by estimacion in circuite by the seid Pale nyne thousande syxe hundreth & forty and two fote, And also shall have a certain have twenty fote of Londe wythow the same Pale next adjoynyng to the same Pale the same twenty fote oonly to begynne & Road from thence streeche from the gate enteryng into the seid closure on the West ptie & so goyng towarde the South and then turnyng to a Ryver to the Thames; called the Thamise oderwysse called the Temesse towarde the Est for a necessarye & a coem high way frome the seid gate to the passage ov the seid Ryver of Tamyse win the pisshes of Istelworth & Twykkenham in the Countie of Midd, to have & holde to the seid King & his heires for evmore; It is also covenaunted & aggreed betwene the seid our Souvaigne Lorde and the seide Abbas & and for Feoffment Covent that the seide Abbas and Covent by there dede undre there convent & coien seale shall infeoffe the most Revend Fader in for the King: Gode William Archiebisshop of Canterbury the Right Revend Fader in Gode Richarde Bisshopp of Wynchester Giles Daubeney Knyght Lorde Daubeney Syr Thomas Lovell Knyght Syr William Tyler Knyght, Syr John Mordaunt Knight, Andrewe Wyndesore Esquyer John Foxe Gentilman, Robert Watno Gentilman Richarde Lyster Gentilman Antony Fitzherberd Gentilman & William Chace Gentilman of & in the seid londes of newe enclosed wyth and wythin the seid Pale and of & in the seid londes of twenty fote wythowt the seid Pale in fourme aforeseid, To have to the seid moste Revend fader in Gode William Archebisshopp of Canterbury, the right Revend fader in Gode Richarde Busshop of Wynchester Giles Daubeney Knyght Lorde Daubeney Syr Thomas Lovell Knyght Syr William Tyler Knyght Syr John Mordaunt Knyght Andrewe Wyndesore Esquyer John Foxe Gentilman Robert Watno Gentilman Richarde Lyster Gentilman Antony Fytzherberd Gentilman & William Chace Gentilman & to there heyres & assignes Gentilman Richarde Lyster Gentilman Antony Pytzheroerd Gentilman & William Charles Gentilman & William Charles Gentilman & Condition of Re-entry in case of the seid Kyng our Souvaigne Lorde and of his heyres, uppon condicion that yf the seid advouson Churche Chapell Re-entry in case of & porcion w the pfyte & other ther appurtenances before expressed or eny of them in any maner of forme at eny tyme after the Eviction of the seid amortisment & appropiacon be evicted & taken from the seide Abbas & Convent or from ther successours wythout fraude or Abbess from the covyn of the seide Abbas & Convent or of ther Successours, that then it shalbe lefull to the seid Abbas & Convent & to ther Successours to reentre into the seid grounde and landes enclosed wyth & wythin the seid Pale, and also into the seid twenty fote of Land wythout the same Pale & them to have & enjoye to them & to ther Successours as in there fyrste estate for ev, and as yf there had ben no suche feoffament estate ne bargeyne made, and wythout suyng to the seid King our Souvaigne Lorde or to his heyres or successours by peticion outre le mayn licens or otherwyse for the pmisses or eny pcell of them, thies endentures in eny thyng notwistondyng.

AND of this our seid Souvaigne Lorde graunteth to the seid Abbas & Covent that he shall cause this psent endenture after the shall be confirmed very true meaning & effecte of the same to be enacted ratified approved & confermed by auctoritie of a sufficient acte to be made in Parliament. in this his psent plement nowe begon and holden at Westm the xxv. day of Januarij laste paste. It is also covenented & aggreed between the seid King our Souvaign Lorde & the seid Abbas & Convent that the seid Abbas & Convent shall make a sufficient graunt Annuity to Winchester College under ther coien Seale of an annuite of fyve marke to the Warden of the newe College of Wynchester and to ther successoures for Tithes of a full recompens for the losse of there tithes that they shall & shulde have by reasone of the seid inclosure of the seid grounde, Inclosure. the same graunte to be made under suche proviso and condicion as hereafter dothe followe, & the same pviso & condicion to be entered in the same graunte of Annuytie. Provyded alwey that yf the seid advouson or the title of the seid advouson be by auctoritie of plement or otherwysse, taken evicted avoyded or the pfitte therof utterly taken frome the seid Abbas and Covent of the seid Monastery for the tyme beyng, that then & frome that tyme all annuities & other charges of the seid Monasty & Howse hadde & made by reason of the seid appropriacion & amortisment of the seid advouson as longe as they shall not nowe have ne enjoye the Pmisses for the impediment? remembred, cesse & be fromethens as voyde, thes Psent? in any thing notwythstondyng.

PROVIDED also that the same feoffes their heyres ne assignes, nor noon other whiche shalbe enfeoffed in the seid Londes to the Feoffees shall not use of oure seid Souvaigne Lorde the Kyng ne ther heyres shall make no estate nor feoffament of the seid londes to the seid oure enfeoff the King: Souvaigne Lorde nor to his heyres nor successours, And at evy tyme that the seid nowe feoffes and all other that hereafter shalbe Appointment of enfeoffede in the same londes so encloysed, and other the pmisses to the same use shall happen to be dede to the nombre of thre, new that then the same thre that shall so survyve ther cofeoffes wythin a yere after the seid cofeoffes shall decease, shall enfeoffe twelve other substanciall & discrete psones whiche shalbe named by the seid Abbas or here Successours of & in the seid londes so enclosed wyth the pmisses, to have to them & to theyr heyres for ev in lyke fourme as it is above rehersed, and to the same use & uppon suche condicions as is before rehersed; And ov this oure seid Souvaigne Lorde graunteth by these Psente to the said Abbas & Convent Grants shall be that they shall have aswell thes psent Indenture as all other grauntes necessarie for the seid appropriacion & amortisment to be hade without Fine, &c. under his great seale wythout eny fyne fee or other thing to hym or to his use in his Chauncrie or Hanapore or other place to be payde, & that our seid Souvaigne Lorde at all tymes necessarie shall make to the seid Abbas & Convent a sufficient Warraunt or Covenant for sufficient Warraunt? frome tyme to tyme as by them shalbe desyred or requyrede that to them may be good & lawefull discharge of & for the same: In Wytnesse wherof aswell the seid Kyng oure Sovaigne Lorde to the oon ptie of thies endentures hathe sett to hys great seall as also the seid Abbas & Convent to the other ptie of the same endentures have setto there Coen Seale the day &

CHAPTER XXX.

D Ptitione Praz Witti nup Marchionis Berkeley, & Thome Comitis Surr.

To the Kyng our Sovaigne Lord.

Agreement for Partition of certain Estates, between John Duke of Norfolk and William Earl of Nottingham, afterwards Marquis of Berkeley.

N the most humble wise besechith yo' Highnesse yo' true and feithfull subgett Maurice Berkeley, broder and heire of William late Marques Barkeley and Erle of Notyngham, That whereas appoyntment accord agreement and particion was had and made, bitwene John late Duke of Norff fader to Thomas Erle of Surrey and the forseid William late Merques then Erle Marshall and of Notyngham, by writyng signed wt their signe manuelles, that the seid late Duke shuld have holde and enjoye the Lordshippes and Manours of Litill Franyngham Hanworth Southfeld Forncet Lodon Lopham Kenynghall Southwalsham Halveriate Dychyngham Siselande Dikelburth and Ersham the hundredis of Landissh and Gyldecrosse and di hundred of Ersham wt the apprenaunce in the Counter of Norff the Lordshipp and Maners of Horsham Shoreham Grensted Knap Bedyng Wasshyngton Stoke Kyngisbarnes and Stoughton the forest of Seint Leonard the Burgh of Bembree and the office of the Bayly Errant in the Counte of Sussex the Lordshippes and Maners of Framlyngham wt Saxted Kelsall Haccheston Pesenhale Litelbargh Bungay Sotham Crattefeld Hollesley wt Sutton Staverton wt Bromeswall Stoneham Walton with Tremeley Danyngworth and Hoo, and the Hundred of Loose wt the appurtenaunces in the Counte of Suff, the Maner of Pritwell wt the appurtenaunces in the Countie of Essex, the Maner of Wyllyngton wt the appurtenaunces in the Counte of Bed, and the Maner of Chacombe in the Counte of Norht, and all the Londis and tente reversions and fvices wt the appurtenaunces in Litill Franyngham Hanworth Southfeld Forncet Lodon Lopham Kenynghall Southwalsham Halvariate Dichyngham Siseland Dykelburgh and Ersham in the seid Countie of Norff Horsham Shoreham Grenested Knap Brembree Bedyng Wasshyngton Stoke Stoughton and Kyngesbernes in the seid Counte of Sussex Framlyngham Saxsted Kelsalle Haccheston Pesenhale Litilburgh Bungay Soham Cratfeld Hollesley Sutton Staverton Bromeswalles Stoneham Walton Tremely Danyngworth and Hoo in the seid Counte of Suff, Prytwell in the Counte of Essex, Willyngton in the seid Counte of Bed, and Chacombe in the seid Counte of Northampton, and the londis and tente called Brokenwharf in London wt the appurtenaunces whiche were somtyme of John som tyme Duke of Norff husbond to Katyn late Duches of Norff and of oder psones to his use, in allowance and recompence of the Castellis Lordshippis Maners londis teñtis rentis revisions and svices wt ther app'tenaunces hereaft ensuying, allotted appoynted and assigned by the same particion to the seid Erle Marshall and of Notyngham, to holde have and enjoye, that is to sey, the Lordshippis and Maners of Donyngton Thwaytes Thirske Honyngham Kirkeby Malsart Thornton Brynde Gripthorp Neusham and Burton in Londesdale in the Countie of Yorke, the Lordshipp and Maners of Eppeworth Belton Custon and Haxey in the Counte of Lincoln, the Lordshippes and Maners of Mawney Dovercourte Herwiche and Chesterford wt the app'tenaunces in the Counte of Essex, the Lordship & Maners of Segrave in Penne Litill Marlowe and Wenge wt the appurtenaunces in the Countie of Buk the Castell of Bedford and the Lordshippes and Maners of Scotfeld Haunce and Bromeham in the Counte of Bedford, the Maners of Caloughdon Thurlaston Flekenho Alspath wt Meredon Aspell and Kington wt the appurtenaunce in the Counte of Warwyk, the Maners of Fennestaunton Alcombury wt Weston and Hilton wt the appurtenaunces in the Countie of Huntyngdon, the Mahl of Stoddesdon wt the appurtenence in be Counte of Salop, and the Maners of Melton Moubray Coldovton Mountsorell Sileby Segrave Dalby Chacombe and Witherley wt the apprtenaunce and the hundred of Goscote wt the appurtenaunce in the Counte of Leyc, the Maners of Bretby Lynton Cotton Repyngdon Restlaston and Asshebourn wt the appurtenaunces in the Counte of Derb, the Mahl of Weston Baldoke wt the appurtenaunce in the Counte of Hertf, the Maners of Hynton Kenet and Kentford wt the apprtenance in the Counte of Cambrigge, the Mah's of Funtyngdon Thorney Boseham and Fyndon wt the apptenaunce in the seid Counte of Sussex, the Mah' of Northpedill wt the app'tenaunce in the Counte of Worcestre, and all the Landis & tente revisions and svices wt the app'tenaunce in Donyngton Thwaytes Thirske Honyngham Kirkeby Malsart Thornton Brynde Gripthorp Neusham Burton in Londesdale in the seid Counte of Yorke, Eppeworth Belton Custon and Haxey in the seid Counte of Lincoln, Mawney Romford Dovercourte Herwiche and Chesterford in the seid Counte of Essex, Segrave Penne Litelmarlowe and Wenge in the seid Counte of Buk, Stotfeld Haunce Bedford and Bromeham in the seid Counte of Bedford, Caloughdon Thurleston Flekenho Halspath Muryden Aspele and Kinton in the seid Countie of Warwyk, Fennestaunton Alcombury Weston and Hilton in the seid Countie of Hune, Stoddesdon in the seid Countie of Salop, Melton Moubray Coldovton Mountsorell Syleby Segrave Dalby Chacombe and Witherley in the seid Counte of Leyc, Bretby Lynton Cotton Repyndon Restlaston and Asshebourne in the seid Counte of Derby, Weston Baldok in the seid Counte of Hertford, Hynton Kenet and Kentford in the seid Counte of Cambrigge Funtyngdon Thorney Boseham Fyndon in the seid Counte of Sussex, Northpedill in the seid Counte of Worcesti, Westmynster in the Counte of Midd, and in Caleys, which were of the seid John somtyme Duke and of other psones to his use, To have hold and enjoye to the same Erle Marshall and of Notyngham according to the seid pticion; All which Castelle Lordshippes Mans landis tente and other the pmysses, aswell appoynted and assigned to the seid late Duke fader to the seid Thomas as to the seid Erle Marshall and of [N 1] somtyme of the seid John somtyme Duke of Norff husbond to Karyn late Duchese of Northfolke late [. 8] other psones to his use, It was ordeyned stablisshed and enacted by the auctorite of yor parliament [. 3] the xiijth day of Januarij the iiijth yere of yor most noble reign, that the seid appoyntment agrement accord and particion, had and made in forme aboveseid, shuld stond be and abyde good ferme stable and effectuell to the seid Erle Marshall oonly, according to the tenure and effecte afore rehersed, and that the seid Marshall and of Notyngham his heires and assignes, and evy other psone havyng or claymyng by hym or by his meanes the seid Castellis Lordshippes Maners landis tentis rentis revisions and svices, and other pmysses wt the apprenaunce to the same Erle alotted appoynted and assigned in forme afore reherced, or in any parcell therof, shuld have hold and enjoye the same and evy parcell therof to theym their heires and assignes according to their asstatis and intresses of and in the same, ayenst the seid Thomas and his heires for evmore; Savyng to ely of the Kyngis liege people other than the seid Thomas and his heires all suche right title possession and intresse as they [than 1] had of and in the pmysses or in any parcell therof; And also wher in yor seid parliament holden at Westmynstre the seid xiijth day of Januarij, and by dy's prorogacions contynued untill the xiiijth day of Octobr the vth yere of yor most noble reign at Westmynster aforseid holden, It was by the auctorite of the same parliament there holden the seid xiiijth day of Octobr ordeigned astablisshed and enacted among other thynge, that the seid appointment agreement accorde and partition, betwixt the seid late Duke of Norff and William late Marques Barkeley then called Erle of Notyngham shuld stand be good and effectuell in the Lawe ageyn and betwixte them and evy of them, and the heires of evy of them for ev, according as is reherced and conteyned in an Ace made in the seid parliament holden at Westm the seid xiijth day of Januarij, and that yor Highnesse and evy other pson or psones their heires and

The said Partition confirmed by an Act, 4 Hen. VII.

[See Rot. Parl.
4 Hen. VII. nu. 2.]

and by another Act, 5 Hen. VII; [See Rot. Parl. 5 Hen. VII. nu. 26.]

Notyngh^am were decessed and of holden at Westm O.—illegible on the Inrollment.

then O.

assignes, that [than '] had or aft that shuld have, by the seid late Marques or by any meane from hym by his assent, any right title possession revicion remeyndre or intresse in any londis tentis or eny hereditamentis, alottod uppon and by the seid appointment agreement acorde and particion to the seid late Marques, or other wise to the seid late Marques then belongyng not allotted, shuld have and enjoye all the same Maners landis tente revisions remeyndor possession right title intresse and inhereditamentis and evy peell therof, ayenst the seid Erle of Surrey and his heiris and assignes and ayenst the seid late Marques his heires and assignes for ev: And where also in yor parliament holden at Westmynstre the xvijth day of Octobr the vijth yere of yor most noble reign, It was ordeigned and enacted, that the seid appoyntment agreemnt acorde and particion hadde and made betwixte the seid John further confirmed, late Duke of Norff fader to Thomas Erle of Surrey and William late Marques Barkeley than called William Erle of Notyngham, c. 16 \$ 10, 11. of any Maners landis tente rentis revisions svices possessions or hereditamentis and other pmysses and of evy peell of theym, shuld stand and be good and effectuell in the lawe ageyn and bitwixt theym and evy of theym and the heyres of evy of theym and ayenst all the feffes of trust and the heires of evy of theym: And where it was enacted by the same auctorite, that all fynes feoffementis grauntes and recoves then levyed had or made to yo' [seid a] Highnesse or to eny other to yo' use, by or ageyn the seid late Marques or by or ageyn eny feffee to his use, shuld be good and effectuell to yor seid Highnesse and to yor heires af? the tenure and effecte of the same, agayn all other psones claymyng eny thyng comprysed and conteigned in the seid fynes feoffementis gountes or recoves by the seid late Marques or by eny other feoffee or feoffees to the use of the seid late Marques, and ageyn the seid Erle of Surrey and his heires: That nowe it may please yor Highnesse of yor most habundaunt gace, by the avyse and assent of the Lordis spuell and temporell and of the Comens in this yor psent parliament assembled and by the auctorite of the same, to ordeigne establissh and enacte, that aswell the seid Acte of parliament made the seid xiiijth day of Octobr the vth yere of yor reign, Recited Act as the seid Acte made the seid xvijth day of Octobr the vijth yere of yor most noble reign, in evy thyng as towchyng or in eny wise concaying the Maner of Chesterford otherwise called Moche Chesterford wt the appurtenaunce and thavowson of the Church of Chesterford in the Counte of Essex, the iiijth parte of the Maners of Brighthemlston Cleyton Medilton Meching Seford and Alyngton to certain Estates; with the appurtenaunce, and the iiijth parte of the moyte of the Maners of Cokefeld Hunden and Kymer, and the iiijth parte of the moyte of the Chace of Cleris, the Forest of Worthe, the Borough of Lewes the Barony of Lewes the pintte of the Courtys of Nomansland, and of xxxvjs. ijd. of Rent wt the appurtenaunce in Iforde in the Counte of Sussex, and the iiijth parte of the Maners of Revgate and Dorkyng wt the apprenaunce, and the iiijth parte of the moyte of the Toll of Guldeford and Suthwerk wt the apprenaunce in the Counte of Surrey, and also of the iiijth parte of the moyte of the Maner of Tybo'ne otherwise called Maryborne wt the appurtenaunce in the Counte of Midd, the Maner of Boseham wt the appurtenaunce in the seid Counte of Sussex, the Maner of Fenne Staunton wt the appurtenaunce in the Counte of Huntyngdon, the advouson of the Churche of Wutton unde Eege in the Counte of Gloucestre, be fromhensforth ut'ly voyde repelled adnulled and of non effecte; and as to all other thynge towchyng or but confirmed as to concrying eny other Maners londis tentis rente revisions and svices in the seid Actes and in evy of theym expessed and specified, the same Actes and evy of theym to stand in their force strength and effecte: And that yor Highnesse have holde and enjoye ayenst the seyd William late Marques Barkeley and his heires, and ayenst the seid Thomas Erle of Surrey and his heires, all the same other Maners londis and tentis gunted by the same late Marques to you and to yo' heires mailys of yo' body comying according to the tenour and effecte of fynes therof reryd and leveyde.

A& 7 Hen. VII.

II.

Proviso for Thomas Earl of Derby.

SAVYNG to evy psone, other then the seid late Marques Barkeley and his heires et Thomas Erle of Surrey and his heires, all such General Saving. right title and intesse in such Lordshippes Maners landis and tent of the pmysses, as were gounted by the seid late Marques unto yo' Highnesse and to yo' heires males of yo' body comyng, as they have or shuld have had if this psent Acte had nev ben had ne made.

(3) PROVIDED alway that this psent Acte in eny wise extend not nor be pjudiciall to Sir John Wyngefeld Knyght nor to his heires, of Proviso for for to or uppon eny right title in esse clayme demaunde or possession of the seid Castels Honours Maners landis tentis rentis revisions Sir John Wingfeld. Svices or other the Pmysses, nor of for to or uppon eny parte of the same; nor that the same Acte in eny wise extend or be pjudiciall to any fres patentes graunte or grauntes of any annuell rent or annuitie had or gaunted by our Sodayn Lord the Kyng to the seid Sir John oute of the pmysses or oute of any parte of the same.

PROVYDED alway that this psent acte in eny wise extend not to the Castell of Bedford, nor to the Man's of Bedford Haunce Bromeham nor Scotfold wt the appurtenaunce in the Counte of Bedford, nor to the Mand of Mawney wt the appurtenaunce in the Countie of Essex; nor to eny Man's Lordshippes londes and tent wt the appurtenaunces of which Sir Reignold Bray Knyght, or and his Heirs. eny other psone or psones to the use of the same Sir Reignold and of his heires or otherwise to pfourme his last Will, were or be seased in fee symple fee tayle for time of lyfe or otherwise in demeane remaynder revision or lyice; Nor that the same Acte in eny wise extend or be pjudiciall to William Sondys Knyght and Margie his Wife cosyn and heire to the seid Sir Reignold, nor to the heires of the seid Margie, of for or to the seid Castell Mails londis and tentis or other pmysses w' the appurtenaunce nor to any parte therof.

PROVIDED always that neither this Ace nor eny article therin conteyned be in eny wise pjudiciall nor hurtfull to any astate right title or intesse possession, whiche Thomas Hobson of Mariborne in the Countie of Midd Gentilman or any other psone or psones to his use, hath or ought to have in the Mahl of Mariborne, or cteyn meses londes medowes pastures and wodes in Mariborne aforseid, and also in the moyte of the Man of Tybourne in the forseid Acte callid Tyborne otherwise callid Mariborne, ne to any parcell of the same Man's meses londes and medowes wt ther appurtenaunces.

PROVIDED alway that this Ace nor any article therin conteyned extend nor be in any wise hurtfull or Pjudiciall to Thomas Erle of Derby or to his heires or to any other seased to his or their use, of or for eny of the Castelles Lordships Mails landis tentis rentis revisions svices annuitese possessions offices or hereditamentis which the seid Erle of Derby or any other psone or psones to his use hath holdith or occupieth, that ware or belongid at any tyme to the seid Erle Marchall and of Notyngham or to any other psone or psones to his use, or that otherwise appteynyth to the seid Erle of Derby by course of enheritaunce from any of his auncestres.

PROVIDED alway that this psent acte be not pjudiciall in any man of wise to any pson or psones havyng any right intest or title in use or in dede in any Man's londes or tente in the Counties of Sussex or Surr by William Covert dissessed or his heires, which Mans londis [and 1] tente the forseid Erle Marchall and of Notyngham or any oder pson or psons seased at any tyme to his use and his Heirs. bargeyned and sold to the seid William Covert and his heires or to any oder pson or psons to the use of the seid William Covert and his heires.

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The following Provisoes are annexed to the Original Act, in Fourteen separate Schedules.

VIII. Proviso for Sir John Rysley. PROVIDED alway that this acte nor eny thyng therein conteyned in eny wise extend not nor be pjudiciall or hurtfull to Sir John Rysley Knyght towchyng or concenyng the Kynge tres patentes to hym gounted by the Kyng our Soveyn Lord of the Lordship of Chacombe in the Countie of Northampton.

IX. Proviso for John Earl of Oxford. PROVIDED alway that this psent acte or any article comprised therin in any wise be not pjudiciall ne hurtfull onto John Erle of Oxinford or his heires, or onto any other pson or psones havyng or ptendyng to his or their use any interest title or clayme to in or for the Mans and Lordshippes of Harwich and Dovercourte wt the appurtenaunces in the Counte of Essex or either of theym, and to and for any londes and tente rentes or svices lying in Harwich Dovercourt Wrabnose and Ocley in the seid Counte of Essex.

X. Proviso for Sir Thomas Bryan.

PROVIDED alway that this psent acte be in nothing pjudiciall to eny possession right title or infest in and of any londis and tente rentis and svices which were late the seid Erle of Notyngham, and nowe belonging to f Thomas Bryan Knyght and his heires, the which he is seased of in demesne or in revicion or eny pson or psons to the use of the seid f Thomas Bryan or his heires.

XI. Proviso for Dame Elizabeth and Sir John Husey.

PROVIDED alway that this Acte ne any article comprised in the same be in any wise hurtfull or pjudiciall to Dame Elizabeth Husy, nor to f John Husy Knyght, nor to any of ther heires nor assignes, of and for the Park called Overton Parke in the Counte of Leycestr nor of or for any of the Castellis Lordshippis Mans Londis tente revisions svices anuites possessions offices or hereditamentis which the same Dame Elizabeth or f John or any other pson or psons to ther use hath holdeth or occupieth that were or belonged at any tyme to the seid Erle Marchall and of Notyngham or to any other pson or psons to his use.

XII. Proviso for Harry, Earl of Northumberland.

PROVIDED alway that this Acte nor any clause or article comprised in the same acte extend nor be in nowyse hurtfull or pudiciall to Herre Erle of Northumbrelond or to his heires, or to any other seised to their use, of or for the seid Mans of Neusom Drynd Cripthorpe and Thornton in the Counte of Yorke, or of or for any londis tente revisions fvices or other Hereditamentis which the seid Erle of Northumbrelond or any other pson or psons to his use hath holdeth or occupieth that were or belongyd at any tyme to the seid Erle Marshall and of Notyngham, or to any other pson or psons to his use.

XIII. Proviso for Sir David Owen. Provided alway that this Acte nor any article therin conteyned in any wise extend not nor be pjudiciall nether hurtfull to f David Owen Knyght, nor to his heires males of his body begotton, nor to any gauntes letter patentes astate right title intest or possession which the same David, or any other pson or psons to his use, hath in any Castels Mans Lordships landis tenter revisions recessful fermes feefermes or any other hereditamentis or any pcell of the same specefied in the seid Acte.

XIV. Proviso for Elizabeth Duchess of Norfolk, as to her Dower. PROVIDED alway that this Acte nor any article therin conteyned be not in any wise pjudiciall nor hurtfull to Elizabeth Duchesse of Norff, or to any pson or psons beyng seased to hir use, of or in any Castellis Mans londis tente rentis frices Knyghte fees anuetees advousons patronages possessions and hereditamentes, by reason or in the name of any Dower or Joynto to hir assigned appoynted willed or gaunted by acte of the Parliament or otherwise ne to any pcell of the same.

XV.
Proviso for the said
Duchess, in respect
of Grants to her
by the King,
and of Devises
from the Duke.

PROVIDED also that this Acte ne any article therin conteigned be in any wise pjudiciall or hurtfull to the seid Duchesse, ne to any pson or psons seased to hir use, of or for any Castellis Mans londis tente rentes svices Knightis fees annuitese advousons patronages possessions and hereditamentis in fee ferme or for the of hir lyfe terme of yeris or otherwise, by any gifte or grunte to her by the Kyng our Sovayn Lord or to any other pson or psons to her use therof by any letts patentes made; ne of or for any Castellis Mans londis tente rentis fvices Knyghtes fees anuitese advousons patronagis possessions and hereditamentis which shee or any other pson or psons to her use hath by reason of any Will by John Duke of Norff late hir husbond made and declared.

XVI. Proviso for John Vynter.

PROVIDED alweys that this Acte in no mand of wyse extend nor be pjudiciall unto John Vynter of Cardyngton in the Counte of Bedford nor to his heires, for all such londis and tente rentes fvices and a lete with the appurtenaunce in Cardyngton in the Counte aforseid pcell of the Mans of Hawnes named in the same acte, whiche landis tente rentes svices and a lete wt the appurtenaunces the seid John Vynter purchased to hym and to his heires for ev of Sir Reynold Bray Knyght.

XVII. General Saving.

SAYYNG also to evy pson such right title possession and intesse as they or any of they have or shuld have or shuld have had in any of the above named Castellis Lordshippis Mans londis tent or any pcell of them, other then the above named Castelle Mans Lordshippis londes tent & hereditamentis wherof the seid Morys Barkeley by this acte is restored, as though this psent acte and evy article therof had new be had ne made, and wherof eny fyne or recove is had or levyed to our seid Soveign Lord or to any other pson or psons to his use in any of the seid Mans londis and tent, comprised in any fyne or recove had levyed or made before the first day of this psent Parliament other than of and in all the seid Mans londis and tent wherunto the seid Morys Barkeley is nowe restored unto by this psent Acte.

CHAPTER XXXI.

D accionib3 continuand p novis Militib3 fcis cu Dño Principe.

On Creation of the Duke of York to be Prince certain Persons knighted; FOR ASMUCHE as it is pryded & definined by the King our moste drede Souvaigne Lorde, wyth the advyse of his moste honorable Counsaill, that the ryght highe & myghty Prynce Herry Duke of Yorke thoonly begoten Sone & hevre apparaunt unto our seid Sovaigne Lorde, by the grace of Gode the xxiij day of the monethe of Februarij in the xixth yere of the reigne of our seid Sovaigne Lorde shalbe created Prince; for thencreace honor lawe & Tryumphe of the whiche creacion divers of the Kingé Subgietté of this his Realme of Englonde nowe beyng no Knyghté, havyng accons & suetys dependyng in ther names in the Kingé Courtes & other lower Courtes by writte bill or playnte, ar comaunded by the Kingé Highnesse according to his moste honorable Lawes to take uppon them the honour & degree of Knyghthode, at the tyme of the seid Creacion, whiche seid degree & honour of Knyghthode so by them received, eny tyme dependyng the seid accions or suetys, shall abate the writt ébilles or playntes of the same accions or suetys, to the great hynderaunce coste & charge of the same the Kingé subgiecté; Pleaseth it therfore the Kingé Highnesse the Lordes spuall & temporall & the Comens in this psent plement assembled & by auctorite of the same to establisshe ordeyne & enacte,

That all & evy of the Kinge seid Subgiecte, that at the tyme of the seid Creacion or wythin iiij days after or iiij days after the Personssoknighted, same Creacion, shalbe made or receyve & take uppon them the seid ordre of Knyghthode, And that evy other psone made or that shall happen hereafter to be made Knyght in suche lyke case, or otherwysse by the Kyng our Sovaigne Lorde his heyres or successours Kinge of Englonde, or that he or they that been or shall happen to be made Knyght or Knyghte in suche lyke case or otherwyse by eny Psone havyng the Kyng our seid Sovaigne Lorde auctoritie his heyres or successours to make Knyghte, be enabled to pursue & maynteyne all suche suctys accions pleynte billes or writtes as than shalbe dependyng, onely in the name or names of the seid Subgiecte, or joyntly wyth eny other psone or psones; And also that the same accon or accions suete billes pleyntes or Writte & evy of them stonde goode & effectuall and be as avayleable unto the demaundante pleyntyffe or pursuers of the same accions, as though they nor eny of theym hade receyved or taken the ordre of Knyghthode.

may continue any

CHAPTER XXXII.

D auxilio concesso & forma ejusdem.

FORASMOCHE as the Kyng our Soveign Lord is rightfully intitled to have two resonable aides according to the Lawes of this Land, the on aide for the makyng Knyght of the right noble Prince his first begoten Son Arthure late Prince of Wales deceased whose soule God pdon, and the other aide for the mariage of the right noble Princesse his first begoten doughter Margaret nowe maried unto the Kyng of Scottes; and also that his Highnesse hath susteyned and borne gret and inestimable charges for the defense of this his Realme, and for a ferme and a ppetuall peace wt the Realme of Scotland and other many Cuntres and Regions, to the gret wele comfort and quietnes of all his Subjettis; The Comens in this psent Parliament assembled, considering the Pmissez, and that if the same aiede shuld be either of theym levyed and had by reason of their tenures according to the auncient Lawes of this land, shuld be to theym doutefull uncteyn and gret inquietnes for the serche and non knowlege of their sevall tenures and of their londis chargeable to the same, have made humble peticion unto his Highnesse geciously to accept and take of theym the some of xl M1 hi. aswell in recompense and satisfaccion of the seid two aiede, as for the seid gret and inestymable Charges which his Gace hath susteyned and borne as is aforeseid, to the wele suertie and comfort ppetuat of theym ther heires and successours, uppon the which peticion and offer so made his Grace benignely cosideryng the good and lovyng mynde of his subjettis and to eschewe and avoyde the gret vexacions troubles and inquietnes which to theym shuld have ensued if the seid Aiedes were levyed prevyd and taken af? the auncient lawes and fourme, as the seid Coens in ther seid peticion have considered, and also callyng to his most noble remembraunce the good and acceptable svices that the nobles of this Realme and other his feithfull and true Subjettis of the same in ther owne psonages and otherwise have doon to his Gace, and therby susteyned manyfold costis and chargis to his gret Honour and Pleasure, and also to the Coen Wele of this his Realme, of his mere mocion and habundaunt grace, and for the tender zele and love that his Highnesse bereth to his seid nobles and Subjettis, hath remytted pdonid and relessed, and by this psent acte dothe remytte pdon and relesse unto his seid nobles and all his seid Subjette in any wise chargeable or contributory to the seid aiedes or either of theym or any parte of theym, and to their heires executours and successours, all his right title and invest which his Gace hath or in any wise may or ought to have by reason of the (1) ij aides or ether of theym; And also his gree holdeth hym right well pleased wt the seid lovyng offre and graunte of his subjettis by theym so made for his great and inestymable costes and charges by his Highnesse borne and susteyned as is aboveseid; and ov this of his more ampt gace and pite, for that the poraill of his Comens of this his land shuld not in eny wise be contributory or chargeable to any parte of the said some of xl M1 ti. but to be therof discharged, hath produced remytted and releassed the some of x M. ti. pcell of the seid some of xl M. ti. and is content to accept and take of theym the some of xxx M. ti. onely in full recompence and satisfaccion of and for all the pmysses; which some of xxx M1 ti. it is enacted ordeigned and establisshed by the auctorite of this psent Parliament to be ordered assessed levyed payde and had aft the man and fourme ensuying that is to sey; that evy Shire win this Realme shall bere and pay suche sumes of Money assessid uppon evy of the seid Shires as here undir in this Acte pticularly it doth appere; and that the Citees and Burghs Townes and places being win evy Shire not by theym selfe accomptable in the Kynge Escheker for xvmes and xmes, be chargeable wt the seid Shires to the satisfaccion and payment of the seid some of xxx M1 fi. And all Cities Burghs and Townes, not contributory nor chargeable wt Shires & accomptable by theym selfe in the seid Escheker for eny xvme and xme, shalbe charged towardis the contentacion and satisfaccion of the seid some of xxx M1 fi. wt lyke and such Somes of Money as also here undir in this Acte pticulary it doth appere. And that to the payment of the seid Some of xxx M1 fi. evy psone or psones havyng londes or tente or other hereditamentis or possessions, in landis or tente in fee symple fee tayle free hold at will af? the Custome of the Man warde execucion or auncient demene, win any of the seid Citees Shires Townes or Burghs to the yerely value of xxiis. of free Charter lond or of xxvj s. viij d. of lond holden at will above all charges, wherof they or any of theym be seased or possessed or any other pson or psons to the use of theym or any of theym, and not therw chargeable wt spuall dismes, or any pson or psons havyng goodis or catallis to their ppre use to the value of x marc and above, not accomptying their catalle for their plough nor their necessary stuff and implemente of houshold, shall for the same be chargeable to the payment of the seid some of xxx M1 ti; and non other psons of lesse substaunce in landis or goodes. And that suche x marc of goodis shalbe sessed and chargeable wt lyke and egall somes ratable at xx s. of free holde or xxvj s. viij d. of Copyholde in evy Shire Cite and Burgh and in non other fourme: Whiche some of xxx M1 ti. to be levyed in the seid Shires shalbe ordred and assessed by the discrecion of the Comyssioners in this acte named, before the fest of Seynt Michell tharchaungell next comyng, or iiij of theym at the lest, callyng to theym other discrete psones dwellyng win the seid Shires such as they shall thynk necessary which shall gefe unto theym their advyse and assistance for the execucion of the pmysses, and in evy of the seid Cities Burghs and Townes which be accomptable by theym self in the Escheker as is aforeseid for the leveyng of such somes as they shalbe chargeable wt for the seid some of xxx M1 ti. to be ordered and assessed by the Maires Justices of Peas Shirefs Bailles and other hede Officers of the same Cities Burghs or Townes or iiij of theym at the lest, callyng to theym other discrete psons dwellyng win the seid Cities Burghs and Townes as they shall thynk necessary whiche shall geve to theym their advyse and assistence for execusion of the pmysses; and that all psones be charged and bound by the seid orderyng and assessyng according to the effecte of the same, the seid some of xxx M1 ii. to be payde to our seid Soveign Lord the Kyng in his Eschekker by the Collectours to be assigned for the gaderyng and colleccion of the same at the fest of Seynt Andrewe next comyng; and the seid somes of the seid xxx M1 ii. in forme afore rehersed or ordred and assessed, aswell the seid Comyssioners in the seid Shires or iiij of theym at the lest, as in the seid Cities and Burghs or iiij of theym at the lest,

The King entitled to an Aid, for knighting his Son Arthur, and marrying his Daughter Margaret; Petition by the Commons to pay £40,000. in lieu of the said Two Aids,

The King's Consideration

Pardon and Release of the said Two

and of £10,000. Part of the said The Sum of raised by Assessments on each County, &c.

What Persons shall be chargeable in respect of their Real or Personal

The said £30,000. shall be assessed by Commissioners, hereafter named. assisted by others :

Collectors thereof

The Collectors may levy the same by Distress; shall name Collectours for the levye of the same, and citife undir their scales the names of the seid Collectours into the Kynge Eschekker before the fest of All Seynte next comyng; And that the Collectours to be named and assigned to gedder and levye the seid some of xxx M1 ti. shall have full auctorite and power, aftir viij dayes next ensuyng the seid assessyng, to levey and gadir the same and for nonpayment therof to distreyne take appreyse indifferently and sell asmoche of the goodis and catallis of evy psone w'in the Shires Cities or Burghs where they shalbe Collectours as shall see for the payment of such Some or Somes of Money which evy of theym shalbe ordered and assessed to pay, not chargyng any psone but only for the some uppon hym assessed, and for nonpayment of any some of Money ordred and assessed in fourme aforeseid on evy psone that it shalbe lefull to the seid Collectours to distreyne take and appreyse indifferently and sell asmoche of the seid goodis and Catallis of the Fermours and tenauntes of any of the same psones so assessed not paying as shall see for the payment of suche Somes of Money as shall uppon the seid psones for not makyng payment be ordred or assessed, and that noo psone or psones be distreyned or his goodis or catallis taken for any some uppon hym ordred or assessed, but aftir such rate and in such Townes Cities Burghs and Places where his landis or his goodis be for the whiche he is assessed; Also that the seid Comyssioners in evy Shire or iiij of theym at the lest, and the assessours and orderers in evy of the said Cities and Burghs or iiij of theym at the lest, shall by wrytyng indented under ther Seales delyv to the Collectours of the seid some of xxx M1 ti. within viij dayes next after the seid assessyng, the names and somes of evy psones which they shalbe appoynted and lymyted to gader by the seid Writyng.

Names of Persons assessed, and the Sums payable by them, to be delivered to the Collectors,

II.
Farmers may
deduct Sums, levied
on them for their
Landlords, out of
their Rent;
or recover the same
by Action.

And if the rent due or to be due by hym or theym will not extend to the contentacion of damage and hurt to hym doon for the seid non payment, that [than 1] such fermour or tenant or so greved and their executours shall have an accion of dette, ayenst the owner of the seid Dutie for asmoche money as he or they have payde or shalbe indamaged or hurt fore the seid non payment, that [than 1] such fermour or tenant so greved and their executours shall have an accion of dette, ayenst the owner of the seid londis and tente chargeable which accion the seid defendaunt shall not be admytted to wage his Lawe, nor Essoyn nor pteccion to be alowed.

AND of this be it ordeigned by the auctorite of this psent parliament that no psone comyn by yot high comaundement to this

No Member of Parliament, &c. shall be a Collector.

Psent parliament for eny Shire Cite Burgh Port or oder place, or any of the seid Comissioners and Clerke upon the same parliament attendyng, be in eny wise made Collector of the said some of xxx M1 ti. or any parte therof, but of suche Collection in evy maner be utterly quiet and discharged.

Any forther he it orderned by the seid auttorite that such Collectours and evy of they that shall assigned for the Collection.

IV. Collectors shall pay no Fees on accounting:

Allowances to them upon accounting.

And ferther be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that such Collectours and evy of theym that shalbe assigned for the Collection of the same uppon the makyng of their accomptis in the Kynge Eschequyr be quyte and discharged in the same Eschekker of almahl of fees and rewardis there to be asked concurring the same accompte and evy parte therof; And also that the seid Collectours and evy of theym have lyke alowance uppon their accomptis of fees wages and rewardis for ther collection of the seid xxx M¹ ii. in as large mail and fourme as any Collectour or Collectours of xv^{mes} and x^{mes} have had at eny Season in tymes past.

V. Allowances to Commissioners.

AND on that it be enacted that the seid Comissioners in evy Shire takyng uppon they the charge and besynes for the assessing of the seid some of xxx M1 to shall have as moche Money for their costis exspensis and charges for the ordering and assessing of the seid some as the Collectours have for their seid Collection to they to be payde by the handis of the seid Collectours; And the same Collectours have lyke allowance uppon their accomptis for the seid Comissioners as they shall have for their seid Collection.

VI. For punishing Persons rescuing Distresses made under this Act. AND on this be it enacted by the seid auctorite, that if eny rescue be made uppon any Collectour, and [than 1] the same Collectour named or to be named crefie to any of the Justices of Peas w'in any such Shire Cite Burgh or Towne where any pson make suche rescue of any distresse to be taken by such Collectour or Collectours or their svaunte or assignes for any cause aforseid, that [than 1] ymmediately uppon the same crificat the same Justice of Peas or any other Justice of Peas w'in the same Shire have power to comytte hym or theym that make suche rescues to Warde, or to make a Capias to take such pson or psones makyng such rescues and to comytte theym to prison, their to remayn w'out bayle or maynprise by the discression of the seid Justice, And that the seid Justices and evy of theym have power w'out delaye to here and dermyn the seid Offence aswell by pve examinacion as otherwise, and if eny such pson be convicted therof then he to remayne in prison till the Money for the which the seid distresse was taken be fully contented and payde, And ferther till he or they so convycted have made fyne for their offences in this behalf by the discression of the seid Justices.

VII.
In Default of
Distress Party
charged shall pay
Double the Sum
assessed.

And also be it enacted by the seid auctorite that if eny pson so assessid or be assessed pay not according to the seid sessyng, and the seid Collectours can not fynde any sufficient distresse for the payment of such some of Money to be sessed and levyed uppon any such pson aft the fourme aforeseid, and polamacion therof made by the same Collectours in the next Market Towne therto adjoynyng in the seid Countie, And then the seid Collectours of the into the Kinge Eschekker that [such sufficient distresse can not s] be founde for the payment of the same some of Money, that [than i] the same pson shall pay unto the Kyng the double some of the same money so uppon hym assessed not payde win xv. dayes next aft the seid of chificat made; And that the Collectours of the same some of Money then to be discharged.

VIII. Constables shall assist Collectors. BE it also enacted by the seid auctorite that all Constables win this Realme shall favour help and assist the seid Collectours for the seid Collection of the same win the Cite Burgh Hundred Towne or Village wher any of theym shalbe Constable.

For assessing of Corporation Towns chargeable within themselves. PROVIDED alway that the Meir Baillifs and other of evy Burgh Corporat, wherof the enhabitaunte have not used to be charged to make collection of eny genall xvme and xme out of the seid Burghes, that the enhabitauntis win the same Burghes be not charged to the Collection of any some or somes to be assessed aft the fourme abovescid out of the seid Burghs, And that they win they me self shall make collection of suche somes of Money as shalbe assessed win their jurisdiccon to be levyed, And the same somes of money to dely to the seid Collectours to be named as is aboveseid for that Shire where they have ther beyng.

then O.

* no such sufficient distres can O.

Com Bed.

PROVIDED also that no psone nor psones be assed or charged by gaunt of the seid some of xxx Mit. for any goods or catallis in eny other place than there as he or they dwellith; except that evy psone and psones be charged to the some for their quyk catell where the same quyk catell is cowchaunt & levaunt, And for their Corne where the same Corne grewe and remayneth in the barne Garner or in Stakkis; And that evy psone and psons that hath or holdith any howse or place where he or they or any psons for hym or they usith to by and sell any goodis or catalle at retayle pay to the seid some of xxx Mit. after the Rate aboveseid that there as he or they so retaylleth.

X. Persons chargeable only where they live, &c.

Provided also that no spuell pson ne straunger Aleyn be chargeable ne charged for their goode and catallis to the seid some, but for such goods and catallis as they be chargeable wt to the xymes and xmes.

XI. Charge upon Aliens.

Provided also that all suche goodis as any Lord or other pson seculer hath concentry vitaill to be exspended in their Houses Horses and Harnes to be employed in the Werre or for their owne use and all other ymplement of Houshold to be used in their houses and utensilies of the same, wherby he or they take no gayne nor wynnyng be not comprised nor chargeable to the satisfaccion of the seid some of xxx M¹ti.

XII. Exemption for Victuals, &c. of Lords and Secular Persons.

Provided always that no londis nor tente nor other hereditament nor possessions mortised appropried or belongyng to any Collage Hospitall Hall or House of Scolers in any of the Univisites of Oxenford or Cambrigge, the Charterhouses in all Englond, the House of Syon, or to the College of our blessid Lady of Eton [or 1] the College of our blessid Lady of Wynchestre byside Wynchestre, or any goodes or catallis of the seid Collagis or to any of theym belongyng, be charged or chargeable to or for the satisfaccion of the seid some of xxx M1 to rany pcell of the same; but that the seid Collages Hospitals Halles [Charterhouses 2] House of Syon and evych of theym, by what so ev name or names they or any of theym be called or named, be utily discharged and acquited to or for the satisfaccion of the seid some, this psent Acte or any oder Acte made or to be made concurring the pmyssez notwistondyng.

XIII. Colleges, &c. exempted from all Charge.

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Sir John Saynt John Knyght
                                                               Edmundus Carne Mit
                                                                                                      Catherd Cylton Esquy
Sir John Mordaunt Knyght
                                                               Petur Eggecombe Knyght
Sir John Fyssher Justice
                                                               Jamys Chydeley
Sir Edmond [Luce 3] Knyght
                                                               Thomas Cotrell
                             D. lxvj ti. xviij s. j d. ob.
William Gascoyne
                                                               John Gilberd
Thomas Wauton
                                                               Rog Holland
                                                                                            D CCC iij ti. xv s. ix d. ob. q.
John Pouley the yonger
                                                               John More
William Marshall
                                                               Robt Yowe
                                                               John Wylm
                                                               Andrewe Hillersdon
                                                               Richard Halls
                                                               Richard Cossyn
                        Com Hunt.
                                                                                       Com Surř.
                                                               Mathewe Broun Knyght
Sir David Philip Knyght
                                                               Richard Carewe Knyght
Thomas Lowthe
                                                               John Legh Knyght
William Taylard
                             CCC lxxj fi. iij s. x d. ob. q.
                                                               John Gaynysford Esquyer
Thomas Cotton
                                                                                             CCCC lxxiij fi. ix d.
                                                                John Scott
John Penycok
                                                               Richard Marlond
John Castell juñ
                                                               John Westbroke
                                                               John Kyrton
                      Com Wygorn.
                                                                                       Com Rott.
Sir John Mortymer Knyght
                                                                Everard Fildyng Knyght
William Howzeton Knyght
                                                                William Elmes Esquyer
Gyles Grevyll Esquyer
                                                                William Pole Esquyer
Thomas Nevell
                                                                John Harryngton
                             CCCC iij ti. xvj s. iiij d. ob.
                                                                                             C lxxij fi. xx d. ob. q.
Thomas Lygon
                                                                Everard Dygby
William Rydall
                                                                Richard Flour
Robt Morgan Esquyer
                                                                Cristofer Broun
John Walshe Esquyer
                                                                George Makworthe
                                                                                     Com Westmit.
                       Com Wiltes.
                                                                Roger Bellyngeham Knyght
Edward Darell Knyght
                                                                Ambrose Crakenthorp
Thomas Longe Knyght
                                                                Geffrey Lancaster
Ric Elyot sjant at the Lawe
                                                                John Rygge
 John Yerley
                             M1 CC lxv fi. xj s. iiij d. ob.
                                                                Thomas Wharton
 Edmond Mody
                                                                                            CC ti.
                                                                John Flemyng
 Antony Stilman
                                                                Thomas Labourne
 John Hampton
                                                                Richard Dokkyt
 Thomas Chafyn
                                                                Wall Strykland
                                                                Edward Redman Esquyer
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Names of The Commissioners, and Sums to be assessed, in each County, &c.

1 to O.

² Charterhous O.

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Lucie O.

Com Devon.

Vol. II.

8 K

Original from PENN STATE

Civit Norwic.

Thomas Cawes Robt Gardyner John Rightwyse William Ramsey Robt Burgh George Clerk

hij≖fi. vja. xjd.

Civit Nove Saz.

The Meyre of the same Cite

Robt South

John Selwode

Rioharde Bartilmewe

William Lambard

lxv fi. vj s. x d.

Com Lanc.

Thomas Boteler Knyght
John Bothe Knyght
Peers Lee Knyght
Rič Bold Knyght
John Sowthworth Knyght
Thomas Laurence Knyght
William Thornborough
Esquyer.
Cutberd Clyfton Esquyer

CCC xviii ti. ij s. iij d. ob. q.

Com Dors.

William Willoughby Knyght
Rog Neweborowe Knyght
William Fylhole Knyght
Morgan Kydwelly Knyght
Humfrey Baskerfeld Esquyer
William Wadham Esquyer
John Horsey
John Fauntleroy

D CC xvij ti. xj s. x d. q.

Com Salop.

Thomas Blunte Knyght
Robt Corbet Knyght
Thomas Leghton Knyght
John Newport Esquyer
Thomas Mytton Esquyer
George Bromley Esquyer
John Salter Esquier
Thomas Laken Esquyer
Thomas Skryven Esquyer

CCCC lxiiij ti. iiij s. vj d. ob. q.

Civitas Cantuar.

John Hewet Thomas Gilbard Rauf Broun John Hale John Fyssh William Rotland

liij fi. xij s. iij d. ob.

Com Essex.

Richard Lewes Knyght
Henř Marney Knyght
Thomas Tyrell Knyght
John Raynesforth Knyght
Roger Wentworth Knyght
Henř Tey Knyght

The same of the sa

Com Leyc.

Rauf Shirley Knyght
John Vyllers Knyght
John Digby Knyght
Robt Brudenell Sjant [atte 1]
lawe
George Sutton Knyght
Maurice Baskely Knyght

Com Northumbr.

Rauf Grey Knyght
John Cartyngton
Richard Eryngton
Edward Ratclyf Esquyer
Rauf Harbotell Knyght
Edmund Crafter Esquyer
Humfrey Lyle Knyght
John Heyron junior
Odnell Heyron

CC ti.

Com Derb.

Henr Verney Knyght
John Moungomery Knyght
Rauf Longford Knyght
Godfrey [Foliamble *] Esquyer
William Souche Esquyer
William Bothe Esquyer
John Fetherberde Esquyer
Thomas Babyngton Esquyer
John Agard Esquyer
John Porte Esquyer
Rič Mounforth Esquyer
John Glystons

CCC iiij*x ti. ix s. viij d.

Com Lyncoln (3) Lyndesey.

William Tyrwhit Knyght
John Husse Knyght
Robt Sheffeld Knyght
Robt Dymmok Knyght
John Skypwith Knyght
William [Ascewe *] Knyght
Thomas Burgh
John Hennage
Nicholas Grillyngton
John Forcett
John Billisby
Robt Sutton
Nicholas Upton
John Chaloner

M1 CC j fi. vij s. viij d. ob. q.

Lincoln ptes de Kesteven.

William Tyrwhit Knyght
John Husse Knyght
Thomas Dalalaund Knyght
Miles Busshy Knyght
Mancor Marmon
William Elmys
John Wymbyssh
Cristofer Broun
Robt Colnell

DCC iiijxxvj fi. vij s. xj d. ob. q.

1 at be O.

² Foliambe O.

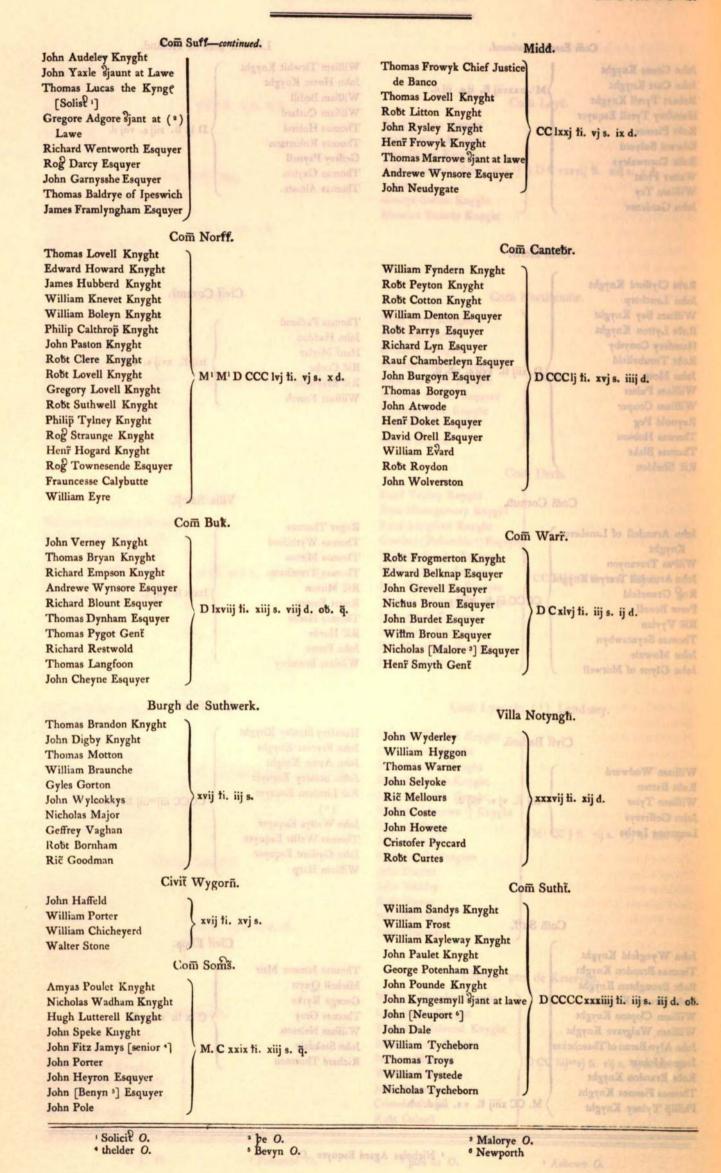
NB

ptes de O.

Askewe O.

Lincoln ptes de Holand. Com Essex-continued. John Andeloy Kave William Tirwhit Knyght John Grene Knyght John Tark Saunt at Lawe John Husse Knyght John Cutt Knyght M1. xxxviij fi. ij s. iij d. William Bedill Robert Tyrell Knyght William Cutlard Humfrey Tyrell Esquyer Thomas Holand D lx fi. xiij s. viij d. Robt Plomer Thomas Robartson Edward Sulyerd Geffrey Paynell Robt Cornwaleys Roy Dancy Esquire ... Thomas Gayton Walter Frost Thomas Altoste. William Tey Thomas Baldeye of Ipeswich John Gardener James Framlyngbum Esquyer Com Hertf. Thomas Loveli Knyylit Robt Clyfford Knyght Civit Coventi. William Kneed Krits John Lenthorp William Say Knyght Thomas Padlond Robt Lytton Knyght John Haddon Humfrey Conysby Henr Marlar lxij fi. xvij s. vd. az and stan Robt Troubelfeld Ric Cooke John More Ric Braytofte William Pulter William Foorth William Couper Robe Suthwell Knyglu Reynold Peg Rog Straunge Knyght Thomas Hobson Thomas Blake Henr Hogard Kayght Rol Townssende Esquyer Ric Sheldon Villa Salop. Com Cornub. Roger Thornes John Arundell of Laneheron Thomas Wythiford Knyght Thomas Mitton Willam Trevanyon Richard Empson Knygin Thomas Trentham John Arundell Treryse Knyght lxxix fi. viij d. woome W ywashn A Ric Mitton Rog Grenefeld CCCC iij ti. xiiij s. Roger Foster Peres Benell Thomas Horde Ric Vyvian Ric Horde Thomas Seyntawbyn John Prone John Mowxle William Brombey John Glyne of Morwell Com Staff. Humfrey Stanley Knyght John Digby Knyght Civif Bathon. John Feyrres Knyght Dogges Mercon John Aston Knight William Wodward Johes Stanley Esquyer Robt Batten Ric Littilton Esquyer CCCC iiijxiiij fi. xix s. xiij fi. vj s. viij d. William Tyler John Geffereys John Wellys Esquyer Gedfrey Vaghan Laurence Leche Thomas Wellis Esquyer John Gyfford Esquyer William Harp Com Suff. Civit Ebox. John Wyngfeld Knyght Thomas Brandon Knyght Thomas Jamson Mair Michell Quytt Robt Broughton Knyght Robt Druere Knyght George Kyrke Thomas Gray William Clopton Knyght Clx fi. xs. ob. William Neleson William Walgrave Knyght John Alyn Baron of Thescheker John Stokdale James Hobart Richard Thornton Robt Brandon Knyght Thomas Fiennes Knyght M. CC xiiij fi. v s. iiij d. ob. John Pole Phillip Tylney Knyght

' Nicholas Agard Esquyre O.



Com Norhit.

Richard Empson Knyght Thomas Cheyne Knyghi Thomas Grene Knyght Nicholas Griffyn Knyght Richard Knyghtley Knyght Foke Odell Esquyer John Tresham Esquyer Robt Wittelbury Esquyer Thomas Lovet Esquyer Richard Burton Esquyer Thomas Hasilwode Esquyer George Dalyson Esquyer

D CCCC lxxvj fi. xix d. ob.

Eboz Estridyng in Com Eboz.

MarmadukeConstable Knyght Walter Griffith Knyght John Hotham Knyght John Constable Knyght Bryan Palmes William Elson

D CCC xvij ti. xj s. xj d. ob. q.

Westrydyng in Com Ebox.

William Gascoyne Knyght Thomas Wortley Knyght Edwarde Savage Knyght Thomas Tempest Knyght Brian Palmes John Challenner

D. iiij xxvij fi. xv s. iiij d.

Northrydyng in Com Ebox.

Jamys Strangwysshe Rauf Bygod Knyght Richard Cholmeley Knyght Rauf Evers Knyght Richard Danby John Norton Knyght

D xix ti. xi s. vij d. ob. q.

Com Notyngh.

Sir Henr Willoughby Knyght Sir William Perpoynt Knyght Sir Bryan Stapulton Knyght Sir Gervase Clyfton Knyght Humfrey Hercy Esquyer Jamys Savage Esquer Roland Digby Esquyer Robt Nevell Gent

D lvj fi. xiij s. ij d. ob.

Com Cumbr.

Thomas Curwen Knyght Hugh Lowther Knyght William Beauley Hugh Hoton John Penyngton

William Wymsold

Cxxxiij fi. vj s. viij d.

Com Glouč.

Robt Poyntz Knyght Giles Brigges Knyght John Huddelston Knyght Walter Denys Knyght William[Druell'] Sjauntatlawe Symon Mylborne Esquyer John Buteler Esquyer Ric [Pole 2] Esquyer William Tracy Esquyer John Whittyngton Esquyer Edmond Tame Esquyer Walter Rowdon Esquyer Cristofer Rayneham Esquyer

M'Cti. ij s.

Villa de Kyngeston sup Hull.

Robt Garnar Mair Henr Myndryn Robt Oull Thomas Coke William Mongton

John Northrode Esquyer

Com Sussex.

David Owen Knyght John Devenysshe Knyght Thomas Fynes Knyght Edmond Dudley Esquyer Richard Sakfeld Esquyer John Coke Esquyer John Goryng Esquyer John Ernley Gentilman Henr Roos Knyght Rog Leykenor of Tangmer

D CCClxj fi. xiiij s. viij d. ob.

Com Berk.

William Norreys Knyght John Williams Knyght Thomas Fetiplace Knyght William Besilles Esquyer Ric Fetiplace Esquyer John Isbery Esquyer John Fetiplace of Charney Esquyer Cristofer Belyngeham Esquyr

Robt Corte Esquyer

DCCClxvij ti. viijs. jd. ob. q.

Com Hereford.

Sir Griffith Rees Knyght Sir Richard Dalebere Knyght Sir Thomas Inglesfeld Knyght John Lyngen the yonger Knyght Roger a Bodenham Esquyer Då Glim Morgan Esquyer Rauf Hakelete Esquyer Ric Mynours Esquyer John Breynton

Rolandus Morton

Sir Richard Crofte Knyght

CCClxiij fi. xiiij s. j d. ob.

Vol. II.

8 L

³ Johes Donham Esquier O.

Drevell O.

Poole O.

Villa Oxoñ.

William Bulcombe Com Oxon. John Eggecombe lxix ti. xij s. iij d. Adrian Fortescu Knyght Ric Kent William Rede Knyght John Rogs John Cotsmore Knyght Ric Fouler Knyght Edmund Hampden Knyght Villa Glouč. M'iiijxxviij fi. iiij s. vj d. ob. q̃. John Horne Esquyer Antony Fetyplace Esquyer William Hanshawe Ric Hall Esquyer John Capulle John Asshefeld Esquyer William Cole iiij*xviij ti. x s. j d. John Eggecombe Gent Walt Roudon Walt Elmes Gent Gerrard Vannek John Coke Com Kanč. John Fyneux Knyght Ric Guldford Knyght Civit London. Edward Ponngge Knyght Robt Rede Justice Knyght John Tate Knyght William Scot Knyght Robt Sheffeld Knyght Thomas Creme John Darell Knyght John Paynter Robt Wotton Esquyer D Cxviij fi. iij s. v d. MCCCiiij™viij fi. v s. x d. q̃. Bartilmewe Rede Knyght Lewes Clyfford Esquyer Thomas Eden Esquyer Thomas Bradbury William Martyn Knyght Alexander Culpepir Esquier Ric Chawry Thomas Kemp Knyght John Peche Knight James Digges John Roper Villa Sutht. Civit Lincoln. John Flemyng William Cope Robt Sutton xlvij ti. ix s. Cxvj fi. xiiij s. vj d. ob. John Stanlowe Insula Vecta. Viff Bristoll. John Leygh Knyght Philip Rygmeston William Mewes Knyght Ric Wazham Edmund Dudley Cxxxviij ti. iiij s. ij d. Nicholas Broun John Dautre John Jay William Heynowe John Dyngley Gent Some of all the somes afore expssid - xxxj M'DCxlviij ti. ix d. Wherof, Alowable for Fees and Wages of Comissioners [an 1] Collecto's DCxli ti. xvj s. ij d. And so remayneth xxxj M1 vj ti. iiij s. vij d.

and O.

P Domina Cecilia Vic Welles & at.

To the Kyng our Sovayn Lord;

OST humbly sheweth your Highnes Dame Cicile late Wyf of John late Vicount Welles, and William Wylloughby Knight Lord Wylloughby and of Erysby, Robt Dymmok Knight, Thomas Laurence Knight, and Karyn Wyff of Robt Tempest, which Lord Wylloughby Robt and Thomas Laurence been cousyns and heires to Lyon late Lord Wellys Richard Wellys and Robt Welles and to evy of theym, and the said Karyn doughter and oon of the heires of the seid Lyon; That where at a Parliament holden the vij yere of your most gecious reigne a peticion was made by John late Vicount Wellys and Dame Cicile his Wyf, that Wher uppon coicacon of the mariage betwixt the said Vicount and the said Dame Cicile it was pmysed that the said Vicount shulde make or cause to be made a sufficient sure and laufull estate of all the Castells Lordships Mahlis Londe & Tente Revicions and other Hereditamentis [which were unto '] the same Vicount by any act of Restitucion made in your parliament holden at Westim the first yere of your reigne was restored to be had to the seid Vicount and Dame Cicile then his wyff and to the heires of the body of the said Vicount laufully begotten, And ov that that the said Dame Cicile shuld not be therof impeched of Wast; which Estate then was not made, and that the seid Vicount then was appoynted to attend uppon your Gace in your Viage Royalle into the pties byyonde the See; That it wold please your Highnes for the pfourmyng of the seid Estate and eschewyng of the great Charge and Coste that shuld be to cause the said estate to be made sure, to ordeigne enacte and establisshe by the advyse of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Coens in that parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that the said Vicounte and Dame Cicile shuld from thensforth have hold and enjoye all the said Castelles Lordships Manis Londe and Tente and other the pmysses to theym and to the heires of the body of the said Vicount laufully begotten; And that the seid Dame Cicile shuld not be impeched of Wast; Savyng to evy psone other then the heires of the seid Vicount and feoffes of the same Vicount and their heires suche right title and intest as they then had or ought to have had if that Act had not be made; which peticion at the same parliament was in the said parliament establisshed & enacted as by the same Act more pleynly it doth appere: Nevthelesse that it may like your Highnes the said Actes notwistondyng by thadvise and assent of the Lordes spuall and tempall and the Coens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, to enacte ordeigne & stablisshe that the King our Sovayn Lord have hold & enjoye for time of his lyf wout impechement of Wast, the [Maner a] of [Camberworth, 3] Burnethorp Sutton and Trusthorp in the Countie of Lincoln, and all Londe & Tente Advousons Rentes Revicions and services in Comberworth Burnethorp Sutton and Trusthorp aforeseid calledd Scotney fee withapp'tenance which were Lion late Lord Wellys or any psone or psones to his use; and after our Sovayn Lorde the Kinge decesse the same Mans Londe & Tente wt thappurtenance to be and remayne to the same Dame Cicile for the Ime of hir lyff w'out impechment of Wast: And furthermore that the same Dame Cicile fromhensforth shall have holde and enjoye all other Castelle Mans Londe and Tente Rente Revicions and svices advousons libties francheses and all other hereditament wt thappurtenences that were late the said Lyon late Lord Wellys or any psone or psones to his use or that were the seid John late Vicount Wellys; Except the said Mans of Comberworth Burnethorp Sutton and Trusthorpe and the said Londe & Tente called Scotney Fee and the said Londe & Tente in Comberworth Burnethorp Sutton and Trusthorp, To have and to holde all the seid Mans Londe and Tente Hereditamente and other the pmysses, except the said Mans londe & tente before except, to the same Cicile for time of hir lyff wout impechment of Wast. And that aftir the decesse of the same Dame Cicile all the same Castelle Mans londe & tente revoions and svices advousons libties and francheses and hereditamente we thappurtenance that late were the said Lyon late Lord Wellys or any psone or psones to his use be and remayne to our Sovayn Lord the Kyng and his executours for the Pme of x. yeres next and immediatly following the decesse of the said Cicile; and that aftir the decesse of the said Cicile and the said x. yeres dermyned the said Willam Lord Willoughby shall have hold and enjoye the Mans of Hellowe Aby Welle and Alford wt thappurtenance in the Countie of Lincoln and all other Londe & tente reveions svices & hereditamente that late were the seid Lyon late Lord Wellys or any psone or psones to his use in the Townes of Mounby Willoughby wt the advouson of the free Chapell of Wellys and in the pisshe of Hellowe Aby Swaby Welle Alford Ormesby Leggbourne and Wolmesgare wt the advouson of the Church of Hellowe beforesaid and of the Piorye of the Nunnes of Grenefeld in the said Countie of Lincoln; And also the Mans of Geynesparke Hall and Hemnalles in Theydon Garnon and the Mans of Madels in Ippyng in the Countie of Essex, and all londe & tente revelons & svices in the Townes and pisshes of Theydon Garnon Ippyng Theydon Boyes and Northweld in the seid Countie of Essex, whiche were the said Lyon late Lord Wellys aftir the deth of the said Cicile and immediatly after the said x yeres ended to the said Willam Lord Willoughby and his heires in allowaunce of his hole pte and p'partie that unto hym belongeth or ought to belonge as on of the heires and copceners of the same Lyon late Lord Wellys; And that the same Robt Dymmok Thomas Laurence and Karyn have hold and enjoye to theym and their heires the revicion of all the said Man's Londe and Tente we thappurten net to our said Sovayn Lord for time of his lyff by this psent Acte gaunted and appointed after the decease of our said Sovayn Lord and after the decesse of the seid Cicile and aftir the said x. yeres expired and ended, And also the revision of the residue of all the odre forsaid Castelle Mans londe tente revoions svices hereditamente and other the Imysses which were the said Lyon late Lord Wellys and not allotted gunted nor appoynted by this psent acte to the said Lord Willoughby, to holde in copceile as copceils and to be pteable amonge the said Robt Dymmok Thomas Laurence and Karyn and their heires in like mail and fourme as if the same Mahls londe & tente hereditamente and other the pmysses not allotted gaunted nor assigned to the said William Lord Wylloughby for his p'parte had soly discended to the said Robt Dymmok Thomas Laurence and Kalyn as sole heires of the seid Lyon late Lord Wellys; and that hit shalbe laufull to the said Robt Dymmok and his heires Thomas Laurence and his heires the said Robt [Temptest 1] Kalyn his Wyff in the right of the said Kalyn and the heires of the said Kalyn at all tymes hereafter to make pticon amonge themself of the said residue of the said Mans londe & tente hereditamente and other the pmysses not allotted nor appoynted to the said William Lord Willoughby by this Psente Acte.

AND forthirmore be it enacted by the foresaid auctorite that if the said Mans londe tente or other the Pmisses to the said William Lord Willoughby and his heires by this pent acte allotted and appoynted for his pte and p'parte aforesaid be more in value by x fi. yerely above all charge then the iiijth pte of all the said Mans londe tente and other the pmysses which were the said Lyon late Lord Wellys, that then it shalbe laufull to the said Robt Dymmok Thomas Laurence and Karyn and their heires and the heires of evy of theym to entre into asmoch of the seid Man of Welle as the said Man londe tente and other the Pmysses to the said Lord Willoughby allotted and appoynted be above the yerely value of the said .iiijth part, and the said yerely x li. and that peell soo entred in to be to the seid William Lord Wylloughby Robt Dymmok Thomas Laurence and Katyn and their heires in copceile as with him into an heires unto the seid Lyon late Lord Wellys to hold to theym and their heires in copcede as is aforesaid; and that it shalbe laufull to the the Lands assigned

Recital of the Tenor of Stat. 7 Hen.VII. c. 17. for the making Assurance to John Viscount Wells and certain Manors, &c. restored to the said Viscount, by Act

sub an. 1 Hen. VII.]

Certain Estates of the said Lord Wells shall be holden by the King for his

Decease to the said Dame Cecil for her

All the other Estates of Lord Wells shall be holden by the said Dame Cecil for her

and after her Decease the King or his Assigns shall hold all Lord Wells's Estates for Ten Years:

After that Time certain Estates of the said Lord Wells shall vest in Lord Willoughby and his Heirs, for his Purparty as One of the Heirs of

The rest of the Lord Wells, after such Ten Years, vested in certain Heirs of Lord Wells in Coparcenery.

Willoughby's Part Pounds per Annum. enter as Coparceners

wherunto St. 7 Hen. VII. c. 17.

Mans O.

3 Comberworth O.

'Tempest O.

All the Parties enabled to inherit as under the Act I Hen. VII. The several Parties shall hold the several Estates, discharged of Rents &c. under any Grant of the King;

and without suing Writs of Diem clausit extremum.

III. General Saving.

IV.
Proviso for mesne
Profits taken by
the said Dame Cecil
and her present
Husband.

said Lord Wylloughby and his heires and evy other psone or psones beyng seased to thuse of the said Lyon and his heires in any of the Pmysses to the said Lorde Wylloughby by this psent acte appoynted and allotted for his part and prparte as is aforesaid to entre into the same Mans londe & tente soo to hym allotted and theym to have and enjoye to hym and his heires or to theym and their heires to thuse of the seid Lord Wylloughby and his heires as his part and prpart of all the said Mans londe tente and other the Pmysses that were the said Lyon or any other to his use, and also that it shalbe laufull to the seid Robt Dymmok Thomas Laurence and Katyn and their heires and evy other psones beyng seased to thuse of the said Lyon and his heires in any of the seid residue of the mysses which were the said Lyon or any other to his use to entre into the same residue and theym to have & enjoye to theym and their heires to thuse of theym & their heires; and that the said Lord Wylloughby Robt Dymmok Thomas Laurence & Karyn be able & enabled in psone and blode as heires of the said Lyon late Lord Wellys according to theffecte of an acte made at Westim the xxiijit daye of January the first yere of the reigne of the Kyng our Sovayn Lord that nowe is; and that the said Lord Willoughby and his heires aftir the said x. yeres expired have holde and enjoye the Pmysses to hym allotted and assigned for his part and p'parte as is before rehersed, discharged of all man rente and other charge by reason of any gaunt or gaunte by the Kinge Highnes undir his greate Seale Privey Seale or plakard of the same or of any part therof or any other charge out of the same or any part therof by his Highnes or by his meanes to any psone made or had what so ev they be; and also the said Robt Dymmok Thomas Laurens and Karyn and their heires immediatly aftir the seid x. yeres have hold and enjoye all the said Residue of the Pmysses discharged of all mail of rente and other charges by reason of any gountt or gounte by the Kinge Highnes undre his great Seale Privey Seale or plakkard of the same or any parte therof or any other charge oute of the same or any pte therof by his Highnes or by his meanes to eny psone or psones made or had, and that the same guntez fres patentez privey Sealys plakkarde officez and inquisicions therof or any parte therof founden taken or had aftir the seid x. yeres be utterly voide and of noon effecte; And also that the said Lord Wylloughby and his heires shall entre have and enjoye all the said Mans londe and tente and other the pmysses to hym allotted and appointed in man & fourme abovesaid; and also the said Robt Dymmok Thomas Laurence and Karyn & their heires shall entre have and enjoye the seid residue of the pmyssez aftir the man & fourme beforesaid woute sute of any Writte of diem clausit extremu peticion lyve genall or speciall utterlemayne office travse or other sute therof or any peell therof oute of the Kynge hande or his heires by any Writte Inquisicons sutes or presses according to the Kinge lawes to be made in that behalf and w'out payement of any issue pfitz or other chargez to the King or his heires notwithstondyng that any of the pmysses at any tyme were holden of the King in any man of wise or by any man svice.

SAYYNG to evy of the Kinge subjecte and their heires, other than the said Dame Cicile William Lord Willoughby Robt Dymmok Thomas Laurence & Katyn the Wyff of Robt Tempest & their heires and the heires of evy of theym, suche right title possession & invest in and to the pmyssez and evy peell therof as they and evy of theym had or myght or shuld have had if this acte or any thyng therin conteyned had nev been hadde nor made.

And that it be enacted by the said auctorite that Thomas Kymbe and the said Dame Cicile nowe his Wyf and late Wyf of the said Vicount, and all others which have received and takyn any issues and pfitte of any of the pmyssez and eny pcell therof or the same occupied or meddylled with by her comaundement or the comaundement of either of theym sith the decesse of the seid Vicount, be not in any wise therfore charged or chargeable, but therof be quytte and discharged for ev.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

Billa attinccionis sive conviccois.

Rebellion and open War by certain Persons against the King, at Blackheath 22 June 12 H.VII.

FOR ASMUCHE as James Tuchet of Audeley late of Stowey in the Countie of Soms Knight late Lord Audeley, John Audeley late of London Gentilman, John Trevysall of Seynt Madern in the Countie of Cornwall Gentilman William Antron of Antron in the same Countie Gentilman Raufe Restallak of Seynt Columbe in the same Countie Yoman Richard Burlas of Seynt Wen in the same Countie Yoman Thomas Polgrene of Polgrene in the same Countie Yoman John Rosewaren of Rosewaren in the same Countie Yoman John Alyn of Stoke in Clymmyslond in the same Countie Yoman William Hamme of Stoke in Clymmyslond in the same Countie Yoman John Tolle of Lamerton in the Countie of Devon Yoman Thomas Trowe of Playnesfeld in the seid Countie of Som's Gentilman John Broke of Doddebroke in the seid Countie of Devon Yoman Robt Warweke of Plymmouth in the same Countie of Devon Yoman Richard Fader of Suttecombe in the same Countie of Devon Yoman, with dyvs other unnaturall subjectis to theym adherentis and by theym trayterously moved sterred and ledde into a greate nounbre and multitude assembled. compassyng the deth and distruccion aswell of the Kinge our Soveign Lord as of all the noble blode of this land and the subvicion of the same his realme, att a place called the Blakheth in Parysh of Grenewych in the Countie of Kent the xxij day of June the xijth yere of his moost noble reigne, then and there intendyng the execucion of their moost traiterous and malicious purpose in playne feld in batelled theymself apparelled in armes contrie to the Dutie of their allegeaunce levied and reared warre and made bataille ayenst our seid Soveign Lord, wher by the favour and sufferaunce of Allmyghty God with the Kinges hoost roiall to his greate and sumptuous charges by his Grace therto called they were recountered vaynquesshed dispersed ovcome and dyvs put to deth: And where aftir John Nankevell of Seynt Maugan in the Countie of Cornwall Gentilman Walter Tripcony of Seynt Columbe in the same Countie Gentilman Humfrey Calwodley of Helland in the same Countie Gentilman Otys Philip of Polwele in the same Countie Yoman Walf Grigge of the same Countie Yoman Thomas Gosworthdogga of Seynt Crowyn in the same Countie Yoman Nicholas Pulkynhorn of Seynt Guyneyer in the same Countie Yoman John Trehannek of Seynt Etha in the same Countie Yoman John Tregennowe of Seynt Columbe in the same Countie Yoman John Gylle of Samford Spynaye in the Countie of Devon Yoman Robt Storygge of Asshperton in the same Countie Yoman Thomas Hert of Barnestapylle in the same Countie Yoman, with other psones of the nounbre aforseid assembled contynuyng in their moost malicious and traiterouse purpose, falsly and traiterously ymagynyng and still compassyng the deth and distruccion of our seid Soveign Lord and subvicion of this his Realme, for the accomplisshment and pformance of their fals and traiterous purpose knowing oon Peers Warbek then enemy of our seid Soveign Lord and other his rebelles then beyng with hym in the parties of beyond the See and his adherentis, moved and stered theym by dy's messages and writinges to hym sent to intre and [inwade 1] this the Kinges realme and to levie warre ageynst his moost noble psone within the

Adherence of certain Persons to Piers Warbeck, and his landing at Whitson-bay in Cornwall, 7 Sept. 13 Hen. VII.

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same, wherupon the seid Piers Werbek with other the Kinges enymyes rebelles and traitours in a greate multitude and [nounbre 1] to hym associat entred and aryved into this Land in a place called Whytsonbay in the Paryssh of Seynt Bercyn in the Countie of Cornwall the vij day of Septembr the xiij yere of the Kinge reign, and levied werre ayenst the Kinge our Soveign Lord according to the seid fals and traiterous mocions, att which tymes the seid psones falsly and traiterously accompanyed the seid Piers intending the execucion of their fals and traiterous malicious mocions and purpose, Howe be it the seid Piers in his Jorney and settyng forth to the same fals and cursed purpose was vaynquesshed and taken and by the Kinges Highnes comytted to his prison of the Towere of London, where and in whiche place oon Edward late Erle of Warwyk of Warwyk in the Countie of Warwyk, Thomas Astwood late of London Gentilman Walt Blwet late of London Gentilman, Rychard Aylwyn late of London Marchaunt William Proude late of London Draper Thomas Masburgh late of London Bowyer, John Fynche late of London Haberdassher, confedered with the seid Piers ymagynyng and compassyng falsly and traiterously the deth and distruccion of the Kinge our Soveign Lord and the subvicion of this his Land intending to make the seid Piers Kinge of this same his land, by dyvs feetis betwen theym conseyved and conspired, labored to dys his adherentis instantly by dys signes messeges and tokyns to sette hym at his libtie and large to thentent to execute their fals and traiterous purpose pmysyng hym to help and assiste hym to the best of their power in the same; For the whiche the seid late Erle was by due cours of the Kinges Lawes by his owen confession convicted and atteynted of High 'Treason as his desertis required in that behalf; And where as the iiij. day of June, the ijde yere of the reigne of oure Soveign Lorde Kinge Henry the vijth oon Edward Skelton late of Carlyll in the Countie of Cumbland Gentilman Thomas Wade of Knarysburgh in the Countie of York Yoman falsly and traiterously ymagyned and dide compasse the distruccion of our seid Soveign Lord the Kinge, and to their fals traiterous and malicious purpose to be fulfilled and pfourmed, the seid Edward and Thomas the iiijith day of June the seconde yere of the reigne of our seid Soveign Lord the Kinge was falsly and traiterously then aydyng assistyng and adherent to John then Erle of Lincoln, which Erle and the said Edward and Thomas with many other ill disposed psones falsly and traiterously so to theym adherent the seid iiij'n day levied Werre and made bataill ayenst the same Kinge our naturall and Soveign liege Lord then intendyng to have deposed hym from his Croune and Regalyte; And where Edmond Erle of Suff late of Wyngfeld in the Countie of Suff otherwise called Edmonde de la Pole Erle of Suff late of Wyngfeld in the Countie of Suff Knight William Courteney late of Westm in the Countie of Midd Knight Son and heire apparaunt of Edward Courteney Erle of Devon William Pole late of Wyngfeld in the Countie of Suff Knight Richard Pole late of Wyngfeld in the Countie of Suff Squier James Tyrell late of Gippyng in the Countie of Suff Knight John Wyndham late of Felbrigge in the Countie of Norff Knight Thomas Wyndham late of Felbrigge in the Countie of Norff squier George Nevyll Bastard late of Westin in the Countie of Midd Knight Thomas Killingworth late of Wyngfeld in the Countie of Suff Gentilman Charles Ryppon late of Porchester in the Countie of Suthi Gentilman Edmond Ferrers late of Blountesden Andrewe in the Countie of Wiltes Gentilman otherwise called Edmond Ferrers late of Bloundesdon in the Countie of Wiltes Gentilman, William Baskerfeld late of Beawelyey in the Countie of Sutht Gentilman Hugh Holmes late of Beawelyey in the same Countie Yoman Richard Badcok late of Beawelyey in the same Countie Maryner John Langton late of Beawelyey in the same Countie Yoman John Watson late of London Clerke Robt Wright late of Watfeld in the Countie of Suff Yoman, with dyvs other evyll disposed psones falsly and traiterously ymagynyng and conspyryng the deth and destruccion of the Kinge our Soveign Lord and the subvicion of this his Realme and for whiche false and traiterouse purpose dyvs of theym were and be byfore dyvs of the Kingis Comyssioners of Oyer (a) dermyner in sevall Shires within this realme sevally convicted and atteynted of High Treason aftir their desertis in that ptie as in dyvs recordes sevally concnyng the pmysses more att large it doth appere; Be it enacted ordeyned and establisshed by the Lordes spualle and temporalle and the Comens in this psent parliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that all the seid James Tuchet late Lorde Audeley John Audeley John Trevysall William Antron Rauf Restallak Richard Burlas Thomas Polgrene John Rosewaren John Alyn William Hamme John Tolle Thomas Trowe John Broke Robt Warwek Richard Fader John Nankevell Wall Tripcony Humfrey Calwodley Otys Philip Wall Grygge Thomas Gosworthdogga Nicholas Pulkynghorn John Trehannek John Tregennowe John Gille Robt Storygge Thomas Harte Edward late Erle of Warwyk Thomas Astwood Walt Bluet Rychard Aylwyn William Prowde Thomas Marssheburgh John Fynche Edward Skelton Thomas Wade Edmond Erle of Suff otherwise called Edmond de la Pole William Courtenay William Pole Richard Pole James Tyrell John Wyndham Thomas Wyndham George Nevyll Bastard Thomas Kyllyngworth Charles Ryppon Edmond Ferrers William Baskerfeld Hugh Holmes Richard Badcok John Langton John Watson and Robt Wright for their sevall offences above reherced be convicted adjuged and atteynted of High Treason; and forfeit to the Kinge our Soveign Lord and his heires all Honours Castels Man's Lordships hundredes frauncheses liberties privileges advousons no lacions psentacions Knighte fees landes tente rentis svices revicions remaynders porcions annuitees pencions rightis possessions hereditamentis goodes catalles and dettis, wherof they or any other to their uses or to the use of any of theym were seased or possessed the sevall daies of ther sevall treasons comytted and doon or any tyme aftir, within the realme of England Irland Wales Caleis or in the Marches of the same, in fcc symple fee taile or the of lyf or lyves or into whiche any of theym had then or att any tyme aftir laufull cause of entre within England Irland Wales Cales or in the miches of the same; And ov that evy of the seid psones forfeit to the Kinge our seid Soveign Lord and his heires all Honours Castels Mans Lordships Hundredes fraunchises libties pvileges advousons nonacions psentacions Knightis fees landes tentes rentis svices revisions remayndres porcions annuities pencions rightis possessions hereditamentis goodes catalles and dettis wherof the seid James Tuchet late Lord Audeley John Audeley John Trevysall William Antron Rauf Restallak Richard Burlas Thomas Polgrene John Rosewaren John Alyn William Hamme John Tolle Thomas Trowe John Broke Robt Warwek and Richard Fader or any of theym or any other psone or psones to their uses or to the use of any of theym were seased or possessed the seid xxij day of June the seid xij yere of the Kinges reigne or any tyme sith, and wherof the seid John Nankevell Wall Tripcony Humfrey Calwodley Otys Philip Walter Grigge Thomas Gosworthdogga Nicholas Pulkynhorne John Trehannek John Tregennowe John Gylle Robt Storygge Thomas Hart and William Aylwyn or any of theym or any other psone or psones to their uses or to the use of any of theym were seased or possessed the said vijth day of Septembr the seid xiij yere of the Kinges reigne or any tyme aftir, and wherof the seid Edward late Erle of Warwyk Thomas Astwod Wal? Bluet William Prowde Thomas Massheburgh and John Fynche or any of theym or any other psone or psones to their uses or to the use of any of theym were seased or possessed the ijde daye of August the xiiij yere of our Soveign Lord the Kinges reigne or any tyme aftir, and wherof the seid Edward Skelton Thomas Wade or any of theym or any other psone or psones to their uses or to the use of any of theym were seased or possessed the seid iiijth day of June the seid second yere of our said Soveign Lord the Kings reign or any tyme aftir, and wherof the seid Edmunde late Erle of Suff otherwise called Edmunde de la Pole William Courtenay William Pole Richard Pole James Tyrell John Wyndham Thomas Wyndham George Nevyll Bastard Thomas Kyllyngworth and Robt Wright or any of theym or any other psone or psones to their uses or to the use of any of theym were seased or possessed the first day of July the xiiijth yere of the reign of our seid Soveign Lord, And wherof the seid Charles Ryppon or any other psone or psones to his use were seased or possessed the xxvj daye of January the xvijth yere of the reigne of our seid Soveign

Apprehension of Warbeck, and his committal to the Attempt by the Earl of Warwick nd others to rescue Warbeck, and to make him King ;

Attainder of the said Earl for Treason: Treasons of certain Earl of Lincoln 4 June, 2 Hen.VII.

Treasons of Earl of Suffolk, and his Adherents and their Conviction

All the said Person declared to be High Treason:

Forfeiture of their

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Lord, and wherof the seid Edmunde Ferrers or any other psone or psones to his use were seased or possessed the first day of Octobr the seid xvijth yere of our seid Soveign Lord, and wherof the seid William Baskerfeld Hugh Holmes Richard Badcok and John Langton or any of theym or any other psone or psones to their uses or to the use of any of theym were seased or possessed the first day of Auguste the same xvijth yere of our seid Soveign Lord, and wherof the seid John Watson or eny other psone or psones to the use of the same John Watson were seased or possessed the xx^{ti} day of Julij the seid xvijth yere of our Soveign Lord the Kinge, within the Realme of England Irland Wales Caleis or in the Marches of the same in fee symple fee taile or for the of lyf or into whiche any of theym had then or hath any tyme aftir laufull cause of entre within England Irland Wales Caleis or in the Marches of the same.

Grants of Estates by the King to Edward Earl of Devon and his Heirs Male, whereby William Courtney his Son, one of the Persons by this A& attainted, might inherit:

The said Earl of Devon shall have only an Estate for Life; remainder to the King and his Heirs.

AND where the Kinge our Soveign Lord hath graunted dyvs Mans Lordships landes and tente possessions and hereditamentis by his fres patentes to Edwarde Erle of Devon, to have to hym and to his heires males of his body laufully begoten, whiche aftir his disceas by forme of the seid gyfte shuld or myght growe come or discende to the forseid William his sonne, And for so moche as the seid William hath offended as afore is reherced, it were not resonable he shuld inherite any Mans Lordships Landes tentis possessions and hereditamentis conteyned in the seid fres patentis, yet neverthelesse for as muche as the seid Erle was not prevy nor partener to the offens of his seid sonne in this behalff, Therefore the Kinges Highnes willith and assenteth that it be enacted ordeyned and establisshed by the auctorite of this psent parliament that the seid Erle of Devon have the seid Mans Lordshippes landes tentis possessions and hereditamentis to hym graunted by the Kinge oure Soveign Lord by his fres patentis, And in the seid fres patentes conteyned and specified, only for time of his liffe without empechement of Waste, the seid fres patentes or any other to hym made, or any other Acte of parliament or auctorite for hym made for the enforsyng the seid grauntis and tres patentis afore this tyme had or made of the same notwithstanding: And that all the seid Mans Lordships landis and tentis svises possessions and hereditamentis conteyned in the seid fres patentis ymmediatly aftir the deceas of the seid Edward Erle of Devon, come and growe and revet to the Kinge our Soveign Lord, and to his heires for evmore.

III. Proviso for Pardons to any of the Parties attainted.

Provided always yf any psone or psones named in this bille of atteyndre have any pdon of treasons by the Kinges fres patents undir his great seale made sith their offenses comytted and doon specified in the seid bille that they nor any of theym be not atteynted by reason of this psent acte, nor forfeit eny landes or tents but enjoye the advayntage and effect of their seid pardons according to the tenours of the same, this psent Acte notwithstandyng.

IV. General Saving.

Saveng to evy psone or psones and their heires, other then suche psones as been by this Acte atteynted and other their heires and the heires of evy of theym and evy psone claymyng by the said psones so atteynted or their heires, or any of theym, sith the treason by theym or any of theym comytted and doon of and in any of the pmysses, suche right title accion entre and intest in or of the pmysses and evy of theym as they shuld have had if this psent Acte had nev be had nor made.

V.
Proviso for
Feoffments held
by any of the
Persons attainted,
in Right of their
Wives.

(1) AND also be it ordeyned and established by the seid advyce assent and auctorite, that if any of the seid psones by this Acte atteynted have made any astate feoffement or discontynuaunce of any landes tente rentis possessions and other hereditamentis wherof they be or any of them ware seased or possessed in the right of any of their wyfes att the tyme of suche astate feoffamentis or discontynuaunces made to any psone or psones in any wise, that the seid landes tente rentis possessions and hereditamentis be not comprised in this Acte, but utily be excepted and forprised oute of the same, and that the right and title of evy of the seid Wyfes of and in all suche landes tente rentis possessions and other enhereditamente be and reste in evy of the seid Wyfes and they to be att their accions and recoverys of the same, and evy pcell therof, according to the cours of the coen Lawe of England, this Acte or any other Acte or Ordenaunce in this psent parliament made or to be made notwithstanding; And also that it be lefull to evy of the seid Wyfes and Wommen, and to evy of their seid heires by this Acte not atteynted, to entre into the same Mans landes tentes rentis possessions and other hereditamentis into whos possessions so ev they be seased or come aswell uppon the possession of the Kinge our Soveign Lord as uppon the possession of any other psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted, and theym and evy of theym holde and enjoye to theym and to their heires by this Acte not atteynted according to their title and intest in the same.

VI. Proviso for Kents and Services. And also be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite, that evy of the Kinges liege people their successours heires and assignes have and enjoye all man rente due and of right to theym belongyng afore the makyng of this Acte to theym of eny of the pmysses duryng the tyme that the same pmysses remayne and abide in the possession of oure seid Soveign Lord or his heires; and if any of the pmysses hereaft be graunted by the Kinge or by any of his heires by letters patentis to any psone for time of lyf in fee symple or fee taille that then thos psones so seased hold the same Mans landes and tentis or other pmysses of the Kinge and his heires for defence of the Lande, And also of suche psones their heires and successours and by the same svice as the same Mans Lande and Tentis and other pmysses were and shuld have been holde and charged with afore the making of this psent Acte; homage of tenentis for time of lyf oonly excepte. Savyng to evy psone and their heires, other than suche psones as been by this Acte atteynted and their heires or any of theym of or in any of the pmysses, suche right title accion or infest in or of the pmysses as they shuld have had if this Acte had nev be made.

General Saving thereon.

And also be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite advyce and assent, that all Castels Mands Lordships Townes Towneships Honours landes tente rentis svices fee fermes annuities Knightis fees advousons revicions remaynders and other hereditamentis with their appurtenaunces, of whiche any psone or psones afore named by this psent Acte atteynted were seased or had any astate title right intest or possession sole by hym or theym self or joyntly with other, the seid sevall daies of the treasons and offences comytted and doon comprised in the seid Acte of Atteynder or any tyme aftir, to thuse pfete or behove of any psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted nor unabled, be not forfeited nor forfeitable in eny wise to the Kinge, nor his heires nor be seasibill into his handes by this psent Acte, but utterly be except and forprised oute of the same Acte; and that all suche astate title right intest and possession whiche any of the seid psones or psone by this Acte atteynted had the seid sevall days comprised in the seid Acte of Atteynder or any tyme aftir in any of the seid Castels Mands Lordships Townes Towneships Honours landes tente rentis svices fee fermes annuyties Knightis fees advousons revisions remaynders and other enheriditamentis with their appurtenaunces, to the use pfite or behove of any psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted nor unabilled, growe come and be to evy of the same psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted nor unabilled and to their heires and in the same psone or psones and their heires be vested and they therin be intiteled in suche wise mand and fourme of astate title right and possession as if the seid psone or psones by this Acte atteynted

VII.
Proviso for Lands
whereof the Parties
attainted were
seized to the Use
of others.

1 The following Provisoes are annexed to the Original Act in Three separate Schedules.

had been naturally dede and not attended nor unabled, and that it be lefull to evy psone or psones being joyntly seased or possessed with any of thos psones by this Ace atteynted or unabled the forseid sevall daies of their offences or treasons comytted and doon or any tyme aftir, to his or their owne use or to the use of any other psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted nor unabled into the same Castels Mans Lordships and other the pmysses to entre into whos possession so ev they be seased or come aswell uppon the Kynges possession as uppon the possession of eny other psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted nor unabilled and theym have and enjoye as if the seid psone or psones as is aforseid by this Acte atteynted or unabled had been naturally dede and not atternted or unabled. Savyng also to evy psone or psones and their heires other then suche psones as been by this Acte atternted General Saving and their heires of or in eny of the pmisses suche right title accion entre and intest in or of the pmysses and evy of theym as they shuld have had if this Acte nev had be made.

And more of be it ordeyned by the seid auctorite that edy of the wyfes of edy of the seid psones nowe levyng by this Acte atteynted or unabilled and evy suche Woman such as was the Wyfe of eny of the seid psones nowe dede by this Ace atteynted or unabled frely enjoye have and possede aftir the deth of hir husbond all hir owne inheretaunce to hir and to hir heires other then [be 1] atteynted or unabled by this Acte, and all Castels Lordships Mans landes tentis and other the pmisses wherof she the seid sevall dayes of the seid treasons comytted in eny wise were seased or possessed in hir owne right astate or possession or joyntly with hir seid husbond or with any other psone or psones or of which eny psone or psones were seased to the use of eny of the seid Wemmen or to the use of eny of the seid Wemmen and her seid husbondes, aftir the fourme and mail and in like astate as they or eny of theym were intitled in the same the seid sevall dayes of their treason or offences comytted [and 9] doon, and that duryng the seid astate it be not seasable ne seased by this Acte into the Kinge handis, nor the Kinge to be aunswered of any issues or pfettis of any pcell therof the same estate duryng; And that it be lefull to evy of the seid Wyfes and Women and evy of their heires by this acte not atteynted nor unabled, and to evy psone or psones seased to the use of any of the seid Women, or to the use of eny of the seid Women and hir seid husbondes and their heires to entre into the same Castels Man's Lordships and other the pmysses, and evy of theym, into whos possession so ev they be seased or come aswell uppon the possession of the Kinge as uppon the possession of evy other psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted nor unabled, and theym and evy of theym holde and enjoye to her and to her heires by this Acte not atteynted nor unabled according to her or their title and intest in the same. Savyng to evy psone and their heires, other then suche psones as been by this Acte atteynted and their heires and the heires of evy of theym and evy psone clamyng by the seid psones so atteynted or their heires or any of theym of or in any of the Ponysses, suche right title accion entre and intest in or of the Pmisses and evy of theym, as they shuld have had if this Acte had nott be made.

VIII. Proviso for the Wives of the Persons attainted, as to the Inheritances of

And also be it orderned by the seid advyce assent and auctorite, that all Maris landis tente revicions possessions and other inhereditamentis of the whiche any psone or psones afore named by this psent Acte atteynted or unabled ware seased or had any estate title right or invest or possession sole by they mself or joyntly with other, or with any other psones to the use of any of they m the seid sevall daies of their treasons and offences comytted and doon, in any man Morgage or in or for suertie of any sume or sumes of Money to be paied by any feoffement graunt recove or astate made to theym or any of theym aforseid atteynted or unabled, or to any psone or psones to any of their use by any psone or psones not atteynted nor unabled, the same sume or sumes of Money truly paied and contented or parceyved and had of thissuez pfette and revenues of the seid Mans landes tentis revisions possessions and other inhereditamentis or of any of theym according to the effect and true entent of the forseid feoffement graunte or estate, be not forfeited nor forfeitable in any wise to the Kinge nor to his heires nor seassyble nor seased into any of their handes by this Psent Acte, but utily be excepted and forprised outcof the same, Howe be it that none expsse mencion be made in the seid feoffement graunte or estate of the seid Morgage or of payment of any sume or sumes of Money: And that it be lefull to evy psone or psones by this Acte not atteynted nor unabilled, or to eny other psone, which psone or psones, or any of their Auncestres to whom they or any of theym be next heires or heire, made any of the seid feoffementis grauntes or estate to eny of the seid psone or psones afore atteynted or unabilled, or to eny other psone or psones to any of their use in or of eny of the seid Mails landes tentis rentis revisions possessions and other inhereditamentis to entre into the same into whos possession so ev they be seased or come aswell uppon the possession of the Kinge our Soveign Lord as uppon the possession of eny other psone or psones and theym have or enjoye according to their right title and possession as if the seid Acte of Atteyndre or unablyng nev had be made nor had. Savyng to evy psone and their heires, other then suche psones as been by this Acte atteynted and their heyres, and the heyres of evy of theym, and evy psone claymyng by the seid psones so atteynted or their heires, or any of theym sithen the seid sevall dayes of their treasons comytted of and in eny of the pmisses, suche right title accion entre and intest in or of the pmysses and evy of theym, as they shuld

Proviso for Lands

allowed to Parties

Also by the seid auctorite be it ordeyned, that where byfore aswell dyd's Eschetours of dyd's Shires of the Realme, as byfore other Traverse of Office psones by Comyssions assigned, dyvs offices and inquisicions dailly be founde and taken aftir suche Atteyndours as is aforseid, and other Atteyndours had and made, that suche psones atteynted and other to their use were seased of cteyn Man's landes tentis rentis revicions (3) and other inhereditamentis, being and pteynyng rightfully to dyvs the Kinges true lieges, and not to eny suche psone so atteynte, nor to any other to his use, wherethorough suche Mans londes tentis revicions remaynders svices possessions and inhereditamentis aforseid often tymes be seased into the Kinges handes and his seid true lieges therof put oute and fro the possession therof amoved to the utlest ympovysshing of the Kinges true lieges, that fro the seid sevall daies of the sevall inditementis or atteynders aforseid evy of his lieges, by any man offices or inquisicions founde or taken greved put oute or holden oute of possession or otherwise hurt by reason or colour of this Acte, be att all tymes hereaftir within the moneth next aftir the returne or puttyng in of any suche offices or inquisicions into any of the Kingis Courtis, received and admytted to his travers touchyng evy suche office or inquisicion, or els shewe his right and title therin in voydyng the seid Office or inquisicion, in evy place as any suche office or inquisicion shalbe retourned rest or remayne; and upon the same travers tended or title shewed the same psone or psones, the same travers tending or title shewyng, to have the same Man's landes and tentis revicions remaynders svices possessions and hereditamentis wherof suche travers shalbe tended or title shewed to ferme by the Kinges fres patentes or otherwise as to the parte in that behalve shalbe necessarie and behofull uppon suertie therfore to be founden, aftir the forme uppon travers in the Kingis Chaundye tended used; the partie tending suche travers or title shewyng, the mater therof for

have had if this Acte nev had be made.

ben O. or O. Fvice possessions O.

hym founde, be restored to his possession in that behalve with thissues and pfettis of the same from the tyme of suche office or inquisicion founde taken or had and the Kinge hande therof utterly to be amoved withoute ferther or other sute in that partie to be had or made in any wise.

XI. Proviso for Thomas Earl of Arundel. PROVIDED always that this Acte ner eny Clause or article comprised in the same Acte extend not ner in eny wise be hurtfull or pjudiciall to Thomas Erle of Arundell and his assignes, or to the Lieftenauntis or Deputies of the same Erle of Arundell, of or for the Man of Wardelham with thappurtenaunces in the Countie of Sutht or of or for the Knightis fees Advousons of Churches Courte letis marcatis feires libties fraunches warens comodites or any other thinge what so ev it be to the seid Man belongyng or appteynyng, or of or for the office of Lieftenauntship or Keper of the forestis of Alisholte and Wulmere in the Countie aforseid, or of or for the offices of keping of the Parke of [Wardelham 1] with thappurtenaunces in the seid Countie or of or for any fees wages pfettis or other comodities to the seid office or offices or to any of theym belongyng or apperteynyng, whiche the seid Erle of Arundell hath or had of the gifte and graunte of our Soveign Lord the King that nowe is, by his tres patentis for time of lyf of the seid Erle of Arundell made, by what so ev name or names the seid Erle of Arundell be named in the patent of the seid gifte and graunte as if this psent Acte of Atteyndre where not had ner made.

XII. Proviso for Sir Richard Guldeford.

Provided alwey that this Acte nor any thinge therein conteyned extend not ne in any wise be pjudiciall nor hurtfull to Sir Richarde Guldeforde Knight nor his heires assignees or feoffees, of or for suche right title possession and intest as the same Sir Richard hath in the Man of Fylberdes in the Countie of Berk and other landes tentis revisions and hereditamentis in the Town and Feldes of Fylberdes, by reason of any recove had of the same Man landes tentis or hereditamentis agaynst the seid Edmund de la Pole or any other psone or psones seased of the same to his use, or by reason of any feoffement fyne reles confirmacion covenaunt or Covenaunte bargeyn or sale made by the seid Edmund to the seid Sir Richard or to any other psone or psones to his use of the seid Man landes tentis or other hereditamentis aforseid; but that the same recove bargeyn sale Covenaunt and Covenauntes and all feoffementis fynes reles and Confirmacions made by the seid Edmunde to the seid Sir Richarde or any other psone or psones to his use, be good, effectuall and availlable to the same Sir Richard and his heires and to all other psones seased of the same to his use as if the seid acte or any thing therin conteyned hadde nev been hadde nor made.

CHAPTER XXXV.

D Billa restitucois Robti Brews Armigi.

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Indictment of Sir Gilbert Debenham for Treason, and Outlawry thereon:

His Attainder by Act of Parliament, 11 Hen.VII. c. 64.

The said Indictment, Outlawry, and Attainder reversed.

The Heirs of the said Sir Gilbert enabled to inherit his Estates; and to enter without Livery; and hold Estates as his Heirs, and not by virtue of any Grant of the King.

'N the most humble wise besecheth your Highnes your trewe Subjette Robt Brews Squyer Cosyn and heire unto f Gilbert Debenham Knyght decessed, that is to say, sone of Elizabeth Brews Sister to the seid & Gilbert; That wher the seid Gilbert was lately endited of and for High Treason unnaturally ayenst his Allegeaunce by him comytted and don unto your Highnes Soveigne Lord and ayenst your most noble pson and uppon due peesse therof made and for defaute of his apparaunce the same Gilbert was outelawed uppon the seid indictement for the seid treason; And wher also at a Parliament holden at Westin the xiiijth day of Octobr the xjth yere of your most noble reigne, It was ordeigned enacted and established by the advyse and assent of your Lorde spuall and temporall and your Comens in that pliament assembled and by auctorite of the same, that the seid Gilbert by the name of Gilbert Debenham late of the Towne of Westm in the Countie of Midd Knyght by what soed name or names he were named or called, shuld stond and be convicted adjuged and atteynted of High Treason; and that the seid Gilbert shuld forfeicte to your Highnes and to your heirez Soveigne Lord all Honours Castelle Maners Lordshippes Hundredes Franchesies libties privileges Advousons Noiacions Psentacions Knyghte Fees londe tente rente vices revisions remaynders porcions annuyties righte pencions possessions hereditamente goodez catallez and dette, wherof the same & Gilbert or eny other to his use were seased or possessed the day of his treason comytted done and specefied in the seid indictement or eny tyme aft within the Realme of Ingeland Ireland Wales Cales or in the Marches of the same in fee simple fee tayle or time of lyf or lyves or into the which he had then or eny tyme after lawefull cause of entre within Engeland Ireland Wales Cales or in the Marches of the same as in the seid acte among other thynge more pleynly it doth appere: Please it your Highnes of your most haboundaunt gace by the advise and assent of your Lorde spuell and temporell and your Comyns in this Psent Pliament assembled and by the auctorite of the same, to ordeigne establissh and enacte that the seid indictement of treason of the seid & Gilbert and the forseid outelawry uppon the same with all man pressez jugemente and circumstaunce of the same, and also the seid acte of Atteyndre ayen the seid Gilbert and evy other acte of Atteyndre and forfeicure had ayen the seid Gilbert, and also that all and evy endictement outlawery and outlaweryes had and adjuged agen the same Gilbert, by whatsoev name or names the seid Gilbert be named or called in the same or in eny of theym, may be ayenst the seid Gilbert and his heizez utterrly voyde anyntesed adnulled repelled and of no force stenght ne effecte.

And also that it be enacted and established in the seid Parliament by the auctorite aforseid, that the heire and heires of the seid Gilbert and their heires and the seid Elizabeth and her heirez and also the seid Robt Brews and his heires being heires of blode to the seid Gilbert or Elizabeth and all other man psons and their heirez enfeoffed or seased in the pmysses or eny parcell therof at the tyme of the seid Treason comytted and don or eny tyme sith to thuse and behoof of the seid Gilbert and his heirez, shall and may entre into the seid Honours Castellys Lordshippes Manours and all other the pmysses with their appurtenance and shall have holde and envoye to they mand to their heirez and to the heirez of evy of they to the use of the heires of the seid Gilbert or Elizabeth all the pmysses and evy pcell therof, and also shall have such right and advantage in evy thyng and be in as goode case and condicion in the Lawe and in evy other thyng to the use of the heirez of the same Gilbert as if eny acte or acte of attender or enditement or eny outlawers or eny of they had ne made ayenst the seid Gilbert or eny Treason or

Wardelsham O.

2 To the Kyng our Soveign Lorde; O.

forfeicture by the seid Gilbert had not ben comytted or don, without eny peticion lyvey or other suyte therof out of the hande of your Highnes or your heirez by eny Writte or Inquisicions or other sute or pcesse to be made or had in that behalve, notwithstandyng that eny of the seid Castelle Mans Lordshippes and other the pmysses or eny parcell of theym were at eny tyme holden of your Highnes in eny man of wise, and that the seid Robt Brews and his heirez being heirez of blode to the seid Elizabeth and Gilbert shall from hensforth have hold and enyoye all the same Pmysses and evy parte therof to theym and to their heirez as heirez of blode of the seid Gilbert and his auncestriez, in lyke mane and fourme as if the seid acte of Atteyndre forfeicture utlawery or outlaweriez or eny other thinge to the disabilment of the seid Gilbert and of his heirez or of the blode of the seid Gilbert had nev be had made ne done, and not by reason of eny gaunt or gauntes by your Highnes therof or of eny parte therof to the seid Elizabeth or to eny of her heirez therof made; But that the same gount and frez patent and evy of theym, and all officez and Inquisicions theref or of eny parcell theref founden or taken from hensforth be utterly voyde and of non effecte ne force: And that the seid Robt Brews and his heirez beyng heirez of blode to the seid Elizabeth and Gilbert and evy of theym, and the heirez of evy of theym shall also from hensforth have holde and enyoye all the same pmysses and evy pte therof to theym and to the heirez of the seid Gilbert and Elizabeth and to the heireres of either of theym clerely as if the seid acte of Atteyndre forfeicture enditement outlawery or outlaweriez officez Inquisicions or eny other thyng to the disabilment of the seid Gilbert or of his blode had nev be had made ne done, and also shall have possede and enyoye to their owne use all the evidence chrez and munymente concaying the pmysses and evy parte therof.

PROVIDED alway that all frez patente of placarde by your Highnes made to f William Tyler Knyght for the of his lyf of the pmysses or eny parte therof stonde and be gode and effcuell in the Lawe after the tenour and purportes of the same for time of his lyf aforeseid. And that it shalbe also ordeyned establisshed and enacted by auctorite of the seid pliament that if the seid Robt Brews or his heirez beyng heires of blode to the seid Gilbert or Elizabeth herafter do agree with the seid & William or his assignees for his estate title possession or intesse in the pmysses or eny parte therof, which to do they have and shall have full auctorite by this psent acte, or if the seid f Willam decesse at eny tyme byfore eny agrement with hym or his assigneez made by the seid Robt or his heirez aforeseid, then it shalbe lawefull to the seid Robt Brews and his heirez being heirez to the seid Gilbert and Elizabeth, to entre into all such Mah's Lordshippes Londe and tente with their apprtenance wherof such agreemnt shall happe to be hadde or made, or if the seid f William fortune to decesse or dye, that than frome the tyme of such agreement or of such decesse or deth of the seid f Willam, the seid frez patente placarde and gaunte to the seid f Willam made and evy of theym therof and evy parcell therof made, be clerely voyde and of noon effecte, And that the seid Robt Brews and his heirez beying heirez to the seid Gilbert or Elizabeth shall entre into all the seid Castelle Lordshipps Mails Londe tente revisions svicez and hereditamente conteyned in the seid agremente or in the seid graunte to the seid Willam made so beyng decessed, To have hold and envoye the same in lyke man and fourme as if the seid acte or acte of forfeicture and atteyndre or eny enditement outelawery or outlaweriez of or ageynst the seid Gilbert or eny Inquisicion taken of the same, or office founden had new be had ne made; And that the same Robt Brews and his heirez beyng heirez to the seid Gilbert or Elizabeth aft eny such agrement with the seid f Willam or his assignez made or aft such decesse of the seid f Willam may entre into all the pmysses and evy pte therof conteyned in the seid agreement or in the seid gaunt made to the seid & Willam so decessed ymmediatly aswell uppon the possession and possessions of yot Highnes and uppon the possession of your heires as upon the possession and possessions of evy other pson or psons claymyng or havyng the same or eny pte therof by eny of your gauntez, without eny peticion or suying of Lyvey or other suyte for the same or eny parcell of the same to yor Highnes or your heirez in that behalfe to be made or had, notwithstandyng that the seid pmysses or eny pte therof be holden of your Highnes in eny man of wise, and that they and their heirez aforeseid shall have holde and enyoie all the same pmysses and evy parte therof clerely for ev as is aforseid; And that the seid Robt Brews and his heirez beyng heirez to the seid Gilbert or Elizabeth and all other psons aforesaid to thuse of the seid Gilbert and his heirez shall have from tyme to tyme all such Writte and Waraunte as shalbe to theym or eny of theym requisite for their discharge in that behalve at all tymes. SAVYNG to evy pson or psons other then the General Saving seid William Tyler all such right title intesse and accions as they had at eny tyme before the makyng of this seid Acte to eny of the pmysses.

for Agreement between him and

CHAPTER XXXVI.

D billa Witti Meryng Militis.

WHERE Sir William Meryng Knyght of late tyme by & Edward Stanhop Knyght of his olde pressed malice and by hym fore Assault and thought within the Cite of London, lay in wayte uppon the seid f Wiffm and hym grevously wouneded and maymed to his utter confusion, so that by thoccasion therof the same f William to his most utter payne greate coste and charge lay both at Surgery and Edw. Stanhope, fesyk within the same Citee by the space of ij yeres and more byfore he was able to ride, as is well knowen within the seid Cite; and Recovery of Wherapon the same f William suyde appele of mayme ayenst the seid f Edward and poesse contynued in the same unto the tyme that in Appeal of the same f Willam to his importable cost and charge had jugement to recove for his seid mayme and cost? of the same suyte M1 iiij fi. Mayhem thereon. And all be it that the seid f Willam for to have execucion of the same hath endevered hym self according to the Kynge lawes to the best of his power, Yet aswell for that that the seid f Edward kepith hym in such hidelles and other places fraunchesed as for that that the seid f Edward byfore the jugement yeven in the seid appele hath caused ctene psones to be seased of his lande Mails tente and other hereditament to his use, the same f Willm is therfor without remedy by the course of the coen lawe, to his utter undoying; Be it therfor ordeyned and enacte by auctorite of this psent pliament that if the seid f Edward his heires executours or assignes byfore the fest of the Nativite of Seynt John Baptist next comyng do not content and pay or otherwise satisfye the seid f Willm or his Executours of and for the seid M1 iiij ii. so that the seid payment and satisfaccion than appere byfore the said £1,004, the Kyng in his Benche of Recorde, or elle that the seid & Edward by hym self or other his frende cause not the seid & Willm or his shall have Execution by Elegit against Executours byfore the same feste in the seid Benche of Record to confesse hym or theym self to be content and satisfied of the seid the Lands whereof M'iiij fi. that then at eny tyme within a yere next af? the seid fest it be lawefull to the seid f Willm and to his Executours to sue any one is seised to execucion in the seid Benche ayenst the seid & Edward his heires and executours of and for the seid M1 iiij fi. by write or wryttes of Elegit or otherwise, And that it be lawefull to evy Shirif and other Officer in evy Shire where eny such Mans londe tente and

Execution thereon.

the Use of the said

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Original from PENN STATE other heredytament? of the seid & Edward be so put in use or in his owne possession, uppon eny write or writtes peepte of Elegit to hym or theym at the suyte of the seid & Willam or of his executours to be directe for to have execucion of the seid M' iiij ii. or of eny peell therof, to dely and put all such Mans lond? tent? and other hereditament? nowe being in the possession of the seid & Edward or wherof eny other pson or psons is or then shalbe so seased to the use of the seid & Edward and of his heires or otherwise to the use of the same & Edward, in execucion to the seid & Willam or to his Executours in lyke man and fourme and in like force and effecte in the lawe as if the seid & Edward were seased of the same Mans lond? tent? and hereditament? of such Estate as the seid other pson or psons therof be seased to his use.

CHAPTER XXXVII.

D restitucce p Jone Heyron.

Indictments of John Heron for Treason; and Outlawry thereon; (1)

His Attainder by Act of Parliament 11 Hen.VII. c. 64.

His Pardon by Letters Patent 8 December 13 Hen. VII.

The said Indictments, Outlawries, and Attainders, reversed.

II.
The said John
Heron and his
Heirs enabled to
enter into, and
inherit his Estates,
&c. without suing
Livery, &c.

Grants of the King to the contrary, declared void.

III. General Saving.

MOSTE humbly sheweth unto yor Highnesse yor feythfull subgiect and true liegman John Heron late of London michaunt:
That wher the seid John was lately indited divers tymes of Mesprision & Concelement? & of Hyghe Treasones unnaturally ayenste his allegiaunce by hym comitted and doon unto yo' Highnesse Sovaigne Lorde and uppon due peesse therof made & for defaute of his apparance was outlawed uppon the seid enditemente for the seid treasons; And wher also at a plement holden at Westin the xiiij day of Octobr the xjth yere of yor moste noble reigne, it was ordeyned establisshed & enacted by thadvyse & assent of yor Lordes spuell & temporall & the Comens in the same plement assembled & by auctorite of the same, that yor seid Subgiecte by the name of John Heron late of London marchaunte shulde stande & be convicted adjuged & atteynted of highe treason, And that the seid John shulde forfayte to yo' Highnesse and to yo' heyres Sovaigne Lorde all Honours Maners Lordeshippes Hundredys Frauncheses libties pryvileges advowsons noiacions psentacions Knyghte fees londes tenemente rente svyces revisions remaynders porcions annuyties pensions ryghte possessions hereditamente goode catelle and dettys wherof the same John or eny other to his use wer seased or possessed the xx. day of Aprill the viijth yere of yor moste noble reigne or eny tyme after wythin the realm of Englonde Irelande Wales Cales or in the mchies of the same, in fee symple fee taile or terme of lyffe or lyffe, or in to the whiche he hadde then or eny tyme after laufull cause of entre win Englonde Irelande Wales Cales or in the miches of the same, as in the seid Acte amonges other thinges more playnely dothe appere: After whiche atteyndres it pleased yo' Highnesse of yor moste habundaunte grace by yor fres patentes beryng date at Westm the viij day of Decembre in the xiijth yere of yor moste noble reigne to pdone remitte & forgyve unto yo' seid Subgiect all the seid Mesprisions concelemente treasons offenses enditemente & atteyndres as in yo' seid letters more playnly dothe appere; Sythe whiche tyme yo' seid Subgiect hathe contynued & ev shall yo' feythfull & true liegeman according to his naturall duetie; In consideracon wherof Sovaigne Lorde it may please yo' Highnesse of yor moste blessed & gracious disposicon by thadvice & assent of yor Lorde spuell & temporall & of yor Comens in this psent plement assembled & by the auctoritie of the same, to ordern establyssh & enacte that aswell the seid inditement? & evy other inditement of mesprision concelement & treason and almail presses jugement & execucions hade or made and to be hadde & made and utlawreis theruppon pmulged, as the seid ace & all other Ace of Atteyndre made in the seid plement holden the seid xiiij day of Octobre and evy other Acte of Atteyndre & forfeyture hade ayenst the seid John, and also all & evy enditement utlawrye & owtlawries hadde & adjuged ayenst the seid John by what so ev name or names the seid John be named or were called by in the same or in eny of them, may be ayenst the seid John & his heyres his feoffee or feoffees to hys use utterly voyde adnulled repelled & of no force strenght ne effecte, and that the seid enditement poesses owtelaries acte & actes ne any thing in them or eny of them conteyned & comprised be nott in eny wyse Pjudiciall ne hurtefull to the seid John ne to his heyres ne to eny other psone or psones at eny tyme feoffee or feoffees to thuse of the seid John of & in the pmisses or in eny pcell of them, but ayenst them & evy of them be utterly voide as though eny suche thing hade nev ben hadde doon ne made.

AND that it be enacted & stablisshed in this seid plement by thau Coritic aforseid that the seid John & his heyres & all feoffes that at eny tyme hathe ben feoffed or seased of eny of the pmysses to his use may entre into the seid Honours Maners Lordeshippes Landes Tenemente Jurisdiccons Parkes Warennes Curtes Letes Leeses and Fermes aswell holden by copye as otherwyse, and all other the pmisses, And that the seid John shall have enherite holde & enjoye to hym & his heyres all the pmysses & evy pcell therof; And also that the same John & his heyres shall have suche ryght and avontage in evy thing and be able & enhabled in blood to sue & be sued, and be in al so good caas & condicion in the Lawe, & in evy other thing as yf the seid inditement processe utlawries acte or actes of Atteyndre nev hadde be hadd or made ayenst the seid John or eny feoffees to his use, or eny treasone & forfeyture by the seid John hadde not be comytted or doone, wythowte eny peticion lyverey offyce or other sute theref owte of youre handes or yo' heyres by eny writte or inquisicons or other suetys or presse to be made or hadde in that behalfe, notwythstondyng that eny of the seid Honours Maners Lordeshipps or other the Pmisses or eny pcell of them were at eny tyme holden of yor Highnesse in env maner wysse, And that the seid John and his heyres shall fromehesforthe have holde & enjoye all the same Pmisses & evy parte & be able to clayme ely other his enheritaunce to hym & his heyres as heyres of blode of or to any of his Auncestres in lyke maner & forme as if the seid Acte or Actes of attayndre forfaiture utlawrie or utlawryes or eny other thing? to the dishablyng of the seid John and his heyres hade nev be hade made nor doon, notwythstondyng eny graunte or grauntes by yo' Highnesse therof or of any parte therof to the seid John & his heyres therof made, but that the same graunte & free patentz & all offices & inquisicions therof & of eny pte therof founden or taken fromehensforthe be utilye voide & of none effecte ne force, And the seid John & his heyres shall also fromehensforthe have holde & enjoye all the same & evy parte therof to hym & his heyres clerely as yf the seid acte or actes of atteyndre forfeyture utlawerie or owtelawries offices or inquisicons or eny other thing to the disablement of the seid John hadde new be hadde ne doon: And also that all tres patentez & placardes made by yo' Highnesse to eny psone or psones of eny of the pmisses be from the fyrste day of this psent pliament utterly voyde & of no force ne effect, And that the seid John Heron & his heires shall have holde & enjoye all the same Pmisses & evy parte therof clerely for ever as is aboveseid.

SAVENG to evy psone or psones suche right titele & accion as they hadde or myght have at eny tyme before the seid xiiij day of Octobr or sythens, other then by yor tres patentez or placardes made sithen the day of the seid inditement? and sythen the seid xiiij day.

1 To the King oure Soverayne Lord; O.

AND that it be ferther ordeyned by the seid auctoritie of this parlement, that no psone nor psones, the whiche before the fyrate day of this psent parlement have preyved eny issues or prouffit? of eny of the pmisses by reason of any of yor tres patentez or other wysse by yor comaundment or have taken eny of the good? & catalles of the seid John by yor highe comaundement, be nott empeched ne therof charged to yor seid Subgett ner his heyres, ne to eny psone or psones feoffe or feoffees to his use by way of accion or otherwysse, but be of them & ayenst eny of them quyte & discharged after the forme aboveseid, This Psent Acte of Restitucion or eny thing therin conteyned notwithstondyng: And yo' seid Subgiect shall dayly pray to Gode for the pservacion of yo' moste noble and Royall Estate.

(1) PROVYDED alwey that this psent Acte of Restitucion or eny Article comprised therin in eny wysse be not pjudiciall ne hurtfull unto Thomas Creymor of the Citie of London Draper, or his heyres, or unto eny other psone or psones havyng or Ptendyng to his use eny intesse title or clayme in too Cotages or Meses wyth Howses & Wharfes wt thappurtenences sett at Lymest in Stepeney in the Countie of Midd, but that the seid Thomas Creymor have holde & enjoye the seid twoo Cotagies or Meses wyth all the pmisses to theym or eny of them belongyng, as thowe this Acte of Restitucion or eny Article therin conteyned hadde nev ben hade ne made.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

D restitucone p Rico Berkeley.

IN moste humble wysse besecheth yor Highnesse yor trewe & feythfull Subgiect & liegeman Richarde Berkeley son & heyre of William Berkeley late of Weley in the Countie of Worcestre Knyght, that wher by an acte made in yor pliament holden at Westin the vijth day of Novembr the fyrste yere of yor moste noble reigne, by auctoritie of the same pliament it was enacted stablisshed ordeyned demed & declared, amonge other thinge, that the seid Wiffm shulde stonde & be convictede & atteynted of sub an. 1 Hen. VII.] High treason & forfeyt to yow moste gracious Souvaign Lorde & to yor heyres all Castelles Lordeshippes Maners Hundrede Francheses libties priveleges advousons noiacons psentacions londes tente rente svices revisions annuytics porcions pensions ryghte hereditamente goode catalles & dette wherof he or eny other to his use was seased & possessed the xxj day of August the foreseid fyrste yere or eny tyme after w'in the Realme of Englonde Irelonde Wales or Cales or in the Marches therof in Fee symple Fee taile terme of lyfe or lyffes, as in the seid acte of Atteyndre & forfeyture more pleynly is côteyned; and after that by an Acte made in yor plement holden at Westin the xiiij day of Octobr the xjth yere of yo' moste noble reigne, It was by yo' Highnesse of yo' specyall grace & blessed disposicion by the advyce & assent of the Lordes spuall & temporall & the Comens in the plement assembled & by auctorite of the same, enacted establisshed & orderned that the seid Acte & all other actes of Atteyndre & forfeyture made or hadde in you seid plement holden in be seid fyrste yere or eny other plement after that tyme holden ayenst the seid Wiffm or his heyres by what soed name or names he be called in the same, or to the hurte losse or dishablyng or pjudice of the seid Willm or of his heyres or eny feoffee or feoffez to thuse of the seid Willm or to thuse of eny his Auncestres whos heyre of blode he at the tyme of the makyng of the same acte or eny tyme after was, shulde be utterly voyde adnulled repelled & of no force ne effecte, and that the same actes ne eny of them shulde nott be in eny wysse Pjudiciall ne hurtefull to the seid William ne to his heyres ne to eny psone at eny tyme feoffe to his use touchyng the Pmisses or eny peell therof, but shulde be ayenste them & ely of them utterly voyde; And that the seid William & his heyres & all feoffes to [this e] use shulde have such aventage in ely thing & be in as good case & condicion in the Lawe & entre have & enjoye the pmissis & evy parte therof as yf the seid acte or actes of Atteyndre & forfeyture or eny of theym hade new be hadde ne made; Excepte it was pvyded and enacted by the seid auctoritie of the seid plement holden the xjth yere aforeseid that all fres patentez made by yo' Highnes to that noble Prince Jasper Duke of Bedford yo' uncle of the Pmisses shulde be therof as good & effectuall in the Lawe after the tenure & purporte of the same as if the seid Acte of adnullacion & restitucion hade not be made ne hadde. And also it was orderned by the same auctoritie of the same plement holden the xjth yere aforeseid that ymmediatly after the seid Duke of Bedford shuld be ded wythout issue male of his body beyoten, that then ye moste gacious Souvaign Lorde shulde entre have & enjoye, terme of yor lyffe, all Castelles Maners Lordeshippes londes tente revisions svices advousons Knyght? fees libties frauncheses & all other hereditament? that ben comprised in the seid fres patentez to the seid Duke made whiche by the seid acte of Atteyndre were forfetted. Also it was ordeyned by the seid auctoritie of the seid pliament holden the xjth yere aforeseid that all fres patentez beryng date at Westin the xxj day of August the iiijth yere of yo' moste noble reign made by you moste guciouse Sovaigne Lorde to the seid William Berkeley of Ctayne Maners Londes & tente in the same tres patentez specified, to be hade to the seid William & his heyres immediately after the dethe of the seid Duke w'owte heires male of his body beyoten, shulde be voide & of no force ne effecte. And also it was ordeyned by the seid auctoritie of the seid pliament holden the xjth yere aforeseid that the seid William & his heyres & all feoffe & feoffes to ther use & ther heyres ymmediately after the dethe of the seid Duke w'owte heyres males of his body beyoten, and after the deceas of yor Highnesse moste g'cious Sovaign Lorde, shulde have & enjoye all the seid Castelles Maners landes tenement? & other hereditament? by the seid Acte of atteyndre made forfeyted, and shulde lawefully entre into the same aswell uppon the possession of yor Highnesse yor heyres & successours as uppon the possession of eny other psone w'owte eny office therof to be sued or founde or eny lyvey therof to be sued or hadde ow' of you handes or of yor heyres or successours by peticon levey oustre le mayne or otherwysse. And also it was ordeyned by the seid auctoritie of the seid plement holden the xj yere aforeseid that yf the seid Duke of Bedforde by thassent of yo' Highnesse undre yo' greatt seale, or yf yo' Highnesse after the deth of the seid Duke w'owte heyre maile of his body beyoten, made astate of his or yo' intest of the pmisses or of eny pte therof to the seid William Berkeley & to his heyres or to the heyres of the seid William & to ther heyres that ymmediately after the same astate therof so made the same William & his heyres shulde lawefully entre & have the same Mans londes & tente wherof astate shulde so be made in lyke maner & forme of lyke estate & condicion as yf the seid acte of atteyndre hade new be hadde ne made, And as yf the seid acte wherby yor Highnesse shulde have the pmisses in forme aforeseid hade new be hade ne made: Appon whiche acte made in the seid plement holden the seid xjth yere aforeseid It was pvyded by yo' Highnesse that all tres patentez made by yo' Highnesse to John Duddeley Knyght late Lord Duddeley and to the heyres males of his bodye comyng of & for the Maners of Northflett & Weley wyth thappurtenance in the Countie of Worcestr shulde be goode & effectuall; And it was enacted by the auctoritie of the same plement holden the seid xjth yere that Edwarde then Lorde Dudeley shulde have possede & mjoye the same Maners wt thappurtenences according to the tenor & purporte of the seid fres patentez the seid Acte of restitución

by the King to Jasper Duke of Reversion to the

The following Proviso is annexed to the Original Act, in a separate Schedule.

2 his O.

Death of the Duke of Bedford without Heirs male;

Grant by the King to Richard Son and Heir of Sir W. Berkeley;

The King's Estate under the said Act 11 Hen. VII. declared void;

and the said Act confirmed in favour of the said R. Berkeley.

The said
R. Berkeley
enabled to purchase
of Edward Lord
Dudley certain
Estates formerly
Sir W. Berkeley's;

without Prejudice by the said Act of Attainder;

and to enter thereon without suing Livery, &c.

General Saving.

III.
Proviso for Estate
of Lord Dudley
under certain
Letters Patents
12 March 1 H.VII.

or annullyng of the seid Acte of atteyndre & forfeyture in eny wysse notwythstondyng; as in the seid Acte of restitución made the xith yere aforeseid more pleynly apperythe: And after that the seid Jasper dyed w'ow' heyre male of his bodye comyng, by reason wherof yo' Highnesse entred into all the seid Castelles Maners Lordeshippes londes tente revisions svices advousons Knyghte Fees libties frauncheses & all oder hereditamente in the seid fres patentez made to the seid late Duke conteyned & specified, & them hadde & enjoyed accordyng to the tenure and effecte of the seid acte made the xj yere aforeseid; And sythen that & after the deceese of the seid William Berkeley it plesed yor Highnesse of yor moste speciall grace by yor letters patentez beryng date the xxj day of Marche the xvj yere of yor moste noble reign to yeve graunte & surrendre unto yor seid besecher, all yor estate possession right title & intest of & in the same Castelles Maners Lordeshippes londes tente revisions servyces advousons Knyghte fees libties frauncheses & all other hereditamente in the seid letters patentez made to the seid late Duke conteyned & specyfied, as in yor seid tres patentez therof made to yo' seid besecher more playnly apperethe: Pleas it nowe yo' Highnesse of yo' most noble & habundante grace by thassent of the Lordes spuall & temporall & of the Comens in this psent pliament assembled & by auctoritie of the same to [orden] stablisshe & enacte that the seid Estate title possession & intest of yo' Highnesse, conteyned & specified in the seid Acte made in the seid pliament the xj yere aforeseid for terme of yor lyffe, of & in all the seid Castelles Maners Lordeshippes londes tente rentes revisions vices advousons Knyghte fees libties frauncheses & all other hereditamente & every of them comprised in the seid fres patentez made to the seid Duke be utterly voide and of no force ne effecte; and that the seid acte made the xjth yere aforeseid be as touchyng the clause & article onely that yo' Highnesse shulde entre have and enjoye terme of yo' lyffe all the Castelles Maners Lordeshippes londes tente revisions svices advousons Knyghte fees libties frauncheses & all other hereditamente that ben comprised in the seid fres patentez made to the seid Duke be utterly voyde adnulled revoked & of no force ne effecte: And that the same Acte made the xjth yere aforeseid stonde & be unto yor seid Besecher & his heyres & to all feoffe & feoffees to ther use & to ther heyres & assignes in full strenght & vertue & effecte, and be unto them theyr heyres & assignes & evy of them good effectuall & avaylleable accordyng to the tenor purporte & effect of the same acte; And that yor seid besecher & his heyres & all feoffe & feoffes to his use & ther heyres may entre have holde & enjoye all the seid Castelles Maners Lordeshippes londes tente rente revisions vices advousons Knyghte fees libties frauncheses & all other hereditamente in the seid fres patentez made to the seid Duke conteyned & specified in lyke maner forme & condicion as yf the seid Acte of Atteyndre & forfetture hadde nev be hadde ne made, and as yf the seid Acte made wherby it was enacted stablisshed & ordined that yo' Highnesse shulde have the pmisses conteyned in the same tres patentez in forme aforeseid had nev be hadde ne made; w'ow' eny office or inquisicon therof to be sued or fownden or env lyve therof to be sued or hadde owte of yor handes yor heyres or successours by peticion lyvey oustre le mayne or otherwyse.

AND that it may be also ordeyned stablisshed & enacted by yor Highnesse by thassent of the Lordes spuall & temporall & the Comens in this psent plement assembled & by auctoritie of the same, that yo' seid besecher or his heires may aggre bargayne & by to them there heyres & assignes of the seid Edwarde Lorde Dudeley or his seid heyres & evy other psone & psones that have or shall have eny estate ryght title possession or infest in the seid Maners of Northefelde & Weley or eyther of them or in eny peell of them, or in eny londe tente revisions & svices that were of the seid William or eny other psone or psones to his use, And the same Maners of Northefeld and Weley & all the seid other Londes tente revisions & svices conteyned in evy suche aggrement bargayne or sale to have & to holde to yor seid besecher or his heyres or to his heyres & ther heyres for evmore: And excepte & that it shalbe lawefull to yor seid besecher & his heyres or to his heyres & ther heyres & evy of them to take Estate therof & evy peell therof to them & to theyr heyres by feoffament relees confirmacon & otherwysse of the seid Edwarde & his heyres & all other psones that have or hereafter shall have eny astate in the seid Maners of Northefeld & Weley or either of them & of eny pcell of them & of the seid oder landes & tente to have & to holde to yor seid besecher & his heyres or to his heyres & ther heyres for evmore; And that the seid Acte of Atteynder & forfeyture frome the tyme of evy suche aggrement bargayne or sale be as touching the Maners londes tente rente revisions & svices conteyned in evy suche aggrement bargayne or sale be utterly adnulled revoked voyde & of no force ne effecte; And that yor seid besecher and his heyres have holde & enjoye all the same maners londes tente revisions svices & hereditamente conteyned in evy suche aggrement bargayne or sale in lyke maner forme state & condicion as yf the seid acte of forfeyture & atteynder hadde nev be hadde ne made; And that yt shalbe lawefull to you seid besecher & his heyres & all feoffes to his use & evy of them to entre into the same Maners londes tente revisions & Brices with thappurtenaunces conteyned in evy suche aggrement bargaine or sale aswelle uppon the possession of yowe moste gracious Sovaigne Lorde yo' heyres & successours or of eny other psone or psones w'owte eny office or inquisicon therof to be sued founden & hadde or eny lyvey therof to be sued or hadde owte of yor handes yor heyres or successours by peticon livey oustre le mayn or otherwysse, And the same Maners londes tente revisions svices & hereditamente to have holde & enjoy to them & ther heyres in lyke maner & forme & of lyke astate & condicion as they or eny of them shulde or myght have don yf the seid acte of Atteynder & forfetture hadde new be hadde ne made : SAVYNG to evy of yo' Subgiect other than the seid Richarde & his heyres suche right title & intesse as they or eny of them hathe in the pmisses & evy pcell therof. And yo' seid besecher shall contynually pay to Gode for the pservacon of yor moste noble & royall Estate longe prospously to endure.

(*) Provided alwey that nether this pent Acte nor eny clause article allegeaunce surmyse or eny other thing wythin the same conteyned in eny wyse extende or be pjudiciall or hurtefull to Edwarde nowe Lorde Dudley nor to his heyres masles of his body comyng, nor to the heyres masles of the body of John late Lorde Dudley Graundefader to the seid nowe Lorde Dudley whos heyre male of the body of the seid late Lord Dudley the seid nowe Lorde Dudley is, that is to say, Son of Edmonde son of the same late Lorde Dudley, nor to the heyres males of the bodyes of suche heyres males comyng, of for or to eny right title infesse possession clayme or demaunde of in or to the Maners of Northfeld & Weley wt thappurtenences in the Countie of Worcestre or of in or to either of them, or to any pte of them, or of either of them, nor to eny infesse geven, or eny fres patentes made by the King owre Sovaign Lorde to the seid John late Lorde Dudley & to his heyres males of his body comyng of or for the seid Maners of Northfelde & Weley wt thappurtenences in the Countie of Worcestre beryng date at Cantebrigge the xijth day of Marche the fyrste yere of the reigne of oure seid Sovaigne Lorde, but that it be enacted by the auctorite of this psent plement that the same free patentez & all & evy thing in the same conteyned & specyfyed be & stande in full force strength & effecte in the Lawe to the seid Edwarde nowe Lorde Dudley & to his heyres males of his body comyng, and to the heyres males of the body of the seid John late Lorde Dudley comyng after the purporte forme & effecte of the same letters patentes, this psent Acte or eny clause or article in the same specyfyed or conteyned to the conterpe notwytstondyng, and also notwythstondyng that the seid Maners or eny of them were at eny tyme comprised in the letters patentes made to the seid Jasper late Duke of Bedforde as thowe this Acte hadd new ben hadd ne made.

ordeign O.

^a The following Provisoes are annexed to the Original Act, in two separate Schedules.

Provided alwey that this Acte extende nott to any recoves fynes warentes discontynuaunce & suerties hadd & made or hereafter to be hadde or made for Thomas Ormond Knyght Erle Ormonde otherwysse called Thomas Erle Ormond or his heyres, in whos name or names the same recoves fynes waraunt? discontinuaunce & suerties be or shalbe hadde or made, of for & uppon the Maners Newporte Panell Litle Lynforde in the Countie of Buk, of the Maners of Swavesey Fulborne Zoucheffe Manersfe Colvyleffe in the Countie of Cambrigge, of the Maners of Bordesley & Haybarns & of the Vewe of Fraunchepleg in Aston in the Countie of Warr, of the Maners of Hounesworthe Mere & Clent in the Countie of Staff, of the Maners of Haggeley Cradeley & Oldeswynford in the Countie of Worcestr, nor to eny Maners landes & tent? comprised in the same recoves fynes waraunties discontinuaunce & suerties or of eny parte therof, but that the same recoves fines waranties discontinuaunce and suerties be good & effectuell ayenst all suche psones named in the same recoves fynes waranties discontinuaunce & suerties and ayenst ther heyres, as if the seid Acte hadd nev be hadde ne made, nor that this Acte extend nott nor in eny thing be pjudiciall or hurtefull to the seid Thomas Ormond for eny Maners landes or tent? wt ther appurtenences whiche the same Thomas or eny other psone or psones to his use hathe or occupyeth wythin the Realme of Englonde the tyme of makyng of this psente Acte.

IV. Proviso for Thomas Earl Ormonde.

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CHAPTER XXXIX.

D restitucce p Witto Barlee.

OSTE humbly sheweth unto yor Highnesse yor feythfull Subgiect & true liegeman William Barlee late of Aldebury win yor Countie of Hertford Esquyer, That where the seid William Barlee was lately indited of High treasones unnaturally ayenst his allegiaunce by hyme comitted & done unto yo' Highnesse Sovaigne Lorde and ayenst yo' moste noble psone, and uppon due pcesse thereof made and for defaute of his apperance the same Willm was outelawed uppon the seid enditement for the seid Treasones; Wher also at a pliament holden at Westm the xiiijth day of Octobr the xjth yere of yor moste noble reigne, Hit was ordeyned enacted & establisshed by thadvyse & assent of yo' Lordes spuell & temporell & the Comens in the same pliament assembled & by the authoritie of the same, that yor seid Subgiect by the name of Willm Barlee late of the Towne of Albury wythin yor Countie of Hertforde Esquyer, shulde stonde & be convicted adjuged & atteynted of High Treason, And that the seid William shulde forfett to your Highnesse and to your heyres Sovaigne Lorde all Honours Castelles Maners Lordeshippes Hundrede Frauncheses Libties Privilege Advousons Noiacions psentacions Knyghtes fees londes tente rente svices revcions remaynders porcions annuyties pencions ryghtes possessions hereditamente goodes catelles & dette wherof the same Willm or eny other to his use were seased or possessed the day of his Treason comitted done & specified in the seid inditement or eny tyme after w'in the realme of Englonde Irelonde Wales Cales or in the miches of the same in fee symple fee tayle or terme of lyfe or lyffes or into the whiche he hade then or eny tyme after lawefull cause of entree win Englonde Irelonde Wales Cales or in the miches of the same; as in the seid Acte amonges other thing? more playnly dothe appere: After whiche atteynders byt pleased yo' Highnesse of yo' moste habundant grace by yo' letters patentez beryng date at Westm aforeseid the xijth day of July in the xiijth yere of yot moste noble reigne to pdone remytte & foryeve unto yor seid Subgiecte all the seid treasons offenses endightment? & atteynders, as in yor seid letters more playnely dothe appere; Sythen whiche tyme yo' seid Subgiecte hathe contynued & ever shall yo' feythfull & true liegeman, according to his naturall duetie: In Consideracon wherof Sovaigne Lorde, hit may please yor Highnesse of yor moste blessed & gracious disposicion by thadvyse & assent of yo' Lordes spuell & temporell and yo' Comens in this psent pliament assembled & by the auctoritie of the same, to ordeyne establisshe & enacte, that aswell the seid enditement and evy other enditement of treasone, & all maner of prese jugement & execucions hadde or made & to be hadde & made, and all utlagaries theruppon pmulged as the seid acte & all other actes of atteynder made in the seid plement holden the seid xiiijth day of Octobr & evy other Acte of atteynder and forfeyture hadde ayenste the seid Willm, And also that all & evy enditement outlawrie & owtlawries hadde & adjuged ayenste the same William by whatsoev name or names the seid Willm be named or were called by or in the same or in eny of them, be ayenst the seid Willm & his heyres his feoffee or feoffees to his use utily voyde anyntysed adnulled repelled & of no force strength ne effecte, And that the seid enditement? presses utlagaryes acte & actes, ne eny thing in them or eny therin conteyned & especyfyed be nott in eny wyse pjudiciall ne hurtfull to the seid William ne to his heyres ne to eny other psone or psones at eny tyme feoffee or feoffees to thuse of the seid Willm of & in the Pmisses or in eny peell of theym, but ayenst them & evy of them be utterly voyde, and as thoughe eny suche acte or actes hade nev be hadde done ne made.

And also that it may be enacted & establisshed in this yo' seid pliament by thauctoritie aforeseid that the seid Willim & his heires and all feoffees that at eny tyme of eny of the pmisses hathe ben feoffed or seased to his use may entre in to the seid Honours Castelles Lordeshippes Maners Londes tenemente rente servyces & all other inhereditamente jurisdiccons parkes wayrens courtes leetes lesses & services, and all other the pmisses and evy peell of them, And that the seid Wiffm shall have enheryte holde and enjoye to him and his heyres all the pmisses and evy pcell therof, And also that the same Wiffm and his heyres shall have suche ryght inheritaunces & avantage in evy thyng & be able in blode to sue & to be sued, and to be in as goode casse & condicon in the lawe, and in evy other thing as yf the seid enditement? presse outelawries acte or actes of Atteyndre hadde nev ben hadde ne made avenst the seid Willm or eny feoffes to his uses or eny treason & forfeyture by the seid Willm hadde not be comitted ne done, w'ow' eny peticion lyvey office or other sute therof oute of the handes of yo' Highnes or yo' heires by eny writte or inquisicons or other suet? or pcesse to be made or hadde in that behalfe, notwythstondyng that eny of the seid Castelles Maners Lordeshippes or other the Pmisses or eny peell of them be or were at eny tyme holden of yo' Highnes in eny maner of wysse; And bt be seid Wiffm & his heyres shall fromhensforthe have holde and enjoye all the same Pmisses & evy parte therof and be able to clame evy other his enheritaunce to him & his heyres as heyres of blode of or to eny of his auncestres in lyke maner & forme as yf the seid acte or actes of atteynder forfeyture inditement utlagarye or utlagaries or eny other thinge to the disablement of the seid Willm hade nev be hade made nor done, notwythstondyng eny graunte or grauntes by yot Highnesse therof or of eny parte therof to eny maner of psone or psones before this tyme made, but that the same grauntes & fres patentez, & all Offices and Inquisicons therof or of eny parte therof founden or taken fromehensforthe be utterly voyde & of none effecte ne force; And the seid William & his heyres shall also fromhensforthe have holde & enjoye all the same Pmisses & evy parte therof to hym & his heyres of lyke astate of inheritaunce as yf the seid acte or actes of atteyndre forfeyture inditement utlagarye or utlagaries offices inquisicions or eny other thing to the

Indictment of Wm. Barlee for Treason, and Outlawry thereon.

His Attainder by Act of Parliament 11 Hen.VII. c. 64.

His Pardon by Letters Patent 12 July 13 H.VIL

Such Indictment, Outlawry, and Attainder reversed.

II.
The said W. Barlee and his Heirs, &c. enabled toenter into and inherit his Estates, without suing Livery, &c.

' To the Kyng our soveigne Lorde; O.

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Grants of the King to the contrary, void:

General Saving.

III. None shall answer for mesne Profits. disablement of the seid Wiffm hadde nev be hadde ne done, and also shall have possed & enjoye to his of ne use all the evydences Charters & Muniment concerning the pmisses & evy pte therof. And that all fres patentez & plakerdes made by yot Highnes to eny psone or psones of eny the pmisses be frome the fyrste day of this psent pliament voyde & of no force ne effecte, And that the seid William Barlee & his heyres shall have holde & enjoye all the same pmisses & evy pte therof clerely for ev as ys aforeseid, and that the seid Wiffm & his heyres & all other psones aforeseid to thuse of the seid Wiffm & his heyres shall have frome tyme to tyme all suche Writtes & Warrauntes as shalbe to hym or to theym or to eny of theym requysyte for the discharge in that behalfe at all tymes. Savyng to evy psone or psones suche ryght title and invesse as they hade or ought to have at eny tyme before the seid xiiijth day of Octobr or syns other then by yot letters patentes or placardes made by yot Highnes of the same pmisses or eny pcell therof.

And that it may be ferther ordeyned by the seid auctoritie of this plement that no psone nor psones, the whiche before the fyrste day of this psent pliament have preved eny issues or pfyttes of eny of the pmyses by reasone of eny of yor seid fres patentes or placardes or comaundements or have taken eny of the goodes & catalles of the seid Willim by yor high comaundement be nott empeched ne therof charged to yor seid Subgiecte nor his heyres ne to eny psone or psones feoffee or feoffees to his use by way of accon or otherwysse, but be of them and ayenste evy of them quytte & discharged, This psent Acte of Restitución or eny thing therin conteyned notwythstondyng: And yor seid Subgiect shalle dayly pray to Gode for pservacion of yor moste noble & royall Estate.

CHAPTER XL.

D restituccie p Jacobo Harryngton.

To the King our Sovaign Lorde;

Attainder of James Harryngton for Treason, by an Act 3 HenryVII. [See Rot. Parl. 3 Hen. VII. nu. 15.]

The said Act reversed, as to him, and he enabled to inherit to his Mother, &c.

All Indictments, Judgements, and Outlawries against him for Treason, declared void; He may enter without suing

of Livery, &c.

General Saving.

IV. Proviso for Thomas Earl of Derby.

IN the moste humble wysse besecheth yo' riighnesse yo' true & leythian baggiote and the word pliament holden at Westing Dame Isabell late the Wyff of Syr Robt Haryngton Knyght fader to yo' seid Suppliant, that wher in yo' pliament holden at Westing Dame Isabell late the Wyff of Syr Robt Haryngton Knyght fader to yo' seid Suppliant, that wher in yo' pliament holden at Westing N the moste humble wysse besecheth yo' Highnesse yo' true & feythfull Subgiecte Jamys Haryngton Prest son & heyre of blode to the ixth day of Novembr the thyrde yere of yo' moste noble reign, It was enacted by auctoritie of the same pliament that the seid James yor seid besecher by the name of James Haryngton shulde be atteint & convicte of High treason & shulde forfett unto yor Highnes all suche Lordshippes Maners landes & tente of the same James or eny other psone or psonnes to his use hade the forthe day of [Juny 1] then next before the seid ixth day of Novembr: In consideracon that yor seid Suppliant is as sorofull & repentaunt as eny creature may be of all that the same yor besecher have done to the displeasoure of yor Highnes contarie to his duetie of his allegiaunce, and that yor seid besecher is & ev shalbe psevantly yor true liegeman most obeysant Subgiect & shall dayly & contynuelly pray for the moste Royall & pspouse Estate of yo' Highnesse longe to endure: It [mought *] please yo' Highness by the advyse & assent of the Lordes spuall & temporell & the Comens of this yor psent pliament assembled & by auctoritie of the same, to ordern establysshe & enacte that the seid Acte of Atteyndre hade & made ayenst the seid James yor besecher the seid therd yere of yo' moste noble reigne, and all other Actes of Atteyndre hadde or made ayenst your seid Subgiect, be repelled adnulled voyde & of no force ne effect, & that the same James yo' besecher may be enabled in bloode to have & holde & enjoye aswell all suche Lordshippes Maners landes & tente as he or eny other psone or psones to his use hade or were seased of the seid forthe day of June as all other Maners londes & tent? that he were or is inhereditable unto as heyr in blood to the same Dame Isabell & to have enjoye & possede the same to hym & to his heires in lyke maner as though the seid Acte of Atteynder hadde nev be hade ne made.

And on that be it enacted by auctoritie of yo' seid parliament, that all inditements of treason juggements & utlagaries uppon the same hadde ayenste the seid James yo' besecher & to hym by what so en names or names or addition of name or names he be called in the same, be fromhensforthe utterly voyde & no force nor strength; And that it shall be lefull to the same James yo' besecher to entre into all suche Lordshippes Maners landes & tents and other the pmisses as well uppon the possession of yo' Highnesse as uppon the possession of all other psone or psones what so en they be w'ow' suyng eny livey therof owte of yo' handes, or by wey of peticon lyvey oustre le mayn or otherwysse, and them to have holde possede & enjoye in as large maner and of lyke Estates as he myght or shulde have done yf the seid Acte of Atteyndre of them, or eny suche utlagaries or enditements hade nev be hadde or made.

SAVYNG to evy psone or psones other then suche as have by tres patentes of yor Highnes eny of the pmisses sythe the tyme of the seid Acte of Atteyndre suche ryght title intesse & possession in the same as he have or shulde have hade yf this Acte of Restitución hadde new be hadde ne made.

PROVYDED alwey, that this Acte or eny article therin conteyned in eny wysse be nott pjudiciall nor hurtfull to Thomas Erle of Derby or his heyres, or to Syr Edwarde Stanley Knyght, or his heyres, for eny Maners landes tente revisions or svices with ther appurtenences, the whiche they or eny of them or eny other psone or psones to thuse of them or eny of them hathe or occupyeth at the tyme of the making of this present Acte.

1 June O.

2 mowe

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